

## GENERA PLANTARUM.

VOLUMEN TERTIUM.

LONDINI
EXCUDERUNT SPOTTISWOODE ET SOC.
NEW-STREET SQUARE

### GENERA PLANTARUM

## AD EXEMPLARIA IMPRIMIS IN HERBARIIS KEWENSIBUS SERVATA DEFINITA;

#### AUCTORIBUS

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# VOLUMEN TERTIUM, SISTENS MONOCHLAMYDEARUM, GYMNOSPERMEARUM ET MONOCOTYLEDONUM ORDINES LXXIII.

#### LONDINI:

VENIT APUD

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#### DICOTYLEDONES MONOCHLAMYDEÆ.

Perianthium simplex, lobis segmentisve 1-2-seriatis inter se similibus sepius calycinis, nunc minutum v. plane nullum. Cætera *Polypetalarum*.

Excepta: Petala vera intra calycem adsunt in Euphorbiaceis nonaullis et in uno genere Phytolaccaccarum.

Perianthium subcorollinum calycis exterioris margine conspicuo in *Loranthaccis* nonnullis, et hinc inde staminodia seu tubi staminei lobi staminibus alterni petala simulant in *Amarantaccis* paucis et in *Batide*.

Excepta minora sub variis ordinibus quærenda.

Monochlamydes classem nec naturalem nec bene limitatam formant: Ordines plurimi inter se minime affines sepe uni alterive inter Polypetalas propius accedunt et Botanices plures peritissimi conati sunt eos inter Polypetalas distribuere. Parum feliciter tamen succederunt et systema nullum Candollano revera melius adhuc propositum est. Interea series sequentes hic receptæ potius artificiales ad usum practicum nuncupandæ quam cohortes naturales, etsi ordines in eadem serie conjuncti plerique characteribus essentialibus conveniant.

#### CONSPECTUS ORDINUM.

(Exceptis neglectis, de quibus confer Formas abnormes sub quoque ordine).

Series I. Curvembryess. Seminum albumen sæpius farinaceum, embryone curvo excentrico laterali v. peripherico, rarius rectiusculo subcentrali et angusto. Ovulum in ovario v. in quoque carpello unicum v. in Amarantaceis paucis plura in centro loculi erecta. Flores hermaphroditi v. in paucis generibus unisexuales v. polygami. Petala perrara. Stamina numero perianthii segmentis isomera v. pauciora, rarius plura.

CXXVIII. NYCTAGINEE. Perianthii basis persistens, fructum arcte includens eique sæpe adhærens. Stamina hypogyna. Carpellum 1, stylo simplici. Seminis radicula infera v. descendens. Herbæ frutices v. arbores.

CXXIX. ILLECEBRACE. Perianthium herbaceum v. margine scariosum, persistens. Stamina perigyna. Ovarium 1-loculare; styli rami v. styli 2-3. Herbæ rarius fruticuli, foliis seepissime oppositis, stipulis scariosis (v. in Sclerantheis 0).

CXXX. AMARANTACEÆ. Perianthium siccum nec herbaceum, bractea bracteolisque 2 stipatum. Stamina hypogyna v. perigyna filamentis basi connatis. Ovarium 1-loculare; stylus simplex v. 2-3-fidus. Utriculus indehiscens v. irregulariter ruptus v. circumscissus. Herbæ suffruticesve foliis oppositis v. alternis exstipulatis.

CXXXI. CHENOPODIACEE. Perianthii lobi v. segmenta membranacea v. herbacea. Stamina hypogyna v. perigyna, filamentis sepissime liberis. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; stylus simplex v. 2-3-lobus v. styli 2-5. Utriculus indehiscens. Herbæ v. frutices stipulis 0.

CXXXII. Phytolaccace. Perianthium herbaceum v. coriaceum, rarius membranaceum, in fructu totum persistens v. deciduum. Stamina hypogyna. Carpella sepius co, in annulum approximata v. connata, stylis totidem simplicibus. Seminum radicula infera v. descendens. Arbores v. frutices rarius herbæ basi lignosæ, foliis alternis, stipulis 0 v. parvis.

CXXXIII. BATIDER. Frutex maritimus carnosus, floribus dioicis in strobilis axillaribus. Ovaria 4-locularia, in syncarpium connata, loculis 1-ovulatis.

CXXXIV. POLYGONACEÆ. Perianthium herbaceum membranaceum v. coloratum, rarius basi ovario adhærens. Stamina perigyna. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, styli ramis v. stylis 2-3. Seminum radicula supera v. ascendens. Herbæ frutices v. arbores. Folia alterna stipulis sæpissime ocreiformibus v. annulum transversum relinquentibus v. rarius opposita linea transversa juncta.

Series II. Multiovulates Aquatices. Herbæ immersæ. Ovarium syncarpicum, ovulis in quoque loculo v. placenta numerosis.

CXXXV. Podostrmaceæ. Herbæ basi thalliformes v. cauliformes rupibus inundatis adnatæ, foliis v. frondibus bryoideis v. algiformibus. Perianthium parvum tenerum v. 0. Stamina varia. Ovarium superum, loculis placentisve 2-3. Semina exslbuminosa.

Series III. Multiovulate Terrestres. Herbæ fruticesve terrestres. Ovarium syncarpicum, ovulis in quoque loculo v. placenta numerosis.

CXXXVI. NEPENTHACEÆ. Suffrutices fruticesve scandentes, foliis alternis in cirrhum ascidiophorum desinentibus. Flores dioici. Ovarium superum. Seminum albumen carnosum.

CXXXVII. CYTINACE.E. Herbæ parasiticæ, carnosæ, aphyllæ v. squamosæ. Qvarium inferum v. semi-inferum. Seminum albumen 0.

CXXXVIII. Aristolochiacez. Herbæ rarius frutices interdum scandentes, foliis non cirrhosis. Flores hermaphroditi. Ovarium inferum. Seminum albumen carnosum.

Series IV. Micrembryce. Ovarium syncarpicum monocarpicum v. apocarpicum, ovulis in quoque carpello solitariis v. rarius 2 paucisve. Seminum albumen copiosum carnosum v. (in *Piperaceis*) farinaceum; embryo minimus, rarissime (in paucis *Monimiaceis*) major subextrarius.

\* Ovarium syncarpicum, uni- v. pauci-ovulatum, stylis v. stigmatilus 2\_4 rarius in stigma pulvinatum coalitis.

CXXXIX. PIPERACEÆ. Ovarium superum, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, v. placentis intrusis imperfecte v. subperfecte 3-4-loculare, pauciovulatum. Herbæ frutices v. rarissime arbores, foliis sæpius alternis. Flores sæpius minimi, spicati v. rarius racemosi, hermaphroditi v. rarius unisexuales. Perianthium rarissime adest.

\*\* Ovarii carpellum unicum v. plura distincta 1-ovulata, stigmatibus totidem simplicibus sæpius obliques.

CXL. CHLORANTHACKÆ. Flores unisexuales. Perianthium 0 v. ovario adnatum. Stamina 1-3. Ovarium inferum v. nudum; ovulum pendulum, orthotropum. Radicula infera. Herbæ frutices v. arbores foliis oppositis.

CXLI. MYRISTICER. Flores unisexuales. Perianthium calycinum, 3-lobum rarius 2- v. 4-lobum. Stamina in fundo perianthii monadelpha. Ovarium in fundo perianthii unicum; ovalum erectum, anatropum. Radicula infera. Arbores foliis alternis.

CXLII. Monimiaceæ. Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales. Perianthium calycinum, tubo intus disco staminifero vestito dentibus lobisve 2-co. Stamina co. Ovarii carpella

sæpissime co, perianthio inclusa; ovula in quoque carpello solitaria, erecta v. pendula, sæpius anatropa. Radicula infera v. supera. Arbores fruticesve foliis oppositis v. rarius alternis.

series V. Daphnales. Ovarium monocarpicum, rarissime syncarpicum loculis 2-4; ovula in ovario v. in quoque loculo solitaria v. gemina collateralia, rarissime paria pauca superposita. Arbores fruticesve rarissime herbæ floribus sæpius hermaphroditis. Perianthium perfectum sæpius calycinum, lobis 1-2-seriatis. Stamina perigyna, numero loborum æqualia v. dupla nisi hinc inde pauciora.

CXLIII. LAURINEÆ. Perianthii lobi 6 v. 4, 2-seriati. Stamina simplici v. duplici serie lobis opposita, antherarum locellis valva unica sursum v. rarius lateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo unico pendulo. Radicula supera.

CXLIV. PROTEACEE. Perianthii lobi 4, valvati. Stamina totidem, iis opposita; antherse longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula solitaria v. 2 collateralia, v. rarius pauca per paria superposita, ascendentia v. descendentia. Radicula infera v. lateralis.

CXLV. THYMELEACRE. Perianthii lobi 4-5, imbricati. Stamina numero loborum sequalia v. pauciora iisque opposita v. dupla, rarissime tripla; antherse normales. Ovarium 1-2-loculare; ovula in quoque loculo solitaria, pendula. Radicula supera.

CXI.VI. PENEACEE. Perianthii lobi 4, valvati. Stamina totidem, lobis alterna; antheræ normales. Ovarium 4-loculare, ovula in quoque loculo 2 v. 4, erecta v. pondula. Radicula infera v. supera.

CXLVII. Eleagnacee. Perianthium supra ovarium constrictum, basi persistens, superne deciduum, lobis 2 v. 4. Stamina numero loborum dupla, iis alterna et opposita. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum unicum, erectum. Radicula infera.

Series VI. Achlamydosporese. Ovarium uniloculare, 1-3-ovulatum, loculo ovulisque sæpe ante anthesin inconspicuis. Seminis albumen testa destitutum, intra pericarpium nudum v. parietibus pericarpii adnatum. Perianthium sæpius perfectum, calycinum corollinum v. in *Lorantho* subduplex.

CXLVIII. LORANTHACEE. Frutices suffruticesve in arboribus sæpissime parasitici. Ovarium inferum; ovulum post anthesin erectum. Radicula supera.

CXLIX. Santalace. Arbores frutices v. rarius herbæ terrestres v. rarius parasiticæ. Ovarium inferum rarius superum; ovula 1-3, ab apice funiculi centralis liberi erectique pendula, (rarius ovulum 1 erectum?). Radicula supera.

CL. BALANOPHOREM. Herbæ carnosæ, squamosæ, aphyllæ, in radicibus parasiticæ.

Series VII. Unisexuales. Flores stricte unisexuales (exceptis perpaucis Urticaceis polygamis). Ovarium syncarpicum v. monocarpicum, ovulis in ovario v. in quoque loculo solitariis v. 2 collateralibus. Seminum albumen copiosum carnosum v. tenue v. 0. Embryo albumine vix v. parum brevior v. semen totum implens. Arbores fruticesve v. in Euphorbiaceis Urticaceisque interdum herbæ. Stipulæ sæpius adsunt. Perianthium calycinum v. minimum v. 0; petala interdum in Euphorbiaceis solis adsunt. Styli tot quot carpella sed haud raro 2-partiti.

CLI. EUPHORBIACEÆ. Inflorescentia perianthium et stamina quam maxime varia. Ovarium 2-3- rarius co-loculare, rarissime monocarpicum. Fructus sæpius in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, sed interdum indehiscens carnosus v. varius. Seminis albumen sæpius copiosum carnosum, sed interdum tenue v. 0; radicula semper supera.

CLII. BALANOPSEE. Inflorescentia & amentacea. Perianthium 0 v. squamula minuta. Stamina 2-co, antheris subsessilibus. Ovarium imperfecte 2-loculare. Ovula in loculis 2, erecta, anatropa. Fructus indehiscens. Seminis albumen copiosum, carnosum; radicula infera.

CLIII. Unticacke. Inflorescentia & cymosa capitata v. cymulis confertis amentiformis. Perianthium & a bractea liberum, staminibus tot quot lobi iisque oppositis v. abortu paucioribus

- rarissime pluribus. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Seminis albumen tenne v. 0, rarius copiosum carnosum. Radicula supera.
- CLIV. PLATANACEÆ. Flores utriusque sexus globoso-capitati. Perianthium 0. Stamina in capitulis 3, ovaria in 2, in receptaculo centrali densissime conferta, bracteis paucis v. in 3 0 interstinctis. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Albumen tenue. Radicula infera.
- CLV. LEITMERIEE. Inflorescentia & amentaceu. Perianthium 0. Stamina co, bracteze affixa. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Albumen tenue. Radicula supera. Folia simplicia.
- CLVI. JUGLANDEE. Inflorescentia & amentacca. Perianthium bractee accretum v. 0. Stamina co, bractee affixa. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Semen basi 2-4-lobum. Albumen 0. Radicula supera. Folia pinnata.
- CLVII. MYRICACER. Inflorescentia & spicata subamentacea. Perianthium 0. Stamina 2-20, basi bractere affixa. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Semen integrum. Albumen 0. Radicula supera. Folia simplicia.
- CLVIII. CASUABINEE. Inflorescentia & spicata. Perianthii segmenta 1-2, minuta. Stamen 1. Ovarium 1-loculare, 2-ovulatum. Semen unicum. Albumen 0. Radicula supera. Rami aphylli, articulati. Squamu'æ angulos articulorum terminantes per 4-co verticillatæ.
- CLIX. Cupulifera. Inflorescentia & sæpius amentacea. Perianthium parvum v. 0. Stamina varia. Ovarium inferum v. nudum 2-3- (rarius 4-6-) loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Albumen 0. Radicula supera. Folia simplicia.
- Series VIII. Ordines anomali, Unisexualibus subaffines, sed nec inter se nec ulli alii ordini bene conjuncti. Flores sæpe stricte unisexuales sed in Empetro polygami, in Lacistemate hermaphroditi et e cæteris characteribus unus alterve ab ordinibus præcedentibus discrepat.
  - CLX. Salicineæ. Inflorescentiæ amentaceæ unisexuales. Perianthium (v. discus) e squamis glanduliformibus v. cupulatum. Stamina 2-∞. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 2-4 ∞-ovulatis. Capsula 2-4-valvis. Semina minima longe comosa. Albumen 0. Radicula infera. Arbores fruticesve.
  - CLXI. Lacistemacez. Inflorescentia tenuiter spicata. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium 0 v. e squamulis distinctis. Stamen 1. Ovarium suporum, 1-loculare, placentis 2-3 1-2-ovulatis. Capsula 2-3-valvis, 1-sperma. Albumen carnosum. Radicula supera. Frutices v. arbusculæ.
  - CLXII. EMPETRACEÆ. Flores sæpius unisexuales, axillares v. rarius in capitulo terminali. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, sub-2-seriata. Stamina 2-3. Drupa 2-∞-pyrena, pyrenis 1-spermis. Albumen carnosum. Radicula infera. Fruticuli ericoidei v. prostrati.
  - CLXIII. Ceratophyllex. Flores unisexuales, axillares. Perianthium submembranaceum, co-partitum. Stamina co. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Nux sæpius 2-4-spinosa. Albumen 0. Radicula supera; plumula jam in semine co-phylla. Herbæ aquaticæ immersæ, foliis verticillatis dichotomis.

#### GYMNOSPERMEÆ.

Flores stricte unisexuales. Perianthium 0 v. in Gnetaceis anomalum. Ovarium et stylus 0, ovulis nudis, nucleo ipso vertice pollen recipiente. Cotyledones 2, v. interdum

Gymnospermes, olim in Monochlamydeis inclusse, hodie ab omnibus botanicis pro subclasse Dicotyledonum v. pro classe distincta recipiuntur. Quoad florum homologiam difficillime cum ceteris Dicotyledonibus comparantur, nee ullo genere intermedio connectuntur. A Monocotyledonibus adhuc remotiores videntur, affinitates potius cum formis nonnullis antiquis Cryptogamarum querendee.

#### CONSPECTUS ORDINUM.

CLXIV. GNETACEE. Fruticum rami v. pedunculi e trunco lignoso interdum arboreo articulati v. nodosi, squamis foliisve oppositis indivisis. Florum spicæ amentiformes v. interruptæ. Perianthium 3 membranaceum 2-lobum. Q utriculosum. Staminum columna 1-8-antherifera.

CLXV. CONFERE. Arbores fruticesve. Folia indivisa, ad squamas reducta v. acicularia, rarius explanata. Flores & amentiformes, antheris 2-co-locellatis (amenti squamas 2-co-antheriferes auct. plur.). Flores \$\varphi\$ in amentum v. strobilum conferti, rarius solitarii, ovulis ad quamque squamam 1-co.

CLXVI. CYCADACEE. Folia ad apicem caudicis lignosi conferta, ampla, pinnatisecta. Flores utriusque sexus strobilacei, & antherarum loculis ad quamque squamam numerosis, Q ovulis ad quamque squamam 2-∞.

#### MONOCOTYLEDONES.

Caules herbacei, rarius lignosi v. rhizoma in caudicem fruticosum v. arborescentem productum; fasciculi vasculares intra textum cellulosum sparsi. Folia parallelivenia, venis interdum venulis transversis connexis, rarius reticulato-pennivenia. Perianthium 2-seriatum rarius 1-seriatum v. in ordinibus nonnullis 0. Andreccium 1-2-seriatum. Florum partes in quaque serie sæpissime 3, interdum 2, rarissime 4-∞, v. in ordinibus nonnullis varie reductæ. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris indivisa.

#### CONSPECTUS ORDINUM.

(Exceptis neglectis, de quibus confer Formas abnormes sub quoque ordine.)

- Series 2. Microspermes. Perianthium saltem interius corollinum. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus, v. rarius 3-loculare placentis axilibus. Semina minima, numerosa, exalbuminosa; embryo semini seepius conformis.
  - CLXVII. HYDROCHARIDEE. Herbæ aquaticæ. Flores regulares, sæpius unisexuales. Perianthium exterius calycinum, interius dum adsit corollinum. Stamina 3, 6, 9, rarius ∞, vabortu pauciora.
  - CLXVIII. BURMANNIACEE. Herbæ terrestres, haud raro aphyllæ. Flores regulares, rarius segmento extimo maximo parum irregulares. Perianthium corollinum. Stamina 3 v. 6.
  - CLXIX. ORCHIDEE. Herbæ terrestres v. epiphyticæ, rarius altissime scandentes. Flores seepius valde irregulares. Perianthium corollinum. Andrœcium cum gynœcio in columnam connatum; anthera unica, rarius 2, in columna sessilis v. subsessilis.
- Series II. Spigynee. Perianthium saltem interius corollinum. Ovarium (exceptis generibus paucis Bromeliacearum et Hæmodoracearum) inferum. Albumen copiosum.
  - CLXX. SCITAMINEE. Flores irregulares. Perianthium exterius sapius calycinum, interius corollinum. Stamina 1 v. 5 perfecta, 5 v. 1 in staminodia ananthera varie mutata. Ovarium inferum, loculis v. placentis 1-co-ovulatis. Semina sapius arillata. Embryo in canale centrali albuminis rectus incurvus v. hippocrepicus. (Foliorum vense parallelae a costa centrali alivergentes.)
  - CLXXI. Bromeliace. Flores regulares. Perianthium exterius calycinum. Stamina 6. Ovarium inferum semi-inferum v. in fundo perianthii liberum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis. Embryo in cavo parvo marginali albuminis farinosi collocatus, rarius longius intrusus nec inclusus.

CLXXII. Hæmodoracuæ. Flores regulares v. perum irregulares. Perianthium corollinum v. extus lanatum. Stamina nunc 6 æqualia v. 1—3 parum dissimilia, nunc 3 lobis interioribus opposita. Ovarium inferum semi-inferum v. in fundo perianthii liberum, 3-loculare, loculis 1—30-ovulatis. Embryo in foveola marginali albuminis carnosi collocatus v. longius intrusus, nec omnino inclusus.

CLXXIII. IRIDEE. Flores regulares v. oblique irregulares. Perianthium corollinum. Stamina 3, lobis exterioribus opposita. Ovarium inferum, ssepissime 3-loculare, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis. Embryo parvus, in albumine corneo inclusus.

CLXXIV. AMARYLLIDEE. Flores regulares v. parum irregulares. Perianthium corollinum. Stamina 6, rarissime 3 lobis interioribus opposita v. co. Ovarium inferum, sepissime 3-loculare, loculis co- rarius 1-2-ovulatis. Embryo parvus, in albumine carnoso inclusus.

CLXXV. TACCACEE. Flores regulares. Perianthium corollinum v. subherbaceum. Stamina 6, inclusa, cucullata, antheris intra cucullam sessilibus. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus co-ovulatis. Embryo minimus, in albumine solido inclusus.

CLXXVI. Dioscorbaceæ (quoad genera normalia). Flores regulares, unisexuales. Perianthium parvum, corollinum. Stamina 6 perfecta v. que lobis interioribus opposita imperfecta v. deficientia. Ovarium inferum, 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Embryo parvus, in albumine carnoso inclusus. (Caules sepius volubiles alte scandentes).

(Accedunt genera nonnulla valde anomala, floribus majoribus hermaphroditis.)

Series III. Coronariese. Perianthium saltem interius corollinum. Ovarium liberum rarissime basi breviter adnatum. Albumen copiosum.

CLXXVII. ROXBURGHIACEÆ. Flores regulares, in quaque serie 2-meri. Ovarium liberum rarius semi-inferum, 1-loculare, ovulis 2- $\infty$  in fundo loculi erectis v. ab apice pendulis. Embryo in albumine carnoso-corneo inclusus.

CLXXVIII. Liliackæ. Flores sæpius regulares, in quaque serie 3-meri. Stamina 6, rarius 3 lobis interioribus opposita. Ovarium sæpissime 3-loculare, loculis 2-co-ovulatis. Embryo minutus v. plus minus elongatus, in albumine carnoso v. corneo inclusus.

(Excepta plurima sub Formis abnormibus quærenda.)

CLXXIX. PONTEDERIACEE. Herbæ aquaticæ. Flores regulares v. sæpe parum irregulares. Perianthium corollinum, in quaque serie 3-merum. Stamina 6 v. 3. Ovarium 3-loculare, v. 1-loculare placentis 3 loculis placentisve co-ovulatis, v. abortu 1-loculare 1-ovulatum. Embryo rectus, in canale centrali albumini farinaceo æquilongus.

CLXXX. Philydrace. Flores irregulares. Perianthium corollinum, in quaque serie 2-merum, exterioris segmentum posticum anticum includens, interioris segmenta multo minora. Stamen 1. Ovarii loculi v. placentæ 3, ∞-ovulati. Embryo in albumine subfarinaceo inclusus.

CLXXXI. XYRIDEE. Flores parum irregulares, in capitulo terminali sub bracteis imbricatis solitarii, sessiles, rigide 2-bracteolati. Perianthium corollinum, exterius e segmento unico lato interius involvente v. 0; interius 3-merum. Stamina 3. Ovarii loculi v. placentes 3, ovulis  $\infty$  orthotropis. Embryo parvus, ad apicem albuminis farinacei v. subcarnosi ab hilo remotus.

CLXXXII. MAYACEE. Flores regulares, in capitulis terminalibus sub bracteis tenuibus imbricatis solitarii, pedicellati, bracteolis hyalinis. Perianthium exterius calycinum, interius corollinam, in quaque serie 3-merum. Stamina 3. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus, ovulis  $\infty$  orthotropis. Embryo parvus, ad apicem albuminis farinacei v. subcarnosi ab hilo remotus. Caules prostrati v. fluitantes foliosi.

CLXXXIII. COMMELINACE.E. Flores regulares v. parum irregulares. Perianthium exterius calycinum, interius corollinum, in quaque serie sepissime 3-merum. Stamina 6 v. abortu pauciors. Ovarium 3-loculare v. 2-loculare, ovulis in quoque loculo solitariis v. paucis orthotropis. Semina in loculis solitaria v. pauca, arcte contigua, latere interiore affixa, latere exteriore embryostega parva intra foveolam adnata instructo. Embryo sub embryostega in albumine farinaceo marginalis v. parum intrusus.

CLXXXIV. RAPATRACEE. Flores regulares. Perianthium exterius calycinum (interdum vix allum), interius corollinum in quaque serie 3-merum. Stamina 6, antheris longis apice poro dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis in loculis solitariis v. paucis erectis anatropis. Embryo lenticularis, prope hilum albumini farinaceo applicitum.

Series IV. Calycines. Perianthium calycinum parvum rigidulum v. herbaceum (interius rarius subcorollinum sed parvum). Ovarium liberum. Albumen copiosum.

CLXXXV. FLAGELLABIEE. Flores regulares. Periauthium utriusque seriei 3-merum, Stamina 6. Ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis in loculis solituriis anatropis. Fructus succulentus v. drupaceus. Embryo prope hilum lenticularis, albumini farinaceo applicitus.

CLXXXVI. Juncaces. Flores regulares. Perianthium utriusque seriei 3-merum. Stamina 6, rarius 3. Ovarium 1-3-loculare, ovulis solitariis v. ∞. Capsula 3-valvis. Embryo albumine plus minus carnoso inclusus.

CLXXXVII. PALMÆ. Flores regulares. Perianthium utriusque seriei 3-merum. Stamina 6, ramis plura v. 3. Ovarium 1-3-loculare, ovulis solitariis. Fructus baccatus v. drupaceus, 1- rarius 2-3-spermus. Embryo parvus, in foveola parva juxta albuminis peripheriam immersus. Arbores v. frutices, foliis pinnatisectis v. flabellatim plicatis.

Series V. Mudifloree. Perianthium 0 v. ad squamas setasve reductum. Ovarii superi carpella solitaria, v. si plura syncarpica, 1-∞-ovulata. Semina sæpissime albuminosa.

\* Flores in spadices dispositi. Arbores frutices herbæve terrestres.

CLXXXVIII. PANDANEE. Flores dioici. Perianthium 0. Fructus carpella sæpissime in phalanges confluentia. Frutices v. arbores erecti v. scandentes, foliis sessilibus elongato ensiformibus basi vaginantibus marginibus et costa subtus sæpissime spinulosis, spadicibus fasciculatis v. paniculatis spathaceo-bracteatis.

CLXXXIX. CYCLANTHACE. Flores dioici v. in diversis spadicibus monoici. Perianthium 0, v. segmenta brevia distincta v. connata. Herbæ v. frutices acaules v. caudicibus scandentibus, foliis petiolatis flabellatis vernatione plicatis, spadicibus solitariis spathis 2-6 deciduis stipatis.

CXC. TYPHACEE. Flores in diversis spadicibus monoici, rarissime dioici. Perianthium e squamis membranaceis v. paleis filiformibus. Herbæ aquaticæ v. paludosæ, rhizomate repente caulibus annuis, foliis lineari-elongatis integerrimis basi vaginantibus, spadicibus nudis v. basi foliaceo-1-bracteatis.

CXCI. Aroidræ. Flores hermaphroditi v. in eodem spadice monoici, rarissime dioici. Perianthium 0 v. e squamis 4 membranaceis imbricatis. Herbæ v. frutices habitu varii, foliis variis, spadicibus solitariis sæpius spatha basi convoluta v. aperta inclusis.

\*\* Flores solitarii v. 2-ni e rimis marginalibus. Herbulæ natantes lenticulares v. globosæ emergentes.

CXCII. LENNACE E. Flores minutissimi, monoici v. dioici. Perianthium 0. Spatha 0 v. membranacea.

Series VI. Apocarpae. Perianthium 1-2-seriatum v. 0. Ovarii carpella supera, solitaria v. si plura distincta. Semina exalbuminosa.

CXCIII. TRIUBIDEE. Flores monoici v. dioici. Perianthium regulare, segmentis 3-8 uniseriatis valvatis. Herbulæ annuæ, aphyllæ, caulibus simplicibus filiformibus v. capillaribus, floribus racemosis. Seminis nucleus homogeneus.

CXCIV. ALISMACEE. Flores hermaphroditi monoici v. dioici. Perianthium regulare, segmentis 6 2-seriatis, exterioribus herbaceis interioribus membranaceis. Herbæ aquaticæ v. paludosæ, foliis sæpissime radicalibus. Embryo complicato-hippocrepicus.

CXCV. NAIADACEÆ. Flores monoici dioici v. hermaphroditi. Perianthium regulare, segmentis 2, 3, 4, v. 6 herbaceis v. 0. Herbæ aquaticæ v. rarius paludosæ, foliis variis. Embryo macropodus.

series VII. Glumacese. Flores in capitula v. spiculas dispositi sub bracteis (v. glumis) sepissime imbricatis solitarii, sessiles. Perianthii segmenta parva squamiformia glumaces v. 0. Ovarium 1-ovulatum v. in loculos 1-ovulatos divisum. Semina albuminosa.

CXCVI. ERIOCAULEZ. Flores unisexuales, in capitula depressa v. subglobosa sepissime androgyna dispositi. Perianthii segmenta 6 v. pauciora, parva scariosa v. hyalina. Ovarium 3- v. 2-loculare, ovulis pendulis orthotropis. Embryo parvus, ab hilo remotus, albumini farinaceo v. laxe carnoso applicitus.

CXCVII. CENTROLEPIDEE. Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, in capitula parva v. spiculas dispositi, rarius solitarii. Perianthium 0. Ovarium 1-co-loculare ovulis pendulis orthotropis. Embryo parvus, ab hilo remotus, in albumine subfarinaceo marginalis.

CXCVIII. RESTIACEÆ. Flores sæpissime dioici, in spiculas dispositi, glumis sæpius siecis rigidisve. Perianthii regularis segmenta 6 rarius pauciora, glumacea rigida scariosa v. hyalina. Ovarium 1-3-loculare, ovulis pendulis orthotropis. Embryo parvus, ab hilo remotus, albumini farinaceo v. carnoso applicitus.

CXCIX. CYPERACE... Flores in spiculas dispositi, glumis imbricatis. Perianthium (excepto Oreobolo) 0 v. ad setas squamellasve hypogynas reductum. Paleæ et lodiculæ 0. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo erecto anatropo. Nux indehiscens. Semen a pericarpio liberum. Embryo intra basin albuminis farinacei v. carnosi parvus.

CC. Graminez. Flores in spiculas dispositi, glumis imbricatis sepius distichis. Perianthium 0. Flores sepius palea 2-nervi et lodiculis 2-3 stipati. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo adscendente anatropo. Caryopsis indehiscens, pericarpio sepius semini adhærente. Embryo ad basin albuminis farinacei rarius carnosi parvus sepius minutus.

#### DICOTYLEDONES.

#### MONOCHLAMYDEÆ.

#### ORDO CXXVIII. NYCTAGINEE.

Endl. Gen. 310. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 506. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. 1.

Flores hermaphroditi, rarius unisexuales, regulares. Perianthium inferum, herbaceum v. corollinum, sæpius campanulatum hypocrateriforme v. infundibulare, fructu persistens et sæpissime accrescens, pericarpium arcte includens; tubus brevis v. elongatus, interdum longissimus, basi sepius incrassatus v. induratus, fauce constricta v. aperta; limbus persistens v. deciduus, truncatus v. 3-5-dentatus v. -lobatus, lobis dentibusve sæpissime plicato-valvatis, sinubus membranaceis et post anthesin involutis, rarius simpliciter valvatis et post anthesin rectis. Stamina 1-x, hypogyna; filamenta libera v. basi in annulum connata, rarissime tubo perianthii coherentia, insequilonga, filiformia v. capillaria, in alabastro circinnatim involuta, rarissime unilateralia. Antheræ inclusæ v. exsertæ, dorso prope basin affixæ, didymæ, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus, rarius elongatæ loculo altero interdum altius inserto; pollen simplex. Ovarium tubo perianthii inclusum, sessile v. stipitatum, sæpius plus minusve elongatum, 1-loculare, membranaceum, apice sæpissime attenuato. Stylus brevis v. elongatus, filiformis v. capillaris v. 0 : stigma parvum, simplex, capitellatum peltatum v. fimbriatum, v. e cruribus capillaribus, rarius laterale v. stylus uno lateri stigmatosus. Ovulum basilare, erectum, campylotropum, funiculo brevi. Fructus (anthocarpium dictus) e perianthii basi persistente coriacea carnosa v. indurata utriculum indehiscentem includente eique adhærente constans, costatus sulcatus v. alatus, humectatus mucilaginosus v. immutatus, v. angulis viscum exsudantibus, v. seriebus glandularum stipitatarum ornatus; utriculi pericarpium membranaceum tenuiter coriaceum v. carnosum. Semen erectum; testa hyalina v. cum pericarpio omnino coadunata; albumen parcum v. sat copiosum, farinaceum carnosum v. mucosum, interdum fere evanidum. Embryo nunc rectus, cotyledonibus latis foliaceis conduplicatis albumen longitudinaliter involvens, radicula brevi infera, nunc incurvus, cotyledonibus incumbentibus latis foliaceis convolutis albumen involventibus, v. cotyledonibus angustis albumini applicitis, radicula elongata extraria infera.

Herbæ, rarius frutices v. arbores, cortice non raro spongioso, di-tri-chotome ramosæ, tela cellulari raphidiis onusta. Folia opposita et alterna, sessilia v. petiolata, simplicia, integerrima, penninervia. Stipulæ 0. Flores interdum dimorphi, v. jam in alabastro fœcundati, sæpissime in cymas paniculatas v. corymbosas terminales et axillares dispositi, rarissime solitarii v. racemosi; non raro umbellulati v. capitati; sæpe involucro calyciformi. Involucrum calyciforme e bracteis connatis v. liberis, flores 1-∞ sæpe cingens, persistens v. deciduum, post anthesin immutatum v. accrescens, nunc explanatum coloratum et reticulato-venosum; bracteis in floribus exinvolucratis 0, v. 1-3 minutis. Perianthium parvum v. minutum v. rarius majusculum, obscurum v. coloratum. Fructus varius.

YOL, III, B

Species ad 215, regionum tropicarum et calidiorum totius orbis imprimis Americæ incolæ, in Australia rariores, in Africa Boerhaavia excepta rarissimæ.

Ordo nulli arcte affinis, sed evidenter juxta *Phytolaccaceas* bene collocatus; habitu, æstivatione, absentia stipularum, stylo simplici, et indole embryonis sat diversus.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Flores racemosi in Senkenbergia.

Stamina tubo perianthii coherentia in Abronia; antheree magnee introrsum dehiscentes in Lewastere.

Perianthium simpliciter valvatum in Boldoa, Collignonia et? in Andradea.

Stigma sessile, vertice ovarii longitudinaliter obductum in Reichenbachia.

Embryo fere annularis in Cryptocarpo; cotyledon unica in Abronia.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Mirabiliese. Utriculus basi perianthii accrescentis apice clausi inclusus. Embryo uncinatus; cotyledones latæ et convolutæ v. angustæ et planæ; radicula elongata, descendens, extraria.

Subtribus 1. Boerhaavieæ. Perianthii limbus plicatus. Stamina hypogyna, sæpius exserta; antheræ didymæ. Stigma capitellatum. Cotyledones latæ. Folia opposita.

#### \* Flores involucrati, bracteis connatis.

- 1. Mirabilis. Perianthium elongatum, rarius campanulatum. Involucrum post anthesin immutatum.—Amer. occid.
- 2. Oxybaphus. Perianthium breve, campanulatum v. infundibulare. Involucrum post anthesin sæpius accrescens, rotato-campanulatum, venosum.—Amer. occid., Himalaya.

#### \*\* Flores involucrati, bracteis liberis.

- 3. NYCTAGINIA. Involucrum polyphyllum, multiflorum. Stamina 5. Anthocarpium turbinatum, multicostatum.—Texas.
- 4. Allionia. Involucrum 3-phyllum, 3-florum. Stamina 4. Anthocarpium hine profunde sulcatum, marginibus incurvis spinoso-dentatis.—Amer. bor. occid.
  - \*\*\* Flores exinvolucrati, bracteolati (in Boerhaavius paucis involucellati).
- 5. Borrhadvia. Flores paniculati v. umbellati. Stamina 1-5. Anthocarpium teres, costatum v. 5-gonum.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop.*
- 6. Senkenbergia. Flores racemosi. Stamina 3-5. Anthocarpium costatum v. gibbosum. —Mexico.
- 7. Acleisanthes. Flores capitati. Stamina 2-5. Anthocarpium costatum,— Texas, Nov. Mex.
  - 8. Selinocarpus. Flores 1-3. Stamina 2-5. Anthocarpium late alatum.—Nov. Mex.
  - 9. OKENIA. Flores solitarii. Stamina 15-18. Anthocarpium costatum.—Mexico.
  - \*\*\*\* Flores exinvolucrati, costis bractearum foliacearum imbricatarum singulatim inserti.
  - 10. HERMIDIUM .- Amer. bor. (Nevada).

Subtribus 2. Bougainvillæeæ. Flores exinvolucrati, costis bractearum inserti. Perianthii limbus plicatus. Stamina hypogyna, inclusa v. exserta; antheræ didymæ. Stigma laterale. Cotyledones convolutæ. Frutices foliis alternis.

- 11. BOUGAINVILLEA. Bractee 3, omnes florifere, sub anthesin ample.—Amer. merid.
- 12. TRICYCLA. Bracteze 3, una florifera, sub anthesin parvæ, demum ampliatæ.—Chili.
- Subtribus 3. Abroniese. Flores involucrati. Perianthii limbus plicatus. Stamina inclusa, filamentis tubo perianthii cohærentibus; antheræ lineari-oblongæ. Stigma lineare. Cotyledones latæ, convolutæ.—Herbæ foliis oppositis.
  - 13. Abbonia. Flores receptaculo communi inserti. Stamina 5. Anthocarpium costatum y, alatum,—Amer. bor. occ.

- Subtribus 4. Boldoese. Flores exinvolucrati v. involucrati. Perianthii limbus valvatus. Stamina hypogyna, filamentis liberis; antheræ didymæ. Cotyledones planæ v. conduplicatæ.—Herbæ v. frutices.
  - 14. Boldoa. Flores exinvolucrati. Stamina 3-4. Ovarium sessile; stylus filiformis, stigmate acuto. Cotyledones plansa.—Mexico, Cuba.
  - 15. COLLIGNONIA. Flores umbellulati, involucrati. Stamina 5. Ovarium stipitatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate glanduloso v. fimbriato. Cotyledones plans.—Andes.
  - 16. REICHENBACHIA. Flores fasciculati, exinvolucrati. Stamina 2-3. Ovarium subsessile, stigmate sessili. Cotyledones conduplicate.—*Paraguay*.

Tribus II. Pisoniess. Utriculus elongatus, perianthii tubo accrescente apice clauso inclusus. Embryo rectus; cotyledones latæ, convolutæ; radicula brevis.

- 17. PISONIA. Stamina 6-10, exserta. Stigma terminale.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
- 18. NEEA. Stamina 5-10, inclusa. Stigma terminale.—Amer. merid.
- 19. TIMBROYA. Stamina ad 30, inclusa. Stigma laterale. Flores hermaphroditi.—Nov. Caledon.
  - 20. CEPHALOTOMANDRA. Stigma laterale. Flores dioici.—Nov. Grenada.

Tribus III. Leucasterese. Achænium subglobosum, basi perianthii inclusum, liberum. Embryo brevis, curvus v. annularis. Arbores v. frutices foliis alternis.

- 21. Leucaster. Stamina 2, inclusa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ magnæ, latæ. Stigma sessile, elongatum.—Brasil.
- 22? Andradea. Stamina 12-20, exserta, filamentis elongatis; antheræ lineares. Stylus sigmoideus.—Brasil.
  - 23. CRYPTOCARPUS. Stamina 5, inclusa; antheræ didymæ. Stylus subterminalis.—Amer. trop.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

EPILITHES, Blume est Serpicula inter **Halorageas**, supra, i. 675. Torreya, Spreng., est Clerodendri species inter **Verbenaceas**, supra, ii. 1156. Achatocarpus, Triana, est **Amarantacea**.

#### TRIBUS I. MIRABILIEÆ.

1. Mirabilis, Linn. Gen. n. 242. (Nyctago, Juss. Gen. 90. Jalapa, Moench, Meth. 508.)—Involucrum 1-∞-florum, calyciforme, 5-lobum, lobis erectis acuminatis imbricatis, post anthesin non ampliatum. Perianthii tubus elongatus, supra ovarium constrictus; limbus explanatus, 5-lobus, plicatus, deciduus. Stamina 5-6, inæquilonga, exserta, filamentis capillaribus circinnatim incurvis, ima basi in cyathum carnosulum connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ellipsoideum v. ovoideum; stylus filiformis, exsertus, stigmate capitellato papillis stipitatis onusto. Anthocarpium chartaceum crustaceum v. coriaceum, costatum, glabrum v. pubescens. Utriculus obovoideus, coriaceus. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus albumen parcum farinaceum involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæ di-trichotome ramosæ, glabræ v. glanduloso-pubescentes, radice elongata v. tuberosa. Folia opposita, inferiora petiolata, superiora sessilia. Involucra in cymas ramosas sæpe densas disposita. Flores majusculi, fragrantes v. inodori, albi coccinei v. versicolores.

Species ad 10. Americæ calidioris incolæ.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Eumirabilis. Involucrum 1-florum. Perianthii tubus valde elongatus, limbus latiusculus. MIRABHLIS, Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 427. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. 1, fig. 1-10. Gaertn. Fruct. ii. 207, t. 127. Lam. Ill. t. 105. Sm. Exot. Bot. i. t. 23. Spach, Suites Buff. t. 146 (Nyctago). Bertol. in Nov. Comm. Bonon. iii. t. 1. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 48. Bot. Mag. t. 371 (Nyctago). J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 81.
- 2 Quamoclidion. Involucrum 3-co-florum. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus; limbus parvus. Hic includuntur: M. multiflora, Gray (Nyctaginia? Torreyana, Chois.); M. triflora, Benth. (Quamoclidion, Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 429); M. coccinea (Oxybaphus, Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 169); et M. Greenii, S. Wats. Bot, Calif. ii. 2, ined.

2. Oxybaphus, Vahl, Enum. ii. 39. (Allionia, Loefl. It. 181, non Linn. Gen. Calyxhymenia, Orteg. Dec. 5, t. 1. Calymenia, Pers. Syn. i. 36. Vitmania, Turra ex Cav. Ic. iii. Addend.)—Involucrum 1-3-florum, æqualiter v. inæqualiter 5-fidum v. -lobum, post anthesin plus minus auctum, nunc rotato-explanatum et reticulato-venosum, lobis imbricatis v. plicato-valvatis. Perianthium campanulatum v. infundibulare. seepius obliquum, tubo brevi supra ovarium constricto; limbus plicatus, brevis, explanatus v. suberectus, deciduus. Stamina 2-5, sepius 3, inequilonga, inclusa v. exserta, filamentis capillaribus circinnatim incurvis, ima basi in urceolum connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ovoideum v. subglobosum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato papillis stipitatis onusto. Anthocarpium parvum, oblongum fusiforme v. obovoideum, teres v. costatum. læve rugosum v. tuberculatum, glabrum v. pilosum, humectatum mucilaginosum. Utriculus obovoideus. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus albumen parcum farinaceum involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.-Herbæ erectæ v. prostratæ, dichotome ramosæ, glanduloso-pilosæ v. fere glabræ. Folia opposita, sessilia v. petiolata. Involucra oblonga v. cyathiformia, cymosa v. paniculata, rarius axillaria et solitaria. Flores inter minores, albi rosei v. coccinei. Fructus parvulus.

Species ad 20, Americæ occidentalis tam borealis quam australis incolæ, paucæ Americæ boreali civitatibus orientalibus indigenæ, una Himalaica.—Chois. in DC. Prodr. xiii. ii. 430. Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 38. A. Gray in Bot. Emory Exped. 173. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 75 (Calyx-kymenia). Cav. Ic. i. t. 19, iv. t. 379 et 437 (Mirabilis). Genus a Mirabili ægre distinguendum, in sectiones 2 admodum naturales dividitur:—

- 1. Involucrum 1-3-florum, campanulatum v. rotato-explanatum, post anthesin auctum, demum membranaceum, reticulatum; anthocarpium costatum v. grosse tuberculatum v. rugosum, glabrum v. pilosum, rarius læve. Includit O. viscosum, L'Hér. (Bot. Mag. t. 434), speciem involucio post anthesin primum valvatim clauso demum explanato, aliasque involucro post anthesin simpliciter expanso. In O. Cervantesir. Lag. (Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 1, i. t. 84), planta hortis Europeis tantum cognita, involucrum post anthesin parum ampliatum, uti anthocarpium læve glabrum. Huc quoque pertinet Quamoclidion oxybaphoides, A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 2, xv. 320; involucro 4-5-fido, lobis inæqualibus et anthocarpio globoso apiculato lævi.
- 2. Involucrum 1-florum, post anthesin immutatum v. parum ampliatum; anthocarpium ecostatum, læve, glabrum. Includit O. cordifolium Kunze, O. micranthum Chois., O. ealifornicum (Mirabilis, A. Gr.), O. himalaicum Edgw., aliasque austro-americanas.

Calyxhymenia est nomen vitiosum, a Persoonio in Calymeniam mutatum, sed genus jam prius a Vahlio, duce Heritiero, Oxybaphum dictum, nomen hodie ab auctoribus omnibus acceptum.

3. Myctaginia, Chois. in Mém. Soc. Phys. Gen. xii. 167, t. 1, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 429. -Involucrum polyphyllum, multiflorum, bracteis lanceolatis inæqualibus post anthesin immutatis. Perianthii tubus elongatus, gracilis, supra ovarium constrictus; limbus infundibularis, late 5-lobus, plicatus, deciduus. Stamina 5, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis pilosis longe exsertis ima basi dilatatis et infra basin ovarii connatis; antheræ Ovarium ovoideum; stylus capillaris, exsertus, stigmate minuto capitato didvmæ. papillis stipitatis onusto. Anthocarpium crasse coriaceum, turbinatum, supra basin constrictum, vertice late umbonatum, multi costatum, humectatum mucosum. Utriculus obovoideus, pallidus, apiculatus. Seminis testa pericarpio membranaceo adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus latissime obcordatis albumen farinaceum involventibus. radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herba annua, prostrata, dichotome ramosa, glanduloso-hirsuta. Folia opposita, petiolata, hastato-ovata, sinuato-lobata. Involucra axillaria et terminalia, longiuscule pedunculata. Flores pollicares, rosei, involucri foliola longe superantes, molliter pilosi.

Species 1. Texana.

4. Allienia, Linn. Gen. n. 117, non Loeft. (Wedella, Linn. in Loeft. It. 180.)—involucrum 3-phyllum, 3-florum, bracteis inæqualibus v. subæqualibus fructiferis erectis. Perianthium membranaceum, infundibulare, tubo basi compresso supra ovarium con-

stricto; limbus inæqualiter 4-lobus, patens, plicatus. Stamina 4, hypogyna, exserta, filamentis capillaribus; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato papillis stipitatis onusto. Anthocarpium crasse coriaceum, obovoideum v. ellipsoideum, antice teres v. trigonum, dorso profunde sulcatum, marginibus inflexis spinulosis, sulco 2-carinato. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus latis albumen involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæ prostratæ, dichotome ramosæ, pubescentes v. pilosæ. Folia opposita, paribus inæqualibus, petiolata, basi inæqualia, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima, plana v. marginibus undulatis. Involucra axillaria, pedicellata, solitaria. Flores parvi, purpurei.

Species 1, regionum arenosarum calidiorum Americæ occidentalis tam borealis quam australis incola.—Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 434. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 3, ined. Gertn. f. Fruct. iii. 182, t. 214. Lam. Ill. t. 58. L'Her. Stirp. t. 31.

5. Boerhaavia, Linn. Gen. n. 9 (Boerhavia).—Flores bracteolati, bracteolis minutis rarissime verticillatis et involucellum formantibus. Perianthii tubus brevis v. longiusculus, basi ovoideus, supra ovarium constrictus; limbus infundibularis, margine 5-lobus, lobis patentibus plicatis, deciduus. Stamina 1-5, exserta, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis basi connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium stipitatum, obliquum, in stylum capillarem attenuatum, stigmate peltato. Anthocarpium obovoideum turbinatum v. clavatum, obtusum v. truncatum, teres 5-costatum v. alte 5-gonum faciebus depressis, minute v. grosse glandulosum, humectatum mucosum. Utriculus oblongus. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus tenuibus latis albumen parcum involventibus exteriore majore, radicula descendente elongata extraria.—Herbæ erectæ v. diffusæ, basi lignosæ, glabræ glandulosæ v. pubescentes, ramis sæpius divaricatis. Folia opposita, subsessilia v. petiolata, paribus non raro inæqualibus, integerrima v. sinuata, crassiuscula. Flores parvi v. minuti, paniculati umbellati v. capitellati, sessiles v. pedicellati, pedicello cum flore articulato, bracteolis sæpe deciduis. Anthocarpium parvum, sæpe grosse glandulosum.

Species ad 30, sed paucæ inordinate multiplicatæ, per regiones calidiores late dispersæ.—Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 449. Walp. Ann. iii. 298, v. 722. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 208, t. 127. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. 991. A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. & xv. 321. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 277. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 69. Dalz. et Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 213. Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 40. Jacq. Hort. Vind. i. t. 4 ad 7; Obs. t. 84; Fragm. t. 46. Cav. lc. t. 112. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 3. Wight Ic. t. 874, 875, 1766. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. ii. t. 67. Kotschy, Pl. Tinn. t. 18. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 86.

6. Senkenbergia, Schauer in Linnæa, xix. 711. (Tinantia, Mart. et Gal. in Bull. Acad. Brux. xi. i. 240, non Scheidw. Lindenia, Mart. et Gal. l.c. x. ii. 357, non Benth.).—Flores spicati v. racemosi, bracteolati, bracteolis deciduis minutis. Perianthium membranaceum, infundibulare, tubo basi recto v. curvo supra ovarium constricto; limbus 5-lobus, plicatus. Stamina 3-5, exserta, filamentis capillaribus inæqualibus ima basi connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus capillaris, stigmate capitato lobulato. Anthocarpium v. erectum et ellipsoideum, v. clavatum et 5-costatum, v. pendulum et subcylindraceum latero gibbum. Utriculus stipitatus, obovoideus v. clavatus, membranaceus. testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus albumen farinaceum involventibus, interiore multo minore, radicula elongata descendente extraria. -- Herbæ graciles, erectæ, basi sublignosæ, glabræ v. pubescentes, ramulis superne viscidulis. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata v. hastato-ovata, integerrima v. sinuata. Flores parvi, in racemos spicasve terminales dispositi, albi v. rosei.

Species 4, Mexici borealis incolæ. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 457 (Tinantia). A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 2, xv. 323 (Boerhaaviæ sect.).

Genus in sectiones 2 facile divisum.

1. Perianthium basi elongatum, curvum; anthocarpium pendulum, cylindraceo-clavatum, curvum, uno latere gibbum, vertice truncato 5-gibboso. S. gypsophiloides (Tinantia, Chois.).

- 2. Perianthium basi breviter ovoideum; anthocarpium erectum, clavatum v. ellipsoideum, crasse 5-costatum. Huc pertinent: *Boerhaavia erecta*, Chois., an Torr.? in Bot. Emory Exped. 171, anthocarpiis ellipsoideis, et species nova, *S. Coulteri*, Hook. f., anthocarpio clavato truncato.
- 7. Acleisanthes, A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 2, xv. 259.—Flores subsolitarii, minute bracteolati. Perianthii tubus elongatus, ima basi ovoideus, inflatus, supra ovarium constrictus; limbus infundibularis, 5-lobus, plicatus. Stamina 2-5, filamentis filiformibus inæquilongis basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ, exsertæ. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus filiformis, exsertus, stigmate minuto peltato lævi. Anthocarpium oblongo-cylindraceum, truncatum, sub apice constrictum, 5-gonum v. 5-costatum costis crassis suberosis lævibus, humectatum mucosum. Utriculus oblongus, pericarpio tenui lævi. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo incurvus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus albumen farinaceum involventibus, exteriore majore, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Fruticuli v. herbæ, suberecti v. diffusi, dichotome ramosi, cano-pubescentes v. glabrescentes. Folia opposita, petiolata, paribus interdum inæqualibus, integerrima, nunc crassiuscula. Flores terminales et axillares, sæpius solitarii, albidi, puberuli v. glabri.

Species 6, Texanæ et Novo-Mexicanæ. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 170, t. 46.

Genus a Baillonio Hist. Pl. iv. 4, ad sectionem Mirabilis reducitur. Pentacrophys, A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 2. xv. 261, et Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 170, t. 47 B, nobis videtur Acleisanthis species anthocarpiis dimorphis, quorum alia tuberculis 5 crassis costas terminantibus umbonata, alia glandulis minoribus demissius positis instructa. Stamina 2 ex descriptione Grayo et e flore unico a nobis scrutato, 4 in icone Torreyi.

8. Selinocarpus, A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 2, xv. 262.—Flores 1-3-bracteolati. Perianthium infundibulare v. cyathiforme, tubo brevi v. elongato basi compresso vix inflato supra ovarium constricto; limbus breviter 5-lobus, lobis plicatis. Stamina 2, 3, v. 5, filamentis filiformibus inæquilongis, ima basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ, exsertæ. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus capillaris, exsertus, stigmate minuto peltato lævi. Anthocarpium compressum, late 3-5-alatum, nucleo coriaceo angusto humectato submucoso valide costato, alis membranaceis hyalinis enerviis. Utriculus membranaceus, lævis. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo conduplicatus, cotyledonibus amplis albumen farinaceum involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæ multicaules, basi lignosæ, dichotome ramosæ, cano-pubescentes. Folia opposita paribus inæqualibus, petiolata, integerrima v. marginibus sinuatis. Flores breves v. elongati, terminales v. axillares, sæpe præcoces.

Species 3, Novo-Mexicanæ. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 170, t. 47.

9. Okenta, Cham. et Schlecht. in Linnæa, v. 92.—Flores solitarii, 3-bracteolati. Perianthium infundibulare, tubo gracili basi æquali supra ovarium constricto; limbus 5-lobus, lobis emarginatis plicatis post anthesin involutis. Stamina 15-18, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis ima basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium oblongum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato lævi exserto. Anthocarpium suberosum, oblongum, basi paullo attenuatum et curvatum, 10-costatum, interstitiis transverse plicatis, endocarpio fragili. Utriculus oblongus, basi acutus, pericarpio tenui. Embryo conduplicatus, cotyledonibus magnis obovatis albumen farinaceum involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herba prostrata, glutinoso-tomentosa. Folia opposita, paribus inæqualibūs, petiolata, integerrima. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii, 1-flori, primum breves, post anthesin elongati et terram intrantes ad fructum maturandum. Perianthium pollicare, tenerum, purpureum, extus glutinosum.

Species 1, in arenosis prope Vera Cruz, Mexici vigens.—Chois. in DC. Prodr. xiii. ii. 449. Fructus a nobis non visus.

10. **Esermidium**, S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. 286 t. 32, et Bot. Calif. ii. 6, ined.—Flores exinvolucrati, bracteati, costis bractearum singulatim inserti, bracteis ad 6 foliaceis amplis laxe imbricatis ovato-cordatis membranaceis. Perianthium subcampanulatum,

obscure 5-lobum, plicatum, nervis sinubus descendentibus, basi globosum, supra ovarium constrictum. Stamina 5-7, filamentis inæqualibus capillaribus basi in cyathum membranaceum connatis; antheræ didymæ, breviter exsertæ. Ovarium globosum; stylus capillaris, stigmate breviter exserto capitellato. Anthocarpium ellipsoideum, teres, læve v. leviter costatum, humectatum mucilaginosum. Utriculus globosus. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens, tenuiter coriacea; embryo uncinatus, albumen sat copiosum involvens, cetyledonibus orbicularibus tenuibus concavis, radicula descendente crassa incurva compressa obtusa extraria.—Herba glabra, glauce, dichotome ramosa, ramis robustis. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, ovato-oblonga, obtusa, integerrima. Flores in racemos strobilos simulantes terminales et axillares gracile pedunculatos dispositi, majusculi, pallide purpurei.

Species 1, civitatis Nevadæ Americæ boreali-occidentalis incola. Inflorescentia *Bougainvillæa*, sed stigma capitatum et semen *Mirabilis*. Corolla emarcida tantum visa.

11. Bougainvilleea, Comm. ex Juss. Gen. 91 (Buginvilleea) (Josepha, Vell. Fl. Flum. 154, Ic. iv. t. 16).—Flores exinvolucrati, bracteati, costis bractearum singulatim inserti; bractee 3, ample, foliacee, colorate. Perianthium tubulosum, leviter curvum, infra medium anguste fusiforme, dein anguste infundibulare et post anthesin tortum, ore breviter 5-6-lobo, marginibus loborum incurvis sæpe crispatis, sinubus plicatis longe Stamina 7-8, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis ima basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ, inclusæ. Ovarium stipitatum, anguste fusiforme; stylus brevis, lateralis, filiformis, inclusus, stigmatè elongato unilaterali. Anthocarpium fusiforme, coriaceum, leviter compressum, acute 5-costatum, humectatum non mucosum. Utriculus stipitatus, cylindraceus v. clavatus. Seminis testa tenuis; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus convolutis albumen involventibus, radicula descendente extraria.—Frutices v. arbusculæ rarius sarmentosi v. subscandentes, glabri v. tomentosi, inermes v. spinosi. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovato-rotundata v. elliptico-lanceolata, integerrima. Inflorescentiæ (strobilum mentientes), solitariæ v. fasciculatæ, axillares v. terminales. Flores infra medium bracteæ inserti, perianthii tubo infra medium sæpius virescente, superne roseo v. flavo.

Species 7-8, Americæ australis tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ. Chois. in DC. Prodr. xiii. ii. 437. Walp. Ann. v. 721. Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 40. Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. 206, t. 216. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. t. 49. Bot. Mag. t. 4811, (errore 4810). D'Orbign. Voy. Bot. t. 8. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 349, t. 82. Semen a nobis non visum, ex icone Schmidtii descriptum.

12. Tricycla, Cav. Ic. vi. 78, t. 598, et cx Endl. in Anal. Cienc. Nat. v. 63, t. 40.—Flores bracteati, exinvolucrati; bracteæ 3, sub anthesi floribus multo breviores, demum dilatatæ amplæ membranaceæ, persistentes. Perianthium hypocrateriforme, tubo elongato sensim basin versus ampliato; limbus 5-lobus, subcoriaceus, lobis emarginatis, sinubus breviter induplicatis. Stamina 5-6, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis ima basi brevissime connatis; antheræ late ellipsoideæ, inclusæ. Ovarium fusiforme; stylus lateralis, brevis, crassiusculus, leviter recurvus, uno latere stigmatosus. Anthocarpium fusiforme, coriaceum, striatum, bracteis inclusum. Utriculus immaturus cylindraceus, tenuiter coriaceus. Semen . . . .—Frutex spinosus, ramulis lignosis, spinis demum apice furcatis. Folia in ramulis abbreviatis fasciculata, parva, lineari-spathulata, coriacea, glabra. Flores ½-pollicares, ad nodos solitarii v. pauci, penduli, bracteis ovato-cordatis puberulis, fructiferis reticulato-venosis; perianthii tubo virescente, limbo luteo.

Species 1, Mendozæ in Chili incola. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 436.

13. Abronia, Juss. Gen. 448 (Tricratus, L'Hér. ex Willd. Sp. Pl. i. 807).—Involucrum 5—∞-phyllum, multiflorum, foliolis post anthesin immutatis. Perianthium hypocrateriforme v. anguste infundibulare, tubo elongato supra ovarium constricto; limbi parvi lobi 5, obcordati v. 2-partiti, induplicatim plicati. Stamina 3–5, filamentis capillaribus 2 alternis brevioribus basi in urceolum connatis sursum tubo perianthii

adnatis; antherse lineari-oblongse, inclusse. Ovarium oblique ovoideum; stylus filiformis, stigmate fusiformi incluso. Anthocarpium fusiforme ellipsoideum v. turbinatum, 1-5-costatum v. 3-alatum, coriaceum v. induratum, eglandulosum, humectatum non mucosum. Achsenium elongatum. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryonis cotyledone altera concava albumen farinaceum involvens, altera ad papillam reducta, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæ di-tri-chotome ramosæ, prostratæ, glandulosopubescentes. Folia opposita, paribus inæqualibus, petiolata, carnosula, integerrima. Involucra axillaria et terminalia, longe pedicellata, viridia v. colorata. Flores exserti, fragrantes, rosei, pubescentes.

Species ad 10, Americæ boreali-centralis et -occidentalis incolæ. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 435. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 3, ined., Bot. 40 Parall. t. 31. Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. 181, t. 214. Lam. Ill. t. 105. Cav. Io. t. 326. Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. iv. 82, cum ic. xylog. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 193, 194. Torr. in Marcy Exped. t. 18. Torr. et Gr. Bot. Beckwith Exped. t. 10. Bot. Mag. t. 2879, 5544. Fl. des Serres, v. 425 cum ic., xi. t. 1095.

A. cycloptera, S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. 285, pro parte, A. Gray in Amer. Jour. Sc. ser. 2, xv. 319, cum A. mierantha, Torr., specie annua 3-4-andra, duce A. Gray, subgenus Tripterocalycem efficiunt, anthocarpio magno 3-alato, alis lateralibus reticulatis, intermedia angusta.

14. Roldon, Cav. Cat. Hort. Madr. 1803, ex Choisy. (Salpianthus, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. i. 154, t. 44.)—Flores exinvolucrati, ebracteolati. Perianthium campanulatum v. tubuloso-campanulatum, 4-fidum, lobis dentibusve brevibus subacutis simpliciter valvatis, post anthesin parum auctum. Stamina 3-4, disco parvo unilaterali carnosulo inserta, filamentis filiformibus inæquilongis; antheræ didymæ, exsertæ. Ovarium sessile, intere ovoideum v. subglobosum, in stylum filiformem exsertum attenuatum, stigmate acuto. Utriculus basi paullo aucto perianthii inclusus, sessilis, globosus, leviter compressus, uno latere costatus, coriaceus. Seminis testa pericarpio adhærens; embryo hippocrepicus, cotyledonibus planis lineari-oblongis tenuibus albumen copiosum involventibus, radicula elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæ radicibus tuberosis, glabræ v. pubescentes, laxe ramosæ, ramis gracilibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, deltoideo- v. trapezoideo-ovata, obtusa, integerrima, in petiolum abrupte sed longe angustata. Flores parvi v. minuti, in capitula racemosve cymosos axillares et terminales foliaceo-bracteatos dispositi, sessiles v. pedicellati, dense pubescentes.

Species 2, Mexicanæ, quarum una etiam Cubensis. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 438. Icon Hort. Matrit. ab auctoribus post Lagascam citata nunquam edita fuit.

15. Collignonia, Endl. Gen. Pl. 311.—Flores umbellulati; umbellulæ paniculatæ, bracteis amplis membranaceis gracile petiolatis coloratis deciduis immixtæ. Perianthium infundibulari-campanulatum, 3-5-lobum, lobis patulis ovatis subacutis simpliciter valvatis. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis filiformibus inæqualibus ima basi connatis; antheræ didymæ, exsertæ. Ovarium stipitatum, subglobosum; stylus brevis, filiformis, stigmate capitato glanduloso v. maximo et longe penicillato. Anthocarpium late ellipsoideum v. fusiforme, 5-costatum v. late 3-alatum, humectatum non mucosum. Utriculus oblique stipitatus, clavatus, obtusus, coriaceus. Seminis testa pericarpio et albumini parco-carnoso adhærens; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus oblongis planiusculis pro ordine angustis, radicula valde elongata descendente extraria.—Herbæv. frutices scandentes, trichotome ramosi, radice tuberoso, glabri pubescentes v. tomentosi, ramulis gracilibus. Folia opposita, petiolata, integerrima. Umbellulæ in paniculas terminales amplas trichotome ramosas dispositæ, ramulis divaricatis. Flores parvi v. minuti, gracillime pedicellati, cum pedicello non articulati, rosei v. carnei. Fructus pendulus.

Species 6, regionum temperatarum Andium a Nova Granada usque ad Peruviam incolse. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 439. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 128 (Abronia). Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. 21. Grissb. Pl. Lorentz. 39.

16. Reichenbachta, Spreng. in Bull. Soc. Philom. 1823, 54, t. 1.—Flores exinvolucrati, ebracteati. Perianthium tubulosum, v. brevissime oblique 4-5-dentatum, dentibus sub-

sequalibus v. 2-3 ceeteris longioribus, erectis lanceolatis obtusiusculis induplicato-valvatis. Stamina 2, rarissime 3, hypogyna, filamentis elongatis filiformibus complanatis; antherse oblongse, inclusse, loculis sejunctis obtusis. Ovarium oblique oblongum, compressum, basi attenuatum, apice oblique truncatum, stellato-tomentosum, stigmate sessili subterminali papilloso. Utriculus basi perianthii accrescentis tenuiter coriacei inclusus, coriaceus, tomentosus, inferne costatus. Semen sessile, subglobosum, leviter compressum, basi rostellatum, testa tenuiter crustacea picea nitida, albuminis strato tenui carnoso; embryo uncinatus, cotyledonibus conduplicatis, radicula apice intra seminis rostellum acuta.—Frutex v. arbuscula, pilis stellatis griseo-pubescens, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata, subacuta, integerrima, apice glandula nuda instructa. Flores numerosi, axillares, fasciculati, pedicellati, tomentosi, pedicellis basi minute bracteolatis.

Species 1, Brasiliæ australis et Paraguay incola. Hook. f. Ic. Pl. t. 1290.

#### TRIBUS II.

17. Pisonia, Linn. Gen. n. 1162. (Calpidia, Thou. Hist. Veg. Isles Afr. Aust. (1804) 37, t. 10. Ceodes, Forst. Char. Gen. 141, t. 71. Torrubia, Bessera, Pallavia, et Columella, Vell. Fl. Flum. 139, 147, 151, 155, Ic. iii. t. 150, iv. t. 2, 12, 17.)—Flores dioici, rarius monoici v. hermaphroditi, exinvolucrati, 2-3-bracteolati. Perianthium & tubuloso- v. infundibulari-campanulatum, Q magis oblongum, tubo basi sæpe ampliato; limbi lobi v. dentes 5, breves, induplicato-valvati, erecti v. patentes. Stamina 6-10, filamentis inequilongis v. alternis longioribus filiformibus, basi in tubum v. annulum connatis; antheræ oblongæ v. didymæ, exsertæ. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum, sessile, in stylum gracilem inclusum v. exsertum attenuatum, stigmate capitellato peltato v. sæpius fimbriatomultifido laciniis capillaribus. Anthocarpium coriaceum v. induratum rarius carnosulum, oblongum lineare v. clavatum, cylindraceum compressum v. pentagonum, teres sulcatum v. costatum, leve tuberculatum v. glandulis stipitatis viscum exsudentibus præditum. Utriculus elongatus, membranaceus. Seminis testa hyalina, pericarpio adhærens; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus contortuplicatis basi v. basi et apice cordatis albumen parcum plus minusve mucosum involventibus, radicula brevi infera.—Arbores et frutices, inermes v. rarius spinosi, glabri v. pubescentes, erecti v. rarius subscandentes. Folia opposita v. sparsa, sessilia v. petiolata, oblonga ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores parvi, rosei virescentes v. flavidi, in cymas paniculatas subsessiles v. pedunculatas dispositi. Fructus parvus v. majusculus.

Species ad 60, pleræque Americæ tropicæ incolæ, paucæ Asiaticæ et insulis Pacificis indigenæ, 6 in insulis Mascarensibus; P. aculeata sola, species gerontogea, hactenus in Africa continentali detecta. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 440 Walp. Ann. v. 722. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 989. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 70. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 279. Baker, Fl. Maurit. 262. Casaretto, Nov. Stirp. Dec. 68. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 353, t. 83, 84. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 76. Lam. Ill. t. 861. Endl. Iconogr. t. 30. Presl. Symb. t. 56. Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 87. Jacq. Hort. Schænb. iii. t. 314. Link. Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. t. 15. Walp. in Pl. Meyen. t. 11. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 34. Wight Ic. t. 1763 ad 1765. Hook f. Fl. Nov. Zel. i. t. 50. Albuminis copia et indoles de specie in speciem variat, mucilaginosa carnosa v. subfarinacea, quare genus Calpidia, Thou., a Brongn. et Gris. in Ann. Sc. Nat. sor. 4, i. 339, restitutum, delendum est.

18. **Meca**, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 52, t. 9. (Mitscherlichia, Kunth in Abhandl. Berl. Akad. 1831, 209 et 1832, t. 3.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, exinvolucrati, bracteolati. Fl. 3: Perianthium urceolatum globosum v. campanulatum, breviter 4-5-dentatum, ore aperto v. constricto v. fere clauso, dentibus breviter induplicato-valvatis. Stamina 5-10, inclusa, fundo perianthii inserta, filamentis inequilongis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum sæpius 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium oblongum v. urceolatum, tubo infra medium sæpissime crasse carnoso ibidemque dilatato v. angustato intus supra ovarium constricto, ore 4-5-dentato sæpissime contracto. Staminum rudimenta medio tubo inserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ cassæ. Ovarium anguste ovoideum, basi carnosa perianthii inclusum; stylus terminalis, filiformis, rarissime exsertus, stigmate simplici v.

penicillato. Anthocarpium ellipsoideum v. rarius ovoideum v. turbinatum, limbo parvo clauso perianthii coronatum, teres v. sulcatum, cylindraceum v. compressum, eglandulosum. Utriculus membranaceus. Seminis testa hyalina, pericarpio adhærens; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus contortuplicatis basi v. basi et apice cordatis albumen parcum carnosum involventibus, radicula brevi infera horizontali apice deflexa.—Arbores et frutices, erecti v. subscandentes, glabri v. pubescentes, ramulis teretibus. Folia sæpissime opposita, petiolata, coriacea, ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima, penninervia. Flores parvi, in cymas axillares pedunculatas dispositi, sessiles v. pedicellati, sæpius basi 3-bracteolati, albi rosei flavi brunnei v. virescentes, interdum odori, bracteolis minutis rarius filiformibus.

Species ad 30, Americæ tropicæ incolæ pleræque boreali-Brasilienses et Peruvianæ, paucæ insularum Indiæ occidentales incolæ, una Guatemalensis. Chois. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 447. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 71. Poepp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 161, 162. Oerst. in Overs. K. Dansk. Selsk. Forh. 1863, 9, t. 1. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 365, t. 85. Genus a Pisonia cui adjungitur a Baillonio, Hist. Pl. iv. 10, forma periauthii, fl. 3 et staminibus inclusis distinguendum.

19. Timeroya, Montrousier in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sc. Lyon, x. 247. (Viellardia, Brongn. et Gris. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, i. 338.)—Flores hermaphroditi, exinvolucrati, minute bracteolati v. ebracteolati. Perianthium campanulatum v. infundibulari-campanulatum, tubo basi turgido; limbi 5-goni lobi 5, valvati, breves. Stamina ad 30, inclusa, filamentis capillaribus inæquilongis ima basi circa ovarium connatis, antheræ didymæ. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum, in stylum filiformem attenuatum, stigmate obliquo decurrente papilloso-fimbriato. Anthocarpium lineari-oblongum, induratum, 5-gonum, angulis viscum exsudentibus. Utriculus fusiformis, sessilis, membranaceus. Seminis testa pericarpio cohærens, membranacea; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus convolutis, albumen parcum mucilaginosum involventibus basi cordatis, radicula intra sinum cotyledonum abscondita recta brevi infera.—Arbores glabri, ramulis crassiusculis. Folia alterna v. subopposita, petiolata, elliptica v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores in cymas corymbosas axillares et terminales dispositi, pedicellati, glabri v. furfuraceo-pubescentes.

Species 2 v. 3, Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ.

20. Cephalotomandra, Karst. et Trian. in Linnæa, xxviii. 429.—Flores dioici (v. polygami?) exinvolucrati, minute 3-bracteolati. Fl. &: Perianthium urceolato-campanulatum, carnosulum; limbus breviter 5-lobus, lobis plicato-valvatis. Stamina 25-30, inclusa, circa basin ovarii conferta, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus inæquilongis; antheræ oblongo-didymæ, apiculatæ, loculis sæpe inæqualibus altero altius inserto. Fl. 2: Perianthium post anthesin coarctatum; limbus 5-lobus, persistens. Stamina subexserta. antheris effectis. Ovarium ovoideum, sessile, in stylum filiformem acutum intus longitudinaliter stigmatosum marginibus papillosis attenuatum. Anthocarpium lignosum, rugosum, 10-12-costatum. Seminis testa membranacea, cum pericarpio connata; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus cordatis albuminis residua includentibus, radicula infera.—Arbor parva. Folia opposita, petiolata, ampla, elliptica, acuminata, costa crassa, integerrima, iucide, glaberrima. Flores in cymas longe pedunculatas axillares multifloras pubescentes trichotome ramosas dispositi, gracile pedicellati, ramulis pedicellisque divaricatis. Fructus juglandis magnitudine.

Species 1, Novæ Granadæ prope Bogota incola.—Walp. Ann. v. 721. Flores Q et fructus a nobis non visi; in fl. 3 ovarium perfectum ovulo bene evoluto invenimus.

#### TRIBUS III. LEUCASTERE E.

21. Leacaster, Chois. in Mém. Soc. Phys. Gen. xii. 167, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 457.—Flores hermaphroditi, exinvolucrati, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium campanulatum, coriaceum, stellato-canum, post anthesin accrescens, persistens; limbus plicato-5-dentatus, fere integer. Stamina 2, hypogyna, fundo perianthii immersa, filamentis brevibus subulatis, puberulis; antheræ magnæ, dorso affixæ, breves, latæ, coriaceæ, rimis latis

antice dehiscentes. Ovarium globosum, inter stamina compressum, tomentosum; stigma sessile, elongatum, ovarii verticem coronans, crassum, medio sulcatum; ovulum globosum, subsessile. Utriculus basi perianthii ampliati angulati ore involuto immersus, globosus, canus, pericarpio crasso costato. Semen liberum; embryo conduplicatus, cotyledonibus albumen parcissimum includentibus, radicula infera extraria.—Frutex subvolubilis, ramulis alternis gracilibus, partibus novellis pube stellata canis. Folia alterna, petiolata, ellipticolanceolata, subobtusa, integerrima. Flores in cymas axillares et terminales foliaceobracteatas dispositi, pedicellati.

Species 1, Brasiliana, perperam ad Reichenbachiam relata a J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 372 t. 88.

22? Andradea, Allemão, Diss. Andrad. 1845, cum ic.—Flores monoici, exinvolucrati, Perianthium infundibulare, tubo brevi; limbi lobi 3 rarius 4, tubo longiores, oblongi, subacuti, reflexo-patentes, valvati, non induplicati. Stamina 12-20, lobis perianthii breviora, filamentis gracilibus æquilongis pubescentibus basi in annulum membranaceum connatis; antheræ lineares, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes. sessile, turbinatum, costatum, tomentosum; stylus terminalis, sigmoideus, stigmate laterali cristæformi papilloso. Utriculus parvus, globoso-turbinatus, basi perianthii ad integrum persistente vestitus, stylo indurato terminatus; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen erectum, subreniforme, cavitatem non implens, testa lævi fusca membranacea embryoni subadhærente; embryo conduplicatus, cotyledonibus foliaceis corrugatis super albumen evanidum applicitus, radicula extraria infera.—Arbor excelsa, trunco crasso, ramulis foliis subtus et inflorescentia stellato-tomentellis. Folia alterna, petiolata, elliptico-ovata, acuminata, integerrima, membranacea. Flores in racemos paniculatos axillares et terminales dispositi, erecti, pedicellati, majusculi; alabastra cylindraceoovoidea, pendula.

Species 1, Brasiliæ montium provinciæ Espirito Santo incola. *Walp. Ann.* iii. 935. Genus adhuc dubium, a nobis non visum, ex schedis et icone auctoris (in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 87 repetita) descriptum.

23. Gryptocarpus, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 187, t. 123, 124.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium campanulatum, 4-5-lobum; lobis brevibus obtusis inflexo-valvatis, fructiferum clausum, immutatum. Stamina 4-5, filamentis inæquilongis elongato-subulatis basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium oblique obovoideum; stylus subterminalis, filiformis v. subulatus, stigmate subterminali. Fructus obovoideo-globosus, perianthio clauso inclusus, pericarpio tenuiter coriaceo. Semen late pyriforme, erectum, testa coriacea rugulosa fusca; embryo gracilis, periphericus, imperfecte annularis, albumen copiosum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus radicula infera vix latioribus.—Frutices carnosuli, prostrati v. subscandentes, cano-puberuli, ramis subangulatis. Folia alterna, exstipulata, petiolata, ovata v. cordato- v. rhombeo-ovata, integerrima. Flores parvi, cymosi, cymis in paniculas repetite dichotomas axillares et ad apices ramulorum longe spicatas dispositi, ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species 2, altera montium Mexici altera littorum tropicarum America australis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 88. Moric. Pl. Nouv. Amer. t. 50.

#### ORDO CXXIX. ILLECEBRAC

R. Br. Prod. 413. PABONYCHIEÆ, St. Hil. in Mem. Mus. ii. 276. CABYOPHYLLEARUM Tribus Illecebreæ, Pterantheæ, Pollichieæ, et Subordo Sclerantheæ, Endl. Gen. Pl. 956 et seq. Illecebraceæ et Scleranthaceæ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 499 et 528.

Flores regulares, sæpissime hermaphroditi, inconspicui. Perianthium herbaceum v. coriaceum, post anthesin persistens et seepius induratum, 4-5-lobatum v. -partitum, lobis segmentisve erectis, rarius patentibus, imbricatis. Petala 0, nisi staminodia minuta v. interdum subpetaloidea inter stamina posita. Stamina tot quot perianthii segmenta et iis opposita, rarius pauciora v. plura, perigyna v. rarius subhypogyna; filamenta subulata, brevia, libera v. ima basi in annulum membranaceum connata, v. margini disci tenuis inserta. Antheræ breves, didymæ, rarius oblongæ, dorso affixæ, rimis anticis dehiscentes. Ovarium liberum, sessile, ovoideum v. subglobosum, rarius compressum, 1-loculare, interdum filo tenuissimo conductore percursum. Stylus 1, terminalis, apice 2-3-dentatus, v. styli 2, rarissime 3, apicibus introrsum stigmatosis. Ovula 1, rarius 2, e funiculis basilaribus erecta v. pendula et inversa, amphitropa anatropa v. semi-anatropa. culus rarissime nux, crustaceus, membranaceus, indehiscens v. basi lacerus, 1-spermus, perianthio inclusus. Semen erectum v. inversum, ovoideum clavatum orbiculare v. lenticulare, testa tenuiter membranacea, exarillata; albumen farinaceum v. carnosum, sat copiosum v. parcum. Embryo nunc annularis, albumen cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula elongata incumbente supera v. infera, nunc clavatus dorsalis, albumini applicitus, rectus v. leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus oblongis, radicula infera.

Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, rarius fruticuli v. suffrutices, suberectæ diffusæ v. pulvinatim cæspitosæ. Folia in generibus normalibus opposita, parva, integerrima, basi sæpius connata, *Sclerantho* excepto integerrima. Stipulæ scariosæ, simplices bifidæ v. connatæ, rarius 0. Inflorescentia varia, in generibus plerisque dichotome cymosa. Flores parvi, herbacei, virides v. albi, sæpe scarioso-bracteati.

Species ad 90, per orbem terrarum regionibus frigidis exceptis dispersæ, in locis siccis calidisque frequentiores.

Ordo Amarantaceis certissime affinis sed stipulis, perianthio herbaceo staminibusque perigynis differt. Caryophylleæ distinguuntur floribus petaliferis, ovario pluriovulato, fructuque capsulari; Portulaceæ sepalis 2, corolla, capsulæque dehiscentia. Ficoideæ connexæ sunt ope Adenogrammatis cui ovarium 1-loculare ovulo basilari. Phytolaccacearum genera monocarpica 1-ovulata recedunt stylo laterali, habitu, foliis amplis, inflorescentia racemosa et cotyledonibus latioribus. Lastarriæa genus Polygonearum, habitu multisque notis Illecebraceis accedit, sed differt ovulo orthotropo, aliisque notis. Tribus Scleranthearum transitum ad Caryophylleas demonstrat. Ficoidearum tribus Mollugineæ differt ovario polycarpico et staminibus sæpissime hypogynis.

#### FORMES ABNORMES.

Pedunculus foliaceus in Pterantho.

Folia omnia Dysphaniæ et superiora Corrigiolæ alterna.

Perianthii segmenta valvata in Illecebro, Dysphanio et Pentacæna.

Stamina hypogyna in Dysphania.

Ovarium tubo perianthii connatum in Sclerocephalo et Cometc.

Ovula 2 v. 4 in Pollichia, Achyronychia et Habrosia.

Nux cruste coa in Corrigiola.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus 2. Politchiess. Flores omnes consimiles, bracteis scariosis basi involucrati. Ovarium 1–4-ovulatum. Embryo dorsalis, rectus v. leviter curvus, radicula infera.

Excepta: Folia exstipulata et flores exinvolucrati in Dysphania.

#### \* Ovarium 1-ovulatum.

1. Illecebeum. Perianthii segmenta 5, sequalia, suberosa a latere compressa. — Europ., Afric. occ.

- 2. Pentagena. Perianthii segmenta 5, sequalia v. insequalia, coriacea, dorso longe crasseque spinosa.—Amer. cocid. et aust. extratrop.
- 3. Despensia. Perianthii segmenta 2-3, unguiculata, suberosa, dorso crasse gibbosa. Folia alterna.—Australia.

#### \*\* Ovarium 2-4-ovulatum.

- 4. Pollichia. Perianthii limbus herbaceus.—Afric. trop. et austr.
- 5. Achyronychia. Perianthii tubus coriaceus, limbus scariosus.—Mexico ex Nov. Mexic.

Tribus II. Paronychiess. Flores omnes consimiles, bracteis scariosis sapius involucrati. Ovarium 1-ovulatum. Embryo annularis. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna.

- 6. PARONYCHIA. Perianthii involucrati 5-partiti segmenta sub apice cucullata, dorso cornuta mucronata v. apiculata. Stigmata 2. Radicula sæpissime supera v. ascendens.— Europ. aust., Oriens, Africa, America.
- 7. Herniaria. Perianthii fere nudi 5-partiti segmenta mutica. Stigmata 2. Radicula infera.—Europ., Asia occid., Afr. bor. et austr.
- 8. SIPHONYCHIA. Perianthii 5-fidi lobi mutici. Stamina alte perigyna. Stylus filiformis, Radicula supera.—Amer. bor.
- 9. ANYCHIA Perianthii 5-partiti segmenta mutica v. subcornuta. Stamina basi segmentorum inserta. Styli 2, breves. Radicula supera.—Amer. bor.
- 10. CORRIGIOLA. Perianthii 5-partiti segmenta mutica. Stylus 3-partitus. Nux crustacea.— Europ., Afric., Amer.
- 11. GYMNOCARPOS. Perianthii 5-partiti segmenta aristata. Stylus 3-dentatus.—Afric. bcr., Oriens.
- 12. Sclenocephalus. Flores cum foliis floralibus in capitulum spinosum coherentes.—Afric. bor., Asia occid.

Tribus III. Pteranthese. Flores 3-ni, dimorphi, centralis perfectus, laterales imperfecti v. deformati. Ovarium 1-ovulatum. Embryo dorsalis, fere rectus, radicula infera. Folia sæpius stipulata.

- 13. PTERANTHUS. Pedunculi obovati, foliacei. Folia floralia pinnatipartita. Perianthii seg menta 4.—Afric. bor., As. occid.
- 14. Cometes. Pedunculus simplex. Folia floralia pinnatipartita. Perianthii segmenta 5.—
  Afric. bor. et aust., Asia occid.
- 15. DICHERANTHUS. Pedunculus simplex. Folia floralia integra. Perianthii segmenta 5. Ins. Canariens.

Tribus IV. Scleranthess. Flores omnes consimiles. Ovarium 1-2-ovulatum. Embryo annularis.—Folia opposita, basi connata, exstipulata.

- 16. Sclebanthus. Perianthium 4-5-fidum. Stamina perigyna. Ovarium 1-ovulatum.— Europ., Afrio. bor., Oriens, Australas.
- 17. Habrosia. Perianthium 5-partitum. Stamina fere hypogyna. Ovarium 2-ovulatum.—
  Asia oocid.

#### GENERA AFFINIA AUT EXCLUSA.

ADENOGRAMMA, Reich., et Telephium, Linn. sub. Ficoidets inveniuntur supra i. 858, 857.

ADENARIUM Raf. (Arenariæ sect. Honckenya), Cerdia, Moç. et Sessé, Drymaria, Willd., Læfflingia, Linn., Ortegia, Læffl., Polycarpæa, Lam., Polycarpon, Læffl., Queria, Linn., Spergula, Linn., Spergularia, Pers., Spergularia, T. Anders., et Stipulicida, Rich., omnes ad Caryophylleas reddimus, supra i. 152 ad 154.

WINTERLIA, Spreng. est Ammanniæ species, inter Lythraceas, supra i. 776.

LASTARRIKA, Remy, inter Polygonaceas invenitur.

Guilleminea, H. B. et K. et Lithophila, Swartz, inter Amarantaceas quærendæ.

#### TRIBUS I. POLLICHIEÆ.

1. **Ellecebrum**, Linn. Gen. n. 290 pro parte.—Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, basi bracteis scariosis involucrati. Perianthium suberosum, 5-partitum, album; segmenta oblonga, crassa, a latere compressa, dorso subacuta, facie excavata, valvata, apice conico in aristam producto, demum conniventia indurata et utriculum includentia. Stamina 5,

minima, basi segmentorum inserta, staminodiis totidem minutis setaceis alternantia, filamentis brevibus setaceis; anthera didyma. Ovarium minimum, ovoideum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate capitellato v. 2-lobo; ovulum basilare, erectum, anatropum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus membranaceus, basin versus in lacinias 5-10 dehiscens. Semen erectum, oblongum, subcompressum, testa crustacea; embryo dorsalis, albumini farinaceo applicitus, anguste clavatus, leviter incurvus, radicula infera.—Herba annua, pusilla, tenuis, glaberrima, diffusa, multicaulis. Folia opposita et pseudo-verticillata, sessilia, ovata oblonga v. rotundata, integerrima; stipulæ minutæ, scariosæ. Flores minuti, nivei, ad axillas omnes conferti v. pseudo-verticillati, brevissime pedicellati, pedicellis basi scarioso-bracteatis.

Species 1, Europe occidentalis et Africa borealis incola. DC. Prod. iii. 369. Nees Gen. Fl. Germ. Gertn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 184. Fl. Dan. t. 335.

2. Pentacena, Bartl. in Reliq. Hænk. ii. 5, t. 49.—Flores scarioso-bracteati. Perianthii coriacei demum indurati tubus brevis; segmenta 5, oblonga, concava, valvata, omnia margine fimbriata, dorso in spinam elongatam validam rigidam erectam v. patentem producta, v. 2 interiora minora brevius armata v. mutica, demum conniventia et utriculum includentia. Stamina 3-5, minuta, basi segmentorum inserta, filamentis brevissimis basi dilatatis; antheræ didymæ; staminodia minuta, ovata v. oblonga, integra v. 2-dentata. Ovarium basi contractum, late ovoideum; stylus brevissimus, stigmatibus 2 punctiformibus. Utriculus oblongus v. globosus, membranaceus, demum longitudinaliter ruptus. Semen ellipsoideum obovoideum v. globosum, erectum, hilo prope basin laterali, testa subcrustacea v. coriacea pallida lævi, albumine farinaceo sat copioso; embryo dorsalis, clavatus, incurvus, cotyledonibus brevibus obtusis, radicula infera.—Herbæ parvulæ, cæspitosæ, ramosissimæ, ramulis foliosis tomentosis. Folia alterna, conferta, sæpe squarrosa, subulato-setacea, mucronata; stipulæ triangulares, magnæ, scarioso-argenteæ, integerrimæ v. fimbriatæ, longe acuminatæ. Flores juxta totam ramulorum longitudinem conferti, axillares, sessiles, inconspicui.

Species 2 v. 3, Americæ occidentalis ab Oregon usque ad Chili incolæ. DC. Prod. iii. 372 (Paronychiæ sect. Acanthonychia), Mem. Paronych. t. 4. Walp. Rep. 1, 261, Ann. i. 80. St. Hil. Fl. Bras. ii. t. 113 (Paronychia). Acanthonychia, Rohrb. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 249. t. 56.

Cardionema, DC. Prod. iii. 372, Mem. Paronych. t. 1, est Pentacænæ species, staminodiis pro filamentis in icone Mociniano depictis.

3. Dysphania, R. Br. Prod. 411.—Flores minimi, axillares, dense fasciculati, ebracteati et ebracteolati, exteriores cujusve fasciculi sæpius hermaphroditi, cæteri Q. Perianthii foliola 2-3, stipitata, concava, fructifera accrescentia dorso superne in gibbum rotundatum producta, alba, cellulosa, enervia, utriculum includentia. Stamina 1-3, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium obovoideum; styli 1-2, capillares, breviusculi, stigmatibus simplicibus. Utriculus late obovoideus v. ellipsoideus, rectus v. subobliquus, hyalinus, pericarpio semini arcte adhærente. Semen utriculo conforme, testa brunnea lævi coriacea albumini carnoso arcte adhærente; embryo dorsalis, leviter curvus, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula cylindracea infera.—Herbæ pusillæ, prostratæ v. suberectæ, glaberrimæ, ramosæ. Folia parva, alterna, obovata v. oblonga, petiolata v. sessilia, integerrima. Florum fasciculi in capitula axillaria v. in spicas terminales densissime aggregati, sessiles v. perianthiis in stipitem brevissimum angustatis, demum albi. Semen perianthio multo brevius, brunneum.

Species 3, Australiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 164.

Genus valde anomalum, perianthii foliolis crasse spongiosis valvatis albis, semine, et imprimis embryone, a *Chenopodiaceis* longe recedens et *Illecebrum* miro modo in mentem revocans, a cæteris *Illecebraceis* differt insigniter foliis alternis exstipulatis, et staminibus hypogynis.

Testa seminis coriacea magis quam crustacea et embryo certe omnino dorsalis et erectus etsi leviter curvus, et nullo modo periphericus. Stylos 2 vidimus in specie Brunoniana, sed rariter.

4. Politchia, Soland. in Ait. Hort. Kew. i. 5. (Neckeria, Gmel. Syst. Nat. ii. 16.

Meerburgia, Mench, Meth. Suppl. 116.)—Flores bracteis scariosis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, urceolatum, 5-6-lobum, interdum post anthesin baccatum, tubi ore disco incrassato lobato clauso; lobi breves, obtusi, erecti, marginibus hyalinis. Stamina 1-2, disco inserta, filamentis brevissimis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ; staminodia 0. v. minima. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum brevem filiformem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 minutis; ovula 2, basilaria, semi-anatropa, funiculis brevibus. Utriculus globosus v. ovoideo-oblongus, perianthio interdum baccato æquilongus et eo inclusus, membranaceus, 1-2-spermus. Semina oblonga v. ovoidea, testa hyalina, pericarpio et albumini dense farinaceo adhærente. Embryo dorsalis, leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus oblongis planiusculis, radicula accumbente brevi infera.—Fruticulus diffusus, dichotome ramosus, pubescens, ramulis strictis teretibus. Folia opposita et pseudo-verticillata, sessilia, lanceolata, acuminata, integerrima, plana, enèrvia; stipulæ scariosæ, liberæ. Flores minuti, in cymas subsessiles axillares densifioras interdum post anthesin comosas congesti; bracteis bracteo-lisque scariosis albis.

Species 1, Africa tropica et australis incola. DC. Prodr. iii. 377. Gaertn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 213. Smith, Spicileg. t. 1.

Duæ formæ ut nobis videtur occurrunt, altera perianthio bracteisque post anthesin immutatis, utriculo ovoideo; altera perianthio bracteisque demum fere baccatis, utriculo globoso.

Achyronychia, Torr. et Gr. in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 330.—Flores bracteis stipuliformibus involucrati. Perianthii tubus turbinatus, coriaceus, 10-nervis, demum cylindraceus v. obconicus; limbi lobi 5, rotundati, stellato-patentes, argenteo-scariosi, medio v. basi tantum coriacei. Stamina fauci perianthii inserta, nunc cum staminodiis setiformibus conjunctis ad 15, quorum unum solum antheriferum anthera didyma, cætera ananthera, nunc 5, filamentis brevissimis, antheris lineari-oblongis, cum staminodiis brevibus triangularibus alternantia. Ovarium turbinatum v. ellipsoideum; stylus brevis v. elongatus, apice 2-fidus; ovula 2-4, erecta, basilaria, anatropa, funiculis brevibus. Utriculus membranaceus, pyriformis v. ellipsoideus, 1-spermus. ellipsoideo-pyriforme, erectum, testa tenui albumini farinaceo adhærente, chalaza infra medium laterali oblonga; embryo dorsalis, clavatus, leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus brevibus obtusis, radicula infera.—Herbæ parvulæ, depressæ, annuæ, a basi ramosæ, glabræ v. tomentose. Folia parva, opposita, integerrima, crassiuscula, enervia ; stipulæ scariose. Flores axillares, cymoso-congesti, minuti.

Species 2, altera, A. Cooperi, Gray, l.c., Wats. Bot. Calif. i. 73, Novo-Mexici et Californise incola, foliorum paribus inæqualibus, perianthii lobis basi tantum coriaceis, disco 0, staminodiis filamentisve ad 15, uno solo antherifero, ovario turbinato 2-ovulato, stylo brevi; altera, A. Palmeri, Hook. f., Mexici centralis incola (Herb. Parry et Palmer, No. 53), foliorum paribus inæqualibus, perianthii lobis modio late coriaceis, fauce disco annulari 5-lobo instructa, staminibus 5 filamentis brevissimis, antheris lineari-oblongis, staminodiis 5 latis, ovario stipitato elongato, stylo elongato, ovulis 2-4.

#### TRIBUS II. PARONYCHIEÆ.

6. Paronychia, Juss. in Mem. Mus. Par. 11. 389.—Flores bracteis stipuliformibus scariosis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, post anthesin sæpius coriaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga v. lineari-oblonga, æqualia, apicibus cucullatis dorso mucronatis aristatis v. cornutis, marginibus sæpius membranaceis. Stamina 5, rarius 3-4 v. plura, perigyna, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus; antheræ didymæ; staminodia 5, setiformia minima v. 0. Ovarium obovoideum v. subglobosum, in stylum brevem v. elongatum apice 2-fidum attenuatum, lobis intus stigmatosis: ovulum basilare, amphitropum, funiculo brevi v. longiusculo, erectum v. subpendulum. Utriculus membranaceus, perianthio inclusus, a basi sæpe longitudinaliter ruptus. Semen oblongum globosum v. ovoideum, resupinatum v. oblique ascendens, testa membranacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula ascendente v. supera rarius laterali v. subbasilari.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, erectæ v. diffusæ, sæpius dichotome

ramosse. Felia opposita, oblonga lanceolata v. subulata; plana v. rarissime marginibus recurvis, integerrima; stipulæ sæpius amplæ, scariosæ, nitidæ. Flores minuti, axillares v. rarius in cymas terminales dispositi, sæpius dense fasciculati et inter stipulas reconditi.

Species ad 40, regionis Mediterranese, Africse borealis, Arabise Americseque temperate et calidse incolse; una Angolensis. DC. Prod. iii. 870. Walp. Rep. i. 261 excl. sp. n. 3 et 4, v. 74. Ann. i. 81, ii. 89. Boiss. Fl. Or. i. 742. Nees Gen. Fl. Germ. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 128. Rohrb. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 251, t. 57. Boiss. Voy. Exp. t. 62. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 245. Webb Phyt. Canar. t. 20. Cav. Ic. t. 187 (Herniaria). Del. Fl. Egypt. t. 18. Hook. Fl. Bor. Am. t. 75.

PLOTTELA, Arn. in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 441, est Paronychia dichotoma, Nutt. ex Torr. et Gr. Fl. N. Am. i. 171.

7. Esmiaria, Linn. Gen. n. 308.—Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, bracteis parvis v. minutis. Perianthium herbaceum, alte 4-5-fidum, tubo brevi turbinato; segmenta æqualia v. inæqualia, obtusa, mutica. Stamina 3-5, perigyna, æqualia v. inæqualia, filamentis setaceis; antheræ breves; staminodia 4-6, setacea minuta v. 0. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus brevissimus, 2-fidus v. 2-partitus, lobis intus stigmatosis; ovulum basilare, erectum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, ovoideus, membranaceus. Semen erectum, lenticulare, funiculo basilari, testa crustacea nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula elongata descendente.—Herbæ annuæ v. basi perennante, humifusæ, ramosissimæ, glabræ v. hirsutæ. Folia opposita, alterna v. fasciculata, parva, subsessilia, integerrima; stipulæ parvæ, seariosæ, integræ v. ciliatæ. Flores minuti, virides, in axillis conferti, subsessiles v. pedicellati, bracteis bracteolisque parvis.

Species 8-10, Europæ mediæ et australis, Asiæ occidentalis usque ad Indiam boreali-occidentalem et Africæ borealis incolæ, quarum una etiam Austro-africana. *DC. Prod.* iii. 367. *Mem. Paronyoh.* t. 3. *Walp. Rep.* i. 260, v. 74, *Ann.* i. 79. *Boiss. Fl. Or.* i. 739, *Voy. Esp. Bot. t.* 62. *Gærtn. f. Fruct.* iii. t. 213. *Nees Gen. Fl. Germ. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t.* 252.

Genus habitu potius quam characteribus a Paronychia distinguendum. H. polygonoidem Cav. (Paronychiam suffruticosam, Lam.) et H. paniculatam Webb, ad Paronychiam referimus ob habitum, et perianthii segmenta dorso sub apice cornuta.

8. Siphonychia, Torr. et Gr. Fl. N. Am. i. 173.—Flores bracteis stipuliformibus involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, campanulatum, ad medium 5-lobum; lobi petaloidei, plani v. apicibus incurvis, mutici. Stamina 5, alte perigyna, cum staminodiis totidem subulatis alternantia, filamentis subulatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium oblongo-ovoideum, in stylum filiformem elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 parvis; ovulum a funiculo basilari suspensum, campylotropum. Utriculus ovoideus, tubo perianthii inclusus, membranaceus. Semen lenticulare, ab apice funiculi pendulum, resupinatum, testa lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula supera.—Herba annua, humifusa, dichotome ramosa, puberula, ramulis diffusis patentibus. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, oblanceolata, plana, integerrima; stipulæ parvæ, subulatæ, scar-osæ. Flores minuti, in axillis ramulorum solitarii v. in cymulas paucifloras terminales dispositi, sessiles.

Species 1, Americæ boreali-orientalis incola. A. Gray, Gen. 111. t. 103.

9. Anychia, Rich. in Mich. Fl. Bor. Am. i. 112, pro parte.—Flores bracteis parvis scariosis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, post anthesin vix induratum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga, planiuscula, apicibus subcucullatis dorso muticis v. subcorniculatis. Stamina 2-5, basi segmentorum inserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ didymæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium subglobosum, compressum; styli 2, breves, recurvi, intus stigmatosi; ovulum basilare, amphitropum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus membranaceus, subglobosus, compressus, perianthium excedens. Semen subcrectum, reniformi-rotundatum, compressum, testa lævi brunnea; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus decurvis, radicula elongata hilum subbasilare spectante.—Herbæ annuæ,

erectæ v. diffusæ, glaberrimæ, dichotome ramosæ, ramis capillaribus. Folia opposita, brevissime petiolata, obovata oblonga v. lanceolata, subacuta, integerrima, plana; stipulæ minutæ, scariosæ. Flores minuti, axillares, solitarii fasciculati v. cymosi, brevissime pedicellati.

Species 2, America boreali-orientalis incola. DC. Prod. iii, 369. Torr. et Gr. Fl. N. Amer. i. 172. A. Gray, Gen. Ill. t. 104. Gartn. Fruct. t. 128 (Queria). Orteg. dec. t. 15 f. 2 (Queria).

10. Corrigiola, Linn. Gen. n. 378.—Flores pedicellati, minute bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, mutica, marginibus membranaceis. Stamina 5, perigyna, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ; staminodia 5, squamæformia, staminibus alterna. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus brevissimus, 3-partitus, segmentis teretiusculis recurvis; ovulum funiculo basilari suspensum, amphitropum. Fructus crustaceus, globoso- v. ovoideo-trigonus, perianthio inclusus. Semen ovoideo-globosum, ab apice funiculi suspensum, testa membranacea; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula elongata supera.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, rarius basi frutescentes, glabræ, diffuse ramosæ ramulis gracilibus, v. ramis simpliciusculis e caudice crasso apice dense squamato undique patentibus. Folia opposita et alterna, sessilia v. breviter petiolata, oblonga lanceolata spathulata v. linearia, integerrima, plana, interdum carnosula v. glauca; stipulæ variæ, scariosæ. Flores minuti, in cymas glomerulosve axillares et terminales dispositi, breviter pedicellati, pedicellis basi scarioso-bracteolatis.

Species 4-6, Europæ mediæ, regionis Mediterraneæ, Africæ borealis et australis. et Americæ australis temperatæ incolæ. DC. Prod. iii. 366. Walp. Rep. i. 260; Ann. ii. 89. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 75. Lam. Illustr. t. 213. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 292. St. Hil. in Mém. Mus. Par. ii. t. 4, f. 22. Schkuhr Mandb. t. 85. Reichb. Iconogr. Eur. t. 161.

11. Gymnocarpos, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 65; Ic. t. 10.—Flores bracteis scariosis non involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, demum induratum, 5-lobum, tubo brevi, fauce disco tenui annulari instructa; lobi patentes, lineari-oblongi, coriacei, dorso infra apicem mucronati. Stamina 5, alte perigyna, cum staminodiis totidem subulatis alternantia, Ovarium ovoideum, tubo calycis cohærens. filamentis subulatis; antheræ late oblongæ. in stylum elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 brevibus; ovulum campylotropum, funiculo basilari longiusculo suspensum. Utriculus membranaceus, demum basi ruptus, tubo calycis inclusus. Semen ab apice funiculi suspensum, inversum, reniformi-oblongum, compressum, testa lævi membranacea; embryo hippocrepicus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis planiusculis, radicula brevi supera subacuta.—Fruticulus rigidus, salsoloideus, suberectus v. diffusus, caule crasso torto, ramulis intricatis Folia opposita v. in axillis fasciculata, sessilia, lineari-spathulata, nodosis albidis. mucronulata, integerrima, crassa; stipulæ breves, triangulares, hyalinæ. Flores parvi, in cymas breves dichotomas terminales congesti, subsessiles, pedicellis clavatis compressis bracteatis.

Species 1, Africæ borealis et Mediterraneæ et Orientis ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Scind incola. DC. Prod. iii. 369. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. i. 165. Viv. Fl. Lib. 13, t. 10, f. 1.

12. Scierocephalus, Boiss. Diagn. iii. 12; Fl. Or. i. 748.—Flores capitati, capitulis foliis floralibus demum spinescentibus bracteisque membranaceis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-fidum, tubo cupulari foliis floralibus bracteisque concreto, fauce disco tenui instructa; lobi herbacei, lanceolati, sub apice spinosi. Stamina 5, ore perianthii inserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ didymæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, tubo perianthii longe adnatum, tenuiter membranaceum, apice liberum et in stylum capillarem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 parvis recurvis; ovulum ab apice funiculi basilaris plani elongati pendulum, amphitropum. Utriculus tenuissime membranaceus, tubo perianthii indurati adnatus, apice libero irregulariter lacero. Semen reniformi-rotundatum, ab apice funiculi pendulum, subcompressum, testa membranacea; embryo annularis, albumen

VOL. III.

farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus compressis, radicula supera.—Herba annua, humilis, rigida, diffuse dichotome ramosa, ramulis crassiusculis nodosis. Folia opposita, carnosula, linearia, integerrima; stipulæ scariosæ. Capitula sphærica, 4–7-flora, fructifera erinacea, cum pedunculo brevissimo articulato decidua.

Species 1, Africæ borealis et Asiæ occidentalis ab ins. Capitis Viridis usque ad Persiam incola.

#### TRIBUS III. PTERANTHEÆ.

13. Perranthus, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 36. (Louichea, L'Hér. Stirp. Nov. i. 135, t. 65.) —Flores ad apicem pedunculi foliacei cavi obcordati 3-ni, medius perfectus, laterales sæpius imperfecti, foliis floralibus pinnatipartitis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, compressum, 4-partitum; segmenta erecta, lineari-oblonga, rigida, 2 exterioribus dorso carinatis et superne ala spinulosa instructis, interioribus minoribus carinatis spinosomucronatis. Stamina 4, subhypogyna, filamentis filiformibus basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ oblongæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium obovoideum, in stylum filiformem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 brevibus; ovulum erectum, semi-anatropum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, obovoideus, subcompressus, tenuissime membranaceus. Semen obovoideum v. clavatum, erectum, testa membranacea, chalaza magna laterali; embryo magnus, lateralis, albumini parco applicitus, cotyledonibus oblongis plano-convexis, radicula infera.—Herba humilis, annua, carnosa, glabra, di-trichotome ramosa, ramis rigidis. Folia opposita et pseudo-verticillata, linearia, obtusiuscula, carnosula; stipulæ minutæ. Flores virides, bracteolis scariosis.

Species 1, Africæ borealis, ins. Cypri, Arabiæ, Syriæ et Persiæ australis, incola. Boiss. Fl. Or. i. 752. Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 213. Lam. Illustr. t. 764. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 153 (Camphorosma).

14. Cometes, Linn. Mant. 4, n. 1243. (Saltia, R. Br. in Salt. Abyss. 376. Ceratonychia, Edgw. in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. xvi. 1215.)—Flores ad apicem pedunculi communis 3-ni, medius perfectus, laterales imperfecti, foliis floralibus plumoso-multipartitis demum longissimis et squarroso-divaricatis involucrati. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta erecta, lineari-oblonga, dorso sub apice aristata, marginibus membranaceis. Stamina 5, subhypogyna, staminodiis totidem petaloideis alternantia, filamentis subulatis basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ovoideo-lanceolatum, in stylum filiformem curvum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 minutis; ovulum erectum, semi-anatropum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, obovoideus, tenuiter Semen obovoideum, erectum, testa membranacea, chalaza magna membranaceus. laterali; embryo magnus, dorsalis, albumini parco applicitus, cotyledonibus oblongis planoconvexis, radicula infera.—Herbæ humiles, annuæ, pubescentes v. scabridæ, multicaules, dichotome ramosæ. Folia opposita v. pseudo-verticillata, sessilia v. in petiolum angustata, elliptica lanceolata v. linearia, aristato-acuminata, integerrima; stipulæ minutæ, setaceæ. Flores sessiles, cum pedunculo immutato terminali decidui, involucris sctosis ferrugineis; pedunculi solitarii v. cymoso-paniculati, fructiferi cum bracteis in capitula coadunati. Semina 2 v. 3, in fasciculo germinantia.

Species 2, Africæ boreali-orientalis, Orientis et Indiæ maxime occidentalis incolæ. Boiss. Fl. Or. i. 752. Burm. Fl. Ind. t. 15. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. t. 17, 18. Wight Ic. t. 1785.

15. Dicheranthus, Webb in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, v. 27, t. 2.—Flores ad apicem pedunculi communis 3-ni, medius perfectus, laterales 3 v. deformati, bracteis rigidis mucronatis stipati. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta lineari-oblonga, late scariosa, erecta, apicibus aristato-acuminatis patentibus; florum lateralium segmenta varia, sæpius inæqualia, obtusa aristata v. in appendicem orbicularem producta. Stamina 2-3, hypogyna, filamentis filiformi-subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 3-gonum, in stylum strictum filiformem attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 minutis; ovulum erectum, semi-anatropum, funiculo basilari. Utriculus

oblongo-cylindraceus, tenuissime membranaceus. Semen clavatum, testa hyalina pericarpio et albumini parco adhærente, chalaza supra basin parva laterali; embryo magnus, fere rectus, dorsalis, clavatus, cotyledonibus oblongis plano-concavis, radicula infera conica.—Fruticulus 3-4-pedalis, glaberrimus, ramulis gracilibus teretibus pendulis. Folia opposita, elongata, cylindracea, carnosula, obtusa v. acuta, ima basi scarioso-dilatata et per paria connata; stipulæ minutæ, scariosæ, v. 0. Flores parvuli, in cymas dichotomas terminales fastigiatim paniculatas dispositi, pedunculis pedicellisque gracilibus.

Species 1, Canariensis, Walp. Ann. i. 81.

#### TRIBUS IV. SCLERANTHEÆ.

16. Scleranthus, Linn. Gen. n. 562.—Flores ebracteati. Perianthium herbaceum, infundibulare urceolatum v. turbinatum, 4-5-dentatum v. -lobum, demum induratum; lobi erecti, acuti v. obtusi. Stamina 1, 2, 5, v. 10, fauci perianthii inserta, filamentis subulatis; antheræ didymæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum; styli 2, distincti, filiformes, erecti, stigmatibus capitellatis v. acutis; ovulum ab apice funiculi basilaris filiformis pendulum, amphitropum. Utriculus membranaceus, perianthii tubo indurato inclusus. Semen lenticulare, ab apice funiculi suspensum, inversum, testa coriacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula elongata supera.—Herbæ humiles, rigidæ, annuæ v. perennes, dichotome ramosissimæ, sæpius dense cæspitosæ, glabræ v. puberulæ. Folia opposita, basi connata, subulata, rigida, pungentia, marginibus lævibus v. serrulatis; stipulæ 0. Flores parvuli, virides, in cymas glomerulosve axillares et terminales sessiles v. pedunculatos dispositi, v. ad apicem pēdunculi rigidi 1-3-ni involucrati.

Species ad 10, Europæ, Africæ totæ, Asiæ occidentalis et Australasiæ incolæ. DC. Prod. iii. 378. Walp. Rep. i. 266. Boiss. Fl. Or. i. 749. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 258. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 126. Lam. Illustr. t. 374. Nees Gen. Fl. Germ. (male quoad ovarium). A. Gray, Gen. Ill. t. 102.

MNIARUM, Forst. Char. Gen. i. t. 1 (DITOCA, Banks et Sol. in Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 196, t. 126) a Scleranthis typicis non differt nisi floribus 1-2-andris ad apicem pedunculi demum elongati apice 4-bracteati sessilibus. DC. Prod. iii. 378. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 2. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 283. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. t. 12.

17. Habrosia, Fenzl in Bot. Zeit. 1843, 322.—Perianthium herbaceum, fere 5-partitum, tubo obconico demum gibbis 5 sinubus oppositis instructum; segmenta erectopatentia, late scariosa, oblonga, in aristam elongatam abrupte angustata. Stamina 5, minima, hypogyna, inæquilonga, filamentis brevibus v. brevissimis subulatis, antheræ didymæ; staminodia minuta, hyalina, squamæformia. Ovarium minutum, compressum, orbiculare; styli 2, breves, suberecti, intus stigmatosi; ovula 2, basilaria, semi-anatropa, funiculis subelongatis. Utriculus membranaceus, globosus, compressus, asperulus. Semen lenticulare, testa membranacea pericarpio adhærente, hilo laterali; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula dorsali.—Herba annua, tenuissima, glaberrima, dichotome ramosa. Folia opposita, setacea, obtusa, basibus dilatatis connata; stipulæ 0. Flores parvuli, in cymas multifloras fastigiatim dispositi, virides, bracteati, pedicellati.

Species 1, Mesopotamica et Syriaca. Boiss. Fl. Or. i. 751. Genus anomalum, habitu Scleranthi v. Arenariæ, sed 2-ovulatum.

# ORDO CXXX. AMARANTACEE.

Endl. Gen. 300. Lindl, Veg. Kingd. 510. Mart, in Nov. Act. Acad. Nat. Cur. xiii. 209.

Flores hermaphroditi, rarius polygamo-monoici v. dioici, glomerati capitati v. spicati, sæpissime scarioso-bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium siccum, scariosum hyalinum v. chartaceum, rarissime herbaceum, 4-5-partitum; segmenta libera v. basi connata, sæpissime erecta, æqualia v. 2-3 interiora minora, glabra pubescentia v. (interdum longissime) sericea v. villosa, imbricata, duobus exterioribus. Stamina 1-5, hypogyna, v. basi segmentorum perianthii inserta, semper iisdem opposita, inclusa v. rarius exserta; filamenta basi v. altius in cupulam v. tubum brevem v. elongatum membranaceum interdum intus antheriferum connata, dein subulata et compressa v. rarius linearia; sinubus acutis v. obtusis nudis v. laciniis (staminodiis) triangularibus quadratis v. oblongis nudis v. fimbriato-laceris interpositis; rarissime filamenta basi libera. Antheræ medio dorso affixæ, breves et didymæ v. elongatæ, 1-2-loculares, rimis introrsum dehiscentibus; pollen minutissimum, globosum. Ovarium ovoideum ellipsoideum v. globosum, sæpe compressum, rarissime obliquum v. obcordatum, semper liberum, interdum substipitatum, membranaceum rarissime coriaceum v. carnosulum, 1-loculare, vertice non raro indurato. Stylus elongatus brevis v. 0, simplex stigmate capitellato v. simplici, v. 2-3-fidus stigmatibus acutis, v. stigmata 2-3 intus papillosa, recurva v. erecta. Ovula solitaria v. plura, amphitropa, erecta v. ab apice funiculi elongati suspensa, funiculis liberis distinctis ima basi ovarii insertis, brevibus v. elongatis. Fructus, utriculus membranacers rarius bacca carnosa, evalvis et irregulariter ruptus v. circumscissus. Semina inversa v. erecta, lenticularia, oblonga v. reniformi-orbiculata, compressa v. rarius turgida, umbilico nudo v. rarius arillato; testa crustacea v. coriacea, non raro atra v. brunnea, sæpius nitida, lævis punctulata v. rarius granulata; albumen farinaceum, copiosum, endopleuræ membranaceæ sæpe adhærens. Embryo annularis, periphericus, gracilis, cotyledonibus incumbentibus angustis, radicula elongata supera v. infera, rarius embryo periphericus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus concavis exteriore interiorem angustiorem subinvolvente, radicula erecta.

Herbæ v. suffrutices, rarissime arbusculæ, erecti v. rarius ramulis sarmentosis scandentes, rarissime volubiles? Folia opposita et alterna, membranacea, carnosula v. coriacea, simplicia, integra sæpissimeque integerrima. Inflorescentia varia, spicata capitata v. rarius racemosa, primaria nempe centripeta, ultima ad normam cymosa sed sæpius ad flores 3 v. unicum reducta. Bracteæ et bracteolæ sæpissime hyalinæ, nunquam foliaceæ. Flores parvi v. inter minores, interdum minuti, albi virides v. flavi, rarissime læte colorati, interdum intra bracteolas 2-5-ni, 1 v. 2 fertiles, ceteri steriles perianthii segmentis et bracteolis in aristas apice rectas uncinatas v. glochidiatas glabras v. longissime sericeobarbatas mutatis. Utriculus fere semper inter perianthii segmenta erecta imbricata inclusus v. involutus.

Species ad 480, regionibus frigidis exceptis in utroque orbe late dispersæ.

Ordo Chenopodiaceis et Illecebraceis proximus: a priore habitu, floribus constanter bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis, perianthio sæpe scarioso, et filamentis basi in cupulam v. in tubum membranaceum coalitis distinctus. Illecebraceæ distinguuntur foliis sæpissime stipulatis, perianthio magis coriaceo, staminibus perigynis et embryone sæpius dorsali. Tribus Polycnemearum, quæ fere æquo jure Chenopodiaceas et Amarantaceas refert, a nobis inter priores collocetur ob habitum et perianthia coriacea.

### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Perianthium 0 in floribus ? Acnidæ et Acanthochitonis. Stamina perigyna in Guilleminea, 10-20 in Achatocarpo. Fructus nuceus in Digera.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

# Tribus I. Celosiese. Antherse 2-loculares. Ovarium 2-co-ovulatum. Folia alterna.

- \* Fructus baccatus, perianthio stellatim patente stipatus.
- 1. Deeringia. Flores racemosi.—Asia et Afric. trop., Australia.
- 2. MELANOCARPUM. Flores paniculati.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Utriculus membranaceus, perianthio erecto stipatus v. inclusus.
- 3. Henonia. Filamenta basi connata. Utriculus demum longitudinaliter fissus.—

  Madagascar.
  - 4. Celosia. Filamenta basi connata. Utriculus circumscissus.—Orbis uterque intertrop.
  - 5. HERMBSTEDTIA. Filamenta alte connata. Utriculus circumscissus.—Afric, trop. et austr.

# Tribus II. Amarantess. Antheræ 2-loculares. Ovarium 1-ovulatum.

Subtribus 1. Eusmaranteæ. Ovulum erectum, funiculo brevi. Radicula infera. Folia alterna.

- \* Flores hermaphroditi v. dioici. Perianthii segmenta sub fructu stellatim patentia.
- 6. Rodetia. Flores 2-4-bracteolati. Frutex.—Himalaya.
- 7. Bosia. Flores 2-bracteolati, dioici. Frutex.—Ins. Canar.
  - \*\* Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta in fructu erecta.
- 8. ACHATOCARPUS, Flores racemosi. Stamina 10-20. Stigmata 2. Bacca globosa.—Amer. trop.
- 9. Charpentiera. Flores paniculatim spicati. Stigmata 2. Utriculus coriaceus, compressus, indehiscens. Arillus 0. Arbuscula.—Ins. Sandvicens.
- 10. Banalia. Flores paniculatim spicati. Stigmata 2. Utriculus membranaceus, indehiscens. Arillus 0. Herba scandens?—Penins. Ind. or.
- 11. Chamissoa. Flores paniculatim spicati. Stigmata 2. Utriculus circumscissus. Semen arillatum. Herbæ sæpius scandentes.—Amer. trop.
- 12. ALLMANIA. Flores capitati. Stigma capitatum. Utriculus circumscissus. Semen arillatum. Herbæ.—As. trop.
- 13. DIGERA. Flores spicati. Stigma 2-fidum. Nux crustacea. Herbæ.—Asia et Afric. trop.
  - \*\*\* Flores unisexuales. Perianthii segmenta in fructu erecta.
  - 14. Amarantus. Flores sæpissime monoici. Utriculus varius.—Reg. trop. et calid.
  - 15. ACNIDA. Flores dioici, bracteis parvis. Utriculus indehiscens.—Amer. bor., Ind. occ.
- 16. ACANTHOCHITON. Flores dioici, Q bracteis amplis cordatis complicatis inclusi. Utriculus circumscissus.—Texas, Arizona.

Subtribus 2. Achyranthese. Ovulum ab apice funiculi elonguti suspensum. Utriculus indehiscens. Semen inversum, radicula ascendente v. supera.

- \* Flores dionci, & sub quaque bractea solitarii, Q basi utrinque flore sterili in appendicem ramosam sericeo-barbatam mutato stipati.
  - 17. Saltia. Ovarium glabrum. Folia alterna.—Arabia.
    - \*\* Flores hermaphroditi, 1-3 sub quaque bractea perfecti, aliis deformatis stipati.
  - 18. Sericocoma. Florum imperfectorum segmenta in spinas simplices v. ramosas longe sericeas mutata. Ovarium lanatum. Folia opposita et alterna.—Afric. aust.
  - 19. CENTEMA. Florum imperfectorum segmenta in spinas validas simplices basi incrassatas cum basi florum & concretas mutata. Ovarium glabrum v. puberulum. Folia opposita.—

    Afric. trop.
  - 20. CTATHULA. Florum imperfectorum segmenta in aristas apice uncinatas mutata. Laciniæ filamentis interpositæ. Folia opposita.—Reg. trop.
  - 21. Pupalia. Florum imperfectorum segmenta in aristulas stipitatas stellatim patentes apice uncinatas mutata. Laciniæ inter filamenta 0. Folia opposita.—Asia et Afric. trop.
    - \*\*\* Flores hermaphroditi sub quaque bractea solitarii, 2-bracteolati.
      - † Laciniæ anantheræ inter filamenta 0, Trichiniis paucis exceptis.
  - 22. PSILOTRICHUM. Perianthii segmenta exteriora grosse 3-costata. Herbæ v. fruticuli foliis oppositis spicis axillaribus densifloris.—Asia et Afric. trop., Ins. Sandv.

- 23. PSILOSTACHYS. Perianthii segmenta exteriora grosse 3-costata. Herbæ foliis oppositis. spicis in paniculas amplas terminales capillares laxifloras dispositi.—Afric. orient., Arabia, Ind. or.
  - 24. PTILOTUS. Perianthii segmenta libera, hyalina. Folia alterna.—Australia.
- 25. TRICHINIUM. Perianthii segmenta basi connata. Filamenta 1-3 sæpius ananthera. Folia alterna.—Australia.
- 26. CHIONOTHRIX. Perianthii segmenta dura, pilis sericeis ornata. Filamenta late linearia, in tubum elongatum connata. Frutex foliis oppositis, spicis elongatis cernuis.—Afric. aust.
- 27. Notherua. Perianthii segmenta 4, hyalina. Stamina 1-2. Herbæ foliis oppositis.—Asia et Afric. trop.

# †† Laciniæ anantheræ filamentis interpesitæ.

- 28. ÆRUA. Perianthii segmenta hyalina, lanata. Laciniæ filamentis interpositæ breves. Herbæ v. fruticuli lanati, foliis oppositis et alternis.—Asia, Afric., Austral.
- 29. Calicorema. Perianthii segmenta dura, pilis sericeis onusta. Filamenta in tubum elongatum connata. Frutex foliis oppositis subcylindraceis.—Afric. aust.
- 30. Stilbanthus. Perianthii segmenta scariosa, nitida, apicibus lanatis. Arbor scandens, foliis oppositis.—Himal. orient.
- 31. ACHYRANTHES. Perianthii post anthesin deflexi segmenta bracteolæque spinescentia. Herbæ v. fruticuli, foliis oppositis, floribus longe spicatis.—Reg. trop. et subtrop.
- 32. Pandiaka. Perianthii post anthesin erecti v. patentis segmenta bracteolæque spinescentia, spinis erectis. Herbæ foliis oppositis, floribus capitatis v. breviter spicatis.—
  Afric. trop.
- 33. Achyrorsis. Perianthii chartacei segmenta obtusa, glabra, nitida. Herbæ v. fruticuli foliis oppositis v. fasciculatis, floribus spicatis.—Afric. aust.
- 34. Nyssanthes. Perianthii rigidi segmenta 4, 2 exteriora v. omnia bracteolæque acicularispinescentia, divaricatissima. Herbæ foliis oppositis, floribus paucis axillaribus.—Australia.

Tribus III. Gomphreneæ. Antheræ 1-loculares. Ovarium 1-ovulatum, ovulo ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Folia sæpius opposita, *Dicrauro* excepto.

Genera inter se difficillime limitibus certis separanda. Characteres fere omnium hinc inde in specie una alterave *Gomphrenæ* ipsius repetiti, et in plerisque, monotypicis exceptis, speciem unam alteramve invenires æquo fere jure ad genus alium referendam.

- \* Stamina perigyna. Flores capitati.
- 35. Guilleminea. Stamina fauci tubi perianthii inserta Amer. calid., Andcs.
  - \*\* Stamina hypogyna. Flores minuti, axillares, congesti, nec capitati.
- 36. CLADOTHRIX. Fruticulus stellato-tomentosus, niveus. Stigma capitatum.—Amer. bor. reg. calid. occid. et interior.

(Vide quoque 41, Gossypianthum.)

- \*\*\* Stamina hypogyna. Flores capitati v. spicati, axillares et terminales, rarius paniculati.
  - † Stigma sæpissime simplex, capitatum v. emarginatum v. rarissime stigmata 2, subuluta.
- 37. Praffia. Perianthium inter bracteolas sessile, pilis onustum. Tubus stamineus 5-fidus, laciniis antheriferis linearibus ciliatis, anantheris interpositis 0. Stigma sessile.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
- 38. Mogiffanes. Perianthium inter bracteolas breviter stipitatum. Tubi staminei lacinize antheriferze 5 subulatze, anantheris interpositis totidem apice laceris. Stylus manifestus.

  —Amer. trop.
- 39. TELANTHERA. Perianthium intra bracteolas sessile, a dorso sepissime valde compressum. Tubus stamineus brevis v. elongatus, laciniis antheriferis 5 subulatis, anantheris interpositis totidem laceris. Stylus manifestus, stigmate capitato.—Amer. trop. et subtrop., Afric. trop. occid.
- 40. ALTERNATHERA. Flores capitati. Perianthium intra bracteolas sessile, a dorso valde compressum. Tubus stamineus ovario brevior, laciniis antheriferis 1-5 subulatis, anantheris

interpositis 0 v. brevissimis, v. filamenta 1-3 sublibera. Ovarium orbiculare v. obreniforme, valde compressum. Stigma sessile, sæpissime integrum.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid.

41. Gossypianthus. Flores congesti nec capitati. Perianthium dense lanatum, teres, hyalinum. Tubi staminei laciniæ antheriferæ 5, subulatæ, anantheris interpositis 0. Ovarium ovoideum, stigmate subsessili emarginato.—Amer. bor. prov. Texas et Nov. Mexico.

(Vide etiam 45, FRELICHIAM, stigmate capitato.)

- †† Stigmata 2, subulata v. filiformia (Frælichia excepta). Tubi staminei laciniæ anantheræ nullæ antheriferis interpositæ.
  - 42. WCEHLERIA. Perianthium nudum, teres, segmentis 4. Stamen 1, filamento dilatato. Stylus 0.—Cuba.
  - 43. Philoxerus. Perianthium sæpius nudum, compressum, intra bracteolas stipitatum, v. basi elongatum valdeque incrassatum. Tubus stamineus brevis, laciniis antheriferis subulatis. Stylus manifestus.—Amer. trop. or., Afr. trop. occid., Australia, ins. Loo Choo.
  - 44. GOMPHEENA. Perianthium sæpissime sericeum v. lanatum, segmentis liberis v. basi connatis. Tubus stamineus elongatus, laciniis antheriferis 5 sæpissime linearibus apice 2-cruribus. Stylus elongatus v. brevis, stigmatibus brevibus v. elongatis.—Amer. trop. et subtrop. Australia, una sp. Afr. et Asiat.
  - 45. FRELICHIA. Perianthii lanati tubus 5-fidus, fructifer cristatus v. alatus. Tubus stamineus elongatus, laciniis antheriferis 5. Stylus elongatus v. 0; stigma capitatum.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
- \*\*\*\* Stamina hypogyna. Flores sæpissime minuti in glomerulos v. spiculas secus ramos sæpissime oppositos v. verticillatos elongatos paniculæ amplæ sparsi, longe lanati v. sericei (rarissime nudiusculi). (Capitula majuscula pedunculata paniculata in Hebanthis paucis.)
  - 46. Hebanthe. Stigma capitatum, simplex 2-lobum v. 2-crure. Semen subglobosum, cotyledonibus latis concavis. Frutices sæpe scandentes, foliis oppositis.—Amer. trop.
  - 47. IRESINE. Stigmata 2, subulata. Semen lenticulare v. reniforme compressum, cotyledonibus angustis.—Herbæ v. frutices erectæ v. scandentes, foliis oppositis.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
  - 48. DICRAURUS. Stigmata 2, sessilia, subulata. Semen subglobosum, cotyledonibus latis concavis. Fruticulus foliis alternis.— Texas.

### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

ACROGLOCHIN, Schrad., CORISPERMUM, JUSS., HABLITZIA, Bieb., HEMICHROA, R. Br., NITROPHILA, S. Wats., et Polycnemum, Linn., infra ad **Chenopodiaceas** referentur.

Lachnostachys, Hook., est Verbenacea, supra, ii. 1139.

BLEPHAROLEPIS, Nees, est Polpoda, Presl, inter Ficoideas, supra, i. 858.

POLYCHROA, Lour., infra ad Pellionium inter Urticeas refertur.

TRYPHERA, Blume. Bijdr. 549, est Mollugo Glinus, Linn., genus supra i. 857 sub Ficoideis recensitum.

PLEUROPETALUM, Hook. f. (ALLOCHLAMYS, Moq.), genus Galapagense ab Endlichero ad Amarantaceas relatum, supra i. 157 sub Portulaceis invenitur.

Lenzia, Philippi in Linnæa xxxiii. 222, ex Andibus Chilensibus prope Coquimbo, genus imperfecte descriptum, plantula foliis confertissimis erectis *Pini* cujusdam rami apici similis, nobis ignotum est, et locus in ordine omnino dubius, quamvis ab auctore prope Æruam collocatur.

PHYLLEPIDUM, Raf. in Med. Repos. ex char. gallice reddito in Desv. Journ. Bot. i. 218 est planta boreali-Ameficana e vicinibus Baltimore, ab auctore ad *Amarantaceas* relata et verisimiliter jum sub alio nomine edita, sed ex charactere pessimo nequaquam recognoscenda.

### TRIBUS I. CELOSIEÆ.

1. Deeringia, R. Br. Prod. 413. (Coilosperma, Raf. ex Moq. Cladostachys, Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 76, excl. syn.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. dioici, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii membranacei v. herbacei segmenta 5, æqualia v. interiora minora, medio subherbacea, fructifera patentia. Stamina 4-5, filamentis basi in cupulam connatis; antheræ late oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum v. subglobosum, sessile v. substipitatum; stigmata 2-4, subulata, basi connata, undique papillosa v. minuta sessilia

capitellata; ovula pauca v. plurima, funiculis elongatis affixa. Fructus v. bacca irregulariter rupta v. utriculus circumscissus, globosus, basi perianthii explanata stipatus, integer v. obscure lobatus, polyspermus. Semina pauca v. numerosa, reniformia, compressa, rostellata, testa crustacea atra nitida punctulata, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus plano-convexis, radicula descendente.—Herbæ v. suffructices sarmentosæ v. alte scandentes, glabræ v. foliis subtus pubescentibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, acuminata, integerrima. Flores parvi, in spicas racemosve axillares et terminales simplices v. paniculatim ramosas dispositi, rarissime pauci fasciculati; bracteis bracteolisque scariosis.

Species 5-6, Indiæ borealis, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ, Novæ Caledoniæ, et Australiæ orientalis incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 236. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 209. Bot. Mag. t. 2717. Endl. Iconogr. t. 62. Wight Ic. t. 728, 729.

Decringiæ affinis est planta Javanica ab Horsfieldio lecta, foliis ovato-lanceolatis, spicis brevibus simplicibus axillaribus, ovario in stylum brevem attenuato, stigmate capitato. In specie Madagascariensi (Perville, No. 674) utriculus depresso-sphericus circumscissus, stigmatibus sessilibus capitellatis.

2. Melanecarpum, Hook f. gen. nov.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii coriaceo-scariosi segmenta æqualia, oblonga, obtusa, concava, striatonervosa, fructifera stellatim patentia. Stamina 5, filamentis subulato-filiformibus basi in cupulam crassiusculam connatis; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium globoso-ovoideum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2-3 brevibus subulatis erectis patentibus; ovula plurima, funiculis capillaribus. Fructus globosus, baccatus, irregulariter ruptus, polyspermus. Semina reniformia, lenticularia, erecta, funiculo elongato, testa atra nitida lævi, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen granulosum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula descendente.—Arbuscula subramosa, glabra, exsiccata fuscescens, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, majuscula, membranacea, elliptico-lanceolata, longe acuminata, integerrima v. marginibus subundulatis, basi in petiolum longiusculum angustata, nervis arcuatis. Flores parvi, in paniculas ramosas terminales dispositi, sessiles v. pedicellati, virescentes, demum rubri, pedicellis basi bracteatis, bracteis bracteolisque membranaceis. Fructus pisiformis, niger.

·Species 1, C. Sprucei, Hook f. (Ecuadoriæ ad pedem Chimborazo incola et? propo Vera Cruz Mexici, Hahn).

3. **Econia**, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 237.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii scariosi segmenta 5, æqualia, oblonga, obtusa v. retusa, concava, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus ima basi connatis; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus brevis, stigmatibus 3 subulato-filiformibus revolutis papillosis; ovula numerosa, funiculis elongatis. Utriculus elongato-oblongus, e perianthio longe exsertus, scarioso-coriaceus, demum longitudinaliter ruptus, 1-\infty-spermus. Semina oblique lenticularia, compressa, testa atra nitida lævi, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula infera.—Frutex gracillimus, erectus, ramosus, glaber, ramulis virgatis. tenuibus teretibus strictis. Folia parva, alterna, linearia v. lineari-oblonga, obtusa, in petiolum vix angustata, integerrima, enervia. Flores minuti, in spiculas breves strictas secus ramulos aphyllos alternas laxe dispositi, albo-viriduli, bracteis bracteolisque concavis.

Species 1, Madagascariæ incola. Embryo a nobis non visus.

4. Celosta, Linn. Gen. n. 289. (Lophoxera et Sukana, Raf. ex Moq.)—Flores hermaphoditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium scariosum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga v. lanceolata, obtusa v. acuta, striato-nervosa, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus, basi in cupulam membranaceam connatis; antheræbreves v. elongatæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum subglobosum v. lagenæforme; stylus 0 v. brevis v. elongatus, interdum post anthesin elongatus, v. stigmatibus 2-3 subulatis; ovula 2 v. plura, funiculis elongatis. Utriculus perianthio inclusus v. exsertus,

ovoideus v. globosus, apice attenuato acuto v. obtuso interdum suberoso v. incrassato, circumscissus, rarissime indehiscens v. irregulariter ruptus, 2—∞-spermus. Semina sæpius erecta, lenticularia, testa crustacea atra lævi nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula infera v. ascendente.—Herbæ annuæ, rarius fruticuli v. frutices, glabræ v. pilosæ, interdum scandentes, ramulis teretibus v. angulatis. Folia alterna, in petiolum sæpius attenuata, linearia oblonga ovata v. obovata, integerrima v. in perpaucis lobata. Flores in spicas densifloras terminales et axillares dispositi, v. secus ramulos floriferos simplices v. ramosos fasciculati, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, parvi v. majusculi, albi argentei v. rosei, nitidi.

Species ad 30, regionum calidarum Asiæ, Africæ et Americæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 237. Walp. Ann. iii. 299. Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 31. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. ined. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 128. Lam. Illustr. t. 168. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 98; iii. t. 15; Ic. Rar. t. 51, 339. Wight, Ic. t. 730, 1767, 1768. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 157, 158. Bot. Reg. t. 1834. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 635. In C. cymosa, Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 244, t. 75, flores inter bracteolas sæpe 3-ni, 2 laterales minuti imperfecti, intermedius perfectus.

Genus in sectiones sequentes cum iis Moquinii minime congruentes dividitur.

- 1. Celosia. Stylus brevis v. longiusculus, post anthesin non elongatus. Utriculus apice acutus v. attenuatus. Includit C. paniculatam, Linn., C. trigynam, Linn., C. virgatam, Jacq., C. floribundam, Moq., C. laxam, Schum. et Thonn., C. leptostachyam, Benth, C. brasiliensem, Moq., C. grandifoliam, Benth., et C. spicatam, Spr. Lestibudesia, Thou. Hist. Veq. Iles Afr. 53, t. 16; Gen. Nov. Madaq. 5.
- 2. Celosiastrum, Moq. l.c. Stylus elongatus, filiformis, post anthesin elongatus, stigmate capitellato 3-lobo. Utriculus lagæniformis, apice attenuatus. Huc C. argentea, Linn., C. cristata, Linn., C. cernua, Roxb., aliæque.
- 3. Acroporoides. Stylus brevissimus v. 0, stigmatibus 2-3 subulatis recurvis. Utriculus apice obtusus incrassatus. Huc C. pulchella, Moq., C. polygonoides, Retz, C. acroporoides, Hochst., et C. intermedia, Hochst.
- 4. Lagrezia. Stylus brovis, stigmatibus recurvis. Utriculus rotundatus, compressus, 1-2-spermus, circumscissus v. irregulariter ruptus. Lagrezia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 252 (excl. L.? altissima, quæ Deeringiæ species.) Species 3 Madagascarienses: 1. C. phytolaocæfolia, Juss. mss. (Lagrezia madagascariensis, Moq.), foliis ovato-lanceolatis, utriculo circumscisso; 2. C. Boivinii, Hook. f., foliis ovato- v. elliptico-oblongis, spicis gracillimis, utriculo irregulariter rupto; 3. C. spathulata, Boj. mss., foliis obovato-spathulatis in petiolum elongatum angustatis.
- 5. **Hermbstædtia**, Reichb. Consp. 164. (Berzelia, Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xiii. 292, non Brongn. Langia, Endl. Gen. Pl. 304. Hyparete, Raf. ex Moq.)—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Periauthii scariosi segmenta 5, subæqualia, oblongo-lanceolata, acuta, striata, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis in tubum membranaceum cylindraceum apice 10-fidum connatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, in sinubus alternis tubi sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum brevem v. subelongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 dentiformibus v. subulatis undique papillosis; ovula numerosa. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, ovoideus, circumscissus. Semina pauca v. numerosa, erecta, lenticularia, testa atra nitida crustacea, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ v. suffrutices glabri v. puberuli, parce ramosi, ramis gracilibus teretibus v. angulatis sæpe glaucis. Folia sparsa, anguste linearia, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima. Flores in spicas simplices elongatas terminales dispositi, rarissime capitati, albi v. rosei, bracteis concoloribus.

Species 5, Africa tropica et australis incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 246. Wendl. Hort. Herrenh. t. 2 (Celosia).

# TRIBUS II. AMARANTEÆ.

6. Rodetia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 323.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-4-bracteolati. Perianthium subherbaceum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta 5, subæqualia, breviter oblonga, obtusa, 3-nervia, glabra, sub fructu stellatim patentia. Stamina 5, filamentis lineari-subulatis demum elongatis basi in cupulam brevem connatis, laciniis interjectis minutis obtusis; antheræ exsertæ, oblongæ, basi longe 2-fidæ, 2-loculares.

Ovarium anguste ovoideum, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2-3 crassius-culis; ovulum 1, erectum, funiculo brevi. Bacca globosa, perianthio stellatim patente stipata, carnosa. Semen majusculum, erectum, subglobosum, testa tenuiter crustacea atra nitida, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus lineari-oblongis concavis exteriore majore radicula descendente latioribus.—Frutex glaberrimus, ramosus, habitu Deeringiæ, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, integerrima. Flores axillares, spicati spicis paniculatis, parvi, virescentes. Bacca pisiformis.

Species 1, Himalaica.

- 7. Bosia, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 84; Gen. n. 315 (Bosea).—Flores dioici, bracteati et 2-Perianthium herbaceum, subglobosum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta 5, subæqualia, concava, ovato-rotundata, obtusa, enervia, imbricata uno exteriore. Fl. 3: Stamina 5, disco hypogyno obscure 5-crenato inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis; antheræ late ovatæ, 2-loculares, exsertæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum Fl. 2: Staminodia 5, minuta. Discus 10-lobus, lobis per paria pyramidatum. Ovarium ovoideum, apice exsertum; stigmata 3, minuta, staminodiis alternis. crasse subulata, recurva, intus papillosa; ovulum 1, funiculo brevi erectum, campylotropum, micropyle infera. Utriculus globosus, carnosus, basi perianthio bracteolisque stipatus. Semen erectum, subglobosum, ad hilum leviter emarginatum, testa brunnea coriaceo-crustacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum carnosum cingens, cotyledonibus oblongis subfoliaceis concavis radicula gracili infera multo latioribus.—Frutex erectus, robustus, odore nauseo, glaberrimus, ramis virgatis. alterna, petiolata, ovato-lanceolata, persistentia, exsiccatione nigrescentia. mosi, parvi, virides ; racemis axillaribus et terminalibus ; pedicellis basi bracteatis apice infra florem 2-bracteolatis. Fructus pisiformis.
- Species 1, Canariensis, in regionibus Mediterraneis allata. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 87 (excl. sp. n. 2). Lam. Illustr. t. 182. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 77. Jacq. fil. Eclog. t. 25. Genus certe Rodetiæ proximum.
- 8. Achatocarpus, Triana in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 45.—Flores dioici. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta ovato- v. oblongo-rotundata, obtusa, nervosa, fructifera erecta. Fl. 3: Stamina 10-20, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformibus ima basi connatis; antheræ exsertæ, oblongæ, basi longe 2-fidæ, 2-loculares, primum extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium oblongo-orbiculare, compressum; stigmata 2, subulato-filiformia, recurva, basi introrsum papillosa v. fimbriata; ovulum 1, funiculo brevi erectum. Bacca globosa, leviter compressa, stigmatum basibus discretis apiculata. Semen erectum, lenticulare, testa crustacea aspera nigra nitida, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula elongata infera.—Arbores parvæ v. frutices glaberrimi v. pubescentes, ramis sparsis teretibus interdum spinescentibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, lanceolata v. elliptico-lanceolata, acuta. Flores parvi, in racemos simplices v. compositos graciles axillares dispositi, pedicellis v. pluri-bracteatis v. apice juxta florem minute 2-bracteolatis. Bacca parva, alba.

Species certæ 3, una Mexici, Novæ Granadæ et Venezuelæ incola, duæ Americæ australis extratropicæ Grisch. Symb. Fl. Argent. 31; et in herbario Hookeriano exemplar masculum plantæ quartæ verisimiliter hujus generis exstat, foliis subtus pubescentibus, a Jamesonio prope Guayaquil lectæ.

9. Charpentiera, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 444, t. 47, 48.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum, basi non induratum, coriaceum; segmenta 5, subæqualia, ovato-rotundata, obtusa, fructifera erecta, enervia. Stamina 5, filamentis basi breviter connatis, laciniis minutis obtusis interjectis; antheræ oblongæ, inclusæ, basi longe 2-fidæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium anguste ovoideum, compressum, in stylum crassum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 crassiusculis recurvis; ovulum 1, erectum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus, compressus, coriaceus, inde-

hiscens. Semen lenticulare v. subreniforme, erectum, testa tenuiter crustacea nitida atra, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula infera.—Arbuscula glabra v. partibus novellis tomentosis, ramosa, ramis teretibus. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, ovata oblonga v. obovata, obtusa, integerrima. Flores minuti, secus ramos capillares paniculæ axillaris effusæ sparsi, sessiles, bracteis bracteolisque persistentibus.

Species 1, montium insularum Sandvicensium incola. *Moq. in DC. Prod.* xiii. ii. 322. Genus multis notis *Rodetiæ* affine.

10. Banalia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 278, excl. sect. 2 et 3.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii segmenta 5, subæqualia, membranacea, oblonga, subæcuta, tenuiter 3-nervia, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis inæquilongis basi in cyathum membranaceum connatis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum; stylus erectus, stigmatibus 2 linearibus revolutis undique papillosis; ovulum 1, funiculo brevi erectum. Utriculus subglobosus, leviter compressus, perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen erectum, orbiculare v. sublenticulare, testa crustacea punctulata nigra nitida, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula infera.—Herba erecta, ramosa, glabra, caulibus elongatis. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovato-lanceolata, caudato-acuminata, integerrima, membranacea, basi angustata. Flores spicati, solitarii v. glomerati; spicæ in paniculas axillares et terminales dispositæ; bracteæ bracteolæque hyalinæ.

Species 1, montium Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incola. Wight Ic. t. 1774. Banalia brasiliana, Moq., a nobis non visa, ex descr. et ic. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 252, t. 71, a genere Asiatico habitu longe recedit et est forte Chamissoæ species utriculo tardius v. vix dehiscente; sect. iii. Idiopsis, Moq., est Chenopodiacea (Nitrophila, S. Wats.).

11. Chamissoa, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 158, t. 125.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii scariosi segmenta 5, æqualia, oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata, striata, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis basi in cupulam membranaceam dilatatis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ parvæ, lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus brevis v. subelongatus, stigmatibus 2 recurvis; ovulum 1, erectum, subsessile. Utriculus oblongo-ovoideus, compressus, apice umbilicatus v. nudus v. cono terminatus, circumscissus, perianthium sæpius excedens, 1-spermus. Semen erectum, globoso- v. reniformi-lenticulare, testa atra crustacea lævi, arillo minuto v. amplo semen undique involvente; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum v. parcum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planis, radicula infera.—Herbæ elatæ, ramosæ, volubiles scandentes v. sarmentosæ, caule sæpius robusto. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, integerrima. Flores in spicas elongatas v. in ramos panicularum terminalium et axillarium dense v. laxe congesti, sessiles, albi v. virescentes.

Species 6-8, Americæ tropicæ et australis subtropicæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 248 (excl. sect. 1, quæ Allmania, Br.). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 74. Griscb. Pl. Lorentz. 31. Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur—

- Euchamissoa, Moq. l. c. Utriculus apice disco crassiusculo umbonatus. Arillus semen involvens.
   Achlamys, Moq. l. c. Utriculus apice simplex v. cono terminatus. Arillus minutus.
- 12. Alimania, R. Br. in Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 6890.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii scariosi segmenta 5, æqualia, oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata, striata, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis basi in cupulam membranaceam dilatatis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ parvæ, lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum elongatum strictum angustatum, stigmate capitellato 2-lobo; ovulum 1, subsessile, erectum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, subglobosus v. ovoideus, compressus, circumscissus. Semen erectum, subgloboso-lenticulare, testa atra crustacea lævi v. punctulata, arillo carnoso cupulari brevi; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planis apicibus interdum abrupte

incurvis, radicula infera.—Herbæ erectæ v. diffusæ, glabræ v. pubescenti-scaberulæ. Folia alterna, linearia obovata v. spathulata, integerrima. Flores in capitula terminalia et axillaria sessilia v. pedunculata dispositi, albi v. virescentes.

Species 3 v. 4, Asiæ tropicæ incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 248 (Chamissoæ sect. 1). Wight in Hook. Journ. Bot. i. 226 t. 128; Ic. t. 1769 ad 1772 (Chamissoa). Burm .Fl. Ind. t. 25, f. 1 (Celosia).

13. Digera, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 65.—Flores 3-ni, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, lateralibus rudimentariis ad squamam cristatam reductis, intermedio perfecto. Perianthium submembranaceum, 4-5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta oblonga, fructifera erecta, 2 exteriora majora 5-9-nervia, interiora angustiora 2-3-nervia. Stamina 5, filamentis liberis filiformibus, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium breviter oblongum, compressum, truncatum; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus 2 brevibus recurvis; ovulum 1, erectum, funiculo brevi. Nux subglobosa, perianthio inclusa, leviter compressa, crustacea, rugulosa, lateribus subcarinatis. Semen erectum, subglobosum, testa tenui brunnea albumini farinaceo adhærente, arillo 0; embryo annularis, cotyledonibus linearibus incurvis, radicula descendente.—Herba annua e basi ramosa, fere glaberrima, ramis angulatis. Folia alterna, gracile petiolata, ovata oblonga v. lanceo-lata, acuta, integerrima. Flores sordide albi v. rosei, in spicas axillares elongatas longe pedunculatas dispositi.

Species 1 v. 2, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. *Moq. in DC. Prod.* xiii. ii. 323. *Wight, Ic. t.* 732 (*Desmochæta*). Genus forsan melius prope *Pupaliam* locatum, sed ovulum fere sessile erectum, et radicula infera.

14. Amarantus, Linn. Gen. n. 1060 (Amaranthus).—Flores monoici v. polygami, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthii segmenta 5, rarius 1-3, membranacea, equalia y. subequalia, in fl. ovato-lanceolata, in fl. 2 sæpius oblonga v. spathulato-oblonga, interdum post anthesin indurata v. basi incrassata, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, rarius 1-3, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus basi liberis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ oblongæ v. linearioblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum; stylus brevis v. 0, stigmatibus 2-3 subulatis v. filiformibus undique papillosis v. hirtis; ovulum 1, subsessile, erectum. Utriculus perianthio sæpius inclusus, orbicularis v. ovoideus, compressus, indehiscens v. circumscissus, membranaceus v. coriaceus, apice simplici v. 2-3-dentato. Semen erectum, rotundatum, compressum, testa crustacea levi nitida, margine acuto v. obtuso, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula infera. -Herbæ annuæ, erectæ v. decumbentes, glabræ v. pubescentes, rarius pilosæ. Folia alterna, basi in petiolum angustata, ovata lanceolata v. linearia, integerrima v. rarius sinuato-dentata, apice sæpe mucronulato. Flores parvi v. minuti, in glomerulos axillares v. paniculas densifioras terminales dispositi, albi virides rosei v. purpurascentes ; bracteæ et sæpius perianthia persistentia.

Species enumerate ad 45, sed aliæ non nisi hortis notæ, aliæ characteribus minimi valoris distinctæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 255. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 212. A. Braun et Bouché in App. Ind Sem. Hort. Berol. 1872. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 40 ined. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 128. Nees Gen. Fl. Germ. Willd. Hist. Amarant. Turici, 1790, cum tabb. 12. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 471 ad 475. Lam. Illustr. t. 767. Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 51. Anderss. Eugenies Resa Bot. t. 2. Fl. Dan. t. 2246 Wight Ic. t. 512 ad 514, 713 ad 720. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 93. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 73. Bot. Mag. t. 2227.

GLOMERARIA, Cav. Descr. Pl. Leccion. 319 (PYXIDIUM, Manch. Meth. 358) genus propositum fuit pro A. viridi Lam. et A. deflexo Linn. floribus 3-meris nec 5-meris.

EUXOLUS, Raf. Fl. Tellur. 42, ex Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 272 (Albersia, Kunth Fl. Berol. ed. 2, 144 ex Endl. Gen. 1377; Penteias, Raf. ex Moq.) constat e speciebus Amaranti floribus 3 et 9 consimilibus v. subsimilibus et utriculo indehiscente v. irregulariter rupto. Species includit ad 12, tropicas et subtropicas. Wight Ic. t. 1773. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 344 (Chenopodium). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 72. Amarantus Blitum, L., ab Euxolo oleraceo, Moq., difficillime distinguendus est.

MENGRA, Schauer in Pl. Meyen. 405, Moq. l. c. 270, ab Euxolo non differt nisi perianthii ebracteolati segmentis staminibusque 1-2.

Sclerofus, Schrad. Ind. Sem. Hort. Gætt. 1835; Moq. l. c. 271, est, monente A. Grayo in Proc. Amer. Journ. Sc. v. 169, Euxoli species, pedunculis abnormaliter incrassatis.

AMBLOGYNE, Raf. Fl. Tellur. 42 ex Mog. l. c. 269. A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. v. 168. Anderss. Eugenies Resa, Bot. t. 2. (Rœmerla, Mænch. Meth. 341. Sarratia, Mog. l. c.) ab Amarantis typicis differt perianthio  $\circ$  magis campanulato, segmentis spathulato-oblongis demum induratis v. incrassatis, seepius basi cum rachi articulato et demum deciduo. Species pleræque Americanæ et Australasicæ. A. Palmeri, Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 42 ined., species est floribus dioicis.

15. Acnida, Linn. Gen. n. 1114.—Flores dioici, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, β et Q dissimiles. Fl. β: Perianthii segmenta 5, subæqualia, membranacea v. subscariosa, erecta, aristato-apiculata, 1-nervia, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis basi liberis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Perianthium 0. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. subrotundatum, compressum v. obtuse 3-gonum; stylus vix ullus, stigmatibus 2-5 brevibus v. elongatis undique papillosis v. subplumosis; ovulum 1, subsessile, erectum. Utriculus membranaceus v. carnosulus, perianthio inclusus v. exsertus, lævis v. rugulosus, indehiscens v. rarius irregulariter ruptus. Semen erectum, obovoideum v. rotundatum, compressum, testa crustacea lævi nitida, arillo 0: embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula infera.—Herbæ glabræ, erectæ v. suberectæ, ramosæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, penninervia. Flores in spicas glomerulosve paniculatos terminales et axillares dense v. laxe fasciculati; β majusculi, pallidi; Q minores v. minuti, virescentes, sæpe densissime conferti.

Species 4 v. 5, Americæ boreali-orientalis et ins. Trinidad incolæ, ab auctoribus valde confusæ, in sectiones sequentes (ex schedis A. Grayi benevole communicatis) distribuendæ:—

- 1. Euganida, A. Gray. Utriculus 3-5-gonus, sæpius carnosulus, stigmatibus subulatis v. basin versus crassioribus papilloso-pilosis. Semen obovoideum.—Includit A. rusocarpam (melius rhyssocarpam) Michx. (non Meq.); A. cannabinam Linn.; Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 126; et A. australem A. Gr. (A. cannabina, Chapm. Fl. S. U. States 381, non Linn.).
- 2. Montelia, Moq. partim (Montrella, A. Gray Man. Bot. N. U. States, ed. 2, 369. utriculo excepto). Utriculus submembranaceus, vix angulatus, rugosulus, demum irregulariter ruptus v. indehiscens, stigmatibus prælongis filiformibus divergentibus fere plumosis. Semen reniformi-orbiculatum.—Species unica, A. tuherculata, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 277. (A. rusocarpa, Moq. l. c. non Mich. A. cannabina var. concatenata, Moq. l. c. 278. Montelia tumariscina, A. Gr. l. c. partim).
- 16. Acanthochiton, Torr. in Sitgr. Rep. 170, t. 13.—Flores dioici, axillares, glomerati, dissimiles, & ebracteati, bracteolæ minutæ v. 0; & bracteis magnis late cordatis rigidis apice spinulosis complicatis recurvis reconditi; bracteolæ v. minutæ, v. elongatæ rigidæsetaceæ v. lanceolatæ. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 5, subæqualia, lanceolata, acuminata, 1-nervia, fructifera erecta. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræoblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressiusculum; styli 2-4, capillares, intus pilosuli; ovulum 1, erectum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus late ellipsoideus, compressus, membranaceus, circumscissus. Semen erectum, obovoideum, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea lævissima nitida, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula infera.—Herba annua, gracilis, glabra, erecta, parce ramosa, caule costato, costis pallidis. Folia alterna, elongato-lineari-lanceolata, aristato-acuminata, in petiolum gracilem angustata, integerrima, costa valida, nervis obscuris. Florum glomeruli subspicati; fœmineorum bracteæ apices versus ramulorum imbricatæ, complicatæ, nitidæ, reticulatim nervosæ, marginibus membranaceis crenulatis.

Species 1, Americæ borealis calidæ, Texas occidentalis et Arizonæ incola.

17. Saltia, R. Br. in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 17, nomen tantum (non ejusd. in Append. Salt, Abyss.).—Flores dioici, spicati, bracteati; & singulatim 2-bracteolati, floribus sterilibus non stipati; Q basi bracteolis 3-4 irregulariter insertis et utrinque flore imperfecto demum in appendicem ramosam longissime sericeo-barbatam mutato stipati. Peri-

anthium breviter et crasse stipitatum, chartaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, ovatooblonga, subacuta, obscure 3-5-nervia, dorso sericea, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5,
in fl. 2 minuta, antheris cassis, in fl. 3 disco cupulari carnosulo inserta, filamentis subulatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antherse lineari-oblongse, 2-loculares. Ovarium obovoideum,
vertice dilatato convexo, stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi
elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio fere sequilongus, oblongus, membranaceus,
vertice parvo coriaceo, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongum, turgidum, testa membranacea brunnea albumini farinaceo adhærente, arillo 0; embryo periphericus,
cotyledonibus lineari-lanceolatis concavis apicibus incurvis exteriore latiore, radicula
gracili erecta sequilonga.—Fruticulus glaber, rigidus, ramulis cylindraceis lignosis. Folia
sparsa, sessilia, anguste obovata, integerrima, carnosula, glauca. Flores in spicas laxas
puberulas simplices v. paniculatim ramosas dispositi.

Species 1, Arabica. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 325 (excl. syn. Sedderæ et hab. Sinai). T. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. Bot. v. Suppl. 32, t. 3.

18. sericocoma, Fenzl in Endl. Gen. Pl. Suppl. iii. 33, et in Linnæa xvii. 323.—Flores spicati v. capitellati, 1-2 hermaphroditi cum sterilibus 1-\infty in fasciculum lanatum v. sericeum bracteatum et bracteolatum aggregati ; bracteolæ interiores (v. segmenta perianthii florum sterilium) in spinas v. appendices ramosas cum basibus induratis florum perfectorum concretas desinentes. Perianthii crasse coriacei v. chartacei segmenta 5, basi connata, ovato-lanceolata, acuminata v. pungentia, interiora angustiora. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus basi membrana connexis, laciniis interpositis brevibus rotundatis v. 0; antheræ oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, æquale v. uno latere gibbum v. in cornu erectum productum, tomentosum v. lanatum; stylus brevis v. elongatus v. 0, stigmate capitellato v. plumoso; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, indehiscens, vertice non indurato. Semen inversum, oblongum v. obovoideum, leviter compressum, testa membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum includens, cotyledonibus lanceolatis apicibus incurvis, radicula erecta æquilonga.—Herbæ v. fruticuli habitu varii, 2-3-chotome ramosi v. ramis alternis. Folia linearia v. oblonga, rarius obovata, sessilia, integerrima, sæpissime sericeo-lanata.

Species ad 11, Africæ tropicæ et subtropicæ australis incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 306. Genus quoad flores polymorphum, in sectiones sequentes divisum:—

- 1. Kyphocarpa, Fenzl in Linnæa l. c. (sphalmate Hypocarpha in Endl. l. c.). Folia opposita. Flores spicati;  $\mbeta$  2-3 steriles in spinas mutati. Laciniæ interfilamenta breves obtusæ. Utriculus gibbus v. uno latere sursum in cornu productus. Includit S. trichinoideam, Fenzl, species nobis incognita; S. Chrysurum, Meissn. et S. angustifoliam, Hook. f. (S. Chrysurus var. angustifolia, Moq. in Herb. Hook. Cyathula angustifolia, Moq. in DC. l. c. Welw. It. Angol. No. 6489).
- 2. Euchroa, Fenzl in Linnæa l. c. (sphalmate Euchlora in Endl. l. c.). Folia opposita et alterna. Flores spicati v. capitati, & solitarii v. 2-ni, steriles immutati v. in spinas mutati. Laciniæ inter filamenta 0 v. brevia obtusa. Utriculus rectus, stylo elongato centrali.—Includit species 2 valde dissimiles. 1. S. pungens, Fenzl (Eurotia glabra, E. Mey.) foliis alternis, floribus capitatis & binis et laciniis inter filamenta brevibus. 2. S. avolans, Fenzl (inclusa S. capensi, Moq.) foliis oppositis, floribus fasciculatis, & solitario, et laciniis inter filamenta (non obstante descriptione Fenzlii) plane 0.
- 3. Sericorema. Folia sparsa, opposita et fasciculata. Flores longe et laxe spicati, § 1-3 steriles, 2 laterales e setis plumosis demum excrescentibus et in spinas furcatas ascendentes incurvas longissime sericeas desinentibus. Laciniæ inter filamenta 0. Utriculus rectus. Includit:—1. S. remotiforam (Trichinium, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 596; Pupalia, Moq.) foliis fasciculatis, flore § solitario, ovario elongato, stigmate sessili plumoso. 2. S. denudatam, Hook. f. (Welw. It. Angol. n. 6503) ramulis oppositis, floribus § 2-nis, et stylo elongato. 3. S. Welwitschii, Hook. f. (Welw. It. Angol. n. 6508) bracteolis amplis hyalinis flores vélantibus, floribus § 2-nis inter se connatis et florem 10-merum 2-gynum mentientibus, stylo elongato et floribus sterilibus demum in cornua furcata orsea inflaxa torta desinentibus; embryo annularis. An genus novum?

S. capitata Moq. est Calicorema capitata nob; S. pallida, Sp. Moore in Trim. Joura. Bot. 1877, 70, fructu ignoto omnino dubia est. S. somalensis, Sp. Moore, l. c., est Chionothrix somalensis nob. Planta valde anomala est S. Bainesii, Hook. f.: fruticosa, sericeo-tomentosa, foliis oppositis obovatis, floribus capitatis, capitulis foliaceo-bracteatis, perianthii segmentis albidis, laciniis inter filamenta 0, ovario recto villosissimo, stylo rigido, fructu ignoto.

19. Centema, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores spicati, 1-2 hermaphroditi cum sterilibus 1-∞ in fasciculum bracteatum et bracteolatum aggregati, bracteolæ interiores (v. segmenta perianthii florum sterilium) in spinas validas simplices basi incrassatas cum basibus florum hermaphroditorum induratorum connatas desinentes. Perianthii crasse coriacei v. chartacei segmenta 5, basi connata, ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, 3-5-nervia, interiora angustiora. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus basi membrana connexis basibus contiguis v. discretis, laciniis interpositis quadratis crenatis; antheræ 2-loculares, lineari-oblongæ. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum gracilem attenuatum, glabrum v. puberulum, stigmate capitellato oblique truncato v. breviter 2-cruri; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, indehiscens, vertice non indu-Semen inversum, obovoideo-globosum, leviter compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus lineari-lanceolatis concavis, apicibus incurvis, exteriore latiore, radicula gracili erecta æquilonga.— Herbæ annuæ î, erectæ, glabræ v. puberulæ, caule tereti v. sulcato superne 3-chotome ramoso. Folia opposita, sessilia, linearia v. lineari-oblonga, 1-nervia, integerrima. Flores in spicas erectas terminales congesti; bractea persistentes, bracteolæ 2 interiores floribus imperfectis immixtæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. 1. C. Kirkii, Hook. f., caule sulcato, foliis anguste linearibus, laciniis inter filamenta quadratis, ovario puberulo, ad oras lacuum Nyassæ et Tanganykæ incola. 2. C. angolensis, Hook. f. (Welw. It. Angol. No. 6538) caule tereti, foliis oblongo-linearibus, laciniis inter filamenta 0, ovario glaberrimo et stigmate 2-cruri. His verisimiliter addenda est Pupalia subfusca, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 332, flore perfecto solitario, imperfecto nondum evoluto, laciniis inter filamenta 0, ovario glaberrimo, stigmate nunc oblique truncato nunc breviter 2-fido.

20. Cyathula, Lour. Fl. Coch. i. 101 (Polyscalis, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 6939).—
Flores 1-2 perfecti cum aliis imperfectis in fasciculos bracteatos et bracteolatos spicatos v. capitatos dispositi; imperfectorum segmenta demum in aristas elongatas apice uncinatas producta. Fl. perfecti: Perianthium scariosum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta subæqualia v. interiora angustiora, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, acuminata v. aristata, 1-nervia. Stamina 5, filamentis basi membrana connexis, laciniis interpositis linearibus v. quadratis fimbriato-laceris; antheræ oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium obovoideum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus, perianthio arcte inclusus, apice areolatus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongum, testa brunnea tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus planis linearibus apice incurvis radicula erecta latioribus.—Herbæ, interdum basi frutescentes, glabriusculæ v. tomentosæ, ramulis teretibus. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata, acuminata, integerrima. Florum fasciculi parvi v. majusculi, virides v. albi, post anthesin reflexi; bracteæ ovatæ, concavæ, scariosæ, sæpius aristatæ.

Species ad 10, regionum calidiorum Asiæ, Africæ et Americæ meridionalis incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 325 (excl. C. angustifolia quæ Scricocoma Chrysurus). Walp. Ann. iii. 300. Wight Ic. t. 733 (Desmochæta) 1781, 1782. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 156, 158, f. 1 (Pupalia).

21. Pupalia, Juss. in Ann. Mus. Par. ii. 132. (Syama, Jones in Asiat. Res. iv. 261.)—Flores perfecti solitarii cum aliis imperfectis in fasciculos bracteatos et bracteolatos interrupte spicatos dispositi; imperfectorum segmenta in aristas stipitatas apice uncinatas stellatim patentes desinentes. Fl. perfecti: Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta subæqualia, lanceolata, acuminata, 3-5-nervia. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis basi brevissime connatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum gracilem attenuatum, stigmate capitellato;

ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio arcte inclusus, ovoideus, compressus, membranaceus, apice areolatus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, rostellatum, testa tenuiter crustacea castanea nitida, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planis tenuibus apicibus incurvis radicula ascendente paulo latioribus.—Herbæ v. suffrutices, glabriusculæ v. tomentosæ, 3-chotome ramosæ, ramis teretibus. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata v. orbicularia, obtusa v. acuminata, integerrima. Spicæ simplices v. paniculatæ. Flores virides; bracteæ scariosæ.

Species 3, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 331, excl. sect. ii. Walp. Ann. iii. 301. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 128 (Achyranthes lappacea.) Wight Ic. t. 731 (Desmochæta) pessime depicta, 1783.

DESMOCHÆTA, DC. Cat. Hort. Monsp. 101, includit Pupaliam et Cyathulam.

22. Psilotrichum, Blume Bijd. 544. (Leiospermum, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 6923.)—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium chartaceum, 5-partitum, post anthesin immutatum v. induratum; segmenta linearia v. ovato-oblonga, exteriora majora rigida cymbiformia v. basi gibba, costata, sæpe villosa, intus glabra. Stamina 5, filamentis inæquilongis linearibus v. subulatis, basi in annulum cupulam v. tubum connatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ breves v. elongatæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium subglobosum v. oblongum; stylus gracilis, stigmate capitellato v. 2-fido; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthii basi sæpe indurato arcte inclusus, globosus v. compressus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea v. crustacea nitida, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planiusculis, radicula supera. — Herbæ v. frutices trichotome ramosæ, glabræ pubescentes v. lanuginosæ, ramis teretibus. Folia opposita, ovata v. elliptico-lanceolata, integerrima. Flores in spicas v. capitula axillaria solitaria v. paniculata dispositi, albi v. virescentes; bracteæ et bracteolæ parvæ, hyalinæ.

Species 10, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ et 2 Sandvicenses. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 279, excl. sp. n. 4. Thwaites Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 248. Wight Ic. t. 721 (Leiospermum) et 1775. Ptilotus (sect. Nototrichium, A. Gray) sandvicensis, Mann Enum. Hawaii Pl. 200, est Psilotrichi species.

23. Psilostachys, Hochst. in Flora 1844, Beil. 6 t. 4. (Poeckia, Endl. Gen. Pl. Suppl. iv. 43.)—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthum ovoideum, 5-partitum, coriaceum; segmenta mutica, 2-3 exteriora ovato-lanceolata v. cymbiformia, ventricosa, nervis 3 valde prominentibus, interiora angustiora, tenuiora, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, disco parvo v. conspicuo inserta, filamentis basi non aut vix connexis late subulatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ breves, 2-loculares. Ovarium rotundatum v. ovoideum, compressum, glabrum, in stylum rectum attenuatum, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio arcte inclusus, membranaceus, orbicularis v. fere rotundatus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, orbiculare v. subglobosum, testa coriacea brunnea punctulata, arillo 0; embryo uncinatus, cot; ledonibus linearibus tenuibus obtusis radicula gracili ascendente latioribus.—Herbæ erectæ, graciles, dichotome ramosæ, glabræ v. patentim sericeo-pilosæ, superne paniculatim ramose. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovato-cordata, integerrima, glabra v. sericea. Flores parvuli, spicati, spicis remotifioris laxe paniculatis, rhachi capillari seepe flexuosa, paniculis axillaribus et terminalibus elongatis filiformibus divaricatis ; bracteæ et bracteolæ perianthio multo breviores.

Species 3: 1. P. gnaphalobrya, Hochst. 1. c., Arabien et Nubica. 2. P. sericea, Hook. f. (Achyranthes, Wight Ic. t. 726), provincise Goozerat, Indise orientalis, incola. Et 3. Species nondescripta prope Melindi Africse orientalis a Kirkio detecta.

24. Ptiletus, R. Br. Prod. 415.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium scariosum membranaceum v. hyalinum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta lineari-oblonga, extus glabra v. basi pilis onusta, intus glabra v. interiora basin versus lanata. Stamina 5, omnia fertilia v. nonnulla ananthera, filamentis inæquilongis

linearibus v. superne dilatatis, basi in cupulam connatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ 2-loculares. Ovarium subglobosum, glabrum; stylus gracilis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, globosum v. lenticulare, testa crustacea atra nitida, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planiusculis, radicula supera.—Herbæ annuæ, ramosæ, glabræ pubescentes v. lanuginosæ. Folia alterna, sæpius angusta, integerrima. Flores in spicas terminales oblongas ovoideas v. conicas solitarias v. paniculatas dispositi, albi, rhachi lanuginosa; bracteæ et bracteolæ scariosæ.

Species 11, Australiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ, quarum una (fide Blumei) moluccana. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 241.—Species perianthio extus lanato non nisi habitu et defectu laciniarum inter filamenta ab Ærua distinguendæ. Psiloti sect. Phænostachys, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 281, est Psilotrichi species.

25. Trichinium, R. Br. Prod. 414.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium angustum v. elongatum, 5-partitum, basi induratum; segmenta sequalia v. 3 interiora minora, elongato-linearia, rigida, basin versus 3-nervia, apicibus scariosis nudis exceptis pilis articulatis barbata v. plumosa. Stamina 5, filamentis inæqualibus 1-3 sæpius anantheris v. antheris effœtis basi in tubum membranaceum connatis, laciniis interpositis 0 v. rarius parvis hyalinis; antheræ lineares oblongæ v. didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium sessile v. stipitatum, glabrum v. lanuginosum; stylus excentricus, rigidus, gracilis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus basi perianthii indurati inclusus, membranaceus, stipitatus v. basi angustatus, obovoideus, obliquus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongum, testa tenuiter coriacea nitida, arillo 0 v. membranaceo; embryo hamatus, albumen farinaceum v. subcarnosum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus elongatis, radicula brevi supera. — Herbæ suffrutices v. rarius fruticuli, glabri v. pilis articulatis aut stellatis pubescentes. Folia alterna, angusta, rarius obovata v. spathulata, integerrima. Flores in spicas densas v. capitula globosa v. oblonga dispositi, pro ordine majusculi v. magni, albi straminei v. rosei ; bracteæ et bracteolæ hyalinæ, nitidæ. Stamina et ovarium lana densa, e basi perianthii v. cupula filamentorum oriunda, induta.

Species ad 50, Australiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 217. Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 49. Field et Gard. Sert. t. 52, 53. Hook. f. Fl. Tusm. t. 94 (antheræ sphalmate 1-loculares depictæ). F. Muell. Lith. Pl. Vict. t. 78, ined. Bot Reg. 1839, t. 28

ARTHROTRICHIUM, F. Muell. in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edinb. vii, 500 ad T. calostachyum, speciem laciniis filamenta interjectis, conditum fuit.

HEMISTEIRUS, F. Muell. in Linnea, xxv. 434, est T. corymbosum, Gaud., species marginibus segmentorum perianthii nudis, et semine arillato.

GONIOTRICHE, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1849, ii. 37 (sphalmate Gomotriche, ex eod. l. c. 1852, ii. 181), est T. obovatum, Gaud. nullo charactere a Trichiniis typicis generice distinguendum.

26. Chionethrix, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores spicati, hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium dure coriaceum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta dorso et marginibus pilis sericeis albis suberectis segmenta non excedentibus onusta, exteriora oblongo-lanceolata, mutica, 3-nervia, interiora angustiora. Stamina 5, filamentis late linearibus basi in tubum elongatum membranaceum connatis, sinubus acutis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ 2-loculares, apice lato filamenti dorso insertæ, lineari-oblongæ. Ovarium obovoideum, glabrum, in stylum rectum attenuatum, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati pendulum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus. Semen . . . —Frutex pubescens, trichotome ramosus, ramulis teretibus lignosis. Folia opposita, petiolata, obovata, obtusa, integerrima, coriacea, utrinque setulis basi tumidis hirtella. Flores in spicas graciles elongatas pendulas paniculatas dispositi, straminei; bracteæ bracteolæque cymbiformes, hyalinæ, perianthio multo breviores; rhachi spicarum tomentosa, perianthio pilis immerso.

Species 1, S. somalensis, montium Somali terræ Africæ tropicæ orientalis incola. Sericocoma somalensis, Sp. Moore in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 70.

VOL. III.

27. Mothomera, Wight, Ic. vi. 1. (Pseudanthus, Wight, Ic. v. 3, t. 1776 bis, B.)—Flores minuti, hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium hyalinum, lana involutum, basi haud induratum, 4-partitum; segmenta oblonga, subeequalia, obtusa, concava, 1-nervia. Stamina 1-2, hypogyna, filamentis basi liberis filiformi-subulatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheree didyme. Ovarium oblongum, compressum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, funiculo elongato suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, oblongus, compressus, tenuiter membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, marginibus obtusis, testa tenuiter crustacea nitida, arillo 0; embryo hamatus, albumen carnoso-farinosum includens, cotyledonibus linearibus planiusculis, radicula supera.—Herba annua, ramis oppositis brachiatis, inflorescentia excepta glabra. Folia opposita, gracile petiolata, oblonga v. ovata, obtusa, integerrima, membranacea. Flores interdum 3- v. 5-meri, minimi, albi, in spiculas axillares solitarias v. fasciculatas sessiles dispositi. Utriculus perianthio subsequilongus.

Species 1, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 304 (Ærua brachiata, Mart.). Staminodia a Moquino descripta, a nobis non visa.

28. Erua, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 170 (Ærva).— Flores hermaphroditi polygami v. dioici, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium breve, membranaceum v. subchartaceum, 5- rarius 4-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta subequalia v. 3 interiora angustiora, oblonga v. lanceolata, obtusa acuta v. acuminata, omnia v. 3 interiora tantum lanata. Stamina 5, rarius 4, filamentis sæpius inæquilongis subulatis, basi in cupulam brevem rarius elongatam connatis, laciniis interpositis brevibus v. elongatis; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium obovoideum v. subglobosum; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmatibus 2 v. stigmate capitellato, ovulum 1 ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, membranaceus, indehiscens v. vertice coriaceo circumscisso. Semen inversum, ovoideum v. reniforme, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planiusculis, radicula supera.—Herbæ v. fruticuli, erecti prostrati v. scandentes, lanati. Folia alterna opposita et pseudo-verticillata, linearia oblonga v. obovata, integerrima. Flores parvi v. minuti, in spicas terminales et axillares solitarias v. paniculatas dispositi, albi v. ferruginei.

Species ad 10. Asize et Africæ calidioris incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 299, excl. sp. Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 213.

Genus polymorphum etsi sat naturale. In Æ. Monsonia. Moq.; Wight, Ic. t. 725 (Achyranthes, male quoad filamenta) rami oppositi, divaricati, staminum cupula elongata ovarium compressum includens, ovarium vertice deciduo stigmate subsessili capitato, semen oblongum turgidum. In Æ. javanica. Juss., Wight, Ic. t. 876, flores fasciculati, dioici, lateralibus in fasciculo imperfectis, 3 inter catervam speciminum scrutatorum a nobis haud detecti, et a Wallichio frustra quæsiti (cf. Fl. Ind. ed. Wall. et Car. ii. 495, Achyranthes incana), stylus elongatus, stigmatibus elongatis plumosis, semen reniforme; vix eadem species est var. 8 Beivini, Moq., desertorum Arabiae et Affghaniæ incola, floribus pariter dioicis sed minoribus, 3 haud raris. In Æ. lanata, Juss. (an Wight Ic. t. 723? quæ potius Æ. scandentis forma), stylus breviter 2-fidus. In. Æ scandents, Wall.; Wight Ic. t. 724 (male quoad utriculum circumscissum esmen horizontale) folia alterna etstricte opposita, stigma capitellatum v. breviter 2-fidum. In Æ. floribunda, Wight, Ic. t. 1776 et 1776 A, folia omnia alterna et laciniæ inter stamina filamentis æquilongæ. In Æ. congesta, Balf. f. in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 267, insulæ Rodriguez incola, folia minima, perianthii minuti segmenta exteriora glaberrima, et staminum cupula brevissima.

29. Calicorema, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores subcapitati v. spicati, hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium dure coriaceum, 5-partitum, basi non aut modice induratum; segmenta dorso et marginibus pilis rectis sericeis albis scaberulis segmenta non excedentibus onusta, exteriora oblongo-lanceolata mutica 3-nervia, interiora angustiora. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus basi membrana tubulosa connexis, laciniis interpositis brevibus latis erosis; antheræ parvæ, breves, 2-loculares. Ovarium oblique obovoideum, glabrum, in stylum gracilem attenuatum, stigmate capitellato; ovulum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus . . . —Frutex rigidus, ramosus, ramulis robustis

alternis teretibus lignosis, ultimis furfuraceo-tomentellis. Folia sparsa, parva, angusta, cylindracea, obtusa, glabra, carnosa, superne sulcata, ramulis angustiora. Flores ad apices ramulorum subspicatim dispositi, solitarii v. fasciculati, rhachi spicæ robusta; bracteæ et bracteolæ breves, cymbiformes, hyalinæ, perianthio pilis albis immerse multo breviores.

Species 1, C. capitata, Hook. f. (Sericocoma capitata, Moq. in DO. Prod. xiii. ii. 308, ubi ad genus novum dubitanter relata est). A Sericocoma differt floribus solitariis imperfectis 0, staminum tubo elongato et ovario glaberrimo. Flores illos Chionothricis in mentem revocant.

30. Stilbanthus, Hook. f. in Hook. Ic. t. 1286.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium elongatum, coriaceo-scariosum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta ovato-lanceolata, acuta, nervosa, dorso sub apice sericeo-barbata, exte-Stamina 5, filamentis elongatis ciliolatis basi breviter connatis, laciniis riora latiora. interpositis iis æquilongis ligulatis penicillatis; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium oblongum, compressum, apice penicillatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, oblongum, ab apice funiculi elongati pendulum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, oblongus, apice villosus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, late oblongum, testa tenuiter coriacea brunnea, arillo 0; embryo (immaturus) periphericus, albumen cingens, cotyledonibus . . . radicula ascendente.—Arbor alte scandens, trunco robusto. ramulis herbaceis dependentibus obtuse 4-gonis foliisque pubescentibus. Folia opposita, petiolata, ampla, elliptico-ovata, caudato-acuminata, integerrima. Flores pro ordine magni, spicati, albi, splendentes, spicis pedunculatis in paniculas trichotome ramosas terminales ferrugineo-pubescentes dispositis; bractee bracteolæque late ovatæ, aristatoacuminatæ, scariosæ, nitidæ.

Species 1, Himalayæ orientalis incola.

31. Achyranthes, Linn. Gen. n. 288.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, demum deflexi. Perianthium rigide coriaceum, 4-5-partitum, demum induratum; segmenta subequalia, subulato-lanceolata, aristato-acuminata, glabra v. pilosa, nitida, nervosa. Stamina 5, rarius 2 v. 4, filamentis filiformi-subulatis basi membrana connexis, laciniis interpositis quadratis erosis laceris v. dorso lamella laciniata instructis; antherae oblongæ v. didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium oblongum v. lageniforme, subcompressum, glabrum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati Utriculus perianthio inclusus, ovoideus v. oblongus, vertice rotundato v. areolato, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongum, testa tenuiter coriacea rufo-brunnea, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus v. lanceolatis planis apice acutis incurvis radicula erecta latioribus.—Herbæ basi interdum frutescentes, erectæ v. basi decumbentes, glabræ tomentosse v. sericese, ramis teretibus. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata obovata v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores in spicas elongatas graciles terminales simplices v. paniculatas dispositi, albi v. virescentes; bracteæ persistentes, membranaceæ; bracteolæ erectæ, in spinas leviter divergentes productæ.

Species ad 12, regionibus tropicis et calidis obvise. Moq. is DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 311, excl. sect. i. et ii. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 128 (A. aspera). Lam. Illustr. t. 168, excl. f. 2. Benth. F7. Austral. v. 246. A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 200. Wight, Ic. t. 722 (male quoad bracteolas), 1777 ad 1779. A. sericea, Kœn., est Psilotrichi species; A. paludosa, Bunb., est Telanthera philoxeroides. A. arborrscens, Br., habitu et bracteolis breviter spinescentibus a congeneribus differt, necnon spicis brevibus rhachi flexuosa et floribus distichis patentibus vix reflexis. Centrostaches, Wall. in. Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey, ii. 497; Moq. l. c. 321; Endl. Iconog. t. 20; Wight, Ic. t. 1780, includit species 2 africanas et indicas laciniis inter flamenta dorso lamina fimbriata instructis, quod enim occurrit in A. aspera ex icone Wightii t. 1777.

32. Pandiaka, Moy. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 310 (Achyranthis sect.).—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, bracteis et bracteolis chartaceis perianthium sequantibus. Perianthium angustum, breviter stipitatum, dure chartaceum, 5-partitum, basi demum induratum et 3-lobum; segmenta subulato-lanceolata, acuminata, pungentia,

pilosa, nervis obscuris. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus compressis basi membrana connexis, laciniis interpositis quadratis ciliatis v. nudis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium oblongo-cylindraceum, vertice rotundatum v. truncatum incrassatum; stylus capillaris, stigmate minimo capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus subcylindraceus, perianthio indurato inclusus, membranaceus, vertice obliquo incrassato planiusculo v. cupulari, indehiscens. Semen inversum, subcubico-oblongum, extremitate radiculari in rostrum erectum laterale hilum in sinu fovens producto, testa tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo magnus, periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus lanceolatis apicibus involutis concavis interiore angustiore, radicula erecta. —Herbæ erectæ, trichotome ramosæ, pubescentes v. villosæ. Folia opposita, sessilia, ovato-oblonga v. linearia, acuta, integerrima. Flores majusculi, in capitula v. spicas oblongas terminales densifioras foliaceo-involucratas dispositi, albi, erecti v. patentes, nunquam deflexi.

Species 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Includit Achyranthem Heudelotti et involucratam, Moq., et Cyathulam cylindricam, Schweinf. Pl. Cent. Afr. No. 1542 (non Moq.).

33. Achyropsis, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 310 (Achyranthis sect. partim).—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium rigide coriaceum, glabrum, 4-5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta oblonga, subacuta, enervia, nitida. Stamina 4-5, filamentis subulatis basi membrana connexis, laciniis interpositis quadratis erosis v. breviter fimbriatis; antheræ didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium late ovoideum v. oblongum, compressum, glabrum, in stylum brevem v. subelongatum attenuatum, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus, compressus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongo-rotundatum, testa tenuiter coriacea brunnea albumini carnoso adhærente, arillo 0; embryo periphericus, cotyledonibus planis radicula ascendente paulo latioribus.—Fruticuli erecti, tenuiter sericeo-puberuli, trichotome ramosi, ramis strictis sulcatis. Folia opposita et fasciculata, lineari-obovata, obtusa, basi angustata, integerrima, nervis inconspicuis. Flores parvi, albi, spicati, spicis axillaribus et in paniculas terminales trichotome ramosas dispositis; bracteæ membranaceæ, acuminatæ, bracteolæ obtusæ.

Species 3, Africæ australis incolæ. Genus habitu, bracteis non spinescentibus, floribusque non deflexis ab Achyranthe omnino distinctum. Includit A. albam, Eckl. et Zeyh., A. leptostachyam, E. Mey., et A. acicularem, E. Mey.

34. Eyesanthes, R. Br. Prod. 418.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, bracteis bracteolisque patentibus longe gracile spinescentibus. Perianthium rigidum, 4-partitum, demum induratum; segmenta subulato-lanceolata, glabra v. puberula, exteriora v. omnis longe aciculari-spinescentia, interiora minora. Stamina 2 v. 4, filamentis basi in cupulam connatis, laciniis interpositis late oblongis truncatis glabris v. ciliatis; antheræ breves, 2-loculares. Ovarium oblongum; stylus breviusculus, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio indurato inclusus, globosus v. ovoideus, vertice indurato dilatato depresso, tenuiter membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, testa tenuiter crustacea fusca nitida, arillo 0, embryo...—Herbæ annuæ v. biennes, pubescentes, ramosi, ramis oppositis patentibus, ramulis teretiusculis ad axillas foliosis. Folia opposita, sessilia v. petiolata, ovata, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima. Flores virides, in capitula pauciflora sessilia axillaria dispositi, stellatim patentes v. reflexi; bracteæ et bracteolæ divaricatæ.

Species 2, Australiæ orientalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 246. Semina a nobis non visa.

### TRIBUS III. GOMPHRENEÆ.

35. Guilleminea, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vi. 40, t. 518.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, bracteis bracteolisque subsequalibus. Perianthium campanulatum, lanuginosum, tubo obconico, limbo 5-lobo; lobi sequales, ovati v. subulati, membranacei v. subrigidi. Stamina 5, perigyna, basi loborum perianthio inserta, filamentis

brevibus triangulari-subulatis basi brevissime connatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ minutæ, ovoideæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium ovoideo-oblongum, compressum; stylus brevis, stigmate emarginato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare v. compresso-globosum, testa lævi coriacea; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula supera.—Herbæ radice perennante, prostratæ, ramosæ. lanatæ, foliosæ. Folia opposita, ovata, integerrima, petiolis basi connatis. Flores minuti, in axillis foliorum congesti, lana immersi, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati; bracteæ bracteolæque hyalinæ.

Species 3 (an unius varietates?): 1. G. illecebroides, H. B. et K. (G. densa, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 338), Andium a Peruvia ad Novam Mexico incola. 2. G. lanuginosa, Moq. l.c. (Gossypianthus), precedenti valde affinis sed lobis perianthii angustioribus, Americæ a Texas ad provincias Argentinas incola. 3. G. australis, Hook. f. (Gossypianthus australis, Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 35, t. 1, f. 2); staminodia a Grisebachio in G. australi descripta et depicta a nobis non visa.

36. Cladothrix, Nutt. in Herb. Hook.—Flores minuti, hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, bracteis bracteolisque hyalinis. Perianthium teres, sparse stellatim pilosum, 5-partitum; segmenta æqualia, oblonga, obtusiuscula, 1-nervia, scarioso-membranacea. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis in cupulam brevem connatis, laciniis interpositis 0 v. minutis; antheræ magnæ, lineari-oblongæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium globosum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmate capitato simplici v. 2-lobo, ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi capillaris suspensum. Utriculus . . .—Fruticuli v. herbæ ramosæ, stellatim tomentosæ, ramulis erectis v. prostratis. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, integerrima, ovata v. obovata, orbicularia, utrinque tomentosa. Flores minuti, in axillis foliorum pauci, congesti, tomento immersi; bracteæ parvæ, apices versus pilis ramosis barbatæ.

Species 2, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ et Californiæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 359 (Alternantheræ sect.). S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 43 ined. Torr. in Emory Rep. 199 (Alternantheræ sect. Endotheca). Utriculus a nobis non visus, ex Moq. l. c. calycem duplo superans, ovatus, compressiusculus, glaber, semine subtriangulari-ovato margine obtusissimo flavescente. Staminodia ex Wats. l. c. interdum minuta.

37. Prama, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 20, t. 122 ad 124.—Flores hermaphroditi, rarius polygami, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati v. rarissime spicati, capitulis solitariis longe pedunculatis. Perianthium intra bracteolas sessile, teretiusculum v. leviter compressum, 5-partitum; segmenta subæqualia, pilis rectis v. tortuosis sericea v. lanata. Tubus stamineus elongatus, ad medium versus 5-fidus, laciniis antheriferis margine ciliatis apice erosis fimbriatis v. 2-fidis, anantheris interpositis 0; antheræ ad apices laciniarum sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum, stigmate sessili discoideo v. capitellato integro v. 2-lobo; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, turgide lenticulare, hilo emarginato, testa coriacea brunnea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus v. dilatatis, radicula supera.—Herbæ graciles, erectæ, tomentosæ v. villosæ, rarius glabratæ. Folia opposita, sessilia v. subsessilia, integerrima. Capitula v. spicæ densifloræ; bracteæ bracteolæque hyalinæ.

Species ad 15, Brasilianse. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 387 (Gomphrense sect.). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 194, t. 58 ad 60 (Gomphrena). Cotyledones in P. jubata latissimse.

Sertuenera, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 36, t. 136 ad 138; Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 383 (Gomphrenæ sect.), a Pfaffia nullo charactere differt nisi floribus polygamo-monoicis.

38. Mogiphanes, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 29, t. 129 ad 135.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati, capitulis pedunculatis basi nudis v. foliis 2 involucratis. Perianthium intra bracteolas distincte stipitatum, teretiusculum, 5-partitum; segmenta rigida, acuminata, nervosa, lana non involuta. Tubus stamineus 10-fidus, laciniis 5 alternis subulatis antheriferis, 5 alternis anantheris ligulatis apice erosis v. fimbriatis margine nudis v. rarissime fimbriatis; antheræ oblongæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum v. obovoideum; stylus manifestus, stigmate capitellato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi

elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus v. oblongus, membranaceus, vertice interdum oupulari v. annulato, indehiscens. Semen inversum, oblongum v. lenticulare, testa coriacea nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula supera.—Herbæ, sæpius erectæ, ramosæ, pilosæ villosæ v. pubescentes. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, integerrima, membranacea, sæpius lanceolata et acuminata. Capitula globosa, rarius subcylindracea, pedunculis sæpe elongatis. Perianthii stipes teretiusculus v. 5-gonus, cum basi ejus continuus v. articulatus; bracteolæ nunc cymbiformes perianthio breviores, nunc complicatæ dorso cristatæ v. alatæ, perianthium æquantes v. superantes.

Species ad 10, Americanse tropicse. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 378 (Telantheræ sect.). Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 64. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 178 (Telantheræ sect.). Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 383 (Telantheræ sp. n. 3 et 4). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 346 (Gomphrena).

39. Telanthera, R. Br. in Tuckey, Congo, 477, in nota. (Teleianthera, Endl. Gen. 301.)—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati, capitulis axillaribus sessilibus rarius pedunculatis v. terminalibus globosis v. oblongis. Perianthium intra bracteam sessile, nunc a dorso compressum, ambitu subtrigonum, basi incrassatum, lana non involutum, 5-partitum, segmentis valde insequalibus coriaceis, antico et 2 posticis subplanis, 2 lateralibus interioribus minoribus genitalia includentibus, nunc subteres, segmentis æqualibus. Tubus stamineus 10-fidus, laciniis 5 alternis subulatis antheriferis, 5 alternis anantheris longioribus ligulatis margine fimbriatis v. nudis apice erosis v. laceris; antheræ oblongæ v. cylindraceæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium globosum v. ovoideum; stylus manifestus, stigmate capitato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati Utriculus obovoideus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea levi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus compressis, radicula supera.—Herbæ, rarius suffrutices, erecti prostrati v. repentes, glabri pubescentes v. tomentosi, pilis interdum stellatis. Folia opposita, sessilia v. petiolata, ovata oblonga v. linearia, sepius crassiuscula. Capitula densiflora, rarissime terminalia, solitaria v. fasciculata. Flores sepissime parvi, albi rarius colorati; bracteæ et bracteolæ perianthio breviores, coriaceæ.

Species ad 45, Americæ calidioris incolæ, quarum una etiam in Africa occidentali incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 362. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 168 (excl. ex utraque sectione Mogiphani).

Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Bucholtzia, cui pertinet species typica T. maritima, Br. Capitula sæpius in axillis sessilia. Perianthium ambitu subtrigonum, segmentis 2 interioribus minoribus. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 67 (Alternanthera sect. excl. A. achyranthi). L'Hérit. Stirp. Nov. t. 37 (Illecebrum). Lam. Illustr. t. 168, f. 2 (Achyranthes). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 53, 54. Anders. in Eugen. Resa, Bot. t. 4, 5. Bucholtzia, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 49 t. 147 ad 151. Steirema, Raf. ex Moq. T. albida, Moq. (Alternanthera tomentella, Seub.) et T. peruviana, Moq, laciniis anantheris tubi staminei brevibus, ad Alternantheram accedunt. T. minutiflora, Seub., a sectione differt habitu et perianthio teretius-culo segmentis omnibus subsequalibus concavis. T. philoxeroides et T. prælonga, Moq, inflorescentia et perianthiis ad sectionem sequentem transferendæ sunt.
- 2. Brandesia. Capitula plus minus longe pedunculata; flores longiores, perianthii segmentis subequalibus. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 51, 52. Bot. Mag. t. 830 (Achyranthes). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 380 (Achyranthes). Brandesia, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 25, t. 125 ad 128.
- 40. Alternanthera, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 28.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati, capitulis axillaribus sessilibus. Perianthium intra bracteas sessile, a dorso compressum, 5-partitum; segmenta inæqualia, antico et 2 posticis planis, 2 lateralibus interioribus concavis genitalia includentibus. Tubus stamineus varius, brevis, cupularis, laciniis 2-5 subulatis antheriferis, anantheris interpositis totidem v. 0; antheræ breves v. elongatæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium orbiculare v. obovoideum; stylus brevis v. 0, stigmate capitellato rarius brevissime 2-cruri; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati pendulum. Utriculus compressus, ovoideus v. orbiculari-obcordatus, sæpe marginibus incrassatis late alatus. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula supera.—Herbæ prostratæ

v. decumbentes rarius erectæ, ramosæ, glabræ pubescentes v. tomentosæ. Folia opposita, sessilia v. petiolata, obovata oblonga v. linearia, integerrima v. obscure denticulata. Capitula parva, interdum in massam globosam dense congesta. Flores parvi, sæpissime albi, oblongi v. lanceolati; bracteæ bracteolæ et perianthii segmenta obtusa acuta v. longe aciculari-acuminata.

Species ad 16, tropicæ et subtropicæ, maxima copia in Australia et America tropica vigentes. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 354 (excl. sect. 1 et 2). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 182, t. 55 ad 57 (excl. sect. 2). Benth. Fl. Ametral. v. 248. Beauv. Fl. Owar. et Ben. t. 99, 104. Wight, Ic. t. 727. Webb. Phytog. Canar. t. 199. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 152.

Genus a Telanthera distinguendum cupula staminea semper brevi, laciniis inter filamenta interpositis dum adsint semper brevibus, et stylo brevissimo. Species Australienses, A. nodifora, A. denticulata, A. nana et A. angustifolia bene cum typo generico conveniunt; A. polyosphala, Benth. (A. angustifolia, Moq. non. Br.) est Ptiloti species (P. macrotrichus, F. Muell.). A. decipiens, Benth., A. leptophylla, Benth., et A.? longipes, Benth., sunt stirpes quoad genus valde dubise.

ALLAGANTHERA, Mart. Hort. Erlang. 69, ex Moq. ad A. sessilem, Br., conditum fuit.

LITHOPHILA, Swartz, Fl. Ind. Occ. i. 47, t. 1; Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 66, differt tantum staminibus 2 oppositis (rarissime 3) stylisque 2 brevibus. Includit species 4, habitu diversas, quarum una Antillana, L. muscoides, Sw., capitulis terminalibus et axillaribus cylindraceis pedunculatis, et tres Galapagenses, filamentis in cupulam simplicem v. dentatam ovario breviorem basi connatis: A. radicata, Hook. f., et A. subscaposa, radicibus crassis foliis rosulatis omnibus radicalibus; et A. scirpoides, Hook. f., caulibus scapiformibus semipedalibus nudis crassis culmum Scirpi in mentem revocantibus, capitulis terminalibus congestis.

41. Gossypianthus, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 251.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, congesti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; bracteæ bracteolæque subæquales, hyalinæ. Perianthium teres, lanuginosum, 5-partitum; segmenta æqualia, lanceolata et acuminata, v. elongato-spathulata et obtusa, subrigida. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis in cupulam brevem connatis, laciniis interpositis 0; antheræ parvæ, oblongæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, compressum; stylus brevis, stigmate emarginato; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideo-oblongus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, hilo emarginato, testa pallida tenuiter crustacea brunnea nitida lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula supera.—Herbæ radice perennante, lanatæ, ramosæ, rarius prostratæ. Folia radicalia rosulata, lineari-oblonga, caulina ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores minuti, in axillis foliorum congesti, lana immersi, non stricte capitati.

Species 2, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 337, quoad species 2 priores. G. lanuginosus, Moq., et G. australis, Griseb., ad Guillemineam pertinent. G. tomentosus, Griseb. Pl. Lorentz., est Gomphrena demissa, Mart., species G. Martianæ, Moq. (Philoxero heliotropifolio, Griseb.) valde affinis. Genus Gossypianthus ab Alternanthera separatur habitu et floribus teretibus in axillis foliorum congestis nec vere capitatis.

42. Woehlerta, Griseb. Pfl. Trop. Amer. 11. — Flores hermaphroditi, capitellati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, intra bracteas sessiles. Perianthium teres, glabrum, basi non induratum, 4-partitum; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, subæqualia, 3-costata, chartacea, alba. Stamen 1, unilaterale, filamento cuneiformi 3-lobo, lobis triangularibus, intermedio longiore antherifero; anthera parva, oblonga, 1-locularis. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum, stigmatibus 2 subulatis recurvis; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati pendulum. Utriculus late oblongus, membranaceus, hyalinus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulari-reniforme, testa tenuiter crustacea lævi nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus radicula supera vix latioribus.—Herba pusilla, tenuissima, glaberrima, repens, facie Alsinis, ramis filiformibus intertextis. Folia opposita, petiolata, orbicularia, membranacea. Flores minuti, in capitula pedunculata oblonga terminalia dispositi; bracteæ bracteolæque minutæ, consimiles, ovatæ, obtusæ, perianthio multo minores, rhachi adhærentes.

Species 1, Cubensis. Bracteæ et bracteolæ rhachi adhærentes in generibus affinibus non observantur.

43. Patienerus, R. Br. Prod. 416 (excl. sp. n. 1).—Flores hermaphroditi, capitati, dense imbricati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium a dorso compressum, basi incrassatum et in stipitem spongiosum crassum v. angustum productum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, chartacea, nervosa. Stamina 5, filamentis in cupulam brevem connexis subulatis, laciniis interjectis 0; antheræ oblongæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum; stylus brevissimus, stigmatibus 2 subulatis; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus late ovoideus, compressus, tenuiter coriaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula supera.—Herbæ prostratæ, glabræ v. rarius tomentosæ, sæpius crassiusculæ v. carnosulæ, ramis teretibus v. angulatis. Folia opposita, obovato-spathulata oblonga v. linearia, integerrima, axillis interdum barbatis. Capitula axillaria et terminalia, globosa, oblonga v. cylindracea, alba, sessilia v. pedunculata; bracteæ chartaceæ, bracteolæ carinatæ.

Species ad 10, littorales, Americæ tropicæ orientalis, Africæ occidentalis, Australiæ et ins. Loochoo incolæ. Iresinis sect., Endl. Gen. Pl. 301. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 339 (excl. specibus pluribus jam a Benthamio ad Gomphrenam relatis). Species includendæ sunt P. vermicularis, Br. (Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 98, f. 1). P. aggregatus, H. B. et K. P. carnosus (Telanthera philoxeroides, var. carnosa, Moq.). P. maracaybensis, Klotzsch in Herb. Hook. P. parviforus (Gomphrena, Benth. Fl. Austral.). P. diffusa, Spr. (Gomphrena, Benth. l. c.; Iresine Brownii, Moq.), species pubescens, stipite perianthii minuto styloque elongato, et P. Wrightii, Hook. f., species parvula ex ins. Loochoo (Herb. Wright, no. 240). His verisimiliter addendæ sunt species sequentes nobis incognitæ, P. surinamensis, Miq.; P. crassifolius, H. B. et K.; et P. portulacoides, St. Hil. P. heliotropifolius, Griseb., est Gomphrena Martiana, Moq.

44. Gomphrena, Linn. Gen. n. 314.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati, rarissime spicati. Perianthium intra bracteolas sessile, compressum v. teretiusculum, 5-partitum v. 5-fidum, basi sepissime lanatum; segmenta inequalia v. subequalia, lanceolata, acuminata, concava, rarius plana et obtusa. Tubus stamineus elongatus, inclusus v. exsertus, 5-fidus, lobis laciniisve apice emarginatis v. 2-fidis, alternis interpositis sæpissime 0; antheræ in sinu apicali laciniarum v. loborum sessiles v. stipitatæ, oblongæ v. lineares, 1-loculares. Ovarium turbinatum v. subglobosum; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmatibus 2 rarissime 3 subulatis v. filiformibus, v. stigmate 2-lobo; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus v. oblongus, compressus, interdum basi induratus. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea lævi ; embryo albumen farinaceum cingens, annularis cotyledonibus angustis, v. periphericus cotyledonibus obovatis, radicula gracili supera.—Herbæ erectæ v. prostatæ, ramosæ, articulis sæpe tumidis, hirsutæ v. villose. Folia opposita, sessilia v. breviter petiolata, integerrima. Capitula parva v. magna, nuda v. basi foliis involucrata, in speciebus perplurimis ad apices ramorum solitaria, sessilia. Flores breves v. elongati, albi v. colorati ; bracteolæ breves v. elongatæ, concavæ, carinatæ v. dorso alatæ v. cristatæ.

Species ad 70, perplurimæ Americæ calidioris et Australiæ incolæ; una late per Asiam et Africam tropicam dispersa. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 391 (sect. Wadapus partim, et Xerosiphon). Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 101 ad 119. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 199, t. 62 ad 67 (sect. Gomphrenula partim, Cristularia, Stachyanthus, et Xerophyton). Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 252 (excl. sp. n. 13 et 14). Grisch. Pl. Lorentz. 32; Symb. Fl. Argent. 33. St. Hil. Pl. Us. Bras. t. 31, 32. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 181. Wight Ic. t. 1784. Jacq. Hort. Schanb. iv. t. 482. Bot. Mag. t. 2614, 2815, 4064. Bragantia, Vand. Fasc. Pl. Nov. (1771) 6, ed. 2 in Roem. Script. 50, non Lour. Schultesia, Schrad. in Gatt. Gelehrt. Anz. 1821, 708 ex Mart. Tubus stamineus in speciebus Americanis et paucis Australiensibus elongatus, 5-fidus, laciniis interpositis 0; in aliis Australiensibus in 'Flora Australiensi' bene descriptis tubus polymorphus est, nunc cupularis, v. ut in Telanthera dentibus laciniisve anantheris interpositis, v. filamenta brevia subulata basi remota in cupulam membranaceam connexa. G. parviflora, Benth., et G. diffusa, Spreng., sunt Philoweri species.

Kerosiphon, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1843, 55; Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 121 (Gomphrena), sectionem efficit perianthii angustissimi segmentis ad medium connatis, stylo brevissimo, stigmatibus 2, in una specie brevibus, in altera in unum conicum coadunatis.

CHNOANTHUS, Philippi in Ann. Univ. Chili 1862, ii. 405, ex Linnea xxxiii. 223, Mendoze incola, est verisimiliter Gomphrene species, G. domisse, Moq. affinis.

45. Freelichia, Mænch. Meth. 50.—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, lana involuti. Perianthium intra bracteas sessile, teretiusculum, ad medium v. altius fissum, tubo demum indurato et longitrorsum cristato; lobi lanceolati, acuti, glabri. Tubus stamineus elongatus, apice 5-fidus, lobis brevibus v. elongatis obtusis; antheræ in sinubus inter lobos sessiles, 1-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus subelongatus stigmate capitellato, v. stigma sessile penicillatum; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus tubo indurato v. incrassato 2-alato v. -cristato perianthii inclusus, ovoideus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare v. sub-obpyramidatum, testa coriacea brunnea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula supera.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes? erectæ, sæpius sericeo-tomentosæ, caulibus simplicibus v. ramosis articulatis. Folia opposita, sessilia v. radicalia petiolata, ovata lineari-oblonga v. spathulata, integerrima. Spicæ sessiles v. pedicellatæ, interdum interruptæ. Flores parvi, bracteolis membranaceis involuti.

Species ad 10, Americæ calidioris a Texas ad Brasiliam australem incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 419. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 163, t. 50. Anderss. in Eugen. Resa, Bot. t. 3, 4. Jacq. Ic. Rar. 1, t. 5 (Celosia). L'Hôr. Stirp. t. 3 (Gomphrena).

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Hoplotheca. Stylus manifestus, stigma capitellatum. Oplotheca, Nutt. Gen. Am. ii. 78. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 47, t. 146. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 256. Bot. Mag. t. 2603. Hoplotheca, Spring. Syst. Cur. Post. 52.
  - 2. Dilopha. Stigma sessile, penicillatum.
- F. nudicaule, Hook. f., species Galapagensis, a congeneribus differt ramis dichotomis nudis, et spicis terminalibus. An genus novum?
- 46. **Mebanthe**, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 42, t. 140 ad 145.—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygamo-dioici, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, capitati v. spicati, capitulis spicisve pedunculatis in ramos oppositos paniculæ brachiatæ verticillatis. Perianthium intra bracteolas sessile, teretiusculum, lanatum v. longe sericeum, 5-partitum; segmenta æquilonga, lineari-oblonga, obtusa v. subacuta, 3-5-nervia. Tubus stamineus 5-fidus, laciniis antheriferis nunc linearibus apice 2-cruribus anantheris interpositis 0, nunc subulatis anantheris interpositis brevibus v. subquadratis v. 0; antheræ oblongæ v. ellipsoideæ, 1-loculares. Ovarium ovoideum v. globosum; stigmate capitato 2-lobo v. 2-cruri; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa coriacea lævi; embryo albumen farinaceum cingens, v. annularis cotyledonibus angustis, v. periphericus cotyledonibus latis tenuibus concavis, radicula gracili supera.—Herbæ v. suffrutices erecti v. scandentes, ramis elongatis gracilibus patentibus, glabri v. inflorescentia præsertim tomentosa, rarius sericei v. villosi. Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima, subtus interdum sericea. Capitula v. spicæ parvæ, basi nudæ. Flores parvi, patentes, lanati.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur :-

1. Euhobanthe. Flores spicati. Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora glabra pubescentia v. villosa, 3 interiora copiosissime et longe lanata, pilis flexuosis. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 385 (Gomphronæ sect.). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 191 (Gomphronæ sect.). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 102 (Iresine).

Hee sectio formas 3 præbet :-

- a. Lacinise antheriferæ subulatæ, anantheris interpositis geminis, v. lacinise profunde 2-crures, antheris in sinubus insertis. H. paniculata, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 140 et 142. H. pulverulenta, Mart. l. c. t. 144, 145. H. spicata, Mart. l. c. t. 141, 142. H. virgata, Mart. l. c. t. 148, 145.
- b. Lecinim antheriferm subulate, anantheris interpositis solitariis elongatis. Fondl. Pl. Vones. n. 1069, 1076, et species 2 mexicans.
- o, Lacinize antheriferze subulatze, basi triangulares, anantheris interpositis 0. H. paniculata, Moq. (Gomphrena) non Mart. (Guiana, Rob. Schomb. n. 550, Spruce n. 4933). H. decipiene, H. f. (Iresine grandiflora, Hook.; Alternanthera grandiflora, Moq.). H. pulverulenta, Moq. non Mart. (Mexico, Galcotti, no. 7160). H. guianensis, Klotzsch (Rich. Schomb. n. 1527), alisque.

- 2. Gomphemoides. Flores majusculi, capitati, capitulis suspius pedunculatis. Perlanthii segmenta pilis erectis sericeis. Tubi staminei lacinise antheriferes lates, 2-crures, anantheris interpositis 0. Stigma breviter 2-lobum. Folia subtus pilis laxis sericea. H. vaga, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 120 (Gomphema). H. holescricea, Mart. (Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 61, Gomphema). H. argenteo-scricea, Hook. f. (Gardn. Herb. Bras. n. 2716).
- 3. Tronsdorffia. Flores capitati. Parianthii segmenta basi pilis strictis sericeis segmenta sequantibus. Filamenta basi tubo brevissimo membranaceo connexa, laciiniis interjectis 0, v. quadratis v. triangularibus. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 350 et Scub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 186 (Alternanthera sect.). Tronsdorffia, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 40, t. 139. Prester speciem Martiusanam H. auratam, huc pertinent H. parviflora, Benth. et specimina Trianse, n. 356, e Columbia; Fendleri, n. 1071, e Venezuela; et planta a Spruceo prope Tarapoto lecta.
- 47. Eresine, Linn. Gen. n. 1113 (Xerandra, Raf. ex Moq.).—Flores hermaphroditi v. dioici, minuti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, paniculati v. in glomerulos secus ramos paniculæ sparsos dispositi. Perianthium teres, intra bracteolas sessile, basi non induratum, seepissime nitidulum, longe lanatum v. subnudum, 5-partitum; segmenta ovato-oblonga, acuta v. subacuta, sæpissime hyalina. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis basi membrana brevi connexis, laciniis anantheris interpositis 0 v. brevibus latis triangularibus v. quadratis; antherse oblongse, 1-loculares; in fl. 2 staminodia 5 v. 0. Ovarium in fl. 3 0, in 2 compressum; stylus brevissimus v. 0, stigmatibus 2 rarissime 3 subulatis divaricatis: ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus orbicularis, compressus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, lenticulare v. subreniforme, testa tenuiter crustacea nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula supera. — Herbæ erectæ v. suffrutices sarmentosi, glabri tomentosi v. pubescentes. Folia opposita, petiolata, integerrima v. serrulata. Paniculæ amplæ, ramis sæpissime verticillatis gracillimis. Flores interdum valde minuti, bracteæ et bracteolæ hyalinæ. Semen in speciebus variis minutissimum.

Species ad 18, Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 344 et 350 (Iresinis sect. Iresiniastrum, cum speciebus variis Alternantheræ sect. Tromsdorffæ). Genus Hebanthi valde affine, distinguitur stylis 2 subulatis, semine minuto lenticulari, cotyledonibus semper angustis, in sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Euiresine. Herbæ erectæ v. subscandentes, flaccidæ. Flores dioici, in spiculas multiplicatopaniculatas dispositi. Laciniæ inter filamenta minimæ v. 0. I. celosioides, Linn. (I. polymorpha, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 56, t. 153, 154). I. Herbstii, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5499, aliæque.
- 2. Rosea. Suffrutices sarmentosi v. scandentes, rarius erecti. Flores hermaphroditi polygamodioici v. dioici. Lacinize inter filamenta 0 v. solitaria, nunc elongata et fimbriata, sepius brevia v. brevissima. Habitus Hebanthis. Rosea, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 58. Huc pertinent Iresine elatior, Rich.; Mart. l. c. t. 155; I. Edmonstoni, Hook. f.; I. interrupta, Benth. (Alternanthera Richardii, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 353, et Ireneis, Moq. l. c. 349); I. Hookeri, Moq.; I. latifolia (Alternanthera, Moq.), alizeque.

CRUZETA, Laf. Iter, 203 (CRUCITA, Linn. Gen. n. 167. CRUZITA, Schreb. Gen. 89) e Cumana est verisimiliter Iresinis species I. celosioidi, Linn. valde affinis nisi eadem, floribus (casu, v. falso descriptis) 4-meris, nec 5-meris. Cætera omnia conveniunt. Specimen nullum adest in herbario Lanneano.

48. Dicraurus, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores dioici, minuti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, lana longissima immersi. Perianthium teretiusculum, basi non induratum, 5-partitum; segmenta lineari-oblonga, obtusa, subscariosa, 1-nervia. Fl. J: Staminum filamenta 5, subulata, basi membrana connexa, 2 antherifera, cetera ananthera, laciniæ interpositæ 0; antheræ oblongæ, 1-loculares. Ovarii rudimentum ellipsoideum, compressum, apice 2-fidum. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum; stylus 0, stigmatibus 2 subulatis recurvis; ovulum 1, ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus late ovoideus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen inversum, subglobosum, testa tenuiter coriacea lævi; embryo periphericus, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus late obovatis tenuibus conçavis radicula supera multo latioribus.—Frutex ramosus, tenuiter cano-pubescens, ramis valde elongatis gracilibus teretibus. Folia parva, sparsa, alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, integerrima, subtus sericea. Flores minuti, secus

ramos panicules terminalis ramulis alternis glomerati, 2 longius lanati; bractese et bracteoles late oblonges v. rotundates, scarioses, nitides.

Species 1, D. leptocladus, Hook. f., regionis Mexicano-Texanse incola. Wright, n. 589, Thurber. Iresine diffusa, ex Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. 180, non H. B. et K. Genus ab omni tribu Gomphrenearum distinctum habitu, foliis alternis, et stigmatibus.

# Ordo CXXXI. CHENOPODIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 292. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 513. SALSOLACEE, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 41.

Flores hermaphroditi polygami v. unisexuales, regulares, rarius irregulares, nudi v. bracteati v. bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium simplex, sæpissime 3-5-lobum v. -partitum, v. in floribus fœmineis 0, post anthesin accrescens v. immutatum, rarissime baccatum v. nuceum ; segmenta v. lobi membranacei herbacei v. chartacei, dorso nudi v. in tuberculos spinas v. alas excrescentes, estivatione imbricati segmentis 2 v. 3 exterioribus, rarissime sub-valvati. Stamina numero partium perianthii isomera v. pauciora iisque opposita, nunquam plura, hypogyna v. disco v. perianthii segmentis affixa, raro staminodiis alternantia; filamenta subulata filiformia v. sæpius linearia et compressa, basi libera, rarissime membrana connata, perianthio longiora v. breviora. dorsifixæ, didymæ oblongæ v. sagittatæ, 2-loculares, rarissime basifixæ, in subordine Basellearum versatiles et in alabastro reversæ, in ceteris incurvæ; loculi paralleli v. divergentes, a basi ad medium v. altius liberi, rimis anticis v. lateralibus dehiscentes: connectivum simplex v. in appendicem erectam planam cucullatam v. vesiculosam coloratam productum; pollen globosum. Discus 0 v. rarius annularis v. basin perianthii vestiens, raro crenatus v. in staminodia brevia productus. Ovarium liberum v. basi perianthii immersum, semper superum, et perianthio si adsit inclusum, ovoideum globosum depressum rarius oblongum v. lagenæforme, vertice sæpissime in stylum brevem v. elongatum angustatum, rarius truncatum, 1-loculare. Stylus terminalis, brevis v. elongatus, stigmate capitato 2-3-lobo, v. styli 2-3 elongati apice v. apice et introrsum papillosi, v. stigmata 2-5 sessilia undique v. introrsum tantum papillosa, basi connata v. discreta, interdum filiformia v. capillaria. Ovulum solitarium, amphitropum, erectum, funiculo basilari brevi, v. ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Fructus; utriculus membranaceus coriaceus v. carnosus, perianthio sæpissime inclusus, et non raro cum eo deciduus, indehiscens, rarissime circumscissus, pericarpio libero v. testæ seminis adhærens. Semen erectum inversum v. horizontale, lenticulare subglobosum reniforme v. ovoideo-compressum; testa crustacea coriacea carnosula v. membranacea, interdum albumini adhærens, levis v. granulata, endopleura 0 v. membranacea; albumen farinaceum carnosum v. 0. Embryo periphericus, annularis v. hippocrepicus, albumen cingens; in Salicornicis dorsalis, virgulæformis v. conduplicatus et exalbuminosus; in Salsoleis aliisque exalbuminosus, plano- v. subcochleato-spiralis, radicula extraria; cotyledones sæpissime angustæ, planoconvexe, in paucis plane, radicula elongata paullo latiores; plumula inconspicua.

Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, v. frutices, raro arbusculæ humiles, glabræ glaucæ farinosæ v. lepidotæ; pilosæ v. villosæ, non raro carnosulæ. Caules continui v. articulati, teretes v. angulati, erecti v. decumbentes, in Baselleis dextrorsum volubiles. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, plana et dilatata v. carnosa et cylindraces v. semiteretia, sæpissime integerrima, in paucis irregulariter sinuato-dentata, nunquam regulariter serrata; in Salicornieis et paucis aliis cauli adnata limbo brevissimo v. evanido; stipulæ 0. Inflorescentia varia, sæpe glomerata glomerulis in spicas paniculasve foliosas dispositis, v. axillares et solitarii, in Chenopodiis paucis dichotome cymosi; in Salicornieis strobilacei v. cavis rhacheos articulatæ immersi; rarissime pedicellati et spicati v. racemosi, inconspicui,

seeps parvi v. minuti, fere semper virides. Perianthia post lapsum fructus persistentia, rarius cum eo decidua, in paucis in globum capitatum concreta.

Species ad 520, per orbem terrarum late dispersee, alise littora maris et lacuum salsorum habitantes, alise præsertim in desertis suderatis, et hominum domiciliorum vicinibus inveniuntur; pleræque temperatæ, paucæ regionum frigidarum et tropicarum incolæ.

Chenopodiaceæ, limitibus supra datis circumscriptæ, ordinem formant sat naturalem et pro maxima parte bene definitum, etsi pluribus e Curvembryis apetalis arcte affinem. A Phytolaccaceis facile distinguuntur floribus rarissime racemosis nisi in Baselleis, v. spicatis ut in Lophiocarpo, genus haud male Phytolaccaceum nuncupandum carpello unico et semine horizontali anomalum. Ab Illeoebraceis differunt stipularum defectu et staminodiis rarissimis. Affinitas summa cum Amarantacearum generibus quorum antheræ 2-loculares et ovarium 1-ovulatum, nec characteribus validioribus separantur quam perianthii bractearumque natura et utriculo indehiscente; arcte etiam cum illis connectuntur mediantibus Acroglochine et Habluzia quorum habitus Chenopodiacearum et utriculus circumscissus; et tribus Polycmemearum fere sequo jure ad Chenopodiaceas vel ad Amarantaceas referenda, sed hic prioribus associata ob affinitatem cum Camphorosmate.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Caulis volubilis in Baselleis, scandens in Hablitzia, articulatus in generibus variis e tribu Salicornearum et in paucis aliis.

Inflorescentia dichotome cymosa in Acroglochine et in sectione Botrydio Chenopodii, racemosa in Baselleis, spicata in Lophiocarpo et paucis aliis.

Antheræ basifixæ in Ulluco; connectivum appendice magna auctum in Halocharide, Halanthio et affinibus.

Utriculus circumscissus in Acroglochine et Hablitzia; fructus baccatus in Rhagodia et in sectione Blito Chenopodii, subdrupaceus in Lophiocarpo, fenestratim dehiscens in Agriophyllo.

Semina in speciebus nonnullis *Suadæ* et *Boreczoviæ* dimorpha, præcocia minora testa crustacea, serotina majora testa membranacea.

Embryo conduplicatus, radicula incumbente in Salicornia.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

SUBORDO I. CHENOPODIRÆ. Bracteolæ perianthio non adnatæ. Antheræ alabastro erectæ v. incurvæ. Caulis nunquam volubilis.

Series I. Cyclolobese. Embryo annularis v. hippocrepicus, albumen copiosum cingens, rarius virgulæformis hemicyclicus v. conduplicatus.

Exceptum: Semen in Salicornia exalbuminosum.

Tribus 2. Euchenopodiese. Flores glomerati, hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, perianthiis homomorphis. Semen erectum inversum v. horizontale. Embryo annularis v. hippocrepicus, albumen copiosum cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia plana, sepissime glabra v. farinosa.

Exceptum: Flores in Lophiccarpo spicati.

- \* Utriculus membranaceus, circumscissus, perianthio patente stipatus. Semen horizontale.
- 1. Aceoglochin. Flores ebracteolati. Stamina 1-3. Stigmata 2. Herba erecta, annua.— Himalaya, China.
- 2. Hablitzia. Flores 2-bracteolati. Stamina 5. Stigmata 3. Herba alte scandens, radice perenni.—Caucasus.
- \*\* Fructus drupaceus v. baccatus, perianthio patente v. erecto stipatus. Semen erectum v. horizontale.
  - 3. RHAGODIA. Flores glomerati. Semen horizontale. Herber v. frutices.—Australia.
  - 4. LOPHIOCARPUS. Flores spicati. Semen erectum. Herber.—Afric. quetr.
    - \*\*\* Utriculus membranaceus, indehiscens, perianthio sapiseime inclusus.
  - 5. APEANISMA. Perianthium minutissimum, 3-partitum. Stamen 1. Semen horizontale, testa crustacea.—California.
  - 6. Orciotoma. Perianthii tubus ala circumdatus. Stamina 5. Semen horizontale, testa crustacea.—Amer. bor.

- 7. Monolurus. Perianthii segmenta v. bracteolæ 1-3, minutissimæ. Stamen 1. Semen erectum, testa crustacea.—Siberia, Amer. bor. occ.
- 8. Chemopodium. Perianthium 5-partitum, fructiferum sepissime immutatum. Stamina 1-5. Seman erectum v. horisontale, testa crustacea v. coriacea.—Orb. tot.
- 9. ROUBIEVA. Perianthium breviter 5-lobum, fructiferum clausum, capsulæforme, reticulatum. Semen erectum, testa crustacea.—Amer. temp. et trop, in orb. vet. subspontanca.
- 10. Beta. Perianthium 5-lobum, fructiferum basi induratum, lobis erectis v. inflexis. Semen horizontale, testa coriacea.—Europ., Oriens, Afric. bor.
- 11. Ornoblitum. Perianthium 5-partitum, fructiferum basi induratum, segmentis patentibus. Semen horizontale, testa coriacea.—Algeria.
- Tribus II. Atriplicese. Flores unisexuales, heteromorphi; 3 ebracteolati, 3-5-lobi v. -partiti; 9 sepissime bracteolis 2 accrescentibus fructiferis liberis v. in thecam connatis instructi, perianthio 0. Semen erectum v. horizontale, testa coriacea v. crustacea; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia seepius plana, non raro lepidota.
- \* Flores Q ebracteolati v. bracteolis planis, fructiferis basi v. ad medium connatis, in thecam apertam planam v. turgidam connatis.
  - 12. SPINACIA. Fl. Q ebracteolati, perianthio 3-4-dentato, tubo fructifero indurato clauso.— Oriens, ubique cult.
    - 13. Exomis. Fl. ♀: bracteolæ parvæ, fructiferæ immutatæ, perianthio 0.—Afric. aust.
  - 14. Atriplex. Fl. 9: bractools ample, fructifers aucts, perianthio 0.—Reg. temp. et subtrop.

(Vide quoque 20, MICROGYNCECIUM.)

- \*\* Flores 🗣 2-bracteolati, bracteolis conduplicatis, in thecam clausam obcompressam connatis.
  - 15. Gravia. Fl. ♀: theca orbicularis, alata, glabra. Semen erectum, radicula infera.—
    Amer. bor. occ.
  - 16. Suckleya. Fl. Q: theca complanata, marginibus cristatis. Semen inversum, radicula supera.—Mont. Scopul.
  - 17. EUROTIA. Fl. Q: theca immarginata, sericeo-fulva. Semen erectum, radicula infera.—
    As. occ. et med., Amer. bor. occ.
  - 18. Chratocarpus. Fl. Q: theca compressissima v. spinosa. Semen erectum, radicula infera.—As, occid.
- Tribus III. Camphoresmess. Flores spicati v. glomerati, v.  $\circ$  solitarii, hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, perianthiis homomorphis v. in flore fæmineo 0. Utriculus perianthio immutato inclusus v. nudus. Semen erectum, testa membranacea albumini arcte adhærente; embryo (sæpe clongatus) hippocrepicus, albumen copiosum cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia ovato-linearia v. lanceolata, sæpius sericea.
  - 19. AXYRIS. Flores monoici. Perianthium 3-5-partitum. Utriculus semini adhærens, superne cristatus.—As. bor., Amer. bor. occ.
  - 20. Microgynectum. Flores monoici. Perianthium masc. 3-5-lobum, fcem. 0. Utriculus superne cristatus.—Tibetia.
  - 21. Camphorosma. Perianthium compressum, 4-5-dentatum, fructiferum fere clausum dentibus inappendiculatis 2 lateralibus majoribus.—Reg. Mediterr., As. bor. et med.
  - 22. PANDREIA. Perianthium sequaliter 5-lobum, lobis dorso tuberculatis v. appendiculatis.—
    4s. oocid. et med.
    - 23. Kiriovia. Perianthium sequaliter 4-5-dentatum, dentibus dorso nudis,—As. med.
- To thus IV. Corispormess. Flores spicati, hermaphroditi. Fructus e perianthio longe exsertus. Semen erectum, valde compressum, testa membranacea albumini arcte adhærente embryo annularis albumine copiosum cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia alterna, angusta.
  - 24. Corisperium. Bractes magne, imbricate, fructum inermem indehiscentem velantes.—

    l'arop. aust., Asia temp., Amer. bor. occ.
    - 25. Anthochlamys. Bractes fructu inermi indehiscente breviores.—As. occid.
  - 26. AGRIOPHYLLUM. Bractes spinescentes. Fructus 2-spinesus, fenestratim dehiscens.—A. occid. et med.

- Tribus V. Polyonemees. Flores solitarii, axillares, hermaphroditi, 2-bracteolati. Utriculus perianthio immutato inclusus. Semen inversum, testa crustacea; embryo amularis, albumen copiosum cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia linearia v. subulata.
  - 27. Polygnenum. Herber rigidulse, foliis alternis subulatis.—Reg. Mediterr., As. occid.
  - 28. HEMICHEOA. Herbee v. suffrutices, foliis alternis linearibus carnosulis,—Australia.
  - 29. NITROPHILA. Herber foliis oppositis linearibus carnosulis.—Amer. bor. ooc.

Tribus VI. Cheneleese. Flores solitarii v. glomerati, sepius hermaphroditi et fœminei, perianthiis homomorphis. Utriculus perianthio sepissime accrescente v. appendiculato inclusus. Semen horisontale, rarissime erectum v. inversum, testa membranacea v. coriacea albumini parco v. copioso sepe adhærente; embryo annularis, albumen cingens. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia angusta.

- \* Perianthium fructiferum nudum spinosum v. alatum, basi non induratum.
- 30. CHENOLEA. Perianthium globosum v. turbinatum, fructiferi lobis inappendiculatis v. dorso spinosis.—Reg. temp. et subtrop. orb. vet.
- 31. Kochia. Perianthium turbinatum, fructiferi lobis dorso horisontaliter late alatis.—Reg. temp. et subtrop.
- 32. DIDYMANTHUS. Flores 2-ni basibus connati. Perianthii fructiferi lobi dorso horizontaliter alati, Folia opposita.—Australia.
  - 33. Enchylena. Perianthium orbiculare, depressum, fructiferum carnosum.—Australia.
    - \*\* Perianthium fructiferum inordinate auctum, lignosum, crustaceum v. suberosum.
- 34. Babbagia. Flores minimi. Perianthium fructiferum alis 3 verticalibus. Folia alterna.
- 35. SCLEBOLENA. Perianthia fructifera divaricato-2-spinosa v. in capitulum globosum concreta.—Australia.
- 36. Anisacantha. Perianthium fructiferum crustaccum, spinis 2-5-patentibus. Semen inversum.—Australia.
- 37. THRELECDIA. Perianthium fructiferum inappendiculatum merme v. spinis 5 erectis. Semen horizontale v. obliquum.—Australia.
- 38. CYPSELOCARPUS. Perianthium fructiferum cylindraceum, nuceum, inerme, 2-locellatum. Stigma depressum. Semen erectum.—Austral. occid.

Tribus VII. Salicorniese. Flores axillis squamarum strobili v. cavis rhacheos immersi, hermaphroditi. Utriculus perianthio sæpe modice aucto inappendiculato inclusus. Semen erectum inversum v. horizontale, testa crustacea v. carnosula; embryo dorsalis, virgulæformis, albumine parco v. copioso farinoso v. carnoso, vel embryo conduplicatus albumine 0. Herbæ v. fructices carnosi, ramis continuis v. articulatis. Folia opposita cauli adnata planta quasi aphylla, v. opposita et alterna plus minusve elongata.

- \* Flores in cavis rhacheos inarticulati immersi, connati. Semina albuminosa.
- 39. Kalidium. Perianthium naviculare, 4-dentatum. Radicula infera.—Ross. austr., As. occid. et med.
  - \*\* Flores in axillis squamarum strobili reconditi. Semina albuminosa.
- 40. Halostachys. Perianthium pyramidatum, ore minute 3-lobo. Radicula supera. Strobili oppositi, squamis deciduis.—Reg. Casp.
- 41. Spirostachys. Perianthium pyramidatum, ore minute 4-5-lobo. Radicula infera. Strobili alterni, squamis persistentibus.—Amer. bor. et austr.
- 42. HETEROSTACHYS. Perianthium orbiculare, compressum, late alatum. Radicula infera. Strobili suboppositi, squamis caducis.—Reg. Argest.
- 43. Halophplis. Perianthium 4-gonum, squame adnatum. Radicula infera. Strobili alterni, squamis persistentibus.—Eur. aust., Afric. bor., As. occid.
- 44. HALOCNEMON. Perianthium obpyramidatum, 3-partitum. Radicula supera, Strobili oppositi et alterni, squamis deciduis.—Eur. austr., As. occid. et med.
- 45. Teoriconnia. Perianthium tubulosum, ore lacero. Radicula infera. Strobili terminales, 1–3-ni, squamis persistentibus.— Australia.

# \*\*\* Flores in cavis articulorum superpositorum immersi.

- 46. PACHYCORNIA. Perianthium compressum, ore 4-dentato. Semen albuminosum, rhachi lignosse crassee pauci-articulatee immersum.—Australia.
- 47. ARTHROCNEMUM. Perianthium ovoideum v. pyramidatum, ore angustato 3-4-fido. Semen albuminosum.—Littora salsa.
- 48. Salicornia. Perianthium obpyramidatum, vertice truncato, ore 3-4-denticulato. Semen exalbuminosum, embryone conduplicato.—Littora salsa.
  - 49. MICROCHEMUM. Perianthium 0. Semen albuminosum,-Hispania.

## Sories II. Spirolobese. Embryo plano- v. cochleato-spiralis; albumine parco v. 0.

Tribus VIII. Suesdess. Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, bracteati et 2-bracte dati. Utriculus perianthio immutato v. appendiculato inclusus. Semen erectum inversum v. horizontale, testa crustacea v. in fructibus serotinis membranacea; embryo spiralis. Caulis inarticulatus. Folia varia.

## \* Utriculus liber v. basi perianthio adnatus.

- 50. SUEDA. Perianthium 5-lobum. Folia linearia, carnosa.—Littora salsa.
- 51. ALEXANDRA. Perianthium 5-partitum. Folia ovata, semiamplexicaulia.—Soongaria.

### \*\* Utriculus perianthio adhærens.

- 52. Borsczovia. Perianthium a latere compressum. Semen erectum.—Desert. Aral.
- 53. BIENERTIA. Perianthium disciforme. Semen horizontale.—Persia.

Tribus IX. Salsolese. Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Utriculus perianthio appendiculato sæpissime horizontaliter alato inclusus. Semen erectum inversum v. horizontale, testa membranacea v. carnosula; embryo spiralis. Caulis continuus v. articulatus. Folia angusta v. 0.

### \* Semen sæpissime horizontale, radicula centrifuga.

- 54. TRAGANUM. Perianthii segmenta in tubum demum induratum connata. Staminodia 0. Folia alterna.—Afric. bor., ins. Canar. orient.
- 55. CORNULACA. Perianthii segmenta in urceolum demum induratum connata. Staminodia 5. Folia alterna.—Afric. bor., Arabia, Assyria.
- 56. SEIDLITZIA. Parianthium fl. 3 5-partitum, fl. 2 5-lobum, lobis dorso alatis. Staminodia 0. Folia opposita.—Orient.
- 57. ARTHROPHYLLUM. Perianthii segmenta orbicularia. Discus crassus. Staminodia 0. Folia opposita, subulata.—As. med.
- 58. HORANINOVIA. Perianthii segmenta dorso gibba, suberosa. Discus cupularis. Staminodia 5. Folia opposita et alterna, subulata.—Soongaria, Desert.
- 59. HALOXYLON. Perianthii segmenta dorso horizontaliter late alata. Discus conspicuus. Staminodia 5. Rami articulati, foliis 0 v. oppositis. Hispania, Afric. bor., As. occid., India.
- 60. Salsola. Perianthii segmenta dorso horizontaliter alata. Discus obscurus v. 0. Staminodia 0. Rami continui. Folia raro opposita.—Reg. temp. et subtrop.
  - 61. Helicilla. Perianthium 5-fidum, demum baccatum, substellate 5-gonum.—China.

### \*\* Semen erectum v. inversum rarius horizontale.

- † Perianthi. segmenta 8 exteriora. Semen, Ofsiston exceptum, a dorso compressum.
- 62. Oraiston. Perianthii segmenta 3 exteriora alata. Stamina 1-2; staminodia 0. Folia superiora alterna. Flores sulcis ramulorum insidentes.—Reg. Ural.
- 63. Noma. Perianthii segmenta omnia alata. Stamina 5, disco carnoso inserta; antheræ appendiculatæ; staminodia 0.—Orient.
- 64. GIRGENSOHMA. Perianthii segmenta 2 v. plura, alata. Stamina 5, disco inserta; anthera inappendiculatæ; staminodia 5. Caulis vix articulatus.—As. occid.
- 65. Amanasis. Perianthii segmenta 2 v. plura, alata. Stamina 5; antherse vix aut non appendiculate; staminodia 5. Caulis articulatus.—Afric. 000., orient.

- †† Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora (anticum et posticum). Semen a dorse compressum. Antheræ
  apice vesicula v. membrena appendiculatæ. Staminodia 0 v. minuta.
  - 66. NANOPHYTUM. Perianthii segmenta 5, convoluta, scariosa, demum longe excrescentia, inappendiculata. Stamina 5; antherse appendice conica. Folia sparsa, acerosa.—Rey. Casp.
  - 67. Petrosmonia. Perianthii segmenta 2 v. plura. Stamina 5 v. pauciora; antheræ sæpe apice cohserentes; staminodia 0.—Orient., As. med.
    - ††† Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora (anticum et posticum). Semen a latere compressum.

#### a. Antheræ appendiculatæ.

- 68. HALOCHARIS. Perianthii segmenta 5, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5. Radicula ascendente. Folia sparsa.—As. med.
- 69. HALIMOCNEMIS. Perianthium fructiferum accrescens, basi nuceum; segmenta 3-5, basi connata, inappendiculata. Folia sparsa.—Reg. Casp.
- 70. HALANTHIUM. Perianthii segmenta 5, fructifera basi libera, immutata v. 2 exteriora dorso alata.—As. occid.
- 71. Halarchon. Perianthii segmenta 5, hyalina, basi libera. Stigma 2-lobum, indusia-tum.—Afghanistan.
- 72. PIPTOPTERA. Perianthii segmenta 5, demum indurata, 2 exteriora alis deciduis instructa.

  —Turkestan.

# b. Antheræ inappendiculatæ.

- 73. HALOGETON. Perianthii segmenta dorso demum gibba v. alata. Herb e annuæ. Hispania, Afric. bor., As. occid. et med.
- 74. Symphoma. Perianthii segmenta demum alata. Flores in capitula terminalia glomerati.

  —As, med.
- **Tribus X. Sarcobatidese.** Flores unisexuales, ebracteolati; 3 amentacei achlamydei; \$\varphi\$ axillares, perianthio demum horizontaliter alato ovario conferruminato. Utriculus membranaceus. Semen arectum, radicula infera.
  - 75. SARCOBATUS. Frutex foliis linearibus.—Amer. bor. occ.
- Subordo II. Baselleæ. Caulis volubilis (dextrorsum). Flores 4-bracteolati; bracteolæ 2 infraflorales parvæ v. minutæ ad apicem pedicelli; florales 2 infrafloralibus alternæ, amplæ, perianthio basi v. altius adnatæ. Antheræ sæpissime versatiles, alabastro posticæ. Ovulum erectum, funiculo brevi. Semen erectum.
- Tribus XI. Eubaselless. Filamenta in alabastro recta. Embryo (in genere unico notus) spiralis, albumine 0 v. parco.
  - 76. BASELLA. Flores sessiles, carnosi. Perianthii segmenta erecta, obtusa. Stigmata 3.—
    Rea. trop.
  - 77. Tournoma. Flores pedicellati, carnosuli. Perianthii segmenta patentia, obtusa. Stigmata 3.—Nov. Grenada.
  - 78. ULLUCUS. Flores pedicellati, membranacci. Perianthii segmenta patentia, caudato-acuminata. Stylus brevis, stigmate obtuso.—Andes.
- Tribus XII. Boussingaultiese. Filamenta in alabastro subapico v. demissius recurva. Embryo semi-annularis, albumine farinaceo.
  - 79. Boussingaultia. Bracteolæ florales oblongæ, obtusæ, perianthio læviores.—Amer. trop.
  - 80. ANERDERA. Bracteolæ florales naviculares, dorso longitrorsum late longeque alatæ. Styli 3.—Amer. Calid.

## GENERA EXCLUSA.

ACKIDA, Mitch. et Bosza, Linn. ad Amarantaceas pertinent, supra, 26, 29.

CRYPTOCARPUS, H. B. et K. ad Myctagineas refertur, supra, 11.

DYSPHANIA, R. Br. inter Ellecebraceas recenseter, supra, 14.

Pugionium, Gærtn., est Caryophyllea, supra, i. 96.

THELYGORUM, Linn., infra sub Urticaccis quærendum.

### TRIBUS I. CHENOPODIEÆ.

1. Acrogischia, Schrad. Cat. Hort. Gcett. 1824, ex Nees. (Blitanthus, Reichb. Cat. Hort. Dresd. 1824, ex Nees. Lecanocarpus, Nees. Pl. Hort. Bonn. 4, t. 2.)—Flores minuti, hermaphroditi, ebracteati, ebracteolati. Perianthium herbaceum, 5-partitum, basi non induratum; segmenta subsequalia v. insequalia, ovato-oblonga, subacuta, fructu

patentia. Stamina 1-3, filamentis basi dilatatis; antheræ majusculæ, didymæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium rhombeo-globosum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 brevibus subulatis suberectis; ovulum erectum, funiculo brevi. Utriculus perianthio patente inclusus, pateriformis, vertice depressus, ambitu marginatus, circumscissus, margine valvæ superioris indurato. Semen horizontale, lenticulare v. subreniforme, testa atra crustacea nitida; embryo fere annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus planis acutis, radicula infera.—Herba annua, erecta, glabriuscula, caule simplici. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, ovata, irregulariter dentata. Flores in ramos cymarum axillarium glomerati, sessiles, minimi, ramulis sterilibus acerosis suffulti, virides.

Species 1, montium Indiæ borealis et Chinæ occidentalis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 253. Genus anomalum, habitu, foliis dentatis, defectu bractearum, inflorescentia dichotoma, ramulis sterilibus acerosis cymarum, staminibus et semine horizontali Chenopodieis e sectione Botryde affine. Utriculus circumscissus Amarantacearum, a quibus differt foliis dentatis, habitu, inflorescentia et floribus ebracteolatis.

2. Habitzia, Bieb. in Mem. Soc. Nat. Mosc. v. 24; Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 54; Fl. Taur. Cauc. iii. 170.—Flores hermaphroditi, minute bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium herbaceum; segmenta 5, oblonga, obtusa, 5-nervia, fructifera stellatim patentia. Stamina 5, filamentis basi in annulum connatis; antheræ oblongæ, 2-loculares. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 brevibus demum elongatis recurvis; ovulum sessile, erectum. Utriculus perianthio stellatim patente stipatus, depresso-pateriformis, circumscissus, margine valvæ superioris incrassato. Semen horizontale, reniformi-rotundatum, compressum, testa crustacea nigra nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula centrifuga.—Herba alte scandens, glabra v. parce pilosa, caulibus sulcatis. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, triangulari-cordata, sinu profundo, acuminata, integerrima, membranacea, nervosa. Flores parvi, virides, in ramos cymarum sessiles v. terminali pedicellato; cymæ in paniculas thyrsoideas pendulas dispositæ. Stamina interdum imperfecta v. deficientia.

Species 1, Caucasica. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. 11. 254. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 754. Eichw. Pl. Casp. Cauc. t. 23.

Genus valde anomalum, an inter Amarantaceas (a quibus habitu differt, sed utriculo convenit) melius collocandum? Semina matura a nobis non visa.

3. Rhagedia, R. Br. Prod. i. 408.—Flores hermaphroditi v. monoici, rarius dioici, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium 5-lobum v. 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga v. rotundata, herbacea v. coriacea, obtusa, incurva, fructifera immutata v. parum aucta, stellatim patentia v. basin rarius verticem fructus includentia. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis subulatis compressis; antherse ovoidese, basi 2-fide, inclusse v. exsertse. Discus 0. Ovarium subglobosum; stigmata 2 rarissime 3, subulata v. linearia, intus papillosa. Bacca globosa v. depresso-globosa, pericarpio semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, depresso-lenticulare, testa crustacea; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula centrifuga.—Frutices, rarius herbse, graciles v. robusti, farinosi v. tomentelli. Folia alterna et subopposita, sessilia v. petiolata, linearia ovata oblonga v. cordata, integerrima v. sinuatolobata. Flores virides, parvi v. minuti, in glomerulos axillares et secus ramulos spicæ v. paniculæ terminalis dispositi, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bacca perianthio patente v. incurvo basi stipata, rarissime inclusa.

Species 13, omnes Australienses. Benth, Fl. Austral. v. 151. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. t. 96 (Chenopodium).

4. Lephicearpus, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1843, 55. (Wallinia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 143.)—Flores spicati, hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum; segmenta herbacea, oblonga, obtusa, concava, incurva, inappendiculata, fructifera persistentia et immutata. Stamina 5, perigyna, filamentis linearibus compressis; antheræ subexsertæ, oblongæ. Discus inconspicuus. Ovarium

VOL. III.

ovoideum, substipitatum, stigmata 3-4, crassiuscule filiformia, recurva, undique papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Fructus perianthio basi stipatus, ellipsoideus v. obovoideo-globosus, ia stipitem brevissimum contractus, 8-costatus, epicarpio carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo semini arete adhærente. Semen erectum, globosum, paulo compressum, testa atra crustacea a tegumento interiore tenuiter coriaceo secedente; embryo gracilis, albidus, annularis, albumen copiosum cingens, radicula elongata infera.—Fruticuli basi ramosi, glaberrimi, erecti, ramis gracilibus ascendentibus. Folia parva, alterna, sessilia, linearia, integerrima, carnosula. Flores virides, in spicas graciles elongatas aphyllas terminales dispositi, solitarii v. 2-3-ni; bracteæ et bracteolæ rhachi persistentes, parvæ, membranaceæ. Fructus parvus, perianthium superans, viridis.

Species 2, Capenses, altera *L. polystachyus*, Turcz. l. c., fructu ellipsoideo, altera *L. Burchellii*, Hook. f., gracilior et ramosior, foliis multo angustioribus, spicis brevioribus et gracilioribus, floribus minoribus et fructu fere globoso.

5. Aphanisma, Nutt.; Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 54.—Flores hermaphroditi, minimi, axillares, ebracteolati. Perianthii segmenta 3, subæqualia, obovato-oblonga, obtusa, inappendiculata, fructifera immutata. Stamen 1, hypogynum, filamento filiformi; anthera globoso-ellipsoidea. Discus 0. Ovarium depresso-globosum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 subulatis recurvis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio non inclusus, globosus, tenuiter 5-costatus, pericarpio tenuiter crustaceo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, lenticulare, testa crustacea tenuissima rugulosa nitida; embryo crassiusculus, annularis, albumen copiosum cingens, radicula centrifuga.—Herba annua, prostrata, gracilis, glaberrima, carnosula, ramis ascendentibus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, inferiora obovato-lanceolata v. linearia, obtusa, superiora sensim minora sessilia ovata acuta. Flores solitarii, virides. Utriculus perianthio minutissimo basi stipatus.

Species 1, Californica. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 45, ined. Nec fructum maturum nec stamen vidimus.

6. Cycloloma, Moq. Chenop. Enum. 17, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 60. (Cyclolepis, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 203, t. 9. Amoreuxia, Moq. in Mém. Soc. Hist. Nat. Monsp. 1826, ex eod. l. c. Amorea, Moq. in Delile, Cat. Hort. Monsp. 1844.)—Flores polygamomonoici v. dioici, bracteati, ebracteolati. Perianthii tubus late obconicus, in alam pateriformem horizontalem expansus; lobi 5, triangulari-ovati, obtusi, inflexi, dorso carinati. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis subulatis; antheræ late oblonga. Ovarium depressoglobosum, lanatum; stigmata 3, brevia, libera v. basi connata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus parvus, perianthio disciformi ala excrescente circumdato inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adherente. Semen horizontale, plano-orbiculare, marginibus rotundatis, testa fusca lævi nitida; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula centrifuga.—Herba erecta, ramosa, glabra v. laxe pubescens, ramulis fructiferis elongatis gracilibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, oblonga, sinuato-dentata, dentibus apice acicularibus. Flores minuti, sessiles, virides, in glomerulos secus ramulos floriferos elongatos sparsos dispositi, interdum abortu unisexuales.

Species 1, regionum interiorum Americæ borealis incola. Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. ii. t. 34 (Salsola). Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 28 (Kochia).

7. Monolepis, Schrad. Ind. Sem. Hort. Gætt. 1830; Linnæa vi. Litt. Ber. 73.— Flores minuti, polygami, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthii segmenta 1-3, inæqualia, (rarius 0), ovata v. rotundata, persistentia, fructifera immutata. Stamen 1, filamento complanato; anthera didyma. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum; stigmata 2, subulata, basi connata, intus papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio non inclusus, ovoideus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo v. celluloso semini laxe adhærente. Semen erectum, globosum, compressum, marginibus acutis v. obtusis, testa crustacea granulata; embryo annularis, albumen testæ adhærens densum cingens.

radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, glabræ v. subfarinosæ, ramosæ, ramis herbaceis et crassiusculis v. rigidis et filiformibus. Folia alterna, petiolata v. sessilia, ovata oblonga hastata v. spathulata, integra lobata v. subpinnatifida. Flores in glomerulos axillares dispositi, v. in ramulos dichotomos divaricatos capillares subsolitarii. An perianthia pro bracteis sumenda?

Species 2, Asise boreali-orientalis et Americae boreali-occidentalis incola. C. A. Mey. in Bull. Phys. Math. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ii. (1843) 131. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 85. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 49, ined. M. pusilla, Torr., habitu rigido dichotome ramosissimo, ramis ramulisque filiformibus, ultimis fere capillaribus, floribus subsolitariis remotis et perianthio 2-3-partito, a specie typica conspicue differt. M. asiatica, Fisch. et Mey. in C. A. Mey. l. c., Moq. l. c. 86, a specie Americana, M. chenopolioide, non distinguenda.

8. Chenopodium, Linn. Gen. n. 309.—Flores hermaphroditi, rarissime unisexuales, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthum 5- rarissime 1-3-4-partitum v. -lobum; lobi v. segmenta concava, incurva, dorso medio subincrassata v. carinata, inappendiculata, fructifera immutata v. rarius excrescentia succosa v. insigniter aucta. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, hypogyna v. subperigyna, filamentis interdum basi connatis; antheræ didymæ v. oblongæ. Discus 0 v. annularis. Ovarium depresso-globosum, rarius ovoideum; stylus 0, rarius elongatus; stigmata 2-5, libera v. basi rarissime in stylum elongatum connata, subulata v. filiformia; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus ovoideus et erectus v. globosus et depressus, perianthio sepius immutato marcescente v. herbaceo inclusus v. exsertus, pericarpio membranaceo v. carnosulo. Semen horizontale, rarius erectum, testa crustacea v. coriacea; embryo annularis v. fere annularis, albumen farinaceum copiosum cingens, radicula infera v. centrifuga.—Herbæ, rarius basi lignosæ, annuæ v. perennes, farinosæ v. glanduloso-pubescentes, rarius glabræ, interdum graveolentes v. aromaticæ. alterna, sessilia v. petiolata, linearia oblonga ovata deltoidea v. hastata, integerrima sinuato-dentata v. -lobata v. fere pinnatifida. Flores minuti, glomerati, glomerulis axillaribus et in spicas simplices v. ramosas terminales dispositi.

Species ad 50, in regionibus temperatis totius orbis obviæ, inter tropicos rariores. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 61 (Chenopodium) et 81 (Blitum). Walp. Ann. i. 566, iii. 302. Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 693 et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 141. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 157.

Species sub sectionibus sequentibus bene ordinantur:-

1. Chenopodiastrum, Moq. Perianthium fructiferum herbaceum v. marcescens, utriculum totum v. fere totum includens. Stigmata 2, brevia. Semen erectum, embryone perfecte annulari. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 56, f. 1 ad 13. Fl. Dan. t. 1148, 1150, 1152, 1153, 2048, 2049. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 80. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 168, Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 521. Fenzl in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 45.

OLIGANDRA, Less. in Linnæa ix. 199 (LIPANDRA, Moq. Chenop. Enum. 19; GANDRILOA, Steud. Nomencl. ed. 2; OLIGANTHERA, Endl. Gen. Suppl. i. 1377) genus conditum fuit ad specimen mancum Chenopodii polyspermi, fide C. A. Mey. in Bull. Phys. Math. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ii. 132.

- 2. Ambrina. Flores glomerati. Perianthium fructiferum 5-gonum, utriculum includen«. Stamina 5. Stigmata 3-4, brevia v. elongata. Semen horizontale, rarius erectum, embryone imperfecte annulari. Herbæ glandulosæ, aromaticæ. Huc pertinent C. ambrosioides, Linn., Wight, Ic. t. 1786; C. multifidum, Linn., aliæque. Ambrina, Spach, Suites Buff. v. 295. Fenzl in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 46, 47.
- 3. Botrydium. Flores dichotome cymosi, sessiles. Perianthium fructiferum utriculum includens v. semi-includens, post utriculum delapsum persistens. Stamina 1-5. Stigmata brevia. Semen horizontale, embryone imperfecte annulari. Herbæ glandulosæ v. rarius glaberrimæ. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 253. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 56, f. 14, 15. BOTRYDIUM, Spach, Suites Buff. v. 298. TRLOXYS, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 289, t. 10, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 59, est Chenopodii species e sectione Botrydio, etsi tota glaberrima, eglandulosa, foliis integerrimis.
- 4. Orthosporum (R. Br. non aliorum). Flores glomerati. Perianthium fructiferum erectum, utriculum includens. Stamina sepissime solitaria. Stigmata 2, capillaria. Semen erectum, embryone imperfecte annulari. Herbæ glandulosæ. Species 4 Australianse, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 162, et una Chilensis, Colla, Pl. Rar. Chil., t. 50. Porianthii fructiferi segmenta in C. cristato inordinate ampliata cristataque, in C. caristato modice aucta.

- 5. Blitum. Flores glomerati. Perianthii segmenta 1-5, fructiferum baccatum, succulentum, utriculum includens. Stamina 1-5. Stigmata brevia. Semina omnia erecta v. in parte superiore glomeruli alia erecta alia horizontalia, embryone imperfecte annulari. Herbæ glabræ, glandulosæ v. leviter farinosæ. BLITUM, Linn. Gen. n. 14, Gertn. Fruct. ii. t. 126. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 58. Lam. Illustr. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 276. Monocarpus, Monoch, Meth. 342.
- 6. Pseudoblitum. Perianthium fructiferum vix v. non baccatum, seepe breve. Czetera Bliti. Sect. Orthosporum, C. A. Mey. in Ledeb. Fl. Alt. i. 13, non R. Br. Hic includuntur C. rubrum, Linn., Gzerta. Fruct. i. t. 75, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 57, Fl. Dan. t. 1149; C. glaucum, Linn., Fl. Dan. t. 1151; et C. (Blitum) antarcticum, Hook. f. Oxybasis, Kar. et Kir. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1841, 738, est fide Bungei in litt. C. rubri, Linn., forma depauperata.
- 7. Rhagodioides, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 158. Perianthium fructiferum utriculum includens. Stamina 5. Stigmata 2, crassa, villosa. Ovarium tomentosum. Semen erectum. Frutex spinescens, habitu Rhagodiæ.
- 8. Agathophyton. Perianthium fructiferum utriculum semi-includens. Stamina 5. Stigmata 2-5, elongata. Semen erectum, embryone perfecte annulari. Herba glaberrima, eglandulosa. Fl. Dan. t. 579. Agathophyton, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 291, t. 10c. Orthosporum, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 58.
- 9. Roubieva, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 292, t. 10, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 80.— Flores minuti, hermaphroditi v. abortu fœminei, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium urceolatum, breviter 5-lobum, lobis rotundatis, post anthesin accrescens, coriaceum, elongato-ellipsoideum v. obovoideum, ore mox clauso utriculum basi includens. Stamina 5, filamentis crassiusculis; antheræ ovoideæ. Discus 0. Ovarium globosum, compressum; stigmata 2-5, filiformia v. subulata, basi connata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio aucto thecæformi inclusus, globosus, compressus, pericarpio tenuiter membranaceo friabili semini laxe adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, leviter compressum, testa crustacea lævi; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum testæ adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ ramosæ, glanduloso-puberulæ, odorem ambrosiacum spirantes. Folia parva, alterna, subsessilia, sinuato-dentata v. subpinnatifida. Perianthia fructifera pedicellata, dense conferta, sæpe subverticillata, apice rotundata v. retusa, basi attenuata, reticulatione nervosa, utriculum laxe includentia.

Species 2, Americæ tropicæ et temperatæ incolæ, quarum una in orbe vetere subspontanea. Fencl in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 151, t. 48.

Species adhuc confusæ sed bene distinctæ: 1. R. multifida, Moq. l.c., perianthio fructifero globoso. 2. R. bonariensis, Hook. f., perianthio fructifero elongato ellipsoideo.

10. Beta, Linn. Gen. n. 310.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium urceolatum, basi ovario adhærens, fructiferum clausum induratum v. nuceum, 5-fidum; lobi erecti v. inflexi, dorso medio costati. Stamina 5, perigyna, filamentis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium semi-inferum et disco crassiusculo cinctum, depresso-globosum; stigmata 2-3, rarius plura, brevia, subulata, basi connata, intus papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Fructus infra medium perianthio indurato adnatus, vertice lobis ejus inclusus, pericarpio superne carnoso v. indurato semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, orbiculare v. reniforme, rostellatum, testa coriacea lævi; embryo annularis v. fere annularis, albumen copiosum cingens, radicula centrifuga.—Herbæ glabræ, radice carnosa, caulibus subsucculentis erectis v. procumbentibus sulcatis. Flores parvuli, 3-ni v. glomerati, rarius solitarii, glomerulis axillaribus et in spicas terminales simplices v. paniculatas dispositis.

Species enumerate ad 13, sed ab auctoribus inordinate multiplicate, in Europa, Africa boreali, et Asia temperata indigene et culte. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 54. Walp. Ann. i. 565, iii. 302, 926, v. 727. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 898. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 75. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 67. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 35. Webb, Phytog. Canar. iii. t. 201, 202. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 254. Fl. Dan. t. 1571.

11. Orsebliten, Durieu et Moq. in Duchart. Rev. Bot. ii. 428, et Explor. Alger. t. 79.—Flores hermaphrodati, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium basi demum induratum, 5-partitum; segmenta lineari-oblonga, obtusa, ecostata, fructifera stellatim patentia.

Stamina 5, disco perigyno inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi dilatatis; antheræ magnæ, late oblongæ. Ovarium basi disco adnatum, ovoideum; stigmata 2, brevia, subulata, divaricata, basi connata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus basi perianthio patente stipatus, globoso-ovoideus, pericarpio crustaceo rugoso semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo annularis, albumen parcum cingens, cotyledonibus planiusculis, radicula crassiuscula centrifuga.—Herba humilis, rupicola, glaberrima, caudice lignoso tortuoso, ramis numerosissimis erectis v. ascendentibus gracilibus flexuosis. Folia alterna, petiolata, elliptico- v. subrhombeo-ovata oblonga v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores parvi, axillares, sessiles v. pedicellati, solitarii v. in ramulos breves dispositi.

Species 1, Algeriensis. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 58. Coss. et Dur. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. ii. 367.

# TRIBUS II. ATRIPLICEÆ.

12. Spinacia, Linn. Gen. n. 1112.—Flores dioici, rarissime hermaphroditi, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-5-partitum; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, inappendiculata. Stamina 4-5, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis capillaribus; antheræ longe exsertæ, late didymæ. Discus et ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium subglobosum, 2-4-dentatum, tubo accrescente fructifero clauso utriculum includente inappendiculato v. basin versus spinis 2 oppositis elongatis aucto. Ovarium subglobosum; stigmata 4-5, capillaria, ima basi connata, longe exserta; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthii tubo cartaligineo v. indurato inermi v. 2-spinoso inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo semini arctissime adhærente. Semen erectum, turgidum, leviter compressum, basi rostellatum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, erectæ, glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, triangulari-ovata v. hastata, integerrima v. sinuato-dentata. Flores glomerati; glomeruli subglobosi, 2 sæpius axillares, 3 in spicas terminales interruptas dispositi, perianthiis fructiferis interdum connatis.

Species 4, Orientales, quarum 2 ubique cultæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 117. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 126. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 66. Lam. Ill. t. 814. Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 711. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 905. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 324. Wight, Ic. t. 818.

13. Exomis, Fenzl; Moq. Chenop. Enum. 49, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 89, excl. sp. n. 2.—Flores monoici, cum paucis hermaphroditis. Fl. 3 ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum; segmenta obovata, concava, inappendiculata, ecostata. Stamina 5, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis complanatis basi connatis; antheræ exsertæ, didymæ. Discus et ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. Q 1-3, inter bracteas 2 laterales oppositas folio stipatas æquales v. inæquales post anthesin non accrescentes sessiles. Perianthium 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, furfuraceum; stigmata 2, v. in ovariis lateralibus 2 in intermedio 3. subulata, basi connata v. subdiscreta, undique papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus bracteis non inclusus, ovoideus, compressus, pericarpio tenui laxo friabili furfuraceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, globosum, compressum, v. ellipsoideum, testa dense coriacea fusca nitida; embryo annularis, albumen densum testæ adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Frutex albo-furfuraceus, dichotome ramosissimus, ramis flexuosis tenuiter costatis. Folia parva, alterna, sessilia v. breviter petiolata, ovata lanceolata v. Flores parvi; & glomerati, glomerulis apices versus ramulorum hastata, 1-nervia. axillaribus et in spicas terminales densifioras dispositis, 2 cum masculis immixti v. sine ordine dispositi; bracteæ foliis longiores v. breviores, basi planæ v. concavæ.

Species 1, Africa australis et ins. Sancta Helena incola. E. albicans, Moq., est Atriplicis species.

14. Atriplex, Linn. Gen. n. 1153.—Flores monoici v. dioici. Fl. & ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium 3-5-partitum; segmenta obovata v. oblonga, obtusa. Stamina 3-5, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis liberis v. basi connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. conicum. Fl. Q singuli 2-bracteolati; bracteolæ excrescentes, fructiferæ dilatatæ basi v. altius connatæ, thecam sæpe 2-labiatam fructiferam formantes, rarius

omnino liberse. Perianthium 0, rarissime masculo consimile. Discus et staminum rudimenta 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. depresso-globosum; stigmata 2, subulata v. filiformia, basi connata; ovulum obliquum v. erectum funiculo brevi, v. inversum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus bracteolis inordinate auctis inclusus, v. earum basibus immersus, pericarpio membranaceo semini rarius adhærente. Semen erectum v. inversum, rarius horizontale, testa membranacea coriacea v. fere crustacea; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, radicula infera ascendente descendente v. rarius centrifuga.—Herbæ v. frutices plus minusve squamulis lepidotis operti v. furfuracei, v. cinerei. Folia alterna, rarius opposita, sessilia v. petiolata, linearia oblonga ovata deltoidea v. hastata, angulata sinuato-dentata v. integerrima. Flores glomerati, glomerulis axillaribus sessilibus v. in spicas simplices paniculatasve dispositis, masc. et form. sæpe immixti.

Species ad 100, regionum temperatarum et subtropicarum totius orbis incolæ, pleræque salsuginosæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 90. Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 715; Ic. t. 41 ad 43, 46. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 906. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. ix. 103, et in Bot. Calif. ii. 50, ined. Bunge in Act. Hort. Petrop. v. 642. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 165. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 75. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 63. Spach, Suites Buff. t. 68. Reichb. Iconogr. Eur. t. 16. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 103, 221, 250. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 347 ad 350. Fl. Dan. t. 1284-7, 1638, 2226, 2466. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 963. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 249. Delile, Fl. Egypt. t. 52. Wight, Ic. t. 1787. Colla, Pl. Rar. Chili, t. 49.

Obione, Gærin. Fruct. ii. 198 t. 126. Moq. in DC. l. c. 106. (Halinus, Wallr. Sched. Crit. 117. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 64). Genus quoad species europæas sat distinctum, bracteolis fructiferis altius connatis, utriculo sæpe basi ejus adnato, semine inverso et testa tenuiore, arcte tamen cum Atriplice connectitur mediantibus speciebus pluribus exoticis, et a botanicis recentioribus rejicitur. Species genuinæ sunt: A. pedunculata, Linn., Fl. Dan. t. 304; A. portulacoides, Linn.; Fl. Dan. t. 1889, A. vernicifera, Bieb., Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 144; aliæ, plus minus ambiguæ, delineatæ in Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 962, Wight, Ic. t. 1788 ad 1790.

THELEOPHYTON. Moq. in DC. l. c. 115 (Atriplex sect. Theleophyton, Hook. f. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 279; Fl. Tasman. i. 315, t. 95. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 179) a congeneribus differt epidermide cellulis crystallinis consperso, et utriculo bracteolis contrarie compresso.

PTEROCHITON, Torr. in Frem. Rep. 318, est A. canescens, James, species bracteolis late 2-4-alatis thecam clausam efficientibus, ut in Grayia, sed radicula supera et bracteolæ non conduplicatæ.

ENDOLEPIS, Torr. in A. Gray, Bot. Stevens Exped. 47, t. 3, est Atriplex Endolepis, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. ix. 110 (Koshia dioica, Nutt.).

15. Grayta, Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. 387.—Flores dioici, rarius monoici. Fl. debracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium 4-5-partitum; segmenta obovata, incurva, inappendiculata, ecostata. Stamina 4-5, disco depresso inserta, filamentis subulatis; antheræ inclusæ, magnæ, didymæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0? Fl. 2 2-bracteolati, bracteolæ conduplicatæ, obcompressæ, carinatæ, fructiferæ dorso latissime alatæ, marginibus connatis. Perianthium 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum; stigmata 2, filiformia; ovulum erectum, subsessile. Utriculus theca (e bracteis 2 constante) orbiculari obcompressa latissime 2-rarius 3-alata utrinque 2-loba reticulatim venosa inclusus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, testa tenuiter coriacea, brunnea; embryo annularis, gracilis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus compressis, radicula elongata infera.—Frutices erecti, ramosi, rigidi, ramulis interdum spinescentibus, partibus novellis furfuraceis. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia obovata v. spathulata, obtusa, integerrima, carnosula. Flores d'minuti, glomerati, axillares, pedicellati, 2 racemosi. Fructus pro planta magnus, pendulus.

Species 2, America boreali-occidentalis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii, ii, 119. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 56 incd. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 271. A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. xi. 101.

16. Suckleya, A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. xi. 103.—Flores monoici. Fl. & chracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium subglobosum, membranaceum, 3-4-partitum; segmenta 2 opposita ceteris majora, spathulata, obtusa, inappendiculata. Stamina 3-4, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis brevibus latiusculis planis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarii rudimentum conicum. Fl. Q 2-bracteolati; bracteolæ conduplicatæ, obcompressæ,

carinate, infra medium connate, fructiferæ dorso anguste alatæ, alis crenulatis. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum; stigmata 2, brevia, filiformia; ovulum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus theca (e bracteis 2 constante) triangulari-ovata basi hastata apice 2-fida inclusus, late ovoideus, subacutus, compressus, pericarpio tenuiter membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, orbiculare, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea brunnea; embryo hippocrepicus v. fere annularis, albumen copiosum cingens, radicula supera.—Herba carnosula, tenuiter furfuracea, ramis ascendentibus foliosis. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata orbicularia v. subrhombea, repando-dentata. Flores minuti, glomerati, glomerulis axillaribus, & in ramulis superiores.

Species 1, Montium Scopulosorum Americae borealis incola. A. Gray, Bot. Stevens Exped. 47, t. 4 (Obione). S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. ix. 111 (Atriplex). Bracteolae ut in Grayia conduplicatae, axi contrario compressae, nec ut in Atriplice planae v. concavae.

17. Eurotta, Adans. Fam. ii. 260. (Krascheninnikovia, Güldenst. in Nov. Comm. Petr. xvi. 548 t. 17. Diotis, Schreb. Gen. 633. Güldenstædtia, Neck. Elem. ii. 204. Ceratospermum, Pers. Syn. ii. 551.)—Flores dioici v. monoici. Fl. & apices versus ramulorum dense spicatim congesti, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium 4-partitum; segmenta 4, obovata, concava, obtusa, inappendiculata, ecostata. Stamina 4, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ exsertæ, majusculæ, didymæ. Discus et ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 axillares, 2-bracteati; bracteæ conduplicatæ, obcompressæ, connatæ, apicibus liberis, longissime sericeo-pilosæ, demum clausæ, utriculum includentes. Perianthium 0. Ovarium ellipsoideum, compressum, sericeum; stigmata 2, filiformia, papillosa, basi connata; ovulum sessile. Utriculus in theca (e bracteis 2 constante) obcompressa clausa coriacea venosa apice 2-cornuta longe sericeo-villosa demum sæpe longitrorsum 4-valvi inclusus, ellipsoideus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen obovato-cuneiforme, compressum, basi rostellatum, testa membranacea albumini adhærente; embryo hippocrepicus, cotyledonibus lineari-oblongis radicula elongata infera latioribus. — Fruticuli v. herbæ, erectæ stellato-tomentosæ v. lanuginosæ, ramosæ, ramulis teretibus. Folia parva, alterna v. fasciculata, sessilia v. breviter petiolata, lineari-oblonga ovata v. subcordata, obtusa, integerrima, marginibus recurvis. Flores minuti, villis bractearum fl. 2 sape argenteis v. castaneis nitidis.

Species 3, v. unius varietates, Rossiæ australis, Asiæ occidentalis et centralis, Indiæ borealioccidentalis, et Americæ boreali-occidentalis incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prodr. xiii. ii. 120. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 55, ined. Gært. Fruct. ii. 210, t. 128 (Axyris). Lam. Ill. t. 753, f. 1 (Axyris). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 189 (Axyris). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 65 (Diotis).

Cotyledones in specie Californica (ut bene notavit S. Watson) lati viridesque, in Asiatica angustiores et albi.

18. Ceratocarpus, Linn. Gen. n. 1035.—Flores monoici. Fl. & minimi, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthii tubus brevis, infundibularis; segmenta 2, hyalina, obtusa, glabra. Stamen 1, filamento brevi; anthera magna, didyma, inclusa. Discus et ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. & bracteis 2 conduplicatis obcompressis arcte connatis dorso longe 2-aristatis inclusi. Perianthium 0. Ovarium minutum, orbiculare, pilosum; stigmata 2, capillaria, undique papillosa, basi connata; ovulum sessile. Utriculus theca (e bracteis 2 constante) clausa obcuneata coriacea 2-spinosa complanata inclusus, elongato-obovoideus, compressus, apice setosus, pericarpio tenuissimo semini arctissime adhærente. Semen erectum, utriculo conforme, testa membranacea; embryo elongato-hippocrepicus, albumen parcum testæ adhærens cingens, cotyledonibus elongatis acutis viridibus, radicula gracili infera.—Herba humilis, annua, stellatim puberula, dichotome ramosissima, ramulis intertextis divaricatis ultimis acicularibus. Folia alterna, in plantis junioribus elongato-lanceolata, apice spinescentia, 1-nervia; in maturis acicularia v. pungentia, rigida. Flores axillares, & in axillis supremis, valde inconspicui, solitarii v. fasciculati; & numerosi, solitarii.

Species 1, Asia occidentalis a Persia ad Affghanistaniam indigena. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 121. Gartn. Fruct. ii. t. 127. Lam. Ill. t. 741.

#### TRIBUS III. CAMPHOROSMEÆ.

19. Axyris, Linn. Gen. n. 1047.—Flores monoici, ebracteati et ebracteolati, pilosi v. villosi. Fl. of superiores, minuti. Perianthium hyalinum, 3-5-partitum; segmenta parva, obovata v. elliptica. Stamina 2-5, filamentis linearibus; anthere didyme, exsertse. Discus et ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 solitarii, axillares. Perianthium 3-4partitum, segmenta inæqualia, antico et postico sæpius majoribus, demum scariosa, fructifera immutata v. parum aucta. Discus 0. Ovarium minutum, orbiculare, compressum; stigmata 2, filiformia, sæpius longissima, basi connata; ovulum sessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, obovoideo-cuneatus, compressus v. sphæricus, apice breviter alatus v. cristatus, crista 2-loba v. cristis 2 auriculæformibus rarius evanidis, pericarpio membranaceo semini arcte adhærente sæpe excentrice striato. Semen erectum, cuneato-obovoideum, compressum, testa membranacea; embryo albus, gracilis, hippocrepicus, albumen copiosum grosse granulosum cingens, cotyledonibus elongatis compressis, radicula infera. -Herbæ annuæ, stellato-pilosæ v. tomentosæ v. glabriusculæ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores & sæpissime in glomerulos terminales dispositi, staminibus cum perianthii segmentis irregulariter immixtis, rarius solitarii, ? in axillis fere omnibus solitarii v. masculis immixti.

Species 5-6, Asiæ borealis et centralis incolæ, quarum una etiam in America maxime borealioccidentali indigena. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 116, excl. sp. n. 4 et 6. Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl.
Ross. iii. 712. Gmel. Fl. Sib. iii. t. 3, 4, male. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 285 b. A. sphærosperma,
Fisch., fructu sphærico acute marginato apice exappendiculato a nobis non visa.

20. Microgyaccium, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores monoici, minuti. Fl. o superiores, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium hyalinum, 5-lobum, lobis obtusis. Stamina 1-4, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ late didymæ, longe exsertæ. Fl. Q intra bracteolas 2 axillares laterales sessiles, solitarii v. conferti; bracteolæ herbaceæ, ovatæ, acutæ, inter se liberæ, fructiferæ immutatæ. Perianthium 0. Ovarium oblique orbiculare; stigmata 2, capillaria, basi connata; ovulum sessile. Utriculus oblique ovoideus, turgidus, compressus, processubus conicis conspersus, et apicem versus cristis minutis 1-2 auriculæformibus auctus, pericarpio tenuissimo semini laxe adhærente. Semen erectum, utriculo conforme, testa tenuiter coriacea lævi; embryo gracilis, albidus, hippocrepicus, albumen grosse granulosum cingens, cotyledonibus elongatis semiteretibus, radicula infera.—Herba pusilla, annua, humifusa, ramosa, glaberrima v. sparsissime farinosa. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, acuta, integerrima. Flores minimi, inter folia absconditi, glomerati.

Species 1, Himalayæ Tibeticæ incola. Genus anomalum, Atriplicem quoad indumentum folia et flores 2 nudos, et Exomidem quoad bracteas, in mentem revocans; sed flores 3 utriculus et semina omnino Axyridis.

21. Camphorosma, Linn. Gen. n. 164. (Camforosma, C. A. Mey. in Led. Fl. Alt. i. 150.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, in spicas breves dispositi, bracteati, ebracteolati. Perianthium oblongum, compressum, hirsutum v. ciliatum, 4-5-dentatum, dentibus 2 lateralibus nervis crassioribus, fructiferum immutatum ore fere clauso. Stamina 4-5, hypogyna, filamentis elongatis compressis; antheræ magnæ, oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum elongatum gracilem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2-3 capillaribus undique papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio membranaceo inclusus, obovoideus v. oblongus, rectus v. leviter obliquus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, obovoideo-cuneatum, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo hippocrepicus, viridis, albumen testæ adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Fruticuli v. herbæ basi lignosæ, plus minusve tomentosæ, ramis floriferis sæpius elongatis erectis v. ascendentibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, subulata v. acicularia, in ramulos breves dense squarrosa. Flores in spiculas apices versus ramulorum terminales et laterales dispositi, intra bracteas reconditi.

Species 4 v. 5, Europæ australis et Asiæ centralis et occidentalis incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 125. Walp. Ann. v. 729. Gærtn. f. Fruot. iii. t. 213. Lam. Ill. t. 86. Noes, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monoohl. n. 60. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 63. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 57, 58.

22. Panderia, Fisch. et Mey. Ind. ii. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 46.—Flores hermaphroditi et fœminei, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium urceolatum v. turbinatum, hirsutum, æqualiter 5-lobum; lobi dorso infra apicem tuberculati v. appendice parva transversa aucti, fructiferi immutati conniventes. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, subacutum; stylus brevis, stigmatibus 2 capillaribus; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini adhærente. Semen erectum, late obovoideum, leviter compressum, testa coriacea; embryo hippocrepicus, albumen testæ adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, erectæ, ramosæ, sericeo-pilosæ, caulibus ramulisque gracilibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, parva, linearia v. oblongo-lanceolata, obtusa, integerrima. Flores minuti, solitarii v. 2-4-ni, sessiles, secus ramulos axillares et in spicas terminales foliatas dispositi, pilis sericeis immersi.

Species 1 (an plures?) Asiæ occidentalis et centralis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 124. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 919. Planta cum Salsola arenaria, Kochia Sieversiana et Echmopsilo hyssopifolio in herbariis confusa.

23. Exilovia, Bunge, Del. Sem. Hort. Dorpat. 1843-7.—Flores hermaphroditi et fceminei, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium oblongo-ellipsoideum, compressum, hirsutum, membranaceum, ore parvo 4-5-dentato, fructiferum immutatum. Stamina 4-5, hypogyna, filamentis elongatis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 filiformibus undique papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio sicco inclusus, obovoideus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, obovoideum v. sub-cuneiforme, compressum, marginibus rotundatis, testa coriacea; embryo elongato-hippocrepicus, albumen testæ arcte adhærens cingens, cotyledonibus elongatis, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, graciles, sericeo-pilosæ, ramosæ. Folia alterna, opposita v. sub-verticillata, sessilia, ovata linearia v. lanceolata, acuta, integerrima. Flores minuti, inter folia occlusi, dense sericei v. villosi.

Species 3 v. 4, Asiæ centralis et Affghanistaniæ incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 125 et 117 (Axyris villosa). Genus habitu, forma perianthii elongati 5-dentati et dentibus non tuberculatis a Panderia diversum.

#### TRIBUS IV. CORISPERMEA.

24. Cortspermum, Linn. Gen. n. 12.—Flores hermaphroditi, foliaceo-bracteati, ebracteolati. Perianthium minutum, compressum; segmenta 1-3, inæqualia, postico majore, erecta, late oblonga v. lanceolata, tenuiter 1-nervia, scariosa, fructifera immutata. Stamina 1-5, hypogyna; filamentis inæqualibus compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, longe exsertæ. Ovarium e perianthio exsertum, ovatum, compressum, marginatum; stigmata 2, subulata, recurva, basi connata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus ellipsoideus v. orbicularis, compressus, plano-convexus, induratus, ambitu marginatus v. alatus, pericarpio membranaceo semini arcte adhærente. Semen erectum, plano-compressum, testa pallida coriacea; embryo gracilis, annularis, albumen copiosum testæ arcte adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, graciles, diffuse ramosæ, demum rigidæ, glabræ v. pubescentes, ramis sæpe divaricatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, angusta, rigidula, integerrima, floralia latiora sæpius nervosa et albo-marginata. Flores in spicas breves et densifloras v. elongatas et laxifloras ramulos terminantes dispositi, bracteis velati. Perianthii foliola et utriculi ala rarius evanida.

Species ad 8, Europse australis et Asise centralis et occidentalis incolse, una in China, altera in America boreali-occidentali indigena. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 140. Walp. Ann. v. 732. S.

Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 56, ined. Gartn. Fruct. i. t. 75. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 75. Lam. Ill. t, 5, Sibsh. Fl. Grec. t. 1. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 98.

25. Anthochlamys, Fenzl in Endl. Gen. Pl. 300.—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati, foliaceo-bracteati, ebracteolati. Perianthium compressum, tenuisaime membranaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta erecta, oblonga, plana, apice 2-loba, tenuiter 1-nervia, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, basi perianthii inserta, subperigyna, filamentis compressis perianthio sequilongis; antherse lineari-oblongse. Discus inconspicuus. Ovarium orbiculare, complanatum; stigmata 2, brevia, crassa, obtusa, suberecta, basi connata; ovulum subsessile. Fructus orbicularis, complanatus, ala scariosa circumdatus, basi perianthii involutus, pericarpio tenui semini arcte adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea; embryo annularis, albumen copiosum testæ adhærens cingens, radicula gracili infera.—Herba annua, ramosa, glaberrima, Polygalam referens, ramis divaricatis fere nudis viridibus. Folia pauca, sparsa, sessilia, inferiora elliptica, obtusa v. mucronata; superiora linearia, acuta; floralia parva, ovato-lanceolata. Flores parvi, in spicas ramulos terminantes dispositi, in axillis bractearum solitarii, sessiles.

Species 1, Persize et regionis Caucasicse incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 142. Jaub. et Spack, Rl. Pl. Or. iii. t. 299.

26. Agriophyllum, Bieb. Fl. Taur. Cauc. iii. 6, in adnot.—Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati, ebracteolati, in spiculas breves longe spinescentes dispositi. Perianthium complanatum, 5-partitum, scariosum; segmenta a basi libera, erecta, obonga v. lanceolata, obtass, apice erosa, antico majore, 2 posticis angustioribus, lateralibus anguste linearibus, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, hypogyna, filamentis compressis; antheræ breves, oblongæ, subexsertæ. Ovarium complanatum, ala rigida superne in laminam erosam v. late 2-cornutam producta; stylus basi dilatatus, complanatus, stigmatibus 2 erecto-recurvis intus papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Fructus glaber v. pubescens, complanatus, chartaceus, oblongus v. fere orbicularis, late alatus v. crasse coriaceus et superne in spinas 2 rigidas stylo rigido terminatas productus, loculo in parte inferiore fructus orbiculari v. ellipsoideo, pericarpio semini non adhærente demum facie dorsali fenestratim v. irregulariter rupto. Semen erectum, orbiculare v. ellipsoideum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo gracilis, annularis, albumen copiosum testæ arcte adhærens cingens, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ, rigidæ, a basi divaricatim ramosæ, glabræ v. pilis stellatis tomentellæ. Folia alterna, sessilia v. petiolata, ovata orbicularia v. linearilanceolata, integerrima, pungenti, 3-x-nervia nervis parallelis v. penninervia. Flores in axillis bractearum solitarii; bracteæ imbricatæ, a basi vaginante recurvæ et longe spinosæ, axillis interdum barbellatis.

Species 4, Asiæ centralis et occidentalis incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 139. Walp. Ann. v. 731. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 99 (Corispermum).

## TRIBUS V. POLYCNEMEA.

27. Polyenemum, Linn. Gen. n. 53.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium membranaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta subœqualia, subulatolanceolata, acuminata, erecta, fructifera immutata. Stamina 1-5, sæpius 3, disco tenui inserta, filamentis basi connatis subulatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium oblongo-ovoideum, compressum v. late ovoideum; stigmata 2, parva, subulata, basi connata; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, compressus, ovoideo-oblongus umbonatus v. subglobosus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, lenticulare, testa crustacea granulata; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula ascendente v. supera.—Herbæ annuæ, prostratæ, ramosæ, glabræ v. pubescentes, ramulis verrucosis foliosis. Folia alterna, conferta, sessilia, subulata, basi dilatata, rigida. Flores minuti, in axillis foliorum solitarii, sessiles; bracteolæ subulatæ, pungentes, perianthio æquilongæ v. longiores.

Species 3 v. 4, Europæ mediæ et australis, Africæ borealis, et Asiæ occidentalis incolæ, in Bonaria introductæ. Mog. in DO. Prod. xiii. ii. 334. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 128. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 76. Jaog. Fl. Austr. t. 365.

Genus inter Amarantaceas et Chenopodiaceas quasi medium.

28. **Eemichroa**, Br. Prod. 409.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium subherbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta erecta, ovata, acuminata, æqualia, concava, 3-nervia, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, v. 2 unilateralia, hypogyna, filamentis subulatis ima basi connatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ v. didymæ. Ovarium orbiculare v. late ovoideum, rectum v. valde obliquum, compressum, in stylum brevem v. elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 brevibus; ovulum ab apice funiculi basilaris pendulum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, ovoideus v. orbicularis, compressus, acutus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, reniforme v. lenticulare, rostellatum, testa crustacea castanea nitida; embryo imperfecte annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula ascendente v. supera.—Herbæ v. fruticuli humiles, glabri, succulenti, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia, semiteretia, mucronulata, floralia basi dilatata. Flores sessiles, parvi, albi; bracteolæ rigidæ, late ovatæ, scariosæ, perianthio breviores.

Species 2 v. 3, littorales, Australienses. Renth. Fl. Austral. v. 211. F. Mucll. Lithogr. Pl. Vict. t. 77, incd.

29. **Witrophila**, S. Wats. in Bot. King's Exped. 297; Bot. Calif. ii. 43 ined.—Flores hermaphroditi, 2-bracteolati, bracteolis foliaceis florem excedentibus. Perianthium chartaceo-membranaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta erecta, ovato-oblonga, acuta, concava, 1-nervia, interiora minora, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, perigyna; filamentis filiformibus basi inter se liberis; antheræ subglobosæ. Ovarium rhombeo-ovoideum; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus 2 subulatis; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, ovoideus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, lenticulare, margine acuto, testa nitidula nigra; embryo . . .—Herba pusilla, glabra, subsucculenta, dichotome ramosa, ramis subarticulatis. Folia opposita, sessilia, lineari-subulata, acuta, semi-teretia, integerrima, carnosula. Flores parvi, axillares, solitarii, sessiles, albi.

Species 1, Americae boreali-occidentalis incola. *Moq. in DC. Prod.* xiii. ii. 279 (*Banaliae sect. Idiopsis*). Seminum a nobis non visorum characterem ex descriptione S. Watsoni excerpsimus.

#### TRIBUS VI. CHENOLEÆ.

30. Chenelea, Thunb. Nov. Gen. 10.—Flores hermaphroditi et fœminei, axillares, ebracteati et bracteolati. Perianthium turbinatum globosum v. orbiculare et depressum, villosum v. tomentosum, rarissime glabrum, 5-lobum, lobis incurvis, fructiferum auctum lobis dorso in spinas v. cornua patentia productis rarius inermibus v. inappendiculatis. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis compressis brevibus v. elongatis; anthere oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum brevem v. elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 v. 3 capillaribus undique papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio crustaceo v. coriaceo sæpe valde depresso lobis inflexis dorso productis inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo v. vertice indurato semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, orbiculare, ad hilum emarginatum v. rostellatum, testa membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea; embryo annularis, gracilis v. robustus, albumen parcum testæ adhærens cingens, radicula centrifuga.—Herbæ basi lignosæ, rarius annuæ, v. fruticuli erecti et decumbentes, sæpissime tomentosi sericei v. pilosi, ramulis teretibus v. angulatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia v. lanceolata, interdum teretia et carnosula, integerrima. Flores minuti, solitarii v. glomerati, sessiles, glomerulis interdum lana immersis.

Species ad 20, Europæ mediæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæ temperatæ, et Australiæ incolæ, una borealiamericana, altera Capensis. Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

1. Euchenoles. Perianthium fructiferum immutatum, lobis dorso infra apicem minute tuberculatis.

Prester typum generis, C. diffusam, Thunb., speciem capensem (Echinopsilon diffusum, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii, ii. 187), hic includimus C. lanatam, Moq. l. c. 129; C. comarionsom, Webb. Phytog. Canar. t. 200; C. carnosam et C. Dallachyanam, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 190, 191.

2. Echinopsilon. Perianthii lobi omnes v. nonnulli dorso sub apice in spinas producti. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 106 (Salsola). Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 32 ad 38, 45, 46 (Sueda). Echinopsilon, Mog. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 127, et in DC. l. c. 134, sp. 1-8. Walp. Ann. v. 929. Willemetia, Marchl. in Schrad. Journ. Bot. i. 329. VILLEMETIA, Mog. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 206, t. 9. Bassia, All. Misc. Taur. iii. 177, t. 4, ex Mog. Kochiz sect. Bassia, Boise. Fl. Or. iv. 925.

LONDESIA, Fisch. et Mey. Ind. ii. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 40 (Kochia latifolia, Fres. var. inermis, Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 927) est Chenoleæ species, perianthio abbreviato tenuissimo longissime villoso parte inferiore utriculi arctissime adhærente: planta Kochiam supra dictam (quæ Echinopeilon eriphorum, Moq.) miro modo simulans, et cum Kirilovia eriantha in herbariis confusa.

De formis singularibus australiensibus confer Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 189, quarum C. Muelleri, Benth. et C. sclerolanoides, F. Muell. (Eriochiton, F. Muell. 2nd Gen. Report. 15) transitum ad Sclerolanom monstrant.

31. Ecchia, Roth in Schrad. Journ. Bot. i. 307 t. 2.—Flores hermaphroditi et fœminei, axillares, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Perianthium subglobosum urceolatum v. orbiculare et depressum, 5-lobum, lobis incurvis, fructiferum coriaceum, lobis dorso v. tubo infra lobos in alas horizontales membranaceas v. scariosas distinctas v. confluentes excrescentibus. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis brevibus v. elongatis compressis; antheræ magnæ, late oblongæ v. didymæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum sæpe gracilem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2-3 capillaribus undique papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio coriaceo lobis inflexis inclusus, depresso-globosus, pericarpio membranaceo v. vertice coriaceo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, orbiculare, depressum, ad hilum emarginatum v. breviter rostellatum, testa membranacea; embryo gracilis v. robustus, annularis, albumen parcum testæ adhærens cingens, viridis, cotyledonibus plano-convexis, radicula centrifuga.—Herbæ basi sæpe lignosæ v. fruticuli, villosi sericeotomentosi v. rarius glabri, ramis gracilibus sæpe brachiatis. Folia alterna, rarissime subopposita, sessilia, linearia v. oblonga, rarius lanceolata, plana teretia v. carnosula, interdum minuta, integerrima. Flores parvi v. minuti, sessilos, solitarii v. glomerati.

Species ad 30, Europa mediæ, Asiæ temperatæ, et Africæ borealis et australis incolæ, una in America boreali-occidentali, altera in India tropica indigena.—Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 130, excl. sp. n. 11. Walp. Ann. i. 567; iii. 303. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 923 (sect. Eukochia). S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 45, ined. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 59, f. 1 ad 17. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 294 (Salsola). Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 78 (Salsola). Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 10, 11 (Salsola). Guss. Enum. Pl. Inar. t. 13. Wight, Ic. t. 1791. F. Muell. Lithogr. Pl. Vict. t. 84, incd.

Genus polymorphum charactere nimis artificiale a Chenolea distinguendum. Inter species australienses K. triptera, Benth., insignis est tubo perianthii infra alas horizontales longitrorsum 3-alato; K.? pyramidata, Benth., perianthio fructifero ultra alas in tubum pyramidatum producto; K. brachyptera, F. Muell. (Sclebochlamys, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. ii. 76) perianthio fructifero vertice lato plano 5-gono, et tubo turbinato costato ut in Enchylana marginata. K. stelligera, F. Muell., ala perianthii fructiferi brevi horizontali stellatim 10-12-spinosa transitum præbet ad Chenolea sectionem Echinopsilon.

MAIREANA, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 97, t. 13, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 129 (K. rillosa, Lindl.) a Koohiis typicis differt ala perianthii fructiferi continua e tubo (non e lobis) evoluta, ut in aliis speciebus australiensibus.

32. Didymanthus, Endl. Nov. Stirp. Dec. 7. Iconogr. t. 100.—Flores hermaphroditi v. fœminei, gemini, basibus confluentibus, axillares, ebracteolati. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus; lobi 4, breves, crassi, incurvi, coriacei, venosi, dorso infra apicem incrassati, fructiferi dorso basi in alas horizontales obovato-rotundatas excrescentes. Stamina 3-5, hypogyna, filamentis linearibus compressis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, inclusæ. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, subtruncatum, vertice in stylum attenustum, stigmatibus 2 filiformibus undique papillosis; ovulum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus basi tubi perianthii cylindracei sub apice late stellatim alati inclusus, pyriformis v. oblongo-cylin-

draceus, pericarpio membranaceo vertice coriaceo semini non adherente. Semen inversum, oblique pyriforme, rostellatum, testa tenuiter membranacea; embryo crassiusculus, hippocrepice incurvus, albus, albumen parcum cingens, cotyledonibus plano-convexis radicula valida acuta oblique ascendente brevioribus.—Fruticulus humilis, rigidus, ramosus, sericeo-pilosus. Folia parva, opposita, crassiuscula. Flores axillares, sessiles, paribus horizontaliter divaricatis, perianthio fructifero pro ordine magno, basi inferne gibbo, ore contracto.

Species 1, Australiae occidentalis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 124. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 193.

33. Enchylsona, R. Br. Prod. 407.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, bracteolis minutis v. 0. Perianthium orbiculare, depressum, carnosulum v. crasse coriaceum, inappendiculatum, 5-lobum, lobis brevibus obtusis inflexis, fructiferis immutatis v. auctis v. dorso paullo incrassatis. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis brevibus compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, vix exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum v. depressum; stigmata 2-3, breviuscula, undique papillosa, basi vix connata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio carnosulo inclusus, orbicularis, valde depressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, orbiculare, vix rostellatum, testa membranacea; embryo annularis, viridis, albumen parcum testæ adhærens cingens, cotyledonibus obtusis, radicula gracili centrifuga.—Frutices v. suffrutices, erecti v. prostrati, glabri v. sericeopilosi, ramulis gracilibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata, integerrima. Flores parvi, sessiles, solitarii.

Species 4, Australienses. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 180. Perianthium fructiferum superne et inferne convexum nisi in E. marginata, ubi superne planum marginatum basi brevissime turbinatum alte 8-costatum ut in Kochia brachyptera. E.? micrantha, Benth., perianthio globoso tomentoso, est potius Chenoleæ species.

34. Babbagia, F. Muell. Rep. Babb. Exped. 21.—Flores hermaphroditi, minimi, axillares, ebracteolati, stipitati, stipite cavo cum perianthio articulato. Perianthium compressum; tubus subcampanulatus, venosus, demum nuceus costatus et intequaliter longitrorsum 3-alatus, alis lateralibus obliquis, antica multo minore; limbus inconspicuus, tubulosus, hyalinus, obtuse 4-lobus, lobis ciliatis demum evanidis. Stamina 4, hypogyna, filamentis compressis linearibus; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum brevem tomentosum attenuatum; stigmata 2, subulata, undique papillosa; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio indurato fere clauso inæqualiter 3-alato inclusus, depresso-pyriformis, longe rostellatus, rostello intra basin cavam ala majoris ascendente, pericarpio membranaceo inferne basi perianthii adhærente vertice plano crassiusculo a semine libero. Semen horizontale, oblique pyriforme, rostellatum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo albus, uncinatim hippocrepicus, albumen parcum cingens, cotyledonibus plano-convexis radicula gracili centrifuga porrecta acuta brevioribus.— Herba humilis, diffuse ramosa, glauca, glabra, axillis foliorum pubescentibus. Folia parva, alterna, sessilia, lineari-oblonga, obovata v. clavata, obtusa, integerrima, carnosa. Flores valde inconspicui, virides; perianthium fructiferum pro planta magnum.

Species 1 v. 2, Australie interioris incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 192 et in Hook. lc. Pl. t. 1078.

35. Sciercisma, R. Br. Prod. 410.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, liberi v. connati, ebracteolati, lanati v. pilosi. Perianthii tubus subglobosus, coriaceus, apicem versus incrassatus, v. 1-2-spinosus, fructifer inordinate incrassatus, nuceus v. lignosus; limbus minutus, breviter tubulosus, membranaceus, 4-fidus. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium oblique ovoideum, hirsutum, in stylum tomentosum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 crassiusculis subulatis basi v. altius connatis undique papillosis; ovulum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio armato rarius inermi indurato inclusus, depresso-pyriformis, obliquus, rostellatus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente inferne perianthio adnato superne incrassato libero. Semen horizontale, depresso-

pyriforme, longe rostellatum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo viridis v. albua, subspiraliter hippocrepicus v. annularis, albumen copiosum uno latere cingens, cotyledonibus timesribus plano-convexis v. exteriore inferiorem fovente, radicula centrifuga elongata scuta apice ascendente.—Fruticuli humiles, rigidi, erecti v. decumbentes, tomentosi lanati v. serioco-pilosi. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia v. lanceolata, integerrima. Flores parvi, perianthio fructifero magno.

Species 6, Australienses. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 193, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1076.

Kentropess, Moq. Chenop. Enum. 83 et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 137 includit S. diacantham, Benth., et S. bicornem, Lindl., characteribus nullis genericis distinguendas.

DISSOCARPUS, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. ii. 75, est S. biflora, Br.

36. Anisacantha, R. Br. Prod. 410.—Flores minuti, hermaphroditi, axillares, ebracteolati. Perianthii tubus globosus v. prismaticus, fructifer accrescens, nuceus, costatus v. angulatus, spinis 2-7 elongatis divaricatis armatus; limbus brevis, tubulosus, membranaceus, 4-dentatus, post anthesin immutatus, induratus. Stamina 4, hypogyna, filamentis elongatis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, glabrum v. tomentosum, in stylum elongatum attenuatum; stigmata 2, subulata, undique papillosa; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio nuceo apice inter spinas perforato inclusus, oblique ovoideus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente, inferne perianthio adnato superne libero. Semen inversum, suborbiculare, compressum, non rostellatum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo albus, fere annularis, albumen parcum cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus plano-convexis, radicula ascendente.—Fruticuli humiles, rigidi, glabri pubescentes v. villosi, perianthiis spinosis horridi. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia, integerrima. Flores solitarii, sessiles; perianthium fructiferum sepius cauli et interdum folii basi oblique arcte adnatum v. secus caulem decurrens.

Species 6, Australienses. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 198.

37. Threlkeldia, R. Br. Prod. i. 409.—Flores hermaphroditi et fceminei, axillares, ebracteolati. Perianthii tubus ovoideus globosus v. subcylindraceus, æqualis v. gibbus, fructifer accrescens, nuceus, drupaceus v. crasse coriaceus, inermis v. apicem versus breviter spinosus, spinis erectis; limbus breviter tubulosus, membranaceus, breviter 4-5-lobus, fructifer immutatus. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, hypogyna, filamentis compressis; antheræ late oblongæ, exsertæ. Discus 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, in stylum validum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2-3 subulatis; ovulum funiculo brevi v. ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus perianthio clauso apice perforato inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum horizontale v. obliquum, interdum rostellatum, testa tenuiter coriacea; embryo hippocrepicus v. annularis, albumen cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus, radicula elongata ascendente v. laterali.—Fruticuli humifusi v. decumbentes, glabri v. rarius scaberuli. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia oblonga v. obovata, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima, carnosula. Flores minuti; perianthium fructiferum parvum v. magnum, basi contractum, interdum cauli adnatum.

Species 3, Australiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 196, excl. sp. n. 4.

OSTROCARPUM, F. Muell. 2 Gen. Rep. 15, et in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. iii. 77; Lithogr. Pl. Vict. t. 79, ined. a congeneribus differt perianthio fructifero turbinato gibbo, rostello seminis intra gibbum ascendente uti in Babbagia intra alam producitur.

38. Cypselocarpus, F. Muell. Fragm. viii. 36.—Flores unisexuales, axillares, ebracteolati; & ignoti. Fl. 2: Perianthium minutum, membranaceum, fere unilaterale, insequaliter profunde 3-lobum, lobis semiovatis, fructiferum inordinate accrescens, crasse nuceum, cylindraceum, breviter stipitatum, medie constrictum, basi et apice oblique truncatum, intus 2-locellatum, locellis superpositis, superiore apice aperto marginibus inflexis vacuo, inferiore fructifero, septo indurato medio pervio. Ovarium oyoideocylindraceum; stigma prope apicem fere laterale, sessile, depressum, papillosum. Utriculus locello inferiore perianthii accrescentis inclusus, subpyriformi-obovoideus, pericarpio

apongioso semini non adherente. Semen erectum, oblique pyriforme, compressum, basi rostellatum, testa coriacea pallida fusca rugulosa; embryo crassus, hippocrepicus, albumen farinaceum parcum cingens, cotyledonibus plano-convexis radicula infera brevioribus.—Suffrutex procumbens, scaberulus, ramis elongatis gracilibus ut videtur prostratis apicibus ascendentibus. Folia parva, secus ramulos sparsa, lineari-lanceolata, plana, integerrima. Flores solitarii rarissime 2-ni, breviter pedicellati; perianthia fructifera pro ordine magna, horizontaliter patentia, lobis bracteolæformibus.

Species 1, Australiæ occidentalis incola, *Threlkeldia haloragoides*, F. Muell.; Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 198. Genus certe valde anomalum, *Phytolacceis* ab auctore relatum, sed nostro sensu certissime *Chemopodiacea* et *Threlkeldiæ* multis notis affine. Specimins nostra omnia fructifera tantum, florum characteres e descriptione Muelleri excerpsimus.

#### TRIBUS VII. SALICORNIEÆ.

- 39. Ealidium, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 146.—Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, in cavis rhacheos clavatæ inarticulatæ immersi, connati et parietibus cavorum adnati. Perianthium naviculare, a latere subcompressum, vertice planiusculo margine alæformi cincto, ore 5-dentato, fructiferum spongiosum. Stamina 2, anticum et posticum, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium ovoideum, apice attenuatum; stigmata 2, subulata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio breviter alato inclusus et basi adhærens, ovoideus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, reniforme v. orbiculare, compressum, testa coriacea ad situm embryonis papillosa, albumine copioso carnoso; embryo virgulæformis, cotyledonibus superis antrorsum spectantibus, radicula subhorizontali infera.—Frutices et fruticuli erecti, ramosi, carnosi, ramis erecto-patentibus v. divaricatis, ramulis alternis articulatis. Folia sparsa, inter se libera, decurrentia, elongata subcylindracea v. rudimentaria. Spicæ alternæ, breves v. elongatæ, sessiles v. pedicellatæ, rhacheos cavis spiraliter dispositis septatis.
- Species 4, Rossim australis et Asim centralis incolm. Ung. Sternb. in Atti Bot. Cong. Firenz. 1874, 316, et 273, f. 12. Gartn. Fruct. t. 127, f. 8 (Salicornia strobulacea). Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 3. Pall. IU. Pl. t. 5, 6 (Salicornia).
- 40. Ealestachys. C. A. Mey. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1838, 361, nomen tantum.— Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili 3-ni, liberi. Perianthium obpyramidatum, 4-gonum, vertice dilatato convexo 3-lobo, lobis inflexis, fructiferum spongiosum, immutatum. Stamen 1, anticum; anthera late oblonga. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, apice attenuatum; stigmata 2, rarius 3, brevia, papillosa; ovulum ab apice funculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus ovoideus, membranaceus. Semen inversum, pyriforme, testa tenuiter coriacea lævi, hilo laterali, albumine copioso carnoso; embryo virgulæformis, dorsalis, cotyledonibus brevibus, radicula supera.—Frutex quasi aphyllus, erectus, robustus, ramosissimus, articulatus, ramis erectis patentibus, articulis elongatis apice dilatatis. Strobili oppositi, pedicellati, cylindracei; bracteæ inter se liberæ, peltatæ, subcordatæ, deciduæ.
- Species 1, Rossiæ austro-occidentalis et Asiæ mediæ incola. Ung. Sternb. in Atti Cong. Bot. Firens. 1874, 333 et 278, f. 15. Walp. Ann. v. 733. Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 772 (Haloenemum). Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 150 et 148 (Arthrocnemum caspicum et Halostachys caspia). Pall. Ill. t.4 (Salicornia).
- 41. Spirestachys, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. ix. 125 (non Ung. Sternb.).—Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili 3-5-ni, inter se liberi. Perianthium obpyramidatum, sursum angulatum, truncatum, ore 4-5-lobo v. crenate, fructiferum immutatum. Stamina 1-2, filamentis exsertis; anthere late oblonge v. orbiculares. Ovarium lagenæforme, compressum, apice attenuatum; stigmata 2, breviuscula, undique papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus ovoideus, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo reticulato semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, obovoideum, compressum, testa subcoriacea, hilo basilari, albumine copioso carnoso; embryo dorsalis, virgulæformis, cotyledonibus

brevibus superis, radicula infera.—Frutices quasi aphylli, glabri, erecti, carnosi, ramosi, caule lignoso, ramis alternis articulatis, articulis apice dilatatis sub-2-labiatis. Strobili alterni, sessiles, cylindracei; bractee apiraliter dispositæ, peltatæ, persistentes v. tarde deciduæ.

Species 3, quarum una (S. occidentalis, S. Wats. l. c. et Bot. Calif. ii. 57, ined.) Americae borealioccidentalis incola; duse Americae australis temperatae indigense: S. patagonica (Halopeplis?
patagonica, Ung. Sternb.; Halostachys patagonica, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 148) et S. vaginata,
Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 37.

Genus habitu et perianthio *Halocnemonis*, sed strobili alterni, semen erectum et radicula infera.

42. Esterostachys, Ung. Sternb. in Atti Congr. Bot. Firenz. 1874, 331 et 273, f. 3. (Spirostachys, ejusd. Vers. Syst. Salic. 100.)—Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili solitarii, liberi. Perianthium late orbiculatum, membranaceum, complanatum, utrinque late alatum, apice obscure 4-fidum, lobis 2 lateralibus longioribus fornicatis, antico et postico interioribus brevibus planiusculis rotundatis. Stamina 2, lateralia, filamentis compressis ?; antheræ ovoidææ?. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum, a dorso compressum, apice attenuatum; stigmata 2, papillosa; ovulum ab apice funiculi elongati suspensum. Utriculus oblongo-ovoideus, compressus, membranaceus, longitrorsum fissilis. Semen inversum, ellipsoideum, compressum, testa ad embryonis situm papillosa, albumine copioso carnoso; embryo dorsalis, hemicyclicus, cotyledonibus . . . ., radicula ascendente. — Frutex carnosulus, erectus, ramosissimus, ramis suboppositis strictis articulatis. Folia opposita et subopposita, inter se libera, sæpissime in ramulos abbreviatos densissime imbricata, suborbicularia, obtusa. Strobili plerumque oppositi, inferiores pedicellati, superiores sessiles, oblongo-cylindracei, turgidi; bracteæ multiseriatæ, liberæ, latiores quam longæ, membranaceæ, apicibus coriaceis, ab axi brevi gracili solutæ.

Species 1, reipublicæ Argentinæ ad Mendozam incola, et suadente Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 148 (Halostachys Ritteriana) Hispaniolam habitans. Nomen genericum Spirostachys ab auctore ipso in Heterostachys mutatum ob bracteas strobilorum 'certe oppositas,' sed si nos non fallimus bracteæ spiraliter dispositæ.

43. Ealopoplis, Bunge in Linnea, xxviii. 573, nomen tantum; Ung. Sternb. Vers. Syst. Salicorn. 102, et in Atti Congr. Bot. Firenz. 1874, 322 et 273 f. 14 et 327 f. 22.— Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili 3-ni, connati et parietibus areas florigeræ adnati. Perianthium 4-gonum, compressum, vertice latiusculo 3-dentato. Stamina 1-2, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium pyriforme, subcompressum; stigmata 2; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus obovoideus, compressus, apice attenuatus, membranaceus. Semen minutum, inversum, subreniforme, compressum, testa coriacea lævi v. papillosa, albumine copioso; embryo dorsalis, virgulæformis, cotyledonibus superis radicula ascendente brevioribus.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, pusillæ, ramosæ, ramis nodosis. Folia opposita v. superiora sparsa, brevissima, curnosa, subglobosa v. ovoidea. Strobili alterni, ovoidei v. breviter oblongi, obtusi, erecto-patentes; bracteæ spiraliter dispositæ, suborbiculatæ, persistentes.

Species 3, regionum Mediterraneæ, Caspicæ, et Asiæ centralis incolæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 148 (Halostachys perfoliata, H. songarica, et H. patagonica). Guss. Fl. Suc. t. i. (Salicornia).—Halopeplis? patagonica, Ung. Stern., est Spirostachyos species.

44. Malecnemen, Bieb. Fl. Taur. Cauc. iii. 3.—Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili 2-3-ni, liberi. Perianthium obpyramidatum, 3-gonum, 3-partitum, subcompressum, vertice convexiusculo, segmentis apice inflexis inappendiculatis. Stamen 1, anticum, filamento compresso; anthera oblonga. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, apice attenuato; stigmata 2-3, subulata, undique papillosa; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus compressus, membranaceus. Semen inversum, pyriforme v. subtrigono-rotundatum, leviter compressum, testa membranacea ad embryonis situm granulata fusca, hilo fere apicali, albumine copioso farinoso; embryo dorsalis, virgulæformis,

cotyledonibus brevibus, radicula supera.—Frutex humilis, carnosus, quasi aphyllus, ramis ascendentibus, ramulis articulatis axillaribus abbreviatis gemmescentibus, articulis brevissimis apice dilatatis sub 2-labiatis. Strobili sessiles, laterales et terminales, breves v. elongati; bracteæ oppositæ, liberæ, semi-orbiculatæ, deciduæ.

Species 1, regionis Mediterranes medise et orientalis, Rossise australis, et Asise centralis incola. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 149, sp. n. 1. Ung. Sternb. in Atti Congr. Bot. Firenz. 1874, 336 et 273, f. 15. H. australasioum, Mog. l. c., est Salicornia quinqueflora, Bunge.

45. Tecticoraia, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis squamarum strobili 2-co-ni, liberi v. coherentes. Perianthium tubulosum, flaccidissimum, ore lacero. Stamen 1, filamento complanato; anthera lineari-oblonga, profunde 2-loba, exserta. Ovarium ovoideo-lanceolatum, compressum, in stylum elongatum subulatum flaccidum apice 2-fidum attenuatum, stigmatibus terminalibus; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus ovoideus, pericarpio tenuissime hyalino. Semen erectum, ovoideo-oblongum, valde compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea pallide brunnea papillosa albumini duro et cotyledonibus arcte adhærente; embryo dorsalis, gracilis, semi-annularis, cotyledonibus superioribus, radicula infera.—Herba quasi aphylla, molliter succulenta, erecta v. procumbens, glauca, exsiccata pruinosa, caule ramisque articulatis, ramis erectis oppositis et alternis, articulis apice modice dilatatis sub-2-lobis. Strobili terminales, solitarii v. 2-3-ni, oblongo-cylindracei, obtusi; squamæ multiseriatæ, horizontales, dense imbricatæ, latiores quam longæ, succulentæ. Flores minuti, rhachi secus faciem inferiorem squamarum immersi.

Species 1, Australize tropicze orientalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 203 (Salicornia cunerea, F. Muell.). Analysis florum ob mollitiem organorum difficillima.

46. Pachycornia, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores in cavis articulorum superpositorum rhacheos 3-ni, collaterales, laterales &, intermedii hermaphroditi, basibus connatis et axi rhacheos adnatis. Perianthium a dorso complanatum, membranaceum, truncatum, lateribus anguste alatis, ore contracto obtuse 4-dentato, dentibus lateralibus majoribus. Stamen 1, filamento crassiusculo complanato rigido apice attenuato; anthera linearioblonga. Ovarium ovoideum, axi rhacheos immersum et adnatum; stylus lanceolatosubulatus, compressissimus, stigmatibus 2 elongatis undique papillosis; ovulum ab apice Utriculus axi rhacheos inordinate aucti lignosi immersus, pericarpio funiculi suspensum. axi arcte adhærente. Semina inversa, quasi in loculis axeos recondita, globoso-reniformia, testa tenuiter coriacea levi pallide brunnea, albumine copioso farinoso; embryo annularis, gracilis, cotyledonibus et radicula sursum incurvis.—Fruticulus erectus, quasi aphyllus, crassus, carnosus, caule ramisque articulatis, articulis apice in lobos 2 triangulares patentes subscutos dilatatis. Spice breves, crasse, articulis paucis latissime triangularibus subacutis patulis. Flores in basibus articulorum reconditi.

Species 1, Australiae temperatae incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 202 (Salucornia robusta, F. Muell. Lith. Pl. Vict. incd.). Planta singularis, ab Arthrocucmo perianthio complanato membranacco. seminibus axi lignoso strobili sepultis, et embryone annulari distinctum. Flores certe ut a Benthamio descripti 3-ni, monandri, nec ut in icone Muelleriana delineati solitarii et triandri.

47. Arthromemum, Moq. Enum. Chenop. 111 et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 150, excl. sp. plurim.—Flores hermaphroditi, in cavis articulorum superpositorum immersi, non aut vix connati. Perianthium ovoideum v. angulatum, vertice obtuso attenuato v. subacuto 3-4-fido, lobis 2 lateralibus elongatis subacutis sæpius fornicatia, postico breviore rotundato, antico dum adsit minore, fructiferum spongiosum v. inflatum. Stamina 2, anticum et posticum, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium ovoideum, subcompressum, apice attenuato; stigmata 2, subulata; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inflato inclusus, ovoideus, pericarpio membranaceo v. indurato. Semen erectum, ovoideum, testa crustacea lævi v. papillosa, albumine carnoso; embryo dorsalis, semi-annularis, cotyledonibus ascendentibus, radicula infera.—Frutices ramosi, quasi aphylli, erecti v. basi decumbentes, glabri, ramis articulatis, articulis apice in

vaginam dilatatis. Spicæ terminales et laterales, sessiles, subcylindracese v. obtusæ, 4-gonæ; areæ florigeræ decussatim oppositæ.

Species ad 7, littorum salsorum Asiæ, Africæ et Australasiæ incolæ, quarum una etiam in America boreali-occidentale indigena. Ung. Sternb. in Atti Bot. Congr. Firens. 1874, 281, 272 f. 9, et 286 f. A, B, C. Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 932. Salicorniæ species, Gues Fl. Sic. t. 4. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 7. Wight, Ic. t. 737.

A. bidens, Nees, A. haloenemoides, Nees, A. arbuscula, Moq. (Salicornies species, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 203), alizeque Australienses ulterius examinandze. Genera Salicornoidea ex speciminibus exsiccatis difficillime determinanda.

48. Salicornia, Linn. Gen. n. 10.—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, in cavis articulorum superpositorum immersi, 3-7-ni, liberi v. connati et basi areæ florigeræ adnati. Perianthium obpyramidatum, carnosum, vertice planiusculo rarius contracto, oro 3-4-denticulato, fructiferum spongiosum. Stamina 2, rarius 1, filamento teretiusculo; antheræ exsertæ, didymæ. Ovarium ovoideum, apice attenuatum; stylus apice lacerus v. stigmatibus 2 subulatis undique papillosis terminatus; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio spongioso inclusus, ovoideus v. oblongus, rhachi plus minusve immersus, pericarpio membranacco. Semen erectum, oblongum v. subellipsoideum, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea pilis uncinatis hispidula castanea, albumine 0; embryo conduplicatus, cotyledonibus crassiusculis obtusis superis radiculæ horizontali inferæ parallelis.—Herbæ quasi aphylkæ annuæ v. fruticuli carnosi, erecti v. decumbentes, glabri, ramis oppositis articulatis, articulis apice in vaginam dilatatis. Spicæ terminales, breves v. elongatæ, cylindraceæ, floribus collateralibus v. intermedio altius inserto; areæ florigeræ decussatim oppositæ, in loculos tot quot flores divisæ.

Species ad 8, littoribus salsis utriusque orbis indigenze. Ung. Sternh. in Atti Bot. Congr. Firenz. 1874, 291, 272 f 10, 11, et 278 f. 17 ad 20. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 68, f. 1 ad 20. Fl. Dan. t. 303, 1621. Guss. Fl. Sic. t. 3. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 1 ad 3. Wight, Ic. t. 738. Fenzl in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 49.

49 Microenemum, Ung. Sternb. in Atti Bot. Congr. Firenz. 1874, 280 et 272 f. 8.— Flores hermaphroditi, in axillis articulorum superpositorum dispositi, liberi. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1. Ovarii stylus elongatus; ovuli funiculus brevis. Utriculus membranaceus. Semen oblique reniforme, testa crustacea nigra granulata, hilo antico, albumine sat copioso; embryo virgulæformis, flexus, cotyledonibus postice ascendentibus, radicula infera.—Herba habitu Salicornie, annua, pusilla, ramosissima, glauca, ramis teretibus omnibus articulatis in spicas consimiles graciles elongatas abeuntibus; articuli ramorum longiusculi, spicarum breves, in vaginas obscure 2-lobas floriferas membranaceomarginatas dilatati. Semina minuta, aterrima.

Species 1, Arragonia incola. Characteres e descriptione Unger-Sternbergii, et frustulo fructifero a cl. Boissier benevole communicato confecti. Flores fide auctoris in axillis articulorum 8-ni, sed semina numerosa in singulis axillis invenimus.

## TRIBUS VIII. SUÆDEÆ.

50. Sussela, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 69, t. 18 B. (Cochliospermum, Lag. Mem. Pl. Barill. 58, ex Moq.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu unisexuales, minuti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Perianthium globosum turbinatum v. urceolatum, 5-lobum v. 5-partitum, crassiusculum v. demum carnosulum, lobis segmentisve sequalibus et inappendiculatis v. 1-2 ceteris majoribus inflatis v. corniculatis, rarius omnibus dorso breviter transverse alatis. Stamina 5, subhypogyna v. perigyna, filamentis brevibus; antherse majusculum. Discus elevatus v. 0. Ovarium basi sepius lata sessile v. tubo perianthii adnatum, ovoideum orbiculare v. sublageniforme, apice rotundato v. truncato; stigmata 2-5, brevia, subulata, recurva, undique papillosa; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, orbicularis ovoideus v. lageniformis, teres compressus v. depressus, membranaceus v.

subspongiosus, pericarpio semini rarissime adhærente. Semen horizontale, obliquum v. erectum, orbiculare oblique pyriforme v. subreniforme, turgidum v. compressum, hilo emarginato, testa crustacea lævi, integumento interiore membranaceo, albumine 0 v. parco in massulas 2 diviso; embryo gracilis, plano-spiralis, sæpissime viridis, radicula ascendente descendente v. laterali.—Herbæ v. frutices salsi, erecti v. prostrati, simplices v. diffuse ramosi, virides v. glauci, rarius subfarinosi, rarissime puberuli. Folia terna, carnosa, teretia vermicularia v. semiteretia, rarius spathulata v. planiuscula, integerrima. Flores parvi v. minuti, axillares, sessiles v. subsessiles, solitarii v. glomerati, glomerulis interdum folii basi adnatis. Semina fide Bungei in speciebus compluribus dimorpha, alia præcocia testa crustacea, alia rariora serotina testa membranacea.

Species ad 40, in littoribus et in desertis salsis obviæ. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 937. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. ix. 87. Bot. Calif. ii. 58, ined.

Genera sequentia a variis auctoribus distincta, characteribus inter se minime validis definita, pleraque jam a Bungeo in Boiss. l. c. in unum juncta sunt, cætera nostro sensu æquo jure rejicienda Suæda, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 155, et in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxiii. t. 19, 20, 21 a, 22 a. Perianthium 5-partitum v. 5-fidum, segmentis lobisve æqualibus inappendiculatis fructiferis immutatis. Ovarium basi lata sessile v. perianthii tubo adnatum. Semen sæpius erectum. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 42. Wight, Ic. t. 1792, 1796. Perianthium in S. monoica, S. vermiculata, aliisque certe tantummodo 5-lobum ovario basi tubo adnato ut in Schanginia.

Belovia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 168, est fide Bungei in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 942, forma heterocarpa S. setigeræ, Moq.

SEYADA, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 154, cujus fructus ignotus est, charactere nullo dato a Suado distinguere possumus.

SCHOBERIA, C. A. Mey. in Ledeb. Fl. Alt. i. 395, Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 44, 45, excl. S. corniculata (Chenopodina, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 159). Perianthium 5-partitum v. 5-lobum. segmentis lobisve subsequalibus post anthesin immutatis. Ovarium sepissime basi contractum, Semen sepissime horizontale. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 62. Fl. Dan. t. 489 (Chenopodium). Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 39, 43, 44, 47 (Suæda). Wight, Ic. t. 1793 (Chenopodium). Schoberia, Moq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxiii. 321, t. 22, et in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 165, perianthii segmentis dorso corniculatis v. appendiculatis includit S. corniculatam, C. A. Mey.; Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross, t. 195, et S. calceolyformem, Moq. l. c. 166.

Brezia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 167. Perianthium depressum, profunde 5-lobum, demum auctum, lobis dorso transversim alatis. Ovarium basi contractum. Semen horizontale. Herba annua Asize centralis.

CALVELIA, Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 167. Perianthium urceolatum, 5-lobum, demum auctum, lobis longitudinaliter alatis. Semen horizontale. Herba annua, Altaica, a nobis non visa.

SCHARGINIA, C. A. Mey. in Ledeb. Fl. Alt. i. 394. Perianthium urceolatum v. turbinatum, 5-lobum, demum sæpe inflatum, lobis fructiferis immutatis v. dorso tuberculo auctis. Ovarium basi tubo perianthii adnatum v. eo immersum. Semen erectum. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 153 et in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxiii. t. 21 B. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 944. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 40, 41 (Suæda). Species 3 v. 4, quarum typica, S. linifolia, C. A. Mey., forma perianthii, ovarii insertione, et semine a S. vermiculata aliisque non differt. Semen, ex Boiss., pericarpio arcte adhæret. Species Ægyptiacæ et Arabicæ ab Asiaticis differunt habitu floribusque multo majoribus.

51. Alexandra, Bunge in Linnæa, xvii. 120. (Pterocalyx, Schrenk in Bull. Phys. Math. Acad. Sc. Peter.b. 1843, i. 361.)—Flores polygami, spicati, solitarii v. conferti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, bracteis magnis imbricatis flores velantibus, bracteolis minimis subulatis. Perianthium complanatum, orbiculare v. obcordatum, membranaceum, 5-partitum, demum immutatum; segmenta 2 lateralia cymbiformia, dorso et superne late alata, antico et 2 posticis multo minoribus planis obtusis. Stamina 5, filamentis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ, obtusæ. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, in fl. 3 rudimentarium; stigmata 2-3, filiformia, undique papillosa, ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, basi rostellatum, testa lævi crustacea brunnea, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, gracilis, viridis, radicula elongata infera.—Herba annua, erecta,

glaberrima, caule simpliciusculo robusto folioso. Folia infima opposita, teretia, carnosa; superiora alterna, sessilia, erecta, ovata v. lanceolata, semiamplexicaulia, obtusa, concava, crasse coriacea, enervia. Flores parvi, bracteis occlusi, laterales in bracteæ axilla sæpe imperfecti.

Species 1, in locis salsuginosis Soongarise vigens. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 168.

52. Borsezovia, Bunge in Act. Hort. Petrop. v. 643.—Flores abortu monoici, axillares, fasciculati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. & parcissimi: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis obtusis vix cucullatis. Stamina 5, perigyna; antheræ subglobosæ, didymæ. Ovarii rudimentum liberum, elongato-lageniforme, apice dilatatum; stigmata 2 rudimentaria. Fl. 2 numerosissimi: Perianthium tenuissimum, ovario adhærens, hyalinum, enerve, integrum ore minuto, v. in segmenta 5 solubile. Ovarium subovoideum, compressum, carnosum, nervosum, vertice introverso; stigmata 2, minuta, subulata, fundo verticis ovarii introversi recondita; ovulum funiculo gracili erectum, micropyle infera. Utriculus perianthio hyalino indutus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio carnosulo nervoso, endocarpio membranaceo semini adhærente. Semina dimorpha, orbicularia, compressa, erecta, basi rostellata, funiculo crassiusculo, alia majora valde compressa testa tenuiter coriacea, alia minora turgida testa crustacea lævi, integumento interiore carnosulo, albumine parco gelatinoso; embryo plano-spiralis, cotyledonibus elongatis, radicula infera.-Herba annua, glaberrima, a basi ramosa, ramis albescentibus fragilibus, inferior-Folia alterna, sessilia, inferiora crassa semi-teretia, superiora ellipticoibus oppositis. oblonga marginibus hyalinis. Flores 3-5-ni, sessiles, minuti; fructibus pro tribu magnis.

Species 1, deserti Aralensis incola. Flores & a nobis non visi; Q heteromorphi; semina minorum ex Bungeo obovoidea, tumida, margine acuto, integumento crustaceo embryoneque flavescentialbo, majorum valde compressa, integumento membranaceo duplici opaco embryoneque viridulo. Nos formas duas vidimus, semina majora plana testa magis coriacea, minora turgida testa potius crustacea, in utroque integumentum duplex et minora margine non acuta. Embryo in utroque idem v. minorum laxius spiralis. Florum analysis difficillima est, et forte discrimen partium supra datum non semper accuratum, quamplurima tamen perianthia examinavimus exitu semper eadem.

53. Bienertia, Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. 1v. 945.—Flores abortu polygami, hermaphroditi cum paucis foemineis in glomerulos axillares dispositi; foeminei racemosi, glomerulum superantes. Perianthium ovario adnatum, depresso-globosum, 5-lobum, lobis 5 planis conniventibus, fructiferum spongiosum, disciforme, ala horizontali circumdatum, lobis minutis in centro disci verrucceformibus. Stamina 5, perigyna, filamentis subulatis; antheræ. . . Fructus orbicularis, valde depressus, perianthii ala spongiosa circumdatus, et intra tubum arcte arrectus, lobis planis inflexis medio coronatus, pericarpio subcoriaceo semini adhærente. Semen horizontale, orbiculare, testa crustacea granulata, albumine in utroque latere seminis parco carnoso; embryo spiralis, gracilis, radicula centrifuga.—Herba annua, inferne lignescens, e collo ramosa, ramis crassiusculis. Folia sparsa, sessilia, lineari-subteretia, obtusa, sæpe recurva, caduca. Flores minuti, racemosi; racemi in paniculam angustam terminalem ramulis divaricatis 6-10-floris carnosulis dispositi; flores serotini sæpe fatui.

Species 1, Persica. Exemplar mancum a Boissiero benevole missum vidimus. Descriptio pro maxima parte ex Bungeo l. c.

# TRIBUS IX. SALSOLEA.

54. Traganum, Delile, Fl. Eg. 60, t. 22, f. 1.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati, lana immersi. Perianthium basi tubulosum, 5-lobum, lobis obtusis membranaceis inappendiculatis, fructiferum incrassatum v. induratum, lobis conniventibus immutatis. Stamina 5, disco inconspicuo inserta, filamentis linearibus compressis; anthere linearisagittatæ, acutæ, exsertæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium depresso-globosum, in stylum crassum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 crasse subulatis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus peri-

anthio indurato v. nuceo cylindraceo truncato inclusus, depresso-globosus, pericarpio crasse carnoso vertice subindurato semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, depresso-globosum, testa carnosula, albumine 0; embryo subcochleatim spiralis, gracilis, radicula centrifuga ascendente porrecta.—Fruticulus ramosissimus, cortice albo, caudice crasso lignoso, ramulis herbaceis teretibus v. rigidis ad nodos villosis. Folia alterna, sessilia, teretia, carnosula, obtusa v. mucronata. Flores minuti; bracteolæ foliis consimiles.

Species 2, altera Africae borealis et Arabise incola, altera Canariensis. *Moq. in DC. Prod.* xiii. ii. 171.

55. Cornulaca, Delile, Fl. Eg. 62, t. 22, f. 3.—Flores polygami, axillares, solitarii v. fasciculati, lana immersi, 2-bracteolati. Fl. \( \frac{1}{2} \): Perianthium crasse coriaceum, infra medium turgidum, 5-partitum, demum induratum; segmenta 5, inæqualia, basi coriacea, superne in laminam spathulatam membranaceam dilatata, v. 1-2 exteriora spinescentia. Stamina 5, dorso sub apice disci tubulosi 5-lobi membranacei inserta, filamentis linearisubulatis; antheræ oblongæ, obtusæ, infra medium 2-fidæ, inappendiculatæ; lobi disci (staminodia) breves, quadrati, apicibus incrassatis. Ovarium ovoideum. compressum, liberum v. disco immersum; stylus crassiusculus, stigmatibus 2 crasse subulatis patentirecurvis v. revolutis intus papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio indurato inclusus, ovoideus, a latere compressus, pericarpio crassiusculo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, testa crassiuscule membranacea, albumine 0; embryo cochleatospiralis, viridis, radicula centrifuga porrecta.—Fruticuli rigidi, lignosi, caule crasso ramisque validis tortuosis inarticulatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, triangularia v. semiteretia, apice spinulosa. Flores parvi, polymorphi, plerique imperfecti, perianthio (in C. monacantha) in lacinias membranaceas fere ad basin fisso.

Species 4-5, Africæ boreali-occidentalis, Arabiæ et Assyriæ incolæ. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 87, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 983. Characterem ad C. monacantham, Del., et C. amblyacantham, Bunge, confecimus. Semen in priore tantum nobis visum, ubi horizontale embryone cochleari et radicula laterali; in floribus imperfectis discus polymorphus est, elongatus, ovarium et styli basin includens, v. brevis, v. 0, staminibus imperfectis hypogynis. C. Aucheri, Moq., est species annua, cujus exemplaria typica non vidimus, et forma ejusdem anomala a Bungeo missa nec flores nec fructus exhibet; genus ideo incertum est. Fructus C. setiferæ, Moq., ignotus est. In C. Ehrenbergu, Aschers., flores 3, quos solos vidimus, solitarii, perianthio indurato villoso interdum basi cum bracteolis connato. Folia in speciebus plurimis sparsa, in C. Ehrenbergu dense imbricata. Genus Tragano valde affine, et verisimiliter cum illo melius jungendum.

Traganum nudatum, Schimp. Pl. Un. Itin. 284 et 737, non Del. (T. nudatum, var. longisetum, Pl. Schweinf.), a Bungeo Anabas. Revis. 92, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 985 ad Halogeton alopecuroidem, Fenzl, relatum, a Cornulaca differt perianthii segmentis latis hyalinis disco adnatis post anthesin immutatis, est vel Tragani nudati, Delile, forma anomala, vel genus novum inter Traganum et Cornulacam quasi medium. Salsola alopecuroides, Delile, Fl. Eg. 56, t 21, f. 1. Agathophora, Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 92 (Halogeton, sect. Agathophora, Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 83 in not.) planta est prorsus ignota, a Tragano nudato, Schimp. ut nobis videtur diversa.

56. Seidlitzia, Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 950.—Flores monoici v. polygami, axillares, sessiles, 2-bracteolati, superiores masculi. Fl. J: Perianthium basi truncatum, 5-partitum; segmenta obovata, membranacea, ima basi connata. Stamina 5, disco cupulari inserta, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum disco insertum, oblongum, compressum, stigmatibus 2 suberectis brevibus obtusis. Fl. Q: Perianthium carnosum, profunde 5-lobum; lobi obtusi, cucullati, dorso tuberculati, tuberculis demum in alas obovatas horizontales membranaceas expansis. Discus annularis. Ovarium depressum, basi perianthii semi-immersum; stylus brevissimus, stigmatibus 2 minutis subulatis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio stellatim alato inclusus, depressoglobosus, pericarpio carnosulo semini non adhærente sub-operculatim dehiscente. Semen horizontale, turgidum, testa carnosula lævi, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, gracilis, radicula centrifuga porrecta.—Herbs annua, ramosa, glauca, glaberrima, ramis oppositis albidis teretibus. Folia opposita, sessilia, linearia, semiteretia, obtusa, carnosa.

minuti : & solitarii, bracteolis subglobosis carnosis ; 2 seepius fasciculati, pube brevi immersi, non raro deformes v. steriles ovario incrassato ovoideo carnoso et stigmatibus crassis recurvis; fl. 2 perianthii segmenta seepe insequalia.

Species 1, Armenia, Syriae, et Persiae incola. Bisb. Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 17 (Anabasis).

57. Arthrophytum, Schrenk in Bull. Phys. Math. Acad. Sc. Petersb. iii. 211.-Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium globosum, herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta orbicularia, conniventia, dorso transverse gibba, marginibus membranaceis, fructiferum immutatum. Stamina 5, margine disci crassi urceolaris villosi inserta, filamentis subulatis compressis; antherse late ovato-cordatæ, obtusæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium globosum, disco immersum, in stylum brevissimum contractum; stigmate 2-lobo; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, depresso-globosus, pericarpio carnosulo semini Semen horizontale. . . . . Fruticulus humilis, glaber, radice crasso, non adhærente. collo lignoso multicipiti, ramis brevibus erectis strictis teretibus exsiccatis fragilibus. Folia opposita, sessilia, basi per paria connata, patentia, subulata, 3-quetra, pungentia. Flores in axillis oppositis solitarii, minuti; bracteolæ foliis consimiles.

Species 1, Turkestanise et Soongarise incola. Trautv. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1867, 20. Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 947. Embryo ignotus ideoque locus in ordine incertus.

58. Moraninovia, Fisch. et Mey. Enum. Pl. Schrenk, 10.—Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium urceolatum, 4-5-partitum; segmenta late oyata v. oblonga, acuta obtusa v. aristata, hyalina v. basi coriacea, fructifera dorso gibbosoincrassata, et basi suberoso-incrassata. Stamina 5, inter lobos (staminodia) disci 5-lobi cupularis inserta, filamentis subulatis; antheræ late oblongæ, muticæ v. aristatæ. Ovarium basi disci immersum, ampullaceum; stylus brevis, stigmate capitellato; ovulum Utriculus basibus incrassatis incurvis segmentorum perianthii inclusus, depresso-ampullaceus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, depresso-orbiculare, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, gracilis, radicula oblique centrifuga.—Herbæ parvæ, annuæ, dichotome v. opposite ramosæ, Folia opposita v. alterna, patentia, teretia, rigida, spinesrigidæ, glabræ v. puberulæ. centia v. obtusiuscula, floralibus basi membranaceo-dilatatis. Flores minuti, solitarii v. fasciculati, vaginis foliorum absconditi, sessiles, subpilosi; bracteolæ perianthium æquantes. Species 2 v. 3, sabulosis Soongarize et deserti Caspici incolze. Moq. in DC. Prod. ziii. ii. 170.

Eichw. Pl. Casp. Cauc. t. 12 (Salsola).

59. Haloxylon, Bunge, Rel. Lehm. 468 (292), et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 948.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium chartaceum v. scariosum, 5-partitum; segmenta a basi libera, concava; fructifera accrescentia, dorso ala transversa ampla horizontali nervosa instructa. Stamina 5, v. pauciora, margine disci lobati cupularis inserta, filamentis lineari-subulatis; antheræ ellipsoideæ, obtusæ; staminodia (lobi disci) rotundata v. quadrata. Ovarium subglobosum v. depressum, basi disco immersum, in stylum brevem contractum, stigmate truncato simplici v. 2-lobo, v. stigmatibus 2-4 subulatis recurvis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus unguibus segmentorum perianthii inclusus, globosus v. depressus, pericarpio carnosulo semini non adherente. horizontale, depresso-globosum, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo viridis, planospiralis, radicula centrifuga.—Fruticuli v. arbusculæ glabræ v. axillis villosis. rarius puberulæ, virides v. glaucæ, caudice crasso lignoso multicipiti, ramis cylindraceis ad Folia opposita, basi connata, triangularia v. elongata et teretia, nodos articulatis. obtusa v. mucronata, interdum brevissima. Flores parvuli, secus ramulos spicati, solitarii v. fasciculati.

Species 8 v. 10, pleræque Hispaniæ, Africæ borealis, et Asiæ occidentalis et centralis incolæ, 2 indicæ. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 172 (Caroxyli species caulibus ramisque articulatis). Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross, t. 47 (Anabasis). Cav. Ic. t. 284 (Salsola). Species indices H. recursum, Hook. f. (Salsola recurva, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 6934), e Burmah; et H. Stocksii, Hook. f. (cum priore a Bungeo in Boiss. i. c. confusa) a cæteris recedunt stylo 0 et stigmate obtuso. Anabasis ramesissima, Boiss. (Herb. Syrise, Gaillardot, n. 2199) est Haloxyli species in 'Flora Orientali' prestermissa.

60. Salsela, Lunn. Gen. n. 311.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 5- rarius 4-partitum; segmenta oblonga v. lanceolata, concava, medio dorso incrassata, fructifera supra medium ala late horizontali scariosa instructa, inferne libera at immutata v. in thecam nuceam connata, apicibus liberis sæpius inflexis. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, hypogyna v. rarius disco minuto inserta, filamentis subulatis v. linearibus planis; antheræ breves v. elongatæ, obtusæ v. connectivo in acumen producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium globosum depressum v. late ovoideum, in stylum brevem v. elongatum abrupte attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 rarissime 3 subulatis erectis v. recurvis intus papillosis; ovulum subsessile v. funiculo elongato suspensum. Utriculus unguibus segmentorum perianthii inclusus, late ovoideus v. orbicularis, vertice concavo v. convexo, pericarpio carnosulo v. membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen horizontale, rarissime inversum, erectum v. obliquum, orbiculare, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo plano-v. subcochleato-spiralis, sæpius viridis, radicula elongata centrifuga v. in seminibus inversis supera.—Herbæ, frutices et suffrutices, habitu varii, glabri pubescentes v. tomentosi, ramis inarticulatis. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, sessilia v. basi lata amplexicaulia, brevia v. elongata, interdum squamiformia, apice sæpe pungentia. Flores parvi, solitarii v. fasciculati, perianthio fructifero non raro amplo.

Species ad 40, pleræque Europæ, Africæ borealis et Asiæ temperatæ et tropicæ incolæ, 10 austroafricanæ; una in America temperata tam boreali quam australi, et in Australia indigena. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 179 et 172 (Caroxyli species caulibus inarticulatis). Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 951. Fenzl in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iii. 796. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 75. Necs., Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 61. Fl. Dan. t. 818. Cav. Ic. t. 283, 285 ad 288. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 68; Fl. Austr. t. 294. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 255. Asso. Syn. Stirp. Aragon. t. 2. Webb, Otia Hisp. t. 5. Euchw. Pl. Casp. Couc. t. 24 ad 31. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 137, 138. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 21, f. 4. Pull. Ill. Pl. t. 12 ad 17, 19, 21 ad 23, 25, 26, 28 ad 30. Belang. Voy. Ind. Or. t. 10. Wight, Ic. t. 1795.

CARONYLON, Thunb. Nov. Pl. Gen. ii. 37, ab auctore ipso in Fl. Cap. ii. 176, ad Salsolam reductum est. CARONYLON, Moq. in DC. l. c., constat ex speciebus Salsolæ compluribus nullo charactere generice distinguendis, cum paucis ramis articulatis ad Haloxylon referendis.

HALOTHAMNUS, Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 136, est Salsolæ species disco parvo cupulari instructa.

61. **Zelicilla**, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 169.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium urceolato-campanulatum, 5-fidum; segmenta carnosa demum baccata, dorso subcorniculato-carinata. Stamina 5, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis lineari-subulatis basi dilatatis in cupulam connatis; antheræ ovato-oblongæ; staminodia 0. Ovarium lageniforme, basi calycis adhærens; stigmata 2, minuta, subulata, divaricata. Utriculus perianthio clauso bacciformi substellatim 5-gono inclusus, depressus, pericarpio membranacea subcarnoso inferne calyci adnato. Semen horizontale, orbiculare, testa simplici membranacea, albumine 0; embryo cochleatus, viridis, radicula dorsali.—Herba erecta, gracilis, virgata, glabra, ramosa, ramis patulis gracillimis. Folia alterna, in tuberculo minuto sessilia, semiteretia, carnosa, subflexuosa, parum farinosa, superiora angustissima. Flores paniculati, sæpius basi foliorum enati, breviter pedicellati, solitarii v. 2-3-ni, paniculæ ramis alternis filiformibus flexuosis paucifloris; bracteolæ minuta, scariosæ. (Char. ex Moq.).

Species 1, Chinensis, a nobis non visa. 'Facie et characteribus ad Schoheriam paululum accedit, sed inflorescentia plane diversa, et semen Salsolearum,' Mog.

62. Offisten, Raf. Fl. Tellur. 47, ex Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 203.—Flores hermaphroditi, in sulcis ramulorum axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 3-5-partitum; segmenta 3 exteriora obovato-spathulata, membranacea, demum rigidula, concava, medio dorso obtuse cornuta v. ala minuta transverse acuta; 2 interiora minora, simplicia v. exterioribus consimilia. Stamina 1 v. 2, disco obscuro inserta, filamentis planis linearibus demum elongatis; antheræ oblongæ, basi longe 2-fidæ, connectivo in appendicem brevem latam obtusam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, a latere compressum; stigmata 2, a basi distincta, subulata, sub apice cohærentia; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus, compressus,

pericarpio tenuiter membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, turgide lenticulare, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, cotyledonibus planis radicula elongata infera latioribus.—Herba glabra, ramosissima, ramis ascendentibus alternis. Folia alterna, semiamplexicaulia, teretia, obtusa, carnosula; floralia subtriquetra, ovata, acuta, concava. Flores sessiles, alterni, parvi; bracteolæ ovatæ, acutæ, demum subcristatæ, cristula crassa deflexa.

Species 1, a regione Uralensi usque ad Soongaricam extensa. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 20. Pall, Rl. Pl. t. 31 (Salsola).

63. Messa, Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 207, excl. sp.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium chartaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta (quorum 3 exteriora) oblonga v. ovato-lanceolata, acuta v. obtusa, fructifera paullo accrescentia, dorso supra medium alata. Stamina 5, disco minuto inserta, filamentis planis; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ, connectivo in appendicem e basi lata lanceolatam albidam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 brevibus recurvis; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus, a dorso compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo planospiralis, viridis, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula elongata supera.—Frutices inermes v. spinosi, rigidi, ramosi, glabri v. sericeo-villosi, rarius herbæ annuæ, caule sæpe tortuoso lignoso, ramis divaricatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, brevia et lata, v. elongata v. triquetra, mutica v. spinescentia. Flores parvi v. minuti, solitarii, rigidi.

Species ad 6, Africa borealis et Asia occidentalis incola. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 21, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 964. Labill. Pl. Syr. Dec. ii. t. 5 (Salsola). Del. Fl. Eg. t. 21, f. 2 (Salsola). Jaub. et Spach, IU. Pl. Or. t. 132 (Anabass). Pull. Ill. Pl. t. 24 (Salsola).

64. Girgensohnia, Bunge, Rel. Lehm. 478 (302); et Anabas. Revis. 29, t. 1, f. 24.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati, bracteolis coriaceis. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmenta (quorum 3 exteriora) oblonga, chartacea, 1-nervia, 2-3 v. omnia dorso supra medium tuberculata, tuberculo demum in alam deorsum flexam excrescente. Stamina 5, disco minuto inserta, staminodiis totidem carnosulis intus et margine cellulis clavatis vestitis alterna, filamentis subulatis medio dilatatis; antheræ ovoideo-cordatæ, obtusæ v. connectivo in apiculum producto. Ovarium a dorso compressum, ovoideum v. subglobosum, sæpius superne glandulosum, in stylum angustatum, stigmate capitato 2-lobo v. stigmatibus 2 oblongis obtusis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio alato inclusus, a dorso compressum, testa membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, radicula infera.—Herbæ annuæ v. fruticuli glabri v. puberuli, ramosi, ramulis obscure articulatis teretibus v. angulatis et costatis. Folia parva, opposita, sessilia, triangulari-ovata, acuta v. pungentia, coriacea, integerrima v. serrulata. Flores bracteolis inclusi, parvi v. minuti, solitarii.

Species 4, Asiæ mediæ et occidentalis incolæ. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 967. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 133 (Anabasis). Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 27 (Salsola).

65. Anabasis, Linn. Gen. n. 312.—Flores hermaphroditi et fœminei, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium scariosum, basi truncatum, 5-partitum; segmenta (quorum 3 exteriora) oblonga, obtusa, fructifera immutata v. exteriora v. omnia demum alata, alia hrevibus v. amplis. Stamina 5, disco brevi inserta, staminodiis totidem obtusis sæpe glandulosis alterna; filamentis subulatis medio paullo incrassatis; antheræ oblongo-cordatæ, connectivo obtuso v. apiculato. Ovarium compressum, ovoideo-globosum, læve pubescens v. papillosum, in stylum brevem angustatum, stigmatibus 2 brevibus erectis v. recurvis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus v. exsertus, subglobosus, a dorso compressus, pericarpio sicco carnoso v. baccato semini non adhserente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea v. subcoriacea lævi v. granulosa, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, radicula infera v. ascendente.—Herbse perennantes v. fruticuli glabri

v. ad nodos et axillas tomentosi, ramis articulatis, internodiis interdum turgidis. Folia opposita, carnosa, seepe obsoleta v. per paria in cupulam connata, obtusa v. apice setigera. Flores parvi v. minuti, solitarii v. glomerati, perianthio fructifero seepe valde revoluto, bracteolæ minutæ v. setaceæ.

Species 15, regionis Mediterranese et Asise occidentalis centralisque incolse. Bunge, Anab. Revis. 34, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 968.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur :--

- 1. Euanabasis. Perianthium fructiferum 3-5-alatum. Antheræ obtusæ v. apiculatæ; staminodia ciliata. Anabasis, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 210, excl. sp. pluribus. Bunge, Anabas. Revis 34 et in Roiss. Fl. Or. iv. 968. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 8.
- 2. Brachylepis. Porianthium fructiferum non slatum. Antheræ obtusæ; staminodia minuta. Brachylepis, C. A. Mey. Fl. Alt. i. 370. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 216, excl. sp. n. 1. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 47; et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 971. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 48.
- 3. Fredolia. Perianthium fructiferum 5-alatum. Connectivum in appendiculam acuminatam productum; staminodia glaberrima. Herba cæspitosa, pulvinata, habitu Aretiæ, foliis imbricatis.—Algeria. Fredolia, Coss. et Dur. mes. ex Moy. et Coss. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. ix. 299, t. 2.
- 66. Wanophytum, Less. in Linnæa, ix. 197.—Flores hermaphroditi, solitarii, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmenta (quorum 2 exteriora) convoluta, chartacea, lanceolata, acuminata, concava, enervia, demum valde aucta, inappendiculata, nitida. Stamina 5, disco parvulo inserta, filamentis elongatis compressis; antheræ elongatosagittatæ, loculis longe discretis, connectivo in apicem subulatum elongatum rigidulum desinente; staminodia minuta. Ovarium ovoideum, paullo compressum, in stylum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 recurvis fructu erectis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio insigniter aucto inclusus, turgidus, globoso-ovoideus, pericarpio tenuiter membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, utriculo conforme, vix a dorso compressum, testa membranacea hyalina, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, viridis, subcochleatus, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula gracili infera.—Fruticulus pulvinatus, rigidus, glaber v. axillis foliorum lanatis, caudice crasso lignoso, ramulis tortuosis intertextis. Folia parva, alterna, sessilia, triangulari-ovata, acuta, rigida, coriacea, concava. Flores parvi, primum inter bracteolas foliaque absconditi, demum longe evoluti et exserti; perianthia fructifera folia longe superantia.

Species 1, a regione trans-Uralensi usque ad Soongaricam extensa. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 200. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 50, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 972. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 48 (Polymenum).

67. Petrosimonia.—Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 52.—Flores hermaphroditi, solitarii, axillares, 2-bracteolati, bracteolis navicularibus sæpe demum induratis. Perianthium 2-5-partitum, segmenta (quorum 2 exteriora) ovato-lanceolata, basi lata v. angustata, concava, membranacea v. chartacea, enervia, apice integra v. lacera, fructifera immutata. Stamina 1-5, disco inconspicuo inserta, filamentis compressis; antheræ exsertæ, lineari-oblongæ, sagittatæ, apiculatæ v. connectivis apice sæpe 3-dentatis cohærentibus; staminodia 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum; stylus gracilis, stigmatibus 2 filiformi-subulatis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio bracteolisque arcte imbricatis inclusus, late oblongus v. ovoideus, a dorso compressus, vertice paullo incrassato, pericarpio membranaceo v. subchartaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea, aibumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, cotyledonibus gracilibus, radicula elongata infera.—Herbæ annuæ, pubescentes sericeæ v. subvillosæ, pilis bicuspidatis, ramosæ, ramis gracilibus teretibus. Folia opposita et alterna, patentia v. recurva, sessilia, linearia acicularia v. semiteretia, acuta v. obtusa. Flores parvi, inconspicui, cum bracteolis caduci.

Species ad 7, Asiae centralis et occidentalis incolae. Bunge in Boiss. M. Or. iv. 972. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 49 ad 54 (Polycnemum).

68. Malccharts, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 201, ex parts.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthii segments 5 (quorum 2 exteriors), lanceolats,

membranacea, hyalina, enervia, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, disco carnosulo inserta, filamentis linearibus; antheree lineares, loculis ab apice discretis angustis parallelis, connectivo in vesiculam sessilem v. stipitatam complanatam v. inflatam interdum basi tubulosam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, compressum, in stylum gracilem abrupte angustatum, stigmatibus 2 elongatis subulatis; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus v. orbicularis, a latere compressus, pericarpio membranaceo ruguloso semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, lenticulare v. orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, cotyledonibus gracilibus, radicula laterali ascendente.—Herbæ annuæ, sæpe parvulæ, prostratæ v. suberectæ, ramosæ, hispido-pilosæ et villosulæ, ramulis sæpe verticillatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, carnosula, oblonga v. anguste ovata, pilis rigidis apice barbata. Flores inconspicui, inter folia reconditi, et lana laxa immersi, cum bracteolis decidui; appendices antherarum violaceæ sulphureæ v. stramineæ.

Species 5, Persiæ, Affghanistaniæ, et Asiæ centralis incolæ. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 61, t. 1, f. 1 ad 4, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 974.

69. Malimocnemis, C. A. Mey. Fl. Att. i. 381.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 3-5 partitum, segmentis basi demum induratis coalitis fructiferis inappendiculatis, 2 exterioribus majoribus. Stamina 3-5, disco perianthii basin vestiente inserta, filamentis planis; antherse elongate, loculis basi liberis, connectivo in vesiculam pyriformem sessilem v. stipitatam inflatam albam v. coloratam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium compressum, ovoideum, vertice coriaceo in stylum angustato, stigmatibus brevibus v. elongatis sepius dilatatis et laceris; ovulum funiculo elongato suspensum. Utriculus perianthio basi indurato subgloboso inclusus, a latere compressus, pericarpio membranaceo vertice calloso semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, orbiculare, compressum, testa carnosula alba, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, cotyledonibus elongatis complanatis, radicula supera.—Herbæ annuæ, crasse carnosæ, dichotome ramosissimæ, glabræ v. pilosæ, ramis interdum trigonis robustis. Folia alterna, crassa, sessilia, obtusa v. cuspide deciduo terminata. Flores parvi; perianthia fructifera majuscula, cum bracteolis foliaceis decidua.

Species 9, Persice et Aralo-Caspiva. Bungr, Anab. Revis. 65, t. 1, f. 5 ad 10, et in Fl. Or. iv. 976. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 56 (Polycnemum).

HALOTIS, Bunge, Anab. Revis. 73. t. 1, f. 11, et un Boise. Fl. Or iv. 978, et in Act. Hort. Petrop. v. 644, genus ab auctore dubitatim proposita, ab Halimochemule differt perianthii segmentis exterioribus fructiferis basi auriculatis.

70. Examentum, ('. Koch in Linura, xvii. 313.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati, bracteolis post anthesin induratis. Perianthium membranaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta (quorum 2 exteriora) oblongo-lanceolata, acuta v. 2-loba, enervia v. 2 exteriora 3-nervia, fructifera basi libera immutata v. exteriora dorso alata. Stamina 5, hypogyna, filamentis planis; antheræ anguste lineari-elongatæ, connectivo in vesiculam magnam hyaninam pyriformem v. globosam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium elongatum, compressum, vertice coriaceo in stylum crassiusculum angustato, stigmatibus 2 crassiusculis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, lineari-oblongus, a latere compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, subovoideum v. oblongum, compressum, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, viridis, radicula supera.—Herbse annuæ, glabræ v. pubescentes. Folia alterna v. superiora subopposita, sessilia, brevia v. elongata, semiteretia, obtusa v. seta apiculata. Flores oppositi et solitarii, v. ad apices ramulorum congesti, sepe cum foliis floralibus basi induratis v. nuceis conjunctim decidui, pro ordine majusculi.

Species 8, Asiæ occidentalis et centralis incolæ. Sectiones sequentes a variis auctoribus progeneribus propriis habentur:—

1. Physogeton, forma typica Kochii, perianthii fructiferi segmentis 2 exterioribus alatis. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 80, t. 1, f. 16 ad 23, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 981. Stschegl. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1853, i. t. 5 (Halimoonemis). Physoguron, Janh. et Spach, Ill. Pt. Or. t. 186.

- 2. Gamanthus. Perianthii segmenta omnia fructifera immutata. Gamanthus, Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 76, t. 1, f. 13 ad 15, et in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 979. Pall. Ill. Pl. t. 20 (Salsola).
- 71. Malarchon, Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 75, t. 1, f. 12, 25, 26.—Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium hyalinum, 5-partitum; segmenta (quorum 2 exteriora) oblongo-lanceolata, acutissima, enervia, fructifera immutata. Stamina 5, disco minutissimo inserta, filamentis linearibus apice emarginato-truncatis; antheræ anguste lineares, loculis discretis, connectivo in vesiculam globoso-pyriformem roseam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium columnare; stylus basi bulboso-incrassatus, medio denticulis verticillatis auctus, stigmate capitato 2-lobo indusio membranaceo infundibulari lacero demum fecundatione peracta reverso cincto; ovulum ab apice funiculi pendulum. Utriculus in specimine immaturus. Semen erectum, radicula supera ex Bungeo.—Herba annua, glauca, canescens, caule erecto, ramis alternis patentibus v. decumbentibus. Folia infima opposita, cætera alterna, semi-teretia, pungentia, semi-amplexicaulia. Flores parvi, superiora congesta; bracteolæ cuspidatæ.

Species 1, in salsuginosis Affghanistaniæ obvia. Bunge in Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 979. Planta valde singularis, Halanthio ut nobis videtur, ovarii indole excepto, proxime affinis, an ejus forma sexualis?

72. Piptoptera, Bunge in Act. Hort. Petrop. v. 644. - Flores hermaphroditi, axillares, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum; segmenta basi indurata et connata, 2 exteriora navicularia, 3-nervia, 3 interiora angustiora, enervia; fructifera 2 exteriora latissime membranaceo-alata, alis demum articulatim solutis thecam a latere subcompressam 6-costatam supra medium 2-auriculatam relinquentibus. Stamina 5, disco obscuro inserta, filamentis linearibus; anthere minutæ, cordatæ, connectivo in vesiculam conicam subacutam producto; staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideo-globosum, in stylum basi usque 2-partitum productum, cruribus (stigmatibus) subulatis strictis erectis; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthii basi nuceo inclusus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, orbiculare, compressum, testa tenuissima, albumine 0; embryo plano-spiralis, radicula supera.—Herba annua?, ramosissima, habitu Salsole, crassa, hispidula, ramis patentibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, superiora recurva, carnosa, trigona, acuta; floralia breviora, basi late ovata, pungentia, late membranaceo-marginata. Flores solitarii, sessiles; bracteolæ foliis subsimiles sed longiores, persistentes.

Species 1, Turkestaniæ incola. Exemplar mancum vidimus, a Maximoviczio benevole missum.

73. Balogeton, C. A. Mey. Fl. Alt. i. 378, e.c parte.—Flores polygami, glomerati, axillares, bracteolati v. ebracteolati. Perianthium 5-partitum; segmenta (quorum 2 exteriora) dorso apicem versus alata v. gibba, fructifera immutata v. rarissime indurata. Stamina 5 v. pauciora, disco parvo inserta v. hypogyna, filamentis linearibus; antheræ oblongæ v. didyma, inappendiculate; staminodia 0 v. 5, filamentis alterna, lingulata, apice integra v. fimbriata. Ovarium ovoideum, compressum, in stylum brevem subulatum angustatum, stigmatibus 2 filiformibus suberectis; ovulum funiculo brevi v. elongato. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, late ovoideus, a latere compressus, pericarpio membranaceo semini plus minusve adhærente. Semen inversum, rarissime horizontale, orbiculare v. gibbum, extremitate radiculari porrecto, testa membranacea v. subcoriacea, albumine 0: embryo spiralis, radicula porrecta laterali v. supera.—Herbæ annuæ, ramosissimæ, crassiusculæ, glabræ arachnoideæ v. subvillosæ. Folia alterna, sessilia, carnosula, teretia v. oblonga, obtusa v. spice setifera, axillis sepe pilosis. Flores minuti, lana laxa immersi v. stipati, centralis ebracteolatus, lateralium 2 exteriores bracteolati; in glomerulis infimis flos medius hermaphroditus, laterales fœminei; in glomerulis trifloris sæpe omnes hermaphroditi, in multifloris exteriores interdum perianthio orbati.

Species 5, Hispaniz australis, Algeriz, Asizque centralis incolz. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 204, exol. sp. n. 1, 2, 3. Bunge, Anabas. Revis. 93, et in Boiss. Ft. Or. iv. 985. Ledeb. Itl. Ft. Ross. t. 40.

MICROPAPLIS, Bunge, Rel. Lehm. 474 (298), 479 (303), seminibus sepiseime horisontalibus, ab

auctore ipeo (Anabas. Revis. 97) pro sectione Halogetonis habendum est, transitum præbet ad Saleolaceas veras.

74. Symposma, Bunge in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. xxv.; Mel. Biol. x. 306.—Flores hermaphroditi, ebracteolati, axillares, fasciculati. Perianthium compressum, 5-partitum; segmenta demum cartilaginea, oblonga, concava, dorso infra apicem late alata; alæ horizontales, oblongæ, venosæ, 2 exteriores majores basi gibbæ. Stamina 5, filamentis basi breviter connatis, staminodiis totidem interpositis; antheræ oblongo-cordatæ, inappendiculatæ. Ovarium lageniforme, compressum, in stylum latum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 subulatis recurvis; ovulum ab apice funiculi suspensum. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, orbicularis, compressus, pericarpio crassiusculo membranaceo semini non adhærente. Semen inversum, utriculo conforme, testa membranacea, albumine 0; embryo spiralis, radicula supera.—Fruticulus ramosissimus, glaber, cortice fere suberoso. Folia sparsa, lineari-filiformia, carnosula. Flores in apices ramulorum terminales, in globulum demum induratum conferti.

Species 1, Asiæ centralis incola. Descriptio ex schedis Bungei et exemplare manco a Maximoviczio benevole communicato. Staminodia a Bungeo descripta non vidimus.

#### TRIBUS X. SARCOBATIDEAL

75. Sarcobatus, Necs in Trav. Pr. Neuwied. ed. ongl. 518. (Fremontia, Torr. in Emory Rep. 95, 317, t. 3.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, ebracteolati, dimorphi. Fl. & achlamydei. Stamina inter squamas stipitatas peltatas amenti terminalis irregulariter sparsa, filamentis brevibus; anthere didymæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. & axillares, solitarii, subsessiles. Perianthium a dorso compressum, turbinatum, cum ovario omnino confluens, supra medium transverse incrassatum, vertice conico in stigmata 2 crassa subulata recurva papillosa angustato; ovulum pyriforme, sessile. Fructus coriaceus, rhombeo-obovoideus, supra medium ala scariosa horizontali radiatim venosa crenulata cinctus, parte infra-alari turbinato compresso, supra-alari conico puberulo stigmatibus persistentibus coronato. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa membranacea hyalina; embryo plano-spiralis, viridis, radicula infera.—Frutex erectus, ramosus, foliosus, glaberrimus v. ramulis novellis puberulis, ramis spinescentibus. Folia alterna, in ramos articulata, linearia, sessilia, carnosula, integerrima. Amenta cylindracea, squamis persistentibus. Stamina sub quavis squama ad 3, caduca. Fl. & parvi, cito excrescentes, subsessiles, basi tenuiter barbati.

Species 1, Americae borealis regionibus interioribus indigena. Scuhert in Bot. Zeit. 1844, 753, t. 7. Genus anomalum; an flores ? achlamydei, pericarpio alato, et membrana loculum vestiente pro testa descriptis?

## TRIBUS XI. EUBASELLEA.

76. Basella, Linn. Gen. n. 382 (Basela).—Flores hermaphroditi, sessiles, cum rhachi spicæ articulati; bracteolæ infraflorales minutæ, caducæ, florales perianthio adnatæ in cupulam 2-labiatam connatæ. Perianthium carnosum, leviter compressum, ad medium 5-fidum, demum subbaccatum, tubo late obconico; lobi erecti, obtusi, concavi, fructiferi incurvi. Stamina 5, fauce tubi inserta, filamentis late subulatis, alabastro rectis; antherse versatiles, in alabastro posticæ, oblongæ v. subsagittatæ, inclusæ. Ovarium globosum; styli 3, basi connati, stigmatibus lineari-clavatis intus papillosis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus et basi adnatus, globosus, pericarpio tenui semini adhærente. Semen erectum, globosum, leviter compressum, testa crustacea, albumine parcissimo; embryo plano-spiralis, cotyledonibus magnis oblongo-lanceolatis tenuibus involutis radicula elongata acuta descendente multo latioribus.—Herba succulenta, glaberrima, dextrorsum volubilis, alte scandens, ramosissima. Folia alterna, subsessilia v. petiolata, ovata oblonga v. cordata, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima. Flores in spicas axillares breves v. elongatas simplices v. ramosas dispositi, albi violacei v. rubri. Bractea parva, lata, bracteolæque caducæ.

Species 1, Asis et Africe tropice indigena, alibi inter tropice culta. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 222 (excl. cit. H. B. et K.). Gartn. Fruct. 126. Lam. IU. t. 215, f. 1. Wight, Io. t. 896. Jacq. f. Eclog. t. 161.

77. Tournonia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 225.—Flores hermaphroditi, cum pedicello apice ebracteolato articulati; bracteolæ florales basi perianthii adnatæ, orbiculares, concavæ. Perianthium carnosulum, 5-partitum, tubo brevi; segmenta oblongo rotundata, subæqualia, obtusa, reticulatim nervosa. Stamina 5, fauci tubi inserta; antheræ parvæ, late oblongæ, versatiles, in alabastro posticæ. Ovarium late ovoideum; styli 3, basi connati, stigmatibus capitatis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio immutato inclusus?, compresso-ovoideus, pericarpio membranaceo. Semen erectum . . .—Herba volubilis, glaberrima, gracilis, exsiccata nigrescens. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovato- v. rotundato-cordata, nervosa et reticulatim venosa. Flores minuti, in racemos abbreviatos axillares cymoso-ramosos dispositi, rhachi pedicellisque crassis. Bractea ad basin pedicelli brevis, caduca; bracteolæ infraflorales si adsint valde inconspicuæ, pedicello adnatæ, florales perianthii laciniis consimiles, sed breviores et latiores.

Species 1. Novæ Granadæ ad Quindiu incola. Descriptio fructus ex Moq. l. c.

78. Ullacus, Lozano in Senan. Nuov. Granad. 1809, 185, ex DC. Prod. iii. 360. (Melloca, Lindl. in Gard. Chron. 1847, 685, et 1848, 828, cum ic. xylog.)—Flores hermaphroditi, cum pedicello apice 2-bracteolato articulati; bracteolæ infraflorales minutissimæ, pedicello persistentes; florales basi perianthii insertæ, orbiculares. Perianthium rotatum, membranaceum, 5-partitum, tubo brevissimo; segmenta æqualia, a basi late ovata, caudato-acuminata. Stamina 5, fauci tubi inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ minutæ, basifixæ, fere orbiculares, rimis lateralibus supra medium dehiscentes, in alabastro erectæ. (Ovarium minutum, subglobosum; stylus brevis, crassus, stigmate obtuso; ovulum subsessile. Fructus perianthio inferne inclusus, ovoideus, baccatus. Semen erectum . . . —Herba carnosula, decumbens et volubilis, rhizomate repente caulibusque angulatis radices tuberiferas emittentibus. Folia alterna, crasse petiolata, rotundato-cordata, acuta, integerrima. Flores in racemos axillares amplos laxifloros dispositi, aurei. Bractea ad basın pedicelli lanceolata, membranacea, persistens; bracteolæ infraflorales valde inconspicuæ, florales membranaceæ, perianthio multo breviores.

Species 1, in Andibus Americæ australis indigena et culta. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 224 (Melloca). Dene. in Rev. Hortic. ser. 3, ii 441. f. 25 Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4617, ic. in Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 221, repetita. Fructus a nobis non visus, et semina a nemine descripta. Genus structura antherarum ab omnibus affinibus diversum. Opus Lozani a Candolleo citatum nobis ignotum est, nec in ulla Bibliographia Botanica recensitum. Nomen tamen, etsi primum in Prodromo editum, jure prioritatis gaudeat contra Lindleyanum.

## TRIBUS XII. BOUSSINGAULTIEE.

79. Boussingaultia, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. 194, t. 645 bis.—Flores hermaphroditi, cum pedicello apice 2-bracteolato articulati; bracteolæ infrafiorales persistentes v. deciduæ; florales basi v. supra basin perianthii adnatæ. Perianthium membranaceum v. carnosulum, 5-partitum, tubo brevi; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, concava, patentia. Stamina 5, fauce tubi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis in alabastro supra medium reflexis; antheræ oblongæ, versatiles, inclusæ. Ovarium ovoideum, umbonatum; stylus validus, rectus v. flexuosus, stigmate magno 3-lobo, v. styli 3, stigmatibus capitatis v. clavatis; ovulum subsessile. Utriculus perianthio inclusus, globosus, apice umbonatus, crasse stipitatus, pericarpio crassiusculo semini adhærente. Semen crectum, subreniforme, testa crustacea; embryo semiannularis, clavatus, albumen farinaceum semicingens, cotyledonibus latis plano-convexis, radicula crassa descendente.—Herbæ glaberrimæ, volubiles, radice perennante, caulibus robustis v. gracilibus. Folia alterna, petiolata v. subsessilia, ovata elliptica v. cordata, carnosa v. crassiuscula, integerrima. Flores parvi,

in recemes axillares et terminales simplices v. ramosos laxos v. densifioros dispositi, breviter v. gracile pedicellati. Bractee ad basin pedicelli persistentes v. deciduze; bracteolæ infraflorales pedicello adnatæ v. caducæ, florales ima basi perianthii v. altius insertæ, segmentis breviores.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Stylus validus, elongatus, stigmate 3-lobo. Boussingaultia, H. B. et K. l.o. Tandonia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 226.
- 2. Styli 3, elongati, basi connati, stigmatibus clavatis v. capitatis. Boussingaultia, Moq. in DC. l. c. 228, non H. B. et K. Bot. Mag. t. 3620. Miers in Secm. Journ. Bot. ii. 161, t. 18.
- 80. Anredera, Juss. Gen. 84. (Clairisia, Abat. Act. Soc. Med. Seville, ex Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 229.)—Flores hermaphroditi, cum pedicello apice 2-bracteolato articulati : bracteolæ infrafiorales caducæ; florales basi perianthii insertæ, naviculares, perianthium includentes, dorso longitrorsum latissime alatæ. Perianthium 5-partitum, hyalinum. tubo brevissimo carnosulo; segmenta subsequalia, oblonga, obtusa, 1-nervia, exteriora paulo majora. Stamina 5, disco crasso hypogyno inserta, filamentis subulatis in alabastro infra apicem reflexis; antheræ versatiles, sagittatæ, inclusæ. Ovarium minutum, rotundatum, compressum; styli 3, ima basi connati, stigmatibus dilatatis 2-3-lobis; ovulum sessile. Utriculus persanthio bracteolisque inclusus, crasse stipitatus, ovoideo-globosus, pericarpio carnosulo semini adhærente. Semen erectum, rotundatum, compressum, testa coriacea brunnea; embryo fere annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus subclavatis, radicula valida infera.—Herba volubilis, gracilis, glaberrima, radice tuberosa, caule angulato. Folia alterna, in petiolum angustata, ovata, acuta, integerrima, carnosula. Flores parvi, albi, in spicas axillares pedunculatas cylindraceas flexuosas dispositi. Bractea ad basin pedicelli lanceolato-subulata, decidua ; bracteolainfrafiorales triangulares, 1-nerves, florales maximæ, persistentes, in alas basi et apice productæ.

Species 1, Americae subtropicae a Texas ad Peruviam incola. in Egypto et in ins. Philippinis in hortis culta. Gærtn. f. Fruct. t. 213. Lam. Ill. t. 215, f. 2 (Basella).

## ORDO CXXXII. PHYTOLACCACEE.

Endl. Gen. 975 Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 508. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. 23.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales. Persanthium herbaceum v. coriaceum, rarius membranaceum v. coloratum, 4-5-partitum, rarissime obconicum v. disciforme; segmenta coualia v. inequalia, oblonga v. orbicularia, obtusa, astivatione imbricata; fructifera persistentia, erecta patentia v. reflexa, immutata v. rarius aucta. Petala (Stegnospermate Stamina 4 v. plura, raro perigyna, sepius disco hypogyno inserta, excepto) 0. 1-cc-seriata, dum segmentis perianthii isomera sapissime iis alterna, dum plura plus minusve irregulariter inserta v. segmentis opposita et alterna; filamenta filiformia v. subulata, basi libera v. connata, sæpissime persistentia, antheris deciduis. Antheræ dorso affixe, 2-loculares, loculi sæpe a basi alte liberi, rimis anticis lateralibus v. posticis dehiscentes, sæpissime deciduæ; pollen globosum. Discue hypogynus obscurus v. annularis. Ovarium superum, e carpellis 1 v. pluribus distinctis v. connatis, fundo perianthii sessilibus v. rarissime toro impositis. Stylus brevis v. 0; stigmata linearia filiformia v. subulata, intus papillosa v. rarius apicibus penicillatis v. capitellatis, seepius recurva. Ovula in carpellis solitaria, funiculo brevi basi rarius angulo interiore loculi inserta, amphitropa v. campylotropa, micropyle non raro fungoso. Fructus nunc monocarpicus, coriaceus, crustaceus baccatus v. samaroideus, nuno polycarpicus, carpellis distinctis v. connatis, 1-locularis v. loculis tot quot carpellis 1-spermis. Semina erecta, rarissime

ascendentia, globosa reniformia v. sublenticularia, compressa; testa membranacea v. crustacea, levis v. rugosa; arillus si adsit parvus, 2-lobus, in *Stegnospermate* magnus, semen includens. *Embryo* periphericus, albumen farinaceum v. carnosum cingens, in seminibus elongatis uncinatus v. superne abrupte deflexus; cotyledones incumbentes foliaceæ et plicato-convolutæ, v. lineares angustæ et semi-cylindricæ; radicula elongata, hilo proxima.

Arbores, frutices, v. herbæ basi lignosæ, sæpissime glabræ. Folia alterna, integerrima. Stipulæ 0 v. parvæ v. ad tuberculas reductæ. Flores sæpissime racemosi, rarius axillares, racemis terminalibus et axillaribus, sæpius virides v. albi, sæpissime bracteati et 2-bracteolati.

Species ad 60, pleræque tropicæ et subtropicæ; paucæ regiones temperatas utriusque hemispheriæ incolunt, in frigidis et alpinis desunt.

Ordo Chenopodiaceis affinis, recedens habitu, floribus racemosis, staminibus numerosis v. perianthii segmentis isomeris iisque alternis v. irregulariter insertis, ovario sæpe polycarpico fructuque magno. A Ficoidearum generibus e tribu Molluginearum carpellis uniovulatis Phytolaccaceæ non distinguuntur nisi habitu, defectu corollæ et staminodiorum, foliis nunquam oppositis et inflorescentia racemosa. Illecchraceæ differunt habitu semper herbaceo, foliis parvis augustis, stipulis scariosis, inflorescentia, et fructu membranaceo.

#### FORM & ABNORMES.

Petals adsunt in Stegnospermate.

Ovarium semi-inferum in Agacstide; 1-loculare, polyspermum in Stegnospermate.

Fructus in Petiveria elongatus; in Stegnospermate capsularis, 3-valvis, 3-5-spermus.

Arillus in Stegnospermate magnus, semen includens

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Riviness. Flores hermaphroditi, rarius unisexuales. Perianthium 4-5-partitum. Ovarium monocarpicum. Fructus indehiscens. Cotyledones plicato-convolutæ.

- \* Fructus globosus v. elongatus, baccatus v. coriaceus.
- 1. RIVINA. Perianthii segmenta 4, parva, sequalia. Stamina 4. Stylus brevis, stigmate capitato.—Amer. calid., in orb. vet. introd.
- 2. VILLAMILLA. Perianthii segmenta 4, sequalia, fructifera reflexa. Stamina 8-16. Stigma sessile, penicillatum.—Amer. trop.
- 3. LEDENBERGIA. Perianthii segmenta 4, ampla, stellatim patentia. Stamina 12. Stylus brevis, stigmate penicillato—Amer. trop.
- 4. Mohlana. Perianthium 2-partitum, segmento altero simplici, altero 3-lobo. Stamina 4. Stylus brevis, stigmate penicillato.—Amer. ct Afric. trop.
- 5. Periveria. Perianthii segmenta 4, elongata, fructifera erecta. Fructus elongatus, apice setis uncinatis auctus.—Amer. calid.
- 6. MICROTEA. Perianthii segmenta 4, brevia. Fructus globosus, asper v. setis uncinatis horridus—Amer. trop.
- 7. Monococcus. Flores unisexuales. Fructus subglobosus, spinulosus.—Austral., Nov. Caled.

## \*\* Fructus samaroideus, longe alatus.

- 8. SEGUIERA. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis fructiferis reflexis.—Amer. calid.
- 9. GALLESIA. Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis fructiferis erectis.—Brasil.

Tribus II. Emphytelacces. Flores sæpius hermaphroditi. Perianthium 4-5-partitum. Ovarium 2-co-carpicum. Fructus carnosus, rarissime capsularis. Testa membranacea v. crustacea, lævis. Embryo annularis, cotyledonibus angustis. Flores racemosi, rarius thyrsoidei.

- 10. Phytolacca. Perianthium sequale. Carpella sessilia, libera v. connata, matura indehiscentia. Testa coriacea.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
- 11. Englia. Perianthium sequale. Carpella toro elevato inserta, matura libera. Testa crustacea.—Ohili, Peru.

- 12. Arisomeria. Perianthii segmenta insequalia. Carpella sessilia, matura libera. Testa membranacea.—Chili.
- 13? BARBRUIA. Perianthium sequale. Carpella 2, connata. Fructus 2-locularis.—
  Madagascar.
- Tribus III. Gyrestemeness. Flores unisexuales. Perianthium integrum v. lobatum. Ovarium 1-00-carpicum, carpellis connatis. Fructus siecus. Testa transverse rugosa. Embryo annularis v. hamatus, cotyledonibus sæpissime angustis. Flores axillares v. racemosi. Genera omnia Australiana.
  - 14. DIDYMOTHECA. Perianthium 4-lobum. Fructus didymus, 2-locularis, 2-valvis.— Australia austr. et occid.
  - 15. CODONOCABRUS. Perianthium obconicum. Carpella numerosa, matura ab axi secedentia, sutura ventrali dehiscentia.—Australia.
  - 16. GYEOSTEMON. Perianthium obconicum. Carpella pauca v. numerosa, mature ab exi secedentia, suturis dorsalibus et ventralibus dehiscentia.—Australia.
  - 17. Tersonia. Perianthium discoideum. Fructus globosus, lignosus, multilocularis, indehiscens.—Australia occid.

#### GENERA ANOMALA.

- 18. Stegnosperma. Calyx 5-partitus. Petala 5, decidua. Stamina 10. Carpella 3-5. Fructus 1-locularis. 3-5-spermus.—California, Amer. cent., Ind. occ.
  - 19. Agdestis.—Perianthium 4-5-partitum. ()varium semi-inferum, 4-loculare.—Mexico.

## GENERA AFFINIA V. EXCLUSA.

Genera Lecostemon et Stylobasium, supra, i. 609 sub Rosaccis descripta, a Decaisneo in Comptes Rendus Acad. Sc. Par. lxxiii. 1144, forte non immerito ab illo ordine rejiciuntur et Phytolaccaccis referentur, a quibus tamen pluribus notes imprimis ovarii et seminis structura distant, etsi ovarium in Lecostemone revera 1-ovulatum sit. In utroque ordine genera sunt valde anomals.

Macarthuria, Endl., Adenogramma, Reichb., Giseria, Linn., Semonvillea, Gay. et Limeum, Linn. (Dicarpea, Presl), olim *Phytolaccacsis* adscripta. ad **Picoideas** pertinent, supra, i. 856 ad 859.

Thelygonum, Linn., a nonnullis pro ordine distincto habitum et nuper a Baillonio inter *Phyto-*

# laccaceas positum, nobis videtur vera Urticacea: vide infra.

#### TRIBUS I. RIVINEA.

- 1. Stvina, Linn. Gen. n. 162 (Rivinia). (Piercea, Mill. Gard. Dict. ed 6 abr.)-Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium corollinum, 4-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, obovato-oblonga, obtusa, concava, colorata; fructifera immutata, erecta v. patentia. Stamina 4, disco parvo hypogyno inserta, perianthii segmentis alterna, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, in alabastro antice dehiscentes. Ovarium subglobosum, compressum, 1-loculare; stylus subterminalis, brevis, curvus, stigmate capitellato; ovulum sessile, amphitropum. Fructus globosus, compressus, pericarpio carnoso semini adhærente. Semen erectum, globoso-lenticulare, testa crustacea levi v. rugulosa, arillo inconspicuo, endopleura membranacea; embryo annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus convolutis, radicula robusta hilo proxima.—Herbie basi frutescentes, erectee, dichotome ramosæ, glabræ v. pubescentes, ramis sulcatis. Folia alterna, gracile petiolata, ovata ovato-lanceolata v. cordato-ovata, acuta obtusa v. longe acuminata, obscure crenata, membranacea; stipulæ minutæ, caducæ. Racemi axillares et in dichotomiis ramulorum, rarius terminales, graciles, penduli, multiflori, pedicellis gracilibus; bractese ad basin pedicellorum subulatæ bracteolæque infraflorales caducæ. Fructus pisiformis, ruber.
- Species 1 v. 2 (apud auctores 5), Americas tropicas et subtropicas incolas; in Asia tropica et ins. Africanis introductas. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 11 (sect. Piercea). Gartn. Fruct. t. 77. Lam. Ill. t. 81, f. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 1781, 2333. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. fig. 45 ad 50. J. A. Sohmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 76.

2. Villamilla, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. ined. t. 402, pro Rivinse sect. admissa a Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 10. (Trichostigms, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. ii. 306.)—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum, 4-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, obovata v. rotundata, concava, fructifera paullo aucta, patentia v. reflexa. Stamina 8-16, disco parvo hypogyno inserta ; lobis perianthii alterna et opposita v. irregulariter inserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, longe 2-fidæ, versatiles, in alabastro postice dehis-Ovarium subglobosum, leviter compressum, 1-loculare; stylus 0, stigmate terminali penicillato; ovulum sessile, amphitropum. Fructus globosus, compressus, pericarpio coriaceo semini adhærente. Semen erectum, globoso-lenticulare, testa crustacea fusca lævi v. subrugulosa, arillo inconspicuo, endopleura tenuiter coriacea; embryo annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus oblongis convolutis, radicula robusta hilo proxima.—Suffrutices erecti v. scandentes, glabri v. tomentosi. Folia alterna v. in ramulis abbreviatis subopposita, petiolata, ovata v. elliptica, acuminata, integerrima v. obscure crenulata; stipulæ minutæ, caducæ. Racemi in ramulis abbreviatis terminales et axillares, graciles, cernui, multiflori, pedicellis gracilibus; bracteze ad basin v. infra medium pedicelli subulatze, bracteolæque infrafiorales caducæ. Fructus pisiformis.

Species 4 v. 5, Americæ tropicæ incolæ: 1. V. tinctoria, Ruiz et Pav. 1. c., erecta, tomentosa, foliis ima basi cordatis, petiolo brevi. 2. V. peruviana, Hook. f. (Rivina peruviana, Moq. 1. c. excl. syn. Ruiz et Pav.), foliis tomentosis basi acutis, caule erecto, floribus majoribus. 3. V. octandra, Hook. f. (Rivina octandra, Linn.; Moq. 1. c. R. dodecandra, Jacq. Obs. t. 2. Lam. Ill. t. 81, f. 2. Trichostigma rivinoides, A. Rich. 1. c.). His addendæ species inedita et verisimiliter Ledenbergia roseo-ænea, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. xvi. t. 591, species e regione Amazonica superiore a nobis non visa, sed ex icone et auctoris descriptione evidenter Villamillæ potius quam Ledenbergiæ referenda.

3. Ledenbergia, Klotzsch in Herb. Karsten, n. 350 ex Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 14. -Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum, 4-partitum; segmenta lineari-oblonga v. -obovata, obtusa, fructifera aucta, membranacea, reticulata, stellato-Stamina 12, disco subhypogyne inserta, 4 exteriora perianthii segmentis alterna, filamentis liberis filiformibus; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, basi longe 2-fidæ. Ovarium minutum, lenticulare, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, sublateralis, curvus, stigmate penicillato. Achænium parvum, perianthii segmentis magnis stellatim patentibus stipatum, lenticulare, marginatum, reticulato-nervosum, pallidum. lenticulare, erectum, testa crustacea glabra, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus submembranaceis, exteriore majore interiorem involutam amplectente; radicula conica, hilo proxima.—Suffrutex volubilis, glaber, caule subtereti cinerascente. Folia alterna, longe gracile petiolata, ovata v. elliptico-ovata, acuminata, integerrima, membranacea; stipulæ minutissimæ, ovatæ. Flores in racemos axillares elongatos longissime pedunculatos pendulos laxe dispositi, gracile pedicellati; rhachis et pedunculus racemi fere capillares; bracteæ ad basin pedicelli bracteolæque infraflorales minutæ, caducæ.

Species 1, Columbiæ, Venezuelæ, et ins. Martinique incola. Exemplar nobis adest unicum floriferum e Venezuela, *Fondle*-, n. 1297.

4. Mehlana, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 170, t. 290. (Hilleria, Vell. Fl. Flum. 47, Ic. i. t. 122.)—Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum, subcampanulatum, obliquum, 2-partitum, coloratum, segmento postico oblongo obtuso, antico multo majore 3-lobo, lobis obtusis medio longiore; fructiferum paullo auctum erectum, nervis reticulatis. Stamina 4, disco parvo hypogyno inserta, lobis perianthii alterna, filamentis filiformibus subsequalibus; anthere sagittate, versatiles, in alabastro postice dehiscentes. Ovarium ovoideum, obtusum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, subterminalis, stigmate penicillato; ovulum sessile, amphitropum. Fructus globosus, compressus, pericarpio carnosulo semini adherente. Semen erectum, globoso-lenticulare, vol. III.

testa erustacea, endopleura membranacea, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum endopleuræ adhærens cingens, cotyledonibus linearibus convolutis, radicula valida hilo proxima.—Herba annua, erecta, fere glaberrima, caule simplici v. ramoso. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata v. elliptico-lanceolata, acuminata, obscure crenulata, membranacea; stipulæ minutæ, caducæ. Racemi subterminales et axillares, erecti, floribus secundis albis v. rubris pedicellatis; bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum subulatæ, bracteo-læque infraflorales caducæ.

Species 1, ab auctoribus multiplicata, America et Africa tropica incola. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 15. Rviz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. i. t. 102 (Rivina). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 130 (Rivina). J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 77.

5. Petiveria, Linn. Gen. n. 459. (Mapa, Vell. Fl. Flum. 59; Ic. i. t. 153.)-Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum, basi conicum, 4-partitum; segmenta subæqualia, lanceolata, patentia, fructifera erecta, immutata. Stamina basi perianthii disco hypogyno inserta, v. 4 segmentis perianthii alterna, v. 5-8 sine ordine disposita, tilamentis inæquilongis rigidis elongato-subulatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineares, basi et apice 2-fidæ. Ovarium oblongum, compressum, truncatum, tomentosum, vertice setis 1-6 subulatis deflexis auctum, 2-loculare; stylus brevis v. stigma sessile secus marginem ventralem ovarii decurrens longe penicillatum; ovulum erectum, oblongum, basifixum, Fructus perianthio patente stipatus, elongato-cuneatus, compressus, striato-costatus, utrinque medio carinatus, apice 2-lobus et uncinulis 1-6 rigidis appressis coronatus, pericarpio coriaceo semini adharente. Semen erectum, lineare, testa membranacea, arillo 0, endopleura membranacea albumini parco farinoso adhærente; embryo dorsalis, erectus, cotyledonibus foliaceis inæqualibus superne replicatis, exteriore latissima basi profunde 2-loba interiorem minorem plicatam involvente, radicula valida recta infera.—Herba basi frutescens, gracilis, erecta, glabra v. puberula, dichotome ramosa, Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, integerrima, membranacea; stipulæ minutæ. Flores parvi, in racemos axillares et terminales solitarios v. 2-nos gracillimos erectos v. nutantes sparsi, brevissime pedicellati, basi bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fructus

Species 1, apud auctores multiplicata, America calida a Florida ad Brasiliam australem indigena. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 8. Garts. Fruct. t 75. Lam. Ill. t. 272. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. f. 51, 52. Srt. Petrop. t. 18. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 75. Ovaria gemina Moquinio rarissime obvia a nobis non visa.

6. Microtea, Swartz, Prod. 53; Fl. Ind. Occ. i. 542, t. 12. (Schollera, Rohr in Skrivt. Naturhist. Selsk. Kjobenh. ii. 210. Potamophila, Schrank, Pl. Rur. Hort. Mon. ii. t. 63, ex Moq. Ceratococca, Willd. in Roem. et Sch. Syst. vi. 800. Aphananthe, Link, Enum. Hort. Berol. i. 383. Ancistrocarpus, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 186, t. 122.)-Flores Perianthium membranaceum v. herbaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, fructifera erecta v. patula. Stamina 5-8, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, didynæ, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium globosum, brevissime stipitatum, 1-loculare; styli v. stigmata 2-5, subulata; ovulum campylotropum, basifixum. Fructus globosus, breviter stipitatus, leviter compressus, tuberculatus v. glochidiatus, pericarpio semini adhærente. Semen erectum, testa crustacea, endopleura membranacea; embryo semi-annularis, albumen parcum carnosum cingens, cotyledonibus elongatis concavis latiusculis exteriore interiorem minorem involvente, radicula brevi crassa infera.—Herbæ annuse, debiles, graciles, ramulis sulcatis, glabra. Folia alterna, rarius opposita, petiolata, lanceolata elliptica ovata v. subcordata, integerrima; stipulæ 0, v. ad tuberculos reductæ. Flores minuti, in racemos terminales et axillares simplices v. ramosos rarius oppositifolios dispositi, albi; pedicellis brevibus v. elongatis, bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis. Fructus minutus.

Species ad 7, America tropica orientalis incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 16. Lam. III. t. 182. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 78.

7. Menococcus, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. i. 46.—Flores monoici v. dioici. Perianthium 4-partitum, segmenta & membranaces obtusa, 2 herbacea acuta. d: Stamina 10-20, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi liberis v. connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, basi longe bifidæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. glanduliforme. Fl. 2 : Staminodia 10-20, subulata. rium breviter stipitatum, oblique ovoideum, 1-loculare, spinulosum; stigma breve, crassum, recurvum, intus plumosum v. papillosum, papillis secus ovarii faciem ventralem productis; ovulum basilare. Fructus perianthii segmentis recurvis basi stipatus, subglobosus, indehiscens, spinulis apice uncinatis dense tectus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio coriaceo semini adhærente. Semen erectum, subglobosum, testa membranacea albumini parco carnoso adhærente; embryo erectus, cotyledonibus foliaceis superne replicatis, exteriore latissima basi profunde 2-loba interiorem longiorem angustiorem plicatam involvente, radicula breviuscula infera. - Frutex ramosus, fere glaber, ramulis teretibus uno latere puberulis. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, obtusa, integerrima; stipulæ minutæ, subulatæ. Flores parvi, in racemos terminales et axillares flexuosos dispositi, d et 2 in diversis racemis, v. d in racemis 2 subterminales pauci, pedicellis brevissimis bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis, 🗸 liberis, 🤉 rhachi adnatis. Fructus parvus.

Species 1, Australia orientalis et Nova Caledonia incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 144, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1077. Embryo fere Petiveria.

8. Seguieria, Linn. Gen. n. 676.—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium membranaceum, 5-partitum; segmenta subæqualia, obovata, obtusa, concava, petaloidea, fructifera immutata, reflexa. Stamina numerosa, disco hypogyno multiseriatim inserta, filamentis filiformibus carnosis; anthera dorsifixa, lineares, obtusa, basi longe 2-fide, versatiles, primum extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium stylo incluso acinaciforme, compressum, margine dorsali coriaceo, ventrali membranaceo, nucleo basali, 1-loculare, superne in stylum involutum angustatum, stigmate marginali decurrente; ovulum basilare, campylotropum. Fructus samaroideus, nucleo globoso v. compresso lævi costato v. alato intus crustacco, superne in alam acinaciformem venosam expansus, pericarpio semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, globosum orbiculare v. compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen parcum mucosum cingens, cotyledonibus orbiculatis foliaceis basi 2-lobis complicato-convolutis, radicula gracili infera.—Frutices et suffrutices sarmentosi, glabri, ramis teretibus leviter sulcatis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata obovata v. elliptica, subcoriacea; stipulæ tuberculiformes v. in aculeas rectas v. decurvas mutatæ, v. 0. Flores inter minores, in racemos paniculatos axillares et terminales dispositi, gracile pedicellati, pedicellis bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis. Fructus ei Sccuridaca simillimus.

Species 8 v. 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 6. Benth. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. t. 19. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. f. 54 ad 57. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 73.

9. Gallesia, Casar. Nov. Stirp. Bras. Dec. 43.—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum, 4-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, obovata, concava, obtusa, fructifera aucta, erecta. Stamina perplurima, basi perianthii multiseriatim inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi in annulum carnosulum connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineares, obtusæ, basi longe 2-fidæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium stylo incluso ensiforme, basi 1-loculare, pubescens, stigmate simplici apicali; ovulum basilare, campylotropum. Fructus samaroideus, nucleo compresso coriaceo superne in alam acinaciformem venosam expanso, pericarpio semini non adhærente. Semen erectum, orbiculare, compressum, testa tenuiter coriacea, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen parcum carnosum cingens, cotyledonibus foliaceis orbiculatis basi 2-lobis complicato-convolutis, radicula gracili infera.—Arbor elata, inflorescentia cano-puberula excepta glaberrima, odorem alliaceam spirans. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, acuta, coriacea; stipulæ 0. Flores in racemos ample

paniculatos multifloros axillares et terminales dispositi, pedicellis brevibus crassis bracteatis, et 2-bracteolatis, bracteis bracteolisque ovatis obtusis pedicello appressis. Fructus pollicaris ei Securidace simillimus.

Species 1, Brasilise et Peruvise orientalis incola. Moy. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 8. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. v. t. 4 (Cratæva). J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 74.

#### TRIBUS II. EUPHYTOLACCEÆ.

10. Phytolacca, Linn. Gen. n. 588.—Flores hermaphroditl, rarius dioici v. abortu unisexuales, racemosi. Perianthium herbaceum v. subcoloratum, 4-partitum; segmenta zequalia, oblonga, obtusa, fructifera immutata, patentia v. reflexa. Stamina 5-25, basi perianthii inserta, in fl. 2 ad staminodia parva reducta; filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus basi liberis v. connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, oblongæ v. subglobosæ, inclusæ v. exsertse. Ovarium globosum, e carpellis 5-12 liberis v. plus minusve connatis constans; stigmata tot quot carpella, subterminalia v. angulo ventrali inserta, subulata, erecta v. recurva, basi discreta v. connata, intus papillosa; ovula in carpellis solitaria, basifixa, campylotropa. Fructus depresso-globosus, e carpellis 5-12 liberis v. connatis carnosis dorso convexis constans. Semina reniformia, compressa, basi rostellata v. obtusa, testa grustacea atra nitida, arillo 0, endopleura membranacea; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula elongata ascendente hilo proxima.—Frutices, herbæ, v. raro arbores, erecti v. scandentes, glabri v. ramulis junioribus et inflorescentia furfuraceo-pubescentibus, ramis teretibus sulcatis v. angulatis. Folia alterna, sessilia v. petiolata, acuta v. obtusa, integerrima; stipula 0. Flores mediocres, in racemos thyrsosve contractos axillares oppositifolios et extra-alares erectos v. nutantes dispositi, pedicellis basi bracteatis et altius 2-bracteolatis. Fructus succosus, interdum intense purpureus.

Species ad 10, tropicæ et subtropicæ, pleræque Americanæ, paucæ Africæ, Asiæ orientalis, mont. Himalayæ, et Asiæ Minoris incolæ.

Sectiones sequentes, characteribus levioris momentu incertisque separatæ, nequaquam nostro sensu pro generibus distinctis retinendæ:—

- 1. Euphytolacca. Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu unisexuales. Carpella matura in baccam polyspermam connata. Gartn. Fruct. t. 77. Lam. Ill. t. 393. Nees, Grn. Fl. Germ. Baill. Hist. Pl. v. f. 22 ad 27. Mig. Sert. Exot. t. 3. L'Hèr. Stirp. t. 69. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 94. J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. 343, t. 80. Phytolacca, Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 31.
- 2. Pircunia (Pircuniæ sect. Pircuniastrum, Moq.). Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu unisexuales. Carpella matura libera v. basi tantum connata. Species 3:1. P. acinosa, Roxb. (P. Kæmpferi. A. Gr. et Pircunia Lathenia, Moq.), ex Asia orientali, caule herbaceo; 2. P. stricta, Hoffm. in Comm. Gott. xii. t. 3, ex Africa australi, caule erecto ut videtur herbaceo; 3. P. abyssinica, Hoffm. l. c. t. 2, ex Africa tropica et Madagascaria, caule fruticoso scandente.
- 3. Pseudolacca (Pircuniæ sect., Moq.). Flores dioici. Species 2, altera Americæ australis extratropicæ incola, in Europa austro-occidentali et Africa boreali sæpe culta, P. dioica, Linn., arbor trunco basi crasso, carpellis maturis liberis, L'Hér. Stirp. t. 70, J. A. Schmidt in Mart. Fl. Bras. xiv. ii. t. 79 (Pircunia); altera Asiæ occidentalis indigena, P. pruinosa, Fenzl; Walp. Ann. v. 742, trunco dichotome ramoso et carpellis maturis omnino connatis.

Pircunia, nomen primum ab Endlichero propositum fuit pro speciebus carpellis maturis liberis, et P. dioicam cum Anisomeria uti sectionem Phytolacca, includit. Piucunia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 29, pro genere proprio propositum includit sectiones Pircuniastrum et Pscudolaccam absque Anisomeria.

11. Ereilla, Ad. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxv. 11, t. 3. (Bridgesia, Hook. et Arn. in Hook. Bot. Misc. iii. 168, t. 102. Apodostachys, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1848, i. 577.)—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium submembranaceum, 5-partitum; segments oblongs, obtusa, æqualia, fructifera immutata, erecta. Stamina 8-10, disco hypogyno inserta, filamentis filiformibus carnosis, alternis brevioribus; antheræ medio dorsifixæ, exsertæ, oblongæ, loculis fere liberis introrsum dehiscen-

tibus. Ovarium e carpellis 4-8 toro brevi insertis subglobosis constans; styli totidem, ventrales, filiformes, erecti, demum divaricati et flexuosi, intus stigmatosi; ovula in carpellis solitaria, basifixa, campylotropa. Fructus e carpellis 4-8 liberis baccatis ovoideis compressis. Semina ovoideo-reniformia, testa crustacea, arillo 0; embryo annularis, albumen farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula hilo proxima.—Frutex glaberrimus, volubilis, ramulis robustis teretibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovato-cordata, oblonga v. rotundata, obtusa emarginata v. apiculata, crasse coriacea; stipulæ 0. Flores in spicas axillares breves sessiles densifioras cylindraceas conferti, brevissime pedicellati; pedicello basi minute bracteato, sub flore 2-bracteolato, bracteolis ovatis concavis.

Species 1, Peruviæ et Chili incola. Moq. in DC. Pred. xiii. ii. 34. Genus Phytolacce proximum, differt habitu, foliis ceriaceis, ovario toro imposito, stylis ventralibus, bracteolis majoribus. Fructus a nobis non visus.

12. Antsomerta, Don in Edinb. New Phil. Journ. xiii. 238.—Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, racemosi. Perianthium carnosum, 5-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, orbiculata, fructifera erecta, immutata. Stamina 10-30, subhypogyna, unilateralia, filamentis crassiusculis subulatis; antheræ globosæ v. breviter oblongæ, antice dehiscentes. Ovarium e carpellis 5 rarius 4-6 liberis ovoideis in stylos breves recurvos subspathulatos intus stigmatosos attenuatis; ovula in carpellis solitaria, basifixa, campylotropa. Fructus basi perianthio stipatus, e carpellis 2-4 drupaceis turgidis oblique late obovoideis compressis basi rostratis, endocarpio crasse coriaceo v. subcrustaceo. Semen erectum, reniformi-rotundatum, compressum, testa membranacea, arillo 0, endopleura tenuissima; embryo uncinatim hippocrepicus, albumen farinaceum copiosum cingens, cotyledonibus angustis planis, radicula elongata hilo proxima.—Herbæ radicibus napiformibus v. fruticuli glaberrimi crassiusculi, ramulis teretibus v. angulatis. Folia alterna, sessilia et semiamplexicaulia, v. in petiolum basi incrassatum lignosum articulata, ovata v. obovata, obtusa, integerrima, crassiuscula. Flores in spicas racemosve terminales elongatos dispositi, virides, patentes v. nutantes, pedicellis basi bracteatis et sæpius superne 2-bracteolatis.

Species 2, Chilenses. Mog. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 25. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 43 ad 45 (Phytolacca).

13? Barbenia. Thou. Gen. Nov. Madagasc. 6.—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium 5-partitum; segmenta orbiculata, concava, fructifera patentia, immutata. Stamina numerosa, multiseriata, disco annulari inserta, filamentis brevibus; antheræ lineares, sagittatæ, introrsum dehiscentes. Ovarium depresso-globosum, 2-loculare; stigmata 2, lineari-oblonga, crassa, erecto-patentia, basi connata, intus et marginibus papillosa; ovula in loculis solitaria, basifixa, campylotropa. Fructus capsularis, 2-locularis, 2-spermus. Semina arillata. . . .—Frutex debilis, glaber, sarmentosus, scandens, ramulis flexuosis. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, integerrima, glaberrima, lucida, cum petiolo in ramulum articulata. Flores majusculi, in racemos axillares breves rigidos dispositi, rhachi racemi compressa, pedicellis alternis elongatis sub flore incrassatis.

Species 1, Madagascar ensis. Baill. Adans. iii. 312, t. 6, et Hiet. Pl. iv. f. 41 ad 43. Flores tantum a Decaisnee benevole communicates vidimus. Descriptio fructus ex Thouarsio, l.c.

## TRIBUS III. GYROSTEMONEÆ.

14. Didymetheca, Hook. f. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 278; Fl. Tasm. i. 309, t. 93.— Flores dioici, in racemos foliatos dispositi. Perianthium profunde 4-lobum; lobi ovati, obtusi, fructiferi immutati, patuli. Fl. 3: Stamina 8-10, disco inserta, filamentis brevissimis; antherec basifixe, lineari-oblonge, obtuse, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium didymum, compressum, 2-loculare; stigmata 2, e basi lata subulato-lanceolata, carnosa, intus et marginibus papil-

b; ovula in loculis solitaria, angulo interiori affixa, ascendentia, campylotropa, micropyle fungoso. Capsula didyma, compressa, coriacea, lævis, loculis suturis dorsalibus dehiscentibus. Semina reniformia, compressa, testa crustacea fusca radiatim undulata et transverse striata, arillo parvo 2-lobo, endopleura membranacea; embryo gracilis, fere annularis, albumem copiosum carnosum cingens, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula elongata hilo proxima.—Herba erecta, rigidula, glaberrima, basi fruticosa, ramosissima, ramis virgatis angulatis et striatis. Folia alterna, sessilia, lineari-lanceolata, acuta, carnosula, 1-nervia, integerrima. Stipulse minutæ. Flores parvi, virides, in axillis supremis solitarii, subsecundi, pedicellati, pedicellis 2-bracteolatis. Fructus parvus.

Species 1, Australiae meridionalis et Tasmaniae incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 144. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. f. 74 ad 77.

15. Codonocarpus, A. Cunn.; Endl. Gen. 978. (Hymenotheca, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. i. 201.)-Flores monoici v. dioici, in racemos foliatos v. nudos dispositi. Perianthium obconicum, carnosulum, ore obscure sinuato-dentato, fructiferum auctum. FL d: Stamina 10-20, circa rudimentum ovarii glanduliforme 1-seriatim inserta; filamentis brevissimis; antheræ basifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, obtusæ, basi emarginatæ, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes. Fl. 9: Ovarium hemisphæricum v. pyriforme, e carpellis 20-50 connatis et columnæ centrali apice dilatato adnatis compressis 1-locularibus constans; stigmata tot quot carpella, libera v. basi connata, brevia, linearia, intus papillosa; ovula in loculis solitaria, angulo interiore affixa, ascendentia, campylotropa, micropyle fungoso. Fructus obconicus campanulæformis v. pyriformis, carpellis 10-20 compressiasimis demum liberis et ab axi solutis membranaceis v. coriaceis, suturis ventralibus et interdum dorsalibus dehiscentibus. Semina reniformia, compressa, testa crustacea transverse rugosa, arillo parvo 2-lobo, endopleura membranacea; embryo gracilis, fere annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingens, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula elongata hilo proxima.—Arbores v. frutices glabri, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, coriacea, linearia et sessilia v. petiolata et ovata v. lanceolata, integerrima; stipulæ tuberculiformes. Flores parvi, basin versus ramulorum extra-alares v. in racemos graciles axillares et terminales dispositi; pedicellis 2-bracteolatis. Fructus majusculus, basi perianthio stipatus.

Species 3, Australiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 147. Desf. in Mem. Mus. Par. viii. 116, t. 10 (Gyrostemon). Hook. Bot. Misc. i. t. 53 (Gyrostemon, quoad carpella 2-ovulata erronea). Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. f. 72.

16. Gyrostemon, Desf. in Mem. Mus. Par. vi. 16, t. 6, et viii. t. 10a. (Cyclotheca, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 37.)—Flores dioici, in racemos foliatos dispositi. Perianthium herbaceum, obconicum v. disciforme, obscure 5-7-lobum. Fl. 3: Stamina 8-50, circa rudimentum ovarii glanduliforme 1-x-seriatim inserta, filamentis brevissimis: antheræ basifixæ, lineari-oblongæ v. obovoideæ, obtusæ, basi emarginatæ, rimis lateralibus Fl. 9: Staminodia 0. Ovarium globosum v. turbinatum, e carpellis 4-50 inter se liberis v. connatis columnæ centrali apice dilatate adnatis compressis 1locularibus constans; stigmata tot quot carpella, basi breviter connata, subulata, intus marginibusque papillosa; ovula in loculis solitaria, angulo interiori affixa, ascendentia, campylotropa, micropyle fungoso. Fructus globoso-turbinatus, carpellis 4-50 coriaceis ab axi secedentibus suturis dorsalibus et ventralibus dehiscentibus. Semina reniformia, compressa, testa crustacea transverse rugosa, arillo parvo rugoso, endoploura membranacea; embryo fere annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingons, cotyledonibus semiteretibus, radicula elongata hilo proxima.—Frutices v. fruticuli glabri, ramosi, ramulis virgatis teretibus. Folia alterna, sessilia, linearia, carnosula; stipulæ tuberculiformes v. obsoletæ. Flores parvi, axillares et in racemos terminales dispositi, brevissime pedicellati, pedicellis 2-bracteolatis.

Species 3, Australia incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 145. F. Muell, Pl. Vict. i. 198, t. suppl. 9 (Didymother-\ Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. f. 67 ad 71.

17. Tersonia, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 40 (quoad pl. 2).—Flores dioici, racemosi, 9 solitarii. Perianthium disciforme, carnosulum, obscure sinuato-dentatum. d: Stamina 8-14, circa rudimentum ovarii glanduliforme 1-seriatim inserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ basifixæ, lineari-cuneatæ, basi emarginatæ, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes. Fl. 9: Staminodia 0. Ovarium globosum, concentrice zonatum, e carpellis perplurimis arcte connatis et columnæ centrali apice discoideo-dilatatæ adnatis constans; stigmata tot quot carpella, circa discum ad apicem columnæ radiantia, intus papillosa; ovula in carpellis solitaria, angulo interiore inserta, ascendentia, campylotropa, micropyle fungosa. Fructus globosus, lignosus, tuberculatus, apice umbilicatus, multilocularis, loculis indehiscentibus 1-spermis. Semina minuta, erecta, cylindracea, obtusa, testa tenuiter crustacea obscure transverse rugosa, arillo turbinato, endopleura membranacea; embryo uncinatus, albumen parcum carnosum (interdum deficiens) cingens, cotyledonibus angustis planis, radicula hilo proxima.—Frutex glaber, ramosus, decumbens, ramis Folia alterna, linearia, teretia, carnosula; stipulæ tuberculiformes. ascendentibus. Flores parvi, 2-bracteolati, 3 racemis spicisve nudis laxifloris bracteati, 2 sessiles. Fructus diametro nucis avellanæ, perianthio parvulo stipatus.

Species 1, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth, Fl. Austral. v. 149.

# GENERA ANOMALA.

18. Stegnesperma, Benth. Bot. Sulph. Voy. 17, vt. 12.—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Calyx 5-partitus, carnosus; segmenta oblonga, obtusa, imbricata, fructifera aucta, suberecta. Petala 5, membranacea, obovato-orbiculata, calyce breviora, in alabastro imbricata. Stamina 10, filamentis subulatis basi in annulum perigynum connatis, 5 calycis lobis alterna majora; antheræ dorsifixæ, late oblongæ, basi 2-fidæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, globoso-ovoideum, 1-loculare, loculo columna centrali percurso; stigmata 3 5, brevia, subulata, recurva, intus papillosa, basi connata; ovula tot quot stigmata, basilaria, erecta, amphitropa. Capsula globosa, coriacea, 5- rarius 3-4-gona, angulis costatis, 1-locularis, usque ad basin 5-valvis, 1-5-sperma, valvis intus carinatis. Semina erecta, arillo amplo carnoso albo apice pervio inclusa, obvoidea, subrostellata, testa crasse coriacea atra nitida, endopleura membranacea; embryo . . . .—Frutex ramosissimus, erectus, glaucus, ramulis teretibus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata obovata v. elliptica, obtusa, integerrima, coriacea v. carnosula; stipulæ 0. Flores majusculi, in racemos terminales pedunculatos dispositi, roseo-virescentes, pedicellis crassiusculis basi bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis.

Species 1, California australis, Americae centralis, et insularum Cubæ et St. Domingi incola. Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 35. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 44 ter.

19. Agdestis, May. et Scasé, Fl. Mexic. incd. ex DC. Syst. Veg. i. 543; Prod. i. 103.— Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi. Perianthium semisuperum, 4-5-partitum; segmenta membranacea, oblonga, obtusa, patentia, fructifera stellatim expansa, aucta, reticulatim venosa. Stamina numerosa, disco perigyno ad basin segmentorum perianthii pluriseriatim inserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, basi et apice 2-fidæ, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium semi-inferum, turbinatum, 3- rarius 4-loculare; stylus conico-subulatus stigmatibus 3 rarius 4 elongatis intus et apice papillosis; ovula in loculis solitaria, basilaria, semi-anatropa. Fructus inferus, turbinatus, perianthii segmentis alatus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio coriaceo semini adhærente. Semen sessile, globosum, testa crustacea fusca, arillo 0, endocarpio tenui; embryo annularis, albumen parcum farinaceum cingena, cotyledonibus late oblongis subfoliaceis obtusis radicula brevi infera multo latioribus.—Herba gracillima, glaberrima, volubilis, radice napiformi. Folia alterna, petiolata, cordato-rotundata, apiculata, membranacea, integerrima. Flores mediocres, in racemos paniculatos longe pedunculatos axillares dispositi, pedicellati, albi, rhachi pedicellisque filiformibus bracteatis et 2-bracteolatis.

Species 1, Mexici borealis incola. Baill. Hist. Pl. iv. fig. 44. Griseb. Pfl. Trop. Amer. 5.

# ORDO CXXXIII. BATIDER.

Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 286. Endl. Gen. 1327 (Genera incortee sedis).

Flores dioici, in strobilos axillares dispositi. Fl. 3: Strobilus sessilis; squamæ liberæ, 4-fariam arcte imbricate, 1-florse, persistentes. Perianthium cyathiforme, a dorso compressum, antice convexum, postice planum, supra medium transverse 2-lobum; lobi truncati, postico (superiore) majore subacuto anticum angustiorem truncatum in sestivatione obtegente. Stamina 4, ima basi perianthii inserta; filamenta crassiuscula, staminodiis totidem alternantia. Antheræ dorso insertæ, magnæ, oblongæ, 2-loculares; loculi infra medium distincti, introrsum dehiscentes; pollen globosum. Staminodia inter filamenta inserta, unguiculata, ungue gracili elongato; lamina ovato-rotundata, membranacea, dentata. Discus et ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Strobilus pedunculatus, ovoideo-oblongus, 4-12-florus; squamæ basin versus strobili decussatim oppositæ, parvæ, orbiculatæ, deciduæ. Perianthium 0. Stamina et staminodia 0. Ovaria ovoideo-oblonga, in syncarpium carnosum connata, apicibus stigmatiferis liberis, singula 4-locularia. Stylus 0; stigma sessile, pulvinatum, obscure 2-lobum, lobis axi lateralibus. Orula in loculis solitaria, erecta, funiculo basilari brevi, anatropa, raphe ventrali. Fructus, syncarpium ovoideo-oblongum, carnosum, stigmatibus tot quot ovaria persistentibus; loculis quaternis, endocarpio coriaceo. Semina erecta, clavata, leviter curva, testa membranacea; albumen 0. Embryo semini conformis; cotyledones magnæ, oblongæ, plano-convexæ; radicula brevis, conica, infera.

Frutex maritimus, glaber, erectus, ramosus, habitu Suada, ramis oppositis ascendentibus. Folia opposita, sessilia, carnosula, linearia v. lineari-oblonga, obtusa v. subacuta, semiteretia, integerrima. Stipulæ 0. Strobili solitarii et in ramos foliis orbatos paniculatim spicati.

Species I, Americæ tropicæ a Florida ad Brasiliam incola, nec non in California et insulis Sandvicensibus obvia.

## 1. Batis, Linn. Gen. n. 1104.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species 1, uti supra. A. DC. Prod. xvii. 35. Torr. Obs. Batis in Smiths. Contrib. vi. t. 11, sc. opt., in Schnitzl. Ic. Fam. Nat. t. 241\* repetita. Lemacut et Done. Truit. Bot. 453, cum ic. Thom in Baill. Diet. Bot. i. 382.

Genus nulli arcte affine, habitu et floribus & Chenopodiaceus accedit, ovario pluriloculari Phytolaccaceis, seminibus Illecebraceis, ab omnibus tamen notis e-sentialibus diffort. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & a Decaisneo in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. v. 48 memoratum nunquam vidimus, quod etiam a Torreyo negatur. Petala in Prodromo cum illis (perianthii segmentis) Empetraccarum comparata. nobis et situ et structura omnino staminodiis Amarantacearum homologa videntur.

# ORDO CXXXIV. POLYGONACEE.

Endl. Gen. 304. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 502.

Flores hermaphroditi, v. in paucis generibus unisexuales, regulares. Perianthium inferum, calycinum v. coloratum, lobis segmentisve 4-6, 1-2-seriatim imbricatis aequalibus v. seriei exterioris v. interioris minoribus, post anthesin immutatis v. exterioribus v. interioribus circa fructum accretis. Stamina 6-9, rarius pauciora v. indefinite plura, infra lobos v. ad basin perianthii 1-seriatim v. sub-2-seriatim afiixa, rarius in flore 3 in disco centrali conferta; filamenta filiformia v. basi dilatata, libera v. basi in annulum connata. Anthera 2-loculares, seepius versatiles, loculis discretis parallelis v. sub-parallelis, connectivo parvo v. rarius longiore v. latiore dorso connexis, rimis longitudi-

nalibus dehiscentibus. Discus annularis sæpe adest ad basin perianthii, integer v. crenis v. dentibus tot quot stamina iisque alternis instructus. Ovarium superum, sessile v. rarius basi breviter perianthio adnatum, 3-gonum v. compressum, rarissime 4-gonum, 1-loculare. Styli 3, 2 v. rarissime 4, ad apicem ovarii distincti v. basi connati, nunc brevissimi; apice in stigmata capitata peltata v. varie expansa v. fimbriata dilatati. Ovulum unicum, orthotropum, sessile v. ad apicem funiculi plus minus elongati erectum, v. funiculo apice recurvo pendulum. Fructus nuceus, indehiscens, 3-gonus compressus v. rarius 4-gonus, perianthio immutato v. varie aucto inclusus velatus v. vestitus, rarius e perianthio marcescente exsertus; pericarpium crustaceum v. rarius coriaceum v. induratum. Semen in loculo erectum, sessile v. breviter stipitatum, pericarpio conforme nisi minus angulatum, interdum sulcis longitudinalibus profundis 3-6-lobum; testa membranacea; albumen copiosum, farinosum, semen implens, sequabile v. ruminatum. Embryo sæpius plus minus excentricus v. lateralis, varie curvus v. rectus interdum periphericus; cotyledones planiusculæ, angustæ v. latæ, rarius latissimæ convolutæque; radicula longa v. brevis, supera v. ascendens.

Herbæ frutices v. interdum arbores. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, forma varia, rarius lobata v. divisa nec unquam composita, petiolo sæpius basi plus minus dilatato amplexicauli, ibidemque sæpe membranaceo-marginato, margine cum ocrea stipulina membranaceo-scariosa intrapetiolari caulem vaginantem continuo, folio delapso cicatricem annularem sæpius relinquente. Flores sæpius parvuli, intra bracteam cupulatam ocreiformem v. apertam v. involucrum 4-6-fidum solitarii v. sæpius fasciculati, fasciculis axillaribus v. in dichotomiis caulis v. secus rhachin spicæ v. racemi dispositis. Pedicelli sæpissime articulati.

Species ad 600, per orbem fere totum dispersæ, arborescentes fere omnes Americæ tropicæ incolæ, herbaccæ in regionibus temperatis v. montanis frequentiores, fruticosæ plurimæ ad regionem orientali-Mediterraneam v. Asiam occidentalem limitatæ.

Ordo distinctissimus, a cæteris Curvembryis facillime dignoscitur habitu, ocreis, perianthio, staminum situ, ovulo orthotropo, radicula supera, aliisque notis, et nulli alii ordini arcte approximatur.

#### FORMAS ABNORMES.

Folia opposita v. verticillata in speciebus paucis Erwgoni, in Lastarrica, Chorizanthe, Pterostegia et interdum in Kanigia.

Stamina numerosa in Callegono et Symmeria, disco centrali nec perianthio affixa in floribus & Ruprachtia et Symmeria.

Pistillum 4-merum in Calligono.

Ovulum funiculo summo apice recurvo pendulum in Antigono, Bruanichia et Leptogono. Funiculus pariter elongatus sed ovulum crectum in speciebus pluribus Polygoni aliisque nonnullis.

Perianthii fructiferi tulus supra nucem perfecte clausus v. solidus in Oxygono, Emice et Symmeria, carnosus v. bacciformis in Coccolobo, Muchlenbeckia et in Polygoni speciebus paucis e sectionibus Cephalophilo et Aconogono, nuci adnatus in speciebus pluribus Coccolobi.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Eriogonese. Herbæ suffruticesve, foliis radicalibus v. infra inflorescentiam paucis, petiolo basi parum dilatato, ocrea nulla. Inflorescentia dichotome v. umbellatim ramosa, foliis floralibus seu bracteis sub ramis in unam 3-fidam connatis v. 3-co-liberis. Involucrum tubulosum v. cupulatum, 4-8-dentatum v. lobatum, flores 1-co-includens. Flores sæpius 6-meri 9-andri. Genera omnia Americana.

- 1. Eriogonum. Involucra 3-8-dentata, co-flora, floribus sepissime exsertis.—Amer. bor.,
- 2. OXYTHECA. Involucra 4-fida, lobis aristatis, pauciflora, floribus sæpius inclusis.—California, Chili.
- 3. Centrostegia Involucra tubulosa, 3-6-dentata, extus divaricato-calcarata. 2-4-flora.—California.
- 4. CHORIMANTHE. Involucra tubulosa v. infundibularia, 2-6-dentata. constanter 1-flora.—California, Chili.

- Tribus II. Econogicos. Herbe humiles v. tenero, foliis infra inflorescentiam alternis v. oppositis basi leviter dilatatis amplexicaulibus v. in vaginam brevissimam connatis, ocreis 0 v. obscuris. Inflorescentia dichotoma v. subumbellata, foliis floralibus sub ramis liberis v. subconnatis. Flores ad dichotomias capitati v. dense fasciculati, singuli bractea stipati. Perianthii lobi 6 v. pauciores, staminibus totidem v. paucioribus. Genera Americana v. borealia.
  - 5. Hollisteria. Bractese ovatæ, utrinque dense lanatæ. Perianthium lanatum, 5-6-fidum. Stamina 5-6 California.
  - 6. NEMACAULIS. Bractess ovatse, extus nudse, intus dense lanatse. Perianthium glabrum, 6-fidum. Stamina 2-3.—California.
  - 7. LASTARRIMA. Perianthii dentes 6, uti folia floralia et bracteze angusti, rigidi, recurvocuspidati. Stamina 3.—Chili, California.
  - 8. Prenostegia. Bractese post anthesin valde auctæ, latæ, membranaceo-scariosæ, venosæ, dorso sæpe 2-alatæ v. 2-cristatæ. Herba tenera, foliis oppositis orbiculatis v, late 2-lobis. Perianthii lobi et stamina 6, rarius 5.—California.
  - 9. Konigia. Bracton hyaline, pedicello breviores Herber name, tenere, foliis alternis oppositisve parvis. Perianthii lobi et stamina sepius 3 rarius 2 v. 4.—Reg. arct. et subarct. America et orbis veteris, mont. Asia.
- Tribus III. Eupolygonese. Herbæ suffruticesve, caule rarius volubili, v. frutices ramosissimi, foliis alternis, ocreis membranaceo-scariosis. Flores ad axillas v. ad nodos inflorescentiæ fasciculati, fasciculis, rarius floribus singulis, bractea vaginante v. concava stipatis. Perianthium 5-merum rarius 4-merum. Stamina 6-8 v. subinde pauciora (excepto Calligono). Styli sæpius filiformes; stigmata capitata (excepta Polygoni sectione Pleuroptero). Albumen integrum, æquabile.
  - 10. Calligonum. Stamina 12–18. Pistillum 4-merum. Nux in ordine majuscula, exserta, varie angulata alata v. muricata. Frutices ramosissimi, foliis angustis v. parvis.— Asia occid. et med., Afric. bor.
  - 11. PTEROFYRUM. Stamina 8. Pistillum 3-merum. Nux exserta, 3-alata, alis supra medium interruptis. Frutices rigide ramosi, folius parvis linearibus v. spathulatis.— Orions.
  - 12. Atraphaxis. Stamina sæpius 6-8. Pistillum 2-3-merum. Nux perianthio aucto scarioso inclusa. Frutices ramosissimi. sæpe spinescentes, foliis augustis v. parvulis.—Asia med. et occid. Afr. bor.
  - 13. Oxygonum. Stamina 8. Pistillum 3-merum. Nux perianthii tubo 3-gono 3-alato v. 3-calcarato arcte inclusa, limbo marcescente coronata. Herba, foliis integris sinuato-dentatis v. pinnatifidis.—Afr. or. trop. et austr.
  - 14. Polygonella. Stamina 8. Pietillum 3-merum. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta 2 exteriora parva reflexa. 3 interiora crocta nucem includentia. Herbse tenues, erectse, foliis anguste linearibus, racemis spiciformibus gracilibus paniculatis.— Amer. bor.
  - 15. Polygonem. Stamina 8 v. subinde pauciora. Pistillum 3-merum. Perianthium fructiferum parum auctum, nucem includens, membranaceum v. interdum baccatum, segmentis sequalibus v. 3 exterioribus majoribus interdum carinatis v. alatis. Herbse rarius suffrutices, habitu polymorpho.—Orbis fere totus.
  - 16. FAGOPYRUM. Omnia *Polygoni* nuce excepta perianthio longiore et cotyledonibus latissimis contortis plicatis radiculam involventibus. Herbæ cymis laxe corymbosis v. in capitulum contractis.—Asia? tbidem et in Eur. cult. et inquilinum.

(Vide etiam 21, Mu hlenbeckiam, cujus species nomuliæ Polygono accedunt.)

- Tribus IV. Rumicese. Herbæ, rarius suffrutices v. frutices ramosi, foliis alternis v. radicalibus, ocreis membranaceo-scariosis. Flores ad axillus v. ad nodos inflorescentise fasciculati, fasciculis bractea vaginante v. concave stipatis. Perianthium 6-merum v. rarius 4-merum. Stamina 9 v. 6, rarissime subinde pauciora. Styli breves, recurvo-patentes, in stigmata late hippocrepica peltata v. fimbriata dilatati. Albumen integrum, æquabile.
  - 17. RHEUM. Stamina 9 rarius 6. Perianthium 6-merum, fructiferum immutatum marcescens. Nux exserta, 3-alata. Herbæ robustæ.—Asia med. et or.
  - 18. OXYRIA. Stamina 6. Perianthium 4-merum, fructiferi segmenta exteriora reflexa, interiora nuci 2-alatæ appressa. Herbæ humiles v. tenues, foliis radicalibus.—Reg. arct. & mont. elatiores Eur. Asiæ et Amer. bor.

- 19. Rumer. Stamina 6. Perianthium 6-merum, rarius 4-merum, fructiferi segmenta exteriora immutata, interiora valde aucta, erecta, nucem 3-gonam exalatam includentia. Herbæ habitu vario, rarius frutices.—Orbis fere totus.
- 20. EMEX. Flores monoici, 3: Stamina 4-6. Fl. 9: Perianthium 6-merum, fructiferi aucti indurati tubus angulatus nucem arcte includens, limbus persistens, lobis exterioribus patentibus spinescentibus, interioribus erectis planis. Herbæ rigidulæ, foliatæ.—Reg. Mediterr., Afr. austr., Australia.

(Vide etiam 15, Polygoni sect. Pleuropteram, stigmatibus fimbriatis.)

- Tribus V. Coccolobese. Arbores, frutices v. rarius suffrutices, caule sæpe scandente, foliis alternis, ocreis variis sæpe brevissimis v. fere obsoletis. Flores ad axillas v. secus rhachin inflorescentiæ intra bracteam vaginantem v. concavam fasciculati, rarius solitarii. Perianthium 5-merum. Stamina 8 v. subinde pauciora. Stigmata varia. Albumen sulcis longitudinalibus 3-6-lobum, sæpissimeque ruminatum.
  - 21. MUEHLENBECKIA. Frutices suffruticesve, seepe volubiles, floribus seepius polygamo-dioicis. Perianthium fructiferum basi v. undique carnosum v. baccatum, nuce inclusa v. apice exserta. Albumen quam in sequentibus minus ruminatum.—Australia, Nov. Zel., ins. Pacif., Amer. austr. extratrop. et Andis.
  - 22. COCCOLOBA. Arbores fruticesve, sæpe alte scandentes, floribus hermaphroditis. Perianthii fructiferi tubus carnosus v. baccatus, nucem includens eique sæpe adnatus, limbo immutato connivente v. marcescente coronatus.—Amer. trop., Mexico, Florida.
  - 23. CAMPDERIA. Arboros fruticesvo. Perianthium fructiferum auctum nucem includens, segmentis coriaceis exterioribus carinatis.—Mexico, Amer. centr., Bras. bor.
  - 24. Antigonon. Caules a basi frutescente alte scandentes; inflorescentia cirrhifera. Perianthium fructiferum auctum, membranaceo-scariosum, coloratum, segmentis exterioribus majoribus late cordatis, interioribus oblongis. Ovulum ex apice funiculi pendulum, demum erectum.—

    Mexico, Amer. centr.
  - 25. Brunnichia. Frutex scandens, inflorescentia cirrhifera. Perianthium fructiferum auctum, oblongo-conicum. coriaceum. lobis conniventibus subsequalibus, basi in alam coriaceam secus pedicellum unilateralem productum. Ovulum Antigoni.—Amer. bor.
- Tribus VI. Triplaridese. Arboros frutices ve non scandentes, foliis alternis, ocreis sæpius brevissimis v. obsoletis. Flores secus rhachin inflorescentiæ intra bracteam vaginantem v. spathaceam solitarii v. fasciculati. Perianthium 6-merum. Stamina 3, 6, 9 v. ∞. Stigmata varia. Albumen sulcis longitudinalibus 3-6-lobum, ruminatum.

## \* Flores hermaphroditi.

- 26. LEPTOGONUM. Perianthium angustum, lobis linearibus exalatis, interioribus minoribus. Stamins 3. Ovarium globosum, obtuse 3-gonum. Ovulum ab apice funiculi pendulum.—San Domingo.
- 27. Podopterus. Perianthii segmenta exteriora ala lata scariosa carinata. Stamina 6. Ovarium 3-gonum. Ovulum erectum.—Mexico.

## \*\* Flores dioici.

- 28. TRIPLARIS. Perianthium & infundibulare. Stamina co, ad apicem tubi affixa. Perianthium Q fructiferum basi ovoideum nucem includens, lobis 3 exterioribus valde accretis oblongis alæformibus membranaceo-scariosis venosis. Nux acuto 3-gona, faciebus planis.—

  Amer. sustr. trop.
- 29. Ruperchtia. Perianthium & 6-partitum. Stamina 9, disco centrali ad basin perianthii affixa. Perianthium & fructiferum nunc Triplaris, nunc segmentis exterioribus oblongis subcoriaceis aveniis. Nux basi incrassata, 3-6-sulcata, angulis obtusis.—Amer. austr. trop. et
- 30. SYMMERIA. Perianthium 36-partitum. Stamina ultra 20 in disco centrali densissime conferta. Perianthium 2 fructiforum pyramidatum, acute 3-gonum, suberoso-carnosum, circa et supra nucem acute 3-gonum solidum, apice breviter 3-lobum.—Guiana, Bras. bor., Senegambia.

### TRIBUS I. ERIOGONEÆ.

1. Mriogonum, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 246, t. 24. (Espinosa, Lag. Gen. et Sp. Pl. Nov. 14, ex char. brevi.)-Involucrum campanulatum turbinatum v. cylindraceum, 5-8dentatum v. lobatum. Flores in involucro c, v. rarissime casu solitarii, per anthesin ex involucro exserti. Perianthium 6-partitum v. alte 6-fidum, segmentis post anthesin sæpe auctis æqualibus v. exterioribus majoribus rarissime brevioribus. Stamina 9, basi perianthii v. altius affixa, filamentis filiformibus basi sæpe pilosis. Ovarium 3-quetrum; styli 3, breviter v. longiuscule filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. persistente obtecta, 3-quetra interdum 3-alata. Embryo nunc in medio albumine fere rectus, nune excentricus v. fere lateralis incurvus, radicula tunc accumbenti-ascendente cotyledonibus longiore.—Herbæ suffruticesve caspitosi v. annuæ tenuesque, lana densa brevi subfloccosa v. tomento incano præsertim ad basin caulis et in pagina inferiore foliorum rarius omnino deficiente. Folia ad basin caulis conferta subradicalia, v. in caule infra inflorescentiam pauca, alterna, integerrima, petiolo ima basi plus minus dilatata amplexicaulia, ocrea 0 v. obscura. Pedunculi v. rami floriferi a collo scapiformes v. in caule axillares terminalesque interdum apice involucrum unicum ferentes, sapissime tamen in ramos 2-x semel v. repetite 2 3-chetomos v. umbellatos divisi. Bractere sub inflorescentiæ ramificationibus tot quot rami, basi sæpe connatæ, nunc brevissimæ adpressæ v. patentes, nunc in folia expansæ, nunc membranaceæ stipuliformes et interdum folia foventes intra bracteas sub involucro sessili oriunda. Umbellæ v. generales v. partiales interdum in capitula contractæ. Involucra solitaria v. complura capitata, intra bracteas 2 sessilia v. pedicellata, in inflorescentia dichotoma alaria v. terminalia, v. ramo altero dichotomiæ abortiente secus ramos paniculæ unilateraliter dissitæ. Bracteolæ intra involucrum inter pedicellos sæpe numerosæ tenerrimæ v. setaceæ, interdum perpaucæ v. 0.

Species notæ fere 100, Americæ borealis imprimis occidentalis incolæ, paucis usque ad Mexicum extensis. Benth. in DC. Prod. xiv. 5. Torr. et Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 146. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xii. 254, xiv. 295, et Bot. Calif. ii. 16, ined.

Genus post Prodromum numero specierum valde accretum a Torrey et Gray l. c. reformatum et in series 14 divisum, imprimis ad habitum et inflorescentiam, partim etiam ex nuce angulata v. 3-alata v. ad embryonem axilem rectumque v. excentricum et curvulum. S. Watson nuperius sectiones tres primarias proposuit sat naturales, etsi praccipue ad involucra et bracteas definita sint.

1. Emeriogonum. Involucra turbinata, sæpius 2-linearia v. longiora (rarius minima), nec costata nec angulata, 4-8-dentata v. lobata. Bracteæ foliaceæ 2, 5 v. cc. rarius subternæ. Species pleræque perennes. Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philod. vii. t. 8, f. 2. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 175 ad. 177 et in Kew Journ. Bot. v. t. 10. Benth. in Trans. Lunn. Soc. xvii. t. 18, f. 2. A Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. ii. t. 14 B. Torr. Bot. Sitgr. Exped. t. 8, 11, 12; Bot. Whipple Exped. t. 19.

STENOGONUM, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2. i. 170. est E. salsuginosum, Hook., species humilis ramosissima, ad Eucriogonum relata, etsi flores ex involucro minimo vix experentur.

- 2. Ganysma. Involucra campanulata v. breviter turbinata, nec costata nec angulata, dentibus 5 rotundatis erectis, in paniculis repetite 2-3-chotomis pedunculata. Bracteze parvæ, ternatæ, non foliatæ, sæpius triangulares rigidaque. Flores basi non attenuati. Species pleræque annuæ.—Benth. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xvii. t. 18, f. 1. S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. t. 33.
- 3. Oregonium. Involucra cylindraceo-turbinata, 5-6-nervia, sæpius costata v. angulata. broviter dentata, capitata fasciculata v. secus ramos virgatos paniculæ sparsa, semper erecta, 1-3 lin. longa. Bracteæ ternatæ, basi connatæ. sæpius breves rigidæque. Flores basi non attenuati. Species pleræque perehnes.—Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 22. A. Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. ii. t. 14 A. Dur. Bot. Williamson Exped. t. 15 ad 17. Torr. Bot. Sitgr. Exped. t. 9, 10.

EUCTCLA, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 166, est E. ovalifolium, Nutt. in Journ Acad. Philad. vii. t. 7 ad t. 8, f. 1, species a cæteris parum distincta perianthii segmentis utriusque seriei magis disparibus.

2. Oxytheca, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2 i. 169. (Brisegnoa, Remy in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. v. 291.)—Involucrum turbinato-campanulatum, tubo brevi, lobis 4 spinuloso-

aristatis. Flores in involucro  $\infty$ , pedicellati at subinclusi. Perianthium 6-fidum, lobis subæqualibus. Stamina 9, basi perianthii affixa. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, obscure 3-quetrum; styli 3, breves, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux compressa. Embryo excentricus, incurvus, cotyledonibus latis, radicula longa accumbenti-ascendente.—Herbæ annuæ, humiles. Folia radicalia rosulata, lineari-spathulata. Rami floriferi e collo erecti, repetite dichotomi, demum interdum valde accreti et undique intricato-ramosissimi. Bracteæ ad dichotomias 3, nunc parvæ distinctæque, nunc in unam latam perfoliatam aristato-3-lobam coalitæ. Involucra ad dichotomias solitaria, nunc minima longe pedicellata, nunc inter bracteolas sessilia v. subsessilia.

Species 5, Californicæ, quarum una etiam in Chili obvia. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 32 ined., et Bot. 40 Parall. t. 33, 34. Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxi. 144, t. 17.

3. Centrestegia, A. Gray in Torr. Bot. Parke Exped. 19, t. 8.—Involucrum tubulosum v. infundibuliforme, apice 3-6-dentatum v. lobatum, dentibus rectis sæpius aristatis, extus basin versus calcaribus totidem acutis aristatisve divaricatis instructum. Flores in involucro 2-3 (rarius solitarii i), pedicellati at inclusi v. vix exserti. Perianthium 6-partitum, segmentis angustis subæqualibus. Stamina 9, basi perianthii affixa. Ovarium 3-quetrum; styli 3, filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux triquetra. Embryo excentricus, incurvus, cotyledonibus latis, radicula elongata accumbenti-ascendente.—Herbæ annuæ, pusillæ, glabræ v. vix puberulæ nec lanatæ. Folia radicalia rosulata, lineari-spathulata. Rami floriferi e collo erecti, repetite dichotomi. Bractæs sub dichotomiis 3-partitæ v. 3-fidæ. Involucra ad dichotomias solitaria v. pauca, ad apices ramulorum sæpe plura subcapitata. Bracteolæ intra involucrum 0.

Species 2, Californicæ, Torr. et Gr. in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 192.

Genus quasi medium tenet inter Erwgonum et Chorizanthem, a S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xii. 269 huic adjunctum. In Chorizanthe tamen involucra constanter 1-flora et calcaria a S. Watsonio in C. commissurali e Chile observata rarissima videntur, nam in specimine nostro desunt nec a C. Gayo memorantur.

4. Cherisanthe, R. Br.; Benth. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xvii. 416, t. 19.—Involucrum tubulosum v. infundibuliforme, apice 2-6-dentatum, dentibus acutis aristatisve divaricatis v. rarius erectis basi interdum scarioso-dilatatis. Flos in involucro unicus, sessilis v. pedicellatus, inclusus v. vix exsertus. Perianthium 6-fidum v. 6-partitum, segmentis saepius æqualibus. Stamina 9, rarius 3 6, basi v. ad faucem perianthii affixa. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum; styli 3, filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux 3-gona. Embryo nunc axilis rectus cotyledonibus angustis, nunc excentricus incurvus cotyledonibus latis, radicula elongata accumbenti-ascendente.—Herbæ suffruticesve glabræ pubescentes v. sericeo-villosæ, nec lanatæ. Folia sæpius angusta, radicalia rosulata, in parte inferiore caulis opposita v. verticillata. Rami floriferi erecti dichotomi v. primarii rarius umbellati. Bracteæ ad dichotomias 3, sæpe in unam 3-fidam connatæ, v. sub umbella plures. Involucra ad dichotomias solitaria v. pauca, summa tamen v. interdum inflorescentia tota in cymam densam capitulumve terminale conferta, singula basi sæpe demum indurata, calcarata tamen adhuc non vidimus.

Species ad 30, quarun 8 Chilenses perennes v. suffrutescentes cum una annua, Benth. in DC. Prod. xiv. 24; exterse omnes annua Californicse, Torr. et Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 192, ubi in sectiones 3 sequentes distribuuntur.

- 1. Euchorisanthe. Involucrum 6-dentatum, 6-costatum. Stamina juxta basin perianthii affixa. Huc pertinent species Chilenses cum plerisque Californicis. Chorisanthe, Benth. l.c., Torr. Bot. Williamson Exped. t. 8.
- 2. Mucronea. Involucrum 2-4-dentatum. Stamina juxta basin perianthii affixa. Bractes ad dichotomias in unam latam 3-fidam interdum perfoliatam connatæ. Species 2, Californica. Mucronna, Benth. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xvii. 419, t. 20.
- 3. Acanthogonum. Involucrum 3-5-dentatum, transverse corrugatum. Stamina fauci perianthii breviter 6-lobi affixa. Species 2, Californicse. S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. t. 34. Acanthogonum, Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 132 (76).

# TRIBUS II. KORNIGIER.

- 5. Melisteria, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 296.—Flores glomerati, singuli bractea ovata bracteolisque lanceolatis stipati, undique lana nivea involuti. Perianthium lanatum, 5-6-fidum, tubo intus subincrassato, lobis patentibus angustis sequalibus v. alternis minoribus. Stamina 5-9, infra (v. supra?) medium perianthii affixa, filamentis filiformibus. Ovarium ovoideum; styli 3, filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux obtuse 3-quetra, acuminata. Embryo excentricus, incurvus, cotyledonibus orbiculatis, radicula elongata accumbenti-ascendente.—Herba dichotome ramosa ad articulationes demum fragilissima, undique albo-lanata. Folia alterna, ovata, membranacea, lanata. Stipulæ laterales, subfoliacese, lineari-acuminatæ, a petiolo distinctæ. Florum glomeruli in dichotomiis sessiles, inferiores 2-3-fiori (superiores x-fiori?). Flores parvi, lanati, bracteas non superantes.
- Species 1, Californica. Genus evidenter *Nemacauli* valde affine, nobis notum e fragmentis fragilibus partis superioris inflorescentiæ et specimine juniore ineunte florescentia nuper cum notis Grayi et S. Watsoni accepto.
- 6. Wemacanis, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 168.—Flores capitati, singuli bractea suborbiculata intus dense lanata bracteolisque setaceis stipati. Perianthium glabrum, campanulatum, alte 6-fidum, segmentis æqualibus. Stamina 2 v. 3, filamentis glabris. Ovarium 3-quetrum; styli brevissimi, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux ovoidea, obtuse 3-quetra. Embryo valde curvatus, excentricus, cotyledonibus orbiculatis, radicula elongata accumbenti-ascendente.—Herba annua. Folia subradicalia rosulata v. ad dichotomias caulis pauca fasciculata, lineari-spathulata, mollissime albo-lanata. Rami floriferi e collo oriundi tenues, rigiduli, interdum filiformes, patentes, glabri, remote dichotomi. Florum capitula terminalia v. ad dichotomias sessilia. Bracteæ sub capitulo v. potius sub dichotomia 3, sæpe basi connatæ, sub floribus singulis ovatæ v. orbiculatæ, extus glabræ, intus longe denseque albo-lanatæ. Flores parvi, glabri, bracteas non superantes.

Species 1, Californica. Benth. in DC. Prod. xiv. 23.

7. Lastarrisca, Remy in C. Gay, Fl. Chil v. 289, t. 58.—Flores cymoso-glomerati, foliis floralibus subverticillatis bracteisque stipati. Perianthium tubulosum, rigidulum, 6-dentatum, dentibus recurvo-cuspidatis. Stamina 3, fauci perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus. Ovarium 3-quetrum; styli 3, breviter filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux 3-quetra, oblonga. Embryo rectus v. leviter curvulus, subcentralis, albumine parco; cotyledones anguste, radicula longiores.—Herba annua, pusilla, dichotoma, intricatoramosissima, ramulis rigidulis articulato-fragillimis. Folia ad ramificationes 3-6-natim verticillata, parva, inæqualia. Inflorescentia densissime conferta, fastigiata, bracteis perianthiique lobis subsimilibus, cuspidulis recurvis tenacibus.

Species 1, Chilensis etiam in Californise maritimis lecta, ibi tamen forte inquilina. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 186. Torr. et Gr. in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 199.

8. Pterestegia, Fisch. et Mey. Ind. ii. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 48; Sert. Petrop. t. 21.— Flores solitarii v. in fasciculo pauci, singuli bractea post anthesin valde aucta membranaceo-scariosa stipati. Perianthium sessile, 6- v. rarius 5-fidum, lobis angustis acqualibus v. inæqualibus. Stamina 6 rarius 5, basi loborum affixa, filamentis filiformibus. Ovarium 3-quetrum; styli 3, breves, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux perianthio asspius immutato longior, acute 3-gona. Embryo excentricus, curvus, cotyledonibus suborbiculatis, radicula longiuscula accumbenti-ascendente.—Herbæ dichotome ramosse, ramis tenerrimis v. rigidioribus articulatisque diffusis v. prostratis. Folia opposita, petiolata, spathulata, orbiculata v. in eadem planta semel v. bis 2-loba, petiolis vagina brevi v. 1

transversa connexis. Flores minimi, ad axillas sessiles. Bractea fructifera valde aucta lataque cesterum quam maxime varia, seepius argute dentata et cristis v. alis 2 dorsalibus nunc latissimis integerrimis dentatisve nunc parvis v. fere obsoletis instructa, et interdum perianthium ipsum circa fructum leviter scarioso-accreta.

Species 2, Californica. Benth, in DC. Prod. xiv. 27. Torr. et Gr. in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 200. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech Voy. t. 90.

9. **Ecenigia**, Linn. Mant. n. 1241.—Flores fasciculati, singuli bractea hyalina pedicello basi adnata demum parum aucta stipati. Perianthium alte 3-fidum, rarius 2-fidum v. 4-fidum. Stamina seepius 3, supra lobos affixa, interdum 1, 2 v. 4, filamentis brevibus. Ovarium obtuse 3-gonum v. compressum; styli 3 v. 2, brevissimi, apice subcapitatostigmatosi. Nux 3-gona v. compressa, pericarpio tenui. Embryo excentricus, plus minus arcuatus, cotyledonibus ovatis v. orbiculatis, radicula accumbenti-ascendente.—Herbæ annuæ, tenerrimæ, sæpe nanæ, glabræ. Folia ima opposita vagina brevi connexa, sub ramis solitaria petiolo basi leviter dilatato, summa plurima subverticillata, omnia parva, obovata, integerrima. Flores ad axillas pauci, intra folia ultima plures fasciculati, minimi, in pedicello articulati. Bractea hyalina tenerrima ad basin pedicelli, nunc minima post anthesin immutata, nunc demum aucta, semper tamen pedicello brevior.

Species 2, inter se valde affines nisi unius varietates, altera in regionibus arcticis et subarticis hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis et in montibus Sibiricis et Scopulosis late diffusa, altera Himalaica.—Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 82. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 128. Lam. Illustr. t. 51. Done. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 147.

### TRIBUS III. EUPOLYGONEÆ.

10. Calligonum, Linn. Ge., n. 680. (Pterococcus, Pall. Voy. ed. Fr. ii. 547, t. 16. Pallasia, Linn. f. Suppl. 3i. Calliphysa, Fisch. et Mey. Ind. i. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 24.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthum 5-partitum, segmentis subsequalibus planis, post anthesin immutatum v. marcescens. Stamina (12-18), filamentis subulatis basi in discum hypogynum connatis; antherae ovata. Ovarium 4-gonum; styli 4, breviter v. longiuscule filiformes, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux perianthio subpersistente multo longior, 4-gona, angulis in longitudinem rectis v. plus minus spiraliter tortis, in alam simplicem v. duplicem productis, integris serratis v. varie cristatis v. setis liberis v. varie dilatato-connatis appendiculatis v. echinatis. Semen oblongum, teres v. 4-gonum, testa tenui; embryo (in speciebus paucis examinatus) centralis, rectus, teres, cotyledonibus angustis radiculæ subsequilongis.—Frutices ramosissimi, ramis flexuosis rigidis v. novellis tenuibus alternis fasciculatisve. Folia alterna, anguste linearia v. subulata, nunc minima; ocrea brevis, membranacea. Flores ad axillas intra bracteam ocreiformem solitarii v. fasciculati, in pedicello brevi articulati, ebracteolati. Nuces sæpius valde accretæ.

Species ad 20, locorum aridorum v. arenosiorum Africæ borealis et Asiæ occidentalis et mediæ incolæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 28 (subtribus Calligoneæ). Borezcz. Aral. Casp. Callig. in Mem. Acad. Petersh. ser. 7, iii. cum tahb. 3. Bouss. Fl. Or. iv. 998. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 77, 78 (Pallasia). Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 184 (Pallasia) et 215 (Calligonum). Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 471.

Genera tria in Prodromo recepta a Borszczowio l.c. optime scrutata et in unum juncta. Auctor sectiones 4 proponit ad fructus alarum setarum appendiciumve formam distinctas. Habitus tamen aliique characteres in toto genere similes sunt v. variationes paucas præbent, ad diversitates fructus vix respondentes, et sectiones nimis artificiales remanent.

11. Pteropyrum, Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. ii. 7, t. 107 ad 109.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis parum insequalibus v. 2 exterioribus paullo minoribus, post anthesin immutatum v. marcescens. Stamina 8, filamentis filiformibus annulo piloso affixis; antherse oblongse. Ovarium 3-gonum, acuminatum; styli 3, brevissimi, late capitato-stigmatosi. Nux late 3-alata, basi lata, apice in rostrum con-

tracta; alse ad contractionem interrupte v. divisse, in parte superiore v. rostro alis basalibus nunc directe superposite, nunc nuce sub rostro distorto basalibus alternæ. Semen basi dilatatum, concavum v. 3-gonum, superne rostratum; embryo excentricus, leviter curvus, cotyledonibus oblongis radicula multo brevioribus.—Frutices ramis rigidis virgatis. Folia alterna v. ad nodos fasciculata, parva, linearia v. spathulata; ocreæ brevissimæ, fere ad lineam transversam demum evanidam reductæ. Flores parvi, ad nodos cum foliis fasciculati intra bracteam ocreiformem solitarii v. gemini, pedicello breviter filiformi ebracteolato.

Species 5 v. 6, Orientales, usque ad Affghanistan extensæ. Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 31. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 1001. Wight, Ic. t. 1809.

12. Atraphaxis, Linn. Gen. n. 449.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis 2 exterioribus sepius minoribus, fructiferum auctum, segmentis interioribus v. omnibus scariosis nucem obtegentibus. Stamina 6-8 rarius 9, filamentis ima basi seepius dilatatis; antheree ovatæ. Ovarium compressum v. 3-gonum; styli 2 v. 3, brevissimi, late clavato-stigmatosi. Nux perianthio accreto inclusa, lenticularis v. 3-gona. Embryo excentricus, incumbenti-curvulus v. fere rectus, cotyledonibus angustis, radicula breviore ascendente.—Frutices rigide ramosissimi, ramulis seepe apice spinescentibus. Folia alterna v. ad nodos fasciculata, angusta v. parvula, seepe rigidula, uninervia reticulato-venulosa v. subpennivenia; ocreæ membranaceo-scariosæ, utrinque in stipulam productæ. Flores ad nodos sæpius fasciculati, intra bracteam ocreiformem solitarii v. gemini, pedicellis filiformibus articulatis ebracteolatis.

Species enumeratæ 17, sed plures inter se ægre distinguendæ, Asiæ mediæ et occidentalis incolæ, una a Schweinfurthio etiam in Ægypti desertis lecta.—Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 74. Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 1020. L'Hèr. Sterp. Nov. t. 14. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 119. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 411. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 110 ad 113. Bet. May. t. 1065 (Polygomum).

TRAGOPYBON, Bieb. Fl. Taur. Cauc. iii. 284. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 422, 426, a Jaubert et Spach uti a Meissnero pro sectione Atraphaxeos retinetur, floribus 5-meris 8-andris 3-gynis, dum in specie typica sæpius 4-meri 6-andri 2-gyni sint, sed in T. variabili, Spach, a Boissiero ad A. Billardieri, Jaub. et Spach, vix ab A. spinosa, Linn. distinctam reducta, variant 4- v. 5-meri, 6-9-andri, 2- v. 3-gyni, et genus in integrum servatum naturale est.

13. Oxygonum, Burch. Trav. i. 548. (Ceratogonon, Meissn. in Wall. Pl. As. Rav. iii. 63.)—Flores polygami, ad axillas bractearum pauci. Perianthii tubus in fl. Q supra ovarium constrictus, in fl. Z vix ullus; limbus 5-partitus, segmentis 2 exterioribus paullo minoribus, post anthesin immutatus, marcescens. Stamina 8, limbo affixa, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium tubo perianthii inclusum; styli 3, filiformes, basi sæpe connati, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Perianthii fructiferi tubus accretus, induratus, 3-gonus, angulis interdum alatis, faciebus sæpe prope basin v. medium versus tuberculo v. calcare patente duro instructis; limbus marcescens, ad apicem tubi diu persistens v. demum deciduus. Nux tubo clauso arcte inclusa at libera, angusta, testa fere membranacea. Embryo in albumine subcentralis, rectus, cotyledonibus planis late oblongis, radicula brevi supera.—Herbæ annuæ v. basi perennes, ramis elongatis. Folia alterna, integra sinuato-dentata v. irregulariter pinnatifida, superiora floralia mox ad bracteas vaginantes reducta; ocreæ membranaceo-scariosæ, truncatæ, margine sæpe ciliatæ. Racemi spiciformes terminales, elongati, virgati, bracteis floriferis dissitis. Pedicelli per anthesin exserti, fructiferi recurvi.

Species ad 7, Africae orientalis tropicae et australis incolae. Messen. in DC. Prod. ziv. 28, 39 (genera 2 ad specimina manca perperam distincta). Bap. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, iv. t. 9 (Polygonum).

Genus ab omnibus distinctissimum, perianthio tubo supra nucem clauso Emici accedit, embryo Bhei, styli et characteres plures Polygoni. Alse et calcaria perianthii fructiferi (nec nucis) in codem specimine variant, imprimis in O. alato, Burch., ubi alse nunc late nunc vix ad angulos prominentes, calcaria longiuscula v. sespius ad tubercula reducta v. omnino nulla.

14. Pelygonella, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. ii. 240. (Gonopyrum, C. A. Mey. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, vi. 144. Lyonia et Stopinaca, Rafin. ex Endl.)—Flores polygami hermaphroditi v. abortu unisexuales. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis 2 exterioribus minoribus patentibus v. demum reflexis, 3 interioribus erectis post anthesin accretis nuci appressis. Stamina 8, filamentis filiformibus v. basi leviter dilatatis v. interioribus basi latis 2-auriculatis; antheræ parvæ. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli 3, apice capitato-stigmatosi. Nux 3-gona, nitida, perianthii segmentis interioribus obtecta, pericarpio crustaceo. Embryo excentricus v. lateralis, rectus v. leviter incurvus, interdum flexuosus, cotyledonibus angustis.—Herbæ annuæ, erectæ, tenues, rigidulæ (v. basi fri tescentes?). Folia alterna, lineari-subulata v. cuneata; ocreæ truncatæ v. obliquæ, n. e. scariosæ. Flores racemosi, parvi, colorati, secus rhachin intra bracteas parvas vaginantes sæpe imbricatas solitarii, pedicellati, racemis tenuibus paniculatis.

Species 5 v. 6, boreali-Americanæ. Mcissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 79 (excl. P. articulata).

15. Polygonum, Linn. Gen. n. 495.—Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius abortu polygami. Perianthium alte 5-lobum v. 5-partitum, sepius coloratum, segmentis subsequalibus v. 3 exterioribus paullo majoribus, fructiferum nucem velans parum mutatum v. rarius succulentum v. 3-alatum. Stamina in flore 5-mero seepius 8, in 4-mero 6, v. in utroque hine inde pauciora, prope basin perianthri affixa; filamenta filiformia, ima basi sepe dilatata v. circa discum annularem crenulatum basi perianthii adnatum crenis alterna; anthere oblonge ovate v. parve, loculis distinctis connectivo parvo junctis. compressum v. 3-gonum; styli 2 v. 3, a basi distincti v. plus minus connati, stigmatibus terminalibus capitatis integris v. (in sect. Pleuroptero) latis subfimbriatis; ovulum sæpe Nux compressa v. 3-gona, angulis obtusis v. acutis, perianthio omnino obtecta v. apice brevissime exserta, pericarpio crustaceo nitido v. opaco v. rarius submembranaceo. Embryo excentricus v. lateralis, plus minus incumbenti- accumbenti- v. oblique curvulus, cotyledonibus angustis v. rarius oblongis radicula brevioribus v. longioribus,— Herbæ rarius basi frutescentes habitu vario, nunc humiles tenerrimæ v. prostratæ, nunc erectse elatse, interdum longe volubiles, rarissime fluitantes. Folia alterna, stipulis sæpissime membranaceo-scariosis, in ocream truncatam v. obliquam v. utrinque acuminatam integram laceram v. ciliatam connatis. Flores fasciculati v. rarius subsolitarii, fasciculis axillaribus v. intra bracteas laxas v. ocreas in spicas racemosve simplices v. paniculatos dispositis. Pedicelli infra v. supra medium articulati.

Species bene distincte vix 150, duplici fere numero a botanicis nonnullis recensitæ, per orbem fere totum terrarum late dispersæ, nec in frigidis alpinisve nec intra tropicos desunt. in hemisphærio boreal, quam in australi numerosiores, nonnullæ tumen fere cosmopolitanæ. Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 84, et in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 56. Hance in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 5, v. 237. Boiss Fl. Or. iv. 1025.

Genus polymorphum, species includit plures valde variabiles et extricatu difficiles, ab auctoribus interdum in genera plura, a Meissnero aliisque in sectiones divisum quarum sequentes nobis bene distinctse videntur:—

- 1. Tephis. Fruticulus ramosissimus, dense foliatus. foliis parvis in petiolo brevi articulatis et inflorescentia Avicularia. Perianthium 4-fidum. Stamina vulgo 6, filamentis basi dilatatis. Nux compressa, stylis 2. Embryo incumbenti-incurvus. Species 1. Austro-Africana. Tephis, Adans. Fam. ii. 276.
- 2. Avicularia. Herbæ annuæ v. basi frutescentes. diffusæ prostratæ v. caulibus elongutis virgatis. Folia in petiolo brevi articulata, sepius parvula; ocreæ scariosæ, sæpius utrinque in stipulas acuminatas v. laceras productæ Florum fasciculi axillares v. superiores irregulariter et dissite spicati. Perianthium vulgo 5-partitum, staminibus 6 v. hinc inde paucioribus, filamentis 3 interioribus v. omnibus basi dilatatis. Nux 3-gona, stylis 3. Embryo lateralis, incumbenticurvulus, Species ud 50, per totam fere aream generis dispersæ, nonnullæ in cultis ruderatisve v. in arenosis maritimis cosmopolitanæ. All. Fl. Pedem. t. 90, f. 2. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 35. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Hung. t. 67. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 363, 364. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 444. Jaub. et Spack, Ill. Il. Or. t. 116 ad 126. Wight, Ic. t. 1808.

Duraria, a S. Wats, in Amer. Natural, vii. 665 pro sectione distincts proposits, est P. californicum, Vol. III.

Meissa, harba annua speciminibus nonnullis tenuibus *P. coarctati* v. *P. tenuis* similis, ab *Avicularia* separata ob folia basi non articulata et nucis pericarpium membranaceum, embryone accumbentiinourvo. Specimina nostra nimis juvenilia sed folia inferiora articulata videntur et fructus (ex S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 13 ined.) in speciminibus mancis tantum observatus.

- 3. Pseudomollia, Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 1027 et 1043, species 1 v. 2 continet orientales, nanas, paronychioideas, tenues dichotomasque, v. ad glomerulum radicalem reductas, caterum Aviculariis valde affines, sed styli 2 et nux compressa. Embryo clongatus fere periphericus. Specimina typica Kotschyana et Bungeana e Persia nobis desunt, sed specimen Griffithianum ox Affghanistan n. 1732, a Meisanero cum Kotschyano comparatum, characteri Boissieriano bene convenit, nisi caule paullo longius evoluto.
- Herbæ interdum elatæ, erectæ v. ascendontes, rarius humiles v. suffrutices prostrati. Folia ovata lanceolata v. angusta, pennivenia, petiolo non articulato; ocreæ ore truncatæ nudæ v. ciliatæ. Spicæ aphyllæ, pedunculatæ, densæ v. interruptæ, terminales v. in axillis superioribus simplices v. plures subpaniculatæ. Flores in ocreis bracteantibus solitarii v. pauci, perianthio 5-mero seepe colorato. Nuces compressee v. 3-gone, stylis 2 v. 3. Embryo lateralis, incumbenti- accumbenti- v. oblique curvulus, cotyledonibus angustis. Species ad 50, per totam fere aream generis dispersæ, nonnullæ subcosmopolitanæ et una sæpe fluitans. Hic includimus sectiones tres Meissneri vix bene pro subsectionibus distinguendus: 1. Persicaria typica. Herba sæpius nec semper annuæ, spicis sæpe laxis tennibus v. brevibus. Flores sæpe pallidi, 2-gyni v. 3gyni. Embryo szepius, nec constanter in eadem specie, accumbenti-curvulus. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 491 ad 496. All. Fl. Podem. t. 68, f. 2. Wight, Ic. t. 1798 ad 1801. Meison. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 1, 8 ad 5. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iv. t. 39, 42. 2. Amblygonon. Habitus specierum majorum Persicaria v. caules elatiores et embryo incumbenti-curvulus. Species pauca (P. orientale, Linn., et affines) Africæ, Asiæ et America tropicæ incolæ. Bot. May. t. 213. Meissn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 2. LAGUNEA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 220. 3. Bistorta. Herbæ rhizomate peronni, caule erecto subsimplici foliis plerisque subradicalibus. Spicæ terminales sæpius simplices densæque, floribus intense coloratis 3-gynis. Embryo accumbenti-incurvus. Species genuinæ 2 v. 3, boreales v. montanæ, gerontogeæ et Americanæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1797. Klotzsch in I'r. Waldem. Reise. Bot. t. 88. quibus addidit Meissner P. amplexicaule, Don, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 46, herbam Himalaicam caule elato subramoso et spicis sæpe 2-3, P. (Amblygono) oruntali accedentem; et species 2 Himalaicas suffruticosas prostratas ramosissimas, spicis erectis longius culis. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 287. Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 80, f. 2, 3. Bot. Mag. t. 4622.
- 5. Tovara. Herbæ erectæ, foliis ovatis specierum nonnullarum Persicaria, ocreis laxis. Spicæ aphyllæ, longissimæ, tenues, virgatæ, fasciculis dissitis paucifloris. Perianthium parvum, incurvum, 4-fidum. Stamina sæpius 5. Styli 2, longi, recti, fere ad apicem srete contigui. Nux compressa. faciebus valde convexis. Embryo accumbenti-incurvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis. Species 2, inter se valde affines, altera boreali-Americana, altera Japonica, utraque in Prodromo xiv. 112 sub Persicaria inclusa. Tovara, Adans. Fum. ii. 276. Antenoron, Raf. Fl. Ludov. 28, charactere pessimo.
- 6. Cephalophilon, Meissn. Herbæ debiles, laxe ramosæ, nunc humiles tenerrimæ, nunc sæpius elongatæ flexuoso-scandentes, v. rarius validiores erectæ. Folia petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, nunc deltoidea cordata v. hastata; ocreæ tubulosæ v. laxæ, non ciliatæ. Spicæ capituliformes globosæ v. rarius demum oblongæ, pedunculatæ, solitariæ v. paniculatæ, rarius subsessiles. Perianthium 5-fidum. Stamina 8 v. abortu pauciora. Styli 3 v. 2, sæpius basi v. interdum alte connati. Nux globosa v. compressa, perianthio succulento v. membranaceo arcte involuta. Embryo accumbenti-incurvus, cotyledonibus sæpius latiusculis. Species ad 24, pleræque Asiaticæ, una Australians, paucæ Americanæ occidentales v. australes. Wight, Ic. t. 1804, 1805. Klotzech in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 86.

In speciebus typicis rami læves sunt, et perianthium fructiferum sæpius membranaceum; inter illus *P. delicatulum* Meissn. insigne est caule tenerrimo nano, foliis parvis, et capitulis ad axillas subsessilibus. In eadem sectione sequentes includimus ab auctoribus nonnullis separatas:-

AMPELYGONUE, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 62 est P. chinense, Linn., Wight, Ic. t. 1808, species Asiatica late dispersa, caule validiore seeps suberecto, capitulis seepius corymboso-paniculatis, perianthio fructifero succulento baccato, quare interdum ad Coccolobam refertur.

Echinocaulos, Hassk. in Flora 1842, Beibl. ii. 20 (Chylocalyx, Hassk. MS. olim, Meisen. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 65) species 2 includit ex Asia orientali subscandentes, ramorum angulis retrorsum aculeatis v. setosis, perianthio fructifero ut in P. chinensi succulento, etsi membranaceum apparest in speciminibus siccis. Huc pertinent P. perfoliatum, Linn. et P. Babingtonii,

Hance (Chylocalyx senticosus, Meissn.). Petioli in priore ut in P. chinensi interdum basi auriculis foliaceis instructi.

Eckinocaulon, Meissn., includit species plures Asiaticas v. Americanas ramis ut in P. perfoliulo plus minus retrorsum aculeolatis setosisve, perianthio fructifero sæpius (an semper?) membranazeo. Linn. Hort. Cliff. t. 12. Wight. Ic. t. 1802, 1803. Reyel, Fl. Ussur. t. 10.

- 7. Acomogonum, Meissn. Herbæ sæpe elatæ v. frutescentes. Spicæ v. racemi laxe cylindraceæ, sæpius paniculatæ. Flores 8-andri, 3-gyni. Perianthium fructiferum appressum, succulentum v. membranaceum. Nux insigniter 3-gona, perianthio inclusa v. breviter exserta. Embryo accumbenti-incurvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis planis. Species ad 8, Asiaticæ, quarum una etiam in montibus Europæis obvis. All. Fl. Pedem. t. 68, f. 1. Leddb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 361. Wight, Ic. t. 1807. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 87 (Fagopyrum).
- De P. molli, Don, et P. polystachyo, Wall., dubium remanet an species revera distinctæ sint, an unius dioica sexus diversi, prior ? perianthio fructifero baccato, illa & perianthiis majoribus immutatis, ovario in speciminibus nostris numerosis etsi parum aucto semper sterili, stirps utraque ad Aconogonum pertinet.
- 8. Pscudopolygonella, A. Gray. Herbæ annuæ, erectæ, graciles, habitu Polygonellæ, sed perianthii segmenta omnia circa fructum erecta, subæqualia v. 3 exteriora majora. Folia anguste linearia. Racemi spiciformes tenues, paniculati, bracteis parvis secus rhachin subimbricatis, floribus parvis, pedicellis filiformibus. Species 2, boreali-Amoricanæ, typica P. articulatum Linn., a Meissnero ad Polygonellam relata fuit, sed rite ad Polygonum revocatur. Perianthii segmenta omnia subæqualia, crecta, integerrima; ocreæ obtusæ, nec scariosæ nec ciliatæ. Huic adjungimus P. fimbriatum. Ell. (Thysanella, A. Gray in Boston Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 232), habitu simillimum, sed perianthii segmenta 3 exteriora circa fructum majora in alas dentatas v. laceras expansa, 2 interiora angustiora margine fimbriata; ocreæ scarioso-ciliatæ.
- 9. Timaria, Meissn. Herbæ volubiles, foliis cordatis hastatis v. sagittatis, ocreis breviter cylindraceis. Florum fasciculi in spicis simplicibus aphyllis axillaribus v. terminalibus secus rhachin dissiti. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta 3 exteriora majora, dorso carinata, carina obtusa v. in alam in pedicello plus minus decurrentem expansa. Stigmata 3. capitata, in stylo brevi sessilia v. subconnata. Nux perianthio accreto inclusa, 3-gena. Embryo accumbenti-incurvus. Huc pertinent P. Cosvolvulus L. et P. dumetorum L.. utraque per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis late dispersa, cum speciebus v. forte varietatibus 3 v. 4 Americanis v. Asiaticis iis valde affinibus. Bilderdykia, Dumort. Florul. Belg. 18.
- 10. Pleuropterus. Herbæ longe volubiles v. elatæ, erectæ, flexuosæ. Racemuli floribundi, in paniculis axillaribus terminalibusque numerosi, floribus parvis 3-gynis. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta 3 exteriora ut in P. dumetorum aucta, carina dorsali in alam latam in pedicello plus minus decurrentem expansa. Styli breves, in stigmata peltata v. fimbriata expansi. Species 4, Japonicæ v. Asiæ temperatæ orientalis incolæ: P. multiflorum, Thunb., caule alto volubili et P. cuspidatum Siob. et Zucc., Lindl. et Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. 137, f. 90. P. Sachalinense et P. Weyrichii, F. Schmidt, caule erecto elato. Pietropterus, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1848, i. 587.
- 16. Fagopyrum, Gartn. Fruct. ii. 182, t. 119.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis subsequalibus v. exterioribus vix majoribus, fructiferum immutatum. Stamina 8, filamentis filiformibus, lobis glanduliformibus disci perianthio adnati alternis; antherae ovatæ. Ovarium disco arcte cinctum, 3-gonum; styli 3, liberi v. basi breviter connati. Nux perianthio marcescenti multo longior, 3-gona, angulis nunc obtusis nunc valde prominentibus subalatis. Embryo albumine inclusus, cotyledonibus latissimis contortuplicatis circa radiculam ascendentem varie convolutis.—Herbæ erectæ, annuæ v. rhizomate perenni. Folia alterna, petiolata, cordata v. deltoidea, 3-5-nervia et pennivenia; ocrese lazæ, integræ v. laceræ. Flores e bracteis vaginantibus secus ramulos cymæ subimbricatis breviter pedicellati; cymæ terminales v. axillares, longe pedunculatæ, nunc densæ capituliformes, nunc laxiores dichotomæ.

Species 2, originis adhuc incertie, verisimiliter e montibus Asiæ mediæ v. orientalis oriundæ, a temporibus antiquioribus in Asia et jam diu etiam in Europa late cultæ, et fucillime in locis cultis arenosisve inquilinæ.—Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 143. Ness. Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 53. Reichb. Lonogr. Exot. t. 176 (Polygonum). Bot. Reg. 1846, t. 26.

# TRIBUS IV. RUMICEA.

17. Eheum, Linn. Gen. n. 506, Amen. Acad. iii. t. 4.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu masculi. Perianthium 6-partitum, patens, segmentis subsequalibus v. exterioribus paullo minoribus, post anthesin immutatum, marcescens. Stamina 9, rarius 6, filamentis basi v. altius incrassatis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli 3, breves, recurvi, apice stigmatoso valde dilatato hippocrepico v. crenato-sublobato. Nux late v. anguste 3-alata. Embryo rectus, parum excentricus, cotyledonibus planis cordatis ovatis v. late oblongis, radicula brevi supera.—Herbæ robustæ, rhizomate crasso sublignoso. Folia ampla nunc maxima, sinuato-dentata v. palmatim lobata, basi 3-co-nervia; ocrem membranaceo-scariosæ, laxæ, marcescentes. Flores pedicellati, fasciculati, ebracteolati, fasciculis racemosis, racemis anguste paniculatis, foliis floralibus seu bracteis sub racemis paniculisve nunc amplis coloratis deciduis nunc parvis.

Species descriptæ 20, plures tamen reducendæ, Asiæ Sibiricæ Himalaicæ et orientalis incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 32. Hayne, Arzneig. xii. t. 6 ad 10. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 117. Jaub. Spach, Rl. Pl. Or. t. 470. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 491. Royle, Ill. Himal. Bot. t. 78, 78a. Hook. f Illustr. Himal. Pl. t. 19. Bot. Mag. t. 3508, 4877, 6135. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 269.

Flores in R. acuminato, Bot. Mag. t. 4877, staminibus 6 delineati sunt, in illis tamen a nobis examinatis semper more generis 9 invenimus. In R. nobili tamen, Hook. f. Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 19, flores revera constanter 6-andros vidimus. Hæc species habitu insignis est; planta ineunte anthesi columnam elatem conicam refert, foliis floralibus amplis membranaccis coloratis venosis deorsum subimbricatis caulem inflorescentianque velantibus. Paniculæ fructiferæ foliis floralibus emarcidis deciduisve denudantur.

18. oxyria, Hill, Veg. Syst. x. 24, t. 24.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 4, 2 exteriora demum reflexa, 2 interiora majora erecta appressa. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium compressum; styli 2, breves, patentes v. recurvi, m stigmata fimbriato-penicillata dilatati. Nux compressa, 2-alata. Embryo lateralis, rectus v. leviter incumbenti-incurvus, cotyledonibus lineari-oblongis radicula longioribus.—Herba perennis, humilis v. parum ramosa. Folia radicalia v. rarius unum etiam sub ramo infimo inflorescentiæ longe petiolata, orbiculato-cordata v. reniformia, integerrima; ocreæ membranaceo-scariosæ, latæ laxæque. Florum fasciculi ocrea parva stipati, secus ramos racemiformes paniculæ angustæ dissiti.

Species 1, in terris arcticis subarcticisque hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis et in montibus elatioribus Europæ et Asiæ frequens. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 37. Campd. Monogr. Rum. t. 3. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ Monochl. n. 55. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 483.

19. Ramex, Linn. Gen. n. 451.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu unise xuales. Perianthii segmenta 6, rarius 4, per anthesin interdum æqualia, exteriora post anthesin inmutata, interiora circa fructum accreta, herbacea v. scariosa rarius rigida, integra v. margine fimbriato-dentata, costa interdum extus basi in tuberculum granuliformem incrassata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli 3, basi brevissime filiformes patentes v. recurvi, in stigmata varie fimbriata v. penicillato-multifida expansi. Nux perianthii segmentis interioribus arcte inclusa, 3-gona, angulis sæpius acutis interdum valde prominentibus. Embryo lateralis, incumbenti-incurvus v. rarius fere rectus, cotyledonibus linearibus v. oblongis.—Herbæ perennes v. rarius annuæ v. interdum suffrutices, rarius frutices elatiores. Folia nunc pleraque radicalia, nunc etiam in caule ramisque alterna, basi sæpe cordata v. hastata, integra dentata v. rarius subpinnatifida; ocreæ membranaceo-scariosæ sæpe hyalinæ, primum vaginantes, mox laceræ v. evanidæ. Flores ad nodos fasciculati, fasciculis bractea ocreiformi stipatis, pedicellis articulatis ebracteolatis; fasciculi nunc axillares, nunc in racemos paniculasve terminales dispositi.

Species enumerate ad 130, ab aliis auctoribus infra 100 estimates, per regiones temperatus hemisphærii borealis latissime disperse, inter tropicos et in hemisphærio australi pauciores et sæpe

inquiline, nonnulles in cultis ruderatisque nunc fere cosmopolitane. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 42, et in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 55. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monoohl. n. 54. Baiss. Fl. Or. iv. 1006. Aresch. in Ofvers. K. Vet. Akad. Fürh. Stockholm, 1862, 57, t. 3.

Species pleræque facile distribuuntur in sectiones 2 naturales ab auctoribus consensu receptas:

1. Lapathum. Herbæ sæpius robustiores rarius humiles, foliis basi acutis obtusis v. auriculis obtusis cordatis. Perianthii segmenta interiora integerrima v. dentata, 2 v. omnia 3 basi extus sæpe granulifera.—Hayne, Arzneigew. xiii. t. 1 ad 5. 7. Reichl. Leonogr. Eur. t. 345, 366 ad 370, 486, 487, 516, 576. Trim. Journ. Bot. t. 131, 140, 146, 173. Moris, Fl. Sard. t. 108. Gruss. Pl. Rar. t. 28, 29. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 399. Wight, Ic. t. 1810. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 174; Ic. Pl. t. 1245. 2. Acetosa. Herbæ suffrutices fruticesve, foliis sæpius plus minus hastatis sagittatisve, auriculis baseos acutis. Flores sæpe polygami. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta interiora sæpe valde aucta venoso-scariosa, semper integerrima et nunquam granulifera. Hayne, Arzneig. xiii. t. 6. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 67; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 93. Lamb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 10. Cav. Lc. t. 22. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 346, 348. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 106. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 90. Acktosa, Neck. Elem. ii. 214. Characteres tamen supra dati interdum incerti. In R. Lanaria, R. vesucaria, R. cordata, etc. ad Acetosam relatis, folia basi sæpissime obtusissima v. obtuse cordata, et fructus R. venosæ aliarumque nonnullarum sectionis Lapathi Acetosam referunt.

R. acetosella, Linn., Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 349, species fere cosmopolitana, sæpe Acetosæ relata, in Prodromo pro sectione distincta recepta est, floribus sæpius dioicis paniculatis, perianthio fructifero parum aucto, segmentis interioribus nuci subglobosæ arcte appressis eamque non superantibus.

R. bucephalophorus. Linn., Cav. Ic. t. 41; Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 345, herba annua humilis, in regione Mediterranea frequens, insignis est pedicello fructifero rigido superne dilatato recurvo, perianthio circa fructum rigido, segmentis nunc uno solo nunc 2 v. 3 valde auctis aculeato-dentatis non granuliferis.

20. Emex, Neck. Elem. ii. 214. (Vibo, Mænch, Meth. 318. Centopodium, Burch. Trav. i. 340.)—Flores monoici. &: Perianthium 5-6-partitum, segmentis sequalibus patentibus. Stamina 4-6, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ. Fl. Q: Perianthium urceolatum, tubo ovoideo, limbi lobis 6 2-seriatis. Ovarium tubo inclusum, 3-gonum; styli 3, breves, patentes, in stigmata fimbriato-lacera dilatati. Perianthium fructiferum auctum durissimum, tubo 3- v. 6-angulato inter angulos transverse lacuncso; lobi exteriores patentes spinescentes, interiores erecti, latissimi v. angustiores, obtusi mutici v. aristati. Nux tubo arcte inclusa at libera, acute 3-gona, pericarpio membranaceo v. vix crustaceo. Semen subteres; embryo valde incumbenti-arcuatus, lateralis v. fere periphericus, cotylodonibus angustis radicula longioribus.—Herbæ (annuæ !) rigidulæ. Folia alterna, longiuscule petiolata, ovata, integerrima v. sinuato-subdentata; ocreæ membranaceo-scariosæ, mox laceræ v. evanidæ. Florum fasciculi axillares v. superiores folio florali abortiente racemosi. Flores & in fasciculis superioribus in pedicellis filiformibus articulati, Q in fasciculis inferioribus arcte sessiles.

Species v. forte varietates 2, altera regionis Mediterraneæ incola, altera Austro-Africana etiam in Australia inquilina. Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 40. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 347 (Rumex).

#### TRIBUS V. COCCOLOBE.E.

21. Muchlenbeckia, Mcissa. Gen. Pl. 316, Comm. 227. (Sarcogonum, Don in Succet. Hort. Brit. ed. 3, ex Endl.)—Flores polygamo-subdioici. Perianthium alte 5-fidum, lobis segmentisve subsequalibus v. 3 exterioribus paullo majoribus, fructiferum sepius basi v. undique carnoso-incrassatum v. succulentum. Stamina 8, basi perianthii affixa, filamentis filiformibus, antheris ovatis, v. in fl. ♀ ad staminodia brevia reducta v. 0. Ovarium 3-gonum, in fl. ♂ parvum sterile v. 0; styli 3, broves, nunc brevissimi, apice in stigmata late capitata sublobata v. fimbriata dilatati. Nux obtuse v. acute 3-gona, perianthio plus minus carnoso v. succulento velata v. sæpe apice exserta, pericarpio crustaceo v. coriaceo. Semen sæpe 3-sulcum v. sub-3-lobum; embryo excentricus v. lateralis, incumbenti- v. accumbenti-incurvus, cotyledonibus angustis oblongisve.—Frutices v.

suffrutices seepius volubiles. Folia alterna, petiolata, nunc parva suborbiculata, nunc majora cordata deltoidea v. sagittata, interdum linearia paucaque v. omnino nulla; ocree breves, laxe v. interdum vix ullæ. Flores parvi, intra bracteas vaginantes fasciculati, fasciculis nunc ad axillas solitariis, nunc seepius in spicas racemulosve breves axillares terminalesque simplices v. subpaniculatas dispositis. Embryonem invenimus accumbenti- et incumbenti-incurvum in diversis seminibus ejusdem speciminis.

Species ad 15, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ, ins. maris Pacifici et Americæ australis extratropicæ v. Andinæ incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 145, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 22. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zel. Fl. 236. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 273. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 127. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 88. Endl. Iconogr. t. 87. Bot. Mag. t. 3145. Bot. Reg. t. 1250 (ic. omn. sub Polygono).

M. platyclada, Meissn. (Coccoloba platyclada, Bot. Mag. t. 5382), ex ins. Solomon, insignis est ramis omnino aphyllis late complanatis phyllodineis tenuiter multiseriatis. Ocress ad lineas transversas reductse. Flores singuli v. florum fasciculi ad nodos uno latere sessiles. Species nonnullse perianthio fructifero vix carnoso et stigmatibus subcapitatis Polygono accedunt, habitu tamen et floribus dioicis Muchlenbeckis affiniores.

22. Goccoloba. Linn. Gen. n. 496.—Flores hermaphroditi v. hinc inde abortu unisexuales. Perianthii tubus per anthesin brevis subapertus, demum incrassatus carnosus v. succulentus nucem includens eique sapius adnatus, limbus 5-partitus, segmentis subequalibus, post anthesin immutatus connivens v. marcescens. Stamina 8, filamentis filiformibus, basi in annulum v. cupulam brevem connatis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium liberum, ovoideum v. oblongum, apice contractum in stylos 3 breves, stigmatibus parum v. conspicue dilatatis integris v. sublobatis. Nux tubo perianthii aucto globoso v. ovoideo arcte inclusa, sæpeque ei adnata, limbo marcescente sepius coronata, pericarpio crustaceo v. duro, intus haud raro laminis plus minus intrusis prope basin divisa. globosum v. ovoideum, varie 3-6-sulcatum, albumine plus minus ruminato; embryo excentricus v. lateralis, cotyledonibus orbiculato-cordatis planis v. latissimis subconvolutis, radicula brevi recta v. incumbenti ascendente. -- Arbores fruticesve interdum alte scandentes. Folia alterna, sepe coriacea, integerrima, nunc maxima orbiculata, nunc minima; ocreæ variæ, cylindraceæ v. laxæ, membranaceæ v. tenues parvæ et mox evanidæ. Flores intra bracteas parvas ocreiformes fasciculati, breviter pedicellati, fasciculis spicato-racemosis, racemis longis brevibusve simplicibus v. paniculatis terminalibus axillaribusque.

Species fere 80, omnes Americanæ imprimis tropicæ, perpaucæ extra tropicos in Mexico v. Florida obviæ. Meissa, in DC. Prod. xiv. 151, et in Mart. Fl. Bros. v. i. t. 7 ad 21. Gærta. Fruct. t. 45. Jacq. Obs. t. 8, 9; Stirp. Amer. t. 73 ad 78; Hort. Schænbr. t. 267, 352. Hayne, Arzneig. x. t. 4. Nutt. Sylv. Amer. ii. t. 88, 89. Vell. Fl. Flum. t. 40, 41, 43, 44 (Polygonum). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 102. Bot. Mag. t. 3130, 3166, 4536. Bot. Reg. t. 1816.

23. Campderia, Benth. Bot. Voy. Sulph. 159, t. 52.—Flores hermaphroditi v. hinc in le abortu unisexuales. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, demun sub fructu vix auctus, carnosus; segmenta 5, per anthesin subæqualia, post anthesin aucta, coriaceo-carnosa, 3 exteriora majora carinata, 2 interiora plana, omnia erecta fructum velantia. Stamina 8, aequalia v. 3-4 cæteris majora, filamentis brevibus basi dilatatis et in annulum connatis; antherarum connectivum latiusculum. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli 3, breves, stigmatibus late capitatis; ovulum subsessile. Nux 3-gona, angulis valde prominentibus subacutis, basi carpophoro carnoso (perianthii tubo solido) insidens, cæterum libera, perianthii segmentis auctis arcte inclusa. Semen sulcis profundis 3-6-lobum, albumine ruminato; embryo excentricus, parum incurvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis.—Frutices v. arbusculse laxe ramosæ. Folia alterna, pennivenia, tenuiter crebreque reticulato-venulosa; ocrese laxiusculæ. Flores intra bracteas parvas ocreiformes sæpius gemini, fasciculis longe spicatis, spica terminali simplici. Perianthium fructiferum perfectum in C. gracili, Meissn. sola notum, ubi fere semipollicare est in vivo pulchre coccineum.

Species 2 v. 3, Mexici, America centralis et Brasilia borealis incolse. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 170, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 6.

- C. mexicana, Meissn., a C. floribunda, Benth., ex speciminibus nostris nequaquam differt. Species tamen tertia videtur C. Lindoniana, Benth., e Teapa (Tabasco), Lindon, n. 1602, cujus ramuli et inflorescentia tenuiter ferrugineo-tomentelli, folia longe oblonga basi cordata. Fructus ignotus, sed ovarium sub anthesi more Campderiæ acute trigona, perianthii lobis nec tubo inclusa. Genus cæterum Coccolobo valde affine, nec nisi perianthio fructifero nuceque rite distinguendum.
- 24. Antigonou, Endl. Gen. 310.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis omnibus erectis, fructiferum auctum, membranaceo-scariosum, coloratum, segmentis 3 exterioribus majoribus late cordatis interioribus 2 oblongis. Stamina 7-8 (rarius 9?), filamentis filiformibus basi in annulum inter illa dentiferum connatis; antherse ovatse. Ovarium 3-gonum, in stylos 3 breves contractum, stigmatibus capitatis v. peltatis; ovulum sub anthesi ad apicem funiculi longi pendulum, demum erectum. Nux prominente 3-gona, perianthio accreto velata, pericarpio intus lævi. Semen subglobosum, sulcis profundis 3-6-lobum, albumine valde ruminato; embryo parum excentricus, incumbenti-curvulus, cotyledonibus anguste oblongis.—Caules a basi frutescente alte scandentes. Folia alterna, cordata v. deltoidea, petiolis amplexicaulibus; ocreæ parvæ v. ad lineam transversam reductæ. Flores intra bracteam parvam pauci, fasciculati, fasciculis racemosis, racemis terminalibus v. in axillis superioribus, rhachi sæpe in cirrhum ramosum desinente. Pedicelli breves, fructiferi tenues exalati. Flores primum parvuli, mox perianthiis accretis pulchre coloratis speciosi.
- Species 3 v. 4, inter se difficillime distinguendæ, Mexici v. Americæ centralis incolæ, in variis regionibus Americæ calidioris ornamenti gratia cultæ.—Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 184. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Boech. Voy. t. 69. Bot. May. t. 5816. Fl. des Serres t. 1886 (quoad fructus male). Mast. in Gard. Chron. 1877, i. 789.
- 25. Brunntchia, Banks in Gartn. Fruct. i. 213, t. 45. (Rajania, Walt. Fl. Carol. 247.)— Flores hermaphroditi (v. abortu unisexuales !). Perianthium 5-fidum, lobis subæqualibus, fructiferum auctum, coriaceum, oblongo-conicum, exalatum, tubo fere suberoso, lobis conniventibus. Stamina 7-9, sepius 8, e perianthii lobis per anthesin patentibus exserta, filamentis filiformibus, disco parum prominenti affixa; anthera ovata. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli 3, elongati, apice capitato-stigmatosi; ovulum sub anthesi ad apicem funiculi longi pendulum, demum erectum. Pedicelli fructiferi uno latere ala coriacea cum perianthio continua instructi. Nux perianthio inclusa, 3-gona, pericarpio coriaceo intus rugoso intra sulcos seminis intruso. Semen sulcis profundis fere ad centrum in lobos 6 irregulariter divisum, albumine præter lobos subruminato; embryo in uno lobo leviter incumbentiincurvus, cotyledonibus oblongis radicula sublongioribus.—Frutex scandens. Folia alterna, ovata, subcordata, petiolo basi amplexicauli, ocrea brevi v. obsoleta. Flores intra bracteam parvam fasciculati, fasciculis racemosis, racemis terminalibus axillaribusve ad apices ramorum paniculatis; rhaches racemorum v. interdum ramuli summi in cirrhum ramosum desinentes. Pedicelli per anthesin filiformes, prope basin articulati, fructiferi fere ad basin hine alati.

Species 1, Americae borealis civitatum australiorum incola. *Meissn. in DC. Prod.* xiv. 185. Fallopia, *Adans. Fam.* ii. 274, 277, ab auctoribus dubie ad *Brunnichiam* relata. videtur ex auctoris notis et citatis genus omniuo fictum ex *Anredera* et *Polygom* sect. *Tiniaria*, cum cirrhis *Brunnichiae*.

### TRIBUS VI. TRIPLARIDEÆ.

26. **Esptogenum**, Benth. gen. nov.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium angustum, tubo brevi turbinato, alte 6-fidum, lobis linearibus erectis 3 interioribus minoribus. Stamina 3, ad apicem tubi lobis interioribus opposita, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatoglobose, didymæ. Ovarium globoso-3-gonum, 3-sulcum, angulisprominentibus obtusis, loculo centrali parvo; stigmata 3, parva, sessilia, erecta; ovulum ab apice funiculi erecti pendulum (mox erectum?). Fructus . . .—Arbor v. frutex elatus. Folia alterna, ad apices ramulorum defoliatorum conferta, rigidula, pennivenia, venis primariis parallelis

subtus valde prominentibus, facie inferiore rufescente; ocrese brevissimæ v. ad lineam transversam reductæ. Flores parvuli, sericeo-villosi, intra bracteam brevem oblique cupulatam solitarii v. gemini, secus rhachin spicæ tenuis subsessiles erecti approximati. Spicæ tenues, in innovationibus brevibus ad apices ramulorum inter folia plures, simplices v. ima basi in ramos 2-3 divisæ.

Species 1, L. domingensis, in arenosis San Domingo legit Schomburgk, n. 34. Genus pluribus notis Ruprechties accedit, insigniter tamen differt floribus hermaphroditis, staminum numero et situ ovulo ut in Brunnichia pendulo, aliisque characteribus.

27. Podopterus, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. ii. 89, t. 107.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 3 exteriora majora carina in alam membranaceo-scariosam in pedicello decurrentem expansa, minora plana erecta, fructiferum auctum, cæterum conforme. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium 3-gonum; styli breves, apice capitato-stigmatosi; ovulum subsessile. Nux perianthio clauso late 3-alato inclusa. Semen . . .—Frutex ramis rigide flexuosis, ramulis sæpe apice spinescentibus. Folia ad nodos fasciculata (a speciminibus nostris jam delapsa), obovato-oblonga, membranacea; ocreæ breves. Flores ad axillam bracteæ parvæ geminæ v. paucæ, fasciculis racemosis, racemis ad apices ramorum pluribus laxe subpaniculatis.

Species 1. Mexicana. Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 171. Specimina nostra manca, et characteres plures ex Humb. et Bonpl. l. c. sumpti.

28. Triplaris, Linn. Gen. n. 103. (Velasquezia, Bertol. Fl. Guatem. 39, t. 11.)—Flores dioici. A: Perianthium infundibulare, limbo 6-fido, lobis æqualibus v. 3 interioribus paullo minoribus. Stamina 9, sepe exserta, ad apicem tubi affixa, 3 lobis interioribus opposita, 6 lobis alterna, filamentis filiformibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Perianthium angustum, alte 6-fidum, lobis 3 exterioribus oblongis lanceolatisve erectis post anthesin auctis membranaceo-scariosis venosis aliformibus, 3 interioribus minoribus lineari-subulatis v. circa ovarium petaloideo-dilatatis. Ovarium acute 3-gonum, suberoso-carnosum, loculo centrali parvo; styli 3, breviter lineari-subulati, introrsum stigmatosi; ovulum sessile. Nux prominenter subacute 3-gona, perianthii basi ovoidea inclusa, apice lobis exterioribus quasi alis 3 coronata. Semen ovoideo-3-gonum; albumen sulcis plus minus profundis 3-6-lobum et ruminatum; embryo subcentralis, cotyledonibus latis planis v. leviter convolutis, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores ramis sæpius fistulosis. Folia alterna. breviter petiolata, sæpe ampla, ex ovato oblonga v. lanceolata, pennivenia et transversim venulosa, sæpeque impressionibus pluribus longitudinalibus e vernatione oriundis notata; ocreæ deciduæ. Flores intra bracteas sessiles v. subsessiles, in spicas longas molliter v. sericeo-pilosas simplices v. sæpius ramosas dispositi. Bracteæ & sæpius latæ laxe 2-3flora, Q 1-flora, ante anthesin anguste conica clausa alabastrum includentes, per anthesin uno latere fissæ spathiformes.

Species commerate 25, sed plures evidenter reducendæ et vix ultra 10 bene distinctas agnoscimus, per Americam australem tropicam late dispersæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 172, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 24, 25. Auhl. Pl. Gin. t. 347. Schomb. in Proc. Bot. Soc. Lond. t. 2.

T. surinamensis, Cham., cum specielus 4 v. 5 post cam in Prodromo enumeratis, verisimiliter unius varietates sunt et in T. americana, Lim., includendæ. Character Læflingii, a Linnæo repetitus, videtur e flore fæmineo sumptus, perianthii lobis interioribus pro staminibus descriptis. Blockmannia. Reichb. in Weig. Pl. Surin. exs. et Consp. 163, est fide Meissnerii cadem species.

29. Euprochtia, C. A. Mey. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, vi. 148, t. 4.—Flores dioici, J. Perianthium 6-partitum, patens, segmentis subsequalibus v. 3 interioribus paullo minoribus. Stamina 9, disco centrali lato sepius pilosulo v. lobulato affixa, seepius exserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheree ovate v. oblonge. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. parvum pilosum. Fl. 2: Perianthium alte 6-partitum, segmentis 3 exterioribus oblongis lanceolatisve erectis, post anthesin varie auctis, 3 interioribus multo minoribus linearibus nunc minutis v. vix conspicuis. Ovarium 3-gonum angulis obtusis et basi seepe incrassatis, intus carnosum, loculo centrali parvo; stigmata erecta, oblonga v. lanceolata, ad

apicem ovarii sessilia v. stylis brevibus fulta; ovulum sessile. Nux obtuse 3-gona, pyramidata, basi incrassata 3-6-sulcata, perianthio toto v. ejus basi velata. Semen profunde 3-6-sulcatum, albumine lobato et ruminato; embryo subcentralis, cotyledonibus latis planis v. leviter convolutis.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores. Folia alterna, ovata v. lanceolata, quam in *Triplare* minora, pennivenia, impressionibus nullis vernationis. Ocreæ deciduæ. Flores intra bracteas parvas fasciculati, pedicellati, in racemos tenues multi-floros sæpius breves simplices v. paniculatos dispositi.

Species fere 20, America australis tropica v. subtropica incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 179. Grisch. Pl. Lorentz. 65.

Genus foliis inflorescentia floribus masculis et nucibus a *Triplari* bene distinctum, etsi perianthium fructiferum interdum sabsimile. In sectiones 2 sequentes facile dividitur:—

- 1. Pseudotriplaris. Perianthium fructiferum (ei Triplaris subsimile) basi sericeo-villosum, ovoideum, lobis exterioribus accretis membranaceo-scariosis venosis alæformibus. Huc pertinent species 6 priores Prodromi, Meissn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 26, cum R. costata et R. Cruegeri, Griseb., et Triplari coriacea, Karst. Fl. Columb. t. 169.
- 2. Europrechtia. Perianthium fructiferum glabrum, segmentis exterioribus a basi erectis appressis oblongis subcoriaceis non venosis. Includit R. salicifoliam, C. A. Mey., Meissn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 27, cum speciebus post illam in Prodromo enumeratis et R. Virara, Griseb.
- 30. Symmeria, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 630.—Flores dioici (v. rarius in ramis diversis monoici?). &: Perianthium 6-partitum, segmentis omnibus suborbiculatis, exterioribus 2 v. 3 paullo minoribus. Stamina numerosa (20-50) in disco centrali dense conferta, filamentis breviter filiformibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium per anthesin masculo vix majus, segmentis 3 exterioribus liberis ovatis patentibus caducissimis, 3 interioribus majoribus, in massam carnosam obtuse 3-gonam apice 3-dentatam concretis, post anthesin valde auctum, pyramidato 3-gonum. Ovarium in cavo centrali inclusum at a pariete liberum, acute 3-gonum; stylus cum perianthio connatus, summo vertice intra dentes perianthii breviter liber, 3-alatus, stigmatibus 3 patentibus fimbriato-laceris mox Perianthium fructiferum valde auctum, pyramidato-3-gonum, angulis acutis fore in alas coriaceas productis, suberoso-carnosum, apice breviter 3-lobum. Nux infra medium perianthii arcte inclusa, non tamen adnata, acutissime 3-gona, faciebus planis v. concavis nitidis. Semen conforme (in fructibus vix perfecte maturis observatum), albumine ruminato; embryo rectiusculus, cotyledonibus latis.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, ample oblonga, pennivenia; petioli breves, basi amplexicaules et membranaccodilatati, vix tamen distincte ocreati. Flores parvi, intra bracteas cupulares plures, brevissime pedicellati, fasciculis tenuiter spicatis, spicis ad apices ramorum paniculatis. Perianthium fructiferum sæpe 6-10 lin. longum.

Species 2, altera in Guiana et Brasilia boreali sat frequens, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 186, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 23, alterius specimen masculum tantum vidimus in Herb. Hook. in Senegambia a Heudelot lectum sub n. 334: S. paniculate valde affinis videtur, notis pauci momenti diversa, sod stirpe fæminea adhuc ignota haud tute dignoscenda.

# ORDO CXXXV. PODOSTEMACEE.

Endl. Gen. 268. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 482. Tul. Podost. Monogr. in Archiv. Mus. Par. vi. 41.

Flores hermaphroditi v. in Hydrostachi dioici. Perianthium membranaceum, 3-fidum v. 5-partitum, v. 0, nisi pro perianthii segmentis haberes squamellas minimas v. lineares in pluribus generibus staminibus exterioribus alternis, a nonnullis staminodia dictis. Stamina hypogyna nunc  $\infty$ , numerosa v. pauca, filamentis liberis, in verticillum perfectum v. imperfectum circa ovarium disposita, nunc 2 v. rarius 3 filamentis plus

minus connatis v. stamen revera unicum ad unum latus ovarii, v. in flore d stamen unicum subsessile. Anthere ovatæ oblongæ v. breviter lineares, loculis 2 parallelis contiquis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, ad basin connectivi angustissimi loculis brevioris v. subsequilongi affixs. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, liberum, 2-3-loculare, septis tenuissimis divisum v. septis jam ante anthesin evanidis v. abortivis 1-loculare v. in flore 2 ab initio 1-loculare. Styli 2 v. 3, breves v. brevissimi, distincti v. basi brevissime connati, lineari-teretes, summo vertice v. superne v. fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi, v. ad stigmata lanceolata ovata varie dilatata v. brevissime pulviniformia reducti. Ovula 🗢 sæpius numerossima, in placenta centrali crassiuscula septo utrinque adnata v. in flore ♀ in placentis 2 parietalibus sessilia, irregulariter ∞-seriata, anatropa. Capsula subglobosa ovoidea ellipsoidea v. oblonga, in generibus hermaphroditis 2-3-locularis v. septo abortivo 1-locularis, costis co longitudinalibus sepius prominulis rarius obscuris instructa, valvis 2 æqualibus v. inæqualibus v. 3 æqualibus septicide dehiscens, placenta centrali seminifera et in capsulis inequalibus cum valva minore per dehiscentiam deciduis, valvis æqualibus v. in capsula inæquali valva majore diu in pedicellum persistentibus; in genere dioico capsula 1-locularis, introrsum rima longitudinali folliculatim dehiscens. numerosa, minima, sessilia, vulgo ellipsoideo-compressa, sub lente rugulosa, testæ cellulis crassis aquæ ope mire tumefactis hyalinisque. Albumen 0. Embruo semini conformis, rectus, seepius ad medium in cotyledones 2 divisus, radicula hilum versus obtusissima.

Herbæ aquaticæ immersæ, frequentissime annuæ, sed haud raro perennantes interdumque plane perennes, sape pusillissimæ, humiliores e parenchymate quasi omnino confectie, nobiliores fibris ligneis vasisque annularibus et propriis etiam donata. Caulis basi v. interdum ex toto (rhizoma a nonnullis dictus) explanatus v. crassus, super saxa repens et tenacissime adhærens v. adnatus, margine varie lobatus v. in ramos liberos dichotomos v. varie divisos desinens. Folia heteromorpha, modo parva squamiformia v. folia muscorum frondosorum simulantia secus caules elongatos v. ad basin pedunculorum disticha v. tristicha, modo majora (in una specie 2-3-pedalia) varie expansa lobata v. lacera v. angustissima et repetiter divisa frondes algarum v. interdum Trichomanis species 3-pinnatas simulantia, in caulis basin v. secus ramos varie disposita, interdum cum lobis v. ramis caulis concinua; hec folia frondiformia in aqua fluitantia sepe tenerrima facile deliquescentia et jam sub anthesi v. ante maturitatem fructus evanida, ita ut specimina sicca specierum revera foliatarum haud raro omnino aphylla videantur. Flores nunc in superficie caulis adnati v. explanati sigillatim sparsi v. fasciculati, nunc ad margines v. secus ramos caulis varie sparsi v. in spicam v. racemum simplicem v. ramosum dispositi, in axilla bractee concave sessiles v. breviter pedunculati, alabastro intra bracteam utriculiformem oblongam v. elongatam perfecte incluso; per anthesin pedicellus stepius elongatur et longe exseritur, bractea apice disrupta v. oblique fissa prope basin pedicelli persistente cupulata v. tubulosa et spathella dicta.

Species ad 120, scopulis immersis affixe, in undis rapide fluentibus rivulorum amniumque tropicalium America, Africa et Asia, perpancae extratropicales in America boreali et Africa australi, una sola adhuc imperfecte nota in Australia (in fluv. Johnstone regionis tropicae orientalis a W. Hill detectae, et altera valde dubia ex Europa (apud Insubres) provenire dicitur.

In hoc ordine elaborando fere in omnibus secuti sumus monographiam eximiam Tulasnei, cum additamentis posterioribus Weddellii, cujus observationes accuratissimas in speciminibus perplurimis herbarii Kewensis confirmare potuimus. Paullulum tantum ab illo dissentimus de interpretatione homologa squamellarum ad basın filamentorum insque alternarum, ın floribus sic dictis perianthio destitutis observatarum. Ex Weddellio staminodia sunt, nobis potius perianthii segmentorum rudimenta videntur. Situm occupant perianthii Weddellinæ, semper staminibus plus minus externa sunt, et ubi longiuscula lineariaque evadent nunquam rudimenta antherarum ostendunt. De situ partis stigmatose stylorum non semper certi sumus, nam styli in speciminibus siccis jam post foscundationem sæpissime plus minus desiccati sunt. Affinitates ordinis adhue omnino dubise remanent.

# CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

3-fidum. Stamina 1-3. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis 3. Herbæ bryoideæ, foliis parvis secus ramos elongatos numerosis sæpe tristichis v. ad basin pedicelli fasciculatis, spathella nulla.

- 1. TRISTICHA. Stamen 1. Rami floriferi tristiche foliati, apice sepius corymbosi.— Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
- 2. Terriola. Stamina 3. Rami v. gemmæ floriferi sæpius in caule adnato brevissimi, foliis parvis fasciculatis, rarius more Tristichæ elongati.—Ind. or.

Tribus II. Mourerees. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta oblonga v. squamellæ lineares v. minimæ, staminibus exteriora iisque alterna. Stamina numerosa v. rarius infra 5, filamentis liberis v. rarius alte monadelphis, verticillum circa ovarium perfectum v. (dum pauca) imperfectum formantibus. Ovarium 2-loculare. Capsula æqualiter 2-valvis. Alabastra sæpissime spathella sacciformi v. tubulosa clausa involuta, post anthesin capsula sæpius pedicello clongato e spathella rupta exserta.

- \* Perianthii segmenta 5, oblonga, staminibus equalia, iisque alterna.
- 3. WEDDELLINA. Pedicelli uniflori, sparsi. Guiana, Bras. bor.
- \*\* Perianthium 0 præter squamellas lineares v. parvas staminibus exteriores iisque alternas.
  - † Flores in scape simplici v. ramoso distiche spicati v. racemosi.
- 4. Mourera. Flores superiores v. omnes pedicellati. Filamenta lineari-filiformia, libera. Styli lineares.— Guiana, Brasilia.
- 5. Lonchostephus. Flores pedicellati. Filamenta oblonga, petaloidea, libera. Styli ovatorotundati subquadrati.—Brasilia.
- 6. LACIS. Flores subsessiles. Filamenta alte in tubum subcorollinum connata. Styli lineares.--Brus. hor.
  - tt Pedicelli uniflori, in caule adnato fasciculati v. secus ramos sparsi.
- 7. MARATHRUM. Stamina 5-25. verticillo perfecto. Styli breviter lineares, contigui. Capsula apice obtusa, valvis concavis carinatis 3-5-costatis. Caules adnati rarius clongato-ramosi.

  —Amer. trop.
- 8. RHTNCHOLACIS. Stamina 5-12, verticillo perfecto. Ovarium 2-carinatum, carinis in stylos discretos desinentibus. Capsula compressa, 2-rostrata, valvis cymbiformibus carinatis 3-costatis. Bras. bor., Guiana.
- 9. Liora. Stamina 2-\infty, verticillo perfecto v. rarius imperfecto. Styli subterctes, contigui. Capsula apice obtusa, valvis concavis la vibus v. vix obscure costatis. Caules ramosi.—Brasilia, Guiana.
- 10. Apinagia. Stamina 2-5, verticillo imperfecto. Styli breviter lineares, centigui. Capsula apice obtusa, valvis concavis prominenter 3-costatis. Plantæ parvæ habitu nunc Marathro nunc Ligeæ accodentes. -Bras. bor., Guiana.
- 11. LOPHOGYNE. Stamina 2-4, verticillo imperfecto. Stigmata sessilia, membranacea, patentia, late cristato-lobata. Capsula obtusa, valvis prominenter 3-costatis. Planta minima caule adnato. Brasilia.

(Vide etiam 12, Angol. Eam, staminibus 3 vix connatis.)

Tribus III. Supedestemess. Squamellæ extoriores ad latera filamenti v. columnæ stamineæ, utrinque 1, lineares v. minimæ, tertia rarius sub filamento. Stamina nunc 2 rarius 3, filamentis in columnam lateralem plus minus connatis, nunc 1. Ovarii septum sæpe evanidum. Capsula æqualiter v sæpe inæqualiter 2-valvis.

- \* Stamina 3, hasi brevissime connata.
- 12. Angolesa. Stigmu subsessile, orbiculare. Capsula obtusa, valvis aqualibus.—Afr. trop
  - \*\* Stamina 2, filamentis alte in columnam connates.
    - † Capsula valva aquales v. vix inaquales.
- 13. Hydrobryon. Stigmata subsessilia, lata. plana, patentia, cristato-lobata. Capsula obtusa. Ind. or.
- 14. Popostranon. Styli (v. stigmata) breviter lineares v. ovati, subsrecti, integri. Capsula obtusa.—Amer. bor., Brasilia, Madag., Ind. or.
  - 15. CERATOLACIS. Styli (v. stigmata) lanceolati, acuti. Capsula 2-cornuta.—Brasilia.

### †† Capsulæ valvæ distincte inæquales.

- 16. Maiorsis. Stigmata subsessilia, lata, brevissime multifida, fere in unum pulvinatum conferta. Columna staminea apice 3-fida, ramo centrali ananthero. Ovarium 2-loculare.—
  Brasilia.
- 17. Spherothylax. Stigmata sessilia, brovia, lanceolata. Alabastra intra spathellsm a pedicello apice inflexo reflexa. O varium 1-loculare.—Afr. austr., Alayssinia.
- 18. CASTELNAVIA. Styli longe filiformes. Alabastra intra spathellam sessilia erecta. Ovarium 1-loculare. Plantæ minimæ.—Fl. Araguay Brasiliæ.

# \*\*\* Stamen 1.

- 19. OSERYA. Filamentum ovario arcte appressum, anthera extrorsum spectante, mox elastice dissiliente. Plantulæ nanæ.—Mexico, Guiana, Brasilia.
- 20. Devillea. Filamentum laxum, anthera introrsum spectante. Plantula nana, repens.—Brasilia.

Tribus IV. Hydrostachydese. Flores dioici, utriusque sexus in scapo simplici longe spicati. Folia longa, simplicia v. decomposita.

21. Hydrostachys. Stamen 1. anthera intra bracteam subsessilis. Ovarium 1-loculare. placentis 2 parietalibus; styli filiformes.—Madagasc., Afr. austr. or.

### GENUS EXCLUSUM.

HALOPHILA, Thou. (DIPLANTHERA, Griff., LEMNOPSIS, Zipp.) ad Waladeas refertur.

#### TRIBUS I. TRISTICHEE.

1. Tristicha, Thou. Nov. Gen. Madag. 3. (Dufourea, Borg in Willd. Spec. Pl. v. 55; Philocrena, Bong. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, i. (vel iii. parsii.), 80, t. 6.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium tenuiter membranaceum, 3-lobum, lobis obtusis leviter imbricatis. Stamen 1, filamento filiformi; anthera crecta, basi obtusa. Ovarium ovoideum v. ellipsoideum, 3-loculare; styli 3, lineares, breves, erecti mox patentes, introrsum stigmatosi; placente crassa: in angulo interno loculorum in centro ovarii connate. Capsula ovoidea, septicide 3-vaivis, valvis 3-costatis aqualibus, septis evanidis v. a placenta solutis in margine valvarum persistentibus. Herbae bryoideae inundate. Caules breves dense caespitosi v. elongati fluitantes fastigiato-ramosissimi. Folia parva, sessilia, confertim tristicha, sericum 2 patentia, serici tertiæ minora erecta. Flores ad apices ramulorum breviorum sæpius gemini; alabastra juniora subsessilia intra bracteas 2-3 quam folia majores; pedunculi tamen mox accreti, fructiferi longiusculi, basi bracteis stipati.

Species editæ 3, valde variabiles et vix limitibus certis distinctæ, inter tropicos per Americam et Africam late diffusæ. Wedd. in DC. Irod. xvii. 45; Wight, Ic. t. 1920.

Species quarta, ex insulis Philippinis, a Preslio ex specimine Hænkeano ad Tristicham relata, ab auctoribus recentioribus non visa, verisimiliter generis alieni est.

2. Terniola, Tul. Podost. Monogr. 189, t. 13. (Lawia, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 112. Dalzellia, Wight, Ic. v. 34, t. 1919, 1920 (Tulasnea in ic.). Mnianthus, Walp. Ann. iii. 443.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium tenuiter membranaceum, 3-lobum, lobis obtusis erectis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, basi emarginatæ v. sagittatæ. Ovarium ovoideum v. ellipsoideum, 3-loculare; styli 3, breviter lineares, mox patentes, introrsum stigmatosi; placentæ crassæ in angulo interno loculorum in centro ovarii connatæ. Capsula ovoidea, septicide 3-valvis, valvis 3-costatis æqualibus, septis evanidis v. a placenta solutis in margine valvarum persistentibus.—Caules adnati thalliformes margine lobati, v. (in T. ramasissima, Wedd.) elongati fluitantes. Folia minima, setacea, in gemmis floriferis fasciculata, in ramis elongatis sparsa. Gemmæ floriferæ in caulis basi adnatæ v. secus ramos elongatos sparsæ, pedicello solitario basi fasciculo foliorum sæpius plus minus in vaginam connatorum stipati, spathella distincta nulla.

Species 7 India Orientalis Peninsulæ et Zeylan'æ inco'æ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 46.

#### TRIBUS II. MOUREREÆ.

3. Weddelina, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 113; Podost. Monogr. 194, t. 13.— Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 5, distincta, staminibus exterioribus alterna, oblongo-linearia, erecta, mox patentia. Stamina  $\infty$  (5-25), filamentis filiformibus distinctis; antherae erectæ, loculis basi apiceque discretis. Ovarium ovoideum, 2-loculare; stylus indivisus, stigmate terminali crassiusculo vix dilatato subdidymo. Capsula subglobosa, valvis 2 æqualibus haud prominule 3-5-costatis dehiscens.—Caules adnati, carnosi, breviter funiformes, intricate ramosi. Folia (v. frondes steriles) fluitantia, elongata, ramosissima (interdum 2-3-pedalia), stipite basi sæpe digiti crassitie ramisque primariis teretibus squamis v. tuberculis zonatim versicoloribus (Spruce) scaberrimis, ramulis membranaceis brevibus acutis secus ramos decurrentibus numerosis valdeque inæqualibus. Pedicelli ad margines ramorum adnatorum sparsi, bracteis parvis concavis instructi, quarum suprema interdum major breviter vaginans, sed non spathellam clausam formans.

Species 2, altera typica Guianensis, bracteis squamiformibus plurimis secus pedunculum fore ad apicem dissitis floribus 5-10-andris. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 48, altera (W. Uaupensis, Benth.) a Spruceo in fluvio Uaupes Brasiliæ borealis sub n. 2752 lecta, a Weddellio ad W. squamulosam typicam relata, sed, ex schedis Spruceanis floribusque perfectis a Weddellio non visis, differt statura majore, pedunculis multo longioribus, basi tantum bracteis paucis instructis, quarum suprema major et fere vaginata ad formam spathellæ accedit, et staminibus ultra 20 in flore examinato. 25 ex Spruceo.

4. Mourera, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 582, t. 233 (Lacis, Schreb. Gen. 366, non Lindl.).—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ minutæ, setacææ v. dentiformes, staminibus exterioribus alternæ, rarius obsoletæ. Stamina ∞ (10-40), filamentis filiformibus leviter complanatis liberis v. subinde ima basi connatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basi sagittatæ. Ovarium oblongum v. ovoideum, 2-loculare; styli 2. breviter lineares, patentes, fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, valvis 2 æqualibus 4-5-costatis dehiscens.—Caulis adnatus crassus, carnosus v. durus, simplex v. ramosus. Folia ad basin scapi ampla, ulviformia, irregulariter lacero-dentata v. pinnatim v. irregulariter inciso-lobata. Scapi erecti, simplices v. ramosi. Flores secus rhachin distichi, ad axillas bractearum solitarii, juniores spathella tubulosa clausa occlusi, evoluti e spathella apice lacera exserti, longiuscule pedicellati, v. haud raro inferiores usque ad capsulæ maturitatem intra spathellam subsessiles remanent.

Species 3, (iuianse et Brasilia tropicse incola. - Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 49. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 1, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 73.

5. Lonchestephus, Tul. Podost. Monagr. 198, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 73.— Flores hermaphroditi. Squamella staminibus alterme pauce minutæ v. 0. Stamina ∞ (5-8), filamentis planis oblongis petaloideis acutis; antheræ terminales, parvæ, lineares, recurvæ. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 2-loculare; styli 2, plani, ovato-rotundati subquadrati, margine stigmatosi. Capsula ovoidea, valvis 2 aqualibus prominenter 3-costatis dehiscens.—Caulis adnatus brovia, crassus, obrepens. Folia ad basin scapi plura, rosulata, patentia, subdichotome ramosa, lobis ultimis setaceis. Flores in scapo simplici breviter racemosi, subdistichi. Pedicelli ad axillam bracteæ sæpe lacero-dentatæ solitarii, spathella longius-cule vaginata apice lacera stipati.

Species 1, Brasiliensis. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 51. Genus a Moureræ speciebus minoribus paullulum differt filamentis petaloideis et stylorum forma.

6. Zacis, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 442, non Schreb.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ staminibus alternæ minutæ v. 0. Stamina  $\propto$  (6-10), filamentis ultra medium in tubum fere corollinum connatis, superne linearibus liberis; antheræ lineares, sagittatæ. Ovarium anguste oblongum, 2-loculare; styli 2, lineares, fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi. Capsula oblonga, valvis 2 aqualibus prominenter 5-costatis dehiscens.—

Caulis adnatus, brevis, crassus, ramosus et quasi dentatus. Folia longe et anguste ulviformia, stipitata, pinnatim v. flabellatim repetiter divisa. Flores in scapo simplici distiche spicati, singuli ad axillam bractem parvæ hyalinæ fere sessiles, vix e spathella tubulosa vaginante apice lacera exserti.

Species 1, Brasilise borealis incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 52. Tul. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 73.

7. Marathram, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. i. 39, t. 11.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ staminibus alternæ minutæ v. 0. Stamina co (5-25), filamentis filiformibus v. leviter dilatatis liberis v. subinde basi per paria connatis; antheræ lineares. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, 2-loculare; styli 2, breviter lineares, liberi v. basi breviter connati, superne introrsum stigmatosi. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, valvis 2 sequalibus 3-rarius 5-costatis dehiscens.—Caulis adnatus crassus, squamosus, lobatus v. rarius elongatoramosus. Folia sæpius elongata, nunc angusta ramosa ramis irregulariter filiformibus, nunc ulviformia longe lanceolata v. oblonga, subpinnatim lobata v. dentata, nunc tenuiter multifida repetiter pinnata frondes Trichomanis specierum dissectarum simulantia. Pedunculi uniflori, in caule adnato sparsi, basi spathella vaginati.

Species 6, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 53. Cham. in Linnaea ix. t. 6. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 1, 2.

Genus Monreræ valde affine, differt podicellis in caule adnato sparsis nec in scapo racemosis. Formas duo præbet: 1. Genunæ, pedicello apice in discum latum staminiferum expanso, staminibus ad marginem disci 5-8. Huc pertinent, M. feniculaccum, M. Schiedeanum, et M. utile.

2. Spuriæ, pedicello apice ut in Mourera vix incrassato, staminibus 10-25: M. oxycarpum, M. squamosum, et M. pauciflorum.

M. lacunosum, Gardn., est Lophogyne helicandra, Tul.

8. Ehyncholacis, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 3, xi. 95; Podost. Monogr. 81, t. 3, ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 74 repetita.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ parvæ, ovatæ v. lanceolatæ, staminibus exterioribus alternæ. Stamina  $\infty$  (5-12), verticillo perfecto, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis liberis v. subinde basi per paria connatis; antheræ linearez v. oblongæ, basi emarginatæ. Ovarium oblongum, compressum, 2-carinatum, 2-loculare, angulis in stylos breves dissitos introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus. Capsula oblonga v. ovata, plus minus septo contrarie compressa, breviter 2-rostrata, valvis 2 æqualibus cymbiformibus 3-costatis dehiscens, costa dorsali seu carina valde elevata.—Caulis adnatus crassus, ramosus. Folia brevia v. longiuscula, basi sæpe subteretia, circa pedicellorum fasciculos varie membranaceo-dilatata connataque, cæterum varie multifida, nunc lata fere ulviformia, nunc subfiliformia, semper repetiter lobata lobis ultimis tenuibus. Pedicelli in caule adnato sparsi v. sæpius fasciculati, basi parte persistente foliorum vaginati, spathella distincta nulla (v. cito deliquescente?).

Species 7, Guianæ et Brasiliæ borealis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 56.

J. Zigea, Tul. Podost. Monogr. 85, t. 4 ad 7. (Œnone et Ligea, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. er. 3, xi. 96.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamelle staminibus alternæ minutæ. Stamina 6-∞ perfecte verticillata, v. pauciora verticillo imperfecto, filamentis leviter complanatis liberis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basi subsagittatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, keve, 2-loculare; styli 2, subteretes, contiguæ v. basi brevissime connati, obtusi (vertice stigmatosi !). Capsula ovoidea v. globosa, valvis 2 æqualibus ecarinatis dorso convexis kevibus v. vix prominule 3-nervatis dehiscens.—Caules e basi adnata elongati, alii paucifiori longiores pinnatim ramosi foliiferi v. omnino aphylli, alii v. interdum omnes breviores ramosissimi. Folia sæpius angusta et lacera, v. interdum longe lanceolata et subintegerrima, in caulibus dichotomis parva linearia. Pedicelli in caulibus longis frondiformibus pauci, in dichotomis numerosi, breves, basi præter spathellam squamis paucis interdum in folia productis vaginati.

Species ad 13, Guianze et Brasilize incolze. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 58 ct 59 (Chone et Neolacis sect. Euneolucis).

Choose, Tul., serius ab auctore ipso ad Ligeam reducta, a Weddelho iterum separatur oh stamina numerosiora in verticillum perfectum disposita, et species cæteras Ligeæ cum Apinagia ad genus suum Neolacis referuntur. Hæ tamen nobis multo melius tam habitu quam capsula vix v. non costata in Ligea retinendæ videntur etsi stamina sæpe ad 2-5 imperfecte verticillata reducuntur. In L. Richardiana, Tul. (Neolacis, Wedd.) variant 5-10 sæpius perfecte verticillata. Genera cæterum inter se valde affinia sunt. L. alcicornis, Tul. Podost. Monogr. 94, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 73 (Choose alcicornis, Wedd.) melius a Spruceo in Mourera collocata fuit, ubi scapo ramoso co-floro, foliis ad basin scapi verticillatis, M. Weddellianæ approximatur.

10. Apinagia, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 97; Podost. Monogr. t. 7. (Neolacis, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 59, pro parte.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ staminibus alternæ v. in floribus 2-3-andris 3-5. Stamina 2-5, verticillo sæpius imperfecto, filamentis leviter complanatis liberis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, loculis basi longiuscule discretis. Ovarium ovoideum, distincte costatum, 2-loculare; styli 2, tenues, contigui v. basi brevissime connati (superne stigmatosi l). Capsula globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, valvis 2 acqualibus prominenter 3-costatis dehiscens.—Herbæ parvæ, habitu in diversis sectionibus diversæ. Pedicelli præter spathellam basi nudi v. foliis cito deliquescentibus stipati.

Species ad 16, Guianæ et Brasiliæ borealis incolæ, in sectiones 2 bene distinctas distribuendæ:-

- 1. Neolacis (sect. Euncolacis, Wedd., excl. N. Richardia, N. corymbosa, N. secundiflora et forte N. dissecta ad Ligeam restituendis). Caules (e basi adnata?) dichotome ramosissimi, aphylli v. subinde in folia frondiformia expansi. Pedicelli in dichotomiis solitarii. Habitus fere Ligea, a qua hace sectio differt staminibus paucioribus et capsulis prominenter costatis. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 2 (Lacis). Tul. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 75, f. 1. 2.
- 2. Chamalacis, Wodd. Caulis adnatus, crassus, ramosus v. subinde membranaceo-dilatatus. Folia ad basin pedicellorum dissecta, fugacissima, in speciminibus siccis rara. Pedicelli in caule adnato sæpius fasciculati. Sectio Marathro valde affinis, differt præcipue statura pusilla et staminibus paucis. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 7, f. 2. Bong. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, i. (vel iii. pars ii.) t. 4 (Lacis). Monostylls, Tul. Podost. Monogr. 201, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 74, f. 3.

Sectio Hymenolacis, Wedd., a Chamalaci errore distincta fuit foliorum absentia. Adsunt certe in N. Spruceanu, Wedd., etsi a speciminibus fructiferis jam depenta, verisimiliter etiam in planta juniore N. membranacea. sed post anthesin cito delique scentia.

BLANDOWIA, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin Mag. in. 100, t. 4, f. 2, plantula aquatica Peruviana ab auctore pro genere Hepaticarum descripta, ex charactere imperfecto et icone rudi absque dubio rite ad Podostemaccus relata est, et verisimiliter est species Apinagiæ haud vero tute agnoscenda et nomen delendum. R. Preissii, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 85 (Apinagia Preissii, Tul.), ex Italia superiore, quam maxime dubia remanet.

11. Lephogyne, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 99, Podost. Monogr. 109, t. 8, f. 2, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 73, f. 4.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellae exteriores 3-4, lineari-setaceæ, staminibus alternæ, valde inæquales, una sæpe staminibus æquilonga. Stamina 2-4, verticillo imperfecto, filamentis distinctis leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 2-loculare: stigmata 2, subsessilia, lata, plana, membranacea, patentia, cristato-lobata et dentata. Capsula ovoidea, valvis 2 æqualibus prominenter 3-costatis dehiscens.—Herba minima, caule adnato carnoso membranaceo-dilatato lobato. Folia (a nobis non visa) fasciculata, lobata v. multifida, lobis ultimis filiformibus. Pedicelli in caulis basi adnata sparsi v. in angulis loborum, praeter spathedlam squamis v. foliis brevibus crassis irregulariter lobatis subcarnosis stipati.

Species 2, Brasilianse. Wodd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 65. Genus habitu speciebus minoribus Apinague (Chamelacis) accedit, differt stigmate fere Hydrobryi.

# TRIBUS III. EUPODOSTEMEE.

12. Angelsea, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 300.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2-4, minutæ. Stamina 3, unilateralia, filamentis leviter complanatis liberis v. basi brevissime connatis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium breviter stipitatum a staminibus leviter aversum, ovoideum v. junius oblongæm, septis evanidis v. abortientibus

1-loculare, placenta centrali compressa; stigma subsessile, orbiculare, dense papillosum, vix didymum. Capsula ovoidea, valvis 2 sequalibus 3-costatis dehiscens.—Caules (e basi adnata?) lineares, basi incrassati, valde elongati, subdichotome ramosissimi, foliis a ramulis ultimis non bene distinguendis filiformibus. Spathellæ ad normam affinium juniores clausæ sed longiuscule pedunculatæ, in ramulis brevioribus fasciculatæ. Flores in spathella primum subsessiles, pedicello fructifero vix exserto.

Species 1, ad saxa in torrentibus Angolæ Africæ tropicæ vigens. Genus nulli prope affine inter Monrereas et Empodestemoneas subintermedium.

13. Eydrebryum, Endl. Gen. 1375, pro parte.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamelke exteriores 2, ad latera columnæ staminæ, longiuscule lineares. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnam lateralem apice 2-fidam alte coalitis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium ovoideum, compressiusculum, 2-loculare; stigmata 2 subsessilia, sæpius inæqualia, lata, plana, membranacea, patentia, cristato-lobata et dentata. Capsula ovoidea, valvis 2 æqualibus 5-costatis dehiscens.—Caulis adnatus expansus, membranaceo-carnosus, thalliformis. Gemmæ fertiles seu pedicelli foliis pluribus squamiformibus distiche imbricatis basi stipati, in caule adnato sparsi. Flos spathella intra squamas sessili inclusus, capsula pedicello elongato exserta. Gemmæ steriles foliis fasciculatis filiformibus a Weddellio descriptæ a speciminibus nostris jam deperitæ nec a Griffithio aliisque depictæ.

Species 1, Indiae Bengalensis orientalis incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 66. Griff. in Asiat. Res. xix. 105, t. 17: Ic. Pl. As. t. 544 (Podostemon). Wight, Ic. t. 1918, f. 2.

Genus a Podostemone (Polypleuro) differt stigmatibus iis Lophogynus similibus.

14. Pedestemen, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. ii. 164, t. 44. (Dicrea, male Dicreia, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 2.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2, ad latera columnæ stamineæ, lineares, sæpe longiusculæ. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnam lateralem apice 2-fidam alte coalitis; antheræ late oblongæ. Ovarium ovoideum, 2-loculare; styli suberecti, breviter lineares v. ovati, acuti (margine stigmatosi!). Capsula ovoidea, obtusa, valvis? æqualibus v. vix inæqualibus, 3- v. 5-costatis, dehiscens, valva utraque persistente v. una post dehiscentiam decidua.—Herbæ in diversis sectionibus habitu diversæ. Pedicelli in caule adnato sparsi v. in ramis evolutis terminales v. laterales, basi præter spathellam nudi v. x-squamati. Flos in spathella sessilis, capsula pedicello accreto exserta.

Species ad 20, Americae borealis, Brasiliae, Madaguscariae et Indiae orientalis incolae. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvn. 67 et 72 (Dicrae et Podostemon).

Genus a Michauxio et Thouarsio codem anno stabilitum, ad specimina e regionibus distantibus (America boreali et Madagascaria) inter se non comparata, a Tulasneo et Weddellio in genera duo dividitur, patria et habitu neglectis, imprimis ad capsulæ valvis, in *Podostemone* inæqualibus una sola persistente, in *Dicrea* æqualibus utraque persistente, sed speciminibus perplurimis scrutatis distinctio nobis nee clara nee constans apparet. Sutura usque ad pedicellum attingit, et valva una sæpe paullo angustior in codem specimine paullo post dehiscentiam cadit, v. utraque more generum præcedentium diu persistit. Sectiones sequentes facilius distinguendæ videntur —

- 1. Eupodostemon. Caulis erectus v. fluitans, superne corymboso-ramous, gemmis floriferis sulterminalibus, inter ramulos v. folia ramosissima longe filiformia v. abbreviata. Huc pertinet species typica boreali-Americana, Hook. Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. t. 20 (Lacis) et, ei facile approximanda, P. Chamasois, Tul. Podost. Monogr. et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 74, f. 2 (P. disticha, Wedd.), Cham. in Linnaa ix. t. 5 (Lacis). e Brasilia.
- 2. Dicrea. Caules plus minus evoluti, sepe ramosi. nunc ramosissimi, gemmis floriferis quam in Eupodostemone paucioribus secus ramos lateralibus. Huc pertinere videntur præter speciem typicam Madagascariensem a nobis non visam (D. minutiflora, Tul.?), D. dichotoma et D. elongata, Tul., D. stylosa, Wight, et D. algæformis, Bedd., omnes Indicæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1916, 1917. Bedd. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxv. t. 24.
- 3. Polypieurum. Caulis adnatus dilatatus, breviter at varie ramosus, gemmis floriferis paneisquamatis, in superficie sparsis v. submarginalibus. Hic includendæ Podosfemonis sectiones (iriffithella et Zeylanidium, Tul., cum Dicrea Wallichii, Tul., D. pterophylla et D. minore, Wedd.

- Griff. in Asiat. Res. xix. 103, t. 17; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 542, 543 (Podostemon). Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 8, f. 5 (Mniopsis) et t. 9. f. 3 (Hydrobryum). Wight, Ic. t. 1918, f. 2 ad 5 (Hydrobryum et Mniopsis).
- P. subulatus, Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 9, f. 4, Wight, Ic. t. 1918, f. 1, e Zeylania, caule magis evoluto interdum breviter libero subcorymboso inter Polypleurum et Eupodostemon quasi medium tenet.
- Genus Polyfleurum, Tayl. in Herb. Hook., a Tulasneo et Weddellio citatum, nunquam editum fuit. Ex scheda citata Taylori opusculum in conventu societatis Royal Irish (nec Hist.) Academy lectum fuit, sed nunquam in lucom productum.
- 4. Selaginoides. Gemmæ floriferæ in caule adnato dense fasciculatæ, elongatæ, undique usque ad spathellam squamis crassis tetrastiche imbricatis obtectæ. In ramis v. gemmis sterilibus squamæ plurimæ pariter imbricatæ, superiores apice in folia longe filiformia desinentes, et folia summa a basi filiformia, Species indica. Bedd. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxv. 223, t. 25 (Mniopsis). Huic forte affinis est species Australiana e hujus ordine supra memorata, cujus genus ex speciminibus imperfectis non rite determinandum.
- In Dicrea imbricata, Tul., e Madagascaria, nobis ignota, gemmæ floriferæ terminales dicuntur ut in Eupodostemone.
- 15. Ceratelacis, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 66.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2, ad latera columnæ stamineæ, lineares, breves. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnam lateralem 2-fidam ad medium connatis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium oblongum, 2-carinatum, 2-loculare, angulis in stylos lanceolatos acutos desinentibus. Capsula oblonga, apice truncata, stylis induratis divergentibus 2-cornuta, valvis 2 cymbiformibus carinatis obscure 3-nerviis dehiscens.—Caulis adnatus parvus, carnosulus, oblongus v. linearis, irregulariter sinuatus v. ramosus. Folia parva, tenera, fasciculata, linearia, 2-3-furca. Pedicellus in fasciculo unicus, e spathella tubulosa 2-fida demum exsertus.
- Species 1, Brasiliana. Tul. Podost. Monegr. 126, t. 10, f. 1 (Dicroa). ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras iv 1 t. 74, f. 1 repetita. Specimen nostrum valde maneum et characteres florales imprimis ex ic. et descr. citatis, que genus ostendunt Podostemoni affine, cum capsula Rhynchelacis.
- 16. Minispeis, Mart. et Zucc. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 3, t. 1. (Crenias, Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 247.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2, ad latera columnæ staminæ, lineares, longiusculæ. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnam lateralem superne 3-fidam ultra medium connatis, ramis lateralibus antheriferis intermedia ananthera; antheræ ovato-quadratæ. Ovarium late ovoideum, obliquum, linea suturali obliqua ad stipitem non attingente, inæqualiter 2-loculare; stigmata 2, subsessilia, brevia, lata, plurifida, laciniis crassis lanceolatis dense papillosis patentibus. Capsula subglobosa, valvis 2 valde inæqualibus oblique dehiscens, valva minore dissiliente, majore prope basin dorsifixa persistente.—Plantulæ pusillæ bryoideæ, caulibus teretiusculis ex toto v. solum apice confertim foliatis. Folia integra squamiformia v.  $\infty$ -partita. Flores axillares v. solitarii terminales, in spathella sacciformi inclusi, pedicello accreto demum exserti. (Char. exic. et descr. citat.).
- Species 2, Brasilianse, a nobis non visse. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 77. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 8, f. 4, ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. 1, t. 74, f. 4, repetita.
- De filamenti intermedii columna staminese homologia dubium remanet, videtur tamen ex iconibus staminodium, stamini tertio Angolee respondens, potius quam squamella tertia exterior columna adnata.
- 17. Spherothylax, Bisch. in Flora, 1844, 426, f. 1. (Anastrophea, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 78.) Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2, parvæ, ad latera columnæ staminose. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnæ lateralem complanatam connatis; antheræ ad apicem columnæ sessiles. Ovarium ovoideum, septo abortivo 1-loculare; stigmata 2, brevia, lanosolata, sessilia, erecta v. inflexa. Capsula ovoidea, valvis 2 late 3-costatis parum insequalibus dehiscens, majore prope basin affixa persistente, minore ad basin non perfecte attingente decidua.—Caules alii basi adnati explanati lateque lobati, alii his marginales v. in superficie sparsi elongati lineares v. in ramos longos lineari-fili-

formes divisi. Spathellæ aliæ in superficie caulis adnati sparsæ sessiles v. subinnatæ, aliæ secus caules elongatos v. ramos primarios dense fasciculatæ sessiles v. brevissime stipitatæ. Pedicelli diu intra spathellam apice reflexi, demum exserti spathella plus duplo longiores, incurvi v. fere recti, capsula matura sæpius erecta.

Species 2, altera (Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 78) typica Capensis, nana, capsulis minimis globosis, altera (Anastrophea, Wedd.) Abyssinica, multoties major, capsulis ovoideis, a Weddellio generice distincta floribus in spathella reflexis et anthera unica 4-loculari. Flores tamen in specie typica pariter in spathella reflexi ut jam a Bischofio l. c. t. 1, f. 6, delineantur, et nostro sensu anthere in Anastrophea more generum affinium due sunt perfecte distincte 2-locularesque, nec in unum 4-locularem connate.

18. Castelnavia, Tul. et Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 108.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2 v. 3 lineares ad basin staminum v. 0. Stamina 2, rarius fortuito 3 v. 1, filamentis complanatis ad unum latus ovarii breviter connatis. Ovarium ovoideum, curvulum, septo abortivo v. evanido 1-loculare, prope basin oblique affixum; styli 2, longe filiformes (superne introrsum stigmatosi ?). Capsula oblique ovoidea v. oblonga, 2-valvis, valvis 3-5-nerviis, sutura valde obliqua separatis, altera majore dorso prope basin affixa persistente, altera minore per dehiscentiam decidua.—Caules adnati tenues, explanati, varie ramosi, exsiccati sæpe albi. Folia in superficie caulis sparsim fasciculata v. lateralia, late membranacea et lacera v. filiformia multifida. Gemmæ floriferæ paucisquamatæ squamis interdum in folia filiformia desinentibus v. subnudæ, spathella interdum in caule ipso immersa v. ad marginem exserta v. gemmam squamatam terminans. Capsula modo intra spathellam etiam matura sessilis, modo plus minus pedicellata exsertaque.

Species 7, omnes ad rupes fluminis Araguay, Brasiliæ tropicæ, limitatæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 80. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 11, 12, w. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. 1, t. 76 repetitæ.

CARAJEA, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 84, est plantula pusilla in eodem flumine Araguay lecta et a Tulasneo in Podost. Monogr. 175, in Castelnavia inclusa, cui habitu et stylis filiformibus convenit; capsula tamen adhuc ignota, et a genere paullulum differt filamentis a basi liberis. Species igitur dubia remanet, nos specimina non vidimus.

19. Oserya, Tul. et Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 105.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 2, minutæ, ad latera filamenti. Stamen 1, filamento laterali complanato primum ovario arcte appresso, polline emisso elastice dissiliente (Schomb.); anthera oblonga, extrorsum 2-locularis. Ovarium oblique oblongum, 2-loculare; stigmata 2 brevissima, sessilia, libera. Capsula ovoidea, plus minus obliqua, valvis 2 inæqualibus 3-5-costatis, majore persistente, altera paullo minore decidua, sutura vix ad basin attingente.—Plantulæ nanæ. Caules a basi adnata breves, pusilli, ramis crassiusculis, ramulis foliisve subdistichis a basi latiuscula setaceo-multifidis. Spathellæ parvæ, in parte adnata caulis v. ad basin ramorum sessiles v. breviter pedunculatæ. Capsula e spathella longiuscule pedicellata.

Species 4, Mexici, Guianze et Brasilize incolze. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 83. Tul. Podost. Monogr. 151, t. 10, f. 2, 3, ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 76, f. 3, repetita. Specimina nostra manca, characterem damus imprimis ex ic. et descr. citatis et ex Schomburgkii schedis et icone ad vivum depicta.

20. Bevillea, Tul. et Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 107, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 82.— Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 3, lineares, breves, una infra filamentum, 2 ad latera. Stamen 1, filamento laterali filiformi; anthera oblongo-ovata, basi emarginata, introrsum 2-locularis. Ovarium globosum, 2-loculare, septo vix perspicuo. Capsula globosa, valvis insequalibus sutura tamen vix excentrica, valva majore persistente minore decidua.— Herbula caule adnato repente filiformi ramoso, e nodis gemmas v. caules breves foliiferos emittente. Folia circa pedicellum disticha, tenuia, dichotome laciniata, basi dilatata et ligula instructa. Spathella longe tubulosa, pedicello breviter exserto. (Char. ex ic. et descr. citat.)

Species 1, Brasiliæ tropicæ incola, a nobis non visa. Tul. Podost. Monogr. t. 13, f. 1, ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. 1, t. 75, f. 4, repetita. Genus evidenter Oseryæ valde affine.

# TRIBUS IV. HYDROSTACHYDER.

21. Eydrostachys, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 2.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus dense spicati, singuli intra bracteam sessiles, perianthio squamellisve 0. Fl. 3: Stamen intra bracteam planiusculam membranaceam 1, filamento brevissimo, extrorsum antheræ loculos 2 majusculos distinctos ferente. Fl. 2: Ovarium intra bracteam cucullatam v. cymbiformem mox induratam sessile, 1-loculare, placentis 2 parietalibus; styli 2, filiformes, erecto-divergentes, elongati (superne longiuscule stigmatosi?). Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, in bracteæ basi accreta scaphoidea recepta, stylis emarcidis diu coronata, 1-locularis, introrsum rima longitudinali dehiscens fere follicularis v. denium sub-2-valvis. Semina in placentis 2 parietalibus numerosa.—Caulis adnatus crassus, tuberiformis. Folia elongata, e margine lateribusque caulis oriunda, basi dilatata et intus ligulata, simplicia simpliciter pinnatifida v. bis terve pinnatisecta, rhachi præter lobos majores sæpe lobis parvis numerosis appendiculata. Spicæ cauli adnato affixæ, pedunculatæ, foliis parum v. multo breviores; bracteæ floriferæ circa rhachin æ-seriatæ, in spica juniore dense imbricatæ, post anthesin laxiores, semper tamen flores et fructus obtegentes; scapus sub spica nudus v. papillis v. squamellis velatus.

Species editæ 9, forte ad 6 reducendæ, Madagascariæ et Africæ austro-orientalis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvii. 86. A. Juss. in Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 91 ad 94. Klotzsch in Peters, Mossamb. Bot. t. 52, 53.

# ORDO CXXXVI. NEPENTHACEE.

Endl. Gen. 345. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 287.

Flores dioici. Perianthium simplex, 4- rarius 3-partitum, segmentis oblongis patentibus extus pubescentibus intus glandulosis 2-seriațim imbricatis a basi distinctis v. rarissime in flore 2 in tubum obconicum basi connatis. Discus 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4-16, filamentis in columnam teretem connatis; anthere in capitulum connate, 1-seriatæ v. paucæ in capitulo altius irregulariter insertæ sub-2-seriatæ, 2-loculares, loculis parallelis contiguis rima longitudinali extrorsum dehiscentibus rectis v. flexuosis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium superum, ovoideum v. oblongum, 4- rarius 3-gonum, basi et apice truncatum v. attenuatum, rarissime apice intruso 3-lobum, 4- rarius 3-loculare. carpellis segmentis perianthii oppositis; stylus 0, stigmate discoideo 4- rarius 3-lobo, lobis integris v. 2-lobis. Omila perplurima, placentis parietibus septorum affixis co-seriatim affixa, adscendentia, anatropa. Capsula coriacea, 4- rarius 3-gona, truncata v. rarissime apice 3-loba, loculicide 4- rarius 3-valvis; valvæ coriaceæ, medio septiferæ, lobis stigmatis simplicibus 2-lobisve coronatæ. Semina perplurima, septis utrinque affixa, adscendentia, imbricata, funiculo inconspicuo, umbilico prope basin nuclei minuti ovoidei, raphe filiformi intra testa 'asin adscendente libera, testa membranacea sapissime utrinque in caudem capillarem producta. Embryo in axi albuminis carnosi rectus; cotyledones lineares, radicula teres, brevis, infera; germinatio epiguea.

Suffrutices fruticesve glabri v. parce pilosi, vasis spiralibus ubique repleti. Caules prostrati v. sarmentosi et ope cirrhorum ad apices foliorum oriendorum scandentes, interdum longissimi, parce ramosi, cylindracci v. obtuse 3-goni. Folia alterna, exstipulata, sessilia v. in petiolum alatum angustata, plus minus amplexicaulia, nervis longitudinalibus paucis parallelis margine approximatis a basi costæ sæpius oriundis, venis transversis perplurimis per totam longitudinem costæ egredientibus; costa valida in cirrhum simplicem apice in ascidium operculo auctum desinens producto. Ascidia forma varia, ad apicem cirrhi decurvi v. penduli recurvo-erecta, in foliis inferioribus sæpius ampullacea, in

senioribus angustiora, 3-costata et nervis longitudinalibus numerosis percursa; costa postica infra insertionem operculi in calcar simplex v. 2-3-fidum rarius in setis solutum producta; superficies interna ascidii superne cæruleo-glauca opaca eglandulosa, inferne raro tota nitida et glandulis lympham copiosam aquosam secernentibus operta; os ascidii peristomio nitido cylindraceo v. dilatato sæpissime transversim annulato costato v. sulcato cinctum; operculum in ore ascidii articulatum, primum os claudens, demum ascendens erectum v. rarissime refractum, extus glabrum v. pubescens, intus glandulosum. Inflorescentia racemosa, simplex v. composita, v. paniculata, tandem succrescente caule lateralis. Flores parvi, virescentes, siccitate atro-brunnei v. purpurei.

Species bene notæ 31, Asiæ tropicæ, Madagascariæ, ins. Seychellarum, Australiæ tropicæ et Novæ Caledoniæ, sed præsertim Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.

Genus unicum, nulli arcte affine etsi characteribus pluribus Aristolochiaceis et Cytinaceis accedat, habitu et economia distinctissimum. De anatomia, organographia et physiologia confer opuscula et tractatus numerosa in DC. Prod. xvii. 91 citata.

#### GENUS UNICUM.

1. Mopenthes, Linn. Gen. n. 1019 (Phyllamphora, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 606). Character ordinis.

Species uti supra 31. Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 91, ubi genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Anourosperma. Semina ovoidea, testa inappendiculata. Perianthii floris Q tubus obconicus, limbus 3-4-fidus. Ovarium obpyramidatum, vertice 3-4-loko depresso, lobis apice introrsum stigmatosis. Species 1, ex ins. Seychellarum. P. Wright in Trans. Roy. Irish Acad. xxiv. t. 29, 30.
- 2. Eunepenthes. Semina nucleo ovoideo, testa utrinque in caudam elongatam sæpe longissimam capillarem producta. Perianthii floris  $\circ$  segmenta patentia. Ovarium oblongum v. fusiforme, apice integrum, stigmate discoideo latiore coronatum. Species includit omnes caeteras generis. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 83. Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 1, i. t. 5. Nees in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 1, iii. t. 19, 20. Korth. Verh. Nat. Geschied. t. 1 ad 4, 20 ad 22. Miq. Illustr. Fl. Archip. t. 1 ad 6, et Journ. Bot. Neerl. t. 1, 2. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 1. Vriese, Tuinb. Fl. t. 9, 10. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 69 ad 74. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 888. Bot. Mag. t. 2798, 4285, 5080, 5109. Fl. des Serres, t. 213 ic. a Bo'. Mag. repetita et ic. plur. in Diariis Hortul. recent.

# Ordo CXXXVII. CYTINACEE.

CYTINACRÆ et RAFFLESIACRÆ, R. Br. Endl. Gen. 75. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 91, 93. Solms-Laub. in Bot. Zeit. 1874, 337, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. 117.

Flores regulares, unisexuales v. hermaphroditi. Perianthium simplex, carnosum, cylindraceo-clavatum globosum v. campanulatum, tubo basi ovario adnato v. in fl. 3 solido, supra ovarium sæpius producto, limbus 3-10-partitus, segmentis simplici v. duplici serie imbricatis v. valvatis. Stamina 8-∞; antheræ circa columnam genitalem centralem carnosam v. ad faucem perianthii sessiles, 2-loculares, loculis rima longitudinali v. poro terminali dehiscentibus; pollen globosum v. 3-lobum, sæpe viscosum. Ovarium inferum rarissime semisuperum, 1-loculare v. placentis multilamellatis varie intricatis imperfecte multilocellatum, stigma indivisum discoideum v. lobatum v. stigmata ∞ in vertice ovarii v. columnæ genitalis sessilia. Ovula numerosissima, placentas parietales v. ab apice loculi pendulas undique obtegentia, subsessilia et orthotropa v. a funiculo pendula et anatropa, integumento unico. Fructus carnosus, apice perianthii parte superiore decidua nudus v. limbo marcescente coronatus, 1-locularis sed sæpe placentis intricato-ramosissimis repletus, indehiscens v. irregulariter ruptus. Semina minuta, numerosissima, placentas parum prominulas obtegentia v. placentarum ramis intricatis quasi immixta; testa

cellulosa. Albumen cellulosum, embryonem minutum breviter dicotyledoneum fovens, haud raro tamen nucleus induratus, et nisi diligentissime observetur homogeneus videtur embryone difficillime detecto.

Herbæ parasiticæ, carnosæ, squamis sparsis v. imbricatis instructæ v. omnino aphyllæ, ad florem unicum subsessilem reductæ, v. caule plus minus evoluto ∞-floræ, floribus in spicam terminalem confertis sessilibus.

Species ad 22, per regiones calidas et temperatas Europæ australis Africæ et Americæ v. per plagas humidas tropicas Asiæ sparsæ, in radicibus v. ramis fruticum v. arborum variorum innatoparasiticæ.

Ordo jam diu Aristolochiaceis et Nepenthaceis non sine causa approximatus, ab utroque tamen distinctissimus, tam habitu quam characteribus carpologicis. Nulli alii ordini accedere videtur.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Raffesies. Squamæ sparsæ v. imbricatæ. Flores sæpissime abortu unisexuales Perianthii segmenta 4-10, imbricata v. rarissime valvata. Antheræ circa columnam genitalem 1-3-seriatim verticillatæ. Stigmata 1-00, vertice columnæ sessilia.
  - \* Caulis evolutus, squamis sparsis, floribus  $\infty$  spicatis.
  - 1. CYTINUS. Antheræ 8-10 ad apicem columnæ 1-seriatim verticillatæ, loculis longitudinaliter dehiscontibus. Stigma terminale, integrum v. brevissime radiato lokatum. Baccæ placentæ parietales valde intrusæ.—Reg. Mediterr., Afr. austr., Mexico.
- \*\* Flus solitarius parvus, in rhizomate sessilis, bracteis imbricatis ovario hasi adnatis perianthii segmentis subsimilihus stipatus.
  - 2. APODANTHES. Antherse  $\infty$ , circa basin v. infra apicem columnæ 1-3-seriatim verticillatæ, poro terminali dehiscentes. Stigma terminale, obtusum v. concavum. Placentæ parietales, latæ, sæpe continuæ, parum prominentes.—Mexico, Amer. austr. trop. et extratrop., Afr. trop., Oriens.
- \*\*\* Flos solitarius magnus, in rhizomate sessilis, bracteis imbricatis basi ovario adnatis perianthii lobis valde dusimilibus stipatus.
  - 3. RAFFLESIA. Perianthii lobi 5, lati, imbricati. Antheræ circa columnæ collum serie simplici cavis reconditæ, globosæ, poro unico dehiscentes. Stigmata in vertice explanato columnæ co, conica.—Archip. Malay.
  - 4. Brugmansia. Perianthii lobi 5-6, 2-3-fidi, induplicatim valvati. Antheræ circa columnæ basin simplici serie dense verticillatæ, poris 2 superpositis dehiscentes. Stigma in vertice columnæ indivisum.—Archip. Malay.
  - 5. Sapria. Perianthii lobi 10, duplici serie imbricati. Antheræ circa columnæ basin simplici serie verticillatæ, poro unico dehiscentes. Stigma in centro disci columnam terminantis unicum, conicum.—Bengala orient.
- Tribus II. Hydnorese. Squamse 0. Flos hermaphroditus, in rhizomate solitarius, subsessilis, majusculus. Perianthium crassissimum, valvatim 3-4-lobum. Antherse ad faucem in massas 3-4 sulcontinuas sessilesque confertse. Stigma in vertice ovarii sessile, disciforme, tubo perianthii inclusum.
  - 6. Hydrora. Antherarum massæ ad faucem annulum continuum formantes. Placentæ ab apice loculi pendulæ, a parietibus liberæ. Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 7. PROBOPANCHE. Antherse in massam ovoideam confertæ, faucem claudentes. Placentæ parietales, ab spice loculi liberæ.—'Amer. austr. extratrop.

# GENUS EXCLUSUM.

THISMIA, Griff. (SARCOSIPHON, Blume) a Lindleyo dubie Cytinaceis adscripta, inter Monocotyledones querenda est juxta Eurmanniaceas.

### TRIBUS I. RAFFLESIEM.

1. Gytinus, Linn. Gen. n. 1232. (Thyrsine, Gleditsch, Syst. Pl. 286.)—Flores monoici v. dioici. Perianthii tubus in fl. & solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, limbus campanulatus, lobis 4-9 2-seriatim v. contorto-imbricatis. Fl. &: Antherse 8-10, ad apicem columnse centralis 1-seriatim verticillatse, adnatse, extrorsum 2-loculares, loculis parallelis contiguis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus, connectivis ultra loculos sepius in appendices breves liberas productis. Fl. 2: Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate terminali globoso sulcato apice obtuso v. brevissime radiatim lobato; ovula numerosissima, placentas 8-14 parietales valde intrusas undique obtegentia, orthotropa. Fructus baccatus. Semina minima, testa duriuscula; embryo in apice albuminis indurati cellulosi minutus.—Herbæ coloratæ, subcarnosæ, in radicibus parasiticæ. Caules breves, crassi, simplices, squamis alternis coloratis instructi. Flores in spicam terminalem simplicom dispositi, singuli ad axillam bractæe sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, bracteolis 2 oppositis stipati v. ebracteolati. Flores mediocres.

Species 4, regionis Mediterraneæ, Africæ australis et Mexici incolæ.—Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 107.

Genus jam a R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 245, bene definitum, ab auctoribus nonnullis in genera 3 dividitur, inter se patria et quodammodo characteribus distincta, sed melius pro sectionibus retinenda: 1. Species typica Mediterranea, in Cistaccis parasitica, floribus monoicis 4-meris 2-practeolatis. Cav. Ic. t. 171. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 29. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 51. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 158. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 540. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 938.

- 2. Hypolepis. Species Capensis. in Eriocephalo parasitica, floribus dioicis 6-meris 2-bracteolatis. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 336. Phelypea, Thunb. Nov. Gen. Pl. 91, non Desf. Hypolepis, Pers. Syn. 1'l. ii. 598.
- 3. Bdallophyton. Species 2, Mexicanæ, dioicæ, floribus 4-5-meris ebracteolatis. A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. v. 188. Bdallophyton, Eichl. in Bot. Zeit. 1872, 709, t. 8, in DC. Prod. xvii. 301 ad Cytinum reductum.

Seminis Cytini nucleus, in sicco observatus, homogeneus videtur, itaque fere ab omnibus botanicis descriptus est, sed ex observationibus ad vivum diligenter institutis a Gasparrini in Parlat. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 7, t. 1, et serius accuratiusque in Rendic. Accad. Sc. Nap. i. 188, cum tab. editis, embryo minimus ac distinctus in apice albuminis cellulosi includitur. Confer etiam Solins-Laubach in Bot. Zeit. 1874, 369, t. 8. f. 12, qui stratum unicum cellularum albuminis circa embryonem invenit, cui tamen verisimiliter observationes Gasparrinii ignotæ erant.

2. Apodanthes, Poit. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, iii. 422, t. 26, f. 1. (Pilostyles, Guillem. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 21, t. 1. Frostia, Berter. in Endl. Gen. 76. Sarna. Karst. in Nov. Act. Nat. ('ur. xxvi. 920, t. 65.)—Flores dioici. Perianthii tubus in fl. 3 solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, ovoideus v. globosus, ultra ovarium non productus; limbus 4-6-partitus, segmentis 1-seriatim imbricatis interdum squamis bractcantibus subsimilibus. Discus epigynus carnosus, columnam genitalium cingens. Fl. 3 (ubi noti): Columna apice incrassata v. dilatata, plana v. convexiuscula, margine pilosa; antherae numerosse, circa basin v. infra apicem columnæ sessiles, 1-3-seriatim verticillatæ, 1-loculares, poro unico apice extrorsum dehiscentes. Fl. 9: Ovarium inferum v. rarius somiinferum. 1-loculare. Discus epigynus carnosus, cum stylo brevi conico v. vix distincto continuus, vertice stigmatoso obtuso conico v. subgloboso medio sæpe intruso; ovula numerosissima, anatropa, placentas parietales (seepius 4) latas interdum confluentes undique obtegentia. Bacca squamis perianthiique segmentis persistentibus circumdata. Semina minuta, testa reticulata, albumine celluloso (e stratu unico cellularum, Sulms-Laub.).—Planta tota parva v. minima, flore e rhizomate innato solitario sessili. Squame scu bracteze basi ovario adnatze, irregulariter v. subregulariter pauciseriatim imbricatzo. perianthii segmentis subsimiles, interiores iis approximate v. bene distantes.

Species descriptæ 10, in ramis fruticum parasiticæ, por varias regiones imprimis Americæ, Africæ et Orientis dispersæ. Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 113. Gardn. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 655. Welw. in

Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvii. 67, t. 22. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 52. Solme-Laub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. 122, t. 27. Boise. Fl. Or. iv. 1072 (Syn. plura sub Pilostyli).

In specie typica Apodanthe Guianensi in Cascaria parasitica, et in Sarna, Karst., specie Columbiana in ramis Flacourties, flores & ignoti et in flore & perianthii segmenta a bracteis superioribus plus minus distant. Species cæteræ ab auctoribus pluribus sub nomine Pilostylis distinguuntur bracteis numerosioribus, superioribus interdum a perianthii segmentis parum distinctis, et ovarii loculo intus tereti nec quadrato; character tamen prior variat de specie in speciem, et ovarii loculus in omnibus specibus ob placentas 4 intus obscure quadratus, in speciminibus nostris A. cascariæ certe non acute quadratus ut in ic. Poitæi delineatur.

- 3. Ramesia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xiii. 201, t. 15 ad 22, xix. 242, t. 22 ad 26. -Flores dioici. Perianthii carnosi tubus basi hemisphæricus, in fl. & solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, supra ovarium late campanulatus; limbus 5-partitus, segmentis 1-seriatim imbricatis latis integris patentibus v. recurvis, fauce corona elevata carnosa ciucta. Columna genitalium brevis, lata, crasso-carnosa, annulo simplici v. duplici cincta, vertice in discum explanata, disci superficie stylis v. processubus styliformibus conicis onusta, margine elevato indiviso. Fl. d: Columna infra discum constricta, collo serie simplici antherarum cavis reconditarum circumdato; anthera globose, sessiles, multicellulose, poro unico apicali dehiscentes; processus styliformes leves. Fl. Q: Columna mari conformis, sed styli (v. stigmata) apice hispido-papillosi et antheræ imperfectæ v. 0. Ovarium inforum, placentis labyrinthiformibus in locellos numerosos divisum; ovula numerosissima, placentas undique obtegentia iisque immixta, anatropa, funiculo elongato extra medium arcte recurvato. Semina numerosissima, minuta, funiculo apice dilatato vix latiora, recurvata, castanea, testa crustacea lacunosa, albumine celluloso (e stratu unico cellularum, Solms-Laub.); embryo minutus.—Plantæ carnosæ, flore e rhizomate innato solitario magno nunc giganteo lurido odore cadaverino, intra squamas seu bracteas plures basi ovario adnatas sessili. (Char. ex ic. et descr. citat. imprimis R. Br. et Blume).
- Species 4, in Archipelago Malayano in radicibus Vitium parasitics. Hock, f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 110. Becoari, Nuov. (norn. Bot. Ital. vii. 71. Blume, Fl. Jav. Rhiz. 7, t. 1 ad 3, ic. in Fl des Serres, t. 1505 ad 1508 iterata. Miq. Fl. Ind. But. 1 ii. t. 29, 30. Analect. But. Ind. iii. t. 2, 3. De Vriese, Mem. Raffl. 1853, cum tahh. 2. Teschem. in Bost. Journ. Nat. Hist. iv. t. 6, ic. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, ix. t. 6 iterata. Hook. Comp. Bot. Mag. i. t. 14, 15.
- 4. Brugmansta, Blume in Van Hall, Bijdr. Natuurk. Wetensl., ii. 422; Fl. Jar. Rhiz. 13, t. 4 ad 6. (Zippelia, serius Mycetanthe, Reichb. ex Endl. Gen. Suppl. ii. 6.)—Flores dioici v. interdum hermaphroditi. Perianthii carnosi tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra ovarium late campanulatus; limbus 5-6-partitus, segmentis alte 2-3-fidis induplicatim valvatis per anthesin patentibus recurvisve. Columna genitalium apice capitata; capitulum convexum, sulcatum, pilosum, medio constrictum, vertice depressum, margine superiore crenulata. Anthera numerosæ (40-60), serie simplici sulcis capituli respondente circa ejus basin dense verticillatæ, subgloban, connatæ, 2-loculares, sæpissime 2-porosæ, poris superpositis. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare; stylus crasse columnaris, stigmate capitato indiviso; ovula numerosissima, placentas parietales carnosas indefinite numerosas undique obtegentia, anatropa. Fructus subbaccatus. Semina numerosissima, minuta, obovoidea v. pyriformia, funiculo recurvo.— Plantæ carnosæ, flore e rhizomate innato solitario magno, intra squamas seu bracteas plures imbricatas basi ovario adnatas subsessili. (Char. imprimis ex ic. et descr. Blume).
- Species 2, in Archipelago Malayano in radicibus Vitium parasitice. Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 113. Boccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. i. 85, t. 5, vii. 74.
- 5. Sapria, Grift. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 314, t. 34, 35.—Flores dioici. Perianthii carnosi tubus basi in fl. 3 solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, supra ovarium late campanulatus, intus 20-carinatus; limbus 10-partitus, segmentis duplici serie imbricatis recurvo-patentibus, fauce corona annulari semiclausa. Columna genitalium brevis, basi exannulata, sursum in discum dilatata concavum longe pilosum, centro in stylum v. processum

styliformem unicum conicum productum. Fl. &: Antheræ ad 20, simplici serie ad basin columnæ verticillatæ, sessiles, 2-3-loculares, apice (deorsum spectante) 1-porosæ. Processus terminalis styliformis lævis. Fl. 2: Antheræ castratæ. Ovarium 1-loculare; stylus seu disci conus bene evolutus papillosus; ovula numerosissima, placentas plures parietales undique obtegentia, anatropa. Fructus magnus, globosus, perianthio indurato coronatus.—Planta carnosa, flore e rhizomate innato solitario magno lurido odore cadaverino, intra bracteas plures oppositas imbricatas basi ovario adnatas sessili. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Griff.).

Species 1, in Bengalia maxima orientali, in radicibus truncisque Vitium parasitica.—Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 112.

### TRIBUS II. HYDNOREAE.

 Hydnora, Thunb. in Vetensk. Akad. Handl. Stockh. 1775, 69, t. 2 fl., et 1777, 144, t. 4 fr. (Aphyteia, Achar. in Linn. Aman. Acad. viii. 310, t. 7.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium crasso-carnosum, cylindraceo-clavatum, tubo basi ovario adnato supra ovarium producto et sub fauce sæpe contracto; limbus in lobos 3 v. 4 crassissimos valvatim divisus. Antheræ numerosæ, lineari-flexuosæ, ad faucem in annulum sessilem sub 3-4lobum dense confertæ, loculis parallelis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare, stigmate sessili lato depresso sub-3-4-lobo striato coronatum; ovula numerosissima, placentas numerosas ab apice loculi pendulas obtegentia. Fructus, perianthii parte libera decidua, subglobosus, crassus, stigmate persistente coronatus, intus placentis auctis in massam intricatam subconcretis repletus. Semina minuta, numerosissima, intra massam placentarum undique iutermixta, testa cellulosa. albumine copioso subcartilagineo minimus. Plantæ crasso-carnosæ, aphyllæ, rhizomate in radicibus (præcipue Cotyledonum v. Euphorbiavearum) parasitico supeque innato. cæterum e flore unico majusculo in caulem brevem basi contracto constante. Squamæ nullæ, sed superficies saltem in sicco sæpe areolata, areolis elevatis squamas adnatas simulantibus.

Species editæ 8, sed verisimiliter ulterius comparatæ ad 5 reducendæ, Africæ tropicæ et australıs incolæ. Hook. f. in DC. Prod. xvii. 109 (subgen. Euhydnora). Dene. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xx. 75. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. iii. 5, vii. 70. R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. t. 27, ad 30. E. Mey. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvi. t. 58, 59. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 187. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 31. Haro. Thes. Cap. t. 187. Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nut. ser. 3, xiv. t. 8. Solms-Laub. in Bot. Zeit. 1874, 385, t. 8, qui Hydnoram et Prosopanchem ob albumen copiosum et habitum in ordinem distinctum a Cytineis (Rafflesiaceus) separat.

Decaisne l.c. species 2 flore 4-mero a 3-meris distinuit pro sectione sub nomine Dorhyna.

7. Presepanche, De Bary in Abhandl. Naturf. Gesellsch. Halle, x. 243, t. 1, 2.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium crasso-carnosum, cylindraceo-clavatum, tubo basi ovario adnato supra ovarium producto; limbus in lobos 3 crassissimos valvatim divisus. Antheræ numerosæ, lineari-flexuosæ, ad faucem in massam ovoideam 3-dymam subsessilem v. filamentus 3 brevissimis crassis fultam densissime confertæ (stamina 3 antheris polythecis, Burmeister), loculis parallele confertis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus; corpuscula 3 sub fauce intra tubum perianthii cordato-2-loba, staminum massis alterna (staminodia, Burm.; falso placentæ, Miers). Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare etsi placentis fere repletum; stigmate sessili lato depresso 3-sulcato; ovula numerosissima, placentas numerosas parietales lamelliformes loculum implentes undique obtegentia iisque quasi immixta (placentæ 3 multilamellatæ, Burm.). Bacca perianthii parte superiore delapsa subglobosa, seminibus numerosissimis placentis irregulariter ramosissimis immixtis repleta. Embryo minimus, in centro albuminis copiosi.—Planta crasso-carnosa, aphylla, Hydnoræ simillima e rhizomate flores singulos emittente constans.

Species 1, in Atherica australi extratropica (reipublicæ Argentinæ provinciis interioribus) in radicibus *Prosepidis* parasitica, olim structura interiore imperfecte nota in *Hydnora* inclusa, nunc rite

separata. Hook. f. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 182. Solms-Laub. in Bot. Zeit. 1874, 372. Murs in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1873, 257, t. 135, qui in Hydnora retinuit, parte libera perianthii tubi pro ovario descripta, ovario vero ex icone excluso.

# Ordo CXXXVIII. ARISTOLOCHIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 344. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 792.

Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium simplex, basi ovario adnatum, supra ovarium varie productum, æqualiter 3-lobum v. irregulariter integrum dentatum v. 3-lobum, lobis valvatis. Stamina 6 v. cc, circa ovarii apicem v. columnam stylarem 1- v. 2-seriatim affixa, filamentis brevibus crassis liberis v. a columna haud distinguendis. Antheræ liberæ v. columnæ adnatæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis distinctis, rima longitudinali extrorsum v. staminum exteriorum lateraliter dehiscentibus. Discus 0. Ovarium inferum v. rarius semisuperum, perfecte v. imperfecte 4-6-loculare, placentis a parietibus intrusis in centro ovarii conniventibus v. coalitis. Styli in columnam brevem crassam apice in lobos stigmatosos 3- $\infty$  alte breviter v. obscure divisam coaliti. Ovula in quoque loculo  $\infty$ , sæpe numerosa, anatropa, horizontalia v. pendula, in series 1 v. 2 superposita. Capsula nunc perianthio persistente coronata putrefactione sola aperiens, nunc sæpius perianthii parte supera decidua septicide v. placenticide dehiscens. Semina in loculis cc, sepius numerosa, horizontalia v. pendula, substantia celluloso-spongiosa cum endocarpio continua interdum immersa, ovoidea v. oblonga, obtuse 3-quetra v. compressa et plana v. concava, testa crustacea v. duriuscula rugosa v. lævi, raphe in semine plano-concavo sæpe carnoso-incrassata v. dilatata. Albumen copiosum, carnosum. Embryo prope hilum albumine inclusum, minimum, oblongum v. ovoideum, cotyledonibus sese applicitis radiculæ subæquilongis.

Herbæ rarius frutices, sæpe volubiles, interdum altissime scandentes, totæ fricatu v. flore solo sæpe fœtentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpe cordata, integerrima v. 3-5-loba. Stipulæ 0. Flores mediocres v. magni rarius parvuli, virentes flavescentes luride purpurascentes v. variegati, terminales axillares v. ad basin caulis laterales, solitarii v. breviter cymosi v. racemosi. Bracteæ variæ, sæpe desunt.

Species ad 200, per regiones temperatas calidioresque totius fere orbis late dispersæ, temperatas praccipue in hemisphærio boreali.

Ordo nulli prope accedit, olim cum *Dioscorideis* comparatus et, uti *Piperaceæ*, caulis anatomia ei Monocotyledonearum approximatur, sed embryo in utroque ordine certe dicotyledoneus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. ASARUM. Ovarium inferum v. semisuperum, hemisphæricum v. subglobosum. Perianthium supra ovarium 3-lobum, æquale, persistens. Stamina circa stylum 12. 2-seriata, antheris liberis.—Eur., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
- 2. Bragantia. Ovarium inferum, lineare, stipitiforme. Perianthium 3-lobum, sequale, supra ovarium articulatum, deciduum. Stamina circa stylum simplici serie 6-12, libera v. basi stylo adnata.—Ind. r., Archip. Malay.
- 3. Thottes. Ovarium inferum, lineare, stipitiforme. Perianthium 3-lobum, æquale, supra ovarium articulatum, deciduum. Stamina circa stylum duplici serie numerosa, libera v. basi stylo adnata.—Archip. et Penins. Malay.
- 4. Holostylis. Ovarium inferum, lineare, stipitiforme. Perianthium irregulare, supra ovarium articulatum, deciduum, oblique campanulatum, supra genitalia haud constrictum. Antheræ 6, columnæ stylari 1-seriatim adnatæ.—Brasilia.
- 5. ARISTOLOCHIA. Ovarium inferum, lineare oblongum v. obovoideum. Perianthium irregulare, polymorphum, supra ovarium articulatum, deciduum, circa genitalia utriculosum, supra

genitalia plus minus constrictum. Anthere 6-20, columnæ stylari 1-seriatim adnatæ.—Orbis atriusque reg. calid, et temp.

#### GENUS EXCLUSUM.

TRICHOPODIUM, Lindl., ab auctore Aristolochiaceis adscriptum ad Dioscorideas pertinet.

1. Asarum, Linn. Gen. n. 589. (Heterotropa, Morr, et Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2. ii. 314, t. 10.)—Perianthium basi ovario adnatum, subhemisphæricum, supra ovarium late campanulatum v. urceolatum, fauce varie constricta v. aperta, lobis 3 (rarius 4?) equalibus valvatis. Stamina 12 (rarius 8 ?), ovario 2-seriatim affixa eique interdum breviter adnata, filamentis crassiusculis v. brevissimis; antherarum loculi extrorsum v. seriei exterioris sublateraliter dehiscentes, connectivo ultra loculos varie producto. Ovarium inferum semi-inferum v. basi tantum leviter immersum, subglobosum v. vertice planum, imperfecte v. perfecte 6- rarius 4-loculare, placentis parietalibus valde intrusis, in centro dilatatis et sæpe contiguis v. interdum coalitis ; styli 6 rarius 4, crassiusculi, liberi v. plus minus in columnam connati, superne introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in quoque loculo co, 2-seriatim superposita, horizontalia v. pendentia. Capsula coriacea, semi-infera v. infera, perianthio staminibusque persistentibus coronata, putrefactione aperta. Semina oblonga, complanata, facie interna valde concava marginibus fere involutis, raphe carnosa percursa; albumen et embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ perennes, caudicibus repentibus quotannis caules plerumque brevissimos 1-3-squamatos et folia 1-2 gerentes emittentibus. Folia longe petiolata, cordata reniformia v. subhastata. Flores terminales, solitarii, breviter pedunculati. Perianthium saltem intus fusco-purpureum v. luridum, lobis obtusis acutis v. caudato-acuminatis.

Species notæ 13. regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis incolæ, scil. 4 Americanæ, 1 Europæa, 1 Himalaica, 7 Asiaticæ orientales v. Japonicæ. Duch. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 422. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xvii. 162; Mel. Biol. viii. 395. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 668. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 51. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 92. Field et Gardn. Sert. Pl. t. 32. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 40. Bot. Mag. t. 2769, 3746, 4933, 5380. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 18, 95. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 889. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 440.

Genus distinctissimum, habitu subuniforme, variat de specie in speciem perianthio ad faucem varie constricto v. nudo, ovario apice plus minus libero, staminibus stylisque majus minusve evolutis liberis v. connatis, vix tamen in sectiones distinctas dividendum.

2. Bragantia, Lour. Fl. Coch. 528. (Apama, Lam. Dict. i. 91. Ceramium, Blum. Bijdr. 1134, nomen mutatum in Vanhallia, Roem. et Schult. Syst. vii. 18, r. in Munnickia, Reichb. Consp. 85. Trimeriza, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub. t. 1543. Asiphonia, Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 333, t. 37. Strakæa, Presl, Epimel. Bot. 221. Cyclodiscus, Klotzsch in Monatsber. Acad. Berlin, 1859, 591.)—Perianthium basi ovario adnatum, lineare, stipitiforme, supra ovarium articulatum, late campanulatum, 3-fidum, fauce aperta quandoque intus annulata, lobis valvatis æqualibus. Stamina 6-12, simplici serie stylum cingentia, filament's brevibus subnullisve liberis v. varie coalitis; antherarum loculi connectivo crassiusculo ultra loculos brevissime et obtuse producto extrorsum adnati. Ovarium inferum, 4-loculare; stylus supra ovarium breviter v. brevissime lateque integer, in lobos 3-co stigmatosos sæpius lineares divisus; ovula in loculis numerosa, 2-seriatim superposita, pendula. Capsula perianthio deciduo apice nudata, longe linearis, 4-gona, septicide 4-valvis, placentam centralem 4-angulatam (an semper?) relinquens. Semina oblongo-3-gona, testa crustacea v. duriuscula rugosa, substantia celluloso-spongiosa cum placenta continua sepe involuta; albumen et embryo ad normam ordinis.—Frutices suffruticesve parum ramosi, tomentosi v. glabrati. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, 3-5-nervia, pennivenia. Flores quam in Thottea multo minores, in una specie ad apices ramorum laxe cymoso-corymbosi, in altera ad axillas pauci breviter cymosi, in tertia prope basin caulis racemosi. Capsula sæpius pluripollicares.

Species adsunt 3 (v. 4?) præter typicam Loureireanam nobis ignotam, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.—Duch. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 429. Benn, Pl. Jav. Rar. t. 11. Wight, Ic. t. 520.

Species singulæ inter se differunt inflorescentia, staminum stylique ramorum numero, vix tamen commode pro sectionibus monotypicis habendæ. Strakæa melastomifolia, Presl, est certe eadem ac B. corymbosa, Griff. Nomen genericum Lamarckianum jure prioritatis gaudet, futile tamen erit hodie rejicere Loureireanum jam diu ab omnibus botanicis receptum.

3. Thottes, Rottb. in Dansk. Vidensk. Selsk. Skrift. ser. 2, ii. 529, t. 2. (Lobbia, Planck. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 144, t. 3.)—Perianthium basi ovario adnatum, lineare, stipitiforme, supra ovarium articulatum, late campanulatum v. urceolatum, 3-fidum, fauce aperta v. vix contracta, lobis valvatis æqualibus. Stamina co, sæpius numerosa, duplici serie stylum cingentia eique seepius breviter adnata, filamentis brevissimis; antherarum loculi connectivo latiusculo ultra loculos haud producto extrorsum adnati. Ovarium inferum. subperfecte 4-loculare, placentis in centro contiguis at vix coalitis; stylus supra ovarium breviter lateque integer, in lobos crassiusculos obtusos 5-20 stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis numerosa, 2-seriatim superposita, pendula. Capsula perianthio deciduo apice nudata, longe lineari-4-gona, septicide 4-valvis, margines placentiferas filiformes (an semper 1) liberans. Semina oblongo-3-gona, testa crustacea duriuscula elevato-rugosa, substantia celluloso-spongiosa continua plus minus involuta; albumen et embryo ad normam ordinis.—Frutices erecti v. sarmentosi, ferrugineo-tomentosi v. glabrati. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ampla, coriacea, pennivenia, reticulato-venulosa basique sæpius plus minus distincte 3-5-nervia. Flores mediocres v. magni, ad axillas breviter cymosi, v. (in specie Beccariana a nobis non visa) ad basin caulis racemosi. Capsulæ sæpe semipedales.

Species 5, Peninsulæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Duch in DC. Prod. xv. i. 428. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. t. 36. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. ii. i. t. 1. (Spec. 1 Maingayana adhuc incdita).

T. grandistora, Rotth., a cæteris differt floribus magnis, cymæ ramis 2-3 longiusculis, sed nequaquam a cæteris pro sectione separanda. Ovula in omnibus speciebus pendula, errore pictoris in T. dependente crecta delineata. Genus Bragantus valde affine, vix differt floribus majoribus et staminibus 2-seriatis.

4. Eclestylis, Duchartre in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ii. 33, t. 5, et in DC. Prod. xv. i. 431. —Perianthium basi ovario adnatum, lineare, stipitiforme, supra ovarium articulatum, latissime et oblique campanulatum, supra genitalia intus annulatum, extus tamen haud constrictum. Stamina 6, filamentis connectivisque a columna stylari non distinctis; antherae circa columnam 1-seriatim adnatæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, perfecte 6-loculare; columna stylaris cylindracea, crassa, apice in discum concavum crenatum v. breviter lobatum supra vel introrsum stigmatosum dilatata; ovula in loculis œ, horizontalia, superposita. Capsula oblonga, septicide 6-valvis, placentis linearibus marginibus valvularum adhærentibus v. demum liberatis. Semina horizontalia, obovata, plano-compressa, marginibus obtusis, raphe ventrali in alam crassam carnosam somini ipsi æquilatam dilatata, testa tenuiter crustacea lævi; albumen et embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herba e caudice perenni subsimplex. Folia pauca, magna, reniformia, pedatim 5-9-nervia. Floros in caulibus radicalibus aphyllis v. apice demum foliatis pauci, dissiti, breviter pedicellati, bractea parva subtensi.

Species 1, Brasiliensis. Mast. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. 81, t. 17. Genus vix ac ne vix ab Aristolochia perianthii forma distinctum.

5. Aristolochia, Linn. Gen. n. 1022.—Perianthium basi ovario adnatum, lineare oblongum v. obovoideum, supra ovarium plus minus distincte articulatum sæpeque externe gibbis 1-6 appendiculatum, circa genitalia utriculosum globosum v. oblongum, supra genitalia constrictum v. varie contractum intusque sæpe annulatum v. appendice annulari reflexa instructum, superne tubulosum rectum curvum reduplicatum v. varie flexuosum, apice in limbum quam maxime varium, integrum 1-2-labiatum 3-lobum v. 1-3-caudatum expansum. Stamina 6, rarius 4 v. 10-∞, circa columnam stylarem 1-seriata, filamentis connectivisque a columna haud distinctis; antheræ columnæ adnatæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium inforum, imperfecte v. perfecte 6- rarius 5- v. 4-loculare, placentis

parietalibus nunc parum prominulis nunc sæpius in centro ovarii conniventibus v. coalitis; stylus v. columna stylaris brevis, crassus, superne in lobos stigmatosos 3 v. 6 rarius co, crassos obtusos v. rarius lineares v. brevissimos divisus; ovula co, in loculis 2-seriatim v. in placentis parietalibus utrinque 1-seriatim superposita. Capsula apice perianthio deciduo denudata, a basi ad apicem v. rarius ab apice basin versus septicide v. placenticide 6-valvis rarius 5- v. 4-valvis. Semina sepius numerosa, horizontalia, obovata, compressa, plana v. sæpius facie concava ibidemque raphe carnosa percursa, extus lævia v. tuberculato-rugosa, haud raro substantia celluloso-spongiosa immersa, testa crustacea v. indurata; albumen et embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ rhizomate perenni seu tuberosa v. frutices sæpe volubiles interdum altissime scandentes, rarissime arborescentes. Folia alterna, sepius petiolata, integerrima v. 3-5-loba, sepe basi cordata et 5-7-nervia. Pedunculi axillares, 1-flori, solitarii fasciculati v. breviter racemosi. Bractea 0, v. ad basin pedunculi stipulam simulans, v. in medio pedunculo sub ovario unica. Perianthium viride flavescens luridum v. variegatum, forma et magnitudine quam maxime varians, nunc infrapollicare tenuisque nunc 2-pedale superne latissimum. Planta tota fricatu v. flores sæpius fœtentes.

Species ad 180. per regiones calidiores temperatasque totius fere orbis late disperse, alies in locis cultis frequentes, plurime tamen ad aream parvam limitate v. rarissime.—Duch in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ii. 29, t. 5, 6, et in DC. Prod. xv. i. 433. Cham. et Schl. in Linnea, vii. t. 5, 6. Klotzsch in Monatsh. Acad. Berl. 1859, 593, t. 2 (tribus Aristolochiacea). Boiss. Fl. Or. iv. 1075. Grisch. Symb. Fl. Argent. 148.

Genus naturalissimum, etsi perianthii forma quam maxime varium, a Duchartreo anno 1854 in sectiones, imprimis ad gynostegii indolem bene definitas et areæ geographicæ convenientes etsi non semper habitu nec aliis characteribus distinctas, bene divisit. Klotzsch, anno 1859, tentamen Duchartrei negligens v. forte ejus inscius, fere easdem sectiones sub aliis nominibus pro generibus propriis constituit. His postea addendæ sunt species quædam Africanæ sectionem novam constituentes, et genus nobis dividendum videtur in sectiones 4, characteribus Duchartreanis limitandas; cæteras ab hoc auctore propositas ad subsectiones reducimus.

1. Diplolohus, Duch. Columna stylaris 6-loba, infra lobos supra antheras annulo prominulo cincta. Antherae 6, circa columnam æquidistantes, lobis oppositæ. Perianthii tubus rectus incurvus v. flexuosus, limbus sæpius 1-labiatus, rarius periphericus utrinque subæqualis. Species ultra 40, omnes gerontogeæ. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 669 ad 672. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 50. Hayne, Areneigew. ix. t. 20, 22 ad 24. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 240. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 934 ad 937. Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. x. t. 18, 19; Fl. Atl. t. 249, 250. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 97 ad 100, 127 ad 129. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 64, 87. Bot. Mag. t. 1115, 1116.

Genus Aristolochia a Klotzsch in Monatsber. Acad. Berl. 1859, 593, ad hanc sectionem limitatur, et icones supra citatæ ad subsectionem typicam pertinent, perianthii utriculo immediate supra ovarium posito. In speciebus pluribus Asiaticis v. Mascarensibus perianthii tubus inter ovarium et utriculum plus minus productus stipitiformis, et subsectionem Podanthemum, Kl., formant. Huc referendæ Wight, Ic. t. 771 et 1858. Subsectio Acerostylis, Duch., species v. varietates 2 continet ex Africa orientali, columna stylari apice minus distincte lobata, annulo sub apice latiore. Huc pertinent specimina a Schweinfurthio recepta sub nomine A. rigidæ, Duch., aliaque floribus minoribus ab Olivero in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1273 sub nomine A. somaliensis edita, quæ forte melius quam Schweinfurthiana cum dimensionibus a Duchartreo datis quadrant. Annulus infra lobos styli in hac sectione a Duchartreo margine stigmatosus dicitur, quod tamen vix confirmare possumus. Papillæ stigmatosæ potius ad apicem columnæ sitæ videntur.

- 2. Polyanthera. Columna stylaris apice 10-20-loba, lobis integris 2-fidisve, infra lobos exannulata. Anthere 10-24, circa columnam arcte approximatæ. Perianthium magnum, limbo nunc maximo (2-pedali latoque) remote subulato 3-dentato, nunc 3-fido lobis acutis v. longissime caudatis. Species 4, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxv. 185, t. 14. Bot. Mag. t. 5672. Mast. in Gard. Chron. 1879, j. 494.
- 3. Gymnolobus, Duch. Columns stylaris apice sequaliter 6-rarius 5-loba, infra lobos exannulsta; anthere 6, rarius 5, circa columnam sequidistantes, lobis opposits. Perianthium varium, mediocre, rarius parvulum, ssepe magnum nune maximum, limbo 1-labiato, 2-labiato v. rarius peripherico. Species ad 100, omnes Americanse. Mast. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. 82, t. 18 ad 26. Jacq. Stirp. Asser, t. 144 vd 146; Is. Bar. t. 188, 608; Hort. Schanbr. t. 183, 497. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 26. Desf. is

Ann. Mus. Par. ii. t. 35. Vahl, Symb., ii. t. 47. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 110 ad 114, 116, 117. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. Bras. t. 48 ad 54. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 96 ad 100. Karst. Ausw. Neu. Gew. t. 8. Link et Otto Ic. Sel. t. 13. Maund, Botanist, t. 96. Bot. Mag. t. 2545, 3756, 3769, 4120, 4221, 4361, 4368, 4467, 5295, 5420, 5700, 5869, 5880, 6387. Bot. Reg. t. 689 1399, 1453, 1543, 1680, 1824 et 1842, t. 60. Plustr. Hortic. t. 568 et ser. 3, t. 1, 30, 40, 63. (Icones plurimes in variis diariis hortulanorum repetites.) Howardia, Klotzsch in Monatsber. Acad. Berl. 1859, 607.

Icones supra citatse omnes ad subsectionem typicam pertinent genitalibus 6-meris. Subsectio Einomeia species continct ad 10, Mexicano-Texanas v. Cubenses, genitalibus 5-meris. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 147. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 115. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 72. EINOMBIA, Klotzsch in Monatsber. Acad. Berl. 1859, 605.

4. Siphisia, Duch. Columna stylaris apice 3-loba, lobis integris emarginatis irregulariter crenatis v. rarius 2-fidis, infra lobos exannulata. Antheræ 6, per paria lobos opposita approximatæ. Perianthii tubus sæpissime reduplicatus, limbus varius, sæpe periphericus. Species ad 14, Asiaticæ v. Americanæ hemisphærii borealis. L'Hêr. Stirp. Nov. t. 7, 7 b. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 103. Bot. Mag. t. 534, 1369, 3640, 4918, 6067. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 641. Illustr. Hortic. t. 522. Siphisia, Raf. Med. Fl. i. 62 ex Duch. Hocquartia, Dumort. Comm. Bot. 30.

Icones supra citatæ ad subsectionem typicam pertinent, columnæ stylaris lobis integerrimis sæpius erectis, capsulis oblongis v. elongatis interdum longissimis, seminibus numerosissimis arcte superpositis. Duchartre sub nomine sectionali Hexodom, species 2 distinuit styli lobis 2-fidis scil. A. sericeam, Benth., e Guatemala cui tamen lobi columnæ in specimine examinato subintegri apparent; et A. Kæmpferi, Willd., e Japonia, Kæmpf. Ic. Jap. t. 49, ubi columnæ lobi potius irregulariter crenato-dentati quam 2-fidi videntur. A. lineata, Duch. Rev. Hortic. ser. 4, iii. 280, f. 15, ex icone Japonica descripta, omnino ad A. Kæmpferi pertinet; folia sæpe in eadem planta alia late reniformia v. ovato-cordifornia alia angusta hastato-3-loba. Species cæterum Hexodontis vix pro subsectione a Siphisiis typicis separandæ. Sectio Asteriolitic, Duch. (Endodea, Raf. ex Klotzsch in Monatsber. Acad. Berl. 1859, 599), imprimis ad A. serpentariam, Linn., Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 385; Hayne, Arzneigew. ix. t. 21. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 91, ex America boreali constituta est, cui adjungit Duchartre A. reticulatam, Nutt., a Klotzschio in Siphisia inclusam pariter ex America boreali. Hæ duæ species, pro subsectione bene distinguuntur columnæ stylaris lobis latis varie emarginatis v. undulato-sublobatis, capsula breviter globosa v. depressa oligosperma, valvis post semina delapsa sæpe stellato-patentibus.

A. longifolia, Champ. e Hong-Kong, a Duchartreo rite ad Siphisias typicas refertur, ubi pluribus notis ad A. Thraitesii, Hook, accedit, que forte pariter e China provenit.

Præter genera Rafinesquiana supra citata, plurima in Endl. Enchirid. 218 citata nec definita a nemine admissa, hic consulto omittimus.

# ORDO CXXXIX. PIPERACEE.

Endl. Gen. 265. Lindl. Vog. Kingd. 515. Miq. Syst. Pip. Roterodami, 1843; Illustr. Piper. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xx. Suppl. cum tabb. 92. Cas. DC. Mem. Fam. Pip. in Mem. Soc. Phys. Genev. xviii. cum tabb. 7. Saurures, Endl. Gen. 266. Lindl. Vog. Kingd. 521.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales. Perianthium (excepta Lactore) 0. Stamina 2-6 v. rarissime 7-8 (v. 1?), hypogyna, filamentis liberis v. rarius basi ovario adnatis. Anthera terminales, erocta, in filamento sape articulata, loculis 2 distinctis v. in unum confluentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. rarius in stipitem contractum, e carpellis 3-4 co-ovulatis distinctis v. basi coalitis, v. 1-loculare et 1-ovulatum; stigmata nunc 3-4, in ovarii lobos v. carpella discreta, v. ovarium indivisum terminantia, nunc unicum sessile, penicillatum v. indivisum. Ovulum unicum erectum, v. plura ascendentia, orthotropa. Fructus parvus, in generibus co-carpellatis capsularis v. in coccos v. follicula 3 4 secedens, in generibus 1-ovulatis indehisoens, baccatus,

pericarpio succulento v. tenui et fere sicco. Semen v. semina globosa, ovoidea v. chlonga, testa membranacea v. tenuiter subcarnosa, rarius coriacea. Albumen copiosum, farinaceum, sepius niveum, extus haud raro induratum. Embryo minimus, sacculo amniotico inclusus, in foveola albuminis ad extremitatem ab hilo remotam situs, radicula supera, cotyledonibus brevibus sepius parum distinctis.

Herbæ, frutices v. rarissime arbores, sæpe aromaticæ v. stimulantes. Systema fibrovasculare caulis, ex obs. Casim. DC., 'modo (in caule lignoso Piperis) duplex, id est fasciculis periphericis tubum periphericum lignosum formantibus et fasciculis in medulla sparsis sæpe tubum lignosum internum formantibus, semper inter se et cum periphericis quoque nodo anastomosantibus; modo (in caule annuo Peperomia) simplex, id est nunc tubo peripherico nunc fasciculis sparsis constans.' Folia alterna v. rarius opposita v. 3-4natim verticillata, rarissime 5-6-na, integerrima v. rarissime 3-fida, 3-∞-nervia v. a basi pennivenia, haud raro pellucido-punctata v. succulenta. Stipulæ dum adsint petiolo adnatæ, v. ad basin dilatatam amplexicaulem petioli reductæ, v. postice in unam oppositifoliam connatæ, v. omnino nullæ. Interdum etiam prophyllus ramuli oppositifolii stipulam oppositifoliam simulat. Spicæ, rarius racemi (a nonnullis haud feliciter amenta dictæ) plus minus pedunculatæ, sæpius simplices, terminales v. mox oppositifoliae, rarius axillares v. plures in pedunculo communi sparsae, in Lactore ad florem 1 v. 2-5 reductse. Flores parvi, seepe minuti, secus rhachin sparsi v. seepius rhachin undique dense obtegentes, interdum annulatim v. spiraliter dense x-seriati. Bractee subquoque flore sæpe peltatæ, sessiles v. stipitatæ, interdum adnatæ v. concava v. rarius lanceolatæ.

Species fere 1000, per orbem utrumque late dispersæ, *Pipercæ* vix extra tropicos extensæ, Samerareæ in regionibus temperatis v. subtropicis Americæ et Asiæ orientalis.

Ordo nulli arcte affinis, olim ob structuram caulis junioris, stipularum indole, etc. Monocotyledoneis adscriptus, sed embryo, ex observationibus Kunthii a botanicis recentioribus iterum iterumque repetitis, certe dicotyledoneus. Inter ordines Dicotyledonearum seminum structura Piperacearum in solis Nymphæaccis observatur, que tamen aliis characteribus longe distant. Inter Monochlamydeas Micrembryeas, Piperacea a Chloranthaccis different ovario supero, ab omnibus aliis perianthio sæpissime omnino deficiente aliisque notis.

De caulis anatomia confer Miq. Syst. Pip. et Cas. DC. tractatum supra citatos.

### FORMLE ABNORMES.

Perianthium adest calycinum 3-partitum in Lactore.

Capsula in coccos indehiscentes v. folliculares secredens in Saururo et Luctor, 1-locularis apice aperiens in Houttuynia.

Albumen potius oleosum quam farinaceum in Lactore.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

### Tribus I. Saururese. Ovarii carpella 3-4, 2-8-ovulata.

- 1. Lactoris. Perianthium 3-partitum. Stamina 6, filamentis anthera multo brevioribus. Ovarii carpella distincta. Frutex ramosissimus parvifolius, pedunculis 1-3-floris.—Juan Fernandez.
- 2. SAURURUS. Perianthium 0. Stamina 6, 8, v. abortu pauciora, filamentis sub ovario liberis. Ovarii carpelia distincta. Capsula 3-4-cocca. Herbæ foliis amplis cordatis, racemo floribundo exinvolucrato.—Amer. bor., Asia or.
- 3. HOUTTUNNIA. Perianthium 0. Stamina 3-6, filamentis basi breviter v. alte ovario adnatis. Ovarium e carpellis connatis 1-loculare. Capsula apice inter stigmata aperiens. Herbæ foliis basi cordatis spica floribunda basi sæpius bracteis 4-6 petaloideis involucrata.—California, Asia or. temp. et subtrop.

# Tribus II. Piperess. Ovarium 1-loculare 1-ovulatum. Fructus indehiscens. Perianthium 0.

- 4. Zeppella. Flores hermaphroditi, in racemo dissiti. Stamina 6. Ovarium minimum, stylo multo majore crasso carnoso coronatum, stigmatibus 4 distinctis. Fructus siccus, dense glochidiato-muricatus.—Java.
  - 5. Piper. Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, dense cylindraceo-spicati v. (in Ottonia)

confertim racemosi, v. rarius (in *Maldera*) 3 secus rhachin dissiti. Stamina 2-6, antherarum loculis distinctis v. rarius (in *Heckeria* paucisque *Chavicis*) in unum confluentibus. Ovarium obtusum v. subrostratum, stigmatibus 3-4 rarius 2 v. 5 coronatum. Bacca nuda. Arbores fruticesve rarius herbæ elatiores.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid.* 

- 6. Verhuellia. Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, tenuissime spicati. Stamina 2, antherarum loculis globosis connectivo lato separatis. Ovarium stigmatibus 3-4 distinctis coronatum. Herbæ tenerrimæ, repentes.—Ind. oocid.
- 7. Peperoma. Flores hermaphroditi v. rarissime abortu unisexuales, tenuissime v. dense spicati. Stamina 2, antherarum loculis in unum 2-valvem confluentibus. Stigma in ovario sessile, terminale v. laterale, penicillatum v. indivisum. Herbæ nunc tenerrimæ repentes, nunc humiles subscaules, v. elatiores tenues v. succulentse, sæpius annuæ.—Utriseque orbis reg. calid.
- 8? SYMBRYON. Flores Q (soli noti) tenuiter spicati, spicis 4-5 in pedunculo confertis. Ovarium globosum, inter bracteolas 2 ovatas acuminatas sessile. Stigma terminale, parvum, indivisum. Frutex foliis ovatis coriaceis 3-5-nerviis impunctatis.—Cuba.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

DUGAGELIA, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. 513, ab auctoribus dubie *Peperomiæ* relata, charactere manco non recognoscenda et nomen deleatur.

LAUREA, Gaud. l. c., est Bagassa, Aubl., inter Urticaceas.

APONOGETON, Thunb., et OUVIRANDRA, Thou., ab Endlichero in Saurureis inclusee, ad Alisma-ceas pertinent.

#### TRIBUS I. SAURUREÆ.

1. Zactoris, Philippi in Verh. Zool. Bot. Ver. Wien, xv. 521, t. 13.—Flores hermaphroditi, in pedunculo solitarii v. pauci. Perianthii segmenta 3, calycina, leviter imbricata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, 2-seriata, 3 exteriora segmentis alterna, 3 interiora segmentis opposita, erecta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subsessiles, latæ, loculis extrorsum parallelis distinctis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos late producto obtuso. Ovarii carpella 3, ima basi subconnata, in stylos breves apice introrsum stigmatosos producta; ovula in quoque carpello 6-8, marginibus intrusis carpellorum affixa. Fructus carpella parum aucta, introrsum folliculatim dehiscentia. Semina in quoque carpello 4-6, ascendentia, oblonga, testa membranacea tenuiter reticulato-striata; albumen copiosum, tenuiter carnosulum; embryo minutus, prope apicem albuminis inclusus, obovoideus, radicula supera.—Frutex diffuse ramosissimus, glaber, ramismore Piperis nodosis. Folia alterna, parva, obovata, integerrima, ad axillas sepe fasciculata; stipulæ membranaceæ, petiolo adnatæ, amplexicaules. Flores ad axillas solitarii v. pauci, in racemulum folio breviorem dispositi, singuli in axilla bracteæ e stipulis connatis compositæ breviter pedicellati.

Species 1, Chilensis.

Genus habitu et sapore Peperomarum nonnullarum, floribus fere Saururi, ab omnibus tamen Piperaccis differt inflorescentia et perianthio evoluto.

2. Saururus, Linn. Gen. n. 464. (Mattuschkia, Gmel. Syst. Nat. ii. 589, nomen general Anonymo, Walt. Fl. Gar. 127 adscriptum. Spathium, Lour. Fl. Coch. 217.)—Flores hermaphroditi, racemosi, intra bracteam pedicellatam sessiles. Perianthium 0. Stamina sub ovario 6 v. 8 v. abortu pauciora, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, basifixæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpella 3 v. 4, distincta v. basi cohærentia, in stylos erectos v. apice recurvos superne introrsum stigmatosos attenuata; ovula in quoque carpello 2-4, marginibus inflexis carpelli affixa, ascendentia. Fructus subglobosus, e coccis 3-4 arcte contiguis at distinctis extus rugosis clausis v. demum introrsum rima longitudinali v. subfolliculatim dehiscentibus, pericarpio crassiusculo. Semen in quoque cocco sepius unicum, globosum, erectum, testa pallida membranaceocarnosula; albumen farinaceum, extus induratum nitidumque; embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ excepto racemo glabre. Folia alterna, lata, cordata, stipulis membranaceis

petiolo adnatis. Flores parvi, in racemo terminali mox oppositifolio numerosi. Bracteze ad apicem pedicelli ovatze, in racemo novello imbricatze, demum sub staminibus patentes.

Species 2, altera America borealis, altera Asia orientalis incola. Cas. DC. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 238. Jacq. f. Ed. t. 18.

Species Asiatica, S. Loureirii, Done, ab ins. Philippinis usque ad Japoniam extensa, includit Saururopsin Cumingii, Cas. DC. 1. c. 230. Saururopsis typica, S. chineneis, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1848, i. 589, ex Amoy, Fortune n. 102, est varietas vix distincta foliis paullo angustioribus. Squame hypogyne sub flore opposite ab auctore descripte sunt stamina semi-abortiva, que hinc inde etsi rarius in speciminibus Fortunianis aliisve observantur.

3. Mouttuynia, Thunb, Fl. Jap. 12, 234, t. 26. (Polypara, Lour. Fl. Coch. 61. Anemia, Nutt. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. 136. Anemiopsis, Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. 390, t. 92.)—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati, intra bracteam sessilem sessiles. Perianthium 0. Stamina 6 rarius 8 v. abortu pauciora, filamentis filiformibus basi infra medium ovarii v. altius ei adnatis apice liberis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium e carpellis 3 v. 4 alte connatis, 1-loculare, placentis totidem parietalibus e marginibus carpellorum plus minus inflexis parum prominulis; styli totidem, liberi, erecti v. subrecurvi, apice introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in quoque placenta ∞ (6-8), 2-seriata, horizontalia v. ascendentia. Fructus subglobosus, 1-locularis, apice inter stylos aperiens. Semina co, globosa, testa membranacea; albumen farinaceum, extus vix induratum; embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ perennes, basi radicantes v. surculos reptantes emittentes. Folia alterna, lata v. oblonga, basi sepius cordata. Stipulæ ample, membranacee, basi petiolo adnatæ v. in unam connatæ. Spicæ terminales, pedunculata, densæ, basi bracteis 4-6 albis petaloideis sæpius involucratæ. Flores sessiles, interdum rhachi crassiore leviter immersi. Bracteæ sub floribus in spica juniore imbricatæ v. jam ante anthesin staminibus breviores vix conspicuæ.

Species 2 v. 3, una Californica, altera Asiatica, per regionem Himalaicam, Chinam et Japoniam late dispersa, tertia Chinensis adhuc dubia. Cas. DC. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 237 et 238.

In specie typica Asiatica, Bot. Mag. t. 2731, folia fere omnia caulina, cordata; involucrum 4-phyllum v. rarius 5-6-phyllum; bracteæ intra spicam etiam juniorem staminibus breviores parum conspicuse. In specie Californica, quæ Anemiopsis, Hook. et Arn., folia pleraque radicalia, angustiora et basi leviter tantum cordata, caulina primaria ad stipulam amplam reducta, ramulorum tamen dum adsint radicalibus conformia; involucrum sæpius 6-phyllum et bracteæ intra spicam quam in Asiatica majores, juniores imbricatæ. Characteres tamen floris et fructus omnino iidem. A. Bolanderi, Cas. DC. in Linnsea xxxvii. 338, nobis ignota est, sed descriptio in omnibus convenit speciei typicæ in California et Mexico late dispersa.

GYMNOTHELA, Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 100, t. 5, a nobis non visa est, sed, ex icone et descriptione fusiore, H. cordate, Thunh. valde affinis est habitu foliis floribusque, differt spica paullo laxiore exinvolucrata, an specimen involucro ætate jam delapso ut interdum observatur in H. cordata, an species revera ab initio exinvolucrata haud patet. In utroque casu Houttuyniæ congener videtur.

## TRIBUS II. PIPEREÆ.

4. Espelia, Blume in Roem. et Schult. Syst. vii. 1614. —Flores hermaphroditi, dissite racemosi. Perianthium 0: Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis crassis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, crassiusculæ, loculis introrsum parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos crasso obtuso. Ovarium minimum, glanduloso-muricatum; stylus ovario multo major, crasso-carnosus, ovoideus, 4-sulcus, stigmatibus 4 brevibus distinctis coronatus; ovula 2 vidimus, uno solo perfecto a basi erecto, altero minore mox abortiente. Fructus subsiccus, globosus, indehiscens, dense glochidiato-muricatus, stylo haud aucto coronatus. Semen conforme, albumine farinoso; embryo ad normam ordinis. —Herba rhizomate perenni repente. Caulis erectus v. vix ramosus, ad nodos articulatus. Folia alterna, oblique cordata, 5-9-nervia, petiolo in stipulam amplexicaulem dilatato. Racemi graciles, oppositifolii. Flores parvi, intra bracteam concavam obtusam breviter pedicellati, bracteis pisi magnitudinis.

Species 1, Javanica. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 76, t. 16. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 256, ubi ad sectionem Americanam Steffensiam generis Piperis refertur; nobis tamen longe diversa videtur inflo rescentia, staminum numero et situ, antherarum forma, stylo et fructu. Character noster ex speciminibus Zollingerianis It. 2, n. 2847. In analysi Bennettiana (in Miq. Ill. Pip. t. 92 repetita) fig. 3, ovarium delineatur jam post anthesin aliquantum auctum; per anthesin stylo 3—4-plo minus est.

5. Piper, Linn. Gen. n. 43, pro parte. —Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, dense cylindraceo-spicati v. rarius subracemosi. Perianthium 0. Stamina 2-4, rarius 5-x, filamentis brevibus v. rarius bracteas excedentibus; antheræ ovatæ v. abbreviatæ, rarius elongatæ, loculis nunc distinctis parallelis dorso appositis, connectivo parum conspicuo v. rarius ultra loculos producto, nunc terminalibus divergentibus v. divaricatis contiguis at distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, nunc rarius in unum terminalem rima unica bivalvatim dehiscentem confluentibus. Ovarium per anthesin sessile v. vix stipitatum, 1loculare, obtusum v. stylo conico v. elongato rostratum, stigmatibus 2-5 (sæpius 3-4) distinctis erectis v. recurvis coronatum; ovulum unicum, a basi erectum. Bacca parva, ovoidea v. globosa, interdum 3-4-angulata, lævis, nunc intra bracteas v. rhachi succulenta plus minus immersa, nunc sessilis exserta, nunc rarius breviter v. longe stipitata; pericarpium succulentum v. tenuiter carnosum. Semen conforme, testa sepius tenui ; albumen farinosum, extus sæpe induratum; embryo ad normam ordinis. - Frutices interdum scandentes, rarius arbores v. herbæ elatæ, ramis sæpius ad nodos articulatis. Folia alterna, integerrima v. in una specie 3-fida, basi æqualia v. dimidiata, 3-∞-nervia v. a basi pennivenia: stipulæ nunc petiolo adnatæ aliformes, nunc in unam oppositifoliam connatæ v. ad basin petioli parum dilatatam amplexicaulemque reductæ, v. rarius omnino inconspicuæ. Flores cum bracteis subtendentibus peltatis adnatis v. concavis rhachin spicæ dense obtegentes, ad quamque bracteam solitarii, sessiles v. rarius stipitati, rarissime unius sexus secus rhachin dissiti. Spice pedunculate v. rarius subsessiles, primum terminales, mox oppositifoliæ, rarius (in Macropipere) ad axillas solitariæ v. 2-3-næ, v. (in Heckeria) in pedunculo axillari umbellatæ.

Species descriptæ ultra 600, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in Asia orientali usque ad Japoniam oxtensæ, in America tropica numerosissimæ, in Africa pauciores, in Europa et America boreali præter Mexicum desunt. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 240, et in Linnæa xxxvii. 334 et 384. Species tamen plurimæ adhuc imperfecte notæ, in futurum verisimiliter delendæ erint; et numerus forte ad 500 reducendus.

Genus vastum et polymorphum, sed naturale et optime definitum, primum a Kunthio et fere in codem tempore a Miquelio diligenter scrutatum et in genera plura divisum. Hæc tamen Casimir de Candolle in Prodromo bene in unum iterum conjunxit, et sectiones plures minus feliciter imprimis ad staminum numerum distinxit. Nostro sensu circumscriptiones et characteres a Kunthio v. a Miquelio propositi divisiones magis naturales præbent, etsi non semper accurate definitas. Numerus staminum in pluribus speciebus sat constans, vix tamen cum habitu consentaneus, in aliis variat a 2 ad 5, et uti bene monuit Kunth, interdum etiam in vivo haud facile determinatur, et in sicco difficillime observatur. Etiam stigmatum numerus in nonnullis speciebus variat. Sectiones sequentes a Candolleanis, Kunthianis, Miquelianisve paullo mutatæ distinctiores videntur.

- A. Species gerontogea, floribus unisexualibus sapussime dioicis, v. (in speciebus paucis Eupiperis) polygamis.
- 1. Muldera. Flores dioici, & 2-20-andri, in cyatho (bractea?) carnoso sessili v. stipitato subgloboso v. obliquo vertice aperto inclusi, secus rhachin spicze dissiti; ? secus rhachin sparsi, sessiles v. leviter immersi, bractea adnata margine membranacea parum elevata cincti. Species ad 9, Indize orientalis et Archipolagi Malayani incolæ. Cus. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 241 (sect. Schisonephos). Muldera, Miq. Comm. Phyt. 34 (1840); Ill. Pip. t. 59, 60. Wight, Ic. t. 1943, 1944. Schisonephos, Griff. Notal. iv. 383 (1854).

Sectio quoed spicam 3 a toto genere distinctissima, spica tamen 2 parum ab illa Eupiperis differt. Figures dextra et sinistra iconis Wightiane 1943, in Prodromo ad species diversas relate, stirpes 3 et 2 unius speciei exhibent, et Piper Wightii, Miq., Wight, Ic. t. 1939, Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 365, vix a stirpe 2 ejusdem speciei differre videtur.

2. Macropiper. Spice unisexuales, densissime, axillares, solitarise v. in summis axillis 2-3-me.

Stamina 2-3, antherarum loculis distinctis dorso appositis parallelis v. divergentibus. Stigmata 3. Bacces sessiles, supe cum bracteis rhachibusque succulentis fere in syncarpium connates. Species ad 6, insularum maris Pacifici, Australiae et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 334 (Pothomorphe B). Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 75. MACROPIPER, Mig. Comm. Phyt. 35; Illustr. Pip. t. 27.

Sectio inflorescentia a toto genere distinctissima, ab Heckeria (Pothomorphe, Miq.) quacum in Prodromo jungitur, differt insuper spicis unisexualibus, antherarum loculis distinctis et habitu.

3. Espiper. Spices sub anthesi densissimæ, oppositifoliæ, omnes unisexuales v. in paucis speciebus androgynæ v. floribus polygamis hermaphroditisque in cadem specie sic dictæ trioicæ. Stamina sæpius 2-3, antherarum loculis dorso appositis distinctis parallelis v. divergentibus v. rarius apico subconfluentibus. Stigmata in ovario obtuso 3, rarius 2 v. 4. Species ultra 100, omnes gerontogeæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi, i. 339.

Genera sequentia Miqueliana sat naturalia, sed non semper characteribus definitis separata, ad subsectiones Expéperis reducenda videntur:—

- a. Cubera, Mig. Comm. Phyt. 33, t. 1 ad 3 (Piper) et t. 5; Illustr. Pip. t. 46 ad 48. Flores stricte dioici. Baccæ nunc breviter nunc longiuscule stipitatæ, etsi ovaria sæpius per anthesin sæsilia. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 91. Wight, Ic. t. 1932 (Cubeba).
- b. Chavica, Miq. Syst. Pip. 222; Illustr. Pip. t. 28 ad 41, species numerosas includit, spicis omnibus stricte unisexualibus dioicis, floribus nullis hermaphroditis intermixtis. Stigmata in ovario obtuso sessilia. Baccæ sessiles v. subsessiles. Wight, Ic. t. 1926 ad 1930 (Chavica). Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 89. Hayne, Arzneig. xiv. t. 20, 21 (Chavica).

Chavica, Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 388, pro genere proprio admittitur, sed ad species 5 limitatur antherarum loculis ut in Heckeria terminalibus demum in unum 2-valvem confluentibus.—Miq. Blustr. Pip. t. 42, 43. Wight, Ic. t. 1931 (omnes sub Chavica).

c. Piper, Miq. Syst. Pip. 305; Illustr. Pip. t. 49 ad 56 limitatur ad species plus minus polygamas floribus nonnullis hermaphroditis in parte inferiore spicarum feminearum v. interdum spicæ plures (v. etiam omnes?) e floribus hermaphroditis solis. Cætera Chavicæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1933 ad 1938, 1940 ad 1942. Hayne, Arzneig. xiv. t. 6.

COCCOBRYON, Klotzsch in Miq. Syst. Pip. 343; Illustr. Pip. t. 61, est species Africana tam tropica quam australis, floribus polygamis Piperis, Miq., nec habitu a quibusdam speciebus diversa, sed stigmata constanter 2 tantum. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 336 e flore hermaphrodito sectionem Coccobryon constituit, species 13 continentem nostro sensu in variis sectionibus præcedentibus distribuendas. P. birmanicum, Cas. DC., est P. stylosum, Miq., Cas. DC. n. 428; ejusdem var. macrostachyum, Cas. DC., nobis non differre videtur a P. muricato, Bl.; Miq. Illustr. Pip. t. 54, in Prodromo inter Cubebas numerato, sed potius ad Piperum, Miq. pertinente. P. cubense, Cas. DC., rite a Grisebachio ad Enckeam relatum fuit. P. piluliferum, H. B. et K., P. quitense, Cas. DC., et P. cyrtopodon, Cas. DC., ad sectionem Peltobryon referrimus; P. San Carlosianum, P. imperiale, aliasque nonnullas ad Steffensiæ subsectionem Artanthem.

- 4. Rhyncholepis. Spicæ densissimæ, breves. Flores dioici v. polygami et stamina 2-3 Eupiperis. Ovarium in stylum conicum v. longiusculum apice 3-4-stigmatiferum attenuatum. Bacca sessilis, apice rostrata. Species 3 v. 4, Asiaticæ Eupiper cum Peltobryo arcte connectentes. Huc pertinent P. rhyncholepis, Cas. DC. (Rhyncholepis, Miq. Syst. Pip. 282; Ill. Pip. t. 45), species 2 rite in unam a Cas. DC. junctæ dioicam, bracteis in stirpe 3 longe acuminatis antheris minimis loculis apice confluentibus, P. stylosum, Miq.; Cas. DC. n. 428 (P. birmanicum Cas. DC. n. 400, excl. var. 3) antherarum loculis perfecte distinctis, P. penangense, Cas. DC. n. 464, Miq. Illustr. Pip. t. 44 (Chavica), et forte species quarta e specimine imperfecto non rite determinata.
- B. Species Americana (una ettam per orbem veterem extensa), floribus hermaphroditis v. rarissime abortu dioicis.
- 5. Peltobryon. Spice oppositifolie, densissime, globose oblonge v. rarius elongate. Flores hermaphroditi. Stamina 3-5, rarius 2. Ovarium in stylum conicum v. longiusculum apice 2-4-stigmatiferum attenustum. Bacca sessihs, apice rostrata. Species ad 16. Austro-Americanse, Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 258 (Steffensiæ § 3 A). Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 53a, 60b, 61a. Peltobryon, Klotzsch; Miq. Syst. Pip. 369; Illustr. Pip. t. 67, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 4, 5, staminibus sepius 4, stigmatibus sepius 3. Hic etiam includendes videntur Callianha, Miq. Syst. Pip. 344; Illustr. Pip. t. 62, species Mexicana (P. melastomoides, Cham.; Cas. DC. n. 19) staminibus sepius 5, stigmatibus 3 et Spherotachys, Miq. Syst. Pip. 375; Illustr. Pip. t. 68, species Andina (P. piluliferum H. B. et K.; Cas. DC. n. 404) staminibus ex Miq. 3-4, ex Cas. DC. 2, stigmatibus 2, spicis parvis subgloboss. Sectio Rhyncholopidi valde affinis.

- 6. Steffensia. Spices oppositifolise, densæ, cylindraceæ, sæpe elongatæ, rarissime breves. Flores hermaphroditi, sessiles v. (in Ottonia) pedicellati. Stamina 4-6 v. rarius 2-3. Ovarium obtusum, stigmatibus 3-4, rarius 5 v. 2. Species bene notæ ultra 350, omnes Americanæ, Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 243 ad 330 (sect. Enokea, Steffensia et Carpunya excl. speciebus paucis). Subsectiones sequentes, quoad species plerasque facillime distinguuntur, interdum vero species ambiguæ v. variabiles genera v. sectiones bene limitare prohibent.
- a. Ottonia. Flores in spica tenui ut in Enokea sparsi, sed omnes intra bracteam pedicellati, spica in racemum transformata. Stamina et stigmata sæpius 4. Species ad 20. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 252 (Steffensiæ § 2a). Vahl, Ecl. i. t. 1. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 55. Ottonia, Spreng. Neu. Entd. i. 255; Miq. Syst. Pip. 536 (Ottoniæ genuinæ), et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 22, 23; Illustr. Pip. t. 92. Serronia, Gaudich. in Deless. Ic. iii. 54, t. 90. Moric. Pl. Nouv. Amer. t. 57.
- b. Enckea. Flores in spica sæpius tenui densaque sparsi, sessiles, sed bracteis parum conspicuis non annulati nec distincte regulariterque spirales. Stamina vulgo 5-6. Stigmata 3. Baccæ sæpius exsertæ sed sessiles, apice obtusæ. Species ultra 20, Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 243 (excl. n. 19 ad Peltobryon et n. 20 ad Artanthem referendis). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 8. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 76. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 61. Enckea, Kunth in Linnæa xiii. 590. Miq. Syst. Pip. 346; Illustr. Pip. t. 63 ad 66; et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 3.
- P. marginatum, Jacq. in Prodromo sub Enokea (n. 20) inclusum, nobis potius ad Artanthem pertinere videtur.

Carpunya, Presl, Epimel. Bot. 228, species plures continet ab Ottonia distinctas floribus sessilibus, ab Enckea, cui inflorescentia accedunt, staminibus vulgo 4. A Kunthio et Miquelio in Ottonia includuntur. Species typicæ sunt P. Carpunya, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. t. 63b; Cas. DC. n. 371, et Ottonia Lessertiana, Miq., Illustr. Pip. t. 92 (P. Lessertianum, Cas. DC. n. 67) quæ ex speciminibus nostris ad unam speciem pertinent inter affines foliis lævibus nitidulis aliisque notis facile distinctam. A Miquelio, Preslio et Cas. DC. tamen separantur sed characteribus diversis. Stamina ex Cas. DC. in P. Lessertiano 4, in P. Carpunya 3, ex Miq. et Presl in utroque 4. Stigmata ex Miq. 4-5 in P. Lessertiano, 3 in P. Carpunya, sed bacca ex Cas. DC. in utroque subgloboso-3-gona, ex Preslio 4-gona. Cæterum Cas. DC. in sectione sua Carpunya, Prod. xvi. i. 326, species plures admittit quanobis inter Peltobryon, Enckeam et Artanthem distribuendæ videntur.

- c. Artanthe. Flores in spica densa sæpe elongata nunc longissima densi, cum bracteis in serier regulariter annulares v. distincte spirales dispositi. Stamina sæpius 4, interdum 3, rarius 2 v. 5. Ovarium sessile, obtusum, stigmatibus 3 v. 4 rarius 2 v. 5. Baccæ sæpius bracteas parum excedentes, interdum rhachi bracteisque succulentis subinclusæ. Species ad 300. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 251 (sect. Steffensia, excl. § 2 et § 3 a, paucisque aliis). Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 53 ad 64 (excl. t. 53a, 59a, 60b, 61a et 63b). Vahl, Ecl. t. 2, 3, 11. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 210. 211, 215. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 84, 93, 94. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 6, 7, 13, 14. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 56 ad 60. Opiz in R-l. Henk. t. 26 ad 28, 29, f. 1. Bertol. Fl. Guatemal. t. 1. Steffensia et Schillebia, Kunth in Linnea, xiii. 609 ad 726. Artanther, Miq. Comm. Phyt. 40, t. 7. 8; Syst. Pip. 377; Illustr. Pip. t. 69 ad 91; et in Mart.-Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 6 ad 21 et t. 24 (Ottonia). Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 54. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 38 ad 42.
- 7. Nomatanthera. Spicæ oppositifoliæ, parvæ, densæ. Flores hermaphroditi (v. unisexuales?), sessilos. Stamina 2 (Miq.) v. 1 (Cus. DC.); anthera linearis, filamento ovarioque 2-3-plo longior, loculis lateralibus, connectivo obtuse clavato coronata. Ovarium obtusum, stigmatibus 2-3. Species 2, Guianenses. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 367. Nematanthera, Miq. in Linnæa xviii. 606, t. 11. Antheræ in ordine anomalæ, iis Ascarinæ v. Hedyosmi accedentes.
- 8. Hockeria. Spicæ deusissimæ, elongatæ, in pedunculo axillari plures subumbellatæ. Flores hormaphroditi, sessiles. Stamina 2-3; antheræ parvæ loculis confluentibus 2-valves. Ovarium obtusum, stigmatibus 3. Folia ampla, interdum peltata. Species ad 8, omnes Americanæ, una tamen etiam in orbe vetere inter tropicos late dispersa. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 331 (sect. Pothomorphe, errore Potomorphe, A.). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 216. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 59a. Voll. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 54. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 6. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 230. Heckeria, Kunik in Linnaa xiii. 564 (1839 etsi forte initio 1840 edita). Pothomorphe, Miq. Comm. Phyt. 36 (Dec. 1840 forte initio 1841 edita); Illustr. Pip. t. 25, 26. Wight, Ic. t. 1925. In P. Ottonie, Miq. Illustr. Pip. t. 25, antheræ 2-loculares delineatæ sunt, sed in specimine Seemanniano a Miquelio determinato certe confluentim 1-loculares sunt, ut jam observavit Kunth in cæteris speciebus.
  - 6. Verhuellia, Miq. Syst. Pip. 47. (Mildea, Grisch. Cat. Pl. Cub. 63.)-Flores her-

maphroditi v. polygami, tenuissime et interrupte spicati. Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, filamentis brevissimis; antherarum loculi distincti, divergentes, connectivo latiusculo separati. Ovarium inter stamina sessile, ovoideum, stigmatibus 3-4 coronatum; ovulum unicum, a basi erectum. Bacca minuta, globosa, fere exsucca, pericarpio tenui. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen farinosum; embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ tenerrimæ, diffusæ v. prostratæ repentesque, ad nodos radicantes, ramis filiformibus. Folia alterna v. ad nodos fasciculata, petiolata, rotundata v. reniformia, tenuia. Spicæ filiformes, ad nodos inter folia pedunculatæ. Flores minutissimi, secus rhachin dissiti v. superiores & magis approximati, intra bracteam sessilem peltatam sessiles v. breviter pedicellati.

Species 2, Indise occidentalis incolse. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 391. Miq. Ill. Pip. t. 1, f. a quoad analysin imperfecta, a Cas. DC. in Mcm. Pip. t. 1, correcta, ubi tamen stigmata longiora depicta quam in speciminibus nostris. Schmitz in Flora, 1872, 401, t. 7, 8.

Genus habitu plerisque notis Peperomiis (Acrocarpidiis) nonnullis simillimum, sed antheris stigmatibusque distinctum. V. brasiliensis, Miq. Ill. Pip. t. 1, f. b, a Cas. DC. rite ad Peperomiam refertur. V. Knobleckeriana, Cas. DC., nobis pariter ad Peperomiam revocanda videtur. Est P. Knobleckeriana, Schott in Bot. Zeit. 1851, 225, t. 5, planta in horto Schoenbrunnensi in humo ex Africa centrali recepta enata et ex icone tam habitu quam patria a Verhullia recedit et Peperomue pellucides approximatur. Character Prodromi verisimiliter ad iconem instructus ubi stigmata 4 distincta apparent. In descriptione tamen Schottii antheræ globosæ nec biglobosæ, et stigma unicum penicillatum, dicuntur.

7. Pepercunia, Ruiz et Par. Fl. Per. et Chil. i. 29, t. 44 ad 52.—Flores hermaphroditi, dense v. dissite sæpiusque tenuiter spicati. Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, filamentis brevibus v. rarius bracteas excedentibus; antheræ transversim oblongæ v. subglobosæ, loculis in unum 2-valvem confluentibus. Ovarium sessile v. basi contractum substipitatum, apice obtusum acutum v. rostratum; stigma indivisum, sæpe penicillatum, terminale v. infra rostrum ovarii laterale; ovulum unicum, a basi erectum. Bacca parva sæpe minuta, fere exsucca, pericarpio tenui. Semen conforme, testa membranacea v. coriacea; albumen farinosum; embryo ad normam ordinis.—Herbæ annuæ v. caudice repente v. tuberoso basi perennantes, caulibus prostratis repentibus filiformibusque v. erectis tenuibus v. succulentis. Folia alterna opposita v. 3-4-natim verticillata rarius 5-6-na, integerrima, carnosula succulenta v. tenuiter membranacea, sæpius pellucidopunctata; stipulæ 0. Flores minuti, nunc spicæ rhachin undique dense obtegentes, seriebus annularibus v. spiralibus conferti v. sparsi, sessiles v. foveolis rhacheos leviter immersi, nunc secus rhachin filiformem dissite sparsi. Spicæ in pedunculo terminali v. mox oppositifolio solitariæ geminæ v. plures subumbellati, v. secus rhachin communem sparsæ, pedunculo polystachyo rarissime axillari. Bracteæ sub quoque flore sessiles, interdum peltatim affixæ.

Species descriptæ (nonnulæ ulterius reducendæ) fere 400, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, ex maxima tamen parte Americansæ, ubi a Chile et republica Argentina usque ad Mexicum et Floridam extensæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 392, et in Linnæa xxxvii. 865 et 387. Henschen, Eludes Peperom. in Nov. Act. Reg. Soc. Sc. Upsal. ser. 3, viii. cum tabb. 7. Miq. Illustr. Pip. t. 2 ad 23, in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 1, 2, et in Linnæa xx. t. 1. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 3 ad 17. Opiz in Rel. Hænk. t. 29, f. 2, t. 30. J. V. Thomps. in Trans. Linn. Soc. ix. t. 21. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 37. Wawra, Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 19, 20, 82, 83. Schott in Bot. Zeit. 1851, 225, t. 5. Wight, Io. t. 1921 ad 1924. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 91, 327, 332; Exot. Fl. t. 21 ad 23, 58, 66, 67, 92, 164, 165. Bot. Mag. t. 5568, 5634. Link et Otto, Ic. Sel. t. 7. Regel in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1858, t. 3, et Gartenfl. t. 265, 271. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 12, 13, 40, 41, 211, 302. PIPKEIS Sp. Lins. Hort. Cliff. t. 4. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 9, 212 ad 214, 217 ad 219. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 5. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 62 ad 65. In pluribus iconibus hic citatis antheræ errore 2-loculares delineatæ sunt, antherarum effetarum valvis patentissimis incaute pro loculis distinctis sumptis.

Genus bene limitatum et habitu sat varium, sed difficillime in sectiones distinctas dividitur. Species in Prodromo in series artificiales distribuuntur, characteribus tamen in pluribus ambiguis. Henschen in Mem. eit. in Nov. Act. Acad. Ups. ser. 3, viii. sectiones 2 accepit: Acrooaspidium,

floribus in rhachi filiformi spice sessilibus, baccis maturis basi contractis sessilibus, et Eupoperomia floribus in foveolis rhacheos carnose spice plus minus immersis, baccis pedicello demum brevissime carnoso impositis et subsectiones 2 agnovit: Micropiper stigmate terminali et Rhynchophorum stigmate infra apicem styli v. ovarii rostri laterali. Species tamen intermediæ ssepe occurrunt. Miquel genera distincta sequentia proposuit, sat naturalia sed male definita:—

ACROCABPIDIUM, Miq. Syst. Pip. 51. Herbæ Americanæ, teneræ, radicantes, caulibus filiformibus in arborum truncos sæpe longe reptantibus. Baccæ breviter stipitatæ, apice angustæ.

PHYLLOBRYON, Miq. Syst. Pip. 50; Illustr. Pip. t. 2, est Peperomia foliiflora, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 45, charactere fere Acrocarpidii, sed habitu et inflorescentia peculiari. Ramuli floriferi fasciculati folium unicum sub fasciculo spicarum ferentes folia simulant longe petiolata spicas ad basin limbi ferentia.

ERASMIA, Miq. Syst. Pip. 199; Illustr. Pip. t. 24, est species Mexicana ab Acrocarpidio distincta habitu et stigmate elongato-conico. Formam typicam delineatam spicis pluribus secus pedunculum longum sparsis non vidimus, sed specimen in herb. Kew a Miquelio inscriptum 'forma minor pauciflora' et a Cas. DC. in Prodromo sub P. Erasmia n. 22 descriptum, spicis in pedunculo geminis, est specimen typicum P. lancifolia, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 332, Cas. DC. Prod. n. 172.

TILDENIA, Miq. in Diar. Instit. Rrg. Nederl. 1842, ex ejusd. Syst. Pip. 69, species Americanæ acaules v. subacaules foliis plerisque radicalibus, et MICROPIPER, Miq. Comm. Phyt. 39, t. 5, 6, 8, 9, species utriusque orbis stigmate terminali, ab auctore ipso Syst. Pip. ad sectiones Peperomiæ reducuntur.

P. Galeottiana, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 327; Cas. DC. Prod. n. 11, est P. Mexicana, Miq., Cas. DC. Prod. n. 7. P. brevipes, Cas. DC. Prod. n. 20, eadem videtur ac P. guayaquilensis, Cas. DC. n. 37. P. diffusam, Cas. DC. n. 14, a speciminibus nonnullis P. galioidis, H. B. et K., Cas. DC. n. 362 distinguere nequimus. P. subpeltata, Cas. DC. n. 94, eadem videtur ac P. Jamesoniana, Cas. DC. n. 103. P. nummularifolia, H. B. et K., Cas. DC. n. 141, foliis plerisque alternis, non specifice distincta videtur a P. circinata, Link, Cas. DC. n. 266, foliis plerisque oppositis, nam species aliæ oppositifoliæ variare videntur foliis hinc inde alternis, uti species nonnullæ foliis sæpius ternatim verticillatis variant foliis oppositis. Oppositio foliorum est in ordine abnormis nec ut in Chloranthaceis normalis.

8? Symbryon, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 64.—Flores unisexuales (an polygami?), Q soli noti, tenuiter spicati. Ovarium minimum, sessile, globosum, stigmate minuto indiviso coronatum; ovulum unicum a basi erectum.—Frutex glaber. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, acuminata, 3-5-nervia, transversim venulosa, subcoriacea, impunctata. Stipulæ 0. Spicæ Q 4-5, ad apicem pedunculi terminalis v. oppositifolii subdigitatim conferti. Flores secus rhachin puberulum sparsi, bractea parva lanceolata obtecti et bracteolis 2 oppositis e basi lata subulato-acuminatis vix bractea brevioribus stipati.

Species 1, Cubensis. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. i 471.

Genus Peperomia affine videtur, et i folia firma et impunctata et bracteolæ evolutæ (ob formam vix pro staminodiis habendæ) cæterum in ordine ignotæ. Flores in speciminibus adhuc juniores.

# ORDO CXL. CHLORANTHACEE.

Endl. Gen. 264. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 519.

Flores unisexuales v. masculo cum formineo basi coherentibus pseudohermaphroditi. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Stamina 1 v. 3, in massam 3-lobam connati; filamenta brevissima, cum connectivo continua. Antheræ 2-loculares, loculis aduatis parallelis v. divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, v. staminum lateralium 1-loculares. Fl. ?: Perianthium ovario adnatum apice minute 3-dentatum, v. margine nullo prominente inconspicuum. Ovarium inferum v. nudum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, v. rarius stylo brevi fultum, truncatum subclavatum v. breviter lineare, indivisum. Ovulum unicum, orthotropum,

ab spice pendulum. Drupa parva, ovoides v. globom, exocarpio carnoso v. succulento, emidocarpio crustaceo v. indurato. Semen conforme, pendulum, testa membranacea. Albumen copiosum, carnosum. Embryo ab hilo remotus, minutus, albumine inclusus, cotyledonibus divaricatis v. vix distinctis, radicula infera.

Herbæ, frutices v. arbores, sæpius aromatici. Folia opposita, plerumque denticulata, pennivenia, petiolis basi linea transversa connexis v. in vaginam plus minus elongatam connatis. Stipulæ parvæ subulatæ ad margines vaginæ v. basin petiolorum. Inflorescentiæ terminales v. ramulis floriferis abbreviatis paucifoliatis v. aphyllis pseudoaxillares. Flores spicati v. fœminei varie paniculati v. capitati. Bracteæ variæ.

Species ad 25, per Americam tropicam, Asiam tropicam et orientalem et insulas maris Pacifici usque ad Novam Zelandiam disperse. Solms-Laub. in DC. Prod., xvi. i. 472.

Ordo a botanicis plurimis *Piperaceis* approximatus et iis adjunctus a Cordemoyo in Adansonia iii. 293, quem secutus est Baillon, Hist. Pl. iii. 494, ab illis tamen notis pluribus essentialibus distat, presertim foliis stricte oppositis, staminum indole, pistillo monocarpico, ovario infero, embryone in albumine carnoso incluso, etc. Characteribus nonnullis *Monimiaceis* accedit, sed ab omnibus limitibus certis longe separatur.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Chloranthus. Flores pseudohermaphroditi, spicati, 🐉 1-3-andro, basi ovario nudo lateraliter adnato.—Asia trop. et or.
- 2. ASCARINA. Flores unisexuales, spicati. Stamen 1. Ovarium nudum.—Ins. Pacif., N. Zelandia.
- 3. Hedyoshum. Flores unisexuales, & spicati, Q varie paniculati v. capitati. Stamen 1. Ovarium (perianthii adnati limbo coronatum) apice 3-dentatum.—Amer. trop.
- 1. Chloranthus, Swartz in Philos. Trans. lxxvii. 359, ed. abr. xvi. 302. (Creodus, Lour. Fl. Coch. 88. Cryphea, Hamilt. in Breust. Edinb. Journ. Sc. ii. 11. Peperidia, Reichb. Consp. Gen. 212a. Nigrina, Thunb. Nov. Gen. 58 (char. falso) ex ic. in Nov. Act. Soc. Sc. Upsal. vii. t. 5.)—Flores pseudohermaphroditi, masculo cum fæmineo basi lateraliter connatis, spicati. Perianthium 0. Stamina 3, anthera centrali 2-loculari, lateralibus 1-locularibus in massam 3-lobam connatis, v. 1, lateralibus deficientibus. Ovarium nudum; stigma subsessile, truncatum.—Frutices v. herbæ perennes, caule ad nodos articulato. Folia opposita, linea transversa connexa, vix vaginantia, interdum paribus 2 arcte approximatis subverticillata. Spicæ terminales, tenues, simplices v. ramose.

Species ad 8, Asiæ tropicæ et orientalis a Bengala usque ad Japoniam et ins. Philippinarum incolæ. Solms-Laub. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 474.

Genus facile in sectiones 3 dividitur:-

- 1. Euchloranthus. Andræcium 3-lobum, lobo medio antheram 2-locularem lateralibus antheras 1-loculares ferentibus, connectivis crassis apice parum productis obtusis. L'Hér. Sert. Angl. t. 2. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 17. Blume, Fl. Jav. Chlor. t. 1. Wight, Ic. t. 1945. Bot. Mag. t. 2190.
- 2. Tricercandra. Andrœcium 2-lobum, lobo medio antheram 2-locularem lateralibus antheras 1-loculares ferentibus, connectivis ultra loculos in appendicem longe linearem productis. Tricurcandra, A. Gray in Perry, Jap. Exped. ii. 318, et Mem. Amer. Acad. vi. 405. Saintlegeria, Cordem in Baill. Adans. iii. 300. Rupr. Dec. Pl. Amur. t. 2.
- 3. Sarcandra. Andræcium indivisum, anthera unica 2-loculari. Blume, Fl. Jav. Chlor. t. 2. Sarcandra. Gardn. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. vi. 348. Wight, Ic. t. 1946.
- 2. Ascarina, Forst. Char. Gen. 117, t. 59.—Flores dioici (v. rarius monoici?) utriusque sexus spicati. Perianthium 0. Anthera unica, subsessilis, linearis, cylindracea, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo angusto obtuso vix ultra loculos producto. Ovarium nudum; stigma subsessile, truncatum.—Frutices v. arbusculse aromatice, ramulis ad nodos articulatis. Folia opposita, obtuse serrata, pennivenia, petiolis basi in vaginam brevissimam amplexicaulem connatis, stipulis minimis. Spicse axillares v. terminales, simplices v. basi ramosse v. fasciculatee.

Species 3 v. 4, inter se valde affines, insularum maris Pacifici a Taiti usque ad Novam Caledoniam et Novam Zelandiam incolæ Solms-Laub, in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 478. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 74.

Species Novo-Zelandica, A. lucidà, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 228, in Prodromo perperam nomine novo A. rubricaulis designatur; sed forte stirps Novo-Caledonica sub hoc nomine inclusa specifice distincta erit. Powell formas 2 distinctas A. lanceolata, Hook. f., in ins. Samos invenit, alteram valde aromaticam, alteram inodoram in montibus elatioribus crescentem.

3. **Ecdyosmum**, Swartz, Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 84; Fl. Ind. Occid. 957, t. 18. (Tafalla, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 136, t. 29; Syst. Veg. 269.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, inflorescentiis unisexualibus. Fl. 3 spicati, ebracteati. Anthera unica, subsessilis, linearis v. oblonga, connectivo ultra loculos breviter appendiculato v. subpeltato, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Fl. 2 varie capitulati v. dissiti. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus; limbus brevissimus, 3-dentatus. Stylus brevissimus, apice stigmatosus, v. stigma sessile, obtusum, rarius lineare v. clavatum. Drupa parva, globosa v. ovoidea, interdum 3-quetra v. 3-costata, exocarpio succulento haud crasso, endocarpio sepius duro. Semen ordinis.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores, aromaticæ, ramis ad nodos sepe articulatis. Folia opposita, plerumque serrata, petiolis basi connatis in vaginam brevem v. longiusculam, stipulis ad marginem vaginæ parvis. Inflorescentiæ axillares v. in axillis ultimis pseudoterminales, in speciebus diversis variæ.

Species enumeratæ 23 sed verisimiliter ad 16 reducendæ, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, Solms-Laub, in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 479, ubi in sectiones 3 distribuuntur, sed formas 4 quoad inflorescentiam distinctas agnovimus. 1. In specie typica, H. nutante, Sw., flores monoici, spicze & in pedunculo longo tenui aphyllo nutantes; antheræ connectivum ultra loculos in appendicem erectam loculis æquilongam productum, flores Q secus ramos paniculæ cymosæ dissiti. 2. In H. Grisebachii, Solms, e Cuba, flores ut in omnibus sequentibus dioici; spicze & in panicula plures sessiles; antheræ connectivum supra loculos latiusculum obtusum in loculos recurvum, flores ? ut in H. nutante secus ramos paniculæ cymosæ dissiti v. rarius hinc inde glomerati. Hæc species tamen referenda videtur (ex ic. et descr.) ad H. Bonplandia num, Kunth, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 634, 635, cujus statio Kunthio ignota erat, sed verisimiliter ad plantas Cubenses ab Humb. Bonpl. in Cuba lectas pertinet. 3. In H. arborescente, Sw., affinibusque pluribus ex America australi, flores dioici; spicæ & in panicula plures sessiles v. breviter pedicellati; antheræ connectivum obtusum ultra loculos vix productum v. iis subbrevius, verticem peltatum antheræ formans; flores ♀ per 3-5 glomerati bracteis subinclusi glomerulis paniculatis. 4. In H. scabro, Solms, cui H. Mandoni, Solms, referendum videtur, in H. parvifolio, Cordem., a quo H. cumbalense, Karst. Fl. Columb. ii. t. 168 vix differt, paucisque aliis flores dioici; spicæ utriusque sexus in axillis summis ramulorum solitariæ sessiles, ramulo florifero interdum axillari ad pedunculum apice 2-foliatum reducto, spicæ 👌 demum sæpius valde elongatæ floribundæ, 2 globose v. ovoidem floribus sub bracteis carnosulis fere occultm, fructiferm fere in syncarpium connata; ab his sectio Artocarpoides, Solms, non differt nisi capitulis syncarpiisve ? adhuc majoribus flor.bus numerosioribus, stigmate lineari.

# Ordo CXLI. MYRISTICEE.

Endl. Gon. 829. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 301. Baill. Hist. Pl. ii. 498.

Flores dioici, regulares. Perianthium inferum, deciduum, 3-lobum v. rarius 2- v. 4-lobum, lobis sestivatione valvatis. Fl. 3: Staminum filamenta in columnam centralem elongatam v. brevissimam nunc fere obsoletam connata. Anthere 3-\infty (usque ad 18), columno in annulum parallele adnate, v. ad apicem columno brevissimo erecte liberoque v. in massam globosam connata, 2-loculares, loculis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovorii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium in fundo perianthii sessile, liberum, 1-loculare. Stigma sessile v. subsessile, capitatum v. depressum. Ovulum unicum, e basi loculi erectum, anatropum. Fructus carnosus, in valvas 2 rarius 4 tarde dehiscens. Semen erectum, arillo carnoso v. tenui sepius colorato integro lobato v. lacero involutum; testa carnosa v. tenuis, intus sepe indurata. Albumen durum, copiose

plicate-reminatum. Embryo prope hilum minimus, cotyledonibus divaricatis, radicula

Arbores seepe aromatice. Folia alterna, integerrima, pennivenia, seepe pellucidopunctata. Stipulæ 0. Flores parvi nunc minimi, masculi seepius fasciculati v. subumbellati, fasciculis umbellisve bractea caduca stipatis plus minus paniculatis; bracteolæ sub pedicellis minutæ v. 0. Flores fœminei sæpius pauciores, interdum solitarii. Inflorescentise axillares v. supra-axillares.

Species ad 80, plerseque Asiæ et America tropica incolae, perpauca Africanae, una Madaguscariensis, una Australiensis. Alph. DC. Prod. xiv. 189, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 107, t. 38 ad 44. Gerts. Fruct, t. 41. Lam, in Mem. Acad. So. Par. 1788, 148, t. 5 ad 9.

Genus unicum, nulli arcte affine. A nonnullis botanicis Anonaceis approximatur, ab aliis Monimiaceis, ab utroque ordine characteribus gravioribus, imprimis staminum indole et situ et pistilli structura recedit. Ovarium versimiliter circa ovulum unicum bicarpellatum est.

### GENUS EXCLUSUM.

HTALOSTENMA, Wall in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 302, sub Myristiceis recensitum, est Müiusa inter Anonaccas.

1. Myristica, Linn. Gen. ed. 2 (1742) in ed. 3 omissa et a Linn. f. Suppl. 40 pro genere novo descripta.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species, uti supra ad 80, ab Alph. DC. l. c. in sectiones 13 distributæ, quæ tamen nobis melius ad 7 sequentes reducendæ videntur:—

1. Emmyristica (Eumyristica et Caloneura, DC.). Autheræ 9-∞ rarius 6. lineares, adnata, columna cylindraces v. fusiformi pro maxima parte ab illis obtecta basi breviter nuda. Fructus sæpius majusculus, ovoideus v. oblongus, rarius subglobosus. Flores mediocres v. in ordine majusculi, pedicellati. Species ad 25 Asiatica cum una Australiensi, una etiam in aliis terris inquilina. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 155, 156. Rlume, Rumphia. t. 55 ad 59. Bedd. Fl. Sylv t. 267 ad 269. A. DC. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 38.

Icon M. laurifolia, Hook. et Thoms.; Bedd. l.c. t. 267, columns staminess partem nudam exhibet antheris longiorem. in floribus a nobis examinatis breviorem vidimus.

- 2. Virola, A. DC. Antheræ sæpius 3-6, rarissime plures, lineares, adnatæ, columna cylindracea pro maxime parte ab illis obtecta basi breviter nuda. Fructus inter minores, ovoidei globosi v. latiores quam longi. Flores parvuli v. minimi, 3 numerosi, laxe paniculati. Species ad 12 omnes Americanæ. A. DC. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 39 ad 44. Virola, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 904, t. 345. Sebophora. Neck. Elem. ii 188.
- M. platysperma, Spruce. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 695, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 108, t. 39, ad sectionem Asiaticam refertur ob bracteolarum sub singulis floribus presentiam. Hæ bracteolæ tamen minutæ et raræ sunt, nec in icone depictæ, et species melius recensenda videtur in sectione Americam Virola, ubi etiam in M. sebifera bracteolæ minutæ interdum in inflorescentia juvenili observantur.
- 3. Pyrrhosa, Blume. Antheræ 6-co, lineares, in massam globosam in fundo perianthii sessilem v. subsessilem connatæ. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, sæpius inter minores. Flores minimi subglobosi, & numerosi paniculati. Species ad 10, Asiaticæ. Blume, Rumphia, t. 64. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 90. Antheras interdum apice breviter liberas vidimus iis Gymnacrantheræ accedentes.
- 4. Gymnacranthera (Gymnacranthera et Compsoneura, A. DC.). Anthere 5-6, lineares, ad apicem columnæ brevissimæ v. in fundo perianthii erectæ, conniventes, liberæ v. basi breviter connatæ. Fructus et flores Pyrrhosæ. Species 3, Americanæ. A. DC. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 119, t. 40, f. 2. Bestå. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1260, cum 2 Asiaticis. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 270. His forte addenda species Guianensis inedita, Sagot, n. 1195, antheris pariter in fundo perianthii subsessilibus erectis, sed brevibus nec linearibus.
- 5. Otoba (Sychnoneura, Otoba et Iryanthera, A. DC.). Antherse seepius 3, breves, ad apicem columnee elongatee tenuis v. prope basin incrassatee adnate. Fructus brevis, interdum latus et prominenter 2-costatus. Flores parvi, paniculati, porianthio seepe fere 3-partito. Species ad 15, Americanee. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Equin. ii. t. 103. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. 66, t. 57.
- In M. surinamensi et affinibus columnse pars inferior nuda anthere subsequilonga v. parum longior, in plerisque speciebus iis multo longior. M. Hostmanni, columna staminea apice subclavata, sectionem cum Irya connectit.

- 6. Irya (Horefieldia et Irya, A. DC.). Antheræ 3-6, breves, ad apicem columnse plus minus clavatæ v. vertice leviter concavæ adnatæ, columnse parte nuda tenui iis multo longiore. Fructus globosus v. ovoideo-oblongus. Flores parvi nunc minimi, paniculati. Species 4 v. 5, Asiatiese v. Africanæ. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 89. Blume, Rumphia, t. 62, 63. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1261, 1262. Horsfieldia, Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 872.
- In M. Horsfieldia, Bl., et in speciebus 2 ex Africa tropica, flores 3 dense globoso-capitati in receptaculo carnoso sossiles v. brevissime pedicellati, in M. Irya, Gærtn, distinctius pedicellati fasciculati. Sectio Dictyoneura, A. DC., species unica Madagascariensis nobis ignota, ex charactere dato verisimiliter Irya adsocianda.
- 7. Knema, Blume. Antherse 3-6, breves, ad apicem columnæ in discum dilatatæ adnatæ, circa marginem disci distinctæ, radiantes. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus. Flores parvi nunc minimi, paniculati. Species 11, Asiaticæ.—Blume, Rumphia, t. 60, 61. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 271. Knema, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 604.

# Ordo CXLII. MONIMIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 313. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 298. Baill. Hist. Pl. i. 289. ATHEROSPERMER, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 300.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, regulares. Perianthium inferum, globosum ovoideum turbinatum depressum v. rarius campanulatum, dentibus lobisve sæpe conniventibus 4-∞, 2-∞-seriatim imbricatis, requalibus v. exterioribus sepaloideis in interiora plus minus petaloidea gradatim v. abrupte mutatis nunc minimis v. rarius obsoletis, perianthio tunc ore subclauso rarius impervio. Discus staminifer tubo perianthii alte adnatus, rarius apice breviter liber. Stamina sæpius indefinita, pauca v. plurima 1-2-seriata, v. sæpe numerosa discum ∞-seriatim obtegentia, perianthio inclusa; filamenta brevia nunc brevissima, v. subnulla, seepius complanata, basi utrinque glandula more Laurinearum aucta v. nuda. Antheræ erectæ, cum filamento continuæ, lateraliter introrsum v. extrorsum 2-loculares, loculis distinctis v. apice confluentibus, rima longitudinali v. valva a basi sursum recurva dehiscentibus. Staminudia in fl. ♀ sæpe desunt. Ovarii carpella ∞ v. rarissime solitaria, in fundo perianthii sessilia v. disco carnoso tubum vestiente v. umplente semi-immersa v. sepulta, 1-locularia, stylo brevi nunc brevissimo v. elongato coronata; stigma terminale, obtusum v. parvum. Ovulum unicum, a basi erectum v. ab apice pendulum, excentrice affixum, anatropum v. rarius orthotropum; ovarii rudimenta in fl. 3 desunt. Fructus carpella distincta, rarius solitaria, perianthio aucto inclusa v. perianthio deciduo in receptaculo disciformi v. parvulo sessilia v. stipitata, indehiscentia, sæpius drupacea, exocarpio succoso carnoso v. rarius membranaceo, endocarpio osseo crustaceo v. membranaceo. Semen erectum v. pendulum, testa membranacea. Albumen carnosum. Embryo prope hilum axilis v. rarius ab hilo remotus, minimus v. dimidium albuminis superans, cotyledonibus sepius ovatis erectis v. divaricatis, radicula infera v. supera.

Arbores fruticesve, rarius scandentes, sæpius fragrantes. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna, integerrima v. irregulariter serrata, coriacea v. rarius membranacea, pennivenia. Stipulæ 0. Flores cymosi v. racemosi rarius solitarii, parvi v. mediocres, inflorescentiis axillaribus v. rarius terminalibus quam folia brevioribus. Bracteæ parvæ v. 0, rarius geminæ inflorescentiam juniorem valvatim includentes.

Species vix 150, Americæ et Asiæ calidioris ins. Mascarensium Australiæ et ins. Maris Pacifici australis incolæ. In Africa diu incognitæ, nunc genere parvo in regione tropica occidentali habitationem sibi vindicant.

Ordo biformis sed bene naturalis, a pluribus botanicis Anonaceis approximatur ob gynœcium apocarpicum et embryonem sepius minimum, sed perianthio calycino apetalo albumine equabili aliisque notis essentialibus longiuscule recedit. Laurineis affinior presertim tribus Atherospermeca-

rum quarum antherse peculiares omnino *Laurissarum*, et olea aromatica in utroque ordine eadem, sed *Monimiaces* characteribus cesteris tam floris quam seminis facillime distinguuntur, nec cum ullo alio ordine confundende.

### FORME ABNORMES.

Folia alterna in speciebus perpaucis Tambourissæ et Siparunæ, in Levieria, Amborella et Glossocalyce.

Flores juniores bracteis 2 valvatis inclusi in Atherospermo et Doryphora.

Perianthium? e squamis imbricatis membranaceis caducissimis in Piptocalyce et Trimenia; perianthii lobi 8-00, 2-00-seriati in Peumo, Hortonia et Levieria.

Gynsecium 1-carpicum in Piptocalyce et Trimenia.

Stylus in carpellis maturis fere basilaris in Doryphora et Nemuaro.

Ovulum orthotropum? in Daphnandra et Amborella.

Embryo dimidium albuminis æquans v. paullo suporans, cotyledonibus rectis in speciebus paucis Hedycaryæ, divaricatis extrariisque in Peumo.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Monimiess. Antherarum loculi rima longitudinali bivalvatim dehiscentes, distincti v. apice confluentes. Ovulum pendulum.

- \* Drupe perianthio aucto vertice contracto subclauso omnino incluse. Antherarum loculi distincti.
  - 1. Monimia. Perianthium junius poro parvo dentato pervium, 3 per anthesin in valvas 4-6 fissum. Stamina pleraque basi 2-glandulosa. Carpella in discum perianthium intus vestientem sessilia, v. in eo leviter immersa.—Ins. Mascar.
  - 2. Tambourissa. Perianthium Monimue. Stamina eglandulosa. Carpella in disco perianthium intus vestiente omnino sepulta.—Ins. Mascar., Java.
  - 3. Palmeria. Perianthium & depressum, lobis inflexis clausum. Stamina eglandulosa. Carpella intra perianthium sessilia, libera (v. pulpa circumdata?). Caulis scandens.—Australia, Nov. Guinea.
- \*\* Drupæ in receptaculo disciformi sessiles v. stipitatæ, perianthio oæterum circumscisse deciduo.
  - † Antheræ subsessiles loculis apice in unum confluentibus.
  - 4. Mollinedia. Perianthii & lobi 4, conniventes. Stamina co, intra perianthium irregulariter co-seriata. Flores seepius dioici.—Amer. trop., Australia.
  - 5. Kibara. Perianthii 3 lobi 4, conniventes. Stamina 4, lobis opposita, 1-4 interiora. Flores seepius monoici.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Australia.
  - 6. EPHIPPIANDRA. Perianthium 3 per anthesin alte 4-fidum. Stamina 4 in lobis solitaria, 6 prope basin loborum. Flores dioici.—Madagascaria.

## †† Antherarum loculi paralleli, distincti.

- 7. MATTHEA. Perianthii 3 ore seriei duplici loborum 4 subclausum. Stamina 4, filamentis brevissimis eglandulosis.—Archip. Malay.
- 8. HEDYCARYA. Perianthii lobi 7-10, parvi, conniventes. Stamina numerosa, filamentis brevissimis eglandulosis.—Australia, Nov. Zel., Nov. Coledonia, ins. Fiji.
- 9. Peumus. Perianthii lobi 10-12. Stamina numerosa, filamentis angustis basi utrinque giandula auctis.—Chile.
- \*\*\* Drupæ in receptaculo parum aucto ressiles v. stipitatæ, perianthii lobis deciduis v. emarcidis,
  - 10. Hobtonia. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii lobi numerosi. Stamina 7-12.—Ind. or., Zevlan.
  - 11. LEVIERIA. Flores dioici. Perianthii & segmenta 8, Q dentes 4. Stamina numerosa. Folia alterna. —Nov. Guinea.
  - 12. Amborella. Flores dioici. Perianthii 3 lobi 5-7. Stamina numerosa. Folia alterna.

    —Nov. Caledonia.
- 13? Pippocalix. Flores polygami. Perianthii segmenta v. squame ad 6. Stamina co, filamentis filiformibus. Ovarii carpellum unicum. Caulis scandens.—Australia.

- 14? TRIMENIA. Flores polygami. Squamse (perianthii segments v. bractem) co, imbricats. Stamina 9-12, filamentis brevissimis. Ovarii carpellum unicum. Caulis arboreus.—Ins. Fiji.
- Tribus II. Atherespermess. Antherarum loculi distincti, valvis sursum a basi ad apicem solutis dehiscentes. Ovulum erectum v. rarius pendulum. Perianthium fructiferum auctum, carpella includens, demum sæpe varie fissum v. circumscissum.
  - \* Discus carnosus, perianthii Q tubum inter carpella implens.
  - 15. CONULBUM. Perianthium & ante anthesin impervium (per anthesin circumscissum?), Q circa disci apicem circumscissum, ore terminali parvo integerrimo.—Guiana.
  - 16. SIPARUNA. Perianthium utriusque sexus apice pervium ore undulato v. lobis 4-6 conniventibus subclauso, fructiferum totum persistens.—Amer. trop.
  - 17. GLOSSOCALYX. Perianthium utriusque sexus limbo oblique cyathiformi hinc in acumen breve v. longum producto coronatum, fructiferum persistens.—Afr. trop. occid.
    - \*\* Discus inter carpella sæpius pilosus at non intrusus.
    - † Flores juniores bracteis 2 valvatim involucrantibus inclusi.
  - 18. Atherosperma. Flores in involucro solitarii. Antheræ muticæ. Perianthium fructi-ferum depresso-globosum.—Australia.
  - 19. Donyphora. Flores in involucro terni. Antheræ connectivo apice longe subulato appendiculatæ. Perianthium fructiferum anguste tubulosum. Stylus excentricus, demum carpello accreto fere basilaris.—Australia.
    - †† Flores laxe cymosi v. breviter racemosi, exinvolucrati.
  - 20. Nemuaron. Antheræ introrsum 2-locellatæ. Perianthium fructiferum tubulosum, 2-3-valve. Ovulum erectum. Stylus excentricus, demum carpello accreto fere basilaris.—Nov. Caledonia.
  - 21. LAURRILA. Antheræ lateraliter 2-locellatæ. Perianthium fructiferum tubulosum, demum sæpe fissum. Ovulum erectum. Stylus in carpello lineari v. fusiformi terminalis. Chile, Nov. Zelandia.
  - 22. DAPHNANDRA. Antheræ extrorsum 2-locellatæ. Perianthium fructiferum anguste tubulosum. Ovulum pendulum. Stylus in carpello angusto terminalis.—Australia.

## GENERA EXCLUSA.

CALYCANTHACKE, a Baillonio Monimiaccis inclusse, jam supra i. 15 pro ordine distincto ab his perianthio seminibus aliisque notis longe diverso recensite sunt.

# TRIBUS I, MONIMIEÆ.

- 1. Montmia, Thou. Hist. Veg. Afr. Austr. 35, t. 9.—Flores dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthium ovoideum v. globosum, ore minuto 4-6-dentatum, demum in lobos 4-6 valvatos alte fissum. Discus parietem totum vestiens, intus glaber. Stamina numerosa, multisoriata, brevia, filamentis brevibus basi utrinque glandula sæpe stipitata auctis; antheræ ovoideæ, loculis distinctis parallelis lateralibus rima longitudinali subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthium globosum, diu subclausum, disco interne piloso. Staminodia 0. Carpella pauca, in disco sessilia v. leviter immersa, in stylum tenuem contracta; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ parvulæ, perianthio aucto globoso clauso v. irregulariter fisso inclusæ, endocarpio indurato-crustaceo. Semen pendulum; embryo parvus, in seminibus examinatis imperfectus; cotyledones (ex Tulasneo) divaricatæ.—Frutices. Folia opposita, integerrima, coriacea, sæpe molliter pubescentia. Flores parvuli, ad axillas breviter cymosi.
- Species 3, ins. Mascarensium incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 661. Bory, Voy. Res Afr. t. 18 (Ambora). Tul. in Arch. Mus. Par. viii. t. 29.
- 2. Tambourtssa, Sonn. Voy. Ind. Or. iii. 267, t. 134. (Ambora. Juss. Gen. 401. Mithridatea, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 783.)—Flores dioici v. monoici. Fl. 3: Perianthium ovoideum v. subglobosum, carnosum, obtusissimum, junius impervium v. apice minute 4-6-dentatum,

deinum in lobos 4-6 valvatos patentes alte fissum. Discus parietem totum vestiens. Stamina numerosa, multiseriata, eglandulosa; antheres subsessiles, oblonges, loculis distinctis parallelis lateralibus seepius undulatis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Fl. 9: Perianthium subclausum. Staminodia 0. Carpella numerosa, disco carnoso glabro parietem undique vestiente sepulta, stylo breviasimo conico solo intra cavum perianthii e disco prominente; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ intra perianthium auctum carnosum subclausum inclusæ, mediante disco connatæv. in locellis disci liberæ. Semen pendulum; embryo brevis, axilis, in seminibus examinatis ‡ longitudinis albuminis, cotyledonibus ovatis v. ellipticis.—Arbores. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna, coriacea. Flores ad axillas v. ad apices ramorum pauci, cymosi v. racemosi, in ordine sæpe majusculi, rarius in paniculam terminalem dispositi.

Species descriptæ 14, quarum una Javanica, cæteræ omnes Mascarenses.—A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 658. Tul. in Archiv. Mus. Par. viii. t 25 ad 27 (Ambora).

3. Palmeria, F. Muell. Fraqm. Phyt. Austral. iv. 151, v. 2.—Flores dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthium hemisphæricum, lobis 4-6 leviter imbricatis plano-conniventibus subclausum. Discus perianthii tubum vestiens intus pilosulum. Stamina numerosa, multiseriata, eglandulosa; antheræ subsessiles, lanceolatæ, loculis parallelis distinctis rima longitudinali introrsum dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthium subglobosum, ore minuto. Staminodia 0. Carpella numerosa, distincta, perianthio inclusa, stylis filiformibus ex ore breviter exsertis; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ perianthio aucto irregulariter globoso v. pyriformi inclusæ. Semen pendulum; embryo in speciminibus adhuc imperfectum.—Frutices scandentes (v. arbores l). Folia opposita, integerrima. Flores parvi, in cymis axillaribus racemiformis v. paniculis parvis plurimi, pedicellati, ebracteati.

Species I v. 2 Australienses. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 291, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1263, quibus addidit tertiam e Nova Guinea Beccuri, Malesia, 186.

4. Mollinedia, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 83, t. 15; Syst. Veg. 142. (Tetratome, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 46, t. 163.)—Flores unisexuales, sæpius dioici. Fl. ♂: Perianthium ovoideum globosum turbinatum v. rarius oblongum, lobis 4 biseriatim imbricatis conniventibus rarius subpatentibus æqualibus v. interioribus majoribus interdumque dentatis. Discus tubo adnatus. Stamina ∞, pauca v. numerosa, irregulariter ∞-seriata; antheræ ovoideæ v. oblongæ, sessiles v. vix stipitatæ, loculis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus apice in unum confluentibus. Fl. ♀: Perianthium post anthesin supra discum circumscisse deciduum. Staminodia 0. Carpella numerosa in receptaculo ∞-seriata; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ ∞, ovoideæ, in receptaculo disciformi dilatato sessilia v. stipitata. Semen pendulum; embryo parvus, axilis, cotyledonibus ovatis rectis, radicula supera.—Arbores fructicesve. Folia opposita, integerrima v. dentata. Flores parvuli, in cymis brevibus laxis racemiformibus v. thyrsoideis axillaribus v. subterminalibus pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ v. 0.

Species ad 30, quarum 3 (v. 4?) Australienses, cæteur omnes Americæ calidioris incolæ a Brasilia australi usque ad Mexicum.—A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 663. Tul. in Archiv. Mus, Par. viii. 373, t. 31 ad 33, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 84 ad 86. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 286.

5. Etbara, Endl. Gen. 314. (Brongniartia, Blum. Bijdr. 435, non H. B. et K. Sciadicarpus, Hassk. in Flora, 1842, Beibl. ii. 20. Sarcodiscus, Griff. Notul. iv. 380; Ic. t. 545. Wilkiea, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. ii. 64.)—Flores monoici, rarius dioici. Fl. f: Perianthium ovoideum globosum v. hemisphæricum, lobis v. dentibus 42-scriatim imbricatis conniventibus subclausum v. rarius magis apertum. Discus tubo admatus v. superne liber, annularis v. tubulosus. Stamina 5-8, 2-scriata, 4 ad marginem disci lobis dentibusve opposita, 1-4 interiora minora, omnia perianthio breviora; antheræ subscessiles, loculis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus apice in unum confluentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthium post anthesin supra discum circumscissum, deciduum. Staminodia 0. Carpella  $\infty$ , in receptaculo conferta, libera; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ  $\infty$ , ovoideæ, in receptaculo disciformi dilatato sessiles v. stipitatæ. Semen pendulum;

embryo parvus, axilis, cotyledonibus ovatis rectis, radicula supera.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia opposita, integerrima v. dentata. Flores parvuli, in cymis paniculisve brevibus axillaribus lateribusve pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ v. 0.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ incolæ.—A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 670. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 288. Beccari, Malesia, 186. Blum, Mus. Bot. ii. t. 9.

6. Ephippiandra, Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 278, t. 7.—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthium globosum aut pyriforme, junius subclausum 4-dentatum, demum in lobos 4 valvatos patentes fissum. Discus parietem vestiens glabrum. Stamina intra discum 10, 2-3-seriata; antheræ 4 in lobos, 6 ad eorum basin sessiles, transversæ, subreniformes, 1-loculares, rima supera dehiscentes. Fl. \( \phi : Carpella \infty, exigua, in receptaculo carnoso pateriformi cum basi perianthii persistente confertim sessilia, obtusissima; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Fructus . .—Arbuscula habitu Myrti. Folia opposita, integra, perennantia. Flores & in axillis 1-2, pedicellati. (Char. ex Done.)

Species 1, Madagascariensis, a nobis non visa. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 662.

7. Matthesa, Blum. Mus. Bot. ii. 89, t. 10. — Flores dioici. Fl. ♂ (a nobis non visi): Perianthium depresso-turbinatum, ore seriei duplici loborum 4 subclausum. Stamina 5, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovoideæ, 2-loculares, loculis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus (Blume). Fl. ♀: Perianthium depresso-globosum, fere hemisphæricum, junius clausum, per anthesin circumscisse dehiscens. Staminodia 0. Carpella numerosissima, receptaculum latum planum dense obtegentia, sessilia v. breviter stipitata, in stylum oblongum brevissimum desinentia; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ carnosæ, in receptaculo disciformi pedicellatæ. Semen pendulum, albumine carnoso duro; embryo teres, rectus, longiusculus, radicula supera, cotyledonibus brevibus rectis.—Frutex. Folia opposita, coriacea, integerrima v. remote serrulata, glabra. Flores ad axillas v. ad nodos vetustos ramorum fasciculati, pedicellati.

Species unica, Archipelagi Malayani incola.—A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 669.

8. **Edycarya**, Forst. Char. Gen. 127, t. 64.—Flores dioici. Fl. 5: Perianthium depressum v. hemisphæricum, lobis 7-10 parvis inflexis subclausum. Discus adnatus, parietem fere totum vestiens. Stamina numerosa, discum fere totum obtegentia; anthera subsessiles, loculis distinctis parallelis a latere rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Fl.  $\circ$ : Perianthium sub anthesi supra basin disciferum circumscissum deciduum. Staminodia 0. Carpella numerosa, discum obtegentia, sessilia, in stylum brevem obtusum desinentia; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ mediocres v. parvæ, in receptaculo disciformi stipitatæ v. sessiles. Semen pendulum, albuminosum; embryo axilis, brevis v. dimidio albuminis longior, cotyledonibus rectis, radicula supera.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia opposita, integerrima v. dentata, coriacea. Flores ad axillas breviter cymosi v. in paniculas breves racemiformes dispositi. Bracteæ parvæ v. 0.

Species ad 8, una Novo-Zelandica, altera Australica, cæteræ Novæ Caledoniæ v. ins. Fiji incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 672. Baill. Adans. ix. 132. A. Ruch. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 33 (Zonthoxylum). Raoul, Choix Pl. N. Zel. t. 30. Tul. in Archiv. Mus. Par. viii. t. 34.

In plerisque specie ous fructus carpella plura sed non numerosa stipitata. inter quas in *H. dentata* embryonem invenimus dimidium longitudinis albuminis superantem, cotyledonibus amplis ellipticis fere ut in icone *A. Richardi*, supra citata, depictus est. In specie Novo-Caledonica fructu simili, embryo vix quartam partem albuminis attingit, cotyledonibus orbiculatis radicula vix longioribus. In *H. angustifolia*, A. Cunn.; Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 291; F. Muell. Pl. Vict. t. suppl. 2, carpella numerosa, parva, globosa, in receptaculum carnosulum sessilia, fructum *Mori* simulant. In his embryonem vidimus subteretem, cotyledonibus parum dilatatis.

9. Poumus, Pers. Syn. ii. 629. (Ruizia, Ruiz et Par. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 135, t. 29; Syst. Veg. 266, non Cav. Boldea, Juss. in Ann. Mus. Par. xiv. 134.)—Flores dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthii tubus late campanulatus, lobi 10-12, 2-3-seriatim imbricati, exteriores herbacei v. membranacei, interiores magis petaloidei. Discus calycis tubum vestiens,

intus pilosus. Stamina numerosa, in disco co-seriata, tubo inclusa; filamentis angustis brevibus basi utrinque glandula substipitata auctis; antherse 2-loculares, loculis distinctis parallelis a latero rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthium masculo minus, lobis minoribus magis insequalibus, post anthesin supra basin disciferam circumscissum, deciduum. Staminodia pauca, parva. Carpella co, in fundo perianthii sessilia, tomentosa, in stylum brevissimum desinentia; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupse 2-5, rarius solitarise, in receptaculo discoideo brevissime stipitatse, parvule. Semen pendulum, albumine copioso; embryo juxta hilum, cotyledonibus amplis divaricatis radicula supera longioribus.—Arbuscula sempervirens, fragrans. Folia opposita, coriacea, scabra, subtus elevato-venosa. Flores albi, in cymas terminales foliis breviores v. vix longiores dispositi.

Species 1, Chilensis. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii, 674. Endl. Iconogr. t. 21 (Ruizia). Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 57 (Boldon).

Embryo ab auctoribus minimus dicitur; in seminibus tamen a nobis examinatis dimidium saltem albuminis longitudinem sequantem invenimus, qualis in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 298 depictus, albumine tamen inclusus nec extrarius.

Persoon primus nomen Peuni generi Pavoniano attribuit. Peunus, Molin., est genus fictum hexandrum, e characteribus generum variorum Monimiacearum et Laurinearum compositum.

10. **Mertenia,** Wight, ex Arn. in Mag. Zool. and Bot. ii. 545.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus, lobi ∞ (ultra 20), ∞-seriatim imbricati, ab extimis latis sepaloideis in intimos petaloideos spathulatos v. lineares gradatim mutati. Discus tubum vestiens, intus pilosus. Stamina 7-12, ad marginem disci 1-2-seriatim affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis brevibus angustis basi utrinque glandula magna auctis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis distinctis parallelis extrorsum rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Carpella in centro perianthii ∞, sessilia, in stylum brevem nunc brevissimum contracta, stigmate tenui v. parum dilatato; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ oblique ovatæ, in receptaculo vix incrassato breviter stipitatæ, perianthii reliquiis emarcidis circumdatæ. Semen late ovatum, plano-compressum, albumine carnoso; embryo axilis, brevis, cotyledonibus obovatis erectis v. divergentibus radicula supera longioribus.—Frutices fragrantes. Folia opposita, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia v. subtriplinervia. Flores pallide flavi, in cymis laxis brevibus ad axillas pedunculatis haud numerosi. Bracteæ parvæ v. 0.

Species v. varietates insignes 2 v. 3, Zeylaniæ et Peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 672. Wight, Ic. t. 1997, 1998.

11. Levieria, Beccari, Malesia, 192.—Flores monoici. Fl. &: Perianthii tubus subnullus, segmenta 8, 4 exteriora 2-seriatim subsepaloidea, 4 interiora subpetaloidea. Stamina numerosa, &-seriata, exteriora segmentis interioribus subconformia, interiora minora angustiora, connectivis apice subtruncatis; antheræ (subsessiles?), loculis lateralibus distinctis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Fl. Q: Perianthium subglobosum, urceolatum, apice 1-bracteatum, ore 4-dentato-lobato, dein irregulariter fissum, intus pilosum. Carpella &, receptaculo acervata, ovoideo-oblonga, stylo crasso corniculato terminata; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Drupæ ovoideæ, receptaculo incrassato margine reflexo insidentes, endocarpio crustaceo; embryo minutus, axilis, cotyledonibus ovatis divergentibus radicula supera longioribus.—Frutex innovationibus tomentosis. Folia alterna, elliptica v. elliptico-lanceolata, apicem versus obtusissime repando-dentata, longe acuminata. Racemi axillares, foliis breviores, subsimplices v. parce ramosi. Drupæ in receptaculo fructifero sessiles, parvæ. (Char. ex Beccari.)

Species 1, Novæ Guineæ et Amboynæ incola, a nobis non visa.

12. Amberella, Baill. Adans. x. 354.—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthium hemisphæricum, lobis 5-7 sub-2-seriatis latis conniventibus. Discus tubum vestiens intus leviter pilosus. Stamina co (ultra 20), co-seriata, inclusa, filamentis brevissimis latis eglandulosis; antheræ oblongse, loculis distinctis parallelis rima longitudinali introrsum dehis-

centibus. Fl. 2 ignoti. Fructus carpella co (3-6) parvula, in receptaculo parvo stipitata, oblique ovali-oblonga, compressiuscula, vix drupacea, rete elevato rugosa, stylo brevi coronata, pericarpio sicco indurato-crustaceo. Semen juxta apicem funiculo laterali affixum, pendulum, testa membranacea, albumine carnoso, embryone minuto ex obs. Bailloni ad extremitatem inferam ab hilo remoto.—Frutex subsarmentosus. Folia alterna, ovali-oblonga, pennivenia, reticulato-venulosa, margine integerrima v. undulato-repanda. Flores parvi, cymis laxis brevibus ad axillas subsessilibus. Bracteæ 0.

Species 1, Novo-Caledonica, foliis alternis et fructibus parvis valde rugosis fere echinatis insignis, quoad flores fœmineos ulterius inquirenda. Embryonem minutum in seminibus examinatis haud deteximus.

13? Piptocalyz, Oliv. in Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 292.—Flores polygami. Perianthii tubus discifer brevissimus v. 0, segmenta ad 6, 2-seriatim imbricata, subæqualia, membranacea, squamiformia, caducissima. Stamina ∞, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, filamento subæquilongæ, loculis distinctis parallelis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpellum in fl. ♀ 1, sessile, stigmate lato sessili; ovulum pendulum, anatropum. Fructus ignotus.—Frutex scandens. Folia opposita, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores parvi, racemosi, flore terminali hermaphrodito, lateralibus masculis oppositis brevissime pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ, caducissimæ.

Species 1. Australiæ orientalis incola.

14? Trimenta, Secm. Fl. Vit. 425, t. 99.—Flores polygami. Squamæ numerosæ, ovatæ, membranaceæ, œ-seriatim imbricatæ, ab exterioribus (bracteis?) in interiores (perianthii segmenta?) gradatim increscentes, stamina pistillumque includentes, anthesi peracta caducissimæ. Fl. 3: Stamina 9-12, toro 2-3-seriatim affixa, filamentis brevissimis liberis; antheræ magnæ, lineari-oblongæ, loculis lateraliter adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter subextrorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in conum brevem producto. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. \( \rangle \) v. pseudohermaphroditi: Stamina marium nisi minora antheris tenuibus ut videtur effœtis. Ovarii carpellum 1, oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma in vertice oblique truncato sessile, latum, undique papilloso-penicillatum; ovulum 1, ab apice loculi pendulum, anatropum. Fructus . . . . —Arbor (Seemann) glabra ramulis interdum lineis a petiolo decurrentibus angulatis. Folia opposita, petiolata, leviter serrata, pennivenia, venis primariis transversis parallelis. Flores laxe racemulosi, racemulis in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramorum paniculatis, paniculis ebracteatis v. bracteis minutis caducis, pedicellis brevibus. Flores plerique \( \frac{1}{2} \), nonnulli \( \frac{1}{2} \) v. \( \rangle \) in panicula irregulariter dispositi.

Species 1, ins. Fiji incola. Genus evidenter *Piptocalyci* valde affine, et forte melius notum illi adjungendum, sed seminis structura in utroque ignota locus systematicus adhuc dubius; a *Ternstra-miaceis* quibus adsociavit Seemann certe longe distans.

# TRIBUS II. ATHEROSPERMEÆ.

15. Conuleum, A. Rich. in Mem. Soc. Hist. Nat. Par. i. 391, t. 25—Flores dioici (rarius monoici?). Fl. 3: Perianthium obovoideo-clavatum, in speciminibus nostris integerrimum, impervium (an demum circumscissum?). Discus in fundo perianthii brevis, carnosulus, parum prominens; antherse in disco sessiles, in speciminibus nostris 7-8, 4 ad marginem disci late, apice introrsum 2-locellate, locellis valvis sursum dehiscentibus, 3-4 interiores angustiores, truncate, locellis parvis v. effectis. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum, apice ore parvo integerrimo pervium, per anthesin ad apicem tubi circumscissum, parte libera decidus. Discus carnosus intus inter carpella intrusus, cavum in loculos dividens, supra tubum prominens, in conum apice poro parvo pervium productus. Carpella in loculis disci plus minus inclusa, in stylos tenues demum ultra conum prominentes desinentia, libera v. superne coherentia; ovulum erectum, anatropum. Fructus . . . . —Arbuscula ramulis foliis inflorescentiaque more Eleag-

norum lepidotis. Folia opposita, integerrima. Flores parvuli, in cymas breves axillares dispositi, & pedicellati, & subsessiles.

Species 1, Cayennensis. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 643 (Siparuna sect.). Specimina 2 tantum vidimus, & a Martinio, ? a Sagotio lecta.

16. Siparuna, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 864, t. 333. (Citrosma, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 134, t. 29; Syst. Veg. 263.)—Flores polygamo-dioici v. rarius monoici. Perianthii tubus ovoideus subglobosus obconicus v. urceolatus, superne interdum carnosus valdeque dilatatus; limbus brevis, connivens, ore undulato v. breviter lateque 4-6-lobo, rarius breviter expansus. Discus tubo adnatus, in fl. 3 ad faucem pone antheras annulatus v. vix prominens, in fl. 2 carnosus, intra tubum plus minus inter carpella intrusus, cavum in loculos dividens, ad faucem sæpe prominens et circa stylos connivens. Stamina fl. & pauca v. numerosa, perianthio inclusa; antheræ sessiles v. in filamenta brevia lata contractæ, ad marginem disci 1-seriatæ v. intra discum 2-∞-seriatæ, introrsum prope apicem 2-locellatæ, locellis valvis sursum dehiscentibus; interiores dum adsint sæpe angustiores locellis interdum effectis. Carpella fl. 2 pauca v. plura, singula locellis disci plus minus inclusa, in stylum desinentia; styli liberi v. apice connati e perianthio demum breviter exserti; ovulum e basi loculi erectum, anatropum. Fructus ficiformis perianthio cum disco aucto sæpius carnoso intus irregulariter co-loculato, Drupæ in loculis fructus liberse, exocarpio sepius tenui, endocarpio fragili v. duro levi rugoso v. echinato. Semen erectum, testa membranacea, albumine copioso; embryo juxta hilum minimus.— Frutices v. arbusculæ odore grato, indumento simplici rarius stellato v. lepidoto. Folia segura opposita. Flores laxe cymulosi, cymulis geminatim axillaribus v. in ramis vetustis lateralibus folio multo brevioribus, pedicellis sæpius brevibus.

Species ad 60, per Americam tropicam late dispersæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 643 (excl. sect. Conulca). Tul. in Archiv. Mus. Par. viii. t. 28 ad 30, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 82, 83 (Citriosma). Poepp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 164 (Citrosma).

- 17. Glossocalyz, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1301, 1302.—Flores dioici. Fl. f: Perianthii tubus campanulatus, ore latiusculo annulo interiore carnoso semiclauso, limbus late et oblique cysthiformis, valde inæqualiter 5-dentatus v. sublobatus, uno latere in acumen lanceolatum breve v. longe linguiforme productus. Discus tubo adnatus, in fl. f præter annulum faucis parum prominens, in fl. ♀ carnosus, intra tubum plus minus inter carpella intrusus, cavum in loculos dividens, ab annulo faucis subdistinctus. Stamina ∞, perianthio inclusa, intra discum 2-3-seriata, filamentis brevibus latis subconnatis; antheræ ad apicem filamenti sessiles, ovatæ, introrsum 2-locellatæ, valvis sursum dehiscentes. Carpella fl. ♂ ∞, singula locellis disci plus minus inclusa, in stylum desinentia; styli liberi, e perianthii fauce breviter exserti; ovulum e basi loculi erectum. Fructus immaturus (in G. longicuspide) subglobosus, angulatus, carnosus, limbo perianthii emarcido coronatus, maturum non vidimus, sed verisimiliter ei Siparumo similis.—Arbores ramulis gemmisque novellis pilis rigidulis pubescentibus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, longe oblonga v. obovali-oblonga, acuminata, pennivenia. Flores ad axillas pauci, fasciculati, breviter pedicellati.
- Species 2, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Genus Siparunæ affine, differt patria, foliis omnibus alternis et perianthii forma peculiari.
- 18. Atherceperma, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 74, t. 224.—Flores polygamo-monoici v. dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthii tubus brevis, late campanulatus; lobi 8, rarius 10, subæquales, 2-seriatim imbricati, exterioribus parum latioribus. Discus tubum vestiens. Stamina 10-12, inclusa, margine disci 2-3-seriatim affixa, filamentis brevibus planis utrinque glandula aliformi auctis; antherse breves, latæ, extrorsum 2-locellatæ, locellis valvis sursum dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthii tubus campanulatus; lobi quam in masculo minores, nonnulli v. fere omnes sæpe cadusissimi v. deficientes. Staminodia numerosa, co-seriata. Carpella in fundo perianthii numerosa, libera, in stylos longiusculos desinentis; ovulum erectum, anatropum. Perianthium fructiferum depresso-globosum, ore

leviter contracto staminodiis persistentibus quasi denticulato. Carpella angusta, in stylos longos exsertos plumosos desinentia, sicca, pericarpio tenui. Semen erectum, testa membranacea; embryo in basi albuminis carnosi brevis, axilis, cotyledonibus brevibus rectis, radicula infera.—Arbor. Folia opposita, integerrima v. dentata. Flores ad axillas solitarii, breviter pedunculati, intra bracteas 2 cymbiformes valvatim involucrantes demum deciduas sessiles.

Species 1, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 284.

19. Deryphera, Endl. Gen. Pl. 315; Iconogr. t. 10. (Learosa, Reichb. ex Endl. Gen. Pl. Suppl. ii. 35.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus per anthesin brevissimus campanulatus, post anthesin auctus cylindraceus; lobi 6, 2-seriatim imbricati. Discus adnatus, tenuis. Stamina perfecta sæpius 6, ad apicem tubi lobis opposita, filamentis brevibus basi utrinque glandula aliformi auctis; antheræ extrorsum 2-locellatæ, locellis valvula sursum dehiscentibus, connectivo in acumen longum subulatum producto. Staminodia intra stamina 6-12. Carpella  $\infty$ , in fundo perianthii sessilia, distincta, stylo elongato mox laterali; ovulum erectum, anatropum. Perianthium fructiferum cylindraceum, sæpe fissum, lobis caducis. Carpella sicca a latere accreta, ascendentia, stylo longo plumoso demum fere basali; pericarpium tenue. Semen erectum, maturum ignotum.—Arbor. Folia opposita, dentata. Flores axillares, intra bracteas 2 cymbiformes valvatim involucrantes terni, sessiles, capitulo breviter pedunculato.

Species 1, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 283.

20. Wemuaren, Baill. Adans. x. 351.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus per anthesin brevis; lobi 6-8, 3-4-seriati. Stamina 4-8, filamentis basi utrinque glandula auctis; antherse introrsum 2-locellatæ, locellis valvis sursum dehiscentibus, connectivo haud producto. Staminodia  $\infty$ , interiora, parva. Carpella pauca, anguste conica, receptaculo tubum perianthii vestienti adnata, stylo longo fragilissimo; ovulum erectum. Perianthii tubus fructifer auctus, carnosus, 2 3-valvatim fissus, carpellis lateraliter accretis subhippocrepiformibus, stylo laterali fere basilari. Pericarpium semini adnatum.—Frutices glabri. Folia opposita, coriacea, crenato-dentata. Flores pauci, in cymas breves axillares dispositi.

Species 2, Novo-Caledonicæ, una tantum nobis nota e specimino vix perfecto, charactere partim ex Baill. l. c.

- 21. Zaurelia, Juss. in Ann. Mus. Par. xiv. 134. (Pavonia, Ruiz et Pac. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 127, t. 28, Syst. Veg. 253.)—Flores polygamo-monoici v. dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus; lobi 6-12, 2-3-seriati, subrequales v. exteriores breviores. Stamina 6-12, filamentis brevibus utrinque glandula oblonga auctis; anthere connectivo brevissimo apiculatæ, locellis lateralibus oblongis valvis sursum dehiscentibus. Fl. ♀ v. ⋄: Perianthium post anthesin auctum, ovoideo-cylindraceum v. anguste tubulosum, demum 2-3-valvatim fissum. Stamina interiora v. omnia ad staminodia parva reducta. Carpella ∞, lineari-fusiformia, longe pilosa, in stylos longos plumosos demum exsertos desinentia; ovulum erectum, anatropum. Seminis embryo in basi albuminis axilis, brevis, cotyledonibus brevibus rectis v. parum divergentibus, radicula infera.—Arbores elatæ, grate odoræ. Folia opposita, coriacea, integerrima v. serrato-dentata. Cymæ v. racemi axillares, folio breviores.
- Species 2, altera Chilensis, altera Novo-Zelandica. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 675. Hook. Fl. N. Zel. i. 218, t. 51. Embryonem vidimus usque ad tertiam partem albuminis attingentem. Genus ab Atherospermo inflorescentia staminibus aliisque notis bene distinctum videtur.
- 22. Daphmandra, Benth. Fl. Austrul. v. 285.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis, per anthesin campanulatus, post anthesin auctus, anguste cylindraceus; lobi  $\infty$ , 4 exteriores herbacei per paria oppositi, 6–8 interiores longiores, subpetaloidei, 2-aeriati. Stamina perfecta 4-5, filamentis planis utrinque glandula aliformi auctis; antherse breves, extrorsum 2-locellate, locellis valvis sursum dehiscentibus. Staminodia intra stamina  $\infty$ ,

VOL. III.

sub-2-seriata, interiora glanduliformia. Ovarii carpella co, glabra, in stylum pilosum desinentia; ovulum ex apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum? Perianthium fructiferum anguste tubulosum. Carpella pauca, inclusa, angusta, stylis longis plumosis demum exsertis. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum; albumen copiosum; embryonem in seminibus vix maturis non deteximus.—Arbor. Folia opposita, petiolata, serrata v. rarius integerrima. Flores parvi, in cymas v. paniculas thyrsoideas axillares dispositi. Bracteæ parvæ, caducissimæ.

Species nobis nota 1, Australiensis. Tul. in Archiv. Mus. Par. viii. t. 34 (Atherosperma) alteram addidit F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. x. 105, a nobis non visam. Genus Laureliæ pluribus notis affine, differt tamen staminibus, et ovulum in floribus plurimis e variis speciminibus iterum iterumque examinatis semper pendulum invenimus, nec a basi erectum ut in omnibus cæteris Atherospermeis.

## ORDO CXLIII. LAURINEE.

Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 535. Endl. Gen. 315. Nees, Laurin. Expositio, Vratislavire. 1833; Syst. Laurinearam, Berolini, 1836. Baill. Hist. Pl. ii. 429. Cassythackæ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 538. Hernandiackæ, Endl. Gen. 332. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 531, sub Thymelæaccis.

Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami v. dioici, regulares. Perianthium inferum v. rarius ovario adnato subsuperum, tubo brevi nunc brevissimo, patente campanulato ovoideo v. rarius oblongo, post anthesin immutato v. varie aucto; limbi segmenta ad normam 6 v. rarius 4 (in Icosandra 10 ?) duplici serie imbricata v. rarius in quaque serie subvalvata, inter se similia parva herbacea v. petaloidea et equalia, v. exteriora minora v. rarius paullo majora, rarissime hinc inde abortiva v. numero aucta. Stamina v. staminodia ad normam numero segmentorum duplo plura iisque opposita, in ordines 4 v. sories 2 disposita ad apicem tubi v. infra segmenta disco staminifero tubo adnato aflixa, ordinis primi segmentis exterioribus ordinisque secundi segmentis interioribus opposita seriem exteriorem formantia, ordinis tertii primis et ordinis quarti secundis opposita seriem interiorem efficientia; in speciebus paucis numerus staminum auctus v. hinc inde abortu reductus, v. stamina ordinis unius alteriusve (ordinis quarti sepissime) ad staminodia reducta; filamenta libera, sæpius plus minus complanata, brevia brevissima v. antheris paullo rarius duplo longiora, ordinis tertii et quarti dum adsint basi v. prope basin utrinque glandula magna globosa v. capitata sessili v. stipitata aucta, seriei exterioris nuda v. rarissime pariter 2-glandulosa. Antheræ erectæ, cum filamento continuæ, complanatæ v. rarius obovoideze, seriei exterioris facie interiore locellis 2 v. 4 szepius connectivo crassiuscalo immersis præditæ, valvulis tot quot locella a basi ad apicem dehiscentes : ordinis tertii in generibus pluribus reversse. Ovarium in fundo perianthii sessile, per anthesin (excepta Hernandia) liberum, in generibus paucis post anthesin tubo accretum quasi inferum, uniloculare et verisimiliter e carpello unico constans. Stylus terminalis, brevis, brevissimus v. ovario paullo longior, simplex, interdum leviter obliquus v. incurvus; stigms nunc parvum obtusum, nunc plus minus in laminam recurvam v. discum integrum v. irregulariter lobatum dilatatum. Ondum 1 (addito rarius secundo mox abortivo), apici loculi lateraliter affixum, pendulum, anatropum. Fructus baccatus carnosus v. rarius drupaceus v. siccus, indehiscens, perianthio deciduo nudus, v. perianthio toto v. partim persistente immutato v. varie aucto disciformi v. cupulato impositus v. basi cinctus, v. perianthii tubo apice clauso omnino inclusus, intra quem liber v. cum eo arcte concretus quasi inferus, pedicello fructifero interdum incrassato. Semen pendulum, exalbuminosum; testa membranacea sepius pericarpio adnata v. maturitate omnino evanida, rarius inter cotyledones intrusa dissepimentum spurium mentiens. Embryo rectus; cotyledones

crasso-carnosæ, sæpius sibi arcte appressæ, interdum demum conferruminatæ; radicula supera, inter cotyledones retracta; plumula conspicua.

Arbores fructicesve (excepta Cassytha), sæpius (excepta Hernandia) oleo æthereo aromatico scatentes, ligno sæpe durissimo interdum fœtido. Folia alterna v. sparsa, rarius et vix stricte opposita, coriacea et perennantia, rarius membranacea et annua, sæpius (excepta Hernandia) glanduloso-punctata, pennivenia v. plus minus distincte 3-5-nervia, inter venas sæpius copiose venuloso-reticulata, indivisa v. rarius 2-3-loba, cæterum integerrima; in Cassytha caules herbacei, volubiles, aphylli. Stipulæ 0. Flores parvi, nunc minimi, virentes v. flavi, sæpius cymosi umbellati v. capitati, cymulis umbellis capitulis v. rarius floribus singulis racemosis paniculatis v. subsolitariis, racemis paniculisve axillaribus v. ad basin innovationum lateralibus v. subterminalibus, rarius ramulum hornotinum revera terminantibus. Gemmæ foliigenæ uti florigenæ interdum ante evolutionem squamis imbricatis mox deciduis obtectæ (sic dictæ perulatæ). Bracteæ sub ramulis inflorescentiæ pedicellisque sæpius parvæ caducissimæ v. 0, rarius diutius persistentes, in generibus paucis 4-6 sub umbellis v. capitulis involucrum globosum formantes; bracteolæ sub floribus desunt. Indumentum dum adsit e pube brevi sæpe ferruginea pilis simplicibus constat.

Species descriptæ ad 900, plures tamen valde dubiæ, pro maxima parte regionum calidiorum Americæ, Asiæ, Australiæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ, paucæ extratropicæ per Americam tam borealem quam australem, regionem Mediterraneam, insulus Canarienses, Africam australem et Novam Zelandiam dispersæ, porpaucæ hucusque in Africa tropica detectæ.

Ordo distinctissimus ab omnibus botanicis admissus, perianthio fructu et praesertim staminum indole facillime dignoscendus. Antherarum dehiscentia peculiaris in solis Monimiaccis (Atherospermiis), Berberideis et quodammodo in Hamamelideis paucis repetitur. Priores que aroma alii-que nonnullis characteribus Laurineis accedunt differunt perianthio, gynacio pleiocarpico, albumine copioso, etc., Berberidea et Hamamelidea characteribus fere omnibus praeter staminales.

'Ordinis magni summeque naturalis genera rite definiendi et in tribus bene circumscriptas distribuendi negotium est difficillimum, et propter floris fructusque structuram in permultis nimis imperfecte adhue cognitam etiam nunc nequaquam absolutum.' (Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 3). Genera a Neesio inordinate multiplicata fuerunt, ad characteres sæpe in specielous singulis haud raro minus accurate observatos, et Meisene rite plurima cum aliis conjunxit. Quæ servavit sæpe ad perianthii fructiferi naturam distinxit, sed etiam hic character valde incertus est. In dimidio saltem specierum descriptarum fructus adhue ignotus est; in aliis specielous specimina fructifera sola absque floribus nobis adsunt, et haud raro species accuratius observatæ aliter quam in Prodromo distribuendæ sunt. Delendum est insuper quod Nees interdum genera antiqua a Jussiæo aliisque accurate definita neglexit, et nominibus novis signavit in Prodromo incaute servatis. Plurima igitur mutare non libentes coacti sumus, et inter genera hic definita (e.g. inter Perseam et Ocoteam) species plurimæ adsunt, fructibus ignotis incertæ, v. forte revera intermediæ. Habitus sæpe in codem genere diversus, in generibus diversis idem.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Perseacese. Arbores fructicesve foliati. Stamina ordinis tertii reversa, antheris extrorsum locellatis, valvis sursum dehiscentibus. Folia sæpissime perennantia. Inflorescentiæ sæpius laxæ, pedunculatæ. Stamina ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, perfecta v. ad staminodia parva reducta v. interdum 0; or linis tertii perfecta v. rarius elocellata (staminodia), fere semper basi 2-glandulosa; ordinis quarti ad staminodia eglandulosa reducta v. 0.

- \* Anthere 2-locellute. Fructus perianthii tubo aucto vertice clauso omnino obtectus v. ci adnatus quasi inferus.
  - 1. CRYPTOCARYA. Flores 3-meri. Perianthii limbi segmenta subequalia, embryonis cotyle-dones integre.—Asia trop., Australia, Nov. Zel., Afr. austr., Amer. trop. et austr.
  - 2. RAVENSARA. Seminis lobi 6 in totidem loculos spurios pericarpii descendentes. Cetera Cryptocarys.— Madagasc.
  - 3. CTARODAPANE. Perianthii limbi segmenta exteriora multo minora. Cestera Cryptocarya.

    —Asia trop.
    - 4? Icosambra. Flores 5-meri. Fructus ignotus.—Chile.

# \*\* Anthere 2-locellate. Fructus nudus v. perianthii tubo aucto cinctus, maturus semper apice exsertus.

## † Stamina perfecta 9.

- 5. APOLIONIAS. Flores hermaphroditi. Staminodia ordinis quarti evoluta. Bacca perianthio parum aucto indurato 6-fido stipata.—Ins. Canar., Penias. Ind. or.
- 6. Beilschmiedia. Flores hermaphroditi. Staminodia ordinis quarti evoluta. Bacca pedicello vix incrassato insidens, perianthio v. deciduo v. immutato.—Asia trop., Australiu, Nov. Zd., Afr. trop., Amer. trop.
- 7. Demassa. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta exteriora parva. Staminodia 0. Bacca pedicello carnoso-incrassato insidens, perianthio deciduo.—Archip. Malay.
- 8. AYDENDRON. Flores hermaphroditi v. polygamo-dioici, inflorescentia utriusque sexus subsimili. Staminodia ordinis quarti pauca parva v. 0. Perianthium sub fructu auctum cupulatum induratum.—Amer. trop.
- 9. AMPELODAPHNE. Flores stricte dioici, paniculis & laxe ramosissimis floribundis, Q dense v. interrupte spiciformibus. Staminodia in fl. & 0. Perianthium sub fructu auctum cupulatum truncatum vix induratum,—Amer. trop.

# tt Stamina ordinis primi et secundi sola perfecta.

- 10. Aloura. Flores 3-meri. Staminodia ordinis tertii angusta, basi 2-glandulosa, ordinis quarti ovata v. 0. Bacca pedicello incrassato perianthii reliquiis coronato insidens.—Amer. trop.
- 11? POTAMEIA. Flores 2-meri. Staminodia ordinis tertii angusta, basi 2-glandulosa, ordinis quarti minima v. 0. Bacca perianthio parum aucto segmentis roflexis insidens.—Madagasc.

## ††† Stamina ordinis tertii sola perfecta.

- 12. Endiandra. Antheræ liberæ. Perianthium deciduum v. sub fructu immutatum.—Asia trop., Australia, Amer. trop.
- 13. Acrodiczidium. Antherse liberse. Perianthium fructiferum cupulatum induratum, margine szepe duplici.—Amer. trop.
  - 14. MISANTECA. Antherse in columnam circa pistillum connatæ.—Amer. trop.

# \*\*\* Anthera 4-locellata (interiores nonnulla rarius abortu 2-locellata. Fructus nudus v. perianthii tubo aucto cinctus, maturus semper apice exsertus.

# † Stamina ordinis tertii sola perfecta.

15. EUSIDEROXYLON. Antheræ vertice subæqualiter 4-locellatæ.—Borneo.

## †† Stamina perfecta 9.

- 16. CINNAMOMUM.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami. Staminodia ordinis quarti capitata, stipitata v. subsessilia. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta a medio v. a basi decidua, tubo explanato sub fructu parum aucto. Folia sæpius 3-nervia.—Asia trop. et subtrop., Australia trop., alibi inquilina.
- 17. Machilus. Flores Cinnamomi. Perianthii fructiferi segmenta persistentia, reflexa.—Asia trop. et or.
- 18. PERSEA. Flores Cinnamomi. Perianthium totum sub fructu persistens appressum v. subpatens, v. a basi deciduum.—Asia trop. et subtrop., ins. Canar., Amer. trop. et temp.
- 19. Ocorea. Flores sæpius dioici. Staminodia ordinis quarti parva, oblonga setacen v. subclavata v. sæpius 0. Antheræ basi contractæ, locellis per paris superpositis. Perianthii fructiferi tubus auctus truncatus cupulatus concavus v. rarius disciformis,—Amer. trop. et subtrop., ins. Canar., Afr. austr., ins. Mascar.
- 20? Dicypellium. Flores dioici, & ignoti. Perianthium fl. Q cum staminodiis post anthesin suctum rotato-patens sub fructu persistens.—Brasilia.
- 21. NECTANDRA. Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius polygamo-dioici. Staminodia Ocoles v. 0. Antheræ exteriores breves latæ subsessiles, locellis in arcum seu fere in lineam transversam dispositis. Perianthii fructiferi tubus auctus truncatus sæpius cupulatus.—Amer. trop.
- 22. PLEUROTHYRIUM. Flores hermaphroditi. Staminodia ordinis quarti capitato-cordata. Antherm exteriores subsessiles, breves, latze, disco carnoso in lobos seu dentes 6 staminibus alternos diviso cinctm. Fructus ignotus.—Permina et Columbia.

- 23. Symandrodaphem. Flores hermaphroditi. Staminodia ordinis quarti brevia. Antheres exteriores disco annulari elevato insidentes, certerum subsessiles, dorso basi utrinque squamella parva auets. Fructus ignotus.—Nov. Granat.
- Tribus II. Literaces. Arbores fruticesve foliati. Staminum omnium antheræ introrsum locellatæ valvis sursum dehiscentibus. Folia perennantia v. in speciebus haud paucis annua. Stamina perfecta interdum ut in *Perseaceis* 6 v. 9, interdum vero etiam quarti ordinis perfecta v. additis nonnullis interioribus (rarius exterioribus?) plus quam 12, ordinis primi et secundi sæpius eglandulosa, interiora plerumque 2-glandulosa. Inflorescentia sæpius (excepto Sassafridio) brovis, densa, subsessilis v. breviter pedunculata.

Excepta: Antherse ordinis quarti extrorsum ut in *Perseaceis* versee in *Umbellularia*, sed flores ut in *Litsea* involucrati.

## \* Inflorescentia laxa v. imbricato-bractcata.

- 24. Sassafridium. Flores hermaphroditi. Stamina perfecta 9, antheris 4-locellatis. Stamina dia ordinis quarti capitato-corda'a. Inflorescentia laxe paniculata. Habitus Ocotoe.—Amer. trop.
- 25. Sassafras. Flores dioici. Stamina perfecta 9, antheris 4-locellatis; staminodia 0. Racemi laxi, breves ad basin innovationum.—Amer. bor.
- 26. ACTINODAPHNE. Flores dioici. Stamina perfecta 9, antheris 4-locellatis; staminodia 0. Flores sessiles, dense fasciculati v. brevissime racemosi.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China, Japonia.
- \*\* Flores umbellati capitati v. rarius solitarii, umbellis capitulisve ante anthesin involucro 4-6bracteato inclusis.

### † Anthera 4-locellata.

- 27. Dodecadenia. Flores hermaphroditi, in involucro sessili solitarii. Stamina 12-00.—
  Ind. or.
- 28. Litska. Flores dioici, in involucro 4-6 rarius co rarissime 2. Stamina in flore 3-mero 9, 12 v. co, in flore dimero 6.—Assa trop. et or., Australia, alibi inquilina.
- 29. Umbellularia. Omnia Litsee nisi anthere ordinis quarti extrorsum spectantes.—California.

## †† Antheræ 2-locellatæ.

- 30. ITEADAPHNE. Flores serpius unisexuales, in involucro minuto solitarii. Stamina 6, rarius 7-9.—Asia trop.
- 31. LINDERA. Flores divici, in involucro 4-6 rarius cc. Stamina seepius 9.—Asia trop. et or.
- 32. LAURUS. Flores polygami, in involucro sæpius 4. Perianthii segmenta 4. Stamina 12-20 rarissime pauciora.—Reg. Mediter, ins. Canar.
- Tribus III. Cassythese. Caules volubles, filiformes, aphylli. Cætera Persencearum.
  - 83. Cassytha. Flores et fructus Cryptocarye. Amer., Asia et Afr. trop., Australia.
- Tribus IV. Estuandiese. Arbores foliati. Antheræ 2-locellatæ, valvis lateraliter dehiscentibus v. cito deciduis. Ovarium inferum.
  - 34. HERNANDIA. Flores monoici, in involucro 3, centralis Q involucello basi cinctus, laterales 3 nudi. Fructus involucello valde aucto inclusus.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop.

## GENERA AFFINIA AUT DUBIA V. EXCLUSA.

GYROCARPER, Seu Illigha, Blume, GYROCARPUS, Jacq., et Sparattanthelium, Mart., ob antheras valvulis more Laurineurum dehiscentibus, ab auctoribus pluribus pro subordine harum recensitse, a nobis supra, i. 689 ad Combretaceas referentur. Genera nonnulla Monimiacearum etiam antheris Laurineurum gaudent.

GOMORTHUM, Buis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 62, t. 10; Syst. Veg. 108, Ic. ined. t. 397 (Administration, Pers. Syn. i. 467, C. Gay. Fl. Chil. v. 302, t. 60) est genus adhue valde dubium et varie descriptum. Arbor dicitur foliis oppositis que tamen latiora et inflorescentia laxior in Fl. Per. et Chil. depicta quam in Gay. Fl. Chil. Antheræ 2-locellatæ, valvis more Laurinearum

ascendentibus, sed de numero et situ uti de numero partium parianthii auxtores longe differunt. Ovarium varie descriptum superum v. infarum; stylus ex Ruis et Pav. breviter filiformis, ramis 2 v. 3 breviter filiformibus. Fructum a Leyboldio accepimus, evidenter idem ac a Ruiz et Pav. depictus et a Philippi in litt. ad DC. (Prod. xv. i. 507) descriptus; drupa est ovoideo-globosa evidenter e carpellis 3 arcte conferruminatis composita; exocarpium carnosum, crassiusculum; endocarpium crassum, lignosum, durissimum, 3-loculare, loculo uno tantum fertile. Semen ovatum, plano-compressum, testa crassiuscula fere cartilaginea, albumine copioso; embryo plano-compressus, albumine duplo saltem brevior, radicula supera lata obtusa cum cotyledonibus obovato-orbiculatis planis continua. Floribus igitur stirpis alienze descriptis, fructu nequaquam Laurineis conveniente forte ad Europaerbiaceam quamdam pertinente, genus a Laurineis expellendum nisi omnino delendum.

Prunus, Molina, Hist. Nat. Chile, ed. angl. i. 288, est genus falsum, e confusione stirpium ad genera diversa pertinentium fictum. Character floris nulli nisi Laurelia convenit, caetera ad species Cryptocarya, Peumi, Pers.. etc., referenda videntur.

Keulla, Molina, a Neesio sub Admostemate citatur, sed nullum genus hoc nomine signatum in opere Moliniano invenimus.

NYROPHYLLA et ADAPHUS, Neck. Elem. ii. 240. genera ad species Lauri, Linn., proposita, ex charactere dato nequaquam recognoscenda sunt.

Christmannia, Dennst. Schl. Hort. Malab. 30, genus ad Courondi, Rheede, Hort. Malab. iv. 103, t. 50, propositum, a Rosenthal, Syn. Pl. Diaphor. 1066 ad Laurineas refertur. Icon citata Salacia convenit inter Celastrineas, stamina tamen numerosa dicuntur. Genus igitur incertum delendum est.

LICARIA, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 313, t. 121, e Guiana, floribus fructibusque ignotis, Dendrodaphne, Bourl. in R. Vetensk. Akad. Stockh. Handl. 1854, 145, floribus fructibusque indescriptis, et Chibaca. Bert. in Rosenth. Syn. Pl. Diaphor. 238, ubi nomen tantum, genera remanent indefinita et nomina delenda.

Inocarpus, Forst., olim *Hernandiaceis* adscriptus, est **Leguminosa**, supra i. 552. Sarcostigma, Wight et Arn., inter **Olacinoss** (*Phytocroncus*) recensetur, supra, i. 354.

## TRIBUS I. PERSEACEÆ.

1. Cryptocarya, R. Br. Prod. Fl. N. Holl. 402.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus turbinatus v. ovoideus, post anthesin apice constrictus, limbi segmenta 6, subæqualia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti ovata, breviter stipitata, v. a basi angusta. Ovarium in fundo perianthii sessile, tubo inclusum; stylus breviter exsertus, stigmate obtuso v. discoideo. Fructus tubo perianthii aucto indurato v. tenuiter subdrupaceo v. carnosulo, globoso v. oblongo, lævi v. co-costato inclusum, ore clauso, limbo deciduo v. rarius diu persistente; pericarpium membranaceum v. induratum, tubo perianthii accretum adnatum v. sæpius liberum v. facile solubile. Seminis testa membranacea, a pericarpio sæpe vix distinguenda.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. sparsa, rarius subopposita, coriacea, penivenia v. triplinervia. Flores parvi, in paniculas axillares v. subterminales pedunculatas dispositi.

Species ad 40, Asiæ tropicæ, Australiæ, Austro-Caledoniæ, ins. Sandwicensium, Africæ australis et Americæ australis tropicæ et extratropicæ incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 68, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 164, t. 56. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 295. Hook. Journ. Bot. iv. t. 23 (Laurus). Wight, Ic. t. 1829, 1830. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 299. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. ined. t. 358a (Laurus). Caryodaphur, Nees, Syst. Laur. 225. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 77.

Genus characteribus floralibus et fructu intra perianthium incluso quasi infero constans, variat pericarpii indole, vix tamen in genera v. sectiones distinctas dividendum. In plerisque speciebus embryo maturus intra tagmen duplex continetur, exterius (tubus perianthii) nunc tenuiter carnosum, nunc induratum siccum v. extus carnosulum, interius (pericarpium) membranaceum, liberum v exteriori leviter adhærens sed aqua calida solubile; testa in his cum pericarpio omnino confluens v. svauida; in aliis speciebus pericarpium cum tubo perianthii concretum, testa membranaceum vidimus inter catyledones more Beilechmiedia fagifolia intrusam. In C. Griffithiana, Wight, pericarpium cum

tubo perianthii intus induratum in fundo loculi intrusum et lacunosum locellos spurios vacuos formans, sed forte frustus examinati casu abnormes erant. In C. Poumo, Nees, ex Chile, et C. angustifolia, E. Mey., ex Africa australi, perianthii tubus fructifer oblongus, tenuiter carnosus, sieco fragilis, pericarpio membranacco distincto; hæ species tamen a genere nequaquam separandæ videntur.

Bellota, C. Gay, Fl. Chil. v. 297, t. 59 (Boldu, Nees, Syst. Laur. 177; Meism. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 67), species unica Chilensis, flores ostendit omnino Cryptocaryæ. Folia pleraque opposita et insigniter venosa. Fructus nec a C. Gayo nec a Meissnero visus, a Neesio ad specimen Pæppigianum cum fructu semiadulto descriptus, bacca dicitur perianthio persistente non mutato nonnihil rigescente basi ciucta, sed verisimiliter ad stirpem alienam pertinuit. Fructus enim in Museo Kewisno a Leiboldio acceptus est omnino normæ Cryptocaryæ conforme, ovoideo-subglobosus, pollicem longus, perianthii tubo cum pericarpio concreto duro extus lævi, ore perfecte clauso. Baillon, Hist. Pl. ii. 435, C. Peumo cum Bellota ad genus Boldu refert, et fructum prioris describit. Boldu, Feuill. Hist. Pl. Medic. ii. 11, t. 6, a Necsio infeliciter ad Bellotam refertur. Boldu apud Chilenses hodiernos imprimis Peumum, Pers., ex ordine Monimiacearum designat, et verisimiliter nomen vulgo arboribus variis tam Laurinearum quam Monimiacearum adhibetur. Icon Feuillæi inflorescentiam ostendit potius Peumi quam Bellotæ, character floris nulli convenit nisi Laureliæ, R. ct Pav. Fructus olivæformis imprimis in Cryptocarya Peumo observatur.

2. Ravensara, Sonner. Voy. Ind. Or. iii. 248, t. 127. (Agathophyllum, Juss. Gen. 431. Evodia, Gertn. Fract. ii. 100, t. 103, non Forst.)—Flores hermaphroditi (v. polygami?). Perianthii tubus turbinatus v. obovoideus, post anthesin apice constrictus; limbi segmenta 6, subaqualia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti ovata, breviter stipitata (v. interdum deficientia?). Ovarium in fundo perianthii sessile, tubo inclusum; stylus breviter exsertus. Fructus tubo perianthio aucto globoso carnoso-oleoso v. intus indurato inclusus, ore subclauso, limbo deciduo; pericarpium cum tubo perianthii confluens, intus a basi ultra medium costis 6 intrusis in centro connatis in loculos 6 plus minus perfectos divisum. Semen ex apice indiviso pendulum, in lobos 6 in loculos spurios descendentes divisum, testa membranacea a pericarpio libera v. demum plus minus adnata.—Arbores glabra, valde aromaticæ. Folia sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculse paucifloræ, in axillis superioribus pedunculatæ. Flores parvi.

Species 3 v. 4 Madagascarienses. Baill. Adans. ix. 299. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 109 (Agathophyllum). Lam. Illustr. t. 404 (Evodia) et 825 (Agathophyllum). Character supra datus ex R. aromatica, Sonn., sumptus, quæ sola nobis nota.

3. Cyanodaphne, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 333.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus campanulatus; limbi segmenta 6, 3 exteriora multo minora. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia quarti ordinis parva, ovata. Ovarium in fundo perianthii subsessile, tubo inclusum, stylo breviter exserto. Fructus, a nobis non visus, perianthii tubo baccato limbo persistente coronato inclusus.—Arbores. Folia sparsa, in ramulis novellis brevibus conferta. Gemme paucisquamates. Paniculæ ad basin innovationum pedunculatæ, floribus parvis numerosis.

Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 76. Blume, Rumphia i. t. 46 (Dehaasia).

4? Zeesandra, Philippi in Linnaa xxix. 39.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus (ovoideus?); limbi segmenta 10, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 15, omnia eglandulosa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ordinis primi et secundi introrsum, ordinis tertii extrorsum 2-locellatæ; staminodia ordinis quarti oblongo-filiformia. Ovarium tubo perianthii immersum. Fructus . . . .—Arbor elegans. Folia subopposita, valda coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ foliatæ, folia bis v. ter sequantes. (Char. ex Philippi.)

Species 1, Chilensis, a nobis non visa. Meissa, in DC. Prod. xv. i. 506.

5. Apellenias, Nees, Laur. Expos. 10; Syst. Laur. 95.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 9, filamentis filiformibus, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula sessili v. breviter stipitata aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti ovoidea v. cordata, brevissime stipitata. Ovarium haud immersum, in stylum attenuatum. Bacca globosa v. ovoidea, basi perianthio parum aucto indurato 6-fido stipata.—Arbores. Folia sparsa, pennivenia, coriacea. Paniculæ axillares et subterminales, nunc breves densæ brevissime pedunculatæ, nunc laxiores paucifloræ v. longius pedunculatæ, folia rarius superantes. Flores parvuli.

Species 2, altera Canariensis, altera Zeylanica. Mcissu. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 64. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 203 (Phabe). Wight, Ic. t. 1819. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 291. Genus pluribus notis Persea sect. Phabe valde affine, differt antheris 2 nec 4-locellatis.

6. Beilschmiedia, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. 69; Syst. Laur. 197.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis nunc brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis, glandulis baseos ad utrumque latus seepe stipitatis et interdum inter filamenta tertii v. secundi ordinis irregulariter interpositis; staminodia ordinis quarti ovoidea v. cordata, brevissime stipitata. Ovarium sessile nec immersum, in stylum attenuatum. Bacca oblonga ovoidea v. globosa, pedicello haud v. parum incrassato insidens, basi nuda, perianthio toto deciduo.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia sparsa, seepe subopposita, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores parvi, paniculis axillaribus nunc densis fasciculiformibus sessilibus nunc laxis pedunculatis; inflorescentia junior in speciebus paucis squamis imbricatis caducissimis obtecta.

Species ad 20, Africæ et Asiæ tropicæ, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Genus Dehansiæ valde affine nec differt nisi staminodiis ordinis quarti evolutis et pedicello fructifero minus incrassato, in sectiones 3 potius patria quam characteribus distinctas dividitur:—

- 1. Eubeilschmiedia. Species Asiaticæ ad 10, foliis sæpe nec semper suboppositis, perianthii tubo brevissimo v. brevi; Meirsn. in DC. Pred. xv. i. 63; Kurz, For. Fl. Burm. ii. 293; Wight, Ic. t. 1828; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 263, inclusis etiam Hausia Wightii, Necs, Wight, Ic. t. 1831; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 298, et H. oppositifolia, Meissn., staminodiis in utraque specie normalibus et pedicello fructifero parum incrassato. Genus a Neesio primo conditum fuit ad Laurum bilocularem, Roxb. (B. Roxburghianam, Necs, et B. fagifoliam, Necs.). apud quas testa seminis pericarpio plus minus adhærens, inter cotyledones plica membranacca plus minus intrusa, baccam basi quasi in loculos 2 dividit, et auctor nomine Roxburghiano seductus ovarium dixit 2-loculare. Roxburgh tamen, uti bene monet Wight, antheras 2-loculares nec ovarium in mente habuit, et 'plica membranæ internæ inter cotyledones prominula quæ etiamsi in aliis quoque Laurinearum generibus observetur in isto tamen ante omnia in oculis eadit' (Nees in Wall. l. v.). Nos hanc plicam nec in omnibus Beilschmiediis veris nec constanter in B. Roxburghii invenimus.
- 2. Nesodaphne. Species 3, quarum 2 Novozelandicæ inter se dissimiles, una Beilschmiediis typicis panicula bractesta cæterisque characteribus arcte affinis, altera, cum specie tertia Australiensi, a Hufelandiis Americanis nec charactere nec habitu separanda.—Nesodaphne, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 217. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 66. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 299.
- 3. Hufelandia. Species 7 Americanæ et Africanæ tropicæ, foliis alternis paniculis laxis ebracteatis, perianthii tubo in aliis minus abbreviato quam in B. fagifolia, in aliis tamen nonnullis, Asiaticis simillimo. Hufelandia, Nees in Laur. Erpos. (Vratislaviæ, 1833) 21 cum tabb. 2, Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 65. Hic auctor species 2 sub H. pendula confudi videtur: (1) Laurus pendula, Sw., pedicello fructifero recurvo (Jamaica, M. Fadyen, Orizaba, F. Mueller), et (2) H. Thomaa, Nees, pedicello fructuque erectis, in India occidentali vulgatior (Cuba, Wright, Jamaica, Purdie, etc.). Species Africanæ in Prodromo sub Oreodaphne recensitæ sunt.
- 7. Debassia, Blume, Rumphia i. 161, t. 44, 45, 47. (Hassia, Necs, Syst. Laurin. 372.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, 3 exterioribus multo minoribus. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primæ et secundæ eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia 0 (v. rarius pauca minuta?). Ovarium sessile, haud immersum. in stylum brevem attenuatum. Bacca oblonga, pedicello valde

incratato carnoso colorato imposita, perianthio toto deciduo.—Arbores. Folia alterna, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ axillares, sæpius longe pedunculatæ. Flores parvi.

Species ad 10, quarum tamen nonnulise non satis notse, Archipelagi Malayani incolse. Meisse. in DC. Prod. zv. i. 60 (Haasia), exclusis tamen H. pedunculari, ob antheras 4-locellatas ad Perseam, et H. Wightti et H. oppositifolia, ob staminodia quarti ordinis evoluta et pedicellum fructiferum minus incressatum ad Beilschmiedium referendis.

8. Aydendren, Nees in Linnæa viii. 36; Syst. Laur. 245.—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygamo-dioici. Perianthii tubus crassiusculus, campanulatus v. ovoideus, demum sæpe apice constrictus; limbi segmenta 6, subæqualia. Stamina perfecta 9, filamentis latis v. angustis, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris juxta apicem extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti pauca parva v. 0, rarius magis evoluta capitato-cordata. Ovarium perianthii tubo inclusum, stylo breviter exserto. Bacca primum perianthii tubo subgloboso inclusa, mox exserta, matura globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, perianthii tubo aucto indurato cupulato truncato margine simplici v. duplici basi cincta, limbo deciduo.—Arbores. Folia sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ pedunculatæ, axillares v. subterminales, longæ laxæque v. folio breviores. Flores parvi, glabri v. tomentosi.

Species ad 45, Americae tropicae incolae. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 88 et 172, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 176 et 282, t. 62 ad 66, 103, 104 (Aydendron et Goeppertia). Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Por. et Chil. Ic., ined. t. 355 (ct 360?) (Laurus).

Genus al Ocotea differt antheris 2-locellatis, et pariter variat floribus hermaphroditis v. abortu unisexualibus et fructu juniore plus minus e cupula exserto. Goeppertia, Nees, Syst. Lour. 365 (Endlicheria, Nees in Linnau viii. 37, vel Schauera ejusă. in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 202 in adnot.) a Grisobachio ad Aydendron reducta, iterum a Meissnero separata pro speciebus evidentius dioicis, fructu vel ignoto v. in speciebus a nobis visis eodem ac in Aydendro. Character sexualis forte sectiones duas distinguit sed species aliter quam in Prodromo distribuendæ, nam, e.g., Goeppertia argentea, Meissn., evidenter eadem est ac Aydendron verticillatum, Meissn., et Goeppertia polyantha, Meissn., quam maxime affinis est Aydendro ripario, Nees.

Gooppertia caudata, Meissn. (Spruce, n. 2638), videtur potius Ocotea (Orcodaphnis) species. Flores in speciminibus abortu subfæmineæ antheris longiuscule stipitatis effetis v. obscure 4-locellatis.

Aydendron tenellum et A. goyazana, Meissn., staminodiis ordinis tertii longis angustis haud locel latis et perianthio fructifero parum aucto cum pedicello incrassato continuo, ad Aioueam referenda.

Aydendron floribundum, Meissn, quoad flores generi conforme nisi perianthii tubo longique angustioreque, a cæteris speciebus valde diversum fructu (a nobis non viso sed a Meissnero in Fl. Bras. t. 62 et 105 depicto) magno, perianthii tubo cum pericarpio concreto crasso carnoso apice supra semen clauso, et species forte ad Cryptocaryam referenda est.

9. Ampelodaphne, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 81, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 167, t. 57.—Flores dioici. Perianthii tubus in fl. & brevis, in fl. Q ovoideus v. abbreviatus, ad faucem constrictus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina in fl. & perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula sessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia 0. Ovarium abortivum. Staminodia in fl. Q 6 v. 9 brevia, sessilia, squamæformia. Ovarium tubo perianthii inclusum, stylo breviter exserto. Bacca junior perianthii tubo aucto inclusa, demum exserta, basi perianthii tubo aucto cupuliformi truncato vix indurato cincta.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia sparsa v. in ramulis novellis conferta, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores parvi, subsessiles, & numerosi laxe et ample paniculati, Q in paniculas densas fere spiciformes breves v. longiores interruptasque conferti. Paniculæ utriusque sexus laterales v. ad basin innovationum axillares. Flores sepe tomentosi v. hirsuti, nunc tamen glabri.

Species nobis notes 5, Brasilianze et Guianenses. Genus ab Aydendro differt habitu, inflorescentis, et floribus strictius dioicis.

10. Atomen, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 310, t. 120. (Douglassia, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 809. Colo-mandra, Neck. Blem. ii. 142. Ehrardia, Scop. fide Necs.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii

tubus ovoideus v. subcampanulatus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 6, ordinis primi et secundi, rarius 3 tantum ordinis primi, filamentis brevibus v. longiusculis eglandulosis, antheris introrsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis tertii angusta, basi utrinque glandula magna aucta, apicem versus rarius imperfecte 1-2-locellata, ordinis quarti ovato-triangularia subsessilia v. rarius 0. Ovarium perianthii tubo inclusum, stylo plus minus exserto. Bacca ovoidea v. oblonga, pedicello incrassato sæpius obconico perianthii reliquiis induratis coronato imposita.—Arbores v. frutices glaberrimi, sæpius nitidi. Folia sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ axillares subterminalesque, laxæ. Flores sæpius minimæ numerosæque.

Species ad 8, inclusis nonnullis adduc indescriptis, Brasilise, Guianse et Indise occidentalis incolse. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 82, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 169, t. 58.

Specimina Spruceana n. 2415 (v. 2414) a Meissnero ad varietatem A. brasiliensis relata, different foliis longe et anguste acuminatis et staminibus ordinis secundi ad staminodia brevia fere setacea reductis.

11? Potameta, Thou. Nov. Gen. Madag. 5.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus obconicus; limbi segmenta 4, subæqualia. Stamina perfecta 4, eglandulosa, filamentis brevibus latis; antheræ introrsum 2-locellatæ. Staminodia ordinis tertii angusta, utrinque basi glandula aucta, ordinis quarti minima v. 0. Ovarium haud immersum, atylo brevi. Bacca perianthio parum aucto segmentis reflexis insidens.—Frutex expansus ramis erectis. Folia alterna. Paniculæ axillares, ramosissimæ. Flores parvi, numerosi. (Char. ex Thou. et Baill.)

Species 1, Madagascariensis, a nobis non visa, Baill. Adans. ix. 241.

Thouars l.c. radiculam dixit inferam, et verisimiliter hujus causse auctores recentiores genus ad *Proteaccas* retulerunt. Baillon tamen ex autopsia specimen ad *Laurineas* restoravit, de radiculse et micropylis situ tamen silet.

12. Endiandra, R. Br. Prod. Fl. Nov. Holl. 402. (Dictyodaphne, Blume, Mus. Bot. Logd. Bat. i. 270.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevissimus subnullus v. campanulatus; segmenta 6, subrequalia v. exteriora paullo majora. Stamina perfecta 3, ordinis tertii, antheris crassiusculis sessilibus medio v. sub apice extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia-0 nisi rarius 3 parva ordinis quarti v. annulus carnosus ad basin segmentorum loco ordinum primi et secundi; glandulæ 6 ad basin staminum perfectorum v. 0. Ovarium sessile, acutum, stigmate parvo sessili, v. in stylum brevem contractum. Bacca oblonga v. subglobosa, pedicello vix v. haud incrassato insidens, perianthio toto deciduo v. rarius disciformi v. immutato subpersistente.—Arbores. Folia alterna pennivenia sepiusque copiose minuteque reticulata. Paniculæ axillares v. ad basin innovationum pedunculatæ floribundæ v. fere ad cymam unicam reductæ. Flores parvi.

Species gerontogese descripte 15. Indise orientalis, ins. Fiji, Archipelagi Malayani et Australise incolse, nonuullæ tamen e Malayanis adhuc valde dubise. Messen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 78, 79 (Endiandra et Dictyodaphae). Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 300. His tamen addendæ 2 Brasilianse, E. navalium, Benth. (Silvia, Allem. Diss. Rio Janeiro 1845? cum ic., non R. et Pav. nec Benth.; Silvia, Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 84, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 171, non Philippi) et E. Ita-uba, Benth. (Acrodiclidium Ita-uba, Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 86, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. 174, t. 60) qua, ex speciminibus Spruecanis, nec ovarium nec fructum Acrodiclidii invenimus. Analysis florum in tabula citata a flore alieno sumpta videtur.

13. Acredicistium, Nees, Laur. Expos. 13; Syst. Laur. 266.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus carnosus, ovoideus oblongus v. urceolatus, apice sæpe constrictus; limbi segmenta 6, subæqualia, vix patentia. Stamina perfecta 3, ordinis tertii, basi contracta et utrinque glandula sessile aucta, antheris summo vertice extrorsum v. subintrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis primi et secundi sessilia, ovata v. minute squamiformia v. 0, ordinis 4 desunt. Ovarium perianthii tubo inclusum, stylo breviter exserto. Bacca primum perianthii tubo aucto globoso inclusa, demum sæpius semi-exserta, perianthio aucto indurato cupulato margine simplici v. duplici cincta.—Arbores. Folia sparsa v.

subopposita, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ axillares v. ad basin innovationum pedunculate, laxe. Flores parvi, glabri v. tomentelli.

Species ad 12, Americae tropicae incolae. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 84, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 173, t. 59, 61 excl. sp.

In A. jamaicensi, Nees, staminodia omnino desunt; in A. Camara, Schomb., antheræ perfectæ apice latæ, locellis parvis in medio apicis contiguis potius introrsum quam extrorsum spectantibus et fructus subsiccus quam in cæteris major, sed species a genere non separanda; in A. brasiliensi, Nees, et A. chrysophyllo, Meissn., antheræ perfectæ summo vertice truncato nec introrsum nec extrorsum 2-locellatæ. A. Gardneri, Meissn., est Aioucæ species, A. Ita-uba, Meissn., Endiandræ, A. anacardioides, Meissn., Misantecæ species.

14. Misanteca, Cham. et Schl. in Linnaa vi. 367. (Symphysodaphne, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 190, t. 67.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus carnosus, ovoideus v. obovoideus; limbi segmenta 6, brevissima. Stamina perfecta 3, ordinis tertii, in columnam carnosam circa pistillum connata, e perianthio breviter exserta; singula apice extrorsum 2-locellata, additis interdum locellis 1-2 parvis inferioribus; staminodia ordinis primi et secundi brevia v. obsoleta, ordinis quarti desunt. Ovarium in stylum brevem contractum, columna staminea inclusum. Fructus a nobis non visus, in specie typica (ex auct.) perianthio tubo aucto indurato cupulato truncato insidens.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ ad basin innovationum pedunculatæ, cymulis in specie typica multifloris in capitula globosa sessilia confertis, in cæteris speciebus laxioribus paucifloris.

Species 4, typica Mexicana, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 96, altera Cubensis, a nobis non visa, sed bone a Richardio l. c. depicta, Meissn. l. c. 175 (Symphysodaphne); 2 Brasilienses, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiii. 46, t. 1259.

15. Bustderoxylon, Teijsm. et Binnend. in Batar. Nat. Tijdschr. xxv. (1863), 292 cum tabb. 2. (Bihania, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 96.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 3, ordinis tertii, columnaria, eglandulosa, juxta apicem truncatam sequaliter 4-locellata, locellis 2 extrorsum 2 introrsum spectantibus; staminodia ordinis primi et secundi squamiformia, ovato-orbicularia, segmentis perianthii breviora, ordinis quarti angusta, staminibus breviora. Ovarium ovoideum, tubo perianthii vix inclusum, in stylum contractum. Fructus a nobis non visus, ex scheda Motleyana et ic. cit. magnitudine ovi cygnei, pedicello vix incrassato insidens, perianthio deciduo. Arbor procera, ligno durissimo. Folia alterna, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ axillares, fere a basi ramosæ, laxæ, pedicellis longiusculis. Flores parvi, tomentelli.

Species unica, Borneensis, Motley, Beccari, n. 2611.

16. Cinnamomum, Blume, Bijdr. 568.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami. Perianthii tubus brevia, limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 9 v. abortu pauciora, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 4-locellatis, ordinis tertii filamentis utrinque glandula subsessili v. stipitata auctis, antheris extrorsum 4- v. rarius 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti capitulo cordato v. sagittato breviter stipitato. Ovarium sessile haud immersum, in stylum attenuatum; stigma discoideum v. obscure 3-lobum. Bacca perianthii tubo explanato parum v. vix aucto truncato v. 6-lobo insidens, segmentis a basi v. a medio deciduis v. rarius subpersistentibus.—Arbores fruticesve, cortice sæpius aromatico. Folia coriacea, opposita v. passim alterna, triplinervia v. rarius pennivenia. Flores in paniculas axillares subterminalesque v. ad basin innovationum laterales dispositi, 2 sæpe majores quam 3, interdum numero partium varie reducti.

Species enumerate ultra 50, plurime tamen ut jam monuerunt Thwaites, Meissner aliique reducenda, et vix 10 servandæ videntur, Asiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ, ab Australia tropica usque ad Japoniam extense, quarum duæ in aliis regionibus calidis jam diu cultæ.—Ness de Cinnam. Disput, 1823, t. 1 ad 3 (Laurus). Blume, Rumphia i. 25, t. 9 ad 21. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 10. Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 254. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 303.

Species a Neesio, Syst. Laur. aliisque in genera duo distribuuntur que tamen Blume et Meisener ll. cc. pro sectionibus sequentibus Cinnamomi habent:—

1. Malabathrum, Meissn. Gemmæ nudæ v. obsolete squamatæ. Folia sæpius 3- v. tripli-nervia. Perianthii segmenta demum transversim secta, tubum fructiferum campanulatum v. expansum 6-dentatum relinquentia. Cinnamomum, Necs, Syst. Laur. 31. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 176. Wight, Ic. t. 122 ad 131, 133 ad 141. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 262. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 48. Hayne, Areneigew. xii. t. 20 ad 26. Bentl. et Trim. Med. Pl. t. 223, 224.

Nees quo duce Meissner genus Cinnamomum Burmanno (Thes. Zeyl. 62) tribuit, cum synonymo Malabathrum, Burm. Fl. Ind. 214. Genera tamen in Thesauro Zeylanico haud definiuntur et auctor sub Cinnamomo Laurineas plurimas includit quas postea in Fl. Ind. 91 ad Laurum retulit. De Malabathro in loco citato nil invenimus. Blume primum ut videtur genus distincte constituit.

2. Camphora, Meisen. Gemmæ imbricato-squamatæ. Folia penninervia v. plus minus distincte triplinervia. Perianthii segmenta a basi decidua, tubum fructiferum explanatum v. disciformem integerrimum truncatum relinquentia.—Camphora, Necs, Syst. Laur. 87. Wight, Ic. t. 1818. Hayne, Arsneigew. xii. t. 27.

PARTHENOXYLON, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 322, est Laurus Parthenoxylon, Jack. in Mal. Misc i. v. 28 (Sassafras Parthenoxylon, Nees; Wight, Ic. t. 1832), rite ab auctore a Sassafras separatur sed melius a Meissnero ad sectionem Camphoram refertur, nec longe a specie typica differt, nisi perianthii tubo fructifero plano nec concavo.

CECICODAPHNE, Nece, Syst. Laur. 202, species Silhetensis a nobis non visa, a Meissnero in DC. Prod. xv. i. 25 ad Cinnamomi sect. Camphoram refertur.

17. Machius, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. 70.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis v. vix ullus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia v. exteriora paullo minora. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, filamentis longiusculis, antheris introrsum 4-locellatis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula stipitata aucta, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti capitulo cordato breviter stipitato. Ovarium sessile, in stylum attenuatum, stigmate parvo v. discoideo. Bacca globosa v. rarius oblonga, pedicello haud v. vix incrassato imposita, perianthii segmentis persistentibus sub bacca reflexis.—Arbores. Folia alterna, pennivenia. Gemmæ sæpius imbricato-squamatæ. Paniculæ axillares, nunc densæ subsessiles, nunc laxæ longe pedunculatæ. Flores parvi v. majusculi, glabri v. tomentosi.

Species ad 15, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Chinam et Japoniam incolæ.—Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 39. Benth. Fl. Hongk. 291. Kurz, For. Fl. Burm. ii. 291. Wight, Ic. t. 1824, 1825. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 264.

18. Persea, Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. 222, t. 221.—Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius abortu polygami. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6 subæqualia v. 3 exteriora minora rarius minima. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 4-locellatis, ordinis tertii filamentis utrinque glandula subsessili auctis, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti capitulo cordato v. sagittato breviter v. longiuscule stipitato. Ovarium sessile, in stylum attenuatum; stigma discoideum. Bacca perianthio toto persistente immutato v. vix aucto appresso v. patente basi stipata, v. perianthio toto deciduo denudata, pedicello fructifero tenui v. sæpius plus minus incrassato.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia v. plus minus distincte triplinervia. Flores in paniculas pedunculatas axillares subterminalesque v. ad basin innovationum laterales pauci- v. multi-floras dispositi. Gemmse (an semper ?) esquamatæ.

Species enumeratæ ad 100, plurimæ tamen fructibus v. floribus ignotis valde dubiæ, Asiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ, Americæ tropicæ v. etiam extratropicæ a Chile usque ad Virginiam incolæ, cum specie unica Canariensi. *Meisen. in DC. Prod.* xv. i. 43, cum generibus cæteris infra citatis.

Genus quale a Neesio et Meissnero constitutum species includit perianthio peristente v. deciduo, segmentis sequalibus v. valde insequalibus, pedicello fructifero incrassato v. vix mutato et his differentiis neglectis, genera Aleccaphnem, Phabem et Notaphabem charactere nullo distinguere possumus. Genus hic definitum Cinnamomo et Mackilo valde affine, satis tamen differre videtur perianthio post

anthesin toto deciduo v. persistente vix mutato, nec transversim rupto nec reflexo et in sectiones sequentes facile dividitur:—

- 1. Eupersea. Perianthium (tomentosum) segmentis subsequalibus a fructu magno obovoideo crasso-carnoso deciduum.—Species unica (P. gratissima, Gærtn.), ex America tropica occidentali in terris tropicis late culta. Sloane, Hist. Jam. t. 222. Wight, Ic. t. 1823. Bot. Reg. t. 1258. Bot. Mag. t. 4580. Russ et Pav. Fl. Chil. et Per. Ic. ined. t. 345 (Laurus).
- 2. Alseodaphae. Perianthium (parvum, glabrum) segmentis subæqualibus a fructu globoso v. oblongo parvo v. mediocri deciduum.—Species enumeratæ 9, quarum 5 adhuc dubiæ, nunc floribus nunc fructubus ignotis, omnes Asiaticæ. Alseodaphne, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. 71. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 27. Benth. Fl. Hongk. 292. Wight, Ic. t. 1826, 1827. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 297
- 3. Gnesiopersea, Nees. Perianthium (tomentosum v. rarius glabrum) segmentis subsequalibus, sub fructu persistens, seepius patens.—Species ad 20, Americanse cum una Canariensi. Presea sect. Gnesiopersea, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 51 (excl. P. gratissima), et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 157, t. 51 ad 55. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 204. Phœbe, Nees, Syst. Laur. 98, sect. Cinnamomoidea, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 29, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 149, t. 45. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. ined. t. 363, 364 (Laurus), vix tamen L. sulcata. Ruiz et. Pav. ibid. t. 356, cujus flores ignoti.
- 4. Phabe. Perianthium (glabrum v. tomentosum) segmentis subsequalibus, sub fructu persistens seepius arcte appressum et interdum cartilagineo-costatum.—Species enumeratæ 26, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Phene, Nees, Syst. Laur. sect. Perscoideæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 33. Wight, Ic. t. 1820 ad 1822. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 292.
- 5. Eriodaphne. Perianthium (sæpissime tomentosum), segmentis 3 exterioribus conspicue minoribus, sub fructu persistens.—Species ad 30, omnes Americanæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ a Chile usque ad Virginiam extensæ. Perseæ sect. Eriodaphne, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 43, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 151, t. 46 ad 50. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. ined. t. 358, 369, 372 (Laurus).
- 6. Notaphabe. Perianthium (parvum, nunc minimum, sæpius glabrum) segmentis 3 exterioribus conspicue minoribus nunc fere obsoletis, a fructu ut in Alseodaphni deciduum v. immutatum subpersistens.—Species enumeratæ 9, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, cum una Assamica. Notaphæbe, Blume, Mus. Bot. Luqd. Bat. i. 328. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 58.

Phabe insularis, Meissn. ex ins. Cocos (inter ins. Galapagos et Americam centralem, nec Ind. or.) cum speciebus 3 v. 4 ex America centrali et India occidentali adhuc ut videtur ineditis, floribus hermaphroditis cæteris characteribus plorisquo Perseæ, differunt tamen et Ocoleæ accedunt staminodiorum quarti ordinis defectu. Perianthium fructiferum P. insularis omnino Perseæ, in cæteris speciebus ignotum.

MENESTRATA, Vell. Fl. Flum. 199; Ic. v. t. 2, est verisimiliter Perseu species. imperfecte descripta.

19. Ocetea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 780, t. 310, char. emend. in Juss. Gen. 80. (Oreodaphne, Nees in Linnea viii. 39.)—Flores polygamo-dioici v. rarius perfecte hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis v. campanulatus; limbi segmenta 6, subæqualia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris in filamentum brevissimum v. longius contractis introrsum 4-locellatis, locellis per paria superpositis; ordinis tertii filamentis sæpius longioribus utrinque basi glandula auctis, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti minuta v. sæpius omnino nulla. Stamina in flore 2 sæpius ad squamas anantheras v. obscure locellatas reducta. Ovarium tubo perianthii plus minus immersum, in stylum contractum, in flore 3 angustum effectum v. parvum v. rarius omnino nullum. Bacca globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, junior interdum perianthii tubo inclusa, matura exserta, perianthii tubo aucto indurato truncato cupuliformi v. expanso insidens v. basi arcte cincta, limbo deciduo.—Arbores v. rarius frutices. Folia alterna v. sparsa rarius subopporita, coriacea, pennivenia. Paniculæ axillares v. subterminales, pedunculatæ, sæpius laxæ v. cymulæ rarius fere in capitula contractæ v. panicula in fasciculum subsessilem contracta. Flores parvi, glabri v. rarius tomentelli.

Species ad 200, pro maxima parte America tropica et subtropica incola, additis paucis ex ins. Canariensibus, Africa australi et ins. Mascarensibus. Mcissa. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 97 ad 143, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 187 ad 250, t. 67 ad 89 (Maspilodaphne, Orcodaphne, Strychnodaphne, Gymno-

balanus et Camphoromaa, exol. speciebus nonnullis). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 645 (Oryptocarya). Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 205 (Oreodaphne). Bot. Mag. t. 3931 (Oreodaphne). Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. ined. t. 346, 353, 354, 357, 359, 365, 368 (Laurus, nonnullae speciminibus fructiferis tantum depictis adhuc dubise).

Genus vastum, quoad flores sat constans, Persea affine, differt floribus sepius (nec semper) abortu dioicis, staminodiis ordinis quarti raris minutis v. sepius deficientibus, et perianthii tubo sub fructu aucto indurato truncato cupulato v. rarius ad discum cavum reducto, limbi segmentis sepiesime deciduis. A Necsio et Meissnero in genera plurima dividitur, imprimis ex fructus indole, quorum tria forte pro sectionibus retinenda etsi limitibus valde incertis separata: 1. Mespitodaphae, bacca juniore perianthii tubo subinclusa, demum exserta, basi v. ultra medium cupula ndurata arete cincta. 2. Orcodaphae, bacca adhuc paullo aucta jam cupulæ laxiori insidens. Et 3. Strychnodaphae, cupula ad discum cavum cum pedicello sepius incrassato continuum reducta. Species tamen aliter quam in Prodromo distribuendæ, paucas fere sequo jure ad unam vel alteram sectionem referas, et, inter descriptas, ultra 100 fructu adhuc ignoto quoad sectionem dubiæ remanent.

MESPILODAPHNE. Nees in Linneu viii. 45, genus imprimis ad M. pretiosam, Nees, constitutum, quod in sectionem supra definitam retinemus, cum plurimis aliis jam a Meissnero ab Oreodaphne translatis v. ab eo adhuc in Oreodaphne servatis, e.g. species typica generis, O. guianensis, Aubl., cum speciebus Americanis arcte affinibus. O. glomerata. O. opifera. O. foribunda, etc., cui bacca junior inclusa, semimatura exserta omnino Mespilodaphnes. In O. bullata, ex Africa australi et O. fatente, ex ins. Canariensibus, bacca primum subinclusa, matura cupula majore arctius cineta quam in Mespilodaphne cupulari, Meissn. ex ins. Mascarensibus. O. Schomburgkiana, O. venulosa, alizeque plurimze Americanze pariter ad sect. Mespilodaphnem transferendæ.

Orbodaphnem et Orcodaphnem et nomen Aubletianum rejicit verisimiliter ob errorem Aubletii in fructus descriptione, emendatione Jussizei neglecta. Meissner identitatem Orcodaphnes cum Ocolea recognovit, sed nescimus quare nomen Neesii Aubletiano Jussizeanoque anteposuit.

TELEIANDRA, Nees is Linnea viil. 46; PETALANTHERA et LEPTODAPENE, Nees, Laur. Expos. 15, 16; et Evonymodapene, Nees, Syst. Laur. 263, genera omnia ad species unicas proposita a Meissnero rite ad Ocoleam (Orcodaphnem) reducuntur. His addenda Nemodapene, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 109, species unica Cubensis nullo charactere generice separanda. Flores eidem; staminodia ordinis quarti mimina linearia v. 0; fructus cupula majuscula, sed bacca ipsa in speciminibus monstruosa deformis.

STETCHNODAPHNE, Necs in Linnæa viii. 39; GYMNOBALANUS, Necs, l.c. 38; et CAMPHOROMEA, Necs, Laur. Expos. 16, genera a Meissnero servata, omnia tamen ad sectionem nostram tertiam Ocoteæ reducenda. Cupula in omnibus fere ad discum cavum reducta, pedicellus in Strychnodaphni et Gymnobalono crassus; perianthii lobi in priore diutius persistentes quam in Gymnobalano, sed in utraque sæpius demum decidui; in Camphoromea pedicellus minus incrassatus, lobi sæpius diu persistentes. Inter species a Meissnero in Oreodaphni servatas, O. commutata, O. leucoxylon et O. lucida characteres omnino Strychnodaphnes ostendunt.

Oreodaphue fragrans, Meissn., e Jamaica, ex speciminibus ab auctoribus determinatis, est eadem ac Nectandra staminea, Griseb., a Meissnero Prod. xv. i. 176 ad Synandrodaphuem relata. Nobis videtur potius Perses species floribus hermaphroditis staminodiis ordinis quarti bene evolutis et inflorescentia P. dessiflore, Meissn. (ex Ic. Fl. Bras. t. 55). Fructus nobis ignotus et a Meissnero nonnisi statu monstruoso visus.

Oreodaphne effusa, Meissn., e Mexico, habitu et inflorescentia Phabi effusa, Meissn., simillima, flores coadem estendit nisi minores, staminodiis ordinis quarti bene evolutis. Fructus in utraque specie ignotus, sed melius sub Persea quam sub Oreodaphni militant.

Oreodaphne crassiramea, Meissn., ex speciminibus Burchellianis quam Pohlianis perfectioribus, characteres præbet Misanteca, staminibus ordinis tertii solis perfectis extrorsum 2-locellatis in columnam ovarium obtegentem connatis.

Oreodaphne Mannii, O. minutiflora et O. gabooniensis, Meissen., ex Africa tropica, antheris 2-locellatis emterisque characteribus ad Beilschmiediam (Hufelandiam) pertinent.

Oreodaphne Kawaiensis, H. Mann in Mem. Bost. Soc. Nat. Hist. i. 536, ex ins. Sandwicensibus, ex specimine nostro fructifero est Cryptocaryse species.

Mespilodaphne aurantiodora, Meissn., e Peruvia, cujus flores non nisi ex icone Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 349 noti sunt, nobis potius Nectandre species videtur.

20? Diespellium, Nees, Laur. Expos. 14; Syst. Laur. 343.—Flores dioici, & ignoti. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta 6, subsequalia, coriacea, rotata. Staminodia 12, ordinis primi petaliformia, persistentia, demum coriacea, ordinis secundi antheriformia, subspathulata, infra apicem inflexam obsolete 4-locellata; ordinis tertii minora, subtruncata; ordinis quarti squamiformia, oblonga, pistillo appressa. Stigma acutum. Bacca sicca, basi perianthio subcarnoso patente cum staminodiis grandifacto induratoque cincta, disco dilatato plano sexangulari imposita.—Arbor. Folia sparsa, chartaceo-coriacea, pennivenia. Racemi laterales, simplices. Flores majusculi. Bacca ovalis. (Char. ex Meissi.)

Species 1, Brasiliensis, a nobis non visa. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 170, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 281, t. 102. Genus ut videtur Nectandræ affine, an forte stirps fæminea cujusdam speciei hujus generis?

21. Wectandra, Roland. in Rotth. Descr. Pl. Surin. 10. (Porostema, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 517, ex parte.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius polygamo-dioici. Perianthii tubus brevis, saspius latus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, perianthio multo breviora, antheris latis subsessilibus introrsum 4-locellatis, locellis sub margine in arcum dispositis, ordinis tertii basi angustata et utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti 0 v. parva setacea v. clavato-capitata. Ovarium in fundo perianthii tubo inclusum v. exsertum, stylo brevi. Bacca globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, perianthii tubo aucto indurato truncato cupulato v. expanso imposita v. basi cincta, junior rarius tubo subgloboso inclusa, limbo deciduo.—Arbores v. rarius frutices. Folia alterna sparsa v. rarius subopposita, coriacea, pennivenia, venis primariis sæpius nec semper magis prominulis quam in Ocotea. Paniculæ axillares v. terminales, pedunculatæ, cymulis sæpius laxis. Flores in speciebus typicis majores crassiores et magis patentes quam in Ocotea, in speciebus tamen nonnullus perianthium omnino Ocotea.

Species ad 70, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia et Peruvia usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem et Americæ australis subtropicæ incolæ. - Meisen, in DC. Prod. xv. i, 146, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 250, t. 90 ad 101. Miq. Stirp. Surin. t. 58 ad 60. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Ic. incd. t. 347 ad 349, 351, 361, 362, 366, 367, 370, et 371 (Laurus).

Genus ab auctoribus dividitur in sectiones duas: (1) Pomatia, floribus majoribus, perianthio fructifero sepius cupulato, et (2) Porostema, floribus minoribus, perianthio fructifero minus aucto patentiore, sed distinctio valde incerta, et fructus plurium specierum ignotus. Schreber Neclandram cum Ocotea junxit sub nomine Porostematis.

22. Pleurothyrium, Nees, Syst. Laur. 349.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6, subequalia, patentia. Discus carnosus, ad basin limbi stamina cingens, in lobos seu dentes 6 staminibus alternos divisus. Stamina perfecta 9, antheris crassis filamento subsequilongis 4-locellatis, locellis 2 lateralibus 2 vix altius sitis, staminum ordinis primi et secundi introrsum ordinis tertii extrorsum spectantibus; glandulæ ad basin staminum ordinis tertii utrinque subsessiles; staminodia ordinis quarti triangularia v. cordata. Ovarium intra perianthii tubum sessile, stylo brevi. Fructus ignotus.—Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, pennivenia, subtus ferruginea. Paniculæ amplæ, floribundæ, ferrugineæ, in axillis pedunculatæ.

Species Peruvianas v. Columbianas 8 enumerat Meissa. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 168. Inter has una tantum, P. chrysophyllum, Nees, nobis nota characteres genericos præbens. In P. chrysothyrso, P. forruginso, et P. velutino, Meissa., discus exterior deest et stamina ab iis speciei typicæ valde diversa. Prior ad Nootandram hæ duæ ad Persam referendæ videntur. Fructus in omnibus ignotus.

23. Symmetrodaphne, Mcism. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 176.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus turbinato-campanulatus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia, tubo breviora. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi disco annulari prominenti affixa, dorso basi glandula parva squamiformi utrinque aucta, antheris latis subsessilibus introrsum 4-locellatis, ordinis tertii intra discum angustiora, basi utrinque glandula nunc parva v. fere obsoleta suota, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti brevia. Ovarium

in stylum brevem contractum. Fructus ignotus.—Arbor v. frutex pubescens. Folia alterna, pennivenia, reticulata. Paniculæ axillares v. laterales, pedunculatæ, paucifloræ, pedicellis longiusculis. Flores medicores.

Species unica (S. laxa, Meissn.), Novæ Granatæ incola. S. antillana, Meissn. (Nectandra staminea, Griseb.) certe excludenda est, cum characteribus genericis minime conveniens. Est eadem ac Oreodaphne fragrans, Meissn., quæ nobis, fructu ignoto, potius Persee quam Ocotor species videtur.

### TRIBUS II. LITSEACE.E.

24. Sassafritaum, Meissa. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 171.—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygamodioici, paniculati. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta; antherse omnes subsessiles, introrsum 4-locellatse; staminodia ordinis quarti subsessilia, crassa, capitato-cordata. Ovarium in stylum brevem v. longiusculum attenuatum. Bacca junior cupula truncata inclusa, matura ignota.—Arbores v. frutices. Folia coriacea, pennivenia, glabra. Paniculse pedunculatse, axillares v. laterales, folia vix excedentes. Perianthia et stamina tomentella v. glabra.

Species 3? quarum 1 Americæ centralis et Indiæ occidentalis incola, Meissa. l.c.; 2, adhuc ineditæ, Brasilienses (Glaziou, n. 6714 floribus §, et n. 6017 floribus &) congeneres videntur. Habitus omnium idem ac specierum nonnullarum Ocoteæ, sed antheræ ordinis tertii certe introrsum nec extrorsum locellatæ, et genus Perseaceas cum Litseaceas arcte connectit.

25. Sassafras, Nees, Laur. Expos. 17; Syst. Laur. 487.—Flores dioici, breviter laxeque rassmosi. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia. Stamina in fl. det staminodia seepius in fl. 29, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula stipitata aucta; filamenta angusta; antheræ omnium introrsum 4-locellatæ. Ovarium e perianthii tubo emersum, stylo longiusculo. Bacca perianthii tubo aucto carnoso breviter cupulato truncato v. sinuato insidens.—Arbores. Folia al'erna, membranacea, annua, pennivenia. Racemi breves fere umbelliformes, breviter pedunculati, cum innovationibus e gemma paucisquamata oriundi, foliis præcocioribus integris, serioribus sæpe 3-lobis. Pedunculi fructiferi ad basin ramulorum laterales. Flores interdum varie abnormes segmentis perianthii v. staminibus diminutis v. numero reductis inter perfectos intermixti sunt. Bractæ sub pedicellis parvæ, angustæ.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. 1. 171. Hayne, Arzneigew. xii. t. 19.

26. Actinodaphne, Nees, Laur. Expos. 10; Syst. Laur. 590. (Iozoste, Nees, Laur. Expos. 19.)—Flores dioici, subsessiles, fasciculis sessilibus bracteis paucis caducis stipatis. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6, subæqualia. Stamina perfecta in fl. \$\delta\$, et sæpius staminodia in fl. \$\varphi\$ 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula sæpe stipitata aucta; filamenta angusta; antheræ omnes introrsum 4-locellatæ. Ovarium haud immersum, in fl. \$\delta\$ parvum vacuum v. 0, in fl. \$\varphi\$ in stylum longiusculum attenuatum, stigmate dilatato. Bacca perianthii tubo aucto indurato patente plano discoideo v. concavo insidens.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia sparsa subopposita v. sæpe per intervalla v. ad apices ramorum conferta fere verticillata, coriacea, pennivenia. Florum fasciculi axillares v. laterales, sæpius densi. Pedicelli fructiferi interdum breviter producti.

Species enumeratæ fere 50, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolæ, sed plurimæ reducendæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 210. Wight, Ic. t. 1841 ad 1843. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 205, 296.

27. Dedecadenia, Nees, Laur. Espos. 19; Syst. Laur. 587.—Flores hermaphroditi (v. polygami?), intra bracteas 4-5 imbricatas solitarii, sessiles. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 6 (v. plura?), subsequalia, patentia. Stamina perfecta 12 (v. plura?) ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, ordinis tertii et quarti basi utrinque glandula magna sucta; filamenta angusta; antherse omnes introrsum 4-locellates. Ovarium haud

immersum, in stylum longiusculum attenuatum, stigmate valde dilatato. Bacca perianthii tubo aucto crasso subplano discoideo insidens, pedicello brevissimo crassiusculo.—Arbor. Folia sparsa, coriacea, pennivenia, in ramulis floridis brevibus conferta. Gemmæ imbricato-squamatæ. Involucra sessilia, ad axillas solitaria v. sæpius plura, conferta.

Species 1, Indise orientalis incola. Moisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 210.

28. Edtsen, Lam. Dict. iii. 574. (Tetranthera, Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. i. 59, t. 113.)-Flores dioici, umbellati v. capitati, umbellis capitulisve ante anthesin involucro globoso inclusis. Perianthii tubus ovoideus campanulatus v. brevissimus ; limbi segmenta 6 v. 4 v. abortu pauciora, subsequalia v. parva, rarius minuta v. 0. Stamina in fl. 3, staminodia in fl. 2, seepius 9 v. 12, v. in flore dimero 6, nunc abortu pauciora v. in speciebus paucis plus quam 12, ordinis primi et secundi sæpissime eglandulosa, ordinis tertii et quarti dum adsint et rarius ordinis secundi basi utrinque glandula sæpe stipitata aucta; filamenta sepius angusta; antheree omnium introrsum 4-locellatee, v. in ordine tertio locelli inferiores rarius laterales. Ovarium perianthii tubo inclusum v. emersum, in fl. & parvum vacuum v. 0, rarissime perfectum ovulo evoluto, in fl. 2 in stylum brevem v. longiusculum attenuatum, stigmate seepius dilatato irregulariter sublobato. Bacca tubo perianthii parvo immutato v. aucto cupulato v. discoideo insidens.—Arbores rarius frutices. Folia alterna sparaa v. rarius subopposita, pennivenia v. triplinervia, coriacea et perennantia v. rarius tenuiora et decidua; gemme nude v. imbricato-squamate. Involucra globosa, pedicellata v. sessilia, in fasciculos sessiles v. breviter pedunculatos v. racemos axillares v. laterales disposita. Bractee involucri 4, 5 v. rarius 6, latæ, concavæ, sese arcte involventes. Flores in involucro seepius 4 ad 6 rarius 2 tantum v. plus quam 6, & sessiles v. brevissime raro longius pedicellati, 2 anthesi peracta sæpe evidentius umbellati.

Species descriptæ ultra 140, Asiæ tropicæ et orientalis, ab Archipelago Malayano usque ad Japoniam, Australiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ, cum paucis boreali-Americanis. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 177. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 304. Kurz, For. Fl. Burm. ii. 296 (omnes sub Tetranthera).

Genus a diversis auctoribus varie divisum, nobis melius in integrum servandum videtur, speciebus numerosis in sectiones quatuor potius quam in genera distribuendis, scil.:---

- 1. Eulitsea (Glabraria, Blume). Perianthii segmenta sæpe diminuta v. abortiva. Stamina perfecta sæpius plus quam 12. Bacca perianthio immutato v. vix aucto insidens. Species paucæ Asiaticæ v. Australasicæ. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 113. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 147. Wight, Ic. t. 1834, 1835, omnes sub Tetranthera. Glabraria, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 940, vix Linn.
- 2. Conodaphne, Blume. Perianthii segmenta seepius perfecte evoluta. Stamina seepius 9. Bacca perianthii tubo parvo immutato v. parum aucto plano disciformi v. concaviusculo insidens. Species Americanse ad 5, Asiaticse apud auctores fere 80, sed plurimse valde incertse. Americanse paullulum differre videntur habitu floribus intra involucra minus arcte sessilibus et forte glandulis staminum magis stipitatis. Staminodia ordinis quarti nunquam adsunt sed caracteres parum definiti videntur. Inter Asiaticis a Meissnero enumeratas Tetranthera lata, T. longifolia, alisaque ad Cylicodaphnem transferendse. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 148 (L. polyantha, Juss., T. monopstala, Roxb.). Bot. Mag. t. 1471 (Laurus).
- T. californica, Hook, et Arn., a Neesio ad Oreodaphnes sectionem relata, a Meissnero ad Terrantherum restituta genus format Umbellularia, Nees, inter Litseam et Occisam quasi medium.
- 3. Neolitsea. Folia sespius triplinervia. Flores sespius 2-meri, perianthii segmentis 4, staminibus perfectis 6. Fructus Conodaphnes. Species enumerates 29, Asiatices v. Australasices. Tetradenta, Noes, Laur. Expos. 19, et in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. 64, t. 176, non Benth. Litsea, Noes Frat. Cinnam. Disp. t. 5. Nees, Syst. Laur. 621, non Lam. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 220. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 306. Kurz, For. Fl. Burm. ii. 304. Endl. Iconogr. t. 44. Wight, Ic. t. 132, 1844, 1845. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 294.

Sectio quoed species plerasque naturalis, sed character haud constans. Folia in L. ambigua et L. khasyana, Meisen., pennivenia. Flores in speciebus paucis sepe more generis 3-meri, et in Cylicodaphaes speciebus nonnullis 2-meri observantur. Gemmæ in sectione sepe imbricato-squamate, similes tamen aflaunt in L. (Cylicodaphae) japonica, paucisque allis. Genus Litera quale a Nessio limitatum ab auctore perperam Jussisco tribuitur. Litera, Juss., est genus Lamarckianum amplius extensum.

VOL. III.

4. Opticodapère. Folia esspius pennivenia. Flores sepius 8-meri, perianthii segmentis 6, staminibus perfectis sepissime 12. Ovarium perianthii tubo inclusum. Bacca junior sepe inclusa, matura exserta, perianthii tubo aucto truncato cupulato v. laxiusculo insidens v. basi cincta. Species enumeratæ ultra 40, Asiaticæ v. Australasicæ. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 87 (Tetranthera). Wight, Io. t. 1833 (Cylicodaphuc), t. 1837 ad 1840, et t. 1846 (Lepidadenia) et forte t. 1836 (Tetranthera). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 293 (Tetranthera). Tomex, Thunb. Fl. Jap. 190; Ic. Pl. Jap. iii. t. 7. Fiwa, Gmel. Syst. Nat. ii. 745. Cylicodaphue, Necs, Laur. Expos. 18; Syst. Laur. 503. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 200. Impidadenia, Necs, Laur. Expos. 19 (charactere falso); Syst. Laur. 582.

Sectio Tomingodopine, Blume, qualis a Meissnero (Prod. xv. i. 181) illustrata, species continet quam maxime dissimiles, nec ullo vinculo connexas, e.g. L. japonicam que characteres omnes Cylicodopines exhibet, et C. Wightiane, Necs, valde affinis est, et L. geniculatam inter Conodaphues Americanas recensenda.

Dolendum est quod auctores recentiores, Nessium secuti, nomen generis Jacquinianum Tetrantheram antiquioribus anteponunt. Ex his prius est Glabraria, Linn. Mant. 156 et 276, genus ad iconem et notas Rumphii Herb. Amb. iii. 71, t. 44, conditum, sed valde incertum et ob characterem falsum rejiciendum; Blume et Miquel G. tersam, Linn., ad Litseam chinensem, Lam., referunt, sed icon Rumphii vix convenit et flos a Linnea descriptus omnino alienus. Sequitur Tomex, Thunb., genus anno 1784 editum nec incepte definitum, sed nomen jam prius a Forakahleo generi Salvadoraceo datum, supra iii. 680 sub nomine Dobera, Juss., recensitum ob genus antiquius homonymum Linnæanum. Sed Tomex, Linn., ipso fatente, Mant. 331, est Callicarpæ species (C. lanata, Linn. 1. c. non Schau., seu C. Wallichiana, Schau.), quod confirmavit Vahl, Symb. iii. 13, qui specimen typicum Hermanni vidit. Tomex, Forsk., igitur pro Dobera substituenda est.

Lamarck, anno 1789, Diet. iii. 574, genus Litseam condidit et bene definivit ad eandem speciem quam Jacquin serius sub nomine Tetrantheræ edidit, et nomen suum omnibus prevalere debet. Genus serius extensum et illustratum fuit a Jussiaco, Ann. Mus. Par. vi. 197, in dissertatione optima a Necsio infauste neglecta.

Gmelin, Syst. Nat. 745, nomen Tomer, Thunb. in Fiwam mutavit. Loureiro, Fl. Cochinch. 195 et 637, genera Hexanthus et Sebifera proposuit, que ut videtur rite ad species Litsea referenda etsi male definita, et omnia. etsi Tetranthera antiquiora, nomini Lamarckiano postponenda sunt.

29. Umbellularia, Nees, Syst. Laur. 462. (Subgenus Oreodaphnes; genus proprium Nutt. N. Am. Sylv. i. 103. Drimophyllum, Nutt. l. c. 101, char. falso, t. 22.)—Flores hermaphroditi, umbellati, umbellis ante anthesin involucro globoso inclusis. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, subæqualis. Stamina 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa, antheris introrsum 4-locellatis in filamentum contractis, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula sessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 4-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti 0. Ovarium e perianthii tubo exsertum, in stylum attenuatum, stigmate peltati-dilatato. Bacca perianthii tubo vix v. parum aucto discoideo insidens.—Arbor procera, glabra, v. in montibus frutex. Folia alterna, perennantia, petiolata, tenuiter coriacea, pennivenia et insigniter reticulata, odoratissima. Involucra pedunculata, in axillis superioribus solitaria v. ad apices ramorum co conferta, caducissima. Flores in umbella sat numerosi, breviter pedicellati.

Species 1, Californica. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 19. (Tetranthera). Bot. Mag. t. 5820 (Oreodaphae). Genus anomalum, tribus duss Laurinearum arcte connectens. Stamina Ocoice, inflorescentia Litsee.

30. Iteadaphne, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 365.—Flores dioici v. polygami, intra involucrum globosum solitarii. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia (v. interdum pauciora insequalia?). Stamina 6 (interdum 7-9), ordinis primi eglandulosa, ordinis secundi (et tertii dum adsint) basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris omnibus introrsum 2-locellatis. Ovarium haud immersum; stylus brevis, stigmate parum dilatato. Bacca a nobis non visa, ex Blumeo basi perianthii disciformi insidens. Arbuscula. Folia sparsa, perennantia at vix corisces, pennivenia. Involucra minima, & breviter pedicellata, in axillis racemosa, rhachi communi bracteata; 2 et 2 paullo longius pedicellata, solitaria v. fasciculata.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani incola, a Meissnero in DC. Prod. xv. i. 248, ad sectionem Aperala

reducta, sed habitu involucris 1-floris et inflorescentia satis differre videtur. In floribus 2 a nobis examinatis, altero 3 altero 5 ex codem specimine, perianthii segmenta et stamina 6 invenimus. Involucra vix semilineam diametro.

31. Zindera, Thunb. Fl. Jap. 9et 145, t. 21, charactere falso. (Daphnidiese, Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 228, excepta Lauro.)—Flores dioici, umbellati v. capitati, umbellis capitulisve ante anthesin involucro globoso v. rarius ovoideo inclusis. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; limbi segmenta 6, subsequalia, rarius pauciora v. 7-9. Stamina in fl. 3, staminodia in fl. Q, sepissime 9, rarissime pauciora v. plura, ordinis primi et secundi sepissime eglandulosa, ordinis tertii et rarissime etiam secundi basi v. supra basin utrinque glandula sessili v. stipitata aucta; filamenta angusta; antheræ omnes introrsum 2-locellatæ; stamina v. staminodia ordinis quarti desunt. Ovarium haud immersum, in fl. 3 parvum vacuum v. 0 rarissime hinc inde perfectum, in fl. 2 in stylum brevem v. longiusculum attenuatum, stigmate dilatato integro v. sublobato. Bacca globosa v. ovoidea, pedicello nudo v. perianthii basi parum dilatatæ v. disciformi integræ v. 6-dentatæ insidens.--Folia alterna v. subopposita, pennivenia v. 3-5-nervia, coriacea Arbores v. frutices. et perennantia v. sæpius tenuiora et annua. Gemmæ variant nudæ v. imbricatosquamatæ. Involucra sessilia v. pedicellata, in fasciculos sessiles disposita v. rarius Bractez involucri 4, rarius 5 (rarissime 2) latze, concavze, sese arcte breviter racemosa. involventes. Flores in involucro 4-6 v. rarius ∞, sessiles v. ♀ pedicellati. Perianthii segmenta petaloidea sæpius parva.

Species fere 50, Asiæ tropicæ et orientalis usque ad Japoniam, et Americæ borealis incolæ. Meissn. l. c. Kurz, For. Fl. Burn. ii. 306 (Daphnidium) et 308 (Lindera).

Genus ab auctoribus varie divisum, imprimis ad gemmas foliigenas nudas v. imbricato-squamatas, character valde incertus et rarius in speciminibus siccis probandus, si tamen genus in integrum serves facile distinguendum, Litses sectioni Conodaphni fructu compar, differt antheris 2- nec 4-locellatis, in sectiones sequentes imprimis ad folia et quodammodo ad inflorescentiam limitatas dividendum.

1. Benzois. Folia pennivenia, indivisa, sepius annua. Flores precoces, involucris sessilibus v. breviter pedicellatis. Gemme imbricato-squamatæ v. subnudæ. Species ad 10, Americanæ et Asiaticæ. Bot. Mag. t. 1470 (Laurus). Benzoin, Nees, Laur. Expos. 17, non Hayne. Linderæ § 1 et 2, Moissa. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 244.

Eusaus, Nutt. Gen. N. Am. Pl. i. 258, includit sect. Benzoin cum specie Litsea.

- 2. Sassafrimorpha. Folia 3-5-nervia, indivisa v. 2-3-loba, annua et intardum demum coriacea. Flores præcoces v. subcoetanei, involucris sessilibus v. breviter pedicellatis. Gemmæ subnudæ, rarius imbricato-squamatæ. Species 3, Asiaticæ. Linderæ § 3, Meisen. l. c. 246.
- 3. Daphnidium. Folia triplinervia, integra, coriacea. Flores coetanei v. rarius in ramis aphyllis, involucris sessilibus glomeratis. Gemmæ paucisquamatæ v. nudæ, rarius imbricato-squamatæ. Species descriptæ 12, Asiaticæ. Daphnidium, Nees, Laur. Expos. 19. Daphnidii § 1, Meissn. l. c. 228. D. elongatum, Nees, ad Litseæ sectionem Eulitseam transferendum est.
- \*4. Cephalodaphne, Blume. Folia pennivenia, integra, coriacea. Flores coetanii, involucris sessilibus glomeratis. Gemmse imbricato-squamatse. Species 5, Asiaticse. Daphnidii § 2, Meisse. l.c. 231.
- 5. Polyadenia. Omnia Cephalodaphnes nisi folia majora et stamina ordinis secundi (et interdum fide Necsii etiam ordinis primi) prope basin 2-glandulosa. Species 1, Asiatica. Polyadenia, Necs, Laur. Expos. 18; Syst. Laur. 571, Meissen. l. c. 232, ganus fuit e variis Litese et Lindere speciebus compositum, a Meissnero l. c. reducitur ad P. retsculatam, Necs. Miquel, Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 960, sub Polyadenia includit etiam sectionem sequentem.
- 6. Aperula. Folia pennivenia, integra, membranacea v. coriacea, annua v. perennantia. Flores prococes v. coetanei, umbellis omnibus pedunculatis fasciculatis. Gemme nude v. paucisquamatea. Species ad 15, Asiaticea. Aperula, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 365. Aperula § 1, Meissa. l. c. 240.
- 32. Zaurus, Linn. Gen. n. 503.—Flores dioici v. hermaphroditi, umbellati, umbellat ante anthesin involucro globoso inclusis. Perianthii tubus brevis; limbi segmenta 4, subsequalia. Stamina in fl. 3 perfecta 12 v. plura, rarius 8, filamentis omnibus medio v. prope basin utrinque glandula stipitata auctis v. rarius stamina ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa; antherse omnes breves, introrsum 2-locellate; staminodis in fl. 2 sepius 4.

Ovarium haud immersum, stylo brevi, stigmate parum dilatato. Bacca ovoidea, perianthii tubo immutato v. parum aucto disciformi integro v. lacero insidens.—Arbores. Folia alterna, perennantia, pennivenia. Florum involucra ad axillas breviter pedunculata, fasciculata v. breviter racemosa.

Species 2, altera regionis Mediterranese, altera ins. Canariensium incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 233. Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 365. Hayne, Areneigew. xii. t. 18. Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 673. Webb, Phys. Canar. t. 206.

#### TRIBUS III. CASSYTHEA.

33. Cassytha, Linn. Gen. n. 505. (Volutella, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 84. Calodium, Lour. Fl. Coch. 247.)—Flores hermaphroditi interdum dimorphi (an subdioici?). Perianthii tubus turbinatus v ovoideus, post anthesin apice constrictus; limbi segmenta 6, 3 exteriora multo minora. Stamina perfecta 9, ordinis primi et secundi eglandulosa antheris introrsum 2-locellatis, v. rarius ordinis secundi ad staminodia angusta reducta, ordinis tertii basi utrinque glandula subsessili aucta, antheris extrorsum 2-locellatis; staminodia ordinis quarti subsessilia v. stipitata. Ovarium per anthesin perianthii tubo vix immersum, mox tubo aucto apice clauso omnino obtectum. Stigma parvum v. capitatum, subsessile. Fructus perianthii tubo succulento arcte inclusus, limbo persistente sepius coronatus. Seminum testa membranacea, cotyledones inter sese arcte appresse non nisi primo juventute distinctæ, maturæ perfecte conferruminatæ.—Caules volubiles, filiformes, mediantibus haustoriis seriatis plantis variis adhærentes; squamæ loso foliorum minimæ. Flores parvi, nunc minuti, spicati capitati v. racemosi, intra bracteam squamiformem sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, bracteolis 2 minutis stipati. Perianthii tubus sæpe in eadem specie in aliis speciminibus brevissimus in aliis globosus limbo æquilongus.

Species ad 15, quarum una per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis lato dispersa, 1 v. 2 austro-Africanse, 1 Borneensis, certerse omnes Australienses. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 252, et in Mart. Ft. Bras. v. ii. 295, t. 107. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 309. Gærtn. Fruct. i. 133, t. 27. Hook. Erot. Fl. t. 167. Wight, Ic. t. 1847. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. ii. t. 68.

Genus habitu a toto ordine insigniter differt, characteres tamen floris et fructus fere Cryptocaryæ.

### TRIBUS IV. HERNANDIE E.

34. Mernandia, Linn. Gen. n. 1049; Hort. Cliff. t. 33. (Hertelia, Neck. Elem. ii. 345).

—Flores monoici. Perianthii segmenta in fl. & 6 v. 8, in fl. & 8 v. 10, in quaque serie subvalvata, herbacea. Stamina in fl. &, staminodia in fl. &, tot quot perianthii segmenta exteriora iisque opposita; antheræ 2-locellatæ, locellis more ordinis immersis, oblongis magnis lateralibus v. subintrorsum spectantibus, valvis lateraliter dehiscentibus v. cito deciduis; glandulæ ad basin staminum geminæ solitariæ v. rarius 0. Fl. & involucello cupulato v. lobato basi cincti. Ovarium inferum, carnosum; stylus brevis crassus, stigmate dilatato irregulariter dentato v. lobato. Fructus involucello aucto carnoso v. crasse membranaceo inclusus. Semen globosum v. ovoideum, testa crassa dura; embryo cotyledonibus crassis lobatis rugosisve subruminatis.—Arbores. Folia alterna, sæpius ampla, integra, ovata v. peltata, 3-7-nervia. Flores laxe paniculati, paniculæ ramis ultimis involucro 4-5-bracteato terminatis, floribus in involucro 3, centrali & sessili, lateralibus 2 & breviter pedicellatis. Involucella fructifera inflata, sæpe colorata, 1-2-pollicaria, ore contracto integerrima v. alte 2-fida.

Species descripts 8, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late disperse. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 282. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 314. Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 329. Gertn. Fruot. t. 40. Wight, Lo. t. 1858. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 300. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 52. Bot. Mag. t. 5839.

HERMANDIOPSIS, Mcissa. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 264, est H. cordigera, Vieill., species Novo-Caledonica, H. Mosrenkouciane, Guillem., simillima, sed glaudulæ staminum desunt v. rarius 1 v. 2 in toto fore adsunt.

Hernandia, ob habitum distinctum et antherarum valvas lateraliter nec sursum aperiendas, apud plures auctores ordinem distinctum format, nobis tamen bene videtur sub Laurineis pro tribu distincto militare.

## ORDO CXLIV. PROTEACEE.

Endl. Gen. 336. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 532. R. Br. in Trans, Linn. Soc. x. 15. Baill. Hist. Pl. ii. 385.

Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami v. dioici, stylo tamen in fl. & staminodiis in fl. 2 nunquam deficientibus, regulares obliques v. quodammodo irregulares. Perianthium inferum, e segmentis 4 primum valvatim cohærentibus, tubo cylindraceo v. basi latiore, limbo globoso ovoideo v. tubo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin apice v. usque ad basin plus minus solutis recurvisque. Stamina 4, segmentis opposita iisque ad basin laminarum v. inferius affixa, perianthio semper breviora, filamentis brevibus v. subnullis, rarius antheræ æquilongis. Antheræ erectæ, in flore hermaphrodito omnes perfectæ v. rarius una abortiva, connectivo cum filamento continuo, loculis 2 sæpius introrsum adnatis parallelis. Squamellæ v. glandulæ hypogynæ in pluribus generibus 4, staminibus alternæ, liberse v. plus minus connatæ, in aliis generibus deficientes. Ovarium liberum, sessile v. stipitatum, 1-loculare, seepius obliquum v. excentricum. Stylus terminalis, brevis v. elongatus, apice seepius varie incrassatus, stigmate parvo terminali v. sublaterali. Orula solitaria v. gemina collateralia v. rarius fere superposita, v. co 2-seriatim superposita, nunc apice v. juxta apicem affixa et superposita, nunc lateraliter affixa, amphitropa v. fere anatropa, ascendentia v. descendentia, micropyle semper infera et sæpe prominula. Fructus nunc nuceus v. drupaceus et indehiscens, nunc demum margine interiore v. apice dehiscens, follicularis v. capsularis, valvis seepius crasse coriaceis. Semina 1-2 v. pauca, plano-compressa v. crassa, testa membranacea v. coriacea, interdum varie in alam producta. Albumen 0. Embryo semini conformis, cotyledonibus nunc plano-compressis parallelis sequalibus, nunc crasso-carnosis uno seepius altero majore; radicula brevis, recta, infera v. lateralis, in sinu basali cotyledonum sæpe retracta.

Frutices arboresve, rarius herbæ duræ perennes. Folia alterna v. sparsa, rarius opposita v. verticillata, integerrima grosse dentata v. interdum in eadem planta pinnatisecta v. decomposita, sæpissime coriacea. Stipulæ 0. Flores capitato-spicati racemosi v. rarius solitarii, secus rhachin sparsi, singuli v. per paria bractea suffulti rarissime 2-bracteolati. Bracteæ nunc minimæ caducissimæ v. fere obsoletæ, nunc imbricatæ persistentes in fructu induratæ strobilum formantes.

Species ad 950, pro maxima parte Australiæ v. Africæ australi propriæ, nonnullæ per Americam australem tropicam v. extratropicam v. Asiam tropicam et insulas maris Pacifici australis dispersæ, perpaucæ inter Africanas usque ad regiones tropicas extensæ, in temperatis hemisphærii borealis omnino desunt.

Ordo optime definitus a nemine cum ullo alio confusus, Thymeleaceis Lauriseisque plerumque approximatur, sed ab utroque ordine perianthio staminibus fructu habituque abunde distinctus.

Series Z. Wucamentacess. Flores subquaque bractea sepissime solitarii. Nux v. drupa indehiscens.

Tribus I. Pretocus. Anthere omnes perfecte v. postica rariasime effects, ad basin laminarum affixe. Ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum v. a basi ascendens, amphitropum v. anatropum. Nux sieca.

## \* Flores abortu dioici, regulares.

1. AULAX. Flores & cylindraceo-spicati, ? capitati. Bractez in capitulo fractifero anguste. —Afr. austr.

- 2. Levoldendron. Flores utriusque sexus capitati. Capitula fructifera bracteis latis imbricatis strobiliformia.—Afr. custr. (et trop.?).
- \*\* Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthii segmentum posticum per anthesin solutum.
- 3. Protea. Perianthii segmenta 3 usque ad apicem v. saltem ultra antheras connata. Capitula fructifera strobiliformia, sepius magna, bracteis involucrantibus latis imbricatis.

  —Afr. austr. et trop.
- 4. Leucospermum. Perianthii segmentorum trium laminse antheriferse per anthesin solutse recurvse. Capitula fructifera globosa v. rarius ovoidea, bracteis involucrantibus strobiliformia v. bracteis deciduis denudata.—Afr. custr.
- 5. FAURRA. Perianthii segmenta 3 fere ad apicem connata. Spice elongate, cylindracese, fructiferse post perianthia delapsa ovariis pilosis dense plumosse.—Afr. aust. et trop., Madagasc.

## \*\*\* Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. subregulares.

- † Flores capitati. Squame hypogyne 4 lineares v. subulute. Genera austro-Africana.
- 6. Serruria. Folia lineari-teretia, seepissime dissecta. Capitula multiflora, subglobosa, terminalia, seepiss pedunculata v. corymbosa, floribus parvulis. Stigma terminale, truncatum.—Afr. austr.
- 7. Mimeres. Folia indivisa, nunc plana capitulis in axillis superioribus sessilibus floribus majusculis seepe paucis, nunc ericoidea capitulis multifloris ad apices ramorum sessilibus floribus parvulis. Stigma terminale v. obliquum, parvum.—Afr. austr.
- 8. SOBOCKPHALUS. Folia ericoidea v. imbricata. Capitula parva, 1-6-flora, in spicam globosam v. corymbum densum terminalem conferta. Nucis stipes v. basis ipsa indurata, persistens. Stigma parvum, terminale.—Afr. austr.
- 9. NIVENIA. Folia varia. Capitula 4-flora, in spicam densam cylindraceam v. subglobosam terminalem conferta. Nux basi non dilatata. Stigma parvum, terminale.—Afr. austr.
- 10. Spatalla. Folia tenuia, conferta, indivisa. Capitula 1-4-flora, in spicam laxam terminalem conferta. Stigma valde obliquum v. laterale v. in medio disco terminale.—Afr. austr.
  - †† Flores dense capitati. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Genera Australiana.
- 11. Petrophila. Capitula fructifera strobiliformia, bracteis induratis post nuces delapsas persistentibus. Nuces compresse.—Australia.
- 12. Isorocon. Capitula fructifora bracteis deciduis denudata, v. bractese membranacese arcte appresse cum nucibus deciduse. Nuces haud compresse.—Australia.

### ††† Genera anomala Australiana.

- 13. Ademanthos. Flores intra involucrum 4-8-bracteatum solitarii. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4.

  —Australia occid. extratrop.
- 14. STIELINGIA. Capitula co-flora. Antheræ in cylindrum circa stylum cohærentes. Squamæ hypogynæ 0.—Austrolia occid. extratrop.
- Tribus II. Conospermese. Anthera 1 perfecte 2-locularis, 2 laterales loculo 1 perfecto primum cum loculo contiguo anthera perfecta in unum connato, anthera quarta loculo utroque effeto. Ovulum 1. Nux sicca. Flores parvuli, spicati.
  - 15. SYNAPHEA. Anthera postica abortiva membraniformis, cum stigmate cohserens. Nux ovoidea v. oblonga. Folia sepius divisa.—Australia occid. extratrop.
  - 16. Conosperium. Anthera antica abortiva. Stigma stamina superans. Nux apice trancata et carnosa. Folia indivisa.—Australia extratrop.
- Tribus III. Franklandiese. Antherse omnes perfectse, intra tubum longum incluses. Ovulum 1, pendulum. Nux sicca.
  - 17. FRANKIANDIA. Folia dichotoma. Flores longi, racemosi.—Australia eccid. extratrop.
- Tribus IV. Personniese. Stamina infra laminas v. prope basin segmentorum affixa, antheris omnibus perfectis. Ovula 2 v. 1, rarius co, ab apice pendula, orthotropa, v. rarius lateraliter affixa amphitropa ascendentia v. descendentia. Fructus nuceus v. drupaceus indehiseens. Seminum cotyledones sepius crassee, insequales.

- \* Squame hypogyne (). Genera Australiana.
- 18. Symphyonema. Filamenta infra antheras liberas circa stylum coherentia. Ovula 2, pendula. Nux oblonga. Folia dissecta. Flores laxe spicati.—Australia.
- 19. Bellendema. Ovula 2, pendula. Fructus membranaceus, planus, ala angusta cinctus. Folia integra v. apice dentata. Racemus terminalis, pedunculatus, densus.—*Tusmania.*
- 20. Agastachys. Ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, descendens. Nux 3-alata. Folia integra. Spices axillares, elongate...-Taemania.
  - \*\* Squame v. glandule hypogyne 4, distincte. Genera Australasica (et Mascarense 1).
- 21. BRAUPERA. Ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, ascendens. Drupa ellipsoidea v. globosa, styli cicatrice fere basali. Folia indivisa v. pinnata. Spice paniculate.—Nov. Caled.
- 22?. DILOBRIA. Folia ampla, 2-loba. Spicse paniculatæ Beaupreæ. Flores dioici?—Madagascaria.
- 23. Cenarrhenes. Ovulum 1, pendulum. Drupa compresso-globosa, styli cicatrice terminali. Folia integra v. dentata. Spicæ axillares.— Tasmania.
- 24. Garnieria. Ovula co, horizontalia v. descendentia. Drupa compressa, endocarpio crasso lignoso. Folia integra v. dentata. Spicæ axillares.—Nov. Caled.
- 26. Personnia. Ovula 2 v. 1, pendula. Fructus drupaceus. Folia integra. Flores axillares, solitarii v. fasciculati, rarius in racemum terminalem conferti.—Australia, Nov. Zel.
  - \*\*\* Discus hypogynus breviter cupulatus. Genus Africanum.
- 26. Brabeium. Ofula 2 v. 1, pendula. Drupa velutina, endocarpio lignoso. Folia verticillata, indivisa. Racemi axillares, densi.—Afr. austr.
- (31, Macadamia a Brabeio parum differt inflorescentia. In 39, Carnarvonia, flores fere Pereconicarum cum fructu Grevilleearum.)
- Series II. Foliculares. Flores sæpissime secus rhachin geminati, bractea dum adsit sub quaque pari unica. Fructus follicularis capsularis v. rarius vix dehiscens subdrupaceus.
- Tribus V. Grevilleess. Ovula 2 rarius 4, collateralia. Flores racemosi v. fasciculati, involucro 0 v. inconspicuo, bracteis deciduis.
- \* Ovula 2, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus vix v. tardius dehiscens, pericarpio crasso carnoso v. duro.

  Seminum cotyledones crassæ, sæpe inæquales.
  - 27. Panopsis. Perianthium rectum. Stamina infra medium segmentorum affixa, filamentis complanatis. Discus cupulatus, 4-lobus. Folia indivisa, alterna, rarius subverticillata.—
    Amer. trop.
  - 28. Euplassa. Perianthium obliquum, limbo recurvo. Antheræ in laminis sessiles. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4, stipiti ovarii adnatæ. Folia indivisa.—Guiana, Bravilia.
  - 29. Guevina. Perianthii limbus recurvus. Antherse in laminis subsessiles. Discus semi-annulatus, 2-lobus. Folia pinnata.—Chile.
  - 30. Krrmadecia. Perianthium fere rectum. Antheræ in laminis subsessiles. Discus semiannulatus. Receptaculum valde obliquum. Folia indivisa v. pinnata.—Nov. Caled.
  - 31. Macadamia. Perianthium fere rectum. Stamina paullo infra laminas affixa filamentis brevibus. Discus annulatus 4-lobus v. 4-partitus. Folia verticillata, indivisa.—Australia or.
  - \*\* Ovula 2, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus follicularis v. oblique 2-valvus. Semma compressa, marginata v. ala cincta.
    - 32. Boupala. Perianthium fere rectum. Antherse in laminis fere sessiles. Squamse hypogynes 4 v. discus annularis. Folia sparsa, ssepius indivisa. Flores racemosi.—Amer. trop., Nov. Caledonis.
  - 33. LAMPERTIA. Perianthium fere rectum. Antherse in laminis subsessiles. Squamse hypogynse 4 v. discus annularis. Folia verticillata, indivisa. Flores solitarii v. septeni, involucrati.—Australia extratrop.
  - \*\*\* Ovula 2, lateraliter affixa v. ascendentia. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, durus, vix dehiscens.
    - 84. XYLOMELUM. Perianthium fere rectum. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4. Semen samaroideum in alam productum. Folia opposite. Spicæ densæ.—Australia.
    - 35. Hatana. Perianthium fere rectum. Glandule hypogyma 4. Semen v. semina 2 crassa exalata. Polis alterna. Racemi laxinsculi.—Asia trop., Australia.

## \*\*\*\* Ovula 2, lateraliter affixa v. ascendentia. Fructus follicularis.

- 36. Ozirus. Perianthium rectum, parvulum. Glandulse hypogynes 4. Semina samaroides, ala terminali. Flores dense racemosi v. spicati—Australia, mont. Chile.
- 37. Garvillea. Perianthii tubus per anthesin seepius hinc fissus, limbo obliquo v. recurvo. Discus seepius semi-annularis. Semina anguste alata v. exalata. Inflorescentia seepius terminalis.—Australia, Nov. Caled.
- 38. Harra. Perianthii tubus per anthesin seepius hinc fissus, limbo obliquo v. recurvo. Discus semi-annularis. Semina samaroidea, ala oblonga terminali. Inflorescentia axillaris.—
  Australia.
- 39. Carmarvonia. Perianthium rectum, parvulum. Glandulæ hypogynæ 0. Semina samaroidea, ala oblonga terminali. Racemi axillares.—Australia.

# \*\*\*\*\* Ovula 4, lateraliter affixa. Fructus follicularis.

- 40. Buchinghama. Perianthium sub limbo globoso revolutum. Discus semiannularis. Semina plana, ala angusta cincta. Flores parvuli, racemis terminalibus.—Australia trop.
- 41. Darlingia. Perianthium rectum. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4. Semina plana. ala angusta cineta. Spicæ paniculatæ, terminales.—Australia trop.

Tribus VI. Embethriese. Ovula 4 v. sæpius co, 2-seriatim imbricata. Flores racemosi umbellati v. capitati, sæpe involucrati. Semina sæpius lamina tenui v. substantia farinosa separata.

\* Ovula co, deorsum imbricata.

- 42. CARDWELLIA. Flores racemosi. Squamse hypogynee distinctse. Semina ala cincta.—Austral. trop.
- 43. STENOCARPUS. Flores umbellati. Discus hypogynus cupulatus v. obsoletus, Semina deorsum in alam producta.—Australia, Nov. Caled.
  - \*\* Ovula sursum imbricata. Semina samaroidea, ala terminali oblonga.
- 44. Lomatia. Glandulæ hypogynæ 3. Styli apex in discum lateralem expansus. Ovula co. Racemi exinvolucrati.—Australia, Chile.
- 45. Embothrium. Discus semiannulatus. Styli apex oblongo-fusiformis v. oblique subdisciformis. Ovula cc. Racemi densi, terminales, exinvolucrati v. bracteis paucis cincti.—Amer. austr. extrop. v. audina.
- 46. TRIOPRA. Discus subinteger, obliquus. Styli apex clavatus. Ovula co. Racemi densi, terminales, bracteis coloratis imbricatis involucrati.—Australia.
- 47. Ketoettia. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4, distinctæ. Styli apex lineari-clavatus. Ovula 4. Racemi densi, bracteis imbricatis involucrati v. nudi.—Nov. Zel., Nov. Caled.

Tribus VII. Samksiess. Ovula 2, collateralia. Flores dense capitati v. spicati, capitulis spicisve strobilinis v. involucratis. Semina lamina simplici v. duplici sepissime separata.

- 48. Banksia. Spice v. strobili a basi florentes, rhachi v. receptaculo sæpius elevato v. elongato.—Australia.
- 49. DRYANDRA. Spicæ v. strobili bracteis vacuis imbricatis involucrati, receptaculo seepius plano v. leviter convexo.—Australia occid. extratrop.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

CYLINDRIA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 69, arbor Cochinchinensis a botanicis recentioribus ignota, ad Proteaceas a pluribus approximatur, quia auctoris descriptio corolle et staminum satis cum perianthio et staminibus Proteacearum conveniunt, sed calyx, stylus, bacca, semen et habitus omnino abhorrent, et genus valde dubium remanet.

POTAMEIA, Thou., a Baillonio ad Laurimeas refertur.

## TRIBUS I. PROTERÆ.

1. Anian, Berg. Descr. Pl. Cap. 33.—Flores abortu dioici, regulares. Fl. d: Perianthium lineare, rectum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin solutis angustis erectis. Anthere lineares, in medio segmento filamentis brevissimis affixe, connectivo producto. Squame hypogynee 0. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, stylo tamen

elongato apicem versus seepius incrassato. Fl. Q: Perianthium urceolatum, tubo anguste pyramidato angulato, lobis linearibus recurvo-patentibus. Staminodia linearia, effecta. Squame hypogynse 0. Ovarium longe densissimeque pilosum; styli apex leviter clavatus, stigmate oblongo obliquo; ovulum 1, prope basin loculi ascendens, anatropum. Nux densissime pilosa.—Frutices glabri, dense foliati. Folia sparsa, angusta, coriacea, indivisa. Ramuli floriferi breves, inter folia sessiles, subumbellati, & racemiformes, cylindracei, dense multiflori, Q dense capitati, foliis caulinis summis dense involucrati, capitulo etiam intra involucrum ramulis brevibus acerosa-multifidis cincto. Bractese inter flores lineares. Flores & breviter pedicellati, Q sessiles.

Species 2, austro-Africanse. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 212. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 9. Bot. Reg. t. 1015 (3). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 76 (3), 248 (2) (Protea). Ramuli multifidi seu bractese plumosse capitula 2 intra involucrum singentes sunt verisimiliter racemi 3 abortivi.

2. Loucadendron, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 50, non Linn. (Protea, Linn. Gen. n. 111, non ejusd. Gen. ed. 1. Conocarpus Adans. Fam. ii. 284, non Linn.)—Flores abortu dioici, regulares. Fl. 3: Perianthium lineare, rectum v. subincurvum, limbo parum incrassato; segmentis demum supra medium v. usque ad basin solutis recurvopatentibus. Antheræ ad basin laminarum subsessiles, oblongæ v. lineares, connectivo ultra loculos brevissime v. haud producto. Squamæ hypogynæ 4 lineares v. 0. Ovarii rudimentum stylo elongato superne oblongo papilloso superatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium masculo subsimile v. segmentis diutius connatis. Antheræ effætæ. Ovarium angustum, stylo apice oblongo v. lineari-fusiformi, stigmate terminali emarginato v. rarius descendente; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, amphitropum. Nux sæpius lata, plus minus compressa, margine obtusa acuta v. alata.—Frutices v. arbores, incani puberuli v. glabri. Folia sparsa, coriacea, indivisa, integerrima. Flores intra bracteas solitarii, sessiles, ad apices ramorum capitati, capitulis seepius foliis floralibus caulinis aimilibus v. latioribus coloratisque cinctis; capitula fructifera seepius late strobiliformia, squamis involucri bracteisque latis coriaceis v. induratis imbricatis. Bractese sub floribus per anthesin parvæ, demum auctæ, exterioribus sæpius vacuis involucrum intra folia floralia forman-

Species descripts fere 70, Africs australis incols. nonnullse tamen reducends.—Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 213. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 75, 105 (Euryspermum). Breyn. Cent. t. 9. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 26, 27, 401. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 307, 429, 461, 495, 541, 572. Bot. Mag. t. 878, 881, 1650. Bot. Reg. t. 402, 826, 979 (ic. alise sub Protea, alise sub Leucadendro).

Nomina plurima praeter Leucadendron ante Linnæum a Plukenetio aliisque L. argenteo, Br., imposita fuerunt, nulla tamen nec a Plukenetio nec ab aliis generice definita. Leucadendron, Linn., ad Proteam ipsam reductum est, et Brown primus genus nostrum sub hoc nomine constituit. Salisbury, Parad. Lond. sub t. 67, species typicas pericarpio exalato tumido sub Protea retinuit, et species pericarpio alato generice separavit, sub nominibus, Euryspermum, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 18, et Chasme, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 16. Brown tamen species dioicas omnes sub Leucadendro conjunxit, quem secuti sunt botanici posteriores.

GISSONIA, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 32, includit L. plumosum, Br., speciesque v. varietates affines habitu peculiari, capitulis 3 ovoideis, squamis arcte imbricatis insignes.

LEUCANDRUM, Neck. Plem. i. 106, et Vion. EA. Neck. l.c. 107, ex charactere valde imperfecto verisimiliter ad Loucadendrum referendæ sunt.

3. Preten, Linn. Gen. ed. i. 22, et auct. recent., non Linn. Gen. ed. seq. (Leucadendron, Linn. Gen. n. 110. Erodendron, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 67, 70, 76, 108, et in Knight, Prot. 34. Pleuranthe, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 49.)—Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthium lineare, basi latius, a dorso seepe compressus, plerumque incurvus, limbo obliquo parum latiore, segmento postico angusto per anthesin a basi soluto, 3 inferioribus in labium recurvum integrum v. summo apice breviter 2-3-fidum connatis. Antherse in limbo subsessiles, liberee, lineares, connectivo ultra loculos producto appendiculate. Squamse hypogynes 4, lineares, tenues v. obsoletes. Ovarium longe denseque pilosum; styli rigidi apex subulatus compressus angulatus v. anguste 2-alatus, stigmate parvo

terminali v. obliquo; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum v. ascendens, plus minus amphitropum. Nux dense barbata, stylo persistente glabro caudata.—Frutices v. arbusculse. Folia alterna v. sparsa, coriacea, rigida, integerrima. Flores sub quaque bractea sessiles, solitarii, dense capitati, capitulis sepius magnis globosis v. rarius oblongis strobiliformibus, receptaculo crasso plano v. convexo. Squamse involucrantes numerosse, imbricatse, coriacese, v. interiores interdum elougatse membranacese migricantes v. coloratse.

Species ad 60, fere omnes Africæ australis extratropicæ incolæ, 1 v. 2 in Africa tropica usque ad Abyssiniam extensæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 230. Snn. Exot. Bot. t. 44, 81. Bonpl. Jard. Malm. t. 59. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 11, 12. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rev. t. 22. Grant in Trens. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 92. Bot. Mag. t. 346, 649, 674. 698, 770, 933, 1183, 1713, 1717, 2065, 2439. 2447. Bot. Reg. t. 20, 47, 208, 351, 569. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 103, 110, 132, 133, 144, 270, 277, 288, 289, 301, 409, 437, 438, 442, 453, 469, 500, 526, 532, 543, 577, 582, 646.

4. Leucespermum, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 95. (Leucadendron, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub t. 67, et in Knight, Prot. 52. Diastella, Salisb. in Knight Prot. 61.)-Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthium lineare, incurvum, basi parum latius, limbo oblongo, segmento postico angusto per anthesin a basi soluto, 3 inferioribus basi connatis laminis liberis recurvis. Antheræ in laminis subsessiles, oblongæ v. ovatæ, connectivo brevissime producto apiculatæ. Squamulæ hypogynæ 4, lineares. Ovarium subsessile, parce pilosum; styli apex ovato-conicus v. linearis, sepe angulatus v. sulcatus, stigmate parvo terminali v. obliquo; ovulum 1, lateraliter medium versus v. prope basin affixum, plus minus amphitropum. Fructus siccus, ovoideus v. globosus, perianthio styloque deciduis seepius nudus, epicarpio membranaceo, endocarpio crustaceo.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia alterna, sæpius crebra, coriacea, integerrima v. apicem versus paucidentata. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, majusculi v. mediocres, capitati, capitulis terminalibus dense globosis v. rarius oblongis, receptaculo plano v. longiuscule Bractese exteriores vacuse, squamiformes, imbricatse, post anthesin deciduse v. in fructu persistentes strobilinse, interiores inter flores angustse. Perianthia seepius villosa.

Species ad 24, Africæ australis incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 263. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 17, 294 (Protea). Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 10. quibus addenda forte species Abyssinica non satis nota, L. Rochetianum, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3. xv. 369, pluribus notis ex descr. Proteæ affinior.

5. Faurea, Harr. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 373, t. 15.—Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthium lineari-clavatum v. incurvum, basi latius, limbo oblongo obliquo, segmento postico per anthesin fere a basi soluto, 3 inferioribus fere ad apicem in labium demum revolutum connatis. Antheræ in limbo subsessiles, lineares, connectivo obtuso breviter apiculatæ. Squamulæ hypogynæ 4, lanceolato-subulatæ, erectæ, sub fructu induratæ stellato-patentes. Ovarium longe denseque pilosum; stylus a basi angulato-sulcatus, apice vix incrassatus, stigmate parvo terminali; ovulum 1, medio lateraliter affixum. Nux compressiuscula, dense barbata. Semen orbiculatum.—Arbores parvæ v. mediocres, speciosæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, nitida, glabra v. subtus tomentosa. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, dense spicati, spica terminali cylindracea post perianthia delapsa ovariis pilosis dense plumosa. Rhachis cum receptaculis elevato-disciformibus post fructus delapsus diu persistens. Bracteæ caducissimæ v. 0.

Species adsunt 7, Africa australis tropica et extratropica et Madaguscaria incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 344. Wela. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvii. 63, t. 20. Flores et fructus omnino Protes a qua Faurea differt imprimis spicis elongatis ebracteatis.

6. Servuria, Salish. Parad. Lond. sub t. 67, et in Knight, Prot. 78.—Flores hermaphroditi, subregulares. Perianthium angustum, sepius incurvum, limbo ovoideo v. oblongo, segmentis per anthesin alte solutis ima basi coherentibus. Anthere in laminis subsessiles, oblonge v. lineares, connectivo bravissime producto spiculates v. mutices. Squares

hypegynse 4, lineares v. filiformes. Ovarium subsessile, villosum v. setoso-hispidum; styli apex cylindraceus vix dilatatus, stigmate terminali truncsto; ovulum 1, lateraliter medio v. supra medium affixum. Nux ovoidea v. ovoideo-globosa, styli hasi rostrata v. stylo deciduo nuda.—Frutices dense foliati. Folia sparsa, angustissime 8-fida pinnatifida v. magis dissecta, rarius hinc inde indivisa. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, dense capitati, bracteis vacuis imbricatis involucrati, capitulis ad apices ramorum nunc solitariis sessilibus v. pedunculatis, nunc co corymbosis v. in capitulum compositum congestis.

Species enumerate 52, Africe australis incolæ, plurime tamen inter se nimis affines. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 284. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 284, 337, 349, 447, 507, 512, 522, 536, 545 (Protea).

7. Mimetes, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub n. 67, et in Knight, Prot. 64.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium tenue, rectum v. curvulum, limbo recto oblongo v. vix tubo latiore, segmentis per anthesin solutis v. ima basi breviter connatis. Antherse in laminis subsessiles, oblongse v. lineares, connectivo breviter appendiculate v. nudse. Squamulse hypogynse 4, lineares. Ovarium glabrum v. parce pilosum; styli apex vix incrassatus, stigmate parvo terminali v. obliquo; ovulum 1, lateraliter v. fere ad apicem affixum, plus minus amphitropum. Nux sessilis, ovoidea, glabra, pericarpio membranaceo v. leviter indurato.—Frutices. Folia sparsa, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, integerrima v. rarius apice dentata. Flores capitati, capitulis sessilibus bracteis membranaceis involucratis.

Species 14, Africæ australis incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 262. Genus in sectiones 2 ad inflorescentiam dividitur:—

- 1. Eumimetes, Endl. Capitula seepe pauciflora, in axillis superioribus sessilia. Involucri squamæ membranaceæ, sæpius appressæ. Folia plana, coriacea.— Reichb. Ioonogr. Exot. t. 92, 93. Orothamnus, Pappe ex Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4357 (ic. in Fl. des Serres t. 338 repetita) ab Eumimete non differt nisi capitulis paucioribus nec vere terminalibus, involucri bracteis magis patentibus amplis coloratis.
- 2. Pseudomimetes, Endl. Capitula terminalia, multiflora, parvula, subglobosa, inter folia summa sessilia. Fruticuli diffusi v. divaricato-ramosi, cricoidei, foliis parvulis. Huc pertinent Diastelle species nonnulla, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 69.
- 8. Serecephatus, R. Br. in Trans. Linn Soc. x. 139. (Soranthe, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 71.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium tenue, ima basi latius, limbo parvo recto globoso v. oblongo, segmentis per anthesin alte solutis cum laminis revolutis, ima basi cohærentibus. Antheræ in laminis subsessiles, oblongæ. Squamuke hypogynæ 4, lineari-filiformes. Styli apex parum incrassatus, breviter oblongus, rectus v. obliquus, stigmate parvo terminali v. obliquo; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, amphitropum. Nux ovoides v. oblonga, pericarpio basin versus indurato a stipite brevi crasso v. a basi pericarpii brevissime persistente deciduo.—Frutices erecti v. rarius diffusi, ericoidei, dense foliati. Folia sparsa, conferta v. fere imbricata, lanceolata v. angusta, interdum subulata, integra v. inferiora dissecta. Florum capitula parva, pauci- (1-6-)flora, bracteis totidem parvis involucrata, in spicas breves densas capitatas v. dense corymbosas conferta. Bracteæ capitula subtendentia breves, membranaceæ v. demum auctæ latæ imbricatæque, capitulo composito subgloboso strobilum Leucadendri simulante.

Species ad 10, Africe australis incolse. Moises. in DC. Prod. xiv. 303. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 517 (Protea).

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur: Mischocaryon, Endl., nuce basi integra, pericarpio toto a stipite deciduo; et Cardiocaryon, Endl., nuce delapsa basi emarginata, pericarpii basin brevissime persistentem relinquente.

9. Erivenia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 133. (Paranomus, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub n. 67, et in Knight, Prot. 67.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium tenue, ima basi latius, limbo parvulo globoso v. oblongo nunc vix tubo latiore, segmentis per anthesin alte solutis revolutis ima basi coherentibus. Anthere in laminis subsessiles, lineares v. oblongse, connectivo brevissime apiculate v. nudse. Squame hypogynes 4, lineares. Ovarium subsessile, glabrum v. pilosum; styli apex seepius parum incrassatus,

cylindraceus v. oblongus, sulcatus, stigmate parvo terminali; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, plus minus amphitropum. Nux ovoidea v. oblonga, subteres, basi non dilatata, styli basi appendiculata v. nuda.—Frutices erecti, feliosi. Folia conferta, sparsa, coriacea, nunc parvula lata et integerrima, nunc etiam in eodem ramulo angusta, more Servuriz divisa v. dissecta. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, capitati, capitulis 4-floris bracteis totidem involucratis, intra bracteam subtendentem sessilibus, in spicam terminalem oblongam cylindraceam v. subglobosam confertis. In spica fructifera sepius rufo-pilosa, bractee persistentes interdum aucte fructum includentes.

Species 12, Africa australis incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 299. Andr. But. Rep. t. 284, 248 (Protea).

N. parvifolia, Br., ab omnibus differt styli apice breviter conico, nec anguste oblongo.

10. Spatalla, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub n. 67, et in Knight, Prot. 73.—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthium tenue, ima basi parum dilatatum, limbo recto v. incurvo ovoideo v. oblongo, segmentis per anthesin alte solutis recurvis basi breviter coherentibus, superiore seepe cesteris paullo latiore. Antherse in lamina subsessiles, ovate v. oblonge, superiore cesteris seepe majore et interdum sola pollinifera. Squamse hypogynse 4, subulate. Ovarium sessile v. brevissime stipitatum; styli apex brevis nunc brevissimus, oblique oblongus clavatus v. subdisciformis, stigmate valde obliquo v. laterali v. in medio disco; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, plus minus amphitropum. Nux brevissime stipitata, ovoidea.—Frutices ericoidei. Folia sparsa, filiformia v. subulata, indivisa. Flores parvuli, sub quaque bractea solitarii, capitati, capitulis 1-4-floris bracteis totidem parvulis involucratis, in spicam laxiusculam v. racemum terminalem dispositis, sessilibus v. breviter pedicellatis. Nuces seepius pubescentes v. villose, involucrum superantes v. breviores, bracteis involucri sub fructu interdum varie connatis.

Species descriptæ 17, Africæ australis incolæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 306. Species plures quoed folia et habitus vix distinguendæ, sed styli apicis forma characteres certiores præbere videtur.

11. Petrophila, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 67.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium tenue, rectum v. curvulum, limbo angusto, segmentis per anthesin ad medium v. usque ad basin solutis superne recurvis. Antheræ in laminis sessiles, lineares v. oblongæ, connectivo breviter producto appendiculatæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile; stylus superne sæpe dilatatus v. truncatus, sub apice fusiformi hispido v. papilloso glaber, stigmate terminali parvo; ovulum 1, prope apicem lateraliter affixum, plus minus amphitropum, addito rarius ovulo secundo abortivo. Nux sæpius compressa, interdum margine alata, pilis longis ad margines v. basin connata.—Frutices. Folia sparsa, coriacea, integerrima v. divisa, sæpius teretia v. angusta. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, dense capitati v. spicati, capitulis terminalibus v. rarius axilaribus strobilinis globosis ovoideis v. rarius cylindraceis, receptaculo seu rhachi lanato sæpius cylindraceo, squamis imbricatis post anthesin induratis persistentibus; bractese sub capitulo sæpius  $\infty$ , membranaceæ, coloratæ, involucrum persistens v. deciduum formantes.

Species 35, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 319. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. x. 47, \$1. Cav. Io. t. 550, 551 (Protea). Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 18. Bot. Mag. t. 796 (Protea), 3469. Genus in Fl. Austral. l. c. in sectiones 6 dividitur, ad characteres imprimis e foliorum et styli apicis formas deductas, quæ tamen haud magni valoris apparent.

ATTLUB, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub t. 67, includit Petrophilam et Isopogonem, R. Br.

12. Esspegen, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 71.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium tenue, nunc tenuissimum, post anthesin circumscissum, parte superiore decidua 4-fida, segmentis linearibus, laminis linearibus v. oblongis; pars inferior diu persistens, in fructu fissa v. demum rejecta. Antheræ in laminis sessiles, connectivo brevi apiculate Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile; stylus superne sæpius dilatatus v. clavatus, ab spice scopiformi reflexo-hispido strictura sæpius separatus, v. rarius stylus

usque ad apicem continuus tenuisque; stigma parvum, terminale; ovulum 1, juxta apicem lateraliter affixum. Nux undique hirsuta v. longe comosa, ovoideo-conica, vix compressa, nec alata.—Frutices habitu Petrophilæ. Folia sparsa, rigide coriacea, integra v. divisa, teretia v. plana interdumque latiuscula. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, dense capitati v. spicati, capitulis terminalibus v. rarius axillaribus strobilinis globosis v. ovoideis, receptaculo v. rhachi brevi v. elongato lanato; squamæ imbricatæ, post anthesin v. cum seminibus deciduæ; bracteæ sub capitulo involucrantes diutius persistentes, et foliis caulinis summis arcte cinctæ.

Species 29, omnes Australiane. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 336. Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:—

- 1. Hypsanthus, strobili squamis acuminatis laxe imbricatis, interioribus angustis. Receptaculum planum convexum v. rarius oblongum. Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 19. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 438. Bot. Maq. t. 3539, 4037, 4332, 4372.
- 2. Eustrobus, strobili squamis apice dilatatis v. truncatis, post anthesin arcte imbricatis. Receptaculum convexum conicum v. cylindraceum. Cav. Ic. t. 548, 549. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 332, 465. Bot. Mag. t. 697 (omnes sub Protea). Bot. Reg. t. 900, 1288. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1337, 1883.
- 13. Adenanthes, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 28, t. 36 ad 38.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. parum irregulares. Perianthii curvuli tubus tenuis v. basin versus amplior, antice seepius fissus, fere totus deciduus, limbo parum latiore, laminis sequalibus; pars inferior persistens, brevissime annularis. Anthere in laminis sessiles, sequales v. antica effecta longior, connectivo brevi apiculate. Squame hypogyne 4, glanduliformes, perianthii basi annulate adnate eamque superantes. Ovarium sessile; stylus elongatus, diu arcuatus et e fissura perianthii protrusus, demum erectus et perianthio longior, superne sub apice clavato v. dilatato attenuatus, stigmate in sulco antico descendente; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, amphitropum. Nux (rarius drupa?) parva, glabra v. parce pilosa, indehiscens.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia sparsa integra v. divisa, plana v. teretia, rarius rigide pungentia. Flores in involucro e bracteis 4–8 sæpius 6 imbricatis sessiles, solitarii, involucris axillaribus v. terminalibus sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis solitariis v. fasciculatis. Perianthium extus pubescens v. villosum, laminis sæpius intus pone antheram barbatis. Ovarium annulo pilorum cinctum.

Species 15. Australise occidentalis extratropicse incolse. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 350. Endl. Iconogr. t. 110. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. viii. 149.

14. Stirlingia, Endl. Gen. 339 et Suppl. iv. ii. 31; Iconogr. t. 23. (Simsia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 152, non Pers.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu masculi, subregulares. Perianthii curvuli tubus oblongo-cylindraceus, superne angustior, limbo recto paullo latiore; segmenta per anthesin soluta, superne recurva. Stamina sub basi laminarum affixa, filamentis brevibus crassis; antheræ primum in cylindrum circa stylum cohærentes, loculis cujusve antheræ connectivo lato separatis, cum loculo antheræ contiguæ in unum confluentibus, demum solutæ cum segmento recurvæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile; stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali obtuso v. peltato-dilatato; ovulum 1, anatropum, a basi erectum. Nux parva, indehiscens, obovoidea v. obconica, apice truncata v. convexa, undique hirsuta, pilis superioribus in comam elongatis.—Suffrutices fruticesve sæpius glabri. Folia sparsa dissecta segmentis trichotomia, v. rarius trifida. Flores parvi, in spicas globosas conferti, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, spicis in pedunculo longo solitariis paniculatisve.

Species 5, Australia occidentalis extratropica incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 356.

### TRIBUS II. CONOSPERMEA.

15. Synaphea, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 155; App. Flind. Voy. t. 7.—Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthium obliquum v. incurvum subclavatum, tubo brevi; limbus latior obovoideus; segmenta per anthesin soluta, postici lamina erecta ovata v. oblonga, cesteree 3 seepius breviora magisque patentia. Stamina ad basin laminarum

a, filamentis brevibus; anthera antica distincte 2-locularis, laterales dimidiatim 1-loculares, loculo cum contiguo antherse anticse in loculum unicum confluente, per anthesin termen soluto; anthera postica abortiva v. in membranam filamentum cum stigmate connectentem mutata. Squame hypogyne 0. Ovarium stipitatum v. subsessile, fasciculo pilorum coronatum; stylus filiformis, apice in discum obliquum stigmatiferum perianthii laminam posticam spectantem dilatatus, margine antico sepe 2-lobo v. 2-cornuto; ovulum 1, lateraliter affixum, amphitropum. Nux parva, indehiscens.—Frutices suffruticesve. Folia sparsa, omnia v. saltem inferiora longe petiolata, petiolo basi dilatata squamiformi, lamina coriacea integra v. divisa, minute reticulata. Flores parvi, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, spicati, spicis primum densis demum elongatis, pedunculo communi simplici v. ramoso, ad axillam squame vaginantis oriundo.

Species 8, Australiæ occidentalis extratropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 359. Endl. Iconogr. t. 32

16. Gonespermum, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 213; Exot. Bot. t. 82.—Flores hermaphroditi, plus minus irregulares. Perianthii tubus rectus v. leviter incurvus, indivisus, limbo nunc angusto, lobis 4 subæqualibus patentibus, nunc ovoideo v. oblongo bilabiato, labio postico lato concavo, antico anguste 3-lobo. Stamina ad apicem gibbosum tubi v. ad basin laminæ concavæ affixa, filamentis brevibus crassis; anthera postica 2-locularis, laterales loculo 1 perfecto 1 effecto, antica loculis 2 effectis, loculi fertiles lateralium cum loculo contiguo posticæ ante anthesin in unum cohærentes, per anthesin soluti. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile, obconicum, apice pilis longis coronatum; strass basi filiformis, juxta basin antherarum incrassatus et incurvus, rostro oblongo v. angusto terminatus, stigmate ad apicem laterali per anthesin elastice in labium anticum perianthii recurvo; ovulum 1, ab apice pendulum, orthotropum. Nux parva, obconica v. turbinata, vertice plano v. concavo coma pilorum coronato.—Frutices suffruticesve. Folia sparsa, integerrima. Flores spicati, ad axillas bractearum vaginantium solitarii, sessiles, spicis brevibus densis in capitula sessilia congestis v. in axillis solitariis sessilibus, v. varie paniculatis, rhachi post anthesin interdum elongata. Bracteæ latæ, persistentes.

Species 34, omnes Australianse extratropicse, plerseque occidentales. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 363. F. Muell. Fragm. x. 20. In sectiones 2 distribuuntur:—

- 1. Isomerum, R. Br. Perianthii lobi tubo æquilongi v. longiores, subæquales, patentes. Antheræ intra gibbum ad apicem tubi collocatæ.—Endl. Iconogr. t. 46.
- 2. Euconospermum, Endl. Perianthii limbus 2-labiatus, tubo sequilongus v. brevior, labio postico latissimo concavo antheras fovente, antico anguste 3-lobo.—Rudge in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 17. Endl. Iconogr. t. 31. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. t. 70. Bot. Mag. t. 2724, 2850.

### TRIBUS III. FRANKLANDIRE.

17. Franklandia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 157; App. Flind. Voy. t. 6.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthii tubus longus, indivisus, angustus, rectus, limbo vix latiore, lobis sequalibus per anthesin patentibus. Antheræ lineares, inclusæ, tubo adnatæ. Squamæ perigynæ 4, lineares, infra medium tubi affixæ, in annulum circa stylum cohærentes, demum solutæ erectæ. Ovarium sessile, annulo pilorum longorum v. setis 3 plumosis coronatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali dilatato; ovulum 1, ab apice pendulum, orthotropum. Nux angusta, coma pappiformi v. setis 3 plumosis coronata. Embryonis cotyledones radicula multo breviores.—Frutices. Folia sparsa, dichotome divisa, segmentis teretibus. Flores longi, flavi, racemosi, sub quaque bractea solitarii, racemis terminalibus v. in axillis superioribus. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, Australia occidentalia extratropica incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 376. Endl. Iconogr. 1, 52,

## TRIBUS IV. PERSOONIEM.

18. Symphyenema, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 157.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceum, rectum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin superne solutis. Stamina prope basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis basi liberis incurvis sub antheris circa stylum coherentibus; antheræ liberæ, erectæ, connectivo brevissime apiculatæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium breviter stipitatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali capitato v. leviter dilatato; ovula 2, pendula, orthotropa. Nux oblonga, indehiscens, sæpius 1-sperma.—Suffrutices v. herbæ perennes. Folia sparsa v. inferiora opposita, dissecta, segmentis trichotomis angustis. Flores parvi, flavescentes, tenuiter spicati, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles.

Species 2, Australia orientalia extratropica incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 377. Endl. Iconogr. t. 12. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 107.

19. Zellendena, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 166.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceo-clavatum, rectum, segmentis basi contractis per anthesin solutis patentibus. Stamina ad basin segmentorum subhypogyna, filamentis erectis; antheræ oblongæ, muticæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium breviter stipitatum, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum, stigmate terminali; ovula 2, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus membranaceus, plano-compressus, indehiscens, ala angustissima cinctus, stylo in marginem reflexo. Semen sæpius abortu unicum, plano-compressum.—Frutex. Folia sparsa, integra v. apice dentata. Flores parvi, dense racemosi, secus rhachin sparsi, racemo terminali pedunculato. Bracteæ 0.

Species 1, Tasmanica. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 378. Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 7.

20. Agastachys, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 158.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceo-clavatum, curvulum, segmentis basi contractis per anthesin solutis recurvis. Stamina infra medium segmentorum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheree oblonges, connectivo breviter acuminatæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile, trigonum; stylus brevis, stigmate oblongo crasso obliquo sublaterali; ovulum 1, lateraliter sub apice affixum, amphitropum, descendens. Fructus (adhuc immaturus) siccus, indehiscens, 3-alatus, alis 2 lateralibus latis, antica angusta.—Frutex. Folia sparsa, integra, conferta. Flores albi, spicati, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, spicis elongatis axillaribus.

Species 1, Tasmanica. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 379, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1266. Fructum perfecte maturum non vidimus.

21. Beauprea, Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xviii. 243, in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xiii. 365, et in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. vii. t. 17.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium oblongo-cylindraceum, rectum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin solutis, recurvis. Stamina prope basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis planis; antherse oblongse, connectivo breviter mucronatse v. muticæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, liberæ, breves. Ovarium sessile, postice plus minus gibbosum; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stigmate terminali; ovulum 1, semianatropum, ascendens. Drupa ellipsoidea obovata v. orbicularis, basi styli prope fructus insertionem apiculata. Semen lateraliter affixum.—Frutices. Folia alterna, petiolata, indivisa v. imparipinnata. Flores parvi, spicati v. subracemosi sub quaque bractea solitarii, spicis racemisve ad apices ramorum paniculatis.

Species 5, Novo-Cale lonicse. Genus Cenarrheni valde affine, differt ovulo ascendente, ovario post anthesin postice tantum accreto, stylo primum terminali demum fere basilari.

22? Dilebeta, Thou. Nov. Gen. Madag. 7.—Flores dioici? regulares. Perianthium oblongo-cylindraceum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis demum solutis. Stamina prope basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis planis; autheræ oblongæ, connectivo breviter mucronatæ. Ovarium in fl. & effectum; stylus lineari-compressus. Fl. Q... Fructus...—Arbor. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, alte 2-loba, costa inter lobos in glandulam producta. Flores parvi, spicati, in quaque bractea solitarii, spicis in axillis superioribus ample paniculatis.

Species 1, Madagascariensis. Baill. Adansonia ix. 243. Ex exemplare in herb. Mus. Par. servato

- a Baillono examinato affinis videtur Besupres, sed flores fere omnes jam delapsi, et ovario fructuque ignotis locus in systemate valde incertus.
- 23. Cemarrhenes, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 36, t. 50.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium in alabastro ovoideum v. oblongo-cylindraceum, rectum, obtusum v. acuminatum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin solutis patentibus. Stamina prope basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis tenuibus v. latis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo acuminatæ v. muticæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, glanduliformes v. obovatæ. Ovarium sessile; stylus filiformis, apice vix incrassatus, stigmate terminali parvo v. stylo latiore; ovulum 1, pendulum, orthotropum. Drupa oblique ovoidea v. globosa, sæpius compressa styli cicatrice terminata, exocarpio succoso, endocarpio duro indehiscente.—Frutices v. arbores. Folia alterna, coriacea, siccitate nigricantia, integerrima grosse dentata v. pinnatifida. Flores spicati, parvuli, sub quaque bractea solitarii, spicis laxis sæpe elongatis axillaribus simplicibusque.
- Species 1, Tasmanica, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 380. Species Novo-Caledonicæ a Brongn. et Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, iii. 203 descriptæ ab auctoribus ipsis serius rite exclusæ, C. spathulæfolia ad Garnieriam, C. paniculata ad Beaupream relatis.
- 24. Garnieria, Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xviii. 189, in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xiii. 370, et in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. vii. t. 18.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares? Perianthium . . . Stamina . . . Squamæ hypogynæ 4, parvæ, lineares, distantes. Ovazium subsessile, carnosum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmate terminali truncato; ovula co, apice affixa, orthotropa, 2-seriatim horizontalia v. pendula. Fructus sessilis, durissimus, indehiscens, oblique orbicularis, compressus, endocarpio intus inter semina producto in locellos plures divisus. Semina in loculis solitaria, abortu pauca, deorsum producta in alam membranaceam.—Frutex ramulis novellis inflorescentiaque ferrugineo-pubescentibus, cæterum glaber. Folia sparsa, anguste spathulata, integerrima, coriacea. Flores laxe spicati, sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles, spicis axillaribus brevibus simplicibus v. subramosis.

Species 1, Novo-Caledonica, inter Personnieas ovulis co insignis.

25. Persoenia, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 215; Exot. Bot. t. 83. (Linkia, Car. Ic. iv. 61, t. 389. Pentadactylon, Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. 219, t. 220.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceum v. supra basin constrictum, rectum, segmentis per anthesin a basi solutis v. ima basi cohærentibus superne revolutis, laminis vix latioribus. Stamina infra medium segmentorum afiixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, connectivo ultra loculos producto apiculatæ v. nudæ, una rarissime effecta. Squamulæ v. glandulæ hypogynæ 4, sæpius parvæ. Ovarium breviter v. longiuscule stipitatum; stylus brevis crassusque v. elongatus et tenuis, stigmate terminali; ovula 2 v. rarius 1, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa, funiculis inæqualibus vix collateralia. Drupa 1-locularis 1-sperma, v. oblique 2-locularis 2-sperma, exocarpio succoso, endocarpio crasso durissimo.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia integerrima, alterna v. hinc inde subverticillata. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, flavi v. albi, ad axillas solitarii v. foliis floralibus abortivis ad apices ramorum breviter racemosi, rarius in racemos terminales secundos dispositi.

Species 60, una Novo-Zelandica, cæteræ omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 380. Hook. f. Haudb. N. Zeal. Fl. 241. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. x. 46.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:-

- 1. Pycnostylis, Moissn. Stylus brevis, sæpe ovario non tenuior, incurvus v. apice hamatus, stigmate in cavernula segmenti superioris infra antheram immerso.
- 2. Acrasthera. Stylus ultra antheras productus, stigmate terminali recto. Anthera connectivo appendiculate.—Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 425.
- 3. Amblyanthera. Stylus ultra antheras productus, stigmate terminali recto. Antherarum connectivum ultra loculos non productum. Redge in Trans. Lina. Soc. x. t. 16. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t.

- Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 32. Hook. Io. Pl. t. 426. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. t. 69. Andr. Bot. Rep. f.
   74, 280. Bot. Mag. t. 760. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 25, 327, 922, 1199, 1509.
- 26. Brabetum, Linn. Gen. n. 160. (Brabyla, Linn. Mant. 137.)—Flores abortu polygami, regulares. Perianthium angustum, rectum, segmentis per anthesin a basi solutis laminis vix dilatatis. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa, iis parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo obtuso vix apiculatæ. Discus hypogynus membranaceus, breviter cupulatus. Ovarium sessile, villosum; stylus superne etiam in fl. deviter incrassatus sulcatusque, stigmate in fl. deviter parvo terminali; ovula 2 v. 1, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Drupa ovoidea, subcompressa, dense velutina, exocarpio suberoso, endocarpio lignoso. Semen abortu solitarium; cotyledones crassissimæ, dura:

  —Arbor. Folia verticillata, coriacea, indivisa, dentata. Flores parvi, racemosi, secus rhachin fasciculati, breviter pedicellati, racemis axillaribus densis spiciformibus. Bractese ante anthesin pluriseriatim imbricatæ, per anthesin deciduæ.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 344. Lam. Illustr. t. 847. Gartn. f. Fruot. iii. t. 217.

### TRIBUS V. GREVILLEEÆ.

27. Panopsis, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 104. (Andriapetalum, Pohl, Pl. Bras. Ic. i. 113, t. 91, 92.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceum, tenue, rectum, limbo parvo subgloboso, segmentis per anthesin solutis superne revolutis. Stamina infra medium segmentorum affixa, filamentis sæpius complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo apiculatæ. Squamulæ hypogynæ 4, tenuissime membranaceæ, basi v. fere ad apicem in cupulam connatæ. Ovarium subsessile, hirtum; styli apex sæpius incrassatus, oblongus, sulcatus, stigmate parvo terminali v. majore obliquo; ovula 2, collateralia, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, indehiscens (v. tardius bipartibilis l), pericarpio crasso suberoso sæpius exsucco. Semen abortu solitarium, globosum v. oblongum, exalatum.—Arbores. Folia alterna v. subverticillata, integerrima, coriacea, venosa. Flores geminatim v. fasciculatim pedicellati, in racemos axillares terminalesve dispositi. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species editæ 8, Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 345 (Andria-petalum). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 121 (Rhopala). Rudge, Pl. Gui t. 31 (Ropala). Genus characteribus Personieis accedit, habitu et inflorescentia Roupalæ propinquius.

28. Euplassa, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 101. (Adenostephanus, Klotzsch in Linnera, xv. 51. Dicneckeria, Vell. Fl. Flum. 41; Ic. i. t. 105.)—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthii tubus obliquus, basi parum dilatatus; limbus parvus, subglobosus, rectus v. recurvus, segmentis per anthesin solutis, laminis concavis. Antheræ in laminis subsessiles, ovatæ v. oblongæ, connectivo latiusculo ultra loculos distinctos breviter producto. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4, stipiti brevi ovarii adnatæ, æquales v. posticæ paullo majores. Ovarium villosulum; styli apex incurvo-clavatus, stigmate terminali obliquo; ovula 2, collateralia, pendula, summo vertice v. juxta apicem affixa, orthotropa. Fructus (ubi notus) oblique subglobosus, compressiusculus, indehiscens (v. tardius hinc fissus i), pericarpio carnoso. Semina 2, suborbicularia, compressa, exalata, pendula.—Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, pinnata, foliolis petiolulatis coriaceis integerrimis v. dentatis. Flores geminatim pedicellati, in racemos axillares v. ad apices ramôrum paniculatos dispositi. Bractese minutæ v. 0.

Species editæ 8, Guianæ et Brasiliæ incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 436, et in Mart. Fl. Bras v. i. 92, t. 34 ad 36 (Adenostephanus). Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 38 (Ropala). Pohl, Fl. Brus. Ic. t. 89 (Rhopala).

29. Guevine, Molina ex Juss. Gen. 424. (Quadria, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 16, t. 33; et Fl. i. 63, t. 99.)— Flores hermaphroditi, subregulares. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus; limbus ovoideus, recurvus, segmentis per anthesin a basi solutis. Antherse vol. III.

in laminis concavis subsessiles, ovato-oblongse, connectivo obtuso brevissime apiculates. Discus hypogynus unilateralis, semiannulatus, carnosus, breviter 2-lobus. Ovarium subsessile, angustum; styli apex ovoideus subclavatus, stigmate terminali obliquo lato; ovula 2, ab apice loculi pendula, collateralia, orthotropa. Fructus ovoideo-globosus, indehiscens, pericarpio duro subcroso subcarnoso. Semen abortu sæpius unicum, subglobosum, testa subcrustacea.—Arbor. Folia alterna, imparipinnata, foliolis dentatis. Flores geminatim pedicellati, in racemos longiusculos axillares dispositi. Bracteæ minutæ caducæ v. 0.

Species 1, Chilensis. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 347. Gartn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 220 (Quadria).

30. Ermadecia, Bronga. et Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, i. 344, et in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. iv. t. 4.—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthii tubus obliquus, basi parum dilatatus; limbus oblongus v. subglobosus, rectus v. leviter incurvus, segmentis per anthesin solutis, laminis concavis. Antheræ in laminis subsessiles, oblongæ, connectivo latiusculo breviter apiculatæ. Discus hypogynus unilateralis, semiannulatus, carnosus, integer v. breviter 2-lobus. Ovarium in receptaculo obliquo subsessile; styli apex incrassatus v. subclavatus, stigmate terminali obliquo; ovula 2, collateralia, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Fructus oblongus v. subglobosus, indehiscens, pericarpio crasso carnoso. Semina . . . —Arbores. Folia alterna, coriacea, integerrima et indivisa v. in eadem arbore pinnata. Flores mediocres v. longiusculi, geminatim pedicellati, in racemos longos ad ramos vetustos solitarios v. plures paniculatos dispositi. Bracteæ minutæ caducissimæ v. 0.

Species l. c. enumeratæ 3, omnes Novo-Caledonicæ, quibus tamen nobis addendæ videntur Adenostephanus austro-caledonicus, Brongn. et Gris l. c., et A. Bleasdalı, Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 417, ex Australia tropica orientalı. Genus Guevinæ et Euplassæ (Adenostephano) valde affine, et forte melius pro sectione prioris habendum, differt floribus apice minus incurvis et receptaculo magis obliquo.

- 31. Macadamia, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. ii. 72, cum ic.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. subregulares. Perianthium rectum v. vix incurvum, tubo tenui hinc fisso, segmentis per anthesin solutis recurvis. Stamina paullo infra laminas affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo in glandulam v. appendiculam brevem producto. Squamæ v. glandulæ hypogynæ 4, distinctæ v. in cupulam connatæ. Ovarium sessile; stylus elongatus, rectus, apice ovoideus v. clavatus, stigmate terminali parvo; ovula 2, sub apice lateraliter affixa, pendula. Drupa subglobosa, indehiscens, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio crasso duro. Semen unicum globosum, v. 2 hemisphærica, cotyledombus crassis inæqualibus.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores. Folia 3-4-natim verticillata, integra v. serrata. Flores parvi v. mediocres, geminatim pedicellati, in racemos simplices axillares v. terminales dispositi. Bracteæ parvæ, caducissimæ.
- Species 2, Australise orientalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 406, excl. sp. n. 3. Genus a baillonio Adans.ix. 258 ad Panopsus (Andriapetalum) relatum cui certe characteribus pluribus accedit sed nobis satis distinctum videtur tam habitu et patria quam staminum insertione. M. verticillata, F. Muell., est, ex auctore in litt., verisimiliter Brabejum stellatifolium, stirps austro-Africana in horto Sydneyano culta; specimina nobis desunt et character in Flora Australiensi imprimis e schedis Muellerianis excerpta fuit, ovario non examinato.
- 32. Roupaia, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 83, t. 32.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceum, rectiusculum, basi parum dilatatum, limbo vix latiore subgloboso oblongo v. elongato, segmentis per anthesin solutis revolutis. Stamina ad basin laminarum affixa, filamentis brevibus nunc brevissimis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, loculis septo imperfecto separatis, connectivo angusto apice brevissime producto. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, æquales, distinctæ, planæ, obtusæ v. acutæ, rarius glanduliformes. Ovarium sessile; styli apex clavatus, sulcatus, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 2, collateralia, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Capsula dura, oblique 2-valvis, breviter stipitata. Semina ubi nota compressa, ala lata undique cincta.—Arbores glabræ v. ferrugineo-tomentosse. Folia alterna, coriaces, rigida, integerrima v. dentata, indivisa v. ramorum sterilium (arboris

junioris?) pinnata. Flores geminatim pedicellati, in racemos axillares v. laterales dispositi. Bracteæ 0 (v. minutæ caducæ?).

Species editæ ad 30, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, quoad distinctiones difficillimæ, foliis interdum in eadem arbore integerrimis dentatis pinnatisque. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 425, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 31 ad 33 (ovulis errore erectis depictis). Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Pcr. et Chil. t. 98, 99 (Embothrium). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 118 ad 120. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 39. Moric. Pl. Nouv. Amer. t. 100. Pohl, Pl. Bras. Ic. t. 86 ad 88, 90. Bot. Mag. t. 6095. His addiderunt Brangn. et Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, i. 346 speciem Novo-Caledonicam, a nobis non visam, characteribus ex auct. omnino Roupalæ, alteramque (l. c. ser. 5, xiii. 373) ex specimine nostro ab Americanis paullo diversam, foliis maximis integris 3-lobisve et squamis hypogynis in cupulam vix lobatam connatis.

Auctores recentiores nomen Aubletianum varie scripserunt Ropala, Rupala et Rhopala, sed derivatio valde incerta verisimiliter more Aubletiano ex nomine quodam vernaculo potius quam a βόπαλον, et orthographiam suam maluimus retinere.

33. **Eambertia**, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 214, t. 20.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. vix irregulares. Perianthii tubus elongatus, superne sæpe dilatatus et leviter incurvus, lobis angustis revolutis, 2 anticis sæpius altius solutis. Antheræ ad basin laminarum subsessiles, connectivo breviter apiculatæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, planæ, liberæ v. connatæ, rarius deficientes. Ovarium dense pilosum; stylus filiformis, superne interdum leviter incrassatus sulcatusque, stigmate parvo terminali v. postice breviter decurrente; ovula 2, pendula. Follicula sessilis, brevis, truncata, dura, margine inferiore sæpe in cornu producta, et valvulæ interdum angulo superiore cornutæ. Semina plana, anguste marginata.—Frutices. Folia 3-4-natim verticillata v. sub ramis vegetioribus sparsa, integra v. spinoso-dentata, venulis sæpe transversis. Flores longiusculi, rubri v. flavi, sessiles, solitarii v. septeni, bracteis coloratis imbricatis involucrati, involucris sessilibus terminalibus v. axillaribus.

Species 8, Australiæ extratropicæ imprimis occidentalis meolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 413. Cav. Ic. t. 547. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 69. Wendl. Sert. Hannov. t. 21. Field. Sert. Pl. t. 22, 23. Hock. Ic. Pl. t. 553. Bot. Reg. t. 528. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 80.

34. **Xylomelum,** Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 214.—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, regulares. Perianthium tenuiter cylindraceum, limbo ovoideo recto, segmentis per anthesin solutis superne revolutis. Stamina paullo infra laminas affixa, filamentis brevibus; anthere ovate, connectivo ultra loculos in appendiculam obtusam v. glanduliformem producto. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4, parvæ. Ovarium in floribus perfectis subsessile v. breviter stipitatum; stylus filiformis, apice clavatus, stigmate nunc terminali parvo nunc magno pulviniformi; in floribus sterlibus stylus apice clavatus stigmate non evoluto; ovula 2, collateralia, infra medium lateraliter affixa, amphitropa. Fructus magnus, ovoideus v. apice attenuatus, crassus, lignosus, diu indehiscens, demum (an semper?) uno latere v. in valvas 2 dehiscens. Semen abortu sæpius unicum, erectum, samaroideum, nucleo compresso oblique ovato superne in alam membranaceam oblongam producto, raphe tenui nunc alam undique marginante nunc inconspicua. - Arbores v. frutices elatiores. Folia opposita, indivisa, integerrima v. spinoso-dentata. Flores mediocres, sub quaque bractea per paria sessiles, dense spicati, inferiores sa pius perfecti, superiores steriles, spicis oppositis axillaribus v. in fasciculo terminali demum laterali congestis. Bractes parve, in spica juniore imbricate, per anthesin decidue.

Species 4, omnes Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 407. Gertn. Fruct. t. 47 (Banksia). Wils. in White Voy. t. 21 (Banksia). Cav. Ic. t. 536 (Hakea). Endl. Iconogr. t. 47, 48. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 90. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 446.

35. **Melicia**, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 83. (Helittophyllum, Bl. Bijdr. 652. Castronia, Noronh. ex Miq.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthii tubus tenuis, limbo vix latiore recto ovato v. oblongo, segmentis per anthesin solutis revolutis. Antherse filamentis brevibus paullo infra laminam affixæ, oblongæ, connectivo breviter appendiculatæ. Glandulæ hypogynæ 4, distinctæ v. in discum annularem v. cupulatum connatæ. Ovarium sessile: stylus elongatus, rectus, apice parum incrassatus, stigmate terminali;

- 432, 435, 437, 441, 444, 445, 447. Bot. Mag. t. 2579, 3424, 3760, 4528, 4648, 4644, ultima in Lem. Jard. Flour. t. 45, 272, 376 repetits. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1501, 1750.
- 4. Manglesioides. Florum fasciculi v. racemi breves, ante anthesin squamis imbricatis involucrati. Perianthium rectum. Stylus cono erecto vertice stigmatifero terminatum. Colla, Hort. Ripul. App. ii. t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 2246. MERCKLINIA, Regel, Gartenzeit. 1857, 155.
- 39. Carnarvonia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. vi. 80, t. 55, 56.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin fere a basi solutis apice recurvis. Antheræ lineares, infra medium perianthii sessiles, connectivo breviter apiculatæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, in stylum erectum attenuatum, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 2, infra medium lateraliter affixa. Follicula dura, incurva. Semina compressa, samaroidea, superne in alam membranaceam producta, raphe hinc marginali sub apice refracta in media ala oblique usque ad hilum descendente.—Arbor. Folia alterna, coriacea, varie composita, foliolis latis. Flores parvi, racemosi, secus rhachin irregulariter sparsi, racemis axillaribus simplicibus ramosisve. Bracteæ angustæ, parvæ.

Species 1, Australiæ tropicæ orientalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 410.

- 40. Buckinghamia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. vi. 248.—Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthii tubus tenuis, sub limbo globoso revolutus, segmentis per anthesin solutis. Antheræ in laminis cavis sessiles, connectivo ultra loculos haud producto. Squamæ hypogynæ in glandulam unilateralem semiannulatam truncatam crenulatam connatæ. Ovarium breviter stipitatum; stylus filiformis, apice in discum obliquum fere lateralem dilatatus, stigmate in medio disco parvo; ovula 4, collateralia, amphitropa, medio lateraliter affixa. Follicula compressa. Semina plano-compressa, tenuia, margine angusto aliformi cincta.—Arbor. Folia alterna, integra, pennivenia. Flores parvi, geminatim pedicellati, racemosi, racemis terminalibus. Bracteæ 0 v. caducissimæ.
  - Species 1, Australiæ tropicæ orientalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 532.
- 41. Darlingia, F. Muell. Fraqm. Phytogr. Austral. v. 152.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthii tubus tenuis, limbus globosus, crectus. Anthera in laminis concavis sessiles, connectivo ultra loculos in glandulam minutam producto. Squama v. glandulam hypogyna 4, globosa, distincta. Ovarium sessile; stylus filiformis, apice ovoideofusiformis, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 4, collateralia, amphitropa, medio lateraliter affixa. Follicula compressa. Semina plano-compressa, tenuia, margine aliformi cincta.—Arbor. Folia alterna, integra v. pinnatifida, pennivenia. Flores per paria sessiles, interrupte spicati, spicis ad apices ramorum paniculatis. Bractea 0 v. minutæ caducissimæ.
- Species 1, Australiæ tropicæ occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 533. Genus vix magis a Buckinghamia differt quam sectiones Grentleæ inter se.

## TRIBUS VI. EMBOTHRIEÆ.

- 42. Cardwellia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. v. 23.—Flores hermaphroditi, subirregulares. Perianthii tubus hinc fissus, sub limbo oblique globoso attenuatus recurvusque. Antheræ in laminis concavis sessiles, ovatæ. Squamæ v. glandulæ hypogynæ 4, distinctæ. Ovarium in stipitem brevem contractum; stylus elongatus, apice in discum lateralem dilatatus, stigmate in medio disco; ovula  $\infty$ , juxta apicem lateraliter affixa, 2-seriatim deorsum imbricata. Fructus crassus, lignosus, demum late folliculatim dehiscens. Semina plano-compressa, oblonga, margine aliformi cincta, seriebus basi transversim continuis.—Arbor. Folia alterna, abrupte pinnata. Flores brevissime per paria pedicellati, racemosi, racemis ad apices ramorum paniculatis. Bracteæ 0 v. caducissimæ.
- Species 1, Australia tropica orientalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 538, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1275.
- 43. tenecarpus, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 201. (Cybele, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 123. Agnostus, A. Cunn. in Loud. Hort. Brit. 580.)—Flores hermaphroditi, parum

irregulares. Perianthii tubus elongatus, per anthesin hinc fissus, limbo subgloboso recurvo, segmentis demum a basi solutis. Antheræ in laminis concavis sessiles, late ovatæ, connectivo ultra loculos non producto. Discus hypogynus breviter cupulatus v. fere obsoletus. Ovarium stipitatum; stylus elongatus, apice in discum obliquum medio stigmatiferum dilatatus; ovula  $\infty$ , sub apice lateraliter affixa, deorsum 2-seriatim imbricata. Folliculus stipitatus, coriaceus, sæpius angustus. Semina deorsum producta in alam membranaceam.—Arbores. Folia alterna v. sparsa, integra v. alte pinnatifida, segmentis paucis. Flores flavi v. rubri, umbellati, umbellis ad apices ramorum v. in summis axillis pedunculatis solitariis v. pluribus breviter racemosis v. umbellatis. Bracteæ parvæ caducissimæ v. 0.

Species 14, quarum 11 Novo-Caledonicæ, 3 Australianse. Brongn. et Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, iii. 204. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 539. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 26. Hook. Kew Journ. vii. t. 2 (Lomatia). Colla, Hort. Ripul. App. i. t. 3 (Hakea). Bot. Mag. t. 4263, ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 189 repetuta. Bot. Reg. t. 441.

44. Lomatia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x.199. (Tricondylus, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 121.)—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthii tubus obliquus, postice fissus, superne angustior; limbus ovoideo-globosus, recurvus, segmentis demum solutis, laminis tamen diu cohærentibus. Antheræ in laminis concavis sessiles, ovatæ. Glandulæ hypogynæ 3, latæ, truncatæ, ovarium semicingentes, quarto postico deficiente. Ovarium longe stipitatum; styli apex obliquus, in discum sublateralem dilatatus, stigmate in medio discoparvo; ovula ∞, ascendentia, 2-seriatim imbricata. Folliculus stipitatus, coriaceus, demum expansus subplanus. Semina sursum imbricata, samaroidea, ala terminalioblonga truncata undique raphe marginali rarius hinc inde intrusa cincta, et rarius ala angusta ad latera v. basin seminis.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, indivisa v. diasecta. Flores geminatim pedicellati, racemosi, racemis brevissimis v. elongatis axillaribus terminalibusve. Bracteæ parvæ caducissimæ v. 0. Cotyledones in seminibus examinatis profunde cordatæ, radicula in sinu retracta.

Species 9, quarum 3 Chilenses, 6 Australianse. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 447. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 536. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 94, 97. Cav Ic. t. 384, 385. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 42, 43. Sm. Specim. Bot. N. Holl. t. 8. Gærtn. f. Fruct. t. 218 (ic. præcedentes omnes sub Embothrio). Bot. Mag. t. 1272, 4023, 4110. Bot. Reg. t. 442.

Endlicher, Gen. 342, species Chilenses distinxit seminibus utrinque alatis, sed nucleus etiam in his basi sæpe exalatus est. Cæterum L. dentata Br. et L. obliqua Br. e Chile distinguuntur racemis brevissime paucifloris. L. ferruginea Br., species pariter Chilensis, a Meissnero tamen cum Austra lunis associata, insignis est foliis plerisque oppositis verticillatisve bipinnatifidis, et perianthio brevi basi valde dilatata. Seminis nucleus basi interdum ut in speciebus cæteris Chilensibus anguste alatus, interdum ut in Australianis exalatus.

45. Embothrium, Forst. Char. Gen. 15, t. 8 pro parte.—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, hinc fissus; limbus ovoideus v. globosus, obliquus v. recurvus, segmentis per anthesin solutis. Antheræ in laminis concavis sessiles, ovatæ, connectivo ultra loculos non producto. Discus hypogynus unilateralis, semiannulatus, carnosus, integer v. obscure 2-3-lobus. Ovarium longe stipitatum, angustum; styli apex oblongo-fusiformis v. oblique subdisciformis, stigmate parvo terminali v. in medio disco; ovula  $\infty$ , ascendentia, 2-seriatim imbricata. Folliculus stipitatus, oblongus, coriaceus, sublignosus. Semina 2-seriatim sursum imbricata, plano-compressa, samaroidea, ala torminali oblonga, raphe hinc marginali sub apice refracta in media ala cum margine parallela v. obliqua usque ad hilum descendente.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia sparsa, coriacea, integerrima. Flores geminatim pedicellati, dense racemosi, speciosi, racemis ad apices ramorum sessilibus brevibus v. demum elongatis. Bracteæ minutæ caducissimæ v. 0, rarius paucæ sub racemo majores, membranaceæ, coloratæ, subinvolucrantes, multo tamen minus conspicuæ quam in Telopea.

Species 4, America australis extratropica v. Andina incola. In speciebus 2 typicis, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. z. 195; Meissn. in DC. Prod. ziv. 443; Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 96; Cav.

Ke. t. 66; Bot. Mag. t. 4856, receptaculum floris fere rectum, styli apex parum obliquus, oblongo-fusi-formis, stigmate parvo terminali parum obliquo. Species 2, prioribus habitu simillime nisi inflorescentia laxiore, pro genere proprio a pluribus receptæ sunt: Ornocalkus, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 196; Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 445, receptaculo valde obliquo, styli apice oblique ovali-oblongo fere in discum lateralem dilatato, stigmate in medio disco, sed cum Baillonio pro sectione tantum Embothrii habemus. Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 95. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Equinoct. t. 139. His addidit F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. viii. 164, speciem in montibus Australie tropicse orientalis a W. Hill lectam, nobis ignotam.

46. Telepea, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 197. (Hylogyne, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 126.)—Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthii tubus elongatus, basi latior, hinc fissus, superne cum limbo ovoideo recurvus, segmentis demum plus minus solutis. Antheræ in laminis concavis sessiles, ovatæ, connectivo ultra loculos non producto. Discus hypogynus carnosus, integer, valde obliquus sed fere perfecte annularis. Ovarium longe stipitatum, angustum; stylus elongatus, apice clavatus, stigmate obliquo; ovula c, ascendentia, 2-seriatim imbricata. Folliculus stipitatus, obliquus, coriaceus, recurvus. Semina 2-seriatim sursum imbricata, samaroidea, ala terminali oblonga recta v. obliqua, raphe hinc marginali, sub apice refracta, in media ala oblique usque ad hilum descendente.—Frutices elatiores. Folia alterna, integerrima v. dentata. Flores speciosi, rubri, geminatim pedicellati, dense racemosi, racemis terminalibus subglobosis v. ovoideis. Bractere exteriores vacuæ membranaceæ coloratæ inflorescentiam involucrantes, interiores subflorum paribus parvæ.

Species 2, Australienses. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 534. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 44. Cav. Iv. t. 388. Sm. Specim. Bot. N. Holl. t. 7. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 111. Bot. Mag. t. 1128 (ic. omnes sub Embothrio). Genus vix nisi involucro ab Embothrio distinctum, et forte melius (mediante E. Wickhami, F. Muell.?) illi adnexum.

47. Emightia, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 193, t. 2. (Rymandra, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 124.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium cylindraceum, limbo vix latiore, segmentis per anthesin solutis ultra medium revolutis. Antheræ in laminis sessiles, lineares, connectivo angusto ultra loculos haud producto. Glandulæ hypogyme 4, æquales, distinctæ. Ovarium subsessile; styli apex lineari-clavatus, rectus v. basi obliquus, stigmate terminali parvo; ovula 4, a basi loculi collateraliter ascendentia, anatropa. Folliculi duri, sessiles, recti v. subfalcati. Semina samaroidea, ala terminali oblonga, raphe sub apice refracts in media ala obliqua usque ad hilum descendente.—Arbores et frutices. Folia sparsa, coriacea, integerrima v. grosse dentata. Flores geminatim pedicellati, in racemos densos sessiles axillares laterales v. terminales dispositi.

Species 3, quarum typica Novo-Zelandica racemis densis lateralibus ebracteatis, 2 Novo-Caledonicæ (sect. Eucarpha, Br.) racemis terminalibus axillaribus que, ante anthesin bracteis imbricatis coloratisque involucratis strobiliformibus: bracteæ tamen per anthesin deciduæ. Glandulæ hypogynæ in his multo majores quam in specie typica. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 241. Brongn. et Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, iii. 208. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 116, t. 265, ubi stirps Novo-Caledonica errore etiam in Australia austro-occidentali crescere dicitur.

### TRIBUS VII. BANKSIEÆ.

48. Banksia, Linn. f. Suppl. 15.—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. subregulares. Perianthii tubus tenuis, per anthesin hinc fissus v. segmentis omnibus solutis; limbus ovoideus oblongus v. linearis, laminis diu coherentibus v. rarius cum tubi segmentis solvendis. Antheræ angustæ, in laminis cavis sessiles, connectivo crasso ultra loculos breviter producto. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, membranaceæ (v. rarius 0?). Ovarium parvum, sessile; stylus sæpius elongatus, e fissura tubi protrusus, superne diu intra laminas coherentes retentus, demum liberatus et sæpius correctus, rarius perianthio brevior et ab initio rectus, apice stigmatifero striato v. sulcato continuo v. basi annulato, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 2, amphitropa, medio collateraliter affixa. Capsula compressa, obliqua, superne latior, in valvas 2 lignosas dehiscens, styli cicatrice valde excentrico v.

laterali. Semina sepius 2, compressa, in alam brevem latam rotundatam superne producta, et lamina ejusdem formæ simplici v. duplici separata.—Arbores v. frutices. Folia alterna v. rarius subverticillata, sæpius angusta, integra dentata v. pinnatifida, dentibus segmentisve numerosis brevibus, transversim venosa. Flores per paria sessiles, in spicas deusas oblongas v. rarius globosas, terminales v. axillares, intra folia floralia sessiles conferti. Bracteæ cum bracteolis 2 minoribus margine dense lanato-villosæ, in seriebus parallelis spiralibus v. rarius rectis imbricatæ. Spica fructifera cum bracteis in strobilum crassum lignosum mutata, perianthiis marcescentibus capsulas obtegentibus, v. deciduis capsulis si perfectis e bracteis apice prominulis.

Species descriptæ 46, omnes Australianæ, pleræque extratropicæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 542. In sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—

- 1. (Incostylis. Stylus a perianthio demum solutus sed apice recurvo-hamatus nec incrassatus. Folia angusta, margine revoluta, subtus alba. Sm. Specim. Bot. N. Holl. t. 4. Sueet, Fl. Austral. t. 56. Can. Ic. t. 537, 538. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 23, 24. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 81. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 96. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 156, 457. Bot. Mag. t. 738, 3060, 3535. Bot. Reg. t. 1363. Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. t. 35, ic. in Fl. des Serres t. 636, ct in Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 119 repetita.
- 2. Cyrtostylis. Stylus a perianthio demum solutus, arcuatus v. subrectus, apice incurvus nec hamatus nec incrassatus nec striatus. Folia plana v. undulata. Labill. Voy. t. 23. Bot. Mag. t. 3120. Bot. Reg. t. 1430, 1572.
- 3. Eubanksia. Stylus a perianthio demum solutus, rectus patens v. reflexus, apice tenuis nec striatus. Folia margine recurva v. revoluta, subtus alba. Cav. Ic. t. 541, 542, 544 ad 546. Bot. Mag. t. 1947, 2770. Bot. Reg. t. 697, 787. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 61, 241, 392.
- 4. Orthostylis. Stylus basi incurvus, superne rectus, crectus, apice stigmatifero conspicue angulato sulcato v. striato. Folia plana v. undulata. Gerin. Fruct. t. 48. Sm. in White Voy. t. 18 ad 20. Sweet, Fl. Austral. t. 14. Bauer, Illustr. t. 3. Cav. Ic. t. 540, 543. Bonpl. Jard. Malm. t. 48. Trattin. Thes. Bot. t. 21, 22. Wendl. Hort. Herrenh. t. 8. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 82, 258. Bot. Mag. t. 2406, 2671, 2803, 8052, 4906. Bot. Reg. t. 688. 1316, 1728.
- 5. Inostylis. Stylus cum perianthio ab initio rectus, apice tenui nec striato. Folia lata, undulata. Strobilus fructifer depresso-globosus.

Lamina membranacea simplex v. duplex inter semina in hoc genere et in *Dryandra* observata, constare videtur ex integumentis exterioribus seminum maturitate a semine solutis et inter se in laminam simplicem connatis v. omnino liberis.

49. Dryandra, R. Br. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 211, t. 3. (Josephia, Salisb. in Knight, Prot. 110.)—Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. subregulares. Perianthii tubus tenuis, rectus; limbus oblongus v. linearis, segmentis per anthesin ad medium solutis apice revolutis v. rarius laminis diu coherentibus. Antherm in laminis cavis sessiles, connectivo crasso ultra loculos brevissime producto. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, angustæ, membranaceæ (v. rarius 0 l). Ovarium parvum, sessile; stylus erectus, perianthio brevior v. rarius longior, primum arcuatus, demum laminis solutis correctus, apice stigmatifero lævi v. sulcato, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 2, apice v. juxta apicem lateraliter affixa. Capsula compressa, apice rotundato in valvas 2 coriaceas v. lignosas dehiscens. Semina 2 v. abortu solitaria, compressa, apice in alam membranaceam late rotundatam producta, lamina membranacea simplici v. duplici separata, v. integumento exteriore haud soluto distincta. — Frutice. sape humiles et prope basin florentes. Folia alterna, sæpius sinuata spinoso-dentata v. pinnatifida, dentibus segmentisve numerosis brevibus, subtus sæpe alba et transversim venosa. Flores per paria sub quaque bractea sessiles, dense capitati, capitulis terminalibus v. lateralibus squamis numerosis imbricatis involucratis et intra folia floralia sessilibus, receptaculo plano v. convexo villoso v. lanato. Bractese sub floribus anguste lineares v. paleacere, villosse v. lanatæ, in medio capitulo interdum parvæ v. obsoletæ. Perianthia sæpius basi glabra, superne villosa. Ovarium semper villosum. Capsula superne sape glabratæ.

Species descripts 47, omnes ad Australiam occidentalem extratropicam limitats. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 563. In sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—

1. Eudryandra. Integumenta exteriora inter semina in laminam bitidam a seminibus liberam plus minus connata Involucri squamse angustæ v. rarius latiusculæ. Labill. Voy. t. 24 (Banksia).

Street, Fl. Austral. t. 3, 53. Planch. Hort. Donat. t. 2. Bot., Mag. t. 1581, 1582, 3236, 4035, 4102, 4317, 4683 (ic. in Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 226, et Fl. des Sorres t. 728 repetita). Bot. Reg. t. 1465. Hemiclidia, R. Br. Prot. Nov. 40 est D. falcata, Br., ovulo altero abortivo demum in appendicem aliformem laminæ interseminalis mutato.

2. Aphragmia. Integumenta exteriora inter semina inter se libera v. facile solubilia, seminibus adhærentia v. soluta (lamina inter semina duplici v. 0). Involucra magna, squamis numerosis latis. Bot. Mag. t. 3063, 3500, 3513.

## Ordo CXLV. THYMELEACES.

Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 530. Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 100. DAPHNOIDEE, Endl. Gen. 329. AQUILARINEE, Endl. Gen. 332. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 579.

Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami v. dioici, regulares. Perianthium inferum, tubo cylindraceo basi sæpe circa ovarium latiore rarius urceolato ; lobi (v. limbi segmenta) 4 v. 5 imbricata per anthesin patentia, æqualia v. rarius 2 interiora paullo minora. Squamæ numero loborum æquales v. sæpius duplæ rarissime triplæ, intra tubum uniseriatim affixa ad faucem v. in medio tubo v. prope basin tubi v. in pluribus generibus 0. Stamina numero loborum æqualia v. dupla, in uno genere dimidio pauciora supra medium tubum v. ad faucem affixa, quæ lobis opposita sæpius altius quam quæ lobis alterna; filamenta filiformia brevia sæpius brevissima, in paucis generibus antheris longiora. erectæ v. dorso prope basin affixæ, 2-loculares, loculis parallelis in facie interiore connectivi latiusculi v. connectivo angustissimo v. inconspicuo contiguis, rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Discus hypogynus annularis, cupularis, 4-5-squamatus v. 0. Orarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, integrum, 1-loculare v. (in trib. 2 et 3) 2-loculare. Stylus nunc brevis v. brevissimus, nunc filiformis elongatus, in ovario 1-loculari sæpius excentricus mox sublateralis, in ovario 2-loculari centralis; stigma terminale, capitatum v. subdiscoideum. Oculum in ovario v. in quoque loculo 1, apicem juxta lateraliter affixum, anatropum, pendulum, raphe ventrali. Fructus exceptis Aquilaricis indehiscens, nuceus baccatus v. drupaceus. Semen in fructu v. in loculis solitarium, pendulum v. lateraliter affixum, testa crustacea v. rarius membranacea, endopleura membranacea bona distincta. Albumen carnosum sat copiosum v. sæpius parcum v. 0. Embryo rectus; cotyledones carnosæ, sæpius crassæ, radicula brevi supera.

Arbores fruticesve, rarissime herbæ annuæ tenuesque, libro tenaci filamentoso v. reticulato. Folia opposita v. sæpius alterna v. sparsa, integerrima, nunc numerosa parva uninervia venis sæpius parum conspicuis, nunc majora v. ampla, pennivenia. Stipulæ 0. Flores capitati v. breviter racemosi v. spicati, rarius solitarii, capitulis spicisve ad apicos ramorum v. in axillis sessilibus v. rarius pedunculatis. Bractese variæ, haud raro paucæ, exteriores capitulum involucrantes.

Species ad 360, in temperatis orbis veteris imprimis Africæ australis regionis Mediterranese et Australise numerosse, inter tropicos pauciores, in America tam boreali quam australi plurimse, haud tamen numerosse.

Ordo facile distinctus, ab austoribus bene inter Daphnales inclusus, etsi intermediis nullis cum ordinibus certeris connexus. Affinitatem cum Celastrineis et Rhamnaceis a Baillonio indicatam non sentimus.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Perianthium truncatum limbo nullo distincto in Dirca, fere ad basin partitum in Octolopide. Stamina ad 2 reducta in Pimelea, co in Gonystylo.

Ovarium 4-loculare in Octolopide, 4-5-loculare in Gonystylo.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus Z. Enthymelsees. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo unico. Fructus indehiscens.
- Series 1. Squame perianthii 0. Stamina numero loborum dupla v. si æqualia v. pauciora iis opposita.
  - \* Stamina numero loborum ægualia v. pauciora.
  - 1. PIMELRA. Stamina 2 .- Australia, Nov. Zelandia.
  - 2. SCHEMOBIBLOS. Stamina 4. Folia ampla.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Stamina numero loborum dupla. Discus hypogynus 0 v. brevissime annularis. Perianthium in fructu persistens v. deciduum nec circumscissum. Flores 4-meri, hermaphroditi.
    - 3. DAPHNE. Flores hormaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, limbus patens. Stylus brevissimus v. 0, stigmate magno. Pericarpium carnosum v. succosum.—*Europa, Asia temp. et subtrop.*
    - 4. OVIDIA. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus tenuis, limbus patens. Stylus elongatus, filiformis. Pericarpium carnosum v. succosum.—Chile et Andes Popayan.
    - 5. DIRCA. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium superne latius, oblique truncatum v. dentatum, limbo nullo patente. Pericarpium carnosum v. succosum.—Amer. bor.
  - 6. THYMELEA. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tulus sepius urceolatus, limbus patens. Stylus brevis, stigmate sepius parvo. Pericarpium membranaceum.—Reg. Mediterr., Europa, Asia media, ins. Canar.
- \*\*\* Stamina numero loborum dupla. Discus hypogynus plus minus lohatus v. obliquus. Perianthium in fruotu persistens v. totum deciduum nec circumsoissum. Flores 4-5-meri, hermaphroditi v. ahortu dioici.
  - 7. Daphnopsis. Flores 4-meri, abortu dioici. Discus e lobis v. squamis 2-4, saltem sub ovario imperfecto floris 3. Stylus fl. 2 brevis Amer. trop.
  - 8. Lasiadenia. Flores 5-meri, sepius polygami. Discus e squamis lobisve longe ciliatis. Stylus filiformis. -- Guiana, Cuha.
  - 9. Dais. Flores 5-meri. Discus cupulatus, glaber. Stylus filiformis, stigmate ovoideo-capitato. - Afr. austr., Madagasc.
  - 10. Edgeworthia. Flores 4-meri. Discus annularis lobis brevissimis. Stylus cylindraceus, stigmate longo lineari Ind. or., China, Japonia.
  - 11. Wikstræmia. Flores 4-meri, hermaphroditi. Discus 4- v. 2-fidus. Stylus brevis nunc brevissimus, stigmate magno.—Asia trop. et austr., Australia, ins. maris Pacifici.
- \*\*\*\* Stamina numero lohorum dupla. Perianthium supra ovarum sæpissime demum circumscissum,
  basi persistente fructum includente.
  - 12. STELLERA. Perianthii tubus tenuis. Discus unilateralis. Folia alterna, plana.—Asia centr. et occid.
  - 13. ARTHROSOLEN. Perianthii tubus tenuis v. cylindraceus. Discus 0. Stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo. Fruticuli v. suffrutices foliis sparsis planis.—Africa austr. et trop.
  - 14. Diartheon. Perianthii tulus brevis v. tonuis. Discus 0. Stylus brevis, stigmate subclavato. Herbæ annuæ, tenues, folis alternis linearibus Asia temperata.
  - 15. Passerina. Perianthium urceolatum, lobis tubo sequilongis. Stamina exserta. Discus 0. Stylus filifornis, stigmate globoso. Frutices ericoidei, foliis decussatim oppositis parvis.—

    Afr. austr.
    - 16. CHYMOCOCCA. Perianthium fructiferum carnosum. Cætera Paseerina.—Afr. austr.
- Series 2. Squame perianthii numero loborum duple v. equales, intra tubum infra stamina simplici serie affixe, lineares oblonge v. breves. Stamina numero loborum dupla.
  - 17. GOODALLIA. Flores dioici, 5-meri, pedicellati, perianthio continuo persistente. Squame 10, lineares, prope basin tubi.—Guiana.
  - 18. Funitera. Flores dioici, 4-meri, sessiles, perianthio continuo persistente. Squamæ 8, lineares, prope basin tubi.—Brasilia.
  - 19. Lacurra. Flores hermaphroditi, 4-meri, laxe spicati v. racemosi, perianthio urosolato persistente. Squames 4, lates, sub stamina conniventes.—Ind. cocid.

- 20. CETPTADENIA. Flores hermaphroditi, 4-meri, in axillis solitarii, perianthio supra ovarium demum circumscisso. Squame 8, in medio tubo adnate.—Afr. custr.
  - 21. LACHNMA. Flores hermaphroditi, 4-meri, sepius capitati, perianthio supra ovarium demum circumscisso, lobis sepe inequalibus. Squame 8, sub fauce staminibus alterna.—Afr. austr.
- Series 3. Squame perianthii numero loborum equales duple v. triple, ad faucem supra stamina affixe, in una specie deficientes. Flores hermaphroditi. Stamina numero loborum equalia v. dupla.
  - \* Stamina numero loborum equalia, iis alterna.
  - 22. Draffins. Filamenta filiformia. Squamse 4 v. 8, breves, lobis oppositse, v. 0. Fruticuli prostrati, ramosissimi, capitulis terminalibus paucifloris.—Amer. antarct., N. Zel., Australia, Borneo.
  - 23. STRUTHIOLA. Antheræ intra tubum sessilus. Squamæ faucis 4 8 v. 12, glanduliformes, ciliis cinctæ. Fruticuli virgati, floribus axillaribus.—Afr. austr.
  - \*\* Stamina numero loborum dupla. Pericarpium membranaceum, perianthii circumscissi basi inclusum.
    - 24. GNIDIA. Flores hermaphroditi, 4-meri.—Afr. austr. et trop.
    - 25. LASIOSIPHON. Flores hermaphroditi, 5-meri.—Afr. austr. et trop., Madagasc., Asia trop.
  - \*\*\* Stamina numero loborum dupla. Pericarpium durum, perianthio continuo inflato v. appresso inclusum, v. perianthio fisso stipatum, v. perianthio deciduo denudatum.
    - 26. Linostoma. Discus hypogynus 0. Squamæ ad faucem distinctæ. Flores paniculati. Bracteæ in pedunculo 2. demum auctæ, coloratæ.—Ind. or., Brasilia bor.
    - 27. DICHANGLEPIS. Discus hypogynus cupularis. Squamæ ad faucem petaloidese lobos subsequantes. Flores ad axillas sessiles.— Afr. trop.
    - 28. Synaptolepis. Discus hypogynus cupularis. Squamæ ad faucem breves, truncatæ, in annulum subconnatæ. Flores breviter cymulosi.—Afr. trop.
    - 29. STEPHANODAPHNE. Discus hypogynus 0. Squamæ ad faucem breves, in annulum fimbriatum connatæ. Flores capitati v. spicati Madagasc., Comores.
- Tribus II. Phaleriess. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Drupa 2-pyrena v. abortu 1-pyrena. Discus hypogynus cupularis.
  - 30. PEDDIEA. Flores pedicellati. Perianthii faux nuda. Stamina tubo inclusa.—Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 31. Leucosma. Flores sessiles. Perianthii faux intus squamata. Stamina subexserta, filamentis anthera brevioribus.—Ins. maris Pacylici.
  - 32. PHALRRIA. Flores sessiles. Perianthii faux intus nuda, lobi patentes. Stamina exserta, filamentis filiformibus, antheris parvis. -- Ceylon, Archip. Malay., Australia.
  - 33. PSEUDAIS. Flores sessiles. Perianthii faux intus nuda, dentibus brevibus erectis. Stamina subexserta, filamentis filiformibus, antheris parvis.—Molucca.
- Tribus III. Aquilariess. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula compressa, loculicide 2-valvis. Discus hypogynus 0. Squamæ faucis in annulum connatse.
  - 34. GYRINOPS. Perianthii tubus tenuiter cylindraceus. Stamina 5.—1nd. or., Archip. Malay.
    - 35. Gyrinopsis. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus. Stamina 10.-Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
    - 36. AQUILABIA. Perianthium campanulatum. Stamina 10. Archip. Malay., Asia or.

### GENERA ANOMALA.

- 37? Octolepis. Perianthium parvum, fere ad basin 4-fidum. Stamina 8. Ovarium 4-loculare, loculis 1-ovularis.—Afr. trop.
- 38? Gonystylus. Perianthium 5-fidum. Stamins co. Ovarium 4-5-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Java.

# GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

HORNERA, Jungh. in Hœv. et Vriese, Tijdschr. vii. 314, genus ad species 2 Japonicas inter se evidenter dissimiles propositum valde dubium est. Species ex Maximowiczio in litt. certe non

Japonica et characteres plantse nulli nobis notse conveniunt. Flores descripti fere Struthiola, inflorescentia tamen aliena.

Cansiera, Juss., inter Olacineas recensetur, supra, i. 349.

LEPTONIUM, Griff., est Lepionerus, Blum., inter Olacineas, supra, i. 349.

JENKINSIA, Griff., est Miquelia, Meissn., inter Olacineas, supra, i. 354.

INOCARPUS, Forst., est Leguminesa, supra, i. 552.

HERNANDIA, Linn., est Laurinea anomala, supra, 164.

CHAMPEREIA, Griff., quærenda est sub Santalaceis, infra.

### TRIBUS I. EUTHYMELEER.

1. Pimelea, Banks in Gartn. Fruct. i. 186, t. 39. (Banksia, Forst. Char. Gen. 7, t. 4, non Linn. f. Cookia, Gmel. Syst. ii. 24, non Sonn.)—Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius dioici. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus; lobi 4, patentes v. rarius erecti, fauce intus nuda v. leviter transversim incrassata v. subplicata. Stamina 2, fauci affixa, lobis exterioribus opposita, filamentis breviter v. longiuscule filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, connectivo angusto v. late dorsali. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylo elongato, stigmate capitato. Fructus parvus, perianthii basi inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo v. rarius succoso. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen copiosum parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosæ.—Frutices suffrutices v. rarius herbæ. Folia opposita v. sparsa, sæpius parvula. Flores capitato-spicati v. fasciculati, terminales v. axillares, rarissime solitarii.

Species editæ 76, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 496. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 242. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 1, ubi seminum testa errore endocarpium dicta.

Genus naturalissimum, floribus diandris in ordine facillime distinctum et in integrum servandum, etsi nonnullæ e sectionibus sequentibus characteribus aliunde genericis æstimatis separentur:—

- 1. Thecanthes. Florum capitula involucro 4-lobo cincta. Herbæ annuæ, glabræ, Australiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ. Cætera Eupimelcæ. Endl. Iconogr. t. 11. Thecanthes, Wikstr. in K. Vetensk. Akad. Stockh. Handl. 1818. 271.
- 2. Eupimelea. Bractese liberse, vix foliis caulinis latiores. Perianthii fructiferi tubus continuus. Albumen parcum. Fruticuli prostrati v. ramosissimi, Australia orientalis et Novæ Zelandia incolæ, foliis scepius oppositis planis v. concavis. Bot. Mag. t. 3270.
- 3. Heteroloma. Bracteze liberze, foliis caulinis multo latiores. Pernanthium continuum. Albumen copiosum. Frutices Australize occidentalis, foliis oppositis planis v. margine recurvis. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 5. Succet, Fl. Austral. t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 1458, 3459, 3721, 3950. Bot. Rey. t. 1578 et 1841, t. 33. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 88, 1283, 1708, 1966. Maund, Botanist, t. 136. Heterolema, Fisch. ct Mcy. Ind. x. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 47.
- 4. Calyptrontegus. Bractee liberse, varise. Perianthium post anthesin supra ovarium circumscissum, basi persistente fructum includente. Frutices Australienses, habitu vario, v. rarius herbse annuse tenues. Albumen varium. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 3. 4, 6, 7. Sweet, Fl. Austral. t. 52, Sm. Bot. Nov. Holl. t. 11. Rudge in Trans. Linn. Sec. x. t. 13, f. 2, t. 14. Bonpl. Jard. Malm. t. 31. Hook. Ic. t. 865. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 95. Bot. Mag. t. 891, 3276, 3288, 3833, 4543. Bot. Reg. t. 1268, 1439, 1582, 1827 ct 1838, t. 24. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1611, 1668, 1965. Maund, Botanist. t. 61, 147, 243. Calyptrotegia, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Petersb. iv. (1845) 72, pro parte. Gymnococca, Fisch. ct Mey. Ind. x. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 46. Macrostnila, Turez. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1852, ii. 177 (species bracteis magnis coloratis insignis).
- 6. Malistachys. Frutices Australia occidentalis, floribus parvis stricte dioicis. Catera Culyptrosteque.
- 6. Dithalamia. Frutices Australienses, floribus parvis stricte dioicis. Cætera Eupimelee. F. Muell. Pl. Vict. t. 76. Lodd. Bot Cab. t. 179.
- 7. Epullage. Antherarum connectivum dorsale latum, loculis in facio interiore parallelis, nec ut in casteris sectionibus in connectivo angustiore lateralibus demum dorso contiguis. Castera fere Calyptrostegia. Rudge in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 13, f. 1. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vi. t. 69. Bot. Mag. t. 3281. Calyptrostegia, C. A. Mey. l.c. pro parts.
- 2. Schemebibles, Mart. et Zucc. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 65.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu dioici. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, fauce intus nuda; segmenta 4, angusta,

patentia. Stamina 4, segmentis opposita iisque basi adnata; filamenta filiformia, segmentis breviora; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo angusto subnullo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 1-loculare; stigma didymum, sessile. Drupa perianthio deciduo nuda, ovoidea, exocarpio filamentoso, endocarpio duro. Seminis testa crassiuscule membranacea; albumen (v. cotyledones?) crasso-carnosum.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, ampla, membranacea. Flores umbellati, umbellis ad apices ramorum longe pedunculatis solitariis v. paucis paniculatis, pedicellis basi subarticulatis. Bracteæ 0.

Species 2, Brasilise borealis, Guianse et Venezuelse incolse. Meisse. in DC. Prod. xiv. 519, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 65, t. 28.

De seminis structura, in unico tantum examinato vix maturo, haud certi sumus.

3. Daphne, Linn. Gen. n. 485.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, basi sæpe latior; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa v. superiora vix exserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subsessiles, oblongæ, connectivo angusto v. inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, 1-loculare; stylus brevis nunc brevissimus v. subnullus, stigmate magno capitato. Bacca perianthio deciduo nuda v. perianthio persistente inclusa, carnosa v. subsicca, globosa ovoidea v. oblonga. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. sæpius 0; cotyledones carnosæ, crassæ v. rarius subplanæ.—Frutices erecti v. prostrati. Folia sparsa conferta v. dissita, perennantia v. decidua. Flores sæpius colorati, capitati v. brevissime racemosi, capitulis racemisve ad nodos vetustos in axillis foliorum v. ad basin innovationum sessilibus paucifloris v. plurifloris subpaniculatis.

Species ad 36, per Europam et Asiam temperatam v. subtropicam dispersæ. *Meissn. in DC. Prod.* xiv. 530, in sectiones sequentes distribuendæ:—

1. Eudaphne (Laureola, Gnidsum et Mezereum, Meissn.). Frutices sepius erecti. Flores brevissime racemosi, axillares v. ad spices ramorum conferti. Perianthium a fructu carnoso sepissimo deciduum. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 183; Hort. Schanhr. t. 351. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 553 (f. 1173), 555, 556. Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 356. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 303. Hayne, Arzneigew. iii. t. 43 ad 45. Bot. Mag. t. 1282, 1587. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 73. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 200, ser. 2, t. 390.

MEZEREUM, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. i. (1843) 358, a Daphne generice separatum fuit ob semen exalbuminosum. Albumen tamen nullum v. rarius parcum in toto genere hucusque observato.

2. Daphnanthes, Meissn. Frutices humiles, ramosissimi v. diffusi. Flores in capitulis terminalibus sessiles. Perianthium sepius plus minus sericeo-pubescens, diu persistens, fructum minus carnosum v. siccum includens. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 553 (f. 1174, 1175), 554. Sibth. Fl. Girac. t. 357 ad 359. Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. x. t. 20. Jaub. et Spach Ill. Pl. Or. t. 304 ad 306. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 35. Royle. Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 81. Sm. Spicileg. t. 18. Bot. Mag. t. 313, 428, 1875. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 56.

D. allasca, Pall., et D. alpina, Linn., a Meissnero sub Mezerco enumeratæ, melius ad Daphnanthem referendæ. D. Blagayana, Fresen. in Prodromo sub Daphnanthe inclusa, est potius Eudaphnes species D. glomeratæ, Lam., valde affinis.

- In D. odora, Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 47, D. cannabina, Wall. in Asiat. Res. xiii. t. 7, affinibusque paucis, flores ad apices ramorum congesti sed bracteis intermixti nec stricte capitati, et ramulo ssepe demum excurrente sublaterales evadunt, et hæ species facile pro sectione distincta habendæ.
- 3. Genkwa. Frutices. Flores 2-6 in capitulis lateralibus sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis ebracteatis sessiles, perianthio dense sericeo circa fructum siccum persistente. Species 2 Chinenses: D. Genkwa, Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 75 (D. Fortunei, Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. ii. t. 1), et D. Championi, Benth. Fl. Hongk. 296.
- 4. Eriosolena, Meisen. Frutices. Flores in capitulis lateralibus pedunculatis primum bracteis 2-4 inclusis sessiles, perianthio sericeo deciduo baccam nudante. Species 2, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Sm. Ic. Ined. t. 34. Scorolia, Linn. f. Suppl. 60, non Jacq. Emisso Lemia, Bl. Biydr. 651.
  - 4. Ovidia, Meism. in DC. Prod. xiv. 524.—Flores hermaphroditi (rarius abortu uni-

sexuales?). Perianthii tubus tenuis, in faucem ampliatus; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, 4 ad basin loborum, 4 intra tubum affixa, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, filamento multo breviores, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, glabrum, stylo longe filiformi exserto, stigmate parvo subcapitato. Bacca ovoidea, perianthio deciduo nuda. Seminis testa crustacea, endopleura membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones magnæ, carnosæ.—Frutices erecti, ramosi, foliosi. Folia sparsa, sessilia v. subsessilia, obovato-oblonga elliptica v. lanceolata. Flores ad apices ramorum umbellati, umbellis sessilibus v. pedunculatis demum sæpe ramulo excurrente lateralibus. Bracteæ sub umbella 1 v. 2, foliaceæ caducissimæ v. 0.

Species editæ 4, quarum 3 ex Chile australi forte unius varietates, quarta ex Andibus Popayanensibus nobis ignota. Mcissn. l.c. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gcn. ct Sp. t. 191 (Daphne).

5. Direa, Linn. Gen. n. 486.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium corollinum, basi tubulosum, supra ovarium contractum, superne in faucem subobliquam intus nudam ampliatum, margine truncato sinuato v. brevissime 4-fido non patente. Stamina 8, medio tubo affixa, exserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, oblongæ, connectivo angusto. Annulus hypogynus brevissimus v. obsoletus. Ovarium sessile, glabrum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, exsertus, stigmate parvo obtuso. Bacca perianthio deciduo nuda. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crassiusculæ.—Frutices virgato-ramosi. Folia alterna, membranacea, decidua. Flores pracoces, e gemmis foliaceo-bracteatis 2-3-ni, in pedunculo communi brevi nunc brevissimo sessiles, ebracteati.

Species 2, boreali-Americanæ. Mcissn. in. DC. Prod. xiv. 527. Bot. Reg. t. 292. A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. viii. 631.

6. Thymeles, Endl. Gen. Pl. Suppl. iv. ii. 65.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu polygami. Perianthium urceolatum v. rarius præsertim in fl. ♂ tubo tenuiter cylindraceo; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ breves v. oblongæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus 0 v. minute annulatus. Ovarium subsessile, 1-loculare; stylus brevis nunc brevissimus, stigmate capitato sæpius parvo. Fructus siccus, perianthio persistente inclusus v. rarius perianthio toto deciduo nudus; pericarpium membranaceum. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ.—Herbæ perennes rarius annuæ suffrutices v. fruticuli ramosissimi. Folia sparsa, sæpius parva v. angusta. Flores parvi, ad axillas sessiles, fasciculati v. solitarii. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 20, regionis Mediterranese imprimis orientalis incolse, sed ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Arrsiam dispersee, paucse in Europa v. Asia media magis extensse. Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 551.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Lygia. Species 3, annue v. basi perennes, caulibus tenuibus virgatis, floribus minimis. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 68. Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 550 (utruque sub Stellera). Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 534 (Passerina). Lygia, Pasano ex Meisen. l. c.
- 2. Chlamydanthus. Suffrutices dense foliati. Perianthium persistens, basi fructum includeus. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 551, 522. Sibth. Fl. (irac. t. 354, 355 (Daphne). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 94, 95 (Passerina). Boiss. Voy. Esp. t. 157, 158 (Passerina). Chlamydanthus, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. i. (1848) 358.

In icone Fl. Gr. t. 354, T. tartonraire, stigma depictum est Daphnes, magnum, discoideum, sessile, quod tamen in speciminibus nostris non invenimus.

3. Piptochlemys. Fruticulus ramosissimus, dense foliatus, foliis brevibus crassis obtusis. Fructus perianthio deciduo nudus. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 550. Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 360. Bot. Mag. t. 1949 (omnes sub Passerina). Piptochlamys, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. i. (1843), 358.

Nomen Thymelea ab auctoribus plurilus perperam Tournefortio tribuitur, nam Thymelea, Tournef., est Daphae, Linn., limitibus indefinitis extensa, et Thymeleaceas fere omnes Tournefortio notas includens. Thymeleac nostra a Linnaro aub l'asserina et Stellera enumeratæ sunt.

7. Daphnopais, Mart. et Zucc. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 65. (Nordmannia, Fisch. et Mey. et

Hargasseria, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. i. 1843, 355.)—Flores abortu dioici. Fl. &: Perianthii tubus tenuis; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, 4 superiora in mediis lobis, 4 inferiora ad faucem lobis alterna; antheræ sessiles, connectivo inconspicuo. Squamæ sub ovario 2 v. 4, parvæ, rarius lineares. Ovarium plus minus stipitatum, prima facie perfectum etsi parvum sed abortivum, ovuli rudimento sæpius minimo. Fl. 2: Perianthium quam in & multo minus, nunc tubo latiusculo suburceo-latum v. anguste turbinatum, demum circumscissum, lobis parvis, nunc tubo brevissimo alte 4-fidum, sub fructu persistens. Staminodia minuta v. 0. Ovarium oblongum, sessile, 1-loculare, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum, stigmate capitato. Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, pericarpio carnoso fibroso v. tenui. Seminis testa crustacea, endopleura membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ, radicula brevissima.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia sparsa, plana, membranacea v. subcoriacea, glabra v. subtus sericeo-pubescentia. Flores umbellulati capitati v. subracemosi, inflorescentiis nunc ad apices ramorum paniculatis, nunc axillaribus v. in trunco lateralibus.

Species ad 20, America calidioris a Brasilia et Peruvia usque ad Mexicum incola.—Meissa. in DC. Prod. xiv. 520, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 66, t. 28. Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 110.

Genus forte in sectiones 2 dividendum :-

- 1. Nordmannia. Species Andinæ Mexicanæ v. Indiæ occidentalis cum una Brasiliana (D. brasiliansi, Mart.), floribus umbellatis subcapitatis v. umbellulis longe pedunculatis v. ad apices ramorum paniculatis, perianthio tomentoso. 2. Neivira, Griseb. Symb. Fl. Argent. 433, species Brasilianæ, nonnullæ adhuc ineditæ, floribus parvis ad axillas v. ad nodos vetustos breviter subracemosis, perianthio glabro v. leviter piloso. Fructus tamen specierum plurimarum adhuc ignotus. D. cubensis, Meissn., ad Lasiadeniam transfertur. Coleophora, Miers in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, vii. 197: Illustr. ii t. 74, ex ic. et descr. nobis videtur ead. ac Daphnopsis (Neivira) Martii, Meissn., floribus masculis (ovario evoluto etsi abortivo) pro hermaphroditis descriptis. Lagetta alpestris, Gardn. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 135. in Prodromo omissa, pariter ad Daphnopsin (Neiviram) referenda est.
- 8. Lasiadenia, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 632. (Linodendron, Grisch. in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, viii. 187; Cat. Pl. Cub. 109.)—Flores sarpius abortu polygami. Perianthii tubus elongatus, basi leviter incrassatus, intus pilosus; lobi 5, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 10, ad faucem 2-seriata, filamentis breviter filiformibus quam lobi brevioribus; antherse ovata v. oblonga, connectivo angusto. Squame hypogynæ (sæpius 5) brevissimæ, pilis longis dense ciliatæ. Ovarium pilis longissimis dense barbatum, 1-loculare; stylus tenuis, plus minus elongatus, stigmate obtuso oblongo v. capitato. Fructus siccus, perianthio persistente integro v. fisso inclusus, pericarpio rigidulo haud crasso. Seminis testa crustacea, nitida; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosæ.—Arbores libro reticulato. Folia sparsa, membranacea v. subcoriacea, venosa. Flores capitati, capitulis in pedunculo simplici solitariis v. pedunculo ramoso paucis ebracteatis. Perianthium dense cano-tomentosum.

Species 5, una Guianensis, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 528, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. 69, t. 29, casteres Cubenses, Grisch. Il. cc.

9. Dais, Linn. Gen. n. 540.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, sæpe incurvus; lobi 5, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 10, tubo 2-scriatim inclusa v. superiora breviter exserta, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus cupulatus, membranaceus, truncatus v. dentatus, ovarium basi cingens. Ovarium villosum, 1-loculare; stylus longe filiformis, stigmate ovoideo v. globoso-capitato. Fructus siccus, perianthii basi inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen 0; cotyledones latæ, carnosulæ.—Frutices. Folia opposita v. sparsa, ad apices ramorum sæpe conferta. Flores dense capitati, capitulia ad apices ramorum pedunculatis. Bracteæ 2-6, sæpius 4, breves, latæ, rigidulæ, capitulum involucrantes. Perianthia sericeo-villosa.

Species 2, sitera Africa australis, altera Madagascaria incola. Moissa, in DC. Prod. xiv. 529. Lam. Ill. t. 368 f. 1. Garta. Fruct. t. 39. Jacq. Ic. Ras. t. 77. Bot. Mag. t. 147.

10. Edgeworthia, Meisen. in Denkschr. Regensb. Bot. Gesellsch. iii. 280, t. 6.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, sæpe incurvus; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus annularis, brevissimus, breviter lobatus. Ovarium sessile, villosissimum, 1-loculare, in stylum desinens, stigmate longe linearicylindraceo undique papilloso. Fructus perianthii basi inclusus, pericarpio vix carnoso. Seminis testa crustacea.—Frutices. Folia membranacea, sparsa, ad apices ramorum sepius conferta. Flores dense capitati, capitulis in axillis inferioribus v. infra folia pedunculatis, v. ante foliorum evolutionem sessilibus. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes plurimæ, nunc parvæ (v. 0 ?). Perianthia scriceo-villosa.

Species 2, altera Indiae orientalis, altera Chinae et Japoniae incola. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 543 Wall. in Asiat. Res. xiii. t. 9 (Daphne). Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 48.

11. Wikstrosmia, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 47; Iconogr. t. 22.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus elongatus; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa v. superiora breviter exserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus e squamellis angustis 4 v. 2, rarius 1. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, villosum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis nunc brevissimus, stigmate magno globoso-capitato. Fructus baccatus, perianthio deciduo nudus. v. subsiccus perianthii basi inclusus, pericarpio carnoso v. membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosæ.—Frutices v. rarius arbores. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna. Flores ad apices ramorum breviter racemosi v. spicati. Bracteæ 0.

Species ad 20, Asiæ tropica et orientalis, Australiæ, et ins. Maris Pacifici incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 543 (speciebus nonnullis reducendis). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi 37.

Genus Daphni valde affine, differt squamis hypogynis et quodammodo habitu, in sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Euwikstromia, Moissu. Perianthium sapius glabrum v. vix pilosulum, a fructu sæpius baccato deciduum. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. t. 15 (Daphne).
- 2. Diplomorpha, Meissn. Perianthium tenuius, sæpissime scriceum, spicis sæpe laxe ∞-floris. Fructus subsiccus, pericarpio tenui perianthio diu persistente incluso. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 149. Diplomorpha, Meissn. in Denkschr. Regensb. Gesellsch. iii. 289. С. А. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Pstersb. i. (1843), 857.
- W. subspicata, Meissn., disco nullo, verisimiliter ad Arthresolenem referenda est. Capura, Linn. Mant. 149, ex specimine manco in herb. Linn. servato videtur W. induce, genus tamen e charactere falso nequaquam recognoscendum.
- 12. Stellera, Linn. Amen. Acad. i. 399, pro parte.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, demum supra ovarium circumscissus; lobi 4, rarius 5, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, rarius 10, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antherse oblongo-lineares, connectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus in laminam linearem v. lanceolatam rarius 2-fidam uno latere productus. Ovarium subsessile, 1-loculare; stylus brevia, stigmate capitato. Fructus siccus, basi perianthii persistente inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnoses.—Herbas perennes suffrutices v. frutices. Folia alterna, plana. Flores ad apices ramorum sessiles, capitati v. demum spicati.

Species editse 8, verisimiliter ad 6 reducendse, Asise centralis et occidentalis incolse. C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. i. (1848), 359. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 548.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:—1. Chamestellera, C. A. Mey. Species glabre, caulibus e basi lignosa simplicibus, capitulo terminali rarius in spicam accrescente, perianthio glabro.—Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 374 (Passering). 2. Dendrostellera, C. A. Mey. Caule sapius fruticuloso ramoso, perianthio extus basi presertim dense villoso-lanato. Endl. et Fenel, Sert. Cabul. 1. 3 (Dais). Jaub. et Spach, 1U. Pl. Or. t. 301, 302.

Linnsons 1.c. Thymeleam arrensem et Stelleram Chamejasmen sub Stellera includit, charactere imprimis a priore deducto, auctores recentiores nomen genericum posteriori tribuunt.

13. Arthrecolon, C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Petersb. i. (1843) 359.—Flores her-vol. III.

maphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, tenuis, demum supra ovarium sepiasime circumscissus; lobi 4, rarius 5, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, rarius 10, 2-seriatim tubo inclusa, filamentis brevibus; antherse oblongse v. lineares, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium subsessile, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis seepius elongatus, stigmate parvo capitato. Fructus siccus, calycis basi persistente inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnose.—Fruticuli v. frutices ramosi, habitu nunc Wikstremia nunc Gnidia. Folia sparsa, plana. Flores nunc spicati, spicis terminalibus ebracteatis v. basi tantum bracteatis v. bracteis foliaceis quasi axillares, nunc capitati, capitulis terminalibus bracteis paucis foliaceis involucratis.

Species 10, Africæ australis incolæ, quarum una usque ad regiones tropicas extensa. Meissa. in DC Prod. xiv. 5:9. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 311, 755 (Passerina)

Genus a Wikstramia differt imprimis stylo elongato tenui, a Gnidia et Lasiosiphone fauce intus nuda. In una specie (medita?), A. gymnostachyo, C. A. Mey., cæterum valde affini, perianthium totum ut in Wikstramia persistit, sed stylus Arthrosolenis.

14. Diarthron, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1832, 204 ct 1852, ii. 464, t. 11. — Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus urceolatus v. tenuis, supra ovarium constrictus demum circumscissus; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, 2-seriatim tubo inclusa v. rarius superiora breviter exserta, filamentis brevissimis; anthera oblonga, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium subsessile, glabrum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate ovoideo subclavato. Fructus siccus, basi perianthii persistente inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0.—Herbæ annuæ, habitu Thymelææ sect. Lyyia, graciliores tamen, glabræ et ramosiores. Folia sparsa, linearia. Flores minimi, in spicas laxas terminales v. ramulo excurrente laterales dispositi. Bracteæ 0.

Species 2, Asiæ temperatæ a Persia usque ad Mantschuriam incolæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv 558. Janb. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 105. Griff. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 535.

15. Passerina, Linn. Gen. n. 489; Hort. Cliff. t. 11.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus e basi ovoidea breviter tenuis, supra ovarium demum circumscissus; lobi 4, patentes, tubo sæpe aquilongi, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, fauci affixa, exserta, filamentis lobis paullo brevioribus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, connectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium subsessile, glabrum, 1-loculare; stylus tenuiter filiformis, stignate globoso papilloso-hirto. Fructus siccus, perianthii basi persistente sæpius inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen carnosum, crassiusculum; cotyledones carnosæ, plano-convexæ.—Frutices ericoidei. Folia parva, decussatim opposita. Flores ad axillas bractearum foliis caulinis sæpius latiorum sessiles, in spicas ramulos terminantes dispositi.

Species 4, Africæ australis incolæ. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 562.

16. Chymecocca, Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv 565.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii urceolati tubus supra ovarium constrictus vix tamen circumscissus; lobi 4, patentes, tubo vix breviores, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, fauci affixa, exserta, filamentis lobis paullo brevioribus; antheræ ovato-oblongæ, connectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium subsessile, glabrum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate globoso. Fructus baccatus, perianthii basi inclusus, v. perianthio demum deciduo denudatus, striatus, pericarpio crassiusculo carnoso. Semen albuminosum, testa crassiuscula demum subcrustacea; cotyledones carnosæ, crassiusculæ.—Frutex ericoideus, habitu foliis et inflorescentia Passerinæ, a qua fructu solo differt. Folia floralia seu bracteæ a foliis caulinis non diversa.

Species 1, Africae australis incola. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1264.

17. Goodalita, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 633.—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthii tubus ovoideus, lobi 5, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 10, superiora subexserta, inferiora tubo inclusa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Squamse

10, lineares, tubo prope basin intus afixæ. Pistilli rudimentum minimum v. 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium quam in mare magis urceolatum, lobis suberectis. Staminodia 0. Squamæ tubi ut in fl. 3 lineares, glabræ. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, dense pilosum, 1-loculare; stylus tenuis, demum exsertus, stigmate capitato. Fructus perianthio aucto inclusus, pericarpio vix carnoso. Seminis testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosse.—Frutex arborescens, ramosissimus, glaber v. innovationibus leviter sericeis. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, ex oblongo orbiculata. Flores ad apices ramulorum pauci, fasciculati, brevissime pedicellati.

Species 1, Guianensis. Meisen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 527. Benth. in Hook. Ir. Pl. t. 1265.

18. Funifera, Leandr. ex C. A. Mey. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Petersb. i. (1843) 357.—Flores dioici. Fl. β: Perianthii tubus oblongus; lobi 4, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa v. superiora breviter exserta; antheræ ovatæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Squamæ 8, lineares, glabræ, tubo prope basin inter pilos longos afiixæ. Pistilli rudimentum minimum v. 0. Fl. φ: Perianthium maris v. basi latius. Staminodia 0. Squamæ tubi ut in fl. β. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, dense pilosum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato. Fructus perianthio parum aucto inclusus, pericarpio vix carnoso. Seminum testa crustacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosæ.—Frutices, libro tenui. Folia sparsa, per intervalla sæpius conferta quasi verticillata, lanceolata, coriacea. Flores dense breviterque raccmosi v. φ capitati, racemis capitulisve ad apices ramorum v. in axillis superioribus sessilibus. Bracteæ paucæ, caduca. Perianthia sericea.

Species 2, Brasilienses. Meissn. in DC, Prod. xiv. 525. Mart. et Zucc. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 39 (Lagetta).

Bosca, Vell. Fl. Flum. 150, Ic iv. t. 11 ad Funiferam dubie refertur, descriptio nimis brevis vix convenit; icon pessima speciei cuidam Duphnopscos similior est.

19. Zagetta, Juss. Gen. Pl. 77. — Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu unisexuales. Perianthii tubus urceolatus, sub fauce constrictus; lobi 4, breves, patentes, fauce intus supra stamina nuda. Stamina 8, 4 superiora ad basin loborum, 4 inferiora sub fauce affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subsessiles, ovatæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Squamæ 4, breves, subconnatæ, ad stricturam tubi infra stamina circa stigma conniventes, tubum subclaudentes. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sericeo-villosum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate magno capitato-clavato, ex ore squamarum demum prominente. Fructus siccus, perianthio persistente inclusus; pericarpio rigidule membranaceo. Seminis testa tenuiter crustacea; albumen (ex Gærtn.) parcum; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ.—Arbores libro eleganter reticulato. Folia alterna, oblonga v. lata. Flores in spicis racemisve terminalibus laxis pauci, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ 0. Perianthia extus glabra.

Species 2, Indise occidentalis incolse. Metson. in DC. Prod. xiv. 526. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 192. Genta. f. Fruct. iii. t. 215. Hook. Kew Journ. ii. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 4502, ic. in Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 19 repetita, utraque quosal stamina erronus.

L. alpestres, Gardu. in Hook. Lond. Journ. w. 135, in Prodromo praetermissa, videtur potius Daphnopseos species. Specimina, tantum nobis adsunt.

De seminis structura Lage 'le incerti sumus, in seminibus 2 a nobis examinatis, intra endopleuram more generis tenuiter membranaceam massam carnosam invenimus extus rugoso-phestam, radicula nuda prominente nec cotyledones distinctas exhibentia, sed forte imperfecte matura.

20. Cryptadenia, Meisen. in Linnaa, xiv. 404, et in DC. Prod. xiv. 573.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, supra ovarium constrictus, demum circumscissus, ad faucem ampliatus; lobi 4, patentes, tubo sepius longiores, fauce intus supra stamina nuda. Stamina 8, omnia v. superiora e tubo breviter exserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheres ablonges, connectivo angusto. Squame v. glandules co, ovoideze v. oblonges, in medio tubo infra stamina 1-seriatim aduate, staminibus alternes. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare; stylus tenuiter filiformis, stigmate globoso v. ovoideo. Fructus siccus, perianthii basi persistente inclusus, pericarpio tenuiter membranaceo.

nectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, sæpius villosum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato penicillato. Fructus ovoideus, siocus, durus, perianthio persistente basi aucto v. inflato inclusus v. perianthio fisso stipatus, rarius perianthio deciduo nudatus, pericarpio crustaceo v. fere suberoso. Seminis testa membranacea, pericarpio arpe adnata; albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ.—Frutices laxe ramosi v. scandentes. Folia opposita v. subopposita, plana, membranacea v. coriacea, pennivenia. Flores cymulosi, cymulis nunc fere umbelliformibus in paniculam terminalem dispositis. Bracteæ in pedunculo sæpius 2 suboppositæ, demum valde auctæ membranaceæ v. subscariosæ coloratæ.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum 3 v. 4 Indiæ orientalis, 2 Brasiliæ borealis incolæ. Meissn. in Denkschr. Bot. Gesellsch. Regensb. iii. t. 7, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 30.

Characteres essentiales et habitus in specielus Asiaticis et Americanis eidem, etsi fructus de specie in speciem paullo diversus. Perianthium fructiferum in L. decandro, Wall., quam in creteris minus auctum, a latere fissum sed persistens; in L. paucifloro, Griff. (PSULEA dalbergioide, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat Suppl. 355) et L. scandente, Kurz (Enkleia, Griff. Notul. iv. 363, Lasiosiphon scandens, Meissn.) integrum remanet, fructu appressum; in L. calophylloide, Meissn., (Lophostoma, Meissn in DC. Prod. xiv. 600) simile, sed circu fructum laxius. Seminis testa in L. decandro tenuis, a pericarpio subsolubilis. in L. paucifloro, L. scandente et L. calophylloide arcte aduata, in L. ovato, Meissn., ignota, nec adhuc descripta in L. Suamense, Kurz in Flora 1870, 371, specie a nobis non visa.

27. Dicranclepis, Planch. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 798.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, elongatus, basi demum ampliatus, supra ovarium continuus; lobi 5, patentes. Squamæ ad faucem 10, petaloideæ, basi in annulum subconnatæ, per paria lobis oppositæ iis parum breviores et cum illis patentes. Stamina 10, fauci infra squamas affixæ, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo dorsali lato, loculis in facie interiore parallelis. Discus hypogynus cupularis, membranaceus v. carnosulus. Ovarium breviter stipitatum, glabrum v. villosum, 1-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmate oblongo v. clavato. Fructus globosus v. obovoideus, perianthii basi arcte inclusus, parte superiore perianthii emarcida v. decidua; pericarpium indurato-crustaceum. Seminis testa tenuis, pericarpio appressa v. adnata; albumen 0; cotyledones crassocarnosæ, radicula minima intra basin cotyledonum retracta.—Frutices laxe ramosi. Folia alterna, membranacca, pennivenia. Flores ad axillas sessiles, solitarii v. per 2 4 fasciculati.

Species 2, Arricæ tropicæ incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. riv. 599.

Genus inflorescentia antherisque fere Struthiole, habitus caterum uti characteribus ab ex longe distat. In specie typica flores tenues fere glabri, ad axillas sepissime solitarii. D. Mannu, Baill., Adans. xi. 302, vuotur ejusdem varietas, floribus sepissime fasciculatis nec aliter differt. Species tamen altera in herb. Kew adest, a Mannio lecta, foliis longius acuminatis, floribus multo majoribus dense cano-tomentosis

28. Synaptolepis, Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1074 et 1194.—Flores hermaphroditi. Peri anthii tubus cylindraceus, elongatus, basi demum ampliatus, supra ovarium continuus; lobi 5, patentes. Squamæ faucis in annulum brevem crectum integerrimum v. brevissime in lobos truncatos fissum connatæ. Stamina 10, fauci infra annulum affixa, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo dorsali lato, loculis in facie interiore parallelis. Discus hypogynus breviter cupularis, tenuissime membranaceus. Ovarium breviter stipitatum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate oblongo. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, perianthii basi persistente carnosulo (nisi exocarpio ?) inclusus, pericarpio (potius quam endocarpio ?) crustaceo. Seminis testa membranacea, laxa (endopleura ad normam ordinis distincta), albumen 0; cotyledones crassiuscula.—Frutices divaricatoramosi v. scandentes. Folia alterna, ovata, membranacea v. subcoracea, pennivenia. Flores pauci, in cymulas terminales v. in summis axillis breviter podunculatas v. subsessiles dispositi.

Species 2, Africa tropicse incolse.

29. Stephanodaphne, Baill. Adans. xi. 302.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus

cylindraceus, elongatus, lobi 5, patentes. Squamæ faucis in annulum continuum apice patenti-recurvum fimbriato-lobatum connati. Stamina 10, tubo 2-seriatim afiixa, inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subsessiles, ovatæ, obtusæ. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, hirsutum, 1-loculare. Fructus . . .—Frutices. Folia alterna, ampla. Flores spicati, spicis capitatis v. longe filiformibus. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 2, una ins. Comoro, altera Madagascarise incola, a nobis non visse.

## TRIBUS II. PHALERIEÆ.

30. Peddiea, Harv. in Hook. Journ. Bot. ii. 265, t. 10. (Cyathodiscus, Hochst. in Flora 1842, 240. Psilosolena, Presl, Bot. Bemerk. 102.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus; lobi 4 (rarius 5?) breves, patentes, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 8 (rarius 10?), tubo inclusa, 2-seriata, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo inconspicuo. Discus hypogynus cupulatus, integer v. dentatus, ovarium basi cingens. Ovarium glabrum v. apice dense villosum, 2-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate depresso-capitato fere disciformi; ovula in loculis solitaria (addito rarius altero abortivo?). Drupa perianthio deciduo denudata, exocarpio succoso; pyrenæ 2 v. abortu solitariae, indurato-crustaceæ. Semina in pyrenis solitaria, testa membranacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones latæ, crassiusculæ, radicula brevi supera.—Frutices glabri. Folia sparsa, subcoriacea v. membranacea. Flores flavo-virentes, in umbellis ad apices ramorum pedunculatis pedicellati. Bracteæ 0.

Species 3 Africanse, quarum 2 Natalenses, Messen. in DC. Prod. xiv. 528, tertia tropica, Hook. f. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 20.

Genus Phalcrie valde affine. Ovarium a Meissnero 1-loculare dicitur, sed in speciminibus pluribus repetiter examinatis ovaria constanter 2-locularia invenimus.

31. **Leucesmia**, Benth. Bot. Sulph. 179, t. 57.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus elongatus; lobi 5, patentes. Squamæ faucis 5, breves, lobis alternæ. Stamina 5, fauci infra squamas 2-seriatim affixa, vix exserta, filamentis antheris sæpius brevioribus. Discus hypogynus breviter cupulatus, truncatus. Ovarnum 2-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato. Fructus drupaceus, perianthio deciduo nudus, exocarpio tenuiter carnoso, endocarpio duro sæpe crasso 2-loculari v. abortu 1-loculari. Semina in loculis solitaria, testa tenui: albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia opposita. Flores pauci v. rarius numerosi, capitati, capitulis ad nodos vetustos v. in axillis sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis. Bracteæ ovatæ v. orbiculatæ, capitulum involucrantes, caducissimæ, in speciminibus siccis rarissime adsunt.

Species ad 5, ins. maris Pacifici australis incoles. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 603. A. Gray, in Serm. Journ. Bot. 1865, 305. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 53, 54 (Drimyspermum).

32. Phaloria, Jack. in Mal. Misc. ii. vii. 59. (Drimyspermum, Reiner. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 15.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, elongatus; lobi 4-5, rarius 6, patentes, fauce intus nuda v. linea transversali obscura notata. Stamina 8 10, rarius 12, 2-seriatim fauci affixa, exserta, filamentis filiformibus; anthere parvæ, connectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus brevis, cupulatus v. annulatus, sinuatus v. breviter lobatus. Ovarium 2-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato. Fructus drupaceus, perianthio deciduo nudus, exocarpio succulento v. carnoso, endocarpio coriaceo v. indurato 2-loculari v. abortu 1-loculari. Semina in loculis solitaria, testa tenui; albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ.—Arbores. Folia opposita. Flores in capitulis terminalibus v. rarius lateralibus plurimi sæpe numerosi, sessiles. Bracteæ foliaceæ, capitulum involucrantes, deciduæ.

Species ad 8, Zeylaniæ Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ incolæ. Mcissa. in DC. Prod. xiv 603.

Thu Enum. 14. Zeyl. 251. Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xix. t. 1. A. Gray in Seem. Journ. Bot. 1865, 304 (omnes sub Drimyspermo). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 38. Bot. Mag. t. 5787.

33. Pseudais, Dene. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xix. 40.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium tubulosum, lobis 5 minimis dentiformibus erectis, fauce intus nuda. Stamina 10, tubo 2-seriatim affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, connectivo angusto. Discus . . . Ovarium 2-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate subpeltato. Fructus drupaceus, 2-locularis. Semina in loculis solitaria.—Frutex. Folia opposita, ampla. Flores in capitulo terminali pedunculato numerosi, coccinei. (Char. ex Gaudich. et Dene.)

Species 1, Moluccana, a nobis non visc. Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 44 (Dais), Genus Pholeriæ evidenter valde affine, nec nisi perianthii lobis minimis erectis differre videtur.

### TRIBUS III. AQUILARIEÆ.

34. Cyrinops, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 276, t. 140. (Lachnolepis, Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 132.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, tenuis; lobi 5, breves, patentes. Squamæ faucis in annulum glabrum v. pubescentem connatæ. Stamina 5, fauci infra squamas affixa, lobis opposita, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo dorsali lato, loculis in facie interiore parallelis. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium longe stipitatum, 2-loculare, in stylum breviter subulatum desinens, stigmate ovoideo. Capsula stipitata, compressa, loculicide 2-valvis. Semina (ex ic. Gærtneri) omnino Aquilariæ.—Arbores. Folia alterna, nitidula, coriacea, crebre pennivenia. Flores in umbellis ad apices ramorum breviter subpaniculatis pauci, breviter pedicellati. Bractese 0.

Species 2, altera Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis et Zeylaniæ incols, altera Moluccana. Meissa. m DC, Prod. xiv. 602. Wight, Ic. t. 1850. Bedd. Fl. Sylv t. 303.

35. Gyrinopsis, Dane. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xix. 41, t. 1.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, crassiusculus; lobi 5, breves, patentes. Squamæ faucis in annulum villosum connatæ. Stamina 10, ad faucem infra squamæs affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo dorsali latiusculo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium breviter stipitatum, villosum, 2-loculare, in stylum brevem desinens, stigmate ovoideo v. subgloboso. Capsula compressa, obovata, loculicide dehiscens, pericarpio coriaceo. Semina Aquilariæ.—Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, coriacea, nitida, crebre pennivenia. Flores in fasciculis axillaribus lateralibusve subsessilibus breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ 0. Perianthium sub fructu sæpius persistens, hinc fissum.

Species 2, altera ins. Philippinarum, altera Assamiæ incola. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 602. Genus Gyrinopsem cum Aquilariæ arcte connectens. Perianthium prioris, stamina 10 Aquilariæ.

36. Aquitaria, Lam. Dict. ii. 610. (Agallochum, Lam. Dict. i. 47, pro parte. Ophispermum, Lour. Fl. Coch. 280.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium campanulatum; lobi 5, lati, patentes, tubo æquilongi. Squamæ faucis 5, dense pilosæ, basi in annulum brevissi.ne connatæ. Stamina 10, ad faucem infra squamas affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, connectivo dorsali latiusculo. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium subsessile, villosum, perfecte v. imperfecte 2-loculare; stylus subnullus, stigmate magno sessili v. subsessili. Capsula dissepimento contrarie compressa, obovata, loculicide dehiscens, pericarpio duriusculo filamentoso, 2-locularis v. placentis in mediis valvis vix prominulis 1-locularis. Semina in quoque loculo v. quaque placenta solitaria, apicem versus lateraliter affixa, ovoidea, raphe ventrali in appendicem subsuberosam longe caudiformem sub semen compresso-dilatatam dein attenuatam usque ad basin capsulæ descendentem producta, testa crustacea, endopleura crassiuscula, haud tamen albuminosa; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ.—Arbores. Folia alterna, tenuiter parallele pennivenia. Flores pedicellati, umbellulis subsessilibus axillaribus terminalibusque. Bracteæ 0.

Species 2 v. 3, Archipelagi Malayani et Asize orientalis usque ad Chinam incolæ. Meissn. in DC. Prod. xiv. 601. Benth. Fl. Hongk. 297. Lam. Illustr. t. 356 (ab icone pessima Cav. Monad. t. 224 mutuata) Colebr. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxi. t. 21. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 6. Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal t. 36. In speciminibus pluribus examinatis A. Agallocha, Lam., ovarium placentis parum prominalis

1-loculare v. imperfecte divisum invenimus; in A. grandiflora, Benth., ovarium uti fructus semper perfecte 2-loculare.

## GENERA ANOMALA.

37 l Octolepis, Oliv. in Journ. Linn. Soc. viii. 161, t. 12.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 4, fere a basi distincta, imbricata, patentia. Squamæ subperigymæ 8, ovatæ, intus dense pilosæ, perianthio breviores. Stamina 8, squamis alterna et longiora, filamentis subulatis; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, subcordatæ, connectivo angusto. Discus hypogynus 0. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, dense pilosum, 4-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate dilatato; ovula in loculis solitaria, pendula. Fructus . . .—Frutex v. arbor parva, libro filamentoso. Folia alterna, ampla, integerrima. Flores parvi, pauci ad axillas fasciculati, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola, quoad affinitates adhuc valde incerta.

38! Gonystylus, Teijsm. et Binn. in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 265.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium breve, intus strigoso-hirsutum, coriaceum, persistens, laciniis 5 patentibus lanceolatis obtusiusculis. Squamæ 1-seriatæ basi aftixæ, setaceæ, filamentiformes, apicibus curvatis. Stamina plurima in fundo calycis circa ovarium seriata, filamentis brevibus; antheræ basifixæ, 2-loculares, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarium 5-4-loculare; stylus filiformis, geniculato-flexuosus, stigmate clavato 2-lobo; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa. Drupa 4-gono-subglobosa, sarcocarpio fibroso, 5-4-locularis. Semina columnæ centralis apice inserta, pendula, oblonga, curvata, exalbuminosa.— Arbor excelsa, ramis glabris, gemmis sericeo-tomentosis. Folia alterna, coriacea, rigida, pennivenia, glabra. Spicæ axillares terminalesque, floribus umbellulatis longe pedicellatis. Alabastrum globosum, Piso fere majus. (Char. ex Teijsm. et Binn.)

Species 1, Javana, a nobis non visa. Miq. in Ann. Mus. Ludg. Bat. i. 132, t. 4.

### ORDO CXLVI. PENEACEE.

Endl. Gen. 334. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 577. A. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, vi. 15. Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 98.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium inferum, tubo ovoideo v. cylindraceo; lobi 4, valvati v. margine reduplicati. Stamina 4, fauci affixa, lobis alterna, filamentis brevibus. Anthera cum filamento continue, erectæ, 2-loculares, loculis connectivo crassocarnoso introrsum adnatis, rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Dis us hypogynus 0. Orarium sessile, 4-loculare; stylus terminalis, teres v. 4-gonus, apice truncatus, stigmate terminali adnato cruciatim 4-lobo. Ovula in loculis 2 v. 4, anatropa, ascendentia v. pendula. Cupsula perianthio persistente inclusa, loculicide 4-valvis. Semina in loculis sepius abortu solitaria, testa crustacea. Albumen 0. Embryo crasso-carnosus, apice breviter 2-lobus, casterum integerrimus, cotyledonibus versimiliter fere ad apicem conferruminatis; radicula brevissima, infera v. in semine pendulo supera; plumulam in speciminibus examinatis haud deteximus.

Frutices ramosissimi. Folia opposita, numerosa, parvula, integerrima, coriacea. Stipula: 0. Flores in axillis superioribus solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis 2 v. 4 per paria oppositis stipati.

Species ad 20, Africa australis incolae. Ordo nulli arcte affinis. Ob habitum characteresque nonnullos Thymelanceis approximatur, sed sestivatione perianthii, antheris, ovario et fructu recedit. A Lindleyo cum Rhamneis com aratur, ob staminum situ, sed stamina lobis perianthii isomera et alterna etiam in Thymelanceis (Drupete et Struthiola) observantur. Geissoloma a charactere supra dato pluribus notis recedit, sed species unica habitu Penanceis simillima, vix pro ordine proprio habenda.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Penæa. Perianthii lobi plani v. margiue parum recurvi. Stylus 4-alatus v. 4-angulatus. Ovula 2, a basi loculorum erecta.
- 2 Sarcovolla. Perianthii lobi margine valde recurvi, Stylus teres. Ovula 2 v. 4, a basi loculorum erecta.
- 3. Endonema. Perianthii lobi subplani. Stylus teres. Ovula 4, medio loculo affixa, 2 ascendentia, 2 pendula.

#### GENUS ANOMALUM.

- 4. Gensoloma. Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Stamina 8. Ovarium 4-lobum, ovulis in loculis 2 pendulis. Capsula subdrupacea.
- 1. Pensea, Linn. Gen. n. 138.—Perianthii tubus oblongo-cylindraceus v. ovoideus; lobi valvati, margine plani v. leviter recurvi. Antherarum loculi ad basin connectivi crassi carnosi breves, obliqui. Ovarium 4-angulatum v. 4-sulcum: stylus 4-gonus v. 4-alatus, angulis alisve loculis alternis ramis stigmatis coronatis; ovula in loculis gemina, a basi loculi erecta.—Fruticuli ramosissimi, glabri, dense foliati. Folia opposita, sessilia, integerrima, coriacea. Flores flavescentes v. rubicundi, ad apices ramorum in axillis solitarii, sessiles, spicam foliatam formantes, foliis floralibus caulinis conformibus v. latioribus brevioribusque. Bracteæ sub flore 2 v. 4 per paria oppositæ.

Species 9, Africa australis meola. A Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, vi. 22, 23, t. 1. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 484, 486 (Penna et Stylopera). Vent. Jard Malm t. 87. Ledd. Bot. Cab. t. 1770.

STYLAPTERA. A. Just. I.c., vix pro sectione distincta habenda videtur, stylo 4-angulato nec 4-alato.

2. Sarcocolla, Kunth in Linnoa, v. 677.—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, saepius elongatus; lobi valvati, marginibus recurvis fere reduplicatis. Antherarum loculi in facie interiori connectivi crassi, ei acquilongi v. parum breviores. Ovarium extus laeve, in stylum teretem desinens, stigmate terminali parvo cruciatim 4-lobo; ovula in loculis 2 v rarius 4, omnia a basi loculi erecta.—Fruticuli habitu et inflorescentia Penace. Flores saepius majores, et in specie typica folia floralia majora colorata verniciflua.

Species 9 v 10, Africa australis incole — A. DC. Prod. xiv. 487 ad 489 (Bruchysiphon et Suroccolla), Bot. Reg. t. 106 (Penao)

Brachtsiphon, A. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3 vi. 24, t. 2, generice distinctus fuit a Penau perianthi lobis margine valde recurvis et stylo terete, a Sacco olla perianthi tubo brevi, s'aminibus inclusis. Inter species in Prodromo enumeratas B imbricatus, Juss. (Penau, Bot Mag. t. 2809) antheras exhibet Penau ovarium et stylum Saccocolla. In B. acuto, A. Juss., perianthii tubus clongatus et antheras Saccocolla et si habitus diversus. B. speciosus, Sond., omnino ad Saccocollam referendus vulctur. In specie typica Saccocolla, S. squamosa, Endl., saltem in speciminibus Burchellianis n. 8188, ovula 4 invenimus in quoque loculo, omnia tamen e basi erecta nor medio loculo, affixa ut in Eadonemate.

3. Endonema, A. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, vi. 26, t. 3.—Perianthii tubus elongatus, latiuscule cylindraceus, subangulatus; lobi valvati, subplani. Staminum filamenta antheris vix breviora; antherarum loculi connectivo crasso vix breviores. Ovarium extus læve, in stylum teretem desinens, stigmate terminali parvo cruciatim 4-lobo; ovula in loculis 4, medio loculo affixa, 2 collateralia ascendentia, 2 descendentia.—Frutices habitu Penoso, flores tamen secus ramos ad axillas foliorum caulinorum solitarii v. gemini brevissime pedicellati. Bractese sub quoque flore 4, per paria oppositæ, diu persistentes v. caducissime.

Species normales 2, Africæ australis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 491.

GLISCHROCOLLA, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 490, species a nobis non visa, a Jussieuo ad Sarcocollam relata, plumbus notis medium tenet inter Sarcocollam et Endonema; inflorescentia et flores prioris, ovarii structura Endonema/s, quocum junxit Baillon Hist. Pl. vi. 99. Cæterum genera tria limitibus valde incertis separantur, characteribus fere de specie in speciem discedentibus.

#### GENUS ANOMALUM.

4. Geissoloma, Lindl. ex Kunth in Linnga, v. 678.—Perianthium tubo brevissimo sub-4-partitum, segmentis latis 2-seriatim oppositis, 2 exterioribus vix basi connatis. Stamina 8, segmentis breviora, filamentis tenuibus leviter complanatis basi in annulum brevissimum ad basin perianthii connatis; antheræ ovato-cordatæ, versatiles, connectivo inconspicuo, loculis dorso contiguis. Ovarium 4-lobum, 4-loculare, lobis in stylos distinctos apice cohærentes desinentibus, stigmatibus minimis terminalibus; ovula in quoque loculo 2, ab apice pendula. Fructus subdrupaceus, 4-locularis, endocarpio cruciatim 4-lobo, exocarpio tenuiter carnoso, lobis compressis, (indehiscentibus?). Semina abortu sæpe in toto fructu solitaria, oblonga, compressiuscula, testa nitida crustacea albida; albumen 0; cotyledones carnosæ.—Frutex, habitus folia et flores axillares brevissime pedicellati Endonematis. Bracteæ 4, per paria oppositæ, diu persistentes.

Species 1, austro-Africana. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, vi. 27, t. 4. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 492. Buill. Hist. Pl. vi. 49. Schnitzl. Iconogr. t. 112\*.

Affinitus generis cum Celastraccis a Baillonio indicata nobis effugit,

# ORDO CXLVII. ELEAGNACEE.

Endl. Gen. 333. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 257. A. Rich. Monogr. Eleagn in Mem. Soc. Hist. Nat. Par. i. 375, t. 24. Baill. Hist. Pl. ii. 487.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales sepiusque dioici. Perianthium in flore  $\nabla$  v.  $\mathbb Q$  tubulosum, supra ovarium constrictum persistensque, superne deciduum, 2- v. 4-lobum v. r rius truncatum, in flore  $\mathcal E$  pars inferior deest. Stamina ad faucem perianthii v. in flore  $\mathcal E$  ad basin affixa, 4 lobis alterna v. 8 lobis alterna et opposita; filamenta libera, saepius brevia. Anthera dorsifixae, oblongae, 2-loculares, loculis parallelis contiguis rima longitudinali 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Staminodia in flore  $\mathcal Q$  0. Orarium in fundo perianthii sessile, 1-loculare. Stylus terminalis, linearis v. superne dilatatus, obliquus, uno latere stigmatosus. Oralum 1 a basi ovarii erectum, anatropum. Nux intra perianthii basin persistentem incrassatam baccatamque arcte inclusa. Pericarpium tenuiter membranaceum. Semen erectum, testa crustacea v. indurata. Albumen perparcum membranaceum v. 0. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crassis carnosis, radicula infera brevissima.

Arbores fruticesve, indumento lepidoto v. rarius stellato. Folia alterna v. opposita, integerrima, tenuiter pennivenia. Flores ad axillas v. rarius ad nodos defoliatos solitarii fasciculato-spicati v. racemosi. Bractese parvæ, deciduse.

Species 16, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borcalis utriusque orbis incelæ, etiam in Asia tropica usque ad Australiam extensæ.

Ordo pluribus notis Thymelæaceis affinis, facillime tamen ovulo crecto, sæpiusque indumento distinguitur.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. El maones Flores hermaphroditi. Stamina 4. Folia alterna.—Eur., Asia, Austral.,
- 2. HIPPOPHAE. Flores unisexuales, sæpissime divici. Stamina 4. Folia alterna Amer., Asia temper. et media.
  - 8. Shepherdia. Flores dioici. Stamina 8. Folia opposita.—Amer. bor.

### GENERA EXCLUSA.

CONULEUM, Rich., est Monimiacea, supra, 143.

Aktroxicon, Ruiz et Pav., a nonnullis ob indumentum lepidotum ad Elesagnaceas relata, infra sub Eupherbiaceis recensetur.

1. Eleaguas, Linn. Gen. n. 159. (Lepargyrea, Rafin. ex Steud.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium basi persistente oblongum v. globosum, supra constrictionem campanulatum v. infundibulare, apice valvatim 4-fidum deciduum, intus sepius supra constrictionem annulo prominente notatum. Stamina 4, ad faucem inserta, filamentis brevibus interdum basi annulo prominulo connexis. Stylus linearis, perianthio brevior, superne longe unilateraliter stigmatosus, parum dilatatus. Perianthii fructiferi basis persistens baccata v. rarius subsicca, strato interiore tenacissimo; pericarpium tenuiter membranaceum. Semen (pyrena, Nees, Schlecht.) conforme, testa nitida crustacea v. indurata; albumen in seminibus examinatis 0, ex auctoribus interdum tenue.—Arbores fruticesve indumento lepidoto v. stellato sepe argenteo. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima. Flores ad axillas breviter pedicellati, ad normam solitarii v. 2-3-ni, ebracteati, interdum fasciculati v. fasciculi in ramulos breves plus minus foliatos producti. Perianthium intus sepius flavum v. album.

Species a Schlechtendalio enumeratæ 27, a Maximoviczio ad 12 reductæ, Europæ australis, Asiæ temperatæ et tropicæ, Australiæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. S blicht in DC. Prod. xiv 609.

Maxim in Bull. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersh. xv. 377; Mel. Biol. vii. 558. A. Rich. Monogr. t. 24. Nees, tren Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 43. Reahh. Ir. Fl. Germ. t. 549. Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 152. Lindh. in Act. Soc. Sc. Fenn. x. t. 3. Pull. Fl. Ross t. 4. 5. Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. t. 81. Wight, Ic. t. 1856. Brand. For. Fl. t. 46. Bot. Reg. t. 1156 et 1843, t. 51.

OCTABILLUM, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 90, ex charactere dato videtur Elæagnus pericarpio membranaceo ro arillo descripto.

2. Etppophaë, Linn. Gen. n. 1106.—Flores unisexuales, sæpissime dioici. Fl. &: Perianthium tubo subnullo membranaceum, in alabastro globosum, fere ad basin valvatim 2-partitum. Stamina 4 v. rarius abortu pauciora, filamentis brevissimis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Perianthium oblongum, supra ovarium breviter contractum, brevissime v. obscure 2-lobum. Ovarium inclusum; stylus basi breviter tenuis inclususque, superne incrassatus, longiuscule exsertus, uno latere v. fere undique stigmatosus. Perianthium fructiferum baccatum, globosum, clausum; pericarpium tenuiter membranaceum. Semen (pyrena, Nees, Schlecht.) conforme, testa nitida crassa dura sublignosa; albumen tenue v. prope basin leviter incrassatum.— Frutex saliciformis, undique usque ad perianthium squamis lepidotis v. pilis stellatis dense obtectus. Folia alterna, angusta. Flores utriusque sexus ad axillas bractearum deciduarum solitarii, in spicas v. racemos breves conferti, & sessiles, spica amentiformi post anthesin decidua rarius in ramulum foliatum v. spinescentem excurrente; 2 pedicellati, racemi rhachi mox excrescente in ramum foliatum v. spinescentem, fructibus ad basin rami glomeratis.

Species 1, in Europa et Asia temperata et melia præsertim montana, ad littora maris v. ripas fluviorum late dispersa Schlicht, in DC, Prod. xiv. 607. A Rich. Monogr. t. 24. Gærtn. Fruct. 1. t. 42. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 44. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. f. 549. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 68.

3. £ hepherdia, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Amer. ii. 240; N. Amer. Sylv. t. 35. (Leptargyreia, Rafia. ex. Schlecht.)—Flores dioici. Fl. ♂: Perianthium tubo subnullo in alabastro globosum, valvatim 4-partitum. Stamina 8, filamentis antheris acquilongis, glandulis globosis totidem alternis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Perianthium ovoideo-oblongum, supra ovarium contractum, limbo valvatim 4-lobo deciduo. Glandulæ 8 ad faucem tubi. Ovarium perianthii basi inclusum; stylus e tubo vix exsertus, limbo brevior, stigmate oblique ovato v. orbiculato patente. Perianthii fructiferi basis persistens baccata; pericarpium tenuiter membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa nitida crustacea; albumen perparcum membranaceum v. 0.—Frutices v. arbusculæ lepidotæ. Folia opposita, petiolata, oblonga, integerrima. Flores parvi, brevissime spicati v. racemosi, secus rhachin ad axillas bractearum parvarum oppositi, spicis ♂ sæpius ∞-floris ♀ 2-floris ad axillas foliorum v. sæpius ad nodos defoliatos sessilibus, rhachi gemma foliacea terminata rarius in ramulum excrescente.

Species 3, America borealis incoise. Schlecht in DC. Prod. xiv. 608. Parry in Amer. Naturalist, ix. 350 A. Rich. Monogr. t. 24. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 178.

# Ordo CXLVIII. LORANTHACEE.

Endl. Gen. 799. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 789.

Flores regulares, hermaphroditi v. unisexuales. Perianthium duplex v. simplex. Calycis v. perianthii simplicis tubus ovario adnatus, in flore & brevis solidus v. vix ullus; calycis limbus annularis v. cupulatus, integerrimus v. breviter dentatus. Petala v. perianthii simplicis limbi segmenta 3-6, rarius 2, valvata, libera v. breviter v. alte in tubum perfectum v. postice fissum coalita. Stamina tot quot petala v. segmenta, eorum basi v. centro affixa iisque breviora v. rarius sequilonga; filamenta filiformia v. varie incrassata v. abbreviata v. 0. Antheræ basi v. dorso affixæ, ad normam 2-loculares loculis parallelis v. divergentibus rima longitudinali 2-valvatim dehiscentibus, interdum vero loculis varie confluentibus 1-loculares poro v. rima transversa dehiscentes, v. jam in alabastro explanatæ facie ∞-porosie v. ∞-locellatæ. Discus epigynus v. in flore & intrastaminalis, carnosus, parum prominulus v. 0. Staminodia in flore 2, ovarii rudimentum in flore 3 rarissime adsunt. Ovarium floris & v. 2 inferum, ante fecundationem solidum apparet v. in centro textura tenuiore plus minus distincte (in speciminibus siccis) cavum, ovulo sæpissime a substantia ovarii non rite distinguendum, etsi a variis auctoribus nunc erectum nunc pendulum v. lateraliter affixum dicitur. Stylus simplex, filiformis v. abbreviatus nunc brevissimus v. subnullus, centralis, stigmate terminali indiviso obtuso v. capitato interdum in ovario sessili. Fructus baccatus v. drupaceus rarius subsiccus; pericarpium sepius crassum, visco tenacissimo repletum, mesocarpio carnoso v. succulento, endocarpio tenui v. crustaceo rarius indurato, indehiscens v. rarissime prope basin circumscissus. Semen unicum, sapius ovoideum v. globosum. plus minus uno latere v. undique endocarpio adhierens, testa nulla. Albumen sæpius copiosum, crassum, rarius 0 v. tenue et ab endocarpio non distinguendum. Embryo in centro albuminis teres v. rarius 4-gonus, nunc albumine inclusus, nunc radicula supera breviter exserta, et interdum en bryones ad 3 in eodem albumine observantur.

Frutices in arboribus parasitici v. rarissime arbores v. frutices erecti terrestres. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna, integerrima, plana saepiusque crassiuscula, in nonnullis generibus v. speciebus ad squamas parvas v. dentes parum prominentes reducta. Stipulae 0. Gemmæ foliiferæ interdum squamis imbricatis obtectæ, quæ cito deciduæ v. ad basin innovationum persistentes. Inflorescentia varia, racemosa spicata v. fasciculata nec paniculata. Flores singuli v. florum ternationes bractea sæpius squamiformi et interdum bracteolis 2 stipati, rarius omnino ebracteati, perianthio nunc elongato specioso pulchreque colorato, nunc parvo virescenteque v. in generibus nonnullis minute.

Species ad 500, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis latissime dispersa, in temperatis tam borealibus quam australibus rariores.

Ordo Santalaccis valde affinis et a Baillono, Adansonia ii. et iii. cum iis in unum conjunctus, ovario tamen ante fecundationem ovulum nullum distinctum ostendente ab omnibus Dicotyledoneis Angiospermis differt. Cæterum de ovarii structura confer Decaisne in Nouv. Mem. Acad. Sc. Brux. xiii. 1, t, 1 ad 3; Griffith in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 71, t, 4 ad 11, et xix. 171, t, 19 ad 21; Hofmeister in Abhandl. K. Sachs. Ges. Wissensch. Leipzig, vi. 539, t, 1 ad 8.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Arbores fruticesve terrestres in Nuytsia, in Loranthi sect. Gaiadendro, et interdum in speciebus aliis perpaucis Loranthi.

Perianthium floris & deest in Antidaphne.

Fructus prope basin circumscissus in Arcentholio.

Albumen deest v. a pericarpio non distinguendum in Loranthi sect. Actantho et l'sittacantho et in Lepidocerate.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Euleranthess. Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu dioici. Perianthium duplex, calycis tubo adnato, limbo plus minus distincto annulari v. breviter cupulato.

- 1. NUYTSIA. Fructus subsiccus, late 3-alatus.—Australia austro-occid.
- 2. LOBANTHUS. Fructus non alatus seepius baccatus v. drupaceus. Area tota ordinis Amer.

Tribus II. Viscom. Flores omnes unisexuales. Perianthium simplex, calycis margine nullo conspicuo.

- \* Anthera in medio segmento sessiles, adnata v. medifixa et demum explanata.
- 3. Viscum. Flores ad axillas v. ad apices ramorum fasciculati, rarius solitarii. Antheræ latæ, adnatæ, facie interiore co-porosæ.—Europa, Asia, Africa, Australasia.
- 4. Arceuthobium. Flores in axillis squamarum oppositarum connatarum utrinque solitarii. Antheræ medifixæ. rima transversa dehiscentes, demum orbiculatæ. Fructus demum basi circumscissus.—Europa, Asia occid., Amer. bor., Mexico.
- 5. Dendrophthora. Flores inter articulationes spicæ ad utrumque latus rhacheou 1-seriatim (rarius brevissime 2-seriatim) superpositi. Antheræ medifixæ, rima transverus dehiscenteu, demum orbiculatæ.—Ind. occid., Amer. centr., Columbia.
  - \*\* Antheræ ad basin segmentorum filamento brevissimo fultæ v. subsessiles, erectæ.
- 6. Phoradendron. Flores inter articulationes spice ad utrumque latus rhacheos 2-co-seriatin superposite, rarius in spica brevissima 3-4. Antheræ vertice 2-loculares, loculis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus.—Amer. bor. et austr.
- 7. Notothixos. Capitula 3-7-flora, in racemo v. spica opposita v. in pedunculo solitaria, inflorescentia in dichotomiis terminali. Anthera vertice transversim dehiscentes, obscure co-locellati. Fruticuli aureo-tomentosi v. canescentes, foliis oppositis.—Zaylania, Australia.
- 8. (GINALLOA: Verticillastri 2-10-flori, in spicis axillaribus terminalibusve dissiti. Antherædis-incte 2-loculares. Frutices glabri, foliis oppositis.—Asia trop.
- 9. Eremolepis. Spiculæ parvæ. unisexuales, ad axillas sessiles. Antherarum loculi distincti paralleli. Folia alterna.—Amer. austr., Ind. occid.
- 10. Eurrachion. Spiculæ androgynæ, in ramis aphyllis alternæ. Antherarum loculi distincti paralleli. Ramuli novelli squamis alternis peltatis instructi.—Brasilia, Uruguay.
  - \*\*\* Filamenta filiformia, antheris 2-locularibus multo longiora.
- 11. Tupela. Perianthium fl. & 4-5-partitum. Discus 0. Stylus columnaris. Albumen copiosum. Folia opposita Nov. Zel.
- 12. LEPIDOCERAS. Perianthium fl & 4-5-partitum. Discus carnosus. Stylus abbreviatus. Albumen 0. Folia opposita.—Peruvia, Chile.
- 13. Antidapene. Perianthium in fl. 3 0. Discus carnosus. Stylus brevissimus. Albumen copiosum. Folia alterna.—Columbia, Peruvia.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

Henslowia, Blume, et Myzodendicon, Banks, frutices parasitici olim sub Loranthaceis inclusi, ob ovarii structuram nunc ad Santalaceas referentur.

#### TRIBUS I. EULORANTHEE.

1. Muytsia, R. Br. in Journ. Geogr. Soc. i. 17; Bot. Works, i. 308.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium duplex. Calycis tubus ovario adnatus; limbus parvus, insequaliter 6-dentatus. Petala 6, linearia, libera, erecta, apice breviter patentia. Stamina basi petalorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovato-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis parallelis distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus 0. Ovarium inferum ad normam ordinis; stylus elongatus, stigniate parvo terminali. Fructus subdrupaceus, extus alis 3 longitudinalibus latiusculis coriaceis instructus, endocarpio intus lævi. Embryo in albumine copioso carnoso tenuis, rectus, cotyledonibus 2-4 inæqualibus radicula supera longioribus.—Arbor terrestris, glaberrima. Folia alterna, linearia, crassa. Flores ternatim intra bracteam bractcolasque sessiles, ternationibus pedicellatis racemosis, racemis dense floribundis, in axillis summis v. ad apices ramorum confertis.

Species 1, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. iii. 387. Labill. Pl. Nov.

Holl. t. 118 (Loranthus). Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 4. Genus a Loranthi sect. Gaiadendro vix nisi fructu differt.

2. Zoranthus, Linn. Gen. n. 443.—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu dioici. thium duplex. Calycis tubus ovario adnatus; limbus brevis, truncatus v. 4-6-dentatus, interdum ad marginem angustum reductus v. vix prominulus. Petala 4-6, valvata, nunc breviter v. alte in tubum rectum v. incurvum æqualem v. dorso altius fissum coalita, nunc a basi libera v. per anthesin soluta, tubo intus nudo v. rarius prope basin squamis 5 supra ovarium conniventibus staminibus oppositis v. altius costis longitudinalibus inter filamenta prominentibus crispisque (e marginibus induplicatis petalorum) instructo; lobi v. petalorum apices sepius patentes v. recurvi, plani v. apice concavi. Stamina ad basin loborum corollæ v. partis patentis petalorum affixa, corollam non excedentia, filamentis filiformibus v. crassiusculis sæpius usque ad basin corollæ distincte decurrentibus, interdum usque ad apicem adnatis v. per anthesin elastice involutis; antherse ovatæ oblongæ v. lineares, basi v. dorso affixæ, erectæ immobilesque v. versatiles, loculis parallelis discretis v. arcte contiguis, interdum vix distinctis et mox confluentibus, rima v. valvis longitudinalibus lateraliter v. introrsum dehiscentibus. Discus 0. Ovarium inferum ad normam ordinis; stylus columnaris filiformis v. rarius contortus, stigmate terminali obtuso v. capitato indiviso. Fructus baccatus v. drupaceus, globosus ovoideus v. rarius oblongus. calycis limbo dum adsit, rarissime corollæ reliquiis coronatus; pericarpium nunc vix in stratus distinctos separandus, undique carnosus intusque viscifluus, nunc epicarpio (calycis tubo?) membranaceo v. herbaceo, mesocarpio crasso succulento carnoso v. lacunoso copioseque viscitluo, endocarpio carnoso membranaceo crustaceo v. rarius indurato, intus lævi v. processubus laminisve in sulcos seminis intrusis instructo. Semen lateraliter affixum v. undique pericarpio adhærens, testa 0; albumen copiosum carnosum v. (in Actantho et Psittacantho) 0, nisi ad pelliculum a pericarpio non separandum reductum; embryo teres v. (in Eupsittacantho) tetraqueter, supissime carnosus, crassus v. tenuis, in centro albuminis rectus, radicula supera interdum ex albumine leviter prominula, cotyledonibus 2 rarius 4 sequalibus radicula scepius longioribus.—Frutices in arboribus parasitici v. rarius (in Gaiodendro) arbores fruticesve terrestres. Folia opposita v. nonnulla rarius omnia alterna v. verticillata, integerrima, sepe crassa v. carnosa, pennivenia v rarius 3-5-nervia, venis tamen præter costam sæpe inconspicuis. Flores parvi v. longi, sapius pulchre colorati, flavescentes aurantiaci v. rubri, rarius albi v. virescentes, singulatim v. ternatim spicati racemosi v. cymosi, inflorescentiis axillaribus v. ad nodos vetustos rarius terminalibus. Bractea sub flore solitario v. sub ternatione sapissime adest squamiformis, concava v. oblique cupulata; bracteolæ 2 intra bracteam, sub flore solitario oppositæ, v. in ternatione sub floribus lateralibus, in pluribus sectionibus adsunt liberæ v. cum bractea coalite, in aliis omnino desunt; flos centralis ternations sepius ebracteatus, interdum vero omnes bracteola concava stipati.

Species ad 330, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, extra tropicos perpaucæ, in Europa australi, Asia temperata, Africa boreali et australi, Australia, Nova Zelandia, ins. maris Pacifici et America australi; in America boreali desunt. DC. Prod. iv. 286, 671. Walp. Rep. ii. 439, 940 v. 937; Ann. i. 362, ii. 730, v. 92. Blume Fl. Jav. Lor. 11, cum tabb. 23. Harv. Fl. Cap. ii. 574. Oliv. in Journ. Lonn. Soc. vii. 97. Kurz. For. Fl. Brd. Burm. ii. 314. Benth. Fl. Austral. iii. 388. Confer etiam Grift. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. t. 4 ad-9 et xix. t. 19 ad 21.

Genus polymorphum, a Martio, Blumeo nuperque ab Eichlero in plura divisum, que tamen iterum a plerisque lotanicis in unum juncta sunt, et genus in integrum servatum (uti Ficus, Euphorbia, etc.) facile dignoscitur. Catervæ insigniores sectiones sequentes formant, quarum alice characteribus set definitis sed non semper naturalibus et sæpe observatu difficilibus distinguuntur, alice potus habitu v. inflorescentia separatæ, vix limitibus certis definiuntur:—

- A. Loranthi gerontogei, antheris non versatilibus, ercetis basifixusque (excepta Loxanthera).
  - \* Petala per anthesin a basi soluta.
- 1. Euloranthus. Flores parvi (seepius 1-3 lin.). Bractes squamiformis v. cava; bracteola 0.

Antherse ovatæ v. breviter oblongæ, basi obtusæ, loculorum valva interiore minore v. obsoleta, interdum iis Struthanthorum nonnullorum quodammodo accedentes. Subsectiones 3 distinguuntur:—

- a. Europerola. Spica terminalis, floribus secus rhachin per paria dissitis dioicis. Sp. 1 (L. europeus, Linn.), Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 30.
- h. Baratranthus, Korth. Inflorescentia axillaris v. lateralis, floribus sparsis fasciculatisve sessilibus. Sp. 5 v. 6 Asiaticæ. L. odoratus, Wall., L. Grevinkii, Buhse, Transk. und Pers. Pfl. 106, et forte L. Lambertianus, Schult., floribus 6-meris spicatis hermaphroditis, et L. nodiflorus, Thw., cum specie e Moulmeyn (an L. axanthus, Korth?) floribus fasciculatis sessilibus 4-meris hermaphroditis v. dioicis. Baratranthus, Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 834.
- c. Heterostylis. Flores ad axillas laxe cymulosi, hermaphroditi. Stylus crassus, flexuosus. L. micranthus, Hook. f., e Nova Zelandia.
- 2. Phanicanthemum. Flores parvuli (2-6 lin., in una specie 8-9 lin.), hermaphroditi, 5-meri v. rarius 4-meri, in spicis racemisve axillaribus v. lateralibus secus rhachin sparsi, pedicellati v. subsessiles. Bractea squamiformis; bracteolæ 0. Corolla in alabastro sæpius medio attenuata, apice clavata, petalorum marginibus sæpe inter filamenta induplicatis. Antheræ oblongæ, creetæ, cum filamento continuæ, loculis distinctis. Species ad 16, omnes Asiaticæ, nonnullæ inter se ulterius comparandæ. Hic includuntur: L. coccineus, Jack., Hook. Bot. Misc. i. t. 58; L. erythrostachys, Wall., L. Wallichianus, DC., Wight, Ic. t. 143; L. pentapetalus, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 225, Blum. Lor. t. 14; L. Hookerianus, W. et Arn.; L. Arnottianus, Wight; L. Bennettianus, Miq (L. siamensis, Kurs); L. pulcher, DC., a quo L. Lipidenianus, Zoll., vix differt specifice racemis in summis axillis longis sæpe pseudoterminalibus); L. obtusatus, Wall. Wight. Illustr. t. 119 (species floribus 6-8 lin. longis insignis); specimina Cumingiana ex ins. Philippinis n. 1940 (Lanthorus, Presl. Epimel. Bot. 256), et n. 1975. Phænicanfhemum, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bot. i. 1. 823. Helixanthema, Lour. Fl. Coch. 142 ex char.
- L. ligustrinus. Wall., quoad corollam et antheras Phanicanthemo convenit, sed flores vix racemosi, pedunculis ad axillas brevibus v. parum elongatis laxe 3-5-floris.
- 3. Aerostachys. Flores parvuli (ad 4 lin.), hermaphroditi, 4-meri, in racemo terminali simplici numerosissimi, pedicellati. Bractea squamiformis, bracteolæ 0. Corolla tenuis, petalis intus infra medium plicis elevatis obliquis a filamento adnato utrinque divergentibus instructis. Antheræ longe lineares, filamento vix latiores, loculis arcte contiguis. Species 1 v. 2. Africæ orientalis, L. Kirkii, Oliv. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 101, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1309, e Zambesi, et L. Sandersoni, Harv. (ined.?), e Natal, ei valde affinis, ex speciminibus nostris vix perfectis.
- 4. Pleopetalus. Flores mediceres (1 1½-poll.) hermaphroditi, incurvi, ad axillas umbellati v. laxe subcymosi. Petala basi dilatata ibidemque intus plicis elevatis obliquis a filamento adnato utrinque divergentibus instructa. Antheræ longe lineares, filamento vix latiores, loculis inter se vix distinctis. Species 1 v. 2, Africæ tropicæ orientalis incolæ, cum L. undulato, E. Mey., ex Africa australi.
- 5. Heteranthus. Flores mediocres (3-13-poll.), hermaphroditi, 4-6-meri, ad axillas v. nodos cymosi v. breviter racemosi, rarius solitarii. Bractea squamiformis; bracteola 0. Corolla recta v. incurva, apice in alabastro non clavata, petalis intus præter filamentum aduatum planis. Antherw lineares v. subulatæ, filamento non v. vix latiores, loculis parum distinctis v. confluentibus interdum plus minus distincte 2-scriatim x-locellatis. Folia in speciebus nonnullis verticillata, in aliis ad normam opposita. Species ad 24. ex ins. Archipelagi Malayani et maris Pacifici, Australia et Nova Zelandia, cum una Africana. Hic includuntur: (a) floribus ad axillis solitariis, L. tetrapetalus, Forst., e Nova Zelandia; (b) floribus ad nodos sessilibus fasciculatis v. subcymosis, Dendrophthoë verticellata, Scheff, Ann. Jard. Buitenz, i. 37, et specimina Cumingiana n. 1952 (1958), 1966, et Beccariana n. 688; (c) cymis pedunculatis sæpius densis, L. luzonensis, Presl (Cuming, n. 1964), et specimina Cumingiana n. 1947, 1956, et 1957, ex ins. Philippinis; L. sanquineus, F. Muell., L. bifurcatus, Benth., L. maytenifolius, A. Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. t. 90 (cymis subterminalibus), L. linophyllus, Presl, L. pendulus, Sieb., DC. Mem. Lor. t. 1 (L. congener, DC. l. c. t. 2, L. longifolius, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 880), L. Quandang, Mitch., et L. grondibracteatus, F. Muell. (cyma dense pauciflora bractea magna foliacea stipata) ax Australia; (d) racemis densis breviter v. brevissime padunculatis: L. indicus, Desv., a Timor, L. maularum, A.Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. 738, t. 98, et L. vitiensis, Seem. Fl. Vit. 120, t. 23, ex ins. maris Pacifici, L. Colensoi, Hook. f., Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 633, e Nova Zelandia, et L. signatus, F. Muell., ex Australia ; (e) racemis axillaribus laxis floribus in pedicellis solitaris v. ternatis dissitis antheris insigniter biseriatim co-locellatis, ovario cylindracoo: L. heteronthus, Wall. (L. eleutheropetalus, Kurz, L. macrocalyz, Miq.) ex Archipelago Malayano, et L. Mannii, Oliv. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 101, et in Hook. Ie. Pl. t. 1303, ex Africa tropica.

Anthers in hac presertim sections ut in *Elytrantho* valvis loculorum subevanidis et superficie plus minus distincte co-locellatis iis *Visci* quodammodo accedunt.

- \*\* Petala breviter v. alte in tubum ıntegrum v. dorso fıssum coalita. Flores mediocres v. longiusculi, hermaphroditi, 1-bracteati absque bracteolis.
- 6. Tapinostemma. Flores 5-meri, ad axillas 3-ni, singuli bracteæ cyathiformi insidentes. Calycis limbus prominens. Corollæ tubus æqualis, basi intus squamellis 5 staminibus oppositis supra ovarium conniventibus instructus; lobi lineares, infra medium intus plicis elevatis obliquis a filamento adnato utrinque divergentibus instructi. Species 1 v. 2, Orientales v. Africanæ tropicæ orientales, corollæ reliquis in fructu persistentibus insignes. L. ucaciæ, Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Münch. iii. 249, t. 2, cum specie ei valde affini.
- 7. Cichlanthus, Endl. Flores seepius 4-meri, pedunculis ad axillas v. nodos solitariis v. fasciculatis brevibus paucifloris rarius distincte racemiferis. Bractea squamiformis. Calycis margo supra ovarium non v. vix prominulus. Corolla seepius tenuis, tomentosa v. farinosa, recta v. incurva, intus nuda, tubo seepe dorso fisso. Anthere anguste lineares, loculis seepius parum distinctis. Species ad 24, omnes Asiatice. Hic includuntur: L. buddleoides, Desv., L. vestitus, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 230, L. cinnamomeus, Wall., DC. Mem. Lor. t. 6, L. cordifolius, Wall., L. ferrugineus, Roxb., Hook. Bot. Misc. i. t. 59 (Cuming, n. 2257 e Malacca), L. lævigatus, Wall., L. obtectus, Wall., L. rhopalocarpus, Kurz., L. philippinensis. Cham. (Cuming, n. 491, 1977), L. atropurpureus, L. Schultesii, L. repandus, L. sphenoideus (Cuming, n. 490, 1970), L. chrysanthus, L. fusciculatus (ex. ic.), L. fuscus (Cuming, n. 1959?) et L. lepidotus, Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 1 ad 8, L. igneus, Scheff., L. Jadoriki, Sieb. (e Japonia), L. Chmensis, DC. Mem. Lor. t. 7. Species due, L. leptanthus, Wall., DC. Mem. Lor. t. 5, et L. pulverulentus, Wall., a cæteris parum differunt floribus distincte racemosis, cætera tamen omnino Cichlanthi. Hæc sectio cum tribus sequentibus facile pro unius subsectionibus haberes, quarum Cichlanthus imprimis calyce non producto et floribus sæpius 4-meris, Tapinanthus filamentis in dentem productis, Tolypanthus bracteis involucrantibus. a Dindrophthois typicis distinguuntur.
- 8. Dendrophthoë. Flores sæpius 5-meri, ad axillas v. nodos fasciculati cymosi v. breviter racemosi. Bractese concavæ, sæpius quam in Cichlantho majores. Calycis limbus prominulus, truncatus v. 5-dentatus. Corolla tomentosa v. sæpius glabra, recta v. incurva, intus nuda, tubo basin versus sæpe ampliato rarius ut in Tapinantho ima basi globoso. Antheræ anguste oblongæ v. lineares, in summo filamento erectæ cum ecque continuæ, loculis plus minus distinctis. Species ultra 60, per regiones tropicas orbis veteris late disperse. Hic includuntur: (a) florum fasciculis v. cymulis sessilibus v. subsessilibus, corollis tomentosis villosisve: L. bracteatus. Roxb., L. tomentosus, Hayne, Wight, Ic. t. 378, et L. Candolleanus, W. et Arn., Wight, Ic. t. 305, ex India orientali, L. nigritanus, Benth., L. rusescens, DC., L. regularis, Steud., L. polycryptus, Desv., et L. usuiensis, Oliv., ex Africa tropica, cum L. hirsutiflora, Kl., et L. oblonyt/olia, E. Mey., speciebus pariter Africanis florum ternationibus breviter pedunculatis: L. ovalis, E. Mey., et L. glaucus, Thunb. (Moquinia, Spreng. f. Syst. Suppl. 9) ex Africa australi bractea parva angusta et floribus 4-meris Cichlantho accedunt, sed calycis limbus prominens sinuato-dentatus Dendrophthois.—(b) florum fasciculis v. cymulis sessilibus v. subsessilibus, corollis glabris v. subglabris basi non ampliatis: L. memecylifolius. W. et Arn., Wight, Ic. t. 142. L. elasticus, Dony., Wight, Ic. t. 343. L. nelgherrensis, Wight, Ic. t. 1020, L. euphorbie, Wight, Ic. t 1063, et L. cuncutus, Wall., ex India orientali, L. dutyophlebus, F. Muell., L. alyxifolius, F. Muell., L. odontocalyx, F. Muell., L. linearifolius, Mitch., L. execurpi, Behr., et L. ucacioides, A. Cunn. ex Australia, species 3 v. 4 o Nova Caledonia, L. clavatus, Desv., L. filifolius, Boj. (ined.?). L. Rojeri, Bak., et L. seychellensis, Bak., ex ins. Mascarensibus, et L. leptolobus, Benth., cum speciebus 8 (novis?) ex Africa tropi n....(c) cymis pedunculatis, corollis glabris v. subglabris basi non ampliatis: L. platyphyllus, Hochet., cum speciebus 3 affinibus ex Africa tropica, L. Zeyheri. Harv . L. Natalita, Moissa., et L. olosfoliss, Cham. et Schl. (Lichtensteinia, Wendl. Coli. ii. 4, t. 39), ex Africa australi.....(d) florum racemis ad axillas brevissimis v. longiusculis, corollis glabris v. subglabris a basi tenuibus rectis v. incurvis . L. longeflorus, Desv., Wight, Ic. t. 302 (cum pluribus affinibus v. varietatibus, L. bicolor, Roxb., L. amplexifolius, DC., Wight, Ic. t. 301, L. elutus, L. imbricatus, et L. lineatus, Edgew., etc.), L. umbellifer, Schult., L. suborbicularis et L. liquiatus. Thw., I. elegans, Wall., L. prolongus, L. curvatus, et L. maculatus, Blum. Lor. t. 12, 13, et specimina Cumingiana n. 1946, 1955, 1965, 1967, et 1978, et forte Beccariana n. 18, omnes ex India orientali v. Archipelagi Malayani, L. longifloro solo usque ad Australiam extenso.....(e) floribus ad axillas racemosis, corollis farinosis v. glabris rectiusculis basi v. usque ad medium plus minus ampliatis: L. pentandrus, Linn. Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 10, 11 (L. rigidue, Wall., L. furinosus, Desv., DC. Mem. Lor. t. 4), L. stenopstalus, Oliv., Hook.

YOL. 111.

- Ic. t. 1223, et Cumingii n. 1963 et 1962, omnes ex Archipelago v. Peninsula Malayana......(f) florum umbellis pedunculatis, corollis glabris supra basin subglobosam contractis cesterisque characteribus Tapinanthi, exceptis filamentis sub antheris obtusis v. cum connectivo continuis nec in dentem productis; L. orcophilus, Oliv. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 196, cum speciebus 3 ei affinibus ex Africa tropica.
- DENDEOPHTHOË, Mart. in Flora 1830, 109, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 810, sectiones includit Cichlanthum et Dendrophthoem, quas Blume pro subsectionibus indicavit, et Endlicher, Gen. 802, nominibus salutavit. Miquel tamen l. c. species nonnullas v. petalis liberis v. aliis characteribus alienas includit. Scurrula, G. Don. Gen. Syst. iii. 421, species plurimas Cichlanthi et Dendrophthois includit.
- 9. Tapinanthus (Blum.). Flores sæpius 5-meri, ad axillas v. nodos fasciculati v. cymosi, singuli bractes concava v. oblique cyathiformi stipati. Calycis limbus prominulus, sæpe cupulatus. Corolla glabra v. subglabra, supra basin globosam ovoideam v. rarius oblongam sæpissime contracta. Antherse oblongse v. oblongo-lineares, filamento ante antheram in dentem v. appendiculam parvam erectam producto, loculis distinctis. Species ad 24, omnes Africanæ: L. pentagonia et L. dodonce-folius, DC. Mem. Lor. t. 8, 9, L. sessilifolius, Beauv., et L. Belvisii, DC.; Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 63, 64, L. globiferus, A. Rich., L. Schimperi, Hochst., aliæque plures ex Africa tropica, L. namaquensis. Harv., L. Kraussianus, Meisen., L. prunifolius, E. Mey., et L. quinquenervius, Hochst., ex Africa australi. Filamenti appendix variat valde prominens v. minima et species nonnullæ inter Dendrophthoem et Tapinanthum fere ambiguæ.
- 10. Tolypanthus (Blum.). Flores sepius 5-meri, per 4-6 sepius 5 in capitulo sessili v. breviter pedunculato sessiles, bracteis totidem amplis foliaceis v. coloratis in involucrum basi v. alte coalitis. Corollæ antheræque fere Dendrophthois, sepius tamen breviores. Species nobis notæ 4, Asiaticæ: L. involucratus, Roxb., cum specie nova Malaccensi bracteis vix basi connatis, L. Gardneri, Thw., bracteis coloratis basi breviter connatis, et L. lageniflorus, W. et Arn., Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 229, Wight, Ic. t. 306, bracteis in cupulam magnam coloratam margine breviter sinuato-lobatam coalitis.
- 11. Loranthera. Flores 5-meri, longi (4-5 poll.), cymis ad axillas sessilibus, bracteis parvis. Antheræ lineares, in filamento summo apice dilatato dorsifixæ. Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Loxanthera, Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 20, et t. 23 c. Specimina Beccariana, n. 1357, plantæ Blumeanse adsocianda videntur sed specifice distincta.
- \*\*\* Petala breviter v. alte in tubum integrum v. dorso fissum coalita. Flores longi v. parvuli, hermaphroditi, singuli bractea bracteolisque 2 stipati. (Sectiones 3 sequentes facile pro unius subsectionibus haberes).
- 12. Macrosolen (Blum.). Bractez ovario breviores. Species fere 30, Asiaticz cum una Novo-Zelandica. Macrosolen, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 827. Hic includuntur: a. Longiflore. Pedunculi breves ad axillas fasciculati 1-3-flori. Corolle 1-3-pollicares, basi tenues. Antherze lineari-subulatze, loculis parum distinctis. L. formosus, Blum. Lor. t. 16 (Beccari. n. 1643), L. sucrius, Blume, Lor. t. 16 (Beccari, n. 2026), cum sp. nov. 3 (Lobb, Beccari, n. 310, 610) ex Archipelago Malayano.
- b. Densifors. Pedunculi breves, seepius fasciculati, racemoso-3-co-flori. Corolla (seepius \ \frac{3}{4}-1, poll.) fere a basi gradatim ampliata. Anthere breviter lineares. L. retusus, Jack., L. Brandesianus, Kurz, et sp. novæ? e Borneo Lobb, ins. Philippinis Cuming n. 1969 (petalis in hac nonnisi ad basin connatis), omnes ex Archipelago Malayano.
- c. Racenulose. Flores racemulosi. Corolla (rarius ½ poll. excedens) fere a basi latiuscula v. ampullacea, sub limbo seepe contracta. Anthere oblonge. L. ampullaceus et L. globosus. Roxb., L. olcefolius, L. viridiflorus, L. subglobosus, L. pallens, et L. trigonus, Wall., et L. carinatulus, Wall., DC. Mem. Lor. t. 3, species Indice nonnullæ inter se nimis affines. L. spherocarpus, L. subumbellatus et L. tetragonus, Blum. Lor. t. 17 ad 19, et specimina Cumingiana n. 1951, 1953, 1963 (ins. Philippinis) et 2343 (Malacca) et Beccariana n. 553, omnes ex Archipelagi Malayani. L. flavidus, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 100, t. 27, e Nova Zelandia, etiam ad Macrosolenem referendus videtur etsi bractese minutæ vix conspicuse v. obsoletæ.
- 13. Elytrasthe (Blume). Beactes ovario longiores, imbricates, omnes flores foventes. Flores (1-1½ poll.) septins 6-meri, in capitulis sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis 2-5-ni. Corolla septius basi attenuata, curvula. Anthere lineari-subulates, loculis vix distinctis seepe co-locellatis. Species nobis note 4, Asiatices: L. albidas, Blum. Lox. t. 22 et 23 n (L. leucosiphon, Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 619), L. leucosiphon, Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t.
- · 14. Lepisologeres (Blume). Bracten ovario longiores, exteriores vacus, omnes imbricates, capitalum

strobiliformem sessilem v. breviter pedicellatum involucrantes. Cætera Elytrasthis. Species nobis notse 7, ex Peninsula v. Archipelago Malayano: L. gemmiflorus, Blum. Lor. 18, t. 21, et species 1 Philippinensis, Cuming n. 1971 et 1974, 1 Malaccensis, Maingay, et 4 Borneenses, Lowe, et Beccari n. 1171, 1248, et 2579. Inter has una flores in capitulo valde numerosos exhibet, involucrum 3-pollicarem pollicibus 2 excedentes. Leptostegeres, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 833.

- B. Loranthi Americani cum paucis Australianis, antheris (excepto Aëtantho) versatilibus.
- 15. Aëtanthus (Psittacanthi subgenus, Eichl.). Flores longi (2-4-pollicares v. in una specie subpedales), tenues, petalis alte in tubum connatis, ad apices ramorum corymboso-cymosi. Antherse lineares, adnatse, loculis ima basi breviter liberis patentibusque, uno altero demissiore. Semén (in L. nodoso) exalbuminosum, cotyledonibus 2 crasso-carnosis plano-convexis semiteretibus. Frutices parasitici. Species 4, Columbianse v. Ecuadorenses. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 743.
- 16. Psittacanthus (subgenus Eupsittacanthus, Eichl.). Flores longi v. longiusculi (1½-6-pollicares), singuli cupula e bractea bracteolisque conflatis stipati, petalis per anthesin usque ad basin solutis. Antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, in filamento filiformi versatiles. Semen ubi notum exalbuminosum, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis. Frutices parasitici. Species ultra 40, per Americam tropicam late dispersæ, perpaucæ in America australi ultra tropicos extensæ (P. divaricatus, Eichl., a Cumingio prope Limam nec in Chile lectus fuit). In subsectiones 2 sequentes distribuuntur:—
- a. Eupsittacanthus. Flores ad apices ramorum corymboso-cymosi. Cotyledones ubi notse 4 (rarius ex Eichl. 5-6), dorso connexe, intus costa prominente bifaciales. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 67. Lam. in Journ. Nat. Hist. i. t. 23. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 274a. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 147, 148. DC. Mem. Lor. t. 10. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. t. 58. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. t. 2 ad 4, 6 ad 8.
- b. Maschalanthus. Flores omnes axillares, solitarii terni v. cymosi. Cotyledones ubi notæ 2, dorso-convexe, semiteretes, facie interiore plana appressæ. Hue pertinent L. biternatus, Hoffm., L. dichrous, Mart., Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. t. 5, L. glaucocoma, Eichl., et L. cuncifolius, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 276. Hee ultima species ab Eichlero in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 49. t. 11, semine ignoto, sub Phrygilantho collocatur, non obstante cupula sub floribus omnino Psittacanthi. Griseb. (Pl. Lorentz. 109) in semine immaturo embryonem vidit in centro albuminis (an potius pericarpii strato interiore pro albumine habito?), nos tamen in seminibus 2 pæne maturis examinatis albumen nullum invenimus, cotyledonibus omnino L. biternati et L. dichroi. Flores superiores fere semper in axillis solitarii, inferiores tamen sæpe 2-3-ni.

PSITTACANTHUS, Mart. in Flora 1830, 106, a variis auctoribus varie extenditur, ab Eichlero in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 23 ad sectiones duas præcedentes semine exalbuminoso accurate limitatur, nobis tamen vix pro genere proprio retinenda videtur. In speciebus nonnullis gerontogeis præsertim Africanis embryo crasso-carnosus est, et albumen, etsi copiosum, solito tenuius, in pluribusque speciebus pericarpio arcte adnatum, et forte in Psittacantho non omnino deest. Cæterum semina paucarum tantum specierum Loranthi adhuc examinata sunt.

- 17. Phrygilanthus. Flores mediocres v. longi (rarius infra \(\frac{1}{2}\) poll. in una specie 6-pollicares), hermaphroditi, bracteolis liberis v. 0, petalis ad basin solutis. Antheræ versatiles. Fructus ubi notus normalis, semine æquali, embryone subtereti in centro albuminis copiosi. Fructus upi notus perior ad 20, pleræque austro-Americanæ, paucæ Australianæ in subsectiones 3 distribuendæ:—
- a. Metastachys. Flores longiusculi v. longi, in una specie semipedales, in racemis terminalibus simplicibus secundi, singuli bractea obliqua stipati, bracteolis 0. Species 3, Columbianse v. Peruvianse. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 273a, 275b.
- b. Quintralia (Eichl. pro parte). Flores mediocres, in racemis terminalibus abbreviatis subumhelliformibus v. cymoso-ramosis non secundis, bractea sepius persistente, bracteolis 0. Species 3, America australis extratropica, imprimis Chilenses v. Andina. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 276a. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 184.
- c. Emphrygilanthus. Flores mediocres, ternati, ternationibus in axillis superioribus racemosis more Strethanthi, a quo hac subsectio differt floribus majoribus hermaphroditis. Bracteolae saspius parva, caducissima. Species Americae australis ad 10, quarum 3 Chilenses ab Eichlero sub Tagmana inclusae ob florem centralem ternationis sessilem ut in Gaiadendro, sed parasiticae sunt et bracteolae minutae v. caducae; semina adhuc ignota. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 273b. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 183. Caterae species Andinae v. Brasilianae, flore centrali ternationum plus minus pedicellato, subsectionem Tripodanthum, Eichl., formant. Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 274b. Hook, Io. Pl. t. 683.

Huic subsectioni etiam referendse sunt species 3 Australianse et una Novo-Zelandica (L. tenuiforus, Hook. f.), a ceteris Australianis diverse antheris versatilibus. Inter Euphrygilanthos distinguuntur et quodammodo Quintralise approximantur inflorescentiis laxe paucifioris, floribus lateralibus ternationis longiuscule pedicellatis, centrali subsessili, v. interdum ternatione ad florem unicum reducta. Benth. Fl. Austral. iii. 388 (species 3 priores). A. Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. t. 100. F. Muell. Pt. Vict. t. 30.

- L. eugenioides, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 435, Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. t. 12, 13 (E. odoriferus, Vell. Fl. Flum. 138, Ic. iii. t. 146), ab auctoribus prius citatis arboreus dicitur, et ideirco a G. Don in genere suo Gaiadendro includitur. Species, qualem ut videtur rite intelligit Eichler, in Peruvia et Brasilia late diffusa est, et a collectoribus plerisque (Burchell, Tweedie, Pearce, Velloso) parasitica dicitur in variis arboribus, ex Gardnero aliisque nonnullis ab Eichlero citatis frutex est terrestris, super frutices alios scandens iisque demum adhærens. Grisebach, Pl. Lorentz 109, specimina parasitica ad L. ligustrinam, Willd., refert, nullo tamen alio charactere a terrestribus distinguenda sunt. Fructus in speciminibus solis Claussenianis vidimus, ubi certe normales sunt nec Gaiadendri.
- L. lanceolatus, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 278b, et L. ellipticus, Ruiz et Pav. l.c. t. 276a, frutices parasitici bracteis bracteolisque ut in Gaiadendro persistentibus, a nobis non visi, seminibus ignotis adhuc affinitatis dubiæ sunt, sed verisimiliter ad Phrygilanthum referendi juxta L. cugenioidem.

Genus Phrygilanthus, Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 45, includit sectiones nostras Phrygilanthum et Gaiadendrum. Tristreix. Mart. in Flora 1830, 108, ad L. (Quintraliam) tetrandrum, Ruiz et Pav. cum speciebus 2 gerontogeis ei parum affinibus constitutum est. Notanthura, G. Don, Gen. Syst. iii. 428, includit species plerasque sectionis Phrygilanthi cum nonnullis sectionis Struthanthi.

- 18. Gaiadendron. Flores mediocres v. minores, hermaphroditi, bracteolis liberis, petalis ad basin solutis. Antheræ versatiles Fructus endocarpium intus (more Henslowie) in laminas duras intra sulcos albuminis intrusas productus. Arbores v. frutices terrestres, erecti. Florum ternationes in racemos axillares dispositæ. Species 3 v. 4, quarum 2 v. 3 Andium Columbiæ et Peruvise incolæ, inter se parum distinctæ, racemis in axillis superioribus floribus floribus mediocribus. Ruix et Par. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 277a. Gaiadendron. tr. Don, Gen. Syst. iii. 431 (excl. L. eugenioide). Phrygulanthi sect Taguana pro parte, Eichl: una Australiana, floribus minoribus, characteribus tamen inflorescentiæ floribus et seminibus iislem. Atkinsonia, F. Muell.; Benth. Fl. Austral. iii. 388.
- 19. Struthanthus. Flores inter minores, rarius 4 lin. longi, nunc minuti, sepissime abortu dioici, bracteis bracteolisque liberis v. basi coalitis sepe parvis rarius 0, petalis ad basin solutis. Antheree versatiles. Fructus ubi notus normalis, semine sequabili, embryone subtereti in centro albuminis copiosi. Frutices parasitici. Species ad 75, omnes Americanse, in subsectiones 5 distribuends:—
- a. Eustruthanthus. Flores ternati, ternationibus secus rhachin racemi axillaris pedicellatis v. sessilibus. Alabastra seepius clavata; basin versus attenuata. Filamenta filiformia, rarius fere ad apicem adnata. Species ad 40, Americanæ tropicæ. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. 11. 67, t. 20 ad 26 et 28, f. 1 ad 7 (Struthanthus). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 145. Miq. Stup. Surin. t. 61. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. t. 59. Huc etiam verisimiliter pertinet Spinostylis, Presl, in Roem. et Schult. Syst. vii. 163.
- b. Cymularia. Pedunculi in axillis plures, breves, laxe cymulosi, floribus paucis omnibus pedicellatis. Species 2 Brasilienses. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 85, t. 27 et t. 28, f. 8, 9 (Struthanthus). Genus Struthanthus, Mart. in Flora 1830, 102, includit subsectiones 2 præcedentes cum Passowia paucisque aliis speciebus; ab Eichlero ad subsectiones 2 præcedentes limitatur.
- c. Dendropemon. Flores singuli secus rhachin racemuli axillaris dissiti nec ternati, sessiles v. pedicellati. Filamenta subsectionis Passowiæ. Species ad 10, omnes Indiæ occidentali proprise. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 55 (Phthrusæ sect.). Grusch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 312; Cat. Pl. Cub. 110. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 69. Dendropemon, Blum. Fl. Jav. Loranth. 13.

LIPOTACTES, Blum. Fl. Jav. Loranth. 13, est Loranthus pauciflorus, 8w., a cesteris Dendropemonibus distinctus antheris sessilibus. Specimina nostra omnia 2. Eichler speciem in Dendropemone includit.

- d Passovia. Flores ternati, ternationibus secus rhachin racemi axillaribus pedicellatis v. seepius sessilibus ut in Eustruthantho, sed alabastra magis sequalia et filamenta incressata, alterna longiora latere utroque pressione antherarum breviorum excavata. Species ad 16, Americanse tropices, a Martio in Flora 1830, 105, in Struthantho inclusse, ab Eichlero in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 55 ad 64, t. 14 ad 17 et t. 19, ad Phthirusam translats. Passowia, Karst. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 305.
- c. Phihrusa. Flores minimi, crassiusculi, secus rhachin elongatam axillarem ternatim sessiles v. ternaticue unica in axilla arcte sessiles. Filamenta petalis adnata, anthera sola libera versatili. Species ad 9, Americanse tropics. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 65, f. 18, et 1. 19, f. 8 ad 10 (Phihi-

rusa Euphthirusa iii.). Phyricusa, Mart. in Flora 1830, 110, genus ab Eichlero ad Passowiam et Dendropemonem extensum.

20. Oryotanthes. Flores minimi, crassiusculi, secus rhachin crassiusculam spices singulatim sessiles, et sæpius plus minus immersæ. Filamenta brevissima, sub anthera attenuata. Species ad 5, Americanæ tropicæ imprimis Antillanæ centralis v. Andinæ. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 68. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 185. ORYCTANTHES, Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 87, t. 29, 30.

#### TRIBUS II. VISCEÆ.

3. Viscum, Linn. Gen. n. 1105.—Flores dioici v. monoici. Perianthii tubus in fl. & brevissimus solidus, in fl. Q ovario adnatus; limbus 3-4-partitus. Antherse in fl. & ovatse v. oblongse, explanate, lobis perianthii undique v. rarius medio dorso tantum adnate, loculis non distinctis sed facie interiore multiporose. Ovarium in fl. Q inferum, ad normam ordinis; stigma crassum, pulvinatum, in vertice ovarii sessile v. stylo brevi fultum. Bacca perianthii lobis coronata v. nuda, mesocarpio succulento viscifluo. Embryo albumine copioso carnoso inclusus v. interdum embryones 2, teretes.—Frutices in arbores parasitici, ramis oppositis v. dichotomis. Folia opposita, nunc plana crassiuscula, nunc ad squamas v. dentes minutos reducta. Flores ad axillas v. nodos v. ad apices ramorum 3-5-natim fasciculati v. rarius solitarii, fasciculis sessilibus v. rarius breviter pedunculatis. Bractea sæpius parva, bracteolis 2 liberis v. in unam coalitis v. rarius deficientibus.

Species fere 30, per regiones calidiores et temperatas orbis veteris late dispersæ, nonnullæ imprimis V. album et V. orientale super aream latissimam distributæ, a botanicis sub nominibus diversis repetitæ. DC. Prod. iv. 278. § 1 et 3. Walp. Rep. ii. 437; Ann. i. 361, ii. 727. v. 91 (excl. op. Americanis). Done. in Mem. Acad. Brux. xiii. cum t. 3. Griff. in. Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. t. 10, 11 et xix. t. 21.

Genus a Korthalsio, Mem. Lor. 58, in Verh. Batav. Genootsch. xvii., in sectiones 3 sequentes dividitur: --

- 1. Viscum verum, ramis foliatis dichotomis v. inferioribus stellato-subverticillatis. florum fasciculis terminalibus v. in dichotomiis ramorum. Huc pertinet V. album, Linn., Hayne, Arzneigew. iv. t. 24, cui reterenda videntur et vix pro varietatibus distinguenda V. stellatum, Ham., et V. laxum, Boiss. et Rout.
- 2. Ploionurut, ramis foliatis oppositis, florum fasciculis axillaribus. Species 14 v. 15, Asiaticæ, Australiana: et Africanæ, cum una Novo-Zelandica. Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 24, 25 a. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 631. Wight, Ic. t. 1016. Linds. Contr. N. Zeal. Bot. t. 2.
- 3. Aspiduria, ramis aphyllis articulatis v. rarius continuis, florum fasciculis ad nodos v. articulationes oppositis. Species ad 15, Asiaticæ, Australianæ et Africanæ, cum una Novo-Zelandica, altera ex ins. maris Pacifici. Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 25 s. 26. Griff. Iv. Pl. As. t. 630, 632. Wight. Ic. t. 1017 ad 1019.
- 4. Arcenthebium, Rieb. Fl. Taur. Cauc. Suppl. 629. (Razoumowskia, Hoffm. ex Bieb. l.c.)—Flores dioici, in axillis solitarii. Perianthii tubus in fl. & vix ullus, in fl. & ovario adnatus; limbus in fl. & 2-5-partitus, in fl. & minimus, 2-partitus. Antheræ fl. & in medio segmentorum sessiles, transversæ, loculis confluentibus rima unica dehiscentibus, demum apertæ fere o. biculares. Discus utriusque sexus carnosus. Ovarium fl. & ovoideum, ad normam ordinis (v ex Baillon ovulo distincto v. basi erecto); stylus brevis, crassus, subconicus, stigmate obtuso. Bacca ovoidea, breviter stipitata, perianthii lobis minutis coronata, basi lata ad apicem dilatatam stipitis adnata, pericarpio carnoso viscifluo, endocarpio sæpe distincto, maturitate basi circumscissa et elastice dehiscens, semen longe ejiciens. Semen ovoideo-oblongum; embryo albumine carnoso copioso inclusus.—Fruticuli in arboribus imprimis Coniferis parasitici, subaphylli, foliis nempe omnibus ad squamas parvas oppositas in vaginam apertam coalitas reductis. Flores in vagina utrinque solitarii, parvi, sessiles v. subsessiles, ebracteolati.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum una per Europam australem Asiam occidentalem et Americam borealicecidentalem late dispersa, osetera Americas borealis imprimis occidentalis v. Mexici incolse. Eckl.

in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 105, t. 31. Engelm. Cat. Pt. Wheel. 252. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 99. Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1037. Baill. in Assoc. Franc. Clerm. 1876, 495. t. 6. De fructus dehiscentia confer Rein. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, vi. 180.

5. Dendrophthera, Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 102, t. 31. (Arceuthobium, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 314, et Cat. Pl. Cub. 121, non Bieb.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, in rhachi spicæ sessiles v. sæpius immersi. Perianthii tubus in fl. 3 brevis solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus; limbus in utroque 3-partitus v. rarius 4- v. 2-partitus; antheræ fl. 3 in medio segmento sessiles, transversæ, loculis confluentibus rima unica dehiscentibus, demum apertæ fere orbiculatæ. Discus utriusque sexus carnosus. Ovarium fl. 2 ovoideum, inferum, ad normam ordinis; stylus brevis v. brevissimus, crassus, subconicus, stigmate obtuso. Bacca ovoidea v. globosa, perianthii segmentis minutis coronata, pericarpio viscifluo, endocarpio sæpe distincto. Semen ovoideo-oblongum; embryo parvus, albumine copioso carnoso inclusus, v. radicula brevissime exserta.—Fruticuli in arboribus parasitici, ramis teretibus angulatis v. compressis sæpius articulatis. Folia ad articulationes opposita, sæpissime ad squamas minutas distinctas reducta, in paucis speciebus evoluta, plana. Spicæ terminales v. axillares, sæpius co-articulatæ, ad articulationes 2-bracteatæ. Flores inter articulationes ad utrumque latus spicæ solitarii v. plures, simplici serie superpositi, v. rarius utrinque gemini collaterales v. pauci 2-3-seriatim superpositi.

Species ad 25, pro maxima parte Indiæ occidentalis incolæ, una in America centrali, altera in Columbia vigente, quarum 19 ab Eichlero l.c. enumeratæ. Jacq. Collect. ii. t. 5, f. 3 (Viscum). His addandæ videntur species 3 Cubenses Wrightianæ in Sauv. Fl. Cub. 141 (D. gracilis, Wr., a D. gracili, Eichl., diversa videtur) et Viscum squamigerum, Benth. Pl. Hartw. 190, e Popayan, inflorescentia normali Dendrophthoræ, sed floribus 3 adhuc ignotis, et verisimiliter, quod suspicatur Eichler, Phoradendron sessilifolium et P. tetrastrachyum, Griseb., quibus flores Q ut in D. spivisco, Eichl., in quoque articulo gemini collaterales, floribus 3 in omnibus adhuc ignotis. Genus inflorescentia et fructu Phoradendro, antheris Arceuthobio accedit.

6. Phoradondron, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 185. (Allobium, Miers in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, viii. 179, char. falso. Spiciviscum, Engelm. MS.; Karst. Fl. Columb. i. 73, t. 36.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, in rhachi spicæ sessiles v. leviter immersi. Perianthii tubus in fl. & brevis, solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus; limbus in utroque 3-partitus v. rarissime 4- v. 2-partitus. Stamina fl. 3 ad basin segmentorum affixa, erecta, filamentis brevissimis v. vix ullis; antherse latiusculæ, vertice 2-loculares, loculis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus utriusque sexus carnosus. Ovarium fl. 2 inferum, ad normam ordinis; stylus brevissimus, crassus, subconicus, stigmate obtuso v. subcapitato. Bacca sessilis, globosa v. rarius ovoidea, perianthii segmentis minutis sepius coronata, pericarpio viscifluo sepius succulento, endocarpio sepe distincto. Semen ovoideum v. oblongum; embryo parvus, albumine copioso carnoso inclusus, v. radicula breviter exserta.—Frutices in arboribus parasitici, ramis teretibus angulatis v. rarius compressis, sæpius articulatis. Folia opposita, plana, crassa, v. rarissime ad squamas Spicæ terminales v. axillares, solitariæ v. 2-co-fasciculatæ, parvas distinctas reducta. sæpius co-articulatæ, ad articulationes minute 2-bracteatæ. Flores inter articulationes ad utrumque latus rhacheos 2-co-seriatim superpositi, v. rarius in articulo abbreviato pauci conferti.

Species ad 80, per Americam calidiorem latissime disperse, etiam extra tropicos tam in America boreali imprimis occidentali quam in America australis republica Argentina extense. Eiohl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 106, t. 32 ad 43. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 62, 63 (Viscum). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 368.

CASTREA, A. de St. Hil. Morphol. 451, est verisimiliter Phoradendri cujusdam specimen fæmineum imperfecte observatum. In herbario auctoris nunc doesse dicitur.

P. juniperinum, Engelm., ramificatione et foliis ad squamas reductis, primo aspectu Arceuthobium simulat, spicæ etiam brevissimse 3-4-floræ, sed autheræ 2-loculares ad basin perianthii et bacca globosa sessilus Phoradendri. Spicæ ad flores paucas reductæ in speciebus aliis perpaucis Phoradendri.

7. Wotethixes, Oliv. in Journ. Linu. Soc. vii. 103 .- Flores monoici in capitulis uni-

sexualibus. Perianthii tubus in fl. & brevissimus solidus, in fl. Q ovario adnatus, ovoideus v. oblongus; limbus 3-5-partitus. Stamina in fl. & basi loborum affixa, filamentis subnullis; antheræ subsessiles, latæ, erectæ, apice linea transversa dehiscentes, obscure co-locellatæ. Ovarium in fl. Q inferum, ad normam ordinis, disco carnosulo coronatum; stigma subsessile, pulvinatum v. capitatum. Bacca ovoidea, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata, pericarpio parce viscifluo. Semen ovoideum; embryo albumine carnoso inclusus.—Frutices parasitici, tomento nunc tenuissimo incano demum obliterato, nunc aureo subfloccoso densius vestiti, dichotome ramosi. Folia opposita, plana, coriacea; squamarum par infimum ad basin gemmarum axillarium interdum dentiformes, stipulas simulantes. Flores minimi, per 3-7 capitati, ad margines receptaculi compresso-conici uniseriatim sessiles, capitulis nunc in pedunculo 1-3, nunc co secus rhachin spicæ v. racemi opposite sessilibus v. pedicellatis, pedunculo communi in dichotomiis ramorum solitario. Capitula & in speciminibus rara apicem versus racemi v. spicæ; capitula inferiora omnia Q videntur.

Species 4, quarum una Zeylanica, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 418 (Viscum), 3 Australianæ, Benth. Fl. Austral. iii. 397. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 73 (Viscum).

Genus certe Ginallos valde affine, et character in floribus 3 minutis raris haud facile observatur, sed indumento et inflorescentia statim dignoscendum.

8. Canalica, Korth. Loranth. 64, in Verh. Batav. Genootsch. xvii.—Flores monoici in verticillastris unisexualibus. Perianthii tubus in fl. & brevissimus solidus, in fl. Q ovario adnatus, ovoideus; limbus 3- rarius 4-partitus. Stamina fl. & basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis latis erectis; antheræ parvæ, loculis distinctis subparallelis v. divergentibus lateraliter dehiscentibus. Discus parvus. Ovarium fl. Q inferum, ad normam ordinis; stylus brevis, stigmate capitato. Bacca ovoidea, perianthii lobis minutis coronata, pericarpio viscifluo. Semen ovoideum; embryo albumine carnoso inclusus.—Fruticos in arboribus parasitici, glabri, ramis oppositis v. dichotomis. Folia opposita, plana, coriacea, sæpe angusta. Flores minuti, in spicis axillaribus v. terminalibus subsessiles, pseudoverticillati, verticillastris secus rhachin dissitis, bracteis oppositis squamiformibus in unam aperte vaginatam coalitis, floribus in verticillastro Q 2-6, in & 6-10, ebracteolatis.

Species 4, Asiaticæ, Oliv. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 103. Huc pertinent præter G. Arnottianam, Korth., Viscum spathulifolium, Thw., e Zeylania, V. Helfert, Presl, e Birma, et V. Cumingianum, Presl, ex ins. Philippinis, Walp. Ann. ii. 729.

9. Exemolopis, Grisch. Pfl. Phil. und Lechl. 36.—Flores in spiculis unisexualibus monoici v. dioici. Perianthii tubus in fl. 3 brevissimus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, limbus 3-4-(rarius 5-?) partitus. Stamina in fl. 3 basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium in fl. 2 inferum, ad normam ordinis, disco epigyno haud crasso; stylus brevis v. brevissimus, stigmate obtuso v. capitato. Bacca ovoidea, pericarpio viscifluo, endocarpio parum distincto. Embryo in albumine carnoso copioso subteres.—Frutices in arboribus parasitici, ramosi. Folia alterna, plana, crassiuscula. Spiculæ minimæ, ad axillas sessiles, globosæ v. oblongæ, juniores utriusque sexus bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis obtectæ, sub anthesi tamen b acteæ sæpe desunt.

Species 5, Americæ tropicæ v. australis extratropicæ incolæ. Walp. Ann. v. 90. In E. punctulata, specie typica Chilense, que Lepidoceras punctulata, Clos in C. Gay Fl. Chil. iii. 165, t. 32, f. 1 (Eremolepis verrucosa, Griseb. l. c.) flores dioici sunt 3-4-meri, bacca apice nuda. E. angustifolia (quam Grisebach l.c. incaute pro plantam Closianam habuit et nomine E. punctulatæ signavit) floribus masculis nolts nota est; hi 5-meri sunt floribus singulis intra bracteam bracteolis 2 late cymbiformibus carinatis stipatis.

IXIDIOM. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 130, t. 31, species 3 includit, una Cubensis, E. Wrightii, Grisch. Cat. Pl. Cub. 121, altera Brasiliana I. Schottii, Eichl. l.c., cujus specimina certa non vidimus, nuper tamen specimina a Glaziovio accepimus cum descriptione convenientia nisi floribus dioicis, 3 sub n. 8242, 9 sub n. 7665, tertia Peruviana, Matthews, adhuc inedita, floribus in spiculis distinctis

monoicis, fructu ut in specie Brasiliana perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata, cetera tamen cum habitu omnino *Ercmolepidis* et genus Eichlerianum uobis melius pro sectione habendum videtur. Perianthii lobi in fructu persistentia v. decidua observantur etiam in diversis speciebus *Visci*.

10. Eubrachion, Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 291.—Flores unisexuales in spiculis androgynis. Perianthii tubus in fl. & turbinatus, solidus, in fl. & ovario adnatus, ovoideus; limbus 3-partitus. Stamina basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ breves, erectæ, loculis discretis parallelis rima laterali dehiscentibus. Discus carnosus. Ovarium in fl. & inferum, ad normam ordinis, cavo interiore in speciminibus examinatis solito evidentiore; stylus brevissimus, crassus, stigmate obtuso. Bacca obovoideo-globosa, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata, mesocarpio viscifluo parco, endocarpio subcrustaceo. Semen globosum, maturum non vidimus; embryo (ex Eichl.) subteres, radicula longe exserta, cotyledonibus albumine inclusis semiteretibus.—Frutices in arboribus parasitici, præter squamas aphylli; rami teretes, novelli in parte inferiore squamis alternis appressis peltatim affixis instructi, superne esquamati, spiculas alternas sessiles v. foveolis leviter immersas ferentes. Spiculæ cylindraceæ (4-½ poll. longæ), squamellis latis concavis rigidis imbricatis obtectæ, quarum infimæ vacuæ, intermediæ flores & superiores flores & foventes. Flores omnes minimi, intra bracteas solitarii, sessiles, ebracteolati.

Species 2, altera Uruguayensis, altera Brasilians. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. ii. 133, t. 44.

11. Eupeta, Cham. et Schl. in Linnea iii. 203.—Flores dioici, racemulosi. Perianthii tucos in fl. 3 minimus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus; limbus 4- rarius 5-partitus. Stamina in fl. 3 basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus elongatis; antheræ ovato-oblongæ, loculis distinctis parallelis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Discus 0. Ovarium in fl. 2 inferum, ad normam ordinis; stylus columnaris, stigmate capitato. Bacca subglobosa, apice perianthii lobis caducissimis nuda; pericarpium succulentum viscifluum, endocarpio parum distincto. Semen subglobosum; embryo subteres, albumine copioso carnoso inclusus, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus.—Frutex in arboribus parasiticus, glaber v. minute puberulus. Folia opposita v. subopposita, plana, lata v. angusta. Florum racemuli laxi, axillares v. ramulos breves axillares terminantes, interdum ante folia nascentes, primo juventute e gemma imbricato-squamata oriundi, squamis tamen bracteisque caducissimis, simpliciter floribundi v. abbreviati 3-5-flori. Flores 3 quam in generibus affinibus paullo majores, staminibus conspicuis non tamen perianthium excedentibus.

Species 1, Novo-Zelandica. Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. i. 101, t. 26; Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 108.

12. Zepidoceras, Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. ii. 293. (Myrtobium, Miq. in Linnæa, xxv. 652.)—Flores dioici, racemulosi. Perianthii tubus in fl. 3 subnullus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus, limbus 4-partitus. Stamina in fl. 3 basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus longiusculis; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus carnosulus. Ovarium in fl. 2 inferum, ad normam ordinis; stylus brevis, stigmate obtuso subcapitato. Bacca ovoidea v. globosa, perianthii limbo deciduo denudata, pericarpio viscifluo. Seminis albumen nullum a pericarpio distinguendum; embryo ovoideo-globosus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis, radicula brevi supera.—Fruticuli in arboribus parasitici, ramosissimi. Folia opposita, parvula, plana, coriacea, mucrone v. squamula apicali sæpius instructa. Florum racemuli axillares, ante anthesin squamis imbricatis obtecti strobiliformes, per anthesin racemi f graciles, folio longiores, bracteis delapsis denudati, floribus oppositis pedicellatis, rhachi filiformi demum caduca; racemi 2 in ramum foliatum excrescentes; squamæ infimæ deciduæ, superiores seu bracteic flores singulos foventes, demum in folium apice tantum squamiforme excrescentes, fructus excedentes, ita ut baccæ ad axillas inferiores ramuli foliati appareant.

Species 3, Peruvize et Chile incole. Walp. Ann. i. 362, 982. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 32, f. 2.

13. Antidaphne, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 70, t. 199.—Flores monoici v. dioici, in spiculis unisexualibus. Perianthium in fl. 30, in fl. ♀ ovario adnatum, margine

minute remoteque 3-4-dentatum. Stamina in fl. 3-5, circa discum parvum carnosulum affixa, filamentis elongatis valde inæqualibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium in fl. 2 inferum, ad normam ordinis. Discus pulvinatus supra marginem perianthii prominens, in stylum brevissimum contractus, stigmate late capitato. Bacca ovoidea, pericarpio carnoso viscifiuo. Semen albuminosum, embryonem perfectum non vidimus.—Fruticuli in arboribus parasitici. Folia alterna, plana, crassiuscula. Spiculæ ad axillas sessiles, 3 subglobosæ v. ovoideæ, strobiliformes, bracteis squamiformibus latis imbricatis flores pedicellatos 1-3 foventibus per anthesin caducis; spiculæ 2 novellæ basi squamis paucis imbricatis stipatæ, parte florida elonganda, per anthesin ebracteata, dentibus alternis flores 3-5 sessiles foventibus notata, rhachi demum apice in ramulum foliatum excrescente, fructibus in ramulo annotino infra folia sæpe persistentibus.

Species 2, Columbiæ et Peruviæ incolæ. Walp. Rep. v. 935.

In floribus & filamenta ad apicem pedicelli semper inæqualia, uno centrali longiore crassioreque disco quasi imposito, 1 v. sæpius 2 ad utrumque latus brevioribus ad latera disci affixis. An revera flores 3, centrali 1 andro lateralibus 1-2-andris? Setulæ interdum minutissimæ perpaucæ sub staminibus apparent, an perianthii an bracteolarum rudimenta? haud patet.

# Ordo CXLIX. SANTALACEE.

Endl. Gen. 324. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 787.

Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu dioici rarius monoici, regulares. Perianthium simplex, virens v. corollinum, interdum carnosulum, basi ovario v. disco adnatum, apice v. sæpius usque ad discum divisum, lobis 4, 5 v. rarius 3 v. 6 valvatis v. rarius leviter imbricatis, intus prope basin pone antheras sæpissime fasciculo pilorum instructis, apice concavis inflexis v. planis. Stamina (Grubbia excepta) tot quot perianthii lobi iisque prope basin affixa, rarius altius adnata, v. sub lobis intra tubum affixa, lobis breviora v. rarius subæquilonga; filamenta filiformia v. latiuscula nunc brevissima. Antheræ basifixæ v. prope basin dorsifixe, nunc erecte ovatæ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, loculis 2 distinctis parallelis rimis longitudinalibus introrsum v. demum lateraliter dehiscentibus, nunc terminales loculis adnatis divergentibus distinctis v. confluentibus 4- v. 2-valves v. demum explanate. Discus epigynus v. perigynus, nunc annularis pulviniformis v. planus margine parum distincto v. obscuro v. vix ullus, nunc planus concavus v. subcampanulatus perianthii tubi partem liberam vestiens, margine plus minus prominulo integro sinuato v. inter stamina in angulos v. lobos squamiformes producto. Ovarium ab initio v. saltem anthesi peracta inferum, v. in Anthobolcis basi disco immersum, 1-loculare. cylindraceus, conicus v. abbreviatus, stigmate terminali capitellato truncato v. brevissime 2-3-lobo, interdum in vertice ovarii subsessili. Ovula 2-3 ab apice v. sub apice placente centralis filiformis v. crassiusculæ pendula, v. in Anthoboleis ovulum unicum erectum centrale (an forte a placenta erecta arcte adnata pendulum I). Fructus indehiscens, nuceus v. sepius drupaceus; exocarpium (in fructu infero e pericarpii stratu exteriore cum perianthii tubo conflatum) nunc tenue, siccum, nunc carnosum v. succulentum, interdum crassum; endocarpium crustaceum induratum v. osseum. Semen globosum v. ovoideum, extus læve rugosum v. profunde ∞-sulcatum; testa 0 (v. tenuissima nec facile solvenda i). Albumen copiosum, carnosum, sæpius album. Embryo inclusus, sæpe tamen obliquus nec stricte centralis, linearis v. abbreviatus, sepissime teres, rectus v. vix incurvus; cotyledones semiteretes v. rarius leviter dilatatee, radicula supera longiores v. breviores, interdum minutes v. vix distinguenda.

Arbores frutices v. horbæ humiles sepissime glabræ, paucæ in arboribus v. in radicibus

paramitics. Folia alterna v. opposita, integerrima, venatione præter costam sæpius parum conspicua, interdum ad squamas parvas reducta v. plane nulla. Stipulæ 0. Inflorescentia simplex centripeta v. si composita ultima cymulosa, pedunculi nempe ad axillas foliorum v. bractearum solitarii sæpius breves, interdum brevissimi v. sub flore sessili subnulli, 1-flori v. cymulam v. fasciculum 3-co-florum ferentes, nunc omnes ad axillas foliorum v. squamularum dissiti, nunc in spicam v. racemum simplicem terminalem v. axillarem dispositi. Bractea (interdum foliacea) sub pedunculo ei haud raro plus minus adnata et in pedunculo ipso sita videtur; bracteolæ in pedunculo sub flore solitario v. sub cymula sæpissime 2 oppositæ, liberæ v. cum bractea in cupulam connatæ, v. rarius una v. utraque deficiens. Flores virides flavo-virentes v. rarius aurantiaci, in paucis speciebus conspicui, in plerisque parvi, interdum minuti.

Species vix 220, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis latissime disperse. Genera plurima hic recepta, præsertim e tribu *Osyridearum*, oligotypica, sæpe inter se characteribus parvæ valoris separata, a botanicis tamen libenter admissa, sæpeque patria bene limitata.

Ordo Loranthaceis valde affinis iisque a Baillono jungitur, sed bene distinctus videtur, imprimis ovarii structura. Etiam Olacineis pluribus notis accedit, sed perianthium constanter simplex. Tribus Anthobolearum, fere medium tenet inter Osyrideas et Opilieas Olacinearum, et e sententia botanicorum nonnullorum his adsociandus.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Frutices suffruticesve in arboribus parasitici in Henslowia et Myzodendro. Herbæ in radicibus parasiticæ in Thesii speciebus nonnullis et forte in aliis paucis.

Perianthii lobi leviter imbricati v. unus exterior in Buckleya et Scleropyro, ima basi abrupte contracti quasi stipitati in Nanodea. Perianthium 0 v. in fl. 2 margine integrum in Myzodendro.

Stamina numero loborum perianthii duplo plura in Grubbia.

Ovarium junius intra perianthii tubum liberum, mox immersum in *Cervantesia* et *Santalo*. Endocarpii plicæ seu processus interiores in sulcos seminis intrusæ in *Henslowia*.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Thesiese. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra ovarium infra lobos plus minus productus, disco tamen nullo prominente vestitus. Fructus parvus, nuceus, exocarpio tenui v. vix carnosulo (excepto Osyridicarpo).
  - 1. QUINCHAMALIUM. Flores in spicam terminalem conferti, singuli basi urceola membranacea e bractea bracteolisque conflata stipati. Antherse oblongo-lineares. Placenta brevis, recta, crassiuscula. Herbæ humiles, foliis linearibus.— Amer. austr. extratrop.
  - 2. Arjona. Flores in spicam terminalem conferti, singuli basi bractea bracteolisque liberis stipati. Antheræ oblongo-lineares. Placenta brevis, recta, crassiuscula. Herbæ humiles, foliis linearibus v. sublanceolatis rigidulis.—Amer. austr. extratrop.
  - 3. Thesium. Flores in spicam terminalem v. racemum laxum dispositi v. pedunculi axillares 1-flori v. cymuliferi. Bractea sæpe foliis subsimilis, bracteolæ liberæ v. 0. Antheræ parvæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ. Placenta filiformis, flexuosa v. contortuplicata. Herbæ suffruticesve, foliis linearibus v. parvis squamiformibus.—Orbis vet. reg. temp. et trop., Brasilia.
    - 4. Thesidium. Flores dioici, minimi. Folia parva, squamiformia. Catera Thesis.—Afr. austr.
  - 5? OSTRIDICARPOS. Habitus folia et fructus fere Osyridis, sed flores hermaphroditi, perianthii tubo supra ovarium cylindraceo carnosulo, summo apice cum lobis petaloideo. Suffrutices foliis planis, floribus ad axillas 1-3-nis.—Afr. austr., Abyssinia.

Tribus II. Osyrides. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, ultra ovarium haud productus, v. intus disco vestitus, lobis usque ad discum v. ovarium solutis v. rarius deficientibus. Fructus plus minus drupaceus, exocarpio carnoso v. succulento, rarius minor subsiccus.

- \* Antherarum loculi distincti, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes.
  - † Discus margine inter stamina in lobos squamiformes productus,
- a. Perianthii tubus adnatus, carnocus, post anthesin facile in segmenta solvendus.
- 6. CERVANTESIA. Florum fasciculi ad axillas spicati v. in paniculam terminalem dispositi. Arbor fotiis integerrimis subtus inflorescentisque ferrugineo-tomentosis.— Columbia, Poruvia,

- 7. IODIMA. Florum fasciculi ad axillas sessiles. Frutex folius augulato-rhombeis, augulis spinescentibus glaberrimis.—Amer. austr. extratrop.
  - b. Perianthii tubus arcte adnatus, equalis.
- 8. Pyrularia. Flores subdioici. Cymulæ 3 ad apices ramorum racemosæ. Fructus majusculi, terminales, solitarii. Arbores fruticesve inermes, fuliis alternis.—Amer. bor., Himalaya.
- 9. Acanthosyris. Flores hermaphroditi. Pedunculi 1-3-flori in axillis inferioribus v. ad nodos vetustos. Arbor spinis brevibus axillaribus armata; foliis alternis.—Amer. austr. extratrop.
- 10. COMANDRA. Flores hermaphroditi. Cymulæ subterminales umbelliformes, v. pedunculi axillares 1-3-flori. Herbæ suffruticesve inermes, foliis alternis.—Amer. bor., Europa.
- 11. Santalum. Flores hermaphroditi. Paniculæ breves laxæ v. subracemosæ, axillares terminalesque. Ovarium junius liberum; placenta longe acuminata. Arbores fruticesve inermes, foliis sæpius oppositis. Reg. Indo-Austral., ins. Pacif.
- †† Discus margine integer v. breviter lateque sinuato-sublobatus noc in lobos distinctos productus.
  - 12. Funanus. Flores plerique hermaphroditi. Paniculæ subcymosæ, breves. Discus supra ovarium crateriformis v. late campanulatus. Arbores fruticesve (1) foliis alternis inflorescentia axillari; (2) foliis oppositis inflorescentia terminali.—Nov. Zel., Australia.
  - 13. Colpon. Flores plerique hermaphroditi. Paniculæ abbreviatæ v. cymæ densæ, terminales, sessiles. Discus concavus. Frutices foliis plerisque oppositis.—Afr. austr.
- 14. Nanodea. Flores plerique hermaphroditi, terminales, 1-3-ni, inter folia summa subsessiles. Discus concavus. Herba humilis, foliis alternis anguste linearibus. Terr. Magellan.
- 15. Myoschilos. Flores hermaphroditi in spicis bracteatis amentiformibus ad nodos defoliatos sessilibus. Discus planus. Frutex foliis alternis parvulis planis.—Chile.
- 16. Buckleya. Flores dioici, & umbellati, Q terminales solitarii. Discus late campanulatus. Drupa bracteis 4 foliaceis coronata. Frutices foliis oppositis.—Amer. bor., Japonia.
- 17. OSYRIS. Flores dioici, solitarii v. cymulosi. Discus subplanus. Drupa nuda v. foliis summis stipata. Frutices foliis alternis.—Europa, Africa, Ind. or.
- 18. OMPHACOMERIA. Flores dioici, minuti, ad nodos sessiles v. 3 glomerati. Discus subplanus. Frutices aphylli, ramis teretibus.—Australia.
  - \*\* Antherarum loculi divergentes v. terminales, discreti 2-valvesque v. in unum 2-valvem confluentes.
- 19. Henglowia. Flores dioici v. monoici, ad axillas cymulosi fasciculati v. Q solitarii. Endocarpium intus processibus duris in sulcis albuminis intrusum. Frutices interdum parasitici, foliis alternis crassiusculis planis.—Ind. or., China, Archip. Malay.
- 20. Schroppron. Flores subdicici, ad nodos defoliatos breviter spicati. Filamenta 2-fida. Drupa majuscula, pyriformis. Arbores ad nodos sæpe spiniferæ, foliis alternis coriaceis.—
  Ind. or.
- 21. CHORETHUM. Flores hermaphroditi, minuti, secus ramos fasciculati v. solitarii, bracteis orbiculato-squamiformibus involucrati. Drupa parva. Frutices aphylli.—Australia.
- 22. LEPTOMERIA. Flores hermaphroditi, minuti, in racemulos spiculasve terminales v. laterales conferti. Drupa parva. Frutices foliis bracteisque minute squamiformibus v. rarius lineari-teretibus.—Australia.
- 23. Phacellaria. Flores monoici, minuti, secus ramos sparsi, sessiles. Drupa parva. Fruticuli parasitici caulibus fasciculatis aphyllis.—Birma.
- 24. Myzodendron. Flores dioici, parvi, axillares v. in spiculas amentiformes conferti. Perianthium 0 in fl. 3, adnatum margine brevissimo in fl. 2. Filamenta filiformia, anthera terminali 1-loculari. Fructus parvus, setis lateralibus demum longis plumosis instructus. Suffrutices parvi, ramosissimi, in arboribus parasitici.—Chile, Terr. Magell.
- Tribus IXI. Anthoboless. Perianthium usque ad discum 3-4-partitum. Ovarium superum, basi disco semi-immersum. Stigma sessile. Ovulum 1, centrale, erectum. Fructus plus minus drupaceus, omnino superus. Flores minimi.
  - 25. Anthobolus. Flores dioici, ad axillas pedicellati, 3 2-5-ni, 2 solitarii v. 2-ni. Drupa

pedicello incrassato carnoso insidens. Folia lineari-teretia v. ad squamas minutus reducta.—

Australiu.

- 26. Exocarpus. Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu masculi, in spiculis v. fasciculis ad axillas sessilibus. Drupa pedicello incressato insidens. Folia lineari-teretia, plana, v. ad squamas minutas reducta.—Australia, Nov. Zel., ins. Norfolk, Mascar., Archip. Malay. et Sandw.
- 27. CHAMPEREIA. Flores hermaphroditi (v. abortu &?) in paniculas axillares graciles dispositi. Folia alterna, plana. Pedicelli fructiferi non incrassati.—Ponins. et Archip. Malay.

Tribus IV. (v. genus anomalum). Grubbiess. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, lobis usque ad ovarium solutis. Stamina numero loborum duplo plura. Fructus (minimus) drupaceus.

28. Grussia. Flores hermaphroditi, parvi, in axillis foliorum v. bractearum strobili pisiformis axillaris ternatim sessiles. Frutices ericoidei foliis oppositis angustis margine revolutis.

—Afr. aus:r.

#### GENERA AFFINIA V. EXCLUSA AUT DUBIA.

OPILIER, tribus Olacinearum, supra i. 349, Anthoboleis caute comparande, different calycis margine ad apicem ovarii plus minus distincto.

PYRENACANTHA, Hook. (ADELANTHUS. Endl., MOLDENHAUERA, Spreng.) quam supra i. 345 c tribu Phytocrencarum Olacinearum rejecimus, rite a Baillono in DC. Prod. xvii. 9, ad illas revocatur, etsi calycis margo obsoletus sit. A Santalaceis recedit habitu, staminum situ, ovulorum insertione, embryone allisque notis.

Modeccopsis, Griff., est Erythropalum, Blume, inter Olacineas, supra i. 347.

DECASTROPHIS, Griff. Notul. iv. 737, t. 613, est *Erythropalum*, Bl., inter **Olacineas**, synonymon supra i. 347 casu omissum.

CEVALLIA, Lag., a Lindleyo olim Santalaceis adscripta, est Loasea, supra i. 803.

OCTABILLUM, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 90, videtur Eleagni species inter Eleagnaceas, supra, 204.

#### TRIBUS I. THESIEÆ.

1. Quinehamalium, Juss. Gen. Pl. 75.—Flores hermaphroditi, in spica terminali conferti, urceolo truncato-dentato (bractea cum bracteolis connata) stipati. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra discum cylindraceus; lobi 5, valvati, recurvo-patentes. Stamina 5, ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus; antherse lineari-oblongse, basifixse, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus carnosulus, annularis v. cupularis, a perianthio distinctus. Ovarium inferum; stylus filiformis, stigmate subcapitato; ovula 3, ex apice placentse brevis crasse pendula, subimmersa. Fructus parvus, nuceus, subcarnosus, urceolo bracteino arcte inclusus, perianthio toto sepe usque ad maturitatem persistente, v. demum parte libera circa discum circumscissa decidua. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi parvus, linearis, radicula vix cotyledonibus longiore.—Herbæ humiles, glabræ, basi pluricaules v. decumbentes. Folia alterna, linearia v. subulata, integerrima. Flores in spica densa arcte sessiles v. foveolis rhacheos leviter immersi. Urceolus ovario subæquilongus, membranaceus, dente exteriore lateralibus majore, quarto postico minuto v. 0.

Species evidenter plurimæ, vix tamen limitibus certis distinguendæ, apud Miersio 7, ex Philippi 13, Americæ australis imprimis Chilensis et Andinæ australis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 625. Philippi sa Bot. Zeit. 1857, 745, t. 11. Miers in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 134, t. 7. Ruiz et Pav. F7. Per. et Chil. t. 107. Lam. Illustr. t. 142. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. t. 51, 52.

Genus ab auctoribus Molinio tributtur, sed genus Molinianum, calyce 5-fido corolla 5-fida stylis 3 capsula 3-loculari polysperma, plantam quame am diversissimam refert hodie non determinandam. Jussieu primus genus nostrum constituit.

2. Arjena, Cav. Ic. iv. 57, t. 383.—Flores hermaphroditi, in spica terminali conferti, bractea bracteolisque liberis stipati. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra discum cylindraceus; lobi 5, valvati, recurvo-patentes. Stamina 5, apicem versus tubi infra faucem affixa, inclusa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus pulvinatus v. crassiuscule annu-

laris, a perianthio distinctus. Ovarium inferum; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato v. breviter 3-lobo; ovula 3, ab apice placentæ brevis crassæ pendula, subimmersa. Fructus parvus, nuceus, vix carnosulus, bractea convoluta bracteolisque arcte inclusus, glaber, nitidus, perianthio persistente coronatus v. demum denudatus. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi parvus, linearis, radicula vix cotyledonibus longiore.—Herbæ humiles, sæpius ramosæ, quam in Quinchamalio rigidiores, præter inflorescentiam glabræ, radicibus sæpe hinc inde tuberiferis. Folia alterna, linearia v. lanceolata, rigidula, acuta, integerrima, sæpe recurva. Flores in spica brevi arcte sessiles, perianthio, basi adnata excepta, inflorescentiaque tota pubescentibus v. rarius glabris; perianthium intus ad faucem pilosulum.

Species 3 v. 4, apud Miersium 8, Americæ australis extratropicæ, imprimis Chili et Patagoniæ incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 626. Hombr. et Jacq. Voy. Pole Sud Dicot. t. 15. Miers in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 129, t. 6.

3. Thesium, Linn. Gen. n. 292.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus basi adnatus, supra ovarium campanulatus v. cylindraceus, apice v. ad medium v. sæpe multo altius divisus; lobi 5 rarius 4, valvati, intus pone stamina fasciculo pilorum sæpius donati, interdumque ab apice reflexo-barbati. Stamina 5 rarius 4, basi loborum v. paullo infra affixa, filamentis tenuibus brevibus ; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus epigynus inconspicuus v. cum perianthio continuus margine nullo prominente (v. rarius obscuro ?). Ovarium inferum ; stylus nunc elongatus nunc brevis, stigmate capitato v. obscure 3-lobo; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentæ tenuis sæpe flexuosæ v. contortuplicatæ pendula. Fructus nuceus, parvus, globosus v. ovoideus, extus vix carnosulus, perianthio persistente coronatus v. rarius demum denudatus, endocarpio crustaceo v. parum indurato. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi teres, rectus v. parum curvus, sæpe obliquus, radicula cotyledonious æquilonga v. longiore.-Herbæ basi sæpe duræ v. lignescentes, haud raro radicibus parasitice, rarius fruticuli. Folia alterna, linearia, sepius parva, nunc ad squamas minutas reducta. Inflorescentia simpliciter spicata v. racemosa pedunculis unifloris, v. composita pedunculis cymoso-3- $\infty$ floris. Bractea v. folium subtendens interdum pedunculo adnatum; bracteole sub flore solitario v. sub cymulo 2 oppositæ interdum deficientes.

Species ultra 100, in temperatus orbis veteris late disperse, inter tropicos pauciores, duze solze Brasilienses, eseterum in America tota desunt. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 637. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 48. Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 541 ad 546; Iconogr. Eur. t. 452 ad 458. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 416. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 220. Guss. Pl. Rar. t. 20. Vis. Fl. Dalm. Suppl. t. 4. Tchihatch. As. Min. t. 39. Bong. et Mey. Verz. Pfl. Sais. Nor. t. 13. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 233, 237. Wight, Ic. t. 1852.

R. Brown in Prod. Fl. N. Holl. 353, sectiones 3 (sine nomine) indicavit, quarum una, Frisea. Endl., facile distincta est perianthii lobis intus barba densa ex apice et marginibus pendente vestitis; antheræ etiam sæpius (an semper?) magis reversæ videntur. Species omnes austro-Africanæ, adhuc icone nulla illustratæ. Cæteræ duæ sectiones, imprimis perianthio lobato v. partito distinctæ, limitibus certis non definiendæ sunt, et a Candollio quoad species plerasque sub Euthesso includuntur, perianthii segmentis præter fasciculum pilorum ad basin pone stamina glabris et ad hanc sectionem pertinent icones omnes supra citata. Species tamen paucas separavit idem auctor in Prodromo characteribus minoris valoris scil. Chrysothecium. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Br. t. 104, et 300, species 2 orientales parte supera perianthii tubi elongata tenuique dum in cæteris speciebus sæpissime lobis brevior est, ratione tamen in variis speciebus valde diversa, Etheothesium, DC., species unica austro-Africana, foliis latis crassis amplexicaulibus et bracteis amplis insignis, characteribus tamen nullis certis ab aliis pluribus distinguenda; Discothesium, A. DC., species 4 austro-Africane, disco epigyno margine leviter prominulo discreto, quod tamen in speciebus tribus a nobis examinatis vix confirmare possumus. Discum in his speciebus solito crassiorem vidimus sed more generis cum perianthii tubo perfecte continuum et habitus omnino Euthesii. Inflorescentia tamen specierum plurium austro-Africanarum peculiaris est, et Euthesia gerontogea, a Friscis acparata, sectiones cæteras Candollei includentia, in subsectiones duas distribuenda videntur: 1. Enthesium pedunculis (seepius 1-floris interdum etiam cymuloso-pluriflores) ad axillas dissitis v. in spicam tenuem simplicem terminalem approximatis, species numerosse per orbem veterem Africa capensi inclusa latissime dispersse. 2. Etheothesium, cymulis terminalibus v. in solis summis axillis confertis, cymam terminalem compactam v. capitulum terminale formantibus; species omnes austro-Africanse e.g. T. (Euthesium, DC.) strictum, paniculatum, affinesque, T. (Etheothesium, DC.) euphorbioides, T. (Discothesium, DC.) triflorum, aliseque nonnullse. Sectio Psilothesium, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 670, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. v. i. t. 37, species 2 Brasilienses continet. ab Euthesis gerontogeis paullo distinctas caule annuo tenui virgatim ramoso, foliis ad squamellas minutas dentesve reductis, floribus parvis gracile spicatis, perianthio sepius 5-mero, ex DC. a fractu maturo deciduo, in speciminibus tamen nostris utriusque speciei perianthium in fructu perfecto persistens vidimus, et interdum etsi rarius in Euthesis gerontogeis fructus hinc inde perianthio delapso denudatus est.

RHINOSTEGIA, Turcs. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. 1843, 56, ab A. DC. rite ad Thesium reducitur. R. brevifolia, Turcz., est T. Dregeanum, A. DC.; R. longifolia, Turcz., nobis ignota est.

4. Thesidium, Sond. in Flora, 1857, 364.—Flores dioici. Perianthii tubus in flore of tenuis solidus, in flore of ovoideus, ovario adnatus, supra ovarium brevissime campanulatus v. vix ullus; lobi 4, valvati, in flore of sæpius fasciculo pilorum pone stamina instructi. Stamina 4, ad basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ parvæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus; in flore of staminodia sæpius 0. Discus obscurus, margine nullo prominulo. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevis, stigmate obscure 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentæ centralis filiformis rectæ v. contortuplicatæ pendula. Fractus nuceus Thesii, parvus, globosus v. ovoideus, perianthio marcescente coronatus, enclocarpio crustaceo. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi teres, sæpe obliques.—Fruticuli humiles, ramosissimi, rarius herbæ. Folia alterna, sæpius minima v. squamiformia, rigidula. Flores minimi, nunc intra bractæa solitarii subsessiles in spicam terminalem tenuem interruptam dispositi, nunc secus ramos intricatos ad axillas sessiles, solitarii v. terni, numerosissimi. Bractæa bracteolæque

Species enumeratæ 6, Africæ australis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 673. Genus a Thesio imprimis floribus dioicis differt. Habitus etiam satis diversus, interdum fere salsoloideus.

5 è cayridicarpes, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 635.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra ovarium cylindraceus, fere ad apicem carnosulus, summo apice tenuis; lobi 5, tenues, valvati, intus basi fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina 5, summo tubo sub lobis affixa, filamentis brevibus tenuibus; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus indistinctus, nisi pro disco haberes partem carnosam perianthii apice inter stamina sinuato-5-lobam, margine tamen haud prominulam. Ovarium inferum; stylus elongatus, tenuis, stigmate capitellato v. obscure 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentæ filiformis flexuosæ pendula. Drupa (a nobis non visa) fere Osyridis ex vestigio perianthii cupula 5-angulari minima coronata (A. DC.).—Suffrutices glabri, ramis laxis interdum elongatis subscandentibus. Folia alterna, breviter pedicellati, lanceolata v. ovata, plana. Flores ad axillas solitarii v. 3-5-ni, breviter pedicellati, bracta dis minimis v. 0. Perianthii tubus sepius (nec constanter) extus ad basin partis liberæ verrucis v. appendiculis carnosulis 4-5 subreflexis instructus.

Species 2 inter se valde affines, altera austro-Africanæ, altera Abyssinica.

Genus Thesicas cum Osyrideas arete connectit Specimina nostra omnia florida primo aspectu Thesiam referent et sub Thesia a variis collectoribus missa. Folia tamen, et ex DC. fructus, potius Osyridis, et si partem carnosam perianthii pro disco haberes (in vivo perianthium quasi calycem corollæ adnatum simulat ex Burchellio) genus forte Osyrideis transferendum foret.

### TRIBUS II. OSYRIDE,E.

6. Cervantesia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 39, t. 7; Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 19, t. 241.— Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii carnosuli tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra ovarium breviter campanulatus, post anthesin facile fere a basi in segmenta solvendus; lobi 5, valvati, usque ad discum soluti, intus pone stamina fasciculo parvo pilorum instructi. Stamina 5, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, loculis parallelis

longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus perianthii tubum vestiens, margine inter stamina in lobos carnosulos squamiformes ovatos v. oblongos productus. Ovarium primum in fundo perianthii fere liberum, mox basi accrescens semi-inferum, ante maturitatem jam fere inferum; stylus brevis, crassiusculus, stigmate 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, ex apice placentse longe filiformis contortuplicatæ pendula. Fructus subglobosus, exocarpio carnoso in segmenta 5 a basi sæpe solvenda subdiviso, endocarpio crustaceo sæpius inter exocarpii segmenta demum fisso fere 2-3-valvi. Semen subglobosum; embryo linearis, subteres, longiusculus, in albumine carnoso obliquus.—Arbor, ramulis novellis inflorescentiis foliorumque pagina inferiore plus minus ferrugineo-tomentosis villosisve. Florum cymulæ v. fasciculi densæ, ad axillas sessiles v. in spica brevi secus rhachin plures sessiles; spicæ ad axillas sessiles v. superiores in panicula terminali plures.

Species distinguit Miers 3, sed omnes unius formæ videntur, Andium Columbiæ, Ecuadoræ et Peruviæ incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 692. Cav. Ic. t. 475. Miers in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 78, t. 3. Miers 1. c. Cervantesiam et Iodinam a Santalaceis ad Styracaceas transfert, lobis squamiformibus disci pro petalis perperam descriptis. Hæ squamæ, cum margine disci continuæ, omnino similes sunt iis Santali et Comandri, dum stamina certe extra discum affixa sunt etsi disco arcte contigua, ut in omnibus generibus subtribus Osyridearum. Ovarium in alabastro liberum apparet omnino ut in Santalo. Squamellæ, in facie interiore segmentorum perianthii fructiferi a Miersio descriptæ, sunt vestigia persistentia filamentorum post antheras delapsas. Cæterum Cervantesia et Iodina ab omnibus affinibus differunt exocarpio (perianthii tubo) insigniter 5-sulcato facile in segmenta totidem solvendo, etsi vix nisi basi sponte separatur.

7. Zodina, Hook. et Arn. in Hook. Bot. Misc. iii. 172.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, post anthesin facile solvendus, supra ovarium brevissime lateque campanulatus; lobi 5, valvati, fere induplicati, usque ad discum soluti, pone stamina fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina 5, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovato-oblongæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus crateriformis, perianthii partem liberam vestiens, margine inter stamina in lobos squamiformes crassiusculos rotundatos productus. Ovarium in alabastro semi-inferum, mox fere inferum; stylus longiuscule conicus, stigmate 3-fido; ovula 3, ab apice placentæ centralis rectæ pendula. Fructus globosus, exocarpio tenuiter carnoso facile in segmenta 5 solubili, endocarpio crustaceo interdum inter exocarpii segmenta fisso fere 2-3-valvi. Semen globosum; embryo brevis, in centro albuminis carnosi obliquus, radicula clavata cotyledonibus linearibus longiore.—Frutex elatus, glaber. Folia alterna, rhombea, rigide coriacea, angulis spinescentibus, basi in petiolum brevem contracta. Cymulæ ad axillas sossiles, densæ, paucifloræ, floribus tenuissime puberulis. Fructus sæpe ad axillas abortu solitarii.

Species 1, in America australi extratropica a Montevideo usque ad Aconcagua Andium frequens. Reissek in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. 77, t. 23. Mucrs in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 83, t. 4.

8. Pyrularia, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. ii. 231. (Hamiltonia, Muchlenb. in Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 1114. Spherocarya, Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Car. et Wall. ii. 371; Tent. Fl. Napal. t. 10.)—Flores abortu subdioici, fertiles sape hermaphrodit. Perianthii tubus in flore & brevissimus solidus, in flore fertili turbinatus, ovario adnatus; lobi 5, patentes, valvati, usque ad discum soluti, intus pone antheras fasciculo pilorum v. squama pilosa antheris adhærente instructi. Stamina 5, basi loborum affixa, in flore fertili minora, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus (in flore fertili cassæ?). Discus parum prominulus, inter stamina in squamas distinctas productus. Ovarium inferum; stylus columnaris, stigmate depresso-capitato obscure lobato; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentæ brevis rectæ pendula. Drupa obovoidea v. subglobosa, majuscula, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata v. vix demum denudata, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio duro haud crasso. Semen globosum; embryo prope apicem albuminis carnosi brevis, subteres.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia annua, alterna, breviter petiolata, membranacea. Flores in summis axillis v. ad apices ramorum cymulosi, cymulis racemum

terminalem compositum seu paniculam racemiformem formantibus; flores fertiles seepe ad apices ramorum pauciores, seepius gemini v. solitarii. Bracteolæ parvæ.

Species 2, altera boreali-Americana, altera Himalaica. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 628 (quoad sp. 1 et 2). Wight Ic. t. 255 (icon a Wall. Tent. iterata). Flores Q v. § nobis desunt, sorum char. ex auctoribus citatis v. e reliquiis in fructu persistentibus sumpsimus.

9. Acanthosyris, Griseb. Symb. Fl. Argent. 151. (Osyris sect., Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Brus. xiii. i. 236, t. 53.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus basi late turbinatus ovario adnatus, supra ovarium breviter lateque campanulatus; lobi 5 rarius 4, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, pone stamina fasciculo pilorum antheris adhærente instructi. Stamina 5 rarius 4, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus tenuibus; antherse ovatse, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus perianthii tubi partem liberam vestiens, margine inter stamina in squamas distinctas productus. Ovarium semi-inferum; stylus longiusculus, stigmate obscure 2-3-fido; ovula 2-3, a placenta centrali apice ultra ovula obtuse producta pendula, arcte reflexa. Drupa, a nobis non visa, globosa, † poll. diametro, perianthii reliquiis (lobis deciduis) coronata, endocarpio firmiter lignoso.— 'Arbores elate, pulchræ nunc in fruticem 6-pedalem reductæ,' habitu fere Celastri, spinis brevibus axillaribus (pedunculis abortivis ?) nunc minimis v. raris armatæ, rarius inermes. Folia alterna, ad nodos vetustos seepe fasciculata, oblonga, rigidule membranacea, basi in petiolum brevissimum contracta. Pedunculi graciles, foliis breviores, 1-3-flori, in axillis foliorum unferiorum innovationis v. sæpius cum foliis ad nodos vetustiores fasciculati. Bracteolæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 2, Brasiliæ australis et Reipublicæ Argentinæ incolæ.

Spinæ A spinescentis, Griseb., semper more pedunculorum ad axillas v. paullo supra axillas oriuntur. sed in ramis annotinis folio subtendente delapso et fasciculo foliorum superne evoluto infrafoliaceæ apparent. In speciminibus nostris ut in icone citata ovulum unum cæteris altius affixum videtur, sed revera est potius apex placentæ ultra ovula productus.

10. Comandra, Nutt. Gen. N. Am. Pl. i. 157. (Hamiltonia, Spreng. Syst. i. 831 pro parte.) —Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus basi ovario adnatus, supra ovarium campanulatus; lobi 5, rarius 4, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, pone stamina fasciculo pilorum antheris adhærente instructi. Stamina 5 rarius 4, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus crassiusculis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus perianthii tubum vestiens, margine inter stamina in squamas rotundatas distinctas productus. Ovarium inferum; stylus longiusculus, stigmate capitellato; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentæ linearis interdum flexuosæ pendula, v. sub apice placentæ crassioris affixa. Drupa ovoidea v. globosa, exocarpio tenuiter carnoso v. succulento, endocarpio crustaceo haud crasso. Semen globosum; embryo in albumine carnoso subteres.—Herbæ suffruticesve erecti, glabri. Folia alterna, angusta v. ovali-oblonga. Cymæ terminales umbelliformes, v. laterales paucifloræ, ebracteolatæ.

Species 4, quarum 1 Europæa, cetera: boreali-Americanæ. A DC. Prod. xiv. 636 (cxcl. sect. 2). Rrichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 547 (Hamiltonia). Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 179.

Formæ duæ adsunt sectiones bene distinctas præbentes. 1. Eucomandra, caulibus sæpius ramosis, cymulis ad apices ramorum v. in summis axillis 3-5-floris umbelliformibus, ovarii placenta lineari, fructu ovoideo parum carnoso perianthii reliquiis coronato. Species Europæa cum 2 Americanis inter se valde affines. 2. Haplocomandra, caulibus e basi perenni sæpius pluribus simplicibus, pedunculis axillaribus gracilibus 1-3-floris, ovarii placenta crassiore, fructu globoso maturo denudato, exocarpio succulento. Species Americana (C. livida, Richards.).

11. Santalum, Linn. Gen. n. 480. (Sirium, Schreb. Gen. 11. 82.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus campanulatus v. ovoideus, ima basi ovario adnatus; lobi 4 rarius 5, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, intus pone stamina fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus tubum perianthii tenuiter vestiens, inter stamina in squamas distinctas carnosulas spathulatas triangulares v. fere quadratas productus.

Ovarium primum in fundo perianthii fere liberum, mox basi accrescens semi-inferum; stylus elongatus, stigmate breviter 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, infra medium placentæ centralis longe acuminatæ affixa, arcte reflexa. Drupa subglobosa, cicatrice annulari perianthii delapsi coronata, exocarpio haud crasso, endocarpio duro sæpius rugoso. Semen subconforme; embryo in centro albuminis rectus v. obliquus, linearis, teres, radicula cotyledonibus multo longiore.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia opposita v. rarius alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea v. subcarnosa, pennivenia sed costa sola sæpius conspicua. Flores quam in generibus affinibus sæpius majores, in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramorum trichotome paniculati, paniculis laxiusculis at sæpius foliis brevioribus v. interdum ad racemos simplices reductis. Bracteæ inconspicuæ.

Species ad 8, inter se valde affines, Indise orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Australise et ins. maris Pacifici incolse. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 682 (sect. 1, § 1). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 213. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xvii. 59, t. 1, 2. Henfr. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 69, t. 17, 18. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 2 (Sirium). Hayne, Areneigew. x. t. 1, 2. Bot. Mag. t. 3235. Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 45. Seem. Fl. Vit. 210, t. 55. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 256.

12. Pasanus, R. Br. Prod. 355, excl. syn. Linn. et Berg. (Eucarya, Mitch. Three Exped. Austral. ii. 100?)—Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu masculi. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, supra ovarium crateriformis v. breviter latissimeque subcampanulatus; lobi 4, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, intus pone stamina fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina basi loborum affixa iisque breviora; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus calycis tubi partem superam vestiens, margine continuo sinuato nec in squamas producto. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevissimus, conicus, stigmate parvo 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, a placenta centrali crassiuscula apice obtusa v. vix acuminata pendula, arcte reflexa. Drupa globosa v. ovoidea, cicatrice annulari perianthii delapsi coronata, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio duro extus foveolato v. rugoso. Semen globosum; embryo in centro albuminis linearis, teres, rectus v. vix incurvus.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia opposita v. alterna. Flores quam in Santalo minores, trichotome paniculati v. subcymosi.

Species 5, Australasicæ, in sectiones 2 facile pro generibus propriis habendas distribuendæ.

- 1. Eufusanus. Species 4, omnes Australiana, foliis oppositis, inflorescentia terminali, perianthii parte discifera breviter lateque concava, placenta apice interdum breviter acuminata, drupa globosa exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio crasso osseo. Santali sect. 1, § 2. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 684. Fusanus, R. Br. l.o.; Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 215.
- 2. Mida. Species 1, Novo-Zelandica, foliis alternis, inflorescentia axillari, perianthii parte discifera magis evoluta, placenta apice obtusa supra ovula parum producta, drupa fere ovoidea, pericarpio minus incrassato. Santali sect. 2, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 686. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 563, 575. Mida, A. Cunn. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. 376.

In seminibus paucis Eufusani examinatis cotyledones brevissimas vidimus, in unico perfecto Mida cotyledones radicula paullo longiores erant.

13. Celpoon, Berg. Pl. Cap. 38, t. 1. (Fusanus, Murr. Syst. Veg. Linn. ed. 1744, 765.) —Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius abortu masculi. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, supra ovarium breviter expansus; lobi 4-5 rarius 6, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, intus pone stamina fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis tenuibus brevibus; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus latus, concavus, inter stamina in lobos latos brevissime productus. Ovarium inferum; stylus conico-cylindraceus, stigmate brevissime 4-5-lobo; ovula 4-5, a placenta centrali crassiuscula obtusa ultra ovula brevissime v. longiuscule producta pendula, arcte reflexa. Drupa ovoidea, perianthii lobis persistentibus v. cicatrice annulari delapsorum coronata, exocarpio carnosulo v. subsucculento, endocarpio rigide crustaceo (v. interdum osseo?). Samen globosum; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi obliquus, teres (in semine unico perfecto examinato) vix apice in cotyledones divisus.—Frutices glabri, nunc dense ramosi nunc ramis laxis subscandentes (Burchell). Folia opposita v. in ramulis vegetioribus rarius subalterna, ovata, rigida, crassiuscula. Flores in paniculas breves thyrsoideas v. subcymosas terminales dispositi.

Species 2 v. 3, Africa australis incolae, a Candollio in genera duo separatæ, a Baillono, Adans. iii. 112, in unum conjunctæ. In forma typica, Colpoon, Berg., Ospridis sect. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 634, flores plerique 4-meri (paucos tamen 5-meros inter 4-meros vidimus) et perianthium a fructa maturo deciduum, et hic forte species 2 latent imprimis fructu distinctæ. In sectione Rhoiacarpo, flores plerique 5-meri, interdum tamen 4-meri v. 6-meri et perianthium marcaecens in fructu persistens; species unica. Rhoiacaepos, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 634. Hamiltonia, Harv. Gen. Pl. Cap. ed. i. 298, non aliorum.

Colpoon, Berg., a Brownio cum Fusano suo jungitur, a Candolleo cum Osyride, a Baillono cum Rhoiacapo, et omnes fere sequo jure. Genera enim v. sectiones Anosyris, Santalum, Comandra, Fusanus, Mida, Colpoon, Rhoiacarpus et Osyris inter se valde affinia, melius sectiones unius generis censenda forent, vix tamen sperandum est botanicos Santalum album accipere pro specie Osyridis, v. Osyridem album pro specie Santali, et coacti sumus genera plura admittere characteribus levioris momenti separata.

14. Wanedea, Banks; Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. 251. t. 225.—Flores hermaphroditi (v. abortu masculi?). Perianthii tubus turbinatus, ovario adnatus, supra ovarium brevissime expansus; lobi 4, valvati, usque ad discum soluti, ima basi abrupte contracti quasi brevissime lateque stipitati. Stamina 4, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis crassiusculis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus explanatus, concavus, partem liberam perianthii vestiens, inter stamina angulatus v. vix brevissime lobatus. Ovarium inferum; stylus breviter conicus, stigmate brevissime 2-lobo; ovula 2, ex apice placentæ brevis rectæ pendula. Drupa globosa, exocarpio succulento, endocarpio osseo crassiusculo. Semen globosum; embryo in albumine carnoso brevis, subteres, cotyledonibus parvis.—Herba nana multicaulis v. cæspitosa. Folia alterna, anguste linearia. Flores parvi, ad apices caulis v. ramorum sæpius terni, inter folia suprema sessiles iisque breviores, cymula 2-bracteolata. Drupa sæpius solitaria floribus lateralibus abortientibus, foliis ultimis arcte stipata.

Species 1, America australis Magellanica incola. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 675. Gaudich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, v. t. 2, f. 3.

15. Exposenties, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 41, t. 34; Syst. Veg. 73; Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 242.— Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, late turbinatus; lobi 5, usque ad ovarium soluti, valvati, glabri. Stamina 5, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus latus, planus, crassiusculus. Ovarium inforum; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate patentim 3-lobo; ovula 3, ab apice placentæ brevis pendula. Fructus ovoideoglobosus, tenuiter carnosus v. subdrupaceus, bracteis bracteolisque basi stipatus, perianthii lobis diu persistentibus v. sæpius lobis longe ante maturationem deciduis cicatrice annulari coronatus. Semen (perfecte maturum non vidimus) rotundatum, embryone parvo cylindraceo intra albumen carnosum (C. Gay).—Frutex ramosus, glaber. Folia alterna, parvula, ovalia v. ovali-oblonga, membranacea, integerrima. Ramuli floriferi v. spicæ amentiformes, breviter cylindracei, aphylli, ad nodos defoliatos ramorum annotinorum sessiles. Flores in amento sessiles, parvı, arcte conferti, singuli bractea bracteolisque latis inclusi.

Species 1, Chilensis. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 627 (Myoschylos). Miers in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 127, t. 5. Miers 1. c. aliisque locis Myoschilum, Arjonam et Quinchamalium ad Olacineas tradit, bractea bracteolisque pro calyce descriptis, cui assentiri nequimus, nam bractea e rhachi spices oriunda est, etsi ut in Thesio aliisque pedicello (in his generibus vix evoluto) interdum adnata, dum bracteolee e pedicello ipso oriuntur.

16. Buckleya, Torr. in Sillim. Journ. xlv. 170. (Nestronia, Raf. N. Sylv. Amer. 12, pro parte ex char. ft. d. Quadriala, Sieb. et Zucc. Fam. Nat. Fl. Jap. i. 86, t. 2.)—Flores dioici, masculi umbellati ebracteati, fœminei solitarii 4-bracteati. Fl. d: Perianthium campanulatum, 4-fidum, lobis subvalvatis v. leviter imbricatis, uno sæpius exteriore. Stamina 4, ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus tubum perianthii vestiens, inter

lobos perianthii angulatus v. vix in dentes v. squamellas brevissime productus. Fl. Q: Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, lineari-obconicus, supra ovarium brevissime explanatus, extus sub lobis bracteis 4 iis alternis appendiculatus; lobi 4, breves lati, valvati. Staminodia 0. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevis, stigmate parvo 2-4-lobo; ovula 3-4, minima, vix ante fecundationem conspicua, ab apice placentæ centralis brevis crassæ pendula. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, bracteis 4 auctis rigide foliaceis stellato-patentibus diu persistentibus coronatus, perianthii limbo jam prius delapso, exocarpio carnoso haud crasso, endocarpio subcrustaceo. Semen conforme; embryo in axi albuminis carnosi angustus, albumine parum brevior, cotyledonibus lineari-sublanceolatis planis, radicula brevi supera.—Frutices elati, ramosi, glabri. Folia opposita v. rarius sparsa, breviter petiolata, acuminata, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores of parvi, umbellulis in axillis summis v. ad apices ramulorum pedunculatis; Q ad apices ramulorum solitarii breviter pedicellati.

Species 2 v. 3, quarum una Japonica, 1 v. 2 boreali-Americanæ, omnes inter se parum distinctæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 623. A. Gray in Sillim. Journ. ser. 2, xviii. 98.

Appendices foliacese florum  $\Omega$  quas bracteas nuncupamus uti jam indicavit A. Gray l. e., a nonnullis pro sepalis descriptes sunt; paullo infra apicem tubi adnati perianthii affixe sunt, lobis perianthii alternee, basi articulatee. In specie Americana, B. distichophylla, perianthii tubus adnatus sub anthesi ecostatus est obscure obtuseque 4-gonus, angulis bracteis respondentibus; in specie Japonica, B. quadriala, tubus adnatus 8-costatus apparet, costis 4 a bracteis descendentibus multo magis prominentibus quam 4 alternee. In utraque specie fructus subsequaliter 8-costatus est. Folia summa floralia plantee  $\Omega$  basi ovario breviter adnata etiam in Osyride alba observantur.

DARBYA, A. Gray in Sillim. Journ. ser. 2, i. 388, cujus flores 3 soli noti sunt, ab A. DC. ad Comandram relata, nobis omnino cum charactere generico Buckleyæ convenire videtur, et habitus inflorescentiaque eadem; tubus perianthii minus explanatus est. Fructus diversus dicitur, sed non nisi verbis incertis collectoris notus, et genus adhuc valde dubium remanet.

17. Coypts. Linn. Gen. n. 1101.—Flores subdioici, fertiles tamen sepius hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus in flore & brevissimus solidus, in flore fertili ovario adnatus, lobi 3 v. 4; late triangulares, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, intus pone stamina fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina 3 v. 4, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis crassiusculis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis discretis subparallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus subplanus, inter stamina angulatus. Ovarium inferum; stylus longiuscule conicus v. brevissimus, stigmate 3-4-fido; ovula 2-4, a placenta centrali brevi crassa pendula. Fructus globosus v. breviter ovoideus, perianthii lobis persistentibus v. sæpius lobis demum deciduis cicatrice parva coronatus, exocarpio carnosulo v. fere succulento, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen globosum; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi rectus v. leviter incurvus, obliquus, teres v. angustus, cotyledonibus radicula multo longioribus interdum leviter dilatatis.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, angusta v. ovata, chartacea v. crassiuscula, integerrima. Flores parvi, ad axillas cymulosi v. & in racemulum foliatum conferti, fertiles interdum solitarii, bracteis parvis caducis.

Species 5 v. 6, Europee australis, Africæ fere totæ et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 633 (sect. 1). Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, vi. t. 6.

Genus formas 2 sat distinctas præbet. In specie typica Europæa, O. alba, Linn., rami virgati spartioidei, folia parvula angusta, flores & foliis bracteiformibus subtensi, in ramulos breves racemiformes dispositi; flores fortiles solitarii in ramulis brevibus sæpe subterminales, fructu inter folia floralia 2-3 persistentia subsessili v. interdum folia summa perianthii basi subadnata. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 49. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 548. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 954. In speciebus Africanis et Asiaticis rami laxiores, folia latiora plana sæpe crassiuscula, flores utriusque sexus in pedunculo tenui pauci cymulosi rarius solitarii, stylus brevissimus, stigmate sæpe in disco fere sessili, fructus a foliis plus minus distans. Wight, Ic. t. 1853. O. abyssinica, Hochst., in Africa australi Natalensi sat frequens, in herbariis cum Colpoone compresso sæpe confusa, facile distinguitur foliis omnibus alternis, floribus sæpissime 8-meris, notisque genericis.

18. Comphacementa, A. DC. Prod. xiv. 680.—Flores polygami seepius abortu dioici v. rarius monoici. Perianthii tubus in flore of subnullus, in flore of ovario adnatus, ovoideus;

lobi 4 v. 5, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, apice vix inflexi. Stamina 4 v. 5, prope basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus; staminodia in flore 2 parva v. 0. Discus subplanus, vix ovario latior. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate 2-lobo; ovula 2 (v. 3?) ab apice placentæ minutæ centralis pendula. Drupa ovoidea v. globosa, perianthii lobis coronata, exocarpio succulento, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen conforme; albumen copiosum carnosum; embryo minutus? in seminibus 2 examinatis frustra quæsivimus.—Frutices omnino aphylli, habitu Leptomeriæ, ramis virgatis teretibus, nodis glanduliformibus nequidem squamiferis. Flores minuti, ad nodos sessiles, & fasciculati, 2 v. \(\frac{1}{2}\) solitarii, disco minimo insidentes, ebracteati. Baccæ quam in Leptomeriës plerisque majores.

Species 2, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 225. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1172.

19. Menslewis, Blum. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 242, t. 43. (Dendrotrophe, Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. i. 779. Tupeia, Blum. Fl. Jav. Lor. t. 27, 28. Korth. in Verhandl. Batav. Genootsch. xvii. 185 ad 196, non Cham. et Schl.)—Flores abortu dioici v. monoici. Perianthii tubus in flore & brevissimus solidus, in flore Q ovario adnatus, ovoideus v. oblongus; lobi 5 v. 6, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, intus pone stamina v. medio sæpius fasciculo pilorum instructi. Stamina 5 v. 6, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antherse parvæ, loculis rima obliqua 2-valvibus, mox fere explanatis; in flore Q staminodia parva v. 0. Discus leviter concavus v. convexus, ultra ovarium non extensus. Ovarium inferum; stylus vix ullus, stigmate subsessili 2-3-lobo; ovula 2-3, ab apice placentee crassiusculæ centralis (v. interdum hinc parieti adnatæ?) pendula. ovoidea v. suglobosa, exocarpio carnosulo, endocarpio osseo, extus rugoso, intus in laminas duras intra costas seminis intrusas producto. Semen sulcis longitudinalibus profundis in costas valde prominentes divisus, sectione transversa stellato-6-8-loba; embryo in centro albuminis breviter linearis, radicula cotyledonibus multo longiore.— Frutices sæpe (nec semper?) in arbores more Loranthacearum parasitici. Folia alterna, petiolata, sepius crassiuscula. Flores & minimi, ad axillas cymuloso-fasciculati, v. in pedicellis capitellati; 2 majores, pauciores v. solitarii, sæpius sessiles.

Species enumeratæ 12, Indiæ Orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Chinæ incolæ, inter se tamen sæpe valde affines et nonnullæ forsan reducendæ. A. DC. Pred. xiv. 630. H. philippinensis, A. DC., a Cumingio in Malacca nec in ins. Philippinarum lecta fuit. H. fruticosa, Champ., e Hongkong, certe ab H. heterantha. Hook. f., inflorescentia aliisque notis bene distincta est.

20. Seleropyron, Arn. in Mag. Zool. and Bot. ii. 549.—Flores abortu subdioici, fertiles sæpe hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus in flore of brevis solidus, in flore fertili ovoideus, ovario adnatus; lobi 5, usque ad discum soluti, valvati v. leviter imbricati, uno exteriore. Stamina 4, ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus 2-fidis; antherarum loculi in ramis separata, singuli 2-valves fere 2-locellati. Discus annularis, margine undulatus. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevis, crassiusculus, stigmate lato peltato margine dentato; ovula 3, ab apice placentæ liberæ v. uno latere parieti adnatæ pendula. Drupa obovoideo-pyriformis, in pedicellum contracta, perianthii reliquiis diu coronata, exocarpio carnoso crasso, endocarpio duro tenuiore. Semen subglobosum; embryo teres, in centro albuminis carnosi.—Arbores glabræ v. inflorescentia pubescente, spinis brevibus ad nodos defoliatos (pedunculis abortivis?) sæpe armatæ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Spicæ breves, laxiusculæ, fere amentiformes, aphyllæ, ad nodos defoliatos ramorum annotinorum v. vetustiorum solitariæ v. geminæ.

Species nobis note 2, Indiæ orientalis incolæ, ab A. DC. in Prod. xiv. 629 ad Pyrulariam relatæ. Una e Zeylania et Peninsula, Wight, Ic. Pl. t. 241; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 304, includit P. Wallichianam, et P. ceylanicam, A. DC., altera Malayana (Maingay) est verisimiliter P. moschifera, A. DC., et forte sandem legit Johnson in Cochinchina. In hac perianthii lobi omnes valvati videntur, in S. Wallichiano certe plus minus imbricati ut jam indicavit Beddome, uno semper exteriore.

Genus nostro sensu habitu, inflorescentia, staminibus, disco, etc., bene a Pyrularia distinguitur.

21, Cheretrum, R. Br. Prod. 354.—Flores hermsphroditi. Perianthii tubus ovario

adnatus, turbinatus, supra ovarium brevissime productus extusque ad apicem ovarii margine prominulo seepe cinctus, lobi 4 v. 5, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, apice inflexi v. incrassati. Stamina 4-5, prope basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ terminales, loculis divaricatis confluentibus, in valvas 4 aperiendæ, explanatæ. Discus subplanus, perianthii tubi partem liberam brevissimam vestiens, margine truncatus v. sinuato-4-5-lobus. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate integro v. leviter 2-lobo; ovula 2? ab apice placentæ brevissimæ centralis pendula. Drupa parva, ovoidea v. globosa, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata, exocarpio succulento, endocarpio crassiusculo duro.—Frutices ramulis numerosis v. rigidis aphyllis, foliis nempe omnibus ad squamas minutas deciduas reductis. Flores minuti, secus ramulos solitarii v. fasciculati, bracteis minutis squamiformibus 2-4 involucrati.

Species 4, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 218. Endl. Iconogr. t. 45.

Ovula in ovario minuto difficillime observata, et vix ante fecundationem distincta.

22. **Leptomeria**, R. Br. Prod. 353.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus ovario adnatus, sæpius angustus, vix ultra ovarium productus, nec extus marginatus; lobi 5, rarius 4, usque ad discum soluti, valvati, apice subinflati v. crassiusculi. Stamina 5, rarius 4, prope basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ terminales, loculis divaricatis confluentibus, in valvas 4 aperiendæ v. in discum subintegrum medio prominulum explanatæ. Discus epigynus subplanus, plus minus distinctus. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate integro v. vix lobato; ovula 2 (v. 3?) sub apice placentæ centralis affixa, pendula. Drupa parva, ovoidea v. globosa, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronata, exocarpio carnoso v. subsicco, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen ovoideum; embryo in albumine carnoso minimus.—Frutices ramis numerosis tenuibus v. rigidis subaphyllis, foliis nempe ad squamas alternas minutas sæpius deciduas reductis, v. rarius paullo longioribus lineari-teretibus. Flores minuti, in racemulos v. spiculas terminales lateralesve dispositi, singuli sessiles v. pedicellati, in axilla bracteæ minute squamiformis v. rarius longioris foliaceæ.

Species 14, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 220. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. t. 93 (Thesium). Endl. Iconogr. t. 74.

Genus ab Endlichero in sectiones 2 dividitur: 1. Xeromeria, bracteis sub floribus minutis caducissimis nec sepius nisi in spicula nascente conspicuis. 2. Orymeria, bracteis sub floribus persistentibus, minimis v. flores superantibus.

23. Phacellaria, Benth. gen. nov.—Flores monoici, secus ramos sparsi, sessiles. Perianthii tubus in fl. 3 brevis solidus, in fl. 2 ovario adnatus ovoideus; lobi 4 v. 5, usque ad discum soluti, breves, valvati. Stamina 4 v. 5, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis crassis; antheræ terminales, loculis distinctis divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus subplanus, inter stamina v. inter lobos perianthii angulatus. Ovarium inferum; stylus brevissimus, crassiusculus, stigmate breviter 3-lobo v. subintegro; placenta centralis brevis, crasso-conica, ovulis 3 ab apice pendulis appressis. Fructus junior ovoideo-oblongus, perianthii lobis persistentibus coronatus, pericarpio carnoso; maturus nobis deest.—Fruticuli in arboribus v. in Loranthis parasitici, caulibus fasciculatis brevibus (3-5-pollicaribus) aphyllis. Flores minimi, secus ramos sparsi, solitarii v. fasciculati, sessiles v. foveolis rami leviter immersi. Bracteæ 0.

Species 2, in Birma v. in Malacca crescentes: 1. P. rigidula, Benth., caulibus teretibus rigidulis (ad ½ lin. diam.) ramosis. Birma v. Malacca, Griffith, Kew Distrib. s. 2745. 2. P. compressa, Benth., caulibus crassiusculis plano-compressis (1-1½ lin latis) simplicibus. Moulmeyn, C. Parish. Flores in his speciminibus minus perfecti quam in Griffithianis, sed species stricte congener videtur.

24. Expandendron, Banks et Sol.; DC. Prod. iv. 285; Mem. Loranth. t. 11, 12 (errore Misodendron).—Flores dioici. Perianthium in flore 3 0. Stamina 2-4, circa discum parvum glanduliformem affixa, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ terminales, erectæ, ovoideæ v. globosæ, uniloculares, vertice 2-valvatim dehiscentes. Perianthium floris 2 ovario adnatum, margine supra ovarium libero brevissimo, extus angulis 3 longi-

tudinalibus interdum in alam dilatatis et inter angulos rimis totidem setam unicam pluresve foventibus instructum. Staminodia 0. Ovarium inferum, disco vix conspicuo coronatum; stylus brevis, crassus, stigmatibus 3 brevibus; ovula 3, ab apice placentse centralis crassiusculse pendula. Fructus parvus, nuceus v. utriculosus, extus setis lateralibus valde elongatis plumosis instructus v. rarius nudus. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis carnosi teres, radicula supera crassa ex albumine prominula cotyledonibus minimis v. vix distinctis multo longiore.—Suffrutices ramosissimi, in arboribus parasitici. Folia alterna parva v. 0. Flores minuti, secus ramos alterni ebracteati v. in spiculas parvas amentiformes dispositi.

Species 4, Chili australis et terræ Magellanicæ incolæ. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 289, t. 102 ad 107 ter. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 1 ad 3. Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 80.

De ligni structura aliisque notis anatomicis et physiologicis, confer Hook. f. l.c., ubi sectiones 2 distinguuntur: 1. Gymnophyton, ramis seepus articulatis aphyllis, spiculis minimis amentiformibus, bracteis imbricatis flores singulos foventibus, masculis 2-andris. 2. Eumyzodendron, ramis foliatis continuis, floribus axillaribus solitariis v. 2-3-nis, masculis 3-4-andris. Flores superiores interdum spicam seu racemum terminalem formant foliis floralibus ad bracteas reductis. Genus habitu et embryonis radicula ad apicem albuminis prominula Loranthaccis accedit, ovarium cæterique characteres tamen potius Santaluccarum.

#### TRIBUS III. ANTHOBOLEÆ.

<sup>1</sup>25. Anthobelus, R. Br. Prod. 357.—Flores abortu dioici. Perianthium usque ad discum divisum in segmenta 4, rarius 3 v. 5, valvata, apice concava v. inflexa. Stamina 4, rarius 3 v. 5, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis distinctis parallelis demum lateraliter rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Discus planus, inter stamina sinuato-lobatus. Ovarium superum, basi disco leviter immersum, carnosum; stigma sessile, pulvinatum, obscure sulcatum; ovulum, ut videtur, in centro loculi erectum. Drupa ovoidea v. oblonga, pedicello incrassato carnoso insidens, omnino supera, exocarpio succulento haud crasso, endocarpio crustaceo v. duriusculo. Semen erectum; embryo in apice albuminis carnosi parvus, subteres, radicula supera cotyledonibus minimis longiore.—Frutices glabri, ramis tenuibus rigidisve. Folia alterna, lineari-teretia et persistentia, v. ad squamas minutas deciduas reducta. Flores minimi, pedicellati, δ sæpius 3-5-ni, ⊋ 1-2 in pedunculo brevi axillari. Bracteolæ minutæ, caducissimæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 226. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1173.

26. Exocarpus, Labill. Voy. i. 155, t. 14. (Sarcocalyx, Zipp. in Bull. Feruss. xviii. 92, .x A. DC. Xynophylla, Montrous. in Mém. Acad. Sc. Lyons x. 250 ex descr.)-Flores hermaphroditi v. abortu masculi. Perianthium usque ad discum divisum in segmenta 5 rarius 4, valvata, apice leviter concava. Stamina 5 rarius 4, prope basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis brevissimis latis; antherarum loculi distincti, adnati, introrsum subparalleli v. divergentes marginalesque, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Discus planus, crassiusculus, sinuato-5-4-lobus. Ovarium superum, disco semi-immersum, carnosulum, subconicum; stigma in vertice ovarii sessile, parvum, sub-2-lobum: ovulum, ut videtur, in centro loculi erectum. Fructus nuceus v. drupaceus, pedicello incrassato carnoso insidens, omnino superus, exocarpio tenui sicco v. carnosulo, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato. Semen erectum; embryo in apice albuminis carnosi parvus subteres, radicula supera cotyledonibus minimis longiore.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, seepius caducissima v. omnia ad squamas minutas reducta, ramulis floriferis seepissime aphyllis, v. rarius folia omnia v. ramorum sterilium bene evoluta et persistentia. Flores minuti, in spiculas v. fasciculos ad axillas sessiles dispositi, singuli sessiles v. subsessiles. dente rhacheos v. bractea minuta squamiformi subtensi, uno rarius 2 v. 3 cujusve spiculas fertili, pedicello mox accreto incrassatoque fulto, cæteris mox abortientibus deciduis.

Species ad 12, pro maxima parte Australianse, quarum una per Archipelagum Malayanum late dispersa, adeunt etiam singulæ in Novo-Zelandia, ins. Norfolk, ins. Sandwicensibus et ut videtur in

Madagascaria. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 688. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 228. Baill. Adans. iii. 109. Blume, Mus. Bot. i. t. 37. Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 52, io. in Schnizl. Iconogr. t. 108\*\*\* repetita.

Ovulum ex ic. Blumei mediante funiculo ab apice loculi suspensum quod ex observationibus sequentibus non confirmatur, ab aliis ex apice placentæ centralis adnatæ pendulum dicitur, in speciminibus siccis examinatis a basi erectum apparet.

27. Champereta, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. iv. 237. (Maluluchan, Blanc. Fl. Filip. 188, ed. 2, 133. Opiliæ sect. Opiliastrum, Baill. Adans. iii. 123.)—Flores hermaphroditi (interdum abortu masculi?). Perianthium usque ad discum divisum in segmenta 5, valvata. Stamina 5, filamentis filiformibus brevissimis v. demum perianthio subsequilongis; antherse ovatæ v. oblongæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Discus subplanus, margine breviter inter stamina 5-lobus. Ovarium superum, in disco semi-immersum; stigma sessile, latiusculum, pulvinatum; ovulum, ut videtur, in centro loculi erectum. Drupa ovoideo-oblonga, pedicello haud incrassato fulta, omnino supera, exocarpio tenui; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen conforme; embryo in centro albuminis oleoso-carnosi rectus, subteres, radicula supera clavata cotyledonibus angustis longiore. — Frutices interdum arborescentes, glabri. Folia alterna, breviter peticlata, plana, demum fere coriacea. Flores minimi, cymulis 3-5-floris pedicellatis in paniculas graciles ramosas axillares dispositis, sub fructu tamen inflorescentia sæpe subsimplex videtur. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species v. varietates inter se quam maxime affines 2, Malaccæ et Archipelagi Malayani (Javæ, ins. Philippinensium, Cuming, n. 1129, etc.) incolæ. Kurz, For. Fl. Burm. ii. 330.

Genus, ut jam monuit Griffith, Exocarpum cum Opilieis (supra i. 349) arcte connectens. Planta ex Indiæ Orientalis Peninsula. a Baillono Adans. iii. 125, generice separata sub nomine Champereis Perrottetians, nobis ignota est, ex charactere dato a genere Griffithiano pluribus notis recedit.

### TRIBUS IV. GRUBBIEÆ (V. GENUS ANOMALUM).

28. Grubbia, Berg. Pl. Cap. 90, t. 2. (Ophira, Linn. Mant. n. 1304.)—Flores hermaphroditi, ternatim sessiles, ternationibus axillaribus dissitis v. in strobilum axillarem confertis. Perianthii tubus brevis, ovario adnatus; limbi segmenta 4, lata, valvata, dorso dense pilosa. Stamina 8, quorum 4 ad basin loborum, 4 iis alterna et parum breviora, filamentis crassiusculis inflexis; antheræ parvæ, loculis demum lateraliter dehiscentibus. Discus pilosus, parum prominulus. Ovarium inferum; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate emarginato v. breviter 2-fido; ovula 2, a placenta libera v. parieti plus minus adnata pendula. Fructus cujusve axillæ plus minus connati uno solo sæpius perfecto, exocarpiis carnosulis connatis, endocarpio fructus perfecti duro sæpius osseo. Semen ovoideum; embryo in centro albuminis linearis, subteres, radicula cotyledonibus multo longiore.— Frutices ericoidei. Folia opposita, angusta, integerrima, margine revoluta. Flores parvi, in utraque axilla cujusve paris foliorum v. bractearum ternati, ternationibus oppositis verticillastra 6-flora constituentibus.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ, inflorescentia distinctissimæ, in sectiones v. genera 2 ab aucto ribus separatæ. A. DC. Prod. xiv. 618. In specie typica, Ophira, Linn., flores in verticillastris axillaribus dissitis dispositi, pilis perianthiorum albis insignes, cujusve axillæ in capitula distincta 3-flora bracteis 2 latis glabris stipata conferti. In G. stricta, DC. (Ophira, Lam. Illustr. t. 293; Strobilocarpos, Klotzsch in Linnæa xiii. 380), ramuli floridi ad capitulum parvum globosum v. ovoideum strobiliformem in axillis foliorum subsessile reducti, verticillastris in strobilo 3-6 arcte confertis, ut in Ophira typica 6-floris sed folia floralia ad bracteas flores non superantes reductæ et post anthesin fructus omnes strobili in syncarpium connati, pauci tantum in strobilo perfecti.

## ORDO CL. BALANOPHORUE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 72. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 1. BALANOPHORAGES, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 89. Eichler in DQ. Prod. xvii. 117.

Flores unisexuales, rarissime hermaphroditi, in inflorescentias (spadices dictas), simplices rarissime ramosas unisexuales v. androgynas densissime conferti. Fl. 3 nudi, v. perianthio 3-8-lobo lobis valvatis instructi. Stamina in floribus achlamydeis solitaria v. 2-na, in floribus perianthio instructis sepissime lobis ejus opposita, rarissime 1 v. 2; filamenta libera v. in tubum v. columnam connata. Antheræ in floribus achlamydeis basi v. dorso affixe, normales, 2-loculares, rimis lateralibus v. anticis dehiscentes, in ceeteris basifixe, liberæ v. in capitulum connatæ, 2-loculares v. 4-∞-locellatæ, loculis locellisve poris rimisve anticis posticis terminalibusve dehiscentibus v. irregulariter ruptis; pollen globosotrigonum, rarius ellipsoideum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0, v. ovario arote adnatum, limbo parvo supero truncato 2-labiato v. tubuloso, rarius e segmentis lineari-clavatis subulatisve ovario adnatis. Ovarium globosum v. ellipsoideum et compressum, v. prismaticoobovoideum, 1-3-loculare, loculis parvis. Styli terminales; v. 1 filiformis v. subclavatus, v. 2 breves v. elongati, stigmatibus simplicibus v. capitellatis, rarissime stigma sessile discoideum. Orula in loculis solitaria, sepissime pendula, nuda v. integumento unico instructa v. ad sacculum embryonalem reducta, anatropa, semianatropa v. atropa, funiculo brevissimo v. 0. Fructus parvus, ovario conformis sed paullo major, nuceus, omnino crustaceus v. extus carnosulus v. coriaceus, 1-locularis loculo minuto, 1-spermus. Semen loculum implens, globosum v. compressum, rarius oblongum; testa tenuissima v. 0, rarissime crassiuscula. Albumen densum, oleosum, rarius amylaceum. Embryo microscopicus, apicem versus seminis situs v. subcentralis, rarissime lateralis, pyriformis clavatus v. subglobosus, indivisus.

Herbæ carnosæ, radicibus parasiticæ, fuscæ flavæ rubræ v. rarius subviolaceæ, perennes v. monocarpicæ, stomatibus et chlorophyllo destitutæ, parenchymate amylifero v. cerifero sclerogyne sæpe farcto. Rhizomata tuberosa, simplicia v lobata, interdum ramos cylindraceos glabros v. tomentosos emittentia, nuda v.squamosa, epi-v. hypo-gæa, ad basin pedunculorum sæpe in volvam brevem v. elongatam coriaceo-carnosam lobatam desinentia. Pedunculi breves v. elongati, cylindracei, nudi v. annulo cincti v. rariter squamis deciduis v. persistentibus instructi. Spadices ovoidei clavati cylindracei globosi v. fusiformes, simplices v. processibus mammilliformibus floriferis elongatis v. deplanatis onusti, in uno genere ramosi, in altero ad apicem pedunculi fasciculati. Bracteæ spadicis 0 v. numerosæ, nunc unguiculatæ ovatæ et imbricatæ, nunc stipitatæ hexagonopyramidatæ et valvatim cohærentes, deciduæ; in Mystropetalo solo flores modo normali bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Flores parvi v. 2 præsertim minuti et stratum continuum non raro pilis articulatis densissime confertis immixti formantes; d sæpius multo majores, nun fœmineis interinixti, nunc in parte inferiore v. superiore spadicis numerosiores.

Species ad 35, pleræque sylvis primævis humidis montium et convallium tropicarum obviæ, paucæ austro-Africanæ, una Mediterranea, altera Novo-Zelandica.

Formæ abnormes indicantur in characteribus nostris tribuum, quarum plures monotypicæ v. e generibus perpaucis constantes inter se longe differunt.

Ordo habitu naturalis, sed quoad flores utriusue sexus et fructum polymorphus, Haloragcis evidenter affinis, nam Cynomorium Hippuridi accedit et Lophophytum Gunnera, denique indole ovarii et ovulorum Helosidea et Lophophytea Santalaceas affinesque in mentem revocant. Auctorum sententiæ valde differunt quoad florum fæmineorum compositionem in Langedorffieis, Helosideis et Lophophyteis, ubi ex Hofmeistero et Eichlero constant ex ovario nudo appendicibus coronato. Hæ appendices tamen ab omnibus auctoribus prioribus pro limbo supero perianthii ainati habitæ sunt. Hujus quæstionis solutio quærenda est in observatione floris fæminei incrementi. Styli evolutio, ea appendicium serior, nobis indicare videtur harum originem veram ex perianthio. Ovarii et ovuli structura in plerisque generibus longe difficilius explanatur, et sub

quoque genere indicamus que sequuntur ex investigationibus eximiis Hofmeisteri et Eichleri, non tamen semper sententiis suis stamus, ex quibus interdum stirpes, aliunde quam maxime inter se affines (e.g. Soybaleum et Helosis), magnopere differre dicantur structura et insertions ovuli et seminis.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Series A. Monostyll. Stylus 1 v. 0.

- a. Stamen 1 v. stamina 2-4 inter se libera.
- Tribus I. Cynomoriese. Flores polygami, perianthio instructi. Stamen 1, in fl. 5 epigynum, anthera 2-loculari. Ovulum 1, pendulum.
  - 1. CYNOMORIUM.—Reg. Mediterr., As. centr.
- Tribus II. Sarcophytese. Flores dioici rarius monoici. Perianthium fl. 3 3-4-lobum; fl. 9 0. Stamina 3, antheris multilocellatis. Stylus 0. Ovula 3, pendula.
  - 2. SARCOPHYTE. -Afric. Aust.
- **Tribus III.** Mystropetalese. Flores monoici. Perianthium fl. 3 2-labiatum, 3-lobum; fl. 2 pigynum, subcampanulatum. Stamina 2–3, antheris 2-locularibus. Ovula 3, pendula.
  - 3. Mysthopetalum.-Afric. Aust.
- Tribus IV. Dactylanthese. Flores monoici? Perianthium fl. 3 0; fl. ? e processibus subulatis 2-3. Stamina 1 v. 2, antheris 2-locularibus. Ovula ignota.
  - 4. DACTYLANTHUS. Nov. Zel.
    - b. Stamina lobis perianthii opposita, in columnam connata.
- Tribus V. Bubalanophorese. Flores monoici v. dioici. Perianthium fl. δ 2-6-lobum; fl. φ 0. Stamina 3-∞, antheris 2-locularibus v. 4-∞-locellatis. Ovulum 1, pendulum.
  - 5. Balanophora. Asia et Austral. trop. et subtrop., Archip. Malay., Nov. Hebrides.
- Tribus VI. Langsdorffices. Flores dioici v. monoici. Perianthium fl. 3 3-lobum v. e squamis 2-3; fl. 7 tubulosum. Antheræ 2-loculares. Ovulum 1.
  - 6. LANGSDORFFIA. Perianthium fl. 3 3-lobum, lobis valvatis; flores 2 connati.—Amer. trop.
  - 7. TEONNINGIA. Perianthii fl. 3 squamæ columnæ stamineæ adnatæ; flores 9 inter se liberi.
    —Afric. trop.

Series B. DISTYLI. Styli 2.

Tribus VII. Helesidese. Perianthium fl. 3 3-lobum v. integrum; fl. 2 ovario adnatum limbo breviter 2-labiato. Stamina 3, in columnam connata.

- \* Perianthium fl. & 3-lobum.
- 8. SCYBALIUM. Pedunculi squamati. Bracteæ spadicis imbricatæ. Amer. trop.
- 9. Helosis. Pedunculi nudi. Bracteæ spadicis pyramidatæ valvatim cohærentes.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Perianthium fl. 3 subcampanulatum v. tubulosum.
  - 10. CORYNEA. Antherarum capitulum 6-locellatum.—Amer. trop.
  - 11. RHOPALOCNEMIS. Antherarum capitulum multilocellatum.—Himal. or., Java.

Tribus VIII. Lephophytees. Perianthium fl. 30; fl. 2 ovario adnatum, limbo truncato. Stamina 2. antheris 2-locularibus.

- 12 LOPHOPHYTUM. Volva 0. Flores utriusque sexus processibus spedicis mammilliformibus bracteis suffultis inserti.—Amer. trop.
- 13. Ombrophytum. Volva evoluta. Flores utriusque sexus stipitibus squamarum peltatarum insertis.—Peruvia.
- 14. LATREOFRYTUM. Volva evoluta. Flores & in parte superiore spadicis sessiles dense verticillati, Q ut in Ombrophyto.—Brasil.

### TRIBUS I. CYNOMORIEM.

1. Cynomortum, Linn., Gen. n. 922. Spadioes unisexuales. Flores polygami. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, rarius 1-3 v. 7-8, lineari-clavata, in fl. & et 2 rarius, in fl. & seepius subregulariter verticillata, in fl. Q et & basi v. lateribus ovarii adnata v. fere epigyna, fructu persistentia. Stamen 1, posticum, in fl. & basi perianthii insertum, in fl. & epigynum stylo antepositum, filamento crassiusculo filiformi; anthera dorsifixa, versatilis, 2-locularis, loculis 2-locellatis rimis anticis dehiscentibus; pollen globosum, 3-verrucosum. Ovarium oblique globoso-ovoideum, stipitatum, 1-loculare, in fl. 3 ad stylum rudimentarium reductum; stylus terminalis, elongatus, sursum sensim incrassatus, antice canaliculatus, stigmate obtuso v. truncato; ovulum ab apice loculi pendulum, parietibus ovarii non adhærens, hemitropum, integumento unico, micropyle obliqua deorsum spectante. Fructus nuceus, stylo perianthioque marcescente auctus, ovoideoglobosus, pericarpio corisceo semini adhærente. Semen globosum, testa crassiuscula, albumine subcarneo oleoso; embryo minimus, pyriformis, indivisus, radicula micropylem spectante.—Herba carnosa, fusco-rubra v. purpurea, amyligera; rhizoma primum subglobosum, demum elongatum cylindraceum ramosum, pilis assugantibus vestitum, ramis ascendentibus in pedunculos spadiciferos abeuntibus, volva 0. Pedunculi crassi, squamis laxis v. imbricatis deciduis tecti. Spadices cylindracei v. clavati, e mammillis floriferis deplanatis basi bracteatis constantes; bracteæ breviter stipitatæ, lamina late triangularis basi deorsum producta, primum imbricatæ demum deciduæ. Flores plerique 2, cum & et & immixti, in cymulas irregulares abbreviatas paucifloras conferti.

Species 1, regionis Mediterraneæ ab ins. Canariensibus ad Syriam et Asiæ centralis incola. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 122. Rich. in Mêm. Mus. Par. viii. t. 21. Hook f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 1 a. Weddell in Arch. Mus. Par. x t. 24 ad 27, et in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiv. t. 11, f. 43 ad 47. Hofmeist. in Pringsh. Jahrb. i. t. 10, f. 1 ad 5, et in Neue Beitrag. Embryobild. i. t. 11. Stamina rarissime 2 a Parlatoreo (in Fl. Ital. iv. 382) descripta.

### TRIBUS II. SARCOPHYTEA.

2. Sarcophyte, Sparrm. in K. Vet. Akad. Handl. Stockh. xxvii. 300, t. 7. (Ichthyosma, Schlecht. in Linnaa ii. 671, t. 8, iii. 194.) Spadices unisexuales. Flores dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthium tubo brevi solido; lobi 3-4, ovati, concavi, valvati. Stamina 3 v. 4, basi loborum perianthii inserta, filamentis brevibus cylindraceis; antheræ basifixæ, globosæ, multilocellatæ, locellis periphericis apice ruptis demum confluentibus; pollen globosum, 3-porosum. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 plus minusve in capitula connati. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare; stigma sessile, discoideum; ovula 3, ab apice placente centralis primum libera pendula, ad saccos embryonales reducta, anatropa. Fructus, syncarpium carnosulum, endocarpiis induratis obtuse 3-gonis 1-locularibus 1-spermis. Semen subglobosum, integumento 0, albumine carnoso oleoso; embryo centralis, globosus.—Herba crassa, carnosa, sanguinea, glaberrima, amyligera, odore ingrato; rhizoma amorphum. lobat im, esquamatum, circa pedunculi basin in volvam brevem irregulariter lobatam productum. Pedunculi breves, crassi, squamis persistentibus instructi. Spadices ampli, pyramidati, paniculatim ramosi; bracteæ ad basin ramorum primariorum persistentes. Flores dramis spadicis solitarii; Q in capitula subglobosa subsessilia concreti. Fructus sæpissime cassi, putamine osseo.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 126, et in Act. Congr. Bot. Par. 1867, t. 2, f. 21, 22. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. t. 38. Hook. f. ibid. xxii. t. 1 c. Tratt. Thes. Bot. t. 90. Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiv. t. 10, f. 34 ad 48. Hofmeist. New Beitrag. Embryobild. i. t. 13. Ovarii loculi et ovula ex Eichlero.

### TRIBUS III. MYSTROPETALE E.

3. Mystropetalon, Harv. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, ii. 385, t. 19, 20. (Blepharochlamys, Presl, Epim. Pot. 245.)—Spadices androgyni. Flores monoici. Fl. J: Perianthium

2-labiatum, 3-partitum; segmenta spathulata, concava, unguiculata, antico paullo minore, valvata. Stamina unguibus segmentorum perianthii inserta, 2 fertilia, tertium, segmento antico insertum, rudimentarium v. 0, filamentis filiformibus; antherse conniventes, dorsifixe, versatiles, 2-loculares, loculis 2-locellatis extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen cubicum, granulatum. Fl. 2 disco cupulari inserti. Perianthium superum, tubulosum v. urceolatum, 3-lobum, deciduum. Staminum rudimenta 2, minima, v. 0. Ovarium ovoideum, puberulum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, terminalis, deciduus, stigmate obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis solitaria, elongata, pendula, ad saccos embryonales reducta, anatropa? Fructus subglobosus, nuceus, pericarpio carnosulo intus crustaceo, 1-spermus. Semen globosum, integumento 0, albumine grumoso oleoso; embryo minutus, apicalis, pyriformis, indivisus, radicula supera.—Herbæ carnosæ, amyligeræ; rhizoma ignotum. Pedunculi squamis sparsis lineari-lanceolatis tecti. Spadices oblongi. Flores sessiles, conferti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, o in spadicibus terminales.

Species 2, Africæ australis incols. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 1 B. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 124, et in Act. Congr. Bot. Par. 1867, t. 1, f. 10. Descriptio ovulorum ex Eichlero.

### TRIBUS IV. DACTYLANTHEÆ.

4. Dactylanthus, Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 425, t. 75.—Spadices unisexuales, conferti. Flores dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthium 0. Stamina 1-2, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ dorso basi affixæ, didymæ, 2-loculares, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus; pollen subgloboso-trigonum. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovario adnatum, in processus 2-3 angustos erectos epigynos productum. Ovarium stipitatum, ovoideo-oblongum, utrinque attenuatum; stylus terminalis, filiformis, stigmate obtuso; ovula... Fructus...—Herba carnosa, glaberrima, ferruginea, intus rubra; rhizoma lobatum, tuberculatum, esquamatum; volva 0. Pedunculi conferti, squamis imbricatis ovato-oblongis obtusis tecti; squamæ superiores majores, oblongæ, involucrum spadicem superans efformantes. Spadices ad apicem pedunculi numerosi, graciles, erecti, cylindracei, basi nudi v. floribus imperfectis sparsis aucti; pars florifera anguste fusiformis v. cylindracea; d'robustiores. Flores dense conferti, ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species 1, Novæ Zelandıæ incola. Hook. f. Hundh. N. Zeal. Fl. 255. Genus defectu exemplarium imperfecte cognitum.

#### TRIBUS V. EUBALANOPHORE.E.

5. Balanophora, Forst. (har. Gen. t. 50. (Cynopsole, Endl. Gen. 74. Sarcocordylis, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7249, nomen tantum.)—Spadices unisexuales v. androgyni. Flores monoici v. dioici. Fl. J: Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, solidus; lobi 3-6, ovati, concavi, valvati. Stamina 3-x, filamentis 0, v. in columnam solidam cylindraceam connatis; antheræ connate, v. inter se distinctæ et 2-loculares loculis 2-locellatis, v. in capitulum 3-x-locellatum omnino confluentes, loculis locellisve extrorsum longitudinaliter v. rarius transversim dehiscentibus; pollen subtrigono-globosum, læve v. pustulatum. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0. Ovarium ellipsoideum, compressum, 1-loculare, utrinque angustatum v. basi stipitatum, apice in stylum gracilem persistentem attenuatum, stigmate terminali; ovulum 1, ab apice loculi pendulum, integumento 0, anatropum. Fructus nuceus, pericarpio crustaceo semini adherente. Semen globosum, albumine copioso oleoso; embryo minimus, subglobosus, e cellulis 2-3 constans.—Herbæ carnosæ, glabræ, rubræ flavæ albidæ v. fuscæ, cera scatentes; rhizoma tuberosum, simplex v. lobatum, rarius elongatum, lenticellis stellato-lobulatis conspersum, lobis ad basin pedunculorum in volvam lobatam ampliatis. Pedunculi cylindracei, graciles v. robusti, squamis persistentibus tecti, v. fere nudi et involucro annulari lobato cincti. Spadices ovoidei globosi cylindracei v. clavati. Flores corporibus cellulosis clavatis densissime confertis immixti,  $\delta$  majusculi, in spadicibus androgynis inferiores v. inter  $\mathfrak L$  sparsi;  $\mathfrak L$ stratum tenue efformantes, minuti, interdum cum stipitibus corporum clavatorum sparsi v. verticillati.

Species 11, Asie orientalis tropice, Archipelagi Malayani, Australise tropice et ins. Nov. Hebridarum incolse. Biokl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 143. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. t. 3 ad 7. Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 78 a. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 4 ad 8, et t. 75. Hook. Io. Pl. t. 205, 206, (Langedorfia). Jungh. et Gapp. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xviii. Suppl. i. t. 1-3. Unger in Ann. Wien. Mus. ii. t. 2. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. i. t. 2 ad 4. Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. eer. 3, xiv. t. 9. Hofmeist. in Pringel. Jahrb. vi. 529, et in New Beitr. Embryobild. t. 14, 15. Embryo a nobis non visus.

#### TRIBUS VI. LANGSDORFFIEE.

6. Langadortta, Mart. in Eschweg. Journ. v. Bras. ii. 178, et Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 181, t. 298, 299.—Spadices unisexuales v. androgyni. Flores dioici, rarius monoici. Fl. &: Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, solidus; lobi 3, ovati, concavi, valvati. Stamina 3, basi loborum perianthii inserta, filamentis brevissimis connatis; antheræ basifixæ, cohærentes, cordatorotundatæ, 2-loculares, loculis 2-locellatis extrorsum dehiscentibus, rimis superne confluentibus; pollen subglobosum, 2-4-porosum. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 inferne inter se confluentes, lineari-prismatici. Perianthium superum, elongato-tubulosum, apice truncato obscure lobulato. Ovarium 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, inferne perianthii tubo adnatus, longe exsertus, superne stigmatosus, deciduus; ovulum ab apice loculi pendulum, integumento destitutum, orthotropum ? Fructus e strato florum confluentium, endocarpiis crustaceis. Semina ad basin strati minima, pendula, oblonga, albunine copioso oleoso; embryo axilis, subglobosus, extremitate acutiore supera.—Herba dure carnosa, flava, cerigera, squamis floribusque purpurascentibus; rhizoma deforme v. elongatum, cylindraceum et ramosum, ramis robustis tomentosis in volvas cupulares lobatas ampliatis. breves, dense squamosi; squamæ imbricatæ, triangulari-lanceolatæ, rigidæ, spadices involucrantes, persistentes. Spadices & oblongi, 2 hemisphærici. Flores ebracteati et ebracteolati, & majusculi, processibus conicis (fl. 2 imperfectis) immixti; 2 stratum continuum efformantes.

Species 1, Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 140, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. t. 1 ad 3. Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. viii. t. 19. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 2. Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 5, xiv. t. 11, f. 48 ad 57. Karst. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xxvi. ii. t. 63, 64. Hofmeist. Neue Beitrag. Embryobild. 1, t. 12.

7. Thenningta, Vahl in Dansk. Selsk. Skrivt. vi. 124, t. 6. (Conophyta, Schum. in Isert, Reis. nach Guinea, 283. Hæmatostrobus, Endl. Gen. Pl. 76, in nota.)-Spadices unisexuales. Flores dioici ?. Fl. & : Perianthium e squamulis 2-3 minutis lineari-subulatis pedicello antherifero subclavato sparsis. Antheræ 3-(5 l), lineari-elongatæ, in columnam pedicello continuam connatæ, apicibus demum liberis, 2-loculares, loculis 2-locellatis extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen globoso-trigonum. Fl. 2: Perianthium superum, tubulosum, ore (interdum oblique) 3-lobo v. obscure 2-3-dentato. Ovarium elongatum, anguste cylindraceum, basi interdum tumidum; stylus crasse filiformis, elongatus, inferne perianthio vaginatus, superne longe exsertus, stigmate obtuso; ovula . . . Fruccus ima basi perianthii spadice immersus. Semina . . .—Herba carnosa, sanguinea, cerigera?; rhizoma cylindraceum, ramosum, hic illic nodosum, tomentosum v. glabratum, ramorum apices in volvam breviasimam ampliati. Pedunculi breves v. elongati, squamis imbricatis tecti; squame triangulari-ovate, basi pilose, superiores spadicem involucrantes, summis sensim brevioribus, persistentes. Spadices & minores, depresso-hemisphærici : 2 majores, hemisphærici v. globosi. Flores ebracteati v. bracteolis ad basin fl. & minutis, ♀ stratum continuum efformantes.

Species 1, Africa occidentalis tropica incola. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 141. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii, t. 3.

### TRIBUS VII. HELOSIDEÆ.

8. Scybaltum, Schott et Endl. Melet. Bot. 3, t. 2.—Spadices unisexuales v. androgyni. Flores monoici v. dioici. Fl. 3: Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, basi intus processu conico

(ovarii rudimento?) auctus; lobi 3, ovati, concavi, valvati. Stamina 3, filamentis in tubum connatis apicibus liberis; antheræ perianthii lobis oppositæ, basifixæ, ovatocordatæ, connatæ, loculis 2-4-locellatis apicibus ruptis dehiscentibus; pollen globosotrigonum. Fl. 2: Perianthium superum, e labiis 2 rotundatis v. triangularibus brevibus antero-posticis. Ovarium oblongum v. ellipsoideum, a dorso compressum, 2-loculare; styli 2, elongati, filiformes, decidui, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovula 2 ex apice placentæ centralis primum liberæ demum in septum medium dilatatæ pendula, cum septo ovariique parietibus confluentia, anatropa. Fructus nuceus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus. Semen oblongum, albumine oleoso; embryo minutissimus, subovoideus, apicalis.—Herbæ carnosæ, rubræ v. fusco-rubræ, glaberrimæ, amyligeræ; rhizoma tuberosum globosum v. deforme, simplex lobatum v. ramosum, nudum; volva 0 v. obscura. Pedunculi cylindracei v. obconici, squamis oblongis v. triangulari-ovatis acutis tecti. Spadices globosi v. depresso-hemisphærici rarius subtabuliformes; bracteis subpeltatis primum imbricatis cito deciduis tecti. Flores in mamillis deplanatis bracteis respondentibus spadicis conferti, foliis numerosissimis lineari-clavatis immixti; bracteolæ 0.

Species 4, Brasiliæ, Novæ Granadæ et ins. Jamaicæ incolæ. Eichl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 131, et in Act. Congr. Bot. Par. 1868, t. 2, f. 20, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. t. 7, 8. Hofmeist. New Beitr. Embryobild. i. t. 17, f. 1 ad 6. Sphærorhizon, Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 50, t. 10, et Phyl. Locortne, Hook. f. l. c. 51, t. 11. Hofmeist. l.c. t. 17, f. 7, 8, recte ab Eichlero ad Scybalium reducta. Ovula a nobis non visa.

9. Melosis, Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. viii. 416, t. 20. (Lathreophila, Leandr. Sacram. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, viii. 32. Caldasia, Mutis, Sem. Nov. Granat. 26, ex Schott et Endl. Melet. 11.)—Spadices androgyni. Fl. &: Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, basi intus processu conico (ovarii rudimento?) auctus; lobi 3, ovati, concavi, valvati. Stamina 2, filamentis in tubum connatis apicibus liberis; antheræ basifixæ, ovato-cordatæ, connatæ, loculis primum 1-4-locellatis, demum plus minus ve confluentibus ab apice deorsum antice v. postice disruptis, pollen globoso-3-gonum. Fl. 2: Perianthium superum, e labiis 2 triangularibus obtusis brevibus alabastro interdum lobatis antero-posticis. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 1-loculare; styli 2, elongati, filiformes, decidui, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovulum 1, ab apice loculi pendulum. Fructus nuceus. Semen oblongum v. subglobosum, albumine oleoso; embryo microscopicus, apicalis, subovoideus, indivisus.—Herbæ glabræ, carnosæ, fusco-rubræ, amyligeræ; rhizoma tuberosum ramos elongatos cylindraceos nudos subterraneos emittens; volva (nisi annulus pedunculi) 0. Pedunculi ramis insidentes erecti, nudi, breves v. elongati, basi v. altius oblique annulati. Spadices late ovati v. globosi, bracteis peltatis hexagonis valvatim connexis cito deciduis tecti. Flores utriusque sexus in mamillis deplanatis spadicis bracteis respondentibus conferti, pilis numerosissimis lineariclavatis immixti; bracteolæ 0.

Species 3 (an unius varietates?), Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Eichl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 134; Act. Congr. Bot. Par. 1868, t. 1, f. 5, 6, et t. 2, f. 23 ad 27, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. t. 4, 5, 6. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. t. 298, f. 2, et t. 300. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 15, 16. Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3. xiv. t. 11, f. 39 ad 42. Hofmeist. Neue Beitr. Embryobild. i. t. 16, f. 1 ad 5. Solme-Laub. in Pringsh. Jahrb. vi. 530. Ovulum quod nobis pendulum videtur ex descriptione Eichleri et Hofmeisteri 'erectum, atropum, toto ambitu ovario coalitum.' Embryo a nobis non visus.

10. Gerynssa, Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 31, t. 13, 14.—Spadices unisexuales v. androgyni. Fl. &: Perianthium tubulosum v. infundibulare, margine crenato-lacero, basi intus processu conico (ovarii rudimento !) auctum. Stamina 3, filamentis in tubum ima basi perianthii insertum connatis; antheræ basifixæ, ovato-cordatæ, coalitæ, 2-loculares, loculis apicibus disruptis dehiscentibus; pollen globoso-trigonum. Fl. &: Perianthium superum, e labiis 2 rotundatis brevibus antero-posticis. Ovarium ellipsoideum v. obovoideum, a dorso compressum, 1-loculare; styli 2, elongati, filiformes, decidui, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovulum 1, ab apice loculi pendulum. Fructus nuceus. Semen globosum v. subglobosum, albumine oleoso; embryo . . .—Herbæ glabræ, carnosæ, fuscorubræ, amyligeræ; rhizoma tuberosum, lobatum, rarius ramos emittens, nudum; volva

cupulari v. 0 (nisi pedunculi annulus). Pedunculi e lobos rhisomatis erumpentes, crassi, breves v. elongati, nudi, interdum oblique annulati. Spadices globosi, oblongi v. clavati, bracteis peltatis hexagonis valvatim connexis cito deciduis tecti. Flores utriusque sexus in mamillis deplanatis spadicis bracteis respondentibus conferti; pilis numerosissimis lineari-clavatis immixti; bracteolse 0.

Species 4, Andium Peruvise et Novæ Grenadæ incolæ. Eichler in DC. Prod. xvii. 137. Chatin, Comp. Anal. t. 96 (Balanophora).

11. Rhepalecnemis, Jungh. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xviii. Suppl. i. 213. (Phæocordylis, Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 100, t. 8.)—Spadices unisexuales. Flores dioici. Fl. A: Perianthium infundibulare, margine crenato-lacero, ovarii rudimento 0. Stamina 3, filamentis in columnam elongatam solidam connatis; antherse ellipsoidese, basifixse, in capitulum ovoideum septis verticalibus et transversis multilocellatum confluentes, apicibus disruptis dehiscentes, locellis demum confluentibus; pollen globoso-trigonum. Fl. 2: Perianthium superum, e labiis 2 antero-posticis rotundatis. Ovarium ellipsoideum, a dorso compressum, 1-loculare; styli 2, elongati, filiformes, decidui, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovulum 1, pendulum. Fructus nuceus. Semen globosum, albuminis strato tenui; embryo magnus, amylaceus, non oleosus.—Herba crassa, robusta, flavo-fusca v. ferruginea, glabra, amyligera; rhizoma magnum, multilobatum, nudum, rugosum; volva crassa, lobata, lobis subtriangularibus. Pedunculı breves, robusti, fl. 2 nudi, fl. 3 floribus Spadices magni, oblongo-cylindracei, imperfectia bracteisve deformatis verrucati. obtusi, bracteis peltatis hexagonis valvatim connexis deciduis tecti. Flores utriusque sexus pilis numerosissimis filiformi-clavatis immixti; bracteolæ 0.

Species 1, montium India maxime orientalis et Java incola. Etchl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 138. Gapp. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xxii. pars i. t. 11 ad 25. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 12. Hofmeist. New Beitrag. Embryobild. i. t. 16, f. 6 ad 8. Descriptio seminis ex Hofmeistero.

### TRIBUS VIII. LOPHOPHYTEE.

12. Lophophytum, Schott et Endl. Melet. Bot. i. t. 1. (Archimedea, Leandr. Sacram. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, vii. 32. Lepidophyton, Hook. f. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. ed. 3, 90.)—Spadices androgyni, rarius unisexuales. Flores mamillis unisexualibus spadicis bracteis suffultis conferti. Fl. d: Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, libera, filamentis brevibus filiformibus ; antheræ basifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares, loculis 2-locellatis rimis longitudinalibus dehiscentibus; pollen ellipsoideum, 3-striatum. Fl. 2 · Perianthii limbus truncatus, vertice intruso. Ovarium prismatico-clavatum, primum 1-loculare, demum ope placentse in septum transformatse 2-loculare; styli 2, fundo verticis intrusi floris inserti, breves, decidui, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovula 2, ab apice placentæ primum liberze centralis pendula, demum cum loculi parietibus septoque coalita, anatropa. Fruct is clavato-pyramidatus, nuceus, 1-locularis 1-spermus. Semen loculum fere implens, subovoideum, compressum, albumine oleoso; embryo...—Herbse crassie, glabræ, amyligeræ; rhizoma tuberosum v. cylindraceo-elongatum, globosum v. lobatum, tessellatim rimosum, plus minusve squamatum, basi nudum; volva 0. Pedunculi ramos v. lobos rhizomatis terminantes, breves, squamis multiseriatim imbricatis rigidis triangulari-ovatis acutis persistentibus cæruleo-nigrescentibus fuscisve tecti. Spadices oblongoconici, demum elongati, flavi v. albi, mamillis floriferis primum confertis demum axi spadicis elongato remotis, 2 in spadice inferioribus; bractes squamis pedunculi constmiles sed longius stipitatæ et deciduæ. Flores dense congesti, d squamulis carnosis (fl. 9 imperfectis?) immixti ; Q nudi v. rarissime bracteolati.

Species 4, descripte, quarum 2-3 adhuc dubise, Americæ tropicæ australis incolæ. Eichl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 127; in Act. Bot. Congr. Par. 1867, t. 1, f. 13 ad 19; et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. t. 9 ad 15. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. t. 9. Wodd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiv. t. 10, f. 29 ad 38. Chat. Comp. Anat. i. t. 100, 101. Ovula et semina a nobis non visa.

13. Combrophytum, Papp. in Leipz. Literaturz. 1833, 1874, ex Endl. Gen. Pl. 73; Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 40, t. 155.—Spadices androgyni. Flores cum stipitibus processuum peltatorum spadicis conferti. Fl. 5: Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, libera, filamentis brevibus filiformibus; antheræ basifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, 2-loculares, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthii limbus truncatus. Ovarium obovoideoprismaticum, 1-loculare; styli 2, vertice floris inserti, breves, divergentes, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovulum 1, ab apice loculi pendulum. Fructus nuceus. Semen oblongum, albumine copioso; embryo...—Herbæ carnosæ, glabræ, rufo-flavescentes, amyligeræ; rhizoma globosum v. disciforme, nudum, in volvam magnam lobatam abeuns. Pedunculi erecti, nudi. Spadices cylindracei v. fusiformes, processibus floriferis 2 inferioribus. Bracteæ processus spadicis suffulcientes peltatæ v. 0? Flores dense conferti, 5 squamulis depresso-prismaticis carnosis contiguis stipati, v. nudi.

Species 2, Andium Peruviæ incolæ, imperfecte cognitæ. Eichl. in DC. Prod. xvii. 129, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. t. 16, f. 1, 2. Weddell in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiv. t. 10, f. 23 ad 28. Ovulum et semen a nobis non visa a Weddellio solo descripta, sed ab Eichlero iis Lophophyti comparata sunt.

14. Lathrophytum, Eichler in Bot. Zeit. 1868, 513, t. 9, in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. ii. 35, t. 16, f. 3, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 130.—Spadices androgyni. Flores & spadice subsessiles, & stipitibus processuum peltatorum spadicis conferti. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, papilla spadicis triangulari decurrente inserta, filamentis 0; antherse basifixæ, primum erectæ, demum deflexæ, elliptico-cordatæ, 2-loculares, loculis 2-locellatis, lateraliter dehiscentibus; pollen ellipsoideum, 3-plicatum. Fl. &: Perianthii limbus truncatus, vertice intruso. Ovarium obovoideo-prismaticum; styli 2, fundo verticis intrusi floris inserti, breves; ovula . . . Fructus nuceus, 1-spermus. Semen . . .—Herba carnosa, glabra, fuscescens, amyligera; rhizoma tuberosum, nudum; volva ampla, cupularis, profunde lobata. Pedunculi nudi. Spadices fusiformes; parte inferiore & processus peltatos iis Ombrophyti similes gerente, superiore & multo longiore, floribus innumeris in verticillis creberrimis dispositis operta. Bracteæ et bracteolæ ut videtur 0.

Species 1, Brasilise prov. Rio de Janeiro incola, imperfecte cognita, a nobis non visa. Ovula verisimiliter Lophophyti ex Eichlero.

### ORDO CLI. EUPHORBIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 1107. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 274. Baill. Etud. Gen. Eurh. 1858; Hist. Pl. v. 105. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 185. Antidenme, Endl. Gen. 287. Stillaginagræ et Scrpagræ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 259, 283. Buxagræ, Baill. Monogr. Bux. et Styloger. 1859. Daphniphyllagræ, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 1.

Flores unisexuales, monoici v. dioici, regulares v. vix irregulares. Perianthium seepe parvum, interdum 0, in floribus 3 et 2 haud raro dissimile, nunc calycinum, simplex varie valvatum v. imbricatum, v. interdum e sepalis distincte 2-seriatim imbricatis similibus v. rarius exterioribus interioribus dissimilibus; nunc duplex, petalis parvis squamiformibus v. calyce longioribus et contorto-imbricatis rarissime subvalvatis. Flores 3: Torus interdum in discum intrastaminalem expansus v. disci glandule v. lobi cum staminibus seriei exterioris alternantes. Stamina numero varia, nunc co (pauca numerosa v. numerosissima usque ad 1000), nunc sepalis v. petalis isomera v. pauciora v. ad unicum reducta; filamenta libera v. varie connata. Anthere 2-loculares, filamento varie affixe, loculis sepius parallelis distinctis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus demum 2-valvibus, interdum vero loculi varie discreti divergentes v. divaricati, rarius apice confluentes, v. poro terminali dehiscentes v. longitudinaliter v. trans-

versim 2-locellati. Pollen (ex Mohl et Edgeworth) globosum v. ellipsoideum, extus læve granulosum v. striis sulcisve 3 notatum, in perpaucis tamen speciebus observatum. Ovarii rudimentum nunc in medio toro inter stamina v. ad apicem columnæ staminalis evolutum, integrum v. partitum, nunc parvum minutum v. sæpe omnino deest. Flores 2: Sepala haud raro quam in maribus magis soluta imbricataque v. angustiora v. majora. Petala interdum minora et seepius quam in maribus desunt. Discus hypogynus seepe annularis pulvinatus v. cyathiformis, nunc e glandulis distinctis v. 0. Staminodia interdum adsunt irregularia, sed vix in ullo genere constantia. Ovarium sessile v. rarissime gynophoro brevi fultum, ad normam 3-loculare, haud raro 2- v. 4-loculare, rarius 1- v. 5-co-loculare. Styli (formis perpaucis abnormibus exceptis) tot quot ovarii loculi, et cum apice carpellorum continui, nunc basi v. alte in columnam tenuem v. crasso-carnosam v. cavam connati, nunc seepius alte v. a basi liberi, erecti patentes v. recurvi, subulati v. varie incrassati v. plano-dilatati, integri 2-fidi v. rarius co-fidi v. plumosi, latere interiore superne v. a basi papilloso-stigmatosi, v. apice in stigma breve expansi. Ovula in quoque loculo solitaria, v. 2 collateralia, descendentia, anatropa, angulo centrali loculorum affixa, raphe ventrali, micropyle extrorsum supera, rarius ab angulo centrali parum distantia raphe plus minus dorsali, micropyle axin fructus spectante; funiculus sepissime in obturatorem cellulosum squamiformem v. cucullatum micropylem obtegentem v. interdum ovulum v. ovulorum par partim v. omnino involventem expansus. Fructus ad normam capsularis, in coccos tot quot loculi ovarii secedens, columellam persistentem relinquens, variat tamen indehiscens, bacciformis v. drupaceus et in loculos divisus, rarissime 2-3pyrenus, v. abortu 1-locularis v. 1-pyrenus 1-spermusque, v. in valvas loculicide dehiscems; pericarpium duplex, exocarpio nunc membranaceo coccis adhærente, nunc herbaceo incrassato v. carnoso in valvas solvendo; endocarpium cartilagineum crustaceum v. induratum, in quoque cocco superne dorsoque elastice fissum 2-valve v. crepitanter 2-partitum, valvis mox tortis, in baccis drupisve rarius ab exocarpio solvitur. Semina tot quot ovula v. abortu pauciora, hilo lineari v. parvo medio v. altius lateraliter v. juxta apicem affixa, haud raro apice strophiola (carunculo) parva aucta; testa sepissime crustacea, rarius indurato-sublignosa v. tenuiter membranacea, strato exteriore nonnunquam in vivo pulposo-carnoso pro arillo sæpe descripto, in sicco tamen rarius distinguendo; albumen sæpissime copiosum, carnosum v. fere cartilagineum, rarius membranaceo-papyraceum v. O. Embryo centralis, rectus v. rarius leviter incurvus, albumine fere sequilongus v. rarius abbreviatus; cotyledones planæ, latæ, foliaceæ v. tenuiter carnosæ v. (in Stenolobieis) angustæ semiteretesque, v. rarissime crasso-carnosæ v. latissimæ et contortuplicatæ; radicula supera, breviter prominens, rarius elongata v. intra basin cotyledonum retracta.

Arbores fruticesve ramosi v. interdum herbæ erectæ v. diffusæ, caule in speciebus nonnullis volubili v. in aliis crasso-carnoso; succo sæpe lacteo interdum venenoso. Folia ad normam alterna, indivisa, integerrima v. dentata, pennivenia v. juxta basin digitatim 3-co-nervia; variant tamen opposita v. verticillata, digitatim lobata v. 3-co-foliolata v. ad aquamellas minutas reducta, nunquam pinnatim composita. Stipulæ sæpe adsunt parvæ, caducæ v. persistentes, sed vix in eodem genere constantes, rarius amplæ foliaceæ v. more Artocarpearum connatæ gemmam includentes et folio evoluto delapsæ cicatricem annularem relinquentes. Glandulæ interdum geminæ ad apicem petioli v. ad basin limbi. Indumentum e pilis simplicibus v. stellatis v. interdum lepidotum; pili malpighiacei rarissimi si unquam adsint. Species paucæ ramulis spinescentibus v. aculeis infrastipularibus v. infrafoliaceis armatee. Inflorescentia ad normam composita, primaria axillaris v. racemosa centripeta, ultima cymulosa centrifuga, interdum vero cymulis ad florem unicum reductis undique centripetim axillaris, spicata racemosa v. paniculata, v. in aliis generibus undique centrifuga, panicula terminali dichotome cymosa v. ad fasciculum simplicem v. florem unicum terminalem reducta. Bractese sub cymulis v. floribus solitariis ampius parves squamiformes, interdum varie auctes v. 2-3 connates cymulas v. racemos involucrantes. Bracteolæ haud raro adsunt intra bracteam geminæ v. sub pedicellis in cymula co. Flores in toto ordine stricte unisexuales vidimus, etsi hinc inde

in floribus 2 perpaucis ejusdem speciei stamen unum alterum subperfectum evolvitur, et rarissime ovulum adesse dicitur in ovarii rudimento floris quodam 3, quod tamen nobis nunquam obvium fuit.

Species bene note paullo ultra 3000, tribuum 3 ultimarum pro maxima parte inter tropicos in utroque orbe vigentes, tribuum 3 priorum imprimis extratropices, boreales v. australes; plurimes tamen e tribu Euphorbicarum, perpauces e Stenolobicis v. Buscis plus minus tropicales sunt. In regionibus Arcticis Antarcticis uti in summis Alpibus Euphorbiaces omnino desunt.

Euphorbiaces seriem plantarum ostendunt a ceeteris ordinibus haud difficile separandam, si specimina adsint utriusque sexus bene evoluta, etsi genera nonnulla primo aspectu Celastrineis Sterculiaceis, etc., inter Polypetalas accedere videantur, alia quodammodo Urticeis inter Monochlamydeas approximantur, semper tamen characteribus certis distinguenda. Genera plurima, ad specimina imperfecta definita, ab auctoribus cum ordinibus variis confusa, melius nota locum certum obtinuerunt, alia sexu unico tantum descripto adhuc valde dubia remanent.

Ordo vastus et polymorphus, olim quoad genera eo tempore nota optime ab Adriano de Jussieu compositus, quam maxime auctus, cura diligentissima a H. Baillono et a Muellero Argoviensi elaboratus est. Hi tamen auctores sententia valde different quoad generum tribuumque limites et ordinationem. Affinitates naturales a Baillono potius quæsitæ etsi non semper apte consecutæ, a Muellero sæpissime neglectæ et divisiones plurimæ Prodromi, tam tribus et subtribus quam genera et sectiones, characteribus certis ad extremum secutis, quam maxime artificiales evadunt. Si methodum cum affinitatibus naturalibus (consanguinitate) congruum quærimus, characterum plurium valor in ordine valde inconstans apparet. Inflorescentia, hucusque nimis neglecta, seepe affinitates etiam tribuales indicat, etsi non semper exacte definienda. Calycis & modus et præsertim æstivatio, in generibus perplurimis constans, in Crotone variat. Antherarum forms et dehiscentia sæpissime characteres genericos optimos præbent, in Phyllantho tamen species quam maxime affines separant. Characteres e calyce 🗣 (a 💰 sæpius diverso) e carpellorum numero, e stylorum indole, sæpe boni evædunt, sed caute utendi, nam in generibus pluribus naturalibus singulatim variant. Stipulæ, glandulæ receptaculi floris &, discus hypogynus floris Q, strophiola v. carunculus seminum, in speciebus constantes, rarissime in charactere generico feliciter utantur. Tribus igitur sex, hic pro naturales receptæ, e characteribus sæpe valde diversis limitantur. Divisiones ulteriores sæpe nimis artificiales sunt, sed meliores adhuc non occurrunt.

#### FORMAS ABNORMES.

Bractess 4-5, rarius co, in involucrum calyciforme connatæ, cymulam androgynam includunt in Euphorbieis; 2 rarius co ad basin inflorescentiæ vacuæ laxe v. arcte imbricatæ in Buxeis nonnullis, in Uapaca, Dalechampius plerisque et minus distincte in aliis paucis generibus; 2 ad apicem pedicelli in globum clausum connatæ florem v. cymulam juniorem includentem, per anthesin varie ruptum in Æxtoxico et Pera; bractea rhachi margine undique adnata alabastra includit, per anthesin dorso irregulariter rupta in Hura et Algernonia.

Glandula magna utrinque ad basin bractearum in *Hippomaneis* plerisque et in paucis aliis, glandulæ bractearum contiguarum involucri in unam connatæ in *Euphorbia* et *Calycopeplo*, omnes involucri in unam annularem connatæ in *Synadenio*, irregulariter in involucro dorsales in *Pedilantho*, ad latera loborum involucri hinc inde deficientes in *Anthostemate*.

Squamellæ exteriores sepaliformes v. glanduliformes in calyce 2 ad basin segmentorum iisque alternse in Epiprino, in Julocrotonibus nonnullis et in Conceveiba.

Calyx rudimentarius v. 0 in floribus & Styloceratis et in iis specierum plurimarum v. omnium Uapaco, Gymnanthis, Actinostemonis, Adenopeltidis, Colliquaja, Dalembertia, Pera et Euphorbicarum; in floribus & eorundem generum interdum evolvitur et hinc inde deest in aliis generibus ubi in flore & conspicuus est.

Calyx fructifer persistens valde auctus in Epiprino, Blackia, Dimorphocalyce et Sagotia.

Petala subvalvata concava v. biconcava in Galcaria et Dioalia.

Antherarum loculi apice poro dehiscentes in Poranthera, anthera distincte 4-locellata v. varie 4-valves in Tetrorchidio, Cleidio, Macaranga et Endospermo.

Ovarium 1-loculare stylis 2-3 in Antidesmate et Crotonopside. Pistillum totum 1-carpicum in Cometia, Extorico, Eremocarpo, Hemicyclia, et sepius in Drypetide. Ovarium in loculos duplo carpellorum numero divisum in Styloceratide.

Capsula loculicide dehiscens valvis non septicide solutis in Simmondsia, Buro et Oldfieldia; in perpluribus generibus coccis mox bivalvibus, capsula fere simul loculicide et septicide dehiscit.

YOL. III, B.

Fractus drupaceus 1-spermus in Surcoccea, in Drypetide generibusque ei affinibus paucisque aliis, 2-3-pyrenus in Stylocerate, et Bridelia, subbaccatus 3-locularis in Bisologia, capsularis etsi 1-spermus in Posudantho, Stachystemone, Erythrococca, et in paucis speciebus in alia genera dispersis.

Albumen perpareum v. 0 v. membranaceum cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis v. contortuplicatis in Cleistantho, Amanca, Discocarpo, Lachnostyle, Actephila, Forchhammera, Hevea, Elateriospermo, Simmondsia, et forte in nonnullis aliis adhue imperfecte notis, leviter ruminatum in Extorico.

Embryo albumine quater ad sexies brevior in Daphniphyllo.

### CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM (exceptis neglectis).

Tribus I. Supherbiese. Involucrum calyciforme, cum floribus inclusis plurimis masculis 1-andris unico fesmineo centrali florem unicum hermaphroditum simulans. Perianthia vera minima v. 0.

Tribus II. Stemolobies. Embryo in centro albuminis linearis, cotyledonibus radicula non v. vix latioribus. Centara nunc *Phyllanthearum* nunc *Crotonearum*. (Fruticuli Australienses seepius ericoidei v. herbee humiles Australianse cum una austro-Andina).

Tribus III. Suxess. Ovula in loculis gemina rarius solitaria, raphe doreali. Flores distincti. Stamina sepalis opposita v. co. Embryo varius. Capsula sepius loculicide dehiscens. (Genera hemisphærii borealis extratropica v. montana.)

Tribus IV. Phyllanthess. Flores distincti. Embryonis cotyledones radicula multo latiores. Stamina omnia v. exteriora sepalis opposita. Ovula in loculis gemina.

Wribus W. Galeariess. Stamina sepalis opposita Phyllanthearum. Ovula in loculis solitaria Grotenearum.

Eribus VI. Crotenese. Flores distincti. Embryonis cotyledones radicula multo latiores. Staména omnia v. exteriora sepalis alterna. Ovula in loculis solitaria.

Subtribus 1. Jatrophese. Paniculæ 2-3-chotome cymosæ, rarius ad fasciculum terminalem reductæ, androgynæ fore centrali famineo v. unisexuales.

Subtribus 2. Eucrotoness. Racemi v. spice terminales, androgyni v. rarius unisexuales. Flores & sepius petaliferi. Filamenta in alabastro apics inflexa antheris reversis (domum sepius erecta).

Subtribus 3. Chrosophorese. Racemi spice v. rarius paniculæ racemiformes axillares rarius terminales v. ad apices ramorum paniculati. Flores & sepissime petaliferi. Anthere jam in alabastro erace.

Subtribus 4. Adrianese. Racemi v. spicæ terminales, simplices. Petala 0. Styli distincti v. viz basi connati.

Subtribus 5. Acalyphese. Racemi v. spicæ axillares v. ad apices ramorum paniculati. Petala 0. Calyx 3 valvatus v. rarius lobis leviter imbricatis. Styli sæpius distincti.

Subtribus 6. Geloniese. Calyx & valde imbricatus. Catera fere Acalyphearum.

Subtribus 7. Plukenetiese. Stylus sapius cum ovario continuus columnaris apice breviter nuno brevissime lobatus. Catera fere Acalyphearum.

Subtribus 8. Hippomanese. Caly x  $\delta$  parvus, j am ante anthesin apertus, nunc minimus v. 0. Catera Acalyphearum v. Plukenetiarum.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus Z. Empherbiese. Flores monoici, & co cum Q unico centrali involucro calyciformi cincti florem hermaphroditum simulantes. Fl. &: Stamen 1, filamento in pedicellum articulato, perianthio 0 v. ad squamellam minutam ad articulationem reducto. Fl. Q: Perianthium 0 v. calyx brevis. Ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis in loculis solitariis. Capsula 3-cocca. Semina albuminosa; cotyledones late, plane.

Florum fasciculus in involucro inclusus est cymula, cum cymulis seu glomerulis androgynis hinc inde in variis generibus Euphorbiacearum observandis (e.g. in Crotoneis e subtribu Jatrophearum) comparanda, inflorescentia centrifuga, flore terminali seu ceutrali fæmineo primum evoluto, masculis in circumferentia seepe in fasciculos 4-5-confertis ramos primarios cymæ indicantes. Sententiæ Bailloni florem revera hermaphroditum esse nequaquam assentiri possumus.

- 1. Pedilangeus. Involucrum irregulare, obliquum declinatum v. urceolatum, postice appendice intus glandulosa auctum. Cestera Eupherbia.—Amer. trop., California.
- 2. Euphorma. Involucrum calyciforme, regulare v. parum insequale. Glandule extra lobos iis alterne, distincts. Beacteolse inten involucrum lineares integras divises v. obsolets. Utrique que orbis reg. calid et temp.

- 3. SYNADENIUM. Involucrum alte 5-lobum, sequale. Glandulse in cupulam seu discum integrum lobos cingentem connates. Bracteolse intra involucrum 5 majores late, fasciculos florum 3 includentes, dorso in cupulam circa floris 2 stipitem connates.—Afr. trop. et austr.
- 4. Calvoofeplus. Involucrum alte 4-lobum, sequale. Glandulse extra lobos iis alternee, parvæ, distinctæ, stipitatæ v. 0. Bracteolæ intra involucrum 4 majores latæ, fasciculos florum includentes, dorso liberæ. Calvx floris ? 4-6-lobus.—Australia.
- 5. Anthostema. Involucrum alte lobatum, latere exteriore hians. Glandulæ magnæ, ad latera loborum hinc inde deficientes. Bracteolæ intra involucrum majores flores 3 includentes, dorso liberæ. Calyx utriusque sexus parvus, 3-4-dentatus.—Afr. trop., Madagascaria.

Tribus II. Stenolobiese. Perianthium calycinum petaloideum v. duplex. Stamina sepalis opposita v. co. Ovula in loculis ovarii solitaria v. gemina in angulo centrali contigua. Embryo in centro albuminis linearis, cotyledonibus radicula non v. vix latioribus. Frutices sepius ericoidei foliis integerrimis coriaceis, v. herbæ humiles foliis parvis membranaceis. Species, unica austro-Andina excepta, omnes Australianæ.

#### \* Ovarii loculi 2-ovulati.

- 6. Poranthera. Sepala 5, petaloidea. Petala parva v. 0. Stamina 5, antheris poris terminalibus dehiscentibus. Styli lineares, 2-partiti. Capsula depresso-globosa. Herbæ suffruticesve, racemis capituliformibus in corymbo terminali.—Australia.
- 7. MICRANTHEUM. Sepala 6, petaloidea, 2-seriata. Petala 0. Filamenta libera v. vix basi connata, ovarii rudimentum cingentia. Antherarum loculi longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-lobum. Capsula 3-locularis. Frutices ericoidei, foliis ad nodos alternos ternis.—
  Australia.
- 8. Pseudanthus. Capsula abortu 1-locularis 1-sperma. Folia ad nodos oppositos v. alternos solitaria. Cætera *Micranthei.—Australia*.
- 9. STACHYSTEMON. Filamenta ssepius numerosa, omnia v. saltem interiora in columnam centralem coalita absque rudimento ovarii. Cætera Pseudanthi.—Australia.

### \*\* Ovarii loculi 1-ovulati.

# † Stamina 🗢, sæpius numerosa.

- 10. BEYERIA. Petala sepius adsunt. Glandulæ petalis alternæ. Filamenta brevissima, in receptaculo hemisphærico congesta. Stigma sessile, peltatum v. rarius alte 3-fidum. Frutices. Flores axillares v. rarius in racemulo terminali.—Australia.
- 11. RICINOCARPUS. Petala adsunt. Glandulæ petalis alternæ. Filamenta alte in columnam centralem connata. Styli 2-fidi, basi breviter connati. Frutices. Flores in racemulo terminali, rarius pseudo-axillares.—Australia.
- 12. Berta. Petala 0. Disci glandulæ 0. Filamenta alte in columnam centralem connata. Styli distincte 2-4-fidi, seepius 3-fidi. Frutices. Flores axillares, pauci.— Australia.
- ++ Stamina numero sepalorum v. petalorum dupla v. pauciora, filamentis distinctis v. vix basi connatis.
  - 13. Monotaxis. Petala adsunt. Stylorum rami fimbriati. Capsula inappendiculata. Herbse suffruticesve humiles, cymis terminalibus densis.—Australia.
  - 14. Dreoress. Petala desunt. Styli indivisi, lanceolati, subfimbriati. Capsula inappendiculata. Herba tenera, prostrata, radicans. Flores ad axillas solitarii v. ad apices ramorum conferti.—Amer. austr. extratrop. Andina.
  - 15. Amperea. Petala desunt. Stylorum rami integri. Capsula dentibus 6 erectis appendiculata. Herbe suffruticesve, foliis parvis v. 0. Flores ad nodos glomerati.—Australia.

Tribus III. Buxes. Perianthium calycinum sepalis imbricatis v. 0. Petala 0. Stamina sepalis opposita v. co. Ovula in loculis ovarii gemina, rarius solitaria, axi affixa v. ab angulo centrali plus minus distantia, raphe dorsali. Styli indivisi. Cotyledones varise.

### \* Stamina D. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 0.

16. Simmondia. Sepala fi, 35. Filamenta brevissima, antheris magnis exectis. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stylis 3 longis caducissimis. Capsula 3-valvis. Albumen 0. Cotyledones crasso-carnosse. Frutex foliis oppositis.—California.

- 17. Stylogeras. Perianthium fl. & 0. Filamenta brevissima, bractee affixa, antheris magnis erectis. Ovarium 2-3-carpellare, 4-6-locellatum, locellis 1-cyulatis, stylis 2-3 longis persistentibus. Drupa indehiscens, pyrenis tot quot locelli v. abortu paucioribus. Frutices foliis alternis. Spices axillares, breves.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Stamina to! quot sepala iisque opposita. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. d evolutum.
- 18. Sabcococca. Sepala & 4. Filamenta elongata. Frutices foliis alternis integerrimis. Florum racemuli axillares, densi, Q ad basin racemuli.—Ind. or.
- 19. Buxus. Sepala & 4. Filamenta elongata. Frutices foliis oppositis integerrimis. Florum racemuli axillares, densi v. pauciflori, ♀ in racemulo terminali.—Orbis vet. homisph. borealis, Madagasc., Ind. occid.
- 20. PACHYSANDRA. Sepala & 4. Filamenta elongata. Herbæ foliis alternis sæpius grosse dentatis. Spicæ longiusculæ ad basin caulis infra folia v. terminales, fl. Q ad basin spicæ paucæ v. unicus terminalis.—Amer. bor., Japonia.
- Tribus IV. Phyllanthess. Perianthium calycinum, 1-2-seriale, v. duplex petalis parvis squamiformibus rarius calycem sequantibus. Stamina 1-2-serialia, seriei exterioris sepalis opposita, v. rarius in centro fioris co. Ovula in loculis ovarii gemina, in angulo centrali contigua, raphe ventrali. Cotyledones radicula multo latiores. Inflorescentise axitlares v. laterales, rarius ad apices ramorum subpaniculatse.
  - \* Folia alterna, indivisa. Flores petaliferi, 3 ad axillas v. nodos glomerati, 2 sape solitarii.

    Excepta: Petala interdum desunt in fl. 2 v. omnibus Discocarpi, Amanoa et Actephila

## † Calyx valvatus.

- 21? STENOMIA. Filamenta circa rudimentum ovarii libera. Ovarium 3-loculare. Fructus . . . Madagasc.
- 22. Bridelia. Filamenta sub rudimento ovarii in columnam connata. Ovarium 2-loculare. Bacca 2-pyrena. Albumen seepius carnosum rarius parcum v. 0; cotyledones planæ. Foliorum venæ secundariæ transversim parallelæ.—Orbis veteris reg. trop.
- 23. Cleistanthus. Filamenta sub rudimento ovarii in columnam connata. Ovarium 3-loculare. Capsula 3-cocca. Albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones plicate v. crasso-carnosæ. Foliorum venæ secundariæ reticulatæ.—Orbis veteris reg. trop.

### †† Calyx imbricatus.

## a. Albumen paroum v. 0.

- 24. Amanoa. Filamenta circa rudimentum ovarii libera. Stigmata sessilia, disciformia. Albumen perparcum v. 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosse.—Amer. trop., Africa trop. occid.
- 25. Discocarrus. Filamenta basi in columnam connata, sub ovarii rudimento libera, patentia. Discus fl. & glaber. Styli superne recurvi in laminam latam expansi. Albumen parcum; cotyledones latissimse, carnosulse, valde plicatse.—Brasilia, Guiana.
- 26. LACENOSTYLIS. Filamenta basi in columnam connata, sub ovarii rudimento libera, patentia. Discus fl. & villosissimus. Styli breves, patentes, cuneati, breviter 2-fidi. Albumen parcum; cotyledones latissimae, carnosulae, valde plicatae.—Afr. austr.
- 27. Acturnia. Filamenta in medio disco circa ovarii rudimentum libera v. basi breviter connata. Styli brevea, indivisi v. 2-fidi. Albumen parcum; cotyledones latissimæ, carnosæ, plicatæ.—Asia trop., Australia.

## b. Albumen (ubi notum) orassum.

- 28. Wirlandía. Filamenta in columnam connata, sub ovarii rudimento radiato-5-lobo breviter libera. Ovarium 5-loculare.— Seychelles.
- 29. Savia. Filamenta circa ovarii rudimentum libera. Discus annularis angulatus cupulatus v. varis lobstus. Ovarium 3-loculare. Albumen carnosum; cotyledones plane.—Ind. cocid., Madagase.
  - 30. ANDRACHUE, Filamenta circa overii rudimentum libera. Disci glandule distinctes.

Ovarium 8-loculare. Albumen carnosum; cotyledones plans.—Eur., Asia temp. et trop., Afr. austr., Amer. bor., Peruvia?

- \*\* Folia alterna indivisa (subopposita in perpaucis Phyllanthis). Flores apetali, & ad azillas v. nodos glomerati rarius suboymosi, Q sæpe solitarii. Calyx imbricatus. Stamina 1-seriata (2-3-seriata in perpaucis Phyllanthis). Styli v. styli rami erecti v. recurvi, tenues v. apice solo dilatati. Cocci 2-valves v. bacca 3-locularis.
  - † Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens (indehiscens in perpaucis Phyllanthis).
  - 31. AGYMEIA. Fl. & sepala margine tenui albo cincta, essterum incrassata, quasi squama adpressa aucta. Antheræ 3, ad apicem columnæ sessiles. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Herbæ diffusæ v. patentim ramosæ, foliis parvis.—Asia trop., ins. Muscar:
  - 32. Sauropus. Fl. & sepala basi incrassata v. squama prominula aucta. Filamenta 3, alte in columnam connata. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Frutices suffruticesve foliis distichis membranaceis. Fl. Q calyx sub fructu sæpe auctus.—Asia trop.
  - 33. CLUYTIANDRA. Omnia Sauropodis nisi filamenta 5, basi breviter tantum connata.— Africa trop.
  - 34. Phyllanthus. Sepala basi nuda. Stamina in centro floris & 2-6 rarissime  $\infty$ , filamentis connatis v. liberis; antheræ polymorphæ; ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ?: Pistillum 3- $\infty$ -merum; styli sæpius 2-fidi. Herbæ frutices v. arbores.—Reg. calid. utriusque orbis.
  - 35. LEPTONEMA. Sepala basi nuda. Stamina 5 antheris Antidesmatis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Pistillum 3-5-merum; styli 2-partiti. Frutex. Florum & umbellæ pedunculatæ.—
    Madagascaria.
  - 36. Securinega. Sepala basi nuda. Stamina iis opposita, seepius 5. Ovarii rudimentum seepius evolutum. Pistillum 3-merum; styli bifidi. Habitus Phyllanthi.—Amer. trop., Afr. trop. et austr., ins. Mascar., Asia temp.
  - 37. Neoroepera. Sepala basi nuda. Stamina 5-6, circa discum planum libera. Styli indivisi, elongati, clavati. Habitus Phyllanthi.—Australia.
  - †† Bacca 3-locularis septis tenuibus v. evanidis. Seminum testa ventre duplex lacunam fovens.
    - 38. Flueggea. Stamina sepius 5. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 evolutum. Styli 2-fidi. Frutices dioici, calyce Phyllanthi.—Ind. or., Australia.
  - 39. Breynia. Filamenta 3 alte in columnam connata. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 50. Styli indivisi v. 2-fidi. Frutices monoici, calyce 5 turbinato supra plano fere clauso, 2 demum explanato.—Asia trop., Australia, ins. maris Pacifici.
- \*\*\* Folia alterna. Flores apetali, & ad axillas v. nodos glomerati. Calyx imbricatus. Stamina sape ©. Styli valde dilatati, patentes. Fructus drupaceus, indehiscens, abortu 1-spermus, rarius 2-pyrenus 2-spermus, v. demum 8-4-ooccus.
  - 40. Petalosticma. Filamenta co, basi in columnam connata, antheris erectis. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 50. Pistillum seepius 4-merum; styli in laminas planas patentes expansi. Fructus demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens.—Australia.
  - 41. Putransiva. Stamina pauca in centro floris. Styli breves, patentes, in ramos latos carnosos expansi. Arbores monoici v. dioici.—*Ind. or.*
  - 42. Dryphtra. Stamina numero sepalorum æqualia v. subdupla, circa discum centralem planum concavum v. leviter convexum affixa. Ovarium 1-2-loculare; stigmata (v. styli) peltata v. reniformia, subsessilia. Arbores fruticesve dioici.—Amer. trop.
  - 48. FORCHEAMMERIA. Stamina co, circa ovarii rudimentum affixa. Ovarium 2-loculare. Stigmata in discum sessilem orbiculatum sub-2-lobum connata. Albumen 0; cotyledones convolutæ. Arbor.—Mexico.
  - 44. Hemotella. Stamina co, circa discum centralem latum concavum affixa. Ovarium 1-loculare; stigma (v. stylus) sessile, late reniforme v. orbiculatum. Arbores fruticesve dioici.
    —Asia trop., Australia.
  - 45. Orchostmon. Stamina co, circa discum centralem latum planum >. concavum affixa. Ovarium 2-4-loculare; styli breves v. brevissimi, stigmatibus crassis valde dilatatis (rarius elongatis?). Arbores dioici, ramis defoliatis seepe floriferis.—Asia et Afr. trop.

\*\*\*\*\* Folia opposita v. verticillata, indivisa. Flores apetali, & ad axillas fasciculati v. in racemulis brevibus densis v. cymulosis fasciculatis ramosisve dispositi, Q panei subsessiles v. pedicellati. Calgx imbricatus. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissilieus (v. rarius valvatim dehisceus ?).

## † Folia omnia opposita.

- 46. DISSILIARIA. Sepala 4-6. Filamenta 4-co, brevissima. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & 0. Styli lineares, indivisi. Florum fasciculi axillares v. subterminales.—Australia.
- 47. Longerta. Sepala 6 rarius 5. Filamenta 10-18, calyce longiora. Ovarii rudimentum v. receptaculum centrale prominens. Styli brevissimi, lati, crassi. Inflorescentia & axillaris, umbellulis sessilibus v. pedunculatis.—Nov. Caled.
- 48. Burmavia. Sepala 4. Filamenta 8-12, calyce longiora. Styli brevissimi, lati, patentes.

  —Nov. Caled., ins. Fiji,
- 49. Choriophyllum. Sepala 4, rarius 5–6. Filamenta 4, calyce longiora. Styli brevissimi, lati, crassi. Inflorescentia & axillaris, laxe racemoso-cymulosa.—Archip. Malay.

## †† Folia sepius (nec semper) 8-4-natim verticillata.

- 50. Toxiconempeon. Sepala 5-12, brevia et irregularia. Stamina co, dense conferta, filamentis brevissimis, antheris magnis erectis, loculis late 2-valvibus. Styli basi connati, apice patentes, crassi, indivisi. Capsula crassa, dura. Inflorescentia & axillaris, dense cymulosa v. breviter racemosa.—Afr. aust.
- 51. Mischodon. Sepala 5-8. Stamina 5-10, filamentis filiformibus. Styli plani, patentes, obovati, crassiusculi. Inflorescentia & axillaris, dense breviterque paniculata.—Zeylania.
- \*\*\*\*\* Folia opposita v. alterna, digitatim foliolata. Cymulæ racemi v. paniculæ axillares v. laterales.

  Flores apetals.
  - 52. OLDFIELDIA. Calyx & parvus, brevitar 5-7-fidus. Stamina 4-10, circa discum crassum. Capsula globosa, dura, localicide 2-valvis. Folia opposita, 5-7-foliolata. Cymulæ & laxæ, pedunculatæ,—Afr. trop. occid.
  - 53. Bischoffa. Sepala 5. Stamina 5, filamentis brevibus antheris magnis. Styli lineares, indivisi. Fructus subbaccatus, indehiscens. Folia alterna, 3-foliolata. Racemi paniculatoramosi.—Asia trop., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 54. Piramera. Calycis lobi v. segmenta 4-6. Stamina 1-10, filamentis tenuibus, antheris parvis. Styli lineares, indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca. Folia alterna, 3-foliolata. Racemi simplices.—Bras. bor., Guiana.
- \*\*\*\*\* Folia alterna, indivisa. Racemi v. spicæ & amentsformes v. tenues simplicesque, v. paniculatoramosi, axillares laterales v. rarius simul subterminales. Flores dioioi, rarissime petaliferi.
  - † Fructus carnoeus v. demum induratus, indekiscens v. rarissime loculicide 2-valvis.
  - 55. Uapaca. Amenta 3 subglobosa et flores 2 solitarii, primum involucro 4-6-phyllo demum reflexo inclusa. Calyx minimus v. 0. Stamina circa rudimentum ovarii 4-5. Ovarium seepius 3-loculare, stylis apice dilatatis ramosis.—Afr. trop., Madagaso.
  - 56. Aporosa. Amenta d'densa, cylindracea. Spicse ? breves. Stamina 2-5 in centro floris, ovarii rudimento minuto v. 0. Ovarium 2-3-loculare, stylis 2-fidis supe laciniatis.—

    Asia trop.
  - 57. DAPHNIPHYLLUM. Racemi & et Q laxiusculi. Stamina 5-18 in centro floris conferta, filamentis brevibus, antheris magnis 2-valvibus. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & 0. Ovarium 2-loculare, stylis crassiusculis indivisis. Embryo parvus.—Asia trop., Archip. Malay.
  - 58. BACCAURRA. Racemi v. spicæ utriusque sexus tenues simplices v. 3 ramosi. Stamina circa ovarii rudimentum 4-5 v. rarius numero dupla. Ovarium sepius 3-loculare, stylis v. stigmatibus brevibus crassis v. planis apice sepius breviseime lobatis v. fimbriatis.—Asia trop., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 59. Comeria. Amenta & densa, cylindracea. Racemi 2 paucifiori. Stamina 3-5, sub ovarii rudimento apice dilatato. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylo dilatato suborbiculari excentrico carnosulo. Madagaso.
  - 60. Americana. Spices utriusque sexus tenues, simplices v. paniculato-ramosse. Calyx alte divisus. Stamina circa ovarii rudimentum 2-5. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylis 3 sespissime 2-lobis.—Asia et Afr. trop., ins. maris Pacifici.

- 61. HIMPONYMA. Racemi utriusque sexus pedicellis brevissimis tenues, paniculato-ramosi. Calyx sinuato-dentatus. Discus fl. & cupulatus v. cyathiformis. Stamins circa rudimentum ovazii 2-5. Ovarium sespius 2-loculare, stylis brevibus 2-partitis. Indumentum sespe lepidotum.—Amer. trop.
- 62. MESOBOTETA. Racemi utriusque sexus tenues, simplices v. fasciculati. Celyz 5-fidus. Stamina circa rudimentum ovarii 5, disci glandulis 5 alterna. Ovarium 2-loculare, stylis brevibus 2-fidis.—Afr. trop.
- 63. Æxtoxicom. Racemi simplices. Sepala distincta, valde imbricata. Petala calyom aquantia. Stamina circa rudimentum ovarii ad 5. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylo unico. Indumentum insigniter lepidotum.—Chile.

## †† Capsula cocci a columella persistente dissilientes.

- 64. HYMENOCARDIA. Spice 3 amentiformes; racemi 2 breves, laxi. Stamina 4-5, filamentis in centro floris sub ovarii rudimento seepius connatis. Ovarium 2-loculare, septo contrarie compressum, stylis linearibus indivisis. Cocci plani, samaroidei, margine interiore post casum hiantes.—Asia et Afr. trop.
- 65. RICHERIA. Racemi v. spicæ & tenues, Q breves, densi. Stamina circa rudimentum ovarii 3-4. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis brevibus crassis latis integris v. breviter 2-fidis.—

  Amer. trop.
- 66. THECACORIS. Racemi utriusque sexus policellis brevibus tenues. Petala sapius adsunt minima. Stamina circa rudimentum ovarii 5. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis longiusculis apice 2-fidis.—Afr. trop., Madagasc.
- 67. CYATHOGYNE. Caulis herbaceus. Racemi pedicellis brevissimis v. spicæ utriusque sexus tenues. Stamina circa ovarii rudimentum apice disciforme 5. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis subintegris obtusis v. apice retusis.—Afr. trop.

## Genus anomalum. Flores monoici, petaliferi.

- 68. DICCLIA. Racemi longi, cymulis androgynis. Petala subvalvata, basi biconcava. Antherse 5, loculis in cavis petalorum receptis demum exsertis.—Borneo.
- Tribus V. Galeariese. Perianthium duplex petalis calyce longioribus, v. calycinum 1-seriale. Stamina 1-2-serialia, seriei exterioris ut in *Phyllantheis* sepalis opposita, petalis alterna. Ovula in loculis ovarii ut in *Crotoneis* solitaria. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 seepissime evolutum. Tribus forte nimis artificialis sed genera nec sub *Phyllantheis* nec sub *Crotoneis* bene militant.
  - 69. GALBARIA. Racemi terminales, simplices, tenues. Flores 5-meri. Petala subvalvata. Stamina 10; antheræ variæ. Drupa transversim oblonga, indehiscens.—Peniss. et Archip. Malay.
  - 70. MICRODESMIS. Flores ad axillas dense fasciculati, 5-meri, petaliferi. Petala imbricata. Stamina 5 v. 10; antherarum loculi paralleli. Drupa subglobosa, indehiscens.—Afr. et Asia trop.
  - 71. Pogonophora. Racemi axillares, paniculati. Sepala, petala et stamina 5; antheres lineares, loculis adnatis. Capsula 3-cocca.—Amer. trop.
  - 72. Teteorchidium. Racemi axillares, simplices v. subramosi. Sepala 3. Petala 0. Antherse 3, subsessiles, 4-locellatæ, 4-valves. Capsula 2-3-cocca.—Amer. trop.
- Tribus VI. Orotoness. Perianthium 3 nunc calycinum 1-v. rarius 2-seriale, nunc duplex, petalis seepe calycem excedentibus. Stamina 1-2-serialia, seriei exterioris sepalis alterna, v. seepius in centro floris co, pauca (interdum 1-2) v. numerosa nunc numerosissima. Ovula in loculis ovarii solitaria. Cotyledones radicula multo latiores. Inflorescentia varia, seepius racemoso-spicata v. paniculata.

Subtribus 1. Jatrophese. Panicula 2-3-chotome cymosa, rarius ad fasciculum terminalem reducta, androgyna flore centrati famineo, v. uniscunales.

### \* Flores apetali.

- 73. ELATERIOSPERMUM. Folia integra, pennivenia. Paniculæ paucifloræ, laxæ. Sepala valde imbricata. Stamina 10-18, receptaculo villoso. Ovarii rudimentum 0.—Penins. et Archip. Malay.
- 74. Curuma. Folia integra, pennivenia. Panicules pauciflores. Sepula valde imbricata. Stamina 19, receptaculo valde elevato. Ovarii rudimentum staminibus subsequale.—Bras. bor.

- 75. MICHANDRA. Folia integra, pennivenia. Panienles lame. Calyx vix imbricatus. Stamina 5. Ovarii rudimentum obscurum.—Brasilis.
- 76. Avenzaurra. Folia integra, subtriplinervia. Flores panci in fasciculum terminalem dispositi. Calyx valvatus. Stamina numerosa.—Chile.
- 77. Havra. Folia 3-foliolata. Paniculas laxas. Calyx 5-dentatas v. treviter 5-lobus. Stamina 5-10, Slamentis sub ovarii radimento in columnam connatis.—Brasilia, Guiana.

## \*\* Flores & petaliferi v. rarius calgos petalcideo apetali.

- 78. Joannesia. Folia 5-foliolata. Paniculæ densæ. Calyx subvalvatus. Stamina 7-10. Drupa 2-locularis, indehiscens.—*Brasilia*.
- 79. JATROPHA. Folia digitatim venosa v. lobata, rarius integerrima pennivenia. Flores paniculati v. fasciculati. Calyx imbricatus (in *Onidoscolo* petalis deficientibus petaloideus). Stamina 10 v. pauciora v. in *Cnidoscolo* plura. Capsula 2-3-cocca.—*Orbis utriusque reg. calid. imprimis Amer. et Afr.*
- 80. Acroocsoron. Folia integra, pennivenia, parva. Florum fasciculi simplices. Calyx parvus, patens. Stamina co. Capsula 2-cocca. Fruticulus aculeis geminis horridus.—Cuba.
- 81. TETTAXIS. Folia integra, pennivenia. Cyma co-flora, laxa v. densa. Calycis lobi subimbricati. Staminum verticilli circa columnam centralem 1 v. 2, pentandri, staminibus 2 v. 3 columnam terminantibus. Capsula 3-cocca.—Asia trop.
- 82. ALEURITES. Folia digitatim venosa, supe 3-loba. Paniculæ floribundæ. Calyx valvatim ruptus. Petala 5. Stamina co. Drupa indehiscens.—Asia or., ins. maris Pacifici.
- 83. Garcia. Folia integra, pennivenia. Florum fasciculi simplices (nunc ad florem unicum reducti). Calyx valvatim ruptus. Petala 8-12. Stamina co. Capsula 3-cocca.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 2. Eucrotonese. Racemi v. spice terminales, androgymi v. rarius unisexuales. Flores & espissime petaliferi. Filamenta apice primum inflexa antheris adnatis in alabastro reversis, in flore aperto seeps erectis.
  - 84. CROTON. Sepala æqualia v. rarius inæqualia, inappendiculata, valvata v. leviter imbricata. Ovarium perfecte 3 loculare v. casu 2-4-loculare.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid., Amer. bor.
  - 85. Julochoton. Sepala inequalia, imbricata, exteriora floris 2 sepius dorso glandulis v. appendiculis 1-3 aucta. Spice quam in Crotone densiores.—Amer. trop.
  - 86. Chotonorsis. Sepala subsequalia, imbricata. Styli 2-3, sed ovarium jam abortu 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum.—Amer. bor.
  - 87. Erreccarpus. Sepala subsequalia, imbricata. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, stylo unico longo simplici.—Amer. bor.
- Subtribus 3. Chrosophorese. Spice racemi v. rarius panicules racemiformes, axillares rarius terminales v. ad apices ramorum paniculati. Flores & sepissime petaliferi. Filamenta recta v. summo apice infleza, antheris jam in alabastro erectis.
- \* Petala A. 3 in corollam 5-lobam v. ore sinuatam connata. Cymulæ laxiusculæ secus rhachin paniculæ racemiformis pedunculatæ. Stamina O.
  - 88. Givoria. Sepala fl. 3 valde imbricata. Discus integer v. sinuato-lobatus. Drupa indehiscens. Folia integra, 5-9-nervia.—Ind. or.
  - 89. RICINODENDEON. Sepala fl. 3 valde imbricata. Disci glandulæ 5, magnæ, stamina cingentes. Drupa indehiscens. Folia digitata.—Afr. trop.
  - 90. Manhiophyton. Calyx fl. 3 valvatim ruptus. Disci glandule 5, pilose. Capsula 3-cocca. Eolia integra v. 3-5-loba.—Afr. trop.
  - 91. PAUSANDRA. Calyx fl. 3 breviter sinuato-lobatus. Discus cupularis, integer. Stamina 5-7, antherarum loculis connectivo latiusculo introrsum adnatis. Capsula dura, 3-cocca.

    —Amer. trop.
    - \*\* Petala libera. Calyx imbricatus v. apertus, truncatus v. dentatus.
  - 92. Trigonostrinos. Stamina 3 v. 5, antheris ad apicem columns centralis sessilibus. Styli 2-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi axillares v. rarius terminales.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
    - 93. Paracnoross. Stamina 18-20, filamentis in columnam connatis. Styli 2-fidi. Capsulse

cocci et semina latiora quam longa. Folia repando-serrata. Racemi terminales, longissimi. —Java.

- 94. Osrodus. Stamina in receptaculo convexo v. columnari 15-30, filamentis distinctis. Styli 2-partiti. Capsulæ cocci tardius dissilientes. Flores 3 secus rhachin racemi cymulosi.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 95. Codimum. Calyx parvus, appressus. Petala in fl. 3 parva, in fl. 2 0. Stamina in receptaculo parum elevato 15-30, filamentis distinctis; antherarum loculi apice seepius confluentes. Styli indivisi, subulati. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi axillares, longi, tenues.—Archip. Malay., Australia, ins. maris Pacifici.
- 96. Baloghia. Calyx per anthesin patens v. reflexus. Petala longiora. Stamina in receptaculo convexo conico v. columnari 10-100; antherarum loculi distincti, paralleli. Styli alte 2-co-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi terminales breves laxi.—N. Caledon., Australia.
- 97. Alphandia. Calyx 5-dentatus. Petala longiora. Stamina in receptaculo conico  $\infty$ ; antherarum loculi apice discreti. Styli 2-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi terminales, longiusculi. —Nova Caledonia.
- 98. Fontainea. Calyx cyathiformis truncatus. Petala longiora. Stamina in receptaculo conico 25-30; antherarum loculi distincti, paralleli. Styli crassiusculi, indivisi. Drupa seepius abortu 1-sperma, indehiscens. Racemi in axillis summis breves, laxi.—N. Coledon., Australia.
- 99. Blachia. Fl. 3: Sepala imbricata. Disci glandulæ petalis æquilongæ. Stamina in receptaculo convexo 10-20, filamentis distinctis; antherarum loculi apice confluentes. Fl. 2: Sepala post anthesin aucta foliacea v. rarius decidua. Styli 2-partiti. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi terminales.—Ind. or., China.
- 100. DIMORPHOCALYX. Fl. Q: Calyx breviter dentatus, petalis brevior. Stamina in receptaculo elevato v. columnari 10-20; antherarum loculi distincti. Fl. Q: Calycis segmenta post anthesin valde aucta, foliacea. Styli 2-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca. Cymse pauciflorse, axillares v. terminales.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 101. SAGOTIA. Fl. 3: Sepala imbricata. Antl eræ ultra 20, in receptaculo seriatim confertæ, subsessiles, loculis introrsum connectivo lato plano dissite adnatis. Fl. 2: Sepala post anthesin valde aucta, patentia. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis. Racemi terminales.—Brasilia bor., Guiana.
- 102. CLUYTIA. Fl. &: Sepala imbricata. Discus petalifer margine inter petala glandulis v. squamellis auctus. Stamina 5, infra apicem columnæ centralis verticillata. Capsula septicide 3-valvis. Flores ad axillas fasciculati v. Q solitarii.—Afr. austr.

### \*\*\* Petala libera. Calyx & valvatus. Capsula 3-cocca.

## † Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3.

- 108. AGROSTISTACHYS. Stamina 8-13, filamentis basi subconnatis; antherarum loculi a connectivo glandulifero penduli. Styli breves, crassiusculi, 2-fidi. Spicæ axillares.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.
- 104. Argithamnia. Stamina 4-10 rarius ad 15, filamentis breviter v. alte connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis. Styli breves, patentes, laciniati. Calyx sub fructu sæpe auctus. Spicse axillares.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
- 105. Caperonia. Stamina 10 v. pauciora, in columna 2-verticillata, petalis ad basin columnæ supra calycem elevatis; antheræ variæ. Styli breves, lacero-multifidi. Herbæ suffruticesve sæpius hispidæ. Racemi axillares, floribus secus rhachin dissitis.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- 106. Parudocroton. Stamina 16-30, circa rudimentum columnare dense lepidotum; antheræ erectæ, demum recurvæ. Frutex lepidotus. Racemi & paucifiori, ad apices ramorum subpaniculati.—Amer. contr.

## tt Ovarii in fl. 3 rudimentum 0.

- 107. Sumbavia. Petala parva. Stamina numerosa. Styli indivisi. Arbores indumento stellari. Folia ampla, 3-nervia. Racemi spiciformes, axillares.—Penins. et Archip. Malay.
- 108. TANNODIA. Stamina 10, basi breviter connata. Styli 2-fidi. Frutex glaber. Folia lata, 8-5-nervia. Racemi tenues, terminales.—Madagascaria.
- 109. Скотомовина. Stamina in receptaculo elevato crasso 15-20. Styli 2-partiti. Frutex indumento lepidoto. Racami longi, axillares.—Afr. trop.
  - 110. Chrosophora. Stamina 5-15, basi in columnam counata. Styli 2-fidi. Herber

- stellato-tomentosse v. hispides. Spices breves, in axillis superioribus sessiles, densu.—Reg. Meditorr. Afr. et As. trop.
- 111. Spanaskia. Potala brevia. Stamina 10–15, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi subglobosi. Caulis herbaceus. Racemus terminalis.—Obina bor.

Subtribus 4. Adrianes. Racemi v. epica omnes terminales, simplices. Flores apetali. Styli distincti v. basi brevissime connati. Capeula 3-cocca.

- \* Calyx & cape coloratus, lobis imbricatis v. brevissimie.
- 112. Maninor. Stamina 10; anthere doreifixe. Styli patentes, varie dilatati. Folia sepe lobata v. digitata. Racemi laxi. Flores majusculi.—Amer. trop. imprimis Brasilia, in orbe vetere inquilina.
  - \*\* Calyx & in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim fissus v. partitus.

## † Ovarii in fl. & rudimentum 0.

- 113. Adriana. Stamina numerosa in receptaculo dense conferta; anthere lineares, erecte. Styli 2-fidi, fimbriati. Folia grosse dentata v. 3-loba.—Australia.
- 114. Pachystroma. Stamina 3, filamentis in columnam connatis; anthere magne, dorsifixe. Styli crassi, recurvi, indivisi. Folia spinoso-dentata.—Brasilia.

## tt Overit rudimentum in fl. 8 presens.

- 115. CEPHALOCHOTON. Stamina 6-8, 2-seriata, filamentis bis flexis, antheree dorsifixe. Styli multifidi. Frutices indumento stellato. Flores 3 ad apicem rhacheos in capitulum globosum conferti, 2 ad basin racemi 1-2.—Afr. trop.
- 116. ADENACHLENA. Stamina 4 (v. 5-6?) 1-seriata, filamentis erectis; antherm dorsifixm. Styli multifidi. Frutices v. arbores, indumento stellato v. glabrescentes. Fl. 3 in capitulum v. spicam elongatam dispositi, ? ad basin rhacheos pauci.—Isd. or.

Subtribus 5. Acalyphone. Racemi v. spices axillares v. ad apices ramorum panioulati, sopius tenues simplices v. ramosi, v. rarius ad fascicul-s sessiles axillares reducti. Flores apetali. Calyx & valvatim partitus v. fasus v. rarius lobis brevibus leviter imbricatis. Styli distincti v. basi brevissims connati, in speciebus perpaucis altius in columnam tenuem connati.

- Calyz 8 in alabastro clausus (exceptis Adenocline et Hasskarlia). Anthera 2-4-globosa, loculis
   2 distinctis parvis globosis v. 2-globosis.
  - 117. BERNARDIA. Stamina pauca v. numerosa; anthere cruciatim 4-globosse. Styli brevissimi, integri v. laceri. Capsula 3-cocca. Frutices rarius herbee. Florum fasciculi rarius spices tenues ad axillas sessiles.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
  - 118. ERTTHROCOCCA. Stamina pauca; autherse 2-globosee, loculis erectis. Styli plumoso-multifidi. Capsula abortu 1-locularis, 1-sperma, indehiscens. Frutex tenuis, aculeis infrastipularibus. Inflorescentia axillaris, fasciculata.—Afr. trop.
  - 119. Hasskarlia. Stamina 3; antherse 4-globose, loculis erectis. Disci hypogyni squame 3, subpetaloidese. Styli plani in orbem subsessilem patentes. Capsula 3-cocca. Arbor v. frutex. Spice 3 amentiformes, axillares v. laterales Afr. trop.
  - 120. CLAONYLON. Stamins seepius numerosa; antherarum loculi 2, obovoidei v. globosi, erecti. Disci hypogyni squame: 3 mepe subpetaloides. Styli lineares, indivisi. Capsula 3-2-cocca. Arbores v. frutices. Spice axillares v. laterales, seepius tenues.—Afr., Asia et Australia trop., iss. maris Pacifici.
  - 121. Micrococca. Stamina 3-10; antherm Claoryli. Disci hypogyni lamine 8, lineares. Styli breves, lineares, indivisi. Capsula 3-4-cocca. Herba foliis alternis. Racemi & axillares, filiformes.—Afr. et Asia trop.
  - 122. Muncunialis. Stamina 8-20; antherarum locali subglobosi, divaricati. Disci hypogyni lamina 3, lineari-subulata. Styli breves, indivisi. Capsula 2-cosca. Herber foliis oppositis. Racemi 3 axillares tennes.—Eur., Rog. Modit., Asia or., alibi inquilina.
  - 123. Landenta. Stamina 4.-7; antherarum loculi subglobosi, divaricati. Fl. Q: Calyx 0 v. squamula minuta. Styli lineares, indivisi. Capsula 1.-2-cocca. Herba tenera foliis alternia. Racemi fliformes, terminales.---Afr. questr.

- 134. Admicollini. Stamine 6-12; antherarum loculi subglobosi, divasicati. Styli tennes, 2-partiti. Capsula 3-cocca. Herber teneres, foliis alternis v. rarius oppositis. Inflorescentise azillares v. foliis floralibus diminutis in recomum terminalem absuntes.—Afr. austr.
- 126. SEDELIA. Stamina 2-3; antherarum loculi fere 2-globosi. Fl. Q calyx 3-fidus. Styli tenues, indivisi. Herba pumila, foliis alternis angustis. Florum fasciculi v. symula axillares v. subterminales.—Afr. austr.
- \*\* Calyx 8 in alabastro clausus. Antherarum loculi serpius stipitati, demum flexuosi, apice dehiscentes. Styli serpius laceri v. plumosi.
- 126. ACALTPEA. Stamina sespissime 8. Fl. 2 seepius intra bracteam foliaceam sessiles, sepalis 3-4 parvis. Herbse frutices v. arbores, habitu et inflorescentia variis.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid.*
- 127. Markva. Stamina 10-20. Fl. ? bractes parva, sepala 4-6. Spice longe, tenues.—

  Afr. trop.
- \*\*\* Calyx 8 in alabastro clausus. Antherarum loculi oblongi, undique v. supra medium adnati, paralleli v. divergentes. Arbores fruticesve.
  - † Stamina sepius pauca. Capeula 3-cooca.
  - 128. ADELIA. Stamina 8-15; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 5 0. Styli laceri. Frutices rarius spinescentes. Flores ad axillas fasciculati.—Amer. trop.
  - 129. Leucocroton. Stamina 6-10; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudi-mentum in fl. 5 villosulum. Styli breves, crassi, sub-2-lobi. Indumentum breviter stellatum v. sublepidotum. Racemi axillares, breves.—Cubs.
  - 130. Chloradenta. Stamina 3-5; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 angustum. Styli basi longiuscule connati, superne 2-partiti. Indumentum stellatum. Folia ampla, subpeltata. Racemi axillarea, breves.—Java.
  - 131. CELODEPAS. Stamina 4-5, filamentis crassis cuneatis connatis; antherarum loculi penduli v. divergentes. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 parvum. Styli patentes, complanati, 2-fidi. Arbores glabre. Folia pennivenia. Spice 3 ad axillas fasciculate, elongate.—Ind. or., Java.
  - 182. BOCQUILLONIA. Stamina 2-3, filamentis basi connatis; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudimentum in fi. & 0. Styli lati, patentes, ovarii vertici appressi. Folia pennivenia. Flores & minuti, in capitula globosa lateralia seesilia densissime conferta.—Nov. Caled.
  - 133. Adenophædra. Stamina 2-3, filamentis basi connatis; antherarum loculi a connectivo acuminato penduli. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 0. Styli in discum ovarii vertici adnatum connati. Folia pennivenia. Spicæ 3 tenues, simplices, axillares.—Brasilia.
  - 134. Caryodendeon. Stamina 4-6, circa discum crassum latum affixa; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Flores Q ignoti. Arbores. Racemi longi, ad apices ramorum parce ramosi.—Amer. trop.
  - 135. ALCHORHMA. Stamina 8 v. pauciora; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 0. Styli lineares, srepius indivisi. Folia pennivenia v. basi 3-5-nervia. Spices v. racemi tanues, axillares v. laterales, simplices v. paniculato-ramossa.—Utriusque orbiq reg. calid.
  - 136. Alchornorsis. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 3-partitum. Custera Alchornos.—Brasil. bor., Guiana,
  - 137. Lepidoturus. Stamina 8; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & 0. Styli 2-fidi. Folia 3-5-nervia Spice & amentiformes, laterales, sessiles, bracteis subimbricatis.—Afr. trop., Madagasc.

(Confer etiam 172, TRAGLE species paucas stylorum columna brevi.)

- †† Stamina numerosa rarissime infra 15. Ovarii rudimentum in A. & 0. Fructus varide.
  a. Americans.
- 188. Concevena. Filamenta interiora elongata, flexuosa; antherarum loculi connectivo lato separati. Calyx 2 extus basi glandulis magnis anctus. Styli crassi, retusi v. vix 2-fidi. Capsula magna, subercea, 3-cocca. Racemi & tenues ad apiece ramorum paniculati, 2 elimplices floribus crasse pedicellatis.—Amer. trop.

139. Gavannerra. Fl. 3 ignoti. Calyx 2 truncatus, eglandulosus. Styli 2-4-fidi. Spica 2 simplex: elongata, foribus sessilibus. Folia rigide coriaces.—Brasilia bor.

140. Lastocnorow. Filamenta recta; antherarum loculi contigui, paralleli. Calyx fl. 2 patens, 5-fidus, eglandulosus. Styli breves, crassi, retusi v. brevissime fimbriati. Capsula 3-cocca. Habitus Melloti. Folia tomentosu, 3-5-nervia. Racemi axillares, 5 breves densi, 2 clongati laxi.—Jamenca.

### b. Gerontogen.

- 141. Naosouvoria. Anthere srects, filamentis brevissimis, localis adnatis parallelis. Styli rigidi, 2-partiti. Fructus . . . Folia lata, 7-9-nervia. Racemi & longi, tenues, ad apices ramorum paniculati.—Afr. trop.
- 142. Coloniscus. Receptaculum disciforme in centro floris elevatum. Cestera Malloti.—
- 143. Podadenia. Antherarum loculi a connectivo acuminato penduli. Styli elongati, indivisi. Capsula globosa, carnosa, indehiscens, glandulis stipitatis densissime echinata. Folia pennivenia.—Zeylasia.
- 144. Trawia. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigni. Styli longe lineares, indivisi. Capsula carnosa, 2-4-locularis, indehiscens v. loculicide 2-4-valvis. Folia 3-5-nervia.—Ind. or.
- 145. Coccocenas. Capsula depressa, 3-angulata v. 3-cornuta, localicide dehiscens. Cetera Malloti.—Malay. Ponins. et Archip.
- 146. Mallorve. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui v. connectivo late sejuncti. Styli inflivisi, sepius fimbriati. Capsula 2-3-cocca. Folia alterna rarissime opposita, nunc peltata v. 3-7-nervia, interdum 3-loba, nunc integerrima pennivenia. Spicæ v. racemi simplices v. paniculato-ramosse, axillares v. ad apices ramorum paniculats.—Asia trop. et Australia, in Afr. trop. pauce.
  - \*\*\*\* Calyz in alabastro clausus. Anthere sepissime 4-locellate.
- 147. Clamnon. Stamina ultra 20. Styli longi, 2-fidi. Capsula 2-3-cocca. Habitus et inflorescentia Malloti.—Amer., Afr. et Ania trop.
- 148. Macanarca. Stamina pauca v. numerosa. Styli sepius breves, patentes, indivisi. Capsula nunc 2-cocca nunc 1-cocca, tardius v. vix dehiscens. Folia peltata v. 3-7-nervia, interdum lobata rarius pennivenia. Racemi v. spice sepius paniculati nunc ramosissimi, laterales v. terminales.—Assa et Afr. trop., ins. maris Pacifici.
- \*\*\*\*\* Calyx & in alabastro clausus. Stamina numerosissima, filamentis repetito-ramosissimis, anthoris
  2-globosis. Capsula 3-cocca.
  - 149. Ricurus, Calyx ? spathaceo-fissus. Caulis elatus, herbaceus. Folia palmatim 7-cc-loba. Racemi ad apices ramorum subpaniculati, floribus majusculis.—*Utriusque orbus reg. calid. sed sape inquilina*.
  - 150. Homonom. Sepala fl. ⊋ angusta, imbricata. Frutices foliis angustis v. parvis penniveniis. Spices axillares, densiflores v. abbreviates.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
    - \*\*\*\*\* Calyz & breviter lobatus v. subimbricatus jam ante anthesin apertus.
  - 151. Chellosa. Calyx & 5-partitus. Stamina 5-10; antherarum loculi breves connectivo disjuncti. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & obtusum v. 3-fidum. Styli apice 2-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca. Folia pennivenia. Racemi & laxi, axillares v. laterales, tenues, foliis broviores.—Java.
  - 152. Estospermum. Calyx 3 4-dentatus. Stamina 6-10; antherarum loculi didymi, 4-valves. Styli in discum planum connati. Fructus didymus, in coccos indehiscantes accedens. Folia lata, 3-5-nervia. Racemi axillares lateralesque, utriusque sexus longiusculi.—Archip Maley., China austr.
  - 155. CEPHALOMAPPA. Calyx & turbinatus, breviter 2-5-fidus. Stamina 2-4. Styli basi connati, superus recurvo-patentes, incisi v. 2-fidi. Folia pennivenia. Racemi azillares, breviter paniculati; fl. & in capitula globosa moriformia dense conferti, Ç solitarii,—Borneo,

(Vide etiam 119, HASSKARLIAM; et 124, ADMIOCLINEM.)

### Genera non estis nota.

154? Chancermos Calyn & coloratus, 2-3-partitus. Stamina 4, filamentis basi compatis. Styli ramosi, glanduloso-plumosi. Folia subpeltata, sub-3-loba. Flores & capitato-congenti, ? longo p-dicellati, calyce foliacco 6-fido.......Archip. Malay.

- 155? Calprevin. Calyx & rotatus, 4-fidus. Stamina 4, filamentie hasi connatis. Styli 2-fidi, eroso-lacerati. Folia oblonga, integerrima v. serrulata. Spica filiformes, floribus & glomeratis.—Colobes, Borneo.
- 156? Coccommun. Flores 2 ad axillas solitarii et cum foliis verticillati, sepalis 5 valvatis. Styll bis terve 2-fidi. Capsula 3-cocca.—Nov. Caled.
- Subtribus 6. Geloniem. Spice v. glomeruli rarius racemi azillares v. oppositifolii. Flores apetali. Calys of valde embricatus. Stamina co., centralia. Styli plus minus 2-fidi et (excepto Erismantho) distincti v. viz basi counati.
  - 157. CHETTOCARPOS. Stamina 5-20, filamentis in columnam alte connatis. Ovarii rudimentum in fi. 3 3-fidum. Styli 2-partiti. Capsula echinato-setosa v. tuberculata, 3-cocca. Folia alterna, coriaces. Florum glomeruli axillares, densi.—Asia et Amer. trop.
  - 158. Matterna. Stamina (7?), filamentis in columnam alte connatis. Styli 2-partiti. Capsula tuberculoso-echinata, in valvas 2-partitas dissiliens, seminibus in columella diu persistentibus. Folia alterna. Florum glomeruli in axillis superioribus sessiles, racemum terminalem basi foliatum formantes.—Ind. occid.
  - 159. GELONIUM. Stamina 10-60, filamentis liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ. Styli breves, patentes, brevissime 2-fidi v. laceri. Fructus globoso-sub-3-queter, vix tardius dehiscens. Folia alterna. Florum fasciculi v. glomeruli oppositifolii. Asia calid., Africa trop. et austr.
  - 160. Baltospermum. Stamina 10-60, filamentis liberis; anthere terminales, loculis adnatis. Styli breves, crassi, recurvi, 2-fidi. Capsula 3-dyma, 3-cocca. Folia alterna, sepius dentata v. sublobata. Racemi axillares, breves densique v. longi laxi v. subpaniculati.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 161? PHYLLOBOTRYUM. Stamina 20-50, filamentis liberis apice dilatatis; antherarum loculi divaricati, demum transversim 2-valvati. (Fl.  $\mathcal{V}$  ignoti). Folia alterna. Racemi  $\mathcal{E}$  breves, folii costæ adnati, panciflori.—Africa trop.
  - 162. ERISMANTHUS. Stamina ad 12, filamentis liberis; anthers: erectse, loculis adnatis. Sepala 2 magna, foliacea. Styli basi in columnam tenuem connati, superne patentes 2-fidi. Folia opposita, subsessilia, oblique cordata. Spices 3 ad axillas sessiles, amentiformes. Fl. 2 solitarii, pedunculati.—Penang.
- Subtribus 7. Plukenetion. Spicer è racemi axillares v. rarius subterminales. Flores apetali. Calyx 3 valvatus; 4 imbricatus v. reduplicato-valvatus (exceptus Tragiis paucis). Stylus cum ovario continuus, elongatus v. crassus cavusque, sapius carnosus, apice breviter nunc brevissime lobatus.
  - \* Frutices v. arbores erecti, fulcis sepius amplis ad apices ramorum confertis, rarius sparsis.
  - 163. EFFFRINUS. Stamina 8-15. filamentis superne inflexis; anthere magne, dorsifixe, erectse. Calycis 9 segmenta 5-6, reduplicato-valvata, demum valde aucta, foliacea, squamulis totidem exterioribus alterna. Stylus longe columnaris. Spices v. racemi terminales et in axillis summis, floribus 9 in parte inferiore.—Malacca.
  - 164. PYCHOCOMA. Stamina numerosa, filamentis in alabastro seepius fiexuosis; antheres terminales, parve. Sepala 2 imbricata. Stylus longe columnaris. Racemi in axillis superioribus, floribus 2 seepe terminalibus.—Afr. trop.
  - 166. RAMBILIA. Štamina 2-3, filamentis incurvis. Sepala 9 imbricata. Stylus superne infundibularis. Spice unisexuales, laterales et terminales.—Nov. Calcal.
  - 166. ASTROCOLCUS. Stamins 4 (v. 6-8?) filamentis erectis; anthere basifizm. Sepala Q imbricata. Ovarii loculi et capsules cucsi stellato-patentes. Stylus oblongus, apice cavus. Racemi graciles, axillares v. laterales, floribus Y in parte inferiore cum uno sespe terminali.—

    Brasil. bor.
  - 167. Amoostium. Stamina 15-25, receptaculo fere columnari, filamentis brevibus; anthere basifium. Sepala ? imbricata. Styli columna cava, suburceolata. Capsula 3-dyma, urceolo stylari coronata, 3-cocca. Flores majusculi, d ad nodos 2-3-ni, podicellati, ? axillares, solitarii, longe pedicellati.—Brasil. bor.
- \*\* Caules polubiles v. alte scandentes v. herbacei breviterque ascendentes, in speciebus perpaneis lane arborescentes.
  - 168. SPREMOSTYLES. Stamina 3, Slamontis in columnam connatis; authors erects. Sepala

1 'Q viz imbricata. Stylus globosus. Frutex standans. Racumi spiciformes, axillares terminalesque.—Madagascaris.

169. PLUKENETIA. Stamina 8-30, toro convexo globoso v. elongato affixa; anthere erecte. Sepala Q imbricata. Ovarium supe 4-localare. Stylus globosus v. cylindraceus. Frutices suffruticeeve volubiles v. scandentes (excepta P. conophoru). Racemi axiilaree v. laterales.—
Utriusque orbis reg. culid.

170. ACIDOTOM. Stamina numerosa, toro elevato carnoso affixa; antheres erectse. Sepala 

imbricata. Styli columna crassa. Arbuscula laxe ramosa, pilis urentibus. Flores axillares, 

pedicellati fasciculati, 

secus rhachin spice subsessiles.—Jamaica.

171. Plattune. Stamina 4-8, sepius 5; antherse ovats. Sepala 2 imbricata. Styli columna crassa. Frutax volubilis, pilis urentibus. Folia angusta. Flores subtarminales v. laterales, 3 pedicellati fasciculati, 2 sessiles solitarii v. gemini.—Cuba.

172. Tragia. Stamina 3 v. pauciora, rarius co; autherse ovatse v. oblongse. Sepala 2 imbricata, interdum pinnatifida. Styli in columnam interdum tenuem v. brevem connati, apice liberi indivisi. Herbse suffruticesve scandentes v. volubiles, rarius caulibus breviter ascendentibus. Pili seepe urentes. Racemi terminales oppositifolii v. axillares. Flores seepe dissiti, inferiores 2.—Utriusque orbis reg. caled., Afr. austr., Amer. bor.

173. Cresmore. Stamina 3, filamentibus brevibus crassis, antherarum connectivum ultra loculos productum. Calycis Q segmenta 3, vix imbricata. Styli carnosi basi in massam brevem latam connati. Frutex alte scandens villosus. Inflorescentia Tragus.—Ind. or., Archip. Malau.

174. Dalbenarpia. Stamina sepius 20-30, toro convexo v. columnari affixa. Calyx Q 5-12-partitus. Stylorum columna longa carnosa. Frutices suffraticesve volubiles alto scandents v. rarius subarecti. Racemi sepius in capitula axillaria contracti, bracteis 2 magnis suppe coloratis involucrati, v. rarius basi laxe bracteati.—Utriusque orbus imprimis America reg. calid.

(Hippomanes plurime, imprimis generum polyandrorum, stylum Plukenetiearum ostendunt, et stylus basi tenniter columnaris est in speciebus paucis Acalyphearum.)

Subtribus 8. Hippomanese. Spica v. racemi axillares v. terminales, interdum paniculati. Flores apetali. Calyz 8 parvus, jam ante anthesm apertus, nunc minimus v. 0. Stylus varius, nunc columnaris apice ramosus, nunc a basi in stylos distinctos divirus.

- \* Bractee flores subtendentes nude v. sepe 2-glandulose.
- † Stamina co (6-50, rarissime pauciora), filamentis (excepta Trisyngyni) brevissimis.
- 175. Marea. Calyx & 5-lobus. Ovarium 3-loculare. Styli in columnam longam alte coaliti, superne. tennos indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca. Racemi terminales, floribundi, supe compositi, floribus Q ad basin racemi paucis.—Amer. trop.
- 176. HOMALANTHUS. Calyx & compressus, late 2-partitus. Antherarum loculi breves, divaricati, vertice 2-valvatim dehiscentes. Ovarium sepius 2-loculare. Styli distincti, lineares, indivisi. Capsula carnosa, indehiscens v. vix demum in coccos dorso 2-valves secedens. Recemi terminales, indivisi, floribus Q ad basin racemi paucis.—Archip. Malay., ins. Pacif., Australia.
- 177. Piere addus. Calyx & compressus, late brovissimeque S-fidus. Antheres terminales, late, truncates, loculis divergentibus extrorsum adnatis. Recemi laterales v. subaxillares. (Fl. & soli noti).—Archip. Malay.
- 178. Summeridura. Calyx & breviter lateque 3.5-lobum. Ovarium 3-loculara. Styli basi in columnam brevem crassam coaliti, superne recurvo-patentes crassinsculi indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca. Spice ad spices ramorum paniculats.—Brasilia.
- 179. TRISTEGYEE. Calyx & tubulosus, 4.5-dentatus. Filamenta subulata; anthere lineares. Ovarium 2-localare. Stylus columnaris, apice 2-lobus.—Nov. Caled.
  - ## Stamina 1-2, rarius 3 (in Actinostemone co).
    - a. Sopala & 4-5, lata, valde imbricata.

## b. Calyn & breviter sepies brevissims lebatus.

- 181. OPETHALMOBLAPTON. Stamen 1, e fundo calycis exsertum. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, superne crassus, breviter 3-lobus. Capsula 3-cocca. Arbores. Spices 5 breves et flores 2 axillares v. laterales.—Brasilia.
- 182. HIPPOMANE. Stamina 2, in columnam connata. Ovarium 6-9-loculare; styli basi connati, superne stellato-patentes, recurvi, indivisi. Drupa co-locularis, indehiscens. Arbor. Spices terminales, rhachi craesa.—Amer. trop. maritim.
- 188. MAPROUNEA. Filamenta alte connata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli alte connati, superne breviter patentes, indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca. Frutices. Spices dense, capituliformes, ovoidese v. subglobose.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- 184. Stillingia. Filamenta libera. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, indivisi. Capsula 2-3-cocca, columella nulla, receptaculo tamen post coccos delapsos persistente indurato patentim 2-3-cornuto. Frutices. Spicæ terminales. Bractese 2-glandulosse.—Amer. bor. et austr., ins. Mascar. et maris Pacifici.
- 186. Saptum. Filaments libers. Ovarium 2-3-loculare. Styli liberi v. basi hreviter connati. Capsula demum loculicide dehiscens, seminibus seepissime diu in columellam persistentibus. Arbores fruticesve. Spice v. racemi terminales, simplices v. paniculatse. Bractese seepe 2-glandulosse.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
- 186. Bonania. Filamenta libera. Ovarium 2-loculare. Styli liberi v. basi breviter connati. Capsula in valvas 3 2-partitus dehisoens. Fruticuli, spicis racemulisve axillaribus (rarius terminalibus?) tenuibus brevibus.—Cuba.

### c. Calyx & a basi 8-partitus, rarius alte 3-5-fidus.

- 187. Ditta. (Fl. & ignoti.) Ovarium 2-loculare, stylis brevissimis crassis 2-lobis. Habitus Bonanies. Fructus 2-coccus Ercacaria.—Cuba.
- 138. Sebastiania. Calyx of quam in Ercacaria sepius magis evolutus. Semina strophiolata. Fruticos tenues v. herbe. Racemi v. spices terminales v. simul axillares v. laterales. Cestera Ercacaria.—Amer. trop. et subtrop. et Afr. trop. occid., una specie Asia et Afr. trop.
- 189. Excescaria. Filamenta libera. Styli basi breviter connati, indivisi. Capsula in coccos 2-valves v. vix dehiscentes dissiliens, columella persistente. Semina estrophiolata. Arbores fruticesve. Racemi v. spicse axillares laterales v. rarius terminales.—Asia, Asstralia, Afr. trop. et subtrop.

(Confer etiam 72, TETRORCHIDIUM, antheris 4-valvibus sepalis oppositis.)

#### d. Calyx & rudimentarius v. sæpius omnino deficiens.

- 190. GTMEANTHES. Stamina 2-3, filamentis liberis v. vix basi connatis. Ovarium 3-loculare. Styli liberi v. brevissime connati, indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca, columella persistente. Frutices. Racemi v. spicæ axillares, rarius simul terminales.—*Ind. occid., Amer. trop.*
- 191. ACTINOSTRION. Stamina co rarius 3, filamentis liberis. Ovarium 3-loculare. Styli basi v. alte in columnam tenuem connati, superne recurvo-patentes, indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca, columella persistente. Frutices. Racemi terminales v. axillares e gemmis squamatis oriundi.—
  Amer. trop.
- 192. Adenopeatre. Habitus, spices terminales, receptaculum post coccos delapsos divaricatocornutum, casterique characteres Stillingia, excepta calycis deficientia.—Chile.
- 198. COLLIUUAIA. Stamina 2-3, filamentis brevibus. Styli basi breviter connati, crassiusculi, indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca, columella persistente. Habitus Stillingis et Adenopeltidis, sed flores & plures pedunculo communi bractes adnato florem polyandrum simulant.—Amer. austr. artratrop.
- 194. DALEMBERTIA. Stamen 1. Styli basi in columnam connati, superne patentes indivisi. Capsula 3-cocca, columella persistente. Suffrutices foliis seepius repando-dentatis lobatisve. Recemi terminales.—Merico.
- 44 Bractes membranaces margine toto rhachi adnate alabastra juniora includentes, per anthesin.
  irregulariter rupts v. fisse.
  - 195. Hura. Calyx of cupulatus truncatus. Stamina 8-20, antheris in columna secsilitus 3-4-verticilatia. Ovarium 5-30-loculare. Styli in columnam carnosam alte connati, apice

patentes indivisi. Capsula magna, depressa, co-cocca, crepitanter dissiliens. Arbores. Spices oblonges, terminales, pedunculates.—Amer. trop., in orbs vetere inquitina.

196. ALGERNONIA. Sepala & 3, imbricata. Stamen 1. Ovarium 3-loculare. Styli in columnam alte connati, superne patentes. Capsula 3-cocca, transversim angulata v. alata. Frutices. Spice terminales, tenues.—Brasilia.

\*\*\* Bractes in involucrum sepius globosum, junius clausum, per anthesin hians v. valvatim fissum, flores & includens, connate.

197. PERA. Calyx of valvatus v. rudimentarius v. 0. Stamina 2-6. Ovarium 3-loculare. Stigma peltatum, subsessile. Capsula in valvas 2-fidas dehiscens. Arbores fruticesve. Involucra ad axillas glomerata.—Amer. trop.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

ADELANTHUS, Endl., ab auctore Gen. Suppl. ii. 30 sub Antidesmeis collocatus, est Pyrenacantha, Hook., inter Clacineas Phytocreneas.

ADENOCHETON, Fenzl in Flora, 1844, 312, nomen tantum (ADENOCHETUS, Baill. Etud. Euph. 653 ad specimen & descriptus) est Cocculus Leaba, DC., inter Menispermaceas.

ANTITAXIS, Miers, est genus Menispermacearum valde anomalum, a nobis supra i. 33 dubie ad Euphorbiaceas relatum, sed postea rite ab auctore ipso et in Hook. Fl. Ind. i. 106 ad Menispermaceas restitutum.

ASPIDANDRA, Hassk. Hort. Bogor. Descr. 47, est planta in horto Bogoriensi culta, sub nomine hyperice casia, sed ex descriptione auctoris a specie Blumeana diversa. Specimen nostrum folia cantum præbet glaberrima, pilis malpighiaceis a Blumeo et Muellero in Ryparia casia memoratis omnino deficientibus. Genus cæterum, floribus  $\mathfrak P$  ignotis, valde obscurum remanet.

ATERAMNUS, P. Br. Hist. Jam., est species imperfecte descripta, nequaquam agnoscenda, et nomen delendum.

CALLITRICHE, Linn., a Baillono ad Euphorbiaceas relata, supra, i. 676, inter Ealorageas recensetur.

Dovyalis, E. Mey., a Lindleyo sub Euphorbiaceis enumerata, est Bixinea, supra, i. 128.

ELEGGENE, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 460; arbor Sumatrana alternifolia, inflorescentia paniculata, floribus ignotis, quoad genus dubia remanet. Calyx fructifer 5-partitus dicitur, lobis acutis dorso inferne gibboso-incrassatis. Baccæ crasso coriaceæ, sublignosæ, duræ, globosæ, 3-coccæ, loculis 1-spermis.

Forestiera, Poir. (Borya, Willd.; Bigelowia, Sm.) a Lindleyo sub Scepaceis enumerata, est Oleacea, supra, ii. 676.

GARRYA, Dougl., ab Endlichero, Gen. Pl. 288 ad Antidesmeas dubias associata, et GRISELINIA, Forsk., a Sprengelio Pug. Pl. i. 63 in Tricoccis posita, sub Cornaccis recensentur supra, i. 951.

HEXADICA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 562, ex ordine evidenter excludenda est, sed genus imperfecte descriptum valde incertum et nomen delendum.

Lascadum, Rafin. Fl. Ludov. 114, genus ex schedis Robinianis pessime definitum, est verisimiliter planta sub alio quodam ordine jam nota et nomen delendum.

LCPADOCALYX, Klotzsch in Pl. Preiss. i. 178, est Olacis species inter Olacineas, supra, i. 347.

LUNASIA, Blanco, ab Endlichero Gen. Suppl. 1425 Euphorbiaceis adscripta, est ut rite indicavit Muell. Arg. **Eutacearum** genus, idem ac Rabelaisia, Planch., supra i. 299, et nomen Blancoi Planchoniano substituimus supra, i. 991.

LUNTIA, CINOGASUM, AROTON et BRUNSVIA, Neck. Elem. ii. 385 ad 337, genera a *Crotone*, Linn., Cratochwilla, Neck. l. c. 389 a *Cluytia*, Linn., et Bromfeldia, Neck. l. c. 347, a *Jatropha*, Linn., separata, sunt verisimiliter jam sub aliis nominibus nota, sed characteribus pessimis agnoscere nequimus, et omnino prætermittenda sunt.

MAIRMA, Vell., ab Endlichero, Gen. Pl. 1125, Euphorbiaceis adscripta, est Trigonia, Aubl., inter Vochysiaceas, supra, i. 977.

MARGARITARIA, Linn. f. Suppl. 66, quoed plantam sic dictam masculam in herbario servatam, est Combretarea, planta fosmina videtur Phyllanthus antillanus, Muell. Arg. (Cioca antillana, Juss.). Character Linneanus neutri bene convenit et nomen suum tam genericum quam specificum delendum est.

MOACURRA, Roxb. a Muellero in Prodromo sub Euphorbiaceis descripta, est Chailletia species

inter Chailletiaceas, supra, i. 341. Baillon Chailletiaceas omnes in Euphorbiaceis includit, nobis tamen ordinem bene remotum constituere videntur.

Monospora, Hochst. in Flora, 1841, 660, est Trimeria, Harv., inter Bixaceas, supra, i. 129.

MYTILOCOCCUS, Zoll. in Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 387, sub Euphorbiaceis descriptus, est, ut rite indicavit Muell. Arg., Lunasia, Blanco inter **Eutaceas**, supra, i. 991.

Odontocaryam, Miers, genus **Menispermacearum**, olim ex ordine rejecimus et dubie ad *Emphorbiaceas* retulimus ob flores 2 a Miersio descriptos ad *Jatropham* pertinentes. Cfr. supra, i. 960.

PAYERIA, Baill. Adans. i. 50, t. 3, est evidenter Quivisia, Cav., inter Meliaceas, supra, i. 330. P. chrysogyne, Muell. Arg. a Baillono Hist. Pl. v. 239 sub Payeria inter Euphorbiaceas recepta, ab eo tardius ibid. v. 495 ad Quivisiam refertur, et speciei typicæ, P. excelsæ, Baill., icon et descriptio ad amussim cum Quivisia decandra, Cav., conveniunt, antheris a tubo stamineo jam delapsis v. ab auctore prætermissis.

PENNANTIA, Forst., a Bartlingio Ord. Nat. 372 inter genera minus cognita Euphorbiacearum admissa, est Olacinea, supra, i. 351.

Periptergium, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 234, est Cardiopteris, Wall., supra i. 355 pro genere anomalo Olacinearum descripta. Nuperius tamen Beccari in nota in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ix. 100, genus ex Olacineis recto jure excludit et ad Gamopetalas transfert; dein Convolvulaceis Boragineisque comparat, ab utroque tamen ordine Cardiopteris pluribus notis recedit, imprimis ovuli situ et embryone. Affinitates adhuc valde dubise remanent, ab Euphorbiaceis certe remotse.

Phylloxylon, Baill. Adans. ii. 54, frutex Mauritianus, habitu *Phyllanthi* sect. *Xylophylli*, floribus & 6-meris 6-andris, Q ignotis, generis et affinitatis dubia remanet. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1256 quærit an *Santalacea*? ubi *Exocarpus* habitum subsimilem præbet, sed character non convenit.

Plagiopteron, Griff., a Lindleyo Veg. Kingd. 282, Euphorbiaceis dubiis additum, est **Tiliacea**, supra i. 238.

PRETORIA, Baill. Etud. Euph. 470, t. 11, f. 14, est Pipturi species inter Urticaceas, infra.

PYRENACANTHA, Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. 107, ab auctore dubie Stilagineis adscripta a Baillono in DC. Prod. xvii. 18 rite ad Olacineas (Phytocreneas) refertur, a nobis olim errore ad Santalaceas relata.

RYPAROSA, Blume, Bijdr. 600 (RYPARIA, ex Auct. emend. in Fl. Jav. Præf. 8; RHYPARIA, ex emend. Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 239) est genus non satis notum, verisimiliter ex ordine excludendum, ob petala lanceolata valvata basi intus squamula lanata aucta. Ex Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1260 species continet duas inter se non congeneres.

Tetragyne, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 463, floribus 3 et fructibus ignotis, quoad genus valde dubium remanet. Frutex est v. arbor Sumatrana, foliis breviter petiolatis semipedalibus membranaceis. Flores 4 ad axillas solitarii, breve pedicellati. Sepala 5, imbricata. Ovarium 4-loculare, loculis 1-oyulatis. Stigmata 4, linearia, reflexa. An Alchorneæ (Stipellariæ) species?

# TRIBUS I. EUPHORBIEÆ.

1. Pedilanthus, Neck. Elem. ii. 354. (Crepidaria, Haw. Syn. Pl. Succul. 136.)—Involucrum irregulare, obliquum, declinatum v. calceiforme v. subequaliter urceolatum, postice appendice polymorpha interdum ampla colorata auctum, ore breviter 5-fido v. denticulato; glandulæ in fundo appendicis 2-6 v. 0. Flores & in involucro &, pedicellati. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, filamento brevi cum pedicello articulato; antherarum loculi distincti, subglobosi. Fl. 2 in centro involucri 1. Perianthium e squamellis 3 minutis v. 0. Ovarium ad apicem pedicelli sessile, 3-loculare; styli in columnam longiusculam connati, apice breviter liberi, integri v. 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos sæpe carinatos v. cornutos 2-valves a columella persistente elastice dissiliens. Semina albuminosa, cotyledonibus latis. Frutices ramis sæpe carnosis. Folia caulina alterna, integerrima, floralia sæpius opposita. Involucra viridia v. colorata, in cymaa dichotomas terminales v. axillares disposita. Bracteolæ intra involucrum sub floribus & lineari-setaceæ v. sæpe obsoletæ.

Species editæ 15, nonnullæ tamen non satis notæ, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia boreali usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem incolæ. Boiss. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 4, 1261. Poit. in Ann. Mus.

VOL. III. s

Par. xix. t. 19. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 276 (Euphorbia). Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 28. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 98. Bot. Mag. t. 2514 (Euphorbia). Bot. Reg. t. 837.

Genus Euphorbio sectioni Poinsettio arcte affine. Involucri forma variat de specie in speciem, in P. Finkii appendix maxima calceiformis, in P. lineariformi obliqua et late scutelliformis, in P. macrocarpo lata, 3-cuspidata, in aliis speciebus ad gibbum obtusum reducta, sed characteres ad sectiones distinctas separandas haud invenimus. Klotzsch et Garcke in Abhandl. Akad. Berl. 1859, genera 15 proposuerunt ad numerum glandularum distincta: Pedilanthus, glandulis 4, Hexadenia, glandulis 6, et Diadenaria, glandulis 2, characteres non majoris valoris quam forme appendicis, P. linearifolia differt etiam floribus 2 squamis perianthii 3 distincte munitis.

2. Euphorbia, Linn. Gen. n. 609. (Tithymalus, Gartn. Fruct. ii. 115, t. 107.)— Involucrum calyciforme, regulare v. vix obliquum, campanulatum v. turbinatum, seepius herbaceum, lobis 4-5 rarius 6-8 membranaceis brevibus integris v. laceris, intra glandulas sæpe occultis; glandulæ totidem v. rarius pauciores, extra lobos iis alternæ, sæpius latæ patentesque, integræ 2-cornutæ v. divisæ, dorso appendicula petaloidea auctæ v. nudæ. Flores & in involucro co, pedicellati. Perianthium 0 v. rarius squamella ad articulationem minuta. Stamen 1, filamento brevi cum pedicello articulato; anthera erecta, loculis distinctis sæpius subglobosis divaricatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Flos Q in centro involucri 1, pedicello demum elongato ex involucro exsertus. Perianthium 0 v. e segmentis 3 minutis. Ovarium ad apicem pedicelli sessile, 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti v. plus minus coaliti, apice patentes indivisi v. 2-fidi, lobis apice v. introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens, endocarpio cartilagineo v. duro. Semina albuminosa, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Herbæ suffrutices y, frutices habitu vario, succo sæpissime acrido lactescente, caule nunc crasso carnoso subaphyllo nunc herbaceo v. lignoso. Folia inferiora v. omnia alterna v. superiora v. omnia opposita, indivisa, integerrima v. rarius dentata. Involucra (olim cum floribus inclusis pro flore hermaphrodito polyandro habita) in cymam terminalem disposita v. in axillis foliorum v. in dichotomiis solitaria subcymosa v. fere racemosa. Bracteæ sub cyma v. sub involucris oppositæ; bracteolæ intra involucrum, ad normam sub floribus & lineares v. setaceæ, interdum vero interiores v. fere omnes desunt v. inferiores in bracteas pauciores laceras pone fasciculos florum iisque basi cohærentes connatæ.

Species ultra 600, in regionibus temperatis utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, inter tropicos pauciores. Boiss. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 8, ct. Ic. Euph. Parisiis, 1866, cum tabb. 121. Muell. Ary. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 667, t. 92 ad 97. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 44. Kurz For. Fl. Brut. Burm. ii. 415.

Genus a Boissiero optime elaboratum 'vastissimum et naturalissimum, ideo in sectiones recte definitas difficillime distribuendum. Characteres quibus series sectionum innitantur non satis graves, nec exceptionibus immunes, meliores tamen deficiunt.' Boissier sectiones 26 proposuit, quibus unam addidit Muell. Arg., nonnullæ tamen species unicæ sunt charactere unico anomalæ, aliæ e speciebus paucis confectæ inter se quam maxime dissimilibus, majores vero etsi vix limitibus certis definitæ pro maxima parte haud difficile recognoscendæ. Characteres tamen e glandularum forma quibus Klotzsch et Garcke genera plura distinguerunt, e seminum strophiola v. sculptura, e stylorum indole, raro cum habitu conveniunt. Divisiones sequentes, e Boissierianis selectæ, imprimis ex habitu et inflorescentia sumptæ, sat naturales videntur, nec magis incertæ evadunt quam plures e minoribus a Boissiero propositis hic vero non separatis.

- 1. Ansophyllum. Herbæ prostratæ diffusæ v. divaricato-ramosæ, rarissime basi frutescentes. Folia omnia opposita, linea elevata plus minus distincte stipulifera connexa, basi plus minus inæqualia v. obliqua. Involucra solitaria v. cymosa, sæpius minima; glandulæ 4 rarius 5, sæpius appendicula petaloidea auctæ. Species in America Australia et orbis veteris regionibus tropicis numerosæ, in hemisphærio boreali orbis veteris paucæ, plurimæ parvæ prostratæ inter se ægre distinguendæ, paucæ majores Sandwicenses glandulis exappendiculatis insignes, et mediantibus E. atoto, E. lævi, etc. cum cæteris Anisophyllis arcte junctæ. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 1 ad 26. Jacq. Ic. Par. t. 476, 478 Hort. Vind. t. 186. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 131. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 36. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 461. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 157. Mig. Stirp. Surin. t. 28. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 92. Arisophyllum, Haw. Syn. Pl. Succ. 159.
  - 2. Adenoprialum. Herbæ rarius frutices, caule non vel vix carnoso. Folia sparsa v. superiora.

rarius omnia opposita v. ternatim verticillata; glandulæ v. rarius setulæ ad basin petiolorum geminæ (stipulares?) v. ad axillas solitariæ, sæpe minutæ v. obsoletæ. Involucra axillaria v. terminalia, solitaria, cymulosa; glandulæ 5, rarius 4, sæpius appendicula petaloidea auctæ. Species omnes Americanæ, habitu et inflorescentia sæpius fere Eremophyti, rarius Poinsettiæ, rarissime Tithymali, ab omnibus differunt glandulis ut in Anisophyllo appendiculatis. Sectio igitur quodammodo polymorpha, non magis tamen quam sectiones minores Prodromi Crossadenia et Tricherostigma. Sequentes includimus Boissierianas:—

Zygophyllidium. Species annuæ, dichotomæ, foliis omnibus oppositis v. infimis solis alternis. Semina tuberculata. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 27 ad 30.

Cyttarospermum. Herbæ fruticesve. Folia inferiora sæpius alterna, superiora varia. Inflorescentia nunc axillaris anomala, nunc dichotoma, laxe cymosa. Boiss Ic. Euph. t. 31 ad 37. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 477. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 97. Adenopetalum, Kl. et Garcke in Monatsber. Akad. Berl. 1859, 250 (foliis floralibus concoloribus, involucris sæpius 4-meris glandularum appendicibus indivisis). Eumecanthus, Kl. et Garcke, l.c. 248 (foliis floralibus coloratis petaloideis, involucris sæpius 4-meris glandularum appendicibus indivisis), et Leptopus, Kl. et Garcke, l.c. 249 (involucris sæpius 4-meris, glandularum appendicibus sæpius partitis).

Dichilium. Herbæ elatiores, habitu et inflorescentia Cyttarospermo (Eumecantho) convenientes, seminibus longitudinaliter mamilloso-tuberculatis. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 38. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 93.

Alectoroctonum, Schlecht. in Linnaa xix. 252. Frutices ramis demum fere articulatis. Folia seepius verticillata, longe petiolata; grex habitu satis distinctus. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 39, 40. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 479. Bot. Mag. t. 883. His tamen addidit Boissier in sectione sua Alectoroctona species nonnullas herbaceas habitu valde diversas. Boiss. Ic. t. 40 bis.

Petaloma, Rafin. (ex Boiss.) (Dichrophyllum, Kl. et Garcke, l.c. 249). Herbæ foliis alternis, cymis more Poinsettiæ terminalibus. Bracteæ seu folia floralia insigniter albo-marginata. Bot. Maq. t. 1747.

Crossadenia. Species paucæ, inter se valde dissimiles, habitu speciebus variis gerontogeis affines sed glandularum appendice palmatifida v. 2-cornuta distinctæ. E. goyasensis, Boiss., Epithymæ in Tithymalo simillima est; E. sarcodes, Boiss., Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 94, Rhizanthium refert; E. phosphorea, Mart., Muell. Arg. l. c. t. 95 (glandularum appendice ex icone nec glandula ipsa bicornuta) speciebus carnosis costatis aphyllis accedit; E. lycioides, Boiss., cum E. cuneata comparanda, E. gymnoclada, Boiss., cum Tirucallis.

Stachydium. Species 3, Americæ tropicæ, inter se valde affines et forte unius varietates, quoad habitum et folia Dichilio similes, sed bracteæ seu folia floralia in spicas secundas fere strobiliformes imbricata more E. elegantis affiniumque in Anisophyllo. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 96. His addidit Boissier speciem Austro-Africanam imperfecte notam a nobis non visam et verisimiliter alienam.

TITHYMALOPSIS, Kl. et Garcke, l.c. 249. Species paucæ, boreali-Americanæ, Zygophyllidiis subsimiles, sed perennes, glandulis ad basin foliorum nullis v. vix conspicuis. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 42. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 346. Bot. Mag. t. 2992. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 390.

TRICHEBOSTIGMA, Kl. et Garcke, l. c. 248. Frutices inflorescentia axillari v. laterali, inter se exeterum quam maxime dissimiles. Species 2, Californice, Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 23 B et 24 cum tertia (inedita?) Domingensi, ramis divaricatis tortuosis crassiusculis, foliis parvulis in ramulis seu gemmis lateralibus confertis; quarta, E. antisyphilitica, habitu fere Ephedroideo ramis elongatis teretibus aphyllis, cum E. fulgente, Karw., ex America centrali (Paxt. Mag. iv. 31, cum ic.; Maund, Botanist, t. 100; E. jacquiniæflora, Bot. Mag. t. 3673) ramis tenuibus elongatis laxis, foliis alternis longiuscule petiolatis, inflorescentia axillari breviter subramosa vix lege naturali associata. Huic habitu foliis et inflorescentia convenit E. Hoffmanniana, Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 50 (Еприоквільтким, Kl. et Garcke, l. c. 252) ex eodem loco. et glandulis solis differt, que in E. fulgenti in appendicem magnam petaloideam coloratam expansee, in E. Hoffmanniana in laminam latam crassam supra papillosorugosam.

Portulacastrum, species 2 continet Chilenses v. Bolivianas annuas diffusas, habitu fere Anisophylli, sed folia alterna basi æqualia exstipulata.

3. Poinsettia. Herbæ suffruticesve rarius frutices, ramis floralibus non umbellatis. Folia infima v. omnia alterna, superiora sæpe opposita; stipulæ 0 nisi setæ minutæ v. glandulæ ad basin petiolorum. Involucra ad apices ramorum in cymam conferta, bracteis foliaceis seu foliis floralibus sæpe coloratis cincta, glandulis exappendiculatis. Species omnes Americanænisi in orbe vetere inquilinæ,

- a Tithymalo inflorescentia, ab Adenopetalo glandulis involuci distincts. He glandules sepe inequales v. ad unam reducts genus quodammodo cum Pedilantho connectunt. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 480, Hort. Schanbr. t. 277. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 173, 174. Bot. Reg. t. 765. POINSETTIA, Grah. in Edinb. New Philos. Journ. xx. 412; Bot. Mag. t. 3493.
  - E. geniculata, Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 231 non Ort. est E. (Anisophyllum) hypericifolia.
- 4. Eremophyton. Herbæ suffruticesve, ramis superioribus sæpe dichotomis nec umbellatis. Folia inferiora alterna, superiora interdum opposita, exstipulata. Involucra solitaria, axillaria terminalia v. in dichotomiis, glandulis exappendiculatis. Species omnes gerontogeæ. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 43, 44, 49. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. v. Suppl. t. 5. Hic includimus sectiones Cheirolepidium, Eremophyton et Pseudacalypha, Boiss., nec satis differre videtur sect. Bongium, Boiss. (E. bongensis, Kotschy in Pl. Tinn. t. 19). Styli in pluribus sectionibus variant liberi v. plus minus connati, integri v. plus minus bifidi.
- E. Guiencii, Boiss., ex Africa australi, a Boissiero lapsu calami sub Eremophyto inclusa, est eadem ac E. epicyparissias, E. Mey.
- 5. Euphorbium. Caules carnosi, sæpius crassi, teretes angulati v. elevato-costati, aphylli v. foliis paucis caduc's coronati. Cymæ laterales v. terminales, sæpius subsessiles, ad capitula solitaria v. pauca more Eremophyti reducta, rarius ramis subumbellatim evolutis fere Tithymuli. Stipulæ 0 (v. minutæ glanduliformes?). Nodi interdum varie aculeati v. spiniferi. Glandulæ involucri integræ, exappendiculatæ. Species pro maxima parte Africanæ, paucæ Asiaticæ v. Americanæ, in Europa et Australia desunt. Subsectiones sequentes quoad species plerasque distinctæ formis intermediis connectuntur.
- a. Tirucalli (Arthrothamnus, Kl. et Garcke, l.c. 251). Frutices ramis angustis teretibus v. compressis, alternis oppositis v. fasciculatis, sæpissime aphyllis. Species austro-Africanæ v. tropicæ utriusque orbis. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 46. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 182, 700. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 208. Arthrothamnus a Boissiero distinguitur ramis articulatis, sæpe tamen variant ramulis plus minus ætate articulatis, et E. Tirucalli ipsa est species typica Arthrothamni, Kl. Lyciopsis (E. cuneatu, Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 463, 464; Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. v. Suppl. t. 4) est species Arabica, monente jam Boissiero Tirucalli valde affinis, differt caule ramosiore minus carnoso, nodis sæpius folia parva forentibus, habitu toto E. lycioidem, E. Hindsianam aliasque Americanas glandulis appendiculatis distinctas referens.
- b. Goniostema. Sprcies pauce Mascarenses caule crasso, costis elevatis fere alatis inermibus. DC. Pl. Gr. t. 124. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1477.
- c. Diacanthium. Caules crassi, nodis elevatis in costas elevatas v. alas plus minus connatis v. rarius sparsis, aculeis solitariis (infrafoliaceis?) v. geminis (infrastipularibus?) v. rarius ternis sæpissime armatis. Species Africanæ v. Asiaticæ. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 48. DC. Pl. Gr. t. 46, 77, 139, 140, 140\*, 151. Wight, Ic. t. 897, 898, 1862, 1863, 1993. Bot. Mag. t. 2902, 3527. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1334. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 617. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 39. Anthacantha, Lemaire, Ill. Hort. 1858; Misc. 64. Sterigmanthe, Kl. et Garcke, l. c. 252.
- d. Treisia. Caules crassi, nodis elevatis plus minus mammiformibus, arcte confertis sed sparsis nec seriatis, inermibus v. pedunculo demum spinescente rarius armatis. Boiss. Io. Euph. t. 47. DC. Pl. Gr. t. 144. Jacq. Hort. Schanb. t. 106, 207, 208, 484; Io. Rar. t. 85. A. DC. Pl. Rar. Jard. Gen. Vot. vii. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 2520, 2624, 3476. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 220, 1315. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 161, 209. Treisia, Dactylanthes et Medusba, Haw. Syn. Pl. Succ. 131 ad 133.

Rhizanth:um a Treisia non differt nisi caule carnoso abbreviato pro rhizomate descripto, ramis floriferis magis evolutis.

6. Tithymalus. Herbæ, rarius frutices, parum ramosi. Folia caulina alterna v. rarissime opposita, floralia sæpe opposita, omnia exstipulata. Ramuli floriferi dichotome ramosi v. rarius simplices monocephali, axillares, superiores in umbellam 3-00-radiatam rarius ad radia 2 reductam conferti. Involucri glandulæ exappendiculatæ. Species numerosæ, per totam aream generis Australia excepta dispersæ, pro maxima tamen parte regionis Mediterraneæ ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Persiam incolæ. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 54 ad 119. Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 30. Sm. Ic. Pict. t. 3. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 86 ad 89, 481 ad 485; Hort. Schænb. t. 107, 485 ad 488; Hort. Vind. t 188; Fl. Austr. t. 121, 344, 345, 375, 376, 435, 436, 450; App. t. 14. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 66. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 132 ad 150. Waldst et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 54, 55, 93, 185, 162, 280. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 12, 185 ad 192, 387. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 18 ad 20. Wight, Ic. t. 1864. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 460, 462 ad 471. Jaub. et Spach, IU. Pl. Or. t. 130. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t, 93. Del. Fl. Æg. t. 30. Desf. Fl. Alt. t. 101 ad 103. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 143.

Moris, Fl. Sard. t. 109. All. Fl. Ped. t. 69, 83. Jord. Obs. t. 11. Cuv. Ic. t. 34. Boiss. Voy. Esp. t. 159 ad 163. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 76. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 207, 209. Bot. Mag. t. 1305, 1494, 1961, 2258, 3321. Bot. Reg. t. 190, 274 et 1838, t. 43. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1145. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 210. Galarhoeus et Esula, Haw. Syn. Pl. Succul. 143, 153.

Inter species in Prodromo enumeratas series 2, Oppositifoliæ, et series 3, Crotonopsides, Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 51 ad 53, habitu et inflorescentia abnormi Eremophytis accedunt, Laurifoliæ et Pachycladæ insignes sunt caule alte fruticoso v. arborescente, folias ad apices ramorum confertis, umbellæ radiis mono- v. oligo-cephalis, nonnullæ ex his Pachycladis Tirucalli accedunt.

Keraselma et Athymalus, Neck. Elem. ii. 353, genera ad species Euphorbiæ proposita, imperfecte descripta, ad sectiones suas non certe referenda.

3. Synadenium, Boiss. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 187.—Involucrum campanulatum, alte 5-lobum, lobis squamiformibus fimbriatis; glandulæ in cupulam v. discum concavum carnosum truncatum margine rugulosum basi involucri affixum eoque vix breviorem connatæ. Flores 3 in involucro  $\infty$ , pedicellati, in fasciculos 5 lobis involucri oppositos conferti. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, filamento brevi cum pedicello articulato; antherarum loculi distincti. Flos 2 in centro involucri 1, intra cupulam bracteolarum cum stipite crasso articulatus. Perianthium 0. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli alte connati, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca et semina Euphorbiæ.—Frutices ramis teretibus crassis subcarnosis. Folia sparsa, obovata, integerrima, crassiuscula. Cymæ terminales, 2-3-chotomæ, foliis floralibus seu bracteis oppositis. Involucra in dichotomiis v. ad apices ramulorum intra bracteas summas solitaria, sessilia. Bracteæ intra involucrum pone quemque fasciculum florum 3 latæ, fasciculum plus minus includentes et dorso plus minus in tubum seu cupulam integram v. lobatam circa florem 2 connatæ; bracteolæ interiores parvæ, lineares.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ australis et tropicæ orientalis incolæ. Bot. Mag. t. 5633 (quoad bracteas fl. 5 imperfecte).

4. Calycopepius, Planch. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. viii. 30.—Involucrum campanulatum v. patens, alte 4-lobum; glandulæ 4 extra lobos iis alternæ parvæ stipitatæ v. 0. Flores δ in involucro ∞, pedicellati, in fasciculos 4 lobis involucri oppositos conferti. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, filamento brevi cum pedicello articulato; antherarum loculi distincti. Fl. ♀ in centro involucri 1. Perianthium cupulatum v. latum, 4- v. 6-lobum. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi coaliti, integri v. 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca et semina Euphorbiæ.—Frutices v. suffrutices ephedroidei, sub anthesi sæpius aphylli, ramis virgatis oppositis v. verticillatis teretibus angulatis v. compressis. Folia in ramulis novellis opposita v. verticillata, angusta, integerrima, caducissima; stipulæ minutæ v. 0. Involucra parva, subsessilia, axillaria v. terminalia, viridia v. cum lobis perianthii ♀ margine albo-petaloidea. Bracteæ intra involucrum pone quemque fasciculum latæ, fasciculum includentes, dorso florem centralem spectantes sed liberæ; bracteolæ interiores angustæ v. 1-2 in quoque fasciculo latæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Australiæ occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 53. Boiss. Ic. Euph. t. 120 (Euphorbia).

5. Anthestema, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 56, t. 18.—Involucrum imperfectum, latere exteriore hians, e bract is 4-6 raro pluribus plus minus connatis compositum. Glandulæ magnæ, anguste scutellatæ, ad latera bractearum v. loborum involucri hinc inde deficientes. Flores & in involucro &, breviter pedicellati, in fasciculos tot quot lobi involucri iisque oppositos conferti. Perianthii rudimentum 3-4-dentatum. Stamen 1, filamento brevi cum pedicello articulato; antherarum loculi distincti. Flos \( \rangle \) in involucro 1, juxta aperturam sublateralis. Perianthium maris. Ovarium sessile, cum stipite articulatum, 3-loculare; stylus 3-fidus, ramis clavatis v. 2-fidis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca et semina Euphorbiæ.—Arbores. Folia alterna, integerrima, coriacea, nitidula, parallele pennivenia. Involucra parva, in cymas densas ad axillas sessiles conferta. Bracteæ ad ramos cymæ et sub involucris parvæ, oppositæ; intra involucrum pone quemque fasciculum latæ, fasciculum includentes, inter se liberæ; bracteolæ interiores linearet.

Species 3, Africæ tropicæ et Madagascariæ incolæ. Boiss. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 188. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 5, f, 1 ad 7; Adans. v. 366.

#### TRIBUS II. STENOLOBIEÆ.

6. Poranthera, Rudgé in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 302, t. 22.— Flores monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 5, petaloidea, imbricata. Petala 5, parva v. 0, basi glandula parva aucta. Stamina 5, segmentis calycinis opposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ 4-locellatæ, locellis apice poris distinctis v. in 2 confluentibus dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimenta 3, parva, clavata v. membranacea. Fl. \( \mathbb{Q} : Calyx et petala maris. \) Ovarium latum, apice planum v. concavum, 6-lobum, 3-loculare; styli 3 usque ad basin in ramos 2 lineares divisi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula depresso-globosa, loculicide 3-valvis v. in coccos 2-valves dehiscens, valvis coccisve ab axi columnari persistente dissilientibus. Semina reticulata; embryo teres, incurvus, cotyledonibus radicula non latioribus.— Herbæ annuæ v. demum suffrutescentes. Folia alterna v. rarius irregulariter opposita, membranacea, integerrima, parva v. angusta. Stipulæ parvæ, acuminatæ. Flores parvi, albi, dense racemosi, in axillis bractearum solitarii, pedicellati, \( \mathbb{Q} \) ad basin racemi pauci. Racemi capituliformes, ad apices ramorum solitarii v. sæpius in corymbo terminali foliato plures.

Species 5, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 55. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 0. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 25, f. 1 ad 9. Hueg. Bot. Archiv. t. 8. P. microphylla, Brongn., recenter a Cheesmannio in Nova Zelandia lecta, verisimiliter ibidem inquilina est.

7. Micrantheum, Desf. in Mém. Mus. Par. iv. 253, t. 14.—Flores plerumque monsici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta 6, petaloidea, imbricata, 3 interiora sæpe paullo majora. Discus 0. Stamina 3, segmentis exterioribus opposita, v. 6 segmentis omnibus opposita v. 8-9 minus regulariter affixa, filamentis distinctis; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, lobatum. Fl. 3: Calyx maris. Ovarium 3-lobum, 3-loculare, lobis in stylos simplices desinentibus; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula ovoidea, in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens. Semina in loculis gemina v. abortu solitaria, oblonga, lævia, strophiolata; embryo linearis, rectus, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.—Frutices ericoidei, ramosissimi. Folia brevissime petiolata, parva, angusta, integerrima, coriacea, ternatim ad nodos alternos affixa (quasi 3-foliolata absque petiolo communi). Flores parvi, in axillis superioribus solitarii v. pauci, 3 breviter pedicellati,  $\mathfrak P$  sæpius sessiles.

Species 2, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 57.

CALETIA, Baill. Etud. Euph. 553, t. 26, genus ad M. hexandrum Hook. f. propositum, ob lobos ovarii rudimenti in flore 3, staminum numero variabili, minus definite segmentis perianthii alternos quam in speciebus typicis, postea ab auctore uti a Muell. Arg. ad species nonnullas Pseudanthii extensium est, sed nobis nec naturale nec bene definitum videtur.

8. Pseudanthus, Sieb. in Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 22. (Chrysostemon, Klotsch in Pl. Preiss. ii. 232. Chorizotheca, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa, xxxii. 76.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta 6, petaloidea v. rigidula, imbricata, subæqualia v. 1 ex interioribus deficiens v. in filamentum longum mutatum. Discus 0. Stamina 3, 6 v. \( \infty\) usque ad 20, libera v. basi cum rudimento parvo ovarii connata; antherarum loculi distincti, extrorsum 2-valvatim dehiscentes. Fl. \( \mathbb{2}: \) Calyx maris. Ovarium 2-3-lobum, lobis in stylos breves crassos divergentes desinentibus, prima juventute 2-3-loculare, ovulis in quoque loculo geminis, per anthesin septis evanidis et ovulis plerisque abortientibus 1-loculare evadit, ovulo unico perfecto. Capsula oblonga, abortu 1-locularis, in valvas 4 v. 6 dehiscens. Semen oblongum, læve, strophiolatum; embryo linearis, rectus, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.—Frutices ericoidei. Folia opposita v. alterna, parva, coriacea, obtusa, marginibus crassis, costa subtus prominula; stipulæ parvæ, subulatæ v. basi dilatatæ. Flores parvi, in axillis superior-

ibus sessiles v. breviter pedicellati,  $\delta$  sæpius  $\infty$  in eadem axilla, Q solitarii v. masculis paucis associati.

Species 7, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 58. Endl. Atakta, t. 11.

Ovarii rudimentum in flore & Pseudanthi ab auctoribus negatur, nos tamen semper invenimus in specie typica P. pimeleoidi, Sieb., ut in cæteris. In solo P. polyandro, F. Muell., deest, quem ad Stackystemonem transtulimus.

9. Stachystemon, Planch. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 471, t. 15.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. ♂: Calycis segmenta 6, rigidula, subæqualia, integerrima, imbricata. Discus 0. Stamina ∞, omnia v. interiora in columnam centralem connata; antheræ sessiles v. filamentis brevibus fultæ, loculis distinctis extrorsum 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calycis segmenta latiora et teneriora quam in mare sæpiusque fimbriata. Ovarium 2-lobum v. rarius 3-lobum, lobis in stylos breves crassos divergentes desinentibus, prima juventute 2- v. rarius 3-loculare, ovulis in quoque loculo geminis, per anthesin septis evanidis et ovulis plerisque abortivis 1-loculare evadit, ovulo unico perfecto. Capsula ubi nota ovoidea, abortu 1-locularis. Semen oblongum, læve, strophiolatum.—Frutices ericoidei. Folia alterna, parva, coriacea, obtusa, costa subtus prominula; stipulæ minimæ. Flores sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, ad apices ramorum fasciculati, ♂ sæpius ∞ cum 1-3 ♀. Columna staminea perianthio longior, interdum valde elongata.

Species 3, Australiæ occidentalis extratropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 61. Genus Pseudantho valde affine nec diffort nisi columna staminea centrali absque rudimento ovarii.

10. Beyeria, Miq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, i. 350, t. 15. (Calyptrostigma, Klotzsch in Pl. Preiss. i. 175.)—Flores monoici v. rarius dioici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta 5 rarius 4, plus minus petaloidea, imbricata, concava. Petala sapius tot quot calycis segmenta, parva v. rarius calyce longiora, interdum pauciora v. plura v. minima v. 0. Glandulæ petalis alternæ v. rarius oppositæ. Stamina numerosa, filamentis brevissimis in receptaculo hemisphærico congesta; antherarum loculi distincti, paralleli, extrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycis segmenta quam in mare seepius rigidiora, post anthesin seepius aucta. Petala eadem. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, integrum: stigma sessile, latum, integrum v. 3-lobum, planum peltatum v. plus minus conicum v. calyptriforme, rarius alte 3-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-locularis, 3-sperma, dura, tardius dehiscens, rarius abortu 1-locularis 1-sperma. Semina oblonga, lævia, strophiolata; embryo in medio albumine linearis, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.—Frutices sæpe glutinosi. Folia alterna, sepius angusta, integerrima, marginibus recurvis v. revolutis, subtus pube appressa stellata albida. Flores parvi, axillares, & solitarii v. 2-3-ni, rarius racemosi; ♀ sæpius solitarii.

Species 13, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 63. In sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—
1. Eubeyeria. Antheræ duplo longiores quam latæ, connectivo integro v. vix lobato adnatæ. Stigma integrum v. vix lobatum. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. t. 222 (Croton).

- 2. Beyeriopsis. Anthere breves, loculis distinctis v. connectivo alte 2-lobo adnatis v. semiliberis connectivo integriore. Stigma integrum v. vix lobatum. Beyeriopsis, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 199.
- 3. Oxygyne. Flores & racemosi. Antheræ Beyeriopseos. Stigma alte 3-lobum. Petala calyce longiora. Species unica tropica, Ricinocarpo accedens, sed antheræ, stigmate lobi lati recurvi, aliæque notæ potius Beyeriæ.
- 11. Etcinocarpus, Desf. in Mém. Mus. Par. iii. 459, t. 22. (Reeperia, Spreng. Syst. Veg. iii. 13.)—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 4-6, sæpius 5, subæqualia, imbricata. Petala totidem sæpius longiora, rarius deficientia. Glanduke totidem, petalis alternæ. Stamina numerosa, filamentis in columnam centralem connatis apice breviter liberis; antheræ reflexæ, loculis distinctis parallelis extrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \varphi \): Calyx et petala maris. Ovarium sessile, 8-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, alte 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in

coscos bivalves dissiliens. Semina oblonga, lævia, strophiolata; embryo ubi notus in medio albumine linearis, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.— Frutices glabri v. stellato-tomentosi. Folia alterna, integerrima, lineari-oblonga v. lanceolata, marginibus recurvis v. revolutis, subtus pallida v. albo-tomentosa. Flores & solitarii glomerati v. rarius racemosi, terminales v. ramulo florifero abbreviato pseudo-axillares; p sæpius solitarii v. glomerulo v. racemo masculorum associati. Pedicelli bractea parva squamiformi stipati, sæpeque basi 2-bracteolati.

Species 18, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 69. Endl. Iconogr. t. 124.

12. Bertya, Planch. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 472, t. 16.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 5, petaloidea, subæqualia, imbricata. Discus 0. Stamina numerosa, filamentis in columnam centralem connatis apice breviter liberis; antherarum loculi paralleli, extrorsum 2-valvatim dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx per anthesin quam in mare sæpius minor, fructifer interdum auctus. Staminodia 0. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli liberi v. basi breviter connati, alte 2-4-fidi, vulgo 3-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, abortu sæpius 1-locularis, 1-sperma. Semen oblongum, læve, strophiolatum; embryo ubi notus linearis, rectus, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.—Frutices sæpe glutinosi, plus minus stellato-tomentosi v. glabri. Folia alterna, marginibus recurvis v. revolutis rarius planis, adulta supra glabra, subtus tomentosa v. alba. Flores axillares, solitarii v. pauci, pedicellati v. fere sessiles. Bracteæ in pedicello 3-8, parvæ, persistentes imbricatæ et calycem simulantes v. deciduæ.

Species 10, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 74. F. Muell. Fragm. viii. 141; Pl. Vict. t. 20.

13. Monetaxis, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxix. 386, et in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 223, t. 49.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. J. Calycis segmenta 4-5, imbricata, patentia, subæqualia, subpetaloidea. Petala totidem, calyce breviora v. longiora. Stamina numero petalorum dupla v. pauciora, filamentis in centro floris distinctis v. basi breviter connatis; antherarum loculi distincti, subglobosi, connectivo crasso curvo separati. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{1}{2} \): Calyx et petala maris. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli distincti, in ramos 2 fimbriatos divisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa v. 3-dyma, inappendiculata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ovoidea v. oblonga, lævia, strophiolata; embryo linearis, rectus v. leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus radicula multo longioribus vix latioribus.—Herbæ suffruticesve sæpius humiles, glabri. Folia alterna, integerrima, plana v. marginibus recurvis. Flores parvi, dense cymosi, subcapitati, cymis in dichotomiis v. ad apices ramorum intra folia ultima sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis, floribus singulis intra cymam pedicellatis, masculis numerosis, foemineis in media cyma paucis v. solitariis. Bracteæ parvæ, squamiformes.

Species 7, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 78. Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Eumonotaxis. Flores sepius 4-meri. Calycis segmenta fere valvata. Petala breviora. Endl. Atakta. t. 8.
- 2. Hippocrepandra. Flores seepius 5-meri. Calycis segmenta distinctius imbricata. Petala longiora. Species omnes occidentales, cymis capituliformibus sessilibus. Hippocrepandra, Muell. Arg. in Lunna, xxxiv. 61.
- 14. Dysopsis, Baill. Etud. Euph. 435. (Molina, C. Gay, Fl. Chil. v. 345, t. 61.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, anguste campanulatus v. urceolatus, semi-3-fidus, lobis valvatis. Stamina 6, fundo calycis affixa, exserta, filamentis tenuissimis basi plus minus connatis; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin affixæ, versatiles, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Calyx alte 3-fidus, lobis leviter imbricatis persistentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, membranacei, lanceolati, margine leviter laciniati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-dyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio tenui. Semina ovoidea, nitidula, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo centralis, teres, rectus, cotyledonibus radicula

brevioribus nec latioribus.—Herba tenera, prostrata, radicans, glabra v. hispidula, habitu fere Hydrocotylis. Folia alterna, petiolata, late ovata v. orbioulata, grosse crenata v. obtuse lobata, membranacea, 3-5-plinervia. Flores in axillis solitarii, parvi, utriusque sexus nunc brevissime nunc longe, 2 interdum longissime, pedicellati, superiores interdum ad apices ramorum subsessiles conferti. Capsulæ parvæ.

Species 1, Andium America australis et ins. Juan Fernandez incola. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 949. Genus nulli arcte affine, habitu ab omnibus *Crotoneis* longe recedit et embryo certe *Stenolobiearum*, ubi *Monotaxi* quodammodo accedit.

15. Amperea, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 35, t. 10. Flores monoici v. dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx campanulatus, subpetaloideus, 3-5-lobus. Stamina calycis loborum numero dupla v. pauciora, filamentis in centro floris liberis v. basi breviter connatis, interdum glandulis tot quot perianthii lobi cincta; antheræ 2-loculares v. exteriores 1-loculares, loculis distinctis globosis v. ovoideis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo interdum glandula parva coronato. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx quam in mare altius divisus, lobis 5 rarius 4 rigidiusculis, sub fructu persistens vix auctus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ovoidea, appendiculis 6 dentiformibus in annulum dispositis coronata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina obovoideo-oblonga, lævia, strophiolata; embryo ubi notus linearis, leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus radicula longioribus vix latioribus.—Herbæ perennes suffruticesve, caule basi v. rhizomate duro sæpe lignoso, ramis decumbentibus v. erectis rigidulis sæpe subaphyllis. Folia dum adsint alterna, linearia, integerrima, marginibus revolutis v. rarius plana, subdentata. Flores parvi, ad nodos v. ad axillas glomerati, bracteis parvis scariosis cincti, 3 sæpius numerosi, 2 parvi v. solitarii, omnes sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Capsulæ parvæ.

Species 6, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 82. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 49. A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 20.

## TRIBUS III. BUXEÆ.

16. Simmondsia, Nutt. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iii. 400, t. 16. (Brocchia, Mauri in Ten. Cat. Ort. Napol. 80.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Sepala 5, lata, valde imbricata. Stamina ∞ (10-20), filamentis brevissimis liberis; antheræ magnæ, erectæ, oblongæ, loculis parallelis contiguis lateraliter 2-valvibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala 5-6, valde imbricata, interiora quam in mare multo longiora, foliacea. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, lineares, subteretes, indivisi, hirsuto-papillosi, decidui; ovula in loculis solitaria, axi affixa, pendula, raphe dorsali. Capsula majuscula, ovoideo-oblonga, acutiuscula, nitida, pericarpio coriaceo, loculicide 3-valvis. Semen abortu sæpius unicum, testa coriacea; albumen perparcum v. 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, radicula minima.—Frutex dichotomus, ramosissimus, minute puberulus. Folia opposita, subsessilia, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores ♂ in glomera subglobosa ad axillas sessilia v. brevissime pedunculata conferti, sub quaque bractea solitarii sessilesque, bracteis parvis; ♀ in dichotomiis sæpius solitarii, pedicello brevi mox recurvo.

Species 1, Californica. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 22. Genus ob ovulorum positionem ad Buxaceas relatum, etsi floribus  $\mathfrak{P}$ , ovarii loculis 1-ovulatis, stylis caducissimis, aliisque notis a cæteris generibus longe distot. Stamina Styloceratidis v. Toxicodendri. Semina exalbuminosa et embryo Amanoæ v. Elateriospermi.

17. Styleceras, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 53, t. 17.—Flores monoici v. subdioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. d: Calyx 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (6-30), receptaculo basi bracteæ adnato affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ majusculæ, oblongæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis connectivo latiusculo introrsum adnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 5, brevia, rigidula, bracteis  $\infty$  similibus stipata. Ovarium e carpellis 2 septis spuriis jam sub anthesi 4-loculare (prima juventute 2-loculare ex Baill.); styli 2, longi, cum ovario continui, distincti v. basi breviter connati, indivisi; ovula in quoque carpello 2, in loculis solitaria, ab apice pendula, ab angulo centrali subdistantia, micropyle axin

oblique spectante. Drupa carnosa, siccitate dura, ovoidea v. subglobosa, stylis persistentibus 2-cornuta, indehiscens, endocarpio cartilagineo subcrustaceo in pyrenas 4 v. abortu pauciores diviso. Seminum testa lævis, crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latiusculæ.—Arbores glaberrimæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia, venis primariis paucis subtus valde prominulis. Spicæ 3 ad axillas sessiles, breves, densifloræ. Flores 2 ad axillas sæpe solitarii, pedicellati, bracteis secus pedicellum dissitis, sed interdum flos 2 adest ad basin spicæ 3. Ovarium et fructus interdum casu 3-mera dicuntur, in speciminibus a nobis visis semper 2-mera.

Species 3, Columbianæ v. Bolivianæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 9. Baill. Monogr. Bux. 77; Etud. Euph. t. 26. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. t. 637, 638.

18. Sarcoccca, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1012. (Lepidopelma, Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. 118, t. 22.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. J. Sepala 4, 2-seriatim imbricata, additis bracteis exterioribus 2. Stamina 4, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis exsertis crassiusculis; antheræ juxta basin dorsifixæ, oblongæ, demum recurvæ, loculis introrsum adnatis subparallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum urceolatum v. cupulatum, truncatum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris, bracteis exterioribus pluribus. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli distincti, breves, primum erecti v. conniventes, mox recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis gemina, ab angulo centrali plus minus distantia, raphe dorsali, micropyle axin spectante. Fructus subdrupaceus, ovoideus v. globosus, vix sulcatus nec cornutus, indehiscens, exocarpio pulposo-carnoso v. tenui subsicco, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semina abortu sæpius solitaria subglobosa v. gemina hemisphærica, estrophiolata, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latse, crassiusculæ.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia v. simul triplinervia. Racemuli brevissimi, densi, ad axillas glomerati. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, & et 2 in diversis axillis, v. 2 ad basin racemuli, & solitarii.

Species 3, Indise Orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 11. Baill. Monogr. Bux. t. 3. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 148 (Pachysandra). Wight, Ic. t. 1877.

Austrobuxus. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 444, planta Sumatrana a nobis non visa, ex auctoris descriptione est verisimiliter eadem ac Sarcococca sumatrana, Bl., a Muellero inter varietates S. salignæ inclusa.

19. Buxus, Linn. Gen. n. 1053.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. J: Sepala 4, 2-seriatim imbricata. Stamina 4, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis exsertis crassiusculis; antheræ juxta basin dorsifixæ, oblongæ, demum recurvæ, loculis introrsum adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum truncatum v. obtuse 3lobum. Fl. 2 · Sepala 6, valde imbricata, exteriora minora. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, crassi, inter se distantes v. rarius basi contigui; ovula in loculis gemina, ab apice pendula, ab angulo interno distantia, raphe dorsali, micropyle axin spectante. Capsula ovoidea, stylis persistentibus 3-cornuta, loculicide dehiscens, valvis indivisis stylis fissis 2-cornutis, pericarpio indurato, endocarpio soluto cartilagineo. Semina oblonga, 3-quetra, strophiola parva, testa crustacea nigra nitida; albumen subcarnosum; cotyledones oblongæ, radicula vix latiores.—Frutices ramosissimi, glabri, interdum demum arborescentes. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Racemuli densi, ad axillas sessiles v. breviter pedunculati. Bracteæ sæpe numerosæ, segmentis perianthii similes nisi minores. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, terminales sæpe 2, cæteris 3, et bracteæ plures sæpe vacuæ. Ovarii apex in speciebus typicis inter stylos truncatus v. glanduloso-3-lobus, in B. subcolumnari. Muell. Arg., styli basi contigui.

Species ad 19, quarum 6 regionum temperatarum v. montanarum hemisphærii borealis in orbe vetere incolæ, cum una Madagascariensi et altera Africana tropica, cæteræ omnes in India occidentali crescentes. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 14. Baill. Monogr. Bux. 58; Adams. xi. 268.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur: 1. Eubuxus, species gerontogese, spicis densis, sepalis bracteisque

latis membranaceo-scariosis. Baill. Monogr. Bux. t. 1. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 1. Gartn. Fruct. t. 108, quoad embryonem male. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 41. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 163.

2. Tricera, species Indiæ occidentalis spicis v. racemis laxioribus sæpe paucifloris, sepalis minoribus sæpe angustis et siccitate nigricantibus, bracteis parvis. Baill. Monogr. Bux. t. 2. CRANTEIA, Swartz, Prod. 38. TRICERA, Swartz, Fl. Ind. Occid. 331, t. 7. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 1. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 71.

20. Pachysandra, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. ii. 177, t. 45.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Sepala 4, 2-seriatim imbricata. Stamina 4, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis exsertis crassiusculis; antheræ dorsifixæ, oblongæ, demum recurvæ, loculis introrsum adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum vertice truncatum. Fl. 2 : Sepala 4 v. 6, 2-seriatim imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare ; styli basi subdistincti, erecti, longiusculi, superne patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis gemina, ab angulo centrali parum distantia. Fructus speciei typicæ Americanæ a nobis non visus; capsula subglobosa, 3-cornis, in carpella 2-valvia dissiliens (Mich., A. Gray); in specie Japonica subdrupaceus videtur, epicarpio in sicco laxo in vivo verisimiliter pulposo, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semina pauca, obovoideo-oblonga, testa crustacea nitida omnino Buxi.—Herbæ basi procumbentes radicantesque, ramis adscendentibus apice foliatis. Folia alterna, petiolata, latiuscula, grosse dentata v. rarius integerrima, triplinervia. Spicæ longiusculæ, floribundæ, in specie Americana ad basin caulis infra folia ad axillas squamarum parvarum sitæ, floribus 2 ad basin spicæ paucis dissitis cæteris &, in specie Japonica terminales inter folia summa sessiles, flore o unico terminali. Flores in utraque sub bracteis alternis solitarii, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati.

Species 2, altera boreali-Americana, altera Japonica. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 21. Baill. Monogr. Bux. 55, t. 3. Bot. Mag. t. 1964. Bot. Reg. t. 33. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 910.

#### TRIBUS IV. PHYLLANTHEÆ.

21? Stenenia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 578, t. 22.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Calycis segmenta 5, valvata. Petala parva, spathulata, denticulata. Discus 5-lobus. Fl. &: Stamina 5, filamentis a basi liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 3-partitum. Fl. Q: Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, 2-partiti, lobis ovoideis crassis crenulatis; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus . . .— Arbor. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores ad nodos ramorum annotinorum fasciculati, pedicellati. (Char. ex Baill. et Muell. Arg.)

Species 1, ins. Comorensium Madagascariæ incola, a nobis non visa. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 511.

22. Bridelia, Willd. Spec. iv. 978 (Briedelia). (Zarcoa, Llanos in Mem. Acad. Cienc. Candelabria, Hochst. in Flora 1843, 79.)-Flores monoici, Madr. iv. 501, ex char. petaliferi. Fl. d: Calycis segmenta 5, valvata. Petala 5, brevia, squamiformia, stipitata v. spathulata, lamina sepius parva lata subdentata. Discus margine integer v. sinuatolobatus. Stamina 5, filamentis in medio disco basi in columnam connatis superne liberis patentibus; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum ad apicem columnæ styliforme v. divisum. Fl. 9: Calycis segmenta quam in 3 angustiora. Discus duplex, interiore annulari v. cupulato ovarii basin arcte cingente (an staminodia connata i). Ovarium 2-loculare v. rarissime hinc inde 3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi breviter connati, 2-lobi v. subintegri; ovula in loculis gemina. Bacca v. drupa parvula, indehiscens, exocarpio carnoso v. pulposo, endocarpio crustaceo v. parum indurato 2-pyreno v. abortu 1-pyreno. Semina in pyrenis abortu sæpius solitaria; albumen in plerisque speciebus carnosum, facie interiore late profundeque excavato; embryo cavitati albuminis parallelus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus; in B. retusa tamen semina vidimus omnino Cleistanthi, albumine membranaceo, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis altera majore minorem plicatam fovente. - Frutices arboresve. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, venis primariis pinnatis, secundariis transversis utrinque prominulis. Flores parvi, ad axillas glomerati, bracteis parvis squamiformibus stipati, o numerosi subsessiles, pauciores v. solitarii, sepius evidentius pedicellati. Bacce v. drupe globose v. ovoidee, parvule, leves.

Species ad 25, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ, insularum Mascarensium et Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 493. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 119. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 366. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 171 ad 173 (Chuytia). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 260. Brandis, For. Fl. t. 55.

23. Cleistanthus, Hook. f. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 779, et Fl. Nigr. t. 36. (Lebidiera, Baill. Etud. Euph. 581, t. 27, Amanoæ sect., pro genere proprio receptum a Muell. Arg. in Linnaa xxxii. 80. Leiopyxis, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 445.)—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta v. lobi 5, valvata. Petala 5, brevia, squamiformia, stipitata v. spathulata, lamina parva lata subdentata. Discus margine integer v. sinuato-lobatus. Stamina 5, filamentis in medio disco basi in columnam connatis superne liberis patentibus; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum ad apicem columnæ styliforme, divisum. Fl. ?: Calyx minus alte divisus quam in &, basi sub ovario cupulatus. Discus duplex, interiore annulari v. cupulato ovarii basin arcte cingente (an staminodia connata?). Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula globosa v. depressa, 3-sulca, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina in coccis gemina v. abortu solitaria; albumen sæpius parcum, interdum submembranaceum v. vix ullum ; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ v. rarius tenuiores, sequus plus minus plicate, — Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia, venis primariis minus conspicuis quam in Bridelia intra marginem arcuatis anastomosantibus, secundariis reticulatis. Flores parvuli, ad axillas foliorum dense glomerati, sessiles v. præsertim 2 breviter pedicellati. Capsulæ basis in speciebus pluribus post coccos delapsos cum receptaculo indurata circa columellam persistit pateriformis.

Species ad 22, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ, Madagascariæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 504. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 121. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 370. Wight, Ic. t. 1911 (Amanoa). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 169, 170 (Cluytia).

Genus Brideltæ affine quidem sed fructu et habitu bene distinctum, ab Amanoa calyce valvato et patria facile dignoscendum. Semina quoad crassitudinem albuminis et cotyledonum ut in illis variare videntur, et genera sequentia Cleistantho addenda videntur:—

LEBIDIEROPSIS, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa xxxii. 79, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 509, est Cluytia collina, Roxb., l.c., albumine carnoso etsi haud crasso, cotyledonibus crassis una longitudinaliter plicata altera majore leviter concava.

Nanopetalum, Hassk. Hort. Begor. Descr. 65; Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 510, est species Archipelagi Malayani a Cleistantho separata ob albuminis deficientiam, cotyledonibus crassis. In speciminibus Zollingeri n. 3777 albumen pertenue submembranaceum invenimus, cotyledonibus ut in pluribus Cleistanthis et in Bridelia retusa insequalibus crasso-carnosis, una longitudinaliter plicata ab altera majore cincta.

24. Amanea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 256, t. 101.—Flores monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. &:
Sepala 5, imbricata, parum inæqualia. Petala 5, brevia, squamiformia. Discus brevis.
Stamina in disco 5, filamentis liberis crassis brevibus v. demum elongatis; antheræ crassæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, teres v. 3-quetrum, apice 3-lobum. Fl. \( \frac{2}{2} \): Sepala quam in mare angustiora, petalis interdum obsoletis. Ovarium subglobosum, 3-loculare, stigmatibus 3 sessilibus crassis carnosis disciformibus; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula demum indurata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina in coccis abortu solitaria, nitida, media facie affixa, testa crustacea; albumen tenue v. 0; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ, radicula brevi.—Arbores fruticesve sæpius glabri. Folia alterna, coriacea, integerrima. Flores axillares, & sessiles glomerati, \( \frac{2}{2} \) solitarii v. pauci, pedicellati. Ramuli floriferi interdum foliis floralibus abortientibus racemos v. paniculas terminales simulant.

Species 6, Americæ et Africæ occidentalis inter tropicos incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 219, in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 9, t. 1, et in Flora 1872, 2. Planch. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 797, et in Hook. Fl. Nig. t. 47.

Genera Amanoa, Cleistanthus et Bridelia in Prodromo in tribus duo distinctas separata, a Baillono in genus unicum junguntur et certe inter se valde affinia sunt. Characteres tamen uti habitus bene definiti videntur, et genera tria nobis servanda videntur.

25. Discocarpus, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 201, t. 9.— Flores dioici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. &: Sepala 5, rarius 4, membranacea, imbricata, exterioribus paullo minoribus. Petala totidem, parva, interdum deficientia. Discus membranaceus, cyathiformis v. cupulatus, 5-lobus. Stamina 5-4, filamentis in medio disco in columnam connatis, superne circa ovarii rudimentum 3-partitum liberis patentibus; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Sepala quam in mare rigidiora. Discus crassior, patens, subinteger. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti, superne recurvo-patentes, in laminam latam crenulatam dilatati, crenulis margine stigmatosis; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula dura, globosa, 3-cocca v. abortu 1-2-cocca, coccis 2-valvibus. Semina in coccis solitaria, tosta crassa sæpius rugosa, membrana interna tenui; albumen tenue v. 0; cotyledones latissimæ, valde contortuplicatæ.—Arbores divaricato-ramosæ. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, nitidula. Flores ad axillas dense glomerati, sessiles, & numerosi, 2 pauciores interdum solitarii, Capsulæ tomentosæ, cæterum læves v. molliter verrucoso-muricatæ.

Species 3, Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 223, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 2.

Rami apice spinescentes dicuntur quod in speciminibus nostris non apparet. Gemmæ axillares tamen, stipulis rigidis acutissimis involutæ, interdum spinas simulant. Arillum membranaceum circa semina ab auctoribus descriptum haud invenimus.

26. Zachnostylis, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1846, 503.— Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, membranacea, imbricata, subæqualia. Petala 5, vix breviora. Discus latus, villosissimus. Stamina 5, filamentis in medio disco ad medium in columnam glabram connatis, superne circa rudimentum ovarii villosum 3-partitum liberis patentibus; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Calyx et petala maris. Discus parum prominulus. Ovarium globosum, dense villosissimum, 3-loculare; styli breves, plani, recurvo-patentes, cuneati, breviter 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, pericarpio crassiuscule crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, lævia, testa crassiuscule membranacea; albumen tenue; cotyledones latissimæ, valde contortuplicatæ.—Frutex ramosissimus. Folia parvula, alterna, coriacea, integerrima. Flores tomentoso-villosi, ad axillas fasciculati, 3 breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles, 2 pauciores interdum solitarii, pedicellis longiusculis.

Species 1, Africæ australis incolæ. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 224. *Hook. Ic. Pl. t.* 1279. Genus quoad characteres essentiales vix a *Discocarpo* separandum, distinguitur patria, habitu, et disco

27. Actephila, Blum. Bijdr. 581. (Anomospermum, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ. iii. 228, non Miers.)—Flores monoici v. interdum forte dioici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. 3: Sepala 5-6, subæqualia v. interiora paullo majora, imbricata. Petala totidem, sub disco parva squamiformia v. 0. Discus expansus, integer v. 5-lobus. Stamina 3-6, in medio disco circa ovarii rudimentum 2-3-fidum affixa, filamentis liberis v. sub rudimento breviter connatis; antherarum loculi paralleli, introrsum v. demum filamento recurvo extrorsum rima longitudinali dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Calyx et petala maris. Ovarium in disco sessile, 3-loculare; styli breves, liberi v. basi connati, indivisi v. 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula dura, loculicide 3-valvis v. in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina sæpius in coccis solitaria, majuscula, testa fragili; albumen perparcum v. 0; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ, interdum valde dilatatæ, sibi invicem plicatæv. valde contortuplicatæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpius ampla, integerrima, demum coriacea. Flores ad axillas

glomerati, ¿ sæpius plures breviter nunc brevissime pedicellati, 2 solitarii v. cum ¿ pauci, longius pedicellati et sæpe majores.

Species ad 10, Indise orientalis Archipelagi Malayani et Australise incolse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 221. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 88. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 340. Baill. Adans. vi. t. 10. Wight, Ic. t. 1910.

LITHOXYLON, Endl. Gen. 1122, genus ad Securinegam nitidam, Lindl. Collect. t. 9, non Willd., in hortis e seminibus Taitensibus cultam propositum, habitu floribusque omnino Actephilæ convenit, sed seminibus indescriptis adhuc dubium remanet. L. grandifolium, Muell. Arg. ex Australia, rite a Baillono ad Actephilam refertur.

28. Wielandia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 568, t. 22.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx alte 5-fidus, lobis imbricatis. Petala lata, calyce longiora. Discus 5-angulatus. Stamina 5, petalis alterna, filamentis in columnam crassam connatis apice breviter liberis mox recurvis; antheræ primum erectæ mox recurvæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum columnam stamineam terminans, vertice planum, inter stamina radiatim 5-lobum. Fl. 2: Calyx et petala maris. Discus cupularis, ovarium cingens. Ovarium 5-loculare; styli recurvo-patentes, apice breviter 2-lobi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsulæ loculi 2-valves, abortu 1-spermi.—Frutex elatior, glaber. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, tenuiter pennivenia et reticulata. Flores ad axillas fasciculati, pauci, 3 breviter 2 longe pedicellati, ramulis floriferis interdum ob folia floralia diminuta racemulos simulantibus.

<sup>\*</sup>Species 1, insularum Seychellarum incola. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 228 (*Savis* sect.). Specimen nostrum imperfectum a Bakero Fl. Maurit. 291, sub *Mespilodaphne* notatur. Char. supra datus præcipue ex Baill. l.c.

29. Savia, Willd. Spec. iv. 771.—Flores dioici v. monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Discus varius. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, subæqualia, imbricata. Petala parva v. calycem superantia. Stamina 5, petalis alterna, filamentis liberis v. ima basi receptaculo adnatis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum sæpius breve, 3-fidum. Fl. 2: Sepala et petala maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, superne patentes, 2-fidi, ramis crassiusculis v. tenuibus; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo v. parum indurato. Semina ovoidea v. 3-quetra, testa crustacea v. crassiuscule membranacea; albumen carnosum, crassum v. tenue; cotyledones latæ, planæ v. leviter plicatæ, radicula sæpe obliqua.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, integerrima, rigidule membranacea v. subcoriacea, pennivenia. Flores axillares, 3 dense glomerati, subsessiles, 2 solitarii v. pauci, breviter v. longe pedicellati.

Species ad 10, quarum 4, genuinæ, Indiæ occidentalis incolæ, floribus dioicis, petalis parvis squamiformibus v. 0. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 230. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 2. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 26. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 70 (Phyllanthus). His addiderunt Baillon et Muell. Arg. species 5 Madagascarienses monoicas, petalis calycem æquantibus v subsuperantibus, quæ in sectiones (v. prius genera) 2, Petalodiscus, Baill. Etud. Euph. 571, t. 22, et Charidia, Baill. l. c. 572, ob differentias parvas in disco v. stylis distinctas distribuuntur. Sectionem Wielandiam, Muell. Arg., ducente Baillono, pro genere proprio retinemus.

GOMATOGYNE, Klotzsch; Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 13, species austro-Brasiliensis imperfecte nota, ex speciminibus nostris fructiferis et charactere dato, videtur Saviæ species S. clusiæfoliæ, Griseb., proxime affinis, certe non Amanoæ species.

30. Andrachne, Linn. Gen. n. 1095.—Flores monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta v. lobi 5-6. Petala breviora v. rarius subæquilonga. Disci glandulæ v. lobi numero petalorum æquales iisque oppositi v. duplo plures. Stamina 5-6, petalis alterna, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2: Calycis segmenta sæpius quam in 3 majora. Petala minuta v. 0. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, angusti, 2-fidi v. 2-partiti; ovula

in loculis gemina. Capsula sicca, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina curvula, rugosa, estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; embryo curvulus, radicula longiuscula, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Herbæ suffruticesve diffusi v. frutices tenuiores. Folia alterna, petiolata, membranacea, sæpe parva. Flores ad axillas pedicellati, sæpius fasciculati, 2 solitarii.

Species 10, per varias regiones late disperse, a Muell. Arg. in sectiones 6 distributæ quarum pleræque species singulæ sunt glandulis disci plus minus evolutis v. connatis parum distinctæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 233. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 39. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 158. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 953. Eichw. Pl. Cauc. Casp. t. 20.

ERACLISSA, Forsk. Fl. Eg. Arab. 208 (Telephioides et Sclerandrachne, Muell. Arg.) species continet typicas Europæas et Orientales. Pseudophyllanthus est species Capensis. Lepidanthus, Nutt. in Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc. v. 175, est species boreali-Americana. Phyllanthuda, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjobenh. 1857, 150, species Peruviana, nobis ignota est. Arachne, Neck. Elem. ii. 348 (Leptopus, Done. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. 155, t. 156), species continet 4 Asiaticas a cæteris paullulum diversas, foliis floribusque majoribus, disco in glandulas numero petalorum duplo plures diviso. Kl. in Waldem. Reise, t. 24 (Phyllanthus).

31. Agyneta, Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 23. (Diplomorpha, Griff. Notul. iv. 479.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Sepala 6, imbricata, subæqualia, sub-2-seriata, punctata, medio crassiuscula quasi squama adnata aucta, margine albo-membranaceo cincta. Stamina 3, filamentis in centro floris in columnam connatis; antheræ circa apicem columnæ subsessiles, loculis parallelis extrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{1}{2}\): Sepala acuta, immarginata. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, vertice truncatum, mox concavum; styli brevissimi, erecto-patentes, alte 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula ovoidea, loculicide dehiscens v. demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina curvula, hilo longo laterali; albumen carnosum; embryo curvulus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Herbæ annuæ v. basi indurescentes, ramis rigidulis diffusis v. patentibus sæpe angulatis. Folia alterna, parvula, integerrima. Flores axillares, & sæpius plures glomerati, minuti, breviter pedicellati, \( \frac{1}{2}\) solitarii, majores longiusque pedicellati. Bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum interdum \( \frac{1}{2}\), stipuliformes.

Species (v. varietates?) 2, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 238. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 24, t. 6. Wight, Ic. t. 1893.

Genus vix a Phyllanthi sectione Synostemo differt, perianthii & segmentorum disco incrassato quasi squama adnata instructo. Hæ squamæ tamen, ut in Sauropo, a receptaculo floris omnino distinctæ sunt.

32. Sauropus, Blume, Bijdr. 595. (Ceratogynum, Wight, Ic. v. ii. 26, t. 1900.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx sæpius alte divisus; segmenta 6, sub-2-seriata, basi nunc leviter incrassata, nunc squamellis supra columnam stamineam conniventibus aucta. Stamina 3, filamentis in centro floris in columnam brevem crassam connatis v. apice breviter liberis patentibus; antheræ sub apice truncato v. peltato columnæ sessiles v. subsessiles, loculis distinctis parallelis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum (præter columnæ apicem) 0. Fl. 2: Calyx quam in 3 minus divisus et interdum rotato-expansus brevissime tantum sinuato-lobatus, lobis basi vix v. parum incrassatis. Ovarium ovoideum v. depresso-globosum, vertice truncatum v. concavum; styli brevissimi, patentes, liberi v. basi adnati, 2-fidi v. 2-partiti; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula depresso-globosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina in coccis sæpius gemina; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus v. vix incurvus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Fruticuli rarius suffrutices, habitu Phyllanthi, foliis alternis distichis membranaceis integerrimis. Flores ad axillas fasciculati, in quaque axilla haud numerosi, omnes pedicellati.

Species descriptæ 14, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani (et Novæ Caledoniæ?) incoæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 240. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 27. Wight, Ic. t. 1951, 1952. Calycis lobi v. segmenta et appendices baseos in fl. oʻvariant fere de specie in speciem, et genus nequaquam in sectiones distinctas dividere possumus. Segmentorum appendices pro disci lobis descriptæ sunt, sed nobis semper videntur calyci solo affixæ, a receptaculo floris omnino distinctæ.

33. Claystandra, Muell. Arg. in Seem. Journ. Bot. 1864, 328, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 225.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx 5-fidus, lobis basi squamula parva auctis. Stamina 5, filamentis in centro floris basi in columnam connatis superne liberis; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0 (v. ad apicem columnæ inter stamina parvum 3-partitum, Muell. Arg.). Fl. 2: Calyx quam in & minus alte divisus. Ovarium 3-loculare, vertice truncatum; styli breves, patentes, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Seminum albumen carnosum, cotyledones planæ latæ.—Frutex habitu Sauropodis. Folia alterna, disticha, membranacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores ad axillas fasciculati, & minuti, breviter pedicellati, 2 sæpius in eadem axilla solitarii, pedicello elongato.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola, a Baillono ad Andrachnem relata, sed petalorum absentia et squamellis ad basin perianthii potius Sauropodi affinis videtur, et vix nostro sensu ab eo separanda, filamentis superne liberis et ovarii rudimento in fl. 3 ex Muell. Arg. evoluto. Hoc tamen in floribus minutis in speciminibus nostris vix perfectis haud deteximus.

34. Phyllanthus, Linn. Gen. n. 1050. — Flores monoici rarissime dioici, apetali. Discus varius v. 0. Fl. 3: Sepala 6, 5 v. rarius 4, distincta v. rarius basi breviter connata, imbricata, plus minus distincte 2-seriata, omnia similia herbacea v. subpetaloidea v. exteriora breviora. Stamina in centro floris 3, rarius 2 v. 5 v. rarissime 6 00, filamentis liberis v. in columnam centralem connatis; antherarum loculi nunc distincti paralleli longitudinaliter dehiscentes nunc divergentes quoad connectivum oblique v. subtransversim 2-valvati v. horizontaliter in unum confluentes. andimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx maris v. rigidior. Ovarium 3-∞-loculare; styli distincti v. plus minus connati, integri v. sæpius 2-fidi, erecti v. recurvo-patentes, subulati v. plano-dilatati, superne introrsum v. margine stigmatosi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula sicca v. carnosa, demum sæpissime in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, rarius loculicida v. vix dehiscens. Semina (dum omnia perfecta) transversim 3-angularia, dorso convexa, angulo interiore recta, estrophiolata, testa membranacea v. crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus v. leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus planis rectisque v. rarius flexuosis.--Herbæ frutices v. arbores, habitu vario. Folia integerrima, alterna v. rarissime opposita, sepius disticha, ramulis folia pinnata haud raro simulantibus. Flores parvi, axillares v. rarius ad nodos ramulorum aphyllorum, & sæpius 🗢 glomerati, subsessiles v. distincte pedicellati, rarius pauci rarissime solitarii, 2 in eadem axilla v. in ramulo distincto pauci v. solitarii, longius pedicellati.

Species enumeratæ ad 450, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in temperatis rariores, in Europa et Asia Rossica desunt, in America boreali perpaucæ inveniuntur, et paucæ tantum in Africa australi et Australia extratropica crescunt. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 275, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xv. ii. 25, t. 3 ad 10. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 93.

Genus numero specierum vix *Crotoni* cedens, et difficillime in sectiones naturales dividendum, etsi diversitates insignes ostendit in disco, in calyce, in filamentorum antherarum v. stylorum numero v. evolutione, et a pluribus auctoribus in genera plurima divellitur. Mueller Argoviensis sectiones 44 in Prodromo distinxit, quibus addidit 2 in Flora Brasiliensi; plures tamen sunt potius species singulæ charactere uno alterove parum abnormes, et majores, exceptis *Glochidio Synostemone et Xylophyllo*, vix naturales; species nonnullæ, e.g. *Euphyllanthi* v. *Paraphyllanthi*, speciebus in altera sectione separatis similiores sunt quam illis in eadem sectione inclusis. Cæterum divisiones sequentes, a pluribus genera propria nuncupata, insigniores sunt.

#### \* Discus in utroque sexu deficiens.

1. Glochidium. Arbores fruticesve gerontogei, foliis sæpius coriaceis majusculis v. amplis. Stamina 3-co, antheris erectis in columna centrali sessilibus. Ovarium 3-co-loculare; styli breves crussi, erecti, basi sæpe connati. Species enumeratæ ultra 100, plures tamen ægre distinguendæ, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Phyllanthi series 1, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 275. Glochidion, Forst. Char. Gen. 113, t. 57. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 3. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 341. Wight, Ic. t. 1906 ad 1908. Bradleia, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 127, t. 109. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 76 ad 78. Cav. Io. t. 371. Gynoon, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 17, t. 3. Wight, Ic. t. 1909. Glochisandra, Wight, Ic. v. ii. 28, t. 1905. Lobocahpus, W. et Arn. Prod. Fl. Penins. 7. Glochidionopsis, Blume, Bijdr. 588.

- In P. obscuro, Willd., affinibusque capsula dura dense tomentosa subglobosa non sulcata tardius a b asi breviter dehiscens; in speciebus nonnullis (e.g. P. ramifloro) fructus fere Fluggee nisi 5-6-merus, pericarpio maturo irregulariter rupto; semina ut videtur pulpo immersa, testa nitida crustacea ventre duplicata inter laminas cava.
- 2. Synostemon. Suffrutices v. herbæ perennes Australienses, foliis parvis. Stamina 3, antheris erectis columnæ centrali adnatis. Ovarium 3-loculære; styli distincti v. basi connati. Species enumeratæ 12. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 97. Synostemon, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. i. 32.
  - \*\* Discus evolutus v. rarius in uno sexu deficiens. Capsula carnosa v. baccata.
- 3. Cicca. Arbores fruticesve. Ramuli floriferi imprimis & sæpe aphylli racemos simulante inflorescentia tamen interdum normalis. Sepala et stamina sæpissime 4, filamentis liberis. Ovarium sæpius 4- v. 2-loculare; styli patentes. Species paucæ, gerontogeæ et Americanæ tropicæ, quarum typica Asiatica in America inquilina inflorescentia sæpius aphylla v. paucifoliata, Cicca, Linn. Mant. n. 1275. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burn. ii. 351. TRICARYUM, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 557. STAUROTHYRAX, Griff. Notul. iv. 476. Species 3 v. 4, Americanæ, florum glomerulis ad normam generis axillaribus. Wurtzia, Baill. Adans. i. 186, t. 7.

PROSORUS, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ. iv. 345, Thwaites in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. t. 10, et Calococcus, Kurz ex Teijsm. et Binnend. in Batav. Natuurk. Tijdschr. xxvi. 48, ob flores 4-meros a Muell. Arg. in sectione Cicca includuntur, sed ovarium 3-merum et capsula sicca potius Paraphyllanthum indicant.

Hedycarpidium, est P. javanicus, Muell. Arg., qui a Cicca differre dicitur staminibus monadelphis. Fructus tamen indescriptus est.

4. Kirganelia. Frutices habitu Phyllanthi normalis. Stamina 5, filamentis sepe nec semper plus minus connatis. Ovarium 3- $\infty$ -loculare; styli patentes, distincti v. basi connati. Species omnes gerontogese. Kirganelia, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 21, t. 4.

Anisonema, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 19, t. 4, Wight, Ic. t. 1899, ob stamina 5, sæpe inæqualia 3 cæteris longiora v. altius connata, et Peltandra, Wight, Ic. v. 24, t. 1891, 1892, staminibus 5 æqualibus, filamentis ad medium connatis, ad Kirganeliam referentur, sed capsula sicca potius Paraphyllanthi.

Fluggeopsis, est P. fluggeiformia, Muell. Arg. (P. glaucus, Wall. Cat. n. 5927), species Nepalensis staminibus ut in Peltandra 5 æqualibus, filamentis liberis, antheris Paraphyllanthi, fructu ignoto verisimiliter capsulari. Kirganuliæ duæ Blancoi in Prodromo memoratæ errore typographico sub Fluggeopside collocatæ sunt.

5. Emblica. Stamina sæpius 3 et antheræ erectæ loculis parallelis Paraphyllanthi. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis connatis. Species Asiatica, Brand. For. Fl. t. 52. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 258. EMBLICA, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 122, t. 108. Wight, Ic. c. 1896. DICHELACTINA, Hance in Walp. Ann. iii. 375. Mueller Arg. in Prodromo sub sectione Emblica species plures includit habitu vario, fructu sicco v. subcarnoso, stylis in omnibus plus minus in columnam connatis apice tantum liberis divergentibus nec a basi liberis ut in Paraphyllantho.

# \*\*\* Discus evolutus. Capsula sicca.

- 6. Emblicastrum. Stamina 3-4, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ didymæ Paraphyllanthi. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis in columnam longam apice brevissime 3-lobam connatis. Species unica ex ins. Madura Archipelagi Malayani, a Teijsm. et Binnend. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 229, sub Scepasmate parvifolio enumerata, rite a Muell. Arg. in Prod. 324 ad Phyllanthum relata, etsi pluribus notis in genere singularis. Habitus quam in Emblica rigidior, fere P. pulchri, Wall. v. P. (Scepasmatis) buxifolii, Muell. Arg. Flores in axillis solitarii, subsecundi, intra bracteas 3 (bractea cum bracteolis) minimas latas laceras sessiles, ♂ minimi sepalis 4 latis membranaceis, ♀ majores sepalis 5 rigidis erectis lanceolatis, quod in nulla alia specie observatur. Discus hypogynus denticulatus. Styli columna ovario triplo saltem le igior.
- 7. Williamia. Arbusculæ Cubenses. Stamina 10-15, antheris erectis in columna centrali sessilibus distinctis loculis parallelis. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis v. stigmatibus subsessilibus unilateraliter peltiformibus patentibus inciso-lobatis. Williamia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 559, t. 27.
- 8. Paraphyllanthus. Frutices v. herbæ habitu variæ amphigeæ. Stamina 3, rarissime 2 v. 4-6, filamentis liboris v. plus minus connatis, antheris erectis distinctis, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli patentos, distincti v. basi breviter connati, sæpius plus minus bifidi. Species præsertim in orbe vetere numerosæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1895. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 225. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 46. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 3, f. 2, t. 7, f. 1. Sectio minime naturalis, ab Euphyllantho propter antherarum indolem separata, etiam sequentes Prodromi facile includit.

VOL. III,

Henricicoa, Baill. Etud. Euph. 645, species Japonica, sepalis supe nec in omnibus floribus ad 4, staminibus ad 2 reductis. Styli indivisi, sed in Paraphyllastho quoad divisionem valde diversi.

Pseudomenarda, est P. purpureus, Muell. Arg., species Africana, stylis brevibus latis crassis more sectionis patentibus sed basi brevissime connatis.

Microglochidion, species continet 2 Guianenses, stylis (a speciminibus nostris jam delapsis) ex Muell. Arg. ut in Hemicioca indivisis.

Ciccastrum, species Brasiliensis, a Microglochidio distincta filamentis basi connatis. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 4.

Orricularia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 616, species paucæ Indiæ occidentalis, staminibus sæpe 6. Cætera Paraphyllanthi.

Catastylium, species Jamaicensis magna, foliis amplis coriaceis, ramulis floriferis aphyllis ad ramos vetustos racemiformibus. Inflorescentia Cicca. Capsula sicca videtur ceeteraque Paraphyllanthi.

9. Euphyllanthus. Herbæ fruticesve rarius arborescentes, foliis sæpius parvis v. membranaceis distichis, habitu tamen vario. Stamina in speciebus typicis 3, in aliis 5-6 v. 2, filamentis liberis v. plus minus connatis; antheræ distinctæ v. rarius confluentes divergentes v. reflexæ, loculis obliquis divergentibus v. horizontaliter divaricatis distinctis v. confluentibus. Ovarium 3 loculare; styli liberi v. breviter connati. Capsula sicca. Species in utroque orbe numerosæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1894. Miq. Stirp. Surin. t. 31. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 6, f. 1, t. 7, f. 2, t. 8, 9. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 16, 17 (pessime). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 116. Conami, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 926, t. 354. Macrea, Wight, Ic. iv. ii. 27, t. 1901, 1902. Synexemia et Geminabia, Rafin. ex Muell. Arg. Genera sequentia auctorum v. sectiones Prodromi sub Euphyllantho includenda videntur.

MEBOREA, Aull. Pl. Gui. ii. 825. t. 323 (Rhopium, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 608. Tephranthus. Neck. Elem. ii. 235), est species Guianensis, filamentis superne liberis, antheris ab apice filamenti v. a connectivo prominente valde divaricatis fere reflexis.

CATHETUS, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 607, ex charactere dato a Seemannio et a Muell. Arg. confirmato, est P. cinerascens, Hook. et Arn.; Seem. Bot. Her. t. 97 (P. fasciculatus, Muell. Arg.) in Prodromo pro sectione distinctus antheris ab apice pendulis nec a basi eroctis. Antheræ tamen, in icone citata haud bene delineatæ, nobis videntur ut in cæteris Euphyllanthis basi nec apice affixæ, angulo recto divergentes v. plus minus reflexæ.

Anisolobium, est P. Welvutschianus, Muell. Arg., ex Africa tropica, andrecio omnino Catheti, sed sepala interiora exterioribus duplo longiora.

CERAMANTHUS, Hussk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 240. est P. gracilis, Baill., andreccio fere Catheti, sed pro sectione distinctus disco in utroque sexu maximo urceolato.

MENARDA, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 23, t. 6, species continet Africanas v. Mascarenses, ab Euphyllantho distincts staminibus sæpius 5, nec 3, quod revera in P. pentandro, Schum., aliisque observavimus, in speciminibus tamen Africanis a Muell. Arg. ad P. tenellum relatis sæpe 3 tantum invenimus. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 30, t. 6, f. 2, speciem addidit Brasiliensem floribus & 5-meris 5-andris.

ASTERANDRA, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 200, species 2 includit ex America tropica, staminibus vulgo 6 (rarius paucis v. usque ad 9), filamentis ad apicem in columnam connatis, antheris radiatopatentibus v. demum reflexis. Styli in columnam brevem connati, apicibus stigmatosis patentibus petaloideo-dilatatis.

O alystylis, est species Americana, P. (Asterandræ) grandifloro quam maxime affinis, stylis tamen infra dilatationem stigmatosum longioribus.

Ciccopel'andra, est species Brasiliensis, antheris Euphyllanthi sed 5 nec 3, floribus Q fructuque ignotis.

Hemiphyllanthus, species continet paucas Americanas, inter se habitu valde dissimiles, ab Euphyllantho separatas ob stylos plus minus connatos integros v. vix 2-lobos.

In P. cyclanthera affinibusque ex India occidentali, antheræ (2 v. 3?) circa apicem columnæ brevis sessiles, loculis omnibus in unam circularem confluentibus.

Epistylium, Swartz, Fl. Ind. Occid. 1095, t. 22, species 2 continet Jamaicenses a nobis non visas, 2-andras, racemis axillaribus v. ut in Catastylio in ramis vetustis lateralibus, stylis longe in columnam connatis. Grisebach E. cauliforum, Sw. in P. (Catastylio) cladantho, Muell. Arg. agnovit, perperam tamen ex Muell. Arg., qui speciem veram Swartzii vidit.

10. Reidia. Frutices sæpe arborescentes, foliis sæpius parvis v. membranaceis. Sepala sæpius in flore ζ 4, in flore ♀ 4-6. Stamina 2, antheris ad apicem columnæ sessilibus, loculis disjunctis

cruciatim dispositis antheras 4 uniloculares simulantibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti. Species omnes gerontoges. REDIA, Wight, Io. v. 27, t. 1903, 1904.

ERICCOCCUS, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bog. 242, nomen a Muell. Arg. ad sectionem totam extensum, ab auctore affixum fuit ad species ovario capsulaque lanatis; Reidia, Wight, includit etiam species ovario capsulaque glabris.

Eriococcoides, Muell. Arg., est P. acutissimus, Miq., antherarum loculis parallelis v. leviter divergentibus, cesterum more Reidiæ cruciatim affixis. In Reidiis typicis antherarum loculi ut in Euphyllantho breves divergentes.

NYMPHANTHUS, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 543, nobis ignotus, ab Ericoccoide differre dicitur ovario 6-loculari, ex auctore tamen 3-loculare est, et character Euphyllantho convenit etsi auctor etiam speciem Paraphyllanthi includat.

Schpasma, Blume, Bijdr. 582, Baill. Etnd. Euph. t. 25, species unica ex Archipelago Malayano, a Reidia non differt nisi pistillo 5-8-mero. Habitus P. pulchri, Wall.

- P. elegans, Wall, affinesque, insignes sunt sepalis margine fimbriatis. P. macrocalyx, Muell. Arg, calyce fructifero valde aucto foliaceo ab omnibus Asiaticis distinguitur, calyx fructifer pariter auctus foliaceus observatur etiam in speciebus paucis Australiensibus v. Novo-Caledonicis aliarum sectionum.
- 11. Xylophyllu. Frutices aphylli, ramulis compressis linearibus v. sæpius valde dilatatis, nodis floriferis marginalibus dentiformibus. Characteres florales et carpici modo Paraphyllanthi modo Euphyllanthi. Species omnes Americanæ. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 10. XYLOPHYLLA, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 200. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 108. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 348. Bot. Mag. t. 1021, 2652. Bot. Reg. t. 373. Genesiphylla, L'Hér. Sert. Angl. 29. Choretropsus a Muellero pro sectione separatur ob ramulos teretes tenues, nodis floriferis vix immersis. Species unica Brasiliensis.

Supersunt species Novo-Caledonicæ ad 18 in Prodromo in sectiones 7 distributæ quas rite examinare in speciminibus nostris sæpe floribus perpaucis donatis nequivimus. Nonnullæ habitum præbent Glochidii et discus pariter deest sed styli subpatentes videntur, in plerisque disci glandulæ plus minus evolvuntur. In Gomphidio, Baill., perianthii segmenta interiora ut in Anisolobio exterioribus cons, icue longiora. In P. eneo, Baill., discus ex Muell. Arg. evolutus est quod a Baillono negatur. Flores 3 2 examinavimus, in uno glandulas minutas vidimus, in altero nullas deteximus. Cæterum hæ omnes species in collectione Novo-Caledonica ditissima Musei Parisiensis ulterius elaborandæ.

Formæ abnormes in genere insigniores observantur ramulis floriferis brevibus tenuibus aphyllis racemulos axillares simulantes in P. Martii, Muell. Arg., paucisque aliis, et pariter racemiformibus ad ramos vetustos lateralibus in P. distucho, Muell. Arg. (Cicca distucha, Linn.), P. caulifloro (Epistylio, Sw.), P. cladantho, Muell. Arg., aliisque paucis. In his tamen flores secus rhachin dense glomerati nec ut in Antidesmate affinibusque sparsi v. bracteis fulti, et racemuli  $\mathfrak P$  interdum in ramulos foliatos excrescunt. In P. bæobotryoide, Muell. Arg., tamen racemi  $\mathfrak F$  stricte axillares simplices tenuesque. Folia opposita observantur in speciebus paucis Novo-Caledonicis et in P. oppositifolio, Baill. ex ins. Mascarensibus. In P. fluitante, Spruce (sub hoc nomine jam in herbariis a Muellero examinatis signato), caules brevissimi, fluitantes, foliiq supra aquam expansis habitu Salvinue.

- P. verruoosus, Thunb., seu sectio Piciostemon, Muell. Arg., nobis videtur ad Securinegam referendus, P. congestus, Muell. Arg., ab auctore ipso serius ad Securinegam translatus est. P. Wightianus, Muell. Arg. (Chorizandra, Wight, Ic. vi. 13, t. 1994) vix a Fluggea obovata differt, ovarii rudimento (an revera?) deficiente.
- 35. Leptonema, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 19, t. 4.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. d: Calyx 5-partitus, segmentis imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis liberis; antheræ in alabastro recurvæ v. pendulæ, per anthesin erectæ, loculis ad apicem connectivi globosi distinctis. Ovarii r'dimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{2}{3} \): Calyx maris. Ovarium 3-5-loculare; styli subulati, 2-partiti; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula depressa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina . . .—Frutex ramosus. Folia alterna, longiuscule petiolata, integra, pennivenia, subtus pubescentia. Inflorescentiæ axillares, fl. \( \frac{2}{3} \) in umbellam pedunculatam dispositi, \( \frac{2}{3} \) solitarii longius pedunculati. (Char. ex Juss. et Muell. Arg.)
- Species 1, Madagascarieusis, a nobis non visa. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 445. Genus, evidenter Phyllantho valde affine, differt florum & umbella seu fasciculo pedunculato, et antheris fere Antidesmatis, ab hoc genere quocum jungit Baill. Hist. Pl. v. 247, longe distut inflorescentia, disci et ovarii rudimenti e fl. & absentia, ovario, stylis et fructu.
  - 36. Securinega, Juss. Gen. 388.—Flores monoici v. dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Sepala 5.

imbricata. Disci lobi v. glandulæ 5, staminibus alterni. Stamina 5 v. rarius pauciora, filamentis liberis sepalis oppositis; antheræ erectæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum plus minus evolutum, parvum v. longiuscule 2–3-fidum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus subinteger. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, recurvi, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula sicca v. carnosula, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Seminum testa membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea, non lacunosa; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Frutices ramosi. Folia alterna, integerrima, sæpe parva. Flores ad axillas glomerati, 3 parvi, numerosi, subsessiles, ? pauciores v. solitarii, evidentius pedicellati.

Species ad 8, per varias regiones tropicas v. temperatas dispersee. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 14, t. 2. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 447 (excl. Fluggea), et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 76, t. 11.

Genus in omnibus Phyllantho (sect. Paraphyllantho v. fere Cicce) convenit, excepto ovarii rudimento in fl. 5 evoluto. Species typica Madagascariensis bene ab A. Jussieuo a Fluggea distinguitur. Geblera. Fisch. et Mey. Ind. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 1835, 28. ex Asia temperata, et Colmbinoa, Reut. in Mem. Soc. Phyt. Genev. x. 240, t. 6, e Hispania, rite in Prodromo in Securinega includuntur. Meineckia, Baill. Etuh. 586, species arabica a nobis non visa, ab auctore a Securinega distinguitur petalis in fl. 2 evolutis etsi minutis, quæ tamen a Muell. Arg. negantur. Phyllanthus congestus. Spruce, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 379, e Brasilia, rite a Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. 1. c. ad Securinegam transfertur. S. acidothamnus e Cuba, S. elliptica ex America australi, et S. Schuechiana. Muell. Arg., e Brasilia, sunt etiam vere congeneres. Pibiostemon, Sond. in Linuxa, xxiii. 135, ex Africa australi, in Prodromo pro sectione Phyllanthi receptum, nobis tam habitu quam characteribus Securinega parvifoliis congener videtur. Ovarii rudimentum semper invonimus etsi sæpius minimum, interdum vero filamentis vix brevius. Fluggea trichogynis, Baill., e Madagascaria, nobis ignota est, sed verisimiliter recto jure in Securinega includitur. Bessera, Spreng. Pugill. ii. 90, genus est valde dubium, character instructus est ad Koeleram, Willd., quæ dubie ad Flaconrium a pluribus refertur.

37. **Meorespera**, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 488.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 
3: Sepala 5-6, subpetaloidea, imbricata. Stamina 5-6, circa discum centralem latum planum affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 

□: Calycis lobi v. segmenta quam in mare angustiora. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, patentes, indivisi, elongati et clavati v. breviores apice dilatati; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula coriacea, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina leviter compressa, estrophiolata, testa lævi, nitida; albumen copiosum; embryo fere rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Frutices. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, parvula, integerrima, coriacea. Flores ad axillas fasciculati, ♂ numerosi, quam in Fluggea majores, ♀ in fasciculo solitarii, longius pedicellati.

Species 2, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 116. Genus a Baillono ad sectionem Securinega reductum, nobis abunde distinctum videtur florum 3 structura, stylis indivisis et habitu.

38. Fluggea, Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 757.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Sepala 5, subpetaloidea, imbricata. Stamina 5 v. rarius pauciora, glandulis disci alterna, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 2-3-fidum. Fl. &: Calyx maris. Discus planus, annularis, dentatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, recurvi, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus subsuccosus, pericarpio tenui indehiscente v. irregulariter rupto nec in coccos secedente. Semina subtriquetra, dorso rotundata, testa crustacea ventre duplicata inter laminas cava; albumen haud copiosum, circa cavum incurvum; embryo incurvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis planis.—Frutices. Folia alterna, disticha, petiolata, integerrima. Flores minimi, axillares, pedicellati, & in axillis sæpius numerosi, & pauci v. solitarii. Stamina exserta.

Species ad 6, Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ inter tropicos incolæ, a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 449, Securinegæ adscriptæ. Wight, Lc. t. 1875. Brandis, For. Fl. t. 54 (Securinega).

Genus fructu et seminibus a Securinega distinctum, a Breynia differt calyce et (uti Securinega a Phyllantho) ovarii rudimento in fl. 3 evoluto.

39. Breynia, Forst. Char. Gen. 145, t. 73. (Melanthesa, Blume, Bijdr. 590.)-Flores

monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx breviter turbinatus, supra planus, lobis v. dentibus 6 inflexis fere clausus. Stamina 3, filamentis in columnam centralem connatis; antheræ ad apicem columnæ sessiles, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Calyx turbinatus v. campanulatus, fructifer interdum auctus explanatus, lobis brevibus nunc ad dentes minutos reductis. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 3-loculare, superne carnosum; styli erecti v. patentes, indivisi v. apice 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Bacca globosa v. depressa, indehiscens. Semina triquetra, dorso rotundata, testa crustacea ventre duplicata inter laminas cava, extus in vivo sepius pulposa; albumen haud copiosum, circa cavum incurvum; embryo curvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis planis.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, sepius disticha et siccitate nigricantia. Flores axillares, parvi, pedicellati, in axillis solitarii v. & fasciculati, fasciculo rarius in racemum brevissimum excurrente. Baccæ sepius rubræ.

Species ad 12, Asiæ tropicæ, Australiæ et insularum maris Pacifici australis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 438. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 113. Wight, Ic. t. 1897, 1898 (Melanthesa). Bot. Mag. t. 1862 (Phyllanthus). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 731 (Phyllanthus).

In speciebus typicis styli breves erecti v. patentes, sæpius indivisi. Melanthesiopsis, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa, xxxii. 74, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 436, potius sectio quam genus distinctum, species 2 Asiaticas includit stylis longioribus apice patentibus bifidisque. Genera a Muellero distinguuntur seminibus arillo inclusis in Melanthesiopside exarillatis in Breyniæ. Seminum structura in utroque nobis eadem videtur. In vivo testæ stratus exterior plus minus pulposa dicitur et sæpe pro arillo pulposo describitur.

40. Petalostigma, F. Muell. in Hook. Kew Journ. ix. 16. (Hylococcus, R. Br. in Bauer Ic. ined.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. σ: Sepala 4-6, imbricata. Stamina ∞, filamentis basi in columnam centralem sæpe brevissimam connatis, superne liberis; antheræ erectæ, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala quam in σ angustiora, caducissima. Ovarium 4-loculare v. rarius 3-loculare; styli patentes, in laminas stigmatosas planas fere petaloideas expansi; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus ovoideo-globosus, primum drupam simulans, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio duro, demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina oblonga, strophiola parva, testa crustacea nitida non lacunosa; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbor. Folia alterna, integerrima. Flores axillares, ♂ glomerati, brevissime pedicellati, γ solitarii v. pauci, pedicellis longioribus.

Species 1, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 92. Baill. Adans. vii t. 2.

41. Putranjiva, Wall. Tent. Fl. Nap. 61. (Nageia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. iii. 766, non Gærtn.

—Flores dioici v. monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx tenuis, alte 3-6- (sæpius 5-) lobus v. partitus, lobis segmentisve inæqualibus imbricatis. Stamina 3 v. 2, rarius 4, filamentis in centro floris brevibus distinctis v. subconnatis; antheræ erectæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \(\varphi\): Calyx maris. Ovarium ovoideum, 3- v. 2-loculare; styli breves, patentes, in ramos latos carnosos papillosos expansi; ovula in loculis gemina. Drupa ovoidea v. globosa, endocarpio duro fere osseo, abortu 1-locularis 1-sperma. Semen ovoideum, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbores ligno duro. Folia alterna, integerrima, rigide membranacea v. coriacea, tenuiter pennivenia et reticulato-venosa. Flores axillares, & numerosi, brevissime pedicellati, dense glomerati, \(\varphi\) longius pedicellati, solitarii v. pauci.

Species\_2, Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 443. Endl. Iconogr. t. 19. Wight, Ic. t. 1876. Brand. For. Fl. t. 53. Royle, Ill. Himal. Pl. t. 83a (100).

In specie typica P. Roxburghii (inclusis P. sphærocarpa et P. amblyocarpa, Muell. Arg.) andrescum et pistillum sæpius 3-mera et flores (an semper?) dioici; in altera, quæ Palenga, Thu. in Hook. Kew Journ. viii. 270, t. 7, andrescum et pistillum sæpius 2-mera, styli minus dilatati, et in uno specimine flores certe monoicos vidimus.

42. Drypetes, Vahl, Ecl. iii. 49.—Flores dioid, apetali. Fl. 5: Sepala 4-6, imbricata. Stamina circa discum centralem planum v. concavum numero sepalorum sequalia v. subdupla, exteriora sepalis opposita ad margines v. in sinubus disci, interiora intra marginem affixa, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum in medio disco varium nunc minutum v. 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus vix prominens. Ovarium 1- rarius 2-loculare; stigmata 1-2, peltata v. reniformia, ad apicem ovarii sessilia v. breviter stipitata; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus ovoideus, 1-locularis, abortu 1-spermus v. rarius didymus 2-locularis 2-spermus, subdrupaceus, indehiscens, carne subcoriacea, endocarpio duro nunc osseo. Semina estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia alterna, coriacea, integerrina v. obscure sinuato-dentata, pennivenia. Flores ad axillas glomerati, sessiles v. pedicellati, d sepius numerosi, ¥ pauciores.

Species 9, Brasilise, Indise occidentalis et Floridse incolse. Muell. Arg. in. DC. Prod. xv. ii. 453, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 79, t. 12. Poit. in Mem. Mus. Par. i. t. 6 ad 8.

FREIREODENDRON, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 244, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 17, t. 3, est Drypetes sesselfora, Allom., in Comment. a Soc. Vell. edit., a genere separata ob ovarii rudimentum in fl. 3 0. Flores 3 tamen ex icone sola noti, discus in hac icone glaber apparet, sod ex descriptione auctoris pilosiusculus est, et staminum insertio nobis omnino eadem apparet ac in speciebus nonnullis Cubensibus. ubi discus in centro floris pilosiusculus parum convexus, vix in ovarii rudimentum protrusus.

43. Forchhammeria, Liebm. in Vidensk. Meddel. Naturh. Forcn. Kjobenh. 1853, 93.

—Flores (dioici) apetali. Fl. &: Calyx minutus, 4-8-dentatus, dentibus inequalibus sensim obsoletis. Stamina & (16-24), toro brevissimo carnoso affixa, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum in medio toro sessile, brevissime 2-lobum. Fl. : Calyx maris. Discus brevissimus, in dentes minimos 8-12 deciduos productus. Ovarium 2-loculare; stigmata in discum sessilem orbiculato-peltatum obscure 2-lobum connata; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, 2-locularis v. abortu 1-locularis, subdrupaceus, indehiscens, carne exteriore tenui, endocarpio crasso spongioso-mucoso (v. demum indurato?). Semina in loculis abortu solitaria, estrophiolata, testa subcoriacea; albumen 0; cotyledones convolutæ, carnosæ.—Arbor glabra. Folia alterna, ad apices ramulorum sæpe conferta, petiolata, oblonga, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Racemi ad nodos defoliatos laterales, breves.

Species 1, Mexicana. Specimen nostrum a Liebmannio acceptum haud perfectum et characteren pro parte e descriptione auctoris excerpimus. Stipulas negat Liebmann sed in specimine certe adsunt parvæ, rigidulæ subulatæ. Generis ab auctore dubie ad Capparideus relati jam supra i 108 affinitatem cum Euphorbiaceis indicavimus, inter quas Drypetidi proximum videtur. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1258, ex ordine rejicit. ob semina exalbuminosa cotyledonibus convolutis, semina tamen similia observantur in Discocarpo affinibusque.

4. Remicyclia, W. et Arn. in Edinb. New Phil. Journ. xiv. 297. (Periplexis, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8022. Astylis, Wight, Ic. t. 1992. Anaua, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 410.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Sepala 4-5, valde imbricata, interiora sæpius majora subpetaloidea. Stamina & (4-23), circa discum centralem latum concavum integrum v. margine undulatum affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ?: Calyx maris. Discus hypogynus planus, annularis. Ovarium oblique ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma sæsile, late reniforme v. semi-orbiculare, planum v. recurvum, integrum v. emarginatum; ovula in loculo gemina. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, drupaceus, indehiscens, exocarpio mucoso, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato nunc osseo. Semen abortu sæpius unicum, oblongum, hinc sulcatum, testa haud crassa; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, demum coriacea. Flores sd axillas v. ad nodos ramulorum defolistorum, parvi, pedicellati. & pauci fasciculati, ? sæpius solitarii.

Species 9, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 487. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 117. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 365. Wight. Ic. t. 1872. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 279.

Genus a Cyclostemone differt ovario ad carpellum unicum reducto. Fructus endocarpium variat tenue v. induratum, character tamen valde incertus nec ad sectiones distinguendas sufficit.

45. Cyclostemen, Blume, Bijdr. 597. (Sphragidia, Thw. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 269, t. 10. Pycnosandra, Blume, Mus. Bot. ii. 191. Laneasagum, Bedd. in Madras Journ. Sc. ser. 2, vi. 71.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. δ: Sepala 4, rarius 5, lata, imbricata, alabastris sæpius globosis. Stamina ∞, pauca v. numerosa, circa discum centralem planum v. concavum affixa, filamentis liberis calyce brevioribus; antheræ erectæ, interdum magnæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. γ: Calyx maris. Discus hypogynus annularis v. obsoletus. Ovarium 2-4-loculare; styl breves nunc brevissimi, stigmatibus crassis valde dilatatis v. in unum pileiformem connatis (rarius elongatis filiformibus?); ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus (in C. macrophyllo et C. natalensi) subglobosus, indehiscens, pericarpio crasso indurato 2-loculari. Semina in loculis abortu solitaria; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Arbores. Folia alterna, coriacea v. submembranacea, integerrima v. crenatodentata. Flores tam ♀ quam ♂ ad axillas v. ad nodos ramorum vetustiorum fasciculati, pedicellati.

Species ad 18, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani v. Africæ tropicæ inco'æ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 481. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 363. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 278, et Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 183. Harv. Thes Cap. t. 200.

Genus a Muell. Arg. in sectiones 3 dividitur. In speciebus typicis stamina sæpius ultra 10, ovarium 2-loculare, stigmata dilatata subsessilia. Stenogynium paullulum differt staminibus paucioribus, stylis sub stigmatibus parum productis. Dodecastemon, Hassk. in Verh. Akad. Amst. iv. 141. ex ejusd. Hort. Bogor. 63, pro sectione Cyclostemonis in Prodromo admissum, species not is ignota, ovario 3-4 loculari, stylis filiformibus, vix congener videtur.

46. Dissiliaria, F. Muell.; Baill. Adans. vii. 356.—Flores monoici (v. dioici !), apetali. Fl. δ: Sepala 4-6, imbricata, interioribus paullo majoribus subpetaloideisque. Discus (an semper !) 0. Stamina 4-6 v. α, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ dorsifixa, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. γ. Sepala 3-4, interioribus interdum minoribus. Discus annularis v. cyathiformis. Ovarium breve, 3-loculare; styli lineares, patentes, indivisi, liberi v. basi breviter connati; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, pericarpio durc. Semina estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia opposita, integerrima v. crenulata, pennivenia, tenuiter reticulata. Flores parvi, axillares v. gemma terminali nondum evoluta subterminales, δ minimi fasciculati, brevissime pedicellati, γ pauci v. solitarii. Capsulæ sæpius solitariæ.

Species 3, Australiae tropicae v. orientalis subtropicae incolae. Beuth. Fl. Austral. vi. 90.

Choriceras, Baill. Adans. xi. 119, est verisimiliter D. tricornes, Benth., cujus carpellorum apices jam in flore distincti sunt, et stylorum cicatrices v. bases persistentes in fructu dissiti, tubercula v. cornua brevia ad apices coccorum relinquunt. Flores tamen tam  $\delta$  quam  $\varphi$  specierum Dissiliariæ adhuc imperfecte noti sunt. Styli basi arcte approximati v. valde dissiti in codem genere observantur in Stylocerate et in Buso.

47. Zengetta, Baill. Adans. vi. 352, t. 9.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Sepala 6, rarius 5, imbricata, concava, exteriora sæpe paullo minora. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-18), receptaculo parum elevato pilosulo affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis extrorsum parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl.  $\mathbb P}$ : Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare, per anthesin carnosulum, apice in stylos brevissimos crassos obcordatos patentes divisum; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula ovoidea, subtriquetra, loculicide dehiscens v. in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina strophiolata; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Frutex glaber. Folia opposita, coriacea. Flores parvi, pedicellati, 3 umbellato-fasciculati, umbel-

lulis in axillis superioribus sessilibus v. pedunculatis,  $\varphi$  in media umbella solitarii (v. in axilla propria solitarie pedunculati?).

Species nobis nota 1, Novo-Caledonica, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 244. Huic addidit Baillon, Hist. Pl. v. 250, alteram ex cadem insula oligandram a nobis non visam.

48. Burssavia, Baill. Adans. xi. 83.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. β: Sepala 4, imbricata. Stamina ∞ (8-12), receptaculo irregulariter 4-6-gono affixa, filamentis liberis erectis; antheræ extrorsum 2-rimosæ. Fl. φ: Sepala 3-4, brevia, basi crassiuscula, imbricata. Discus annularis, submembranaceus, incisus v. fimbriatus. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; styli brevissime connati, patentes, crasso-carnosi, medio sulcati, indivisi; ovula in loculis gemina, sub obturatore magno carnoso fere occulta. Fructus subdrupaceus, exocarpio coriaceo-subcarnoso ab endocarpio in valvas 3-4 solubili, endocarpio duro demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliente. Semina strophiolata; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores parvæ, glabræ. Folia opposita, breviter nunc brevissime petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores axillares v. ad nodos defoliatos, β parvi, in racemulis brevibus v. cymis fasciculatis crebris numerosi, φ subsessiles v. breviter pedicellati, solitarii v. glomerati. (Char. fl. cr. Baill.)

Species editæ 2, Novo-Caledonicæ, quarum specimina fructifera tantum nobis adsunt et genus ostendunt Longetiæ valde affine et verisimiliter et adjungendum. Speciei tertiæ specimina nuperrime accepimus a J. Horne in insulis Fiji lecta, omnia fæminea floribus fructibusque Buræaviæ v. Longetiæ convenientia, misi stylis in discum planum stigmatosum fere omnino connatia

49. Choriophyllum, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1280.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Sepala 4, rarius 5-6, membranacea, lata, valde imbricata. Stamina 4, circa receptaculum v. ovarii rudimentum conicum affixa, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis exsertis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis extrorsum contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Fl. ♀: Sepala 4, crassa, carnosa, lata, circa ovarium arcte imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, erecti, apice brevissime patentes, crassi, obtusi, indivisi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens, endocarpio cartilagineo. Semina in loculis gemina v. abortu solitaria, oblonga, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores glabræ. Folia opposita, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, tenuiter pennivenia. Racemuli ♂ ad axillas v. nodos vetustos subterni v. prope basin opposite ramosi, folio breviores, floribus parvis secus rhachin in cymulas paucas laxas dispositis. Flores ♀ in spicis sessilibus pauci sessiles.

Species 1, quoad foliorum formam et magnitudinem variabilis, Archipelagi Malayani incols. Waltich, Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7975; Gruffith; Mainyay; Beccari, n. 3270, 3305, 3329, 3344.

50. Toxicodendron, Thunb. in Akad. Vetensk. Handl. Stockh. 1796, 188, t. 7. (Hyrenachne, Lamb. Descr. Cinch. 1797, 52, t. 10.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. δ: Sepala 5–12, brevia, irregulariter imbricata, interioribus sepe minoribus. Stamina ∞, flamentis brevissimis in receptaculo lato dense conferta; antheræ majusculæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum in centro floris minimum v. antheris vix brevius, rarius obsoletum. Fl. φ: Sepala interiora exterioribus multo majora. Ovarium villosum, 3–4-loculare; styli (a nobis non visi) 3–4, basi connati, apice patentes, crassi, indivisi, dense papillosi (ex ic. Lamb.); ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula subglobosa, crassa, dura, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Seminum testa crustacea, nitida; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbusculæ rigide ramosissimæ. Folia opposita v. sæpius verticillata, integerrima, rigide coriacea. Flores axillares, δ dense cymulosi cymulis breviter pedunculatis, v. laxius racemosi, φ solitarii, breviter pedicellati.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 480. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 23. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 214.

51. Mischodon, Thw. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 299, t. 10.-Flores dioici, apetali. Fl.

δ: Sepala 5-8, imbricata, sæpe inæqualia. Discus 0. Stamina 5-10, si segmentis isomera iis opposita, filamentis liberis filiformibus aspero-hirtis; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculıs parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, sæpius 3-lobum. Fl. ♀ (a nobis non visi): Discus annularis. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; styli breves, patentes, plani, crassiusculi, obovati, basi brevissime connati; ovula in loculis gemina (Beddome, ic. et descr.). Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duriuscule crustaceo. Semina in coccis abortu sæpius solitaria, ovata, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbor inflorescentia excepta glabra. Folia 3-4-natim verticillata, breviter petiolata, longa, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia, reticulata. Paniculæ axillares, folio multo breviores, ♂ densæ, floribundæ, floribus in ramulis confertis; ♀ laxiores, paucifloræ.

Species 1, Zeylanica. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1124. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 290.

52. Oldaeldia, Hook. Kew Journ. ii. 184, t. 6.—Flores dioici? apetali, ♀ ignoti. Fl. ♂ Calyx brevis, breviter et obtuse 5-7-fidus. Stamina ∞ (4-10), circa discum crassum villosulum breviter lobatum affixa, exteriora lobis perianthii opposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis distinctis ovoideis contiguis longitudinaliter sulcatis 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀ . . . ('apsula globosa, 3-sulca, pericarpio crasso duro in valvas integras medio septiferas loculicide dehiscente. Semina in loculis gemina v. abortu solitaria, oblique obovata, compressa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones plane, latissimæ.—Arbor præter inflorescentiam pubescentem glaber. Folia opposita, longe petiolata, digitatim 5-7-foliolata, foliolis petiolulatis integerrimis coriaceis penniveniis. Flores ♂ laxe cymulosi, cymulis ad axillas pedunculatis petiolo brevioribus.

Species 1, Africa tropica occidentalis incola. Genus a Muell, Arg. ex ordine rejicitur ob capsulæ dehiscentiam stricte loculicidam, quod tamen plus minus distincte in variis generibus (e.g. Agyneta. Baccaurea, Sapio altisque) observatur. Flores & fere Toxicodendri, ubi etiam folia opposita et capsula, dehiscentia excepta, simillima.

53. Bischoffs, Blume, Bijdr. 1168. (Microelus, Wight et Arn. in Edinb. New Phd. Journ. xiv. 298. Stylodiscus, Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 133, t. 29.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl.: Sepala 5, imbricata, concava, supra antheras fere cucullata. Stamina 5, filamentis brevibus; anthera magnæ, loculis parallelis distinctis medium versus affixis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve, latum. Fl. 2: Sepala leviter concava, caducissima. Staminodia parva fere glanduliformia interdum adsunt ad basin segmentorum. Ovarium 3- rarius 4-loculare; styli lineares, crassi, integri, a basi papillosi; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus subbaccatus, globosus, indehiscens, sæpius 3-locularis, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio pergameneo. Seminum testa crustacea (in vivo extus pulposa?); albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Arbor procera. Folia alterna, 3-foliolata, foliolis petiolulatis majusculis sæpius crenatis. Racemi laterales, præsertim in δ paniculato-ramosi. Flores δ secus rhachin sparsi v. subfasciculati, brevissime pedicellati, 2 longius pedicellati.

Species 1, per Asiam tropicam Archipelagum Malayanum et insulas maris Pacifici australis late dispersa. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 478. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 151. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 259. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 844. Wight, Ic. t. 1880 (Microelus).

Fructus in speciminibus siccis variat magnitudine, pedicellorum longitudine, et pericarpio tenuiore v. crassiore, sed formæ suppetentes nequaquam in species diversas distribuendæ videntur.

54. Piranhes, Baill. Adans. vi. 235, t. 6.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calycis parvi lobi v. segmenta 4-6, subimbricati, mox aperti. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-15), disco centrali glanduloso-lobato irregulariter affixa, filamentis liberis tenuibus; antheræ parvæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehisce ntibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala quam in 3 distinctiora. Staminodia  $\infty$ , breviter subulata, sub ovario basi uniseriatim in annulum connata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli lineares, crassi, recurvi, acutiusculi; ovula in loculis

gemina, strophiola majuscula obtecta. Capsula subglobosa, acuminata, dura, in coccos apice 2-valves dissiliens. Semina in loculis abortu solitaria, vix strophiolata, testa crassiuscule membranacea fere coriacea lævi; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbor. Folia alterna, digitatim 3-foliolata, foliolis amplis sub anthesi membranaceis demum coriaceis integerrimis in petiolulum contractis, petiolo communi longo. Racemi v. spicæ interruptæ, in ramis annotinis laterales, simplices, & graciles, Q abbreviati. Flores secus rhachin subsessiles, & fasciculati,  $\varphi$  sparsi. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis incola, Spruce n. 1598 et 1605, cum fl.  $\delta$  et  $\mathfrak{P}$ , et in Guiana anglica, Parker, specimen fructiferum.

55. Vapaca, Baill. Etud. Euph. 595.—Flores dioici, apetali. Involucrum perianthiforme, subglobosum, e bracteis 5-6 imbricatis primum flores obtegentibus demum seepius reflexis. Fl. δ: Amentum globosum v. ovoideum in involucro breviter stipitatum, floribus numerosis sessilibus. Calyx minimus, campanulatus v. turbinatus, dentatus v. 4-5-lobus. Discus 0. Stamina 4-5, filamentis distinctis breviter exsertis; antheræ erectæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum apice sæpius dilatatum. Flores φ intra involucrum solitarii, sessiles. Perianthium præter involucrum 0. Discus annularis v. breviter cyathiformis, integer v. sinuato-lobatus. Ovarium 3- rarius 2- v. 4-loculare; styli crassi, recurvi, superne dilatati varie ramosi; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus indehiscens, carnosus, endocarpio parum indurato 3-pyreno. Semina in pyrenis sæpius abortu solitaria, majuscula, a dorso compressa (testa in vivo extus pulposa ?); albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Arbores ramis validis. Folia alterna, ad apices ramorum plus minus conferta, sæpius obovato-oblonga, integerrima, pennivenia. Involucra in utroque sexu in ramis annotinis v. vetustioribus pedicellata, sparsa.

Species 7. Africae tropicae et Madagascarae incolse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 489. Baill. Adans. xi. 176. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1287. Involucrum floris ? ab auctoribus calyx dicitur, nobis omnino involucro & hemologum videtur, perianthio proprio in fl. & minimo, in fl. ? omnino deficiente.

56. Aporosa, B'ume, Bijdr. 514. (Lepidostachys, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 6816; Lindl. Introd. Nat. Nyst. ed. 2, 441. Scepa, Lindl. l.c. Tetractinostigma, Hassk. Hort. Bogor. Descr. 55.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Sepala 3-6, sepe inaqualia, membranacea, imbricata. Stamina 2-5, filamentis in centro floris liberis elongatis; antheræ parvæ, loculis subglobosis distinctis contiguis v. connectivo crassiusculo separatis, erectiusculis v. primum deflexis, longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum minutissimum v. 0. Fl. \(\pi\): Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, 2-fidi, lobis crassiusculis sæpe laciniatis; ovula in loculis gemina. Drupa fere exsucca, endocarpio crustaceo v. duriusculo, abortu sæpius 1-2-sperma, demum irregulariter rupta v. sub-2-valvis. Semina obovoidea, testa extus (an semper l) pulposa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores et arbusculæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores ad axillas spicati v. racemosi, spicis & amentiformibus sæpe fasciculatis, \(\pa\) brevibus laxioribus. Bracteæ latæ, concavæ, in spicis & sæpe submbricatæ, in \(\pa\) parvæ. Drupæ quam in Antidesmate sæpius majores.

Species ad 20, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 460. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 361. Baill. Adans. xi. 177. Wight, Io. t. 361 (Scepa). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 286.

Leiocarpus, Blume, Bijdr. 581. ad Aporosam refertur a Muell. Arg., qui specimina anthentica valit. Character Blumeanus vix convenit.

Antidesma lunatum, Miq.; Muell. Arg. 1.c. 251, ex speciminibus optimis d et  $\mathcal{C}$  a Maingayo lectis, cum specie affine Borneensi, Beccuri n. 1213, sunt Aporosa species, foliis magnis rugosis, stipulis amplis late falcatis insignes. Genus cæterum Baccaurea valde affine, differt ovarii rudimento subnullo et quodammodo habitu.

57. Daphniphytium, Blume, Bijdr. 1152. (Goughia, Wight, Ic. v. 22, t. 1878, 1879.

Gyrandra, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8020.) — Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta 3-8, parva, imbricata v. aperta. Stamina  $\infty$  (5-18), filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ magnæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis adnatis lateraliter 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Disci glandulæ v. squamæ 4-6 v. 0. Ovarium vix perfecte 2-loculare; styli distincti, crassiusculi, recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis gemina. Drupa oliviformis, indehiscens, sæpissime abortu 1-sperma. Seminis testa membranacea; albumen crasso-carnosum; embryo albumine quater ad sexies brevior, cotyledonibus ovatis oblongisve subplanis radicula parum latioribus.—Arbores glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, sæpe angusta, pennivenia. Racemi utrisque sexus axillares, breves, laxiusculi, bracteis minutis v. 0. Flores pedicellati, secus rhachin sparsi.

Species genuinæ 11, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 1. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 21. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 288. His addidit Muell. Arg. speciem ex Africa tropica occidentali quodammodo dubiam, florum & perianthio breviter 4-5-fldo nec partito, floribus \( \beta \) ignotis. Idem auctor genus ob embryonem brevem ad ordinem proprium Daphniphyllacearum producit, cui tamen assentiri nequimus. Habitus Baccaureæ, antheræ Toxicodendri, embryo etsi parvus ei Phyllanthearum plurium similior quam Stenolobiearum.

58. Baccaurea, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 661. (Pierardia, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 28, nomen tantum, descr. a Jack in Trans. Linn. Soc. xiv. 119, et Roxb. Fl. Ind. ii. 254. Adenocrepis, Blume, Bijdr. 579. Microsepala et Calyptroon, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 444 et 471.) -Flores dioici v. rarius racemi diversi sexus in eadem arbore, apetali. Discus () v. rarius parvus. Fl. 5: Sepala 4-5, imbricata. Stamina numero sepalorum æqualia v. rarius subdupla, filamentis liberis tenuibus; antherarum loculi parvi, longitudinaliter dehiscentes, contigui v. connectivo crassiusculo separati. Ovarii rudimentum plus minus evolutum. seepe apice in discum peltatum expansum. Fl. ?: Calyx maris. Ovarium 2-5-vulgo 3-loculare: styli (v. stigmata sessilia) breves, crassissimi v. plani, erecti v. patentes, apice seepius brevissime lobati v. fimbriati; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus ovoideus obovoideus v. globosus, pericarpio carnoso demum indurato sæpe lignoso indehiscente v. demum loculicide valvato. Semina abortu sepius pauca v. solitaria, majuscula, testa crassiuscule membranacea v. crustacea, in vivo extus pulposa, in parte inferiore sæpe (an semper?) duplex lacunam includens; albumen carnosum, haud crassum; embryo sæpius leviter incurvum, cotyledonibus latiusculis.—Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, petiolis sæpe longis basi apiceque subincrassatis, pennivenia, coriacea, integerrima v. leviter undulato-crenata. Flores racemosi, secus rhachin ad axillas bractearum solitarii v. d cymulosi, racemis sæpius in ramis annotinis v. vetustioribus solitariis v. fasciculatis simplicibus v. & subramosis. Pedicelli breves.

Species enumerate 33, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. nonnullæ tamon reducendæ et paucæ addendæ adhuc incditæ. Mucll. Ary in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 457. Wight, Ic. t. 1912, 1013 (Pierardia). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 280.

In Baccaureis typicis, sectionem Pierardiam constituentibus, fructus indehiscens. In Hedycarfo, Jack in Trans. Linn. Soc. xiv. 118, species plures Malayanas includente, pericarpium crassum, durum, demum loculicide dehiscit, dehiscentia tamen omnino eadem ac in pluribus generibus Euphorbiacearum et nescimus qua ratione genus ab Endlichero auctoribusque pluribus recentioribus ad Sapindaceas transfertur. Stamina 4 tantum sæpe etiam in Baccaureis typicis observantur, dehiscentia in speciebus nonnullis tardissima v. inconstans, et Hedycarpus pro sectione vix definita Baccaures habendus est.

PLATYSTIGMA, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7523, est species Silhetensis cujus flores Q tantum noti. Habitus Baccaures. Ovarium 1-loculare, 2-ovulatum. Stigma fere Hemicyclis. Genus est valde dubium, forte in Baccaurea includendum.

59. Cometia, Thou. ex Baill. Etud. Euph. 642; Hist. Pl. v. 244. – Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. δ: Sepala 3-5, imbricata. Discus 0. Stamina 3-5 in centro floris sub ovarii rudimento apice dilatato (Baill.). Ovarii rudimentum 0 (Muell. Arg.). Fl. ♀: Calyx ignotus. Discus annularis. Ovarium 1-loculare; stylus e basi dilatatus suborbicularis, excentricus,

carnosulus, supra papilloso-stigmatosus; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus drupaceus, indehiscens, exocarpio crasso carnoso, endocarpio duro. Semen abortu unicum, estrophiolatum; albumen copiosum; cotyledones foliacese.—Arbusculse glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores d'in amenta ad axillas foliorum glomerata dispositi, bracteis crebris 1–3-floris; ç pauci, in racemos axillares terminalesque dispositi. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 2, Madagascarienses, a nobis non visse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 445.

60. Antidesma, Linn. Gen. n. 1110.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. ♂: Calyx alte 3-5-lobus v. partitus, lobis segmentisve imbricatis. Discus e glandulis staminibus alternis distinctis v. subconcretis. Stamina 2-5, lobis calycis opposita; antheræ in alabastro inflexæ in flore aperto erectæ, loculis ad apices connectivi crassi sæpe curvi distinctis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. ♀: Calyx maris. Glandulæ disci sæpius distinctiores, subplanæ. Ovarium 1-loculare, rarissime hinc inde 2-loculare; styli 3, brevissimi, sæpius 2-lobi; ovula in loculo gemina. Drupa parva, sæpius obliqua, indehiscens. Semen abortu unicum (rarissime 2), estrophiolatum; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, sæpe majuscula. Flores parvi, ♂sæpius minuti, racemosi v. spicati, racemis spicisve sæpius tenuibus, ad axillas solitariis v. in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramorum paniculato-ramosis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species editæ ultra 60, sed perplurimæ inter se ægre distinguendæ et in futuro reducendæ, regionum calidiorum orbis veteris incolæ, in Archipelago Malayano numerosæ, ab Africa tropica usque ad Australiam Japoniam et insulas maris Pacifici extensæ, in America desunt. Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xv. 182. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 248. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 85. Kurz., For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 357. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 39. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 186 (Stilago) et 167. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. t. 25, 26. Wight, Ic. t. 766 ad 768, 819 ad 821. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 169.

STILAGO, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 608, genus propositum fuit ad species floribus 3-meris. Minutalia, Fenzl in Flora, 1844, 312, est A bifrons, Tul., species a Muell. Arg. in A. venoso, Tul., inclusa.

A. accuminatum, Wight, Ic. t. 1991, ex horto Calcuttensi, species videtur A. pubescenti, Tul., valde affinis, a Muell. Arg. ex ordine expellitur ob flores z ox icone interdum staminiferis, quod verisimiliter in specimine casu abnormi observatum fuit. In speciminibus nostris stamina in fl. 2 omnino desunt.

RHYTIS, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 660, est, ex Muell. Arg. qui specimen auctoris vidit, Antidesmatis species, sed character Loureiri minime convenit. Nomen utique delendum.

61. Eteronyma, Allem. Diss. Rio Janeiro, 1848, cum ic. (Stilaginella, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xv. 240.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx campanulatus, breviter sinuato-3-ti-dentatus. Discus cupulatus v. cyathiformis, seepe sinuato-lobatus. Stamina 2 5, intra discum calycis dentibus opposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ in alabastro inflexæ, in flore aperto erectæ, loculis in connectivo crasso distinctis at fere contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. &: Calyx maris. Discus margine subinteger. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli 2-3, brevissimi, 2-partiti, reflexi; ovula in loculis gemina. Drupa parva, 2-locularis v. sæpius abortu 1-locularis, exocarpio tenui, endocarpio duro osseo v. fibroso. Semen sæpius unicum, estrophiolatum; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ, basi sæpius cordatæ.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores, indumento tenuiter lepidoto v. rarius ferrugineo-tomentoso. Folia alterna, sæpe ampla, integerrima, petiolata, pennivenia; stipulæ sæpius parvæ. Flores parvi, racemosi, racemis paniculato-ramosis axillaribus v. lateralibus. Bractææ minimæ. Pedioelli breves, in fl.

Species descriptse 10, America tropica incola, nonnulla agre distinguenda. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 269, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 21. Tul. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 331, t. 87 ad 90.

Secretaria, Muell. Arg. in DC. Irod. zv. ii. 227, planta Cayennensis ad specimen Sagotianum floribus of nondum bone evolutis appripts adduc valde dubia remanet, forte Hieronymi species, neutiquam e characteribus datis pro genere proprio recipienda.

62, Massebetrya, Bonth, in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1296.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &

Calyx 5-fidus, lobis leviter imbricatis. Disci glandulæ 5, staminibus alternæ. Stamin a 5, receptaculo lato affixa, lobis calycinis opposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis ovoideis distinctis parallelis v. vix basi divergentibus, connectivo parvo. Ovarii rudimentum crassum, hirtellum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus hypogynus cupulatus, margine integer. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli breves, crassiusculi, 2-fidi, recurvo-patentes; ovula in loculis gemina. Fructus (in speciminibus nondum maturus) globosus, ut videtur indehiscens, 2-locularis, loculo altero abortu vacuo altero 1-spermo, dissepimento plano membranaceo; pericarpium membranaceo-coriaceum. Semen immaturum orbiculatum, testa crassiuscula.—Frutex (v. arbor?) glaber v. partibus novellis leviter hirtellis. Folia alterna, petiolata, majuscula, membranacea v. demum coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ minutæ. Flores parvi, racemosi, racemis axillaribus solitariis v. præsertim masculis fasciculatis, utriusque sexus floribundis.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incolæ.

63. Extoxicon, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 131, t. 29; Syst. Vey. Fl. Per. et Chil. 260. (Ægotoxicon, Dene. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 279.)—Flores dioici, petaliferi, alabastris bractea globosa clausa demum irregulariter fissa deciduaque inclusis. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, lata, valde imbricata, striata. Petala 5, concava, crenulata, basi contracta, nervo medio prominente. Stamina 5 (rarius 6-7?), glandulis disci totidem magnis alterna, filamentis liberis brevibus crassis supra discum incurvis; anthere erectæ, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Petala minora (v. 0?). Staminodia sæpius adsunt. Ovarium obliquum, 1-loculare; stylus incurvus, apice brevissime 2-fidus; ovula 2, uno tamen sæpe jam in alabastro minuto imperfectoque. Fructus ovoideus, carnosus, pericarpio in sicco indurato haud crasso, indehiscens. Semen unicum, testa membranacea; albumen (in semine unico examinato) carnosum, parce ruminatum; cotyledones orbiculato-cordatæ, dimidium albuminis excedentes.—Arbor, ramulis folis inflorescentia bracteis ovarioque undique insigniter lepidotis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Racemi axillares, breves; flores utriusque sexus pedicellati, 2 in racemo pauci, 3 numerosiores.

Species 1, Chilenesis. Hook. Ic, Pl. t. 12. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 27. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 641. Miers, Contrib. Bot. ii. 125, t. 72.

Genus a variis auctoribus ad ordines diversos relatum, nobis rite a Hookero patre in *Euphorbiaccis* inclusum videtur, et a *Celastraceis* ubi collocat Miers longe remotum. Flores tam & quam +, prieter petalorum præsentiam, fore *Antidesmatis*, indumentum *Hieronymi*.

64. Hymenocardia, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 3549; Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 441. (Samaropyxis, Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 464.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calycis segmenta v. lobi 4 5 rarius 6, brevia, membranacea, imbricata, latiuscula. Stamina 4-5, rarius 6, filamentis calycem non excedentibus liberis v. basi ın columnam connatis superne patentibus; antheræ magnæ, primum reflexæ, demum sæpius horizontales, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve v. filamentis Fl. 2: Sepala distincta, angusta, caducissima. Ovarium 2-loculare, septo contrarie plano-compressum; styli vix basi connati, longi, subteretes, indivisi, dense longeque papillosi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula plano-compressa, coccis 2 a columella secedentibus plano-cymbiformibus samaroideis dorso acutis v. sæpius superne v. circumcirca in alam productis, margine interiore post casum hiantibus, cæterum indehiscentibus; pericarpium subcrustaceum, endocarpio tenuissime membranaceo. Semina m coccis sæpius solitaria, plano-compressa, margine interdum anguste alata, testa tenui nitidula v. striata; albumen haud crassum; cotyledones plane, latæ, tenuissimæ, radicula Folia alterna, petiolata, membranacea v. longiuscula.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores. coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores sub bracteolis solitarii, 3 in spicis amentiformibus, Q in racemis brevibus laxis; spicæ d sessiles laterales; racemi Q laterales v. axillares, per anthesin breves, bracteis pedicellisque brevibus, fructiferi laxi pedicellis elongatis bracteis sæpe in folia excrescentibus, racemis tunc in ramulos foliatos mutatis pedicellis ad axillas solitariis.

Species 5, quarum una a Peninsula Indica usque ad Archipelagum Malayanum extensa, centeres Africas tropicas incolae. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 476. Grant in Trans. Linu. Soc. xxix. t. 94. Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1131.

Kurz, in For. Fl. Burm. ii. 395, perperam Hymenocardiæ ovula in loculis solitaria tribuit et Coccoccam plicatam, Muell. Arg., ad hoc genus transtulit.

65. Richerta, Vahl, Ecl. i. 30, t. 4. (Podocalyx, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 202. Guarania, Baill. Etud. Euph. 598.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 5: Sepala 3-4, parva, imbricata. Disci glandulæ distinctæ. Stamina 3-4, filamentis distinctis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, loculis brevibus distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve, sæpe villosulum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus annularis v. breviter urceolaris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, superne patentos, crassi, lati, integri v. breviter 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Seminum testa subcrustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi v. spicæ axillares v. laterales, 5 tenues, interrupti, floribus minimis secus rhachin glomeratis, glomerulis sessilibus v. stipatis; \$\partial \text{breves, densi, floribus subsessilibus sub quaque bractea solitariis. Bracteæ in utroque sexu minimæ.

Species 3, Brasiliæ, Guianæ et Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 467, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 15, t. 13. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. t. 226 (Amanoa).

Podocalyx in Prodromo pro sectione recipitur, antheris extrorsum nec introrsum birimosis, distinctio tamen nobis effugit. Antherarum loculi dorso appositi nobis videntur leviter introrsum v. demum extrorsum versi in utraque sectione.

66. Thecacoris, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 12. t. 1.—Flores dioici, sepius petaliferi. Fl. δ: Sepala 5, membranacea, imbricata. Petala 5, parva, sub disco affixa, v. 0. Discus patens, 5-lobus, villosulus. Stamina 5, inter lobos disci affixa, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi distincti, subglobosi, a connectivo crassiusculo penduli v. demum erecti. Ovarii rudimentum crassum, vertice subplanum, obtuse 3-lobum. Fl. φ: Sepala quam in mare angustiora. Discus parum prominens. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti, longiusculi, recurvo-patuli, apice 2-fidi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula glabra, depressa, tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina perfecte matura non vidimus.—Arbores fruticesve praeter inflorescentiam glabri. Folia alterna, sæpius ampla, rigidule membranacea, integerrima. Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati, racemosi, racemis axillaribus simplicibus v. subramosis folio multo brevioribus, utriusque sexus multifloris. Bracteæ parvæ, rarius pedicellis longiores subulatæ.

Species 4, Africæ tropicæ et Madagascariæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 246. Speciem typicam Madagascariensem petalis 0 non vidimus. Character supra datus ex speciebus Africanis sæpius petaliferis.

67. Cyathogyne, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1864, 536, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 226.—Flores dioica, apetali. Fl. &: Sepala 5, membranacea, imbricata. Discus e glandulis parvis. Stamina 5, sepalis opposita, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi paralleli, distincti, in alabastro penduli, in flore aperto divergentes v. divaricati vix erecti, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum in discum cyathiformem membranaceum late 3-lobum breviter stipitatum expansum. Fl. \( \varphi : Calyx fere maris. \) Ovarium depressum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; styli distincti, apice introrsum linea crassa stigmatosa apice 2-fida instructi; ovula in loculis gemina. Capsula . . .—Herba erecta, subsimplex, pallide virens, caule basi duro (perenni !). Folia alterna, petiolata, majuscula, acuminata, integerrima v. leviter sinuata; stipulæ setaceæ, caducæ. Flores minimi, racemosi, \( \delta \) subsessiles, \( \varphi \) evidentius pedicellati, racemis axillaribus filiformibus simplicibus v. parce ramosis. Fructum non vidimus, sed ex ovario parum aucto verisimiliter in coccos 2-valves divellitur.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1278.

68. Diccella, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1289. - Flores monoici, petaliferi. Discus 0.

Fl. 6: Calyx parvus, 5-fidus. Petala 5, valvata, crassa, extus convexa, intus apice crassocarnosa, infra medium concava, linea elevata centrali quasi in locellos 2 divisa. Stamina 5, petalis alterna, filamentis brevibus distinctis; antherarum loculi majusculi, paralleli, discreti, in alabastro in locellis petalorum contiguorum recepti. Ovarii rudimentum 3-5-fidum, lobis ultra petala in appendices lineares hamatas productis. Fl. 9: Calyx alte 5-fidus, petalis paullo brevior. Petala ovata, obtusa, concava, haud incrassata, leviter imbricata. Ovarium subglobosum, 3-sulcum, pubescens, 3-loculare; styli distincti v. vix basi connati, lineares, rigiduli, erecti, indivisi, apice inflexi breviterque stigmatoso-dilatati; ovula in loculis gemina, sub obturatore unico.—Fructus . . . Frutex v. arbor. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, tenuiter coriacea, integerrima, glabra, pennivenia. Racemi axillares, foliis breviores, minute puberuli. Flores parvi, pedicellati, secus rhachin dissite fasciculati, fasciculis plerisque androgynis, flore centrali fœmineo, cæteris masculis, v. interdum omnes masculi.

Species unica, Borneensis.

Genus petalorum forma singulari Galearieæ accedit, differt tamen recemis axillaribus monoicis et ovulis in loculis geminis.

## TRIBUS V. GALEARIEÆ.

69. Galearia, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Zolling, Pft. 19. (Bennetia, R. Br. in Benn. Pl. Jar. Rar. 249, t. 50. Cremostachys, Tul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xv. 259.)—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, 5-dentatus v. 5-fidus. Petala 5, concava, induplicata v. cucullata, subvalvata. Stamina 10, 2-seriata, filamentis crassiusculis liberis, 5 exterioribus petalis alternis valde inflexis, 5 interioribus brevioribus petalis oppositis v. subinclusis; antherarum loculi paralleli, distincti, nunc laterales æquales contigui, nunc inæquales majore extrorsum late aperto interiore minore, nunc oblongi æquales a connectivo penduli. Ovarii rudimentum staminibus subæquilongum. Fl. ?: Calyx minutus. Petala maris. Ovarium 2- rarius 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, 2-partiti, ramis tenuibus; ovula in loculis solitaria, jam sub anthesi latiora quam longa. Fructus drupaceus, transverse oblongus, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo 2-loculari v. abortu 1-loculari. Semina transversim oblonga, compressa, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbusculæ v. frutices glabri v. tenuiter puberuli. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, sepius ampla, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi terminales, tenues, utriusque sexus elongati floribundi. Flores parvi, & sub bracteis glomerati subsessiles v. longiuscule pedicellati, ♀ sub quaque bractea pauci v. solitarii. Bracteæ minutæ v. subulatæ.

Species descriptæ 12, nonnullæ inter se forte nimis affines, aliæ etsi aspectu similes, quoad antheras facile distinctæ, omnes Indiæ Malaccensis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.—Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1036, sub Bennetia, nomen tamen anno 1852 (nec 1844) in parte ultima Plantarum Javanicarum editum. Galearia jam anno 1846 edita fuit, Cremostachys anno 1851. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 407.

70. Microdesmis, Planch. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 758, et Fl. Nig. t. 26.— Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl.  $\delta$ : Calyx 5- (rarius 4- v. 6- ?) partitus, segmentis leviter imbricatis. Petala totidem, calyce lon, iora, contorto-imbricata. Stamina 5 v. 10, 1-2-seriata, receptaculo carnoso imposita, seriei exterioris petalis alterna, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis v. subparallelis distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum columnare ovoideum v. 3-fidum. Fl.  $\mathfrak P}$ : Perianthium maris. Ovariim carnosum, basi minute 2- v. rarius 3-loculare; styli breves, 2-partiti, nunc brevissimi, patentes, papilloso-laceri; ovula in loculis solitaria. Drupa indehiscens, putamine osseo extus rugoso. Semina late ovoidea, testa membranacea v. vix crustacea; albumen carnosum, haud crassum; cotyledones ovatæ, planæ.—Frutices ramis virgatis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima v. breviter dentata, pennivenia, in specie Africana 5-andra minute pellucido-punctata, in Asiatica 10-andra impunctata. Flores minimi, breviter pedicellati, ad axillas fasciculati,  $\delta$  sæpius numerosi,  $\mathfrak P$  pauci v. subsolitarii.

Species bene notes 2, altera 5-andra Africa tropicae, altera 10-andra Asiae tropicae a Zeylania usque ad Archipelagum et Chinam extensa. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 1041. Fructus bene maturus in specie Asiatica sola rite observatus, cui verisimiliter addenda species tertia Borneensis, *Beccari n.* 3713. cujus flores pauci tantum & in specimine nostro adsunt, et Pantabrachion, *Muell. Arg. in Flora.* 1864, 532. et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 223. ex Africa tropica, cujus specimina & sola adhuc nota, in habitu omnibusque characteribus *Microdesmi* convenit, exceptis petalis calyce paullo brevioribus.

71. Personophera, Miers; Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 372.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, 5-partitus, segmentis imbricatis. Petala 5, calyce longiora, imbricata, intus medio barbata. Stamina 5, calycis segmentis opposita, sub disco crasso depresso affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ lineares, apiculatæ, loculis adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum lineare, 3-fidum. Fl. &: Perianthium maris. Discus breviter cupulatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, superne patentes, apice stigmatoso dilatato 2-lobo v. fimbriato; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ovoidea, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutex v. arbor debilis, inflorescentia excepta glaber. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores parvuli, in racemulis compositis seu paniculis parvis axillaribus, secus rhachin in glomerulos breviter pedunculatos dispositi, & in glomerulis sessiles, & breviter pedicellati. Capsulæ parvulæ.

Species 1, Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ. Muell, Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1040, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 435. t. 62. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 19.

72. Tetrorchidium, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 23, t. 227.—Flores dioici v. monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, 3-partitus, segmentis latis leviter imbricatis. Discus 0. Stamina 3, calycis segmentis opposita, filamentis brevissimis, in alabastro in massam subglobosam connata, demum vix libera; antheræ subsessiles, erectæ, latæ, introrsum subæqualiter 4-locellatæ, 4-valves. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum antheris æquilongum v. minutum (v. 0 l). Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus cyathiformis v. in ligulas 3 petaloideas divisus. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli breves, plani, crassi, 2-fidi, stellatim patentes, nunc fere in orbem connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 2-3-dyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semina globosa, testa crustacea duriuscula extus carnosa; albumen carnosum, haud crassum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve glabri v. pubescentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla v. mediocria, mtegerrima v. dentata, pennivenia, petiolo apice sæpe 2-glanduloso. Racemi axillares, tenues, floribus dissitis, & elongati, simplices v. breviter ramosi, floribus parvis subsessilibus; & et androgyni sæpius breviores, simplices, nunc brevissimi v. ad florem unicum pedunculatum reducti.

Species 4, America tropica incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1133, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 511, t. 71. Genus valde anomalum, quoad affinitates adhuc dubium. Anthera fere Cleudi v. Endospermi sed staminum situs, ovarii rudimentum, etc., ab illis abhorrent. T. parvulum, Muell. Arg., a cateris habitu differt; pedunculi in specimine nostro Riedeliano omnes breves tenues flore unico  $\mathcal Q$ , in speciminibus Glaziovianis plures adsunt paullo longiores 2-3-flori, flore terminali  $\mathcal Q$ , inferioribus 1-2  $\mathcal J$ .

## TRIBUS VI. CROTONEÆ.

73. Elateriospermum, Blume, Bijdr. 620. — Flores monoici, apetali. Fl.  $\delta$ : Calyx subglobosus, sepalis 4-5 latis valde imbricatis. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-18), receptaculo villoso crassiusculo imposita, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, loculis adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo apice glanduliformi coronatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minutum. Fl.  $\mathfrak P$ : Sepala imbricata, caduca. Discus margine elevatus, pubescens, subinteger. Staminodia sæpius  $\mathfrak P$ , parva, disco introrsum affixa. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli crassi, primum brevissime erecti subconnati, demum parum elongati, apice in stigmata crassa brevia patentia sublobata dilatati; ovula in loculis

solitaria. Capsula magna, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, exocarpio subcaração, endocarpio duro. Semina magna, oblonga, testa crustacea nitida; albumen? membranaceo-papyraceum embryonem includens; cotyledones magnæ, crasso-carnosæ, radicula brevissima ad basin cotyledonum retracta.—Arbor pulcherrima, coma densa oblonga (Griff.). Folia alterna, longe petiolata, subcoriacea, integerrima, pennivenia et tenuiter reticulatovenulosa. Cymæ laxe dichotomæ, pedunculis ad apices ramorum v. ad basin innovationum pluribus, paniculam laxam foliis breviorem formantibus. Flos cymæ centralis 2, sessilis; laterales 3, haud numerosi. Semina sub-pulposo-arillata dicuntur, quod tamen in speciminibus nostris haud apparet.

Species 1, Peninsulæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. P. od. xv. ii. 1131. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 19. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1294.

74. Cunuria, Baill. Adams. iv. 287. (Clusiophyllum, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1864, 518.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl.  $\delta$ : Sepala 5, lata, valde imbricata. Discus 0. Stamina 10, receptaculo valde elevato affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis subparallelis connectivo latiusculo adnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum villosulum, integrum, staminibus paullo brevius. Fl.  $\mathfrak P}$  (a nobis non visi): Perianthium maris. Discus cupuliformis glanduloso-6-8-lobus (Baill.) v. 0 (Muell. Arg.). Ovarium 3-loculare; styli crassi, 2-fidi, reflexi, ovario adpressi; ovula in loculis solitaria (Baill.). Capsula magna, subglobosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio crasso lignoso. Semina magna, ovoidea, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores vastæ, glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia, limbo supra ad basin 2-glanduloso. Pedunculi axillares v. laterales (v. primum terminales?), sæpe 2-3-ni, folio multo breviores,  $\delta$  simplices v. parce ramosi, ramis apice cymam paucifloram ferentibus floribus ternatim sessilibus;  $\mathfrak P$  fructus 1-3 gerentes.

Species 2, Brasiliæ borealis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1123, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 509, t. 14.

Genus, inflorescentia et floribus Q in speciminibus nostris imperfecte evolutis, quoad affinitates dubium, ex Spruceo Hereæ evidenter proximum, quod etiam ex observationibus nostris comprobari videtur.

75. Micrandra, Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 371. (Pogonophyllum, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjöbenh. 1857, 144.)—Flores monoici (v. interdum dioici?), apetali. Fl. &: Sepala 5, valvata v. leviter imbricata. Glandulæ disci staminibus alternæ. Stamina 5, sepalis alterna, circa discum subplanum affixa, filamentis liberis apice in alabastro inflexis demum erectis; antheræ sub anthesi erectæ, breves, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum minutum, in medio disco vix conspicuum. Fl. 2: Sepala caducissima. Discus annularis, tenuis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli brevissimi, crassi, lati, retusi, basi subconnati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, vix in coccos secedens, dehiscentia et semina imperfecte nota.—Arbores proceræ, succo lacteo Heveæ. Folia alterna, ampla, indivisa, integerrima, pennivenia, petiolo longiusculo. Flores parvuli, cymulosi, cymulis laxe paniculatis, paniculis terminalibus v. infra folia lateralibus, rarius ad axillas pedunculatis.

Species 2 v. 3 Brasillanæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. in. 709, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 289, t. 42, ubi M. minor, Benth.. ad varietates M. siphonioidis reducitur. Folia præbet M. elatæ, Muell. Arg., glandulis baseos in utraque purum conspicuis v. 0, cum floribus M. siphonioidis.

76. Avellanta, Philippi in Linnaa xxxiii. 237.—Flores monoici, (apetali !). Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, per anthesin 5-partitus, segmentis valvatis. Stamina numerosa, in globum coalita, filamentis apice liberis; antherarum loculi globosi. Fl. 2: Calyx paullo minor quam in mare, 5-partitus, segmentis lineari-lanceolatis. Ovarium globosum, dense puberulum, 3-loculare; styli erecti, longiusculi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula depressa, 3-cocca, endocarpio crustaceo-lignoso. Semina subglobosa, estrophiolata, lævia; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus subrotundo-ovatis.—Frutex haud vol. III.

lactescens. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, oblongo-lanceolata, integerrima, fere triplinervia, floralia fere verticillata. Flores terminales 3-4, uno 2, cæteris 3, bracteis linearibus circumdati. (Char. ex Philippi.)

Species 1, in provincia Chilensi Colchagua lecta, a nobis non visa.

77. Mevea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 871, t. 335. (Siphonia, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 656. Micrandra, R. Br. in Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 237.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro ovoideus v. globosus, breviter nunc minute 5-lobus, per anthesin apertus, truncatus 5-dentatus v. 5-lobus. Disci glandulæ parum conspicuæ. Stamina 5-10, filamentis in columnam connatis; antheræ circa columnam irregulariter v. regulariter 1-2-seriatim subsessiles, seriei inferioris lobis perianthii alternæ. Ovarii rudimentum columnam terminans, antheris sæpius longius. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare; stigmata crassa, patentia, sub-2-loba, in vertice ovarii v. styli brevis adnata; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula magna, in coccos bivalves dissiliens, exocarpio subcarnoso, endocarpio crasso sublignoso. Semina magna, oblonga, lævia, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen 0 v. ad pelliculam tenuem reductum; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ, æquales, radicula brevi subinclusa.—Arbores proceræ, succo lacteo Caoutchouc præbente scatentes. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, 3-foliolata, foliolis petiolulatis integerrimis penniveniis membranaceis v. coriaceis. Flores parvuli, cymulosi, cymulis paniculatis, flore centrali cujusve cymulæ sæpius 2, cæteris 3.

Species 9, Americæ tropicæ regionis Amazonum v. Guianæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 717, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 297, t. 44. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 12. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 14. Klotzech in Hayne, Arzneigew. xiv. t. 4, 5. Collins, Rep. Caoutch. t. 1 (ic. plur. sub Siphonia).

Genus naturalissimum, vix in sectiones dividendum. In *H. guianensi*, Aubl., quæ *Eukeves*, Muell. Arg., alabastra globosa, calyx minute 5-dentatus v. vix altius in lobos divisus, antheræ 5, 1-seriatæ. In *H. peruvana*, Lechl. (adhuc inedita?), e Peruvia orientali, calyx vix altius fissus, et antheræ in floribus examinatis 5, sed in serie minus perfecta disposita. In cæteris speciebus alabastra ovoidea v. acuminata, calyx demum sæpius ad medium lobatus, antheræ nunc 6-7 irregulariter affixæ, nunc 8-10 in verticillos 2 subregulares distantes dispositæ.

78. Joannesta, Velloso, Alograf. 199, cum ic., non Pers. (Anda, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 39, t. 12, non Piso. Andicus, Vell. Fl. Flum. 80; Ic. ii. t. 86.)-Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. d: Calyx in alabastro globosus, subclausus, per anthesin late campanulatus, truncatus, brevissime 5-dentatus. Petala sub anthesi calyce multo longiora, valde imbricata. Stamina 7-10, receptaculo conico affixa, exteriora fere ad basin receptaculi petalis opposita, glandulis parvis alternis interdum obsoletis, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, oblongæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. rarius hinc inde ad apicem receptaculi 2-fidum Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Petala caducissima, quam in 3 angustiora. Squamellee hypogyme 5, breves. Ovarium 2loculare; styli brevissimi, apice incrassati, dentati v. breviter lobati, caducissimi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Drupa ovoidea, exocarpio carnoso demum a basi in valvas 4 secedente, endocarpio lignoso 2-loculari. Seminum testa crustacea, extus carnosula; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbor procera, fere a basi ramosa. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, digitatim 5-foliolata, foliolis petiolulatis integerrimis, glandulis ad basin petiolulorum. Flores dichotome cymosi, cymis floribundis ad apices ramorum dense paniculatis, in dichotomiis inferioribus fœmineis, in superioribus masculis, v. rarius cymee unisexuales.

Species 1, Brasiliana. Gomez in Mem. Acad. Lisb. iii., Mem. Corresp. 6. t. 1. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 715, et in Mort. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 296, t. 43 (Johannesia). A. St. Hil. Pl. Vs. Bras. t. 54, 55 (Anda).

Calycis dentes induplicato-valvati dicuntur, minimi sunt et nisi in prima juventute inter se distantes, in alabastris novellis conniventes subvalvatos nec induplicatos invenimus. Velloso uti Gomez nomen genericum scripsit Joonnesia 1

79. Jatropha, Linn. Gen. n. 1084.—Flores monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. &: Calycis

segmenta v. lobi 5, imbricata. Petala 5, contorto-imbricata, in corollam 5-lobam connata v. libera v. calyce petaloideo 0. Discus integer v. 5-glandulosus. Stamina co, receptaculo 2-co-seriatim affixa, filamentis saltem interioribus plus minus in columnam connatis, 5 exteriora petalis opposita; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Petala haud raro desunt. Ovarium 2-3- rarius 4-loculare; styli basi connati, superne patentes, in ramos 2 integros v. 2-fidos sæpius breves divisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, vertice sæpius subplana, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato. Semina ovoidea v. oblonga, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Herbæ elatiores fruticesve, rarius arborescentes, ramis interdum carnosulis, rarius aculeis sparsis v. geminis rectis armatis. Folia alterna, petiolata, indivisa v. (interdum in eadem planta) digitatim 3-c-lobata v. partita, segmentis integris v. sinuato-pinnatifidis, indumento simplici interdum glanduloso. Stipulæ haud raro in cilia divisæ. Flores ad apices ramorum in paniculas dichotome cymosas dispositi, 2 sepius in dichotomiis primariis, cæteris đ.

Species enumeratæ 68, regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis imprimis America incolæ, extra tropicos in America septentrionali et Africa australi parum extensæ. *Muell. Ary. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 1076, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 487, t. 68, 69.

Genus inflorescentia pluribusque characteribus Joannesie potius quam Manihoto accedit, facile distinguitur calyce et fructu. In sectiones 3 sequentes sat distinctas dividitur:—

- 1. Curcas. Calyx alte 5-fidus. Petala ultra medium in corollam urccolatam 5-lobam cohærentia. Stamina 10, v. serie interiore imperfecta pauciora. Species Americanæ, quarum una in orbe vetere late culta v. inquilina. Jacq. Hort. Vind. ini. t. 63. Wight, Ic. t. 1169. Curcas, Adans. Fam. ii. 356. Castiolionia, Ruiz et Par. Prod. 139, t. 37, et Syst. Vey. Fl. Peruv. 275. Mozinna, Ortey. Dec. 104, t. 13. Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 25. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 357. Loureira, Car. Ic. v. 17, t. 429. 430. In una specie, J. spathulata, Muell. Arg. (Mozinna, Ort.), frutex Mexicanus ramis succulentis, panicula sessilis simplex, floribus cum folis parvis ad nodos pulviniformes fasciculatis, habitum fere Acidocrotonis præbens.
- 2. Adenoropum. Calyx alto 5-fidus, supe brevis coloratusque. Petala libera v. basi breviter coherentia. Stamina 10, v. serie interiore imperfecta pauciora. Species plures utriusque orbis, imprimis Americanae et Africanae. Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 52. Andr. Bot Rep. t. 267. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 91. Bot. Mag. t. 604, 1164, 4376. Bot. Reg. t. 716. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1604. Maund, Botanist, t. 107. Adenoropium, Pohl, Pl. Bras. Ic. i. 12, t. 9.
- 3. Cnidoscolus. Calyx & petaloideus, tubo sepius longiusculo, limbo patente 5-lobo, & 5-partitus. Petala 0. Stamina 10-25. Species omnes Americance. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 21. Jussievia, Houst. Reliq. 6, t. 15. Cnidoscolus, Pohl, Pl. Bras. Iv. i. 56, t. 49 ad 52. Sectio facile pro genere proprio retinenda.
  - J. Heudelotii, Baill., inter Adenoropia in Prodromo recepta, est Ricinodendron africanum.
- 80. Acidecretea, Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 42.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx parvus, patens, alte 5-6-fidus. Petala 5-7, calyce majora, patentia, contorto-imbricata. Stamina ∞ (ad 30), receptaculo disciformi pubescenti imposita, filamentis liberis; antherse breves, erectee, loculis distinctis connectivo latiusculo adnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx maris. Petala rudimentaria (Muell. Arg.) (v. caducissima l). Ovarium 3-loculare (3-5-loculare, Muell. Arg.); styli plani, patentes, crassi, late obovati, retusi, basi brevissime connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula (a nobis non visa) in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina . . .—Fruticulus ramosissimus aculeis geminis infrastipularibus rectis divaricatis horridus. Gemmæ foliatæ pulviniformes, aculeis breviores, foliis paucis parvis obovatis crassis integerrimis. Flores inter folia pauci, parvuli, subsessiles.

Species 1, Cubensis. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1012. Genus quoad flores  $\mathfrak Q$  adhuc imperfecte notum, evidenter Jatrophæ (Mozinnæ) affine. Acidotos, P. Br., species potius quam genus, planta Jamaicensis, huc a Muell. Arg. in DC. l. c. 732 et 924, docente Grisebachio refertur, ab eo tamen rectius l.c. 1042 excluditur, nam descriptio Brownei Hist. Jam. 355 et Elmgrenii in Linn. Amon. Acad. v. 411, ex speciminibus  $\mathfrak Q$  solis instructa cum Acidocrotose minime convenit, et verisimiliter planta a Linnæo rite in Adelia inclusa.

81. Tritaxis, Baill. Etud. Euph. 342, t. 11. (Trigonostemonis sect. Tritaxis et Antitaxis, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1107.) — Flores monoici? petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx 3-fidus, lobis sepius brevibus subimbricatis. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Disci glandule ad basin columnæ 5. Stamina in verticillos 2 v. 3 circa columnam centralem tenuem disposita, 5 verticilli inferioris prope basin columnæ, 5 verticilli secundi dum adsint in media columna, 2 v. 3 filamentis brevibus columnam terminantibus; antheræ verticillorum inferiorum erectæ, loculis introrsum parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, staminum terminalium horizontales. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl 2 (a nobis non visi): Calyx et petala maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 2-fidi. Capsulæ cocci 2-valves (Baill.).—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. dentata, glabra v. subtus puberula. Flores ad apices ramorum dichotome cymosi, 2 (centralis?) subsessilis, & plures pedicellati parvi.

Species 3 v. 4, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 221.

82. Aleurites, Forst. Char. Gen. 111, t. 56.—Flores monoici v. subdioici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx junior globosus, clausus, per anthesin in lobos 2-3 valvatim ruptus. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-20), receptaculo conico affixa, 5 exteriora petalis opposita glandulis parvis alterna, filamentis liberis brevibus v. elongatis; antherse erectæ, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium maris. Discus inconspicuus, v. glandulæ minutæ petalis alternæ. Ovarium 2-5-loculare; styli in ramos 2 crassiuscule lineares divisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus magnus, drupaceus, indehiscens, exocarpio carnoso haud crasso, endocarpio crustaceo v. duro 2-5-loculari v. abortu 1-loculari. Seminum testa crassa, lignosa; albumen crassum, durum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbores indumento stellari v. subsimplici. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, ampla, basi 5-7-nervia, integerrima v. 3-loba, petiolo apice 2-glanduloso. Flores laxe cymosi, cymis ad apices ramorum paniculatis.

Species editæ 3, Asiæ orientalis et insularum maris Pacifici indigenæ, sectiones 3 formantes, quas facile pro generibus propriis haberes.—Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 723. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 12.

- 1. Camirium. Alabastra globosa. Stamina 15-20. Pistillum 2-merum. Panicula lata, dense floribunda. Species 1, ex ins. maris Pacifici per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersa culta v. inquilina. Camerom, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 194, t. 125.
- 2. Eleococca. Alabastra ovoidea. Stamina 8-12, filamentis quam in Camirio longioribus, interioribus (an semper?) apice reflexis. Flores in penicula laxa pauciores magni. Pistillum 3-5-merum, Eleococca, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 38, t. 11. DRYANDRA, Thunb. Fl. Jap. 13, t. 27. Correa in Ann. Mus. Par. viii. t. 32. VERNICIA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 586.
- 3. Reutiales. Species ex ins. Philippinis a nobis non visa, ab Eleococca differre dicitur antheris ad 8, extrorsum nec introrsum 2-rimosis.

His verisimiliter addendæ species 2 Americanæ, altera Mexicanæ Ervendberg n. 378, altera Guianensis Rob. Schomburgk n. 474, Rich. Schomburgk n. 759, quarum flores 3 tantum noti, qui tamen ch tracteres omnes sectionis Camerii ostendunt.

83. Carcia, Rohr in Skritt. Nat. Hist. Selsk. Kjöbenh. ii. (1792) 217, t. 9.—Flores monoisi (v. dioici?), petaliferi. Discus annularis v. in squamellas subdivisus. Fl. 3: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin in lacinias 2-3 valvatim ruptus. Petala 8-12, angusta, longe sericea, calycem superantia, squamellis parvis alterna. Stamina numerosa, receptaculo convexo pilosiusculo affixa, filamentis liberia apice in connectivum continuum incrassatis; antherse erectæ, loculis adnatis parallelis v. divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovariu rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris, cum petalis sæpe numero paucioribus caducissimus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis (v. stylis distinctis) crassis latis patentibus reflexisque emarginato-bifidis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula majuscula, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro sublignoso. Semina globosa; embryo . . .—Arbores. Folia alterna, petiolata,

ampla, membranacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Flores ad apices ramorum pauci, breviter pedicellati, in speciminibus nostris 1-3-ni.

Species 1, Indiæ occidentalis, Columbiæ et Americæ centralis incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 721. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 13. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 14.

84. Oreten, Linn. Gen. n. 1083. — Flores monoici v. rarius dioici, seepius petaliferi. Fl. 5: Calyx alte v. ad basin divisus in lobos v. segmenta 5 rarius 4 v. 6, valvata v. anguste imbricata. Petala calyci sequalia v. breviora, rarius deficientia. Disci glandulse v. squame nunc calycis basi affixe v. adnate nunc staminibus exterioribus alterne. Stamina co, pauca plurima v. numerosissima, receptaculo affixa, exteriora v. omnia si calycis segmentis isomera iis alterna, filamentis liberis apice in alabastro inflexis per anthesin erectis; antheræ adnatæ, in alabastro filamentorum inflexione pendulæ, sub anthesi erectæ, loculis parallelis introrsum contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycis segmenta quam in mare seepius angustiora, calyx tamen totus interdum post anthesin auctus dilatatusque. Petala quam in mare minora et in speciebus perplurimis minuta rudimentaria v. omnino deficientia. Discus annularis v. e squamulis distinctis ad basin calycis. Ovarium 3-loculare, rarissime 2- v. 4-loculare; styli recurvi, semel v. bis bifidi v. partiti rarius dichotome multifidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina lævia, strophiola parva; testa crustacea v. indurata; albumen copiosum, carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Arbores frutices v. rarius herbæ, habitu valde diverso. Indumentum e pilis stellatis sæpe ferrugineis v. canescentibus v. e squamellis haud raro metallice nitentibus copiosum v. sparsum v. rarius deest. Folia alterna v. rarissime opposita v. sub inflorescentia subverticillata, integerrima dentata v. rarius 3-5-loba, pennivenia v. basi 3-co-nervia. Glandulæ 2 ad apicem petioli v. ad basin limbi rarius desunt. Flores ad apices ramorum v. rarius in axillis summis spicati v. subracemosi, & sæpius secus rhachin fasciculati pedicellati v. subsessiles, 2 sessiles, in parte inferiore spicæ sub quaque bractea absque maribus, v. rarius in mediis fasciculis solitarii. Bracteæ parvæ, v. rarius sub fl. 2 parum auctæ.

Species editæ ad 500, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in America extratropica tam australi quam boreali paucæ, in Europa et Asia extratropica desunt. Baill. Etud. Euph. 349, et Adansonia i. 146, iv. 289. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 513, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 83. Kurs, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 371.

Genus in ordine post Euphorbiam vastissimum, Phyllantho numerosius, sed characteribus essentialibus minus variat, et sat definite limitatur. Habitu valde polymorphum est, sed vix adhuc in sectiones idoneas ab auctoribus dividitur. Klotzsch in variis commentationibus genera ultra 20 separavit, sed pleraque, ad species unicas definita, a botanicis recentioribus haud adoptantur et auctor nunquam totius generis revisionem edidit. Baillon II. cc. sectiones 22, plerasque sat naturales proposuit, sed conspectus comparativus nobis deest, et species plurimæ postea editæ ægre includuntur. Mueller Argoviensis sectiones 10 admisit, stricto sensu artificiales et quam maxime inæquales. Divisiones ergo sequentes, in Prodromo propositæ in Flora Brasiliensi ulterius elaboratæ clavem exhibent artificialem sed nequaquam sectiones naturales existimandæ:—

- 1. Eluteria, species continet 25, Americanas, Africanas et Mascarenses, petalis fl. ? plus minus evolutis, calyce & 5-mero sepissime valvato. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 14, f. 1. Kl. in Hayne, Arzneig. xiv. t. 1, 2. Benn. in Pharm. Journ. ser. 2, iv. 145, cum ic. Cascarilla, Adans. Fam. ii. 355. Species plurime indumento lepidoto sepe metallico vestite sunt, staminibus infra 20; Americanse petalis fl. ? sepius parvis, in sectione Argyroglosso, Baill., Africanse v. Mascarenses, petalis fl. ? sepius magis evolutis, in sectionibus Furcaria, Monguia et Andrichnia, Baill., includuntur. Klotzschiphtytum. Baill. Etud. Euph. 382, est species Mauritiana a Muell. Arg. in Eluteria inclusa, sed habitu et staminibus valde numerosis insignis et subsectioni Cyclostigmati Eucrotonis multo affinior. Sectio Eucroton, Baill. Etud. Euph. 354, characteres offert Eluteria, sed de speciebus quas sub illa includit silet auctor.
- 2. Decapetalon, species 3 continet, unam Chinensem, alteram Madagascarensem, tertiam Brasiliensem, ab Eucrotone distinctas glandulis fl. 5 (seu potius calycis squamis) inter petala auctis plus minus petaloideis. Specimina non vidimus sed ex descriptione tam habitu quam patria different. Species Chinensis, C. levigatus, Vahl, evidenter Tigliis approximanda eet; Madagascariensis, C. squami-

- gerus, Baill., ad sectionem suam Furcarism pertinet; Brasiliensis, C. exuberans, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 85, t. 15, potius ad Palamostigma referenda est.
- 3. Decalobus, in Prodromo definitur ad speciem Guatemalensem nostro sensu tam habitu quam characteribus ad Julocrotonem referendam. Lobi accessorii calycis  $\mathcal Q$  non sunt lobis primariis regulariter alterni, sed appendices ad basin loborum solitarise v. 2-3-nse ut in nonnullis aliis speciebus Julocrotonis observantur. Huic addidit Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 86, t. 16, speciem alteram a nobis non visam, sed ex icone a priori longe dissimilis est et cum Eucrotonis subsectione convenit excepto calyce  $\mathcal Q$  insequaliter irregulariterque 6-10-lobo.
- 4. Encroton, qualis a Muell. Arg. intelligitur, maximam partem generis includit, ultra 400 species utriusque orbis quibus petals in fl. 3 evoluta, in fl. 2 minuta rudimentaria v. 0, calycis segmenta subsequalia et receptaculum fl. 3 villosum. Sectio quoad habitum cæterosque characteres uti totum genus polymorphum, naturalior evadit si excludas species indumento lepidoto vestitas illasque sub sectionibus Timandra (cum Medca), Podostachys, Cleodora, Cyclostigma, Stolidanthus, Ocalia descriptas paucasque alias. Muell. Arg. cæterum sectionem in subsectiones 5 dividit sequentes:—
- Subsect. 1. Eutropia. Frutices sæpius elati, racemis elongatis, bracteis iufimis flores ? cum fasciculo marium proferentibus. Species utriusque orbis, pro maxima parte tamen Americanae, a Muell. Arg. in series 2 distribuuntur secus indumentum lepidotum v. non lepidotum. Series prior Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 87, t. 17, inclusa Eutropia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 196, ab Argyroglosso imprimis inflorescentia distinguitur et bene sectionem propriam constituit. Folia sæpe pellucido-punctata. Stamina infra 20. Series altera, Cyclostigma, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 91. t. 18 ad 22, indumento non lepidoto molliter v. minute stellato-piloso, staminibus nune numerosissimis nunc infra 20, in sectiones duas dividi potest: (1) Palamostigma, Mart. ex Klotzsch in Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. 49 (Cyclostigma, Klotzsch in Seem. Bot. Her. 104) foliis palminerviis; et (2) Stolidanthus, Baill., foliis pennivenis.
- Subsect, 2. Lasingune, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 117, t. 23 ad 25, definitur bracters racemi unisexualibus inferioribus ?, superioribus d, et calycis ? segmentis reduplicativis (hoc charactere nobis vix obvio). In series 2 inter se sat dissimiles dividitur: Argyroglossum indumento lepidoto, et Gouceladium indumento non lepidoto. Prior cum speciobus pluribus Eluteria et Argyrocrotonis, Muell. Arg., sectionem Americanam Argyroglossum, Baill., constituent, et includit C. Matourensem, Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 338. Series altera polymorpha est; Gonocladium, Baill., continet species a Stolidantho imprimis inflorescentia distinctas et includit Lasiogynem, Klotzsch in Pl. Meyen. 418, et Cleodoram, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 196, ab auctore disci glandularum absentia definitam. Glandulas describunt Baillon et Mueller, quas ad basin calycis v. interdum altius sparsas invenimus nec receptaculo affixas. His speciebus addidit Muell, Arg. plurimas australes extratropicas parvifolias habitu longe diversas, a Klotzschio et Baillono in Hendecandro v. Codonocalyce, dispersas. C. Gardnerianus, Baill., ex 'Ceara, Gardner n. 944, in herb. Deless.' a Baillono in Gonocladio, a Muell. Arg. in Decurinio, collocatus, nobis ignotus est. Plantam inter Gardnerianas haud agnovimus, et evidenter sphalma in herbario Delessert latet, nam n. 944 collectionis Gardreri est Galphimia brasiliensis, A. Juss.
- Subsect. 3. Cleodora, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 133, 1, 26 ad 32, non Klotzsch, bracteis ut in Lasiogyni unisexualibus, inferioribus 2 superioribus 3, distinguitur calycis 2 segmentis non reduplicativis imbricatis v. subvalvatis. Pariter in series 2 dividitur: Argyrocroton indumento lepidoto. et Medea indumento non lepidoto. Species pleraque Argyrocrotonis Argyroglosso multo affiniores sunt quam speciebus plerisque Medea. C. constrictus, Isaill., tamen omnino eadem videtur ac C. Gardneri, Muell. Arg., numero Gardneri in schedula herbarii Delessert inscripto verisimiliter errore scriptoris, 3428 pro 3438; n. 3428 verum collectionis Gardnerianse est Dorstenia (ayapia. Vell. var. Series 2, Medea, est agmen specierum ultra 150 vinculo artificiali nec affinitate naturali junctarum, et comprehendit genera 6 sequentia a Klotzschio proposita:—
- a. Timandra, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 197. Fruticuli ramosissimi parviflori Brasilienses, indumento stellato scabro haud copioso, inflorescentiis in axillis superioribus sessilibus brevissimis fere occultis, calycibus ex Klotzschio constanter sed certe casu tantum 4-meris, staminibus paucis. Species paucæ sunt, sed cum Medra, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 198, floribus 5-meris ab auctore distincta, sectionem naturalem formant al. Eucrotone facile separandam.
- b. Ocalia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 195, species continet paucas Brasilienses, caulibus o basi sublignosi herbaceis efectis parum ramosis, indumento stellato-hispido, calyce ? ex auctore insequali, quod vix in speciminibus nostris apparet. Caterva habitu bene distincta. R. Hil. Pl. Us. Bras. t. 59.

e. Tremum, Klotsch in Pl. Meyen. 418, et in Hayne, Areneig. xiv. t. 3, frutices continet Asiaticas indumento stellato parco v. subnullo, eseterum ab Encrotonibus typicis calycis segmentis imbricatis nequaquam separandos. Klotzsch in Hayne l.c. sub n. 3, in nota a Muell. Arg. incaute pretervisa, species 4 novas ex ins. Philippinarum edidit, quas in Prodromo sub aliis nominibus invenimus, scil.: Tiglium Cumingii, Kl., est Croton leiophyllus, Muell. Arg.; T. subincanum, Kl., est C. consanguineum, Muell. Arg.; T. lanceolatum, Kl., est C. Verreauxii, Baill. var.; et T. pubescens, Kl., est C. luzoniensis, Muell. Arg.

BARHAMIA, Klotzsch in Seem. Bot. Her. 104, suffrutices continet v. frutices Americanos, habitu Astrois integrifoliis accedentes, sed charactere nullo certo ab Eucrotonibus typicis distinguendos. Crotonanthus, Klotzsch in Linnaa, xxvi. 634 (absque charactere) est C. rhamnifolius, H. B. K., species fruticosa pariter ad Eucrotonem pertinens. Myriogomphus, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjöbenh. 1857, 142, est. C. fuscus, Muell. Arg., species Brasiliensis, inflorescentia densa, calycibus glandulis numerosis longe stipitatis instructis, Julocrotoni accedens, et cum C. vestito aliisque paucis genus Leucadenium, Kl., in herb. plur. format, quod tamen vix pro sectione propria ab Eucrotone distinguendum.

CODONOCALYE, Klotzsch in Baill. Etud. Fuph. 360, species continet humiles Americanas, dense tomentosas, dioicas, habitu Hendecandra similes, sed petala fl. 5 evoluta.

- Subsect. 4. Podostachys, species paucas Americanas includit, divisionem sat naturalem ad Decarinium accedentem formantes. Herbæ sunt duriusculæ v. suffrutices ramosi, indumento stellatohirto, racemis intra folia ultima sessilibus, floribus Q ad basin capitato-confertis, parte superiore d tenui a floribus Q intervallo nudo separata. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 225, t. 33. Podostachys, Klotzsch in Wieym. Archiv. vii. 193. C. subferruginea, Muell. Arg., inflorescentia minus definita et habitu toto, potius Eucrotoni nostro sensu limitato transferenda videtur.
- 5. Astrea. Species paucæ Americanæ, quarum una in orbe vetere si inquilina jam late dispersa. Caules e basi v. superne herbacei, indumento stellato. Folia sæpe nec constanter palmatim 3-5-loba. Flores Eucrotonis sed receptaculum fl. of fide Muell. Arg. constanter glabrum. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 233, t. 34. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 70, 71. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 36. ASTREA, Klotesch in Wiegm, Archiv. vii. 194. Wavra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 42.
- 6. Quadrilobus. Est species unica Brasiliensis, a nobis non visa, nec in iconibus depicta, ab Eucrotone distincta dicitur, calyce floris & 4-mero (in fl. \$\beta\$ 4-5-mero); character minimi valoris, nam flores 4-meri hinc inde observantur in paucis speciebus sectionum diversarum.
- 7. Decarinium. Species Americanæ 42, habitu polymorphæ, ab Eucrotone distinctæ calycis \( \frac{2}{2} \) lobis plus minus inæqualibus, lobis 2 majoribus quinto minore nunc minuto v. 0. character sæpe valde incertus et proportio loborum in cadem specie sæpe variabilis. Uti aliæ sectiones majores in series 2 dividitur: Lamprocroton indumento lepidoto, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 244, t. 35, 36; et Geiscleria, indumento non lepidoto, Muell. Arg. i. c. 255, t. 37, 38. L'Hér. Stirp. Nov. t. 9. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 194. Priorum species plures includuntur in sect. Argyroglossum. Inter Non lepidoto plures fruticosæ dense tomentosæ v. lanatæ calycibus \( \partial \) parum inequalibus melius cum similibus inter Eucrotones associantur; nliæ caule herbacco v. suffrutescente, indumento stellato-hispido, foliis serratis, spicis brevibus, calyce \( \partial \) magus inæquali habitum peculiarem proferunt, et includunt C. glandulosum, Linn., cum paucis affinibus, seu genus Decarnium, Rafin. Neogenyt. 1 (Griselberia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 254. Brachystachys distinxit calyce \( \partial \) 4-mero nec 5-mero, segmentum quintum tamen in eadem specie nunc cæteris fere æquale nunc minutum vix conspicuum et facile prætervisum, et Muell. Arg. genera duo Klotzschyana varietates unius speciei nuncupat.
- 8. Heptallon. Species 3 horeali-Americanæ, herbaceæ, stellato-lanatæ v. tomentosæ, habitu fere Julocrotonis, floribus intr. folia summa subcapitatis, calyce ? co- (sæpius 7-8-)partito subvalvato. Heptallon, Rafin. Neogenyt. 1 (Pilinophyttum, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 255).
- 9. Angelandra. Species 2, boreali-Americanze, annuze, dioicze, ramosze, habitu Hondacandra affines, indumento tenui stellato-lepidoto, racemis brovissimis laxis, calyce & inzequali, & subzequali. Engremannia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 253, non Torr. et Gr. (Angelandra, Endl. Gen. Suppl. iv. iii. 91. Genamelonis, Torr. in Rep. Marcy Exped. 295).
- 10. Drepadenium (melius Hendarandra). Species 7, herbaces v. suffruticosa, America borealis v. centralis, diciem, ramose, sepius humiles, indumento lepidoto v. substellato incano, racemis brevissimis lazis, calyce in utroque sexu sequali. Petala etiam in maribus 0, dum in exteris sectionibus in fl. & adsunt. Stamina sepius 10-11. Cav. Ic. t. 6. Hendecandra, Eschech. in Mem. Acad. Petereh, 1823 (edit. 1828?), 287. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. t. 91. Deepadenium, Rafin. Neogenyt.

2. Astrogyne, Benth. Pl. Hartw. 14. His addidit Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 272, t. 39, speciem brasiliensem arboream macrophyliam monoicam grandifoliam, a nobis non visam; ex icone et descr. ab Hendecandris boreali-americanas longe distat habitu et characteribus omnibus prester absentiam petalorum in fl. 3, qua non obstante multo melius Gonocladiis Baill. associanda.

ARGYRODENDEON, Klotzsch in Peters, Mossamb. Bot. 100, et ex Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 700, genus spurium e speciebus 2 fictum, altera ad Crotonem (Eutropiam), altera ad Combretam referends.

TRIDESMIS, Lour. Ft. Cockinch. 576, species 2 continet, Chinenses prope Cantonem lectas, ex charactere dato verisimiliter ad Crotonem referendas, uti proponit Muell Arg.

85. Julocroton, Mart. Herb. Fl. Bras. 119. (Heterochlamys, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1843, 61. Centrandra, Karst. Fl. Colomb. i. 177, t. 88.) - Flores monoici, sæpius petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx alte 5-lobus, sæpius inæqualis, lobis majoribus interdum basi v. dorso varie appendiculatis. Petala angusta v. parva. Disci glandulæ nunc staminibus exterioribus nunc petalis alternæ. Stamina 10-11, receptaculo piloso affixa, uno sepe centrali, filamentis liberis apice in alabastro inflexis per anthesin erectis; antheræ subanthesi erectæ, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. ()varii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Calyx maris, glandulis tamen v. appendiculis sæpe magis conspicuis. Petala parva minuta v. 0. Discus hypogynus dimidiatus, antrorsum reniformis, integer v. 3-lobus v. e glandulis 3 distinctis, rarius annularis et 5-lobus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli patentes, liberi v. basi breviter connati, semel v. bis bifidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina strophiolata, testa cruatacea; albumen copiosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis. — Frutices suffruticesve tomento stellato sæpe denso mollique vestiti. Folia alterna, integerrima v. denticulata, basi 3-5-nervia. Flores in spicam densam terminalem sæpius cylindraceam intra folia summa sessilem conferti, inferiores 2, superiores 3, omnes sessiles v. præsertim 3 breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ nunc lineari-setaceæ nunc lacero-diasectæ et calycis 2 lobi majores sæpe lacero-dissecti.

Species descriptæ 20, Americæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ a Brasilia meridionali usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 701, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 275, t. 40, 41. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 65, 66 (Croton).

Genus Crotoni valde affine et facile pro sectione illi restituendum. Inflorescentia tamen et sæpe calyx 2 satis distincti videntur. Baillon et Muell. Arg. situm calycis segmentis quinti axin versus posticum dicunt in Crotone, anticum in Julocrotone, character nobis valde dubius, nec in speciminibus siccis verificandus, positio calycis in floribus dense glomeratis necessarie variabilis evadit.

Julecroton a Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjöbenh. 1857, 129 in subgenera 2 dividitur, habitu inter se parum diversa: Eremadenia floris ? disco hypogyno e glandula integra antrorsum reniformi constante, et Oligonychia disco antrorsum 3-lobo v. e glandulis 3 sepalis exterioribus basi adnatis composito. In J. Riedeliano, Muell. Arg., a nobis non viso, discus floris ? sequaliter 5-lobus dicitur. In Crotone decaloho, Muell. Arg., qui nobis potius Julecrotonis species videtur, discus vix prominens squamellis 5 brevissimis latis sepalorum basibus affixis, 3 exterioribus paullo magis prominulis.

86. Gretonepsis, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. ii. 185, t. 46. (Friesia, Spreng. Syst. iii. 760. Leptemon, Rafin. ex Endl. Gen. 1117.)—Flores monoici, sæpe petaliferi. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 5-3, imbricata. Petala totidem. Glandulæ ad basin calycis. Discus cæterum 0. Stamina in medio flore 4-5, filamentis liberis apice in alabastro inflexis demum erectis; antheræ sub anthesi erectæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Petala 0. Ovarium junius 2-3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, lobati; ovula in quoque loculo solitaria sed jam per anthesin unum solum in ovario perfectum. Capsula parva, indehiscens, abortu 1-locularis, 1-sperma, pericarpio membranaceo. Semen ovoideum, estrophiolatum, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus ovatis planiusculis.—Herba annua, gracilis, dichotome v. subumbellatim ramosa, indumento lepidoto. Folia alterna v. opposita,

integerrima. Flores minuti, ad apices ramorum v. in dichotomiis superioribus breviter spicati, inferiores 2, superiores 3. Fractus minimi.

Species 1, America borealis incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 707.

87. Eremecarpus, Benth. Bot. Sulph. 53, t. 26.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Sepala 5-6, imbricata. Stamina 6-7, receptaculo piloso affixa, filamentis liberis apice in alabastro inflexis demum erectis; antheræ sub anthesi erectæ, adnatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Sepala uti petala desunt. Ovarium 1-loculare, in stylum longum filiformem indivisum desinens, stigmate ad apicem laterali; ovulum 1. Capsula ovoidea, monococca, 2-valvis, pericarpio chartaceo. Semen estrophiolatum, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.— Herba humilis, ramosissima, pilis stellatis undique dense setosa. Folia alterna v. sub ramis opposita v. subverticillata, integerrima, mollia, pennivenia. Flores parvi, ad apices ramorum v. in dichotomiis summis breviter spicati, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, inferiores Q, superiores &.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 708.

88. Catvetta, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. iv. 388. (Govania, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7851, nomen.)—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Discus margine integer v. sinuato-lobatus. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, lata, inæqualia, valde imbricata. Petala 5, calyce sublongiora, in corollam urceolato-globosam 5-lobam diu coherentia. Stamina  $\infty$  (15-25), in receptaculo lanato-villoso conferta, filamentis liberis brevibus erectis; antheræ ovatæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus connectivo angusto adnatis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl.  $\mathcal{Q}$ : Perianthium maris nisi petala facilius solvenda mox libera. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Drupa subglobosa, indehiscens, abortu 1-locularis 1-sperma, exocarpio crasso carnoso, endocarpio duro. Semen globosum, testa crassa ossea 'epidermate tenui'; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbor parva, ramulis inflorescentia et foliorum pagina inferiore tomento denso albo stellato indutis. Folia alterna, ampla, late rotundato-cordata, acute sinuato-dentata, basi 5-9-nervia. Flores cymulosi, cymulis racemosopaniculatis; paniculæ in axillis superioribus v. ad basin innovationum nunc (præsertim 3) longis laxis, nunc (præsertim  $\mathcal{Q}$ ) abbreviatis densis v. paucifloris.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis peninsulæ et Zeylaniæ incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1112. Wight, Ic. t. 1889.

89. Estinodendron, Muell. Arg.in Flora, 1864, 533, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii.1111.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx subglobosus, segmentis 5 latis imbricatis insequalibus. Petala in corollam globosam apice imbricato-5-lobam coherentia. Disci glandulæ 5, distinctæ, magnæ, ovatæ, crassæ, erectæ, stamina cingentes. Stamina æ, receptaculo intra glandulæs affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis basi lanato-villosis apice inflexis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \rangle \) (a nobis non visi): Discus hypogynus crassus, integer lobatusve. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 2-fidi, petaloidei; ovula in loculis solitaria (Baill.). Fructus indehiscens, exocarpio carnoso, endocarpio osseo lignoso. Semina estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ (Muell. Arg.).—Arbor, ramulis crassiusculis. Folia alterna, longe petir lata, ampla, digitata, segmentis sæpius 5 acuminatis membranaceis penniveniis basi contractis. Stipulæ latæ, reniformes, crenatæ v. laceræ. Flores & parvi, dense cymulosi, cymulis in panicula terminali longa laxa pyramidata racemosoramosa numerosis. Calyx tomentosus. Corolla glaberrima vix exserta.

Species 1, Africa tropica incola, ab auctore prius ex floribus famineis, habitu et inflorescentia neglectis, in Jatropha collocata. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1300.

90. Manniophyton, Muell. Arg. in Flora 1864, 530, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 719.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl.  $\mathcal{E}$ : Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin irregulariter valvatim ruptus. Petala in urosolum latum breviter sinuato-lobatum coalita. Glandulse 5, pilose, staminibus exterioribus petalisque alterne. Stamina  $\infty$  (12-20), receptaculo

convexo piloso afixa, filamentis liberis; antherse erectse, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: "Calyx brevis, alte 3-fidus, lobis valvatis mox apertis. Petala 5, libera, valde imbricata, calyce longiora. Discus vix prominens, pilosus. Ovarium rigide pilosum, 3-loculare; styli 2-partiti, ramis patentibus linearibus crassis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula majuscula, profunde tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crasso duro. Semina nitida, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum? embryo . . .—Frutices scandentes, indumento ferrugineo-hispido simplici v. substellato. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, lata, integerrima v. 3-5-loba, basi 5-7-nervia pennivenia et transversim venulosa. Paniculæ racemiformes, longæ, parum ramosæ v. subsimplices, axillares, floribus & secus ramulos sessilibus v. brevissime pedicellatis parvulis glomeratis, 2 paullo majoribus sparsis longius pedicellatis.

Species (v. unius varietates?) 8, Africa tropica incola. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1267, 1268.

91. Pausandra, Radlkof. in Flora, 1870, 92, t. 2.—Flores dioici l, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx campanulatus, brevis, sinuato-5-6-lobus. Petala in corollam 5-6-lobam basi connata, lobis contorto-imbricatis basi ad faucem transversim barbatis. Discus cupularis, truncatus, staminum basin cingens. Stamina intra discum 5-7, si lobis calycinis isomera iis alterna, filamentis liberis erectis; antheræ erectæ, oblongæ, loculis connectivo latiusculo adnatis parallelis subintrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2: . . . Capsula tridyma, lævis, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duriusculo. Semina ovoidea, compressiuscula, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbuscula glabra, v. pilis malpighiaceis stellatisve conspersa. Folia alterna, magna, breviter petiolata, dentata, pennivenia. Flores & parvi, in racemos axillares shirplices v. paniculato-ramosos dispositi, secus rhachin tomentellam fasciculati v. sparsi, brevissime pedicellati. Capsulæ in specimine unico fructifero secus rhachin racemi brevis paucæ.

Species 1, in America tropica a Brasilia usque ad Nicaraguam extensa. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 503, t. 99.

92. Trigonestemon, Blume, Bijdr. 600 (lapsu Trigostemon).—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Sepala 5, imbricata. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Disci glandulae 5. Stamina 3 v. 5, filamentis in columnam brevem connatis; antherw ad apicem columnam sessiles, erectae v. horizontales, loculus extrorsum connectivo crasso adnatis distinctus parallelis divergentibus v. divaricatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx et sepala maris. Discus sapius integer. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi breviter connati, breviter v. alte 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planse, latse.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata v. fere sessilia, interdum ampla, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi axillares v. rarius terminales, elongati v. abbreviati, interdum ad cymam unicam subsessil m reducti. Flores parvi, sæpius pedicellati, & secus rhachin fasciculati v. subcymosi, 2 solitarii v. in cymulis & singuli.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1108 (sect. 5 ad 7). Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 11.

Inter sectiones a Muellero distinctas, Dimorphocalyx ad genus proprium restituendus videtur. Cheilosiopsis omnino Ostodi convenit, T. zeylanicus, Muell. Arg., est ipsissima Ostodes minor, Muell. Arg., Tritaxis cum Antitaxi pro genere proprio inter Jatropheas servandæ. T. lavigatus, Muell. Arg., nobis vix Trigonostemonibus typicis congener videtur. Collocatur in sectione Silvea floribus Q apetalis, sed in flore examinato certe petala calyce vix breviora invenimus. A speciebus typicis differt inflorescentia Gelonii, cymis sessilibus oppositifoliis, et antheris intra discum cynthiformem subsessilibus distinctis nec in columna elevatis. Verisimiliter genus proprium format, sed adhuc fructu ignoto haud tute definiendum. Cæteræ species in sectiones 3 distribuendæ:—1. Eutrigonostemum, racemis axillaribus, antheris 3 in columna brevi crectis distinctis apice plus minus 2-fidis. Wight, Ir. t. 1890. Sect. Silvaa et Eutrigonostemonis § 2, Muell. Arg. Silvaa, Hook. et Arn. Bot. Besch. 211. Atheolema, Griff. Notul. iv. 477. 2. Telogyne, Muell. Arg., inflorescentia et autheris

Eutrigonostemonis sed numero 5. Thlogyne, Baill. Etud. Euph. 327. 8. Pyonanthera, racemis terminalibus antheris 3 ad spicem columnæ brevis sessilibus, loculis connectivum craseum marginantibus. Huc pertinent species 2 Zeylanicæ, T. diplopetalus, Thw., antherarum loculis divarieatis transversis, et T. nemoralis, Muell. Arg., Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 182, antherarum loculis radiantibus. Tylosepalum, Kurz ex Teijem. et Binnond. in Batav. Natuurk. Tijdschr. xxvi. 50, a Muell. Arg. pro sectione Codiai receptum, nobis characteres potius Trigonostemonis ostendere videtur. Specimen nostrum imperfectum. Inflorescentia ut in Eutrigonostemone axillaris, sed flores 3 fasciculati ? racemosi dicuntur. Calyx differt segmentis extus basi glandula disciformi notatis. Cætera florum tam 3 quam ? omnino Eutrigonostemonis.

93. Paracroton, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 382. — Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Sepala 5, imbricata. Petala totidem. Disci glandulæ petalis alternæ. Stamina & (15-20), filamentis centralibus monadelphis; antheræ extrorsum 2-rimosæ. Fl. 2: Ovarium 3-gono-pyramidatum, 3-loculare; styli distincti, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula crassa, lignosa, in coccos 3-valves dissiliens. Semina latiora quam longa, glabra; albumen copiosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbor mediocris. Folia alterna, petiolata, lanceolata, repando-serrata, basi 2-glandulosa. Racomi terminales, 3-4-pedales, penduli, pedicellis alternatim fasciculatis. (Char. ex Miq.)

Species 1, Javanica, a nobis non visa. Meq. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1112. Genus ex charactere dato quosd inflorescentiam et semina latiora quam longa Galeariæ convenit, sed staminibus convenit et semina latiora quam longa Galeariæ convenit, sed staminibus convenit abunde differt.

94. Ostodes, Blume, Bijdr. 619. (Desmostemon, Thre. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 278.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx 5-partitus, segmentis latis inæqualibus imbricatis. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Disci glandulæ 5. Stamina & (15-30), receptaculo convexo v. columnari affixa, filamentis firmis v. tenuibus; antheræ juxta basin dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis v. divergentibus connectivo latiusculo adnatis introrsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, staminum 2-3 terminalium sæpius horizontales. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{2}{3} \): Perianthium maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, 2-partiti; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula subglobosa, 6-costata, pericarpio duro, endocarpio fere osseo, demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea (extus in vivo pulposa i); albumen carnosum; cotyledones plane, late. — Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, ampla, pennivenia, dentata v. rarius integerrima. Racemi laxi, ad apices ramorum paniculati, sæpe elongati, v. infra folia laterales brevioresque. Flores \( \frac{2}{3} \) secus rhachin v. ramos laxe cymulosi, \( \frac{2}{3} \) in racemo distincti secus rhachin sigillatim sparsi v. rarius in cymulis \( \frac{2}{3} \) solitarii.

Species ad 6, Indiæ Orientalia et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1114. Bedd. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxv. t. 27, in Fl. Sylv. t. 274, repetita.

- O. Helferi, Muell. Arg., sectionem Geloniastrum formans, floribus & ad axillas fasciculatis, antheris extrorsum 2-rimosis et petalis pubescentibus nobis ignota est, et forte e genere excludenda. Speciebus Prodromi addendæ sunt, præter Trigonostemonem zeylanicum, Muell. Arg. ad O. minorem, Muell. Arg., referendum, Trigonostemon macrophyllus, Muell. Arg., et probabiliter Fahrenheitia, Reichb. et Zoll. in Linnæa xxviii. 600, ex ins. Baki, nobis non nisi charactere dato notas.
- 95. Cediseum, Rumph.; A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 33, t. 9. (Phyllaurea, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 575.)—Flores monoici, saltem & petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, lobis segmentisve 3 6 sepius 5, imbricatis. Petala 5-6, parva. Disci glandulæ petalis alternæ. Stamina & (15-30), receptaculæ parum elevato affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis connectivum latiusculum marginantibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus et apice demum confluentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycis parvi lobi 5, appressi. Petala 0. Discus subinteger. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. vix basi connati, patentes v. recurvi, longe subulati, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio pergameno. Semina (au semper!) strophiolata, testa nitidula crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Racemi elongati, in axillis superioribus solitarii, sepius unisexuales v. rarius flos 2 unus alterve in racemo &; flores & parvi sub quaque bractea sepius glomerati, 2 solitarii.

Species distinguende forte 4, insularum maris Pacifici australis, Australia et Archipelagi Malayani incolm. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1119 (sect. Russlimum et Synaspisma). Bet. Mag. t. 3051. Lodd. Bet. Cab. t. 870. Species typica, ob folia variegata diu in hortisculta, in diariis hortulanorum sub variis nominibus frequenter delineatur.

Codisum quale in Prodromo definitum stirpes plures nostro sensu heterogeneas includit, et ad sectiones supra citatas reducendum videtur. Blackiam et Balogkiam pro generibus propriis retinemus, et Tylosepalum ad Tvigonoslomonom referrimus.

STMARTISMA, Endl. Gen. 1110, est C. inophyllum, Muell. Arg. (Crosophora peltata, Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 75), ab Eucodisco pro sectione distinctum ob calycis segmenta pauciora et racemum & amentiformem. Racemi & etiam in C. variegato prima juventute amentiformes sunt, sed in C. inophyllo multo tardius elongantur, et bractese peltatse primum imbricatse sunt.

JUNGHUHNIA, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 412, est ex Muell. Arg. specimen Codiai floribus mutilatis.

96. Baloghia, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 84; Iconogr. t. 122, 123.—Flores monoici (v. dioici?) petaliferi. Discus margine undulato-lobatus v. e squamellis parvis petalis alternis v. obsoletus. Fl. d: Calyx alte 4-6- sæpius 5-fidus, segmentis imbricatis per anthesin patentibus reflexisve. Petala totidem, calyos longiora. Stamina ∞ (10-100), receptaculo convexo v. conico affixa, v. filamentis plus minus in columnam connatis superne liberis crassiusculis exterioribus extrorsum nutantibus; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis extrorsum contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. brevissime connati, patentes, alte 2-fidi, ramis simplicibus co-fidisve; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa v. oblonga, strophiola parva v. 0, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores Folia opposita v. alterna, breviter petiolata, coriacea, integerrima, fruticesve glabri. tenuiter pennivenia. Racemi terminales breves, laxi, interdum ad fasciculum reducti, androgyni floribus inferioribus 2, v. unisexuales. Flores utriusque sexus longiuscule pedicellati, sub bracteis parvis solitarii, quam in Codicco multo majores.

Species ad 9, Novo-Caledonica, quarum una etiam in Australia invenitur. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1116 (Codiai sect.). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 148 (excl. B. Pancheri).

In specie typica Endlicheri folia opposita, styli rami integri, et capsula crassa, 6-sulca, exocarpio crasso carnoso, endocarpio duro, tardius dehiscens. In speciebus a Baill. Adans. xi. 74 sub Codicci ect. Steigeria enumeratis, quarum 3 examinavimus, folia alterna, styli rami seepe laceri, capsula minor, tridyma, exocarpio parum carnoso, facile dissiliens. Omnes tamen bene congeneres videntur etsi nostro sensu a Codicco longe distant habitu, inflorescentia, calyce, petalis, antheris et stylis. Steigerle, Muell. Arg. is Linnea, xxxiv. 215, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1121, speciem typicam staminibus 100 et ultra non vidimus, sed ex charactere dato bene a Baillono Baloghiis cæteris associatur.

97. Alphandia, Baill. Adans. xi. 85.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Discus e glandulis liberis v. in annulum brevem connatis. Fl. d: Calyx 5-dentatus, dentibus brevibus obtus v. longiusculis dentatis valvatis. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Stamina co, receptaculo centrali conico inserta, filamentis liberis v. vix ima basi connatis; antherarum loculi apice discreti, cruribusque brevissimis connectivi adnati, extrorsum rimosi. Fl. 2: Calyx brevis, 5-dentatus v. insequaliter rumpendus. Petala crassiuscula, demum recurva. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, basi connati, crassi, 2-fidi, intus stigmatosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ubi nota majuscula in coccos dorso longitudinaliter carinatos dissiliens. Semina subteretia, lævia, strophiolata; albumen copiosum; cotyledones planse, laten.—Arbores parvæ v. frutices parce furfuracei v. resinoso-glandulosi. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi longiusculi, terminales v. ad folia suprema axillares, simplices v. alterne cymiferi; flores v. cymæ inferiores foeminei, cæteri masculi superiores multo numerosiores. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 2, Novo-Caledonica, a nobis non vise. Ex charactere dato genus a *Baloghia* parum differt calyce dentato nec alte imbricato-lobato et floribus secus rhachin racemi sape cymulosis nec sub bractea solitariis.

98. Festalnea, Heckel, Thèse, Montpellier, 1870, ex Baill. Adans. xi. 80; Hist. Pl. v. 194.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. J: Calyx late cyathiformis, truncatus v. leviter sinuato-lobatus, demum sæpe fissus. Petala 5-6, calyce multo longiora, crassiuscula, puberula, leviter imbricata. Discus parum prominulus. Stamina co (25-30), receptaculo conico affixa, filamentis liberis v. basi breviter connatis exterioribus apice extrorsum nutantibus; antherarum loculi distincti, extrorsum paralleli, sulco profundo longitudinali dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 (a nobis non visi): Calyx valvatus inæqualiter ruptus. Petala maris. Discus continuus. Ovarium 3-6-loculare; styli crassiusculi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Drupa suboliviformis, indehiscens, endocarpio osseo 2-6-loculare. Semen sæpius unicum perfectum, estrophiolatum; albumen copiosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutex v. arbor parva, præter corollam glabra. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia, reticulata. Racemi in axillis summis breves fere fasciculiformes, floribus paucis longiuscule pedicellatis quam in Codiæo multo majoribus. (Char. fl. 2 et fr. ex Baill. l. c.)

Species 1, Novæ Caledoniæ et Australiæ orientalis tropicæ incola, a Muell. Arg. Prod. xv. ii. 1117 dubie sub Codiæo inclusa, a Baill. Adans. ii. 214, quo docente a Bonth. Fl. Austral. vi. 149 ad Baloghiam relata. Huic genere inflorescentia habitu et staminibus convenit, sed calyce et fructu bene distincta.

99. Elachia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 388, t. 19.—Flores monoici v. subdioici, saltem & petaliferi. Fl. d: Calyx membranaceus, globosus, 4-5-partitus, segmentis imbricatis. Petala 4-5, parva. Disci glandulæ squamiformes, petalis alternæ iisque æquilongæ. Staminæ  $\infty$  (10-20), receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis connectivum marginantibus et apice demum confluentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycis segmenta lanceolata v. oblonga, post anthesin valde aucta, v. rarius parum aucta reflexaque v. caduca. Petala 0. Discus vix prominens. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; styli distincti, filiformes, 2-partiti; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, calyce foliaceo v. reflexo sepius stipata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, pericarpio haud crasso. Semina oblonga, estrophiolata, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones plane, latæ.—Frutices glabri, habitu potius Dimorphocalycis quam Codiæi. Folia alterna v. superiora subopposita, breviter petiolata, membranacea v. vix demum coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi terminales, pedunculo gracili. Flores & pedicellis filiformibus ad apicem pedunculi subumbellati v. breviter racemosi; 2 nunc prope basin pedunculi & solitarii v. fasciculati, nunc ad apices ramorum 2-3-ni absque fl. &; pedicelli superne incrassati.

Species 5 v. 6, pleræque Zeylaniæ v. Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incolæ, 1 Chinensis. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 226. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1118 (Codiæi sect.). Wight, Ic. t. 1874 (Croton). Genus certe quand flores & Codiæo accedit, sed habitu inflorescentia et floribus Q nobis abunde distinctum videtur.

100. Dimorphocalyz, Thwaites, Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 278.-Flores dioici (v. interdum monoici ?) petaliferi. Fl. &: Calyx cupulatus, margine undulatus, 5-dentatus v. breviter 5-lobus, apertus. Petala 5, calyce longiora. Disci glandulæ 5, petalis alternæ. Stamina ∞ (10-20), receptaculo elevato v. plus minus columnari imposita, 5 exteriora petalis opposita, filamentis liberis v. interioribus alte connatis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis v. divergentibus connectivo crassiusculo adnatis longitudinaliter dehis-Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 5-partitus, segmentis imbricatis post centibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi connati, erecti, anthesin valde auctis. Petala maris. 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaris. Capsula 3-dyma, calycis segmentis valde auctis patentibus stipata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Cymæ 2-pauci-floræ, axillares v. terminales, breviter v. longiuscule pedunculatæ.

Species (v. varietates insignes?) 3 v. 4, Indise orientalis Peninsulæ, Zeylanise et Archipelagi

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101. sagetta. Baill. Adeas. i. 53.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Discus 6. Fl. 5: Sepala 5, lata. valde imbricata. Petala 5, longiora, imbricata. Stamina co (ultra 26), in receptaculo co-sariatim conferta, filamentis brevisaimis cum connectivo complanato lato erecto continuis; antherarum loculi erecti, discreti, paralleli, connectivum introrsum marginantes ecque breviores, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 5, angusta, mox aucta. Petala 0 (v. caducissima?). Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, crassiusculi, 2-partiti; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula ovoidea, calycis segmentis persistentibus elongatis stellato-patentibus stipata, in valvas crassiusculas demum sæpe 2-partitas loculicide dehiscens, septis præter alas columellæ subevanidis. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ.—Arbusculæ glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia, interdum ampla. Racemi terminales, sæpius breves, unisexuales v. androgyni basique 2, rarius utriusque sexus co-flori; flores utriusque sexus longiuscule pedicellati.

Species 1 (varietates tamen insignes præbens), Brasilise borcalis et Guianze incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1113, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. 11. 504, t. 70.

102. Cluytia, Linn. Gen. n. 1140 (Clutia). (Altora, Adans. Fam. ii. 356.)—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, imbricata, patentia. Petala totidem et acepius longiora. Discus petalifer calycis basi adnatus, margine inter petala glandula v. squamula auctus et basi intus varie glandulifer v rarius eglandulosus. Stamina 5, filamentis infra apicem columnse centralis tenuis verticillatis patentibus, columna apice truncata v. leviter dilatata et vertice cava; anthere breves, dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovariu rudimentum preter columnæ apicem 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi brevissime connati, patentes, breviter v. longius 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. subglobosa, in valvas 3 integras v. 2-fidas crassiusculas septicide dehiscens, septis tenuibus liberatis v. columellæ adhærentibus. Semina ovoidea, compressiuscula, strophiolata, testa crustacea nigra nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices v. fruticuli sæpe ericoidei. Folia alterna, integerrima, sæpius parvula. Flores parvi, ad axillas breviter pedicellati, fasciculati, v. 2 interdum solitarii longiusque pedicellati.

Species editic 28, Africa tropica et australis incola, una diu in hortis culta in ins. Mauritio et forte alibi inquilma videtur. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1044 A Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 6. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 16 Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 250. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 50 ad 52. Juub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 465 ad 468. Bot. Mag. t. 1321, 1945. Bot. Reg. t. 779.

Genus nulli arcte affine, habitu et inflorescentin potius Phyllantheis quam Chrozophoreis accedit, sed stamina centralia et ovarii loculi certe 1-ovulati.

103. Agrestistachys, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ. ii. 41.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. d: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, per anthesin in lacinias 2-5 valvatim fissus. Petala 5, rarius 6-8, calyce breviora. Disci glandulæ petalis alternæ. Stamina ad 10 (8-13), receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis basi subconnatis; antherse ad apicem filamenti articulati, loculis a connectivo glanduliformi pendulis fere a basi distinctis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum in medio flore plus minus evolutum, 2-3-fidum, v. rarius 0. Fl. 2: Calyx alte 5-fidus rarius 6-fidus, lobis sæpius angustis. Petala calycem superantis, caducissima. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, crassiusculi, 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula sicca v. carnosula, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina in loculis sæpe abortu solitaria, subglobosa, testa crustacea nitidula; albumen crassum, carnosum; embryo rectus v. leviter incurvus, cotyledonibus latiusculis planis.—Frutices elatiores, glabri. Folia alterna, ampla, subsessilia v. hasi in petiolum brevem contracta nec unquam basi rotundata.

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Species 6 v. 7. Indise Orientalis et Africa tropicse incolm. Genera duo seguenta annual in DC. Prod. zv. ii. 725 et 726 recepta, nostro sensu rite a Heill. Adams. xi. 98, in minima de annual production de la compania de annual de annual

104. Argithamnia, Swartz, Prod. 39; et Fl. Ind. Occid. 335, t. 8.—Flores monoici v. rarius dioici, petaliferi. Disci glandulæ petalis alternæ. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 4-5, tenuia v. fere petaloidea, valvata. Petala 4-5, nunc integra calycem superantia, nunc brevia apice dilatata v. divisa. Stamina petalis numero æqualia dupla v. rarius triplo plura, filamentis basi brevissime v. altius in columnam connatis; antheræ ovoideæ v. oblonge, dorso medio v. prope basin affixæ (in Philyra erectæ), loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarni rudimentum ad apicem columnæ brevissimum v. aper inter stamina vix convexus. Fl. 9 · Sepala imbricata. Petala quam in mare sæpius minora, interdum parva, linearia Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, varie laciniati, lobis angustis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, nitidula; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Frutices suffrutices v. herbæ perennes, plus minus sericeo-pubescentes v. pilosi, pilis simplicibus v. rarissime pube stellata intermixta. Folia alterna, membranacea v. mollia, integerrima v. paucidentata, rarius serrata. Flores ad axillas breviter v. rarius tenuiter racemosi, sub bracteis solitarii, superiores, rarius omnes & parvi brevissime pedicellati, inferiores v. sæpius unus tamen in spica 2 vix longius pedicellati. Calyx haud raro sub fructu auctus, herbaceus, segmentis patentibus.

Species editæ 37, Americæ tropicæ et subtemperatæ incolæ, a Chile et Bonaria usque ad Mexicum et civitates australiores Americæ borealis extensæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 733, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 308 (Argyrothumnia).

Genus in Prodromo in sectiones 5 sequentes dividitur, cum sexta (Speranskia) quam ad genus proprium restituinus.—

- 1. Philyra. Petala fl. 3 a columna staminea libera. Stamina circa columnam 4-5, sub apice columnae verticillata, antheris basifixis. Frutex brasiliensis, glaber, aculeis infrafoliaceis rectis solitariis v. geminis haud raro armatus, racemis brevissimis densis, bracteis rigidis. Philyra, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 199. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 12. Vix non pro genere proprio retinendum.
- 2. Ditaxis. Petala in fl. & basi brevissime columnæ stamineæ adnata. Stamina circa columnam 2-rarius 3-verticillata. Prutices suffruticesve plerique tropici. Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 46. Ditaxis, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 27, t. 7. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 15. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. t. 639.
- 8. Aphora. Omnia Ditarcos nisi glandulæ disci magis prominulæ. Suffrutices v. herbæ perennes, plerique ex America boreali v. centrali. Aphora. Nutt. in Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc. ser. 2, v. 174. Senophyton, Benth. Bot. Sulph. 52. Stenonia, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjöbenh. 1857, 146.
- 4. Eucrytkamnium. Petala libera, integra. Stamina petalis isomera, filamentis vix in columnam elevatis. Species plerseque ex India occidentali.
- 5. Chiropetalum. Petala libera, brevia, dilatata, 2-co-fida. Stamina petalis isomera, sub apice columnse elevata verticillata. Species austro-Americanse, plerseque extratropicse. Com. Ic. 4. 557.

f. 2 (Groton). Chinopetalum, A. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxv. 21; Baill. Etud. Emph. t. 15. Despontena, Voll. Fl. Flum. 95; Ic. ii. t. 146. Chiorocaulon, Klotesch in Endl. Gen. Suppl. iv. iii. 89.

Nomen genericum a Sprengelio futile in Argothamnia, a Muellero in Argyrothamnia mutatur, sed derivatur ex doppes seu topios, albus, potius quam ex topios, argentum.

105. Caperenia, St. Hil. Pl. Rem. Bras. 244. (Cavanilla, Vell. Fl. Flum. 226; Ic. v. t. 102. Lepidococca, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1848, i. 588. Androphoranthus, Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. 15, t. 108.)—Flores monoici v. rarius dioici, petaliferi. Discus obsoletus. Fl. &: Sepala valvata. Petala 5, columnæ stamineæ seu androphoræ intra calvoem elevatee affixa, imbricata. Stamina 10 v. abortu pauciora, circa columnam 2verticillata; antheræ ovoideæ, loculis connectivo brevi separatis medifixis v. subpendulis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum ad apicem columnæ clavatum. Fl. 2: Sepala imbricata, sequalia v. insequalia v. interdum lobis exterioribus 1-3 aucta. Petala quam in mare angustiora, interdum obsoleta. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli breves, lacero-multifidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, sæpe hispida v. echinata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ccarunculata, subglobosa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Herbæ erectæ, rarius basi suffrutescentes, hispidæ, pilis rigidulis haud raro apice glanduligeris, rarius glabratæ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, seepius serrata, angusta v. rarius ovata, pennivenia, venis primariis seepius albtus elevatis. Racemi axillares, pedunculati, floribus sub bracteis dissitis solitariis, superioribus & parvis, inferioribus Q paucis. Calyx fructifer interdum sub capsula auctus patens.

Species enumeratæ 19, in herbariis valde confusæ et plures certe reducendæ, Americæ et Africæ inter tropicos incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 751, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 317, t. 47. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 43. Lepidocroton, Presl, huc ab auctoribus incaute relata, est Chrozophoræ senegalensis var. abyssinica, forte species distincta, etsi plantæ senegalensi valde affinis.

- 106. Pseudoèreton, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1872, 24.—Flores dioici ? petaliferi. Disci glandulæ v. lobi petalis alterni. Fl. 3: Sepala 4, valvata, alabastro 4-costato. Petala 4, calycem subæquantia, lepidota. Stamina  $\infty$  (16-30) filamentis liberis; antheræ oblongæ, in alabastro erectæ, demum recurvæ, loculis parallelis arcte contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, dense lepidotum. Fl. 2 ignoti.—Frutex v. arbor, ramulis inflorescentia et foliorum pagina inferiore dense lepidotis. Folia alterna, petiolata, oblongo-obovata v. elliptica, coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia, supra nitidula. Racemi 3 laxe pauciflori, in axillis inferioribus pedunculati v. foliis floralibus summis ad bracteam reductis v. evanidis subpaniculati.
- Species 1, Americae centralis incola. Specimina typica Guatemalensia non vidimus, sed mascula ad Acota in Nicaragua a R. Tate lecta cum charactere dato omnino conveniunt.
- 107. Sumbavia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 390. (Doryxylon, Zoll. in Linnæa, xxix. 469.)—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Discus obscurus. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus clausus, per anthesin valvatim fissus. Petala 5, brevia. Stamina numerosa, receptaculo convexo eglanduloso affixa, filamentis liberis erectis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Calyx alte divisus, lobis angustis. Petala minuta. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi connati, recurvi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula, a nobis non visa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens (Zoll.).—Arbores indumento stellari. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, 3-nervia, pennivenia, integerrima, basi in una specie breviter peltata. Racemi spiciformes, axillares. Flores & secus rhachin in glomerulos paucifloros sparsi, subsessiles, 2 hinc inde in glomerulis & solitarii, evidentius pedicellati.
- Species 2, Malayanze, quarum uns tantum nobis nota. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 727. Genus Malloto valde affine, nec differt nisi petalorum præsentia.
  - 108. Tannedia, Baill. Adans. i. 251, t. 7. (Tandonia, Baill. l. c. 184.)-Flores monoici,

petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx 5-partitus, valvatus. Petala 5. Disci glandulee 5, petalis alternæ. Stamina 10, 2-seriata, basi breviter connata, seriei exterioris petalis opposita; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis staminum exteriorum introrsum, interiorum extrorsum contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala imbricata. Petala 5. Discus membranaceus, cupuliformis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi connati, 2-fidi. Fructus . . .—Frutex inflorescentia pubescente excepta glaber. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, integerrima, firme membranacea, 8-5-nervia. Racemi tenues, terminales, simplices. Flores utriusque sexus sub quaque bractea terni, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ basi grosse 2-glandulosse. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 1, Madagascariensis, a nobis non visa. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 728.

109. Cretonogyme, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1864, 535, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 720.—Flores dioici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin irregulariter in valvas 2-3 ruptus. Petala 5, calycem sequantia v. superantia. Stamina co (15-20), receptaculo valde elevato crasso affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antherse erectse, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 5-fidus, lobis angustis. Petala maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 2-partiti, ramis linearibus indivisis (v. 2-fidis ex Muell. Arg.); ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina . . .—Frutex elatior, indumento sparso lepidoto. Folia alterna, ampla, integerrima, pennivènia, petiolo brevissimo, limbo basi 2-glanduloso. Flores secus pedunculum elongatum axillarem v. lateralem distantes, 3 parvi, glomerati, subsessiles, 2 paullo majores, sparsi, pedicello rigido fulti.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incola, in speciminibus perfectioribus ulterius examinanda.

110. Chrosophora, Neck. Elem. ii. 337. (Crozophora, A. Juss. et Auct. recent. Tournesolia, Scop. Introd. ex Muell. Arg. Lepidocroton, Presl, Epimel. Bot. 213.)—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. d: Calyx in alabastro ovoideus v. globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 5-partitus. Petala 5, calyci æqualia v. breviora. Discus inconspicuus. Stamina 5-15, filamentis basi in columnam connatis plus minus distincte 1-3-verticillatis; antherse oblongee, erectæ, basi v. dorso paullo altius affixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycis segmenta angusta. Petala angusta, interdum parva setacea v. 0. Glandulæ petalis alternæ, latæ, breves, parum prominulæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli erecti v. demum patentes, sæpe crassi, 2-fidi, ramis indivisis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula subcarnosa, tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ecarunculata, testa nitida v. tuberculoso-aspera; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Herbæ ramosissimæ, sæpius diffusæ, rudes, rarius suffrutescentes, indumento stellato-tomentoso v. hispido. Folia alterna, sæpius undulatodentata et plicato-rugosa. Racemi breves, densi, in axillis superioribus sessiles. Flores sub bracteis solitarii, d in parte superiore conferti breviter v. brevissime pedicellati, 2 ad basin pauci longius pedicellati, pedicello interdum elongato 2-floro. Capsulae hispidæ tuberculatæ stellato-tomentosæ v. lepidotæ.

Species enumerate 6, in herbariis valde confuse, nonnullæ revidendæ et forte iterum dividendæ v. reducendæ, regionis Mediterranese et Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 746. A. Juss. Euph. Trat. t. 7. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 15. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 37. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 152. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 950, 951 (Croton). Delile, Fl. Egypt. t. 51 (Croton). Vis. Pl. Æg. ac Nub. t. 7. Schweinf. Pl. Nilot. t. 3 ad 5.

Genus a Baillono, Hist. Pl. v. 181, cum Argithamnio et Caperonia sub nomine Tournesolia jungitur, cui agre assentiri possumus. Genera affinia quidem, sed nobis tam habitu et patria quam characteribus bene definita videntur. Nomen, a χρώζω v. χρών derivatum, Necker rite Chrosophora scripait, et forte lapsu calami postea in Crosophora mutatum fuit.

111. Sperametta, Baill. Etud. Euph. 388.—Flores monoici, petaliferi. Fl. 3: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim fissus. Petala 4-5, brevia, lata, rotundata, basi contracta, crassiuscule squamiformia. Glandules inter petala minuta. Stamina co (10-15), receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis liberis; vol. III.

Species 1, Chinse borealis incola. Capsula ex Bungeo tuberculata, deest in speciminibus a Bungeo receptis, sed in aliis ex codem loco pilosula est nec tuberculata. Genus a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 734, ad Argithamniam relatum, sed nostro sensu longe differt habitu patria inflorescentia et staminibus.

112. Manthot, Adans. Fam. ii. 356. (Janipha, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 106, t. 109. Mandiocca, Link, Handb. ii. 436, ex Endl.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. d: Calyx seepe coloratus, campanulatus v. urceolatus, breviter v. alte 5-fidus, lobis imbricatis (an semper?) contortis. Stamina 10, 2-seriata, inter lobos v. glandulas disci affixa, filamentis liberis tenuibus; antheræ oblongæ, sæpius majusculæ, doraifixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. in medio disco parvum 3-fidum v. 3-setosum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus hypogynus seepius evolutus, integer v. glandulosus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, patentes, varie dilatati v. lobati ; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ovoidea v. oblonga, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ. — Herbæ elatæ v. frutices rarius arborescentes, sæpius glaucescentes, glabri v. rarius tomentoso-villosi. Folia alterna, petiolata, indivisa v. sæpius digitatim 3-7-lobata v. partita, segmentis petiolulatis v. varie confluentibus membranaceis v. coriaceis penniveniis integerrimis v. sinuato-lobatis. Flores in ordine majusculi, racemosi, sub quaque bractea solitarii. Racemi terminales v. in axillis superioribus, simplices v. subramosi, laxiusculi, floribus superioribus & breviter pedicellatis, Q sæpius ad basin racemi 1-3 longius pedicellatis. Bractese nunc parvæ nunc foliacese, integerrimse v. margine fimbriatæ.

Species enumeratæ ad 80, omnes Americanæ, pro maxima parte Brasilianæ, paucæ per regiones calidiores usque ad Mexicum dispersæ, 1 v. 2 in variis terris tropicis diu cultæ. Muell. Arg. sn DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1057, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 438, t. 63 ad 67. A. Juss. Euph. Tont. t. 10 (Janipha). Pohl, Pl. Bras. Ic. i. 17, t. 10 ad 48. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 80 ad 83 (Jatropha). Baill. Etud. Euph t. 19. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 530. Bot. Mag. t. 3071 (Janipha).

Specimina in herbariis sæpe valde imperfecta variationes foliorum male indicant et verisimiliter species plurimæ ab auctoribus descriptæ melius notæ in posterum reducendæ.

113. Adriana, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 486, t. 116. (Trachycaryon, Klotesch in Pl. Pre'ss. i. 175.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 4-5-partitus. Stamina co (numerosa), in receptaculo convexo dense conferta, filamentis brevissimis liberis; antherse lineares, erecte, connectivo ultra loculos in acumen seu appendiculam linearem producto, loculis adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 6-8, sub-2-seriatim imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi brevissime connati, 2-fidi, ramis dense papilloso-fimbriatis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ovoidea, strophiola parva, testa coriacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices erecti, glabri v. stellato-tomentosi. Folia alterna v. opposita, petiolata v. subsessilia, 3-5-nervia, grosse dentata, cæterum indivisa v. 3-loba. Spicæ terminales v. ramulo excrescente mox oppositifoliæ, indivisæ, 3 sepius elongatæ floribus secus rhachin sessilibus sub quaque bractea 3-6; spicæ 2 sæpius bravea, dense, intra folia summa sessiles v. brevissime pedunculatæ.

Species 5, Australiane, a nonnullis ad 2 reducts v. a Ferd. Mueller in unicum coaccivates.

Banth. Fl. Austral. vi. 133. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 8. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 223 (Oreton).

114. Pachystroma, Klotzech in Herb. Berol.; Muell. Ary. in Linned xxxiv. 177, in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 893, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 387, t. 54. (Acantholoms, Gaudich.; Baill. Adams. vi. 231, t. 1.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro ovoideus, clausus, per anthesin longior, apice valvatim 2-fidus. Stamina 3, flamentis basi in columnam primum ovoideam demum cylindraceam connatis, superne breviter libéris; antheræ magnæ, oblongæ, erectæ, dorsifixæ, connectivis primum dorso cohærentibus et ultra loculos in umbonem brevem productis, loculis parallelis distinctis superne connectivo breviter adnatis basi liberis extrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calycia lobi 3, imbricati, sub fructu patentes, rigidi, incunte anthesi (ex Baill. et Muell, Arg.) ovarium arcte cingentes. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli (a nobis non visi) basi breviter connati, crassi, recurvi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula magna, lignosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, receptaculo solo in speciminibus nostris superstante cum columella brevi inter coccos lignoso-incrassato pyramidato-triquetro ad angulos sub-Semina ovoidea, testa orustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latse, planse.—Arbor glabra. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, coriacea, nitidula, margine plus minus spinoso-dentata v. rarius subintegerrima, pennivenia, venis primariis sat crebris transversis parallelis. Spicæ & terminales, rhachi crassiuscula, floribus parvis sessilibus horizontaliter prominulis crebris at vix glomeratis. Fl. 2 ad basin spicæ & solitarii (v. gemini?), pedicello brevissimo crasso fulti. Bractez imbricatze, caducissimze, spicam juniorem et florem 2 includentes.

Species 1, Brasiliana. Stamina ex Muell. Arg. 5-6, nos in floribus pluribus a speciminibus variis sumptis semper 3 invenimus sed antherarum loculi in alabastro profunde sulcati antheras distinctas simulant. Flores Q examinare nequivimus, descriptiones Bailloni et Muelleri inter se vix quadrant. In icone citata Acantholomatus inflorescentia nec speciminibus nec descriptioni Bailloni convenit.

115. Cephalocroton, Hochst. in Flora, 1841, 370.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Discus 0. Stamina 6-8, filamentis liberis 2-seriatis superne inflexis iterumque sub anthera erectis; anthera oblongæ, ab initio erectæ, dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve. Fl. 2: Sepala 5-6, elongata, inæqualia, laceropinnatifida. Discus annularis, vix lobatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, superne patentes, multifidi, laciniis læviusculis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis latis.—Frutices indumento stellato sæpius parco. Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpius dentata, basi 3-5-nervia. Racemi terminales. Flores & ad apicem rhacheos in capitulum subglobosum conferti, 2 ad basin racemi 1-3 plus minus pedicellati.

Species 2, Africa tropica incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 761 (Sect. Eucephalogroton). Klotzsch in Peters. Reise Mossamb. Bot. t. 17. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 18.

116. Adenochisma, Baill. Etud. Euph. 472. (Centrostylis, Baill. l. c. 469.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin in segmenta 4 (rarius 5-6?) valvatim partitus. Stamina totidem, filamentis liberis erectis v. summo apice breviter inflexis; antherse terminales, supra medium dorsifixæ, loculis connectivo sæpe latiusœulo separatis subpendulis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, tenue v. crassum. Fl. ♀: Sepala 5-8, angusta, integerrima (v. demum glanduloso-dentata?), valde inæqualis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam connati, superne patentes, apice 2-fidi, ramis 2-∞-fidis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina estrophiolata, subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices v. arbores, indumento stellato sæpius tenui, foliis sæpe glabris. Folia alterna, breviter v. brevissime rarius longiuscule petiolata, basi sæpe cordata, pennivenia et basi sæpe 3-5-nervia. Racemi terminales. Flores ♂ nunc in parte superiore in glomerulos densos globosos conferti, nunc glomerulis co inter sæ distantibus racemum tenuem formantes. Flores ♀ ad basin racemi panei, sub bractes solitarii v. Ջ-8-ni.

Species nobis notes 3, Indies orientalis incole, una Zeylanica Chemalochem sect., Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 762, altera Peninsulæ incola, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 261, tertia Silhetensis, Symphyllia Baill. Etud. Emph. 473, t. 11. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 763. Characteres florum omnino condem invenimus, in A. seylanics Thw. inflorescentia abbreviata densa fare Cephalocrotomis, sed stamina bene distincta, in A. indica Bedd., racemi longiusculi interrupti, in A. (Symphyllia) silhetensi racemi adhuc longiores, florum glomerulis densissime globosis v. ovoideis dissitis et folia fere sessilia. Omnes nobis stricte congeneres videntur etsi tam a Cephalocrotomi quam a Chloradenia distinctse. Species Madagascariensis a Baill. et Muell. Arg. descripta nobis ignota est.

117. Bernardia, P. Br. Nat. Hist. Jam. 361, absque char. gen. (Bivonia, Spreng. Neue Entd. ii. 116. Tyria, Pheedra et Polybesa, Klotzsch in Endl. Gen. Suppl. iv. iii. 88. Traganthus, Klotzech in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 188, t. 9. Passesa, Baill. Etud. Euph. 507. t. 18. Alevia, Baill. l. c. 508.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, apetali. Discus 0 v. e glandulis distinctis. Fl. d: Calyx in alabastro globosus clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina  $\infty$  (3-20), filamentis liberis glandulis minutis sæpe intermixtis; antheræ terminales, erecte v. rarius in alabastro nutantes, connectivo brevi crassiusculo et loculis distinctis brevibus ante dehiscentiam sulcatis v. 2-globosis quasi cruciatim 4-loculares. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala ad 6 (5-9), imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli brevissimi, erecti, cum carpellis sæpe continui, integri 2-fidi v. laceri; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato. be nina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.--I rutices rarius herbæ, indumento stellato v. simplici. Folia alterna, petiolata v. subsessilia, sepissime dentata, pennivenia, rarius parva v. angusta integerrimaque, in una specie perpauca v. 0 ramis junceis. Spicæ axillares, nunc utriusque sexus brevissimæ sessiles floribus dense confertis bracteis subimbricatis, nunc præsertim & tenuiores longiusculæ, floribus dissite glomeratis v. 2 sub bractea quaque solitariis. Flores d'asspius minuti, 2 interdum bracteolis paucis ab auctoribus nonnullis pro perianthii segmentis exterioribus descriptis stipati. Bracteæ spicæ & sæpius concavæ, glomerulum fere includentes.

Species ad 24, Americae tropicae et subtropicae incolae. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 915, st in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 390, t. 57. Admlik species, Linn.; Baill. Adans. iv. 372, t. 10, 11 (autheris vix accurate delineatis).

Genus antherarum indole facile distinctum, a Muellero in sectiones 6 dividitur, characteribus levioris momenti e glandulis receptaculi staminum numero v. stylis integerrimis v. laceris deductis. Inter genera supra citata Traganthus distinguitur caule herbaceo annuo villoso, sed characteres bene Bernardiæ conveniunt. Speciebus Prodromi addetur Ricisella myrciæfolia, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 729, quæ nobis omnino Bernardia videtur, B. Gardneri, Muell. Arg., affinis.

118. Erythroccca, Benth. in Hook. Nig. Fl. 506.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 5: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina 3-6, filamentis brevibus basi in annulum connatis; antherarum loculi a basi distincti, erecti, subglobosi, ab apice longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 3-partitus, segmentis angustis. Disci glandulse 2. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli breves, a basi plumoso-multifidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula (an semper?) abortu 1-locularis, 1-sperma, globosa, indehiscens, exocarpio tenuiter carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen . . .—Frutex glaber, ramis tenuibus teretibus aculeis geminis infrastipularibus armatis. Folia breviter petiolata, membranacea, integerrima v. vix dentata. Inflorescentia ad axillas fasciculata, & subcymosa e ramulis co brevibus multifloris sessilibus composita, floribus secus rhachin fasciculatis pedicellatis minutis; fl. 2 pauci, pedicellis 1-floris in axilla subfasciculatis.

Species 1, Africa tropica incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 791.

119. Masskarita, Baill. Adans. i. 51.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, 3-partitus, segmentis subvalvatis. Discus 0. Stamina 3, receptaculo affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antherse erectæ, usque ad basin in locellos 4 demum a basi distinctos erectos obovoideo-globosos latere interiore ab apice dehiscentes divisæ. Ovarii

rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx parvus v. 3-partitus; disci hypogyni squamæ 3, petaloideæ, calycis segmentis subæquilongæ iisque alternæ. Ovarium carnosum, 3-loculare; styli plani, dilatati, in orbem patentes, apici ovarii appressi; ovula in loculis solitaria, obturatore magno. Fructus obscure tridymus, in speciminibus nostris immaturus, ex Baill. 3-coccus.—Arbor 40-80-pedalis (Barter et Mann), v. frutex 8-15-pedalis (Welwitsch), undique glaberrimus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ampla, integerrima, nitidula, pennivenia. Spicæ d'axillares laterales v. fere oppositifoliæ, amentiformes, floribus arcte approximatis subsessilibus; pedunculi 2 axillares v. laterales, breves 1- (v. 2-3-?) flori.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 774. Genus evidenter Claoxylo affine, a Baillono Tetrorokidio comparatum, sed stamina sepalis alterna nec opposita, inflorescentia aliique characteres longe distant.

120. Clacylon, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 43, t. 14. (Erythrochilus, Reinw. in Bl. Bijdr. 614.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. Discus varius. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro subglobosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina sepius numerosa, receptaculo v. disco centrali affixa, glandulis v. lobis disci varie intermixta, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi distincti, erecti, obovoidei v. subglobosi, ab apice longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx minus alte divisus, lobis 2-4 (an semper?) valvatis. Discus margine integer v. lobatus. Ovarium 3- rarius 2-loculare; styli breves, liberi v. basi connati, patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina estrophiolata, subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbores fruticesve glabri v. pube appressa brevi vestiti. Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpius ampla, membranacea v. vix coriacea, integerrima v. dentata, pennivenia. Racemi axillares v. laterales, solitarii v. subfasciculati, foliis breviores. Flores parvi, 3 secus rhachin fasciculati, 2 solitarii sparsi.

Species enumerate 42, Africe, Asiæ et Australiæ intra tropicos et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 775. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 129. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 395. Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 231.

Genus in sectiones plures dividit Muell. Arg., imprimis ex dispositione glandularum receptaculi floris  $\delta$ ; ques tamen variant fere de specie in speciem et semper minutes difficillime observantur. Baillon genus totum in *Mercuriali* includit.

121. Microcecea, Benth. in Hook. Nig. Fl. 503.—Flores monoici v. subdioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina & (3-10), receptaculo convexo affixa, glandulis paucis minimis intermixta, filamentis distinctis; antherarum loculi a basi distincti, obovoidei, jam in alabastro erecti, ab apice longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 3-4, imbricata. Laminæ hypogynæ (an disci lobi?) 3-4, lineares, coccis alternæ, calyce vix breviores. Ovarium 3- rarissime 4-loculare; styli distincti, subpatentes, breves, lineares, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-4-cocca, coccis fere a basi distinctis 2-valvibus. Semina globosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Herba annua, erecta, ramosa, basi sæpe indurata. Folia alterna exceptis interdum primordialibus oppositis, petiolata, membranacea, sæpius dentata, pennivenia. Racemi axillares, rhache filiformi. Flores & minuti, fasciculati, in racemis & in quoque fasciculo co breviter pedicellati, in racemis androgynis pauci, sæpius 1-2 in quoque fasciculo cum unico 2 longius pedicellato. Capsulæ parvæ.

Species 1, in cultis Africe et Asia tropica frequens, a Thuaitssio Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 271, et a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 789 ad Claoxylon relata. Antherarum loculi erecti distincti ut in hoc genere, sed habitu et floribus ? potius Mercuriali accedit, a qua differt foliis alternis, antheris erectis et pistillo sapius 3-mero. Anthera ex Muell. Arg. in Micrococca introrsum 2-rimosas sunt, dum in exteris Claoxylis extrorsum 2-rimosas dicuntur, sed hac distinctio nobis effugit. Baillon Micrococcam cum Claoxylis aliisque sub Mercuriali includit.

122. Mercarians, Linn. Gen. n. 1125.—Flores dioici v. casu monoici, apetali. Fl. J: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro globosus v. ovoideus, clausus, per anthesin

valvatim 3-partitus. Discus 0. Stamina co (8-20), filamentis liberis receptaculo parvo affixis; antherarum loculi a basi distincti, globesi v. ovoidei, divaricati v. primum penduli demum ascendentes, superne longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 9. Fl. 2: Sepala 3 (leviter imbricata?). Lamines hypogynes (an disci lohi?) 3, lineari-subulates, coccis alternes. Ovarium 2-loculare, parius casu 3-loculare; styli vix basi connati, hreves, erecti v. divergentes, intus prominenter papillosi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula didyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina ovoidea v. globesa, levia v. tuberculata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones late, planse.—Herbes annuse v. rhizomate perenni, rarius basi sublignosse, glabres pubescentes v. tomentoso-lanates. Folia opposita, sepius dentata, pennivenia. Racemi axillares, d graciles, floribus supra medium in glomerulos paucos distantes collectis; 9 in plerisque brevissimi, floribus 1-2 ad axillas subsessilibus, in M. perenni longiores, floribus 1-3 in pedunculo communi distantibus.

Species 6, plerseque Europses, imprimis e regione Mediterranea occidentali, quarum una per varias regiones dispersa esepe inquilina, altera Axise orientali propria. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 794. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 14. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 9. Necs, Ic. Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 49. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 151, 152. Moris. Fl. Sard. t. 110. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 12.

123. **Lecidesia**, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 792.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina co (4-7), filamentis brevibus tenuibus basi hinc inde connatis; antherarum loculi globosi, a basi distincti, demum patenter 2-valves. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 0 v. ad bracteam unicam brevem angustam reductus. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli distincti, lineares, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, interdum abortu 1-cocca, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Herbæ teneræ, annuæ, ramosæ. Folia alterna v. ad ramificationes subopposita, longe petiolata, tenera, ovata v. orbiculata, late dentata v. integerrima. Racemi terminales v. in dichotomiis, rhachi filiformi. Flores 3 minimi, apicem versus racemi in fasciculos plures dispositi, 2 ad basin rhacheos pauci, bractea foliacea stipati. Bracteæ et calyces fl. 3 sæpe setoso-ciliati. Capsulæ parvæ.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. 1. 1284.

124. Ademoctine, Turc. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1843, 59, et 1852, ii. 179. (Diplostylis, Sond. in Linnau xxiii. 113.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, alte 5-lobus, jam ante anthesin apertus, lobis primum valvatia? v. ex Muell. Arg. imbricatis. Glandula- v. lobi receptaculi inter stamina plura. Stamina co (6-12), filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ terminales, loculis discretis globosis divaricatis vertice dehiscentibus, antheræ effecta quasi 2-valvi. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 5-partitus, ovario sæpe æquilongus, segmentis angustis æqualibus leviter imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli tenues, 2-partiti, recurvo-patentes, basi brevisaime connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula parva, tridyma, pericarpio tenui, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa, testa tenuiter crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones ovatæ, radicula vix duplo latiores.—Herbæ tenues, diffusæ, annuæ v. basi perennes. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, nunc angusta et integerrisma nunc latiora denticulata, membranacea. Flores minimi, ad axillas laxe cymulosi, inflorescentia interdum ad apices ramorum foliis floratibus diminutis fere in racemum abeunte; flores f sæpius plurimi, 2 pauci ad basin cymularum v. in axillis distinctis.

Species 3 v. 4, Africe australis incols. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1189. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 9, inclusa Parademocesne, Muell. Arg. l. c. 1141, quam auctor distinxit antherarum localis poudulis, quod tamen confirmare nequimas. Anthers in omnibus speciebus nobis subsimiles videntur. localis primum subcrectis dein divergentibus post dehiscentism patentibus interdum fore reflexis.

125. actaema, Baill. Etud. Buph. 465, t. 9.—Flores monoici, apetali, Discus 0, Fl. &: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro depresso-globosus, per anthesin valvatim

Spartitus. Stamina 3, rarius 2, in centro floris segmentis alterna, filamentis basi brevissime connatis; anthere terminales, loculis distinctis ante anthesin profunde sulcatis fare 2-globosis apice dehiscentibus, anthera aperta cruciatim 4-valvi. Ovarii rudissentum 9. FL 2: Calyx brevis, alte 3-fidus, sub ovario patens. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli breves, temus, recurvo-patentes; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula parva, in cocces 2-valves dissiliens, pericarpio membranaceo. Semina ovoides, testa crustacea; albumen carnostum; cotyledones ovate, radicula vix duplo latiores.—Herba annus, pumila, glabra. Folia alterna, angusta, integerrima. Flores parvi, ad apices ramulorum v. in axillis superioribus cymulosi v. fasciculati, breviter pedicellati, inferiores plures 2, superiores densius fasciculati A.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola, a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 947, invita natura Tragia inclusa. Genus nobis Adenoclini valde affine videtur, etsi fioris partium numero et antherarum forma satis distinctum.

126. Acalypha, Linn. Gen. n. 1082. (Cupameni, Adans. Fam. ii. 356.)—Flores monoici v. rarius dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx tenuiter membranaceus, in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 4-partitus. Stamina  $\infty$  (sæpius 8), receptaculo parum elevato affixa, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi distincti, divaricati, seepius oblongi v. lineares et in flore aperto sæpissime flexuosi vermiformes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Sepala 3-4, imbricata, nunc minima. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli liberi, filiformes, seepius in lacinias filiformes divisi, rarius indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, sæpius parva, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Herbæ frutices v. arbores, habitu vario. Folia alterna, sæpius ovata, plus minus dentata, 3-5-nervia v. pennivenia, petiolo seplus longiusculo. Flores & parvi, sub bracteis parvis glomerati, in spicas amentiformes v. tenues elongatasque dispositi; 9 intra bracteam demum sæpe auctam foliaceamque solitarii v. 2-4-ni ; bracteæ ♀ nunc ad basin spicarum mascularum solitariæ v. pauce, nunc in spica distincta distantes v. conferte, nunc laxe paniculate v. singulæ pedicello longo capillari fultæ; spicæ & et androgynæ axillares v. rarissime terminales; 2 nunc uti d'axillares v. laterales, nunc terminales, solitarii v. fasciculati.

Species notes ad 220, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late disperse, perpauce imprimis inter Americanas extratropices. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 800, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 339, t. 53. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 132. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 14 (Acalypha et Caturus). Gærtn. Fruct. t. 107. Baill. Etud. Buph. t. 20. Cav. Ic. t. 568 ad 570. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 245 ad 246; Ic. Rar. t. 620. Hook. Comp. Bot. Mag. t. 29. Wight, Ic. t. 877. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 58. Benth. in Heok. Ic. Pl. t. 1291. Grant in Trans. Laun. Soc. xxix. t. 96 ad 98. Vahl, Symb. t. 20. Benth. Bot. Sulph. t. 53. Anders. in Eugen. Resa, Bot. t. 14. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 224, 225.

Genus bene limitatum et pro maxima parte antheris stylis et bracteis facillime dignoscendum, etzi in paucis speciebus bractez parvæ remanent v. styli indivisi v. antheræ vix tortæ. Linostachys, Klotsech in Linner, xix. 235 (GYMNALYPHA, Gresch. in Bonplandia, vi. 2) pro sectione in Prodromo admissa, species continet paucas Americanas cum una Asiatica inflorescentia 2 insignes; paniculse terminales v. laterales tenuissime, rhachi ramulisque capillaceis, bracteis minimis sub fructu haud auctis; spices omnino normales. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 47. Species sectionis alterius Duacalypha, Muell. Arg., maximam partem generis formantes, a Muellero in series plures ordinantur, imprimis ad inflorescentiam et positionem rationemque florum det 2. Hue referantur icones omnes supra sub genere citates, et inter formas quodammodo abnormes includuntur; Carunus, Line. ex Schreb. Gen. Pl. 677 (Galurus, Spreng. Syst. i. 138), species indica, bracteis ♀ sub fructu non auctis; Odonteilema, Three. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1848, i. 587, species Brasiliensis que ob stylos longos simplices Senerice distincts fuit, sed character hine inde in variis speciebus habitu diversis observatur; et CARRETTEOGRAFIA, Klotssch in Petera. Mossamb. Bot. 96, t. 18, species Africana bractels and floribus 2 majusculis in sieco complicatis. In A. indica, Linn., speciebusque nonnullis aliis tam Americanis quam gerontogeis spica androgyna superne mascula sæpe terminatur flore parvo longe pedunculato hetstymorpho famineo v. subhermaphrodito varie obliquo v. recurvo quoed perianthium et ovarium imputfector suplus tersen fertili capsula monosperma. In paucis aliis speciebus flores 2 dimorphi, alli subseccibes normales, alii gracile pedunculati minimi ovario capsulaque f -- 3 3-partitis,

127. Mareya, Baill. Adams. i. 73.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Discus 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-20), receptaculo convexo glanduloso affixa, filamentis liberis in alabastro flexuosis; antherarum loculi distincti, oblongi, substipitati, in alabastro penduli, demum flexuoso-ascendentes, apice dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 4-6, lata, imbricata. Discus explanatus, varie lobatus. Ovarium 3- rarius 4-loculare; styli distincti, recurvi, indivisi, papilloso-plumosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, pubescens, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina leevia; albumen carnosum; cotyledones lata, planse.—Frutices v. arbusculi. Folia alterna, petiolata, majuscula, integerrima v. obtuse serrata, pennivenia. Spicse tenues, axillares laterales v. ad apices ramorum confertes, foliis sespins longiores. Flores secus rhachin glomerati, nunc omnes in glomerulo &, nunc in quoque glomerulo 1 2 cum 2 v. \( \infty \) Capsulse parve.

Species (v. ex Muell. Arg. varietates) 2, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 792. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1281. Genus Acalyphæ valde affine, sed satis differre videtur habitu. staminum numero et floribus fæmineis.

128. Adella, Linn. Gen. n. 1137, pro partc. (Ricinella, Muell. Arg. in Linnaa xxxiv. 153.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim partitus. Disci glandulæ calycis basi adnates. Stamina & (8-15), filamentis liberis brevibus; antheræ versatiles, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala angusta, per anthesin reflexa. Discus explanatus. Ovarium 3-loculare, styli reflexo-patentes, laciniati, lobis angustis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 3-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, lævia; albumen carnosum; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Frutices præter inflorescentiam glabri v. rarius tomentosi, ramulis interdum apice v. ad axillas spinescentibus. Folia alterna v. ad nodos conferta, membranacea v. chartacea, integerrima, pennivenia, breviter petiolata. Flores parvi, & ad axillas fasciculati, fere sessiles, 2 solitarii, longiuscule pedicellati.

Species ad 7, Indiæ occidentalis, Americæ centralis et forte Columbiæ (si huc pertinet Fendleri n. 1224) incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 729 (Ricinella excl. R. myricæfolia ad Bernardiam pertinente) et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 306. Nomen Linnæanum a Muell. Arg. rejicitur ob prioritatem Adeliæ P. Browne, qui vero genus (Forestierom) sub hoc nomine non definivit, etsi species ope iconis suæ agnoscenda sit.

129. Zeucocroton, Grisch. Erlaut. Pfl. Trop. Amer. 20.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus anguste explanatus vix in glandulas divisus. Fl. δ: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-5-fidus. Stamina  $\infty$  (6-10) receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, oblongæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum villosulum. Fl.  $\mathfrak P$ : Calyx 5-partitus, sepalis vix valvatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, crassi, brevissime 2-lobi, lobis breviter radiato-multifidis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos bivalves dissiliens. Semina subglobosa, testa lævi; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutices indumento brevi stellulato v. sublepidoto. Folia alterna, coriacea, supra glabra, transversim v. oblique pennivenia, venulosa. Spicæ v. racemi axillares, folio multo breviores. Flores δ secus rhachin sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, sub quaque bractea glomerati,  $\mathfrak P$  sub bracteis solitarii, secus rhachin pauci, v. uno solo subterminali.

Species genuinse 2, v. 3, Cubenses. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 756. Wright in Sauv. Fl. Cub. 129, ubi L. flavescens latifolius ad varietatem L. Wrightii reducitur, et L. flavescens angustifolius pro specie propria bene distinguitur sub nomine L. revoluti. His addenda est L. virens, Grisch., qui primo aspectu longe differt foliis basi 5-nerviis pube stellata mollibus, sed flores 2 similiter ad apieem rhacheos solitarii. Flores 3 nobis desunt.

130. Caleratenta, Baill. Etud. Euph. 471, t. 19. (Adenogynum, Zoll. in Linnase xxviii. 325.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Discus 0. Stamina 3-5, filamentis liberis superne inflexis:

antheree dorsifixee, versatiles, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum angustum. Fl. 2: Sepala 5-6, demum basi contracta. Disci glandule sepalis alternee. Ovarium 3- rarius 4-loculare; styli basi longiuscule connati, superne liberi, lineares, 2-partiti, ramis indivisis; ovula in loculis solitaris. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina albuminosa, cotyledonibus latis planis.—Frutex indumento stellato sepius albido. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, ampla, dentata, basi 3-5-nervia, subpeltata, supra glaberrima. Racemi axillares, petiolo sepius breviores. Flores 3 ad apicem parvi, in capitulum subglobosum conferti, bracteis parvis angustis, 2 ad basin capituli solitarii, maribus multo majores, dense tomentosi. Bractese in pedunculo sub inflorescentia foliacese, parvulse.

Species nobis nota 1, Javanica. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 761, sub Cophalocrotone. Species altera, a Blumeo dubie ad Adisoam relata, ex descriptionibus longe aliena est, versimiliter rite a Zollingero in Linnasa xxviii. 322 ad Crotonem relata.

Genus a Cephalocrotone nobis longe differre videtur habitu, inflorescentia axillari, staminum numero, stylorum ramis longis indivisis aliisque notis. Filamenta in hoc et in Cephalocrotone a Baillono rite descripta et delineata. a Muellero 'supra insertionem antherarum genufiexo-producta,' dicuntur quod non intelligimus, nam antheras semper ad apicem filamenti inflexi versatiles vidimus.

131. Conlodepas, Hassk in Flora 1857, 531, et Hort. Bogor. Descr. 44. (Koilodepas, Hassk. in litt. ex Bot. Zeit. 1856, 802.)—Flores dioici v. monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina 4-8, uniseriata, filamentis crassis basi v. ultra medium cuneato-dilatatis connatisque superne liberis contractis acutis; antherse terminales, loculis a connectivo parum distincto introrsum pendulis v. lateraliter divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum e columna staminea breviter protrusum. Fl. 2: Calyx cupulatus, ovario appressus, late 4-10-fidus, lobis imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli patentes, complanati, 2-∞-fidi, lobis dentatis v. introrsum fimbriato-multifidis; ovula in loculis solitaris. tridyma, perianthio plus minus aucto stipata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbores inflorescentia excepta subglabræ. Folia breviter petiolata, oblonga, chartacea, integerrima v. sepius dentata, pennivenia. Spice d'ad axillas solitariæ v. fasciculatæ, floribus secus rhachin glomeratis. Flores Q ad basin spicarum & 1-2, v. in spicas ad axillas solitarias 1-4-floras dispositi, sub quaque bractea solitarii. Capsula stellato-tomentosa.

Species 3, altera Javanica, altera Peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 759. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 320. Beath. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1288. Flores & speciei typicæ in specimine nostro desunt, ex Hassk. filamenta in cupulam 4-6-lobam connata, antheris ex apice introrsum pendulis; in specie inedita e Penang, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 9098, filamenta 6-8 basi tantum in cupulam connata superne libera, antheris ut in C. bastamensi ex apice introrsum pendulis; in C. calyciso filamenta superne breviter libera, antherarum loculis lateraliter divergentibus.

132. Ecquillenia, Baill. Adans. ii. 225.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro ovoideus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 2- rarius 3-partitus. Stamina 2, rarius 3, filamentis basi in columnam connatis superne liberis asspe insequalibus; antheres ovoidese, dorso prope apicem affixe, connectivo parvo, loculis distinctis parallelis subextrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx brevis, segmentis 4-5 imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli complanati, lati, crassiusculi, vertici ovarii arcte appressi; ovula in loculis solitaris. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina oblonga, testa tenuiter crustacea v. submembranacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, coriacea, integerrima v. obscure sinuato-dentata, pennivenia. Flores & minuti, numerosissimi, in capitula globosa v. oblonga in ramis annotinis v. vetustioribus sessilia densissime glomerati, 2 pauciores, pariter in ramis lignosis sessiles v. breviter spicati.

Spinies 5 v. 6, Novo-Caledonice, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 894. Baill. Adans. xi. 127. Inter illes tamen B. brevipes, Muell. Arg., floribus & ignotis adhuc dubia remanet, nam spica

2 axillari elongata a cateris speciebus longe differt. Genus characteribus Alehornes accedit, inflorescentia diversum.

133. Adenopheedra, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 385, t. 101.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro subglobosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus rarius 2-partitus. Stamina 3, rarius 2, segmentis alterna, filamentis brevibus crassis basi connatis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis distinctis semiadnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{1}{2}\): Sepala \( \hat{6}\), 1-seriatim imbricata, 3 interioribus minoribus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in discum stigmatosum obtuse 3-lobum ovarii apici adnatum connati, ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula depressa, tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa, lævia.—Frutex arborescens. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, ampla, dentata, tenuiter coriacea, pennivenia. Spicæ tenues, elongatæ, & in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramorum confertæ, \( \frac{1}{2}\) (terminales \( \frac{1}{2}\)) simplices. Flores & minimi, secus rhachin dissite glomerati, \( \frac{1}{2}\) sub quaque bractea solitarii, secus rhachin distantes, brevissime pedicellati. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Muell. Arg.)

Species 1, Brasiliana, a nobis non visa. olim a Muellero in Bernardia inclusa, sed forte Alchornea affinior, etsi stylo distinctissima. Species altera a Muellero l.c. ad Adenophadram relata (Tragia grandifolia, Klotzsch, e Guiana) cujus stirps 3 sola nota est, ex speciminibus nostris characteres ostendit Berardia, ubi in Prodromo melius collocata fuit, nec Adenophadra.

134. Caryodendron, Karst. Fl. Colomb. i. 91, t. 45. (Centrodiscus, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 325, t. 102.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. &: Calycis lobi 3, lati, valvati. Stamina 4-6, circa discum crassum latum affixa, addito interdum uno in centro disci v. receptaculi, filamentis liberis; antheræ ovoideæ, dorsifixæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q ignoti, et fructus a nobis non visus. Sepala sub fructu (ex Karst.) 5-6, imbricata, parum accreta, persistentia. Discus annularis. Fructus majusculus, ovoideo-globosus, endocarpio crasso duro, ex icone loculicide dehiscens, 3- (rarius 2- v. 4-) locularis. Semina in loculis solitaria, albuminosa; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbores glabræ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ampla, integerrima, subcoriacea, pennivenia. Racemi & terminales, longi, parce ramosi, floribus parvis secus rhachin crassiusculam glomerati, subsessiles. Racemi Q simplices. Semina magna edulia dicuntur.

Species 2, altera Columbiana a nobis non visa, altera Brasiliana. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 765, et in Fl. Bris. l.c

135. Alchermea, Swartz, Prod. 93; Fl. Ind. Occid. 1153, t. 24.—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. Discus sæpius 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 4- (rarius 3- v. 2-) partitus. Stamina 8 v. pauciora (rarius ∞), filamentis liberis v. sæpius basi brevissime in annulum v. columnam connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis v. leviter divergentibus basi sæpe liberis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Perianthii segmenta 3-6, sæpius 4, imbricata Ovarium 2-3-loculare, rarissime casu 4-loculare; styli distincti, sæpius lineares, indivisi v. rarius 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 2-3-dyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbores fruticesve indumento parco rarius molliter villoso. Folia alterna, integerrima v. dentata, pennivenia v. basi 3-5-nervia, et sæpiasime basi subtus 2-∞-glandulosa. Spicæ axillares v. laterales, ♂ tenues simplices v. paniculatoramosæ, floribus parvis secus rhachin glomeratis; spicæ v. racemi ♀ simplices, floribus sub quaque bractea solitariis. Bracteæ utriusque sexus minutæ, sæpius inconspicuæ.

Species normales ad 30, regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis incolse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 899, et un Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 375, t. 56. Juss. Fuph. Tent. t. 13. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 20; Adans. xi. 175. In sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—

1. Euslichornes. Stamina seepius 6-8, filamentis basi in annulum connatis. Ovarium seepissime 2-loculare, stylis elongatis indivisis. Species ad 18, una Africana, certeres Americans. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 221. Schousber, Schum. Beskr. Pl. Guin. 449. Herrican. Humb. et

- Bonpl. in Willd. Spec. iv. 809; Pl. Equin. t. 46. A. sidafolia, Klotzsch, a Muell. Arg. pro sectione propria (Sidalchornea) separatur ob ovaria 3-locularia cum stylis 2-fidis, quod rarissime at casu tantum in speciminibus typicis Selloanis invenimus, et A. pycnogyne, Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl., Bras. in Eualchornea collocata, est certe eadem species.
- 2. Cladodes. Stamina Eualchornea. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis indivisis quam in Eualchornea sepius brevioribus. Folia pennivenia, exstipellata. Species 5, Asiatice et Africane. Cladodes, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 574.
- 3. Aparisthmium. Stamina sæpius 3-4, filamentis basi breviter connatis. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis breviusculis indivisis v. apice retusis. Folia pennivenia, petiolo apice ut in Stipellaria sæpius 2-stipellato. Species 1, Americana. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 13 (Conceveibum cordatum). Aparistratium, Endl. Gen. Pl. 1112.
- 4. Stipellaria. Stamina Eualchornea. Ovarium 3-v. rarius 4-loculare, stylis sepius longis indivisis. Folia basi 3-5-nervia, petiolo apice 2-stipellato. Species 5, Asiatice. Stipellaria, Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 2. BLEEKERIA, My. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 407.
- 5. Lautembergia. Stamina Eualehornea. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylis 2-partitis. Folia pennivenia. Species 1, Madagascariensis. Lautembergia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 451 (Didenotia, Baill. Adans. i. 274).
- 6. Orfilea. Species 1, Madagascariensis a Lautembergia ex descr. distincta glandulis in fl. 2 perianthii segmentis alternis. Orfilea, Baill. Etud. Euph. 452.
- 7? Calebogyne. Fl. & Eualchornea v. Cladodis. Calyx ? apertus, late sinuato-4-lobus. Styli breves, lati, complanati, patentissimi. Folia pennivenia, angulato-lobata, lobis spinescentibus. Species Australiana, quarum stirps ? in hortis nostris diu culta absque mare fertilis. Calebogyne, J. Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 509, /. 36. An melius pro genere proprio retinenda? Illi addidit Baillon, Adansonia, vi. 321, Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 137, speciem ut videtur affinem pariter Australianam, sed stylis crectis parum diversam et floribus & ignotis adhuc quodammodo dubiam.

Muell. Arg. in Prodromo sectionilars Alchornee addidit genera 2 sequentia polyandra, nobis adhuc non satis nota, sed ex habitu et characteribus datis vix non ad gradum genericum restituenda.

WETRIA, Baill. Etud. Euph. 409 (PSEUDOTREWIA, May. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 414). Antherse ad 30. Styli longi, filiformes, basi longiuscule connati, superne 2-partiti. Species 2. Archipelagi Malayani. Ex his specimina Q unius tantum vidimus, spica longissima tenui floribus remotis. 3 nulla nobis adsunt.

Palisya, Baill. Etud. Euph. 502. Spice of breves, amentiformes. Stamina numerosa, parva, disco crasso elevato piloso imposita, filamentis brevibus liberis. Antheræ parvæ, loculis in connectivo crasso distinctis, primum parallelis demum divaricatis. Inflorescentia of in speciminibus nostris imperfecta. Discus hypogynus cupuliformis. Styli 2-partiti. Folia pennivenia. Species 1, Madagascariensis. Nec habitu nec characteribus Alchornea convenire videtur, et verisimiliter in floro Madagascariensi ad specimina meliora elaboranda iterum separabitur.

Caturus scandene, Lour., a Muell. Arg. in Prodromo ad Alchorneam relatus, rectius a Burcau et Soemann ad Malaisiam inter Urticies transfertur.

136. Alchorneopsis, Muell. Arg. in Linnaa xxxiv. 156, in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 764, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 327, t. 48.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 4-partitus. Stamina 5-6, receptaculo piloso affixa, filamentis liberis apice brevissime inflexis; antherae erectæ, subbasifixæ, loculis distinctis parallolis connectivo crasso glanduliformi semiadnatis pendulis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum glabrum, 3-partitum. Fl. 2: Calyx alte 4-fidus (imbricatus?), sub ovario patens. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, breves, recurvopatentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula junior subglobosa, carnosula, matura ignota.—Arbores proceræ, habitu et foliis Alchorneæ glandulosæ simillimæ, inflorescentia excepta glabræ. Folia alterna, longiuscule petiolata, integerrima v. vix simuatodentata, chartacea, 3-nervia, subtus in axillis nervorum glandulifera. Racemi graciles, axillares v. infrafoliacei, 3 interdum fasciculati, 2 pauciores. Flores breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles, 3 minuti, secus rhachin fasciculati, sub quaque bractea pauci, 2 sub bracteis solitarii.

Species v. varietates 2, Brasiliæ borealis et Guianæ incolæ. Flores  $\mathcal Q$  in sols varietate Guianensi noti.

137. Lepideturus, Baill. Etud. Euph. 448.— Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 4- rarius 3- v. 5-partitus. Discus 0. Stamina 8, filamentis ima basi subconnatis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, dorsifixæ, loculis undique contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 3-5, inæqualia. Discus 0, v. e glandulis 3-4. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli primum connati, demum a basi liberi, plus minus bifidi v. indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina strophiolata (Muell. Arg.); albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, petiolata, membranacea, remote dentata, basi 3-5-nervia. Spicæ 3 amentiformes, in ramis annotinis v. vetustioribus sessiles, bracteis latis concavis subimbricatis diu persistentibus flores solitarios sessiles v. plures breviter pedicellatos foventibus; 2 paucifloræ.

Species 4, quarum 3 ex Africa tropica, una e Madaguscaria. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 898. *Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t.* 1297. Calyces 3 in specie typica Madagascariensi glabri sub bractea solitarii sessilesque dicuntur, in *L. occidentali* uti in *L. laxifloro* fasciculati sunt, breviter pedicellati et hispiduli. Genus a Baillono ad *Alchorneam* relatum eique valde affine, differt imprimis inflorescentia mascula, et fide Muelleri seminibus strophiolatis.

138. Concevetha, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 923, t. 353.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro ovoideus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina co (ultra 30), receptaculo convexo affixa, exteriora nonnulla (5-10 v. rarius 0?) filamentis brevibus erectis, interiora numerosa filamentis elongatis plus minus flexuosis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parvulis subparallelis connectivo lato separatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 5-6-partitus, segmentis angustis rigidulis imbricatis ; glandulæ totidem magnæ, extus adnatæ, segmentis alternæ. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli basi breviter nunc brevissime connati, superne recurvo-patentes, crassi, retusi v. sub 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula magna, globosa, lævis v. 3-costata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, pericarpio subsuberoso. Semina a dorso compressiuscula, testa crustacea lævi; albumen carnosum, siccitate durum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.-Arbores glabræ. Folia alterna v. hinc inde subopposita, petiolata, ampla, integerrima v. remote dentata, rigide membranacea v. demum coriacea, pennivenia, venis secundariis transversis, venulis reticulatis. Paniculæ terminales, d amplæ, floribus parvis secus ramulos tenues divaricatos glomeratis, ♀ simpliciores, floribus secus rhachin simplicem crassam seu ramulos breves sparsis, pedicello brevi crasso basi glanduloso-bracteato fultis.

Inter species a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 896, et in Mart. Fl. Brus. 371, t. 55, enumeratas, 3 genuinæ sunt, Brasiliæ borealis et Guianæ incolæ (C. guianensis, Aubl., C. Hostmanni, Benth., et C. latifolia, Benth.). C. megalophylla, Muell. Arg., et C. Martiana, Baill., jam in Fl. Bras. ad Alchorneam transferuntur. C. africana, Muell. Arg., est Neoboutoniæ species. C. terminalis, Muell. Arg. (Gavarretia, Baill.), ex solis speciminibus  $\mathcal P$  imperfecte nota est, que nec inflorescentiam nec perianthium Lonceveibæ ostendunt.

139. Gavarretta, Baill. Adans. i. 185, t. 7.— Flores dioici ? apetali, ♂ ignoti. Fl. ♀: Calyx campanulatus, truncatus v. obscure sinuato-dentatus, eglandulosus. Discus 0. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, 2-partiti v. 2-4-fidi, ramis recurvo-patentibus breviter v. longiuscule papillosis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus . . .— Arbusculæ, inflorescentia minute tomentella excepta glabræ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ampla, integerrima v. obscure dentata, rigide coriacea, pennivenia, venis primariis subtus elevatis. Spicæ terminales, simplices, longiusculæ, apicem versus dense v. interrupte ∞-floræ. Flores singuli ad axillas bractearum parvarum 2-glandulosarum sessiles.

Species 2, Brasilise borealis incolæ. Genus floribus & et fructu ignotis quodammodo dubium remanet. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 897, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 372, ad sectionem Conceveiba reducit, sed inflorescentia et flores Q notis essentialibus different.

140. Zastocroton, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 46.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3 (in alabastris nimis juvenilibus observati): Calyx ovoideus, clausus (demum valvatim 5-fidus?). Discus 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (10 v. plura), filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi distincti, contigui, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudinentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx parvus, alte 5-fidus, sub ovario patens. Discus hypogynus crassus, pulvinatus, integer. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli brevissimi, crassi, patentes, retusi v. brevissime 2-lobi fimbriatique (si in speciminibus perfecti); ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, tomentosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa, lævia, matura non visa.—Frutex subferrugineotomentosus, habitu Malloti. Folia alterna, mollia, cordata, vix denticulata, basi 3-5-nervia. Racemi in axillis superioribus solitarii, 3 breves, sessiles, floribus dense confertis (forte demum elongandi?), 2 longi, laxi, floribus pluribus distantibus pedicellatis, inflorescentia tota fulvo-tomentosa.

Species 1, Jamaicensis, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 955. Species altera sectionem Argyrocroton Grisch. formans, e Cuba, Wright n. 1993, nec a Muellero nec a nobis visa, ex charactere dato a genere longe aliena est, forte ad Pseudocrotonem referenda.

141. Meoboutonia, Muell. Arg. in Seem. Journ. Bot. ii. 336, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 892.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus obscurus. Fl. 3: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 2-partitus. Stamina  $\infty$  (16-30), receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis brevissimis liberis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ, connectivo interdum glandula minuta coronato, loculis adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx alte 5-fidus, lobis imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, distincti, rigidi, 2-partiti, recurvo-patentes; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca?—Frutices v. arbores, pilis seu pulvinis minutis stellatis conspersi et interdum pilis rigidioribus hirsuti. Folia alterna, petiolata, ample orbiculari-cordata, vix undulato-crenata, basi 7-9-nervia et transversim venosa. Paniculæ 3 in summis axillis paniculam amplam terminalem efficiunt, floribus minimis secus ramulos tenues glomeratis subsessilibus; panicula 2 brevior, floribus majoribus secus ramulos breves sub quaque bractea solitariis. Bracteæ utriusque sexus minimæ.

Species 2, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Speciei typicæ N. africanæ, Muell. Arg. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1298, 1299, addimus Conceveibam africanam, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 897 (N. Mannii nob.), cujus specimina & sola nota. Habitu, foliis, perianthio et præsertim antheris omnino Neoboutoniæ nec Conceveibæ convenit.

142. Coelodiscus, Baill. Etud. Euph. 293.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina  $\infty$  (ultra 20) circa discum latum supra planum v. concavum interdum elevatum  $\infty$ -seriatim affixa, filamentis liberis erectis; antheræ parvæ, erectæ, ovatæ, loculis parallelis connectivo crassiusculo sejunctis v. fere contiguis, longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl.  $\circ$ : Calyx 3-partitus, segmentis angustis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli erecti, crassi, indivisi, dorso tomentosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, ferrugineotomentosa v. molliter echinata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina subglobosa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices tomento stellato ferruginei. Folia opposita v. (in specie nobis ignota) alterna, petiolata, subcordata, sæpius remote glanduloso-dentata, basi 5-7-nervia. Racemi axillares. Flores & secus rhachin longiusculam sub quaque bractea glomerati,  $\circ$  ad apicem rhacheos brevis pauci sub quaque bractea solitarii.

Species 4, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, quarum duæ solæ typicæ e Penang cum nova Javensi nobis notæ. Mucll. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 758. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii, 392.

Genus et habitu et characteribus *Malloto* valde affine, vix differt receptaculo disciformi in fl. 3 inter stamina plano v. elevato. Stamina ex Baill. in *C. montano*, ex Muell. Arg. in *C. Thunbergsano* co-adelpha, quod in *C. montano* non invenimus, etsi in alabastro filamenta arcte appressa exterioribus jam eseteris majoribus fasciculata appareant; in flore aperto omnia a basi distincta.

143. Podadenia, Thwaites, Emum. Pl. Zeyl. 273.—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. d: Calyx in alabastro clausus, ovoideo-globosus, acuminatus, per anthesin valvatim 8-4partitus. Stamina numerosa, receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis liberis glandulis parvis intermixtis; antherarum loculi distincti, a connectivo prominente acuminato penduli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 4-5, imbricata. Staminodia  $\infty$  (Muell. Arg.), in speciminibus examinatis non invenimus. 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, superne elongati, recurvo-patentes, crassiusculi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula carnosa, subglobosa, indehiscens, glandulis magnis stipitatis densissime echinata. Semina abortu 1-2, majuscula, oblonga, in speciminibus nostris immatura; testa (ex Thv.) ossea, arillo copioso carnoso (teste stratu exteriore?) vestita; albumen copiosum.—Arbor ingens, ferrugineo-villosa. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, pennivenia. Racemi ad apices ramorum paniculati. cellati, 3 secus ramos fasciculati, in fasciculis numerosi; 2 sub quaque bractea solitarii. Glandulæ stipitatæ fructus jam in ovario sub anthesi apparent adhuc sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ.

Species 1, Zeylamca. Muell. Ary. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 791. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 282. Genus a Baillono ad Mallotum reducitur, nobis bene distinctum videtur.

144. Trewia, Linn. Gen. n. 1239. (Rottlera, Willd. in Gent. Diar. Hist Nat. i. 8, t. 3, ex ejusd. Sp. Pl. iv. 834, non Rorb.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus, segmentis latis concavis sæpius reflexis. Stamina ∞ (ultra 50), receptaculo convexo crassiusculo affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, oblongæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala 3-5, latiuscula, leviter imbricata, caducissima. Ovarium 2-4-loculare; styli basi connati, superne longe lineares, teretes, indivisi, undique papilloso-hirti; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus 2-4-locularis, indehiscens v. loculicide dehiscens, pericarpio plus minus carnoso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semina ovoidea, testa dura; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores sæpe a basi ramosæ, ligno molli. Folia opposita, petiolata, lata, integerrima, 3-5-nervia. Racemi ♂ laterales, ante folia evoluti, longi, laxi, floribus majusculis breviter pedicellatis sub quaque bractea solitariis. Flores ♀ in pedunculo axillari solitarii v. ∞ racemosi.

Species 2, Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 953. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 9, f. 29 c (Rottlera). Buill. Etud. Euph. t. 18. Wight, Ic. t. 1870, 1871. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 23. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 281.

In specie typica per totam Indiam vulgatissima, pedunculi  $\varphi$  longi 1-flori v. rarius hinc inde 2-3-flori, fructus globosus pollicem fere diametro, 4- rarius 3-locularis, pericarpio crasso carnoso; ramuli novelli inflorescentia et folia sæpius plus minus tomentosa. Species altera (T. polycarpa nobis) peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis, cujus flores & non vidimus, glabrior est, racemis  $\varphi$  co-floris, ovario 2-loculari, fructu ad 4 lin. lato, pericarpio tenuiore loculicide 2-valvi. Huc pertinent specimina  $\varphi$  in Wight, Ic. t. 1871, et Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 281, delineata. Tetragastras, Gærta. Fruct. ii. 130, t. 109, ex fructu quodam originis incertæ in seminario horti Amstelodamensis servato illustrata, a Willdenowio ad Trewiam relata fuit, quem secuti sunt Baillon et Muell. Argoviensis, sed descriptio et icon Gærtneri nequaquam conveniunt, et Tetragastrio jam a Kunthio Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, ii. 353, ut videtur recto jure, ad Hedwigiam Sw. refertur (cfr. supra i. 326). Lindley, Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 174, discordia descriptionum fructus commotus, et nota Kunthii prætermissa, ordinem proprium proposuit (Trewiaceæ), quem tamen postea, Veg. Kingd. 275, neglexit.

145. Coccoceras, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 455. Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina ∞ (15-20), receptaculo parum elevato imposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx 5-partitus, segmentis lanceolatis leviter imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli besi vix connati, patentes, papilloso-hispidi v. fere laciniati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula depressa, duriuscula, angulis 3 nunc costiformibus prominulis nunc in appendices corniformes horizontaliter productis, demum loculicide 3-valvis. Semina

subglobosa v. compressiuscula, lævia, strophiolata, testa crustacea; embryo . . .—Arbores habitu *Malloti.* Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. sinuato-dentata, basi 3-nervia, pennivenia et transversim venulosa. Racemi elongati, axillares v. subterminales, 3 juniores amentiformes, floribus numerosis secus rhachin glomeratis fere sessilibus; Q laxi, pedicellis longiusculis secus rhachin dissitis.

Species 3, Archipelagi et Peninsulæ Malayanæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 950. Genus Malloto valde affine, differt imprimis fructu et inflorescentia  $\varphi$ .

146. Mallotus, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 635. (Rottlers, Roxb. Corom. Pl. ii. 36, t. 168.) Discus 0 v. in fl. 2 evolutus. Fl. 4: Calvx in Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina  $\infty$  (30-300), receptaculo parum elevato imposita, filamentis liberis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis connectivo lato separatis v. connectivo parvi longitudinaliter Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx alte v. breviter 3-5-lobus v. dehiscentibus. subspathaceus, lobis valvatis v. vix imbricatis, v. 5- (rarius  $\infty$ -?) partitus segmentis imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare v. rarissime 2- v. 4-loculare; styli distincti v. basi connati, recurvo-patentes, indivisi, intus fimbriati v. prominenter papillosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa v. tridyma, rarius didyma, in coccos 2-valves Semina ovoidea v. globosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones plane, late.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. in paucis speciebus opposita, petiolata, lata, sæpe ampla, integerrima dentata v. late 3-loba, interdum peltata, basi 3-7-nervia v. undique pennivenia, prope basin supra sæpe 2-glandulosa. Spicæ simplices v. paniculato-ramose, axillares v. ad apices ramorum paniculate. Flores & sepius parvi, breviter pedicellati, secus rhachin glomerulati, 2 pauciores, sub quaque bractea solitarii, breviter v. longius pedicellati. Capsulæ tomentosæ glanduloso-lepidotæ v. processibus mollibus sparsim v. densissime echinatæ.

Species ad 70, inter tropicos orbis veteris vigentes, in India orientali et Archipelago Malayano usque ad Australiam numerosæ, in Africa pauciores. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 956. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 139. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 379. Bak. Fl. Maurit. 319. Thunb. Fl. Jap. t. 28, 29 (Croton). Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 79 (Rottlera). Wight, Ic. t. 1873 (Rottlera) et t. 1886 (Claoxylon). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 289; Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 232.

Genus tam habitu quam inflorescentia et etiam floribus sat polymorphum, sed characteres e floribus deducti male cum habitu conveniunt, et sectiones nullæ bonæ adhuc propositæ. Interea genera sequentia, a variis auctoribus ad species singulas stabilita a Muellero ad *Mallotum* reducta sunt.

ECHINUS, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 633, eodem tempore ac Mallotus editus. a Baillono Adans. vi. huic male substituitur. Si revera Echinus trisulcus, Lour., ut docet Mueller, eandem plantam refert ac Mallotus chinensis (quod dubitamus), pessime descripta fuit, nam calyx 3 squamiformis dicitur, ovatus, acutus, incurvus, terminatus laciniis variis inæqualibus linearibus, et pistillum 2-merum. Character autem Loureirianus Malloti sui optime Rottleram, Roxb.. refert.

BOUTONIA, Boj. Hort. Maurit. 282 (CORDEMOYA, Baill. Adans. i. 255), quoad speciem Bojerianam alternifoliam a Mallotis typicis nequaquam differre videtur. Species altera oppositifolia a Baill. Etud. Euph. 401 addita, nobis ignota est.

Adusca, Blume, Bijdr. 609, species plures includit floribus monoicis nec dioicis, cæterum omnino normales.

Melanolepis, Reichb. et Zoll. in Linnæa xxviii. 324, est M. moluccanus, Muell. Arg., ab auctoribus pro genere distinctus ob discum floris φ evolutum et pistillum 2-merum. Species plures in eadem sectione disco φ evoluto a Muell. Arg. coacervatæ valde differunt habitu, pistillo 3-4-mero, &c. Sub M. Porteriano species 2 includuntur quoad flores δ (qui soli Muellero noti fuerunt) simillimæ, n. 9093, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind., stylorum columna elongata, et n. 9094, Wall. l.c. stylis a basi distinctis. Stylanthus, sectio v. genus, Reichb. et Zoll. in Linnæa xxviii. 312, stylo columnari distincta, nequaquam retinenda.

Blumeodendron, Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 391, est Elateriospermum Tokbrai, Bl., arbor foliis coriaceis plerisque 2-3-natim verticillatis insignis, a Muellero ad sectionem Malloti reducitur, capsula magna extus fibroso-carnosa intus lignosa, seminibus testa extus carnosa spurie arillatis.

Axempeldia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 419, est M. muricatus Muell. Arg., foliis plerisque oppositis cujusve paris inequalibus et inflorescentia Claoxyli, quapropter sub Claoxylo delineatur in Wight,

Ic. t. 1886. Hancea, Seem. Bot. Her. 409, t. 96, est M. Hookerianus, Muell. Arg., foliis pariter oppositis altero tamen nano stipuliformi et inflorescentia simpliciore, floribus & sub quaque bractea solitariis. Characteres cæteri omnino Malloti. Spicæ & amentiformes a Baillono descriptæ et a Wightio delineatæ ex Muell. Arg. monstruosæ sunt, in speciminibus nostris non obviæ. Plagianthera, Reichb. et Zoll. in Linnæa xxviii. 321 (Есніноскотон, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. i. 31), includit species nonnullas oppositifolias antherarum loculis connectivo latiusculo separatis.

Mallotus barbatus, Muell. Arg., M. macrostachyus, Muell. Arg., speciesque aliæ paucæ in sectionibus diversibus dispersæ, a cæteris differunt capsulis stricte globosis nec tridymis.

Mappa capensis, Baill., ob antherarum formam a Muell. Arg. ad Mallotum translata, differt habitu, inflorescentia, staminibus 2-3, floribus Q et fructu, et in his omnibus Macarange (Eumacarange) convenit.

Mallotus diademus, Muell. Arg. (Melanolepis, Miq.), floribus fructuque ignotis, folia peculiaria et glandulas Endospermi chinensis ostendit, et est verisimiliter ei congener.

DIFLOCHLAMYS, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1864, 539, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1023, a Malloto non differt nisi floris Q calyce 8-10-partito, segmentis imbricatis sub-2-seriatis. Species unica Malaccensis a Baillono Hist. Pl. v. 196, bene sub Malloto inclusa.

Mallotus subpeltatus, Muell. Arg. (Rottlera rhynchophylla, Miq.), insignis est spicis axillaribus v. lateralibus tam  $\delta$  quam  $\varphi$  brevissimis ad flores in  $\delta$  sæpe solitarios in  $\varphi$  2-3 in caule subsessiles reductis, stylis longissimis tenuibus. Stamina numerosa in receptaculo convexo dense conferta filamentis liberis omnino Malloti.

147. Cleaton, Blume, Bijdr. 612. (Redia, Casar. Nov. Stirp. Bras. Dec. 51. Psilostachys, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1843, 58. Lasiostyles, Presl, Bot. Bem. 149. Tetraglossa, Bedd. in Madras Journ. Sc. ser. 2, vi. 70.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, apetali. Fl. ♂: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina ∞ (ultra 20) receptaculo convexo v. conico dense conferta, filamentis liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, connectivo latiusculo sæpius breviter ultra loculos producto, loculis lateralibus transverse didymis, quasi 4-loculares, locellis cujusve loculi superpositis demum confluentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala 3-4, rarius 5, imbricata. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli tenues, basi sæpius breviter connati, alte 2-fidi, ramis longis filiformibus; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula majuscula v. parvula, 2-3-dyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens v. abortu 1-cocca. Semina subglobosa, testa coriacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, sæpius dentata, pennivenia. Racemi ♂axillares, clongati, floribus parvulis sparsis v. glomeratis. Flores ♀ in pedunculo longo axillari solitarii v. gemini, inter se distantes. Capsulæ læves.

Species ad 13, Americæ, Africæ, et Asiæ tropicæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 984, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 418, t. 59. Baill. Adans. xi. 129; Etud. Euph. t. 9 (Cleidion) et t. 21 (Redia). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 272.

Species Asiatica pro sectione distincta a cæteris separatur ob pistillum 2-merum nec 3-merum, variat tamen sæpe etiam 3-merum. *C. verticillatum*, Baill., racemis 3 capituliformibus floribusque \$\circ\$ arminalibus sessilibus v. brevissime pedunculatis vix congener videtur. *C. Vielliardii* var. vitiensis, Muell. Arg. (Macaranga leptostachya, Muell. Arg.), rite ad Cleidion refertur, sed nobis a forma typica Novo-Caledonica specifice distinctissimum videtur. *C. ulmifolium*, Muell. Arg., ex ins. Loo-Choo, referenda videtur ad Macarangam, cujus antheras et stylos ostendit. Speciem novam huic generi affinem, legit Pearce in Monterico (Boliviæ?), cujus specimina 3 tantum nobis adsunt, differt caule alte scandente, foliis integerrimis 3-nerviis, sed calyx valvatim 4-partitus et stamina ad 20 antheris 4-locellatis omnino Cleidii; alteram legit Tate in Nicaragua pariter dubiam floribus \$\circ\$ ignotis; in stirpe \$\delta\$ habitus calyx et stamina ad 20 Cleidii, sed antherarum loculi indivisi. Speciem Africanam legit Mann in montibus Cameroon a C. gabonico, Baill., forte distinctam.

148. Macaranga, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 26.—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-4-partitus. Stamina nunc pauca (1-3), nunc sæpius  $\infty$  (10-30), filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ terminales, breves, ad normam loculis didymis v. 2-locellatis quasi 4-loculares, 4-valves, rarius plures v. omnes 3-locellatæ 3-valves, v. (in M. capensi) loculis ut in Malloto indivisis.

Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx truncatus v. breviter dentatus, per anthesin late cupulatus v. oblique spathaceus. Ovarium 2-3-loculare v. abortu 1-loculare, rarissime 3-loculare v. (in Pachystemone) 4-6-loculare; styli sæpius breves, crassiusculi, erecti v. subpatentes, indivisi, basi breviter connati v. liberi, rarius elongati tenuesque v. in massam brevem obtusam v. disciformem connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, v. si 1-locularis tardius v. vix dehiscens. Semina globosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpe ampla, integerrima dentata v. 4-loba, basi sæpe 3-7-nervia et peltata v. late cordata, interdum pennivenia basi obtusa v. acuta. Spicæ v. racemi axillares v. laterales, simplices v. subramosi v. ad apices ramorum paniculati. Flores ♂ intra bracteas ∞, parvi, secus rhachin glomerati, ♀ sub quaque bractea pauci v. solitarii. Bracteæ sæpe flores amplectentes, integræ v. fimbriatæ.

Species ad 80, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ et australis, insularum Mascarensium v. maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. *Muell, Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 988. *Benth. Fl. Austral.* vi. 144. *Kurz, For. Fl. Brit, Burm.* ii. 386.

Genus Malloto affine, quoad characteres polymorphum et limitibus nullis certis ab illo separatum, etsi charactere uno alterove et habitu haud difficile distinguendum. In sectiones sequentes apud auctores nonnullos genera propria dividitur:—

- 1. Eumacaranya. Stamina 🚓 antheris ad normain 4-valvibus. Pistillum sæpissime ad carpellum unicum perfectum reductum, capsula 1-cocca globosa. Folia et styli varia. Wight, Ic. t. 685 (Urtica, Roxb.), 817 (Mappa), 1883, 1949. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 287. Mecostylis, Kurz ex Teijsm. et Binnind. in Batav. Natuurk. Tijdschr. xxvii. 44.
- 2. Mappa. Stamina sæpius  $\infty$ , antheris omnibus ad normam 4-valvibus v. paucis 3-valvibus intermixtis. Pistillum sæpissime 2-merum, rarius hine inde 3-merum. Folia et styli varia. Wight, Ic. t. 1884 (Claoxylon). Mappa, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 44, t. 14. Wight, Ic. t. 816.

Sectio Dimorphanthera, Muell. Arg., verisimiliter in Mappa includenda. Species 2 continet inter se sat dissimiles, foliis non peltatis, stipulis in unam oppositifoliam caducissimam connatis. Specimina  $\mathcal{Q}$  tantum vidimus, characteribus omnino Mappa. Flores  $\mathcal{J}$  in una adhuc ignoti, in altera ex Muell. Arg. antheræ 3-valves cum 4-valvibus mixtæ.

3. Pachystemon. Flores & minimi, clavati, intra bracteam densissime glomerati, staminibus 1-2, antheris 3-valvibus. Ovarium 4-6-loculare; styli breves, erecti, basi connati. Capsula depressa, supra plana sæpeque margine cornuta. Folia peltata, sæpe 3-loba. Pachystemon, Blume, Bijdr. 626. Wight, Ic. t. 1949. Sectio facile pro genere proprio admittenda. Habitu tamen Mappis peltatifoliis accedit.

Mappa capensis, Baill. (Mallotus capensis, Muell. Arg.), habitu, inflorescentia, floribus  $\mathcal{L}$  et fructu Eumacarangæ convenit. Stamina 2-3 fere Pachystemonis, etsi antheræ stricte 2-loculares Malloti.

Mappa macrophylla, A. Gray, e Samoa, est species a Macaranga macrophylla, Muell. Arg., e Fiji, calyce 2 stylisque distinctissima. Flores 3 utriusque nobis desunt.

149. Ricinus, Linn. Gen. n. 1085.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, per anthesin valvatim 3-5-partitus. Stamina numerosa (interdum usque ad 1000), filamentis repetito-ramosissimis conferta; antherarum loculi distincti, subglobosi, divaricati, separatim filamento affixi, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx (sæpius an semper?) spathaceo-fissus, caducissimus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves v. longiusculi, 2-fidi v. rarius indivisi, patentes, plus minus plumosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Herba elata annua, v. in regionibus calidioribus frutex arborescens, glabra, sæpe glauca. Folia alterna, ampla, peltata, palmatim 7-\infty-loba, lobis serratis. Racemi ad apices ramorum subpaniculati, floribus majusculis, superioribus 3 confertis, inferioribus 2 breviter pedicellatis. Capsulæ læves v. echinatæ.

Species 1, quoad capsulas et somina valde variabilis, originis probabiliter Africanse, nunc per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersa, ssepe inquilina sed forte in America uti in Asia et Africa indigena. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1017, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 420, t. 60. Gertn. Fruct. t. 107. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 10, 11. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 195, 196. Hayne, VOL. III.

Arrneig. x. t. 48. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 153 ad 155. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 38: Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 952. Bot. Mag. t. 2209. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 430.

150. Momonoia, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 636. (Lumanaja, Blanco, Fl. Filip. 821. Hamatospermum, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7953 ad 7955.)-Flores dioici v. rarius flores & perpauci in racemo 2, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. & : Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina numerosa; antheræ in filamentis repetiter ramosis dense confertæ, loculis subglobosis divaricatis in filamento sessilibus, connectivo Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 5-8, angusta, imbricata, inæqualia, Ovarium 3-loculare; styli indivisi, patentes, papilloso-plumosi, vix basi caducissima. connati: ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula parva, globosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea duriuscula extus tenuiter endocarpio haud crasso. carnosa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices in speciebus typicis virgato-ramosi, glabri v. puberuli. Folia alterna, angusta et integerrima v. brevia dentataque, subcoriacea, subtus plus minus glanduloso-lepidota. Spicæ axillares v. ad nodos defoliatos, utriusque sexus densiflore v. abbreviate et pauciflore. Capsulæ canopuberulæ, non echinatæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1022. Wight, Ic. t. 1868, 1869 (Adelia).

Spathiostemon, Blume, Bijdr. 621, species Javanica a nobis non visa, huc a Baillono et Muellero relata, differre videtur capsulis multo majoribus valide conico-muriculatis et habitu alieno si revera specimina Q Mallotum subpeltatum simulant. Genus a Malloto distinguitur filamentis ut in Ricino ramosissimis et quoad species typicas habitu.

151. Cheilosa, Blume, Bijdr. 613.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. β: Calycis segmenta 5, subæqualia (inæqualia, Baill.), crassiuscula, leviter imbricata. Disci glandulæ minutæ. Stamina 5-10, exteriora segmentis calycinis alterna, filamentis liberis; antheræ breves, loculis ovoideo-globosis parallelis connectivo disjunctis. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideum v. obtuse 2-3-fidum. Fl. φ (a nobis non visi): Calycis segmenta inæqualia. Discus margine denticulatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi brevissime connati, recurvi, apice 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula subglobosa, 6-sulca, in coccos dissiliens (Baill.). Semina albuminosa; cotyledones magne, latæ (Muell. Arg.).—Arbor procera, glabra. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. apice sinuato-dentata, pennivenia. Racemi β laxi, axillares v. laterales, foliis breviores. Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati, secus rhachin fasciculati, sub quaque bractea 2-4. Bracteæ minutæ.

Species 1, Javanica. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1122. Baill. Etud. Euph. 420.

152. Endospermum, Benth. Fl. Hongk. 304.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. J: Calyx in alabastro juniore globosus, subclausus, jam ante anthesin apertus, breviter et inæqualiter 4-dentatus, subvalvatus. Disci lobi breves. Stamina  $\infty$  (6-10), receptaculo elevato subconico affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ loculis distinctis didymis subæqualiter 4-valves. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. 9: Calyx 5-dentatus. Ovarium 2- v. rarius 3-loculare; styli in discum planum patentem brevissime 3-lobum connati; ovula ın loculis solitaria. Fructus didymus, in coccos 2 indehiscentes secedens, epicarpio tenui, endocarpio indurato v. crustaceo, columella nulla relicta. Semina globosa, testa reticulato-rugosa, albuminosa; embryonem perfectum non vidimus.—Arbores habitu Macaranya. Folia petiolata, rotundato-cordata v. peltata, integerrima, coriacea, subtus tenuiter tomentosa, basi 3-5-nervia, sæpeque basi 2-glandulosa et interdum glandula inter ramos venarum majorum. Racemi axillares v. laterales, utriusque sexus longiusculi simplicesque. Flores & parvi, subsessiles, secus rhachin glomerati, 2 sub quaque bractea solitarii.

Species 3, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1131.

CAPELLENIA, Teijsm. et Binnend. Dissert. Buitenzorg, 1866, cum ic., arbor Moluccana, ex ic. et descr. videtur Endospermi species, E. malaccensi, Muell. Arg., affinis, sed folia peltata, et glandula

prope petioli insertionem ut in E. chinense. Flores 3 interdum casu hermaphroditi evadunt ex auct.

153. Cephalemappa, Baill. Adans. xi. 130.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus Q. Fl. & in expitulum conferti: Calyx turbinatus, truncatus, breviter 2-5-fidus, lobis valvatis extus dense glanduloso-verrucosis. Stamina 2-4, filamentis basi breviter connatis pilosisque longe exsertis apice inflexis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis connectivo adnatis basi liberis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 (v. ex Baill. breve et tenue). Fl. \( \mathbb{2} : \text{ Sepala 5-6, imbricata, caducissima. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, crassiusculi, basi connati, superne recurvo-patentes, incisi v. 2-fidi, introrsum dense papillosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus . . .—Frutex v. arbor, indumento stellato ferrugineo. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrina, pennivenia. Racemi ad axillas sæpe 2-3 superpositi, breves v. ad apices ramorum paniculati. Florum \( \mathcal{C} \) capitula globosa fere moriformia, terminalia v. pauca secus rhachin v. ramos paniculæ pedunculata. Flores \( \mathbb{2} \) sæpius solitarii, infra capitula mascula breviter pedunculati.

Species 1, Borneensis.

154? Cladogynos, Zipp.; Span. in Linnaa, xv. 349.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus... Fl. & capitato-congesti: Calyx coloratus, tomentosus, 2-3-partitus, sub valvatus. Stamina 4, filamentis basi in centro floris connatis; antheræ introrsum 2-rimosæ. Fl. 2: Calyx amplus, foliaceus, 6-fidus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi connati, ramosi, glanduloso-plumosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca.—Frutex erectus, albido-tomentosus. Folia petiolata, subpeltata, repando-dentata, sub-3-loba, subtus reticulata tomentosa. Capitula & unibracteata. Flores 2 longe pedunculati, calyce persistente. (Char. ex Spanoghe.)

Species 1, ins. Timor et Celebes incola, a nobis non visa.

155 ! Calpigyne, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 193. Flores monoici, apetali. Discus . . . Fl. & glomerati: Calyx rotatus, 4-fidus, lacimis subvalvatis alternis brevioribus. Stamina 4, filamentis brevibus basi in centro floris connatis; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx turbinatus, ovarium arcte cingens. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi brevissime connati, patentissime 2-fidi, eroso-lacerati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus . . .—Frutex erectus, furcatoramosissimus, ramulis novellis stellato-tomentosis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, oblonga, integerrima v. superne remote serrulata, pennivenia, inter venas transversim reticulata, coriacea, glabra v. subtus ad costam tomentella. Spica (utriusque sexus!) axillares et terminales, filiformes. (Char. c.e. Blume.)

Species 1, Celebes et Borneo meda, a nobis non visa.

156! Coccomerion (sphalmate Coccomerium, supra in Conspectu), Baill. Adans. xi. 87.—Flores dioici, apetali (3 tamen ignoti). Fl. 2: Sepala 5, valvata. Discus 0. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli bis terve 2-fidi, lineares; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 2 3-cocca. Semina glabra, strophiolata; albumen copiosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve, succo lacteo, ramis crassis nodosis. Folia verticillata (6-10-nata), subsessilia v. breviter petiolata, lanceolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores 2 in axillis solitaria, cum foliis verticillata. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 2, Novo-Caledonice, a nobis non visæ. Genus floribus musculis ignotis dubium remanet. Folia verticillata et sepala fæminca stricte valvata cæterum in *Crotoncis* apetalis haud observantur.

157. Chèstocarpus, Thwaites in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 300, t. 10. (Regnaldia, Baill. Adans. i. 187.)—Flores dioici, apetali. Discus 4-10-lobatus v. integer. Fl. 3: Sepala 4-5, valde imbricata. Stamina  $\infty$  (5-20), filamentis basi in columnam connatis superne breviter liberis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis connectivo laxiusculo adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum ad apicem columnæ villo-3-fidum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, incurvo-erecti,

v 2

2-partiti, ramis introrsum papilloso-fimbriatis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula subglobosa, echinato-setosa v. tuberculosa, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, testa crustacea nigra nitida; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices glabri v. puberuli, habitu fere *Phyllanthi* sect. *Glochidia*. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores parvi, ad axillas dense glomerati.

Species 4 v. 5, quarum 2 Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani, 2 v. 3 Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1122, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 507, t. 100. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 284.

Calyx in speciebus Asiaticis 4-merus, in Americanis (sect. Amanoella, Baill. Adans. xi. 94) 5-merus, sed characteres cæteri et habitus omnino conveniunt. Fructum ad species Asiaticas descripsimus, sed idem dicitur in Americanis; inter has includenda sunt specimina Guianensia, Rob. Schomburgk, coll. 1, n. 928, et coll. 2, n. 776 (Rich. Schomburgk, n. 1519).

158. Mettenia, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 43.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3 (nec ab auctoribus recentioribus nec a nobis visi): Calyx tubulatus, minutus, irregulariter 3-fidus, pubescens, laciniis ovatis obtusis. Filamenta 7, in columnam calyce longiorem inferne villosam connata, apice libera, 3 media longiora, antheræ didymæ (Swartz). Fl. 2: Sepala 5, lata, pubescentia, valde imbricata (0 ex Swartz). Discus hypogynus margine laciniatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti, crassiusculi, 2-partiti; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, dense tuberculoso-echinata, in coccos 2-valves v. potius in valvas 2-partitas dissiliens. Semina ovoideo-globosa, strophiolata, in columella 3-alata diu persistentia, testa crustacea nitida; embryo . . . —Frutices v. arbores præter inflorescentiam glabri. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata, integerrima, coriacea. Flores 2 pubescentes, ad axillas foliorum superiorum fere ad bracteas reductorum fasciculati, racemum terminalem basi foliatum formantes.

Species ut videtur 2, altera Swartziana fruticosa Cubensis, nobis e solo specimine fructifero Wright n. 1973 nota, altera Jamaicensis, arborea, e speciminibus 2 florentibus fructiferisque descripta, *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 1255. Genus evidenter *Chætocarpo* valde affine cui forte melius notum jungendum.

159. Gelonium, Roxb. in Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 831. (Suregada, Roxb., nomen tantum; Willd. in Ges. Nat. Fr. Berl. New Schrift. iv. 206. Erythrocarpus, Blume, Bijdr. 604. Ceratophorus, Sond. in Linnæa, xxiii. 120.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. Fl. J.: Sepala 5, lata, valde imbricata. Discus obsoletus. Stamina \( \pi \) (10-60), in receptaculo convexo dense conferta, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ oblongæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \pi \): Sepala 5, quam in mare angustiora, imbricata. Discus margine membranaceus, interdum staminodiorum rudimenta brevia gerens. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli breves, patentes, brevissime 2-fidi v. laceri; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus globosus, sub-3-queter, endocarpio duro 3-loculari, indehiscente v. tardius loculicide fisso v. in coccos demum secedente. Seminum testa crustacea, extus in vivo pulposo-carnosa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores parvæ v. frutices glabri. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, subcoriacea, integerrima v. rarius paucidentata. Stipulæ connatæ, caducissimæ, annulum prominulum ad nodum relinquentes. Flores parvi, glomeratocymulosi, glomerulis oppositifoliis sessilibus v. brevissime pedunculatis.

Species 13, Asiæ calidioris et Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1127. A. Juss. Euph. Ient. t. 10. Wight, Ic. t. 1867. Bot. Mag. t. 3231. Nomen Suregada, Roxb., a Baillono Adans. xi. 92, Gelonio præpositum, ab auctore speciminibus in variis herbariis adscriptum, ab ipso tamen nec in Horto Benghalensi nec in aliis suis operibus receptum a Willdenowio mox rejectum fuit et a Jussieuo Muellero aliisque rite neglectum.

160. Baltospermum, Blume, Bijdr. 603.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Sepala 4-5, membranacea, lata, imbricata. Discus membranaceus, integer v. in glandulas divisus. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-30), receptaculo convexiusculo affixa, filamentis tenuibus

liberis; antheræ terminales, loculis adnatis nunc connectivo angusto contiguis distinctis, nunc connectivum latius marginantibus apice confluentibus. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 5-6, interdum dentata. Discus integer. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; styli breves, crassiusculi, recurvi, breviter 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula sæpius tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duriusculo haud crasso. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices v. caules e basi lignescente herbacei erecti. Folia alterna, breviter v. longius petiolata, membranacea v. subcoriacea, irregulariter sinuato-dentata v. sublobata, pennivenia et basi interdum 3-5-nervia. Racemi axillares, nunc breves densi, florum fasciculis confertis, nunc elongati laxique v. subpaniculati. Flores f parvi, cymulis v. fasciculis secus rhachin plus minus dissitis, 2 singuli ad basin racemi sub bracteis solitarii v. varie in fasciculis f mixti, quam f longius pedicellati.

Species bene note 4, Indise orientalis incolse. Muell. Arg. in. DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1125. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 410. Wight, Ic. t. 1885. Done. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 155.

161? Phyllobetryum, Muell. Arg. in Flora, 1864, 534, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1231.— Flores dioici? apetali, \( \rightarrow\$ ignoti. Fl. \( \delta :\) Perianthium calycinum, 5-6-partitum, segmentis valde imbricatis, bracteis 3 segmentis similibus stipatum (involucratum, Muell. Arg.). Discus 0. Stamina \( \pi \) (20-30 v. ex Muell. usque ad 50), receptaculo convexo affixa, filamentis liberis apice in connectivum dilatatis; antherarum loculi ad apicem connectivi divaricati, supra longitudinaliter dehiscentes, post dehiscentiam aperti quasi transversim 2-valvati. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fructus . . .—Arbuscula glabra, ramulis crassiusculis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ampla, longe oblonga, acuminata, integerrima v. vix dentata, pennivenia, stipulis rigidulis angustis persistentibus. Racemi \( \delta\) breves, folii costæ in pagina superiore adnati, floribus secus rhachin dissitis paucis sessilibus.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola. Genus floribus fæmineis ignotis valde dubium est. Baillon in ovario quodam parum evoluto placentas 3 parietales vidit, et plantam ad *Bixaceas* refert, quod tamen examine ulteriore confirmandum. Habitu species nonnullas *Agrostistachyos* refert (inflorescentia adnata excepta) nec nostro sensu ullo modo *Phyllonomo* comparandum.

162. Erismanthus, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8011.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. δ (in alabastro juniore): Calycis parvi segmenta 5, valde imbricata. Stamina ∞ (ad 12), filamentis liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis parallelis adnatis longitudinaliter rimosis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. φ: Sepala 5, magna, foliacea, valde inæqualia, imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam tenuem villosam connati, superne patentes 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula junior 3-cocca videtur, matura ignota.—Frutex v. arbor glaber v. partibus novellis patentim pilosis. Folia opposita, subsessilia, basi oblique cordata fere dimidiata, ampla, dentata, rigidule membranacea, pennivenia; stipulæ angustæ, rigidæ. Spicæ δ juniores amentiformes, oblongæ, densæ, ad axillas subsessiles reflexæque, bracteis angustis imbricatis alabastra obtegentibus. Fl. φ solitarii, longe pedunculati.

Species 1, ins. Penang incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1138. Genus quoad flores & et fructus adhuc imperfecte notum, sed nulli proxime affine videtur.

163. Epiprimus, Griff. Notul. iv. 487.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, membranaceus, clausus, per anthesin in lobos 2-4 valvatos irregulariter fissus. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-15), filamentis liberis longiusculis basi incrassatis supra medium abrupte inflexis apice tenuibus; antheræ magnæ, oblongæ, dorsifixæ, jam in alabastro erectæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum crassum, sub-3-lobum. Fl. Q: Calycis segmenta 6, sub anthesi lanceolata, reduplicato-valvata, basi brevissime connata, post anthesin aucta; squamæ totidem exteriores, bracteiformes v. glanduliformes, segmentis alternæ et pluries breviores, caducæ. Ovarium breve, 3-loculare; styli in columnam longam crassam connati, apice breviter liberi, patentes, breviter 2-fidi et laceri; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula magna, subglobosa, obscure tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crasso duro sublignoso.

Semina subglobosa, testa tenuiter crustacea; albumen et embryo in speciminibus visis imperfecta.—Frutex v. arbuscula glabra. Folia alterna, ad apices ramorum subconferta, exteriora longe petiolata, ampla, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; floralia minora, subsessilia, conferta. Spicæ v. racemi ad apices ramorum v. in summis axillis plures, indivisi. Flores d'in parte superiore numerosi, conferti, subsessiles; Q in parte inferiore plures, dissiti, breviter pedicellati. Racemi fructiferi (parte d'delapsa?) laxi, pedicellis magis evolutis. Capsulæ calycis segmentis valde auctis foliaceis quasi involucratæ.

Species 1, Malaccensis. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1024.

164. Pyenocoma, Benth. in Hook. Nig. Fl. 508.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx in alabastro ovoideus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-5-partitus, segmentis reflexis. Stamina & (seepe ultra 50), receptaculo crasso elevato undique inter stamina glanduloso-lobato imposita, filamentis elongatis liberis in alabastro seepius flexuosis; anthere parvæ, terminales, loculis apici leviter incrassato filamenti adnatis subparallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 5, imbricata. Ovarium breve, 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam carnosam connata, superne liberi, erectopatentes, indivisi, subteretes, apice stigmatoso leviter dilatato, rarius inferius stigmatosi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula junior 3-dyma v. horizontaliter 3-cornuta, matura ignota.—Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia ampla, subsessilia, ad apices ramulorum conferta (v. in specie inedita secus ramos sparsa), basi longe angustata, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi in axillis superioribus folio multo breviores, indivisi. Flores sub bracteis ovatis solitarii, 2 seepius terminalis, inferiores & v. bracteæ inferiores vacuæ.

Species note 8, quarum 4 ex Africa tropica characterem supra datum præbentes, 4 Mascaronses a nobis non visæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 951.

165. Ramelia, Baill. Adans. xi. 132.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. J: Calyx minimus, valvatim 2-3-partitus. Stamina 2-3, centralia, sepalis alterna, filamentis liberis incurvis; antheræ introrsum 2-rimosæ. Fl.  $\mathfrak P$ : Sepala 4-6, inæqualia, crassiuscula, imbricata. Ovarium calyce longius, 3- rarius 4-loculare; styli in columnam basi integram obconicam superne infundibuliformem 3- rarius 4-lobam connati, lobis subpetaloideis intus et margine stigmatosis; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3- rarius 4-cocca. Semina parce strophiolata; embryo albumine brevior et angustior.—Frutex. Folia alterna, spurie verticillata, simplicia, pennivenia. Spicæ unisexuales, laterales et terminales, J filiformes remote glomeruligeræ. Flores  $\mathfrak P$  secus rhachin in axillis bractearum sepalis similium et basi in glandulas 2 minutas incrassatarum solitarii, bracteolis 2 stipati. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 1, Novo-Caledonica, a nobis non visa.

166. Astrococcus, Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 327.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. ♂: Sepala 4, valvata. Discus 0 v. e lobis 4 crasso-carnosis. Stamina 4, sepalis alterna (rarius 6-∞?) circa receptaculum crassiusculum affixa, filamentis liberis erectis; antheræ ovatæ, basifixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala sæpius 5, angusta, imbricata. Discus 0. Ovarii carpella 3, vix basi brevissime connata, stellato-radiantia; styli in columnam crassam oblongam apice cavam integerrimam v. 6-dentatam coaliti; ovula in carpellis solitaria, horizontalia. Capsulæ cocci stellato-patentes, obovoidei v. oblongi, varie muricati v. 2-cornuti, demum a columna centrali dissilientes, 2-valves. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen crassum, carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Arbusculæ v. frutices graciles, pube tenui in foliis perparca. Folia alterna v. ad apices ramulorum conferta, brevissime petiolata, leviter dentata, membranacea v. coriacea. Racemi graciles, axillares v. laterales. Flores parvuli, breviter pedicellati, ♂ sub bracteis 1-3-ni, ♀ sub bracteis solitarii in parte inferiore racemi, cum uno sæpissime ad apicem racemi subterminali.

Species 2, Brasiliæ borealis incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 766, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 329, t. 49. Baill. Etud. Fuph. t. 21, et Adans. v. 307. Disci fl. & lobi in A. cornuta, Benth., sub

filamentis crassissimi, valde prominentes, in A. coriacea, Benth., desunt nisi cum basi crassiuscula filamentorum confusi.

167. Angestylis, Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 328. — Flores monoici (v. dioici?), apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Sepala 4, rarius 3, valvata, herbacea, crassiuscula, intus papillosa. Stamina  $\infty$  (15-25), receptaculo conico fere columnari affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ erectæ, basifixæ, loculis distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. &: Sepala 5, angusta, imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in columnam cavam seu urceolum angustum apice breviter 6-lobum coalita; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, urceolo stylari coronata, in coccos subglobosos 2-valves dissiliens, exocarpio molliter muricato, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina subglobosa, ecarunculata; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbor gracilis v. frutex elatior multicaulis, pube tenui in foliis evanida. Folia alterna, in ramulis conferta, subsessilia, ampla, denticulata, pennivenia. Flores quam in affinibus majores, & ad nodos ramorum annotinorum v. vetustiorum 2-3-ni, pedicellati, & in axillis foliorum solitarii, pedicello longiore rigidiore.

Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 767, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 332, t. 50. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 9.

168. Spherostylis, Baill. Etud. Euph. 466, t. 21.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. J: Calyx valvatim 3-partitus. Stamina 3, sepalis alterna, filamentis brevibus in centro floris in columnam connatis; antheræ in summa columna erectæ, demum subreflexæ, loculis introrsum contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \pi : \) Sepala 5-6, valvata v. leviter imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in massam globosam 3-sulcam ovario multo majorem connati, summo apice brevissime liberi 2-partitique; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-cocca. Semina globosa, lævia.—Frutex scandens. Folia alterna, petiolata, ovata, 3-nervia. Racemi spiciformes, axillares terminalesque. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, plerique \( \frac{1}{2} \), inferiores pauci \( \frac{1}{2} \). (Char. e.e. Baill.)

Species 1, Madagascariensis, a nobis non visa. Muell Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 768. Genus ex charactere dato Plukenetiæ valde affine, sopalis & staminibusque 3 filamentis connatis parum distinctum.

169. Plukenetia, Linn. Gen. n. 1080.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 4-5, valvata. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-30), receptaculo carnoso convexo conico elongato v. subgloboso affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ breves, erectæ, loculis sejunctis subglobosis v. interdum didymis parallelis v. divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0, v. rarius (in P. tamvoide) in centro floris filiforme apice capitellatum. Fl. 2: Sepala imbricata. Ovarium 3- v. sæpius 4-loculare; styli in columnam carnosam cylindraceam v. globosam cavam apice dentatam v. breviter lobatam connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula carnosula v. sicca, subglobosa v. depresso-3-4-loba, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa, interdum uno latere 3-costata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutices suffruticesve scandentes, plus minus volubiles (excepta P. conophora, Muell. Arg.). Folia alterna, petiolata, sæpe cordata, 3-5-nervia et pennivenia, integerrima v. dentata. Racemi axillares supra-axillares v. laterales, interdum fere oppositifolii altius tamen quam folia affixi. Flores pedicellati, sæpius minuti subfasciculati rarius majores, \$\mathcal{Q}\$ in parto inferiore racemi pauci v. ad basin solitarii et rigidius pedicellati.

Species ad 12, regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis incolæ, in Australia tamen desunt. *Muell.*Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 769, et in Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 333. Facile in sectiones sequentes distribuends:—

- In Plukenetia typica Dominicana, stylorum columna longissima, tenuis, apice radiatim 4-loba.
   capsula depressa 4-loba, lobis carinatis fere appendiculatis. Plum. Ic. t. 226, icon in Lam. Illustr. t.
   788 repotita. Hæc sola species sectionem Euplukenetiam formare debet.
  - 2. PTEROCOCCUS, Hassk. in Flora, 1842; Beibl. ii. 41. CERATOCOCCUS, Mcisen. Gen. Pl. Comm. 369

- m, Endl. Gen. Suppl. iii. 98. HEDRAIOSTYLUS, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bog. 234), species plures continet tam Americanas quam Africanas et Asiaticas stylorum columna crassissima obovoidea v. globosa, capsula ut in Euplukenetia depresso-4-loba rarius 3-loba, lobis obtusis v. dorso herbaceo-appendiculatis. Huc pertinent, præter speciem Asiaticam et duas Africanas, P. penninervia, Muell. Arg., et P. verrucosa, Sm., a Muell. Arg. in Euplukenetia inclusse.
- 3. Angostylidium, Muell. Arg., est species Africana, fruticosa, elata et gracilis, sed non scandens. Stamina numerosa. Ovarium minimum, 4-5-merum, ad basin columnæ stylaris ovario ipso triplo saltem longioris cylindraceæ apice in lobos 4-5 latos breves divisæ.
- 4. Cylindrophora, Muell. Arg., est species Peruviana a nobis non visa, ex char. dato Angostylidio affinis.
- 5. Fragariofsis, St. Hil. Morphol. 426 (Fl. 3); Baill. Etud. Euph. 497, t. 12, 13; Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 773, st in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 336, t. 52 (Accia, St. Hil. l. c. 499, fl. 2. Botranthe, Klotesch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 190, t. 9. Vigia, Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 128, ex ic. rudi), est species Brasiliensis, quoad ovarium interdum nec semper 3-merum, stylorum columna elongata cylindracea crassiuscula, capsula ante maturitatem subglobosa carnosa fere Anabana, sed in fl. 5 receptaculum crassius globosum, filamentis brevissimis fere immersis, ovarii rudimento 0. Capsula immatura adhuc carnosior, matura nobis ignota. Antheræ omnino generis. Racemi fere omnes oppositifolii nisi paullo altius affixi, quod casu tantum observatur in cæteris speciebus.
- 6. Anabæna, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 46, t. 15; Muell. Arg. in Mart. Fl. Bras. t. 51 (Plukenetiæ sect.), est species Brasiliensis distincta imprimis ovarii rudimento filiformi apice capitellato in fl. 3 sæpissime evoluto, ovario in fl. \$\varphi\$ 3-mero, capsula ante maturitatem carnosula fere globosa v. obscure didyma, matura tamen in coccos 2-valves solvitur.

In specie adhuc inedita e Monterico Americæ meridionalis (extratropicæ?) Pearce, caules decumbentes videntur, folia obovata pennivenia breviter petiolata, flores monoici racemulis lateralibus oppositifoliis v. fere axillaribus, stamina numerosa dense capitata. Ovarium ad normam generis 4-loculare, stylo carnoso ovoideo-globoso.

Specimen e colonia Tovar Venezuelæ, Moritzi, n. 1661, plantam exhibet glaberrimam Plukenetiæ valde affinem, nisi revera congenerem. Folia ampla, obovali-oblonga, membranacea, pennivenia, petiolo apice prominule 2-glanduloso. Flores dioici, axillares,  $\delta$  omnino P. obovatæ, in racemum petiolo multo breviorem dispositi,  $\varphi$  in pedunculo solitarii. Ovarium 2-loculare, stylo depresso pulvinato quam ovarium ipsum minore.

170. Acidoton, Swartz, Prod. 83; Fl. Ind. Occid. 952, t. 18.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Sepala 3-5 (sæpius 4), valvata. Stamina  $\infty$  (ultra 30), receptaculo crasso carnoso elevato imposita, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis distinctis extrorsum v. sublateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0, receptaculo in centro cavo. Fl. 2: Sepala 5-6, angusta, imbricata. Ovariim breve, 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam crassam connati, superne breviter patentes, integri v. vix 2-fidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbuscula laxe ramosa, inflorescentia capsulisque pilis brevibus urentibus indutis, cæterum glabriuscula. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Rami sæpius unisexuales, inflorescentia axillari. Spicæ v. fasciculi 3 breves, sessiles, floribus longiuscule pedicellatis. Spicæ 2 longiores, floribus secus rhachin distantibus sub quaque bractea solitariis fere sessilibus.

Species 1, Jamaicensis. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 914. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 18.

171. Platysyne, Mercier in Ser. Bull. Bot. 168. (Acanthocaulon, Klotzsch in Endl. Gen. Suppl. iv. iii. 88.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Sepala 5, rarius 4, valvata, per anthesin reflexa. Stamina 5, rarius 4 v. 6-8, receptaculo elevato crasso dense villoso imposita, exteriora sepalis alterna, filamentis brevibus summo apice subrecurvis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis distinctis parallelis contiguis extrorsum v. sublateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0, receptaculo intra stamina glabrato. Fl. 2: Sepala 6, rarius 5 v. 7, angusta, imbricata. Ovarium breve, villosum, 3-loculare; styli multo majores, in columnam crassam concavam connati, superne breviter patentes, crassi, papilloso-villosi, retusi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves

dissiliens, endocarpio duriusculo. Semina globosa, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutex volubilis, pilis urentibus conspersus v. hispidus. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, sæpius angusta, dentata, pennivenia. Inflorescentiæ ad apices ramorum sessiles, mox oppositifoliæ v. laterales (interdum axillares?). Flores & pedicellati, fasciculati, subcymosi; 9 sessiles, solitarii v. gemini.

Species 1, Cubensis, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 913. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 4.

172. Tragia, Linn. Gen. n. 1048.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus v. rarius obovoideus, per anthesin valvatim 3-5-partitus. Discus 0 v. obscurus. Stamina sæpius 3, interdum 2 v. 1, in paucis speciebus & (usque ad 60), filamentis liberis v. plus minus connatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, dorso v. fere ad basin affixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minutum. Fl. 2: Sepala 6 v. rarius pauciora v. 7-8, imbricata, integra v. pinnatifida. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi v. sæpe ultra medium in columnam coaliti, apice liberi patentes indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina globosa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Herbæ perennes v. suffrutices scandentes v. volubiles, rarius caulibus brevioribus ascendentibus, pilis sæpe urentibus præsertim in fructibus hispidæ v. echinatæ, rarius undique glabratæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, dentata, rarius 2-3-loba, basi sæpe cordata et 3-5-nervia. Racemi terminales oppositifolii v. axillares, sæpissime androgyni, floribus & in parte superiore 2 in inferiore, v. rarius 2-fidi, ramo longiore & breviore 2. Flores sæpius sub quaque bractea solitarii, in paucis speciebus & glomerati.

Species ad 50, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, extra tropicos usque ad Africam australem et Americæ borealis civitates australiores extensæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 927, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 403, t. 58. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 398. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 15. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 190. Schweinf. Rel. Kotsch. t. 34. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 54. Cav. Ic. t. 557. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 223. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 6, 8, 10.

Genus naturale, stylo columnari *Plukenctiæ* affine, facile distinguitur antheris, styli columna minus carnosa et pilis sæpe urentibus capsulam sæpius obtegentibus, multum variat staminum numero et filamentorum indole, et a Muellero in sectiones 13 dividitur. Ex his *Eutragia* et *Ratiga* ex America perianthii segmentis integris, et *Pagira* ex orbe vetere segmentis sæpe pinnatifidis, specierum maximam partem includunt et characteribus levioris momenti nec habitu separantur. Stamina 3 v. interdum 2 v. 1, filamentis liberis v. basi connatis. Flores etiam 3 sub quaque bractea sæpissime solitarii. Huc pertinent icones omnes supra citatæ. Genera tamen sequentia a variis auctoribus proposita, et in Prodromo ad sectiones reducta, pleraque monotypica a typo generico plus minus decedunt.

LEPTOBOTEYS, Baill. Etud. Euph. 478, t. 2, est T. urens, Linn., species boreali-Americana sæpe nec semper 2-andra, filamentis basi breviter connatis. Variat spicis brevibus v. ut in icone citata longis gracillimisque.

AGIRTA, Baill. Etud. Euph. 463, est species Madagascariensis a nobis non visa, floribus sub quaque bractes glomerulatis, antherarum connectivo ultra loculos producto, sepalis floris Q valvatis.

Lassia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 464, t. 4, est species Madagascariensis a nobis non visa, staminibus 3, filamentis in columnam connatis antherarum loculis divaricatis ex icone fere horizontalibus ad apicem columnæ extrorsum sessilibus.

Leucandra, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 188, stabilita fuit ad speciem Brasiliensem herbaceam v. suffruticosam 4-andram. Huic addit Muell. Arg. species nonnullas habitu normali generis, staminibus 4-8.

Bia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 189, species continet 4, Americæ australis, habitu norm li, staminibus 10-20, et includit etiam Leptorhachin, Klotzsch, l. c.

Zuckertia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 495, t. 4, est species Mexicana a nobis non visa, alabastris & clavatis, staminibus ad 40, antheris majusculis dorsifixis minute apiculatis.

CTENOMERIA, Harv. in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 29, est species Austro-Africana, floribus & in genere majusculis, staminibus 40-60, filamentis tenuissime capillaribus, antheris in genere longis. Sepala floris Q ut in pluribus aliis pinnatifida. In Prodromo xv. ii. 925, pro genere proprio cum specie valde dissimili (Leptorhachi, Kl.), associatur, in flore Brasiliensi iterum ad Tragiam reducitur.

173. Cnesmone, Blume, Bijdr. 630 (err. typ. Cnesmosa), et in Fl. Jav. Praf. 6 .-Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx in alabastro globosus, clausus, per anthesin valvatim 3-fidus, tubo depresso ore subcontracto, lobis latis. Stamina in fundo calycis 3, lobis alterna, vix e tubo exserta, filamentis liberis crassis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, connectivo crasso ultra loculos in appendicem linearem supra antheram reflexam producto, loculis discretis subparallelis subextrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. obscurum. Fl. 2 : Sepala 3, demum aucta, integerrima. Ovarium breve, 3-loculare; styli carnosi, basi in massam brevem latam connati, pro maxima parte liberi, incurvo-erecti, crassi, margine introrsum processibus seu papillis crassis fimbriati fere pinnatifidi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa; testa crustacea (extus in vivo pulposa quasi arillata?); albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutex alte scandens, undique plus minus fulvo-villosus, habitu Tragia at rudis. Folia alterna, petiolata, denticulata, pennivenia, basi stepe cordata. Stipulæ latæ, persistentes. Racemi terminales v. oppositifolii, floribus sub quaque bractea solitariis brevissime pedicellatis, superiores & ebracteolati, inferiores  $1-\infty \mathcal{Q}$ , bracteolis 2 stipati.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 926. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 4.

174. Dalechampia, Linn. Gen. n. 1081.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, in alabastro globosus, per anthesin valvatim 4-6-partitus. Stamina 🗢 (sæpius 20-30, rarius plura v. pauciora), filamentis in receptaculo convexo v. plus minus in columnam crassam elevato breviter liberis v. alte in columnam tenuiorem coalitis; antheræ erectæ, loculis contiguis parallelis sæpe didymis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Calyx 5-12-partitus, segmentis imbricatis sæpe linearibus pinnatifidis fimbriatisve, rarius lanceolatis integerrimis. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; styli in columnam longam sæpe carnosam apice obtusam v. dilatatam oblique v. æqualiter excavatam integram v. breviter radiato-lobatam connati; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 3-4-dyma v. angulata, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato. Semina globosa v. ellipsoidea, estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices suffruticesve, sæpius volubiles et interdum alte scandentes, glabri Folia alterna, petiolata, integra 3-5-loba v. pilis simplicibus hirsuti v. tomentosi. v. digitatim 3-5-foliolata, pennivenia basique sæpius 3-7-nervia. Racemi sæpius in capitula contracti, ad axillas sessiles v. pedunculati, bracteis 2 maximis sæpe coloratis venosisque integris v. 3-lobis involucrati, rarius laxiores bracteis haud v. vix auctis. Flores in capitulo sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, exteriores v. inferiores Q, sub quaque bractea seepe 3-ni, interiores v. superiores & sub quaque bractea 3-∞. Adsunt etiam interdum in capitulo massæ 2–3 carnoso-ceraceæ multicristatæ, quæ flores steriles nuncupantur. Capsulæ variant parvæ globoso-3-dymæ, v. magnæ duræ angulatæ, calyce aucto sæpe stipatæ.

Species ad 60, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, pleræque tamen Americanæ.

Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. n. 1233, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 635, t. 88 ad 91. Baill. Etud.

Euph. t. 3, 4. Endl. Atakta, t. 20, 21. Wight, Ic. t. 1881, 1882. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise,

Bot. t. 6.

CREMOPHYLLUM, Scheidw. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Brux. ix. 1. 23, est planta humilis in horto Bruxellensi e seminibus Mexicanis enata (nec Brasiliana ut perperam a Muell. Arg. citatur), evidenter D. Roezleanæ, Muell. Arg. (Bot. Mag. t. 5640, Regel Gartenfl. t. 532) valde affinis et forte forma depauperata, caule erecto, foliis longis fere sessilibus penniveniis. His evidenter affinis est D. magnoliæfolia, Mart., e Brasilia. Præter habitum characteribus nullis definitis a cæteris separandæ videntur, etsi plantæ Mexicanæ insignes sunt massis cristatis in capitulo valde evolutis. Illis pertinere videtur specimen Mexicanum e Teapa, Linden, n. 1614.

RHOPALOSTYLIS, Klotzsch in herb. plur. est D. micrantha, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 19, t. 222, species inflorescentia laxa insignis, bracteis vacuis non auctis nec flores involucrantibus.

D. Houllettiana, Baill. Etud. Euph. 486, t. 3, f. 31, 32, species Brasiliana nobis ignota, ex icone a

genere longe differt disco hypogyno evoluto ovario 4-loculari et stylo filiformi apice integerrimo subulato.

175. Mabea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 867, t. 334.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. J: Calyx parvus, membranaceus, prima juventute globosus subclausus, longe ante anthesin apertus, 3-5-lobus. Stamina  $\infty$  (12-50), receptaculo convexo v. conico affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antherarum loculi subintrorsum adnati, paralleli v. divergentes, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 5-6-partitus, segmentis imbricatis sæpe valde inæqualibus. ()varium 3-loculare; styli in columnam longam coaliti, superne liberi tenues indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa v. tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina ovoidea, strophiolata. testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores coma diffusa v. sæpius frutices sarmentosi v. alte scandentes. Folia alterna, oblonga v. angusta, integerrima v. denticulata, pennivenia. Racemi terminales, floribundi, sæpe compositi, singuli v. plures in paniculam dispositi. Bracteæ sæpius glandulis 2 magnis stipatæ. Flores & numerosi, antheris supra calycem dense confertis globulosi, sub quaque bractea sæpius plures fasciculati, v. in racemulum secundarium ebracteatum dispositi; 2 ad basin racemi pauci, sub quaque bractea solitarii, pedicellati.

Species enumeratæ 16, plures inter se simillimæ, Americæ tropicæ imprimis Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1148, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 517, t. 73, 74. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 13.

176. Bomalanthus, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 50, t. 16 (Omalanthus). (Duania, Noronh. ex Hassk. Hort. Bogor. 233, nomen tantum. Carumbium, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 6, prius in Blume, Cat. Hort. Buitenz. 105, nomen tantum.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx compressus, brevis, latus, 2-partitus, segmentis planis sibimet appressis margine leviter imbricatis. Stamina  $\infty$  (6-50), filamentis brevissimis; antheræ calycem superantes, loculis brevibus v. subglobosis, dorso contiguis divaricatis vertice 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 2-3-fidus, haud compressus. Ovarium 2- v. rarius 3-loculare; styli lineares, divergentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula didyma, carnosa, indehiscens v. vix in coccos dorso 2-valves Semina ovoidea, strophiola carnosa interdum semen semitegente, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ. — Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, seepius subtriangularia v. rhomboidea, integerrima, subtus sæpius glauca v. canescentia, pennivenia v. vix basi 3-5-plinervia. Racemi terminales, floribus & numerosis sub quaque bractea pluribus parvis, ♀ sub quaque bractea solitariis ad basin racemi paucis v. rarius ad apices ramorum absque racemo &.

Species 7 v. 8, Archipelagi Malayani Australiæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 8. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. av ii. 1143 (Carumbium, excl. sect. Pimeleodendron). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 149 (Carumbium). Bot. Mag. t. 2780.

DIBRACHION, Regel, Gartenfl. xv. (1866) 100, t. 504. species ex ins. Philippinarum a nobis non visa, foliis peltatis distinctissima, ex icone tamen et descriptione auctoris rite a Muellero ad Carumbium (Homalanthum) refertur, et huic generi restituenda est Wartmannia, Muell. Arg. in Linnaa xxxiv. 218, ct in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1147, ab auctore ob seminum strophiolam parvam separata, de cujus natura efr. Baill. Adans. vi. 348. Embryo H. populifolii in icone Bot. Mag. l. c. minimus delineatur, in seminibus tamen a nobis examinatis dimidium albuminis longe superat.

177. Pimeleodendron, Hassk. Hort. Bogor. Descr. 68. (Stomatocalyx et Carumbii sect. Pimeleodendron, Mucll. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1142, 1143.)—Flores dioici? apetali, ♀ ignoti. Fl. ♂: Calyx compressus, brevis, latus, lobis 2 brevissimis planis sibimet appressis. Discus 0. Stamina ∞ (12 15), intra marginem perianthii serie simplici disposita (ob calycis formam 2-serialia apparent), filamentis brevissimis; antheræ terminales, latæ, truncatæ, loculis extrorsum adnatis divergentibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia alterna v. ad apices ramorum conferta petiolis valde inæqualibus apice tumidis, ovata v. oblonga, integerrima, coriacea, penni-

venia. Racemi & simplices v. ramosi, infra folia laterales v. nonnulli axillares. Flores apicem versus rhacheos sparsi, pedicellis brevibus rigide patentibus. Bracteæ caducissimæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Speciem typicam Amboinensem non vidimus, sed descriptio fusior Hasskarlii quoad characteres genericos omnino Stomatocalyci, Muell. Arg., convenit. Specimina Borneensia a Muell. Arg. cum Malaccensibus juncta, nobis specifice differre videntur. Baillon, Hist. Pl. v. 229, genus totum in Carumbio (Homalantho) includit, nobis tamen, quoad plantam & que sola nota, differre videtur habitu, inflorescentia et staminibus.

178. Senefeldera, Mart. Herb. Fl. Bras. 269.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, longe ante anthesin apertus, breviter lateque 3-5-lobus v. lateralis subinteger. Stamina & (3-12), receptaculo elevato affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subsessiles, erectæ, loculis extrorsum parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \( \frac{2}{3}\): Calyx alte 3-fidus v. 3-partitus, segmentis imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in columnam brevem crassam connati, superne recurvo-patentes, crassiusculi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, endocarpio duriusculo. Semina ex Muell. Arg. strophiolata, in speciminibus nostris estrophiolata, irregulariter subglobosa, testa tenuiter subcrustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores tenues, glabræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Spicæ ad apices ramorum paniculatæ, sæpius rubentes. Bracteæ breves, latæ. Flores \( \frac{1}{2}\) sub quaque bractea paucæ, pedicello basi articulato brevissimo v. bracteam superante; \( \frac{1}{2}\) in parte inferiore spicæ v. paniculæ ramorum sub quaque bractea solitarii, breviter pedicellati.

Species 4, Brasilianse. Muell. Arg. in. DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1153. ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi, ii. 529, t. 75. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 9.

In S. inclinata, Muell. Arg., et in specie nova a Traillio in eadem regione Amazonica lecta, flores of ad apicem pedicelli rhachin versus inclinati, perianthio valde obliquo quasi dimidiato integerrimo squamulam latam formante extrorsum suberecto, sed characteres cæteri et habitus omnino specierum typicarum e Brasilia Janeiriensi.

179. Trisyngyne, Baill. Adans. xi. 136.—Flores monoici, apetali. Fl. 3: Calyx tubulosus, membranaceus, apice 4-5-dentatus. Stamina 15-20, centralia, filamentis liberis subulatis erectis; antheræ lineares, subapiculatæ, basifixæ, demum exsertæ, introrsum 2-rimosæ. Fl. 2: Sepala? 2, parva, libera. Ovarium 2-loculare. Styli in columnam crassitudine ovarii cylindraceam erectam alte connati, apice recurvi, indivisi, intus stigmatosi; ovula in loculis solitaria (descendentia?). Fructus...—Frutices. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia, Flores e gemma axillari v. folio delapso laterali oriundi, 3 in cymulas pedunculatas sæpius 3-floras dispositi, singuli in axilla squamæ scariosæ inserti. Flores 2 altius ramulo tenui inserti, alterne glomerulati, glomerulis 3-floris extus bracteis bracteolisque cinctis; glandulæ 2, compressæ, ad glomerulum laterales. (Char. ex Baill.)

Species 2, Novo-Caledonics. Genus adhuc imperfecte notum, forte ex ordine expellendum.

180. Comphaica, Linn. Gen. n. 1039. (Duchola, Adans. Fam. ii. 357. Omphalandria, P. Br. Hist. Jam. 335. Ronnowia, Buch. Pl. Nouv. Découv. 6, t. 4. Hecatea, Thou. Hist. Veg. Isles Afr. 27, t. 5. Hebecocca, Beurl. in K. Vetensk. Akad. Stockh. Handl. 1854, 146.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus obscurus v. 0. Fl. 3: Sepala 4-5, parva, lata, valde imbricata. Stamina 2-3, filamentis in columnam brevissimam connatis; antherarum connectiva crassa, lata, in massam peltatam pileiformam margine 2-3-lobam connata, loculis ad peripheriam dissitis, juxta margines loborum extrorsum adnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx fere maris. Ovarium 2-3-loculare, in columnam stylarem crassam pubescentem obtusam v. brevissime 2-3-lobam abiens; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus crassus, 2-3-dymus, extus carnosus, endocarpio duro indehiscente v. demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina subglobosa, estrophiolata; albumen crassum, carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutices volubiles

v. alte scandentes, rarius arbores diffusæ. Folia alterna, petiolo apice 2-glanduloso, sæpius ampla, integerrima, pennivenia, et basi sæpe 3-5-nervia. Flores cymulosi, cymulis & v. cum flore centrali 2 androgynis, secus ramos paniculæ terminalis dispositis. Bracteæ in axi paniculæ sub cymulis sæpe elongatæ, subfoliaceæ, lineari-spathulatæ, petiolatæ.

Species 8, quarum una Madagascariensis, cæteræ Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1135, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 514, t. 72. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 7. Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 328. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 519.

Semina matura non vidimus et character supra ex Baill. et Muell. Arg. datus. Buchoz l. c. embryonem describit globosum e cotyledonibus 2 crassis constantem et pellicula tenui involutum.

181. Ophthalmoblapton, Fr. Allem. Tract. Rio Jan. 1849, cum ic.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. d: Calyx parvus, vertice depressus, in alabastro clausus, per anthesin apice brevissime 2-3-lobus v. altius valvatim fissus. Stamen 1, e fundo calycis, filamento exserto; anthera erecta, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscen-Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Sepala 6, ovata, crassiuscula, sub-2-seriatim tibus. imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare, in stylum longum crassum columnarem superne crassum et breviter 3-lobum abiens; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula depressa, tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, exocarpio tenui, endocarpio osseo. Semina ovoidea, testa crustacea extus celluloso-spongiosa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ. —Arborea proceræ. Folia alterna, ad apices ramorum conferta, petiolo longo apice tumido, ampla, integerrima v. parce dentata, coriacea, pennivenia. Spicæ & axillares v. infra folia laterales, breves, bracteis brevissimis latis; flores sub quaque bractea co, arcte sessiles et subconfluentes, collateraliter 1-3-seriatim radiantes. Flores 2 ad basin spicarum v. ad nodos distinctos solitarii v. pauci, sessiles v. pedicello brevi crasso fulti.

Species 3 v. 4, Brasilianæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1155, et in Murt. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 532, t. 103. Flores & haud rite examinare potuimus, sed optime ab Allemao illustrati sunt. O. pedunculare, Muell. Arg., a cæteris speciebus differt habitu, foliis breviter petiolatis minus coriaceis et ex descriptione Muelleri notis pluribus aliis et forte e genere excludenda est. Specimen nostrum jam defloratum est.

182. **Eippemane**, Linn. Gen. n. 1088. (Mancinella, Tuss. Fl. Antill. iii. 21, t. 5, ex Muell. Arg.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx parvus, membranaceus, breviter 2-3-fidus, lobis imbricatis. Stamina 2, filamentis in columnam demum breviter exsertam connatis, apice brevissime liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis ovoideis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx parvus, alte 3-fidus. Ovarium -∞ (6-9-) loculare; styli breves, basi in columnam connati, superne breviter liberi recurvi indivisi stellato-patentes; ovula in loculis solitaria. Drupa majuscula, indehiscens, carne crassa, endocarpio crassissimo osseo ∞-loculari. Semina (a nobis non visa) estrophiolata; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbor glabra, succo copioso lacteo vehementer venenoso. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, lata, integerrima v. leviter serrata, pennivenia, reticulata. Spicæ terminales, rhachi crassiuscula. Bracteæ dissitæ, basi utrinque glandula peltata instructæ. Flores ♂ sub quaque bractea 3-∞, subsessiles; ♀ sub bracteis infimis solitarii pariter subsessiles; in spicis nonnullis deficientes v. tardius evoluti.

Species 1, in maritimis Indiæ occidentalis, Americæ centralis et Columbiæ crescens. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1200. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 16. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 6. Nutt. Sylv. i. t. 60. Regel Gartinft. t. 510.

183. Maprounes, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 895, t. 342. (Ægopricon, Linn. f. Suppl. 63.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, membranaceus, breviter 3-lobus, lobis imbricatis. Stamina 2, rarius 1 v. 3, per anthesin exserta, filamentis in columnam connatis apice brevissime liberis; antheræ erectæ, loculis ovoideis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx brevis, 3-lobus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in columnam connati, apice breviter liberi, patentes, indivisi;

ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, vix tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, columella sepissime cum coccis decidua. Semina oblique obovoidea, superne oblique sub strophiola magna carnosa depressa, testa crustacea extus glanduloso-foveolata (v. lævi?); albumen carnosum (perfectum non vidimus); cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices glabri, ramosissimi. Folia alterna, petiolata, parvula, ovata, integerrima, pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa, subtus sæpe secus costam v. venas primarias glandulis depressis 2-5 instructa. Spicæ & dense capituliformes, ovoideæ v. subglobosæ, ad apices ramorum pedunculatæ, solitariæ v. in pedunculo ramoso paucæ. Bracteæ parvæ, imbricatæ, basi glandulosæ. Flores minimi, sub quaque bractea terni, sessiles. Flores \( \mathref{q} 1-3 \) in pedunculo infra spicam \( \mathref{q} \) v. in ramo ipso pedicellati, sub bractea parva solitarii.

Species 3, America et Africa inter tropicos incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1190, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 542, t. 81. A. Juss. Euph. Tent. t. 17. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 138 (Ægopricon). Sm. Ic. ined. t. 42 (Ægopricon). Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 7. A. St. Hil. Pl. Us. Bras. t. 65.

Genus naturalissimum inflorescentia facile distinctum. Seminum sub strophiola depressionem in generibus affinibus nunquam observavimus.

184. Stillingia, Linn. Mant. n. 1279.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, tenuiter membranaceus, brevissime et late 2-3-fidus. Stamina 2, rarissime 3, filamentis liberis exsertis; antherarum loculi ovoideo-globosi, distincti, contigui, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. \(\mathbb{c}: Calyx 3-partitus v.\) rudimentarius v. 0. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli basi breviter in columnam connati, superne patentes breves v. longiusculi indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula 2-3-dyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, columellam nullam reliquens, sed, pericarpii basi inter coccos persistente, receptaculum divaricato-3-cornutum induratum remanet. Semina subglobosa, strophiolata v. estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, breviter petiolata, integerrima v. glanduloso-denticulata. Spicæ terminales, simplices, bracteis brevibus latis 2-glandulosis. Flores & sub quaque bractea sæpius 3, subsessiles, \(\mathbb{c}\) sub bracteis inferioribus solitarii, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, in spica pauci v. interdum spica omnino &.

Species enumeratæ 13, Americæ borealis et australis, ins. Mascarensium et maris Pacifici incolæ, nonnullæ tamen adhuc dubiæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1156. et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 538. t. 76.

Genus quale a Muellero definitum certe Sapio valde affine, sed character e receptaculo post coccos delapsos indurato-3-cornuto absque columella persistente in ordine singularis est, in S. sylvatica, Linn., ex America boreali, et in S. lineata ex ins. Mascariensium insignis, in S. dichotoma, Muell. Arg., e Brasilia minus prominens, nec in ullo alio genere nisi in nimis affini Adenopeltide observatur.

GYMNOSTILLINGIA, Muell. Arg. in Linnea xxxii. 89, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1163, species 2 e Mexico et America centrali, ab auctore distinguitur perianthio \( \varphi\) (præter bracteam et bracteolas) 0 et seminibns estrophiolatis, sed etiam in specie typica Stillingia (S. sylvatica), calycis \( \varphi\) segmenta intra bracteam sæpe rudimentaria v. vix ulla, et seminum strophiola characterem nullum certum præbet.

Stillingia heterodoxa, Muell. Arg., e Brasilia, fruticulus stellato-tomentosus, spicis gracilibus axillaribus, perianthiis & 3-partitis, floribus \( \varphi\) ignotis, characteres Sebastiane v. Excecaria potius quam Stillingia præbet.

Stillingia lineata var. densifiora, Baker, Fl. Maurit. 314, ex ins. Seychelles, est Excæcariæ species nova, inflorescentia floribus et fructu omnino E. Agallochæ, sed folia multo majora coriacea nitidaque Stillingiæ lineatæ.

185. Saptum, P. Br., Hist. Jam. 338. (Triadica, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 610. Stillingfleetia, Boj. Hort. Mourit. 284. Carumbium, Kurz., For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 411, non Reinw.)—Flores (an semper?) monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, membranaceus, breviter et inæqualiter dentatus v. lobatus, apertus v. subimbricatus, demum sæpe ad basin valvatim 2-3-fissus. Stamina 2 v. 3, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi ovoidei, distincti, contigui, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovasii rudimentum 6.

Fl. Q: Calyx 3-fidus v. fere 3-partitus. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; styli distincti v. basi breviter connati, recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula plus minus carnosa v. pulposa, in speciebus normalibus demum loculicide dehiscens, nec in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina globosa, estrophiolata, in columella 3-alata post capsulam apertam sepissime persistentia, testa crustacea extus sepe pulposa; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve sepius glabri. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. rarius dentata, pennivenia, petiolo apice sepe 2-glanduloso. Spicæ v. racemi terminales, solitarii v. in una specie ∞ paniculati. Flores ♂ sub quaque bractea sepius 3, ♀ ad basin spicæ plures, sub quaque bractea solitarii, in spica solitarii v. 0. Bracteæ parvæ, sæpe basi utrinque glanduliferæ.

Species ad 25, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late disperse. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1202, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 612, t. 84, 85 (Excacarræ sect.). Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 5, 6. Nutt. Sylv. t. 62 (Stillingia). Miq. Stirp. Surin. t. 29. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 69 (Stillingia).

Genus a Muellero et nuper a Baillono Excacarue adjunctum, sed nobis ab eo distinctius videtur quam Sebastiania aliaque a Muellero retenta. Calyx 3 non 3-partitus Stillingiæ, et capsula constanter diversa. Præter species typicas quarum pistillum in Asiaticis sæpius 2-merum in Americanis 3-merum, E. abyssinica et E. Manniana, Muell. Arg. (forte unius varietates) flores et fructus omnino Sapii ostendunt.

S. indicum, Willd.; Wight, Ic. t. 1950, perianthio 3 omnino Sapii, ab hoc genere uti ab omnibus affinibus differt fructu; capsula magna, globosa, dura, tandem in coccos clausos secedit, columella nulla persistente. Sclerocroton ellipticum, Hochst., species Africana in Prodromo ad S. indicum relata, ex speciminibus nostris cum fructu juniore ab illo longe differt, noc rite ab Excacaria reticulata, Muell. Arg., distinguimus.

FALCONERIA, Royle, Illustr. Himal. Pl. 354, t. 84A (98); Wight, Ic. t. 1866, species v. varietates 2 includit, floribus & Sapu, spicis unisexualibus utriusque sexus longis multifloris, fructu baccato, endocarpio in pyrenas 2 indehiscentes demum sceedente, columella ut videtur persistente; fructus tamen fere omnes in speciminibus integri remanent. Hæc uti S. indicum nostro sensu multo melius sub Sapio quam sub Exexcaria militat.

Conosapium, Muell. Arg. in Linnau, xxxii. 87, et in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1154, species Madagascariensis a nobis non visa, a Baillono cum Sapio ad Excacariam relata, ex charactere dato in omnibus cum Sapio convenit exceptis stylis a latere compressis. Stamina 3, centralia, receptaculo conicoacutato affixa dicuntur, quod vix differt a staminum filamentis basi connatis specierum nonnullarum aliarum. Fructu ignoto genus adhuc dubium remanct.

186. Bonania, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 201, t. 68.—Flores monoici (v. rarius dioici) apetali. Discus 0. Fl. J.: Calyx membranaceus, ore truncatus v. breviter lateque 2-3-lobus. Stamina 2, rarius 3, filamentis liberis brevibus; antheræ parvæ, loculis distinctis ovoideis contiguis parallelis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx alte 3-fidus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli distincti v. vix basi connati, tenues, recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa, subtridyma, pericarpio carnoso in valvas 2-partitas potius quam in coccos dissiliens, columella persistente alata. Semina globosa, estrophiolata, columellæ sæpe adhærentia; embryo . . .—Fruticuli ramosissimi, glabri. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, sæpe parvula, integerrima v. sæpius glanduloso-dentata v. serrulata. Racemi axillares, tenues. Flores J sub quaque bractea sæpius 3, subsessiles, 2 ad basin spicæ v. in alia axilla solitarii, sessiles v. pedicellati.

Species 6, Cubanæ, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 19, pleræque ad Excacariam relatæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1212.

Genus quoad characteres Sapio valde affine sed habitu et inflorescentia longe differt. In specielus typicis, B. cubana, A. Rich., B. emarginata, A. Rich., et B. myricifolia (Excacaria myricifolia, Griseb.; Wright, n. 2007), flos \( \rightarrow \) ad basin spice \( \delta \) in axilla arcte sessilis; in Sapio adenodonte, Griseb., Excacaria erythrosperma, Griseb., et in specie inedita Wright, n. 3705, flos \( \rightarrow \) longe pedicellatus in eadem axilla ac spica \( \delta \) v. in ramo (an in planta?) diverso. Hæ omnes characteres Bonaniæ ostendunt. In Excacaria Sagræi, Muell. Arg. (Wright, n. 2006), cui errore quodam synon. E. myrciafolia, Griseb., adducitur, spica terminalis videtur et capsula in coccos secedere et forte vera est Excacariæ species, etsi calycis \( \delta \) segmenta vix soluta videantur.

187. Ditta, Griseb. in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, viii. 160.—Flores dioici?, apetali, &

ignetį. Fl. Q: Calyx minutus v. 0. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli 2, brevissimi, crassi, patentes, 2-lobi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Fructus in cocces (2-valves?) secedens v. abortu 1-coccus, pericarpio haud crasso. Semina globosa, testa aspera; embryo . . . —Frutex resinosus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, parvula, oblongo-lanceolata, coriacea, pennivenia, glandulis marginalibus subdentata. Flores Q parvi, ad axillas sessiles, solitarii v. gemini.

Species 1, Cubensis. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1138. Genus floribus masculis ignotis quosd affinitates valde incertum. Habitus Bonania, sed styli valde diversi.

188. Sebastiania, Spreng. New Entd. ii. 118, t. 3. (Gussonia, Spreng. l.c. 119, t. 2.)
—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx minimus, membranaceus, jam ante anthesin apertus, inæqualiter 3-5-lobus v. partitus. Stamina 2 v. 3, rarissime 4, filamentis brevibus liberis v. vix basi connatis; antherarum loculi distincti, ovoidei, contigui, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx 3-partitus v. 3-lobus, ovario brevior. Ovarium 3-loculare, styli patentes v. revoluti, liberi v. basi brevissime connati, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma v. subglobosa, in coccos 2-valves a columella centrali dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo. Semina oblonga v. subglobosa, strophiolata, testa lævi; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices sæpius tenues, rarius herbæ. Folia alterna, sæpius parvula v. angusta, integerrima v. minute serrulata, vix coriacea, pennivenia. Raccmi graciles, terminales v. simul axillares v. laterales. Flores ♂ minimi, sæpius sub quaque bractea 2-3, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles; ♀ ad basin racemi v. in caule paullo inferius pauci sæpius singuli, distinctius pedicellati; racemi tamen interdum omnino ♂. Bractore minimæ, sub fl. ♀ utrinque glanduliferæ v. eglandulosæ.

Species ad 40, quarum una inter tropicos orbis veteris incola, una in civitatibus australioribus Americæ borealis reperitur, cæteræ omnes Americanæ tropicæ imprimis Brasilianæ, ex his tamen una etiam in Africa tropica occidentali invenitur. *Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod.* xv. ii. 1165, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 545, t. 77 ad 80, exclusis tamen speciebus nonnullis ad Gymnanthem referendis.

Genera plurima in Prodromo cum Gymnanthi, Swartz, sub nomine Sprengeliano juncta, ibidem a Stillingia distinguuntur capsulæ columella persistente receptaculo non 3-cornuto, ab Excacaria seminibus strophiolatis, melius tamen naturæ consentire videtur si Gymnanthem excludimus, et genera sequentia sola pro sectionibus retinemus. Genus ita reformatum Excacariæ quam maxime affine, calyce et capsula conforme, differt inflorescentia ad normam (non tamen constanter) terminali et seminibus strophiolatis.

- 1. DITENSINIA, Rafin. Neogenet. 2. Species boreali-Americana (S. ligustrina) habitu fere Stillingiæ, characteribus omnino Microstachyos nisi perianthium fl. 3 magis evolutum late et inæqualiter 3-5-lobum. Capsulæ cocci læves.
- 2. MICBOSTACHYS, A. Juss. Euph. Tent. 48, t. 15. (CNEMIDOSTACHYS, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 66, t. 40 ad 44, antea in Reise 206 nomen tantum. Elachocroton, F. Muell. Hook. Kew Journ. ix. 17). Rami sæpius tenues. Spicæ terminales v. oppositifoliæ. Capsulæ cocci sæpius tuberculis 2 v. paucis muricati. Vahl, Ecl. t. 19 (Tragia) Karst. Fl. Columb. t. 117 (Microstachys). Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 44 (Cnemidostachys).
- 3. SAROTHEOSTACHYS, Klotzsch. in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 185. Spicæ pleræque tenues, breves, ad axillas co fasciculatæ, nonnulæ tamen ad apices ramorum hornotinorum solitariæ terminales. Calyx & omnino Microstachyos. Capsulæ cocci læves. Species paucæ Brasilianæ quarum una etiam in Africa tropica. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 45.
- 4. ADENOGYNE, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 183. Spicæ terminales cum nonnullis axillaribus. Calyx & quam in præcedentibus magis obliquus et inæqualis, late 2-3-fidus v. fere 'partitus, vix tamen unilateralis. Capsulæ cocci læves. Ramuli sæpe spinescentes. Species Americanæ tropicæ.
- 5. Eusebastiania. Spicæ terminales. Calycis & segmenta 3, angusta v. acuminata v. brevissime basi sæpius dilatata et levitor connata, interdum fimbriata, semper parva non unilateralia. Capsulæ cocci læves. Species Americanæ tropicæ. Sprengel l.c. bracteas flores & subtendentes pro calycibus descripsit et distinxit Sebastianiam, bracteis basi extus 2-glandulosis, et Gussoniam, bracteis eglandulosis.

189. Executaria, Linn. Gen. n. 1102. (Commia, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 605.) - Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calycis segmenta 3 rarius 2, parva, distincta, subsequalia, angusta v. latiora et imbricata. Stamina 2-3, filamentis liberis; antherarum loculi distincti, ovoidei, paralleli, contigui, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Calyx 3-fidus v. 3-partitus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens, endocarpio crustaceo parum indurato. Semina globosa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve glabri. Folia alterna v. opposita, breviter v. longiuscule petiolata, integerrima v. parce dentata, sæpe coriacea, pennivenia, ampla v. mediocria. Racemi axillares laterales v. interdum simul subterminales, m axillis haud raro fasciculati, rarius fere omnes terminales. Flores & sub quaque bractea solitarii v. rarius terni, seepius breviter pedicellati, pedicello basi 2-bracteolato, 2 ad basin racemi & 1-2 v. sæpius in racemis distinctis pauci. Bracteæ parvæ, in spica & juniore sæpe dense imbricatæ.

Species descriptæ fere 30 sed plurimæ reducendæ videntur, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ et subtropicæ, ins. Mascarensium et Australiæ incolæ. Muell. Ary. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1213 (sect. 5 ad 7). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 152. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 413. Wight, Ic. t. 1865. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 21 (Stillingua).

Spirostachys, Sond. in Linnea xxiii. 106 (Excacaria africana et E. melanosticia, Muell. Arg.), nobis videtur ipsissima E Aquilocha, Linn. species typica dioica, foliis alternis, inflorescentia axillari, calycis & segmentis angustis, et ab hac Stillingia lineata var. densifiora, Baker. non nisi foliis differt. In E. oppositifolia et in E. cochinchinensi, Lour. ex Muell. Arg., a qua E quadrangularis, Muell Arg., non differre videtur, folia alterna, spicæ axillares simulque subterminales et flores Q interdum adsunt ad basin spicæ &. In E. juponica, Muell. Arg., E. accrifolia, F. Didrichs. (sect. Protaxanthus, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. For. Kjobenh. 1857, 129), et E. reticulata, Muell. Arg. (Sclerocroton, Hochst. in Flora 1845, 85), folia alterna, spicæ pleræque subterminales, et præsertim in E. japonica, calycis segmenta latiora sed a basi distincta imbricataque et capsula in coccos dissiliens omnino Excacariæ nec Sapii.

Species Americanas a Muellero in Fl. Bras. ad Eucrocariam relatas in herbariis nostris haud agnovimus. E. potamophila ex ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. t. 80, vix non Schasteanæ species est.

TENOSAPIUM, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1200, est species Madagascariensis, a nobis non visa, prius ab auctore in Excacarui inclusa et iterum ad hoc genus a Baillono relata, a cæteris Excacariis separata ob stylos ut in Conosapio a latere valde compressis. Fructu ignoto genus adhuc dubium remanet.

190. Cymnanthes, Sw. Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 95. (Excecaria, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 50; Cat. Pl. Cub. 20, excl. sect. Gymnosopsis.)—Flores monoici v. rarius dioici. Perianthium rudimentarium v. 0. Discus 0. Fl. δ: Stamina 2, rarius 3, filamentis liberis v. basi breviter connatis; antheræ erectæ, ovoideæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. φ: Ovarium 3-loculare; styli liberi v. basi brevissime connati, recurvi, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens. Semina globosa, strophiolata v. rarius nuda, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Racemi axillares v. ad nodos vetustos, rarius simul terminales, solitarii v. fasciculati. Bracteæ parvæ, nunc minutæ v. obsoletæ, sæpe basi introrsum præsertim sub fl. φ bracteolis v. glandulis 2 comitatæ. Flores δ sæpius 1-3-ni, intra bracteam pedicellati, bractea rarius pedicello adnata; φ ad basin racemi 1-2 v. in racemo distincto ∞, sub quaque bractea solitarii.

Species ad 10, Indiæ occidentalis incolæ, quarum 1 v. 2 etiam in America australi tropica inveniuntur, pleræque a Grisebachio l. c. in *Excæcaria*, a Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1175, in *Sebastiania* inclusæ, ab utroque genere satis distinctæ videntur calyce  $\delta$  omnino deficiente v rarius ad squamellam minutissimam reducto. In fl.  $\varphi$  interdum vix certum est an squamellæ 3 minutæ inæquales pro bractea cum bracteolis ut in *Gymnostillingia*, Muell. Arg., v. pro perianthio rudimentario habendæ.

Excacaria (Dactylostemon) polyandra, Griseb., a Muellero ex ordine rejecta ob florem herma-

phroditum semel observatum, nobis videtur vera Gymnanthis species, fasciculo florum diandrorum ab anotore pro flore unico polyandro descripto. Filamenta sæpius a basi libera, cujusve floris viz distincta, interdum tamen per paria plus minus coalita sunt, et in fasciculis nonnullis magis evolutis bractea 2-glandulosa sub pare adest. Flos hermaphroditus a Muellero Prod. p. 1225 descriptus est forte fasciculus florum magis evolutus flore centrali fœmineo.

191. Actinostemon, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 184. (Dactylostemon, Klotzsch l.c. 181.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx 0. Stamina ∞ (usque ad 16 rarius 2-3), filamentis liberis; antheræ ovoideæ, erectæ, loculis distinctis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Calyx 0 v. o squamellis 1-3 minutis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam tenuem brevem v. longiusculam connati, superne liberi, recurvo-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, collumella persistente. Semina subglobosa, strophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutices glabri v. gemmis innovationibusque sericeis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, vix v. demum coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia. Racemi terminales v. axillares, solitarii v. pauci, e gemmis squamis siccis imbricatis deciduis obtectis oriundi. Flores ♂ minimi, pedicello filiformi fulti, sub bracteis minimis sæpius 2-3-ni; ♀ solitarii, longe pedicellati.

Species enumeratæ 24, Americæ tropicæ imprimis Brasiliæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1192 ad 1199, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 591 ad 611, t. 82, 83.

Genus habitu, gemmis floriferis squamatis, sæpeque stylo, facile distinctum, cæterum Gymnonthe valde affine. Mueller Arg. Dactylostemon ab Actinostemone distinguit calyce  $\mathcal{P}$  evidentius evoluto et embryone transverso nec verticali, calyx tamen semper minutus v. rudimentarius in utraque serie specierum cvolvitur v. deest. Semma raro in herbariis adsunt, plura tamen Dactylostemonis verticillati, Kl., caminavimus ubi embryonem sæpius transversum invenimus, interdum vero valde obliquum, et hic solus character haud sufficiens videtur ad genera cæterum simillima separanda.

192. Adenopeltis, Bert.; A. Juss. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxv. 24.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. 3: Calyx 0. Stamina 2, rarius 3, filamentis basi breviter connatis; antheræ erectæ, loculis ovoideis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx 0. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli liberi v. vix basi connati, patentes, tenues, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, columellam nullam relinquens, sed pericarpii basi inter coccos persistente, receptaculum divaricato-3-cornutum induratum remanet. Semina subglobosa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Frutex glaber, Stillingiæ simillimus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, glanduloso-denticulata, pennivenia. Spicæ terminales v. in axillis superioribus simplices, bracteis latis basi intus 2-glandulosis. Flores 3 sub quaque bractea solitarii v. rarius 2-3-ni, subsessiles; 2 ad basin spicæ 1-2 sub bracteis solitarii, glandulæ ad bracteas 3 peltatæ, stipitatæ, basi nudæ v. parce timbriatæ, ad bracteas 2 fimbriato-multifidæ.

Species 1, Chilensis, vix a Stillingia distinguenda floribus ctiam 3 perianthio omnino orbatis.

Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1164. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 7.

193. Collignaja, Molin. Hist. Chil. ed. angl. i. 291 (male).—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus O. Fl. 3: Calyx e squamellis 1-2 minutis v. sæpius O. Stamina 2-3, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter 2-valvibus. Ovarii rudimentum O. Fl. 2: Calycis squamellæ 2-3, parvæ, bracteolas simulantes. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, superne patentes, lineares, crassiusculi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves a columella 3-alata dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina subglobosa, testa crustacea indurata; albumon carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ.—Frutices habitu Stillingiæ. Folia alterna v. passim opposita, brevissime petiolata, integerrima v. glanduloso-denticulata v. serrulata, coriacea, venis præter costam parum conspicuis. Racemi terminales. Flores 3 ad quamque bracteam x, ob pedunculum bracteæ adnatum bracteæ ipsæ inserti videntur, alii sessiles uno sæpe pedicellato florem unicum polyandrum simulant, sæpe tamen ut in Gymnanthe polyandra (Execuria, Griseb.) squamellæ minutæ 1-2 adsunt sub filamentis floris pedicellati. Flores

2 ad basin racemi 1-2 sæpius nec semper adsunt sessiles, sub bractea solitarii. Capsula majuscula.

Species 5, America australis extratropica incola. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1226, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 631, t. 85. Hook. Bot. Misc. t. 39, 40. Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 88. Baill. Etud. Euph. t. 7.

194. Dalembertia, Baill. Etud. Euph. 545, t. 5, et Aduns. xi. 124.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. ♂: Calyx 0 v. ad squamellam unicam (bracteam?) reductus. Stamen 1; antheræ loculi distincti, adnati, contigui, paralleli, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Sepala 3, parva, imbricata, basi 2-glandulosa (bractea cum bracteolis?). Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi in columnam connati, superne recurvi indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula tridyma, in coccos 2-valves a columella persistente dissiliens, endocarpio duro. Semina globosa, estrophiolota, testa crustacea; albumen et embryo normalia?—Suffrutices glabri v. pilis simplicibus vestiti. Folia alterna, petiolata, rhombea, repando-dentata v. lobata, rarius subintegerrima, basi 3-5-nervia. Racemi terminales, pedunculati, floribus ♂∞ (ternatim pedicellatis?), ♀ ad basin racemi masculi v. in ramo diverso solitariis.

Species 4, Mexicanæ. Muell. Arg. in D.C. Prod. xv. ii. 1225. Ex his D platamades, Baill., sola nobis adest floribus femineis et fructu. Char. fl. 3 ex Baill. l. c.

195. Hura, Linn. Gen. n. 1087; Hort. Cliff. t. 34.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl &: Calyx membranaceus, breviter cupulatus, margine truncatus denticulatus. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-20), filamentis cum connectivis continuis in columnam crassam apice depressam loculos superantem connatis; antherarum loculi distincti, extrorsum adnati, paralleli, in verticillos 2-4 infra apicem columnæ dispositi, longitudinaliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx coriaceus, late cupulatus, truncatus, integerrimus, ovarium laxe cingens. Ovarium 5-20-loculare; styli in columnam longam carnosam alte Capsula magna, connati, apice radiato-patentes, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. depressa, coccis verticillatis lignosis demum a columella crepitu dissilientibus. Semina a latere compressa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones latæ, planæ. -- Arbores proceræ. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, crebre pennivenia et transversim venulosa. Spicæ d ad apices ramorum pedunculatæ, oblongæ, crassæ, floribus sessilibus confertis sub quaque bractea solitariis. Bracteæ membranaceæ, primum alabastrum involventes clausæque, per anthesin irregulariter ruptæ. Flores Q in axillis summis v. sub spica & solitarii, pedicello crasso fulti.

Species 2 v. 3, Americanae tropicæ, quarum una inter tropicos orbis veteris diu culta interdum inquilina dicitur. Muell. Arg in DC Prod. xv. 11. 1229, ct in Mart Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 632, t. 36. Buill. Etud. Euph. t. 6.

196. Algernonia, Baill. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 198; Etud. Euph. 546, t. 2. (Tetraplandra, Baill. in Ann. l. c. 200; Etud. Euph. 549, t. 5.)—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Fl. d: Sepala 3, minima, imbricata (an bractea cum bracteolis!). Stamen 1, filamento basi v. supra basin articulato (an infra articulationem pedicellus dicendum?); antheræ loculi distincti, connectivo crassiusculo lateraliter adnati in alabastro, profunde sulcati subdidymi, in flore aperto sæpius longitudinaliter 2-partiti, anthera aperta in loculos 4 cruciatim equidistantes longitudinaliter dehiscentes divisa (an stamina 2 filamentis in columnam connatis antheris circa apicem sessilibus 2-locularibus!); rarius in flore aperto anthera unica 2-locularis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Calyx 3-fidus v. 3-partitus, lobis segmentisve latis imbricatis. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli in columnam connati, superne recurvo-patentes, papillosi v. fimbriati, indivisi; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula medio circumcirca horizontaliter angulata v. varie alata, matura nobis ignota, ex Muell. Arg. in coccos 2-valves dissiliens, seminibus subglobosis levibus estrophiolatis. -Frutices glabri. Folia alterna, longiuscule v. breviter petiolata, in ramulis sæpe conferta, integerrina v. parce dentata, pennivenia, mtidula et siccitate sæpe fuscescentia. Spicae of terminales, tenuiter amentiformes. Bractere membranaceae longitudinaliter adnatas, supra flores juniores arcte clause, per authesin irregulariter longitudinaliter ruptse. Flores (i.e. stamina) sub quaque bractes exserti ad 3, secus rhachin superpositi. Flores 2 ad basin spices 1-2, intra bracteam basi 2-glandulosam solitarii, subsessiles, bracteolis 2 seepius stipati.

Species 4, Brasilians. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 1230, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 586, t. 87, et 584, t. 104 (Algernonia et Tetraplandra).

Tetraplandra ab Algernosia ab auctoribus distinguitur anthera 4-locellata. Specimina nostra, sat numerosa, fere omnia spicas & nondum apertas proferunt. et in his omnibus utriusque generis antheras similes vidimus, 2-loculares apparent, loculis vix distincte in locellos divisis. In uno solo specimine A. brasiliensis stamina bene exserta vidimus, antheris cruciatim 4-locellatis, in altero specimine A. obovata, Muell. Arg., anthera subexsertse, aliae 4-locellatae aliae 2-locellatae. Spicarum & structura alterius in vivo scrutanda. Genus interes in integrum servatum naturalissimum est et bracteis aliisque notis facillime distinguendum.

197. Pora, Mutis in K. Vetensk. Akad. N. Handl. Stockh. v. (1784), 299, t. 8. (Perula, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 703.)-Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, apetali, co in involucris calyciformibus globosis per anthesin latere hiantibus v. valvatim 2-fidis inclusi. Discus 0. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, valvatim 2-3-fidus v. rudimentarius v. 0. Stamina 2-6, filamentis ima basi v. alte connatis; antheræ basi v. altius dorsifixæ, loculis parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum intra flores & 0, sed interdum cum floribus & in involucro 3-4. Fl. Q: Calyx 0, nisi ad squamellam minutam reductus. Ovarium 3loculare; stylus brevissimus; stigmate crassiusculo peltato disciformi v. obtuse 3-lobo in vertice ovarii subsessili; ovula in loculis solitaria. Capsula globosa v. pyriformis, pericarpio duro, in valvas 3 2-fidas dehiscens, septis præter columellam centralem 3-alatam Semina ovoidea v. obovato-compressa, testa crustacea nitida nigra; albumen crasso-carnosum; cotyledones planæ, latæ.—Arbores fruticesve glabri v. pubescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia. Involucra sæpius pisiformia, ad axillas foliorum v. ad nodos vetustos glomerata, breviter pedicellata v. subsessilia, ad apicem pedicelli 1-2-bracteolata. Flores in involucro sessiles, 2-4 v. interdum & 6-8.

Species descriptæ 20, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. xv. ii. 1025, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. xi. ii. 423, t. 61.

Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 178 genus in 4 dividit, scil.:—1. Schismatopera (P. distichophylla), involucro & 1-bracteato ovarii rudimenta 3-4 cum floribus & includente, filamentis in columnam tenuem connatis apice breviter liberis. 2. Pera (P. arborea), involucro & 2-bracteato ovarii rudimenta 3-4 cum floribus & includente, filamentis brevibus planis liberis. 3. Spixia, Leandr. Sacram. in Denkschr. K. Acad. Wiss. Munch. vii. 231, t. 13 (P. Leandri) involucro & 2-bracteolato ovarii rudimenta cum floribus & includente, filamentis tenuibus basi breviter connatis. 4. Peridium, Schott in Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 410, involucris & ovarii rudimentorum orbatis. Hæc genera admittit Mueller Argoviensis pro sectionibus, cum sectione nova Diplopera, specie a nobis non visa, involucris perfecte androgynis; et Peridium in sectiones 2 dividit; Neopera, Griseb., perianthio in floribus & evoluto, et Peridium perianthio omnino deficiente.

Inter species Prodromi v. Fl. Brasiliensis, P. echinocarpa, Baill. Adans. v. 223, a nobis non visa, et specimine fructifero sola nota, est forte Chætocarpi species. P. decipiens, Muell. Arg., ad P. bicolorem restituenda, nam specimina eadem a Rob. Schomburgkio numeribus 685 et 686, et a fratre Rich. Schomb. numeribus 1070 et 1071, designata fuerunt. Sub P. distichophylla statio 'Ceara, Gardner n. 918' error est pro 'Guiana, Schomburgk n. 918.'

Semina a Klotzschio exalbuminosa dicuntur cotyledonibus crassis carnosis, a Baillonio ad normam albuminosa cotyledonibus latis planis. Matura in herbariis perrara sunt, duo tantum (P. Leandri) examinavimus, in uno albumen perfectum carnosum bipartibile invenimus, embryonem tamen haud deteximus; in altero albumen et embryonem statu perfecto vidimus. Plura I'. glabratæ aperimus adhuc immatura, sed embryo jam intra albumen adhuc tenuius formatus fuit.

# ORDO CLII. BALANOPSEE.

Flores dioici, d' in spicis amentaceis sparsi, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles. Perianthium (v. bracteola?) ad apicem pedicelli e squama unica unilaterali. Stamina  $\infty$  (2-12 sæpius 5-6) filamentis brevissimis v. 0. Antheræ in toro subsessiles, ovatæ, loculis 2 parallelis dorso contiguis, rima longitudinali latiuscule 2-valvibus, connectivo interdum in acumen minutum producto. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. rarius in flore terminali minutum, 2-partitum. Fl. ♀, intra involucrum e bracteis ∞-seriatim imbricatis solitarii, sessiles. Perianthium 0. Ovarium sessile, placentis 2 parietalibus imperfecte 2-loculare; apice in stylos 2 fere ad basin 2-partitos desinens, ramis stigmatosis longe subulatis flexuosis. Orula in quaque placenta 2, collateralia, a basi erecta, anatropa, funiculis brevibus supra micropylem in obturatorem dilatatis. Drupa involucro persistenti insidens, ovoidea v. oliviformis, 2-pyrena v. abortu 1-pyrena; epicarpium subcoriaceum, nitidum; mesocarpium succulentum; pyrenæ, si duæ, facie plana sese applicitæ, dorso convexæ, duriusculæ v. osseæ. Semina in quaque pyrena solitaria, a basi erecta, subsessilia, pyrenæ conformia; testa membranacea. Albumen carnosum. Embryo albumine paullo brevior, rectus, cotyledonibus late ovatis v. oblongis planis tenuibus v. crassiuscule carnosis, radicula tereti infera.

Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna v. sparsa, sæpe subverticillatim approximata, coriacea, integerrima v. rarius leviter denticulata, pennivenia. Stipulæ 0. Amenta mascula et flores fœminei in ramulis annotinis v. vetustioribus infra folia sparsa, sessilia. Bracteæ squamiformes, co-seriatim imbricatæ, ad basin amenti & minimæ, caducissimæ, sub flore Q ab exterioribus in interiores gradatim increscentes, sub fructu v. post drupas delapsas persistentes; bracteæ præterea minutæ glanduliformes in rhachi amenti & plures. Bracteola ad quemque florem a Baillono memorata nobis potius, uti supra, perianthii rudimentum videtur.

Species 6 v. 7, omnes Novo-Caledonicæ.

Ordo e genere unico constans, a Baillono dubie ad Castaneas suas (Cupuliferas) relatus, characteribus pluribus essentialibus abhorret. Nobis Euphorbiaceis multo affinior videtur. Flores masculi omnino Daphniphylli, ovula in loculis ovarii gemina collateralia, funiculi obturator, fructus drupaceus, embryo in albumine carnoso rectus, stylorum conformatio et habitus conveniunt, sed a toto ordine differt ovulis seminibusque a basi erectis nec ab apice pendulis.

1. Balanops, Baill. Adans. x. 117, 337; Hist. Pl. vi. 237, f. 207 ad 213.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species uti supra 6 v. 7, quarum examinavimus flores 3 in sp. 2, fructus in sp. 3. Flores fæmineos non vidimus, corum characteres ex descr. Bailloni excerpsimus.

# ORDO CLIH. URTICACEE.

Ulmacræ, Crltideæ, Moreæ, Artocarpeæ, Urticaceæ et Cannabineæ, Endl. Gen. 275 ad 286. Urticacræ, Moracræ et Artocarpaceæ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 260 ad 271, et Ulmaceæ, Lindl. l.c. 580. Ulmacræ, Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 137.

Flores unisexuales v. rarius polygami, regulares v. reductione irregulares. Perianthium simplex, calycinum, sæpius parvum, lobis segmentisve imbricatis valvatisve, v. in flore q sæpe subclausum foramine terminali parvo, v. arcte adnatum v. 0. Discus hypogynus obscurus v. 0. Fl. 3: Stamina tot quot perianthii lobi iisque opposita et interdum basi adnata, rarissime lobis pauciora v. aliquanto plura; filamenta inter se libera v. rarissime basi connata. Anthere ovatæ v. oblongæ, basifixæ v. sæpius prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis

2 distinctis oblongis v. curvulis, parallelis v. leviter divergentibus, rima longitudinali extrorsum lateraliter v. introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. plus minus evolutum. Fl. 2: Staminodia rara. Ovarium superum v. in paucis generibus plus minus inferum, uniloculare, e carpello unico constans. Stylus primum terminalis, mox tamen carpello oblique accreto sæpius excentricus v. fere lateralis, indivisus 2-fidus v. 2partitus; stigma unicum, in stylo indiviso terminale v. obliquum v. plus minus uno latere decurrens, in stylo diviso ramos ambos introrsum a basi continuiter vestiens. Omlum unicum v. rarissime altero mox abortiente comitatum, nunc basi v. prope basin affixum, erectum v. adscendens, orthotropum v. brevissime amphitropum, nunc apice v. sub apice affixum, pendulum, anatropum v. breviter amphitropum, micropyle semper supera. Fructus indehiscens, monospermus, sæpius parvus, nunc achænium siccum carnosulum v. succulentum liberum v. perianthio inclusum v. adnatum, nunc drupa libera, nunc fructus plures receptaculo carnoso plus minus immersi v. id obtegentes in syncarpium connati v. arcte Semen erectum, pendulum, v. lateraliter affixum, pericarpio subconforme, testa membranacea v. rarissime crustacea. Albumen 0, v. tenue embryonem involvens, rarius copiosius carnosum unilaterale v. inter plicas embryonis intrusum. Embryo nunc rectus v. curvus, cotyledonibus æqualibus carnosis, radicula brevi v. minima supera, nunc plus minus curvus, cotyledonibus varie inæqualibus v. plicatis v. involutis, radicula supera v. sursum incurva incumbente.

Arbores frutices v. herbæ, habitu vario. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, integerrima dentata lobata v. palmatim partita nec pinnata et rarissime pinnatifida. Stipulæ nunc laterales distinctæ, nunc in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ, gemmam terminalem sæpe includentes, mox deciduæ cicatricem transversam v. annularem relinquentes, rarius in generibus paucis oppositifoliis utrinque in unam interpetiolarem connatæ. Inflorescentia primaria centripeta, axillaris v. ad nodos vetustos, nec unquam terminalis; ultima ad normam centrifuge cymulosa, interdum vero cymulis ad florem unicum reductis undique centripeta. Cymulæ dum plurifloræ in glomerulos seu capitula confertæ v. laxe 2-3-chotomæ, in pedunculo axillari solitariæ v. secus rhachin simplicem v. ramosam plures sessiles v. pedicellatæ, in spicam densam v. interruptam, in racemum v. in paniculam dispositæ, v. interdum flores in receptaculo carnoso densissime conferti cymulis vix v. non distinguendis. Bracteæ sæpius parvæ v. 0, interdum vero 2-4 v. plures ad basin glomeruli v. capituli imbricatæ. Bracteolæ sub quoque flore sæpius minimæ v. 0, interdum conspicuæ v. etiam flores occultantes.

Species bene notæ vix ultra 1500, per regiones calidiores temperatasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ, et tribus nostræ, ab auctoribus nonnullis pro ordinibus propriis habitæ, omnes utrique orbi communes sunt. Ulmea et Cannahinea pleræque extratropicæ, Urticea etiam plurimæ et paucæ inter Celtideas et Moreas extra tropicos vigent, pleræque tamen ex his tribubus, et Artocarpea et Conocephalea fere omnes, inter tropicos limitatæ sunt.

Ordo optime limitatus, nulli inter Polypetalas arete affinis. Weddell cum Tiliaceis comparat, sed nostro sensu characteribus primariis perianthii andrecii et gynecii longe distat. Inter Monochlamydeas Euphorbiaceis propius accedit, pro maxima parte tamen differt staminibus segmentis lobisve perianthii isomeris iisque oppositis, pistillo monocarpico, albumine tenui v. 0. Hi characteres tamen hine inde etiam in Euphorbiaceis adsunt, etsi non omnes in eodem genere. Stamina perianthii segmentis opposita et isomera in pluribus Phyllantheis, pistillum monocarpicum in Eremantho et in Macarangis nonnullis, semen exalbuminosum v. albumine tenui in Actephila, Discocarpe, Hevea, Simmondsia, aliisque. Urticacea nonnulla, imprimis e tribubus 1 ad 4, ab auctoribus pluribus dicarpicae dicuntur, stylis 2 plus minus distinctis, ovario abortu 1-loculari; nostro sensu tamen stylus semper unicus, sed more stylorum plurium Euphorbiacearum sæpe alte 2-fidus, ramis a basi stigmatosis nec stigmata distincta ferentibus.

## FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Flores fertiles nonnulli v. plerique hermaphroditi in *Ulmeis*, in generibus pluribus e *Celtideis*, et interdum in *Parietaria*.

Stamina co in Ampelocera et Thelygono, in quoque flore solitaria in Forskohlieis et in generibus pluribus Artocarpearum, numerosa squamis intermixta nec in flores distinctos segregata, capitulum

formantia in Pseudolmedia Castilloa et Parartocarpo; spicam in Sahagunia et Clarisia. Antheræ lineares in Thelygono.

Stylus latus, plano-compressus, cum ovario continuus in *Phyllestyle*, fere basilaris in *Thelygono*. Pistilla abortiva florum & filiformia longe exserta stylos perfectos simulantia in *Helicostyle*.

Albumen sat copiosum carnosum in Tremis paucis, in Parasponia, Cannabineis, Moro, Bosquica, Sceptrocnide, Distemone?, Cypholopho, Parietaria, Thelygono, et hinc inde in speciebus perpaucis aliorum generum.

#### CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM.

### \* Ovulum pendulum.

Tribus I. Ulmess. Flores plerique hermaphroditi, gemmis floriferis in ramis annotinis aphyllis rarius demum in ramum foliatum excrescentibus. Antherse ab initio erectæ. Fructus non drupaceus. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis v. longitudinaliter complicatis.

Tribus II. Celtidese. Flores unisexuales v. nonnulli hermaphroditi. ad axillas cymosi v. solitarii. Antheræ ab initio erectæ. Fructus drupaceus. Embryo curvus, cotyledonibus varie plicatis v. involutis.

Tribus III. Cannabinese. Flores dioici, masculi paniculati, fœminei sessiles. Antherse ab initio erectse. Achsenium parvum.

Tribus IV. Moreæ. Flores unisexuales. Antheræ in alabastro reversæ, filamentis inflexis.

Tribus V. Artocarpeæ. Flores unisexuales, masculi v. utriusque sexus in receptaculo carnoso numerosi, rarissime racemosi. Antheræ ab initio erectæ.

# \*\* Ovulum crectum, orthotropum.

Tribus VI. Conocephaleæ. Flores unisexuales. Antheræ 4-5, ab initio erectæ. Arborés fruticesve.

Tribus VII. Urticese. Flores unisexuales v. rarissime pauci hermaphroditi. Antherse 1-5, in alabastro reversse, filamentis inflexis. Embryo rectus.

Tribus VIII. Thelygonese. Flores unisexuales. Antheræ  $\infty$ , ab initio erectæ. Herbæ. Embryo curvus.

Succus in tribubus 4, 5 et 6 sæpius, in cæteris nunquam (v. rarissime?), lactescens. Tribus omnes in utroque orbe terrarum vigent. Genera herbacea in Cannabineis, Urtucis, et Thelygoneis adsunt, perpauca in Moreis, nulla in cæteris tribubus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Ulmess. Arbores inermes. Gemmæ floriferæ ad nodos ramorum annotinorum sessiles, fasciculum prodeuntos aphyllum v. rarius demum in ramum foliatum excrescentem. Flores in fasciculo inferiores sæpius masculi, superiores, rarius omnes, fertiles sæpissimeque hermaphroditi. Staminum filamenta recta v. vix apice inflexa, antheris jam in alabastro erectis. Ovarium sessile v. stipitatum; stylus plus minus excentricus, ramis stigmatosis 2 subæqualibus indivisis; ovulum ex apice pendulum, anatropum v. brevissime amphitropum. Fructus compressus, apice obliquus, siccus v. tenuiter carnosus, sæpe alatus v. appendiculatus. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus æqualibus latis planis v. longitudinaliter complicatis.
  - 1. ULMUS. Fructus stipitatus, ala lata cinctus. Cotyledones planæ. Folia serrata.—Utriusque orbis hemisph. bor.
  - 2. HOLOPTELEA. Fructus stipitatus, ala lata cinctus. Cotyledones longitudinaliter complicatæ. Folia arboris adultæ integerrima. -Ind. or.
  - 3. Phyllostylox. Ovarium sessile, cum stylo lato plano-compresso falcato v. late divaricato-bilobo continuum. Folia serrata.—Brasilia.
  - 4. Planera. Fructus exalatus, undique subcarnoso-muricatus. Cotyledones planæ. Folia serrata. Florum fasciculi post authesin in ramum foliatum excrescentes. Amer. bor.

Tribus II. Coltidose. Arbores rarius frutices, inermes v. spinis axillaribus armatæ. Flores in ramis hornotinis axillares, cymosi fasciculati v. fertiles solitarii, uniscxuales v. fertiles hermaphroditi. Staminum filamenta recta v. vix apice inflexa, antheris jam in alabastro erectis. Ovarium sessile v. rarius stipitatum; stylus centralis (v. in Zelkora excentricus), ramis stigmatosis 2 subsequalibus indivisis v. rarius divisis; ovulum apico v. sub apice affixum, pendulum, anatropum v. brevissime amphitropum. Fructus globosus v. ventricosus, drupaceus, endocarpio duro. Embryo curvus, estyladonibus varie plicatis incurvis v. involutis, radicula sursum incumbente v. ascendente.

- \* Flores fertiles sape hermaphroditi. Cotyledones latissima.
- 5. Zelkova. Perianthium & breviter lobatum. Stylus excentricus. Fructus dorso sæpius carinatus, interdum carinam versus attenuatus. Folia a basi pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ.—Creta, Asia temp. occid et or.
- 6. Amprilocera. Perianthium 4-5-fidum. Stamina 10-16. Stylus centralis. Drupa globosa, exalata. Cotyledones contortuplicats. Folia a basi pennivenia.—Chile, Cuba.
- 7. Celtis. Perianthii & segmenta imbricata. Stylus centralis. Fructus equalis, exalatus. Folia basi 3-nervia: stipulæ laterales, liberæ.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et trop.
- 8. PTEROCELTIS. Perianthii d'segmenta imbricata. Stylus centralis. Fructus æqualis, ala lata cinctus. Folia basi 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ.—Mongolia v. China bor.
  - \*\* Flores fertiles sæpe hermaphroditi. Embryo involutus, cotyledonibus angustis.
- 9. Trema. Perianthii  $\delta$  segmenta induplicato-valvata. Stylus centralis. Folia trinervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
- 10. PARASPONIA. Perianthii & segmenta valde imbricata. Stylus centralis. Folia trinervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connats.—Archap. Malay., ins. Paoif.
  - \*\*\* Flores omnes unisexuales. Embryo involutus, cotyledonibus angustis.
- 11. APPLANANTHE. Perianthii 3 segmenta valde concava fere induplicata. Folia 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ—Archip. Malay., Austral., Japonia.
- 12. GIRONNIERA. Perianthii & segmenta valde imbricata. Folia a basi pennivenia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ v. arcte convolutæ.—Zeylania. Archip. Malay., China, ins. Parif.
- 13. CH.ETACME. Perianthii & segmenta induplicato-valvata. Folia a basi tenuiter pennivenia; stipulæ in unam oppositifoliam caducissimam connatæ.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- Tribus III. Cannabinese. Herbæ erectæ v. scandentes. Flores dioici, axillares, masculi paniculati, fœminei sessiles conferti v. strobilacei. Staminum filamenta brevia, antheræ erectæ. Ovarium bractea obtectum. stylus centralis 2-partitus, ramis filiformibus; ovulum pendulum. Achænium parvum, siccum.
  - 14. Humilus. Caulis alte scandens, foliis oppositis. Spicæ fructiferæ strobiliformes, bracteis membranaceis laxe imbricacis. Embryo spiraliter involutus.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
  - 15. Cannabis. Caulis erectus, foliis alternis v. imis oppositis digitatim dissectis. Achænia bracteis obtecta, ad axillas conferta. Embryo curvus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis subsequalibus rectis.—Asia centr., alibi oulta v. inquilina.
- Tribus IV. Morese. Arbores fruticesve sepius lactescentes v. rarius herbæ. Flores unisexuales, inflorescentia nunc fere Celtidearum nunc Artocarpearum. Staminum filamenta in alabastro inflexa, antheris reversis, per anthesin elastice porrecta, exserta, antheris erectis. Stylus sepius excentricus, indivisus v. 2-fidus, parte stigmatosa v. ramis stigmatosis filiformibus; ovulum apice v. sub apice affixum, pendulum, anatropum v. breviter amphitropum. Fructus varius.
- Subtribus 1. Fatoueæ. Cymulæ axillares, laxiusculæ, masculæ v. androgynæ. Flores 🌣 solitarii v in cymulis androgynis pauci.
  - 16. PSEUDOSTREBLUS. Cymulæ plera-que masculæ, rarius androgynæ. Flores  $\circ$  sæpius solitarii. Perianthii  $\circ$  segmenta valde imbricata, ovarium arcte cingentia. Cotyledones latæ contortuplicatæ. Arbores. Folia integerrima, a basi pennivenia. Khasiya, Penang.
  - 17. Berkhodia. Cymulæ pleræque androgynæ. Perianthium Q tubulosum, 4-dentatum, ovarium includens. Cotyledones carnosæ, altera crassiuscula, altera minima squamiformi. Arbores. Folia integerrima, a basi pennivenia.— Madagasc., Borneo.
  - 18. Fatoua. Cymulæ densæ, androgynæ. Perianthii Q segmenta 5, valvata. Cotyledones latæ, æquales. Herlm Folia serrata, sub-3-nervia.—Archip. Malay., Austral. trop., ins. Pacif., China, Japonia.
- Subtribus 2. Strebleze. Flores & capitati spicati v. racemosi, 2 solitarii v. in pedunculo 2-4 peducellati.
  - 19. Тахотворнів. Flores & breviter racemoso-spicati, bracteis minimis. Perianthii Q segmenta ovario et fructu breviora Cotyledones (an semper?) contortuplicate. Frutices sæpe spiniferi. Folia pennivenia, parce dentata.—Zeylaniu, Archip. Malay.

- 21. STREBLUS. Flores & capitato-glomerati, capitulo 2-bracteato. Perianthii Q segmenta valde imbricata, ovarium includentia. Cotyledon altera crassissima alteram parvam includens. Arbor v. frutex inermis. Folia subdentata, pennivenia.—Asia trop.
- 22. Maillardia. Flores & minimi, densissime cylindraceo-spicati, bracteis peltatis obtecti. Perianthium φ basi adnatum, ovatum, minute 4-dentatum, bracteis 2-3-seriatis stipatum. Cotyledon altera crassissima alteram parvam includens. Arbor inermis. Folia integerrima, coriacea, crebre et parallele pennivenia.—*Ins. Borbonia*.

Subtribus 3. Broussonatiese. Flores & spicati racemosi v. capitati, Q globoso-capitati. Ovarium perianthio inclusum.

- \* Perianthium Q breviter v. vix dentatum. Genera gerontogea.
- 23. Malaisia. Spice & densiusculæ. Capitula Q parvula. Perianthium Q vix dentatum. Fructus solitarii v. pauci, receptaculo multibracteato majores. Cotyledon altera crassissima alteram minimam includens. Frutices inermes. Folia subintegerrima, a basi pennivenia.—Archip. Malay., Austral. trop., ins. Pacif.
- 24. Broussonetia. Spice 3 amentiformes. Capitula 2 parvula. Perianthium 2 dentatum. Fructus e perianthio exsertus, crasse stipitatus. Cotyledones æquales. Arbores inermes. Folia basi 3-nervia, integra v. 3-5-loba, serrulata.—Archip. Malay., Asia or., alibi inquilina.
- 25. Alleanthus. Spice & longe, anguste, dense. Capitula Q parvula. Perianthium Q dentatum. Fructus perianthium non excedens. Cotyledones latæ, valde corrugato-plicatæ. Arbores inermes. Folia integerrima v. serrulata, a basi pennivenia.—Zeylania, ins. Philippin.
- 26. Plecospermum. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa, parvula. Perianthia Q vix dentata, fructifera carnosa v. succulenta, in syncarpium globosum concreta v. arcte conferta. Frutices spiniferi. Folia integerrima, a basi pennivenia.—Ind. or., Afr. trop. or.
  - \*\* Perianthium Q alte 4-fidum v. partitum. Genera Americana v. Africana.
- 27. Bagassa. Spicæ & cylindraceæ, densissimæ. Capitula Q majuscula. Perianthia Q 4-fida, fructifera carnosula receptaculo carnoso insidentia, in pseudosyncarpium globosum densissime conferta. Cotyledones æquales. Arbores inermes. Folia opposita, lata, 3-nervia, integra v. 3-loba.—Guiana, Bras. bor.
- 20. Chlorophora. Spice of amentiformes. Capitula  $\mathcal Q$  globosa v. oblonga. Perianthia  $\mathcal Q$  4-fida v. 4-partita, fructifera carnosula, receptaculo carnoso insidentia, in pseudosyncarpium globosum v. oblongum densissime conferta. Ootyledones æquales. Arbores inermes v. spiniferæ. Folia integerrima v. dentata, a basi pennivenia.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- 29. Maclura. Racemi & breves, laxi. Capitula Q majuscula. Perianthia Q alte 4-fida, fructifera receptaculo carnoso plus minus immersa, in syncarpium magnum globosum alte concreta. Cotyledones sequales. Arbor spinifera. Folia integerrima, a basi pennivenia.—
  Amer. bor.

Subtribus 4. Eumorese. Flores utriusque sexus spicati, spicis (interdum in eodem genere) brevibus dinsissimis v. elongatis laxisque. Arbores v. frutices inermes.

- \* Perianthu 🔉 segmenta 4, distincta, valde imbricata.
- 30. Pachyteophe. Spicæ amentiformes. Perianthia fructifera succulenta, fructum includentia. Ovulum placentæ valde dilatatæ affixum. Folia integerrima, crebre et parallele pennivenia.— Madagasc.
- 31. Paratrophis. Spicæ laxæ, breves v. longæ. Perianthia Q minima, sub fructu exserto persistentia. Cotyledones latissimæ, contortuplicatæ. Folia crenata v. subintegerrima, pennivenia.—Nov. Zel., ins. Pacif. et Philippin.
- 32. Pshudomorus. Spicæ & amentiformes, breves v. longæ, ? breves, densæ. Perianthia ? parva, sub fructu exserto persistentia. Cotyledones carnosæ, majore minorem fov n'e. Folia integerrima v. denticulata, a basi pennivenia.— Australia, ins. Norfolk.
  - 33. Morros. Spice breves v. longe. Perianthia fructifera succulenta, fructum includentia.

- Cotyledones sequales. Folia dentata, basi 3-nervia, integra v. 3-loba,—Utriusque orbis hemisph. bor. et mont. trop.
- 34. Ampalis. Spice breves. Perianthia fructifera carnosa, fructum includentia. Cotyledones sequales. Folia integerrima, a basi pennivenia.—Madagasc.
  - \*\* Perianthium 2 tubulosum, ore 4-dentato.
- 35. Trophis. Spice & laxe v. interrupte, Q breves pauciflore. Perianthium Q basi ovario adnatum, fructiferum pericarpio arcte concretum.—Ind. occid., Amer. trop. Andin., Mexico.
- Subtribus 5. Dorstonieæ. Flores & in receptaculo lineari explanato v. turbinato densissime conferti, ? in eodem receptaculo solutarii rari v. numerosi.
  - 36. SLOETIA. Receptaculum lineare, uno latere nudum, cæterum floribus & densissime obtectum, spicam cylindraceam formans. Flores & masculis majores, hinc inde inter mascula sparsi, v. spicæ omnino &. Perianthium & 4-partitum. Arbor inermis. Folia integerrima, pennivenia.—Archip. Malay.
  - 37. Dorstenia. Receptaculum explanatum, rarius in lacinias lineares divisum. floribus utriusque sexus in stratum carnosum superficiem vestientem connatis. —Herbæ perennes v. frutices parvi inermes. Folia varia. —Amer. et Afr. trop.; cum una specie Asiatica.
  - 38. Trymatococcus. Receptaculum junius cylindraceum v. tuvbinatum, fructiferum urceolato-globosum. Flos  $\mathcal{P}$  in fundo unicus,  $\mathcal{J}$  ad oram receptaculi marginales numerosi. Perianthium  $\mathcal{P}$  cum receptaculo arcte concretum, ore parvo dentato. Arbores frutices ve inermes. Folia integerrima, pennivenia.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- Tribus V. Artocarpese. Arbores fruticesve sæpissime lactescentes. Flores unisexuales, parvi v. minuti, in receptaculo carnoso unisexuali v. androgyno sæpissime numerosi denseque conferti v. \$\mathcal{Q}\$ solitarii, in generibus paucis ultimis laxius spicati v. racemosi. Staminum filamenta recta v. vix apice inflexa, antheris jam in alabastro erectis. Stylus sæpius excentricus, indivisus v. 2-fidus, stigmate vario; ovulum apice v. sub apice affixum, pendulum, anatropum v. breviter amphitropum. Fructus sæpe receptaculo carnoso sepulti.
- Subtribus 1. Fices. Receptacula carnosa globosa v. obovodea, ore parvo introrsum bracteato, flores numerosos arcte includentia. Folia varia. Embryo curvus cotyledonibus variis.
  - 39. Ficus. Receptacula etiam fructifera clausa, sæpissime androgyna, rarius floribus dioicis unisexualia.—Req. calid. utriusque orbis.
  - 40. SPARATTOSYCF. Receptacula demum rupta, varie explanata, floribus dioicis.—Nov. Caledon.
- Subtribus 2. Brosimese. Receptacula and ogyna, floribus  $\delta$  numerosis,  $\varphi$  in centro receptaculi unico. Folia a basi pennirenia. Embryo ubi notus ut in Olmedieis.
  - 41. Brosimum. Flores & superficiem exteriorem receptaculi globosi obtegentes, perianthio cupulato v. a receptaculo vix distincto. Stamen 1 (rarius 2?). Floris & perianthium nullum distinctum. Ovarium receptaculo inclusum, semiadnatum.—Amer. trop.
  - 42. LANESSANIA. Flores & apicem explanatum receptaculi anguste turbinati obtegentes, perianthio tubuloso. Stamina 2, rarius 3. Floris & perianthium nullum distinctum. Ovarium in fundo receptaculi adnatum.—Bras. bor.
  - 43. Bosquifa. Flores & faciem interiorem receptaculi campanulati v. obconici obtegentes, perianthio 0. Stamina bracteolis intermixta. Floris & perianthium nullum distinctum. Ovarium in fundo receptaculi adnatum.—Afr. trop. Madagasc.
  - 44. SCYPHOSYCE. Flores  $\delta$  in fundo receptaculi parvuli tubuloso-cupulati  $\infty$ -seriatim inclusi, perianthio anguste tubuloso. Stamen 1. Floris  $\varphi$  perianthii segmenta 2 distincta, semet et ovarium liberum involventia.—Afr. trop.
- Subtribus 3. Olmedieæ. Receptacula unisexualia, bracteis &-seriatim imbricatus involucrata. Folia o basi penninenia. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus non plicatis, radicula parva supera.
  - \* Flores Q in receptaculo suo solitarii, & numerosi.
  - 45. Antiaris. Perianthii & segmenta et stamina 4 rarius 3. Ovarium et fructus receptaculo adusta. absque perianthio distincto.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.

- 46. Olmedia. Perianthii & lobi v. segmenta et stamina 4. Perianthium Q ovoideum v. globosum, foramine parvo pertusum, ovarium et achænium includens.—Amer. austr. trop.
- 47. PREUDOLMEDIA. Stamina numerosa, squamis numerosis intermixta nec in perianthiis distinctis inclusa. Perianthium ♀ ovoideum v. tubulosum, foramine parvo pertusum, ovarium et achænium includens.—Ind. occid., Amer. trop. andin. et centr.
  - \*\* Flores utriusque sexus in receptaculis suis numerosi v. plures.
- 48. Castilloa. Stamina numerosa, squamis numerosis intermixta, nec in perianthiis distinctis inclusa. Perianthium φ ovoideum, 4-lobum, e receptaculo exsertum. Ovarium inclusum, hinc adnatum. Perianthia fructifera receptaculo insidentia nec concreta.—Amer. centr., Cuba.
- 49. Helicostylis. Perianthii & segmenta et stamina 4. Perianthium ♀ basi receptaculo immersum concretumque, limbo 4-partito. Ovarium inclusum, hinc adnatum. Perianthia fructifera cum receptaculo in syncarpium ∞-locellatum plus minus concreta.—Reg. Amazon., Guiana.
- 50. Perebea. Perianthii & segmenta et stamina 4. Perianthium ♀ tubulosum, 4-dentatum. Ovarium inclusum, fere undique adnatum. Perianthia fructifera carnosa, arcte conferta at distincta.—Amer. trop.
- 51. NOTERA. Flores & ignoti. Perianthii limbus 4-6-dentatus v. ad basin in segmenta 4-6 divisus. Ovarium inferum, receptaculo sepultum. Perianthia fructifera superne aucta carnosaque et distincta. Achænia locellis receptaculi inclusa et fere undique adnata.—Bras. bor., Guiana.

Subtribus 4. Euartocarpeæ. Inflorescentiæ uniscxuales, basi nudæ v. bracteis 3-4 stipatæ, capituliformes spiciformes v. rarius racemiformes, v.  $\circ$  rarius unifloræ. Folia a basi pennivenia, rarius pinnatifida.

- 52. Helianthostylis. Capitula  $\sigma$  globosa, pistillis sterilibus filiformibus longe exsertis. Flores  $\varphi$  solitarii, globosi, carnosi.— $Bras.\ bor.$
- 53. Cudrania. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa, perianthii segmentis staminibusque 4. Ovarium inclusum, liberum. Perianthia fructifera carnosula, in pseudosyncarpium conferta nec concreta. Frutices sæpe spiniferi.—Asia trop.
- 54. TRECULIA. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa (magna), receptaculo bracteis multifidis flores includentibus undique obtecto. Perianthii & dentes v. lobi et stamina 2-4. Perianthium Q 0. Fructus syncarpio v. pseudosyncarpio 1- $\infty$ -seriatim inclusi.—Afr. trop.
- 55. PARARTOCARPUS. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa (parvula). Stamina in & bracteolis peltatis intermixta absque perianthio. Perianthium Q e bracteolis emersum, tubuloso-clavatum, foramine parvo. Ovarium inclusum, liberum.—Borneo.
- 56. ARTOCARPUS. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa oblonga v. crasse cylindracea, interdum magna. Perianthia & 2-4-mera, 1-andra, \$\varphi\$ tubulosa, basi receptaculo immersa concretaque. Syncarpium perianthiorum apicibus distinctis areolatum v. echinatum v. perianthiis omnino concretis continuum.—Asia trop., ins. Pacif., Afr. trop.?, alibi inquilina.
- 57. Batocarpus. Spice o ignotæ. Capitula o globosa, perianthiis confertis carnosis truncatis ovarium liberum includentibus, fructiferis cum receptaculo continuis in syncarpium carnosum dense confertis.—Columbia.
- 58. Sahagunia. Spice & anguste cylindracee. staminibus cum bracteolis receptaculum lineare hine nudum ceterum densissimo obtegentibus. Capitula Q globosa, perianthiis ovoideis ovarium liberum includentibus, fructiferis in receptaculo parvo prominentibus distinctis.—Amer. trop. a Brasilia ad Mexicum.
- 59. CLARISIA. Spicæ  $\delta$  anguste cylindraceæ, staminibus cum bracteolis receptaculum lineare hinc nudum cæterum densissime obtegentibus. Flores  $\mathfrak P$  racemosi, secus rhachin gemini, pedicellati, perianthio ovoideo basi adnato. Ovarium inferum. -Bras. Peruvia.
- 60. BALAMOSTREHLUS. Spicæ ♂ anguste cylindraceæ, perianthiis 4-meris 4-andris receptaculum lineare hinc nudum cæterum densissime obtegentibus. Flores ♀ racemosi, perianthio ovoideo basi adnato. Ovarium semi-inferum.—Ind. or.
- 61. Sorocea. Racemi v. spicæ utriusque sexus laxi, floribus dissitis sessilibus v. pedicellatis. Perianthia & 4-mera, 4-andra, \$\varphi\$ basi adnata, ovoidea. Ovarium inferum.—Amer. trop. a Brasilia ad Mexicum.
- Tribus VI. Conocephalese. Arbores fruticesve sæpius lactescentes. Flores unisexuales

dense spicati glomerato-capitati v. rarius dissiti, spicis capitulisque of in pedunculo co ssepius numerosis, ? paucioribus solitariisve. Staminum filamenta recta v. vix apice inflexa, antheris jam in alabastro erectis. Perianthium ? foramine minuto pertusum v. rarius 4-fidum. Stylus indivisus stigmate penicillato peltato v. lineari; ovulum basi v. prope basin affixum, erectum, orthotropum v. breviter amphitropum.

Tribus Artocarpeas cum Urticeis arcte connectens. Flores  $\delta$  priorum,  $\circ$  et fructus potius Urticearum.

- 62. CECROPIA. Flores utriusque sexus densissime cylindraceo-spicati, spicis intra bracteam spathi'ormem deciduam 2-60. Folia peltata, radiatim 7-13-loba v. partita.—Amer. trop.
- 63. Myrianthus. Inflorescentia & repetito-ramosissima, floribus in ramulis ultimis breviter oblongo-spicatis. Capitula \( \pi \) solitaria, globosa. Folia argute dentata, indivisa v. 3...5-partita v. lobata.—Afr. trop.
- 64. Musanga. Inflorescentia 3 repetito-ramosissima, floribus in ramulis ultimis globosocapitatis. Flores  $\circ$  minuti, numerosissimi, in massam ovatam v. obovatam conferti. Folia radiatim  $\circ$ -partita.—Afr. trop.
- 65. Coussapoa. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa, & parvula sepius dichotome paniculata; 

  proposition sur pauca, septe majora. Stigma capitato-penicillatum. Folia indivisa, integerrima, pennivenia v. 3-nervia.— Amer. trop.
- 66. Conocephalus. Capitula utriusque sexus globosa, ♂ sæpius parva confertim paniculata, ♀ solitaria v. pauca, majora v. magna. Stigma lineare. Folia indivisa, integerrima, pennivenia v. rarius 3-nervia.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 67. Pourouma. Inflorescentia utriusque sexus cymosa, floribus & in cyma glomerulatis Q dissitis. Ovulum lateraliter supra basin affixum, ascendens micropyle supera. Fructus sæpius pro ordine magni, erecti, distincti. Folia indivisa v. palmatim 3-5-fida v. partita.—Amer. trop.

**Tribus VII.** Urticese. Herbæ frutices v. rarius arbores. Flores unisexuales rarissime (in *Parietaria*) polygami, glomerati sparsi v. in receptaculo carnosulo v. explanato conferti, rarius in involucro pauci v. solitarii, glomerulis floribusve ad axillas cymosis paniculatis v. confertis sessilibusque. Staminum filamenta in alabastro inflexa antheris reversis, per anthesin porrecta exserta antheris erectis; antheræ ovatæ. Stylus indivisus, stigmate capitato-penicillato v. plus minus elongato; ovulum basi v. juxta basin affixum, erectum v. adscendens, orthotropum v. brevissime amphitropum. Achænium parvum.

In hujus tribus ordinatione Monographiam egregiam Weddellii (Parisiis 1856) in Prodromo Candolleano perfectam fere undique secuti sumus. Cystolithæ, a Weddellio præcipue commentatæ, in hac tribu præ aliis conspicuæ, in *Fleurya* et in *Procridibus* plurimis lineares sunt, in *Myriocarpo* insigniter radiantes, in generibus cæteris punctiformes v. hinc inde oblongæ v. fusiformes, vix tamen in eodem genere semper conformes.

Subtribus 1. Urereæ. Herbæ frutices v. rarius arbores, pilis urentibus v. stimulis sæpissime armati. Flores cymulosi, 3 4–5-meri rarius 2–3-meri, ovarii rudimento evoluto. Perianthium 2 2–5-lobum v. partitum, ab achænio liberum.

Excepta: Perianthium ? in Hesperocnide et rarissime in Urera more Bahmeriearum tubulosum, ore contracto minute dentato.

### \* Achanium rectum. Stipula laterales, libera.

- 68. URTICA. Herbæ foliis oppositis. Perianthium Q 4-partitum, segmentis exterioribus minoribus. Stigma penicillato-capitatum.—Orbis utriusque req. temp. et subtrop.
- 69. HESPEROCNIDE. Herbæ annuæ, foliis oppositis. Perianthium Q subclausum, ovarium et achænium arcte includens. Stigma penicillato-capitatum.—Amer. bor., ins. Sandw.
- 70. Nanocnide. Herbæ annuæ, foliis alternis. Perianthium Q 4-partitum, segmentis exterioribus latioribus carinatis. Stigma penicillato-capitatum.—Japonia et ins. Asiæ or.
  - \*\* Achanium obliquum. Stipula (excepta Obetia) intra petiolum plus minus connata.

    Folia alterna.
- 71. Obetia. Arbores fruticesve. Perianthii 2 segmenta 4, membranacea, interioribus majoribus circa fructum auctis. Stigma oblongum. Cymie 3 laxæ, 2 capitatæ sessiles.—Madagasc.
  - 72. Fleurya. Herbee annuse. Perianthii Q segmenta 4 sequalia v. insequalia, achsenio

breviter exserto sæpius reflexo. Stigma ovatum v. lineare. Florum glomeruli racemoso-spicati v. paniculati.—*Utriusque orbie reg. trop.*, Afr. austr.

- 73. SCEPTBOCNIDE. Herba elata. Stamina segmentis perianthii 3 alte adnata. Perianthii  $\varphi$  segmenta 2 ovata plana, 2 minuta. Stigma lineare. Florum glomeruli longe racemosi v. subpaniculati.—Japonia.
- 74. LAPORTEA. Frutices arbores v. herbæ perennes. Perianthii 2 lobi 4 æquales v. inæquales, fructiferi immutati sub achænio sæpe reflexi persistentesque. Stigms filiforme. Florum glomeruli paniculati, rarius racemosi.—Amer. bor., Mexico, Afr. et Asia trop., ins. Pacif., Australia.
- 75. URBBA. Frutices rarius suffrutices. Perianthium  $\mathcal{C}$  4-lobum, fructiferum carnosulum, achænium includens v. eo brevius. Stigma penicillato-capitatum. Florum glomeruli paniculati.—Amer. et Afr. trop., ins. Mascar. et Pacif.
- 76. Gyrotænia. Frutices v. arbores. Perianthium Q 4-lobum, parvum, fructiferum immutatum, sub achænio persistens. Stigma penicillato-capitatum. Flores dense glomerato-spicati, rhachi fructifera carnosa.—Ind. occid.
- 77. GIRARDINIA. Herbæ elatæ. Perianthium 2 ovoideo-tubulosum, 2-3-dentatum, demum spathaceo-fissum. Stigma subulatum. Florum glomeruli spicati v. subpaniculati, spica 2 pilis stimulisve longis crebrisque horridæ.—Asia et Afr. trop.
- Subtribus 2. Procrideæ. Herbæ rarissime hasi frutescentes pilis innocuis. Flores glomerati cymosi apituti v. in receptaculo discoideo conferti, z 4-5-meri, rarius 2-3-meri, ovarui rudimento evoluto. Peri anthium x 3-5-partitum, ab achænio liberum. Staminodia sæpe adsunt.
  - \* Folia opposita, equilatera v. vix inequilatera.
  - 78. Pilka. Perianthium  $\S$  3-partitum, segmento uno majore, fructiferum vix v. parum auctum, achænio incluso v. exserto. Stigma breviter penicillatum. Cymæ capituliformes v. laxæ ramosæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. trop. exclusa Australia.
  - 79. ACHUDENIA. Perianthium  $\mathcal{Q}$  æqualiter 5-partitum, fructiferum laxum, achænium includens. Stigma sessile, villosiusculum. Herbæ teneræ. Cymæ laxæ, longo pedunculatæ. —Java, Japonia.
  - 80. LECANTHUS. Perianthium Q inæqualiter 3-partitum, fructiferum laxum, achænio brevius. Stigma penicillatum. Flores in receptaculo discoideo conferti.—Ind. or.
- \*\* Folia perfecta specie alterna, disticha, obliqua, latere superiore minore, addito sæpius altero nano subopposito, rarius æquilatera.
  - 81. PELLIONIA. Perianthium Q 4-5-partitum, fructiferum achænium vestiens. Stigma sessile, penicillatum. Cymæ sessiles v. pedunculatæ, densissimæ v. laxiores, rhachi non dilatata. Asia trop., tas. Pacif.
  - 82. Elatostema. Perianthium  $\mathcal{P}$  parvum v. 0, fructiferum non auctum. Stigma sessile. penicillatum, evanidum. Flores receptaculo demum explanato discoideo v. lobato insidentes.—

    Afr. et Asia trop., Japonia.
  - 83. PROCRIS. Perianthium  $\mathcal{C}$  parvum v. 3-4-partitum, fructiferum carnosum achænium vestiens v. sub achænio minimum. Flores  $\mathcal{C}$  glomerati,  $\mathcal{C}$  capitati, receptaculo subgloboso carnoso insidentes.—Afr. et Asia trop., ins. Mascar. et Pacif.
- Subtribus 3. Bæhmericæ. Frutices arbores v. ranus herbæ, pilis innocuis. Flores glomerati capitati v. sparsi, exinvolucrati, & 4-5-meri, rarius 2-3-meri, ovario rudimento evoluto. Perianthrum \(\psi \tau \text{tubulosum}, \text{ ore contracto, achænium includens v. brevius et appressum v. 0.}\)
  - \* Perianthium fructiferum membranacoum v. sicoum, achænium liberum includens.
  - 84. Burneria. Caules basi v. undique frutescentes, foliis oppositis v. alternis. Florum glomeruli sessiles, ad axillas conferti v. secus rhachin sparsi v. in ramis paniculæ plus minus dissiti. Stigma filiforme, persistens.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop., Chile, Amer. bor., Japonia.
  - 85. CHAMABAINA. Herba diffusa, foliis oppositis. Florum glomeruli axillares. Stigma ovatum, persistens.—Ind. or.
  - 86. Pouzolsia. Herbæ v. basi plus minus frutescentes, foliis alternis v. rarissime oppositis. Florum glomeruli axillares v. in spicam simplicem terminalem basi vix foliatam dispositi. Flores & 4-5-meri, rarius 3-meri. Stigma filiforme, deciduum.—Afr. ct Asia trop., in Amer. trop. paucæ.

- 87. Districon. Herba foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli in spicam simplicem terminalem dispositi. Flores & 2-meri, rarius 8-meri. Stigma lineare, deciduum.—*Ind. or.*
- \*\* Perianthium fructiferum plus minus carnosum, achenium liberum v. vix adnatum includens.
  - 88. CYPHOLOPHUS. Arbores fruticesve, foliis oppositis. Florum glomeruli densissime globosi, ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos arcte sessiles. Perianthium fructiferum ore contracto dentatum. Stigma lineare, recurvum, persistens.—Archip. Malay., ins. Pacif.
- 89. TOUCHARDIA. Frutices foliis maximis alternis. Florum glomeruli dense globosi in pedunculo ramoso pauci. Perianthii  $\circ$  lobi 4, 2-seriatim imbricati. Stigma brevissime oblongum.—Ins. Sandw. aliæque maris Pacifici.
- 90. Sarcochlamys. Frutex foliis alternis angustis rugosis subtus niveis. Florum glomeruli interrupte v. dense spicati. Perianthium fructiferum oblique accretum, hine gibbum, ore contracto dentatum. Stigma parvum, penicillatum.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 91? POIKILOSPERMUM. Frutex foliis alternis magnis integerrimis. Inflorescentia dichotome cymosa. Perianthium 9 obconicum ore minuto, fructiferum carnosum, achænium exserens. Stigma capitellatum.—Amboina.
- 92. Neraudia. Frutices foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli dense globosi, ad axillas arcte sessiles. Perianthium fructiferum ore contracto dentatum, achænio incluso basi carnoso-annulato. Stigma lineare, deciduum.—Ins. Sandu.
- 93. PIPTURUS. Frutices v. arbores foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli ad axillas conferti v. secus rhachin spicæ v. ramos paniculæ sessiles. Perianthium fructiferum carnosum, ore minuto, achænio incluso subadnato. Stigma lineare, deciduum.—Ins. Mascar., Archip. Malay., ins. Pacif.

## \*\*\* Perianthium & ovario arcte adnatum.

- 94. VILLEBRUNEA. Frutices v. arbores foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli capituliformes, ad axillas sessiles v. plures laxe cymosi. Perianthium fructiferum tenuiter subcarnosum. Stigma sessile, ciliato-penicillatum.—Ind. or., Archip. Molay., Japonia.
- 95. Debregeasia. Frutices foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli ad axillas sessiles v. plures cymosi. Perianthium fructiferum succulentum. Stigma penicillatum.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Japonia.

# \*\*\*\* Perianthium Q minutum v. 0.

- 96. Leucosyke. Frutices v. arbusculæ foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli globosi, ad axillas solitarii v. brevissime racemosi nec cymosi. Perianthium 2 sub fructu parvum. Stigma penicillatum.—Archip. Malay., ins. Pacif.
- 97. MAOUTIA. Frutices foliis alternis. Florum glomeruli parvi, paniculati. Perianthium ? minutum v. 0. Stigma penicillatum.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. Pacif.
- 98. Myriocarpa. Frutices foliis alternis. Flores secus rhachin longam filiformem numerosissimi. Perianthium ? (præter bracteolas 2 in stipite) 0. Stigma oblique oblongum.—Amer. trop.
- 99. PHENAX. Suffrutices v. frutices tenues. Florum glomeruli ad axillas sessiles, bracteis ferrugineis prominulis. Perianthium ? 0. Stigma elongatum.—Amer. trop, Mauritius, Malacca (inquilina?).
- Subtribus 4. Parietarieæ. Herbæ suffrutices v. rarius frutices, pilis innocuis. Folia integerrima. Involucra e bracteis 2-6 connatis v. liberis, flores 1-3 v. rarius © includentia.
  - 100. Parietaria. Herbæ sæpius diffusæ. Cymulæ axillares, 3-8-floræ, androgynæ, floribus fertilibus interdum hermaphroditis a bracteis involucrantibus liberis. Stigma penicillatum. breve v. lineare.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp., intra trop. paucæ.
  - 101. Gesnouma. Arbuscula. Involucra secus ramos paniculæ glomerulata, 3-flora, flore centrali  $\mathcal Q$  achænioque tubo involucri inclusis.—Ins. Canar.
    - 102. Helxine. Herba diffusa. Involucra 1-flora, ad axillas solitaria. Corsica, Sardinia.
  - 103. Roussella. Herba diffusa. Flores & brevissime laxeque racemosi, exinvolucrati, i in eadem axilla gemini, bracteis 2 involucrati.—Ind. occid.
  - 104. Hemistylis. Frutices. Flores & glomerato-spicati, exinvolucrati, Q gemini, bracteis 2 involucrati, involucris ad basin spicarum & paucis v. in panicula distincts numerosis.—Amer.

Subtribus 5. Forskohleem. Herbæ piles innocues, floribus ad axillas confertis innolucratis v. nudis. Perianthium 3 irregulare, hinc fissum stamine unico absque rudimento ovarii, \( \pm \) tubulomum, achænium includens v. 0.

105. Forskohlea. Involucra in axillis plura, androgyna, 3-6-partita, intus dense lanata.— *Hispania, Africa, Asia occid.* 

106. Droguetia. Involucra in axillis solitaria v. plura v. in spicam terminalem disposita. androgyna, campanulata, breviter dentata.—Afr. trop. et austr., Madagase, Ind. or.

107. Australina. Flores ad axillas glomerati, exinvolucrati.—Afr. austr., Australia.

**Tribus VIII. Thelygonese.** Herba annua. Flores unisexuales, ad axillas fasciculati. Perianthium 2-partitum. Stamina  $\infty$ . Stylus indivisus ovulum erectum, incurvum. Nux subglobosa. Semen hippocrepiforme.

108. Thelygonum. Genus unicum.—Reg. Mediterr.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

Aporosa, Bl., olim Artocarpeis ascripta, est Euphorbiacea, supra, p. 282.

BRUEA, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 511, frutex Bengalensis, pro genere proprio *Pouroumearum* propositus, est verisimiliter stirps sub alio nomine bene nota sed ex charactere manco nequaquam recognoscenda. A botanicis Parisiensibus qui de hoc ordine tractarent sub silentio præteritur.

GYNOCEPHALIUM, Bl., est Phytocrene, Wall., supra i. 354 inter Olacineas enumerata.

Gunnera, Linn., ab Endlichero Urticaccis approximata, est Enloragea, supra, i. 676.

HAYNEA, Schum. et Thonn, Beskr. Guin. Pl. 406, ex Africa tropica, ab Endlichero Pilice adscripta, a Weddellio rejicitur, nam folia alterna dicuntur, longe petiolata, grosse crenata, flores 3 5-meri, perianthia \$\forall 4\$-fida, characteres a Pilea alieni. Cæterum characteres omnes Urticearum, exceptis stylis 3 raro 1 (an rite observatis?). Genus adhuc valde dubium remanet.

VANIBRIA, Lour. Fl. Coch. 564, quoad speciem Cochinchinensem, est forte Cudrania v. Plecospermum, sed character ad rite determinandum haud sufficit, et specimina non vidimus.

### TRIBUS I. ULME.E.

1. **Vimus**, Linn. Gcn. n. 316.—Flores polygami, plerique hermaphroditi, plures tamen d'cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, in ramo annotino fasciculati. Perianthium laxe campanulatum, 4-8- (seepius 5-) fidum, lobis imbricatis. Stamina 4-8, seepius 5, filamentis erectis demum exsertis; authore glabre. Ovarium sessile v. sepius stipitatum, compressum; stylus brevis, alte 2-fidus v. fere 2-partitus, ramis a basi introrsum stigmatosis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum, breviter amphitropum. Fructus compressus, siccus, oblique ovatus, undique cinctus ala lata membranacea radiatim reticulato-venosa a basi stipitis usque ad apicem ramorum styli extensa; pericarpium chartaceum v. tenuiter Semen sub apice affixum, pendulum, plano-compressum; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus planis equalibus, radicula parva supera.—Arbores inermes. Folia alterna, disticha, serrata, pennivenia, hyeme decidua v. subperennantia; stipulae Florum fasciculi ad nodos defoliatos v. in axillis laterales, scariosæ, caducissimæ. foliorum persistentium ramorum annotinorum solitarii, sessiles, novelli squamis imbricatis obtecti, ceeterum aphylli. Flores in fasciculo numerosi, nunc fere omnes &, nunc plerique &.

Species ad 16, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis late dispersæ, in Asia usque ad montes intratropicales extensæ. *Planch. in DC. Prod.* xvii. 154, ubi genus post Spachium in sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Orcoptelea. Perianthium vix ad medium lobatum. Fructus ala margine ciliata. Folia decidua. Pedicelli floribus longiores. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 666. Much. N. Am. Sylv. t. 126, 127. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 96. Chetoptelea, Liebm. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kiobenh. 1850, 54, et in K. Dansk. Vidensk. Selsk. Skrift. ser. 5, ii. 336.
- 2. Dryoptelea. Perianthium vix ad medium lobatum. Fructus glabri. Folia decidua. Pedicelli breves. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 660 ad 665. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 34. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 48. Brand. For. Fl. t. 51. Mich. N. Am. Sylv. t. 128, 129.

- 3. Microptelea. Perianthium ultra medium partitum. Fructus glabri. Folia in ramis annotinis subpersistentia. Pedicelli varii. Jacq. Hort. Schonbr. t. 262. Wall. Pl. As. Rar t. 200. Nutt. Sulv. Amer. t. 11. MICROPTELEA, Spach in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 358.
- 2. Moloptelea, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, x. 259, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 163.— Flores polygami, plerique hermaphroditi, plures tamen & cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, in ramis annotinis fasciculati. Perianthium 4-8-partitum, segmentis angustis imbricatis sæpe inæqualibus. Stamina tot quot segmenta v. aliquanto plura (segmento uno alterove minuto v. deficiente potius quam staminibus seriei interioris evolutis?), filamentis erectis; antheræ latæ (an semper?) puberulæ. Ovarium stipitatum, compressum; stylus brevis, 2-fidus, ramis a basi stigmatosis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum, anatropum. Fructus compressus, siccus, oblique ovatus, undique cinctus ala lata membranacea radiatim reticulato-venosa a basi stipitis usque ad apices ramorum styli extensa; pericarpium tenue chartaceum. Semen sub apice affixum, plano-compressum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo fere rectus, cotyledonibus latissimis æqualibus tenuibus longitudinaliter complicatis, radicula supera inter cotyledones breviter retracta. - Arbor. Folia alterna, disticha, integerrima v. (ex specimine Edgeworthii) plantæ junioris serrata, pennivenia, annua; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, scariosæ, caducissimæ. Florum fasciculi ad nodos defoliatos ramorum annotinorum solitarii, sessiles, esquamati v. squama una alterave parva caducissima stipati.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incols. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 78 (Ulmus). Wight, Ic. t. 1968 (lapsu culami Holopetala), et f. 2, 3 et 6, quoad perianthii segmenta male).

- 3. Phyllostylon, Capanema in litt.—Flores polygami, fertiles hermaphroditi, masculi tamen numerosi cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, in ramis annotinis fasciculati. Perianthium 5-8-partitum, segmentis angustis tenuibus inæqualibus leviter imbricatis. Stamina numero segmentorum sæpius pauciora, inæqualia, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ glabræ. Ovarium sessile, plano-compressum; stylus cum ovario continuus, planus, late falcatus v. sæpius inæqualiter divaricato-bilobus, margine superiore stigmatosus; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Fructus . . .—Arbor inermis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, serrata, pennivenia, decidua, fere Planere, novella pubescentia; stipulæ parvæ, laterales, distinctæ, cordato-lanceolatæ. Florum fasciculi in ramis annotinis defoliatis sessiles, squamis paucis imbricatis stipati, aphylli. Flores in fasciculo inferiores masculi absque rudimento, superiores secus rhachin ramosque fasciculi subgemini ovario rudimento plus minus evoluto, summi ovario perfecto præditi. Rami foliiferi ut videtur tardius evoluti. Fructus juniores in speciminibus vix ex ovario aucti, perfecti nobis desunt.
- Species 1, P. brasiliensis, Capan., in Brasilie maritimis prope Rio Janeiro crescens, ubi Pao Branco dicitur (Capanema).
- 4. Planera, Gmel. Syst. Nat. ii. 150.—Flores polygami, plerique hermaphroditi, inferiores pauci masculi cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, in ramo annotino fasciculati. Perianthium campanulatum, ad medium 4-5-fidum, lobis imbricatis. Stamina 4-5, filamentis tenuibus rectis exsertis; antheræ glabræ. Ovarium stipitatum; stylus excentricus, brevis, alte 2-fidus, ramis linearibus introrsum a basi stigmatosis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum, breviter amphitropum. Fructus oblique ovatus, compressus, dorso carinatus, cæterum undique carnoso-muricatus; pericarpium crassiusculum, fere carnosum. Semen plano-compressum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis tenuibus planis æqualibus integris, radicula brevi supera.—Arbor inermis. Folia alterna, disticha, breviter petiolata, serrata, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ, caducæ. Florum fasciculi ad nodos defoliatos ramorum annotinorum more l'imi solitarii, sessiles, primum aphylli, squamis paucis imbricatis basi obtecti, post anthesin in ramos foliatos producti, fructibus parvis ad axillas foliorum inferiorum solitariis geminisve breviter pedicellatis. Flores 3 a speciminibus nostris jam delapsi, ex auctoribus pauci sunt, ad basin fasciculi v. ramuli floriferi.

Species 1, America borealis civitatum australiorum incola, ibidem ex Michaux rara Planch. in DC. Prod. xvii. 167. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 130.

Genus quoad fructum et embryonem omnino Ulmearum etsi inflorescentia inter illas et Celtideas subintermedium.

## TRIBUS II. CELTIDEÆ.

5. Zelkova, Spach in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 356. (Abelicea, Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 185.) -Flores monoici, v. fertilibus rarius staminigeris polygami, in ramis hornotinis subsessiles. Fl. &: Perianthium late campanulatum, margine sinuatum v. breviter lateque 4-5-lobum. Stamina 4-5, filamentis erectis brevibus; antheræ majusculæ, demum exsertæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. rarius evolutum. Flores fertiles 2 v. rarius \( \zeta : \) Perianthium quam in masculis altius lobatum, lobis imbricatis. Staminodia 0 v. plus minus evoluta, rarius stamina perfecta. Ovarium sessile; stylus ad basin 2-partitus, ramis brevibus a basi introrsum stigmatosis (v. rarius ima basi nudis?); ovulum fere ab apice pendulum, breviter campylotropum. Fructus subdrupaceus, irregulariter oblique subglobosus v. carinatus, stylo excentrico breviter subrostratus, dorso carinatus, cæterum lævis v. nervosus; exocarpium membranaceum v. tenuiter carnosum; endocarpium plus minus induratum sæpe latius quam longum et apice medio impressum. Semen latum, compressoconcavum, ab apice pendulum v. fere horizontale, testa crassiuscule membranacea rugosa; albumen 0; embryo curvulus, semini subconformis, cotyledonibus sibimet applicitis latis subrequalibus tenuibus v. crassiusculis, apice (an semper?) emarginatis v. late 2-lobis, radicula brevi supera v. ascendente.—Arbores. Folia alterna, sessilia v. brevissime petiolata, serrata v. crenata, pennivenia, annua; stipulæ liberæ, tenues, angustæ, caducæ. Flores præcoces in ramis hornotinis sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, 3 infra folia v. ad axillas foliorum infimorum per 2-5 glomerati, 2 (v. 💆 ?) superiores ad axillas solitarii, axillis foliorum summorum sterilibus. Fructus parvi.

Species genuinæ fructu ventricoso irregulariter subgloboso 3: una Cretica, altera Caucasico-Caspica, tertia Japonica. Planch in DC. Prod. xvii. 165. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 60 (Rhamnus). Wats. Dendrol. Brit. ii. t. 106 (Planera). His tamen haud inepte addidit Baill. Hist. Pl. l. c. Hemiptelbam, Planch in Compt. Rend. Acad. Par. 1872, ex eod. in DC. Prod. xvii. 164, e China. Habitus idem nisi ramulis hinc inde abbreviatis valide spinescentibus. Inflorescentia tanquam nota et flores (a nobis non visi) ex descr. differentiam nullam præbent. Fructus ex speciminibus nostris valde compressus, exocarpio vix carnosulo carinam versus valde attenuato plano, nervo carinali tamen marginato nec alato; endocarpium ut in Zelkovis genuinis induratum et curvulum. Semen perfectum ignotum, sed ex loculi forma ei Zelkovæ simile.

Abelica, Belli, a Baillono citata, est nomen specificum nec genus ad normam Linneanam stabilitum. Abelicea, Endl., est sectio Planeræ minime admittenda, Micropteleam cum Zelkova includens. Nomen Spachianum pro genere nostro ab illo bene definitum jure prioritatis gaudet. Genus cæterum fructu aliisque notis potius ad Celtideas quam ad Ulmeas pertinet, Planera autem Ulmo ipsi affinior est.

6. Ampelocera, Klotzsch in Linnea, xx. 541.—Flores polygami, hermaphroditi aut ovarii abortu masculi, axillares. Perianthium cyathiforme, alte 5-fidum, laciniis ovatis concavis margine dentatis imbricatis. Stamina 10, perianthii laciniis opposita, filamentis filiformibus exsertis. Ovarium ovatum; stylus 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis subulatis indivisis divaricatis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum, micropyle supera. Drupa baccata. Semen arcuatum.—Arbor inermis, ramis squarrosis. Folia alterna, membranacea, remote serrata, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Flores articulati, racemosi, racemis axillaribus, plerumque gemmis corymbosis tegmentis aridis circumdantibus. (Char. ex Klotzsch.)

Species typica Peruviana, a nobis non visa, generis adhuc quodammodo dubii, a Planchonio ex ordine excluditur. Nota plura cum *Celtade* conveniunt, sed stamina ∞ et folia pennivenia discrepant. Huic addidit Grisebach, Cat. Pl. Cub. 57, speciem Cubensem foliis integerrimis, racemis brevibus paucifloris fere ad glomerulum reductis. Perianthium alte divisum in lacinias 4 suborbiculatas membranaceas leviter imbricatas. Stamina usque ad 16 serie subsimplici conferta. Styli rami a

basi continue stigmatosi; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Drupa globosa, exocarpio haud crasso carnoso v. succulento, endocarpio crustaceo duriusculo. Semen globosum, pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones carnosæ valde undulato-contortuplicatæ, radicula ascendente (in semine examinato) nec infera ut a Grisebachio dicitur.

7. celtis, Linn. Gen. n. 1143.—Flores polygami, fertiles hermaphroditi v. rarius fœminei, masculi cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, in ramis hornotinis cymosi fasciculati v. fertiles solitarii. Perianthium alte v. fere ad basin 5- rarius 4-partitum, segmentis Stamina 5, rarius 4, filamentis erectis v. vix incurvis demum exsertis; antheræ ovatæ. Torus sæpius dense pilosus, vix tamen in discum expansus. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, 2-partitus, ramis plumoso-stigmatosis divergentibus indivisis 2-fidisve; ovulum ab apice pendulum, anatropum. Drupa succulenta, ovoidea v. globosa, interdum 2-carinata, equalis, endocarpio osseo sepius rugoso. Semen subconforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0 v. perparcum; embryo curvus, cotyledonibus latissimis sibimet applicitis concavo-subcucullatis v. transverse subplanis et incurvo-replicatis, interdum corrugatis, radicula sursum incurva incumbente v. cotyledonibus amplexa. -Arbores fruticesve inermes v. spinosi. Folia alterna, annua v. perennantia, serrata v. integerrima, pennivenia et 3- (rarius 4-5-) nervia, basi sæpe obliqua; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Cymulæ masculæ v. androgynæ laxæ v. fasciculiformes, axillares v. ad basin innovationum; flores fertiles in axillis superioribus solitarii v. pauci, longius pedicellati.

Species enumeratæ ultra 70 bene tamen distinctæ vix 50, per regiones temperatas tropicasque utrusque orbis late dispersæ pleræque in hemisphærio boreali. *Planch. in DC. Prod.* xvii. 169, ubi in sectiones 4 sequentes distribuuntur:—

- 1. Euceltis. Arbores inermes. Folia decidua, serrata v. rarius integerrima. Cymæ masculæ v. androgynæ fasciculiformes. Flores fertiles plerique in axillis superioribus solitarii longe pedicellati. Styli rami stigmatosi lineares, indivisi. Species extratropicæ hemisphærii borealis, v. paucæ montanæ tropicæ.—Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 667. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 105, 147. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 400. Wight, Ic. t. 1970. Done. in Jaquem. Voy. Bot. t. 152. Brand. For. Fl. t. 50. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 312. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 114. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 39, 40.
- 2. Sponioceltis, species 2 continet, alteram Indiæ occidentalis alteram Indiæ orientalis, in omnibus Eucelti convenientes, nisi cymis masculis laxioribus, fertilibus plurifloris.
- 3. Solenostigma. Arbores v. frutices inermes. Folia sæpius perennantia, coriacea, integerrima. Cymæ masculæ v. androgynæ laxo multifloræ, floribus fertilibus tamen interdum solitariis. Styli rami stigmatosi sæpissime (vix semper) apice dilatati bifidi v. etiam bis bifidi. Species gerontogeæ pleræque tropicæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1969. Solenostioma, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 41. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 66, t. 33.
- 4. Momisia. Arbores fruticesve spinis axillaribus sæpissime armati. Folia integerrima v. serrata. Cymæ sæpe multifloræ, breviores tamen densioresque quam in Solenostigmate. Styli rami stigmatosi lineares, 2-fidi. Species omnes Americanæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 50. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 62, 63. Mertensia, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 30, t. 103. Momisia, Dumort. Anal. Fam. 17.

Species Africana inermis in Prodromo ad Momisiam relata, quæ sectio Momisiopsis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 69, t. 36, nobis melius ad Solenostigma referenda videtur.

8. Pterceltis, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. xviii. 292; Mel. Biol. ix. 26, cum ic.—Flores monoici (polygami?), masculi in ramis hornotinis fasciculati, fertiles ignoti, fructus in axillis solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis valde imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis erectis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fructus supra perianthii cicatricem stipitatus, subglobosus, ala cinctus lata transverse reticulato-venosa a basi stipitis usque ad stylum extensa; exocarpium tenue, endocarpium osseum. Semen pendulum, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen parcissimum; embryo curvus, cotyledonibus latis sibimet applicitis bis complicatis et transverse undulato-subcorrugatis, radicula imcumbente incurvo-ascendente.—Arbor v. frutex inermis. Folia alterna, petiolata, serrata, 3-nervia; stipulæ deciduæ. Florum & fasciculi in axillis inferioribus sessiles, squamis paucis stipati Fructus in axillis superioribus solitarii, longe pedunculati. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Maxim.)

Species 1, Mongoliæ v. Chinæ borealis incola, a nobis non visa. Genus in omnibus Celti convenire videtur, excepto fructu more Ulmi stipitato et ala lata cincto.

9. Trema, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 562. (Sponia, Comm. ex Done. Herb. Tim. Descr. 170.) -Flores monoici subdioici v. fertilibus sæpe staminigeris polygami, ad axillas cymosi. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5- rarius 4-partitum, segmentis induplicato-valvatis v. vix leviter imbricatis. Stamina 5, rarius 4, filamentis brevibus erectis. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. plus minus evolutum. Fl. fertiles: Perianthii segmenta subplana, leviter imbricata, v. ubi stamina adsint plus minus concava v. induplicata. Ovarium sessile ; stylus centralis, alte v. usque ad basin divisus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus crassiusculis interdum basi ovario adnatis, stigmate tamen semper continuo; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Torus utriusque sexus sæpius pilosus. Drupa parva, æqualis, ovoidea v. subglobosa, styli ramis involutis sæpius coronata; exocarpium plus minus succulentum; endocarpium durum. Semen subconforme, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum, sæpius parcum; embryo curvus v. fere involutus, cotyledonibus angustis sibimet applicitis, radicula incumbente ascendente.—Arbores v. frutices elatiores, inermes. Folia alterna, sæpius disticha, breviter petiolata, serrata, pennivenia et basi trinervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ, sæpius parvæ, caducæ. Cymæ ad axillas subsessiles, masculæ et fertiles in axillis v. stirpibus distinctis v. rarius androgynæ. Fructus parvi, perianthio persistente sæpius stipati.

Species enumeratæ fere 30, plurimæ tamen inter se vix distinguendæ et verisimiliter ad 20 reducendæ, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Planch. in DC. Prod. xvii. 195 (Sponia). Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 58, t. 32. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. t. 47, 48 (Celtis). Wight, Ic. t. 602, 603 (Celtis), t. 1971, 1990 (Sponia). Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 311 (Sponia) Mig. Stirp. Surin. t. 57 (Sponia).

10. Parasponia, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. But. ii. 65, t. 35.—Flores polygami, fertiles hermaphroditi v. foeminei, masculi cum v. absque rudimento ovarii, ad axıllas cymosi. Perianthium omnium 5-partitum, segmentis latis valde imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis brevibus erectis v. apice leviter inflexis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, ad basin divisus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus crassiusculis; ovulum sub apice Torus pilosus. Drupa parva, æqualis, ovoidea v. subglobosa, affixum, pendulum. styli ramis involutis coronata; exocarpium succulentum; endocarpium durum. Semen subconforme, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum; embryo involutus, cotyledonibus angustis sibimet applicitis, radicula incurvo-ascendente.—Arbores inermes, habitu Tremæ. Folia alterna, disticha, breviter petiolata, serrata, pennivenia et basi trinervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem gemmam terminalem obtegentem et caducissimam connata v. arcte convoluta. Flores minimi, cymulis parvis omnibus axillaribus. Ovarii rudimentum in fl. & interdum magnum clavatum vertice plano-concavum vidimus, interdum vero omnino deesse videtur.

Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Planch. en DC. Prod. xvii. 194.

11. Aphananthe, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, x. 265, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 207.— Flores monoici, masculi dense cymosi, fominei solitarii. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5-rarius 4-partitum, segmentis obtusis concavis v. induplicato-cucullatis plus minus imbricatis. Stamina 5, rarius 4, filamentis rectis vix apice inflexis; anthera oblonge. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. inter pilos tori obscurum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta angustiora, imbricata. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus crassiusculis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Drupa ovoidea v. subglobosa, æqualis, exocarpio succulento, endocarpio duro. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenue v. 0; embryo involutus, cotyledonibus angustis sibimet applicitis, exteriore majore, radicula incurvo-ascendente.—Arbores fruticesve inermes. Folia alterna, petiolata, serrata, prominule pennivenia et basi 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Cymæ 3 in axillis infimis v. ad basin innovationum præcoces, floribundæ. Flores 2 in axillis superioribus tardius evoluti, solitarii, pedunculati.

Species 2, altera typica in ins. Philippinis et Australia crescens, foliis coriaceis, ramorum sterilium sæpe spinoso-dentatis lobatisve, segmentis perianthii & latis valde imbricatis. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1174. Altera, japonica, differt foliis membranaceis, segmentis perianthii & angustioribus fere cucullatis minus imbricatis, sed a Planchonio rite ad Aphananthem reducta videtur. Homoloceltis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 64, t. 34. Species tertia Prodromi, A. cuspidata, Planch., folia stipulas floresque potius Gironnieræ quam Aphananthis præbet.

12. Gironniera, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 85. (Nematostigma, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, x. 265, lapsu calami Nemostigma. Helminthospermum, Thw. in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 301, t. 9.)—Flores dioici, ad axillas cymosi v. fœminei solitarii. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis latis obtusis valde imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis brevibus erectis apice leviter incurvis; antheræ ovatæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum pilosum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta quam in mare angustiora, acuta. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, alte 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis longe filiformibus papillis minimis; ovulum sub apice pendulum. Drupa ovoidea v. subglobosa, sæpissime compressiuscula et 2-carinata; exocarpium carnosum v. succulentum; endocarpium durum, haud crassum. Semen (perfectum non vidimus) endocarpio subconforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0 v. sat copiosum; embryo contortus.—Arbores v. frutices inermes, glabri v. appresse pilosi. Folia alterna, breviter v. brevissime petiolata, integerrima v. leviter serrata, a basi pennivenia, sæpe ampla; stipulæ intrapetiolares convolutæ basi sæpius connatæ, gemmam terminalem includentes, caducissimæ. Cymæ axillares, nunc densæ sessilesque, nunc laxiores, floribus secus ramos dissitis v. masculis glomeratis; inflorescentia fæminea varia.

Species 7 v. 8, Zeylaniæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ australis et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ. Planch. in DC. Prod. xvii. 205. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 25. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 313.

Specimina nostra fructifera sat numerosa fructibus aspectu maturis prædita, sed semina perfecta frustra quæsivimus; nec a Planchonio nec a Blumeo nec a Baillono descripta, et icon et descriptio Thwaitesii cum icone Gaudichaudiano non conveniunt. Verisimiliter genus in sectiones 2 sequentes distinctas dividendum: 1. Nematostigma, floribus utriusque sexus cymosis, albumine (ex Gaudich.) sat copioso. Huc pertinent G. nervosa et G. subæqualis, Planch., et G. celtidifolia, Gaudich. 2. Galumpita, pedunculis fæmineis in axillis solitariis longiusculis 1-2-floris, albumine (ex Thwaitesio) 0. Huc pertinere videntur G. rhamnifolia, Blume, G. parvifolia, Planch., G. reticulata, Thw., quæ Galumpita, / lume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 73, a Planch. in DC. Prod. xvii. 209 ad Aphananthem relata, a Kurzio in For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 470, ad Gironnieram rite revocata, G. lucida, Kurz, l. c., et verisimiliter G. nitida, Benth., cujus flores \( \frac{2}{3} \) adhuc ignoti.

13. Cheetacme, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, x. 340, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 209.— Flores monoici, masculi cymosi, fœminei ad axillas solitarii. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis induplicato-valvatis obtusis. Stamina 5, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum oblongum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta quam in mare angustiora, leviter imbricata. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis tenuibus elongatis; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Drupa globosa, exocarpio crasso denso in sicco duro, endocarpio tenuiter osseo. Semen parvum, globosum, testa membranacea intra plicas embryonis intrusa; albumen cæterum 0; embryo curvus, cotyledone altera magna lata crasso-carnosa inflexa alteram parvam (in semine examinato imperfectam) includente, radicula brevi ascendente.— Frutex elatior, ramosissimus, glaber, spinis axillaribus v. lateralibus solitariis geminisve plus minus armatus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, tenuiter pennivenia; stipulæ in unam oppositifoliam gemmam terminalem includentem mox deciduam connatæ. Cymæ 3 densæ, subsessiles, sæpius floribundæ. Fructus in axillis breviter pedunculati.

Species 1, in Africa australi imprimis orientali late dispersa, etiam intra tropicos a Welwitschio in Angola, a Schweinfurthio in terra Niam-niam lecta. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 25.

## TRIBUS III. CANNABINEÆ.

14. Eumulus, Linn. Gen. n. 1116. (Lupulus, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 358, t. 75.)—Flores dioici, penduli, masculi paniculati, fœminei spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, seg-

mentis distinctis imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis brevissimis erectis; antheræ oblongæ, loculorum rima sæpe brevi. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl.  $\mathfrak P$ : Perianthium tenuissime membranaceum, ovario arcte applicitum eoque sæpius brevius, margine integrum. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus caducissimis; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Achænium late ovatum, compressiusculum, perianthio persistente sæpe glanduloso indutum; pericarpium crustaceum. Semen pericarpio conforme, testa membranacea; albumen (integumenti superficies interior, Gærtn.) album, carnosum; embryo spiraliter involutus, cotyledonibus angustis sibimet applicitis, radicula brevi ascendente. — Herbæ volubiles alte scandentes, pilis reversis asperæ. Folia opposita, petiolata, lata, membranacea, serrata, 5-7-nervia, nunc cordata indivisaque, nunc sæpius palmatim 3-7-loba; stipulæ laterales, liberæ, diu persistentes. Paniculæ axillares, superiores sæpe paniculam terminalem foliatam formantes, masculæ laxe ramosæ, floribus breviter pedicellatis pendulis; paniculæ fœmineæ e spicis paucis pedunculatis pendulis strobiliformibus. Bracteæ in spica fructifera persistentes, auctæ, latæ, membranaceæ, coloratæ, laxe imbricatæ, achænia parva ad axillas sessilia occultantes.

Species 2, quarum una diu culta per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis latissime dispersa, altera Chinæ, Japoniæ insularumque adjacentium incola. A. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 29. Reschb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 656. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 31. Haync, Arzneigew. viii. t. 36. Berg. Off. Gew. t. 27b. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 98.

Seminis albumen ab omnibus auctoribus negatur, nobis tamen a testa bene distinctum videtur, embryonem undique includens etsi intus læve nec intra plicas intrusum.

15. Cannabis, Linn. Gen. n. 1115.—Flores dioici, masculi breviter paniculati, fæminei ad axillas conferti intra bracteas sessiles. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis distinctis imbricatis. Stamina 5, filamentis brevissimis erectis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium tenuissime membranaceum, ovario arcte applicitum eoque brevius, integrum, interdum vix distinguendum v. plane 0. Ovarium sessile; stylus centralis, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus rectis caducissimis; ovulum ab apice Achrenium compressiusculum, perianthio tenuissimo vix separabili plus minus involutum; pericarpium crustaceum. Albumen carnosum, unilaterale, circa radiculam sat copiosum; embryo curvatus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis latis subæqualibus sibimet applicitis, radicula us æquilonga recurvo-ascendente incumbente.—Herba erecta, elata. Folia alterna v. ima opposita petiolata, in segmenta 5-11 lanceolata serrata palmatim divisa, superiora rarius ad segmenta 1-3 reducta; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Paniculæ & foliis multo breviores, floribus fasciculatis breviter pedicellatis ut in Humulo pendulis. Flores 2 ad axillas inter bracteas foliaceas conferti, singuli bractea ∞-nervi basi convoluta apice patente arcte inclusi. Perianthium verum haud facile observatum sæpe prætervisum.

Species 1, in Asia centrali ut videtur indigena, in variis regionibus temperatis tropicisve diu culta nunc sæpo inquilina. A. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 30. Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 655. Necs., Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 30 (perianthio omisso). Schnitzl. Ic. t. 95. Hayne, Arzneigew. viii. t. 35. Berg. Off.

Albumen semper carnosum circa radiculam sat copiosum invenimus et in iconibus pluribus citatis bene depictum, etsi ab auctoribus ipsis uti ab omnibus fere botanicis negatur.

# TRIBUS IV. MOREÆ.

16. Pseudostreblus, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 219.—Flores monoici, & dense irregulariter cymosi, & in pedunculo discreto v. in cymula & solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 5, orbiculata valde imbricata. Stamina 5, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis; anthera magnae. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, lineare. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 4, orbiculata, valde imbricata, ovarium arcte includentia, bracteis 4 parvis stipata. Ovarium subglobosum, rectum; stylus terminalis, alte 2-fidus, ramis stipmatosis longe linearibus subaqualibus; ovulum apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum.

Fructus immaturus perianthii segmentis valde auctis inclusus, maturus indescriptus nobisque deest.—Arbores proceræ, lactescentes, inermes, glabræ. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, majuscula, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ parvæ, laterales, caducæ. Flores & (in specie typica) in cymulas irregulares ad axillas sessiles v. breviter pedunculatas dense conferti at distincti. Flores Q sæpe in eodem ramo at in axillis diversis solitarii, breviter pedunculati, et interdum flos Q adest in media cymula mascula.

Species bene nota 1, in Khasiya Indiæ orientalis detecta, altera tamen congener videtur o Penang et Singapore, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7425, florum & cymula densiore fere capituliformi, rhachi v. receptaculo subcarnoso. His verisimiliter valde affinis nisi stricte congener est Calius, Blanco, Fl. Filip. 698; Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 698, arbor lactescens in insulis Philippinis frequens, in herbariis nostris non agnota. Ex charactere dato a Pscudotreblis nostris non differt nisi foliis serratis, florum fasciculis longius pedunculatis androgynis, et perianthio utriusque sexus 4-mero.

17. Bleekrodia, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 87, t. 28.—Flores monoici, in cymas axillares androgynas dispositi. Fl. &: Perianthium breviter 4-5-fidum, lobis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum lineare. Fl. \( \rapprox\): Perianthium tubulosum, superne contractum, breviter 4-dentatum. Ovarium rectum v. parum obliquum, inclusum; stylus excentricus, filiformis, 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis tenuibus æqualibus v. inæqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus (a nobis non visus) perianthio tenuissimo inclusus, drupaceus; exocarpium basi crassum, superne tenuissimum, parte crassa 2-loba; endocarpium chartaceum. Semen subglobosum, testa tenuissima; albumen 0; embryo subglobosus, cotyledonibus carnosis, altera crassissima basi depressa, altera in depressione minima squamiformi; radicula minima, cotyledoni parvæ incumbens, incurvo-ascendens.—Arbusculæ lactescentes. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, acuminata, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, deciduæ. Cymæ axillares, in specie Madagascariensi parvæ, densæ, bracteis parvis scariosis, flore \( \rapprox\) unico, masculis pluribus; in specie Borneensi a nobis non visa laxæ. (Char. fruct. ex Blume, et Bureau.)

Species 2, altera Madagascariensis, altera Borneonsis. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 255.

18. Patoua, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 509; Voy. Bonite, t. 84.—Flores monoici, in cymas axillares androgynas subcapitatas dispositi. Fl. ♂: Perianthium alte 4-fidum, lobis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, conicum. Fl. ♀: Perianthium sub-6-partitum, segmentis angustis valvatis. Ovarium obliquum; stylus sublateralis, filiformis, longe stigmatosus, indivisus v. dente v. ramo brevi instructus; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Achænium perianthio persistente inclusum, oblique globosum, leviter compressum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo incurvus, cotyledonibus latis æqualibus, radicula longa incumbente incurvo-ascendente.—Herba diffusa v. ascendens, basi interdum indurescens, habitu Urticcarum. Folia alterna, petiolata, dentata, pennivenia et subtrinervia; stipulæ laterales, deciduæ. Cymæ subcapitatæ, parvæ, densæ, rhachi leviter dilatata ramosissima. Bractææ parvæ, exteriores subinvolucrantes. Flores utriusque sexus in quaque cyma plures, ♀ in dichotomiis, ♂ ramulos terminantes.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ tropicæ, insularum maris Pacifici et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 256 Blumr, Mus. Bot. Lugd Bat. t. 38.

19. Taxotrophis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 77, t. 26.—Flores dioici, & breviter racemoso-spicati, & in pedunculo solitarii v. pauci. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum apice dilatatum, sinuatum. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 4, imbricata, persistentia; fructu breviora. Ovarium ovoideum, per anthesin rectum, mox uno latere valde auctum; stylus 2-partitus, primum subcentralis, post anthesin fere lateralis, ramis stigmatosis subulatis subæqualibus; ovulum sub stylo lateraliter athxum, pendulum. Fructus e perianthio exsertus, oblique subglobosus; pericarpum basi oblique carnoso-incrassatus, apice tenuis. Semen obliquum, testa rigidule membranacea; albumen 0; embryo subglobosus; cotyledones late, carnose, valde

contortuplicatæ (v. crassissimæ inæqualesque?); radicula inflexa, ascendens.—Arbusculæ fruticesve glabri, spinis axillaribus paucis armati. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, parce serrata v. crenata, pennivenia et reticulata; stipulæ parvæ, connatæ, gemmam obtegentes, caducissimæ. Inflorescentiæ axillares; spicæ & breves, densiusculæ, floribus brevissime pedicellatis subfasciculatis, bracteis ad basin fasciculorum minimis. Pedunculus \$\varphi\$ longiusculus, floribus 1-4 longe pedicellatis; bracteæ sub pedicellis parvæ v. minutæ et in pedunculo 1-floro bracteæ inferiores adsunt 1-2 vacuæ.

Species 3 v. 4. Zeylaniæ, Malaccæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 215, 216 (Diplocos et Taxotrophis). Wight, Ic. t. 1692 (fig. infera sinistra).

Genus a Streblo facile distinguitur inflorescentia mascula et stylo post anthesin fere laterali, in genera 2 in Prodromo dividitur: Diplocos, Bur., pedunculo fæmineo  $\infty$ -floro, semine usque ad medium albumine impleto et cotyledonibus contortuplicatis, et Taxotrophis, pedunculo fæmineo 1-floro, semine exalbuminoso cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis, et sub Diploco specimina Zeylanica Thwaitesii et Birmanica Griffithii n. 4659, et icon Wightii, citantur. In specimine Thwaitesiano nostro fructus immaturi sunt quales a Wightio delineati, pericarpio basi crasse carnoso v. succulento, semine adhuc imperfecto. Specimina Griffithiana quoad folia et flores & iis T. javanicæ, Blum., simillima sunt; in his semina bene matura albumen nullum estendunt, et cotyledones plicatæ omnino ut delineavit Thwaites, qui de albumine silet. Specimina nostra plantæ javanicæ Blumei mascula sunt, et fructum non vidimus. In icone Blumeana embryo delineatur cotyledonibus crassocarnosis omnino Phyllochlamidis, quæ ab auctore in genere suo Taxotrophi includitur, et forte hanc speciem nec T. zeylanicam refert.

20. Phyllochlamys, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 217.—Flores dioici, & capitato-spicati, Q in pedunculo solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthium 3-4-partitum, segmentis ovatis concavis imbricatis. Stamina 3-4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum apice dilatatum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta 3-4, per anthesin ovario longiora, fructifera valde aucta, foliacea, acuminata. Ovarium ovoideum, per anthesin rectum, mox uno latere valde auctum; stylus 2-partitus, primum subcentralis, post anthesin fere lateralis, ramis stigmatosis subulatis subæqualibus; ovulum sub stylo lateraliter attixum, pendulum. Fructus perianthio foliaceo obtectus eque multo brevior, oblique subglobosus; pericarpium basi oblique carnoso-incrassatum, apice tenuius. Semen obliquum, testa membranacea: embryo membrana tenuissima (albumine?) inclusus. globosus, cotyledone altera crassissime carnosa 2-fida alteram parvam includente, radicula parva sursum inflexa.--Arbores fruticesve glabri, spinis ramulos terminantibus v. brevibus lateralibus armati. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, paucidentata v. subintegerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Spice & ad axillas subsessiles, brevissimæ, bracteis ∞ ferrugineis sepalis æqualibus similibusque stipatæ. Flores 2 ad axillas solitarii, pedunculo fructifero longiusculo.

Species bene nota 1, in Peninsula Indiæ orientalis, Zeylania et Timor crescens. Eficarpuri species, Denc. Herb. Tim. Descr. in Ann. Mus. Par. iii. t. 21. Wight, Ic. t. 1692 (fig. superior et inferior destra). Hunc forte addendus frutex Penangianus, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7519, cujus specimina 3 tantum adsunt, iis P. spinosi similia misi foliis minoribus apice retusis nec acuminatis. Genus Taxotrophi valde affine, et ci a Blumeo adsociatum, differt tamen inflorescentia 3, perianthio  $\mathfrak P$  et embryone.

21. Streblus, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 614. (Epicarpurus, Blume, Bijdr. 488.)—Flores dioici, & capitato-glomerati, & in pedunculo solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum apice dilatatum. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 4, valde imbricata, ovarium arcte includentia, bracteis sæpius 3 subsimilibus stipata. Ovarium rectum, apice retusum; stylus centralis, alte 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis elongatis subæqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus subglobosus, rectus, perianthii segmentis paullo auctis laxe obtectus, stylo terminali; pericarpium membranaceum nec incrassatum. Semen globosum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo globosus, cotyledone altera maxima crasso-carnosa 2-loba alteram parvam et radiculam sursum inflexam includente.—Arbor v. frutex ramosissimus, inermis, glaber, ramulis brevioribus sæpe rigescentibus. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, subdentata, rigidula, scabra,

pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, deciduæ. Capitula & subglobosa uti flores Q pedunculata, pedunculis utriusque sexus ad axillas solitariis v. 2-4-nis. Bracteæ sub capitulo & 2; bracteolæ in capitulo ∞, parvæ.

Species 1, Asiæ tropicæ a Zeylania et Peninsula Indica usque ad Archipelagum Malayanum et Chinam australem incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 218. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 30. Wight in Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 121 (Trophis), et Ic. t. 1961 (Epicarpurus).

Albrandia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. 509 a Decaisneo Herb. Tim. Descr. 172 ad Epicarpurum refertur, in Prodromo prætermissa est.

22. Maillardia, Frappier et Duchartre in Maill. Not. Ile Réun. Annexe P.-Flores dioici, & densissime spicati, Q solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-fidum v. 4-partitum, lobis segmentisve latis concavis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum pilosum. Fl. 9 bracteis 2-3-seriatim imbricatis involucrati: Perianthium ovoideum, ovario basi adnatum, ore minute 4-dentato foramine parvo pervio. Ovarium semi-adnatum, inclusum; stylus 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis elongato-subulatis æqualibus, ovulum ex apice pendulum. Drupa globosa, subdepressa, apiculata, e perianthio cum ovario coadunato confecta. Seminis integumentum duplex, crustaceum, fragile (an potius endocarpium crustaceum, seminis testa membranacea?); albumen 0; cotyledones valde in:equales, altera conglobata maxima quasi complicata alteram minimam appressam planam fovente, radicula brevissima supera recta.—Arbor lactescens, inermis. Folia alterna, disticha, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, nitida, pennivenia, costa venisque primariis transversis parallelis subtus prominentibus; stipulæ lineari-lanceolatæ, semet amplectentes, caducissimæ. Spicæ 3 ad axillas solitariæ v. gemine, longiuscule, demum tenuiter cylindraceæ, floribus numerosissimis minimis sessilibus densissime confertis bracteis peltatis obtectis, rhachi longitrorsum uno latere anguste denudata. Flores Q ad axillas solitarii, pedunculati. Fructus ruber, cerasiformis. (Char. fl. ex descr. Duchartre.)

Species 1, ins. Borboniæ (La Réunion) incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 220. Genus evidenter spicas 3 Sloetiæ ostendit, sed differt uti Pseudostrehlus a Bleekrodia floribus 2 a spicis 3 segregatis. Specimen a Museo Parisiensi communicatum fructum unicum fert absque floribus.

23. Malaisia, Blanco, Fl. Filip. 789, ed. 2, 543. (Dumartroya, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite. t. 97. Cephalotrophis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 75, t. 27.)—Flores dioici, & cylindraceo-spicati, 2 globoso-capitati, receptaculo parvo. Fl. &: Perianthium 3-partitum, rarissime 4-partitum, segmentis valvatis. Stamina 3, rarissime 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 9: Perianthium urceolatum, ore contracto vix denticulato. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stylus centralis, alte 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Capitula fructifera parum aucta. Achænium perianthio tenuiter carnosulo arcte inclusum : pericarpium tenuiter coriaceo-carnosum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea, pericarpio plus minus adhærente; albumen 0 v. perparcum v. rarius partim incrassatum et inter fissuram cotyledonis majoris intrusum; embryo globosus v. ovoideus, cotyledone altera crasso-carnosa, uno latere fissa sub-2-loba, alteram parvam plicatam radiculamque amplectens.—Frutex inermis, tortuoso-ramosus v. scandens, præter inflorescentiam canotomentosam glaber. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima v. obscure dentata. scabriuscula v. supra lavia, subtus prominenter pennivenia et reticulata; stipulæ laterales. parvæ, deciduæ. Spicæ & densiusculæ, breviter pedunculatæ, simplices v. rarius parce Capitula 9 parva, pedunculata, bracteolis carnosulis arcte contiguis canotomentosa, pedunculis ad axillas solitariis v. pluribus fasciculatis; flores 2 inter bracteolas immersi, 1-2 tantum sæpius fertiles, cæteris capituli sterilibus. Receptaculum fructiferum parum auctum, globosum v. oblongum, bracteolis minimis carnosis obtusis quasi lobatum. Fructus sæpius in quoque capitulo 1-2, glaberrimi, læves, receptaculo ipso majores.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ tropicæ et insularum maris Pacifici incola, quoad folia et influescentiam simplicem v ramosam valde variabilis. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 221.

Seemann in Fl. Vit. 256, hoc genus ad Caturum 'Lour. non Linn,' refert, et species 9 distinguit. Loureiro tamen nullum genus sub hoc nomine condidit, sed hanc plantam perperam ad Caturum, Linn., retulit et characterem Linneanum (ad Acalyphæ speciem pertinentem) transcripsit. Nomen igitur Blancoi jure prioritatis gaudet, et species omnes a Seemannio citatæ rite a Bureau pro unius varietatibus habentur.

24. Broussonetta, Vent. Tabl. Regn. Veget. iii. 547.-Flores dioici, & cylindraceospicati, Q globoso-capitati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-fidum v. 4-partitum, lobis segmentisve membranaceis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum v. tubulosum, 3-4-Ovarium inclusum, stipitatum; stylus subulatus, indivisus, fere a basi stigmatoso-puberulus; ovulum sub apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum. Capitula fructifera globosa, perianthiis persistentibus bracteisque intermixtis arcte confertis tomentosovillosis. Fructus stipite elongato crassiusculo e perianthio protrusus; exocarpium basi carnosum cum stipite continuum, superne attenuatum, stylo excentrico coronatum; endocarpium in parte superiore seminiforme, crustaceum, rugosum. Semen endocarpio conforme, testa submembranacea ei arcte appressa subadnata; embryo recurvus, albumine partim immersus, cotyledonibus aqualibus oblongis, radicula incurvo-ascendente incumbente.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, molliter rugosa et villosa. serrulata, indivisa v. 3-loba rarius 5-loba, pennivenia et basi 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales. membranaceæ, deciduæ. Spicæ ♂ amentiformes et capitula ♀ globosa ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos solitaria, breviter pedunculata.

Species 2 v. 3, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ, quarum una in variis regionibus diu culta. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 224 (excl. B. luzonica quæ Allæanthi species). Correa de Serre in Ann. Mus. Par. viii. t. 34. Ser. Descr. et Cult. Mur. t. 26. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 40. Baill. Adans. i. t. 8. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 488. Bot. Mag. t. 2358.

STENOCHASMA, Miq. Pl. Jungh. i. 45 e Sumatra, a nobis non visum, e planta fæminea sola notum est et dubium remanet an ad Moreas an ad Artocarpeas referendum sit. Flores fæminei descripti Parartocarpo accedere videntur, sed folia 3-nervia villosa, petiolis pedunculisque longiusculis potius Broussonetiam indicant, a qua fructu (immaturo?) incluso recedit.

25. Alissanthus, Thwaites in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 302, t. 9.—Flores dioici, & dense et anguste cylindraceo-spicati, & globoso-capitati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-fidum, lobis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. &: Perianthium tubulosum, 4-dentatum. Ovarium inclusum, sessile, rectum; stylus sub anthesi terminalis, subulatus, indivisus et fere a basi stigmatosus v. rarius ramo brevi auctus; ovulum sub apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum. Capitula fructifera globosa, perianthiis persistentibus bracteisque intermixtis arcte confertis tomentoso-villosis. Achænium sessile, perianthio inclusum apice obliquum, stylo sublaterali; pericarpium tenuiter coriaceum, maturum interdum dehiscens. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo recurvus, cotyledonibus latis valde corrugato-plicatis, radicula incumbente ascendente.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, ex ovato lanceolata, integerrima v. serrulata, a basi pennivenia nec 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, membranaceæ, deciduæ. Spicæ & quam in Broussmetia multo longiores (interdum pedales et ultra) angustiores densioresque, ad axillas v. ad nodos defoliatos uti capitula & solitariæ, breviter pedunculatæ.

Species 2, altera Zeylanica, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 223. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 305, altera ins. Philippinarum incola, Morus luzonica, Blanco, a Bureau in Prodromo ad Broussonetiam relata, sed ex speciminibus Cumingianis a Bureau citatis, quoad folia, flores et spicas  $\mathcal{S}$ , flores  $\mathcal{V}$  et fructus, omnino Alleanthi nec Broussonetie species.

26. Plecespermum, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 124, t. 4.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus globoso-capitati. Fl. &: Perianthium alte 4-fidum, lobis latis concavis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, piloso-lanatum. Fl. Q: Perianthia carnosa, arcte conferta v. in massam carnosam c-locularem connata, ore cujusve perianthii minimo 4-dentato fere

clauso. Ovarium inclusum, rectum; stylus filiformis, indivisus, longe stigmatosus, e foramine perianthii exsertus; ovulum sub apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum. Syncarpium globosum v. latius et subdidymum, e perianthiis carnosis arcte confertis v. conferruminatis compositum. Achænia in toto syncarpio perpauca, sæpius 1-2 perfecta, ovoideo-globosa, parum obliqua; pericarpium coriaceum, parietibus loculi (perianthio) arcte adhærens. Semen conforme, testa membranacea (semel carnoso-incrassatam vidimus); albumen 0; embryo subglobosus, cotyledone altera maxima crasso-carnosa alteram parvam plicatam includente, radicula brevi sursum incurva.—Arbores v. frutices glabri, spinis validis axillaribus v. lateralibus armati. Folia alterna, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ minimæ. Pedunculi axillares, breves, sæpius gemini. Bracteolæ in capitulo flores subtendentes, v. in capitulo  $\mathfrak{Q}$  0 v. a perianthiis non distinguendæ.

Species 2, quarum typica Indiæ orientalis incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 233. Wight, Ic. t. 1963. Huic tamen addenda videtur pro sectione floribus fæmineis distinguenda, Cardiogyne, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 232, jam in Journ. Linn. Soc. ix. 229, a Kirkio memorata, sub nomine Cudraniæ speciei novæ. Frutex est v. arbuscula, in Africa tropica orientali ad fl. Zambesi et in Zanguebaria frequens, lignum tinctorium præbens. Habitus folia spinæ inflorescentia utriusque sexus et flores 3 omnino Plecospermi spinosi. Specimina nostra omnia mascula sunt; in capitulis tamen fæmineis a Bureau descriptis perianthia bracteis intermixta et nullo modo connata, apice 4-loba, dum in Plecospermo spinoso perianthia fæminea jam sub anthesi alte connata sunt, apice solo hemisphærico distincta et mox in syncarpium carnosum omnino concreta bracteis haud conspicuis. Ovarium in Cardiogyne ex Bureau obovatum v. obcordatum est, in P. spinoso latum obtusissimumque vidimus nec nisi abortivum angustum ut in icone Treculiana. Fructus Cardiogynis nec a Bureau nec a nobis visus, ex schedis Kirkianus syncarpium est succulentum et edule. Genus Plecospermum sæpe in herbariis cum Cudrania confunditur, et habitu foliis inflorescentiaque simillimum est, sed floribus utriusque sexus fructuque facile dignoscitur.

27. Bagassa, Aubl. Pl. Gui. Suppl. 15, t. 376. (Laurea, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 88.) -Flores dioici, & densissime cylindraceo-spicati, Q globoso-capitati. Fl. & : Perianthium minimum, 4-partitum, segmentis apice concavis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro summo apice inflexis, antheris reversis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum subulato-acuminatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium masculo multo majus, tubulosum, apice 4-fidum. Ovarium inclusum, liberum; stylus terminalis, exsertus, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Perianthia fructifera subcarnosa, receptaculo carnoso subgloboso imposita, in pseudosyncarpium majusculum subglobosum arcte conferta at distincta. Achænium inclusum, apice obliquum, stylo sublaterali ; pericarpium rigide membranaceum. Semen sub apice lateraliter affixum, testa membranacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones carnosulæ, æquales, radicula supera hilum versus incurva.—Arbores proceræ, lactescentes. Folia opposita, cujusve paris sæpius inæqualia, petiolata, lata, cordata, integra v. late 3-loba, integerrima v. crenulata, basi 3-nervia; stipulæ utrinque in unam interpetiolarem connatæ. Inflorescentiæ axillares, bre viter pedunculatæ, & geminæ, Q (an semper?) solitariæ. Flores & minimi, numerosissimi, rhachin spicæ seu receptaculum lineare carnosulum undique densissime obtegentes, bracteolis perianthio brevioribus. Filamentorum inflexio minus distincta quam in cæteris Moreis, antheræ tamen in alabastro bene reversæ. Pseudosyncarpia ultra pollicem diametro. perianthiis fructiferis basi carnosis receptaculum undique obtegentibus nec immersis.

Species 2 v. 3 Guianæ gallicæ et Brasiliæ borealıs incolæ. Species typica B. guianensis, Aubl., foliis rugosis 3-lobis crenulatis nobis sola nota est ex icone Aubletiana et speciminibus Sagotianis plantæ ψ; speciei alterius pariter Guianensis, B. Sagotianæ, Bur., specimina δ et ψ examinavimus in Museo Parisiense servata et nobis a cl. Bureau benevole commodata, mascula jam a Gaudichaudio depicta et a Weddellio in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>14</sup>, sub nomine Laureæ descripta et Urticeis anomalis adscripta, fœminea a Sagotio aliisque in Guiana lecta. A specie Aubletiana differunt foliis integerrimis vix rugosis subtus pallidis v. subcanescentibus. Speciem verisimiliter tertiam legit Spruce in vicinis Para inter illas quasi mediam, sed flores et fructus desunt. Genus pluribus characteribus Chlorophoræ accedit, et evidenter ad Moreas pertinet, etsi quoad folia et stipulas in ordine distinctissimum.

28. Chlorophora, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 509. - Flores dioici, & cylindraceospicati, ♀ globoso- v. oblongo-capitati. Fl. ♂: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis obtusis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2: Perianthium alte 4-fidum v. 4-partitum, segmentis apice incrassatis concavis imbricatis. Ovarium inclusum, obliquum; stylus sublateralis, filiformis, longe stigmatosus, indivisus v. ramo breviore instructus; ovulum lateraliter affixum, descendens. Perianthia fructifera subcarnosa, in pseudo-syncarpium globosum v. oblongum arcte conferta at solubilia. Achænium perianthio æquale v. subexsertum, ovatum, compressum, apice valde obliquum; pericarpium coriaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo incurvus, cotyledonibus ovatis æqualibus, radicula incumbente ascendente.—Arbores lactescentes, spinis raris axillaribus v. lateralibus armatæ v. inermes. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. dentata, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, caducæ. Inflorescentiæ utriusque sexus ad axillas breviter pedunculatæ, solitariæ. Spicæ 3 amentiformes, densæ, longiusculæ, bracteis parvis. Capitula 9 nunc exacte globosa, nunc oblongo-cylindracea, crassa. Bracteæ perianthii segmentis similes iisque æquilongæ, interdum apice intus glandulis 2 incrassatæ.

Species 2, altera Americæ tropicæ, altera Africæ tropicæ, incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 228 (Macluræ sect.). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 22 (Morus).

Genus pluribus notis Allaanthio affinius quam Maclura, ab hoc valde differt inflorescentia maris, floribus famineis et syncarpio imperfecto. Species Americana C. tinctoria, Gaud., a Miquelio in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 154, t. 51 ad 53, in species 6 divellitur quas Bureau iterum sub Maclura tinctoria junxit. Huic pseudosyncarpium globosum rarius parum elongatum, rhachi seu receptaculo carnoso oblongo. In specie Africana, C. excelsa (Morus excelsa, Welw. in Trans. Soc. Linn. xxvii. 69, t. 23. Maclura excelsa, Bur.) pseudosyncarpium bis terve longius quam latum, cæterum characteres exhibet omnino Chlorophora nec Mori nec Maclura. Broussonctia brasiliensis, Mart., a Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 158, t. 54, ad Macluram relata, solum nota est e stirpe mascula in herb. Mart. servata, quæ floribus globoso-capitatis, ex icone receptaculum globosum obtegentibus, nec Maclura nec Chlorophora convenit, et quoad genus dubia remanet.

29. Maclura, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Amer. in. 233; N. Amer. Sylv. i. t. 37, 38.—Flores dioici, & laxe racemulosi, 2 dense globoso-capitati. Fl. & (a nobis non visi): Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum ! Fl. Q: Perianthium alte 4-fidum, lobis inequalibus lineari-clavatis crassis concavis arcte appressis. Ovarium inclusum, sessile, obovoideum; stylus filiformis, longe stigmatosus, indivisus v. ramo breviore instructus; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Perianthia fructifera aucta, carnosa, alte in syncarpium magnum globosum extus rugosum arcte concreta, nec facile seorsum nec a receptaculo distinguenda. Achænia parva, in syncarpio sæpe pauca perfecta, in fundo perianthiorum occulta; pericarpium Semen conforme; albumen 0; embryo recurvus, cotyledonibus oblongis subrequalibus, radicula incumbente ascendente.—Arbor lactescens, spinis axillaribus v. supra-axillaribus (pedunculis abortivis!) armata. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, caducæ. Inflorescentia ad axillas solitaria, breviter pedunculatæ. Syncarpia matura viridi-flavescentia, ad 2 poll. diametro. (Char. fl. d ex Ser. et Nutt.)

Species 1, Americæ borealis regionis Arkansanæ incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 227, cxcl. § 2. Lambert, Pinus, ii. t. 12. Seringe, Not. Maclure, Lyon. 1837, cum ic. bona, Descr. et Cult. Mur. t. 27. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 37.

30. Pachytrophe, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 234.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus cylindraceo-spicati. Fl. δ: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis obtusis concavis leviter imbricatis (valvatis, Bur.). Stamina 4, fllamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum quadratum. Fl. φ: Perianthii segmenta 4, lata, rotundata, valde imbricata. Ovarium obliquum, subglobosum; stylus parum excentricus, fere ad basin 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus subequalibus; ovulum a placenta valde dilatata dorso sub apice affixum, pendulum. Fructus (a nobis non visus) perianthii s egmentis succulentis et baccam simulantibus involutus; pericarpium extus carnosum, intus pergameneum, placenta sub originis styli indurata. Semen subglobosum, testa

membranacea; cotyledones foliaceæ, plicatæ, 1adicula supera longa.—Frutices teneri, glabri, ramosissimi, inermes. Folia alterna, petiolata, abrupte acuminata, integerrima, pennivenia, venis primariis fere transversis crebris; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ. Spicæ utriusque sexus amentiformes, breves, fere sessiles, & sæpius geminæ v. ad innovationes fasciculatæ, Q ad axillas solitariæ. (Char. fructus ex Bureau.)

364

Species 2, Madagascarienses. Habitu Ampali accedunt sed præter characteres florales foliorum venatione facile distinguuntur.

31. Paratrophis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 81.—Flores dioici v. monoici, utriusque sexus spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis obtusis concavis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum turbinatum. Fl. &: Perianthium minimum, 4-partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Ovarium sessile, exsertum, rectum; stylus centralis, fere a basi 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Achsenium subdrupaceum, parvum, ovoideum, perianthio parvo persistenti basi stipatum, apice stylo brevi mucronatum; exocarpium tenuiter carnosulum; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen subglobosum, pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen 0 v. in parte inferiore parcum et inter plicas embryonis leviter intrusum; cotyledones subcarnoso-foliaceæ, subæquales, latissimæ, contortuplicatæ, radiculam ascendentem amplectentes.— Arbores excelsæ, lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, crenata v. subintegerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, caducæ. Spicæ axillares, & breviter amentiformes, & laxifloræ, v. utriusque sexus elongatæ floribundæ. Inflorescentia & in specie typica haud raro monstrosa paniculato-ramosissima bracteis numerosissimis minimis vacuis obtecta.

Species 4, quarum typica 1, Novo-Zelandica, parvifolia, brevispica. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 235. Raoul Choix, Pl. Nouv. Zel. t. 9 (Epicarpurus), ab hac tamen generice non separandus videtur Uromorus, Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 236, Seem Fl. Vit. t. 73 (Trophis), species 3 ex insulis maris Pacifici et Philippinarum continens. Characteres floris et fructus omnino Paratrophidus, habitu solo different. Folia enim multo majora et spicæ utriusque sexus elongatæ floribundæ, differentiæ non majores quam illæ quæ Morum pendulinum, Endl., a M. Brunomano, Endl., separant, quas Bureau pro varietatibus unius speciei Pseudomori habet.

32. Pseudomorus, Bur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xi. 371, et in DC. Prod. xvii. 249.— Flores monoici v. dioici, utriusque sexus spicati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis concavis leviter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideum. Fl. ♀: Perianthium parvum, 4-partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Ovarium sessile, exsertum; stylus centralis, fere ad basin 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus æqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Achænium drupaceum, parvum, subglobosum, perianthio immutato insidens; exocarpium tenue succulentum; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen ad basin seminis parcum v. 0; embryo subglobosus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis, altera majore curvula alteram minorem subglobosam fovente, radicula recurvo-ascendente. - Arbor v. frutex lactescens. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima v. denticulata, pennivenia ; stipulæ laterales, lanceolatæ, parvæ, deciduæ. Spice axillares, breviter pedunculate, d'amentiformes, breves v. valde elongate, dense floribundæ, ad axillas solitariæ v. geminæ, bracteis parvis; Q breviter cylindraceæ oblongæ v. subcapitatæ, floribus paucis arcte contiguis sessilibus.

Species 1, Australiæ et insulæ Norfolk incola. Endl. Atakta, t. 32 (Morus).

Genus Paratrophidi valde affine, nec nisi floribus ? confertioribus et embryone distinguendum.

33. Morus, Lina. Gen. n. 1055. — Flores monoici v. dioici, utriusque sexus spicati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum turbinatum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta 4, ovata, decussatim imbricata, in fructu succulenta. Ovarium inclusum, ovoideum v. subglobosum; stylus centralis, fere ad basin 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus æqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus perianthio aucto succulento inclusus; exocarpium plus minus succulentum, tenue v. crassissimum; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen subglobosum, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum, sat

copiosum; embryo incurvus, cotyledonibus oblongis æqualibus, radicula sursum incumbente.—Arbores v. frutices lactescentes. Folia alterna, dentata, integra v. 3-loba, basi 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, caducæ. Spicæ ad axillas solitariæ, breviter pedunculatæ, & longæ v. cylindraceæ amentiformes; quant elongatæ densifloræ fructibus parum succulentis, nunc breves, densissime oblongæ v. fere globosæ, perianthiis valde succulentis arcte contiguis, baccam seu syncarpium bacciforme simulantibus sed revera semper distinctis.

Species a variis auctoribus descriptæ 10-12, a Bureau (Botanicis Indicis vix assentientibus) ad 5 reductæ, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis et montium inter tropicos utriusque orbis incolæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 238. Scr. Descr. et. Cult. Mur. Paris, 1855, cum tabulus 25. Wats. Denarol. Brit. t. 149. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 32. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 657, 658. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 52. Done. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 151. Wight, Ic. t. 674, 675, 677. Brand. For. Fl. t. 47.

34. Ampalis, Boj. Hort. Mawrit. 291.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis levissime imbricatis v. subvalvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum truncatum. Fl. Q: Perianthii segmenta 4, rotundata, decussatim imbricata, fructifera carnosa. Ovarium inclusum, compressum; stylus centralis v. parum excentricus, fere ad basin 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis rigide filiformibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus (a nobis non visus) perianthio carnoso subinclusus, globoso-subcompressus, stigmatibus persistentibus superatus, achænium mentiens sed vere drupeolatus, endocarpio corneo tenui. Semen pendulum, testa tenuissime membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crassa, facie plana contiguæ, in molem obconico-compressam coactæ; radicula cotyledones æquans marginibus sursum accumbens. Arbor frondosa, succo opalino. Folia alterna, petiolata, apice rotundata v. brevissime obtuseque acuminata, coriacea, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, caducissimæ. Spicæ in axillis brevissime pedunculatæ, densæ, sæpius breviter cylindraceæ. (Char. fruct. ex Bureau.)

Species 1, Madagascariensis, in hortis botanicis inter tropicos sæpe culta. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 251. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 617 (Morus).

Genus Moro valde affine, differt habitu, foliis, et ex Bureau embryone. Radiculam cotyledonibus accumbentem adhuc in More is non observavimus.

35. Trophis, Linn. Gen. n. 1103. (Bucephalon, Linn. Gen. n. 1230.)—Flores dioici, spicati v. racemosi. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partium v. 4-fidum, segmentis lobisve crassiusculis valvatis. Stamina 4, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideum v. turbinatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium tubulosum, carnosulum, ovario adnatum, superne circa stylum breviter liberum, ore contracto 4-dentato. Ovarium inferum, carnosum; stylus intra perianthium liber, conicus v. subcylindraceus, apice exsertus 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis brevibus v. elongatis filiformibus sæpe recurvis ; ovulum ex apice loculi pendulum. Fructus globosus, carnosus, pericarpio perianthiique tubo arcte concretis, limbo minimo coronatus. Semen globosum, testa tenui ; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus carnosis æqualibus semiglobosis, radicula brevissima Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. paucidentata, supera. - Arbores fruticesve. ramorum sterilium interdum lobata, subtus prominenter pennivenia et reticulata; stipulæ laterales, minime, caduce. Spice v. racemi in axillis solitarii v. gemini, 3 laxe floribundi, 2 sæpius breves pauciflori, floribus sessilibus v. breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 5 v. 6, v. apud Bureau pauciores, Indiæ occidentalis Mexici et Americæ australis Andinæ incolæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 252. P. Br. Hist. Jam. t. 37. Plum. Ic. ed. Burm. 67. Lam. Illustr. t. 806 (Bucephalon).

Genus pluribus notis, imprimis ovario infero cum Sorocea convenit et specimina sæpe in herbariis confusa; differt tamen floribus & Morearum nec Artocarpearum et embryone.

36. Sloetia, Teijsm. et Binnend. ex Kurz in Journ. Linn. Soc. viii. 167, t. 13.— Flores monoici, in spicas amentiformes androgynas v. masculas densissime conferti. Fl. &: Perianthium alte 3-fidum, lobis membranaceis apice rotundatis leviter imbricatis. Stamina

3, filamentis in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, elongato-conicum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis decussatim imbricatis, exterioribus paullo majoribus interiora et ovarium rectum arcte obtegentibus. Stylus subcentralis, 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis longissime filiformibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Fructus ovoideo-globosus, primum perianthio aucto inclusus, rectus, stylo persistente terminatus, 'maturescens contactu etiam lævi elastice exsiliens' (Kurz). Semen (in speciminibus nostris immaturum) 'obovatum; albumen ut videtur 0; cotyledones latæ, inæquales, submembranaceæ, majore paullulum concava marginibus inflexis, minore interiore, radicula longiuscula ad hilum versa' (Bureau).—Arbor vasta, lactescens, ligno duro. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, sæpe ampla, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, lineari-lanceolatæ, caducissimæ. Spicæ ad axillas solitariæ v. geminæ, longiusculæ. Flores & numerosissimi, minimi, sessiles, juniores in rhache leviter complanata uno latere densissime conferti, bracteis peltatis obtecti, per anthesin rhachin undique obtegentes, et spica cylindracea evadit. Flores & perpauci, in parte inferiore spicæ sparsi, masculis multo majores eminentesque, in spicis pluribus omnino desunt.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 257. Huc pertinent etiam specimina Penangiana, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 9090, et Malaccensia a Maingayo lecta. In horto Calcuttensi colebatur sub nomine Mori bifarii.

37. Dorstonia, Linn. Gen. n. 158. (Kosaria, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 164; Ic. t. 20. Sychinium, Desv. in Mem. Soc. Linn. Par. iv. 216, t. 12.)—Flores monoici, in receptaculo explanato androgyno densissime conferti. Perianthia utriusque sexus in stratum carnosum receptaculi superficiem vestientem plus minus connata, alveolas unisexuales formantia; limbi interdum ad margines alveolarum leviter prominuli obscure 2-lobi v. 2-dentati. Alveolæ & parum immersæ, perianthii lobis interdum distincte prominentibus crassis. Stamina 2, rarius 1 v. 3, filamentis primum inflexis, demum porrectis exsertis. Ovarii Alveolæ 2 profundius excavatæ, ore sæpe subclauso, foramine circa rudimentum 0. stylum minuto. Ovarium inclusum; stylus excentricus v. fere lateralis, exsertus, superne 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis subulatis; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Fructus demum ex alveolis protrusi, parvi; exocarpium carnosulum; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen endocarpio conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones subæquales, contortuplicate, radiculam ascendentem amplectentes.—Herbæ perennes v. frutices parvi, lactescentes, habitu vario, rhizomate v. caule sæpe incrassato. Folia nunc in rhizomate longe petiolata, integra v. lobata, basi sæpius 3-5-nervia, nonnunquam peltata, nunc in speciebus caulescentibus alterna, integerrima, pennivenia ; stipulæ laterales, distinctæ, caducæ v. diu persistentes. Receptacula ad axillas longe pedunculata, forma etiam in eadem specie valde variabilia, concava v. plana, orbiculata v. quadrata et integerrima v. varie lobata, nunc in lacinias 2-3 longas angustas fimbriatasque divisa, v. margine circa discum floridum incrassata v. membranacea. Flores utriusque sexus numerosi, minimi, intermixti, fœminei sæpius masculis 3-4 circumdati, v. rarissime receptacula unisexualia. Bracteæ inconspicuæ.

Species editæ 45, quarum una Asiatica in India orientali, cæteræ omnes Americæ v. Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 259. Wight, Ic. t. 1964. Schweinf. Pl. Nilot. t. 12. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 102. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. i. t. 137 ad 142. Mig. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 55 ad 61. Morie. Pl. Nouv. Amer. t. 58, 59, 64. Field. et Gardn. Sert. Pl. t, 13, 14. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 614. Hook. Exot. Fl t. 6; Ic. Pl. t. 220, 399. Bot. Mag. t. 2017, 2476, 2760, 2804, 5795, 5908. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 677, 999, 1005, 1216, 1784. Lemaire. Illustr. Hortic. t. 362. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 303.

38. Trymatococcus, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 30, t. 142, ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 35 repetita.—Flores monoici, receptaculo primum cylindraceo v. turbinato mox globoso androgyno affixa. Fl. & in margine receptaculi numerosi: Perianthium minimum, 3-4-fidum, lobis subvalvatis. Stamina 3-4, filamentis primum inflexis demum porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q in fundo receptaculi solitarius. Perianthium receptaculo arcte adnatum, apice brevissime liberum, ore contracto subdentato. Ovarium inclusum, rectum; stylus exsertus, superne bifidus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus

æqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus receptaculo globoso floribus masculis persistentibus coronato inclusus; pericarpium receptaculo adnatum. Semen globosum, apice lateraliter affixum, testa tenuiter subcoriacea; albumen 0; embryo globosus, cotyledonibus crassissimis carnosis parum v. valde inæqualibus, radicula brevissima inclusa.—Arbores fruticesve haud lactescentes (Pæppig). Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, subtus prominenter pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, caducissimæ. Receptacula in axillis solitaria v. fasciculata, breviter pedunculata, primum saltem in specie africana tubo turbinato margine expansa, fructifera in utraque specie globosa, ore contracto, massa florum masculorum marcescentium coronato. Stylus sub anthesi inter flores masculos numerosissimos occultus, mox exsertus.

Species 2, altera regionis Amazonicæ Americæ australis, altera Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola. Bur. in DC. Prod. vii. 278. Baill. Adans. xi. 300.

Genus florum in receptaculo dispositione Lanessaniæ et Bosquieæ accedit, sed flores & Morearum nec Artocarpearum.

#### TRIBUS V. ARTOCARPEÆ.

39. Ficus, Linn. Gen. n. 1168.—Flores monoici v. rarissime dioici, receptaculo carnoso globoso ovoideo pyriformi v. rarius oblongo sæpissime androgyno ados parvum ∞-seriatim bracteato inclusi. Fl. J: Perianthium 2-6-fidum v. partitum, lobis segmentisve imbricatis, rarissime ad squamam unicam reductum. Stamina 1-2, v. rarius 3-6, filamentis brevibus rectis; antheræ exsertæ v. inclusæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Perianthii segmenta quam in mare sæpius pauciora angustioraque, nunc tamen tenuia et late imbricata v. minuta v. 0. Ovarium rectum v. mox obliquum ; stylus saltem post fecundationem excentricus v. lateralis, brevis v. filiformis, apice in stigma peltatum, cavum, oblongo-lanceolatum, lineari-lanceolatum v. longe caudatum rarius inæqualiter 2-crure dilatatus; ovulum apice v. sub apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum. Achænia receptaculo sæpe aucto arcte inclusa, perianthio fructifero immutato v. rarius succulento stipata v. vestita, v. in paucis speciebus nuda; pericarpium crustaceum induratum siccum v. extus succulentum, rarius totum carnosum. Semen pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen sepius parcum; embryo curvus, cotyledonibus æqualibus v. inæqualibus interdum plicatis, radicula sursum incumbente.—Arbores fruticesve lactescentes. Folia alterna v. rarius opposita, integerrima dentata v. lobata, forma et venatione quam maxime varia; Receptacula sæpius gemina v. stipulæ gemman terminalem involventes, caducissimæ uno abortiente solitaria, ad axillas v. ad nodos defoliatos ramorum vetustiorum, interdum in ramis distinctis aphyllis conferta v. racemosa, pedunculo sæpius brevissimo apice 3-bracteato v. nudo. Bracteæ ad os receptaculi ∝-seriatæ, parvæ, exteriores sæpe erectæ umbonem terminalem efficiunt, interiores horizontales v. intra receptaculum reflexæ. Flores & interdum numerosi foemineis intermixti, sæpe tamen iis pauciores, interdum perpauci in parte superiore v. juxta os receptaculi, 2 sæpius numerosi, receptaculum intus fere totum v. partem inferiorem obducentes. Bracteolæ inter flores ç sæpius parvæ v. 0, nunc inter superiores & v. rarius ubique majores, flores achæniaque superantes.

Species enumeratæ v. in herbariis nostris servatæ ultra 600, per regiones calidiores utrusque orbis late dispersæ, maxima copia in Archipelago Malayano et insulis maris Pacifici vigentes, paucæ extra tropicos extensæ, imprimis in orbe vetere ubi usque ad Japoniam, et regionem Mediterraneam necnon in Africa australi inveniuntur; in America boreali Mexico excepta desunt, et in America meridionali vix lineam tropicam excedunt. Mig. Prod. Monogr. Fic. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 514, meridionali vix lineam tropicam excedunt. Mig. Prod. Monogr. Fic. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 514, in vol. vii. continuatus; Afrik. Vijg. Boom. Amstelodami 1849, cum tabb. 5, et in Ann. Mus. Lugd. in vol. vii. continuatus; Afrik. Vijg. Boom. Amstelodami 1849, cum tabb. 5, et in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. 260. Walp. Ann. i. 706, iii. 417. Bur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xiv. 246. Seem. Fl. Vit. Bat. iii. 260. Walp. Ann. i. 706, iii. 417. Bur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xiv. 246. Liebm. 247. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 161. Bak. Fl. Maurit. 283. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 436. Liebm. Urt. Mex. in R. Dansk. Vid. Selsk. Skrift. ser. 5, ii. 319 (Urostigna) et 331 (Pharmacosycea).

Genus vastum et naturalissimum, in integrum servatum facillime cognoscendum, species continet habitu, florum utriusque sexus intra receptaculum dispositione, perianthio, staminum numero et habitu, florum utriusque sexus intra receptaculum dispositione, perianthio, staminum numero et stigmatis forma sat diversas, et auctores varii, imprimis Gasparrini in Nov. Gen. Fic., Neapoli, 1844, et

in Ricerche sul Caprifico e Fico in Rendic. R. Accad. Sc. Napoli, iv. (1845), et Miquel in Monographia citata, eas in plura genera distribuere tentaverant. Postea tamen ipse Miquel fateri coactus fuit 'species per genera naturalia fructificationis et habitu characteribus distincta distribuendi tentamen ad finem nunc perduci non posse, quum complurima specierum receptacula et flores nondum satis explorati sint,' et genera sua iterum conjunxit in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. 214 et 260 ad 300, ubi enumerationem dedit specierum 555 in subgenera seu sectiones 6 distributarum. Ex his sectionibus 4 v. 5 sequentes retinendæ videntur, etsi adhuc vix limitibus certis definiendæ sint, et genus totum monographo assiduo acriter commendamus.

1. Urostigma. Perianthium & sepius 3-merum. Stamen 1. Perianthium & 4-6-merum. Stigma elongatum, sepius acutum. Folia alterna, integerrima, sepius coriacea, levia. Receptacula sepissime axillaria. Species in utroque orbe numerose. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 36. Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 114. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 125. Bot. Mag. t. 2939, 3305. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 223. Wight, Ic. t. 640, 642, 647, 653, 656 ad 658, 660, 662, 663, 665, 668, 671, 1967, 1989. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 314. Brand. For. Fl. t. 48. Vahl, Symb. i. t. 22, 23. Ferr. et Galin. Voy. Abyss. t. 15. Urostigma, Gasp. Nov. Gen. Fic. 7; Riccrch. Caprif. e Fic. t. 7. Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 514 t. 21 ad 23, vii. t. 12, 13; Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 332, t. 24; Afr. Vijg. Boom. t. 3 ad 5; et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 89, t. 27 ad 31. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 68. Bot. Her. Voy. t. 35, 36. VISIANIA, Gasp. Nov. Gen. Fic. 9, nomen in Macrophthalmum mutatum in Riccrch. Caprif. e Fic. 82. Galoglychia, Gasp. Nov. Gen. Fic. 10; Riccrch. Caprif. e. Fic. t. 8.

U. sphæridiophorum. Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vi. 543, delendum est. Specimen descriptum est pars folii pinnati Simabæ truchilioidis. St. Hil., cum receptaculis 2 Fici cujusdam, in eadem charta casu servatis, ut rite notavit Planchon in Herb. Hook.

2? Pharmacosyce, perianthio seepius 4-mero, staminibus 2, parum ab Urostigmate differt. Species continet paucas, omnes Americanas, habitu omnino Urostigmatis. Pharmacosycea, Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 64, t. 2, et in Mart. Fl Bras. iv. i. 83, t. 25, 26.

Pharmacosycea guianensis, Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 67, quæ ab auctore in Ficum transfertur sub nomine F. Parkeri nobis a F. radula, Willd., non vere distincta videtur. Pharmacosycea Parkeriana, Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 71, in Enumeratione in Ann. Mus. prætermissa, nobis videtur bona species cui nomen specificum F. Parkeriana retinendum.

3. Eusyce. Perianthium & sæpius 5-6-merum rarius 1-3-merum. Stamina 1, 2 v. interdum 3-6. Perianthium \$\foat2 4-6-merum, rarius 2-merum. Stigma brove, obliquum, peltatum v. concavum, rarius breviter rostratum. Folia variant alterna v. opposita, integerrima dentata v. lobata, sæpe scabra. Receptacula axillaria v. ad nodos defoliatos ramorum vetustiorum. Species innumeræ omnes gerontogeæ. Sectio sat naturalis at vix limitibus certis ab Urostigmate definita. Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. t. 3, 6, 14, 15; Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. t. 18 ad 22; Choix, Pl. Rar. Jard. Buitenz. t. 10 ad 13. Vahl, Symb. i. t. 24. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 31. Vriese, Pl. Nouv. Jard. Lugd. t. 3. Bot. Mag. t. 3282. Wight, Ic. t. 632 ad 636, 639, 643, 648, 649 ad 652, 654, 655, 659, 661, 664, 666, 670, 672. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 80. Ferr. et Galin. Voy. Abyss. t. 16. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 99. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 63 ad 67, 69, 70. Caprificus et Tenorea, Gasp. Nov. Gcn. Fic. 6; Ricerch. Caprif. e Fic. t. 1, 2, 7. Sycomorus, Gasp. Ricerch. Caprif. e Fic. 86. Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 109, t. 3, et Afrik. Vijg. Boom. t. 1, 2. Pogonotrophe, Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 72, t. 2. Wight, Ic. t. 1965.

SYNCECIA, Miq., ab auctore in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 469, pro genere proprio propositum fuit, F. diversifoliam, Bl., et F. fulcatam, Thunb., includente, quibus speciebus incaute tribuit flores utriusque sexus prorsus nudos mixtosque. In revisione citata in Ann. Mus. Lugd, Bat. auctor characterem prius datam omnino neglexit, et has duas species in sectiones duas distinctas separavit, Erythrogyne, et Synacia, characteribus tamen quibus ab Eusyce separantur adhuc valde incertis. In Erythrogyne, formas plures invenimus a Miquelio sub F. diversifolia conjunctas, quarum nonnullæ species bene distinctes constituere videntur:--1. F. lutescens, Desf., est Erythrogyne, Vis. in Gasp. Ricerch. Caprif. e Fic. 86, cujus specimen e Horto Petropolitano characteres a Visianio datos bene Folia elliptico-lanceolata apice basique angustata undique pennivenia et ima basi 3-nervia et plus minus distincte subtus 2-glandulosa. Receptacula pedunculata, ovoidea v. demum subglobosa, floribus & in parte superiore co longiuscule pedicellatis 2-andris, floribus Q in parte inferiore numerosis sessilibus, perianthii segmentis angustis discretis. Huic simillimum est specimen Javense a Miquelio receptum sub nomine F. diversifolia, Bl. 2. Specimina Miqueliana F. diversifolize var. receptaculo sessili et subsessili, o Java. His folia F. lutescentis sed receptacula longiora primum angustiora ad axillas sessilia. Hanc formam segre distinguimus ab F. Motleyana, Miq., cujus verisimiliter varietas est. 3. F. diversifolia, Blume, e variis insulis Archipelagi varietates

- plures (et forte species nonnullas) præbet quoad magnitudinem foliorum et receptaculorum et florum structura sat diversas. In omnibus folia late obovato-cuneata v. rotundata, costa media furcata v. dichotoma, glandula nigra in pagina inferiore in axilla ramorum, ut bene notavit Blume. Receptacula globosa plus minus pedunculata. In plerisque varietatibus examinatis flores 3 in parte superiore plures sessiles v. pedicellati 2-3-andri, \$\partial\$ inferiores numerosi sessiles perianthiis omnibus e segmentis 2-3 brevibus latis crassis nigrisque; in specimine tamen in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. t. 9 B, delineato, flores 3 desunt, \$\partial\$ numerosi prorsus nudi, ovaria plurima perfecta, jam post anthesin aucta v. fere matura, intermixta sunt cum aliis numerosis minimis ovuliferis sed non fecundatis, quæ forte Miquel in Lond. Journ. vii. 469, pro staminibus nudis descripsit. 4. F. retusa, Wall. (F. ovoidea, Wall., F. sideroxylifolia, Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 551, f. 2). Folia anguste v. latiuscule oblonga, obtusissima, costa ut in F. diversifolia bifurcata, receptaculis multo minoribus globosis, floribus omnibus sessilibus v. 3 breviter pedicellatis, cæterum fere F. diversifolia.
- 4. Synacia, qualis pro sectione a Miquelio in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. 289, definitur, species paucas continet habitu inter se paullum diversas ex Archipelago Malayano. Receptacula magna, floribus numerosis utriusque sexus intermixtis, masculis monandris plerumque longe pedicellatis, fœmineis sessilibus ovario tamen intra perianthium plus minus stipitato. Perianthii segmenta utriusque sexus angusta tenuia. Stigma Eusyces. Huc pertinent Synacia falcata, Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. t. 11, Choix, Pl. Rar. Buitenz. t. 14, in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ad F. punctatam, Thunb., relata; F. kallicarpa (rectius callicarpa), Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. t. 10; F. apiocarpa, Miq.; et F. pomiformis, Kurz.
- 5. Covelliu. Perianthii & segmenta 3 v. 4, lata, sese involventia. Stamen sepius 1. Perianthium  $\varphi$  minimum v. 0, v. demum si ovario æquilongum tenuissimum truncatum v. brevissime obtusilobum. Stigma peltatum v. obliquum. Receptacula sepius in trunco v. in ramulis brevibus v. distinctis aphyllis. Folia ut in Eusyce opposita v. alterna. Sectio quoad species plerasque naturalis, nonnullæ tamen habitu Covelliæ in Urostigmate v. Eusyce a Miquelio collocantur. Omnes Asiaticæ sunt v. Australienses. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 123, 124. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 36. Wight, Ic. t. 637, 638, 641, 644, 645, 648, 667, 669, 673, 1966. Brand. For. Fl. t. 49. Serm. Fl. Vit. t. 71. Covellia, Gasp. Nov. Gen. Fic. 10; Rucerch. Caprif. e Fic. t. 8. Miq. in Hook. Lond. Journ. vii. 458, t. 7 ad 9; Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 322, t. 23; et Choix, Pl. Rar. Buttenz. t. 15. Sycomorphe, Miq. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, i. 35. Cystogyne, Gasp. Ricerch. Caprif. e Fic. 84, t. 8, species nonnullas includit perianthio  $\varphi$  tenuissimo ovario æquilongo, a Covellius perianthio  $\varphi$  minimo v. 0 ab auctore distinctas.
- 40. Sparattosyce, Bur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xi. 379, t. 6.—Flores dioici, in receptaculis primum ficiformibus demum ruptis explanatisque numerosi. Fl. &: Perianthium 3-6partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Stamina 3-6, filamentis brevibus rectis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum breve. Fl. 2: Perianthium 6-10-partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Ovarium liberum; stylus elongatus, sublateralis, indivisus v. 2-fidus, ramis stigmatosis longe filiformibus exsertis; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Fructus perianthio persistente stipatus, exocarpio tenui, endocarpio crasso osseo. Semen sub apice affixum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones latissime, reclinate, conduplicato-corrugate, inferiore exteriore interiorem et radiculam superam circumducente.—Arbores. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ gemmam terminalem tegentes, caducissimæ. Receptacula ad axillas solitaria, breviter pedunculata, primum pyriformia more Fici foramine parvo co-bracteato pertusa, per anthesin in lacinias irregulares patentes v. recurvas divisa, superficie interiore bracteolis segmentisque perianthiorum lanceolatis membranaccis fuscescentibus obtecta. (Char. fruct. ex Bureau.) Species 2, Novo-Caledonicæ. Bur. in DC. Prod. xvii. 288.

Genus tam habitu quam receptaculis junioribus *Fico* quam maxime affine, nec differre videtur nisi receptaculis demum divisis et (an constanter?) stylo. Flores dioici etiam in *Fico* observantur etsi rarius.

41. Brosimum, Swartz, Prod. 12; Fl. Ind. Occid. i. 15, t. 1. (Piratinera, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 888, t. 340, charactere falso. Galactodendron, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. 163.)—Flores monoici, receptaculo globoso androgyno affixi. Fl. & numerosi, superficiem exteriorem receptaculi obtegentes: Perianthium breviter cupulatum v. a receptaculo vix distinctum. Stamen 1 (rarius 21), filamento brevi erecto; anthera parva ovaria.

rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 in centro receptaculi plus minus immersus solitarius (v. rarius 2 in locellis distinctis?): Perianthium 0 v. cum receptaculo omnino concretum. Ovarium receptaculo inclusum et basi adnatum, superne in stylum breviter exsertum attenuatum; ramis stigmatosis exsertis crassiusculis patentibus; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Fructus globosus, receptaculo carnoso v. plus minus exsiccato quasi corticatus; pericarpium basi cum receptaculo concretum, apice liberum etsi inclusum (v. rarius demum apice exsertum?). Semen subglobosum, apice v. sub apice lateraliter affixum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crassæ, carnosæ, subæquales, radicula parva supera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia breviter petiolata, integerrima, demum coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, caducissimæ. Florum receptacula ad axillas sæpius gemina, pedunculis mox reflexis, v. interdum ramulis floriferis brevibus subaphyllis quasi racemosa. Bracteæ sub receptaculo parvæ arcte appressæ v. 0. Bracteolæ inter flores & numerosæ, sæpissime peltatæ brevissimeque stipitatæ, superficiem totam ante anthesin obtegentes, in paucis speciebus minores v. minus conspicuæ, etiam in fructu sæpius persistentes.

Species ad 8, per Americam tropicam a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum dispersæ. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3. viii. 139, t. 6. Walp. Ann. i. 666. Tuss. in Journ. Bot. i. (1808), 202, t. 8. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 148. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. 1v. i. t. 32, 33.

Genus Aubletianum, pessime descriptum, ab auctoribus necessarie neglectum, nunc futile substitueretur pro Swartziano optime definito et tam diu ab omnibus botanicis recepto.

42. Lanessania, Baill. Adans. xi. 298.—Flores monoici, receptaculo carnoso anguste turbinato v. obpyramidato androgyno affixi. Fl. δ numerosi, apicem explanatum receptaculi obtegentes, arcte conferti, basi subconnati: Perianthium tubulosum, carnosulum, brevissime obtuseque 3-4-fidum. Stamina 2 rarius 3, filamentis inclusis rectis crassis; antheræ parvæ, loculis adnatis. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minute subulatum. Flos φ in centro receptaculi unicus. Perianthium a receptaculo carnoso haud distinctum canalem centralem efficiens. Ovarium in fundo receptaculi inferum; stylus intra canalem liber, apice exsertus, ramis stigmatosis elongatis; ovulum ex apice loculi pendulum. Fructus parvus, globosus (in speciminibus imperfectus).—Arbuscula lactescens, ramulis receptaculisque fulvo-tomentellis. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, subtus insigniter pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa; stipulæ parvæ, liberæ, caducæ. Receptacula ad axillas solitaria, pedunculo brevi patente v. reflexo. Bracteæ circa marginem receptaculi vix prominentes, fere tuberculiformes, tomentellæ, obscure 2-3-seriatæ.

Species quoad flores bene nota unica, Brasiliæ borealis incola (*Spruce n.* 1825). Huic forte addenda species quoad folia simillima, a Spruceo sub nomine *Soroceæ* n. 1635 distributa. Specimina absque floribus fructus paucos parvos imperfectos præbent.

43. Rosquica, Thou. ex Baill. Adans. iii. 338, t. 10, et viii. 72, t. 4.—Flores monoici, receptaculo campanulato v. obconico androgyno affixi. Fl. 3 receptaculi faciem interiorem obtegentes: Perianthia 0. Stamina bracteis intermixta, filamentis erectis; antheræ erectæ, ovales v. oblongæ. Flos Q unicus in centro receptaculi immersus: Perianthium 0 (nisi cum receptaculo concretum). Ovarium in fundo receptaculi inferum; stylus exsertus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Fructus inferus; pericarpium a receptaculo adnato urceolato v. subgloboso apice bracteolarum staminumque reliquiis coronato non distinguendum. Semen (maturum a nobis non visum) descendens, albumine carnoso copioso, embryone subapicali minimo (Baill.).—Arbores. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, caducæ. Receptacula ad axillas solitaria, sessilia v. pedunculata, margine æqualiter v. oblique bracteis brevibus involucrata.

Species 3 v. 4, Madagascariæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ, quarum una a Welwitschio sub nomine Centrogynis angolensis distributa.

Genus primo intuitu *Trymatococce* similis sed stamina *Artocarpearum* nec *Morearum*. Seminum structura, si rite observata, ab omnibus *Urticaceis* abhorret albumine copioso carnoso et embryone minimo. An forte cotyledones pro albumine radicula cum plumula pro embryone descriptæ?

44. Scyphosyce, Baill. Adans. xi. 293.—Flores monoici, receptaculo tubuloso-cupulato androgyno inclusi. Fl. & in fundo receptaculi co-seriati. Perianthium anguste tubulosum, obtuse 2-4-dentatum. Stamen 1, filamento recto; anthera oblonga, erecta, exserta. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flos q in centro receptaculi unicus : Perianthium masculis æquilongum, segmentis 2 distinctis latis uno alterum pistillumque involvente. superum, perianthio inclusum; stylus subulatus, primum centralis, demum fere lateralis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis longiuscule filiformibus; ovulum apice oblique affixum, pendulum. Fructus junior ovoideo-globosus, receptaculi limbo deciduo denudatus, basi reliquiis florum & cinctus iisque longior; maturus nobis deest.—Herba dicitur perennis, simplex, \(\frac{1}{2}\)-1-pedalis; caulis tamen durus et in sicco lignosus videtur, basi radicans. Folia alterna, in parte superiore conferta, brevissime petiolata, oblonga, acuminata, integerrima v. denticulata, membranacea, pennivenia; stipulæ liberæ, angustæ. Receptacula parva, ad axillas pedunculata, basi carnosula florifera, parte superiore v. limbo cupulato membranaceo margine breviter 4-5-lobo.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola.

45. Antieris, Lesch. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. 478, t. 22. (Lepurandra, Grah. Cat. Pl. Bomb. 193.)—Flores monoici, & dense capitati, 2 solitarii, receptaculo utriusque sexus bracteis ∞-seriatis imbricatis involucrato. Fl. ♂: Perianthium 4- rarius 3-partitum, segmentis spathulatis apice concavis imbricatis. Stamina 4, rarius 3, filamentis brevibus erectis liberis: antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0 (v. cum recep-Ovarium involucro inclusum et receptaculo adnatum; stylus taculo concretum?). 2-partitus, ramis subulatis exsertis recurvis superne stigmatosis; ovulum ab apice Fructus carnosus, pericarpio cum receptaculo aucto concreto. pendulum, testa crustacea v. indurata; albumen 0; embryo subglobosus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis æqualibus, radicula parva supera.—Arbores fruticesve lactescentes. Folia alterna, disticha, petiolata, pennivenia, integerrima v. serrata. Stipulæ laterales v. intra petiolum connatæ, parvæ, caducissimæ. Receptacula ad axillas breviter pedunculata, 3 sæpius gemina v. pauca, plana v. convexa, Q solitaria.

Species 5 v. 6, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii, 143, t. 6. Walp. Ann. i. 667. Br. in Flind. Voy. t. 5. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. t. 13. Blum. Rumph. t. 22, 23, 54. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 72; Bonplandia, 1862, t. 7. Hook. Comp. Bot. Mag. i. t. 17. Wight, Ic. t. 1958. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 307.

46. Olmedia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 129, t. 28; Syst. Vey. 257.-Flores dioici, ∂ dense capitati, ♀ solitarii, receptaculo utriusque sexus bracteis ∞-seriatis involucrato. Fl. &: Perianthium obovoideum, tenuiter membranaceum, demum valvatim 4-fidum, v. angustius 4-partitum, segmentis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis ad basin segmentorum affixis liberis erectis; antheræ exsertæ, in alabastro pendulæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minutum (flores interdum 5-meri?). Fl. 2: Perianthium basi ovoideum, demum globosum, apice foramine parvo pertusum v. in collum tenue circa stylum Ovarium inclusum, rectum; stylus centralis, tenuis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis filiformibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus perianthio membranaceo v. crassiusculo inclusus; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen globosum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales v. parum inæquales, radicula minima supera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima v. remote Receptacula ad axillas dentata, paucivenia; stipulæ oblongæ, sericeæ, caducissimæ. solitaria v. gemina, in speciebus typicis sessilia, in aliis breviter pedunculata.

Species descriptæ v. in herbariis obviæ 6. Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ, nonnullæ uno sexu tantum noto adhuc dubire. Trèc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 127, t. 2. Walp. Ann. i. 662. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 143, 144. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. t. 633.

Characteres nostri, imprimis ab O. aspera, R. et Pav., deducti sunt cujus flores utriusque sexus fructusque examinavimus, ut et ab iconibus Pæppigianis speciminibusque unius sexus aliarum specierum. O. grandifolia, Trec., et O. guianensis, Trec., a Baillonio referentur ad Maquiram (Perebeam? v. Helicostylem?). O. calophylla, Popp., nobis videtur Perebeæ species. O. tomentosa, Pepp., a Bureau ad *Helicosiylem* refertur. O. armata, Miq., in Seem. Bot. Her., est verisimiliter Castilloæ species. Pskudolmedia, Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. 21, t. 111, a Pseudolmedia, Tréc., certe diversa, nobis characteres omnes Olmediæ ostendere videtur, exceptis floribus & 5-meris, et perianthio \$\frac{1}{2}\$ basi ovario adnato.

47. Pseudolmedia, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 129, t. 5.-Flores dioici, & capitati, 2 solitarii, receptaculo utriusque sexus bracteis c-seriatis involucrato. Fl. 3: Perianthium 0. Stamina (flores singuli) numerosa, receptaculo intra involucrum plano v. concavo (sine ordine?) imposita, squamis lineari-spathulatis (bracteolis?) intermixta, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum v. tubulosum, crassiusculum, apice foramine parvo integro v. denticulato pertusum. Ovarium inclusum, basi uno latere adnatum; stylus rigidule filiformis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis subæqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus ovoideus, perianthio aucto carnosulo inclusus, et plus minus uno latere adnatus, involucro ad basin fructus immutato; pericarpium crustaceum. Semen prope apicem affixum v. (ex Buill.) pericarpio lateraliter longe adnatum, testa membranacea; albumen 0 v. perparcum; cotyledones crasso-carnose, valde inequales, radicula parva supera.—Arbores fruticesve (haud lactescentes?). Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, tenuiter coriacea, nitidula, pennivenia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, parvæ, caducissimæ. Capitula & et flores 2 ad axillas sessilia, solitaria v. gemina. Involucri bracteæ utriusque sexus pluriseriatim imbricatæ, in fœmineis tamen pauciores et sub fructu parvæ. Fructus in una saltem specie ruber dicitur et edulis.

Species 4 v. 5, Americæ tropicæ Andınæ et centralis et Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Walp. Ann. i. 663. Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 152.

Olmediosis, Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. 17, t. 109, ex icone et charactere dato, a Pseudolmedia, Tréc., non Karst., non rite distinguitur. Genus caterum quosad flores masculos Castilloam refert, famineis tamen ut in Olmedia solitariis.

48. Castilloa, Cervant. in Gaz. Litt. Mexico, 1794, cc. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 136, t. 5.—Flores monoici, utriusque sexus dense capitati, receptaculis unisexualibus planis aut concavis bracteis pluriseriatis involucratis. Fl. 3: Perianthium 0. Stamina (flores singuli?) in receptaculo numerosa, conferta, bracteolis intermixtis, filamentis rectis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum, 4-lobum, lobis crassis arcte contiguis vix imbricatis. Ovarium inclusum, hinc perianthio adnatum; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis filiformibus v. lanceolatis patentibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Perianthia fructifera aucta, tenuiter succulenta v. crassocarnosa, receptaculo insidentia nec concreta, achænia includentia; pericarpium crustaceum. Semen pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radicula parva infera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, sæpius ampla, integerrima v. dentata, pennivenia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem amplam deciduam connatæ. Receptacula 3 ad axillas v. ad nodos defoliatos sæpius plura, pedicellata; 2 solitaria, sessilia v. brevissime pedicellata.

Species 2 v. 3, Americae centralis et ins. Cubæ incolæ. Walp. Ann. i. 665. Collins, Rep. Caoutch. Comm. 1872, t. 2, 3.

Genus quoad flores  $\mathfrak P$  et fructus *Perebeæ* valde affine et forte *C. Markhamiana*, Coll., cujus fl.  $\mathfrak F$  ignoti, ad illam referenda erit. Flores  $\mathfrak F$  *C. elasticæ*, Cerv., fere *Pseudolmediæ*, ab illis *Perebeæ* (si hi rite determinati) longe differunt.

49. Melicostylis, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 134, t. 5.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus globoso-capitati, capitulis bracteis co-seriatim imbricatis involucratis. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis crassiusculis concavis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis erectis; anthere exserte, ovate, connectivo latiusculo. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium basi receptuculo semi-immersum concretumque, limbo 4-partito, segmentis crassis carnosis leviter 2-seriatim imbricatis arcte conniventibus. Ovarium inclusum et uno latere plus minus adnatum; stylus tenuis, terminalis v. demum lateralis, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus sepe tortis; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Perianthia fructifera

in syncarpium irregulariter globosum carnosum  $\infty$ -locellatum arcte conferta et plus minus concreta. Achænia in locellis clausis uno latere adnata, ovata; pericarpium crustaceum. Semen conforme, superne lateraliter affixum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores excelsæ (an lactescentes?). Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, distinctæ, caducissimæ. Capitula  $\mathcal S$  ad axillas sæpius plura, pedunculata,  $\mathcal S$  solitaria sessilia. Bracteolæ intra capitula  $\mathcal S$  sub floribus segmentis perianthii similes, in capitulis  $\mathcal S$  a perianthiis carnosis haud distinguendæ.

Species 2? Americae Amazonicae v. Guianensis incolae. Walp. Ann. i. 664. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 145 (Olmedia).

MAQUIRA, Aubl. Pl. Gui. Suppl. 36, t. 389, arbor Guianensis floribus ob statum juvenilem indescriptis, ex icone speciminibus Guianensibus Helicostylis Pappigiana, Tréc., bene convenit sed genus Aubletianum valde incertum remanet et nomen delendum. Bureau in DC. Prod. xvii. 286, Perebeam laurifoliam, Tréc., ad Maquiram refert, sed folia basi valde inequilatera cum icone haud conveniunt.

50. Perebea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 952, t. 361.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus in receptaculo concavo demum plano convexo v. subgloboso bracteis  $\infty$ -seriatim imbricatis involucrato conferti. Fl.  $\delta$ : Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis crassis 2-seriatim imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Perianthium tubulosum, apice 4-dentatum. Ovarium perianthio alte v. undique adnatum; stylus terminalis, crassus, ramis stigmatosis brevibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Perianthia fructifera carnosa, in capitulo involucrato arcte conferta at distincta; pericarpium . . . Semen . . .—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ parvæ v. mediocres semet amplectentes, caducissimæ. Capitula  $\delta$  ad axillas breviter pedunculata, solitaria v. 2-3-na, bracteis involucrantibus flores non superantibus; capitula Q solitaria, sessilia.

Species 4 v. 5. Americæ tropieæ incolæ si omnes hue rite relatæ. Tric. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 133, t. 5. Walp. Ann. i. 664. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 146 (Olmedia?). Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. t. 112.

Genus adhue imperfecte notum, a Helicostyle differre videtur ovario evidentius infero et styli ramis abbreviatis. Speciem typicam Aubletii non vidimus, character supra datus imprimis e descriptionibus iconibusque citatis redactus, et e speciminibus P. laurifolia, Trèc. Hæc a Bureau ad Maquiram, Aubl., refertur, sed iconi male respondet, imprimis ob folia basi insigniter inæquilatera. Vix tamen dubitamus hæc genera melius nota in unum conjungenda erint sub nomine Aubletiano. Characteres e forma stigmatum sumpti non magis valoris hie videntur quam in Ficu, Culrania, Celtide, Crolone, Euphorbia, aliisque generibus naturalissimis Urticacearum et Euphorbiacearum.

51. Moyera, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 135, t. 5.—Flores dioici?, & ignoti, & globoso-capitati, capitulo bracteis &-seriatim imbricatis involucrato. Perianthium carnosum, ovoideum v. tubulosum, foramine parvo pertusum, v. 4-6-dentatum, v. 4-6-partitum. Ovarium inferum, receptaculo carnoso immersum adnatumque; stylus exsertus, ramis stigmatosis filiformibus v. crassiusculis; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Perianthia fructifera superne aucta, carnosa, supra receptaculum carnosum distincta. Achænia locellis receptaculi inclusa et ei subconnata; pericarpium chartaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones orasso-carnosæ, subæquales, radicula brevissima.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ semet amplectentes, caducissimæ, cicatricem annularem relinquentes. Capitula  $\mathfrak P$  ad axillas solitaria, sessilia.

Species 3, Guianæ v. Brasiliæ horealis incolæ, omnes adhuc imperfecte notæ in genora totidem distincta ab auctoribus distributæ. 1. Novera, Tréc. l.o. Walp. Ann. i. 664, perianthio Q apice foramine parvo integro pertuso. 2. Nauclæopsis, Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 120, t. 35, perianthio Q apice 4-6-dentato. 3. Oncodeia (male Ogoodeia nam γκ semper latine no redditur), Bur. in

DC. Prod. xvii. 282, perianthio  $\varphi$  usque ad basin limbi in segmenta 4-6 angusta crassa (perianthia abortiva, Bur.) diviso. Characteres tamen levioris momentus ad genera separanda haud sufficere videntur, dum flores  $\delta$  ignoti remanent. Genus in integrum a Perebea paullulum differt ovario fructuque in receptaculo immersis.

52. **Melianthostylis**, Baill. Adans. xi. 299.—Flores dioici, & globoso-capitati, bracteis intermixti, receptaculum undique obtegentes; 2 solitarii. Fl. d: Perianthium membranaceum, anguste obconico-tubulosum, apice breviter lateque 4-5-lobum. Stamina 4-5, filamentis rectis demum exsertis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum lineare, hirtellum, in stylum demum longissime filiformem productum. Fl. 9: Perianthium? globosum, carnosulum, ovarium includens eique fere undique arcte adnatum nisi summo apice brevissime solutum, ore parvo. Ovarium inclusum vix a perianthio solvendum; stylus brevissime exsertus, ramis stigmatosis tenuibus rigidulis; ovulum apice lateraliter affixum, pendulum. Fructus globosus, strato exteriore (an perianthium persistens potius quam exocarpium?) carnosulo. interiore (pericarpium verum? v. endocarpium?) chartaceo v. fere cartilagineo ægre solubili, in fructu maturo pericarpium totum exsiccatum, fragile. Semen pendulum, subglobosum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis æqualibus, radicula brevi supera.—Arbuscula, ramis tenuibus, novellis tomentellis mox glabratis. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, acuminata, integerrima, demum tenuiter coriacea, subtus prominule pennivenia et reticulatovenulosa; stipulæ parvæ, laterales, caducissimæ. Inflorescentiæ utriusque sexus ad axillas solitarize, sessiles. Capitula & stricte globosa, stylis effectis undique longissime exsertis insignia. Bracteolæ intra capitulum sub floribus tenuiter setaceæ, apice spathulatodilatatæ v. peltatæ, at parum conspicuæ. Florum 2 perianthium extus breviter densissimeque hirsutum. Fructus extus scaber.

Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis incola, Spruce n. 2097, 2219, 2242, 3775.

53. Cudranta, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 122, t. 3. (Cudranus, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 290.)—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus globoso-capitati, capitulo exinvolucrato. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis oblongis obtusis concavis bracteis 2-4 cinctis. Stamina 4, filamentis filiformibus v. crasso-carnosis perianthii segmentis plus minus adnatis; antheræ erectæ, breviter exsertæ. Ovarii rudimentum subulatum v. 0. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta quam in mare latiora, magis imbricata, ovarium arcte cingentia. Stylus indivisus v. æqualiter v. inæqualiter 2-partitus, ramis stigmatosis elongatofiliformibus v. crassis patentissimisque; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Perianthia fructifera cum bracteis aucta, carnosula, in pseudosyncarpium globosum densissime conferta; pericarpium inclusum, ovatum, compressum, crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenuiter carnosum; embryo plicatus, cotyledonibus latis varie contortuplicatis, æqualibus v. inæqualibus, radiculam longam ascendentem amplectentibus. -Frutices ramosissimi v. scandentes interdum arbusculæ, inflorescentia excepta glabri, spinis axillaribus rectis v. recurvis sæpius armati. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ parvæ, laterales. Capitula ad axillas breviter pedunculata, florifera pisiformia, fructifera colorata usque ad pollicem diametro. Bracteolæ intra capitula utriusque sexus sub quoque flore plures.

Species 2 v. 3, Asiæ tropicæ a Zeylania et Peninsula usque ad Archipelagum Malayanum, Chinam et Japoniam necnon Australiæ tropicæ et Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ. Walp. Ann. i. 661. Bur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, xi. 377. Wight, Ic. t. 1960.

Genus habitu *Plecospermo* simillimum, et cum eo in herbariis sæpe confusum, staminibus facile dignoscendum. Species imprimis stylis inter se distinctæ, aliis characteribus ulterius definiendæ. *Cudraniæ* species tinctoria Africana, å Kirkio in Journ. Linn. Soc. ix. 229 memorata, est *Cardiogyne*, Bur., quam ad *Plecospermum* inter *Moreas* referimus.

54. Treculia, Done.; Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 108, t. 3.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus capitati, cum bracteolis receptaculum carnosum densissime obtegentes, capitulo bracteis paucis stipato. Fl. &: Perianthium tubulosum, membranaceum, apice 2-4,

(sæpius 3-) fidum v. dentatum, basi incrassatum. Stamina 2-4, sæpius 3, filamentis erectis crassis inequalibus; antheræ oblongæ v. ovatæ, erectæ, exsertæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minutum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0 nisi cum bracteis concretum (rarius ex Trécul e foliolis 3 elongatis apice ciliato-fimbriatis). Ovarium ovatum, bractea v. receptaculo inclusum; stylus subulatus, ramis stigmatosis exsertis filiformibus v. rigidulis; ovulum ex apice pendulum. Bracteæ fructiferæ (cum perianthiis?) in syncarpium globosum bractearum lobis echinatum densissime confertæ v. cum receptaculo carnoso concretæ, locellos 1-co-seriatos in medio syncarpio formantes. Achænia in quoque locello solitaria; pericarpium rigidule membranaceum. Semen ovoideum v. globosum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo conformis, cotyledone altera carnosa reduplicata alteram angustam v. tenuem includente, radicula brevissima supera.—Arbores fruticesve Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia; stipulæ lanceolatæ, parvulæ, caducæ. Capitula ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos sessilia v. breviter pedunculata. Bracteæ sub capitulo paucæ, parvæ, sub-2-seriatæ, involucrum verum haud formantes; bracteæ seu bracteolæ intra capitulum flores subtendentes, apice in ramulos ∞ clavatos v. apice peltatos divisae, ramulo uno exteriore cæteris majore, v. in capitulo 2 ramuli omnes subæquales.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Walp. Ann. i. 658. Species typica est arbor ingens, foliis magnis, syncarpio v. pseudosyncarpio fructifero pedem diametro, locellis fructiferis in interiore usque ad mille irregulariter  $\infty$ -scriatis. Bracteæ locellos formantes haud concretæ sed arctissime confertæ subcohærentes circa fructus membranaceo-dilatatæ subfibrosæ, ramis terminalibus tenuibus apice peltatis circumferentiam syncarpii æqualiter attingentibus. In capitulis floridis utriusque sexus bracteæ pariter densissimæ, antheris oblongis in mare, styli ramis divaricatis in fæmineo solis prominentibus. Bot. Mag. t. 5986.

T. acuminata, Baill. Adans. xi. 292, ab auctore pro sectione v. genere proprio Pseudotreculia proponitur. Arbor est multo minor, foliis oblongis. Capitula multo minora, bracteis sub floribus non peltatis una majore ovata crassa cæteris pluribus multo minoribus. Antheræ ovatæ. Capitula fructifera globosa, pollicem diametro uon attingentia. Bractearum basis cum (perianthiis? et) receptaculo in massam carnosam concretæ locellos uniseriatos perfecte clausos excepto foramine circa stylum minuto formantes. Fructus parvi, subglobosi. Semen unicum examinavimus, cotyledone majore potius utriculosa quam simpliciter reduplicata, sed forte vix in hoc semine perfecta.

Speciei evidenter tertiæ specimina adsunt a Mannio et G. Thomson in 'Old Calabar' lecta, T. acuminatæ subsimilia, sed capitula  $\delta$  quæ sola adsunt ovoideo-oblonga; vix tamen iis T. acuminatæ majora. Frutex dicitur nec arbor. Hæ duæ species melius notæ forte pro genere distincto hinc Treculiæ hinc Artocarpo affini habendæ.

55. Parartecarpus, Baill. Adans. xi. 294.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus globosocapitati, bracteis creberrimis peltatis intermixti, receptaculum undique obtegentes. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Stamina sigillatim inter bracteas conferta diuque occultata, filamentis erectis brevibus crassis demum parum elongatis; antheræ ovatæ. Fl. \( \text{Q} \) (in una specie): Perianthium tubuloso-clavatum, superne incrassatum, foramine parvo dentato pertusum. Ovarium inclusum, liberum; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis brevibus recurvo-patentibus æqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus . . .—Arbores v. frutices? Folia alterna, petiolata, acuminata, integerrima, chartacea, pennivenia; stipulæ parvæ, caducissimæ. Capitula utriusque sexus ad axillas v. supra axillas solitaria, pedunculo brevissimo cano-puberulo.

Species 2, in collectione Borneensi Beccariana congoneres videntur, alterius n. 2257, P. Beccariana, Baill., specimina & sola adsunt, capitulis aliis perfectis 3-4 lin., aliis ab insecto deformatis \frac{1}{2} poll. diametro, basi 3-bracteatis, bracteolis intra capitulum creberrimis obtuse clavato-peltatis, stamina diu occultantibus. Speciei alterius, n. 667, specimina utriusque sexus adsunt. Folia iis P. Beccariana simillima. Capitula & pisiformia, bracteis baseos fere obsoletis, bracteolis latius tenuiusque peltatis, antheris minimis e bracteolis intra capitulum demum prominulis. Capitula \( \frac{1}{2} \) juniora masculis similia, bracteolis creberrimis peltatis alabastra occultantibus; per anthesin perianthia apice cano-puberula e bracteolis distincte prominentia, a basi libera.

56. Artocarpus, Forst. Char. Gen. 101, t. 51. (Radermachia, Thunb. in Handl. Akad. Stockh. 1776, 252. Polyphema, Lour. Fl. Coch. 546. Sitodium, Gartn. Fruct. i. 344. t. 71, 72. Rima, Sonner. Voy. Nouv. Guin. 99, t. 57 ad 60.)—Flores monoici, in capitula unisexualia globosa v. oblonga densissime conferti, receptaculum carnosum undique obtegentes, involucro nullo, Fl. &: Perianthium 2-4-lobum v. partitum, lobis segmentisve apice concavis obtusis levier imbricatis. Stamen 1, filamento erecto sæpius complanato; anthera breviter exserta. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. Q: Perianthium tubulosum, obovoideum oblongum v. lineare, obtusum v. umbonatum, basi receptaculo carnoso immersum concretumque, apice liberum, foramine minuto interdum 3-4-dentato pertusum. Ovarium rectum, inclusum, receptaculo sepultum sed ab eo liberum; stylus centralis v. plus minus lateralis, apice stigmatoso exserto lineari spathulato rarius subpeltato rarissime 2-3-fido : ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Perianthia fructifera numerosissima v. rarius pauca, cum receptaculo carnoso in syncarpium apicibus liberis parum auctis echinatum v. areolatum alte connata. Achænia syncarpio inclusa; pericarpium membranaceum v. coriaceum. Semen conforme, pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus v. incurvus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis æqualibus v. valde inæqualibus, radicula brevissima supera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, ampla, coriacea, pennivenia, integerrima v. pinnatim pauciloba, rarius pinnatim ∞-foliolata; stipulæ laterales, cæterum variæ. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii, brevissimi v. longiusculi. Flores parvi, numerosissimi, receptaculum sæpius carnosum breve v. elongatum undique obtegentes. Syncarpia parva mediocria v. maxima, fructibus sæpe paucis perfectis prope centrum syncarpii immersis, perianthiis tamen omnibus tam sterilibus quam fertilibus apice sæpius æqualiter auctis, nunc obtusissimis v. umbonatis mutua pressione angulatis syncarpium extus areolatum v. perfecte continuum formantibus, nunc lineari-elongatis syncarpium echinatum efficientibus. Achænia intra perianthia v. locellos syncarpii libera.

Species descriptæ v. indicatæ ultra 40, Asiæ tropicæ a Zeylania et Archipelago Malayano usque ad Chinam incolæ, quarum duæ in regionibus tropicis imprimis in insulis maris Pacifici jam diu cultæ. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 3, viii. 110, t. 4. Walp. Ann. i. 659. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. 284, Suppl. 417. Baill. Adans. iv. 79, t. 5. Wight, Ic. t. 678 ad 682, 1957. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 308, 309. Bot. Mag. t. 2833, 2834, 2869 ad 2871.

Species in herbariis nostris ob specimina imperfecta valde confusa et non sine labore assiduo bene ordinandæ. Trécul sectiones 2 proposuit: 1. Jaca. Stipulæ magnæ, altera alteram marginibus tegente. Perianthium & 2-partitum. 2. Pseudojaca. Stipulæ minimæ, intrapetiolares v. laterales. Perianthium & 4-rarius 3-partitum. Huc referenda Wight, Ic. t. 681, icones cæteræ supra citatæ omnes ad Jacam.

Genus ab auctoribus Linnæo tribuitur, nunquam tamen a Linnæo patre editum fuit, sed a Linnæo filio in Supplemento suo post Forsterum sub n. 1246 receptum.

57. Batocarpus, Karst. Fl. Columb. ii. 67, t. 134.—Flores dioici, ♂ ignoti, ♀ capitati, involucro 0 (v. e bracteis paucis parvis?). Fl. ♀: Perianthium carnosum, apice truncatum, foramine minuto pertusum. Ovarium inclusum, liberum; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis brevibus patentibus; ovulum sub apice affixum, pendulum. Fructus ovoideus, perianthio aucto crasso carnoso truncato inclusus; pericarpium pergameneum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis sequalibus, radicula minima supera.—Arbor (lactescens?) partibus novellis tomentosopilosulis. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, ample oblonga, acuminata, integerrima, papyracea, pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa; stipulæ lineari-lanceolatæ (liberæ?). Capitula ♀ globosa, ad axillas solitaria, breviter pedunculata, floribus arcte confertis, bracteis parvis interstinctis; fructifera in pseudosyncarpia globosa aucta, perianthiis crasso-carnosis cum receptaculo carnoso continuis arcte confertis et mutua pressione angulatis at non concretis. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Karst.)

Species 1, Columbiana, a nobis non visa. Genus evidenter Sahaguniæ valde affine, sed bene distinctum videtur fructibus in pseudosyncarpium arcte confertis nec supra receptaculum parvum discretis. Flore tamen & ignoto quodammodo incertum remanet.

58. Sahagunia, Liebm. in R. Dunsk. Vid. Selsk. Skrift. ser. 5, ii. 316. (Acanthinophyllum, Fr. Allem. in Palestr. Scient. Rio Jan. 1858, 215, cum ic.)-Flores dioici, & tenuiter densissimeque cylindraceo-spicati, 2 capitati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 0. Stamina in spica numerosissima, sigillatim inter bracteas crebre longitudinaliter ∞-seriatas affixa, filamentis rectis v. flexuosis; antheræ e bracteis exsertæ, parvæ, ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Perianthium ovoideum, crassum, apice foramine minuto subdentato pertusum. Ovarium inclusum, liberum; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis brevibus patentibus; ovulum apice v. sub apice affixum, pendulum. Fructus ovoideo-globosus, perianthio aucto tenuiter carnosulo inclusus; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis æqualibus, radicula minima supera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, oblonga v. ampla, acuminata, integerrima v. spinuloso-dentata, membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea, subtus prominule pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa; stipulæ minimæ, rigide setiformes v. inconspicuæ. Inflorescentiæ ad axillas breviter pedunculatæ. Spicæð in pedunculo sæpius plures, tenues, rhachi tamen staminibus bracteisque undique densissime obtecta. tula 2 in axillis sæpius solitaria, subglobosa, perianthiis fructiferis in receptaculo parvo prominentibus.

Species 3, una Mexicana, duæ Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ, quarum unam incditam ad flum. Casiquiare legit Spruce n. 3279, in Cayenne Sagot n. 530, et ad Cantagallo Brasiliæ Peckolt, alterius ab Allemão bene descriptæ et delineatæ specimina & vidimus e vicinibus Rio Janeiro Sello, et e Cayenne Martin. Huic quoad folia simillima est Sorocca Klotzschiana, Baill., quæ tamen flores et fructus Soroccæ nec Sahaquniæ ostendit.

59: Clarisia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 158, t. 28; Syst. Veg. 255. (Soaresia, Fr. Allem. in Palestr. Scient. Rio Jan. 1858, 142, cum ic.)—Flores dioici, & tenuiter densissimeque cylindraceo-spicati, ? ramosi. Fl. J: Perianthium 0. Stamina in spica numerosissima, sigillatim inter bracteas minutas apice peltatas affixa, filamentis erectis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum, crassum, ovario alte adnatum, supra ovarium connivens, foramine parvo fimbriato pertusum (a Ruiz et Pav. prætervisum). Ovarium inferum; stylus brevis, crassus, ramis stigmatosis linearibus inæqualibus; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Fructus ovoideus, carnosus, perianthio persistente cum pericarpio concreto, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen subglobosum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crasso-carnosis æqualibus, radicula brevissima supera.—Arbores excelsæ, lactescentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ squamiformes, fugaces. Spicæ 3 geminæ, paribus secus rhachin ramuli floriferi brevis aphylli dissitis subsessilibus. Rhachis spicæ (seu receptaculum lineare) uno latere anguste denudata, cæterum undique bracteolis staminibusque dense obtecta. Flores 2 in racemo brevi sub quaque bractea gemini, singuli pedicellati, pedicello apice 4-bracteato (bracteis a Ruiz et Pav. pro perianthio descriptis). (Char. ex descr. et ic. citat.)

Species 4? quarum 2 Peruvianæ a R. et Pav. indicatæ, 1 Brasiliana ab Allemão descripta. Harum specimina non vidimus et inter se comparare nequimus, sed ex descriptione iconibusque species sunt evidenter congeneres, habitu et floribus & Sahaguniæ affines, sed inflorescentia floribusque \$\bar{2}\$ bene distinctæ, et nuper a Glaziovii accepimus sub n. 9500 nomineque Soaresiæ ilicifoliæ speciei quartæ Brasilianæ specimen fructiferum foliis ut in Sahagunia (Acanthinophyllo) strepitante, Allem., et Sorocea Klotzschiana, Baill., margine spinoso-dentatis sed rigidius coriaceis, fructu omnino ut in ic. cit. Soaresiæ delineato.

60. Balanostreblus, Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlii. 247, t. 19; For. Fl. Burm. ii. 465.—Flores monoici (v. dioici?), & tenuiter densissimeque cylindraceo-spicati, & racemosi. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis crassiusculis obtusis subvalvatis. Stamins 4, filamentis in alabastro erectis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. & (a nobis non visi): Perianthium ovarium includens basique adnatum, sursum liberum, apice perforatum. Ovarium semisuperum, inclusum; stylus brevis, ramis stigmatosis exsertis brevibus crassis villosulis; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Drupa pisiformis, perianthio carnoso inclusa. Semen . . . —Arbor lactescens, subglabra, rarius spinis axil-

laribus armata. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, plus minus spinoso-dentata, rigidula, pennivenia; stipulæ parvæ (convolutæ?), caducissimæ. Spicæ &, non nisi statu juvenili observatæ, tenues, uno latere longitudinaliter sulcatæ et nudæ, bractearum serie duplici sulcam utrinque marginante, rhachi (seu receptaculo lineari) cæterum floribus parvis undique densissime obtecta. Flores Q secus rhachin racemi dissiti, ebracteati, pedicellis brevibus crassis fulti. (Char. fl. Q et fr. ex descr. et ic. eitat.)

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis provinciarum orientalium incola.

61. Sorocea, A. de St. Hil. in Mém. Mus. Par. vii. 473.—Flores dioici, utriusque sexus racemosi v. interrupte spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis liberis erectis demum exsertis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9: Perianthium ovoideum v. tubulosum, basi ovario adnatum, apice foramine parvo pertusum. Ovarium inferum; stylus basi inclusus crasso-carnosus ovoideo-conicus, apice breviter attenuatus, ramis stigmatosis exsertis brevibus patentibus; ovulum apice v. juxta apicem affixum, pendulum. Fructus perianthio aucto carnoso v. succulento omnino inclusus, eique basi concretus; pericarpii pars libera tenuis. Semen pendulum, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo curvus, cotyledone altera maxima crasso-carnosa, uno latere plicata, et intra plicam cotyledonem alteram minorem v. parvam cum radicula fovente.—Arbusculæ v. frutices lactescentes. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, rigide membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea, integerrima spinuloso-dentata v. irregulariter pinnatifida, pennivenia, venis primariis reteque venularum subtus v. utrinque prominentibus; stipulæ parvæ, caducæ. Racemi ad axillas solitarii v. gemini. Flores utriusque sexus secus rhachin plus minus dissiti, sessiles v. pedicellati. Fructus sæpe et interdum racemus totus sub fructu ruber.

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia australi usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Trêc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 145, t. 6. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 111, t. 34. Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 71 ad 74. Baill. Adans. i. 212, t. 6.

In speciebus typicis 3 v. 4 flores utriusque sexus pedicellati. PSEUDOSOROCEA, Baill. Adans. xi. 296, species continet 8, inclusa S. muriculata, Miq., quas auctor pro sectione v. genere distincto proposuit. Parum tamen distinctæ videntur nisi floribus in utroque sexu secus rhachin sessilibus, masculis in una specie rhachi arcte adnatis segmentis inter se discretis. Fructus ubi notus in Pseudosorocea globosus, minor quam in speciebus typicis.

# TRIBUS VI. CONOCEPHALEE.

62. Cecropia, Linn. Gen. n. 1099.—Flores dioici, densissime cylindraceo-spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium tubulosum v. campanulatum, integrum 2-fidum v. 2-partitum. Stamina 2, filamentis rectis vix exsertis, antheræ majusculæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium tenuiter membranaceum, vertice crassius, foramine parvo pertusum. Ovarium inclusum, rectum; stylus brevissimus, stigmate exserto penicillato; ovulum erectum, orthotropum. Fructus oblongus, perianthio tenuissimo inclusus; exocarpium tenuissimum evanidum; endocarpium crustaceum v. duriusculum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; cotyledones oblongæ v. ovatæ, æquales, rectæ; radicula parva, supera.—Arbores lactescentes. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, ampla, circumscriptione suborbiculata, peltata, in lobos segmenta v. foliola 7-13, sepius 9 v. 11, radiatim divisa, segmentis prominenter penniveniis subtus niveis v. utrinque virentibus; stipulæ magnæ, in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ, per evolutionem gemmam terminalem includentes, mox decidue. Spice cylindracee, plures (2-60), ad apicem pedunculi intra bracteam spathaceam caducam sessiles v. pedunculatæ, 2 crassæ, 3 tenuiores, floribus utriusque sexus minimis numerosissimis circa rhachin sæpe carnosam arcte confertis sessilibus. Pedunculi communes ad axillas solitarii v. gemini.

Species enumeratæ fere 40, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ, plures tamen e speciminibus valde mancis descriptæ, verisimiliter reducendæ. Trêc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 78, t. 1. Walp. Ann. i. 650. Lam. Illustr. t. 800. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 101. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 140. t, 46 ad 50. Wawra, Bot, Pr. Max. Reise, t. 85.

63. Myrianthus, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. i. 16, quoad pl. 3 t. 11, excl. fr. t. 12. (Dicranostachys, Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 85, t. 1.)—Flores dioici (v. monoici?), d'in spicas repetiter ramosissimas dispositi, 9 globoso-capitati. Fl. d: Perianthium breve, 3-4-fidum, lobis latis imbricatis. Stamina 3-4, filamentis brevibus erectis liberis v. inter se varie connatis; antheræ exsertæ, oblongæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovoideum v. obovoideum, vertice ore parvo pertusum. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stylus breviter inclusus, apice stigmatoso exserto lineari recurvo; ovulum ab apice pendulum. Perianthia fructifera in capitulum seu syncarpium arcte conferta et basi subconnata, pro maxima parte libera, acuta v. truncata, carnosula, fructus includentia, v. demum apice decidua fructum nudantia; pericarpium (an endocarpium exocarpio cum perianthio concreto !) durum, ovatum, compressiusculum, acutum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0, cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, subæquales, radicula minima supera. -- Arbores. Folia alterna, ampla, indivisa v. 3- v. 5-lobata partita v. foliolata, folio segmentisve argute dentatis coriaceis prominenter penniveniis subtus sæpe niveis; stipulæ intrapetiolares, connatæ, magnæ v. breves, caducissimæ. Pedunculi & repetiter dichotomi, paniculam amplam cymiformem formantes, ramulis ultimis brevibus floribus dense obtectis. Pedunculi Q breves, solitarii, capitulum unicum ferentes.

Species 4, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. In specie typica foliis digitatim partitis, cujus specimina florida utriusque sexus et fructus jam valde auctos a Bartero et a Mannio collecta et fructus maturos a Welwitschio accepimus, perianthia fructifera apice lata obtusissima v. retusa. In M. (Dicranostachyde, Tul.) serrata, foliis indivisis, fructus maturus ignotus est, sed jam post anthesin auctus perianthia ostendit apice acute prominentia. In specie altera inedita folia variant indivisa v. 3-partita, et in quarta pariter inedita 5-7-partita sunt. In omnibus florum structura eadem est. Fructus a Beauvois delineatus l. c. t. 12, evidenter ad stirpem longe alienam pertinet.

64. Musanga, R. Br. App. Tuck. Congo, 453.—Flores dioici, & in capitula globosa paniculata dispositi, d in massam ovatam v. obovatam conferti. Fl. d: Perianthium ovoideo-tubulosum, ore truncatum. Stamen 1, filamento recto; anthera brevis, exserta. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium lineari-clavatum, vertice foramine minuto Ovarium in fundo perianthii breve; stylus filiformis, indivisus, apice stigmatoso breviter exserto acuto; ovulum a basi erectum, orthotropum. perianthio parum aucto fibroso-carnoso apice crasso inclusum; pericarpium crustaceum, Semen conforme, erectum, testa membranacea; albumen tenue; durum, nitidum. embryo rectus, cotyledonibus oblongis æqualibus, radicula brevi supera.—Arbor excelsa, habitu Cecropiæ. Folia alterna, longo petiolata, ampla, peltata, in segmenta 11-15 fere ad basin radiatim divisa, segmentis integerrimis subtus prominenter penniveniis, venulis transversis tenuissimis; stipulæ magnæ, in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ, inflorescentias juniores includentes, mox deciduæ. Paniculæ d ad axillas solitariæ, breviter pedunculatie, repetito-ramosissimæ, capitulis parvis numerosissimis. Bracteæ intra capitula sub floribus minimis filiformes, apice subpeltato-dilatatæ. Spicæ 2 ad axillas geminæ, pedunculatæ, magnæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ, compressæ, floribus minutis numerosissimis receptaculum carnosum undique densissime obtegentibus bracteis subulatis interstinctis.

Species 1, Africae tropicae occidentalis incola. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 49.

65. Coussapoa, Aubl. Pl. Gui. in. 955, t. 362, 363.—Flores dioici, globoso-capitati. Fl. d: Perianthium tubulosum v. subclavatum, 3-dentatum 3-fidum v. 3-partitum, lobis imbricatis. Stamina 1 v. 2, filamentis connatis in columnam erectam; anthera ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium tubulosum v. clavatum, apice foramine minimo pertusum v. 3-dentatum. Ovarium inclusum; stylus inclusus, stigmate solo exserto subpeltato penicillato-capitato indiviso; ovulum erectum, orthotropum. Perianthia fructifera paullo aucta, apicem versus carnosula. Fructus inclusus, oblongus; pericarpium carnosulum v. succulentum fere gelatinosum; endocarpium crustaceum v. duriusculum, facile in valvas 2 solubile. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus ovatis v. oblongis, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores

fruticesve lactescentes, nonnunquam supra arbores scandentes v. epiphytici. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, coriacea, pennivenia v. 3-nervia; stipulæ interdum majusculæ, circa gemmam convolutæ, caducissimæ. Pedunculi in axillis solitarii v. gemini, d sæpius dichotome paniculati, capitulis paucifloris, previores, capitulum unicum majus v. pauca subconferta ferentes. Flores utriusque sexus in capitulis sessiles, arctissime conferti at non concreti. Bracteæ sub floribus filiformes, apice dilatatæ spathulatæ v. peltatæ.

Species enumerate 18, plures tamen certe reducende, America australis inter tropicos incolec. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. eer. 3, viii. 93, t. 1. Walp. Ann. i. 655. Miq. Obs. Pl. Foche t. 3, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 131, t. 42 ad 45. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 147.

66. Conocephalus, Blum. Bijdr. 483.—Flores dioici, globoso-capitati. Fl. &: Perianthium tubuloso-turbinatum, 4-fidum v. fere 4-partitum, lobis apice obtusis concavis Stamina 4, filamentis erectis brevibus, v. perianthio longioribus; antheræ oblongæ, exsertæ. Ovarii rudimentum columnare v. clavatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium clavato-tubulosum, angustum, obtusum, lobis 4 brevibus concavis crassiusculis. Ovarium inclusum; stylus brevis, indivisus, apice stigmatoso exserto lineari obliquo v. recurvo; ovulum a basi erectum, orthotropum. Fructus perianthio parum aucto tenuiter subcarnoso inclusus, oblongo-ovatus, compressus; pericarpium chartaceum, facile 2-valve. Semen erectum, testa membranacea; albumen pertenue v. 0; embryo rectus, cotyledonibus ovatis æqualibus, radicula brevi supera.—Frutices sæpe alte scandentes. alterna, petiolata, sepius ampla, coriacea, integerrima, subtus sepius a basi prominenter pennivenia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ. Inflorescentiæ axillares. Pedunculi & sæpius ramosissimi, capitulis parvis. Capitula ♀ fructifera nunc 1-1½ poll. diametro, in pedunculo brevi subsolitaria, nunc vix ½ poll. diametro, in pedunculo plura. Flores & arcte sessiles, 2 sæpius breviter pedicellati. Adsunt etiam species 2 foliis tenuioribus angustioribus basi 3-nerviis, capitulis & ad axillas 2 tantum v. paucis breviter pedunculatis, 2 geminis brevissime pedunculatis.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 47, t. 12. Tréc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, viii. 87, t. 2. Walp. Ann. i. 654. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 416. Wight, Ic. t. 1959.

67. Pourouma, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 891, t. 341.—Flores dioici, d in glomerulos seu capitula cymoso-paniculata disposita, 2 cymosi. Fl. 3: Perianthium ovoideum obovoideum v. depresso-globosum, 3-4-dentatum v. lobatum, lobis subvalvatis. Stamina 3-4, filamentis erectis liberis v. basi connatis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium tubulosum, crassiusculum, apice foramine minuto pertusum. Ovarium inclusum; stylus brevis, stigmate exserto peltato-discoideo dense papilloso; ovulum supra basin lateraliter affixum, ascendens, breviter amphitropum, micropyle terminali. Fructus ovoideus, perianthio aucto carnosulo v. succulento inclusus, erectus; pericarpium crustaceum v. induratum. Semen supra basin lateraliter affixum, funiculo a basi loculi erecto, apice sæpe incrassato, testa membranacea circa hilum crassiore (albumine tenui obducta?); embryo rectus, cotyledonibus crassis oblongis, radicula supera minima.—Arbores. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, indivisa v. interdum in eadem arbore palmatim 3-5-fida v. partita, cæterum pennivenia, venis primariis parallelis valde elevatis subplicata, integerrima, coriacea, subtus sæpe nivea v. molliter tomentosa; stipulæ magnæ, in unam intrapetiolarem spathiformem connatæ, caducissimæ. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii v. gemini. utriusque sexus cymoso-ramosi. Capitula v. glomeruli & numerosa. Flores 2 secus ramulos cyme sessiles, approximati. Fructus maturi distincti, erecti, quam in ceeteris generibus sæpius multo majores.

Species enumeratæ ad 20, Americæ australis inter tropicos incolæ. Trêc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. eer. 3, viii. 101, t. 2. Walp. Ann. i. 656. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 123, t. 36 ad 41. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. t. 141. Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. t. 110.

#### TRIBUS VII. URTICEÆ.

68. Urtica, Linn. Gen. n. 1054. — Flores monoici v. dioici, glomerulis cymulosis spicatis racemosis v. paniculatis. Fl. J: Perianthium alte 4-fidum, lobis ovatis apice concavis imbricatis, alabastro medio depresso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum cupuliforme. Fl. 2: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis inæqualibus, exterioribus sæpius multo minoribus, interioribus planiusculis v. rarius cucullatis. Ovarium rectum. Stigma sessile v. rarius stylo brevi fultum, penicillato-capitatum, deciduum v. persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum v. oblongum, compressum, perianthio aucto membranaceo v. rarius carnosulo inclusum; pericarpium membranaceum v. tenuissime crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea, a pericarpio sæpe vix separanda; albumen parcum; cotyledones subrotundæ.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, rarius basi frutescentes, pilis urentibus armatæ. Folia opposita, petiolata, dentata v. inciso-lobata, 5-7-nervia v. rarius 3-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ v. in unam interpetiolærem connatæ. Inflorescentiæ unisexuales v. androgynæ, in axillis geminæ, i.e. cyma sessilis 2-fida, ramis brevissimis v. longioribus simplicibus v. paniculato-ramosis. Glomeruli basi bracteati: flores singuli sæpius ebracteati.

Species ad 30, per regiones temperatas subtemperatasque utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 40; Monogr. t. 1. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 235; Mel. Biol. ix. 618. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 652 ad 654. Kanitz in Flora 1872, t. 1. Eichw. Pl. Cauc. Casp. t. 39. Wight, Ic. t. 690. Moris, Fl. Sard. t. 111. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 151. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 210, 211. Seub. Fl. Azor. t. 7. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 67.

Inter species *U. hyperborea*, Jacquem., insignis est caule basi lignescente, perianthii fructiferi segmentis interioribus maximis planis orbicularibus. Caulis basi lignescit etiam in *U. morifolia*, Poit., et in *U. feroce*, Forst.

69. **Esperoenide**, Torr. et Gr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 83 (139).—Flores monoici, glomerulis ad axillas sessilibus androgynis. Fl. J: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis concavis levissime imbricatis, alabastro medio depresso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideo-urceolatum. Fl. Q: Perianthium ovatum, subclausum, apice minute 2-dentatum. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, capitato-penicillatum, persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum, compressum, perianthio aucto membranaceo arcte inclusum; pericarpium tenue. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenue; cotyledones suborbiculatæ.—Herbæ annuæ, habitu Urticæ urentis, pilis urentibus armatæ. Folia opposita, dentata v. incisa, 3-5-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Glomerulæ seu cymulæ densæ, floribundæ. Flores minuti, ebracteati. Fructus parvi, hispidi.

Species 2, altera boreali-Americana, altera Sandwicensis. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i 67.

Genus Urticæ valde affine, differt imprimis perianthio fæmineo minute 2-dentato, segmentis nempe intimis fere ad apicem connatis, exterioribus deficientibus, et hoc charactere Bæhmerieis accedit, inter quas genus primum collocatum fuit, sed lege naturali a Weddellio rite ad Urereas translatum videtur.

70. Wanecnide, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 154, t. 17.—Flores monoici, cymulis masculis pedunculatis, glomerulis foemineis sessilibus. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-5-lobum v. partitum, lobis segmentisve latis leviter imbricatis, dorso sub apice transverse cristatis nudisve. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum late obovoideum v. urceolatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium alte 4-fidum v. 4-partitum, segmentis exterioribus latiusculis carinatis, interioribus angustis planis, omnibus dorso sub apice sæpius setiferis. Ovarium rectum; stigma penicillato-capitatum, stylo brevi nunc brevissimo fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium oblongum, perianthio vix aucto laxe stipatum ab eoque facile deciduum; pericarpium tenue. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ovatæ v. ellipticæ.—Herbæ annuæ, habitu Urticæ nisi tenuiores. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, grosse dentata v. subincisa, irregulariter 3-5-nervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Pedunculi 3 filiformes, in axillis solitarii; glomeruli 2 in iisdem v. in diversis axillis arcte

sessiles v. pedunculati. Flores utriusque sexus bractea stipati. Perianthium 2 post achænia delapsa sæpe persistens.

Species 2, Japoniæ aliarumque insularum Asiæ orientalis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 69; Monogr. t. 9.

71. Obstia, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 82.—Flores dioici, glomerulis masculis laxe cymosopaniculatis, fœmineis subsessilibus. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis concavis valvatis, alabastro depresso-globoso. Stamina 5. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideo-globosum, suburceolatum. Fl. Q (a nobis non visi): Perianthii segmenta 4, inæqualia, latiuscula, 2 interioribus majoribus. Ovarium primum erectum, mox obliquum; stigma oblongum, mox obliquum, ex icone papillosum vix penicillatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum, compressum, perianthio aucto membranaceo laxe stipatum; pericarpium tenue. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones latæ.—Frutices (v. arbores ?) pilis urentibus parce præditi, ramis crassis. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, crenata sæpeque 3-5-loba, basi cordata, 3-5-nervia, pubescenti-villosa; stipulæ laterales, fere foliaceæ, diu persistentes. Cymæ & laxæ floribundæ; glomeruli Q fere capitati, subsessiles. Bractææ lineares.

Species 2, Madagascarienses. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 70; Monogr. t. 1.

72. Fleurya, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 497, et in Voy. Bonite, t. 83.—Flores monoici v. dioici, glomerulis paniculatis v. interrupte racemoso-spicatis. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis ovatis lanceolatisve subvalvatis v. leviter imbricatis, alabastro globoso v. depresso. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum globosum v. subclavatum. Fl. Q: Perianthii segmenta 4, imbricata, nunc subæqualia, nunc valde inæqualia, postico interdum cucullato, antico minimo v. deficiente. Ovarium junius rectum mox obliquum; stigma oblique ovatum v. lineare, demum uncinato-inflexum, breviter papillosum, additis interdum ad basin lobis 2 minutis; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium obliquum, compressum, e perianthio parum aucto exsertum; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen vix ullum; cotyledones latæ.—Herbæ annuæ, pilis urentibus sæpe nec semper præditæ. Folia alterna, petiolata, dentata, 3-nervia, cystolithis linearibus; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem 2-fidam connatæ, interdum obsoletæ. Florum glomeruli unisexuales v. androgyni, paniculis spicisve in axillis solitariis. Bracteæ paucæ. Flores et præsertim fructus sæpe arcte reflexi.

Species 8, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, ultra tropicos in Africa australi extensæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 71; Monogr. t. 1. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 388 (Urtica). Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 21. Wight, Ic. t. 692 (Urtica), 1975. Hensl. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. t. 12 (Urcra). Saund. Refug. Bot t. 38.

SCHYCHOWSKYA, Endl. in Ann. Mus. Vind. i. 187, t. 13, quæ Urtica ruderalw, Forst., a Gaudichaudio ad Fleuryam relata, quoad flores 2 et fructus cum hoc genere omnino convenit. Flores & nobis desunt, ex Endlichero receptaculo longo carnoso-grumoso impositi sunt et filamenta late petaloideo-dilatata qualia in nulla alia specie Fleuryæ adhuc observata sunt.

73. Sceptrocnide, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Petersb. xxii. 238; Mel. Biol. ix. 623. —Flores monoici, glomerulis cymulisve longe racemosis v. & paniculatis. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis ovatis subvalvatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 5, filamentis ad medium perianthio adnatis apice in alabastro inflexis, per anthesin porrectis exsertis. Ovarii rudimentum globosum. Fl. \( \rho : \) Perianthii segmenta 4, demum valde inæqualia, 2 interioribus ovalibus planis, 2 exterioribus minimis. Ovarium primum rectum, mox obliquum; stigma lineare, uno latere villosum, persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium oblique rotundatum, compressum, stipiti horizontali incumbens, toro aucto laminiformi lateraliter affixum, perianthii segmentis exterioribus fere obtectum v lateraliter exsertum; pericarpium tenue. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen sat copiosum; cotyledones latæ.—Herba elata, stimulis validis adspersa. Folia alterna, petiolata, ampla, grosse dentata, pennivenia; stipulæ laterales, parvæ, caducæ. Racemi \( \rho \) in axillis superioribus tenues longi (sæpe subpedales), florum fasciculis seu

cymulis numerosis laxe paucifloris secus rhachin dissitis. Inflorescentiæ & a nobis non visæ, ex Maximoviczio in axillis inferioribus sitæ quam 2 breviores ramosæque. Bracteæ 0.

Species 1, Japonica, habitu et characteribus plerisque Laporteæ canadensi, Gaud., valde affinis.

74. Laportea, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 498.—Flores monoici v. dioici, glomerulis v. cymulis dichotome paniculatis, rarius racemosis. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis ovatis subvalvatis v. leviter imbricatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum v. subglobosum. Fl. 2: Perianthii lobi v. segmenta 4, nunc subequalia nunc valde inequalia, exterioribus minoribus uno sepe minuto v. deficiente. Ovarium primum rectum, mox obliquum; stigma lineare, sæpius elongatum, uno latere papillosum, demum sæpe reflexum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium obliquum, plano-compressum v. leviter ventricosum, perianthio membranaceo immutato v. vix aucto basi stipatum, et nonnunquam toro oblique producto breviter stipitatum; pericarpium membranaceum v. carnosulum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenuissimum v. 0; cotyledones latæ.—Herbæ perennes frutices v. arbores, pilis urentibus sæpius præditæ. Folia alterna, sæpe ampla, dentata rarius integerrima, pennivenia rarius 3-nervia; stipulæ distinctæ v. in unam intrapetiolarem plus minus Paniculæ ad axillas solitariæ, cymoso-dichotomæ v. rarius ad connatæ, deciduæ. racemum simplicem reductæ, unisexuales v. rarissime androgynæ, Q in axillis superioribus sæpe valde elongatæ, & inferiores sæpius breviores densiores et ramosiores. Flores et præsertim fructus sæpe reflexi. Bracteæ paucæ v. 0.

Species ad 25, per regiones calidiores orbis veteris late dispersæ, paucæ in America boreali extratropica v. in Mexico vigentes, in America australi desunt. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 78; Monogr. t. 2. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. But. ii. t. 23. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 237; Mel. Biol. ix. 622.

Genus e Weddellio in sectiones 4 sequentes dividitur. --

- 1. Discocarpus. Species 2 Mexicanæ v. Americæ centralis, fruticosæ v. arborescentes, achænio magno planissimo tenuiter membranaceo disciformi insignes. Discocarpus, Liebm. in K. Dansk. Vidensk. Scisk. Skrift. ser. 5, ii. 308, non Kl.
  - 2. Sclepsion. Species typicæ generis, habitu et patria variæ. Wight, Ic. t. 689 (Urtica), 1972.
- 3. Sarcopus. Species 4 Australienses v. insularum maris Pacifici, pedicellis fructiferis botuliformiincrassatis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 191. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 59.
- 4. Dendrocnide. Floris 2 perianthii segmenta subæqualia. Species 6, Asiaticæ, inclusa L. crenulata, Wight, Ic. t. 686 (Urtica); Gaudich. Voy. Bonite t. 81 (L. latifolia); Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 306; Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 60, cui achænium utrinque leviter ventricosum pericarpic carnosulo et sic Ureræ accedente. Dendrocnide, Miq. in Pl. Jungh. i. 29.
- 75. Urera, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 496.—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, glomerulis laxe paniculatis. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis ovatis leviter imbricatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum globosum v. fere cupuliforme. Fl. Q: Perianthii lobi v. segmenta 4, subsequalia v. exteriora minora. Ovarium rectum v. obliquum; stigma subsessile, penicillato-capitatum v. rarissime sublanceolatum, persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium rectum v. obliquum, compressum v. ventricosum, perianthio aucto carnosulo v. baccato alte stipatum v. inclusum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcissimum v. 0; cotyledones latæ.—Frutices v. arbusculæ rarius suffrutices, pilis urentibus sæpius conspersi. Folia alterna, integerrima dentata v. lobata, pennivenia v. 3-5-nervia; stipulæ liberæ v. in unam intrapetiolarem plus minus connatæ. Paniculæ dichotome cymosæ v. irregulariter ramosæ, unisexuales, in axillis v. ad nodos vetustiores solitariæ, breviter longiusve pedunculatæ. Bracteæ parvæ v. 0.

Species 18, Americæ et Africæ tropicæ necnon insularum Mascarensium et maris Pacifici incolæ, in Asia tropica doesse videntur. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 89; Monogr. t. 2. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 386, 387 (Urtica). Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 22. Miq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 66. Species 5 ex Africa tropica et insulis Mauritianis caulem præbent frutescentem scandentemque. In his includimus Scepocarpum, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 98, ex specimine fructifero solo notum.

Perianthium fructiferum nobis omnino idem videtur quod in *U. obovata*, ore sæpius vix dentato, achænio brevissime exserto; interdum vero perianthium fere ad basin in segmenta 2 v. 3 dividitur, quod etiam de *U. acuminata* aliisque prædicatur. Inflorescentia 2 stimulis quasi involucrata, etc. omnino *U. obovata*, a qua *Scepocarpus* specifice differt foliorum forma, et indumento.

76. Cyrotesnia, Griesb. in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, viii. 174.—Flores dioici, dense glomerato-spicati, rhachi fructifera carnoso-dilatata. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis latis imbricatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum subglobosum, umbilicatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium parvum, 2-lobum. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, penicillato-capitatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achenium oblique ovatum, compressum, basi perianthio immutato stipatum; pericarpium crustaceum v. tenuiter carnosulum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones latæ.—Frutices v. arbusculæ (stimulis nullis?). Folia alterna, dentata v. integerrima; basi 3-nervia; stipulæ parvæ, laterales, liberæ, caducæ. Spicæ axillares, sessiles v. subsessiles, rarius breviter ramosæ. Flores secus rhachin glomerati v. glomerulis confluentibus densissime conferti. Fructus in rhachi carnosa numerosissimi, minimi.

Species 3, Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 99.

77. Girardinia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 498.—Flores dioici v. monoici, dense spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis valvatis, alabastro subumbilicato. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum globosum v. cupulatum. Fl. Q: Perianthium ovoideotubulosum, apice 2-3-dentatum, per anthesin usque ad basin uno latere fissum subspathaceum, addito interdum segmento (v. bractea?) altero parvo fere setiformi. Ovarium rectum; stigma subulatum, acutum, minutissime papillosum, demum vix obliquum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achenium latum, valde compressum, perianthio haud v. parum aucto unilateraliter stipatum; pericarpium crassiusculum, interdum subduplex, exteriore membranaceo, interiore tenuiter cartilagineo. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenuissimum v. 0; cotyledones latæ.—Herbæ elatæ, basi interdum frutescentes, pilis v. aculeis urentibus sæpius crebris armatæ. Folia alterna, grosse serrata v. varie lobata, 3-nervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem sæpius latiusculam foliaceam connatæ. Spicæ simplices v. paniculato-ramosæ, ad axillas solitariæ v. geminæ, & sæpius longæ, tenues, floribus secus rhachinglomeratis, Q sessiles, densissimæ, pilis aculeisve rhacheos flores superantibus creberrimisque horridæ, breves globosæ v. oblongæ, v. elongatæ apiceque subscorpioideæ.

Species 7, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 100; Monogr. t. 2. Dcne. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 153. Wight, Ic. t. 687 (Urtuca), Bl. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 49.

78. Pilea, Lindl. Collect. t. 4. (Dubreuilia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 495. Adike, Rafin. ex Wedd.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, ad axillas cymulosi. Fl. d: Perianthium 4-partitum, rarius 2-3-partitum, segmentis concavis carnosulis subvalvatis interdum in cupulam truncatam connatis, dorso sæpe mucronatis v. appendiculatis. Stamina 4, rarius Ovarii rudimentum conicum v. oblongum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 3-partitum, segmentis inæqualibus, majore interdum dorso gibboso v. cucullato. segmentis opposita, squamiformia, nunc minuta v. inconspicua. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, breviter penicillatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum v. orbiculare, compressum, parum obliquum, perianthio vix v. parum aucto stipatum v. subinclusum; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa tenui; albumen vix ullum; cotyledones latæ.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, rarius basi frutescentes, interdum repentes v. diffuse. Folia opposita, cujusve paris equalia v. valde inequalia, integerrima v. dentata, 3-nervia v. subenervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ. Cymæ ad axillas solitariæ, nunc dense capituliformes nunc laxe paniculato-ramosæ, sessiles v. pedunculatæ. Bracteæ parvæ, rarissime paucæ majores.

Species ad 160, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in Australia tamon desunt. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 105; Monogr. t. 6 ad 8. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 18. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. i. ii. t. 17, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 68 ad 70. Baker, Fl. Maurit. 274. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 242; Mcl. Biol. ix! 629. Wight, Ic. t. 1973, 1974. Bot. Mag. t. 2481 2567 (Urtica).

79. Achudenia, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 57, t. 20.—Flores polygami, glomerulis laxe cymosis. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis inequalibus subimbricatis apice dorso minute appendiculatis. Stamina 5. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis parum inequalibus. Staminodia squamiformia, parva v. perianthio vix dimidio breviora. Ovarium subobliquum; stigma sessile, villosiusculum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achenium compressum, perianthio persistente laxe inclusum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen erectum, testa membranacea; albumen carnosum; cotyledones ovatæ.— Herbæ teneræ, ramosæ, diffusæ v. repentes. Folia opposita, petiolata, cujusve paris inæqualia, grosse dentata, 3-nervia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, deciduæ. Cymæ ad axillas longe pedunculatæ, parvæ densæque v. laxe divaricatæ, floribus masculis fæmineis et rarius hermaphroditis in iisdem glomerulis mixtis.

Species 2, typica Javanica, a nobis non visa. Wedd. DC. in Prod. xvi. i. 163; altera Japonica, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 241; Mel. Biol. ix. 627.

Genus primo intuitu Nanocnidem refert, sed foliis oppositis florumque structura facile dignoscendum.

80. Lecanthus, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 187, et in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 164; Monogr. t. 9.—Flores monoici v. dioici, receptaculo lato discoideo insidentes. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis parum inæqualibus membranaceis leviter imbricatis apice dorso leviter gibbosis, alabastro obconico. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. Q: Perianthium 3-partitum, segmentis inæqualibus planiusculis v. magis minusve cucullatis. Staminodia parva, squamiformia. Ovarium rectiusculum; stigma penicillatum, deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium rectum, parum compressum, perianthio persistente laxe stipatum eoque longius; pericarpium crassiuscule membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen haud copiosum; cotyledones latæ.— Herba annua v. perennis habitu Urticæ v. Pileæ, inflorescentia Elatostematis. Folia opposita, petiolata, membranacea, serrato-dentata, 3-nervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ. Receptacula in axillis solitaria, pedunculata, primum late subcampanulata, mox discoideo-expansa, floribus masculis fœmineisque in eodem receptaculo mixtis v. in diversis separatis. In capitulis 2 flores nonnulli sæpe adsunt steriles, longe pedicellati, ovario mox abortiente staminodiis auctis.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Royle, Ill. Himal. Bot. t. 83 (Procris peduncularis et P. ohtusa). Wight, Ic. t. 1985 (Elatostemma).

81. Pellionia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 494, t. 119.—Flores dioici v. monoici, dense cymosi v. subcapitati. Fl. &: Perianthium 5- rarius 4-partitum, segmentis obtusis membranaceis imbricatis sub apice dorso mucrone v. cornu appendiculatis. Stamina 5, rarius 4. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta 5, rarius 4, æqualia v. inæqualia, nuda v. in flore sterili dorso appendiculata. Staminodia squamiformia. inflexa, nunc minuta v. 0. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, penicillatum; ovulum a Achænium compressum v. subteres, perianthio persistente immutato stipatum v. aucto vestitum; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcissimum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herbæ basi sæpe repentes, rarius suffrutescentes. Folia specie alterna, disticha, breviter petiolata v. subsessilia, basi valde inæqualia, latere minori apicem rami spectante, integerrima v. dentata, addito sœpius altero nano sublaterali sæpe altius affixo, vix vere opposito ; stipulæ intrapetiolares indivisæ, parvæ v. obsoletæ; folia omnia perfecte opposita in speciminibus nostris non deteximus. Florum cymæ ad axillas solitariæ, sessiles v. pedunculatæ, dense floribundæ, nunc in capitulum depressum contractæ, nunc divergentim ramosiores, rhachi vix dilatata nec in receptaculum disciformem expansa. Flores & et 2 in iisdem v. in diversis cymis; steriles evidentius pedicellati, sepalis appendiculatis, in capitulis fœmineis cum floribus fertilibus subsessilibus sæpe mixti ; in speciebus nonnullis flores 3 in cymas laxas ad axillas superiores pedunculatas dispositi, 2 in axillis inferioribus dense capitati. capitulis arcte sessilibus.

VOL. III.

Species 15, Asiæ tropicæ et orientalis usque ad Japoniam, v. insularum masis Pacifici incoke. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 165; Monogr. t. 5, 6. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 244; Mel. Riol. ix. 632.

In P. umbellata, Wedd., seu Elatostemate umbellato, Blume, Mus. Bot. ii. t. 19, bractese flores & stipantes fere in involucrum connates sunt, et species quasi medium tenet inter Pellioniam et Elatostema, a Maximowiczio ad Elatostema revocatur.

POLYCHEGA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 559, ab Endlichero ad Amarantum relata, est ex auctoris descriptione verisimiliter Pellioniæ species, P. brevifoliæ, Benth., valde affinis, in China inculta, et ob pulchritudinem foliorum versicolorum culta, speciminibus tamen nullis a botanicis recentioribus visis haud tuto determinanda.

82. Elatostema, Forst. Char. Grn. 105, t. 53. (Langeveldia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 494.)-Flores monoici v. dioici, depresso-capitati, receptaculo demum lato discoideo v. lobato insidentes. Fl. & : Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis membranaceis v. fere hyalinis leviter imbricatis, dorso sub apice sepe tuberculatis v. breviter appendiculatis. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 9: Perianthium e segmentis 3-5 parvis angustis v. omnino deficiens. Staminodia parva, squamiformia, interdum desunt. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, parce penicillatum, mox evanidum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum v. ellipsoideum, compressum, sæpe striatum, perianthio dum adsit immutato stipatum; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen sæpius 0; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, rarius basi lignosæ. Folia specie alterna, sessilia v. breviter petiolata, disticha, basi valde inæquilatera, margine angustiore rami apicem spectante, grosse serrata v. rarius integerrima, 3-5-nervia, addito interdum altero nano stipuliformi opposito reflexoque v. laterali et erectiore; stipulæ intrapetiolares, indivisæ. Flores prima juventute receptaculo globoso clausoque v. campanulato ore coarctato inclusa, demum receptaculo varie expanso discoideo lobato y, partito insidentes, sessiles y, breviter pedicellati, in quoque receptaculo unisexuales. Receptacula e rhachibus cymæ dilatatis confluentibusque constantia, in axillis solitaria gemina v. rarius plura, sessilia v. pedunculata. Bracteæ intra capitulum sæpe præsertim in & late membranaccæ flores singulos includentes, in capitulo 9 sæpius lineares v. parvæ. Filamenta in flore & interdum nec semper segmentis alte adnatæ.

Species ad 50, per Asiam et Africam intra tropicos late dispersæ, in Asia orientali usque ad Japoniam extensæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 171, Monogr. t. 9, 10. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 215; Mel Biol. ix. 634. Wight, Ic. t. 1983, 1984, 2091. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 45, 46. Secm. Fl. Vit. t. 61.

83. Procris, Juss. Gen. Pl. 403. (Sciophila, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 493, t. 120. Sciobia, Reichb. er Endl. Gen. Suppl. iv. ii. 37.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, & glomerati receptaculo parvo, 2 capitati receptaculo subgloboso carnoso. Fl. &: Perianthium 5- v. rarius 4-partitum, segmentis membranaceis valvatis v. vix levissime imbricatis exappendiculatis. Stamina 5, rarius 4. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideum. Fl. 2: Perianthium sub anthesi minimum, cyathiforme v. 3-4-partitum. Ovarium rectum; stigma sessile, penicillatum, mox evanidum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum, perianthii segmentis auctis carnosulis fere obtectum v. e perianthio minimo exsertum; pericarpium rigide membranaceum v. subcrustaceum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea: albumen 0 (v. parcissimum?); cotyledones ovatæ.—Suffrutices v. frutices, interdum epiphytici, caule seepe succulento. Folia alterna, in speciebus typicis breviter petiolata. basi valde inæquilatera, integerrima v. leviter serrata, carnosula, pennivenia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, indivisæ. Inflorescentiæ axillares v. ad nodos defoliatos, in speciebus typicis glomeruli & laxe cymosi, capitula Q majuscula solitaria subsessilia. In P. grandi folia longe petiolata ampla æquilatera, stipulis integris interdum magnis. In P. larigata capitula 2 uti glomeruli 3 parva, globosa, ad nodos fasciculata, breviter pedunculata.

Species 5 v. 6, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ et insularum Mascarensium et maris Pacifici incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 191; Monogr. t. 6. Hook, Ic. Pl. t. 1295.

84. Beehmeria, Jacy. Stirp. Amer. 246, t. 157. (Splitgerbera, Miq. Comm. Phytogr. 133, t. 14. Duretia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 500 in adnot.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, utriusque sexus globoso-glomerati. Fl. & : Perianthium 4-lobum v. 4-partitum, rarius 3- v. 5-partitum, lobis segmentisve ovatis valvatis dorso sub apice mucronatis v. muticis. Stamina 4, rarius 3 v. 5. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum v. subglobosum. Fl. 2: Perianthium tubulosum, compressum v. ventricosum, ore sæpius contracto 2-4dentato, fructiferum interdum auctum in angulos 2 acutos v. alatos dilatatum v. intus Ovarium inclusum, sessile v. stipitatum; stigma elongato-filiforme, uno latere pilosum, diu persistens nec in ovario articulatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio marcescente inclusum eique haud raro accretum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum, dum liberum extus nitidum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen varium; cotyledones ellipticæ v. ovatæ.—Arbusculæ frutices v. suffrutices, magis minusve pubescentes. Folia opposita v. alterna, æqualia v. inæquilatera, dentata et rarius 2-loba, 3-nervia; stipulæ liberæ v. rarius intra petiolum basi connatæ, deciduæ. Florum glomeruli fere semper unisexuales, ad axillas v. ad nodos v. secus rhachin spicæ v. ramos cymæ paniculiformis sessiles. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ,

Species ad 45, regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis incolæ, pleræque tropicæ, in America tamen a Chile usque ad Americam borealem et in Asia orientali usque ad Japoniam extensæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 196; Monogr. t. 11. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xxii. 249; Mel. Biol. ix. 639. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 184. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 166. Bonpl. Jard. Malm. t. 15. Endl. Iconogr. t. 86. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 13, 56. Hook. Kew Jaurn. iii. t. 8. Wight, Ic. t. 688, et 691 (Urtica), t. 1977 (Splitgerfera). Maq. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 64, 65.

85. Chamabaina, Wight, Ic. vi. 11, t. 1981.—Flores monoici v. dioici, utriusque sexus globoso-glomerati. Fl. &: Perianthium alte 4-lobum, segmentis valvatis dorso sub apice gibbosis mucronatisve. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum. Fl. Q: Perianthium tubulosum, compressum, ore contracto minute 4-dentato. Ovarium inclusum; stigma patens, ovatum, fimbriatum, stylo brevi fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Perianthium fructiferum crassiuscule membranaceum, turbinatum, vertice planum subclausum. Achænium inclusum, compressiusculum; pericarpium rigidulum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herba diffusa, tenuis, basi radicans. Folia opposita, petiolata, dentata, 3-nervia; stipulæ intrapetiolares geminæ, latæ, membranaceo-scariosæ, in axillis floriferis glomerulos juniores includentes, inflorescentia perfecta sub glomerulis persistentes. Glomeruli ad axillas sessiles, superiores masculi, inferiores sæpius fæminei. Flores sessiles v. breviter pedicellati v. masculi nonnulli longius pedicellati.

Species 1, montium Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 218; Monogr. t. 12.

86. Ponzolzia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 503.—Flores monoici, rarius dioici, ad axillas glomerulati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-lobum v. partitum, rarius 3-partitum, segmentis valvatis apice nunc concavis nunc abrupte inflexis dorsoque transverse plicatis. Stamina 4-5, rarius 3. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum v. oblongum. Fl. Q: Perianthium tubulosum, sepe rostratum, ore contracto 2-4-dentato. Ovarium inclusum; stigma filiforme, uno latere villosum, cito deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio marcescente aucto v. vix mutato inclusum, ab eo sæpius liberum; pericarpium nitidum, fragile. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen perparcum v. 0; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herbæ suffrutices v. frutices. Folia alterna v. inferiora rarissime omnia opposita, sepius integerrima, 3-nervia, superiora gradatim minora, summa interdum in bracteas abeuntia; stipulæ liberæ, sæpe persistentes. Florum glomeruli unisexuales v. androgyni, ad axillas sessiles. Flores plus minus pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 48, regionum tropicarum utriusque orbis incolæ, in America tamen pauciores. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 219; Monogr. t. 13. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 186.

Pouzolzia a Weddellio in genera duo dividitur, que tamen characteribus vix constantibus separantur et potius pro sectionibus duabus sequentibus habenda:—

1. Pouzoleia. Foliorum nervi primarii sæpius ramosi; perianthii & lobi dorso convexi v. gibbi

- nec transverse plicati. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 58. Wight, Ic. t. 1980, 2098 ad 2101. Huc includit Weddell genera sequentia a variis proposita. Leptocnide, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 193, t. 57, species Malayana, foliis dentatis insignis, et Stachyocnide, Blume l.c. 227, t. 55, species Luzonica florum glomerulis in racemum longum terminalem aphyllum ut in Distemate dispositis. Margarocarpus, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 203 (Leucococcus, Liebm. in K. Dansk. Vid. Selsk. ser. 5, ii. 311), species Americanse perianthio fructifero nec costato nec alato. Elkania, Schlecht. in Pl. Ind. Hohenack., distrib., species Nilgherica, floribus laxe cymosis insignis.
- 2. Memorialis. Folia integerrima, nervis 3 primariis simplicibus; perianthii & lobi seepius (nec semper) abrupte inflexi, dorso transversim angulati v. subplicati, alabastro truncato. Wight, Ic. t. 1978, 1979, 2092 ad 2097. Benn. Pl. Jav. Ruc. t. 14. Gonostegia, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1846, ii. 509. Memorialis, Hamilt. in Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 4598 et 4601. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>2</sup>. Hyrtanandra, Miq. Pl. Jungh. i. 25.
- 87. Distemon, Wedd. Monogr. Urt. 550, t. 20, et in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 23562.— Flores monoici, glomerulis parvis androgynis. Fl. 3: Perianthium campanulatum, 2-fidum rarius 3-fidum, lobis inflexis acuminatis subvalvatis, alabastro acutiusculo. Stamina 2, rarius 3. Ovarii rudimentum lanatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium tubuloso-ventricosum, ore contracto minute dentato. Ovarium inclusum, perianthio plus minus adnatum; stigma lineare, deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Perianthium fructiferum incrassatum, extus fere carnosum, strato interiore indurato. Achænium arcte inclusum, perianthio subadhærens sed maturum facile solvendum; pericarpium tenue, fragile. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen sat copiosum; cotyledones latæ.—Herba perennis, habitu Eudrogvetiæ v. Pouzolziæ (Stachyocnides). Folia alterna, petiolata, grosse dentata; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Florum glomeruli ad apices ramorum laxe spicati, foliis floralibus ad bracteas reductis, sub quaque bractea solitarii, exinvolucrati, floribus in glomerulo 1-2 fœmineis, 2 v. paucis masculis. Spica terminalis, elongata, interdum breviter ramosa, et spicæ breviores sæpe in axillis foliorum superiorum adsunt.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Genus a Weddellio sub Forskohlicis enumeratum, sed flores masculos sæpe 3-meros invenimus, nec unquam ad segmentum stamer que unicum reductos et ovarii rudimentum semper adest.

88. Cypholophus, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 198, in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235°; Monogr. t. 12.—Flores monoici v. dioici, utriusque sexus dense globoso-glomerati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis valvatis, dorso sub apice mucronatis nudisve. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum obovoideum. Fl. 9: Perianthium tubuloso-ventricosum, ore contracto 2-dentato v. inæqualiter 4-dentato. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stigma breviter v. longius lineare, recurvum, latere exteriore papilloso-piloso v. longe fimbriato; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio carnosulo v. subbaccato arcte vestitum; pericarpium crustaceum, superne sæpe crassum, induratum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen sat copiosum; cotyledones ellipticæ.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia opposita, petiolata, serrata, 3-nervia, sæpe (nec semper) bullato-rugosissima, in pari qualia v. valde disparia; stipulæ liberæ, deciduæ. Florum glomeruli ad axillas v. ad nodos inferiores arcte sessiles, sæpius densissumi, caulem demum amplectentes. Flores of sæpe pedicellati, caducissimi, 9 sessiliores.

Species 9, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 48 (Bahmeria). Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 62 (Bahmeria).

89. Touchardia, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 94.— Flores dioici, utriusque sexus dense globoso-glomerati. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis membranaceis subimbricatis sub apice dorso leviter mucronatis. Stamina 5. Ovarii rudimentum clavatum. Fl. &: Perianthium alte 4-lobum, lobis 2-seriatim imbricatis apice incrassatis concavisque. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stigma brevissimum v. oblongum, uno latere papilloso-penicillatum, stylo brevi fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio carnosulo laxe inclusum, compressiusculum, pericarpium fragile. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen mediocre; cotyledones ovatæ.—Frutex elatus, glaber. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, maxima, dentata, pennivenia et basi sub-3-nervia; stipulæ magnæ, in unam intrapetiolarem connatæ. Florum glomeruli stricte globosi, ramos

paucos paniculæ lateralis terminantes, v. uno alterove secus ramum paniculæ sessili. Flores in glomerulo fere sessiles, bracteis parvis scariosis.

Species bene nota 1, insularum Sandwicensium incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>12</sup>; Monogr. t. 13, et forte alteram legit Moseley in insulis Admiralty, foliis pariter maximis, glomerulis masculis irregularibus subcarnosis, structura in speciminibus nostris vix accurate scrutanda.

90. Sarcochlamys, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 89.—Flores dioici, tenuiter glomeratospicati. Fl. 3: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis membranaceis concavis leviter imbricatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 5. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2: Perianthium sub anthesi ovoideo-campanulatum, ore contracto inæqualiter 4-lobum, post anthesin uno latere gibboso-accretum ore sublaterali. Ovarium obliquum; stigma sessile, parvum, penicillatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium obliquum, perianthio carnoso inclusum; pericarpium membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa crustacea (nisi endocarpio crustaceo adnata?); albumen vix ullum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Frutex. Folia alterna, petiolata, angusta, dentata, eleganter rugosa, 3-nervia, subtus nivea; stipulæ intrapetiolares, basi connatæ. Inflorescentiæ axillares, florum 3 glomerulis secus ramos arcte sessilibus, spicas tenues plus minus interruptas formantes; flores 2 densiores, secus ramos in spicas continuas irregulariter cylindraceas conferti.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis et Peninsulæ Malayanæ incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 23511; Monogr. t. 16.

91? Poikilespermum, Zipp.; Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 203.—Flores dioici, capitato-cymulosi, cymulis laxe cymosis. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis apice inflexis subvalvatis, alabastro depresso-globoso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. \( \text{Q}\) (nobis non visi): Perianthium obconico-subcampaniforme, ore minutissimo 4-denticulatum, ovarium arcte includens, fructiferum carnosum, achænii basin cupulæ specie amplectens. Stigma sessile, capitellato-peltatum, minute papillosum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium e perianthio persistente carnoso exsertum, epicarpio carnosulo, endocarpio subcrustaceo. Semen conforme, albuminosum.—Frutex? ramis novellis adpresse pubescentibus. Folia alterna, magna, petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia et basi subtrinervia; stipulæ intrapetiolares, deciduæ. Inflorescentiæ ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos breviter pedunculatæ, & dichotome cymosæ ramosissimæ densiores et breviores quam \( \text{Q}\). Bracteæ ovatæ, coloratæ, sub axibus primariis diutius persistentes. (Char. \( fl. \) \( \text{Q}\) et inflorescentiæ ex \( Miq. \)

Species 1, Amboinensis, Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 2355, a Weddellio non visa et nobis e specimine imperfecto non satis nota, ulterius cum Conocephalo comparanda.

92. Moraudia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 500, t. 117, et Voy. Bonite, t. 133.— Flores dioici, glomerulis dense capitatis ad axillas sessilibus. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis acutis valvatis, alabastro ovoideo v. acuminato. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum longe lanatum. Fl. &: Perianthium tubulosum, basi ventricosum, apice attenuatum, ore contracto sub-4-dentato, fructiferum plus minus auctum carnosum. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stigma lineare, supra ovarium articulatum, villosum, deciduum nisi in ore perianthii retentum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio carnosulo arcte inclusum, depressum, basi circumcirca incrassatum v. in lobulos seu cornua 4 dilatatum; epicarpium carnosulum, endocarpium crustaceum. Sominis testa endocarpio adnata; albumen parcum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Frutices, teste Gaudichaudio lactescentes. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, 3-nervia, supra interdum creberrime punctulata, cystolithis parum conspicuis; stipulæ parvæ, intrapetiolares. Florum capitula utriusque sexus ad axillas solitaria, arcte sessilia.

Species v. varietates insignes 2 v. 3, insularum Sandwicensium incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>16</sup>; Monogr. t. 12.

Folia variant subtus sericea v. fere glabra, creberrime punctulata v. epunctata. Perianthium fructiferum nunc valde auctum circa achænium laxum, nunc minus auctum achænio maturo subappressum. Flores 3 in alabastro obtusiusculi v. acuminati. Achænia basi 4-cornuta v. annulo continuo cincta, sed ex speciminibus nostris species bene limitatas distinguere nequimus.

93. Pipturus, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 196, et in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>16</sup>; Monogr. t. 15. (Nothocnide, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 14. Prætoria, Baill. Etud. Evol. 470, t. 11.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, dense globoso-glomerati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-fidum, lobis ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum lanatum. Fl. Q: Perianthium ovoideum, apice attenuatum, ore contracto minute dentato, fructiferum tenuiter carnosulum. Ovarium inclusum, perianthio adhærens; stigma lineare, exsertum, uno latere villosum, deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Receptaculum sub fructibus globosum, leviter carnosum v. siccum, sæpe villosulum. Achænium perianthio parum aucto herbaceo v. carnosulo arcte inclusum, a quo tamen sæpius liberum; pericarpium rigide membranaceum v. tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen perparcum; cotyledones latæ.—Arbores fruticesve elati, rarius scandentes. Folia alterna, integerrima v. crenato-serrata, 3-5-nervia, subtus sæpe canescentia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem bifidam coalitæ, caducissimæ. Florum glomeruli nunc ad axillas sessiles solitarii, nunc spicati, secus rhachin simplicem v. ramosam dissiti sessilesque. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 8, insularum Mascarensium Archipelagi Malayani et maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 185.

94. Villebrunea, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 91, 92. (Oreocnide, Miq. Pl. Jungh. i. 39.)—Flores dioici, dense capitato-glomerati, receptaculo fructifero parvo. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis ovatis acutis valvatis v. vix imbricatis, alabastro sub-Fl. 2: Perianthium Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum obovato-clavatum. tubulosum, ovario adnatum, ore contracto minute dentato. Stigma sessile, parvum v. discoideum, margine longe ciliato-penicillatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio tenuiter carnosulo arcte adnatum; pericarpium subcrustaceum. Semen rectum, sæpe acuminatum, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen varium; cotyledones ovatæ v. latæ. -Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima v. crenulata, pennivenia v. 3-nervia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem bifidam connatæ. Florum glomeruli seu capitula parva, solitaria, v. plura in cymam dichotomam laxiusculam disposita. Bracteæ sub capitulis parvæ v. breviter lineares; bracteolæ (!) intra capitulum sæpe nec semper sub fructu auctæ, in cupulam crasso-carnosam integerrimam interdum fructum ipsum æquantem accretæ.

Species ad 8, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolæ. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 15. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>20</sup>; Monogr. t. 15.

V. rhodopleura, Bl. ex specimine Zippeliano videtur Debregeasiæ species vix a D. velutina distincta.

95. Debregeasia, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 90. (Morocarpus, Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. Fam. Nat. ii. 94.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, dense glomerato-capitati, receptaculo 2 leviter carnoso-incrassato. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, rarius 3- v. 5-partitum, segmentis ovatis valvatis v. apice leviter imbricatis, alabastro depresso-globoso. Stamina 4, rarius 3 v. 5. Ovarii rudimentum glabrum v. basi lanatum. Fl. ♀: Perianthium ovoideum v. obovoideum, ore contracto minutissime dentato, fructiferum succulentum. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stigma sessile v. in D. Wallichiana stylo distincto fultum. pilis paucis v. brevibus mox evanidis penicillatum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achenium perianthio succulento arcte inclusum eique subadnatum; pericarpium crustaceum, demum sæpe solutum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen copiosum v. parcum; cotyledones parvæ, latæ.—Frutices. Folia alterna, petiolata, serrato-crenata, 3-nervia, rugosa, subtus sæpissime nivea v. cinerea; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem 2-fidam connatæ. Florum glomeruli globosi, ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos in D. hyalina, Wedd., arcte sessiles, in D. velutina, Gaud., in cymas sessiles breviter dichotomas dispositi, in D. Wallichiana in cymas laxas longe pedunculatas. Bractee in glomerulis & scariosee.

Species 5, Abyssinise, Indise orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Asise orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolse. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 23524; Monogr. t. 14, 15. Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 16 (Morocarpus). Wight, Ic. t. 1959 (Conocephalus). Ferr. et Galin. Voy. Abyss. t. 17 (Bahmeria).

LEUCCCNIDE, Miq. in Pl. Jungh. i. 36, species continct plures ab auctore spec postes ad Morocarpum (Debregeasiam) v. ad Leucosykem relatas.

96. **Leucesyke**, Zoll. et Mor. in Moritz. Verz. Pl. Zoll. 76. (Missiessia, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, t. 93.)—Flores sæpius dioici, globoso-glomerati v. capitati, receptaculo fructifero carnosulo. Fl. 3: Perianthium 4-5-partitum, segmentis valvatis. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum glabrum v. breviter lanatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium cupuliforme, sæpius breve, 4-5-dentatum v. lobatum. Ovarium oblique ovoideum, sæpe compressum; stigma sessile, penicillatum v. longe papillosum; ovulum a basi erectum, 'micropyle sæpius infundibuliformi-ampliata fimbriataque et summo loculo coherente' (Wedd.). Achænium perianthio persistenti vix v. non aucto insidens, quo multo longius, ovatum, plus minus compressum; pericarpium crustaceum, extus interdum tenuissime carnosulum. Semen conforme, testa tehuiter membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ellipticæ.—Arbusculæ v. frutices. Folia alterna, sæpe disticha, petiolata, crenato-serrata v. vix integerrima, 3-nervia, subtus canescentia; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem 2-fidam v. fere integram nunc maximam connatæ. Florum glomeruli globosi, ad axillas sessiles v. pedunculati, solitarii v. 2-4-ni, interdum brevissime racemosi nec cymosi. Bracteæ in glomerulis & scariosæ.

Species 9, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici australis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xv. i. 2352; Monogr. t. 15 (Missiessia). Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 24 (Touchardia).

97. Maoutia, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 193, et in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>30</sup>; Monogr. t. 16. (Lecanocnide, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 12.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, glomerato-capitati, receptaculo 2 parvo. Fl. &: Perianthium 5-partitum, segmentis acutis valvatis v. vix apice inflexo-imbricatis, alabastro depresso-globoso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum dense lanatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium ad basin ovarii minutum obliquum v. 0. Ovarium rectum; stigma parvum v. capitellatum, penicillatum, sessile v. stylo brevi fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum, compressum v. subtrigonum, perianthio minuto impositum v. omnino nudum; pericarpium crustaceum v. leviter induratum, extus interdum tenuissime carnosulum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ellipticæ v. oblongæ.—Frutices. Folia alterna, petiolata, crenato-serrata, 3-nervia, subtus nivea; stipulæ in unam intrapetiolarem 3-fidam connatæ. Florum glomeruli parvi, secus ramulos paniculæ axillaris sessiles v. ramulos terminantes. Bracteæ in glomerulis & parvæ, scariosæ.

Species 8, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ.

98. Myriocarpa, Benth. Bot. Sulph. 168, t. 55.—Flores dioici, rarius monoici, gracillime racemosi v. spicati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-5-partitum (rarius 3-partitum, Wcdd.), segmentis latis obtusis imbricatis. Stamina 4-5. Ovarii rudimentum glabrum, oblongum v. late peltatum. Fl. Q: Perianthium 0, nisi bracteæ 2 sub ovario oppositæ additis interdum 2 minimis pro sepalis habendæ. Ovarium supra bracteas sessile v. breviter stipitatum, compressum; stigma oblique oblongum v. fere semilunare, villoso-papillosum, stylo conspicue fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovoideum, compressum, marginibus sæpe incrassatis; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Arbusculæ v. frutices. Folia alterna, sæpius ampla, petiolata, dentata, pennivenia et sub-3-nervia, cystolithis circa pilorum bases v. rudimenta insigniter radiantibus; stipulæ intrapetiolares, in unam sæpe alte 2-fidam connatæ. Spicæ v. racemi ad axillas v. nodos defoliatos solitariæ v. subfasciculatæ, sæpius ramosæ. Flores secus rhachin ramosque filiformes interdum longissimos sparsi, & sæpius sessiles denseque conferti, Q laxiores, sessiles v. pedicellati, sæpius numerosissimi. Ovaria et achænia pilis rigidulis hispida.

Species 6, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 23524; Monogr. t. 16.

99. Phenax, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 191, in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>36</sup>; Monogr. t. 16.—Flores monoici, rarius dioici, in axillis dense glomerati. Fl. J: Perianthium campanulatum, supra medium in lobos 4, rarius 3 v. 5, divisum, lobis latis sæpe inflexis valvatis v. leviter imbricatis, alabastro globoso v. apice truncato. Stamina 4. rarius 3 v. 5. Ovarii rudimentum subglabrum v. breviter lanatum, interdum basi cum basibus filamentorum in columnam brevem connatum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0 (ovario undique arcte adnatum, limbo nullo prominente, Blume). Ovarium intra bracteam sessile v. in stipitem brevem contractum, compressum; stigma elongatum, tenue, uno latere papillo-villosum, diu persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium compressiusculum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum v. submembranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum v. sat copiosum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Suffrutices v. frutices tenues, sæpe diffusi. Folia alterna, petiolata, crenata v. serrata, 3-5-nervia, sæpe rugosa; stipulæ liberæ. Florum glomeruli ad axillas arcte sessiles, bracteis ferrugineo-scariosis latis imbricatis; flores f breviter pedicellati, 2 subsessiles, singuli bracteis arcte inclusi.

Species 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, quarum una etiam in Mauritio et Malacca invenitur an inquilina? Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. t. 54. Jacq. Eclog. t. 135 (Bahmeria).

100. Parietaria, Linn. Gen. n. 1152. (Freirea et Thaumuria, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 502.)—Flores polygami, ad axillas cymosi v. glomerati. Perianthium florum \( \nabla \) et \( \delta \) alte 4-lobum, rarius 3-lobum, lobis valvatis, in flore \( \frac{1}{2} \) basi evidentius tubulosum, lobis brevioribus. Stamina 4, rarius 3. Ovarium intra perianthium liberum, in flore \( \delta \) rudimentum glabrum; stigma breviter v. rarius longius lineare, recurvum, dense penicillatum, sessile v. stylo fultum, deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio persistente varie aucto sæpe cylindraceo herbaceo inclusum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen sat copiosum; cotyledones ovatæ v. oblongæ.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, sæpius diffusæ, pube sæpe e pilis hamatis præhensilibus. Folia alterna, petiolata, integerrima, 3-nervia v. triplinervia, sæpe parva; stipulæ 0. Florum cymulæ densæ v. glomeruli ad axillas sæpius gemini, sessiles. Bracteæ exteriores nunc basi plus minus in involucrum sub glomerulo 3- v. paucifloro connatæ, nunc in cymula laxiore varie connatæ v. liberæ, fructibus semper plus minus ex involucro protrusis.

Species ad 8, per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, inter tropicos rariores, quarum plures inter se habitu simillimæ in herbariis valde confusæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>42</sup>; Monogr. t. 17. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 119. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 29. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 651. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 22. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 154. Delile, Fl. Ægypt. t. 50. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 214.

masculis in involucro basi tubuloso, involucris glomeratis, glomerulis paniculatis. Fl. δ: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis apice inflexis subvalvatis breviter acuminatis. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum acuminatum, basi lanatum. Fl. φ: Perianthium ovoideum, involucri tubo inclusum eique basi adnatum, breviter 4-dentatum. Ovarium rectum, inclusum; stigma lineare, stylo brevi fultum, uno latere papillosum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio et involucri tubo inclusum; pericarpium tenuiter membranaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea, vix a pericarpio solvenda; albumen tenue; cotyledones ovatæ.—Arbuscula patule ramosa, ramulis foliisque novellis canopilosis. Folia alterna, petiolata, majuscula, acuminata, integerrima, 3-nervia et pennivenia; stipulæ 0. Paniculæ in axillis superioribus ramosæ, floribundæ, interdum folia excedentes. Involucrorum glomeruli secus ramulos paniculæ dissiti, numerosi; involucra ipsa basi tubuloso-campanulata circa fructum leviter incrassata, lobis sæpius 6 angustis inæqualibus tubo longioribus.

Species 1, ins. Canariensium incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235. L'Hér. Stirp. Nov. t. 20 (Urtica). Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 213 (Parietaria). Jacq. Fragm. t. 5 (Bahmeria).

Species altera in Prodromo memorata, Parietaria filamentosa, Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 212, nobis tam habitu quam characteribus melius Parietaria quam Gesnouinia convenire videtur.

Involucra 3-flora in aliis speciebus *Parietariæ* observantur, et flos  $\mathfrak P$  et fructus e tubo involucri exsertus etiam in *P. filamentosa*. Stigma parum tantum longius et tenuius quam in flore  $\mathfrak P$ . officinalis a Weddellio in Monogr. t. 17, fig. 4, delineatur.

102. **Eclaire,** Req. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, v. 384. (Soleirolia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 504; Voy. Bonite, t. 114.)—Flores monoici, in axillis solitarii. Fl. 3: Involucrum sub flore e bracteis 3 angustis. Calyx campanulatus, semi-4-fidus, lobis acuminatis valvatis, alabastro depresso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, lanatum. Fl. 2: Involucri bracteæ in tubum plus minus connatæ, acuminatæ, dorso carinatæ v. fere alatæ ciliatæque. Perianthium involucro inclusum, tubulosum, breviter et anguste 4-fidum. Ovarium rectum; stigma penicillatum, stylo brevi fultum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium ovatum, nitidum, perianthio involucroque inclusum; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenue; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herba tenella, diffuse ramosissima, basi repens, ramis filiformibus. Folia alterna, parva, integerrima, rotundata; stipulæ 0. Involucra ad axillas breviter pedicellata v. subsessilia, superiora mascula, inferiora pauca fæminea.

Species 1, Corsicæ et Sardiniæ incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>31</sup>; Monogr. t. 18. Viv. App. Fl. Cors. 7, f. 1 (Parietaria).

103. Roussella, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 503; Voy. Bonite, t. 98.—Flores monoici, ad axillas & racemulosi, & gemini 2-bracteati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis acutis valvatis, alabastro globoso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum basi lanatum. Fl. &: Perianthium ovatum, ore contracto 2-4-dentato. Ovarium rectum; stigma filiforme, curvulum, uno latere papilloso-plumosum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium compressum, ovatum, acutum, nitidum, perianthio aucto bracteaque vestitum; pericarpium fragile. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herba perennis, tenera, diffusa, ramosissima; habitu Parietariæ. Folia alterna, parva, late ovata, integerrima, paucivenia et subtrinervia; stipulæ parvæ, liberæ. Cymulæ & 2-floræ, ad axillas sessiles; bracteæ 2, latæ, foliaceæ, inter se liberæ sed demum floribus arcte adnatæ. Pedunculus & ex cadem axilla, in speciminibus nostris vix floribus plongior, apice racemulum fere in umbellam contractum pauciflorum ferens, floribus minimis breviter pedicellatis, singulis bractea parva lineari subtensis.

Species 1, Indiæ occidentalis incola. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>51</sup>; Monogr. t. 18. Race-mulum masculum laxum qualem a Gaudichaudio delineatur non vidimus, brevissimum invenimus ut a Weddellio depictum, sed ex iisdem axillis quam flores fæminei.

104. Remistylis, Benth. Pl. Hartw. 123.—Flores monoici, & glomerato-spicati, & gemini, bracteis 2 involucrati. Fl. &: Perianthium 4-partitum, segmentis acutis valvatis, alabastro subgloboso. Stamina 4. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, glabrum v. basi lanatum. Fl. &: Perianthium ovoideum, ore contracto 2-4-dentato, fructiferum compressum, 2-carinatum v. 2-alatum. Ovarium inclusum; stigma filiforme, curvum, breviter papillosum, deciduum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achenium perianthio aucto arcte inclusum cui basi sæpe accretum, ovoideo-conicum; pericarpium nitidum fragile. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen tenue; cotyledones latæ.—Arbusculæ v. frutices. Folia alterna, longe petiolata, lata, integerrima v. dentata, 3-nervia; stipulæ liberæ. Spicæ ad axillas solitariæ v. geminæ, rhachi pro maxima parte glomerulis & numerosis confertis obtecta, bracteis sub glomerulis parvis. Involucra & prope basin spicæ sæpius pauca, subsessilia, e bracteis 2 latis basi sæpe connatis et utrinque segmento anguste auctis composita; flores intra bracteas gemini, sessiles, nunc distincti bracteolis parvis stipati, nunc arcte contigui perianthiis fructiferis connatis. In una specie involucra & numerosa, spicis a & distinctis paniculatis.

Species 4, Colombianæ. 'Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 23552; Monogr. t. 18.

Genus Bahmericas cum Parietaricas arcte connectens, forte melius inter priores recensendum. Habitus Bahmerice ipsius.

105. Forskehlen, Linn. Mant. n. 1262. (Forskalen, Juss. Gen. 403. Caidbeja,

Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 82.)—Flores monoici, intra involucrum tubuloso-campanulatum 3-6-partitum aggregati, lana densa involuti. Fl. f in ambitu involucri co: Perianthium in alabastro clavatum, per anthesin hino fissum irregulariter 3-lobum v. 3-dentatum, lobo terminali inflexo. Stamen 1. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 in centro involucri 1-5: Perianthium 0. Ovarium rectum; stigma filiforme, papilloso-hispidum, diu persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænia involucro inclusa, lana involuta, ovata, compressa; pericarpium crassiusculum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen parcum v. 0; cotyledones latæ.—Herbæ basi interdum lignescentes, tenues, pube rigida sæpius incana scaberrimæ. Folia alterna, dentata, triplinervia, subtus sæpe incana; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Involucra ad axillas sæpius plura, extus longe sericeo-pilosa, bracteis nunc a basi liberis nunc breviter connatis. Flores d pedicellati, ex involucro sæpius breviter prominentes, 2 sessiles arcte inclusi.

Species 5, inter se non semper facile distinguendæ, Africæ totius, Arabiæ et Indiæ orientalis provinciarum occidentalium incolæ, etiam in Hispania australi obviæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>55</sup>; Monogr. t. 19. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 48. Webb, Otia Hisp. t. 44.

106. **Droguetia**, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 505; Voy. Bonite, t. 114.—Flores monoici, in involucro late campanulato dentato aggregati. Fl. ♂ in ambitu involucri ∞: Perianthium in alabastro clavatum, per anthesin hinc fissum et inæqualiter 3-lobum v. 3-dentatum. Stamen 1. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀ in centro involucri 1 v. pauci: Perianthium 0. Ovarium rectum; stigma filiforme, papilloso-hispidum, diu persistens; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænia involucro inclusa, lanata v. nuda, ovata, compressa; pericarpium crassiusculum. Semen conforme, testa membranacea; albumen varium; cotyledones ellipticæ.—Herbæ quam in Forskohlea teneriores, virides v. scabro-pubescentes. Folia ovata, serrata, triplinervia; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Involucra quam in Forskohlea sæpius minora, tomento brevi scabro pubescentia, ad axillas foliorum v. bractearum solitaria v. plura conferta, subsessilia. Flores intra involucrum sessiles.

Species 4, Africæ tropicæ et australis Madagascariæ et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>57</sup>; Monogr. t. 19.

Genus Forskohlea nimis affine, in sectiones 2 distinctissimas dividitur:-

- 1. Didymogyne, foliis oppositis, involucris omnibus axillaribus interdum geminis pluribusve. Species Africanæ et Indiææ Forskohleæ arcte affines. Wight, Ic. t. 1982 (Forskohlea). DIDYMOGYNE, Wedd. in Ann. Sc. Nat ser. 4, i. 207.
- 2. Eudroguetia, foliis alternis, involucris in axillis solitariis superioribus v. omnibus in spicam terminalem dispositis, foliis floralibus ad bracteas parvas reductis. Species 2. Mascarenses, D. leptostachya, Wedd. (foliis lapsu calami oppositis dictis), et D. Thouarsana, Gaud. Voy. Bonite, t. 86, 87.
- 107. Australina, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 505.—Flores monoici, ad axillas glomerati, exinvolucrati. Fl. J: Perianthium clavatum, hinc fissum v. irregulariter dentatum, demum sæpe explanatum bracteiforme. Stamen 1. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium ovato-tubulosum, ore contracto obscure dentato. Ovarium inclusum, rectum; stigma lineare, sæpe breve, uno latere villosum v. fere penicillatum, persistens v. evanidum; ovulum a basi erectum. Achænium perianthio parum aucto crassiuscule membranaceo v. fere carnosulo arcte inclusum, eique interdum adhærens; pericarpium tenue, nitidulum. Semen conforme, testa tenuiter membranacea pericarpio subadhærente; albumen perparcum; cotyledones ovatæ.—Herbæ diffusæ, annuæ v. perennes. Folia alterna, petiolata, dentata v. minora subintegerrima; stipulæ laterales, liberæ. Florum glomeruli in axillis sessiles, unisexuales v. androgyni; bracteæ 1-2 exteriores interdum majores latioresque sed vix involucrum formantes.

Species ad 5, Australize et Africze australis incolze. Wedd. in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 285, Monogr. t. 20. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 189.

DIDYMODOXA, E. Mey. MS., species Africanas annuas continet quas ab Australianis perennibus generice distinguit Weddell in DC. Prod. xvi. i. 235<sup>61</sup>; et Monogr. 547 t. 20, ob glomerulos androgynos et flores ? perianthio destitutos. Glomeruli tamen etiam in Australianis sæpe androgyni sunt, et

perianthium verum nobis adesse videtur in Capensibus. Flores fructusque plures in speciminibus Dregeanis et Burchellianis examinavimus, et ovarium intra perianthium stigmate coronatum vidimus, perianthio ipso interdum acumine brevi nec stylo coronato.

A. flaccida, Wedd., ex Abyssinia, foliis oppositis videtur potius Droguctiæ species, D. paucifloræ affinis, sed flores in speciminibus nostris haud perfecti.

#### TRIBUS VIII. THELYGONEÆ.

108. Thelygonum, Linn. Gen. n. 1068 (Theligonum). (Cynocrambe, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 362, t. 75.)—Flores monoici, ad axillas 1-3-ni. Fl. &: Perianthium in alabastro globosum membranaceum clausum, per anthesin valvatim 2-partitum, segmentis patentibus latis 5-nervibus. Stamina in centro floris  $\infty$  (seepius 7-12, ex A. DC. 2-20), filamentis liberis filiformibus: antheræ jam in alabastro erectæ, lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium membranaceum, valde oblique lageniforme, tubo basi circa ovarium globoso, fere a basi uno latere in collum ascendens tubulosum basi constrictum apice minute 2-4-dentatum producto. Staminodia 0. Ovarium tubo globoso inclusum, basi prope collum perianthii affixum, stylus basilaris, e collo perianthii exsertus, filiformis, fere a basi papilloso-pilosulus; ovulum a basi erectum, mox a stylo averse incurvum, micropyle terminali. Nux subglobosa, perianthii tubo tenuissime membranaceo (interdum adnato v. deliquescente) inclusa, collo marcescente v. demum evanescente ; pericarpium tenuiter crustaceum. Semen sessile, a basi erectum, ambitu pericarpio conforme sed valde curvum sinu a latere inferiore profunde intruso hippocrepiforme v. quasi 2-lobum; testa tenuiter membranacea, dorso pericarpio subadhærens, in latere inferiore seminis et intra sinum laxior; albumen dense carnosum, semini conforme; embryo in centro albuminis pariter curvus, albumine paullo brevior, cotyledonibus planis ellipticis sibimet applicitis, radicula incumbenti-incurva a basi seminis aversa. —Herba annua, procumbens, ramosa, carnosula. Folia inferiora opposita, superiora defectu unius cujusve paris alterna, breviter petiolata, ovata, integerrima, succulenta; stipulæ liberæ. Florum cymulæ sessiles, folio oppositæ (ad axillam folii oppositi abortientis). Flores & 2-3-ni, subsessiles, ebracteolati, mox caduci, 2 ex eodem v. diverso nodo 1-3-ni, v. in axillis gemini, pedicellis brevibus obconicis post anthesin calloso-incrassatis fulti, bracteolis 2 stipati, sub anthesin minuti. Nuces maturæ vix lineam excedunt diametro.

Species 1, per regionem Mediterraneam late dispersa. A. DC. Prod. xvii. 33 (Cynocrambe). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 69. Caruel in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. v. 165. t. 1. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 941. Delile in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xix. 370, t. 13.

Genus olim ob stationem sæpe maritimam et habitum carnosulum *Chenopodiaceus* adscriptum, sed florum et præcipue seminum structura longe distat, a nonnullis pro ordine proprio habetur. In omnibus tamen cum tribu *Urticearum* convenit, exceptis staminibus indefinitis erectisque, quæ præterea in sola *Ampelocera* e tribu *Celtidearum* observantur, et embryone curvo, in tribu *Celtidearum* constante, in *Morcis* minus frequente, in *Urticeis* nondum noto.

De foliorum dispositione et evolutione confer Irmisch in Flora 1856, 689. Delile l.c. cystolithos in exocarpio observatos descripsit sub nomine aiguilles crystallines. Hie auctor flores femineos dixit masculis præcociores; contra, ex Caruel, qui pariter plantam vivam in loco natali observavit, flores feminei post masculos delapsos in eadem axilla evolvuntur.

# Oado CLIV. PLATANACEE.

Endl. Gen. 289. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 272.

Flores monoici, in capitulis unisexualibus globosis densissime conferti, receptaculo carnoso impositi. Perianthium 0. Capitula  $\mathcal{F}$ : Antheræ numerosæ, in receptaculo subsessiles, singulæ squamella minuta subtensæ, oblongæ v. fere lineares, loculis 2 parallelis dorso appositis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo apice peltato superatis. Capitula  $\mathcal{F}$ : Carpella numerosa, omnia distincta at sæpe per 2-8 obscure fasciculata, subsessilia, bracteolis linearibus v. brevibus hinc inde intermixta. Ovarium lineare, 1-loculare, in stylum elongatum superne uno latere stigmatosum productum. Ovulum 1 (v. rarius 2 uno abortiente), ex apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum. Capitula fructifera aucta cæterum florentibus similia. Carpella singula basi linearia pilis longis circumdata, superne callosoincrassata, sigillatim decidua, indehiscentia. Semen in carpello unicum, pendulum, lineare, testa membranacea. Albumen in seminibus examinatis tenue (interdum deficere dicitur). Embryo linearis, rectus, cotyledonibus sibimet applicitis vix radicula infera latioribus eique subæquilongis.

Arbores cortice sæpius in squamas latas quotannis deciduo. Folia alterna, petiolata, lata, palmatinervia lobataque, petiolo basi dilatato gemmam includente. Stipulæ membranaceæ, caducæ. Florum capitula secus pedunculum terminalem v. e gemma laterali oriundum pauca, sessilia, in eodem pedunculo unisexualia. Receptaculum utriusque sexus leviter foveolatum et minute squamellatum. Bracteolæ cæterum in capitulo \$\mathscr{O}\$ 0, in capitulo \$\mathscr{Q}\$ sub fasciculis v. interdum sub floribus singulis lineares, floribus æquilongæ v. breviores, in capitulo fructifero sæpius evanidæ (an exsiccatæ an delapsæ incertum est).

Species 5-6, regionum temperatarum v. subtropicarum hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis incolæ, quarum 2 Europææ orientales v. Asiaticæ, 2 Americanæ.

Ordo e genere unico constans nulli arcte proximus, etsi pluribus notis Urticaccis conveniat. Inflorescentia Artocarpearum et Morearum nonnullarum. Ovulum orthotropum, albumen perparcum, et embryo Conocephalearum et Urticacrum, sed micropyle et radicula infera ab omnibus Urticaceis distat. Ab Hamamelideis (Altingia), quacum nonnulli comparant, multo longius recedit ovario, fructu, seminibus, aliisque notis. Observationes B. Clarkii in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 3, i. 103, t. 6, nequaquam confirmare possumus. Nec perianthii segmenta noc bracteolas inter antheras capituli & invenimus, et rarissime hinc inde anthera imperfecta interposita est. Flores \( \rapprox \) obscure fasciculati ut in Artocarpeus globos -capitatis, ubi capitula e cyma contracta formata videntur, et bracteola sæpe sub fasciculo adest, sed perianthium a Clarkio depictum nunquam vidimus, nec invenire potuit Eichler (Bluthendiagr. ii. 66).

1. Platanus, Linn. Gen. n. 1075.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species, uti supra, 5-6. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 159. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 17. Sibth. Fl. Gree. t. 945. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 100, 101. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 63. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 15. Morie. Pl. Nouv. Amer. t. 26.

### ()RDO CLV. LEITNERIE.

Flores dioici, utriusque sexus in spicis amentaceis erectis sub quaque bractea solitarii. Fl.  $\sigma$ : Perianthium 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (3-12), toro basi bracteæ adnato affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis v. vix basi connatis. Antheræ majusculæ, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis parallelis distinctis dorso contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl.  $\mathfrak Perianthium$  minutum e squamellis valde inæqualibus basi in discum seu cupulam connatis. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, in stylum longum indivisum apice recurvum uno

latere longe stigmatosum desinens. Ovulum unicum, parieti lateraliter affixum, amphitropum, ascendens, micropyle supera. Drupa oblonga, compressiuscula, exocarpio tenui; endocarpium durum. Semen hilo lineari lateraliter affixum, fructui conforme, testa membranacea. Albumen tenue, carnosum. Embryo rectus, semine parum brevior, cotyledonibus planis basi cordatis, radicula brevi exserta supera.

Frutices non resinosi, innovationibus sericeo-puberulis. Folia alterna, petiolata, majuscula, integerrima, pennivenia, epunctata. Stipulæ 0. Amenta e ramis annotinis ante folia evoluta, in gemmis solitaria, sessilia, squamis seu bracteis imbricatis demum laxiusculis, inferioribus plurimis vacuis.

Species 2, altera Floridana paludosa, altera Texana minus perfecte nota.

1. Leitneria, Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 427.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species, uti supra, 2. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 154. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1044. Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 239, fig. 214 ad 216.

Genus dubie Myricaceis adscriptum, nobis potius Urticaceis affine videtur, quoad flores & Juglandeas refert, sed habitu, perianthio Q infero, etc., distincte differt.

DIDYMELES, Thou. Hist. Veg. Afr. Austr. 9, t. 1 (vel 3), arbor Madagascariensis a botanicis recentioribus non observata, a Baillonio primum ad Rutaceas dubie relata, serius Hist. Pl. vi. 241. Leitueriæ juxtaposita, ex charactere et icone auctoris nobis ab utroque aliena videtur sed affinitas valde dubia.

## Ordo CLVI. JUGLANDEZ.

Endl. Gen. 1125. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 292.

Flores monoici, masculi seepius in spicis amentaceis laxis pendulis, feeminei v. rarius utriusque sexus in spicis erectis, ad quamquam bracteam solitarii, sessiles. Fl. & bracteæ adnati: Perianthium e lobis 3-6 ad bracteæ margines, v. extremo intra apicem bracteæ libero, v. perianthium 0, toro bractez adnato. Stamina  $\infty$  (3-40), toro szepius lineari 2-\pi-seriatim affixa, filamentis brevibus. Anthera erectæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ, loculis parallelis distinctis dorso contiguis, rima longitudinali dehiscentibus, connectivo apice clavato v. dilatato v. undique tenui. Ovarii rudimentum rarius evolutum. Fl. 2 in rhachi sessiles, varie bracteati, sapeque 2-bracteolati: Perianthium ovario adnatum, apice breviter liberum, 4-dentatum v. breviter 4-lobum. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, ramis 2 abbreviatis v. elongatis introrsum continue a basi stigmatosis sæpe fimbriato-plumosis. Ovulum 1, a basi erectum, orthotropum. Fructus drupaceus v. rarius nuceus, nunc bractea bracteolisque auctis basi v. alte adnatis varie involucratus, nunc bracteolis immutatis v. deciduis nudus; exocarpium carnosum v. succulentum, arcte adhærens v. demum varie solutum, rarius tenuissimum; endocarpium durum, osseum, v. rarius tenuius crustaceum, basi intrusum, fructum in loculos 2 v. 4 imperfectos dividens. Semen unicum, endocarpio intruso affixum, superne erectum subintegrum, basi in lobos 2 v. 4 in loculos spurios descendentes divisum, testa membranacea. Albumen 0. Embryo semini conformis, cotyledonibus nunc carnosis æqualibus v. rugosis nunc subfoliaceis intricate contortuplicatis, radicula supera.

Arbores sæpe magnæ, ligno duro, succo aqueo v. resinoso nec lacteo. Folia alterna, sæpius ampla, imparipinnata, foliolis integerrimis serratisve penniveniis sæpe obliquis v. falcatis. Stipulæ 0. Amenta de ramis annotinis v. ad basin innovationum lateralia; spicæ 2 terminales, v. spicæ utriusque sexus ad apices ramulorum hornotinorum plures.

Species vix ultra 30, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis in utroque orbe late dispersæ, etiam inter tropicos in montanis Asiæ et Americæ centralis obviæ.

Ordo bene distinctus, olim Anacardiaccis approximatus, involucro generis typici pro calyce descripto, perianthii lobis pro petalis, a botanicis aliis ob spicas masculas amentaceas cum Cupuliferis

a lisque in ordine Amestacearum inclusus, revera pluribus notis Urticaceis accedit, sed foliis pinnatis, fractu intus basi spurie 2-4-locellato, seminis lobis intra loculos descendentibus, ab omnibus affinibus facile separatur.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Amenta & pendula. Flores 2 spicati v. subsolitarii.
- 1. Carva. Bractea sub fl. 2 parva v. 0, bracteolæ 0. Drupæ exocarpium ab endocarpio lævi v. vix rugoso apice 4-valvatim secedens.—Amer. bor., Mexico.
- 2. Juglans. Bractea fl. & bracteolis ovario arcte adhærens, sub perianthii limbum irregulariter dentata, perianthium exterius simulans. Drupæ exocarpium endocarpio rugoso arcte adhærens v. demum irregulariter solvendum.—Eur., Asia med. ct or., Amer. bor., Mexico, Ind. occid.
- 3. PTEROCARYA. Bractea fl.  $\circ$  basi ovario subadnata, sub fructu immutata; bracteolæ intra bracteam latæ ovario adnatæ. Drupa bracteolis auctis oblique adnatis 2-alata.—Caucasus, China, Japonia.
- 4. Engelhardtia. Bractes fl. ♀ ima basi cupulata, ovario adnata, 3-loba, fructifera aucta, venosa, patens, 3-loba, lobo medio longiore. basi nucem fovens.—Ind. or., Archip. Mal., China uustr.
  - \*\* Spica utriusque sexus erecta, imbricato-bracteata.
- 5. PLATYCARYA. Fl. Q ad basin bracteæ sessiles, ebracteolati. Spica fructifera strobiliformis, bracteis squamiformibus numerosis imbricatis nuces parvas sæpius 2-alatas obtegentibus.

  —Japonia. China bor.
- 1. Carya, Nutt. Gen. Pl. Amer. ii. 220. (Hicorias et Scorias, Rafin. ex Endl. Gen. Pl. 1126.)—Amenta & lateralia, pendula. Perianthium cum bractea lineari concretum, irregulariter 2-3-lobum. Stamina ∞ (3-10), in receptaculo adnato sub-2-seriata; antherarum connectivum tenue, ultra loculos non productum. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores 2 breviter v. interrupte spicati, sæpius pauci, bractea parva fugaci v. omnino deficiente exinvolucrati. Perianthium ovario adnatum; limbi lobi 4, breves æqualesve v. uno multo longiore. Ovarium et ovulum ad normam ordinis; styli rami undique stigmatosi papillosofimbriati, ad apicem ovarii subsessiles patentes. Drupa subsicca, ovoidea v. globosa, exocarpio (e perianthio adnato !) carnoso-coriaceo in valvas 4 superne dehiscente; endocarpium indehiscens, læve v. parum rugosum, cum laminis intrusis fructum plus minus in loculos 2-4 dividentibus, nunc crassum durissimumque, nunc tenuius fere crustaceum. Semen inferne 2-4-lobum; cotyledonibus carnosis seepe rugosis, non tamen plicatis.— Arbores habitu Juglandis. Folia imparipinnata, foliolis serratis. Amenta & ad basin innovationum in pedunculo communi brevi sæpissime terna, ternationibus interdum in ramulo numerosis. Spica 2 terminalis, floribus nunc 6-10 dissitis, nunc 3-4 fere capitatis.

Species notæ 10, omnes boreali-Americanæ, quarum una usque ad Mexicum extensa. Cas. DC. 1rod. xvi. ii. 142. Gærtn. Fruot. t. 89 (Juglans). Mich. Arb. Amer. Sept. i. Ic. Jugl. t. 3 ad 10. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 148, 167. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 100, 101. Emers. Rep. Trees Massachus. t. 12 ad 15.

2. Jugians, Linn. Gen. n. 1071, pro parte.—Amenta δ lateralia, pendula. Perianthium cum bractea lineari concretum, margine irregulariter 5-6-lobum. Stamina ∞ (8-40), toro lineari 2-∞-seriatim affixa; antherarum connectivum apice sæpius clavatum v. dilatatum, loculos tamen vix superans. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores 2 in spica terminali pauci. Bractea cum bracteolis ovario alte adnatæ, involucrum adnatum (calycem auct. plur.), margine irregulariter 3-5-lobum v. dentatum formans. Perianthium (petala nonnullorum) intra involucrum ovario altius adnatum, limbo libero 4-dentato v. alte 4-fido, lobis imbricatis æqualibus v. uno paullo majore. Ovarium et ovulum ad normam ordinis; styli rami stigmatosi lineares v. lanceolati, recurvo-patentes, a basi fimbriato-plumosi. Drupa sæpius majuscula, globosa v. ovoidea, exocarpio carnoso indehiscente adhærente v. demum irregulariter fisso solutoque; endocarpium crassum, durum, extus rugosum,

intus basi spurie 2- v. 4-loculare. Semen basi 2- v. 4-lobum, cotyledomibus carnosis seepius rugosis....Arbores cortice odorato v. resinoso. Folia ampla,  $\infty$ -foliolata. Amenta d e gemmis lateralibus paucisquamatis solitaria. Spice  $\varphi$  terminales, dissite pauciflores v. interdum ad florem unicum reductse.

Species 7. v. 8, per hemisphærii borealis regiones temperatas v. subtropicas late disperse; 1 Europea et Asiatica media, 2 ex Asia orientali et Japonia, 4 v. 5 Americanæ a Canada et California usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum extensæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 135. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xviii. 58; Mel. Biol. viii. 630. Hayne, Arsneig. xiii. t. 17. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 191, 192. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 158. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 27. Mich. Arb. Amer. Sept. i. Jugl. t. 1, 2. Torr. Bot. Sitgr. Exped. t. 15, 16.

Wallia, Alefeld in Bonplandia, 1861, 335, genus ad species Americanas propositum, ab auctore distinguitur exocarpio etiam maturo arcte adhærente, endocarpio extus rugosiore, laminis intrusis induratis nec ut in J. regia tenuibus, characteres perpauci momenti. Alefeld tamen nunquam J. regiam in Wallia inclusit ut errore in Prodromo citatur.

3. Pterocarya, Kunth in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, ii. 345.—Amenta ♂ lateralia, pendula. Perianthium cum bractea lineari v. spathulata concretum, margine irregulariter 3-6-lobum, lobo extremo sæpe intra bracteæ apicem libero. Stamina ∞ (9-18), toro lineari 2-seriatim affixa; antherarum connectivum tenue. Ovarii rudimentum lineare sæpe adest. Fl. ♀ longe spicatæ. Bracteolæ intra bracteam latæ, ovario plus minus adnatæ. Perianthium ovario adnatum, limbo libero breviter 4-fido. Ovarium et ovulum ad normam ordinis; styli rami stigmatosi lineari-oblongi, introrsum a basi dense papilloso-subplumosi. Bractea primaria sub fructu immutata. Drupa sicca, bracteolis valde auctis basi oblique adnatis fere ad apicem late v. longiuscule 2-alata, exocarpio tenui; endocarpium durum, intus varie intrusum, loculos 4 imperfectos irregularesque formans. Semen basi 4-lobum, cotyledonibus rugoso-plicatis sæpius intricato-contortuplicatis.—Arbores. Folia ampla, foliolis sæpius numerosis angustis. Amenta ♂ ad basin innovationum pauca. Spicæ ♀ longæ, tenues, ramulos breves 1-3-foliatos terminantes.

Species 3 v. 4, Asiæ temperatæ ıncolæ, quarum una Caucasica, cæteræ Chinenses v. Japonicæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 139. Oerst. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1870, 160, t. 1. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Petersb. xviii. 63; Mel. Biol. viii. 637.

4. Engelhardtia, Leschen. in Blume, Bijdr. 528. (Pterilema, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Nov. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 13.)—Amenta & lateralia, pendula. Perianthium cum bractea lineari v. apice dilatata concretum, margine irregulariter 3-6-lobum, v. vix prominens. Stamina  $\infty$  (3-15), toro 2-seriatim affixa; antherarum connectivum parum prominens. Ovarii rudimentum lineare sepe adest. Flores 2 longe laxeque spicati. Bractea ima basi brevissime cupulata et ovario adnata, 3-5-fida, lobo medio longiore lateralibus (bracteolis?) parvis. Perianthium ovario adnatum, limbo libero brevi 4-fido, lobis subvalvatis. Ovarium et ovulum ad normam ordinis; styli rami stigmatosi 2-4, crassi, varie papilloso-fimbriati. Bractea sub fructu aucta, rigide membranacea, venosa, basi nucem amplectens eique adnata, superne alam 3-5-fidam patentem formans, lobo medio lateralibus multo longiore. Nux parva, endocarpio crustaceo v. indurato intus varie intruso, loculos 2-4 imperfectos irregularesque formante. Semen basi 2-4-lobum, cotyledonibus rugoso-plicatis sæpius intricato-contortuplicatis.—Arbores magnæ. Folia ampla, co-foliolata, subtus sæpe resinoso-punctatæ. Amenta de gemmis solitaria v. gemina, v. in pedunculo brevi ramoso plura. Spicæ fæmineæ ad basin innovationum laterales, v. paniculam masculam rarius ramulum foliatum terminantes, sepius longe, floribunde, erectæ v. fructiferæ recurvæ.

Species genuine ad 10, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani v. Chinæ australis incolæ. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 140. Bluone, Fl. Jav. Jugl. i. 1 ad 5. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 199, 208.

OHEOMUNNEA, Ocrst. in. Vid. Meddel, Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1856, 52 (ORRAMUNOA, Ocrst. l.c. 1870, 166, t. 2), e Costa Rica Americæ centralis, apud Cas. DO. Engelhardtiæ sectionem format. Flores & et folia adhuc ignota. Fructus ex ic. et descr. ei Engelhardtiæ similis est, sed multo major, ala 5-pollicari, styli rami stigmatosi brevissime crassi vertico hippocrepici et endocarpium intus multo magis divisum quam in Engelhardtiis Asiaticis.

5. Platycarya, Sieb. et Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Wissensch. Münch. iii. 741, t. 5; Fl. Jap. t. 149. (Fortunesa, Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. i. 150.)—Spices utriusque sexus erectæ, imbricato-bracteatæ, interdum androgynæ, basi fœmineæ. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-10), toro basi bracteæ sæpeque rhachi spicæ adnato affixa, antherarum connectivo tenui. Ovarii rudimentum lineare, interdum deficiens. Fl. 2 ad basin bractee sessiles, ebracteolati: Perianthium ovario adnatum, apice 2-3-dentatum, dentibus parvis 2 lateralibus tertio dum adsit postico. Ovarium inferum, ovatum, a dorso compressum; stylus brevis, crassus, lobis stigmatosis patentibus. Spica fructifera strobiliformis, ovoidea v. oblonga, squamis v. bracteis rigidis acute acuminatis imbricatis nuces omnino obtegentibus. Nux ad basin bracteæ parva, compressa, angulis lateralibus acutis seepius anguste alatis, et interdum facie postica angulo obtuso plus minus prominente instructa; exocarpium tenue; endocarpium crustaceum, duriusculum, intus basi laminis intrusis loculos 2 imperfectos formans. Semen basi 2-lobum; cotyledonibus plicatis.—Arbores. Folia ∞-foliolata, foliolis serrulatis. Spicæ ad apices ramulorum brevium foliatorum plures, centralis fœminea v. androgyna basi fœminea apice mascula, cæteræ 2-8 masculæ, omnes cylindraceæ, multifloræ.

Species 1, Japoniæ et Chinæ borealis incola. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 145.

# Ordo CLVII. MYRICACEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 271. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 256.

Flores unisexuales, in spicis breviter cylindraceis squamoso-bracteatis sub bracteis sessiles. Perianthium 0, flores tamen præsertim ♀ bracteolis 2-4 rarius ∞, intra bracteam stipati. Fl. ♂: Stamina 2-∞ (usque ad 16, sæpius 4-6), toro basi bracteæ adnato imposita, filamentis brevibus liberis v. plus minus coalitis. Antheræ erectæ, ovatæ, loculis 2 distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo non producto. Ovarii rudimentum rarius adest subulatum. Fl. ♀ sub quaque bractea solitarii v. rarius 2-4-ni, sæpissime 2-4-bracteolati. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, ramis 2 introrsum continue stigmatosis filiformibus v. rarius abbreviatis. Ovulum 1, a basi erectum, orthotropum. Drupa parva, globosa v. ovoidea, extus sæpius ceraceo-papillosa, exocarpio resinoso-carnoso v. succulento, endocarpio duro. Semen erectum, testa membranacea. Albumen 0. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus carnosulis plano-convexis, radicula brevi supera.

Arbores fruticesve, sæpius aromatici. Folia alterna, pennivenia, integerrima serrata irregulariter dentata v. lobata, v. regulariter pinnatifida. Stipulæ 0 (nisi in M. asplenifolia spuriæ). Spicæ  $\mathcal E$  in ramis annotinis sæpius densæ, squamis imbricatis ante foliorum evolutionem v. ad basin innovationum v. ad axillas foliorum solitariæ sessilesque, v.  $\infty$  fasciculatæ spicatæ v. dense paniculatæ; interdum androgynæ masculis similes, floribus inferioribus  $\mathcal E$ , superioribus  $\mathcal E$ . Spicæ  $\mathcal E$  nunc masculis breviores, nunc longiores interruptæque, sæpius axillares.

Species ad 35, per totum fere orbem in regionibus temperatis calidioribusque latissime dispersæ, in Australia tamen adhuc non repertæ.

# 1. Myrica, Linn. Gen. n. 1107.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species, uti supra, ad 35. Cas. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 147. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 39. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 26. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 620. Jacq. Fragm. t. 1. Mirb. in Mém. Mus. Par. xiv. t. 27, 28. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nap. t. 45. Wight, Ic. t., 764, 765. Blum. Fl. Jav. Myric. t. 1. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 98.

Genus anomalum, olim Amentaceis ob inflorescentiam adscriptum, recedit tamen notis essentialibus floralibus carpicisque tam a Cupuliferis quam a Salicineis. Characteres plures Juglandearum, sed

habitus longe diversa, semen parvum minime lobatum, etc. In Prodromo sectiones 4 admissæ sunt, imprimis ex inflorescentia plus minus composita bracteolarumque numero distinctæ, characteres potius specifici quam sectionales v. omnino variabiles. M. Gale, Linn., species per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis dispersa, bone sectionem distinctam format (Gale), bracteolis floris 2 per anthesin minimis post anthesin valde accretis fructu adnatis alæformibus et drupa squamam spicæ non v. vix superante. În cœteris omnibus speciebus (sect. Morella), bracteolæ sub fructu parvæ remanent et drapa globosa v. ovoidea e squamis spicæ longe exserta. Inter illas includuntur genera sequentia a variis auctoribus proposita : NAGEIA, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 191, quoad flores descriptos est verisimiliter M. Nagi, Thunb., Bot. Mag. t. 5727, species japonica v. chinensis, spicis & simplicibus, sed stamina sub squamis inferioribus interdum co bracteolis intermixta. Fructus a Gærtnero depictus est Podocarpa species. Morella, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 548, ex charactere dato est M. sapida, Wall., species in India orientali Chinaque frequens sylvestris v. culta, spicis & dense paniculato-ramosis insignis. COMPTONIA, Banks, in Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 58, t. 90; Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 166, est M. asplenifolia, Endl., species boreali-Americana foliis regulariter pinnatifidis, floribus 2 4-bracteolatis. In hac sola specie folia gemmam axillarem foventia 2-stipulata dicuntur. Stipulæ tamen vix normales videntur, nec petiolo nec cauli adnatæ sed utrinque inter petiolum et caulem sitæ, subulatæ sed basi auricula foliacea in caulem extus deflexa auctæ. Annon potius pro squamis prioribus gemmæ axillaris habendæ? Ad folia inferiora innovationum gemmis axillaribus destituta desunt, FAYA, Webb. Phytogr. Canar. iv. 272, t. 216, est M. Faya, Ait., species Canariensis et Maderensis, floribus 2 sub quaque squama sæpius 3 arcte confertis v. subcoalitis, nec aliter a sectione Morella distincta.

### GENERA EXCLUSA.

LEITNERAM, Chapm., pro ordine proprio Leitneriaceis accepimus. CLARISIA, Ruiz. et Pav., ad Urticaceas (Artocarpeas) referiur.

# ORDO CLVIII. CASUARINEE.

Endl. Gen. 270. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 249.

Flores unisexuales, masculi in spicis cylindraceis v. 4-gonis, fœminei in spicis strobilisv globosis v. ovoideis, utriusque sexus sub bracteis squamisve verticillatis solitarii, sessiles, 2-bracteolati. Fl. 3: Perianthii segmenta 1 v. 2 (anticum et posticum), concava v. cucullata, basi circumscissa et staminis evolutione rejecta. Stamen 1, filamento in alabastro inflexo, per anthesin porrecto. Anthera majuscula, loculis distinctis dorso appositis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0. Ovarium minutum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, ramis elongatis linearibus a basi continue stigmatosis. Ovula 2, semianatropa, supra basin collateraliter affixa, ascendentia, micropyle supera. Fructus in strobilum ovoideum v. cylindraceum e bracteis bracteolisque auctis induratis sæpius lignosis coalitis formatum conferti, bracteolis ante maturitatem supra nucem clausis, maturitate 2-valvatim apertis. Nux a latere compressa, lævis, apice in alam medio stylo percursam producta, indehiscens. Semen abortu unicum, lateraliter affixum, testa membranacea. Allumen 0. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus complanatis æqualibus, radicula brevi supera.

Arbores fruticesve, ramis ramulisque aphyllis rigidis erectis v. pendulis plerisque deciduis, cylindraceis verticillatisque v. 4-gonis sparsisque, ad nodos sæpius articulatis. Squamellæ loco foliorum ad nodos 4-∞, verticillatæ, parvæ, appressæ, interdum breviter in vaginam connatæ, costis decurrentibus angulos caulis formantibus, squamellis cujusve nodi cum illis nodi inferioris alternis. Spicæ 3 simplices v. compositæ, ramulos sæpius deciduos terminantes, Q in ramis persistentibus terminales v. laterales.

Species notæ 23, pleræque Australiæ v. Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ, 4 in Archipelago Malayano crescentes quarum una per Asiam tropicam, ins. Mascarenses et maris Pacifici extensa, et in aliis regionibus tropicis culta v. inquilina.

Ordo quoad flores et fructus nonnullis e præcedentibus affinis, sed characteribus vegetationis ab omnibus Dicotyledonibus Monochlamydeis alienus, primo aspectu Coniferis accedens.

1. Casuarina, Forst. Char. Gen. 103, t. 52.—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species uti supra 23. Mig. Revis. Crit. Casuar. 1848, cum tabb. 12, in DC. Prod., xvi. ii. 334, et Illustr. Pl. Archip. Ind. t. 7, 8. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 194. Poiss. Rech. Casuar. in Nouv. Archiv. Mus. Par. x. 59, t. 4 ad 7. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 62. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 346. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 218. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 96. F. Muell. Fragm. vi. t. 54.

Genus in dissertatione Poissoni supra citata optime illustratum et in series 2 divisum: A. Cylindraceæ. Rami et ramuli plerumque verticillati, cylindracei, raro sub-4-angulati sulcis inter angulos excavatis pilosis. Inflorescentiæ & simplices, \( \rho\$ axillares v. laterales. Huc pertinent species omnes Australienses cum paucis e Nova-Caledonia v. aliis regionibus, et in sectionos 3 distribuuntur: 1. Leiopitys. Verticilli 7-16-meri, rarius 6-meri. Strobili fructiferi valvæ sæpius prominentes, dorso incrassatæ carinatæ v. angulatæ, gibbo dorsali lævi v. rarissime rugoso. 2. Trachypitys. Verticilli 4-5-meri, rarius 6-meri. Strobili fructiferi valvæ rarius ultra gibbum dorsalem crassum latum sæpius rugosissimum v. tuberculatum prominentes. 3. Acanthopitys. Strobili fructiferi valvæ valde prominentes, gibbo dorsali in acumen rigidum producto. B. Tetragonæ. Rami sparsi v. pseudoverticillati, ramulis 4-angulis, sulcis inter angulos 0 v. parum intrusis; vaginæ 4-dentatæ. Inflorescentia & sæpius composita. Strobili fructiferi quadrati, squamis a latere dilatatis, valvis exsertis. Species 7 quarum una Archipelagi Malayani incola, cæteræ omnes Novo-Caledonicæ.

## Ordo CLIX. CUPULIFER.E.

Endl. Gen. 273. CORYLACEÆ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 290. BetulaceÆ, Endl. Gen. 272. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 251. CastaneaceÆ, Baill. Hist. Pl. vi. 217, pro parte.

Flores monoici, masculi in spicis amentaceis pendulis v. erectis, rarius cymoso-capitati, fœminei varie spicati capitati v. solitarii. Fl. &: Perianthium simplex, membranaceus, v. 0. Stamina 2-4 v.  $\infty$ , toro affixa, filamentis liberis brevibus v. filiformibus. Antherarum loculi 2, erecti, paralleli, nunc discreti ad apicem filamenti sessiles v. breviter stipitati, nunc connectivo parvo juncti basi v. prope basin affixi, rima longitudinali dehiscentes, interdum latiuscule 2-valves. Ovarii rudimentum pilosum v. 0. Fl. 9: Perianthium ovario adnatum v. 0, limbo dum adsit sæpius parvo annulari v. dentato. Ovarium inferum v. nudum, sub anthesi sæpius solidum, ovula distincta non exhibens. post feecundationem plus minus perfecte 2-3-loculare, rarius 4-6-loculare; styli tot quot loculi, interdum basi in stylum ramosum connati, breves v. elongati tenuesque, nunc apice solo nunc superne introrsum v. fere tota superficie interiore stigmatosi. Ovula in loculis solitaria, v. gemina collateralia, apice v. sub apice lateraliter affixa, pendula v. descendentia, anatropa v. hemianatropa, micropyle supera. Fructus nuceus, bracteis v. bracteolis varie accretis stipatus inclusus v. involucratus; pericarpium crustaceum v. induratum, indehiscens. Semen abortu sepissime unicum, testa membranacea. Albumen 0. Cotyledones carnosæ, læves rugosæ v. ruminatæ; radicula brevis, supera.

Arbores frutiscesve. Folia alterna, pennivenia, serrato-dentata v. integerrima, rarius lobata, nunquam composita. Stipulæ liberæ, sæpe fugaces. Inflorescentia varia, amenta mascula tamen sæpissime in ramulis annotinis lateralia præcocia, v. ad basin innovationum, spicæ v. flores fœminei sæpius ramulos paucifoliatos terminantes; interdum inflorescentiæ utriusque sexus axillares.

Species ad 400, pro maxima parte per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis late dispersæ, etiam inter tropicos usque ad montes Archipelagi Malayani et Americæ centralis et Columbianæ extensæ, perpaucæ unius tantum generis in hemisphærii australis temperatis et frigidioribus repertæ.

Ordo olim cum Salicineis, Myrica, Platano, aliisque nonnullis in unicum sub nomine Amentacearum

junctus, ab auctoribus recentioribus interdum in tres divisus, nobis magis cum natura consentaneus videtur limitibus hie adoptatis. Genera unius ordinis observantur alia perianthii margine in ovario floris fæminei prominente, alia perianthio omnino nullo, inter se tamen valde affinia, e.g., in *Urticacsis, Chloranthaceis* aliisque. Ovarium in *Betuleis* nudum est nec superum, ut interdum perperam dicitur.

De foliorum vernatione in *Cupuliferis* affinibusque, confer Doll, Zur Erklärung der Laubknospen der Amentaceen, Frankfurt, 1848, et præcipue Henry in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xviii. 525, et xxii. 309. In plerisque generibus, folia novella concava v. in longitudinem plicata facie tota interiore gemmæ applicita sunt v. eam amplectent v. marginibus involutis axi applicita; in *Corylo* tamen folia novella secus costam induplicata laminam duplicem formant, quarum interior dorso gemmæ applicita.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Betulese. Amenta & pendula: Perianthii segmenta 4 v. abortu pauciora. Stamina 2-4. Spicæ ♀ imbricato-squamatæ: Flores sub bractea 2-3. Perianthium 0. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Styli 2. Nux parva, compressa.
  - 1. Betula. Stamina 2. Spicæ fructiferæ squamæ tenues, 3-fidæ, cum nucibus deciduæ.— Eur., Asia med. et bor., Amer. bor.
  - 2. Alnus. Stamina 4. Spicæ fructiferæ squamæ induratæ, post nuces delapsas persistentes. —Eur., Asia med. et bor., Amer. bor., Andes Amer. austr.
- Tribus II. Corylese. Amenta 3 pendula: Perianthium 0. Stamina 3-∞, toro bractese adnato affixa. Inflorescentia 2 varia: Perianthium ovario adnatum. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Styli v. styli rami 2. Nux ovoideo-globosa v. compressiuscula.
  - 3. Carpinus. Bracteolæ ♂ 0. Flores ♀ spicati. Bracteolæ fructiferæ accretæ, venosæ, expansæ, 3-lobæ v. grosse dentatæ, basi apertæ v. brevissime convolutæ, nucem parvam foventes. —Eur., Asia, Amer. bor.
  - 4. Ostrivopsis. Bracteolæ ♂ 0. Flores ♀ spicati. Bracteolæ fructiferæ accretæ, foliaceæ, convolutæ, acuminatæ, apice 3-fidæ, basi margine subconnatæ, nucem parvam includentes.—

    Mongolia.
  - 5. Ostrya. Bracteolæ 30. Flores \$\partial \text{spirati.} Bracteolæ fructiferæ accretæ, membranaceæ, vesiculosæ, plano-compressæ, clausæ, minute acuminatæ, nucem parvam basi includentes.—
    Eur., Asia, Amer. bor.
  - 6. Corylus. Bracteolæ & intra squamam pone antheras 2 collaterales. Capitula \( \frac{2}{2} \) 2-4-flora, sub anthesi squamis imbricatis involucrata, fructifera ramulum foliatum terminantia. Bracteolæ accretæ, foliaceæ, dentatæ lobatæ v. echinatæ, convolutæ v. basi tubulosæ, nucem majusculam includentes.—Eur., Asia, Amer. bor.
- Tribus III. Quercineæ. Inflorescentia & varia: Perianthium 4-6-lobum v. rarius 7-lobum. Stamina . Flores \( \rightarrow \) secus rhachin spicæ solitarii v. 2-3-ni, squamıs imbricatis plus minus conferruminatis involucrati. Ovarium 3-loculare v. rarius 2- v. 4-6-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Involucrum fructiferum sub nuce cupulatum v. nucem omnino includens.
  - 7. QUERCUS. Spicæ 3 amentaceæ pendulæ v. utriusque sexus erectæ, strictæ. Ovarium floris \$\text{2}\$ 3- rarissime 4-5-loculare. Involucrum fructiferum squamarum apicibus areolatum annulatum v. echinatum, cæterum inerme, sub nuce cupulatum v. nucem pro maxima parte v. omnino includens.—Eur., Asia temp. et trop., Amer. bor., mont. Amer. cent. et Columbiæ.
  - 8. Castanofsis. Spicæ utriusque sexus crectæ, strictæ. Ovarium floris Q 3-loculare. Involucrum fructiferum aculoorum v. tuberculorum fasciculis armatum, nucem omnino includens, perfecte clausum v. demum irregulariter fissum. Asia trop. et or. subtrop., California.
  - 9. Castanea. Spicæ utriusque sexus erectie, strictæ. Ovarium floris  $\mathcal{Q}$  6-loculare. Involucrum fructiferum dense echinatum, nuces 1-2 omnino includens, demum 2-4-valvatim dehiscens.—Eur., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
  - 10. FAGUS. Flores & laxe globoso-capitati v. in pedunculo 1-3-ni. Ovarium floris Q 3-loculare. Involucrum fructiferum aculeis v. fimbriis echinatum, nuces 2-4 omnino includens, demum valvatim 4-partitum.—Eur., Asia temp. et bor., Amer. bor., Amer. austr. extratrop., Austral., Nov. Zel.

# TRIBUS I. BETULEÆ.

1. Betule, Linn. Gen. n. 1052, pro parte.—Flores monoici, & in spicis amentaceis pendulis squamoso-bracteatis, sub quaque squama sæpius 3. Bracteolæ intra squamam cui basi adnata: 2, collaterales. Perianthia sessilia, membranacea, in segmenta 4 v. abortu pauciora divisa; segmentum anticum ovatum antheris æquilongum, cætera sepius minima v. abortiva. Stamina 2, anticum et posticum, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis crectis parallelis discretis, ad apicem filamenti brevissime stipitatis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores Q in spicis cylindraceis erectis dense imbricato-bracteatis, sub quaque bractea sepius 3. Bracteolæ intra squamam 2, collaterales. Perianthium 0. Ovarium nudum, sessile, plano-compressum, 2-loculare; styli 2, cylindracei, tenues, apice stigmatosi; ovula in loculis solitaria, sub apice affixa, micropyle supera. Spicæ fructiferæ cylindracere, incrassatæ, bracteis cum bracteolis in squamam 8-fidam connatis, cum fructibus deciduis. Nuces parvæ, compressæ, anguste v. late bialatæ, stylis persistentibus sæpius coronatæ, ante casum bractearum in spica inclusæ; exocarpium tenue, endocarpium crustaceum v. leviter induratum. Semen abortu unicum, pendulum, testa membranacea; cotyledones planæ, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, dentata v. serrata, rarius incisa, pennivenia. Spicæ terminales v. axillares, sæpe ramulum brevissimum 1-2foliatum axillarem terminantes, solitariæ v. 3 sæpe Q in speciebus perpaucis, 2-4 subracemosæ.

Species ad 25, per Europam, Asiam mediam et borealom, et Americam borealem late dispersæ. Regel, Monogr. Betul. in Mem. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. xiii. 9, t. 1 ad 13, in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1865, ii. t. 6 ad 8, et in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 162. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 90. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 18. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 621 ad 627. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 122. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 94, 95, 97, 144, 151 ad 154. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 39, 40. Trautv. Imag. Fl. Ross. t. 5, et in Middend. Reise, Bot. t. 21. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 158. Brandis, For. Fl. t. 56. Mich. Arb. Amer. Sept. ii. t. 1 ad 5. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 7, 8. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 112 ad 114. S. Wats. Bot. U. S. 40 Parall, t. 35.

Betulaster, Spach in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 198, genus propositum fuit ad B. acuminatam Wall. Pl. As Rar. t. 109 (cui includendæ B. cylindrostachys, Wall., et B. nitida, Don), spicis  $\circ$  sæpius 2-4-nis, et fructus als squamas strobili superantibus, characteres tamen levioris momenti et vix constantes, nam spicæ  $\circ$  sæpe geminæ in B. Bhoppattra, Wall., et alæ fructus quoad latitudinem in pluribus speciebus variant. Regel genus Spachianum pro sectione admisit addita B. Maximowicziana, Reg., e Japonia. Hæc species spicas  $\circ$  4-nas exhibet sed alæ fructus squamis strobili insigniter breviores.

2. Alnus, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 54, t. 90.—Flores monoici, & in spicis amentaceis pendulis squamoso-bracteatis, sub quaque bractea empius 3. Bracteolæ intra squamam cui basi affixe 3-5. Perianthia sessilia, 4-partita, segmentis equalibus leviter imbricatis antheras æquantibus v. inæqualibus plerisque minute squamiformibus. Stamina 4, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis distinctis parallelis supra basin connectivo minuto Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores Q in spica cylindracea v. oblonga imbricatosquamata sub quaque bractea sæpius 2. Bracteolæ intra squamam 2-4, minutæ. Perianthium 0. Ovarium nudum, sessile, plano-compressum, 2-loculare; styli 2, cylindracei, breves, apice stigmatosi; ovula in loculis solitaria, sub apice lateraliter affixa, micropyle supera. Spicæ fructiferæ incrassatæ, ovoideæ v. breviter cylindraceæ, squamis auctis induratis lignosis post nuces delapsas persistentibus, primum dense imbricatis, maturitate patentibus apertis. Nuces parvæ, compressæ, bialatæ v. nudæ; exocarpium tenue; endocarpium crustaceum. Semen abortu unicum, pendulum, testa membranacea; cotyledones plane, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, decidua, pennivenia, serrata v. rarius integerrima. Spicæ & et Q e gemmis distinctis sæpius 3-00, racemosæ, hieme v. jam autumno præcedente ad axillas foliorum formatæ, primo vere ante foliorum evolutionem florentes v. rarius foliis novellis coetaneæ, tempus tamen evolutionis non semper in eadem specie constans.

Species ad 14, per Europam, Asiam mediam et borealem, Americam borealem et Andes Americae

australis late dispersæ, una ex Europæis etiam in Africa australi obvia, sed forte inquilina. Regel in Mem. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. xiii. 73, t. 14 ad 17, et in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 181. Mirb. in Mem. Mus. Par. xiv. t. 21, 22. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 96 (Betula). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 19. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 628 ad 631. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 99. Eichw. Pl. Cauc. Casp. t. 2. Brand. For. Fl. t. 57. Mich. Arb. Amer. Sept. iii. t. 4. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 9, 10. Torr. Fl. N. York t. 115, 116. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1141, 1231.

Genus naturalissmum, Betulæ affine sed facillime defiritum, nec nostro sensu sectiones distinctas præbet, etsi a Spachio in genera tria, v. a Regelio in sectiones 4 divisum, characteribus levioris momenti v. vix constantibus e tempore evolutionis florum v. e segmentis perianthii & sumptis. Alnaster, Spach in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 2, xv. 200 (Alnosetula, Schur, Enum. Pl. Trans 614), est A. viridis, DC., cujus stipulæ et squamulæ sub spicis (perulæ, Regel) solito majores sunt et spicæ præsertim ? vix ante foliorum evolutionem florent. Clethropsis, Spach, l.c. 201, species 2 Indicas continet (Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 131; Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 159), quarum folia integerrima v. parce minuteque dentata et perianthii & segmenta parva inæqualia squamiformia nunc minima. Flores tamen nobis videntur ad normam terni 4-andri v. hinc inde abortu 3-andri, nec in unum 10-12-merum 10-12-andrum confluentes. Amenta & in A. nepalense numerosa, paniculata, in A. nitida tamen sæpius 3-4-na.

### TRIBUS II. CORYLEÆ.

3. Carpinus, Linn. Gen. n. 1073, pro parte.—Flores monoici, d in spicis amentaceis Bracteolæ 0. Perianthium 0. Stamina 3-∞, in toro pendulis squamoso-bracteatis. piloso ad basin bracteæ adnato conferta, filamentis brevissime filiformibus; antherarum loculi erecti, discreti, oblongi, apice pilosi, rima longitudinali dehiscentes, ad apicem filamenti gemini v. rarius singuli, breviter stipitati. Flores Q in spicis laxis erectis subfoliaceo-bracteatis, ad basin bracteæ gemini, sessiles, singuli bracteola lineari basi utrinque lobulo aucta amplexi. Perianthium ovario adnatum, margine parum prominulo denticulato. Ovarium inferum, post fœcundationem 2-loculare; stylus in ramos 2 erectos linearisubulatos superne introrsum stigmatosos divisum; ovula in quoque loculo solitaria, pendula, anatropa. Sub fructu bracteæ primariæ spicæ sæpius delapsæ, bracteolæ basi immutatie v. paullo auctæ, nucem amplectentes, superne valde accretæ, foliaceæ, expansæ, varie 3-lobæ v. grosse dentatæ. Nux ad basin bracteolæ sessilis v. ea semi-inclusa, ovoidea v. subglobosa, indehiscens, extus perianthii adnati nervis ∞-costata, pericarpio duro haud crasso. Semen abortu unicum, pendulum, testa membranacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radiculam superam tegentes.—Arbores v. rarius frutices. Folia alterna, petiolata, sepius duplicato-serrata, crebre et parallele subplicato-pennivenia. Amenta d ad basin innovationum lateralia. Spicæ fæmineæ etiam fructiferæ erectæ, terminales.

Species 9, per regiones temperatus hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis late disperse. A. DC Prad. xvii. ii. 126. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 20. Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 632 ad 634. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 98, 157. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 106. Brand. For. Fl. t. 66. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 103. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 108.

DISTEGOCARPUS, Sieb. et Zucc. Fam. Nat. Fl. Jap. ii. 102, t. 3; A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 127, includit species Japonicas, typicis imprimis C. duinensi, Scop. (C. orientali, Lam.) similes, sed bracteolarum basis per anthesin ut in illis minuta, post anthesin paullulum accrescit, nucem amplectens et demum latere fissa ligulam interiorem format, uti nostro sensu rite observavit Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 308.

4. Ostryopsis, Dene. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xx. 155.—Flores monoici, & in spicis amentaceis pendulis squamoso-bracteatis. Bracteolæ 0. Perianthium 0. Stamma 4-6, toro parvo glabro ad basin bracteæ adnato affixa, filamentis brevibus; antherarum loculi erecti, distincti, ad apicem filamenti stipitati v. subsessiles, glabri, rima longitudinali dehiscentes. Flores Q in spica erecta v. recurva globosa v. ovoidea, ad basin bracteæ membranaceæ gemini, singuli intra basin bracteolæ foliaceæ 3-fidæ sessiles, subinclusi. Perianthium ovario adnatum, limbo brevi membranaceo subdentato. Ovarium inferum, 2-loculare; stýlus 2-fidus, ramis elongatis tenuibus introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in

loculis solitaria, pendula, anatropa. Bracteolæ fructiferæ accretæ, foliaceæ, marginibus basi subconnatis superne involutis involucrum formantes longe acuminatum, apice 3-fidum, basi nucem includens. Nux parva, late ovoidea, suborbiculata, compressiuscula, extus perianthii adnati nervis tenuiter costata, perianthii limbo accreto membranaceo tubuloso nuce ipso vix breviore coronata; pericarpium crustaceum. Semen abortu unicum, testa membranacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radicula brevissima supera.—Frutex humilis. Folia alterna, petiolata, cordata, duplicato-serrata, pennivenia, transversim venulosa. Amenta 3 brevia, e gemmis anni præteriti ad basin innovationum. Spicæ 2 breves, terminales, breviter pedunculatæ, fructiferæ recurvæ. Bracteæ primariæ sæpius persistentes, immutatæ v. emarcidæ.

Species 1, Mongoliæ orientalis incola.

Genus Carpino affine, differt bracteolis fructiferis fere ut in Corylo clausis et præsertim perianthii limbo post anthesin accreto. Foliorum forma fere Coryli avellani, sed vernatio Carpini. Baillon, Hist. Pl. vi. 224, genus Corylo adjunxit, a quo tamen distincte differt floribus tam masculis quam fæmineis Carpini aliisque notis.

5. Ostrya, Scop. Fl. Carn. 414.—Flores monoici, & in spicis amentaceis pendulis squamoso-bracteatis. Bracteolæ 0. Perianthium 0. Stamina 3-∞, in toro piloso ad basin bracteæ adnato conferta, filamentis brevissime filiformibus; antherarum loculi erecti, discreti, oblongi, apice pilosi, rima longitudinali dehiscentes, ad apicem filamenti gemini v. rarius singuli, breviter stipitati. Flores Ç in spicis laxis erectis subfoliaceo-bracteatis ad basin bracteæ gemini, singuli bracteola parva sub-3-loba basi breviter cupulata stipati. Perianthium ovario adnatum, margine parum prominulo denticulato. Ovarium inferum, post fœcundationem 2-loculare; stylus in ramos 2 erectos lineari-subulatos superne introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in quoque loculo solitaria, pendula, anatropa. Sub fructu bracteæ primariæ delapsæ, bracteolarum pars cupulata valde accreta, membranacea, ovata, vesiculoso-compressa, apice clausa et lobis minimis emarcidis coronata. Nux in bracteola utriculosa sessilis eaque multo brevior, pericarpio crustaceo duriusculo. abortu unicum, pendulum, testa membranacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radiculam brevem superam tegentes.—Arbores. Folia alterna, petiolata, duplicato-sorrata, crebre et parallele subplicato-pennivenia. Amenta 3 ad basin innovationum laterales. Spicæ fructiferæ bracteolis imbricatis numerosis strobiliformes, fere lupulinæ, sæpius recurvæ v. pendulæ.

Species 2, inter se vix distinctæ, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis incolæ, altera gerontogea, altera Americana. Alph. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 124. Micheli, Nov. Pl. Gen. t. 104. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 21. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 635. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 143. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 102. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 109 (Carpinus).

6. Corylus, Linn. Gen. n. 1074.—Flores monoici, & in spicis amentaceis pendulis squamoso-bracteatis. Bracteolæ 2, collaterales, bracteæ intus pone antheras affixæ eaque vix breviores. Perianthium 0. Stamina  $\infty$  (4-8), in toro piloso ad basin bracteæ conferta, filamentis brevissimis filiformibus; antherarum loculi erecti, discreti, oblongi, apice pilosi, rima longitudinali dehiscentes, ad apicem filamenti singuli v. 2-3-natim stipitati. Flores 2 in capitulo globoso sessili squamis numerosis imbricatis vacuis involucrati, ad basin squamarum 2-3 superiorum v. interiorum geminatim sessiles, singuli bracteola minuta pilosa inæqualiter 3-partita stipati. Perianthium ovario adnatum, margine annulari denticulato sub apice ovarii parum prominulo. Ovarium inferum, post fœcundationem 2-loculare; stylus a basi in ramos 2 lineari-subulatos superne introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in quoque loculo solitaria, pendula, anatropa. Sub fructu bracteze primariæ sæpe delapsæ v. emarcidæ, bracteolæ quam maxime accretæ, foliaceæ, varie dentatæ lobatæ v. aculeis horridæ, basi nucem globosam v. ovoideam includentes; pericarpium durum. Semen abortu unicum, pendulum, testa membranacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, æquales, radicula brevissima supera.—Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, pennivenia, duplicato-serrata, venis primariis in plerisque speciebus magis distantibus quam in Carpino et vernatio ab omnibus affinibus differt folio juniore secus costam

induplicato lamina interiore dorso gemmæ applicita. Amenta ¿ præcocia, e gemmis in ramis annotinis fasciculata. Capitula ? sub anthesi in ramis annotinis aphyllis lateralia, post anthesin in ramulum foliatum evoluta, fructibus ad apicem per 2-6 fasciculatis. Nuces quam in generibus præcedentibus majores.

Species editæ 7, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis latissime dispersæ, pleræque gerontogeæ, 2 boreali-Americanæ, quarum una etiam in Asia orientali extratropica obvia. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 129. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 22. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 636 ad 638. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 99. Trautv. Imag. Fl. Ross. t. 4. Done. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 160.

C. ferox, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 77, t. 87 (sect. Acanthochlamys, Spach, in Prodromo recepta), a cæteris speciebus parum differt foliis ut in Carpino evidentius plicato-penniveniis et bracteolis fructiferis apice dentibus spinescentibus horridis, vix tamen in sectionem distinctam separandus videtur. Foliorum vernatio Coryli, etsi folium infimum gemmæ facie tota gemmæ applicitum v. vix basi auricula parva inflexum; sequentia tamen more generis induplicata, lamina interiore minore v. exteriorem subæquante.

### TRIBUS III. QUERCINEÆ.

7. Quercus, Linn. Gen. n. 1070.—Flores monoici, in spicis unisexualibus amentaceis v. erectis rarissime androgynis sessiles v. subsessiles. Fl. J: Perianthium campanulatum lobatum v. ad basin divisum, lobis segmentisve 4-7 sæpius 6 membranaceis imbricatis. Stamina co, sepius ad 6, interdum 10-12, filamentis liberis filiformibus exsertis; antheræ erectæ, ovatæ oblongæ v. rarius subglobosæ, loculis contiguis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum pilosum v. obsoletum. Fl. 2 singuli intra involucrum e squamis imbricatis varie conferruminatis inclusi. Perianthium sæpius urceolatum, tubo ovario adnato, limbo brevi campanulato sæpius 6-lobo v. obsolete denticulato. Staminodia interdum adsunt parva. Ovarium inferum, post fecundationem (v. jam sub anthesi?) plus minus perfecte 3-loculare, rarissime 4-5-loculare; styli totidem. sæpius breves, erecti v. recurvi, teretes v. apice dilatati v. clavati, nunc summo vertice, nunc superne, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis gemina, pendula v. lateraliter affixa, anatropa v. hemianatropa, micropyle supera. Involucrum fructiferum auctum sæpeque induratum, sub nuce cupulatum v. nucem pro maxima parte v. omnino includens. indivisum v. demum irregulariter fissum, squamaram apicibus areolatum zonatum tuberculatum v. varie echinatum (nec aculeis armatum). Nux, glans dicta, cupula insidens v. rarius omnino inclusa, a cupula, basi umbiliciformi excepta, libera v. rarius altius adnata; pericarpium crustaceum v. coriaceum, rarius crassum induratum grosse Semen abortu sæpissime unicum, testa memgranulatum v. osseum, indehiscens. branacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, nunc undique æquales, nunc varie sulcatæ ruminatæ v. lobatæ, radicula supera brevi inter cotyledones retracta v. parum prominula. -Arbores, rarius frutices. Folia alterna, annua v. perennantia, integerrima dentata v. lebata, membranacea v. coriacea, pennivenia, venis primariis nunc ante marginem in rete venularum transeuntibus, nunc parallele et distincte ad marginem extensis, venulis intermediis transverse v. parum distinctis. Inflorescentia dimorpha, infra sub Lepidobalano et Pasania descripta.

Species fore 300, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis late dispersæ, et inter tropicos in montosis Americæ usque ad Columbiam et Asiæ usque ad Archipelagum Malayanum extensæ. Cæterum omnino desunt in America australi, in Africa præter regionem Mediterraneam, in insulis Mascarensibus, Australasia et insulis maris Pacifici, nec in Nova Guinea hucusque repertæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 3. Blume, Fl. Jav. Cupul. cum tabb. 20, et Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 286. Miq. Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 102. Œrst. in Vidensk. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1866, 11, t. 1, 2, et in Liebm. Chênes Amer. Trop., Copenh. 1868, cum tabb. 47, cdit. Leipzig, 1869.

Genus œconomiæ nostræ maximi momenti, ab auctoribus pluribus tam de flore Americana quam de Europæa v. Asiatica tractantibus repetiter scrutatum, et ab Alph. DC. summa cura elaboratum. Endlicher primus, Gen. Pl. Suppl. iv. ii. 24, Quercum in sectiones 3 divisit cum generibus 2 monotypicis, Blume fere easdem sectiones aliis nominibus signavit. Miquel, partim ex observationibus Candollei sectiones 6 admisit. Alph. DC. pariter genus in sectiones 6 divisit a Miquelianis parum diversas, et in specierum ordinatione characteribus 2 novis usus est. fructus maturationis duratione

- annua v. biennia, et ovulorum abortientium situ juxta basin v. prope apicem seminis. Hic, tamen character, observatu difficilis, et vix in quartam partem e numero specierum verificatus, nec semper cum differentiis naturalibus conveniens, ad usum practicum parum asservit, et fructus duratio in speciebus cæterum quam maxime affinibus diversa est. Œrsted serius characterem protulit ab auctoribus prius neglectum, e stylorum indole derivatum, et genera propria 4 proposuit, uno excepto sectionibus majoribus Candolleanis conformia. Genus tamen nostra sententia in integrum servatum bene limitatur, et in sectiones sequentes a Candolleanis v. Œrstedianis parum mutatas commode dividitur.
- 1. Lepidobalanus, Endl. Spicae & tenues, flexiles, laxæ, sæpius pendulæ (amenta proprie dicta). Involucra Q cupulata v. ore aperta, squamarun apicibus imbricatis. Styli superne introrsum stigmatosi, subulati v. apice dilatati v. capitati.—Folia varia, decidua v. perennantia, sepissime tamen plurima v. omnia plus minus dentata v. lobata. Amenta de gemmis lateralibus ramulorum annotinorum v. ad basin innovationum sæpius 2-co. Flores sub bracteis parvis sæpius solitarii rarius 3-ni, (an semper?) ebracteolati. Involucra 🛭 solitaria, subsessilia v. in spica brevi 👁. Species tam in America quam in Europa et Oriente numerosæ, in Asia media et orientali pauciores. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 3. Kotschy, Eichen Europas und des Orients, Wien, 1862, cum tabb. 40. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 23 Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 641 ad 650. Wats, Dendrol. Brit, t. 89 ad 93. Hayne, Arzneig. vi. t. 35, 36, xii. t. 43 ad 48. Boiss. Voy. Esp. t. 164 ad 166. Cav. Ic. Pl. t. 129. Laguna, Com. Fl. Forest. Espan. 1872, t. 2, 3, 5, 6, 12, 13. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 197, 198. Eichw. Pl. Cauc. Casp. t. 38. Labill Dec. Pl. Syr. v. t. 6. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 54 ad 58. Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiii. t. 36 ad 38. Tchihatch. As. Min. t. 40 ad 42. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 174. Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. t. 84. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. 59, f. 37. Mich. Hist. Chênes de l'Amér. Paris, 1801. cum tabb. 36; Hist. Arb. Amer. Sept. ii. t 1 ad 26. Emerson, Rep. Trees Massach. t. 1 ad 11. Wesmaël. in Bull. Fed. Soc. Hort. Belg. 1869, 321, cum tabb. 18. Torr. in Ann. Lyc. N. York, it. t. 4, Fl. N. York, t. 104 ad 109, in Emory, Not. Milit. Reconn. App. t. 9, in Bot. Emory Exped. t. 51, et in Rep. Sitgr. Exped. Bot. t. 17 ad 19. A. Gray, Bot. Amer. Expl. Exped. ii. 458, t. 15. Engelm. in S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 93. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 382, 383, 402, 403. Leebm. Chênes Amér. Trop. t. 1 ad 47. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. t. 75 ad 96, et t. 129 ad 131.
- 2. Cyclobalanopsis, Œrst. Amenta 3 ut in Lepidobalano tenuia, pendula. Involucra 2 ut in Cyclobalano cupulata v. ore aperta, squamarum apicibus in laminas v. zonas annulares concentricas integras v. tardius denticulatas lateraliter connatis. Styli Lepidobalani superne introrsum stigmatosi v. in stigma crassum dilatati.—Folia sæpissime dentata, rarius lobata v. integerrima. Inflorescentia Lepidobalani. Species ad 15, omnes Asiaticæ, Indicæ Malayanæ Chineuses v. Japonicæ. Blume, Fl. Jav. Cupul. t. 18, 19. Korth. in Verh. Nat. Geschied. t. 47, f. 18. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 149, 150. Hook. f. et Cathe. Ill. Himal. Pl. t. 20. Wight, Ic. t. 211. Brand. For. Fl. t. 65. Kæmpf. Ic. Fl. Japon. t. 17. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 90. Cyclobalanopsis, Œrst. in Lehm. Chênes Amér. Trop. 19. Species paucæ imprimis Chinenses v. Japonicæ Cyclobalanopsem cum Pasaniæ arcte connectunt.
- 3. Pasania, Miq. Spicæ & erectæ, interdum paniculatæ. Involucra ♀ cupulata v. ore aperta, squamarum apicibus imbricatis. Styli teretes, erecti, brevissimi v. rarius longiusculi, apice solo stigmatosi.— Folia integerrima v. rarissime hinc inde paucidentata. Spicæ & axillares, strictæ. Flores sub bracteis sæpius 3-5, arcte sessiles, 2-bracteolati. Involucra ♀ secus rhachin elongatam v. brevissimam v. interdum ad basin spicæ & singula v. ternatim conferta v. coalita. Species ad 30, quarum una Californica, cæteræ Asiaticæ, Indicæ Malayanæ Chinones v. Japonicæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 82. Blume, Fl. Jav. Cupul. t. 1 ad 12, 17. Lambert, Pinus, ii. t. 8. Korth. in Verh. Nat. Geschied. t. 43. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 46. Wight, Ic. t. 213, 219 ad 221. Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xliv. 196, t. 14. Brand. For. Fl. t. 64. Oudem. Annot. Cupul. Jav. (in Verh. K. Akad. Amst. xi.) t. 1 ad 7. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 89. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. 59, f. 36. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 87, 88 (et 89?). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 224.

Species Californica, G. densiflora, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 380, in Prodromo xvi. ii. 81, pro sectione propria Androgyne separatur, sed characteres omnino Pasaniæ præbet. Styli in speciminibus nostris sat numerosis sæpissime 3 etsi interdum (ut etiam observatur in nonnullis aliis Pasaniis) variant 4 v. rarissime 5. Spicæ hinc inde androgynæ (involucris \$\mathbb{Q}\$ paucis ad basin spicarum \$\delta\$) occurrunt in pluribus speciebus Pasaniæ.

STNEDRYS, Lind. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 441, est G. (Pasania) cornea, Lour., a Lindleyo olim generice distincts ob pericarpium durum et cotyledones valde ruminato-corrugatas v. lobatas, characteres in speciebus paucis sectionum plurium imprimis Pasaniæ et Cyclobalani observatis. Pasania, Œrst. in Liebm. Chênes Amér. Trop. 20, includit sectiones nostras Pasaniam et Chlamydobalanum.

- 4. Cyclobalanus, Endl. Spicæ erectæ, flores &, styli et folia Pasaniæ. Involucra Q cupulata v. ore aperta, squamarum apicibus in lamellas concentricas seu zonas distinctas integerrimas v. demum denticulatas lateraliter connatis. Species fere 50, omnes Asiaticæ, ab Archipelago Malayano usque ad Chinam extensæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 91 (sect. Cyclobalanus). Blume, Fl. Jav. Cupul. t. 13 ad 16. Korth. in Verh. Nat. Geschied. Bot. t. 46, 47. Oudem. Annot. Cup. Jav. t. 8, 10. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 89? 90, 91. Cyclobalanus, Œrst. in Liebm. Chênes Amér. Trop. 20. G. celebica, Miq., et G. induta, Bl., in Prodromo sub Cyclobalano enumeratæ, nobis potius ed Pasaniam referendæ videntur.
- 5. Chlamydobalanus, Endl. Spicæ erectæ, flores 3, styli et folia Pasaniæ. Involucra Q ovoidea v. globosa, extus concentrice zonata v. squamarum apicibus subverticillatim notata, clausa v. demum irregulariter fissa. Nux omnino inclusa sed ab involucro præter basin libera, pericarpio crustaceo v. osseo. Species ad 8, omnes Asiaticæ, Indicæ Malayanæ Chinenses v. Japonicæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 102. Korth. in Verh. Nat. Geschied. Bot. t. 44, 45. Wight, Ic. t. 212. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 2. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 92. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1312, 1313.
- 6. Lithocarpus, Miq. Spicæ erectæ, flores &, styli et folia Pasaniæ. Involucra Q majuscula v. magna, ovoidea v. globosa, extus concentrice et oblique zonata v. squamarum apicibus prominentibus rigidis echinata, clausa v. demum prope apicem circumscissa. Nux omnino inclusa, involucro alte v. fere ad apicem cohærens, pericarpio crasso duro granuloso v. osseo. Species 4, Asiaticæ, Indicæ v. Malayanæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 104. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1314, 1315. Kurz in For. Fl. Burm. ii. 489. Oudem. Annot. Cup. Jav. t. 11, 12. Lithocarpus, Blumc, Fl. Jav. Cupul. 34, t. 20.
- 8. Castanopsis, Spach in Suit. Buff. xi. 185.—Flores monoici, utriusque sexus in spicis erectis unisexualibus v. rarius androgynis sessiles. Fl. & sub bractea 1-3, Perianthium campanulatum, 5-6-lobum v. partitum, lobis segmentisve imbricatis. Stamina ∞ (sæpius 10-12), filamentis filiformibus exsertis; antheræ parvæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, hirsutum. Fl. 2 intra involucrum e squamis imbricatis conferruminatis 3-natim inclusi v. rarius solitarii v. gemini. Perianthium urceolatum, tubo ovario adnato, limbo brevi 6-lobo. Ovarium inferum, post fœcundationem 3-loculare; styli sæpius 3, lineares, ex involucro breviter exserti, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula in loculis gemina, hemianatropa, micro-Involucrum fructiferum auctum, globosum v. ovoideum, squamarum apicibus parum prominulis plus minus connatis varie annulatum, sæpius tamen aculeis fasciculatis v. ramosis undique dense echinatum v. aculeorum v. tuberculorum fasciculis distinctis armatum, perfecte clausum v. demum irregulariter fissum. Nuces in involucro omnino inclusæ, solitariæ involucro conformes, v. 2-3-næ pressione angulatæ, sæpe pilosæ, pericarpio cartilagineo v. indurato. Semen in nuce abortu sæpius unicum, testa membranacea; cotyledones crasso-carnosæ, in seminibus examinatis aquales, radicula supera inclusa. -Arbores, rarius frutices, habitu Quercus sect. Pasaniæ v. Cyclobalani. Folia alterna, sepius coriacea, integerrima, parallele pennivenia, venulis secundariis parum conspicuis, in paucis tamen speciebus folia dentata v. venule inter venas primarias transverse conspicuæ. Spicæ & tenues, rigidulæ, sæpe elongatæ, interdum paniculatæ, ♀ simplices, masculis brevieres v. interdum pariter elongatæ. Bracteæ sub floribus & parvæ.

Species nobis notæ ad 25, quarum una Californica, cæteræ omnes Asiaticæ, Indiæ provinciarum orientalium Archipelagi Malayani v. Chinæ australis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 109. Blume, Fl. Jav. Cupul. t. 21 ad 24. Wight, Ic. t. 218, 417, 769, 770. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 86. Bot. Mag. t. 4953. Torr. Bot. Williams. Exped. 6, cum ic. (omnes sub Castanea).

Genus, quond species typicas sectionem Eucastanopsis A.DC. formantes, et iconibus citatis illustratas, a Quercu sect. Chlamydobalano differt involucris extus more Castaneæ aculeis densis echinatis, flores nucesque sæpius (nec semper) 3 continentibus. Callæocarpus. Miq. Pl. Jungh. i. 13, ad sectionem Castanopscos in Prodromo reductus, species continet paucas, involucris ut in Chlamydobalano extus zonatis, zonis parum prominulis tuberculorum v. aculeorum brevium fascicules dissitos ferentibus. In C. inermi (Castanea inermi, Lindl.) tuberculi minimi sæpe vix prominuli, species tamen involucris sæpe 2-3-floris huc nec ad Quercum Chlamydobalanum referenda.

9. Castanea, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 181, t. 37.—Flores monoici, in spicis erectis unisexualibus v. androgynis sessiles. Fl.  $\delta$  sub bractea  $\infty$ , sæpius 3, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium campanulatum, alte partitum, segmentis sæpius 6 imbricatis. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-20), fila-

mentis filiformibus exsertis; antheræ parvæ, ovoideæ v. globosæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum pilosum v. obsoletum. Fl. 2 intra involucrum e squamis imbricatis conferruminatis inclusi, 2-3-nati v. rarius solitarii. Perianthium urceolatum, tubo ovario adnato, limbo campanulato 6-lobo. Staminodia sæpius æ, circa stylos limbo inclusa. Ovarium inferum, post fœcundationem 6-loculare, loculis apice subconfluentibus; styli 6, lineares, ex involucro exserti, acuminati, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis gemina, hemianatropa, micropyle supera. Involucrum fructiferum auctum, globosum, aculeis intra squamas fasciculatis densissime echinatum, nuces omnino includens, demum 2-4-valvatim dehiscens. Nuces perfectæ in involucro sæpius solitariæ v. geminæ, pericarpio cartilagineo-coriaceo. Semen in quaque nuce abortu unicum, rarius 2-3, testa membranacea; cotyledones crassæ, plus minus undulatoruminatæ, radicula supera inclusa.—Arbores. Folia alterna, sæpius serrato-dentata, parallele pennivenia. Spicæ axillares, elongatæ, inferiores masculæ, superiores sæpius androgynæ, floribus fœmineis ad basin solitariis v. paucis. Bracteæ et bracteolæ florem masculum non excedentes.

Species 2, in temperatis hemisphærii borealis crescentes, altera gerontogea, imprimis Asiatica, sed etiam in Europa late dispersa indigena vel jam a tempore remoto culta, altera boreali-Americana.

A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 114. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 25. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 640, Mich. Hist. Arb. Amer. Sept. ii. t. 6, 7; N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 104, 105. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 111.

10. Fagus, Linn. Gen. n. 1072.—Flores monoici, & laxe globoso-capitati v. in pedunculo 1-3-ni. Perianthium subcampanulatum, 4-7-lobum, lobis imbricatis. Stamina  $\infty$  (8-40), filamentis filiformibus exsertis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basi obtusæ v. sagittatæ, loculis contiguis rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores Q intra involucrum e squamis numerosis basi conferruminatis 2-4-natim inclusi. anthium tubo 3-gono ovario adnato, limbo brevi 4-5-lobo. Staminodia 0. Ovarium inferum, 3-loculare; styli 3, lineares et superne introrsum breviter stigmatosi v. breves latiores superficie interiore fere tota stigmatosi; ovula in loculis gennina, pendula, anatropa. Involucrum fructiferum auctum, ovoideum v. subglobosum, aculeis v. fimbriis echinatum, nuces omnino includens, demum valvatim 4-partitum. Nuces 2-4, ad angulos acutæ v. alatæ, pericarpio crustaceo v. subcoriaceo. Semen in quaque nuce abortu unicum; cotyledones crassiusculæ, varie plicatæ, radicula brevi supera.—Arbores, rarius frutices. Folia alterna, pennivenia, sepius dentata, secus venas primarias plicata v. parvula coriaceaque. Pedunculi & capituliferi v. 1-3-flori, sepius recurvi v. penduli. Flores in capitulo potius confertim cymosi v. fasciculati quam spicati, bracteis parvis v. 0. Involucra ♀ in axillis superioribus sessilia, solitaria.

Species ad 15, in regionibus temperatis frigidioribusve utriusque orbis tam australibus quam borealibus late duffusæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 118.

Genus a Blumeo in genera duo divisum que sectiones sat distinctas formant:—1. Eufagus. Capitula & multiflora globosa. Styli elongati, pilosi, superne introrsum breviter stigmatosi. Involucra fructifera sepius semipollicaria v. longiora. Folia novella plicato-pennivenia. Species 3, hemisphærii borealis, Americane Europee v. Asiatice. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 24. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 639. A. DC. l.c. (sect. Eufagus\*). Mich. Hist. Arb. Amer. Sept. ii. t. 8, 9; N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 106, 107. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 110.

2. Nothofagus. Pedunculi & breves v. brevissimi, 1-3-flori. Styli breves, sæpe latiusculi, facie interiore fere ubique stigmatosi. Involucra & paucisquamata, fructifera sæpius 2-4 lin. longa. Species ad 12, omnes australes, Americæ Chilensis v. Antarcticæ, Novæ Zelandiæ, v. Australiæ montanæ incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 119, 121 (sect. Eufagus\*\* et Nothofagus). Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 210. Mirb. in Mém. Mus. Par. xiv. t. 23 ad 26. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 194 ad 198. Hook. Journ. Bot. ii. t. 6 ad 8, et Ic. Pl. t. 630, 639, 652, 673, 881. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 123, 124. Philippi in Linnæa xxix. t. 12 ad 15. Nothofagus, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 307. Lophozonia, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1858, i. 396.

Calucechinus et Calusparassus, Homb. et Jaquin. Voy. Pôle Sud, Ic. Phaner. t. 6 ad 8, genera indescripta, ex iconibus eadem videntur ac subsectio Eufagus\*\* et sectio Nothofugus. A. DC., inter se foliis soli: distinctæ, in priore cadiva distincte plicato-pennivenia, in posteriore persistentia, coriacea, venis minus prominulis. Characteres essentiales in utroque omnino Nothofagi.

# Ordo CLX. SALICINEE.

Endl. Gen. 290. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 254.

Flores dioici, in spicis rarius racemis cylindraceis amentiformibus erectis v. præsertim masculis pendulis, sub quaque bractea solitarii. Perianthium præter discum 0. Discus (an potius perianthium?) nunc e squamulis 2 glanduliformibus erectis postica et antica v. unica postica, nunc cyathiformis v. cupulatus, oblique truncatus crenatus v. varie lobatus. Fl. S: Stamina 2-\infty, toro affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis v. plus minus coalitis. Anthera ovatæ parvæque v. oblongæ, basi v. dorso prope basin affixæ, loculis 2 distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum nisi in floribus monstruosis 0. Fl. 2: Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 1-loculare, placentis 2-4 parietalibus; stylus brevis v. brevissimus, 2-4-fidus; stigmata 2-4, brevia, crassiuscula, emarginata v. 2-fida. Ovula in quaque placenta infra medium ovarii  $\infty$ , 2- $\infty$ -seriata, ascendentia, anatropa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, sæpissime acuminata, in valvas 2-4 basi medio placentiferas dehiscens. Seminu ∞, parva, sæpe minuta, coma densa e pilis longissimis numerosis e funiculo oriundis et cum semine deciduis cincta, testa tenuissima, superne sepe vacua. Albumen 0. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus latis oblongisve planoconvexis aqualibus, radicula brevissima infera.

Arbores fruticesve. Folia alterna, integerrima serrulata dentata v. rarius lobata, pennivenia v. simul basi 3-nervia, decidua. Stipulæ liberæ, nunc parvæ deciduæ squamiformes, nunc foliaceæ diutius persistentes. Amenta sæpe sericeo-villosa, e gemmis paucisquamatis ante foliorum evolutionem prodeuntia v. ramulos breves paucifoliatos terminantia. Bracteæ membranaceæ, nunc fugaces jam ineunte anthesi delapsæ, nunc in amentis Q usque ad maturitatem capsularum persistentes.

Species a variis botanicis numero a 150 usque ad 200 v. etiam 300 computatæ, per regiones temperatas frigidasque hemisphærii borealis latissime dispersæ, inter tropicos utriusque orbis rariores, in hemisphærio australi perpaucæ, una sola in Africa australi obvia, una ex Americanis usque ad Chile extensa, in Australasia, Archipelago Malayano et insulis maris Pacifici australis omnino desunt.

Ordo olim cum Cupuliferis aliisque pro tribu sub Amentaceis inclusus, ab omnibus tamen longiuscule distat florum structura, fructu capsulari, ovulorum et seminum numero et situ, coma semina cingente, aliisque notis, nec ullo alio ordini propius accedit. Sic dieta cupula Populi et glandulæ Salicis evidenter organa homologa sunt, nam in paucis speciebus Salicis glandulæ 2 basi brevissime confluunt, et in Populo euphratica cupula carnosula profunde  $\infty$ -loba et in floribus nonnullis  $\mathfrak P$  in glandulas distinctas dividitur. An pro disco an perianthio habenda dubium remanet.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Salix. Discus e glandulis 1-2 distinctis v. vix basi connatis. Pistillum semper 2-merum. Ovula in quaque placenta haud numerosa. Folia sæpius angusta. Amenta sæpius erecta, densa.—Distrib. ordinis.
- 2. Populus. Discus cyathiformis sæpe obliquus v. cupulatus, integer v. lobatus. Pistillum interdum 3-4-merum etsi sæpius 2-merum. Ovula inquaque placenta numerosa. Folia sæpius lata. Amenta saltem 3 laxa, pendula.—*Hemisph. bor.*
- 1. Salix, Linn. Gen. n. 1098.—Amenta sæpius densa, erecta, floribus sessilibus. Discus e squamulis 2 antica cum postica, v. 1 postica, carnosulis glanduliformibus erectis oblongis v. latis obtusis v. retusis. Fl. ♂: Stamina 2 v. in paucis speciebus 3-∞ (usque ad 12), filamentis filiformibus liberis v. rarius alte coalitis filamentum unicum 2-antheriferum simulantibus; antheræ sæpius parvæ. Fl. ♀: Ovarium sessile v. stipitatum, placentis 2; stylus sæpius brevis, ramis 2 brevibus retusis v. 2-fidis; ovula in quaque

placenta sepius 4-8, 2-seriata. Capsula 2-valvis. Semina ordinis.—Arbores v. frutices, interdum humillinii trunco subterraneo ramis humistratis. Folia sepius angusta v. parva, integerrima v. serrulata, pennivenia; stipulæ variæ. 'Amenta in regionibus temperatis sepius præcocia sessilia nuda, in calidis et frigidis coetanea, foliato-pedunculata' (Anders.). Bracteæ parvæ integerrimæ v. rarius dentatæ.

Species a monographo perito enumeratæ 160, distributione lata ordinis, ubiquo formis et modificationibus inter se multifariam connexis scatontes, sæpe hybriditate procreatæ, ultra modum intricatæ. Anderss. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 191; Monogr. Sol. pars 1 (quæ sola edita) in K. Vetensk. Acad. Stockh. Handl. vi. cum tabb. 9. Forbes, Salictum Wob., 1829, cum tabb. 140. Host. Salix, 1828, cum tabb. 105. Trautv. Salicctum, in Mem. Sav. Etrang. Acad. Petersb. iii. 607, cum tabb. 4. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 15. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 557 ad 613. Mich. in Mém. Mus. Par. xiv. t. 20. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 298, 408, 409. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 81, 82. Huyne, Arzneiy. xiii. t. 39 ad 45. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 453 ad 455, 460, 476, 480. Trautv. in Meddend. Reise, Bot. t. 2, 3, 19, 20. Lundstr. Weid. Now. Zeml. in Nov. Act. R. Soc. Upsal. 1877, cum tab. 1. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 97. Wight. Ic. t. 1953, 1954. Brand. For. Fl. t. 58 ad 62. Kl. et Garcke, Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 89, 90. Thunb. Ic. Fl. Jap. iv. t. 1. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 215. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 180 ad 182. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 117 ad 120. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. t. 26, 70. Seem. Bot. Voy. Herald, t. 10. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 99 ad 102. Leybold in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 71, 72.

2. Populus, Linn. Gen. n. 1123.—Amenta laxa, mascula sæpius pendula, floribus in utroque sexu sæpe breviter pedicellatis. Discus (an perianthium?) carnosulus v. membranaceus, breviter v. latiuscule cyathiformis, sæpe obliquus, integer dentatus v. irregulariter lobatus. Fl. σ: Stamina ∞ (4-30), filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ sæpe majusculæ. Fl. φ: Ovarium intra discum sessile, placentis 2-3, rarius 4; stylus brevis, ramis tot quot placentæ integris 2-fidisve; ovula in quaque placenta ∞, sæpe numerosissima, 2-∞-seriata. Capsula 2-3-valvis, rarius 4-valvis. Semina ordinis minima, coma sæpe longa densissimaque nivea.—Arbores ramulis teretibus angulatisve, gemmis squamosis sæpius resinosis. Folia alterna, petiolo haud raro a latere compresso tremula, sæpius lata, pennivenia et basi 3-nervia, integerrima dentata v. lobata, in una specie in eodem ramo sæpe valde heteromorpha; stipulæ angustæ, membranaceæ, fugaces. Amenta laxiora quam in Salice, fæminea interdum pedicellis elongatis laxe racemiformia. Bracteæ sæpe in stipitem contractæ, apice dilatatæ dentatæ v. ciliato-fimbriatæ, haud raro fugacissimæ.

Species descriptæ 18, Europæ, Asiæ mediæ v. montanæ et borealis et Americæ borealis Mexico inclusa incolæ. Wesmaë! in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 324. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 84a (98). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochlam. n. 16 Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 614 ad 619. Huyne, Arzneiy. xvii. t. 46, 47. Wats. Dendrol. Brut. t. 102. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 41. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 479. Royle, Ill. Himal. Bot. t. 84. Brand. For. Fl. t. 63. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 16. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 121. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 878.

## ORDO CLXI. LACISTEMACEE.

Endl. Gen. 291. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 329.

Flores hermaphroditi, sub squamis imbricatis spicæ tenuis cylindraceæ solitarii, 2-bracteolati. Perianthium 0 v. e segmentis 6 v. paucioribus distinctis inæqualibus linearibus setaceis v. spathulatis tenuibus interdum petaloideis. Discus carnosulus, nunc explanatus breviter sinuato-sublobatus, nunc concavus v. cupulatus genitalia includens, uno latere sæpius fissus. Stamen 1, disco affixum, a centro parum distans, filamento leviter complanato v. crassiusculo. Anthera ad apicem filamenti e loculis 2 distinctis sæpius

divaricato-stipitatis, ovoideis, longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium in centro disci superum, sessile v. brevissime stipitatum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 rarius 2 parietalibus intus vix prominentibus, stigmatibus 3 rarius 2 brevibus erectis coronatum. Ovula in quaque placenta 1-2, anatropa, pendula, pleraque tamen jam sub anthesi abortientia. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, sæpius 3-quetra, 3-valvatim dehiscens, valvis coriaceis v. subcarnosis medio placentiferis. Semen in tota capsula abortu unicum (rarius 2-3?), obovoideo-oblongum, pendulum, testa crassiuscule membranaceo-coriacea, strato exteriore sæpius tenuiter carnosulo, exsiccatione testa subcrustacea apparet, strato exteriore in pelliculam tenuem plus minus detergibilem (arillam, auct. plur.) mutato. Albumen copiosum, carnosum. Embryo in centro albuminis quo parum brevior, rectus, radicula tereti supera, cotyledonibus latis foliaceis sibimet applicitis radiculæ subæquilongis.

Frutices v. arbusculæ. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, pennivenia; stipulæ 0. Spicæ graciles, breves, ad axillas sessiles, sæpius fasciculatæ. Squamæ imbricatæ, parvæ, latæ, concavæ. Bracteolæ ad basin pedicelli brevissimi lineari-subulatæ, nunquam deficere videntur. Perianthii segmenta quam maxime variabilia, squamam vix excedunt, sæpius 4–6 valde inæqualia, interdum minimam v. 0.

Species editæ 16, omnes Americæ tropicæ, a Brasilia et Peruvia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum extensæ.

1. **Lacistema**, Swartz, Prod. 12; Fl. Ind. Occid. ii. 1091, t. 21. (Nematospermum, Rich. in Act. Soc. Hist. Nat. Par. 1792, 105. Synzyganthera, Rwiz. et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 137, t. 50; Syst. Veg. 273. Didymandra, Willd. Spec. iv. 971.)—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species uti supra 16, Alph. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 591. Schnizl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 281, t. 77 ad 81. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. Bras. t. 94, 95. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 4 (Piper).

Genus nulli prope affine, ab auctoribus variis cum Piperaccis, Chloranthaceis, Urticaceis et Samydaceis comparatum, nuperque a Baillonio Hist. Pl. v. 275, sententia Lindleyana secuta, Bixaceis cum Samydeis adjunctum, ob capsulæ dehiscentiæ et placentationis similitudinem et semina a pluribus arillata dicta. Hic tamen character ex observatione imperfecta deductus est, et florum structura inflorescentiaque a Samydaceis longe recedunt. Nobis Piperaceis propinquius videtur, etsi ab his etiam pluribus notis distat, imprimis disco evoluto et embryone majore. Inflorescentia cum pluribus Peperomiis et Symbryone convenit. Ovarium 1-loculare placentis parietalibus in Houttuynia observatur, bracteolæ in Symbryone, perianthium in Lactore. In Lacistemate etiam perianthium deest in L. grandifolio, Schult., cui potius quam L. myrwoidi verisimiliter referendum est Piper fasciculare, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 4. Discus in hac specie supra bracteolam magnus est, cupularis, hinc fissus sed nequaquam corolla dicendus.

LOZANIA, Seb. Mut. Sem. Nov. Granad. ex DC. Prod. iii. 30, est verisimiliter Lacistematis species male descripta. Si tamen stirpem alienam designat, ex charactere dato non recognoscenda est et enomen delendum.

## ORDO CLXII. EMPETRACEE.

Endl. Gen. 1105. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 285.

Flores unisexuales v. rarius polygami. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, subpetaloidea, valde imbricata sæpeque plus minus distincte 2-seriata. Stamina 2-3 rarissime 4, in flore  $\mathcal E$  centralia v. sub ovarii rudimenta, in flore  $\mathcal E$  hypogyna; filamenta filiformia v. crassiuscula, sæpe inæqualia, libera; antheræ dorsifixæ, loculis 2 ovoideis contiguis parallelis, rima longitudinali bivalvatim dehiscentibus. Discus 0. Ovarium in flore  $\mathcal E$  sessile, 2- $\infty$ - (usque ad 9-) loculare, globosum v. depressum. Stylus brevis v. columnaris, apice in ramos stigmatosos tot quot loculi integros dentatos v. bifidos mox radiato-patentes divisus. Ovula in loculis solitaria, angulo centrali lateraliter affixa, amphitropa, micropyle

infera. Fructus subglobosus, drupaceus, mesocarpio succulento, pyrenis 2- $\infty$  1-spermis in annulum collocatis. Semina angulo interiori lateraliter affixa, hilo lineari; testa tenuis. Albumen copiosum, carnosum. Embryo centralis, rectus, teres, albumine paullo brevior, cotyledonibus minimis cum radicula longa infera continuis.

Frutices ericoidei. Folia sparsa, sæpius conferta, parva, linearia v. oblonga, crassiuscula, subtus sulco profundo longitudinali notata, in pulvine brevissimo subarticulata. Stipulæ 0. Flores parvi, axillares v. in capitulum terminalem conferti. Drupæ parvulæ.

Species 4, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis et montium elatiorum v. regionum frigidarum utriusque orbis incolæ.

Ordo distinctissimus, pluribus notis *Euphorbiaceis* nonnullis *Stenolobicis* accedit, nec longe distat habitus ericoideus; stipularum tamen absentia et præsertim radicula infera distincte separatur. Drupæ ∞-pyrenæ in *Euphorbiaceis* rarissimæ sunt, et flores polygami nunquam observantur,

De origine sulcæ paginæ inferioris foliorum confer Gibelli in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. viii. 49.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. EMPETRUM. Flores axillares, solitarii. Stamina 3. Gynecium 6-9-merum.—Reg. mont. et frigid. utriusque orbis.
- 2. Corema. Flores ad apices ramorum conferti subcapitati. Stamina sæpius 3. Gynæcium sæpius 3-merum.—Amer. bor., Eur. austro-occid., ins. Azores.
- 5. CERATIOLA. Flores axillares, 2-3-ni. Stamina 2. Gynœcium 2-merum.—Amer. bor. civit. austr.
- 1. Empetrum, Linn. Gen. n. 1100.—Flores subdioici, hermaphroditis plus minus perfectis sæpe intermixtis. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriatim imbricata, exteriora suborbiculata, interiora longiora, obovato-oblonga, magis colorata. Stamina 3. Ovarium subglobosum v. vertice depressum, 6-9-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, ramis stigmatosis tot quot loculi dilatatis radiato-patentibus plus minus dentatis bifidisve. Drupa succulenta fere baccata, pyrenis 6-9 obovoideo-triquetris in annulum collocatis axi centrali nullo distincto. Senina ordinis.—Frutex ericoideus, prostratus, ramosissimus. Folia sparsa, crebra, parva, obtusa, glabra v. lanato-ciliata et intra sulcum dorsalem pubescentia; squame ad basin innovationum imbricatæ, longe ciliatæ. Flores parvi, in axillis solitarii, brevissime pedicellati, bracteis 4 (ex Buchenau 5) imbricatis segmentis perianthii exterioribus similibus at gradatim minoribus stipati.

Species 1, regionum frigidarum et montium hemisphærii borealis in utroque orbe incola, etiam per Andes America australis usque ad Americam antarcticam et insulam Tristan d'Acunha extensa, cæterum in hemisphærio australi deest. A. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 25. Buchenau in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 297. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 42. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 158. Schnizl. Iconogr. t. 241. Bot. Reg. t. 1783.

2. Corema, Don in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. ii. (1826-7) 63. (Oakesia, Tuckerm. in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 445. Tuckermannia, Klotzsch in Wiegm. Archiv. vii. 248. Euleucum, Raf. ex. A. DC.)—Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta 5-6, squamiformia, subpetaloidea, valde imbricata, exterioribus sæpe brevioribus latioribusque sed minus distincte 2-seriata quam in Empetro, florum 2 breviora quam florum 3. Fl. 3: Stamina 3, rarissime 4. Ovarii rudimentum rarius plus minus evolutum. Fl. 2: Ovarium subglobosum, 3- (rarius 2- v. 4-) loculare; stylus cylindraceus, apice in ramos totidem superne introrsum stigmatosos integros v. 2-fidos divisus. Drupa subglobosa, sæpius 3-pyrena. Semina ordinis.—Fruticuli ericoidei. Folia sparsa, conferta, lineari-teretia, subtus sulcata. Flores 3 in capitula terminalia inter folia summa sessilia conferti, singuli ad axillam bracteæ v. folii floralis squamiformis sessiles, bracteolis tamen nullis extra perianthii lobos. Flores 2 pariter capitati, sed ramo post anthesin excrescente fructus laterales evadunt.

Species 2, altera boreali-Americana, altera in Europa austro-occidentali et ins. Azores vigens. A. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 27. Link et Hoffm. Fl. Port. t. 72 (Empetrum). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 531. A. Gray, Chlor. Bor. Amer. t. 1.

3. Ceraticia, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. fl. 221.—Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, squamiformia, subpetaloidea, valde imbricata, quarum 2-3 latissima, extimo breviore; 1-2 interiora sæpius minora v. angustiora, sed series 2 non rite distinguendæ. Stamina 2, absque ovarii rudimento in fl. ♂. Ovarium in fl. ♀ obovoideum, 2-loculare; stylus cylindraceus, in ramos stigmatosos 2-4 valde inæquales et interdum dentatos divisus. Drupa 2-pyrena. Semina ordinis.—Fruticulus ericoideus, ramis virgatis. Folia anguste linearia, subtus sulcata. Flores secus ramos numerosi, ad axillas 2-3-ni, sessiles, singuli bractea perianthii segmentis minore stipati, ebracteolati. Drupæ quam in Empetro et \*Coremate multo minores.

Species 1, Americæ borealis civitatum australiorum incola. A. DC. Prod. xvi. i. 27. Pursh, Fl. Amer. Sept. t. 13. Bertol. Misc. Bot. xiii. t. 1 (Empetrum, male). Bot. Mag. t. 2758.

# Ordo CLXIII. CERATOPHYLLEE.

Endl. Gen. 267. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 263.

Flores monoici, ad axillas sessiles, solitarii. Perianthium tenuiter herbaceum submembranaceum, æquale, ∞-partitum, segmentis (6-12) angustis subvalvatis apice sæpe dentatis v. laceris. Flores ♂: Stamina ∞ (10-20) in toro plano v. convexo conferta, filamentis brevissimis. Antheræ fere sessiles, erectæ, lineari-oblongæ, perianthium æquantes, loculis 2 linearibus parallelis adnatis rimis longitudinalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem crassum coloratum sepius 2-3-dentatum producto. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores Q: Staminodia 0. Ovarium 1, sessile, evoideum, 1-loculare. Stylus cum ovario continuus breviter cylindraceus, in laminam longiusculam linearisubulatam canaliculatamve v. sublanceolato-expansam (facie? v. margine?) stigmatosam productus, et ad basin laminæ interdum lobulo parvo auctus. Ovulum 1, pendulum, anatropum. Fructus nuceus, indehiscens, perianthio marcescente stipatus v. deciduo denudatus, ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, compressiusculus. Pericarpium coriaceum v. crustaceum interdum induratum, nunc læve obtusum v. styli basi persistente brevissime mucronatum, nunc styli basi elongata indurata apice aculeatum et basi aculeis utrinque divaricatis v. reversis 2-spinosum rarius 3-4-spinosum, v. ala angusta coriacea denticulata cinctum v. undique tuberculosum, lamina stigmatosa styli marcescente v. decidua. Semen ab apice loculi pendulum, testa membranacea. Albumen 0. Embryo rectus, cotyledonibus oblongis crassiusculis æqualibus, radicula supera brevissima, plumula valde evoluta jam in semine polyphylla.

Herbæ aquaticæ submersæ, ramis elongatis fluitantibus undique foliosis. Folia verticillata, 2-fida v. dichotome divisa, laciniis filiformibus v. lineari-complanatis rigidulis, sæpe dissite denticulatis. Flores in verticillo solitarii, ♂ et ♀ ad nodos diversos alterni v. nodi ♂ inferiores, ♀ superiores.

Species v. varietates insigniores 2, a variis auctoribus usque ad 8-10 multiplicatæ, ad aliis in unam junctæ, in aquis dulcis orbis fere totius vigentes.

Genus unicum distinctissimum a variis auctoribus ordinibus variis plus minus remotis frustra comparatum, et pro ordine proprio ab omnibus admissum. A. Gray tamen jam in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv. 41 (1837), notavit embryonem Nelumbonis cum habitu Cahombæ, et forte Ceratophyllum revera pro forma valde depauperata Nymphæacearum habendum, cæteri tamen characteres longe discrepant.

1. Ceratophyllum, Linn. Gen. n. 1065. (Dichotophyllum, Dill.; Mænch. Meth. 345.)—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species uti supra 1 v. 2. DC. Prod. iii. 73. W. et Arn. Prod. Fl. Penins. 309. Cham. in Linnaa, iv. 503, t. 5. Gartn. Fruct. t. 44. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 1 (mediocriter). Schnizl. Iconogr. t. 83 (bene). Wight, Ic. t. 1948.

Caruel in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. viii. 28, t. 3, acumen ovarii quod pro stylo cum lamine stigmatoso descripsimus, perianthii adnati limbum dixit, perianthium nostrum involucrum nuncupat, et stigma verum descripsit ad basin limbi (laminæ stigmatosæ) quod tamen in floribus pluribus in vivo iterum iterumque examinatis frustra quæsivimus, et lamina terminalis facie v. margine stigmatosa nobis apparuit, ut in iconibus citatis delineatur, meliusque a B. Clarke in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, xi. t. 14, f. 1 ad 3, et xii. t. 3, f. 5.

# $GYMNOSPERME\mathcal{A}.$

## ORDO CLXIV. GNETACEA.

Endl. Gen 262. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 232.

Flores unisexuales, sepius dioici, intra bracteas oppositas v. rarius ternatim verticillatas sessiles, in spicas densas amentiformes v. interruptas dispositi. Fl. A: Perianthium tubuloso-clavatum v. laxum, apice valvatim 2-lobum v. uno latere fissum. Staminum filamenta in columnam v. tubum coalita; antheræ ad apicem columnæ v. tubi 2-8, sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, subglobosæ, 1-3-loculares, vertice poris v. rimis brevibus 1-3 dehiscentes. Ovulum centrale sterile v. 0. Fl. 2: Ovuli nucleus utriculo duplici v. triplici inclusus; exterior (perianthium?) carnosulus v. membranaceo-fibrosus, apice foramine parvo pervius; interior (ovuli integumentum?) membranaceus, nucleo braviter demum altius adnatus, superne liber, supra nucleum in tubum longum tenuem e foramine perianthii exsertum productus; intermedius dum adsit exteriore inclusus. centralis, ovoideus v. oblongo-conicus, obtusus, apice pollen excipiens, intus ante feecundationem solidus v. centro obscure cavus, post feecundationem saccos amnioticos 1-2 continens. Fructus nunc drupaceus ovoideus v. oblongus, nunc membranaceocompressus, pericarpio duplici v. simplici ex utriculo exteriore formato. Semen erectum, testa ex utriculo interiore cum strato exteriore nuclei formata, tubulo persistente sæpe coronata. Albumen tenue v. crassiusculum. Embryo rectus, albumine parum brevius, cotyledonibus sibimet applicitis radicula vix v. multo brevioribus.

Frutices rarius arbores, opposite foliati v. squamati v. ad truncum obconicum supra planum reducti. Folia v. squamæ dum adsint basi sæpius connata, ramis ad nodos sæpissime articulatis; stipulæ 0. Spicæ axillares v. terminales, nunc bractearum paribus arcte approximatis v. imbricatis amentiformes, nunc paribus distantibus interruptæ. Flores intra bracteas nunc utrinque solitarii, ad nodos oppositi, nunc  $\infty$ ,  $1-\infty$ -seriatim verticillati. Staminum columnæ et ovulorum tubulæ ultra bracteas prominulæ.

Species ad 40, pleraque tropicæ, tam Americana quam gerontogeæ, paucæ in regionibus temperatis utriusque orbis extensæ.

Ordo distinctissimus, olim Coniferts adjunctus, a bot micis recentioribus iis rite approximatus et characteribus certis separatus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Welwitschia. Truncus lignosus, humilis, crassus, longavus, supra plano-truncatus, præter cotyledones longe accretas patentes aphyllus. Spicæ utriusque sexus imbricatæ, strobiliformes, multifloræ, ad margines trunci paniculatæ.—Afr. trop, austro-occid.
- 2. EPHEDRA. Frutices aphylli, ramis articulatis, squamis ad nodos oppositis in vaginulam connatis. Spicæ in axillis pedunculatæ v. ad apices ramorum paniculatæ. 3 imbricatæ floribus in omnibus axillis oppositis,  $\mathcal{Q}$  1-2-floræ, squamis inferioribus laxis vacuis.—*Eur. austr., Reg. Mediterr., Asia et Amer. trop. et temp.*
- 3. Gnetum. Frutices rarius arbores, oppositifolii, ramis nodosis. Spicæ densæ v. interruptæ, axillares v. paniculatæ, floribus intra cupulam e squamis oppositis connatis  $\infty$  pseudoverticillatis.—Asia, Africa et Amer. intra tropicos.

1. Welwitschia, Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. i. t. 1 ad 14. (Tumboa, Welw. olim in Diariis nonnullis Hortul.)-Flores dioici, utriusque sexus in spicis amentiformibus intra bracteas squamiformes oppositas v. rarius ternatim verticillatas quadrifariam rarius sexfariam imbricatas solitarii, sessiles. Fl. 4: Perianthium laxe membranaceum, compressum, breviter 2-lobum, lobis latis valvatis postico et antico, bracteolis 2 lateralibus carinatis perianthio vix brevioribus stipatum. Staminum filamenta in tubum laxum exsertum apice interantheras truncatum alte connata; antheræ 6, ad apicem columnæ breviter stipitatæ, subglobosæ, vertice poris 3 mox in rimas breves confluentibus dehiscentes. Intra tubum adest utriculus membranaceus (ovuli integumentum, Hook. f.; ovarium imperfectum, M'Nab) in collum longe tubulosum flexuosum apice in discum latum concavum inter antheras dilatatum productus; intra utriculum nucleus ovoideus, obtusus v. breviter acuminatus, nucleo ovuli florum fæmineorum similis sed sterilis. Ovulum utriculo duplici inclusum; utriculus exterior (perianthium?) planus, latus, membranaceo-fibrosus, apice foramine minuto pervius, lateribus utrinque in alam latam tenuem squame amenti appressam dilatatis; interior (ovuli integumentum) tenuiter membranaceus, basi ovulo adnatus, superne ab eo liber, in tubum longum flexuosum superne subulatum e perianthio ultra squamas amenti longe exsertum vertice minute 2-dentatum productus; ovulum ipsum (ovuli nucleus) sessile, ovoideo-oblongum, obtusum. Fructus sub squamis amenti siccus, compressus, 2-alatus, utriculo exteriore floris Q aucto fibroso ceterum immutato, interiore membranaceo albumen laxe involvente. Embryo in centro albuminis granulosi linearis, teres, cotyledonibus 2 parvis sibimet arcte applicitis, radicula longiore supera apice carnoso-incrassata.—Truncus lignosus, longievus, crassoconicus, vertice plano-truncatus, supra terram parum prominens, pedes plures diametro attingens, præter folia primordialia e cotyledonibus accreta aphyllus. Hæc tamen ad marginem trunci opposita, patentia, persistentia, demum pluripedalia et in segmenta longa E vertice plano trunci oriuntur inflorescentiæ marginales aphyllæ, rigide dichotome ramosæ, squamis oppositis ad dichotomias vaginantibus. Spicæ amentiformes, colorate, & ad apices ramulorum v. in dichotomiis sessiles fasciculate, 1-1} pollicares, 2 pauciores, majores, crassiores, utplurinum breviter pedunculate. Squamæ utriusque sexus arcte imbricatee, antheree solve in &, tubuli in Q, e squamis prominentes.

Species 1, regionum aridarum Africæ tropicæ austro-occidentalis incola. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 359 (partium interpretatione a nostra valde discrepante). M'Nab, in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxviii. 507, t. 40. Strash. Cenif. 141, t. 18 ad 20. De crystallis in ligno Welwetschiæ copiosissimis efr. Solms-Laubach in Bot. Zeit. 1871, 509.

2. Ephedra, Linn. Gen. n. 1136. (Chetocladus, Senil. sen Nels. Pin. 161.)—Flores unisexuales, sepius dioici, intra bracteas oppositas decussatim imbricatas solitarii. Fl. & in spicula  $\infty$ : Perianthium tenuiter membranaceum, laxum, apice breviter 2-lobum, lobis latis valvatis postico et antico, ebracteolatum. Stamina in fundo perianthii affica. filamentis in columnam apice exsertam connatis; antherie ad apicem columnae 2-8. sessiles, 2-loculares, loculis vertice poro terminali mox in rimam extenso dehiscentibus. Fl. 2 in spicula intra bracteas summas, solitarii v. gemini, terminales, bracteis exterioribus vacuis: Ovuli nucleus sessilis, ovoideus, utriculis 2 apice foramine parvo perviis inclusus: utriculus exterior (perianthium ?) carnosulus, apice breviter acuminatus; interior membranaceus, nucleo vix basi adhærens, ultra nuculam in tubulum tenuem longe exsertum superne 2-lobum v. uno latere fissum productus. Fructus drupaceus, oblongus, indehiscens, strato exteriore camoso, interiore crustaceo v. indurato, membrana intima tenui hyalina (ovuli utriculo interiore) albumen involvente, sæpeque tubulo persistente coronata. Embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior, cotyledonibus oblongis semiteretibus radicula supera (in seminibus examinatis) vix brevioribus.—Frutices aphylli, erecti v. scandentes. fasciculato-ramosissimi, ramis nodosis articulatis, vaginis ad nodos minimis v. utrinque in squamulas lineares oppositas productis. Florum spiculæ parvæ, subglobosæ, in axillis vaginarum pedunculatæ v. ad apices ramorum paniculatæ. Bracteæ spicularum & omnes floriferæ. In spiculis 2 flos unicus terminalis subteres, v. flores 2 faciebus interioribus complanatis sibimet arcte appliciti. Bracteæ exteriores vacuæ, decussatim imbricatæ, v. in

speciebus nonnullis laxæ dilatatæ plus minus coloratæ. Flos terminalis spicularum & interdum Q est, sed ut videtur imperfectus sterilisque.

Species descriptæ ad 30, sed imprimis a Miersio nimis multiplicatie, Europæ australis, Africæ borealis, Asiæ temperatæ et subtropicæ et Americæ extratropicæ v. Andinæ a Bonaria et Chile usque ad Texam et Californiam incolæ. C. A. Mey. Monogr. Ephedr. ex Mem. Acad. Petersb. 1846, cum tabb. 8. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 353. Miers in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 3, xi. 252; Contrib. Bot. ii. 164, t. 75 ad 79. Strasb. Conif. 132, t. 14 ad 17, 22. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 4. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 13. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 539. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 142. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 961. Lange, Ic. Pl. Hisp. t. 32. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 253. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 83. Brand. For. Fl. t. 69. S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. 328, t. 39. Bertol. Misc. Bot. xxiii. t. 3. Tul. in Mart Fl. Bras. iv. i. 404, t. 107.

3. Gnetum, Linn. Mant. 18, n. 1278. (Thoa, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. 874, t. 336. Abutua, Lour. Fl. Coch. 630.)—Flores unisexuales, sepius dioici, intra cupulam e bracteis 2 oppositis connatis formatam ∞, sessiles, pseudoverticillati, singuli pilis articulatis v. pulvino velutino cincti v. semi-immersi. Fl. d: Perianthium lineari-clavatum, obtusum, integrum v. facile valvatim 2-fidum. Stamina in fundo perianthii affixa, filamentis in columnam apice ex ore exsertam connatis; antheræ 2, 1-loculares (v. loculi 2 antheræ unica), distinctie, ad apicem columnæ sessiles, vertice 2-valvatim dehiscentes. perfecti: Ovuli nucleus sessilis, ovoideus v. globosus, utriculis 3 apice foramine parvo perviis inclusus; utriculus exterior (perianthium?) carnosulus, apice obtusus v. breviter acuminatus, uno latere plus minus fissus; secundus intermedius (andrecium imperfectum ex Beccari) exteriore inclusus eoque paullo brevior; intimus (ovuli integumentum) tardius evolutus, nucleo basi adnatus, superne laxe membranaceus et ultra nuculam in tubulum tenuem longe exsertum apice sæpe dentatum v. fimbriatum productus. Fl. alii imperfecte 2 quasi neutri: Nucleus (semper sterilis Beccari) utriculo duplici inclusus, utriculo utroque apice obtuso foramine parvo pervio, tubulo nullo exserto. Fructus drupaceus, ovoideus v. oblongus, indehiscens, strato exteriore tenuiter carnoso, interiore crustaceo v. indurato, membrana intima fibrosa ab exterioribus libera albumen laxe involvente (ex utriculo interiore et nuclei substantia formato, Griff.). Albumen copiosum, carnosum; embryo centralis, ovoideo-clavatus, radicula in filum sæpe longissimum intricato-flexuosum (a plerisque funiculum dictum) producta; cotyledones 2, breves.—Frutices alte scandentes v. rarius erecti v. arbores, nodosi, glabri. Folia opposita, coriacea, pennivenia. Flores parvi, perfecti utriusque sexus in verticillis et sæpius in stirpibus distinctis separati, 3 in verticillis sæpe ∞-seriati, ♀ pauciores; verticilli nunc in spica interrupte nodosa dissiti, nunc in spicam densam conferti, spicis axillaribus terminalibusque solitariis fasciculatis v. paniculatis. Flores imperfecte Q seu neutri (in G. Guemone, Linn., affinibusque) seriem interiorem formant verticillorum masculorum; in G. scandente, Roxb., affihibusque ut in speciebus Americanis nondum observati.

Species ad 15, pro maxima parte Asiae et Americæ tropicæ incolæ, una tamen in Africa tropica a Welwitschio, altera in ins. Fiji maris Pacifici ab Harveyo detecta. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxii. 299, t. 55, 56. Blume, Rumphia, iv. 1, t. 174 ad 176. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 349. Strasb. Conif. 155, t. 21. Welw. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvii. 73. Wight, Ic. t. 1955. Seem. Fl. Vit. 434. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ix. 91, t. 7. Hook. Kew Journ. viii. t. 2, 3. Brongn. in Duperc. Voy. t. 1. Tul. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 399, t. 102 ad 106.

Griffithii dissertatio optima supra citata ex observationibus repetitis ad vivum institutis instructa a Parlatorio uti a Tulasneo infeliciter praetervisa fuit. Floris praesertim fæminei evolutionem plane docet, ejusque conclusiones bene comprobantur ex observationibus Beccarii pariter in loco natali ad vivum institutis.

Abutua africana, Lour., cujus flores fructusque ignoti sunt. est veri-imiliter a genere longe aliens et certe a Gneto africano, Welw., valde diversa, species cæterum nequaquam recognoscenda et ex enumeratione delenda.

### Ordo CLXV. CONIFERE.

Endl. Gen. 258 ad 262, et Suppl. iv. ii. 1 (CUPRESSINEE, ABIETINEE: et TAXINEE), et Syn. Conif. Sangalli, 1847. Carrière, Traité Gen. des Conif. Paris, 1855. Henkel et Hochst. Syn. Nadelhölz. Stuttgardt, 1865. Strasburger Conif. und Gnet. Jena, 1872, cum tabb. 26. Pinacez et Taxacez, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 226, 230.

Flores unisexuales, monoici v. dioici. Perianthium deest in utroque sexu. (amenta 3 Parlat.) solitarii, rarius spicati v. capitati. Stamina ∞, sæpius numerosa; filamenta alte connata (cum v. absque axe centrali), columnam globosam ovoideam oblongam v. sæpius cylindraceam formantia. Antheræ (flores & Parlat.) circa axin columnæ breviter stipitatæ v. rarius sessiles, oppositæ decussatæque v. alternatim 3-4-natim verticillatæ, v. sæpius ∞-seriatim spiraliter confertæ; loculi (antheræ Parlat.) nunc 2-∞ inter se liberæ, ab apice stipitis v. a connectivo penduli, nunc 2 inter se plus minus connati et sæpe stipiti adnati, globosi ovoidei v. oblongo-lineares, rima longitudinali obliqua v. transversa deorsum introrsum v. lateraliter dehiscentes 2-valvesque. (bractea Parlat.) ultra loculos sepe in appendicem squamiformem productum, interdum vero inappendiculatum. Pollen globosum v. ellipsoideum in pluribus generibus imprimis in Cupressineis simplex, in aliis præsertim Abietaneis utroque latere gibbo v. lobo globoso (vesiculo aerifero) auctum, sed vix semper in cadem tribu constans. in spicas bracteatas amentiformes (amenta) dispositi v. supra bracteas squamiformes imbricatas solitarii; amenti squame opposita decussataque v. alternatim 3-4-natim verticillatæ v. sæpius spiraliter confertæ \(\pi\)-seriatæ, specie simplices v. duplices polymorphæque, revera e laminis 2 composita, bractea et lamina ovulifera. Bractea sub anthesi sæpius magis conspicua quam lamina ovulifera, nunc fere a basi libera membranacea, post anthesin immutata v. parum aucta rarissime laminam seminiferam superans, nunc laminæ ovuliferæ alte adnata et cum ea post anthesin varie accreta, rarius jam sub anthesi lamina ovulifera brevior. Lamina ovulifera seu axis secundaria (a variis auctoribus torus, discus, perianthium, involucrum v. ovarium apertum dicta) ad axillam bracteze eique basi v. sæpius omnino adnata, jam sub anthesi carnosa v. rarius tenuis, post ovuli feecundationem mox accreta et valde polymorpha, formis insignioribus in characteribus tribuum quærendis. Ovula nuda, prope basin v. rarius infra apicem laminæ ovuliferæ affixa, sessilia v. basi laminæ subimmersa, erecta v. reversa, nunc in lamina solitaria nunc 2-- collateralia v. rarius irregulariter 2-3-seriata; integumentum exterius nucleo basi adnatum, superne liberum nucleum sepius superans. cupulatum v. urceolatum, apice sub anthesi v. apertum v. pervium, post fecundationem sæpius clausum; nucleus brevior, apice pollen accipiens, post fœcundationem interdum saccos amnioticos 2 3 continens. Fructus normalis strobilaceus, ex amento fœmineo formatus, squamis varie accretis sæpius induratis v. carnosis imbricatis supra semina arcte clausis, maturitate demum hiantibus et post semina delapsa diu persistentibus, rarius cum seminibus deciduis; in paucis generibus, floribus solitariis v. seminibus e bracteis immutatis longe exsertis, strobilus non evolvitur. Semina 1-oc, in lamina ovulifera varie aucta sessili v. in stipitem contracta sessilia, v. lamina adnata inclusa, erecta v. reversa, ovoidea v. oblonga, sæpe compressa, haud raro varie alata, in Abietineis laminam hyalino-scariosam e strato interiore laminæ ovuliferæ auferentia pseudosamaroidea; testa membranacea coriacea crustacea indurata v. drupacea, nuda v. lateraliter 2-3-alata, v. in alam terminalem producta semen revera samaroideum efficiens; integumentum interius sæpius testæ basi tantum adnatum, superne a testa liberum, albumini applicitum. Albumen copiosum, carnosum v. subfarinaceum, equabile v. rarius ruminatum. Embryo (rarius embryones 2-3 in codem semine) in centro albuminis rectus, sepius angustus et subteres. radicula supera (ab hilo remota) brevi v. sepe longiuscula, cotyledonibus 2-x sequalibus radicula brevioribus v. rarius longioribus.

Arbores rarius frutices, sepissime sempervirentes ; rami sepe, ob gemmas quotannis ad

basin innovationis terminalis evolutas, pseudoverticillati, in aliis generibus sparsi. Folia sempervirentia v. in perpaucis generibus hieme decidua, opposita 3-natim rarius 4-natim verticillata v. subspiraliter alterna, nunc omnia v. saltem ramulorum floriferorum crassiuscule squamiformia, ramulis appressa v. imbricata, nunc omnia acicularia v. anguste linearia patentia et quaquaversa v. subdisticha, nunc in aliis ramulis squamiformia in aliis acicularia, rarissime e lanceolata ovata plana et coriacea, integerrima v. rarius minutissime serrulata v. lobata, in Pino valde anomala. Flores (rarius capitula)  $\mathcal J$  in gemmis v. ramulis terminalibus v. axillaribus sessiles, v. breviter pedicellati, bracteis parvis squamiformibus imbricatis sæpe stipati ; columna staminea nunc parva subglobosa, nunc ovoidea oblonga v. dense cylindracca usque ad 1-2 poll. longa. Amenta  $\mathcal L$  sæpius terminalia, interdum gemmis floriferis brevissimis lateralia evadunt. Strobili nunc minimi, sæpe 1-3-pollicares, interdum 6-8-poll. diametro.

Species notæ ad 300, pro maxima parte per regiones temperatas v. montanas tam boreales quam australes utriusque orbis late dispersæ, interdum præsertim in hemisphærio boreali sylvas vastas constituentes, inter tropicos pauciores.

Ordo naturalis, nulli prope affinis nisi cateris Gymnospermeis (Gnetaceis Cycadeisque). A Parlatore (in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 363) Casuarineis Betulaceisque summopere accedere dicitur, verisimiliter ob similitudinem quamdam organorum vegetationis Casuarınæ et Callitridis, sed characteres florum et fructuum toto celo distant. De horum structura multum disputatum est, et homologiæ nounullæ adhuc dubiæ remanent. Apud auctores nonnullos, præsertim Parlatore in Prodromo, floris masculi columna staminea supra descripta est amentum co-florum, antherarum connectiva bracteze dicuntur et loculi antheræ distinctæ nuncupati. Floris fæminei structuram veram bene indicavit R. Brown in Appendice ad King, Surv. Austral. ii. 554, et in pluribus speciebus optime illustravit I. C. Richard in opere posthumo Commentatione de Coniferis et Cycadeis, Stutgardiæ 1864, cum tabulis 29. Postea ovulum nudum a variis auctoribus in Prodromo citatis et a Parlatore ipso negatum est, lamina ovulifora nunc lepidium nunc involucrum dicta, ovuli integumentum exterius pro pistillo habitum et nucleus pro ovulo vero De his variis sententiis præter opera citata confer-Zuccarini in Abhandl, Bay, Acad, Munch, in. 753 cum tabb. 5. Baillon, Adansonia i. 1. Dickson in Edinb. N. Philos. Journ. ser. 2, xiii. 193. Eichler in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 435. Van Tieghem in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, x. 269, t. 13 ad 16. De floris & homologia et structura confer imprimis Mohl, Verm. Schrift. 45, t. 1. De anatomia et structura Coniferarum optime tractatur in opere supra citato Strasburgii, cujus tamen conclusiones nonnullas negat Benth. in Proc. Linn. Soc. 1872-3, 11 (Address 1873, p. 4), nuperque quodammodo emendavit auctor ipse in Angiosp. et Gymnosp., Jena, 1879. Confera præsertin cultæ illustrantur in operibus: Lambert, Pinus, ed. major, Londini, 1803, cum tabb. 43, et vol. ii. 1824, cum tabb. 11; ed. minor 1832, cum tabb. 81. Forbes, Pinetum Woburnense, Londini, 1839, cum tabb. 67. Gordon, The Pinetum. Londini, 1858, cum supplemento 1862. A. Murray, Pines and Firs of Japan, Londini. 1863, cum ic. xylogr. plur. Adnotationes ctiam plures utilissimas accepimus a G. Engelmann in litt.

#### FORM.E ABNORMES.

Ramuli phyllodinei in Phylloclado et Sciadopito.

Folia lobata in Gingko, secundaria acicularia a primariis squamiformibus insigniter diversa in Pino, ramorum nonnullorum sterilium acicularia a squamiformibus ramulorum fertilium valde diversa in speciolus pluribus Juniperi et Dacrydii, hieme decidua in Larice et Taxodio.

Flores & plures, capitati, in Juniperi sect. Caryocedro, in Cephalotaxo et in Cunninghamia.

Antherarum connectivum submuticum esquamatum in Taxo, Saxegothea, Tsuga, Pseudotsuga, Abiete, Larice perpaucisque aliis, vix appendiculatum in Cephalotaxo, Torreya, Ginkgo, Pherosphæra, Podocarpo.

In floribus & monstruosis hine inde prasertim in Abietineis perpaucis observatis, axis centralis superne squamas nonnullas irregulariter ovuliferas evolvit.

De floris & formis valde diversis ofr. tribium characteres.

Seminis albumen insigniter ruminatum in Torreya.

## CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Series A. Ovula saltem sub anthesi ereca.

Tribus I. Cupressinese. Amenti Q squamæ 2-∞-seriatæ, in quaque serie oppositæ v. 3-natim rarius 4-natim verticillatæ. Ovula sub squamis fertilibus 2-∞, rarius 1. Folia ramulorum

fertilium opposita v. ternatim verticillats, seepius parva crassa, squamiformis. Lamina ovulifera bractese adnuts, primum ea brevior, mox aucta, demum squamam fere totam efficiens, bractese appice ad umbonem v. neucronem dorsalem reducto. Strobili squames excepts Junipero, demum apertæ, persistente».

- 1. Callitris. Strobili squame 4, 6 v. 8, omnes fertiles, ad normam 2-seriatæ, sed specie 1-seriatæ, demum valvatim aportæ, dorso nudæ.—Africa, Madagasc., Australia, N. Caled.
- 2. Actinostriosus. Strobili squame 6 fertiles, ad normam 2-seriate, sed specie 1-seriate demum valvatim aperte, singulæ dorso squamis exterioribus vacuis 2-seriatim appressis appendiculatæ.—Australia.
- 3. Fitzroya. Strobili squamæ 2-3 fortiles, 1-seriatim valvatæ, exterioribus vacuis 1-2-criatis. Semina sub squama 2-3, 2-3-aluta.—Chile, Tasmaniu.
- 4. LIBOCEDRUS. Strobili squame 2 fertiles, 2 exteriores et interdum 2 intimes vacus. Semina sub squama 2. superne alata, samaroidea.—Chile, N. Zel., N. Calod., China, Japonia, Culifornia.
- 5. Thura. Strobili ovoidei v. oblongi rarius subglobosi squamæ 2-6 (parium 1-3) fertiles, 2 rarius 4 exteriores et 2 intimæ vacuæ. Semina sub squama 2-3, rarissime 5, utriuque alata v. evalata. Amer. bec., Asia or. extentrop.
- 6. Curamaca. Strobili globosi lignosi squama 4 v. 6 (parium 2-3) fertiles, 2 rarius 4 exteriores et interdum 2 intime vacure. Semina sub squama 20, anguste 2-alata.—Asia temp., Eur. austr. or., Amer. bor., Mexico.
- 7. JUNIPERUS. Strobili globosi carnosi drupiformis v. l'acciformis indehiscentis squame 2-6 fertiles. Somina in strobilo 1-6, testa dura, distincta v. in massam globosam crassam lignosam endocarpium simulantem conferruminata.—Hemoph. bor. reg. extratrop. et mont.
- Tribus II. Taxodiese. Amenti ? squame spiraliter conferte. Ovula sub squamis fertilibus 2-6, erecta, in generibus 2 post anthesin obliqua horizontalia v. subreversa. Folia spiraliter affixa quaquaversa v. distiche patentia. Lamina ovulifera bractea adnata, damum ut in Cupressincia valde aucta. squamim fere totam efficiens, rarius sub semine maturo immutata parraque.
  - S. Chyltomeria. Lymina ovulifera adnata apice digitatim 5-fida. Ovula 3-6. Strobili squame ob lobos lamina ovulifera et bractearum apices prominentes echinata. Japonia. China.
  - 9. Fanorit v. Lamina ovulifera margine integra. Ovula 2. Strobili squame apice liguose, dilatate, truncate, dorso vix medio umbonate v. mueronate, semina includentes. Amer. her., Mexico, China.
  - 10. Sequota. Lamina ovulitera margine integra. Ovula 3-6, sapius 5, post anthesiu sape horizontalia v. subreversa. Strobili squama apice lignosa, in discum crassum dorso medio depressum vix mucronatum dilatatæ—California.
  - 11. Athrotaxis. Omnia Sequota nisi squamarum strobili apex dorso muerone v. umbone comeo instructus.—Australia.
  - 12. Cephalotaxis. Lamina ovulitera parva, cum bractea post anthesin vix aucta. Ovula 2. Semina magna, drupiformia, e squamis longe exserta. Japonia, China (Asia trop.?).
  - Tribus III. Taxes. Amenti a squama imbricatæ, omnes præter terminalem vacuæ v. plures fertiles. Lamina ovulifera a bractea libera, sessilis v. longe stipitata, apice perfecte v. imperfecte annularis v. cupulata v. ovulum ii volvens. Ovulum in lamina v. in quoque lobo laminæ 1. crectum v. post anthesin obliquum.
    - 13. Taxus. Amentum & 1-florum. Lamina ovulifera primum annularis, mox cupulata, carnosa, demum bacciformis, semen includens at non ei adnata, vertice aperta. Anthera post anthesin umbraculiformes, loculis in circulum connatis.—Utriusque orbis hemisph, bor.
    - 14. Torreya. Amentum ? 1-florum. Lamina ovulifera primum cupularis, mox ovarium includens, demum semini arcte adnata. Albumen insigniter ruminatum. Antherarum loculi in semicirculum connati.—Amer. bor., Japonia, China bor.
    - 15. Ginkgo. Amenta  $\mathcal{Q}$  v. gemmæ squamatæ 1-floræ. Lamina ovulifera longo stipitata, apice breviter 2-∞-fida, lobis in annulum seu cupulam brevem semini adnatam dilatatis. Antherarum loculi 2, penduli. Folia petiolata, subflabellata, incisa.—China.
    - 16. Phyllocladus. Amenta Q parva, cc-flora. Lamina ovulifera primum annularis, mox cupulata, semini appressa. Antherarum loculi 2, contigui. Ramuli ultimi phyllodinei, coriacci, dilatati, subflabellati.—Tasmania, N. Zel., Archipel. Malay.

- 17. DACRYDIUM. Spicæ 2 1-6-floræ. Lamina ovulifera late concava v. cupulata, latere interiore aperta, mox squamam oblique superans, a semine libera. Antherarum loculi 2, globosi, contigni.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacif., N. Caled., N. Zel., Tasmania, Chile.
- 18? PHEROSPHÆRA. Amenta ♀ parva, ∞-flora. Lamina ovulifera tenuis ovulum involvens? v. 0? Antherarum loculi 2, globosi, contigui.—Tusmania.

### SERIES B. Ovula jam sub anthesi arcte reversa.

- Tribus IV. Podocarpese. Amenti 2 squamæ perpaucæ v. co, sæpe carnosæ, spiraliter confertæ. Ovulum 1, ab apice squamæ v. laminæ ovuliferæ reversum. Lamina ovulifera sessilis v. stipitata, nunc ovulo nunc squamæ adnata (v. 0?). Antherarum loculi 2, contigui, adnati.
  - 19. MICROCACHEYS. Amentum Q parvum, squamis  $\infty$ -seriatis semiglobosis. Ovulum ab spice squamæ reversum (lamina ovulifera dubia). Folia parva, opposita, decussatim imbricata.— Tasmanta.
  - 20. Saxegothea. Amentum 2 subglobosum, squamis pauciscriatim imbricatis. Ovulum 1, reversum. Lamina ovulifera carnosa, bracteæ adnata, mox valde accreta. Strobilus indehiscens? bractearum apicibus muricatus. Folia sparsa v. distiche patentia.—Chile.
  - 21. Podocarpus. Amenti Q 1-2-flori squamæ paucæ, pedunculo adnatæ, cum quo sæpius carnosæ. Lamina ovulifera e squama exserta, plus minus stipitata, ovulum reversum includens eique adnata.—Amer. austr., Afr. trop. et austr., Asia trop. montana, Australasia, Japonia.
- Tribus V. Araucariese. Amenti ? squame numerosissima  $\infty$ -seriatæ spiraliter imbricatæ, specio simplicos, lamina ovulifera bracteæ arcte adnata. Ovula 1-6, medio v. infra medium squamæ collateraliter affixa, reversa. Semina exalata v. lateraliter alata, nec ala spuria samaroides.
  - \* Lamina ovulifera tenvis, apice linea parum prominula v. apiculo parvo terminata.
  - 22. Cunninghamia. Antherarum loculi 2-4. Lamina ovulifera squama multo brevior. Ovula 3. Semina ala angusta cincta.— Japonia, China.
  - 23. Agathis. Antherarum loculi 5-co. Lamina ovulifera squama multa brevior. Ovula 1 rarius 2. Semina uno latere v. utrinque late alata.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacif., N. Caled., N. Zel., Australia.
  - : 1. Araucaria. Anthorarum loculi 6- $\infty$ . Lamina ovulifera squama vix brevior. Ovulum 1. Semen squama adnatum utrinque alatum v. exalatum. Amer. austr., Australia, Nov. Caled., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - \*\* Lamina ovulifera demum valde aucta indurata, in strobilo lignoso squamam fere totam efficiens.
    - 25. Sciadofitys. Authorarum loculi 2. Ovula 7-9. Folia vera minute squamiformia, scariosa, sparsa. Phyllodia foliis *Pini* similia, in pseudoverticillis distinctis numerosa.— *Japonia*.
- Tribus VI. Abietiness. Amenti Q squama duplices, lamina ovulifera a bractea libera v. basi tantum adnata, demum valde aucta, in strobilo sapius sola conspicua. Ovula 2, prope basin squama affixa, reversa. Semina ala spuria (e strato interiore squama soluta) samaroidea, rarius ala decidua v. vix evoluta denudata v. nuda.
  - 26. Pinus. Folia primaria minima, squamiformia, scariosa, sparsa, secundaria longiuscule v. longo acicularia, per 2-5 intra vaginam scariosam fasciculata. Flores d ad basin innovationum subspicati. antherarum connectivo sapius in appendicem squamiformem producto. Strobili squamæ persistentes.— Hemisph. borcalis.
  - 27. Cedrus. Folia acicularia, subtetragona, rigidula, in gemma squamata dense subverticillato-fasciculata, v. in innovationibus sparsa. Flores & in fasciculo solitarii, antherarum connectivo in appendicem squamiformem producto. Strobili magni squamæ arcte imbricatæ demum deciduæ.—Mont. Africe bor. et Asiæ mediæ et occid.
  - 28. PICEA. Folia sparsa, cum petioli basi persistente articulata, subtetragona, rigidula. Flores & ad axillas solitarii, antherarum connectivo in appendicem squamiformem producto. Strobili reflexi squamæ persistentes, bractea subtendente parva sæpius occulta.—Hemisph. bor. reg. extratropicæ.
  - 29. Tsuda. Folia Abietis, nisi basi persistente leviter prominula. Flores & Abietis. Strobili reflexi squamæ persistentes, bractea subtendente parva.—Asia or. extratrop., Amer. bor.

- 30. Pseudotsuga. Folia et flores & Abietis. Strobili reflexi squamæ persistentes, bractea subtendente conspicua, apicula centrali squamam superante.—Amer. bor. occid.
- 31. Affics. Folia sparsa, cicatricem non prominentem relinquentia, linearia, supra plana. Flores & ad axillas solitarii, antherarum connectivo ultra loculos umbonato v. vix prominulo. Strobili crecti squamæ cum seminibus deciduæ, bractea subtendente conspicua, apicula centrali squamam sæpe æquarto v. superante.—Hemisph. bor. reg. extratrop.
- 32. LARIX. Folia tenuia, decidua, in gemma squamata denso subverticillato-fasciculata, v. in innovationibus sparsa. Flores & in gemma squamata aphylla solitarii, antherarum connectivo ultra loculos haud v. vix prominulo. Strobili reflexi squamæ persistentes, bractea subtendente conspicua, squama breviore v. cam sequante.—Hemisph. bor. reg. extratrop.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

EPHEDRA et GNETUM, olim Consferis adscripta, hodie ad ordinom distinctum Gnetacearum referuntur, supra, 433.

ALTINGIA, Noronha, a Kon. et Sims, Ann. Bot. ii. 325, ad Coniferas relata, et postea a Loudon et Don perperam Araucaria, Juss., substituta, est Hamamelidea, supra, i. 669.

### TRIBUS I. CUPRESSINE.E.

1. Callitris, Vent. Decad. Gen. Nov. 1808, 10. (Frenela, Mirb. in Mém. Mus. Par. xiii. 30.)—Flores in ramis diversis monoici v. rarius dicici, & ad apices ramulorum intra folia summa subsessiles, solitarii gemini v. rarius 3 4-ni. Staminum columna tenuis; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, subverticillatæ, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis ovata v. deltoidea, basi truncata v. orbiculata peltataque; loculi 2-4, sub appendicula fere occulti, deorsum 2-valves. Amenta 9 in ramulis abbreviatis solitaria v. fasciculata; squamæ 4, 6 v. rarius 8, plus minus distincte 2-seriatæ, lamina ovulifera adnata fere ad apicem incrassatie. Ovula ad basin cujusve squamie  $\infty$ , erecta, circa conum centralem v. apicem 3-angulatum v. 3-lobum rhacheos sessilia, 2 3-seriata. globosus ovoideus v. pyramidatus, maturus squamis induratis persistentibus erectopatentibus quasi valvatim dehiscens, valvis 4, 6 v. rarius 8 omnibus æqualibus v. 3 alternis minoribus margine leviter exterioribus. Semina perfecta  $\infty$ , absque alis oblonga, testa tenuiter crustacea, late 2- rarius 3-alata; albumen parcum; cotyledones 2, rarius 3; semina interiora sepius imperfecta exalata v. semialata, v. intima omnino abortiva columne centrali adnata. — Arbores fruticesve, ramulis teretibus v. 3 4-angulis interdum articulatis. Folia 3-4-natim verticillata v. decussatim opposita, rarius demum sparsa, ramorum sterilium v. plantæ junioris interdum acicularia, sepissime tamen ad squamas minutas crassas carinatas reducta, carinis in angulos ramulorum decurrentibus. Strobilorum valvæ apertæ, post semina delaj sa diu persistentes.

Species ad 14, Africa, Madagascariae, Australiae et Nova Caledoniae incolae. L. C. Rich. Conf. 46, Hook. f. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 145.

Genus in integrum servatum naturale et bene definitum, in sectiones sequentes imprimis numero partium cujusve verticilli et patria distinctas dividitur.

- 1. Pachylepis. Squamæ ramorum majorum sæpius alternæ v. irregulariter oppositæ, ramulorum fructiferorum fructiferæque ipsæ sæpissime oppositæ. Strobili crasse lignosi, subæqualiter 4-valves, squamis tamen omnino ut in Tetracline decussatim oppositis. Species 3, quarum 2 Africæ australis, tertia Madagascariæ incolæ, omnes inter se valde sffines. Pachyleris, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1. xxx. 189. Parolinia, Endl. Gen. Suppl. i. 1372. Widdingtonia, Endl. Syn. Conif. 31. Schlecht. in Linnæa, xxxiii. 339, t. 1. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 442.
- 2. Tetraclinis. Squamæ ramorum 4-natim verticillatæ, ramulorum fructiferorum fructiferæque ipsæ decussatim oppositæ. Strobili quam in Pachylopule minus indurati, sulæqualiter 4-valves. Rami ramulique fragilissimi. Species 1, Africæ boreali-occidentalis incola. Callitus, Spach, Suites Buff. xi. 342. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 452, non Vent. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 8. Vuhl, Symb. ii. t. 48 (Thua). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 252 (Thuia).
- 3. Hexaclinis. Squamæ ramorum fructiferorum fructiferæque i 15 æ ternatim verticillatæ. Strobili subæqualiter 6-valves, v. valvæ 3 subexteriores paullo minores. Species 9, quarum 1 Novo-Caledonica, cæteræ Australianæ. Callithis, Vent. Decad. Gen. Nov. 10. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 18. Frenl. A, Spach, Svites Buff. 21. 345. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 445. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 97.

Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 235. F. Balansæ, Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xvi. 327, est certe cadem ac F. sulcata, Parlat. F. subumbellata, Parlat., est ejusdem specimen sterile foliis acicularibus quaternis, ramulis tamen nonnullis superioribus omnino normalibus squamis brevibus angulatis ternatis.

4. Octoclinis. Squame omnes 4-natim verticillate. Strobili subæqualiter 8-valves, v. valves 4 subexteriores vix minores. Species 1, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 235 (Frenela). Octoclinis, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Inst. Vict. ii. 21 cum ic. Leichhardtia, Sheph. Cat. Pl. Cult. Sydn. 1851, ex F. Muell.

Genus a Ventenatio l.c. conditum fuit beneque definitum ad speciem quamdam Australianam ab auctore non nominatam, foliis squamisque fructiferis ternatim verticillatis, et nomen a κάλλος et τρεῖς derivavit ob insignem symmetriam partium numero ternario. L. C. Richard primus Thutam articulatam, Vahl, nomine Callitrus quadrivalvus salutavit, synonymo falso (v. inedito?) Ventenatii allato, ab omnibus auctoribus sequentibus repetito. Mirbel nomen Frenelæ pro Callitrule substituit ob similiter sonantem Calytrix, Labill., et species Africanas cum Australiensibus inclusit. Spach primus nomen Mirbelii ad Australianas typicas limitavit, nomine Ventenatu infeliciter ad Africanas translato.

2. Actinostrobus, Miq. in Pl. Preiss. i. 644.—Flores in diversis ramis monoici (v. interdum dioici?), & axillares v. terminales, sessiles, solitarii. Staminum columna oblonga: antheræ spiraliter confertæ, 6-fariam ternatim verticillatæ; connectivi appendicula squamiformis orbiculata v. acuminata, plus minus peltata, loculis 4 6 sub appendice deorsum parum prominulis 2-valvibus. Amenta 2 globosa, in ramulis brevibus solitaria: squamæ ternatim verticillatæ, arcte 6-fariam imbricatæ; exteriorum scries 🗴 vacuæ, latæ, concavæ, intus haud incrassatæ, 6 intimæ (scrieum 2 intimarum) subæquales, fere valvatæ, intus lamina ovulifera adnata valde incrassatæ. Ovula ad basin squamarum intimarum solitaria v. gemina, erecta. Strobilus ovoideo-globosus v. acuminatus, maturus squamis intimis auctis parum induratis 6-valvatim dehiscens, squamis exterioribus vacuis tenuibus parum auctis in dorso fertilium arcte appressis 6-fariam superpositis ad quamquam squamam solitariis v. 2-3 ab extimis in intimas gradatim majoribus. Semina perfecta pauca, obovoidea v. triquetra, testa crustacea duriuscula late 2-3-alata; albumen tenue; embryo tereti-clavatus, cotyledonibus 2 radicula sublongioribus.— Frutices ramosissimi. Folia ternatim verticillata, pleraque minima, squamiformia, rigida, acuta v. rarius obtusa, squarroso-patentia v. appressa. ramorum sterilium interdum Flores & in A. pyramidali ad axillas sessiles, in A. acuminata elongata, acicularia. terminales. Strobili sepius circa } poll. diametro.

Species 2, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 239. Hook. Ic. Pl. 1272

3. Fitzroya, Hook. f. in Journ. Hort. Soc. vi. 264, et in Bot. Mag. t. 4616. (Dischma, Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. i. 353, t. 98. Cupresstellata, Senil. seu Nels. Pin. 60.)—Flores dioici, ad apices ramulorum intra folia summa sessiles. Staminum columna brevis; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite tenui sæpius brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis late ovata v. orbiculata, peltata, superne dorso sepius valde convexa; loculi 2-4 sub appendice occulti v. inferne prominentes, deorsum 2-valves. Amenta 2 terminalia, subglobosa, sessilia, solitaria; squama opposita v. ternatim verticillata, 2-3-seriata, serici exterioris vix a foliis superioribus distinctæ, seriei intermediæ majores coloratæ basi intus incrassatæ sed vacuæ, seriei interioris adhuc majores, fertiles, intus lamina ovulifera adnata ultra medium v. fere ad apicem carnoso-incrassatæ; amenti rhachis in columnam brevem oblongam (squamarum seriei quartæ rudimentum) producta. Ovula ad basin squamarum fertilium 2-3, erecta. Strobilus parum auctus, globosus, squamis fructiferis induratis demum hiantibus diu persistentibus, apice lamina ovulifera aucta dilatatis extus subplanis, infra apicem bracteæ apice umbonatis. Semina squamis vix breviora, testa crustacea oblonga late 2-3-alata: embryo normalis.—Arbores fruticesve sempervirentes, ramosissimi. Folia parva, ternatım verticillata v decussatim opposita, laxe v. appresse imbricata. Strobili 2-4 lm. diametro.

Species 2, altera typica montium Chile australis vix Patagoniæ incola, arborea, foliis amentique 

\$\varphi\$ squamis sæpius ternatim verticillatis interdum vero oppositis, antheris sæpius 4-locularibus

ovulis ternis seminibus 2-alatis. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 463. Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. i. Misc. 30 cum u. Fl. des Serres vii. 130, cum ic. a Bot. Mag. repetita; altera Tasmanica, pariter montana, F. Archeri, Benth., frutescens, erecta, foliis amentique \( \phi\) squamis oppositis decussatis, antheris sapius 2-locularibus, ovulis geminis rarius ternis, seminibus 3-alatis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 240 (Disclma). Numerus partium vix semper constans videtur et characteres essentiales in utraque specie eidem.

4. Libocedrus, Endl. Syn. Conif. 42.—Flores monoici v. dioici, & terminales, solitarii. Staminum columna intra folia ultima subsessilis, globosa v. ovoidea; antheræ decussatim oppositæ, co-seriatæ, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis late ovata v. orbiculata, leviter peltata; loculi sæpius 4, subglobosi, deorsum 2-valves. Amenta 2 subglobosa ovoides v. oblonga, in ramulis brevibus solitaria; squamæ 4, rarius 6, decussatim oppositæ, breviter v. longe acuminatæ, pauciseriatæ, paris infimi breviores v. angustiores vacuæ, paris sequentis majores, ovatæ v. oblongæ, floriferæ; summæ vacuæ in 2 tantum speciebus adsunt; fertiles fere ad apicem lamina ovulifera adnata carnosoincrassate. Ovula ad basin squamarum fertilium sæpius 2, erecta. Strobilus ovoideus v. oblongus, squamis induratis ovoideis v. oblongis sub apice bractere apice nunc brevissime acuminatis nunc longe cornutis, in strobilo maturo hiantibus post semina delapsa diu persistentibus apice sæpius recurvis. Semina samaroidea, testa coriacea oblonga superne uno latere in alam longam obliquam membranaceam erectam producta, latere altero rarius angustissime alata; embryo normalis.—Arbores sempervirentes, habitu Thuyæ. Folia squamiformia, opposita, quadrifariam imbricata, nunc omnia acqualiter decussata appressa v. patentia, nunc in ramulis complanatis lateralia alte carinata, facialia planiora v. plana minoraque. Strobili maturi 4-8 lin. longi.

Species bene notæ 8. quarum 2 Chilenses, 2 Novo-Zelandicæ, 1 Novo-Caledonica, 1 Japonica, 1 Chinensis, 1 Californica. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 453. Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xviii. 140. Hook. Lond. Journ. i. t. 18, ii. t. 4, iii. t. 4 (Thuya). Popp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. t. 220 (Thuya).

Genus Thuyæ nimis affine, imp.imis seminibus samaroideis superne 1-alatis distinguitur, et quoad species plerasque defectu squamarum strobili interiorum sterilium. Species inter se formas valde diversas exhibent. Folia in L. chilense, L. Doniana, L. decurrente et L. macrolepide in ramulis complanatis dimorpha, lateralia late carinata facialia parva plana, in L. tetragona et L. Bidwille omnia æqualiter decu-sata. Strobili squamæ in L. Doniana, L. tetragona et L. Bidwilli dorso longe cornutæ, in L. chilense. L. decurrente et L. macrolepide sub apice minute mucronatæ.

HEYDERIA, C. Koch, Dendrol. ii. ii. 179 (L. decurrens e California), et Calocedrus. S. Kurz in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1873, 196, t. 133 (L. macrolepus e prov. Yunan Chinæ), seminibus et characteribus essentialibus Libocedru, a cæteris speciebus differunt squamis interioribus strobili bene evolutis etsi vacuis, et fere medium tonent inter Thuyam et Libocedrum.

5. Thuya, Lina. Gen. n. 1078 (Thuja).—Flores monoici, & terminales solitarii. Staminum columna intra folia ultima subsessilis, parva, subglobosa; antheræ decussatim oppositie, sæpius 2-3-seriatæ, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis orbiculata, leviter pe'tata, staminum superiorum interdum minima; loculi 2-4, subglobosi, deorsum 2valves. Amenta Q ovoidea v. oblonga, in ramulis brevibus solitaria ; squame decussatim opposite, co-seriate, paris infimi rarius parium 2 inferiorum vacue sepiusque breviores. parium 1-8 intermediorum majores floriferee, paris intimi v. rarissime 2 intimorum angustie, vacuæ, haud raro basi connatæ, fertiles introrsum pro maxima parte lamina ovulifera adnata carnoso-incrassatæ. Ovula ad basin squamarum fertilium 2-3 rarius 5, erecta. Strobilus ovoideus v. oblongus, rarius globosus, squamis coriaceis induratis vix tamen lignosis sæpius oblongis sub apice bracteæ apice mucronulatis, v. apice crassoconicis mucrone obliterato, in strobilo maturo laxiusculis, post semina delapsa diu persis-Semina sub squamis fertilibus 2-3, rarius 4-5, testa coriacea oblonga utrinque in alam latam v. angustam expansa v. exalata ; embryo normalis. -- Arbores fruticesve sempervirentes. Folia parva, opposita, squamiformia, appressa, quadrifariam imbricata, omnia subæqualia v. sæpius in ramulis complanatis lateralia alte carinata, facialia planiora v. plana minoraque. Strobili maturi rarius semipollicem longitudine excedunt.

- Species ad 12, America borealis et Asia orientalis extratropicae incolæ, quarum 2 in hortis diu cultæ, in sectiones 5 apud auctores nonnullos genera propria distribuendæ, characteribus vix valorem specificum excedentibus. Genus caetorum Cupresso valde affine, differt ramis (cum foliis) sæpius nec semper complanatis, strobilis minoribus minus induratis, et ovulis paucis.
- 1. Euthuya. Strobili maturi ovoideo-oblongi cernui squamæ parum incrassatæ, 2 tantum ut in Libocedro fertiles. Semina late subæqualiter 2-alata, sub quaque squama 2 v. 3. Species typica Linnæi, boreali-Americana. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 7, f. 1. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 156. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 150. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 11, pro parte.
- 2. Macrothuya. Strobili squamæ fertiles 4 v. 6. Seminum alæ angustiores quam in T. occidentali. Cætora Euthuyæ. Species 2, altera boreali-Americana, Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 111; altera Japonica.

THUYA, qualis a Parlatorio in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 456 limitatur, includit Euthuyam et Macrothuyam.

- 3. Thuyopsis. Strobili maturi globosi suberecti squamæ incrassatæ, duræ, fertiles 4-6 v. rarissime 8. Semina anguste 2-alata, sub quaque squama sæpius 4 v. 5. Species Japonica. Lamb. Pin. ed. min. t. 68. Thuyopsis, Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. 32, t. 119, 120. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 460.
- 4. Biota. Strobili junioris globosi subcarnosi maturi subovoidei duri squamæ fertiles sæpius 4. Semina exalata, sub quaque squama 2 v. 3, testa duriuscula. Species v. varietates 2, in Japonia et China boreali indigenæ, in Asia et Europa frequenter cultæ. Lamb. Pin. cd. min. t. 76. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 7, f. 2. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 63. Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 20. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 11, pro parte. Sich. ct Zuco. Fl. Jap. t. 117, 118. Biota, Endl. Syn. Conif. 46. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 461.

PLATYCLADUS. Spach, Suites Buff. xi. 333, includit Thuyopsin et Biotam.

- 5. Chamæcyparis. Strobili maturi globosi duri squamæ apice incrassato-dilatatæ, fertiles 4 v. 6. Semina late v. rarius anguste 2-alata, sub quaque squama 2. Ramuli complanati, foliis facialibus parvis Thuyæ, v. folia decussatim imbricata Cupressi. Strobili quam in Cupresso multo minores et squamæ 2-ovulatæ omnino Thuyæ. Species 6, Americanæ et Japonicæ. L. C. Rich. Conf. t. 8. Cupressi sp. Lamb. Pin. t. 43; ed. min. t. 66. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 156. Travtr. Imag. Pl. Ross. t. 7. Bot. Mag. t. 5581. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 152. Chamæcuparis, Spach, Suites Buff. xi. 329. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 463. Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersh. x. 489; Mel. Biol. vi. 25. Chamæfeuce, Zucc. in Endl. Enchir. 139, et in Lindl. Veg. Kinyd. 229, non DC. Retinospora, Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. 36, t. 121 ad 123.
- 6. Cupressus, Linn. Gen. n. 1079.—Flores in ramis diversis monoici, & terminales, solitarii v. rarius gemini. Staminum columna intra folia summa subsessilis, oblonga v. cylindracea; antheræ decussatim oppositæ, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis, ovata v. orbicularis, plus minus peltata, loculis 2-6 sub appendicula deorsum prominentibus 2-valvibus. Amenta 9 in ramulis brevibus solitaria v. rarius fasciculata. globosa; squame 3-6-seriatim oppositæ, seriei exterioris et interdum intimæ steriles. fertiles sapius 4 v. 6, sub anthesi late ovatæ, introrsum pro maxima parte lamina ovulifera adnata carnoso-incrassatæ. Ovula ad basin squamarum fertilium ∞, sæpe numerosa, erecta. Strobilus globosus, lignosus, squamis valde incrassatis extrorsum peltatodilatatis, dorso bractearum apicibus sæpe umbonatis v. breviter muricatis, ante maturitatem arcte clausis, demum apice solutis hiantibus, post semina delapsa diu persistentibus. Semina oblonga, testa coriacea v. leviter indurata utroque latere anguste rarius late in alam expansa; embryo normalis, cotyledonibus 2, rarius 3 4.—Arbores interdum excelse v. frutices sempervirentes. Folia sapius ut in Juniperi sect. Sabina parva, squamiformia, adnato-decurrentia, apice appressa v. breviter patentia, opposita, decussatim imbricata, ramorum sterilium v. plantæ junioris rarius aciculari-patentia, in una tamen specie omnia subulata, patentia. Strobili sape pollicem diametro.
- Species ad 12, Asiae temperatæ, Europæ austro-orientalis, Americæ borealis et Mexici incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 467. Lamb. Pin t. 42, cd. min. t. 65. L C. Ruch. Conif. t. 9: Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 61, 62. L'Hèr. Stirp. Nov. t. 8. Nees, Gen. Fl. Monochl. n. 10. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 534. Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 155. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 53.
- 7. Juniperus, Linn. Gen. n. 1134.—Flores monoici v. dioici, & solitarii v. rarius 3-6 in capitulum conferti. Staminum columna sessilis v. breviter stipitata; antheræ spiraliter

arcte approximatæ v. laxius distincteque oppositæ v. 3-natim verticillatæ, stipite brevi nunc brevissimo rarius tenui; connectivi appendicula squamiformis, ovata v. peltata; loculi 2-6, sub appendicula occulti v. deorsum prominentes, 2-valves. Amenta 9 globosa; s quamæ 2-3-seriatim oppositæ v. ternatim verticillatæ, jam sub anthesi pro maxima parte lamina ovulifera adnata incrassato-carnosæ et arcte contiguæ, mox valde auctæ carnosæ et supra ovula undique concretæ. Ovula sub quaque squama serieum 1-2 intimarum solitaria v. gemina, erecta, sub anthesi libera, mox squamis auctis clausis operta. Strobilus e squamis conferruminatis carnosis fibrosis v. succulentis drupiformis v. bacciformis, extus levis v. bractearum apicibus v. squamarum marginibus prominulis notatus. Semina 3-6 v. abortu pauciora, intra fructum inclusa v. (ex Engelm.) rarius leviter prominula, nunc distincta testa crasse coriacea indurata v. ossea, nunc in massam globosam crassissime lignosam putamen simulantem perfecte conferruminata, nucleis singulis in locellis distinctis separatis; albumen membrana inclusum et embryo normales; cotyledones sæpius 2, interdum 3 vidimus, et in J. californica fide Engelmanni usque ad 5.—Frutices v. arbores sempervirentes. Folia opposita v. ternatim verticillata, parva adnato-decurrentia v. patentia et linearia v. acicularia. Flores v. spicæ terminales v. ramulo florifero ad fasciculum foliorum minimorum reducto axillares. Strobili carulei v. rubri, a pisi ad nucis magnitudinem variant.

Species ad 25, per hemisphærium borcale late dispersæ, in regionibus temperatis frigidisque frequentes, inter tropicos non nisi in montibus utriusque orbis obviæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 475. Endl. Syn. Conif. 8.

Genus ab Endlichero in sectiones 3, apud nonnullos pro generibus propriis habendas, divisum est:-

- 1. Sabina. Folia omnia v. saltem ramorum fructiferorum parva, squamiformia, opposita et decussatim imbricata, rarissime ternatim verticillata, ramorum sterilium v. plantæ junioris rarius acicularia. Flores ♂ solitarii, terminales, connectivorum appendicibus squamiformibus imbricatis loculos obtegentibus. Semen unicum v. 2 distincta. L. C. Rich. Conf. t. 6. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 64, 65. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 534. Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. t. 1. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 536. Guss. Pl. Rar. t. 62. Vis. Ill. Pl. Nov. in Mem. Instit. Vinet. vi. t. 1\*, 1\*\*. Pall. Fl. Ross. t. 55 ad 57. Tranttv. Imag. Pl. Ross. t. 15. Sub. it Zucc. Fl. Jep. t. 126, 127. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 155. Newb. Bot. Will cms. Exped. t. 10.
- 2. Oxycedeus. Folia acicularia v. linearia, plus minus patentia, ternatim verticillata. Flores of ad axillas solitarii, basi bracteis parvis stipati (ramulo florifero axillari ad fasciculum bracteaium reducto), connectivorum appendicibus basi parum productis, loculis prominentibus quasi dorsalibus. Semana sapius 3, distincta, nunc abortu pauciora. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 5. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 12. Reuhb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 535, 537. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 65. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 247. Pull. Fl. Ross. t. 54. Sub. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 125. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 217.
- 3. Caryocidrus, Endl. Folia acicularia Oxyrcdri. Flores & pariter axillares, sed 3-6 in capitulum conferti, per anthesin laxe patentes, singuli bractea parva lineari-lanceolata subtensi. Staminum columna in quoque flore stipitata, antheris 9-12, connectivorum appendicibus ovatis incurvis laxe imbricatis basi non peltatis locellis magnis stipiti infra appendicem affixis. Strobili rupiformes, in genere magni. Semina in massam globosam crassissime lignosam putamen 2-6-locularem simulantem arcte conferruminata. Species unica, orientalis. Labil. Dec. Pl. Syr. ii. t. 8. Arceuthos, Ant. et Kotschy in Astr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1854, 249.

THUIACARPUS. Trautv. Imag. Pl. Ross. 11, t. 6, genus propositum fuit ad plantam in horto Nikitensi cultam sub nomine Juniperi oblongi, Bieb., speciei partim ad J. communem partim ad J. compositum ab auctoribus relatæ. Ex icono, strobili descripti imperfecti et quodammodo monstruosi videntur.

### TRIBUS II. TAXODIEÆ.

8. Cryptomeria, Don in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 166, t. 13, f. 1.—Flores monoici, & in axillis summis subsessiles, squamis paucis imbricatis stipati, spicam brevem interruptam formantes. Staminum columna oblonga, sessilis; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula squamiformis lata, peltata, imbricata; loculi 3-5, sub appendicula occulti, penduli, deorsum 2-valves; antheræ 2-3 infimæ sæpius

imperfectæ, appendicula minore. Amenta Q subglobosa, intra folia summa sessilia; squamæ per anthesin arcte imbricatæ, spiraliter pauciseriatæ, ultra medium lamina ovulifera adnata apice digitatim 5-fida carnoso-incrassatæ. Ovula sub quaque squama 3-6, crecta, 3-quetra v. nonnulla (sterilia?) compressa. Strobilus globosus; squamæ induratæ, sublignosæ, superne incrassato-dilatatæ, dorso bracteæ apice et laminæ ovuliferæ lobis induratis echinatæ, basi in stipitem contractæ, demum hiantes et post semina delapsa persistentes. Semina erecta, testa coriacea medio oblonga in alas laterales 2-3 angustas dilatata; embryo normalis.—Arbores sempervirentes, ramis patentibus. Folia spiraliter conferta, anguste lineari-falcata, incurvo-crecta, 3-4-gona, angulo dorsali prominente adnato-decurrente. Capitula seu amenta Q sub anthesi terminalia, interdum fasciculo foliorum ad apicem rhacheos excrescente carnosa. Strobili g-1 poll. diametro.

Species 1, Japoniæ et Chinæ borealis incola, sæpe tamen in China australi nuperque in aliis regionibus culta. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 437. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. t. 124 et 124 h. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 668.

9. Taxodium, L. C. Rich. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. 298; Conif. 143, t. 10. (Schubertia, Mirb. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. iii. 123. Glyptostrobus, Endl. Syn. Conif. 69. Cuprespinnata, Senil. seu Nels. Pin. 61.)—Flores monoici, & in ramulis hornotinis subaphyllis squamellatis numerosi, racemoso-spicati, singuli pedunculo brevissimo imbricato-Staminum columna oblonga, intra bracteas subsessilis; antheræ squamato fulti. spiraliter confert:e, stipite brevi; connectivi appendicula lata, membranacea, basi truncata v. vix peltata, loculi 4-5 (3-9 ex Parlat.), a stipite penduli, deorsum 2-valves. Amenta 2 in ramulo annotino sparsa, sessilia, globosa; squame arcte conferte, spiraliter imbricatæ, apice ovato-patentes, infra medium lamina ovulifera adnata carnoso-incrassatæ. Ovula 2, a basi squame erecta. Strobilus auctus, induratus, globosus v. obovoideus; squame pracipue e lamina ovulifera valde aucta constantes basi in stipitem contracte. apice lignoso valde dilatato orbiculato mutua pressione angulato v. late ovato, extus medio bracteæ apice umbonato v. mucronato et marginem versus linea curva tuberculorum sæpe notato, v. rarius omnino kevi; squamæ maturitate hiantes, post semina delapsa persistentes. Semina majuscula; testa incrassata coriacea v. subsuberosa, extus nitida, irregulariter 3-angulata v. subalata, basi brevissime contracta v. in stipitem hine alatum contracta.—Arbores laxe ramosæ, ramulis patentibus v. pendulis. Folia decidua v. subpersistentia, alterna, subspiraliter affixa, nunc linearia distiche patentia, nunc rarius parva, appressa, squamiformia. Florum & racemi sæpius plures subpaniculati. Amenta 2 pauca, sub anthesi parva.

Species 3, quarum 2 typicæ, Americae borealis et Mexici incolæ, strobilis maturis globosis usque ad pollicem diametro, seminibus irregulariter 3-quetris subulatis vix basi contractis. Parlat. in DC.

Prod. xvi. ii. 440. Lamb. Pin. ed. min. t. 63. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 60. Nutt. N. Amer. Syle. t. 151 (Cupressus). Ten. in Mem. Acad. Ital. Moden. xxv. ii. 200, cum tabb. 2. Bot. Mag. t. 5603 (Glyptostrobus). species tertia Chinensis (T. heterophyllum, Brongn.). strobilis maturis obvoideis basi longs contractis, seminibus vix angulatis basi in stipitem hine alatum contractis. Amenta \( \phi \) florida et habitus omnino varietatum nonullarum T. destuba. Flores tamen \( \phi \) adhuc ignoti, etsi arbor jam diu hine inde in hortis culta. Pro genere proprio a Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 438 sub nomine Glyptostrobi retinetur.

10. Sequola, Endl. Syn. Conif. 197. (Wellingtonia, Lind!. Gard. Chron. 1853, 823. Washingtonia, Winsl. ex Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 29. Gigantabies, Senil. seu Nels. Pin. 77.)—Flores monoici, & in summis axillis v. ad apices ramulorum solitarii, squamis imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna oblonga v. subglobosa, intra squamas imbricatas pedicellata v. subsessilis; anthera spiraliter confertae, stipite tenui, loculis 2-4, sæpius 3, ab apice stipitis pendulis deorsum 2-valvibus, connectivo in appendicem ovatam incurvam basi truncatam v. vix peltatam producto. Amenta 2 terminalia, ovoidea v. oblonga, squamæ arcte confertæ, spiraliter imbricatæ, pluriscriatæ, basi in stipitem crassum contractæ, dorso obtuse carinatæ, carina in acumen producta; lamina ovulifera arcte

adnata, crasse carnosa, bractea brevior at jam sub anthesi multo latior, post anthesin valde aucta. Ovula sæpius 5, primum ad basin squamæ erecta, post anthesin, squama basi accrescente, linea transversa curva infra apicem laminæ ovuliferæ affixa, reversa v. subhorizontalia. Strobilus valde auctus, ovoideus v. breviter oblongus, indurato-lignosus; squamæ præcipue e lamina ovulifera aucta constantes, basi in stipitem contractæ, apice in discum crassum orbiculatum v. transverse oblongum medio depressum et (bractæ apice?) mucronatum dilatatæ, demum hiantes, persistentes. Semina horizontalia v. reversa, compressa, testa crassiuscule membranacea v. tenuiter crustacea, utrinque in alam angustissimam dilatata; embryo normalis, 3-6-cotyledoneus.—Arbores gigantæ, sempervirentes, dense ramosæ. Folia alterna, spiraliter affixa, in S. sempervirente sæpius sublanceolata et distiche patentia, in S. gigantæa sæpius multo breviora obtusiora et undique appresse imbricata, sed folia utriusque formæ in utraque specie interdum observantur. Strobili ½-1½-pollicares.

Species 2 Californicæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 435. Lamb. Pin. ed. min. t. 64 (Taxodium). Bot. Mag. t. 4777, 4778 (Wellingtonia), ic. in Fl. des Serres t. 892, 893, iteratæ. Dene. in Rev. Hort. ser. 4. iv. 10 et 11, fig. 1, 2.

In S. (typica) sempervirente, flores 3 sæpius ad apices ramorum 2-3 spicam brevem formant, singuli squamis bracteisve paucis imbricatis stipati v. rarius ramulo brevissimo foliato fulti, amentum  $\mathfrak P$  in codem ramulo terminale, spica mascula arcte approximatum, in aliis ramulis flores 3 soli adsunt. In S. (Wellingtonia) gigantea, flores 3 ad apices ramulorum solitarii, terminales, intra folia summa subsessiles; in hac spica amenta  $\mathfrak P$  florentia non vidimus. In utraque specie strobili terminales apparent, in S. gigantea multo majores durioresque quam in S. sempervirente. Arbores tamen bene congeneres videntur quod jam anno 1853 indicavit Decaisne 1.c. et fere in eodem tempore Torrey ex A. Gray in Sill. Journ. ser. 2, xviii. 287. De magnitudine et duratione harum arborum confer A. Gray in Sill. Journ. ser. 2, xvii. 440; et Address, Sequoia, 1872.

11. Athrotaxis, Don in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 171, t. 13, 14 (errore Arthrotaxis, auct. fere omn.).-Flores monoici, & ad apicem ramulorum solitarii. Staminum columna brevis, inter folia summa subsessilis; anthere laxe subspiraliter confertæ, stipite tenui, loculis 2 ab apice stipitis pendulis longiusculis deorsum 2-valvibus, connectivo in appendicem squamiformem late ovatam non v. vix peltatam producto. Amenta 2 subglobosa, terminalia; squame co-seriatim spiraliter imbricatee, basi contractee; lamina ovulifera carnosa, bracteæ adnata eaque sub anthesi multo brevior, mox aucta. Ovula 3-6, primum ad basin squamæ erecta, mox squama basi accrescente infra apicem laminæ ovuliferæ collateralia, horizontalia v. reversa. Strobilus globosus, induratus, sublignosus; squamæ præcipue e lamina ovulifera aucta constantes, basi in stipitem contracte, apice incrassate, bracteæ apice prominente conico breviter acuminatæ v. dorso umbonatæ, demum hiantes, persistentes. Semina horizontalia v. reversa, compressa, absque alis anguste oblonga, testa subcrustacea utrinque æqualiter v. inæqualiter anguste v. latiuscule in alam expansa embryo normalis, sepius 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores sempervirentes, coma ramosissima dense foliata. Folia parva, spiraliter conferta, dense v. laxe imbricata, nunc brevissima obrusa appressa, nunc laxiora, lanceolata. Strobili sæpius \(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{2}\)-poll. diametro.

Species 3, Tasmanicæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 241. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 559, 573, 574. Genus quoad flores et fructum Sequonæ valde affine et vix a specie typica nisi patria et strobili squamis evidentius acuminatis distinguendum.

12. Cephalotaxus, Sieb. et Zucc. Fam. Nat. Fl. Jap. ii. 108; Fl. Jap. ii. 65, t. 130 ad 132.—Flores dioici, ♂ ∞ (6-9), in capitula axillaria globosa bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis involucrata conferti, singuli bractea squamiformi subtensi. Staminum columna brevis, subsessilis; antheræ paucæ (4-∞), stipite brevi; loculi 2-4, circa apicem stipitis reflexi, intus subdeorsum dehiscentes, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem brevem sursum incurvam producto. Amenta ♀ ovoidea, ad apices ramorum sæpius terna: singula intra bracteas squamiformes imbricatas sessilia v. breviter pedunculata. Squamæ floriferæ ∞, spiraliter confertæ, lanceolatæ v. triangulares, mox modice incrassatæ dorso convexo-carinatæ, lamina ovulifera cum bractea arcte connata, intus

sæpe costa media prominula instructa, post anthesin sæpius immutata. Ovula sub quaque squama 2, erecta. Amenta fructifera squamis parum auctis vix strobiliformia. Semina magna, drupiformia, e squamis demum marcescentibus omnino exserta, ovoidea v. oblonga; testa drupacea, extus carnosa, intus dura; albumen carnosum; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores fruticesve sempervirentes. Folia alterna, subspiraliter affixa, distiche patentia, brevissime petiolata, linearia, plana, iis Taxi similia nisi longiora. Semina drupiformia, sæpius semipollicaria.

Species editæ 4, quarum 3 Japonicæ, 1 Chinensis, inter se tamen valde affines et forte unius varietates. Parlat. in DC Prod. xvi. ii. 502. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 66 (Taxus). Bot. May. t. 4499. Illis forte addenda specimina quoad habitum et folia simillima a Griffithio in Indiæ provinciis orientalibus lecta et alia a Miquelio indicata e Sumatra, in his omnibus tamen flores et fructus ignoti, et genus adhuc dubium remanet. Genus Cephalotaxus ab auctoribus plerisque ad Taxeas relatum, sed florum structura tam 3 quam  $\mathcal Q$  omnino Taxodicarum. Semen exsertum drupiforme primo intuitu fructum Torreyæ refort, sed ni fallimur, stratus exterior carnosus in Cephalotaxo est testæ pars, dum in Torreya e lamina ovulifera adnata oritur. Amenta  $\mathcal Q$  in Cephalotaxo ex-flora squamis 2-ovulatis, in Torreya 1-flora, 1-ovulata.

## TRIBUS III. TAXEÆ.

13. Taxus, Linn. Gen. n. 1135. (Verataxus, Senil. sen Nels. Pin. 168.)—Flores dioici, d ad axillas solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis nonnullis squamiformibus imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna breviter stipitata, turbinato-globosa; antheræ 5-8, ante dehiscentiam subglobose, supra depresse, 4-6-sulcatie, stipite brevi, loculis 4-6 circa apicem stipitis connatis, subtus introrsum dehiscentibus; anthera effecta fere umbraculiformis, 4-6-lobus, connectivo inappendiculato v. vix in media anthera brevissime mucronulato. Amenta 9 axillaria, sessilia, 1-flora (v. rarissime 2-flora?), squamis vacuis co latis arcte imbricatis superioribus gradatim majoribus fere in cupulam confertis; lamina ovulifera intra squamam summam ab ea libera, sub anthesin annularis vix prominens, mox aucta, cupulata, truncata, demum semine longior. Ovulum 1, intra laminam ovuliferam erectum. Semen maturum ovoideo-globosum, lamina ovulifera aucta carnosa pulposa baccifermi apice truncata fere ad apicem v. omnino inclusum, ab ea tamen præter basin liberum; testa dura sublignosa, extus in vivo viscoso-subcarnosa; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores rarius frutices sempervirentes. Folia subspiraliter affixa, sæpissime distiche patentia. brevissime petiolata, linearia, plana, sape falcata. Fructus lamina exterior bacciformis ad 3 lin. diametro, apice ore parum contracto aperta.

Species apud auctores nonnullos 6-8, al aliis omnes in unum coadunate, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis in utroque orbe late disperse. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 500. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 2. Zucc. in Abhandl. Bay. Acad. Munch. iii. 803, t. 5. New, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 14. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 538. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nap. t. 41. Such. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 128. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 108.

14. Torreya, Arn. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. 130. (Caryotaxus, Zucc.; Henk. et Hochst. Nadelh. 365. Fortataxus, Sen. sen Nels. Pin. 167.)—Flores dioici, β ad axillas solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis nonnullis squamiformibus decussatim imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna intra bracteas subsessilis, ovoidea v. oblonga; antheræ ∞-seriatim spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi, loculis 4 ab apice pendulis basi (supera) in semi-annulum connatis, introrsum 2-valvibus, connectivo supra loculos breviter producto parum dilatato margine superiore sæpius denticulato. Amenta ♀ axillaria, sessilia, 1-flora, squamis vacuis parvis carnosulis 3-4-fariam imbricatis post anthesin immutatis; lamina ovulifera intra squamam summam ab ea libera, sub anthesi cupularis ovulum æquans, mox aucta, urceolata, supra ovulum clausa, crasse carnosa. Ovulum intra laminam 1, erectum. Fructus ovoideus, drupiformis, lamina carnosa e cupula aucta constans semen includens eique plus minus adnata. Seminis testa ossea; albumen insigniter ruminatum; embryo parvus, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores sempervirentes. Folia subspiraliter affixa, distiche patentia, brevissime petiolata, linearia, plana, iis Taxi similia nisi longiora. Fructus ¾-1½-pollicaris.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ borealis, Japoniæ et Chinæ borealis incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 504. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 232, 233. Bot. Mag. t. 4780. Sieb. ct Zucc. Fl. Jup. t. 129. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 109. Newb. Pl. Williams. Exped. 62, cum ic. xyl.

15. Ginkgo, Linn. Mant. 313. (Salisburia, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iii. 330. phyllus, Senil. seu Nels. Pin. 163.)—Flores dioici, & ad axillas squamarum solitarii, pedunculati, ebracteati ; staminum columna laxe cylindracea ; antheræ subspiraliter confertæ, stipite tenui, loculis 2 ab apice stipitis pendulis longiusculis fere a basi distinctis introrsum dehiscentibus, connectivo supra loculos vix brevissime appendiculato. Flores Q in gemma squamata (an semper?) solitarii. Lamina ovulifera in axilla squamæ ab ca libera, basi in stipitem longum contracta, apice breviter 2-fida rarius irregulariter 3-6-fida, lobis in discum seu cupulam brevem ovulo adnatam dilatatis. Ovula in quoque lobo solitaria, sessilia, Semen drupaceum, basi lobo laminæ ovuliferæ parum aucto adnatum; testæ stratus exterior carnoso-pulposus, interior durus fere osseus; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus. — Arbor sempervirens, pallida, ramis patentibus, ramulis biformibus, foliiferi novelli sepius penduli, foliis alternis distantibus, floriferi ad nodos tardius evoluti v. etiam terminales crassi, brevissimi, post annos plures parum elongati. Folia primaria ramorum sterilium v. novellorum longe petiolata, subrhombeo-flabelliformia, inciso-2-loba v. irregulariter co-loba, flabellatim venosa; ramuli alii axillares primo anno gemmiformes imbricato-squamati et fasciculum foliorum primariis minorum ferunt, dein quotannis squamas imbricatas caducas infra foliorum fasciculum verticillum duplicem constantes; ramuli hi floriferi tertio v. quarto anno vix semipollicares, in uno specimine 1}-pollicares verticillos cicatricum ultra 15 ostendentes. Flores ad axillas squamarum infra folia tardius evoluta apparent. Semen abortu sepius unicum, drupaceum, ovoideo-globosum, fere 1}-pollicare, stipite sæpius breviore.

Species 1, Chinensis, olim ex reliquiis pulæogeis evidenter in hemisphærio boroali late extensi. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 506. Van Tiegh. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, x. 276. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 3 et 3 bis. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 136. Wats. Deudrol. Brit. t. 168 (Salisburia). Florum & structuram veram primum elucidavit Van Tieghem 1.c., cujus observationes in speciminibus perpaucis hujus sexus in herbariis servatis confirmare potuimus.

16. Phyllocladus, L. C. Rich. Conif. 129, t. 3. (Thalamia, Spreng. Anleit. Kentn. Gew. ii. 218.)—Flores monoici (v. dioici), & ad apices ramorum fasciculati v. in axillis solitarii, bractea unica subtensi. Staminum columna nunc sessilis ovoidea parva, nunc stipitata longiuscule cylindracea; anthera subsessiles, spiraliter conferta, loculis 2 parallelis fere innatis majusculis deorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem squamiformem acutam v. acuminatam producto. Amenta 9 nunc in pedunculo solitaria ovoidea v. subglobosa pluri- v. multiflora, nunc parva, in pedunculo  $\infty$ , interrupte spicata v. subracemosa, pauciflora; squamæ simplices (e bractea sola constantes) breves, latæ, crassiusculæ, imbricatæ; interdum cum axi confertæ carnosæ; lamina ovulifera a squama libera, sub anthesin breviter v. imperfecte annularis, mox accrescens, tenuis, cupulatus, semini appressus. Ovulum 1, erectum. Strobilus sepe carnosulus, nunc parvus 1-spermus, nunc globosus v. ovoideus x-spermus. Semina ovoidea, e squamis et cupula parum aucta protrusa, testa crustacea v. indurata. —Arbores fruticesve sempervirentes, ramis plerisque subverticillatis, ramuli: ultimis distichis v. oppositis in phyllodia coriacea flabellatim v. pinnatim venosa irregulariter dentata v. lobata varie dilatatis. Folia vera minute squamiformia, alterna v. subspiraliter sparsa, interdum omnino abortiva. Strobili carnosi, nunc vix 2 lin. diametro, 1-2-spermi, nunc ovoideo-globosi, 6 lin. longi, seminibus sat numerosis semi-emersis.

Species 3, Tasmaniæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et ins. Borneo incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 498. L. C. Ruch. Conif. t. 3. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. t. 221 (Podocarpus). Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. t. 53. Hook. Ic. Il. 549, 551, 889. Carr. in Revue Hort. 1867, 311, cum ic. xyl. Fl. des Serres, t. 1331.

Nomen Sprengelianum jure prioritatis gaudet, sed in opere vix noto editum, a botanicis omnibus prætervisum, nunc futile revocatur.

17. Dacrydium, Soland. in Forst. Pl. Escul. 80. (Lepidothamnus, Philippi in Linnea, xxx. 730.)—Flores dioici, & ad apices ramorum solitarii, inter folia ultima sessiles, sæpius parvuli. Staminum columna ovoidea v. oblonga; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi nunc brevissimo, loculis 2 globosis contiguis stipiti breviter adnatis deorsum liberis 2-valvibus, connectivi appendice squamiformi foliis superioribus subsimili v. parva. Flores 2 ad axillas squamarum 1-6 summarum vix a foliis ramealibus diversarum sessiles, spicam laxam potius quam amentum formantes, sub quaque squama solitarii. Lamina ovulifera a squama libera, late concava v. cupulata, truncata, mox squamam oblique superans, latere interiore fissa. Ovulum 1, erectum v. obliquum. sub fructu parum v. vix auctæ. Semen ovoideum, erectum, intra cupulam auctam sessile qua 2-3-plo longius; testæ stratum exterius tenuiter subcarnosum, interius induratocrustaceum; albumen acquabile, integumento interiore tenui appresso; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores fruticesve sempervirentes, ramosissimi. Folia parva, numerosa, spiraliter conferta, ramulos undique obtegentia, sæpius biformia, ramorum fertilium crasse squamiformia obtusa appressa arcte imbricata, plantæ junioris v. ramorum sterilium patentia angustiora sepeque longiora, variant tamen minima v. setiformia v. in D. Kirkii majora, lanceolata, fere Cunninghamice. Flores & 1-2 rarius 2} lin. longi. Semen interdum vix 1 lin., rarius fere 2 lin. longum, in spica uniflora terminale erectum, in spica pluriflora cupula post anthesin seepe lateraliter protrudit, semine juniore plus minus obliquo nunquam tamen reverso.

Species ad 10, Archipelagi et peninsulæ Malayanæ, ins. Fiji et Novæ Caledoniæ, Novæ Zelandiæ, Tasmaniæ et Chile australis incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 494 (excl. D. tetragono ad Microcachryn et D. taxoidi ad Podocarpum referendis). Lamb. Pin. t. 41, ed. min. t. 69. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 2. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 67. Blume, Rumphia iii. t. 172 B, f. 1 c. Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. t. 2, iv. t. 6; Ic. Pl. t. 544 (Podocarpus?), 548, 815, 1218, 1219. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 100 A (excl. f 8, 9 ad Microcachryn pertinentes). Kirk in Trans. N. Zeul. Inst. x. 383, t. 18 ad 20. Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xvi. 328, et in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. iv. 5, t. 2 (quoad D. araucarioidem).

D. taxoides et D. Pancheri, Brongu. et Gris, nobis tam fructu quam habitu ad Podocarpum referenda videntur.

18? Pherosphæra, Arch. in Hook. Kew Journ. ii. 52, pro parte.—Flores dioici, & terminales, solitarii. Staminum columna intra folia ultima subsessilis, parva, subglobosa. Anthere spiraliter confertee, stipite brevissimo; connectivum squamiforme, late suborbiculatum, concavum, supra loculos breviter appendiculatum nec dilatatum; loculi 2, subglobosi, introrsum adnati, subdeorsum 2-valves. Amenta Q parva, terminalia, ovoidea; squamæ 6-8, laxe spiraliter imbricatæ, basi concavæ, extus quasi gibbæ, specie omnino simplices. Ovulum 1, a basi squamæ erectum. Strobili parvi, ovoidei, recurvi, squamis parum auctis basi incrassatis subpatentibus. Semen ovoideo-oblongum, erectum; testa laxa, subcoriacea, membrana tenui viridi exalata v. utrinque anguste alata inclusa; Embryo normalis. -- Frutex semmembrana interna albumini appressa tenuissima. Folia parva, squamiformia, appressa, dense pervirens, erectus, dense ramosissimus. spiraliter imbricata, plus minus distincte 4-5-seriata nec decussatim opposita. Strobili ad 1½ lin. longi, squamis 4-8. Semina vix squamis breviora.

Species 1, montium Tasmaniæ incola. Hock. f. Fl. Tasm. i. 355. t. 99. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 496. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 245. Kerk in Trans. N. Zeal. Inst. x. 378. Ovulum erectum vidimus ut in icone Hookeriana rite depictum, nec junius reversum ut ex confusione cum Microcachryde doscriptum. De homologia squamarum amenti  $\mathfrak P$  et integumentorum seminis incerti sumus, laminam ovuliforam haud distinguimus, an cum bracten arcte conferruminata? an sola squamam efficiens bracten abortiente? an tenuiter membranacea ovulum includens? an reverz nulla? ex speciminibus siccis haud patet.

# TRIBUS IV. PODOCARPEÆ.

19. Microcachrys, Hook. f. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iv. 149; Fl. Tasm. i. 358, t. 100.—
Flores dioici, d ad apices ramorum solitarii. Staminum columna intra folia ultima subvol. III.

sessilis, parva, oblonga; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevissimo; loculi 2, connectivo lato ultra loculos in appendicem breviter squamiformem incurvam producto adnati, deorsum 2-valves. Amenta 2 parva, globosa, terminalia; squamæ pauciseriatæ, spiraliter imbricatæ, basi contractæ, dorso valde convexæ, semiglobosæ v. fere cucullatæ, specie simplices carnosæ crassiusculæ, intus concavæ (e lamina ovulifera bracteaque arcte connatis constantes?). Ovulum 1, fere ab apice faciei interioris reversum. Strobilus parvus, subglobosus, squamis subglobosis distinctis at contiguis persistentibusque. Semina squamis obtecta, prope apicem affixa, semiglobosa, dorso convexa, facie interiore plana; testa? duplici, externa membranacea (e lamina ovulifera formata?), membranacea, interna (testa vera?) crustacea; albumen carnosum; embryo normalis.—Frutex sempervirens, prostratus, ramosissimus, ramulis foliatis eleganter 4-gonis. Folia parva, squamiformia, crassiuscula, opposita, decussatim imbricata, obtuse carinata. Flores 3 1½ lin. longi. Strobili maturi ad 2 lin. diametro, coccinei, fere fragiformes.

Species 1, montium Tasmaniae incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 240. Hook. I. Pl. t. 560 (Arthrotaxis?). Bot. Mag. . . 5576.

In seminibus examinatis embryonem 2-cotyledoneum invenimus et in uno semine embryones 2. Nescimus qua ratione species ed *Daccyducui* refertur a Parlat, in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 496, a quo differt squamarum amenti  $\hat{\varphi}$  natura, ovulo reverso, semine, aliisque notis. De homologia squamarum incerti sumus, nec accuratius determinandum nisi in speciminibus vivis floris junioris. Ordo squamarum  $\hat{\varphi}$ , ab eo foliorum ramuli florentis diversus, in *Coniferis* rarius observatur.

20. Saxegothea, Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. vi. 258, cum ic. xyl. (Squamataxus, Senil. sen Nels. Pin. 168.)—Flores monoici, & in axillis summis subsessiles, spicam brevem formantes, singuli squamis paucis imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna cylindracca, longiuscula, densa; anthera co-seriatæ, spiraliter confertæ, sessiles, 2-loculares, subdidymæ, connectivo inappendiculato, loculis parallelis adnatis subintrorsum 2-valvibus, valvis exterioribus connatis post dehiscentiam squamam reflexam acutam longitudinaliter sulcatam simulantibus. Amenta 2 terminalia subglobosa; squamæ pauciscriatæ, apice acutæ, erectæ, lamina ovulifera adnata ultra medium crasse carnosæ, arcte confertæ. Ovulum 1, reflexum, a lamina præter basin liberum. Strobilus globosus, crasse carnosus, squamis incrassatis subconnatis, ut videtur indehiscens, bractearum apicibus conicis muricatus, intus co-locularis. Semina in loculis solitaria, ovoidea, irregulariter subcompressa, reversa, testa tenui exalata maturitate irregulariter fissa; embryo normalis.—Arbor sempervirens, coma densa. Folia subspiraliter sparsa, sæpe distiche patentia, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata, acuta, rigida, subtus albida. Strobili maturi vix ultra 4 lin. diametro.

Species 1, sylvarum Chile australis incola. Parlut. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 497. C. Gay, Ft. Chil. v 411. Icon citata Lindleyi, Veg. Kingd. 229b. in variis diariis hortulanorum repetita, quoad antheras parum erronea est.

21. Podocarpus, L'Hér.; H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 2, t. 97.—Flores monoici v. dioici, solitarii v. per 2-5 fasciculati, v. & secus rhachin elongatam laxe spicati, singuli bracteis paucis parvis imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna cylindracea elongata densaque, v. rarius brevior et laxa, supra bracteas sessilis v. stipitata; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, sessiles, loculis 2 parallelis adnatis extrorsum v. sublateraliter 2-valvibus, connectivo supra loculos in appendicem parvam acutam rarius longius lanceolatam incurvam producto. Flores \( \text{Q} \) ad normam solitarii v. rarius gemini, bractea florifera inferioribusque vacuis paucis pedunculo adnatis et cum eo sic dictum receptaculum oblongum sæpius carnososucculentum formantibus, apicibus solis bractearum v. bracteis 1-2 infimis parvis liberis; rarius flores & secus pedunculum dissite spicati bracteis parvis; lamina ovulifera e bractea florifera stipitata, ovoidea, carnosa, ovulum unicum reflexum includens, eique fere ad apicem adnata. Fructus supra receptaculum sæpius breviter stipitatus, globosus v. ovoideus, drupaceus v. nuceus, strato exteriore (e lamina ovulifera) carnosulo v. exsiccato, interiore seu seminis testa crustaceo v. indurato, undique clauso; embryo in albumine carnoso tenuis, 2-cotyledoneus, radicula deorsum spectante.—Arbores sempervirentes.

rarius frutices. Folia in diversis sectionibus diversa. Flores axillares v. subterminales. Fructus rarius semipollicem diametro excedunt.

Species enumeratæ ultra 60, plurimæ tamen spuriæ et numerus bene cognitarum infra 40 reducitur, in regionibus extratropicis hemisphærii australis utriusque orbis et in Asia tropica montana et orientali frequentes, in America tropica montana pauciores, in Europa Asia occidentali Africa borcali et America borcali desunt. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 507. Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xiii. 425, xvi. 325. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 246.

Apud Eichler in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. 430, lamina ovulifera seu ovarium in *Podocarpo* deest, et lamina adnata cum ovulo incluso supra descripta est ovulum anatropum, cui interpretationi assentiri nequimus.

Genus in sectiones sequentes 4 dividitur, jam a Brownio et Endlichero indicatas:-

1. Nagcia. Folia opposita v. subopposita, plana, lata, crassiuscula, ecostata, tenuiter parallele multivenia. Inflorescentia Eupodocarpi. Species paucæ Asiaticæ, quarum una, sola e toto ordine Coniferarum, peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incola, cum una Novo-Caledonica. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 30. Blume, Rumphia, iii. t. 173. Hook. Lond. Journ. i. t. 23. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 257. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 135. Nageia, Gord. Pinct. 135.

NAGEIA, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 191, t. 39, quoad fructum et syn. Nagi, Kæmpf. Amæn. Exot. 773, 874, cum ic., est Podocarpus Nageia, Br., sed character floris verisimiliter ob confusionem cum Myrica rubra, Sieb. et Zucc., ad genus longe alienum spectat. Nomen igitur Gærtnerianum, etsi antiquius, nequaquam Lheritieriano jam diu bene definito et ab omnibus fere botanicis recepto substituendum.

- 2. Eupodocarpus. Folia sparsa, undique patentia, linearia v. sublanceolata, longa v. brevia. 1-costata, avenia. Fructus solitarii v. rarius 2, receptaculo carnoso-succulento oblongo v. rarius parum incrassato. Species in utroque orbe co. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 1 et 29. Hook. Lond. Journ. i. t. 19, 21, 22; Ic. Pl. t. 542, 582, 624. Bot. Mag. t. 4655; ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 768, repetita. Blume, Rumphia iii. t. 170, 172. Boer. Conif. Archip. Ind. t. 1 ad 3. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 133, 134. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. iv. t. 31. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 113 ad 115.
- P. chilina, Rich., insignis est florum 3 columna staminea longa tenuique. P. alpina, Br., P. nivalis, Hook., P. ferruginea. Don, et P. Totara, Don, omnes e Nova Zelandia v. e montibus Tasmaniæ et Victoriæ, distinguuntur foliis brevibus linearibus obtusis confertis patentibus recurvisve; inflorescentia Eupodocarpi receptaculo tamen minore. In P. vitiensi, Seem. Journ. Bot. i. t. 2, et Fl. Vit. t. 77, ex ins. Fiji, et P. minore, Parlat., e Nova Caledonia, folia distiche patentia subopposita, sed angusta; costa plus minus prominens, in P. minore interdum obscura, sed venæ tenues parallelæ sectionis Nageiæ desunt. In P. taxifolia, H. B. et K., e Columbia, folia distiche patentia et flores 3 laxe spicati ut in sect. Stachycurpo, sed inflorescentia ♀ omnino Eupodocarpi. Dacrydium Pancheri et D. taxoides, Brongn. et Gris in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xvi. 330, et in Nour. Arch. Mus. Par. iv. t. 3, nobis videntur ad Podocarpum (Eupodocarpum) referenda.
- 3. Stachycarpus. Folia linearia, quam in Eupodocarpo minora, sæpe plus minus disticha. Flores utriusque sexus dissite spicati, bracteis parvis in spica ♀ non v. vix carnosis. Species 2. altera Novo-Zelandica, P. spicata, Br.; altera e montibus Chile australis. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 543. Prumnopitys, Philippi in Linnæa xxx. 731, in Prodromo rite ad Stachycarpum relata est, sed sub nomine P. andinæ species plures confusæ videntur. Specimina Lechleriana n. 180, 180a, et 184 in herb. Kew. certe ad Saxegotheam pertinent. Species cæteræ in Prodromo sub Stachycarpo enumeratæ, floribus ♀ solitariis nec laxe spicatis ad Eupodocarpum referendæ sunt.
- 4. Dacrycarpus. Folia biformia, alia præsertim ramulorum fertilium parva, squamiformia, conferta, sæpiusque appressa, alia, ramulorum sterilium, distiche patentia, anguste linearia v. fere subulata. Flores ♀ et fructus Eupodocarpi sed parvi. receptaculo parum incrassato e bracteis 1-2. Species 4, ex Archipelago Malayano, Nova Zelandia et Nova Caledonia. Benn. Pl. Jar. Rar. t. 10. Blume, Rumphia, t. 172 s. f. 2. A. Rich. Fl. N. Zel. t. 39. P. Cumingii, Parlat., a P. cupressoide nequaquam differt; P. tenuifolia, Parlat., videtur ramus sterilis P. Vicillardii.

## TRIBUS V. ARAUCARIEÆ.

22. Cunninghamia, R. Br. in Rich. Conif. 149, t. 18. (Belis, Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 315. Raxopitys, Senil. seu Nels. Pin. 97.) — Flores monoici, & ad apices ramorum  $\infty$ , capitati, singuli basi bractea amplexi, bracteis exterioribus  $\infty$  vacuis pluri-

seriatim imbricatis involucrum capituli formantibus. Staminum columna laxe cylindracea; antheræ subspiraliter multiseriatæ, stipite tenui, connectivi appendice squamiformi ovata vix v. non peltata incurva, loculis 2-4 a basi appendicis pendulis deorsum 2-valvibus. Amenta 2 subglobosa; squamæ specie subsimplices, multiseriatæ, spiraliter imbricatæ, latissime ovatæ, mucronatæ, basi breviter contractæ, lamina ovulifera tenui arcte adnata infra medium squamæ parum incrassata, squama medium versus linea transversa minute fimbriata (laminæ margine) notata. Ovula ad basin squamarum fertilium 3, reversa, squamis nonnullis exterioribus vacuis minoribusque. Strobilus post anthesin auctus, cæterum parum mutatus, squamis laxiuscule imbricatis parum induratis margine tenuibus apice sæpe squarroso-patentibus persistentibus. Semina reversa, oblonga, testa crustacea duriuscula ala angusta cincta; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbor sempervirens, dense foliata, ramis superioribus suboppositis. Folia oblique spiraliter affixa, subdistiche patentia, lineari-lanceolata, sæpe curvula, nitida, acutissima. Capitula d et amenta 2 ad apices ramorum sæpius 2-3, primum terminalia apparent, mox tamen ramulo excrescente lateralia evadunt. Strobili fructiferi ad 1½ poll. diametro.

Species 1, Japoniæ et Chinæ incola. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 432. Lamb. Pin. t. 31; ed. min. t. 53 (Pinus). Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 57. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. t. 103, 104. Bot. Mag. t. 2743.

Amenti 2 squamæ a pluribus revera simplius dicuntur, lamina tamen ovulifera, etsi arcto adnata, semper distinguenda est, ut bene ait Dicks. in Edinb. New Phil. Journ. ser. 2, xiii. 196, nec perfecte distincta ut errore gallice redditur in Adansonia ii 73. Nomen Salisburyanum a Brownio et Richardio rejectum fuit ob similiter sonantem Billis, Iann.

23. Agathis, Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 311, t. 15, non Gartn. (Dammara, Lamb. Pin. ed. 1, ii. 14, t. 6.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, & in pedunculis axillaribus solitarii, squamis ad apicem pedunculi confertim imbricatis decussatis stipati. Staminum columna intra squamas sessilis, ovoideo-oblonga v. crasse cylindracea; antherae numerosae, densissime confertæ, spiraliter multiseriatæ, stipite longiusculo rigido, loculis 5-\infty ex apice stipitis extrorsum pendulis oblongis linearibusve introrsum dehiscentibus, connectivo in appendicem squamiformem sursum inflexam producto. Amenta 9 ovoidea v. globosa; squamæ (post anthesin) specie simplices, multiseriatæ, spiraliter arcte imbricatæ, apicibus latis appressis v. breviter patentibus, lamina ovulifera squama multo breviore tenuissima arcte adnata vix nisi linea transversa medium versus squamæ conspicua. Ovula solitaria v. sub anthesi 2, uno sepius mox abortiente (v. omnino deficiente?), reversa, squamæ Strobilus globosus, squamis latis induratis arcte appressis tardius hiantibus Semen sub quaque squama seepius 1, unilaterale (altero abortivo!) v. persistentibus. centrale, interdum vero 2 perfecta, reversa, compressa, ovata v. oblonga, testa crassiuscule membranacea latere exteriore v. utrinque in alam latam forma varia expansa; embryo normalis, 2-cotyledoneus.—Arbores excelsæ, resinam copiosam scatentes. Rami subverticillati, gemmis novellis sæpius squamis imbricatis obtectis. Folia suboppolita, ovata oblonga v. rarius lanceolata, crasse coriacca, ecostata, tenuiter striato-venulosa. Flores & in pedunculo brevi 1-1-pollicares. Amenta 2 ramulos breves terminantia. bili perfecti in nonnullis speciebus ultra 2 poll. diametro. Semen, si unicum, semper ad unum latus costæ centralis squamæ vidimus.

Species descriptæ 8-10, et forte plures revera distinctæ, etsi vix 4 e speciminibus bene definiendæ. Archipelagi Malayani, ins. Fiji, Novæ Caledoniæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et Australiæ orientalis tropicæ incolæ. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 19. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 374 (Dammura). A. Ducks. in Trans. Soc. Bot. Edinb. vii. 207, t. 5. Lamb. Pin. ed. i. t. 38 (Pinus); ed. min. t. 54, 55. Forbes, Pinet. Wob. t. 58, 59. Hook. Kew Journ. iv. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 5369. Fl. des Serres xi. Misc. 75, cum. ic. Seem. Fl. Vit. 263, t. 76. Icones omnes præter L. C. Rich. sub Dammara.

Nomen Salishuryanum, a L. C. Richard bene acceptum, jure prioritatis gaudet. Dammara ab auctoritus recentioribus Rumphio ascribitur, Rumphius tamen nunquam genus definivit, sed sub hoc nomine arbores tres resiniferas descripsit, quarum una est Canarii species, altera Shorea, tertia sola ad Agathin pertinet. Dammara, Gærtn., est Burseræ species.

Flores monoicos in hoc genere negat Parlatore, sed specimina Novo-Zelandica in herb. Kew certe simul amenta Q et flores  $\mathcal S$  ferunt, ut a Lambertio delineatur.

24. Araucaria, Juss. Gen. Pl. 413. (Dombeya, Lam. Dict. ii. 301, t. 828, non. Cav.)— Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, & terminales, solitarii, v. rarius ramulis floriferis abbreviatis ad apices ramorum fasciculati. Staminum columna longa, cylindracea, intra folia summa sessilis; antheræ numerosissimæ, dense spiraliter confertæ, multiseriatæ, stipite rigidulo, loculis 6-8 ab apice stipitis pendulis linearibus introrsum dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem squamiformem inflexam producto. Amenta 2 ovoidea v. globosa; squamæ post anthesin specie simplices, multiscriatæ, spiraliter arcte imbricatæ, apicibus sæpius acutis v. acuminatis; lamina ovulifera arcte adnata, tenuis, apice obtusa v. acuta infra apicem bracteæ breviter libera. Ovulum 1, reversum. Strobilus globosus, sepe magnus, squamis parum incrassatis apice tamen induratis, lateribus attenuatis v. in alas dilatatis. Semen oblongum, reversum, testa cum squama arcte connata; albumen anguste oblongum; embryo normalis, 2-3-4-cotyledoneus.—Arbores elatæ, sempervirentes, dense foliatæ. Folia coriacea. spiraliter multiseriatim affixa, nunc squamiformia laxe imbricata ramulos undique obtegentia, nunc lanceolata, longiuscula, pungenti-acuta, patentia, in nonnullis speciebus biformia. Florum & columna staminea sæpe strobiliformis pluripollicaris. Strobili usque ad 8 poll. diametro, primum terminales, demum ramulo excrescente laterales evadunt.

Species notæ 10, Americæ australis, Australiæ, Novæ Caledoniæ et insularum maris Pacifici australis incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi ii 369. L. C. Rich. Conf. t. 20, 21. Lamb. Pin. t. 39, 40 (Dombeya), ii. t. 4, 5; ed. mm. t. 56 ad 62. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 50 ad 56. Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. t. 18. Bot. Mag. t. 4635; ic. in Fl. des Serres t. 733, repetita. Fl. des Serres, t. 1577 ad 1580, 2221. Sieb. Fl. Jap. t. 138 ad 140. Brongn. et Gris in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. vii. 205, t. 13 ad 16. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras iv. i. 123, t. 110 ad 112.

Species ab auctoribus in sectiones 2 distribuuntur:—1. Columbea, species Americanæ, squamis non v. vix alatis, cotyledonibus 2, germinatione hypogea. Columbea, Salish in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 317. 2. Eutassa, species gerontogeæ squamis basi lateraliter alatis, cotyledonibus 4, germinatione epigea. Altingia, Loud. Hort. Brit. 403, non Nor. Eutassa, Salish in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 316. Eutacta, Link in Linnea, xv. 543. Cotyledones tamen numero in eadem specie variare videntur; germinatio in A. I udwillii certe hypogea; folia specierum plurimarum gerontogearum brevia obtusa et imbricata, sed in A. Bidwilli ex Australia et A. Muelleri e Nova Caledonia, lanceolata et acuta sunt fore ut in A. brasiliensi. Incertæ sumus an alæ squamarum sectionis Eutassæ ad squamam ipsam (laminam ovuliferam) v potius ad seminis testam pertinent.

25. Sciadopitys, Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. 1, t. 101, 102.—Flores monoici l, & ad anices ramorum & dense spicati, singuli bractea subtensi, spica exinvolucrata. Staminum columna subsessilis, ovoidea v. oblonga; antheræ dense subspiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi, loculis 2 ab apice stipitis pendulis breviterque adnatis deorsum 2-valvibus, connectivi appendice lata extus convexa subpeltata loculos obtegente. Amenta 9 intra bracteas paucas imbricatas sessilia, subglobosa mox oblonga, squamæ numerosæ, arcte subspiraliter imbricata, bractea a lamina ovulifera sub anthesi (quo statu a nobis non visa) distincta etsi multo breviore (Sieh. et Zucc.) in strobilo juniore alte adnata, apice late breviter acuminato recurvo, sub margine recurvo laminæ ovuliferæ fere occultata. Ovula 7-9, serie transversa affixa, reversa. Strobilus crassus, durus, ovoideo-oblongus v. breviter cylindraceus ; squamæ e lamina ovulifera aucta constantes, lignosæ, arcte imbricatæ, demum hiantes persistentesque, crassæ, late rotundatæ margine patente v. subrecurvo; bractea squama paullo v. sub dimidio brevior eique adnata, acumine deciduo indeque subevanida præter marginem incrassatum truncatum cristam transversam in squamæ dorsam formantem. Semina reversa, compressa, ovato-elliptica, testa membranacea circumcirca in alam expansa; embryo normalis.—Arbor excelsa, sempervirens, Phyllodia foliis Pini cujusdam similia, linearia, rigida, quotannis ad coma patente. apicem innovationis brevissimæ ad axillas squamarum in pseudo-verticillum evoluta, stellatim patentia, per annos plures persistentia umbracula intervallo brevi separata simulantia, demum decidua, et hinc inde (ut videtur tarde rariusque) unum alterumve phyllodiorum in ramum persistentem longiorem evolvitur. Strobilus in speciminibus nostris 3-pollicaris, fere 2 poll. diametro.

Species 1, Japonica. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 435. Fl. des Serres, t. 1483, et Diar. plur. Hortul.; uc. omnes e Fl. Jap. repetite. De phyllodiorum natura confer A. Dicke. in Rep. Bot. Congr. Lond. 1866, 124, et Carrière in Rev. Hortiv. 1868, 150, cum ic.

### TRIBUS VI. ABIETINEÆ.

26. Pinus, Linn. Gon. n. 1077, pro parte.—Flores monoici, & ad apices ramorum v. basin innovationum co spicati, singuli in axillis squamarum rhacheos solitarii, subsessiles squamellisque nonnullis membranaceis imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna ovoidea oblonga v. cylindracea; antheræ multiseriatæ, spiraliter conferta, stipite brevi, loculis 2 oblongis adnatis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem incurvam squamiformem cristatam v. rarius brevem tuberculiformem producto; pollinis granulæ utroque latere lobulo globoso v. vesiculo aerifero appendiculatæ. Amenta 2 ad apices ramorum solitaria v. pauca, sæpe recurva, squamis vacuis paucis imbricatis stipata, globosa v. ovoidea. Squamæ duplices, co-seriatæ, spiraliter imbricate, laminis a basi v. fere a basi distinctis; bractea v. lamina exterior parva, membranacea, post anthesin immutata: lamina ovulifera jam sub anthesi bractea multo major, superne dilatata v. incrassata, apice rotundata retusa v. plus minus acuminata. Ovula 2, ima basi laminæ ovuliferæ, cum ea continua arcteque reflexa, post anthesin ob basin laminæ accrescentem paullo altius inserta videntur. Strobilus ovoideus conoideus v. oblongus, bracteis immutatis marcescentibus v. evanidis; squamæ e lamina ovulifera sola composita, arcte imbricata, lignosa, nunc apice incrassata vertice arcolas mutua pressione quadratas formantes, nunc apice in acumen durum productæ v. apice rotundatæ attenuatæque, maturitate sæpius hiantes, diu persistentes. Semina sub quaque squama gemina, reversa, pseudosamaroidea, nempe supra insertionem membrana tenuiter scariosa hyalina a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata; semen verum ovoideo-compressum, ab ala sæpe demum solutum, testa crustacea nuda v. rarius apice angustissime ala vera marginata; embryo normalis, cotyledonibus sæpius 3-x.— Arbores rarius frutices, sempervirentes. Folia dimorpha, primaria (male ab auct. plur. perule dicta) parva, squamiformia, scariosa v. hyalina, marcescentia, spiraliter  $\infty$ -seriata; secundaria conspicua, ad axillas squamellarum per 2-5 fasciculata, acicularia, longiuscula v. longissima, fasciculis (rarissime ad folium unicum reductis) basi squamis paucis hyalinoscariosis vaginatis et in integrum deciduis. Strobili sepius sessiles, solitarii v. fasciculati, erectiusculi horizontales v. reflexi, rarissime pollicem tantum longi et interdum usque ad pedales. In paucis speciebus semen delapsum nudum est v. subnudum, membrana aliformi parva v. a squama non solvenda.

Species ad 70, per regiones extratropicas hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis late dispersæ, perpaucæ intra tropicos in Asia orientali. India occidentali et America centrali extensæ. Parlet. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 377 (subgenus).

Genus apud Linnœum Ahietineas omnes inclusit, quem secutus est Parlatore in Prodromo, quale tamen ab auctoribus recentioribus plerisque limitatur naturalissimum est, et foliorum dispositione facillime dignoscendum, etsi characteribus floralibus carpologicisve non semper accurate definitum, ab Engelmanno nuper assidue scrutatum in sectiones 2 primarias dividitur:—

1. Pinaster (Pinea, Parlat.). Antherarum connectivum supra loculos in appendicem squamiformem incurvam productum. Strobili squame ante dehiscentiam arcte appresso-imbricate, superne crassissimæ lignosæ, arcolis terminalibus (incepte apophysibus dictis) mutua pressione plus minus quadratis, nunc depressis subplanis, sæpius medio umbonatis v. in mucronem lignosum conicum v. elongatum (in P. Sobiniano affinibusque incurvum in P. Gerardiano recurvum) productis. Species enumerat Engelmann in litt. 56. Engelm. Bot. Calif. ii. 124, ined. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 11, 12. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 6. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 521 ad 529. Lamb. Pin. ed. 1, t. 1 ad 21, et ii. t. 1, 9, 10; ed. min. t. 1 ad 29, 79, 80. Forbes, Pin. Woh. t. 1 ad 26. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 949. Brand. For. Fl. t. 67. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. ii. t. 112 ad 114. Lemon in Trans. Hort. Soc. ser. 2, i. t. 20. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 134 ad 144. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 113. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 53 ad 58. Newberry, Bot. Williams. Exped. t. 4, 5.

P. monophylla, Torr. in Frem. Rep. t. 4, insignis est foliis in vagina specie solitariis teretibus;

in planta culta tamen et interdum in speciminibus sylvestribus variant alia solitaria teretia, alia gemina semiteretia.

2. Strobus (Combra, Parlat.). Antherarum connectivum supra loculos tuberculiforme v. breviter cristatum. Strobili (interdum longi, sæpe angusti, nunc vero globosi) squamæ rigidæ duræque sed vix lignosæ et laxius imbricatæ, latæ, concavæ, suborbiculatæ, medio crassiores margine attenuatæ, umbone v. mucrone minuto terminali v. obsoleto. Species enumerat Engelmann in litt. 13, plerasque Americanas cum P. Cembra ex Asia et Europa. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 12. Lamb. Pin. ed. 1, t. 22 ad 24, ii. t. 3; ed. min. t. 30 ad 31. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 27 ad 31. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 530. Royle, 1U. Pl. Himal. t. 84. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 115, 116. Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 145. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 112, 114.

Genus præterea a pluribus auctoribus dividitur ob folia in fasciculo gemina, terna, v. 4-5-na, character non semper constans; Engelmann in litt. subsectiones 20 proponit, imprimis ad conformationem anatomicum foliorum, quam diligenter investigavit, sed character adhuc vix satis probatus, nec bene ad usum practicum idoneus.

De squamarum strobili scriobus spiralibus cfr. Dicks. in Trans. Roy. Soc. Edunb. xxvi. 505. t. 19 ad 22.

27. Codrus, Loud. in Forbes, Pin. Wob. 144, t. 48, 49. - Flores monoici, & in ramulis lateralibus abbreviatis terminales, intra folia fasciculata stellato-patentia subsessiles, bracteis squamiformibus arcte imbricatis stipati. Staminum columna intra bracteas sessilis, cylindracea; antheræ numerosissimæ, primum densissime mox laxius spiraliter confertæ, multiseriales, in axi subsessiles, loculis 2 oblongo-linearibus arcte adnatis extrorsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem squamiformem ovatam inflexam sæpius margine denticulatam producto. Amenta 2 subglobosa, in ramulis brevibus intra folia sessilia. Squamæ distincte duplices, spiraliter multiscriate, arctissime appresse, imbricate, laminis fere a basi distinctis; bractea seu lamina exterior parva, arcte appressa, occlusa; lamina ovulifera jam sub anthesi bractea multo major et specie squamam constituens, apice rotundata, margine tenui. Ovula 2, prope basin laminæ ovuliferæ cum ea continua arcteque reflexa, post anthesin ob laminam basi accrescentem paullo altius affixa videntur. Strobilus subglobosus, amento florente conformis nisi valde auctus, bracteis immutatis, squame e lamina ovulifera valde aucta compositæ, rigidæ, parum incrassatæ, induratæ, arctissime imbricatæ, basi inflexæ, diu persistentes post semina delapsa tamen demum deciduæ. Semina (Pini) sub quaque squama 2, reversa, pseudo-samaroidea, membrana tenuiter scarioso-hyalina late oblique obovata a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata, vix demum ab ala soluta, ovato-oblonga, compressa; testa tenuiter crustacea; embryo normalis, sæpius ∞-cotyledoneus.—Arbores elatæ, sempervirentes; ramuli e gemmis imbricato-squamatis evoluti, alii tenues, folia demum dissita spiraliter affixa ferentes, alii (floriferi) crassi, breves, quotannis seriem exteriorem squamarum imbricatarum interioremque foliorum in fasciculum densum fere in verticillum confertorum ferentes. Folia acicularia, sub-4-gona, rigida, prope basin articulata, basibus infra articulationem post folia delapsa diu persistentibus. Florum & columna bene evoluta 1-2-pollicaris. Strobili usque ad 3-4 poll. diametro.

Species v. varietates insignes 3, una Himalaica, altera orientalis, tertia Atlantica. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 407 (Pini sect.). L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 14. Lamb. Pin. ii. t. 37 bis; ed. min. t. 51, 52 (Pinus). Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 48, 49 (Pinus). Hook. f. in Nat. Hist. Rev. 1862, 11, t. 1 ad 3. Genus a Pino (Strobo) diffort imprimis genimis multifoliatis persistentibus floriferis, v. axi in ramulum foliatum excrescente; antherie iis Pini (Pinasteris) similes.

28. Pices, Link in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1827, 179. (Abies, Don in Lond. Arb. Brit. iv. 2329.)—Flores monoici, & ad axillas foliorum superiorum solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis stipati, in ramulo perpauci v. dissiti, vix in spicam conferti. Staminum columna oblonga v. cylindracea; anthere laxiuscule spiraliter confertæ, loculis 2 stipiti adnatis oblongo-linearibus longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem squamiformem incurvam sæpe denticulatam producto. Amenta 2 terminalia, squamis paucis vacuis imbricatis stipata, ovoidea v.

oblonga. Squame distincte duplices, c-seriate, spiraliter imbricate, laminis fere a basi distinctis; bractea membranacea parva, post anthesin vix aucta appressa; lamina ovulifera jam sub anthesi bractea major, demum squamam conspicuam formans, parum incrassata, margine tenui. Ovula 2, ima basi laminæ ovuliferæ cum ea continua arcteque reflexa, post anthesin ob laminam basi accrescentem paullo altius affixa videntur. ovoideus v. oblongo-cvlindraceus, bracteis immutatis mox occultis; squame e lamina ovulifera formatæ latæ, imbricatæ, post semina delapsa persistentes. quaque squama gemina, reflexa, pseudosamaroidea, nempe supra insertionem membrana tenuiter scariosa hyalina a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata; semen verum ovoideo- v. oblongo-compressum, ala sæpius persistente facie exteriore squamam versus continua, seminis margine superiore interdum introrsum prominula; testa crustacea v. membranacea; embryo normalis, 3-\infty-cotyledoneus.-Arbores sempervirentes. Folia acicularia, spiraliter sparsa, costa utriusque faciei prominente 4-gona v. subteretia, in petiolum brevissimum articulatum contracta, petioli basi persistente post folium delapsum in ramulo prominente. Strobili erecti v. horizontaliter patentes.

Species ad 12, regionum extratropicarum hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbas incolæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 413 (Pine see t.). Engelm. Bot. Calif. ii. 121, incd. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 7. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 532. L. C. Ruch. Conif. t. 15. Lamb. Pin. t. 25 ad 29; ed. min. t. 35 ad 39. Forbes, Pin. Wob t. 32 ad 36. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 14. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 499. Wall. Pl. As Rar. t. 246. Sieb. et Zuec. Fl. Jap. t. 111. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 146 ad 148. Newberry. Bot. Williams. Fypel t. 9 (nonnulle sub Abute)

VEITCHIA, Lindl. in Gord Pin. Suppl 105, videtur Piece species strobilis monstruosis.

Nomina vernacula Abietinearum veteribus notarum apud scriptores tam Graecos quam Romanos valde confusa fuerunt. De Pino quidem nullum dubium remanet quin designavit speciem unam alteramve generis Pine ab auctoribus recentioribus limitati (e.g. P. halepensis, P. Pinaster, P. Laricio, P. Pinea, etc.), et Larix enropea nostra eadem videtur ac Larix Plinii. De Abiete et Picea tamen multum disputatum est. Commentatores doctiores, contra sententiam Linnaei (qui, ex Linkio Dodonæum secutus est.) Paerim Plinii agnoscunt in P. Abiete, Linn., Abietem in P. Picea, Linn., sed nil certum e scriptis veteribus nobis exstantibus determinandum est. Tieda et Sapinus apud Plinium nunc partes diversas nunc status diversos ejusdem arboris nec arbores diversas designaverunt. Nomina igitur generum a Pino, Linn., sejunctorum sub jure prioritatis potius quam derivationis recipienda sunt. Linnæus omnes Abietineas sub Pino inclusit. Jussicu, Gen. Pl. 414, species folius sigillatim sparsis v. dense fasciculatis sub nomine Abietis a Pinis veris foliis 2-5-nis separavit. Link primus, in commentatione supra citata, ab auctoribus plerisque sub silentio præterita, Abietem, Juss., in genera tria Piceam, Abietem et Laricem divisit. Don longe serius ealem genera proposuit, sed nomina Linkiana duorum priorum perperam commutavit, quem tamen secuti sunt auctores nonnulli imprimis Britannici.

29. Tsuga, Carr. Conif. 185.—Flores monoici, & ad axillas foliorum superiorum splitarii, subsessiles, bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis stipati, in ramulo pauci v. dissiti. Stammum columna parva, subglobosa, intra bracteas stipitata; antheræ spiraliter confertie, stipite brevi, loculis 2 adnatis subglobosis deorsum transverse 2-valvibus, connectivo ultra loculos in umbonem seu apiculum glanduliforme brevissime producto; pollinis granulæ (ex Engelm.) in una specie 2-lobæ, in cæteris discoideæ. Amenta 2 terminalia, solitaria, squamis paucis vacuis stipata, globosa. Squamæ distincte duplices, laminis a basi v. fere a basi distinctis, bractea membranacea, sub anthesi conspicua; lamina ovulifera jam sub anthesi bracteæ subæqualis, demum squamam conspicuam formans. Ovula 2, ima basi laminæ ovuliferæ cum ca continua arcteque reflexa, post anthesin lamina basi accrescente paullo altius inserta videntur. Strobilus subglobosus. bracteis parum auctis suboccultis; squame e lamina ovulifera formatæ, laxe imbricatæ, post semina delapsa persistentes. Semina (Pini) sub quaque squama 2, reversa, pseudosamaroidea, membrana tenuiter scarioso-hyalina a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata, demum ab ala soluta, ovato-oblonga, compressa, testa crustacea; embryo normalis, 3-6-cotyledoneus.—Arbores sempervirentes, ramulis ultimis tenuibus sæpe pendulis. Folia acicularia v. anguste linearia, spiraliter sparsa interdum distiche patentia, supra plana v. in una specie convexa, prope basin petioli brevissimi articulata, basi persistente post folium delapsum in ramulo distincte v. vix prominente. Strobili sæpius reflexi, pollicares v. breviores v. in una specie paullo longiores.

Species 5, quarum 2 As nticæ, 3 boreali-Americanæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 427 (Pini sect.). Engelm. Bot. Calif. ii. 120. Lamb. Pin. t. 32; ed. min. t. 45 ad 47 (Pinus). Sieb. et. Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 106 (Abies). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 247 (Pinus). Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 116. Newberry, Bot. Williams. Exped. t. 7.

Genus Piream cum Abiete arcte connectis, strobili fere prioris, flores & posterioris; folia sæpius plana Abietis at delapsa tuberculum elevatum relinquunt fere Piceæ.

30. Pseudotsuga, Carr. Conif. ed. 2, 254, et in Rev. Hortic. 1868, 152, cum ic. - Flores monoici, & ad axillas foliorum superiorum solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis stipati, in ramulo pauci. Staminum columna subsessilis, oblongo-cylindracea; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi, loculis 2 adnatis subglobosis deorsum oblique 2-valvibus, connectivo ultra loculos in umbonem brevissi mum producto; pollinis granulæ (ex Engelm.) ovato-subglobosæ. Amenta 2 terminalia, solitaria, squamis paucis vacuis imbricatis stipata, ovoideo-oblonga; squamie duplices, c-seriate, spiraliter imbricate, laminis a basi distinctis; bractea membranacea, sub anthesi conspicua, post anthesin parum aucta; lamina ovulifera sub anthesi multo brevior demum aucta squamam conspicuam formans, parum incrassata, apice rotundata, margine tenui. Ovula 2, ima basi laminæ ovuliferæ arcte reflexa, post anthesin lamina basi accrescente paullo altius inserta videntur. Strobilus oblongus; bracteæ conspicuæ, acute 2-lobæ, costa in acumen seu aristam squamam superantem producta; squamæ e lamina ovulifera formatæ, imbricatæ, post semina delapsa persistentes. Semina (Pini) sub quaque squama gemina, reflexa, pseudosamaroidea, membrana tenuiter scarioso-hyalina a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata, demum ab ala soluta, ovato-oblonga, compressa, testa crustacea; embryo normalis, co-cotyledoneus.—Arbor sempervirens, procera. Folia (Abictis) anguste linearia, spiraliter sparsa, subdistiche patentia, supra plana, ima basi articulata, cicatricem in ramulo haud prominentem relinquentia. Strobili reflexi, pulchri, 3-7-pollicares.

Species 1, in montibus occidentalibus Americæ borealis a Mexico usque ad Oregon extensa, Parlat, in DC, Prod. xvi. ii. 430 (sect. Tsugæ sp.). Engelm. Bot. Calif. ii. 119. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 45. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 115 (Alues). Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 183 (Pinus). Newberry, Bot. Williams. Exped. t. 8.

Genus imprimis strobilis reflexis squamis persistentibus ab Abiete differt, cui forte melius pro sectione adjungendum, sententia tamen Engelmannii etiam polline aliisque characteribus essentialibus separandum.

31. Ables, Juss. Gen. 414 pro parte; Link in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1827, 181. (Picea, Don in Loud. Arb. Brit. iv. 2293.)—Flores monoici, & ad axillas foliorum superiorum solitarii, subsessiles, bracteis squamiformibus imbricatis stipati, in ramulo perpauci v. dissiti, vix in spicam conferti. Staminum columna cylindracea oblonga v. ovoidea; anthera spiraliter confertie, stipite brevi, loculis 2 adnatis subglobosis deorsum oblique v. transversim 2-valvibus, connectivo ultra loculos nudo v. in umbonem brevissime producto: pollinis granule utroque latere lobulo globoso v. vesiculo acrifero appendiculatre. Amenta 2 terminalia, solitaria, squamis paucis vacuis imbricatis stipita, globosa ovoidea v. oblonga ; squamæ duplices, ∞-seriatæ, spiraliter imbricatæ, laminis a basi v. fere a basi distinctis; bractea membranacea, sub anthesi conspicua, post anthesin parum aucta, lamina ovulifera brevior v. acumine solo exserto; lamina ovulifera jam sub anthesi interdum bractea major, demum squamam conspicuam formans, parum incrassata, apice rotundata margine tenui. Ovula 2, ima basi laminæ ovuliferæ cum ea continua arcteque reflexa, post anthesin lamina basi accrescente paullo altius inserta videntur. Strobilus ovoideus oblongus v. cylindraceus, bracteis parum auctis acumine tamen saepe exserto; squame e lamina ovulifera formatæ, laxe imbricatæ, cum seminibus deciduæ. Semina (Pini) sub quaque squama gemina, reflexa, pseudosamaroidea, membrana tenuiter scariosa hyalina a strato interiore squamse solutse coronata et semi-inclusa, ovoideo- v. oblongocompressa, ala persistente facie exteriore (squamam versus) cum semine continua,
margine superiore seminis introrsum ab ala prominula; testa crustacea v. membranacea;
embryo normalis, 3-\iffacto-cotyledoneus.—Arbores sempervirentes. Folia acicularia v.
anguste linearia, spiraliter sparsa, interdum distiche patentia, supra plana, subtus sæpe
albida, costa parum prominente, ima basi articulata, cicatricem post folium delapsum in
ramulo non prominente. Strobili erecti; bracteæ quam in Picea majores, plus minus
apice dilatatæ, integræ v. 2-lobæ, costa media sæpius in apiculum seu aristam producta.

Species ad 18, per regiones extratropicas imprimis montanas hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 418 (Pinisect.). Engelm. Bot. Calif. ii. 117. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 16, 17. Lamb. Pin. t. 30, 31; ii. t. 2; ed. min. t. 40 ad 44. Forbes, Pin. Wob. t. 37 ad 44. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 8. Reichb. Lv. Fl. Germ. t. 533. Hook, Lv. Pl. t. 379 (Taxodium?). Bot. Mag. t. 4740, ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 899, repetita. Boiss. Voy. Esp. t. 167 ad 169. Fl. des Serres, t. 1437. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 500. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 107 ad 110. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. iii. t. 117 ad 119. Newberry, Bot. Williams. Exped. t. 6.

KETELERIA, Carr. in Rev. Hortic. 1866, 449, cum ic. (Abies Fortunei, Lindl.), est verisimiliter Abietis species, strobili squamis diu persistentilus.

32. Lariz, Mill. Dict.; Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 313, e.cl. ('edro. - Flores monoici, d'in gemmis lateralibus brevibus crassis imbricato-squamatis sæpius aphyllis solitarii. Staminum columna globosa ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, intra squamas sessilis v. longiuscule stipitata; antheræ spiraliter confertæ, stipite brevi, loculis 2 adnatis subglobosis deorsum oblique v. transversim 2-valvibus, connectivo ultra loculos nudo v. in umbonem seu apiculum glanduliforme brevissime producto. Amenta 2 subglobosa, ad apicem gemmæ lateralis brevis sæpius foliorum fasciculo coronatæ subsessilia. Squamæ distincte duplices, multiseriatæ spiraliter imbricatæ; bractea laminæ ovuliferæ arcte applicita v. basi adnata, membranacea, sæpius acuminata, medio mucronata v. aristata, post anthesin inimutata; lamina ovulifera suborbiculata, marginem versus attenuata, sub anthesi bractea brevior, post anthesin valde aucta. Ovula 2, ad basin laminæ reversa, post anthesin lamina basi accrescente paullo altius affixa videntur. Strobilus ovoideus oblongo-conicus v. subcylindraceus ; squamæ e lamina ovulifera valde aucta formatæ, appresse v. laxe imbricatæ, orbiculatæ, rigidulæ ad marginem tenues, sæpius in longitudinem striatæ, post semina delapsa persistentes, bracteis nunc emarcidis occultis nunc parum auctis persistentibus. Semina (Pini) sub quaque squama 2, reflexa, pseudosamaroidea, membrana tenuiter scarioso-hyalina oblonga v. oblique obovata a strato interiore squamæ soluta coronata et utroque latere marginata, ovato-oblonga, compressa, ab ala demum soluta, testa tenuiter crustacea; embryo normalis, sæpius &-cotyledoneus.--Arbores hieme denudatæ, ramulis biformibus, primariis elongatis secundariis lateralibus gemmiformibus. Folia lineari-subulata, tenuia, ima basi articulata, decidua, ramulorum primariorum dissite: subspiralia, in genmis lateralibus intra squamas minimas scariosas imbricatas densissime fasciculata. Florum & columna staminea 2-4 lin. longa. Strobili 1-3-pollicares.

Species ad 8, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis utriusque orbis incolae. Parlat. in DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 409 (Pini sect.). Lamb. Pin. t. 35 ad 37 (Pinus); ed. min. t. 48 ad 50. L. C. Rich. Conif. t. 13 (Abics). A. Murray, Pin. Jap. 100, f. 190 ad 200 (Abics). Forhes, Pin. Wob. t. 46, 47 (errore 49). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 531. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monochl. n. 9. Hook. f. Ill. Him. Pl. t. 21 (excl. f. 2 ad 4, ad Cedrum pertinentihus); ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 1267, repetita. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 105 (Abics). Mich. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 153. Nutt. N. Amer. Sylv. t. 120.

PREUDOLARIX, Gord. Pin. 292, est L. Kæmpferi, Carr., species Chinensis a cæteris distincta strobili squamis acuminatis cum seminibus deciduis et foliis potius Cedri quam Loricis etsi deciduis. Stirps forte Cedro adjungenda v. pro genere proprio habenda, flores tamen 3 adhuc ignoti et locus incertus remanet.

# ()RDO CLXVI. CYCADACEE.

Endl. Gen. 70. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 223. Miquel, Monogr. Cycad. 1842, cum tabb. 8; Prod. Cycad. 1861. Regel. Cycad. Gen. et Sp. in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv.

Flores dioici, strobilacei. Perianthium deest in utroque sexu. Fl. 3: Strobili apicem versus trunci v. caudicis subterminales, solitarii, rarius plures, oblongi ovoidei v. cylindracei, rarissime subglobosi; squamæ crasse coriaceæ, alternatim multiseriatæ imbricatæque, v. verticaliter superpositæ et valvatim juxtapositæ, dorso loculos polliniferos gerentes. Loculi polliniferi sessiles v. breviter stipitati, sine ordine aggregati v. 2-4-natim interdum stellatim dispositi, oblongi obovoidei v. subglobosi, coriacei, rima longitudinali dehiscentes; pollen ellipsoideum v. subglobosum. Fl. 2: Strobili quam in mare sæpius crassiores; squamæ pariter multiseriatim imbricatæ v. superpositæ, in Cycade valde elongatæ, margine 2-pluri-ovuliferæ, apice in laminam planam serratam pectinatam v. fimbriatam dilatatæ; in generibus cæteris fere omnibus squamæ breves plus minusve peltatæ, pelta magna sæpe inordinate incrassata, apice truncata v. varie producta, basi juxta stipitem utrinque 1-ovulifera. Ovula orthotropa, sessilia v. subsessilia, in Cycade erectopatentia, in generibus cæteris axim strobili v. deorsum spectantia; integumentum unicum, micropylem versus in tubum brevem productum; nucleus apice tantum liber. Semina magna, globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, teretia v. obtuse angulata; testa extus carnosa, carne tenui aurantiaca v. rubra, intus crustacea v. ossea, basi foraminibus vasiferis percursa et strato vasculari interiore instructa. Endospermium crasse carnosum, superne tegumento membranaceo quasi pileatum, imo apice ad situm radiculæ spongiosum. Embryo in parte superiore endospermii axilis, subcylindraceus; cotyledones omnino v. basi excepta conferruminati; radicula supera, obtusa, in filum spiraliter tortum desinens; plumula squamosa, germinatione e fissura cotyledonum erumpens.

Plantæ perennes, gumma scatentes, aliæ humiles rhizomate v. caudice nudo lobato ramoso v. simplici, alice trunco humili v. elato donatie; truncus indivisus v. raro furcatus v. gemmas foliaceas emittens, apice vegetans, basibus foliorum et prophyllorum persistentibus dense quasi corticatus; systema vasculare ex annulis libri et ligni medullam amplam amylaceam cingentibus, annulis anno unico non respondentibus; medulla interdum fibris lignosis instructa; radices fibrosi, fibris interdum massas coralliformes partim epigaeas denique gemmiferas emittentibus. Folia biformia, prophylla et frondosa, seriebus alternis provenientia; prophylla ante frondes et strobilos evoluta, ovato- v. linearilanceolata v. subulata, sæpissime lanuginosa ; folia normalia v. simul v. unum post alterum evoluta, exstipulata, pinnatifida pinnata v. rarissime bipinnatisecta, petiolo basi articulato, vernatione recta, rarissime inflexa; segmenta (v. pinnæ) opposita et alterna, vernatione recta et imbricativa, v. in Cycade circinnatim involuta et medio costata, caeterum enervia; in Stangeria costata et nervis transversis instructa; in generibus cæteris nervi paralleli simplices v. furcati. Strobili sessiles v. pedunculati, & anthesi peracta decidui; Q in Cycade centrales, vegetatione trunci per axim ejus ulterius progredienda et squamas fructiferas amovente; in generibus aliis omnibus post anthesin decidui. Semina magna, hilo basilari v. subbasilari lato.

Species ad 75, maxima copia regiones tropicas utriusque orbis, et temperatas Africæ australis et Australiæ incolentes, una civitates australiores Americæ borealis, altera Japoniam habitantes.

Ordo inter Gymmospermens distinctissimus, quond organa sexualia insigniter homomorphus, Coniferis magis quam Giutaccis affinis, ab utroque tamon ordine tam habitu quam characteribus floralibus abunde diversus.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Cycadese. Strobilus Q terminalis, post anthesin proliferus; squamæ elongatæ, marginibus 2-pluri-ovulatis. Ovula erecto-patentia. Truncus cylindraceus, basibus persistentibus

petiolorum et prophyllorum obtectus. Foliorum segmenta vernatione circinnatim involuta, 1-costata, enervia.

- 1. CYCAS.—Reg. trop. et subtrop. orbis vetoris.
- Tribus II. Encephalartese. Strobilus Q post anthesin deciduus; squamæ peltatæ, pelta utrinque juxta stipitem 1-ovulata. Ovula axim strobili spectantia. Foliorum segmenta vernatione recta, imbricativa.
- Sabtribus 1. Euoncephalarteæ. Strobili squamæ scriebus alternantibus imbricatæ. Truncus ovoideus v. cylindracœus, basibus prophyllorum et petiolorum persistentibus obtectus. Foliorum segmenta nervis parallelis longitudinalibus.
  - 2. Dioon. Strobili squamæ laxæ, breviter stipitatæ, pelta plana erecta ovato-cordata. Ovula processu hamato basi peltæ utrinque inserta. Folia rigida, pinnatifida, segmentis planis pungentibus.—Mexico.
  - 3. ΜΑCROZAMIA. Strobili Ç squamæ peltatæ, pelta incrassata ascendente sæpissime in laminam erectam acuminatam producta. Folia pinnata.—Australia.
  - 4. Encephalartos. Strobili ç squame peltatæ, pelta incrassata truncata apice docurva. Folia pinnata.—Afric. trop. et austr.
- Såbtribus 2. Stangerieæ. Strobili squamæ sericlus alternantibus imbricatæ. Rhizoma v. caudex napiformis, nudus. Foltorum seymenta costata et nervosa, nervis utrenque costæ horizontalibus creberrimis simplicibus v. furcatis.
  - 5. STANGERIA. Afric. aust. orunt. subtrop.
- Subtribus 3. Zamieæ. Strobili squamæ scriebus verticalibus superpositæ, peltis hexagonis valvatim juxtapositis. Foliorum segmenta ecostata nervis parallelis.
  - 6. Bowenia. Squamarum 3 et 9 pelta truncata apice planiuscula. Caudex nudus, hypogæus. Folia bipinnatisecta.—Austral. trop.
  - 7. CERATOZAMIA. Squamarum 3 et ? pelta apice transverse 2-cornuta. Folia pinnata.—
    Mexico, Nov. Grenad.. Brasil. occident.
  - 8. Microcycas. Squame 3 planiuscula, Ç peltatæ, pelta magna velutino-tomentosa. Truncus cylindraceus, basibus petiolorum et perularum obtectus. Folia pinnata.—Cuba.
  - 9. Zamia. Squamarum δ et Ψ pelta truncata, apice nuda. Caudex nudus epigæus v. partim hypogæus. Folia pinnata.—Amer. trep., et ber. suhtrop.

# TRIBUS I. CYCADE.E.

1. Cycas, Lina. Hort. Cliff. 482; Gen. n. 1122.—Fl. β: Strobilus pedunculatus, oblongus ovoideus v. subglobosus; squamæ numerosissimæ, multiseriatim imbricatæ, cuneatæ, apice sterili plus minusve dilatata et in mucronem brevem v. elongatum ascendentem producta, subtus loculis polliniferis segregatis v. 2-4-natim aggregatis operta. Fl. φ: Strobilus sessilis, globosus v. late ovoideus, dense lanatus; squamæ laxe in bricatæ, ascendentes, lineari-elongatæ, apice in laminam ovatam v. orbicularem integram serratam pectinatam v. fimbriatam dilatatæ. Ovula crenis marginalibus squamæ infra apicem dilatatum utrinque 2-plura, rarissime solitaria, sessilia, suberecta, globosa v. late ovoidea. Semina late ellipsoidea v. globosa.—Arbores trunco cylindraceo interdum elato, simplici v. dichotome ramoso, basibus prophyllorum et petiolorum persistentibus induratis obtecto. Folia subverticillata, simul provenientia, prophyllis elongato-subulatis immixta, patentia, petiolata, glabra v. parce furfuracea, lineari-oblonga, pinnata, pinnis lineari-elongatis 1-nerviis, integerrimis, infimis interdum ad spinas reductis, nervis lateralibus nullis, vernatione circinnatim involutis. Strobili δ in gemma laterales, φ terminales in centro vegetantes.

Species ad 15, inter tropicos Asiae, Africae, Australiae et Polynesiæ obviæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 525. Regrl in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 279. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 249. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vii. 169 x. 63, 121. Mig Nieuwe Bijdr. tot. Kenn. Cycad. t. 1, 2; Monogr. Cycad. t. 1, 2, 3; Anulect. Ind. t. 5, ct in Linnau xviii. t. 4, 5, 6, xix. t. 1. L. C. Rich. Mem. Conif. ct Cycad. t. 24 ad 26. South in Trans. Linn. Soc. vi. t. 29, 30. Thou. Hist. Veg. Iles. Afr. t. 1, 2. Oudem. in

Archiv. Neerland. ii. t. 1, 2, 3. Blume, Rumph. t. 176°, 176°. Griff. Io. Pl. As. t. 360 ad 362, 377, 378, (ubi, anno 1854, pollen in cavo apicali nuclei ovuli receptum primum depictum). Bot. Mag. t. 2826, 2827, 2963, 2964. Lemairc, Ill. Hortic. 1864, t. 405 bis. Fl. des Serres, t. 2118, 2119. Fl. Jardin. v. t. 129. Rheede, Hort. Malab. iii. t. 13 ad 21 (Todda Panna). Rumph. Herb. Amboin. t. 20 ad 24 (Arbor Catappoides).

#### TRIBUS II. ENCEPHALARTEA.

- 2. Dicon. Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 59 (Dion). (Platyzamia, Zucc. in. Abhandl. Bayer. Akad. iv. 23, t. 4.)—Fl. 3: Strobilus cylindraceus; squamæ numerosæ, multiseriatim imbricatæ, elongato-cuneatæ, apice dilatato incurvo late triangulari obtuso lanuginoso, subtus loculis polliniferis sessilibus oblongis opertæ. Fl. 2: Strobilus ovoideus; squamæ imbricatæ, subpeltatim stipitatæ, stipite gracili; lamina magna, ovata, subacuta, dense lanuginosa, deorsum breviter in auriculam semicircularem concavam producta, basi utrinque juxta stipitem geniculatim inflexa et ibidem uni-ovulifera. Ovula ovoidea, processibus rotundatis baseos inflexi laminæ inserta, subhorizontalia, axin strobili spectantia. Semina magna.—Truncus brevis, primum ovoideus, demum crassus, cylindraceus, prophyllis lanatis persistentibus dense obtectus. Folia simul verticillatim provenientia, numerosa, erecto-patentia, breviter petiolata, elongato-lanceolata, rigida, plana, profunde pinnatifida, juniora pilosa, segmentis angustis approximatis strictis planis pungentiacuminatis tenuiter striato-nervosis ecostatis interdum dentatis, infimis in spinas petiolum marginantes desinentibus, vernatione stricta. Strobili magni, subsessiles, basi prophyllis lanceolatis lanuginosis stipati.
- Species 2, Mexicanæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 537. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 296. Miq. in Verhandl. Ned. Inst. 1851, t. 3, 4. Lemuire. Ill. Hort. ii. 91. Bot. Mag. t. 6184.
- 3. Macrosamia, Miq. Monogr. Cycad. 36, t. 4, 5; et in Linnaa xvii. t. 2; xix. t. 2, 3. Fl. 5: Strobilus ovoideus oblongus v. cylindraceus; squamæ multiseriatim imbricatæ, breves v. elongatæ, apice dilatato medio acutato v. in spinam incurvam v. erectam producto, subtus loculis polliniferis globosis breviter stipitatis onustæ. Fl. 2: Strobilus ovoideus v. subglobosus; squamæ imbricatæ, peltatæ; pelta crassa, lata, transverse oblonga, vertice ascendente obtuso acuto v. in spinam ascendentem producto, basi utrinque 1-ovulifera. Ovula sessilia, subglobosa, axin strobili spectantia. Semina ordinis, sæpe magna.—Truncus erectus, ovoideus v. cylindraceus, prophyllis basibusque petiolorum persistentibus obtectus. Folia pinnata, foliolis angustis integerrimis v. apices versus paucidentatis, nervis longitudinalibus parallelis, basi sæpe calloso-incrassatis, vernatione stricta imbricativa. Strobili magni.

Species ad 7, Australiae tropicæ et temperatæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 250. Genus in sectiones 2 commode dividitur:--

- 1. Eumacrozamia. Folia deinceps evoluta. Prophylla demum fibroso-lacera. Truncus sepius ovoideus. Miy. Monogr. Cycad. t. 4, 5 et 6 (Encephalartos), et in Linnæa xix. t. 2, 3. Heinzel in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xxi. i. t. 10 ad 13. Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 5943. Macrozamia, Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 317. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 534, excl. § 2.
- 2. Lepidezamia. Folia simul evoluta. Prophylla nunquam fibroso-lacera. Truncus cylindraceus. Lepidezamia, Regel in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1871, i. 182, t. 4, f. 20, 21; Gartenfl. 1857, t. 186, f. 23 et 31, 1870, t. 660; et in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 294. A. DC. Prod. xvi. n. 547. Catakidozamia, T. Hill in Gard. Chron. 1865, 1107.
- 4. Encephalartos, Lehm. Pugill. vi. 9, t. 1 ad 5. (Arthrozamia, Reichenb. Conspect. 40, nomen tantum; Handb. Nat. Pfl. Syst. 69, ex Vriese in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr 2, x. 153.) Fl. &: Strobilus oblongus ovoideus v. cylindraceus; squamæ multiseriatim imbricatæ, lato- v. elongato-cuneatæ, crassæ, sæpe rugosæ, apice sterili angustato prismatico-truncato plus minusve decurvo, subtus loculis polliniferis ovoideis opertæ. Fl. 2: Strobilus crassus, ellipsoideus v. oblongus; squamæ numerosæ, multiseriatim imbricatæ, peltatæ, stipite gracili, pelta reniformi crasso basi utrinque in sinu ovulifero, vertice lato subtriangulari v. prismatico v. convexo lanuginoso. Ovula sessilia,

ovoidea, deorsum spectantia. Semina ellipsoidea v. oblonga, endocarpio e segmentis pluribus demum coalitis formato (ex A. DC.).—Arbores trunco cylindraceo v. medio tumido crasso, prophyllis basibusque petiolorum persistentibus dense obtecto. Folia simul subverticillatim provenientia, numerosa, patenti-recurva, petiolata, lineari-oblonga, glabra v. villosa, viridia v. (interdum insigniter) glauca, pinnata, foliolis rigidis multijugis sessilibus integris spinosis v. spinuloso-dentatis crasse coriaceis lineato-nervosis, vernatione rectis, infimis sæpe spinescentibus, petiolo basi exauriculato. Strobili magni, 3 interdum 2-3-ni. Folia in E. brachyphyllo uno post alterum provenientia vidimus, foliolis basi semi-tortis.

Species ad 12. Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. A. D.C. Prod. xvi. ii. 530. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 285; Gartenfl. t. 477, 822. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 3 (Zamia). Mig. Monogr. Cyoad. t. 2, 6; Comm. Phyt. t. 13, et in Lunnæa xix. t. 4, 5. De Vriese. Nov. Sp. Cycad. t. 3, 4, 5, ct Descr. Pl. Novv. cum tabb. 2. Lehm. et De Vriese in Tijdschr. Nat. Gesch. ii. t. 9: iv. t. 3 ad 7, 9, 10; vi. t. 3, 4. Jacq. Fragm. t. 25 ad 31 (Zamia). Bot. Mag. t. 4903. 5371. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. t. 557.

5. Stangeria, T. Moore in Hook. Lond. Journ. v. 228.—Fl. &: Strobilus cylindraceus; squamæ multiseriatim dense imbricatæ, obovato- v. cuneato-quadratæ, trapezoidæ, obtusæ, angulis obtusis, subtus loculis polliniferis stipitatis obovoideo-oblongis opertæ; pollen late ellipsoideum. Fl. &: Strobilus brevior, oblongo-cylindraceus; squamæ dense multiseriatim imbricatæ, vix stipitatæ, ovato-rotundatæ, ascendentes, ima basi utroque latere excavatæ, et ovulum unicum fossa gerentes. Ovula subglobosa, deorsum spectantia. Semina globosa, pro ordine parva.—Truncus v. caudex pedalis, fere subterraneus, subcylindraceus napiformis v. deformis, nudus, glaber, lenticellis sparsis exceptis lævis, 1-oligo-cephalus. Folia pauca, longe petiolata, pinnata, glaberrima, vernatione inflexa; pinnæ oppositæ et alternæ, lineari-lauceolatæ, obtusæ acutæ v. acuminatæ, spinuloso-serrulatæ v. subcrenatæ, rarius pinnatifido-lobatæ, inferiores petiolulatæ interdum ad basin 2-fidæ, superiores sessiles basi lata margine inferiore decurrente, vernatione rectæ; costa valida, nervis horizontalibus creberrimis parallelis simplicibus v. basi v. altius furcatis. Strobili pedunculati, villosi, pedunculo basi prophyllis 2-3-seriatis imbricatis orbiculatis concavis tomentosis cincti.

Species 1 v. 2. Africae subtropicae austro-orientalis incolae. A. D.C. Prod. xvi. ii. 530. Bot. Mag. t. 5121. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 798, et in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 284.

6. Bowenia, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5398 et 6008.—Fl. \$\delta\$: Strobilus ovoideo-oblongus, parvus; squamæ multiseriatim superpositæ, cuneato-rotundatæ, apicibus truncatis transverse oblongo-hexagonis valvatim juxtapositis, subtus basin versus loculis polliniferis globosis sessilibus opertæ. Fl. \$\delta\$: Strobilus masculo multo major et crassior; squamæ pauciseriatim superpositæ, valvatim juxtapositæ, peltatæ, stipite brevi cuneiformi; pelta transverse oblonga, basi utrinque stipitis 1-ovulifera, vertice crasso transverse hexagono, medio depresso margine areolæ depressæ crenulato. Ovula ovoidea, axin strobili spectantia. Semina parva, globosa.—Caudex humilis, deformis, simplex lobatus v. subramosus, nudus, ramis lobisve foliiferis, pro maxima parte hypogæus. Folia pauca, longe gracile petiolata, seriatim provenientia, ampla, ambitu orbicularia, 2-pinnatisecta, pinnis primariis paucis stipitatis inferioribus subverticillatis, pinnulis oblique ovato- v. falcatolanœolatis v. rhombeis acuminatis striato-nervosis integerrimis v. spinuloso-serratis nitidis, vernatione stricta. Strobili glabri, basi prophyllis paucis brevibus rotundatis concavis coriaceis cincti, \$\delta\$ pedunculati, \$\delta\$ sessiles. Semina magnitudine nucis avellanæ.

Species 1 v. 2, Australiæ boreali-orientalis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 534. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 254.

7. Ceratezamia, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, v. 7, t. 1, partim. (Dipsacozamia, Lehm. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 225, nomen tantum.)—Fl. 3: Strobilus oblongo-cylindraceus; squamæ multiseriatim superpositæ, valvatim juxtapositæ, breviter stipitatæ, obovato- v. quadrato-cuneatæ, vertice sterili complanato angustato in cornua 2 lateralia pungentia desinente, subtus loculis polliniferis late ellipsoideis sessilibus dense obtectæ. Fl. 2: Strobilus

masculo multo major et crassior, squamæ multiseriatim superpositæ, peltatæ, stipite crasso; pelta magna, complanata, subquadreta, marginibus rotundatis, vertice transverse hexagono medio in carinam transversam 2-cornutam contracto, cornubus lateralibus pungentibus. Ovula ad basin peltæ utrinque stipitis solitaria, sessilia, intus spectantia. Semina majuscula, ovoidea.—Truncus erectus, cylindraceus, simplex v. basi furcatus v. proliferus, basibus petiolorum et prophyllorum persistentibus obtectus. Folia simul provenientia, subverticillata, longe petiolata, pinnata, petiolo basi subvaginante, rhachi elongata, foliolis elongatis basi lata sessilibus lineari lanceolatis integerrimis v. apices versus denticulatis, parallele multinerviis, vernatione imbricativa stricta. Strobili glabri.

Species enumerate 6, Mexicane. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 546. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 297.

8. Migraeyeas, Miq. in Fl. des Serres, vii. 141. (Zamiæ, sect.).—Fl. &: Strobilus cylindraceus; squamæ multiseriatim laxe superpositæ, cuneiformes, dimidio inferiore subtus loculis magnis polliniferis operto, superiore sterili latiore semicirculari crasso obtuso dense velutino-tomentoso. Fl. Q: Strobilus masculo longior et crassior; squamæ subvalvatim juxtapositæ, peltatæ, stipite brevi crasso; pelta magna, elongata, globoso-ovoidea, obtusa v. apice truncata, velutino-tomentosa. Ovula utrinque stipitis ad basin peltæ solitaria, sessilia, axin strobili spectantia. Semina . . .—Truncus humilis, gracilis, cylindraceus, basibus prophyllorum et petiolorum persistentibus obtectus. Folia simul subverticillatim provenientia, patentia, petiolata, pinnata, petiolo inermi, foliolis anguste lineari-ensiformibus curvis basi lata articulata sessilibus obtuse acuminatis striato-nervosis, marginibus integerrimis tenuiter recurvis, vernatione recta. Strobili pedunculati, pedunculo basi prophyllis elongatis subulato-lanceolatis molliter lanuginosis cincto.

Species 1, Cubensis. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 538. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 303.

9. Zamia, Linn. Gen. n. 1227.—Fl. &: Strobilus oblongo-cylindraceus; squamæ multi-seriatim superpositæ, valvatim juxtapositæ, peltatæ, stipite crasso; pelta valde incrassata, transverse hexagona v. oblique heptagona, vertice truncata, subtus in latere inferiore et secus stipitem loculos polliniferos sessiles gerentes. Fl. 2: Strobilus masculo consimilis, sed major et crassior, pelta basi utrinque 1-ovulata. Ovula sessilia, ovoidea.—Caudex, interdum truncus humilis, simplex lobatus v. ramosus, lævis v. cicatricatus, nudus epigæus v. fere hypogæus. Folia pauca, unum post alterum provenientia, pinnata, petiolo lævi v. spinuloso, pinnis latis v. angustis basi lata articulata insertis integerrimis v. serratis parallele nervosis, vernatione stricta; prophylla sæpius dentata. Strobili pro ordine inter minores, glabri v. rarius furfuracei, solitarii v. 2-∞-ni.

Species enumeratæ ad 30, Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ borealis incolæ. A. DC. Prod. xvi. ii. 538. L. C. Rich. Mem. Conif. et Cycad. t. 27, 28. Eichl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iv. i. t. 109. Wedd. in A. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, v. t. 4; ic. in Mart. Fl. Bras. t. 108, iterata. Miq. Monogr. Cycad. t. 7, 8; Cycad. Amer. t. 1, 2. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 43. Jacq. Hort. Schonbr. t. 397, 398. Ic. Rar. t. 635, 636. Bot. Mag. t. 1741, 1838, 1851, 1969, 2006, 5242. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. t. 133, 134, 195.

Genus a Regelio in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. in 2 divisum: 1. ZAMIA, Regel, l. c. 304, et AULACOPHYLLUM, Regel, Gartenfi. 1876, 141, et in Act. Hort. Petrop. iv. 300, nullo modo diversum nisi 'foliolis nervis immersis,' character diagnosticus nobis effugit.

## MONOCOTYLEDONES.

### ORDO CLXVII. HYDROCHARIDEE.

Endl. Gen. 160. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 141.

Flores regulares, unisexuales v. rarius hermaphroditi, intra spatham tubulosam 2-fidam v. 2-partitam v. bracteas 2 complicatas (spatham dyphyllam dictas) solitarii v. masculi plures. Perianthium ad apicem pedicelli in flore &, supra ovarii rostrum in flore & v. 2, patens, a basi partitum, segmentis 1- v. 2-seriatis in quaque serie 3 rarius 2; exteriora calycina, sæpius tenuiter membranacea, virentia v. subcolorata, valvata v. induplicata; interiora dum adsint plus minus petaloidea, exterioribus majora minora v. rarius æqualia. Stamina in flore & v. & 3, 6, 9, v. 12, rarius  $\infty$  v. abortu pauciora, filamentis sæpius brevibus distinctis. Antheræ erectæ v. adnatæ, lineares oblongæ ovatæ v. rarius subglobosæ, 2-loculares, loculis distinctis parallelis, a latere longitudinaliter dehiscentibus; staminodia nonnulla in flore 2 sæpe adsunt. Orarii rudimentum in flore 3 interdum in centro floris breve carnosulum pulvinatum v. lobatum v. stylis 3 capillaribus nudis coronatum. Ovarium floris Q v. \(\neq\) inferum, 1-loculare, placentis 3-6 rarius paucioribus v. pluribus nunc vix prominulis nunc 2-lamellatis in medio cavitatis conniventibus ovarium in loculos 3-6 subperfectos dividentibus, supra loculum plus minus in rostrum farctum (rarius cavum?) productum. Stylus a basi integra rarius breviter evoluta in ramos stigmatosos v. stigmata tot quot placentæ oblonga v. linearia integra emarginata 2-fida v. 2-partita divisus. Otula in quaque placenta plurima, sæpius numerosa, nunc supra faciem interiorem lamellarum placentæ sparsa, nunc in placenta tenui sub-2-seriatim superposita, pendula v. præsertim inferiora ascendentia anatropa, v. (ex Caspary) interdum orthotropa. Fructus globosus ovoideus oblongus v. linearis, siccus v. plus minus pulposus, maturitate irregulariter ruptus v. hinc fissus, 1-locularis v. placentis medio coalescentibus 6-∞-locularis; pericarpium membranaceum v. rarius crassiusculum. Semina ∞, sæpe numerosa, oblonga, testa (an semper?) duplici, sæpius membranacea extus plus minus pulpa siccitate spongiosa v. filamentosa involuta, v. rarius crustacea demum indurata echinataque. Albumen 0. Embryo semini conformis, extus lævis v. in longitudinem tenuiter lineatus, ante maturitatem in generibus normalibus specie homogeneus et siccitate interdum farinosus, bene maturus ubi notus a latere fissura parva parum conspicua notatus, intra quam plumula minima omnino recondita; in Thalassieis (omnibus?) cotyledon extra radiculam crassam prominens.

Herbæ submersæ. Caules nunc ad basin aquæ brevissimi v. reptantes v. in aqua natantes stoloniformes, nunc in aqua elongati undique foliati. Folia nunc in caule brevi conferta, omnia sessilia linearia v. lanceolata v. interiora cujusve fasciculi rarius omnia petiolata lamina expansa supra aquam natante, nunc secus caulem elongatum submersum brevia, verticillata v. sparsa. Spathæ nunc 2 v. omnes in scapo elongato per anthesin emersæ, nunc 3 v. omnes ad axillas foliorum sessiles, solitariæ v. rarius geminæ; unisexuales variant monoicæ v. dioicæ.

Species notes vix 40; Glycydra per regiones calidiores temperatasque utriusque orbis late disperse, quarum genera 2 Americana, cætera gerontogea, ex his species 2 solæ etiam in America

obvie ; Marine maris Iudici incolæ exceptis Thalassia testudinum. Koen ex Iudis occidentali et speciebus Americanis 2 valde dubiis Halophila.

Ordo distinctissimus, a nonnullis Natadeis adjunctus ob habitum fluitantem v. natantem et semina exalbuminosa, longe tamen differt ovario infero syncarpico, placentis parietalibus co-ovulatis. Habitus idem observatur in aliis pluribus ordinibus, e.g. in Pontederiaceis, in Cyperaceis paucis, ut etiam in dicotyledonibus nonnullis. Semina Glycydrarum iis Burmanniacearum similiora quam Naiadearum; embryo Marinarum ei Zosterearum paullo propius accedit.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Series I. Glycydrae. Herbæ in aqua dulci submersæ v. natantes. Plumula, ubi nota minima, intra embryonis substantiam omnino recondita.
- Tribus I. Hydrilles. Caulis elongatus, submersus, undique foliatus, foliis parum elongatis, Spathæ parvæ, ad axillas sessiles. Placentæ in ovario parum prominentes.
  - 1. Hydrilla. Folia verticillata. Spathæ & subglobosæ, 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 3. Styli 3, indivisi. Ovula anatropa.—Asia trop., Australia.
  - 2. Elodha. Folia verticillata rarius opposita. Spathæ & 1-3-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 3, 6 v. 9. Styli 3, emarginati v. 2-fidi. Ovula orthotropa.—Amer. bor. et austr., in Eur. inquilina.
  - 3. Lagarosiphon. Folia sparsa. Spathæ & multifloræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina perfecta 3. Styli 3, emarginati v. 2-fidi. Ovula orthotropa.—Asia trop., Madag., Africa.
- Tribus II. Vallisneriese. Caulis brevissimus, interdum stolones reptantes v. natantes emittens. Folia conferta, immersa, sessilia, elongata. Spathæ pedunculatæ. Placentæ in ovario parum prominentes.
  - 4. Vallismeria. Spathæ & ovoideæ, floribus numerosis fere in globum confertis; \$\text{2}\$ cylindraceæ 1-floræ. Perianthium simplex. Stamina 1-3. Fructus linearis, erostris.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid. et temp.
  - 5. BLYKA. Spathæ utriusque sexus cylindraceæ, 3 co-floræ, 2 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 3-9. Ovarium longe rostratum. Fructus linearis.—Asia trop., ins. Mascar., Australia.
  - 6. Нурвотворния. Flos ♥ in spatha cylindracea solitarius. Perianthium duplex (interius interdum 2-merum). Stamina 3. Ovarium longe rostratum. Fructus linearis. Semina echinata, rostrata.—Bengalia.
- Tribus III. Stratiotese. Caulis brevissimus. Folia conferta, alia sessilia submersa, alia (excepta Stratiote) longe petiolata, lamina natante. Spathæ pedunculatæ. Placentæ 2-lamellatæ, valde intrusæ, ovarium in loculos 6 subperfecte dividentes.
  - 7. Limnobium. Spathæ 2-phyllæ, & 2-3-floræ, \$\foatie\$ 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 8-9. Styli 3. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus.—Amer. bor. et trop.
  - 8. Hydrocharis. Spathæ & 2-phyllæ paucifloræ, Q 1-phyllæ complicatæ 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Staminum filamenta 6, 2-fida, quorum 3 2-antherifera, 3 1-antherifera. Styli 6, 2-fidi. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus.—Eur. As. med., in Australia et ins. Mascar. inquilina.
  - 9. OTTELIA. Flos Ş in spatha tubulosa solitarius. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 6-∞. Ovarium rostratum. Styli 6, 2-fidi. Fructus oblongus, sæpe 3-6-alatus.—Orb. vet. reg. trop. et subtrop., Bresilia.
  - 10. Воотты. Spathse tubulosse, & 3-сс-florse, 2 1-florse. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 6-10. Ovarium crasse rostratum. Styli 6-15, 2-fidi. Fructus co-costatus, exalatus.—Burma,
  - 11. STRATIOTES. -- Spathæ 2-phyllæ, ♂ 2-∞-floræ, ♀ 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 11-15. Ovarium rostratum. Styli 6, 2-fidi. Fructus pedicello recurvo e spatha exsertus. Folia submersa spinuloso-serrulata, nec natantia.—Europa.
- Series II. Marines, seu Tribus IV. Thalassiese. Herbse marines submerse. Cotyledon ubi nota extra radiculam crassam prominens.
  - 12. Enhalus. Spathæ 2-phyllæ, of subsessiles multifloræ, 2 longe pedunculatæ 1-floræ. Perianthium duplex. Stamina 3. Ovarium longe rostratum. Styli 6-12, filiformes. Folia submersa longissima, basi per 2-3 vagina tenui stipata.—Mare Indicum.

# CLXVII. HYDROCHARIDEÆ.

- 13. Thalassia.—Spathse 2-phyllse, basi breviter tubulosse, utriusque sexus 1-flores. Perianthium simplex. Stamina 6. Ovarium longe rostratum. Fructus demum in lobos co dehiscens. Folia longa, basi per 2-3 vagina membranaceo-scariosa stipata.—Ind. Occid., Marc Rubrum et Indioum.
- 14. HALOPHILA. Spathse 2-phyllse, utriusque sexus 1-florse. Perianthium simplex. Stamina 3. Ovarium longe rostratum. Styli 3. Fructus globosus. Folia ad nodos e squama membranaceo-scariosa gemina, petiolata, pennivenia.—Mare Indicum ab Africa usque ad Austral. et Mare Pacif.

## TRIBUS I. HYDRILLEÆ.

1. Eygrilla, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 9, 61, t. 2. (Epigynanthus, Blume in Flora 1825, 679, et in Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bog. 53, nomen tantum. Hydrospondylus, Hassk. in Flora, 1842, ii. Beibl. 33).—Spathæ unisexuales, 1-floræ, ad axillas foliorum sessiles, 3 subglobosæ membranaceæ, muricatæ, sub anthesi irregulariter ruptæ. Flos breviter pedicellatus. Perianthium duplex, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora ovata v. obovata, interiora angustiora nec longiora. Stamina 3, filamentis crassiusculis; antheræ ovatæ. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spathæ 2 tubulosæ, ore 2-dentato. Flos sessilis. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum mari similis nisi segmentis angustioribus. Staminodia 0. Ovarium spatha inclusum, ultra spatham in rostrum longissimum filiforme productum, 1-loculare, placentis 3, rarius 2, parum prominulis; styli stigmatosi 3, rarius 2, lineares, crassiusculi, indivisi; ovula haud numerosa, (ex Caspary) anatropa. Fructus angustus, e spatha fissa subexsertus. Semina (ex L. C. Richard) oblonga, testa adnata utrinque minute producta.—Caules submersi, elongati, ramosi, undique foliosi. Folia 3-4-natim verticillata v. inferiora opposita, brevia. Spathæ 3 parvæ, 2 tenues.

Species 1, per aquas dulces Asiæ tropicæ et Australiæ latissime dispersa. Casp. in Prings. Jahrb. i. 493. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 164 (Serpicula).

Stylus ex Hasskarl intra tubum perianthii (ovarii rostrum) liberum, quod in speciminibus ipsis Javanicis confirmare nequimus. Ovarii rostrum filiforme intus farctum vidimus quale a L. C. Rich. l. c. t. 2 F. G. delineatur.

2. Moden, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 20 (Udora, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. ii. 242. Apalanthe et Egeria, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 75, 79. Anacharis et Apalanthe, Bab. et Planch. in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edinb. iii. 27, t. 2, et in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, i. 81, t. 8).—Spathæ unisexuales v. polygamæ, ovatæ v. tubulosæ, apice 2-lobæ, demum sæpe varie rumpentes, fœmineæ 1-floræ, polygamæ 1-3-floræ. Perianthium & ad apicem pedunculi longi, 2 v. 🌣 in ovarii rostro, duplex, 3-merum ; segmenta utriusque seriei petaloidea, interiora sæpius exterioribus latiora. Stamina 3, 6 v. 9, in flore 2 ad staminodia 3 reducta v. 0; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ. Ovarium in floribus 2 et 🌣 intra spatham inclusum, oblongo-lineare, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis, in rostrum longissimum filiforme farctum productum; stylus brevissimus, ramis stigmatosis 3 linearibus apice 2-lobis v. profunde 2-lobis; ovula in placentis numerosa, (ex Caspary) orthotropa. Fructus oblongus, spatha inclusus v. a latere exsertus. Semina 👁, oblonga, filamentis pulposis induta; embryo conformis, plumula parva inclusa.—Caules submersi, elongati, ramosi, undique foliosi. Folia brevia, 3-4-natim verticillata v. inferiora opposita. Spathæ ad axillas foliorum sessiles, parvæ v. tenues.

Species ad 8 in aquis dulcibus Americæ temperatæ v. tropicæ late dispersæ, una etiam in variis locis Europæ obvia, ut videtur inquilina, etsi hodie copiosa. L. C. Rich, in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 4, 60, t. 1. Caspary in Prings. Jahrb. i. 497. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 59 (Udora).

ANACHARIS, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 7, 61, t. 2, est E. callitrichoides, Casp. (Egeria chilensis et Egeria Matthewsi, Planch.) species Americae australis extratropicae, antheris ratione filament maxim's post pollinis emissionem petaloideo-expansis insignis.

3. Lagarcaiphon, Harv. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iv. 230, t. 22.—Spathæ unisexuales, compressæ, ad axillas foliorum sessiles; & ovatæ, apice 2-fidæ, floribus co sæpe numerosis

pedicellatis minimis. Perianthium duplex, 3-merum; segmenta utriusque seriei petalcides ovata, interiora exterioribus parum minora. Stamina perfecta 3, sepalis opposits, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ; staminodia sæpius adsunt 2 v. 3. Pistilli rudimentum. 0. Spathæ 2 oblongæ v. angustæ, mox hinc fissæ, 1-floræ. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum mari subsimile. Staminodia 0. Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis, in rostrum longissimum filiforme faretum productum; styli 3, crassi, erecti, stigmatosi, apice emarginati v. 2-fidi; ovula sat numerosa, (ex Caspary) orthotropa. Fructus ovatus oblongus v. fere linearis, pericarpio membranaceo. Semina oblonga, pulpa tenui involuta; embryo conformis, plumula verisimiliter inclusa, a nobis tamen nondum detecta.—Caules submersi, elongati, ramosi, undique foliosi. Folia linearia v. setacea, brevia, sæpe serrulata, sparsa, inferiora sæpissime alterna, floralia haud raro irregulariter verticillata v. conferta. Spathæ interdum ad axillas geminæ, sæpius tamen more affinium solitariæ.

Species ad 5, in aquis dulcibus submersæ, una Indica, altera Madagascariensis, 3 Africanæ. Caspary in Bot. Zeit. 1870, 88, in Pringsh. Jahrb. i. 503, in Schweinf. Beitr. Fl. Æthiop. 200, t. 4, et in Abhandl. Naturw. Ver. Bremen, vii. 252, t. 18.

NECHAMANDRA, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 78, est L. Roxburghii, Benth. (Vallisneria alternifolia, Roxb.; Wight in Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. 344, t. 11) species Africanis paullo validior, foliis sepius nec semper longioribus, characteribus tamen omnino iisdem. Planchon l. c. lapsu calami huc citat iconem Roxburghii Pl. Corom. t. 165, que Vallisneria octandra, Roxb. (Blyxa, Thou).

#### TRIBUS II. VALLISNERIEÆ.

- 4. Vallisneria, Linn. Gen. n. 1097.—Spathædioicæ, breviter 2-3-fidæ, δ in scapo brevi ovoidæ, φ in scapo longissimo filiformi spirali cylindracææ, angustæ. Flores δ intra spatham numerosi, minimi, longiuscule pedicellati sed in capitulum densum conferti. Perianthium simplex, 3-merum. Stamina 1-3, filamentis crassiusculis; antheræ biglobosæ. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Flos φ intra spatham solitarius. Perianthii segmenta quam in mare paullo majora. Staminodia 3, segmentis alterna, parva, 2-fida. Ovarium spatha inclusum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis; stigmata 3, brevia, lata, 2-dentata v. 2-fida; ovula numerosa. Fructus spatha parum aucta inclusus, linearis, erostris, pericarpio membranaceo. Semina oblonga, basi parum attenuata, testa membranacea; embryo semini conformis, plumula minima intra fissuram vix conspicuam recondita.—Herba submersa, caule brevissimo interdum stolonifero. Folia conferta, longissime angusteque linearia, basi breviter vaginata. Scapi δ sub spatha per anthesin rupti, spathis apertis ad aquæ superficiem natantibus, φ florentes apice emersi, fructiferi spiraliter retracti sub aqua maturescentes.
- Species 1, in aquis dulcibus per regiones calidiores temperatasque utriusque orbis late dispersa. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 12, 62, t. 3. Hook. Bot. Misc. iii. 87, t. suppl. 23, 24. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 258. Reich. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 60. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 50; in his ultimis plumula perperam extra nec intra embryonem delineatur, analysi optimi Richardii male intellecta.

Physkium, Lour. Fl. Coch. 662, est Vallisneria spiralis, spatha mascula pro pericarpio, florum alabastris pro seminibus descriptis.

5. Blyza, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madaq. 4 (Diplosiphon, Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. 166, t. 167).—Spathæ unisæxuales, utriusque sexus cylindraceæ, apice breviter 2-fidæ. Flores & intra spathæm plures, longe pedunculati. Perianthium duplex, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora oblonga, interiora multo longiora, fere filiformia. Stamina 3-9, uno alterove sæpe ad staminodium reducto, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ. Pistilli rudimentum centrale e stylis 3 capillaribus nudis basi breviter carnoso-incrassatis. Flos 2 intra spathæm solitarius, sessilis. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum mari simile. Staminodia 0 v. minuta. Ovarium longissime lineare, apice rostratum, 1-loculare,

placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis; stylus basi brevissimus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus indivisis. Fructus linearis, spatha inclusus, paricarpio membranaceo. Semina co, oblonga, pulpo parco induta; embryo conformis, plumula minima intra fissuram vix conspicuam recondita.—Herba submersa, caule brevissimo. Folia conferta, longe linearia. Scapi intra folia nunc breves omnino immersi, nunc longe filiformes, spatham florentem ex aqua exserentes.

Species 1, aqua dulci Asise tropice Australise et ins. Mascarensium immerea, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 63, t. 4, 5. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 165 (Vallisneria). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 258. Staminum numerus valde variabilis evadit, in speciminibus Indicis seepius 3-4, interdum 8, rarissime 9.

6. Eydretrephus, C. B. Clarke in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 8, t. 1.—Flos hermaphroditus, in spatha lineari solitarius, sessilis. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum duplex, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora lineari-oblonga, tenuiter herbacea; interiora (sepius ad 2 reducta? angustissima, tenuiter petaloidea, apice crispa. Stamina 3, filamentis linearibus; antheræ angustæ, erectæ, lateraliter dehiscentes. Ovarium intra spatham inclusum, lineare, ultra spatham in rostrum longum filiforme productum, 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus parum prominulis; styli 3, simplices, basi subconnati. Capsula linearis, spatha inclusa, pericarpio membranaceo. Semina  $\infty$ ; testa crustacea, duriuscula, medio subgloboso echinata, apice basique in rostrum longum rigidum nudum producta; embryo subglobosus, plumula minima intra fissuram lateralem parum conspicuam recondita.—Herba submersa, caule brevissimo. Folia conferta, longissime angustissimeque linearia. Scapi inter folia filiformes, primum breves, demum valde elongati, florem supra aquam exserentes.

Species 1, in aquis dulcibus Bengalize a Clarkeo detecta.

### TRIBUS III. STRATIOTEÆ.

7. Limnobium, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 32, 66, t. 8. (Hydromystria, G. F. Mey. Prim. Fl. Esseq. 152. Jalambicea, Llave et Lex. Nov. Veg. Descr. ii. 12. Trianea, Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 424).—Spathæ unisexuales, utriusque sexus 2-phyllæ, bracteis complicatis, exteriore interiorem amplectente. Flores & in spatha 2-3, longe Perianthium duplex, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora membranacea, Stamina 3-9, filamentis brevibus; oblonga, interiora petaloidea longiora angusta. antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, lateraliter dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum centrale, breve, stylis 2–3 brevibus nudis coronatum. Flos Q in spatha solitarius, sessilis v. breviter pedicellatus. Perianthium supra ovarium mari simile v. interdum 2-merum. Staminodia 3 v. 2, brevia. Ovarium ovoideum, erostre, placentis valde intrusis centro contiguis fere in loculis 2-6 divisum; styli 3, rarius 2, 2-fidi. Fructus ovoideo-oblongus, apice perianthii reliquiis dentatus. Semina subglobosa, apice basique breviter mucronata, testa membranacea pulpa involuta, siccitate filamentis brevibus patentibus hispida v. fere erhinata.—Herbæ in aqua dulci fluitantes, caule stolonifero. Folia ad nodos fasciculata, petiolata, lamina supra aquam natante ovata v. rotundato-cordata, subtus interdum (nec semper) substantia spongiosa incrassata. Scapi inter folia oriundi, breves nunc brevissimi.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ borealis Mexici et Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. Bosc in Ann. Mus. Par. ix. t. 30 (Hydrocharis). Benth. Bot. Sulph. 175. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 506.

Planta a Spruceo distributa e fl. Amazonum n. 1593 sub nomine Hydrocharellæ echinosporæ valde affinis est Limaobio Sinclairi, Benth., nisi conspecifica. Planta Mexicana Schaffneriana, n. 484, videtur L. stolonifera, Griseb.

8. **Eydrocharis**, Linn. Gen. n. 1126.—Spathæ unisexuales, & 2-phyllæ, bractea exteriore interiorem amplectente, Q 1-phyllæ complicatæ. Flores & in spatha pauci, saepius 3, longe pedunculati. Perianthium 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora

ovata, herbacea; interiora petaloidea, multo majora, suborbiculata, undulato-plicata. Staminum filamenta 6, 2-fida, crassiuscula, scabra, 3 sepalis opposita ramo utroque antherifero, 3 petalis opposita ramo interiore nudo exteriore antherifero; antheræ in toto 9, loculis brevibus adnatis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum in centro floris breve, pulvinatum, carnosum. Flos 2 in spatha unicus, longe pedunculatus. Perianthium supra ovarium mari simile nisi petalis basi intus tuberculo carnoso instructis. Ovarium oblongo-turbinatum, erostre, placentis valde intrusis medio contiguis subperfecte 6-loculare; stigmata (v. styli rami stigmatosi) 6, crassiuscula, linearia, 2-fida. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, pericarpio carnoso, 6-locularis. Semina numerosa, ovoidea, pulpa laxa induta. Embryo conformis, plumula intra fissuram lateralem parum conspicuam recondita.—Herba in aqua dulci fluitans, stolonifera. Folia ad nodos fasciculata, longe petiolata, lamina cordato-orbiculata supra aquam natante. Scapi inter folia oriundi, per anthesin supra aquam exserti. Petala alba.

Species 1, Europæ et Asiæ mediæ incola, in Australia et Madagascaria verisimiliter inquilina. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 36, 67, t. 9. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 62. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 52.

9. Ottella, Pers. Sym. Pl. i. 400 (Damasonium, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 242, non Juss.).—Flos hermaphroditus, in spatha tubulosa breviter 2-fida solitarius, sessilis. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora oblonga v. linearia, rigidule membranacea, interiora petaloidea, multo majora, late obovata v. orbiculata, basi appendicibus brevibus obovoideis carnosis instructa. Stamina 6-xx (usque ad 15), filamentis sæpe complanatis, antheræ erectæ, oblongæ v. lineares, lateraliter dehiscentes. oblongum, plus minus rostratum, placentis valde intrusis in centro loculi conniventibus in loculos 6 fere perfecte divisum; styli 6, lineares, semi-2-fidi; ovula numerosa, placentas seu loculorum parietes undique obtegentia. Fructus spatha ventricosa sæpe 3-6-alata inclusus, oblongus, apice attenuatus, pericarpio crassiusculo. Semina numerosa, parva. oblonga, testa crassiuscula pulpa viscosa induta; embryo conformis, plumula parva, intra fissuram lateralem brevem recondita.—Herbæ aqua dulci submersæ, caule brevissimo. Folia conferta, alia submersa petiolo brevi, alia longe petiolata lamina supra aquam natante ovata oblonga v. latissime cordata. Scapus elongatus; spatha herbacea, sub anthesi emersa, co-nervis, costis 2-6 prominulis interdum in alas foliaceas valde inæquales haud raro undulatas dilatatis.

Species notæ 6 v. 7, Asiæ tropicæ, Japoniæ, Australiæ, ins. Mascarensium, Africæ tropicæ et subtropicæ et Brasiliæ incolæ. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 27, 65, t. 7. Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, x1. 81 (Damasonium, excl. sp. n. 2). Miq. in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 271. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 256. Sm. Exot. Fl. t. 15 (Stratiotes). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 185 (Damasonium). Bot. Mag. t. 1201 (Damasonium).

10. Boottia, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 51, t. 65.—Spathæ unisexuales, tubulosæ demum subfusiformes, breviter 2-fidæ. Flores 3 intra spatham plures, pedunculati, per anthesin exserti. Perianthium 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora latiuscule linearia v. oblonga, interiora petaloidea, multo majora, obovato-oblonga. Stamina 6-12, filamentis sæpius complanatis; antheræ erectæ, oblongæ, lateraliter dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum in centro floris pulvinatum, carnosum, stylis 3 longis petaloideis 2-fidis coronatum. Flos 2 intra spatham solitarius, sessilis. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum mari subsimile nisi paullo minus. Staminodia pauca, parva. Ovarium in rostrum crassiusculum farctum attenuatum, placentis valde intrusis in centro loculi conniventibus in loculos tot quot styli subperfecte divisum; styli 6-15, lineari-filiformes, 2-fidi; ovula numerosa, placentarum facies seu loculorum parietes undique obtegentia. Fructus spatha ventricosa exalata inclusus. Semina numerosa, testa crassiuscula pulpa induta; embryo conformis, plumulam haud deteximus.—Herbæ aqua dulci submersæ, habitu foliisque omnino Otteliæ. Spathæ co-costatæ, costis 2 lateralibus sæpe magis prominulis, non tamen alatis.

Species 3 v. 4, Burmse et Africse tropicse incolse, inclusis, prester speciem Wallichianam Burmanicam, 2 v. 3 Africanis. His verisimiliter includendse Damasonsum alosofolium, Planch. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 3, xi. 81, Ottelia lancifolia, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 280, t. 95, et Ottelia ecabra, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. 151, spathis femineis jam defloratis pro hermaphroditis descriptis. Specimina & Africana spathis co-floris adsunt plura in Herb. Kew.

11. Stratiotes, Linn. Gen. n. 687.—Spathæ unisexuales, diphyllæ, bracteis complicatis exteriore interiorem amplectente. Flores & intra spatham 2-00, singuli bracteola spathaces complicata stipati, pedicello longo e spatha exserti. Perianthium 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora ovata v. oblonga, membranacea; interiora petaloidea, multo majora, lata, undulato-crispa. Stamina ∞ (11-15), processubus numerosis brevioribus (staminodiis !) cincta, filamentis basi complanatis; antheræ erectæ, lineares, lateraliter dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimenta 0. Flos 2 in spatha solitarius, breviter pedicellatus. Perianthium supra ovarii rostrum mari simile nisi paullo minus. Staminodia ∞, linearia, stylis breviora. Ovarium oblongum, sepius e spatha recurvum in rostrum longe attenuatum; placentis valde intrusis in centro loculi contiguis sub-6-loculare; styli 6, lineares, semi-2-fidi. Fructus pedicello recurvo e spatha lateraliter exsertus, ovoideus, acuminatus, pericarpio carnoso. Semina abortu sepius pauca, testa crassiuscula pulpa induta; embryo conformis, plumula intra fissuram lateralem recondita.—Herba perennis, submersa, caule brevissimo stolonifero. Folia conferta, omnia sessilia, submersa, lineari-lanceolata, carnosula, acuta, margine dentibus brevibus pungentibus serrata. Scapi breves v. elongati, spatham supra aquam exserentes.

Species 1, Europea. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 24, 64, t. 6. Nolte, "Stratiotes et Sagittaria," Kopenhagen, 4to. t. 1. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 51. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 61.

### TRIBUS IV. THALASSIEÆ.

12. Enhalus, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Inst. Par. 1811, 64. - Spathæ unisexuales, diphyllæ, bractea exteriore interiorem amplectente. Flores & intra spatham numerosi, minimi, in receptaculo oblongo pedicellati. Perianthium 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta utriusque seriei subsequalia, interioribus magis petaloideis. Stamina 3, ex Zollinger segmentis exterioribus, ex Griffith interioribus opposita, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, lateraliter dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Flos fœmineus intra spatham mari longiorem solitarius, sessilis. Perianthium ad apicem rostri ovarii 2-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta exteriora oblonga, imbricata; interiora multo longiora, linearia, spatham excedentia, subvalvata, extus pulcherrime undulato-plicata, introrsum plicis transversis notata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium longe rostratum, 1-loculare, placentis valde intrusis in centro fere contiguis sub-6-loculare; stylorum rami stigmatosi 6-12, lineari-filiformes; ovula in quaque placenta pauca, 1-seriata, anatropa. Fructus spatha patente v. marcescente suffultus, ovoideus, placentis farinoso-carnosis fere in loculos 6 divisus. Semina pauca, magna, testa cellulosa; embryo conformis; cotyledon exserta, subconica, late-1 alis, bilabiata; plumula recondita magna polyphylla, foliolo exteriore a basi lineari apice serrulato.—Planta marina, submersa, rhizomate crasso fibris foliorum detritorum crinito. Folia longissima, angusta, plana, per 2-3 vagina tenuiter membranacea stipata, marginibus incrassatis, apice rotundata denticulataque. Spathæ d breves, compressæ, vix ex arena exserta; flores sub anthesi a pedicello soluti, in aquæ superficie natantes. Scapus 2 primum erectus elongatus, per anthesin spiraliter contractus submersus, post fecundationem iterum emersum fructum maturans.

Species 1, ad oras maris Indici a Zeylania usque ad Australiam extensa. Linn. f. Suppl. 268 (Stratiotes). Griff. Notul. iii. 175; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 249, 250. Zoll. Verz. Ind. Archip. Pfl. ii. 69.

Richard plantam non vidit et genus condidit ad descriptionem Linnæi qui stylorum ramos seu stigmata pro antheris habuit. Specimina nostra plura, in variis locis lecta, flores fœmineos præbent, sed ob præsionem male examinare potuimus. Characterem supra datum præcipue ex descriptione fusiore Griffithii et notis Zollingerianis sumpsimus.

13. Thalassia, Soland. in Koen. et Sims, Ann. Bot. ii. 96 (Schizotheca, Ehrenb. ex Schweinf. Beitr. Fl. Æthiop. 293, nomen).—Spathæ unisexuales, lato-lineares, diphyllæ, bracteis basi in tubum breviter connatis, utriusque sexus 1-floræ. Flos flonge pedicellatus. Perianthium 1-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta ovata, petaloidea. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ longæ, erectæ, lateraliter dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Flos 2 primum intra spatham caducissimam subsessilis, mox plus minus stipitatus. Ovarium longe rostratum. Perianthium . . . Styli . . . Fructus supra spathæ cicatricem stipitatus, globosus, lævis rugosus v. fere echinatus, ab apice in lobos plures breves v. demum alte fissos stellatimque patentes dehiscens. Semina æ, parva, pulpa induta, placentis parietalibus affixa.—Plantæ marinæ submersæ. Rhizoma longe repens, annulatum; caules breves. Folia longe loriformia, basi per 2-3 vaginis longis membranaceo-scariosis stipata. Scapi utriusque sexus e vaginis similibus parum prominentes.

Species 2, altera ad oras insularum Indiæ occidentalis, altera in Mare Rubro et Indico crescens. Aschers. in Neumayer, Anleit. Wissensch. Beob. 361.

14. **Ealophila**, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 2 (Barkania, Ehrenb. et Hempr. in Abhandl. Acad. Berl. 1832, 429).—Spathæ unisexuales, diphyllæ, bracteis a basi liberis, utriusque sexus 1-floræ. Flos & pedicellatus. Perianthium 1-seriatum, 3-merum; segmenta subherbacea. Antheræ 3, subsessiles, oblongo-lineares, segmentis alternæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Flos Q intra spatham sessilis. Perianthii segmenta 3, minuta. Ovarium longe rostratum, 1-loculare; styli 3, simplices, longe filiformes, undique minute papillosi; ovula placentis 3 parietalibus vix prominulis 2seriatim affixa. Fructus spatha inclusus, subglobosus, rostro ovarii exserto coronatus. Semina  $\infty$ , subglobosa, testa membranacea. Embryo crassus, apice excavatus; cotyledon intra depressionem prominens, spiraliter torta, plumulam vaginans.—Herbæ marinæ, submersæ, caulibus repentibus stoloniformibus ad nodos radicantibus foliatisque. Folia ad quemque nodum caulis v. ramuli intra squamam membranaceam v. hyalino-scariosam sessilem caulem amplectentem gemina, petiolata, ovalia v. oblonga, pennivenia. Spathæ intra folia solitariæ, sessiles, parvæ.

Species 2 v. 3 ad costas marium Indicorum ab Africa tropica et Mare Rubro usque ad Australiam et Mare Pacificum australe submersse. Bailey Balf. in Trans. Bot. Soc. Edinb. xiii. 290, t. 8 ad 11 et 16. Aschers. in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. iii. 300, et in Neumayer, Anleit. Wissensch. Beob. 367. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 182. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 161 C, f. 2 (Diplanthera).

Characteres tam vegetationis singulares quam florales ample illustravit B. Balf. in dissertatione egregia supra citata. Auctor H. spinulosam, Benth. (Cauliniam spinulosam, Br.) rite e genere excludit, species est forte ad Naiadeas referenda sed floribus adhuc ignotis quoad affinitates dubia remanet. H. Beccarii, Aschers., pariter a Balfourio e genere excluditur ob squamarum sub foliis deficientia; folia tamen frondosa omnino Halophilæ et squamæ minutæ adesse videntur. H. Baillonii, Aschers., et H. Engelmanni, Aschers., species Americanæ, quoad genera omnino dubiæ remanent.

# ORDO CLXVIII. BURMANNIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 163. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 171.

Flores regulares v. in Corsieis parum irregulares, hermaphroditi v. rarissime polygami. Perianthium superum, corollinum, tubo supra ovarium vario rarius obsoleto; limbi segmenta 6 v. 3, inter se libera; 3 exteriora viridiora, inter se sequalia, sestivatione valvata v. induplicata, v. in Corsieis posticum maximum; 3 interiora seepius minora, nunc

minima v. obsoleta, rarius exterioribus similia, inter se semper sequalia. Stamina 3 v. 6, tubo perianthii inserta inclusaque, v. ad faucem affixa et intra tubum deflexa, v. tubo deficiente exserta, filamentis brevibus nunc brevissimis. Antheræ 2-loculares, connectivo varie dilatato v. appendiculato rarius vix evoluto; loculi distincti, transversim v. in longitudinem dehiscentes. Ovarium inferum, nunc 3-loculare placentis axilibus, nunc 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus tubo perianthii inclusus v. tubo deficiente brevissimus, apice in ramos 3 breves sæpius brevissimos crassos vertice stigmatosos divisus. Ovula in quaque placenta numerosissima, minuta. Fructus capsularis, perianthio emarcido v. ejus basi circumscissa coronatus, nunc lateraliter inter costas, nunc vertice irregulariter v. rarius valvatim dehiscens. Semina numerosa, parva, testa tenui nunc adnata, nunc laxa hyalina ultra nucleum utrinque longe producta, exalbuminosa. Embryo semini v. nucleo conformis, specie homogeneus.

Herbæ annuæ v. e rhizomate perenni, erectæ, simplices v. rarissime in ramos paucos divisæ. Folia nunc evoluta, ad basin caulis conferta v. rarius secus caulem sparsa, linearia v. lanceolata, nunc sæpius omnia ad squamas parvas sparsas cauli concolores reducta. Flos unicus terminalis, v. plures in cyma terminali 2-fida v. rarius dichotoma, secus ramos unilateraliter sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, cærulescentes, flavi v. rarius albidi.

Species ad 54, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, usque ad Americam borealem et Chinam extensæ.

Ordo nulli arcte affinis, ovarii et seminum structura hinc Hydrocharideis quibus Martius approximavit, hinc Orchideis uti bene indicavit Miers, accedit. Ab his tamen perianthio sepissime et andreccio semper regularibus longe differt. In tribu Corsicarum perianthii segmentum unum maximum primo aspectu labellum Orchidearum in mentem revocat, sed ad seriem exteriorem pertinet nec ut in Orchideis e segmento interiore cum staminodio verisimiliter confluente sistens.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Buburmanniese. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus 3-gonus v. infundibularis. Stamina 3, intra tubum fere sessilia.
  - \* Ovarium 3-loculare. Caulis foliatus v. aphyllus.
  - 1. Burnania. Perianthii tubus 3-angulatus v. sapius 3-alatus; limbi segmenta interiora exterioribus minora v. 0. Capsula plus minus 3-alata.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop., Amer. bor., China.
  - 2. Campulosiphon. Perianthii tubus angustus, incurvus, exalatus; limbi segmenta omnia subsequalia, linearia. Capsula angusta, exalata.—Brasilia bor.
    - \*\* Ovarium 1-loculare, rarius ima basi divisum. Caules aphylli.
  - 3. GYMNOSIPHON. Perianthii tubus exalatus, post anthesin medio circumscissus. Antherarum connectivum inappendiculatum.—Amer. et Afr. trop., Archip. Malay.
  - 4. DICTYOSTEGIA. Perianthii tubus exalatus, continuus. Antherarum connectivum parum dilatatum.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
  - 5. APPERIA. Perianthii tubus exalatus, 3-sacculatus. Filamenta sub anthera late petaloideo-alata.—Amer. bor. et austr.
- Tribus II. Thismiese. Perianthii tubus obovoideus v. oblongus, ore sæpius constrictus. Stamina 6, antheris inversis intra tubum deflexis, connectivis dilatatis interdum connatis. Caules carnosi, aphylli.
  - 6. Thisma. Perianthii lobi 3 v. omnes subulati, patentes v. recurvi. Antheræ e tubo haud prominentes.—Amer. et Asia trop.
  - 7. Bagnisia. Perianthii lobi 3, unguiculati, apice dilatati, conniventes, calyptram 8-stipitatam formantes. Antherse e tubo haud prominentes.—Nov. Guinea.
  - 8. GROMITRA. Perianthium ad os vix constrictum, cæterum Bagnisiæ. Antheræ basi e tubo param prominentes —Borneo, Java.
- Tribus III. Gersiem. Perianthium 6-partitum, segmento postico maximo lato, cesteris 5 subsequalibus lineari-subulatis. Stamina 6. Caules aphylli.

- 9. Consia. Flores hermsphroditi. Stamina recurvo-patentia. Ovarii placente valde intruse.—Nov. Guinea.
- 10. Arachnites. Flores unisexuales. Filamenta erecto-inflexa. Ovarii placentee parum prominentes.—Chile.

#### GENUS EXCLUSUM.

STEMOMERIS, Planch., inter Dioscoreaceas anomalas quærendum.

# TRIBUS I. EUBURMANNIEÆ.

1. Burmannia, Linn. Gen. n. 397 (Maburnia, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 4).—Perianthii tubus prominenter 3-angulatus v. sæpius 3-alatus; lobi 3 exteriores induplicato-valvati, 3 interiores minores nunc minimi v. 0. Antheræ 3, intra tubum infra lobos interiores subsessiles, connectivo lato supra loculos in cristam integram 2-fidam v. 2-partitam producto; loculi ad latera connectivi prominentes, globosi v. clavati, transversim dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, placentis axilibus; stylus perianthio inclusus, lobis 3 brevibus crassis interdum vix prominentibus vertice stigmatosis; ovula in quaque placenta numerosissima. Capsula perianthio persistente coronata, plus minus 3-alata, inter alas v. costas maturitate varie rupta. Semina minima, oblonga v. fere globosa, testa tenuissima reticulata v. striata, sæpius appressa, rarius laxa et ultra nucleum utrinque longe producta.—Herbæ erectæ, simplices, nunc tenerrimæ, coloratæ, foliis minimis dissitis infimis vix majoribus v. omnibus squamiformibus, nunc rigidiores, foliis inferioribus majoribus, imis ad basin caulis confertis, rarius secus caulem magis evolutis. Flores cærulei albi v. rarius flavi, ad apicem caulis solitarii, v. plures secus ramos cymæ 2-fidæ 1-seriatim erecti.

Species ad 20, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersse, usque ad Americam borealem et Chinam extensse. Walp. Ann. i. 181, vi. 42. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 616. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 272. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 242. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 397. Becc. Malaisia i. 242, t. 14, 15. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 9, t. 5. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 55, t. 7.

TRIPTERELLA, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 19, t. 3 (Vogelia, Gmel. Syst. ii. 107 ad Anonymos, Walt. Fl. Carol. 68 descr.) est species boreali-Americana, tenuis, floribus parvis subcapitatis, perianthii alis fere ad angulos acute prominentes reductis.

TETRAPTERA, Miers in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 172, nomine tantum signata est, cum synonymo Tripterella, Mart. Quantum scimus Martius nullam Tripterellam edidit præter boreali-Americanam, et alæ 4 nunquam in Burmanniaceis observatæ sunt. Nomen igitur Miersianum delendum est.

Gonyanthes, Blume Cat. Gew. Plantent. Buitenz. ex Flora 1825, 123, prius dubie ad Cytineas relata, postea in Enum. Pl. Jav. 28, Burmanniaceis adjuncta, a Burmannia distincta fuit perianthii loborum minorum deficientia, et capsula 1-loculari. Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 379, Gonyanthem distinxit capsula transversim fenestrata nec in longitudinem dehiscente. Perianthii vero lobi in pluribus speciebus Burmanniæ minuti sunt v. omnino evanidi, et in nonnullis a Miersio Gonyanthi relatis certe adsunt. Capsula autem nunquam revera 1-locularis est, etsi dissepimenta inter placentam contralem et parietes maturitate haud raro deliquescunt. Capsulæ fissuræ inter costas seu alas sæpe irregulares sunt, et in charactere ipso Blumei capsula rimis 3 lateralibus dehiscere dicitur. Plantæ habitu nequaquam distinguendæ et Gonyanthes jam a Beccario ad Burmanniam relata, ne pro sectione quidem habenda est.

CRYPTONEMA, Turcs. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosq. 1848, i. 590 nomen ab auctore ibid. 1853, i. 287, in Nephbocollum mutatum, et a Walpersio aliisque lapsu calami Nephrocodium scriptum, est Burmannia oxlestis, Don, Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 91, a speciebus typicis nequaquam distinguenda.

CYANOTIS et CYANANTHUS, Miers in Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 9006, 9007, 9008 (TRIPTERANTHUS, Wall. ms. a Lindleyo et a Miersio citatus), sunt Burmanniæ species Indicæ, a Miersio sub Gonyanthe descriptæ in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 537, t. 38.

B. longifolia, Becc. Malaisia, i. 244, t. 13, e montibus Archipelagi Malayani, insignis est caule perenni alte foliato, basi indurato foliis marcescentibus vestito, et seminum testa reticulata laxa ultra nucleum utrinque longe producta. B. Kalbreyeri, Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1357, est species Colombiana caule ut in B. longifolia perenni alte foliato, sed cyma dichotoma et seminum testa tenui appressa vix apice minute appendiculata.

2. Campylosiphen, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1384.—Perianthii tubus tenuis, incurvus, exalatus; lobi 6, 2-seriati, omnes tamen angusti longiusculi parum inæquales. Antheræ 3, intra tubum infra lobos interiores subsessiles, connectivo latiusculo supra loculos non producto; loculi ad latera connectivi prominentes, transversim in valvas 2 superpositas dehiscentes. Ovarium elongatum, sub-3-quetrum, 6-costatum, 3-loculare, placentis axilibus crassiusculis, septis tenuissimis; stylus perianthio inclusus, apice clavatus, in lobos 3 latos brevissimos vertice stigmatosos subdivisus; ovula in placentis numerosissima. Capsula angusta, incurva, perianthio marcescente coronata, (demum inter costas lateraliter dehiscens?). Semina numerosissima, angulato-globosa, testa appressa.—Herba tenuis, aphylla, succulenta, caule simplici v. apice 2-fido, squamis nunc numerosis linearibus sub-imbricatis nunc minimis sparsis instructo. Flores ratione plantæ longiusculi, insigniter incurvi, in racemo simplici v. 2-fido ad axillas bractearum membranaceo-scariosarum breviter pedicellati.

Species I, in sylvis humidis Brasilise borealis a Spruceo et a Traillio lecta.

3. Symnosiphon, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 29. (Ptychomeria, Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 14. Benitzia, Karst. in Linnæa xxviii. 420).—Perianthii tubus elongatus, exalatus, infra apicem demum circumscissus; lobi 3 exteriores lati, induplicato-valvati, lateraliter interdum fere in lobulos expansi; 3 interiores parvi v. 0. Antheræ 3, intra partem deciduam tubi infra lobos interiores subsessiles v. filamento brevissimo fultæ; loculi ad latera connectivi inappendiculati crassi, transversim dehiscentes. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus perianthio inclusus, apice in lobos 3 breves incrassato-dilatatos vertice stigmatosos interdumque 2-cornutos v. 2-aristatos divisus, ovula placentas dense obtegentia. Capsula subglobosa, turbinata v. oblonga, perianthii tubi parte persistente coronata, apice demum irregulariter rupta v. simul rimis lateralibus dehiscens. Semina minima, angulato-globosa, varie rugosa, testa appressa exappendiculata.—Herbæ annuæ (v. rhizomate perenni ?) teneræ, coloratæ v. hyalinæ, caule erecto simplici, foliis omnibus ad squamulas parvas concolores reductis. Flores parvuli, in cyma bifida sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, sæpissime erecti, interdum tamen patentes v. subnutantes; cyma nunc laxa, ramis elongatis floribus dissitis, nunc fere in capitulum contracta.

Species ad 12, quarum 2 v. 3 Archipelagi Malayani, 1 Africæ tropicæ, incolæ, cæteræ omnes Americanæ tropicæ. Walp. Ann. vi. 38 (Ptychomeria) et 41 (Benitzia). Beccari, Malaisia, i. 240, t. 14. CYMBOCARFA, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 543, t. 38, f. 4, est G. refractus, species Brasiliensis, quæ a genere nequaquam differt nisi capsula plus minus refracta, interdumque nec semper inæqualiter maturescens. Styli rami 2-cornuti v. 2-aristati observantur etiam in G. cymoso, G. divaricato et G. cornuto.

4. Dietyestegia, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 538, t. 37.—Perianthii tubus exalatus, continuus; lobi 3 exteriores valvati, 3 interiores minores. Antheræ 3, intra tubum infra lobos interiores ad cavitates parum conspicuas fere sessiles; loculi ad latera connectivi parum dilatati prominentes, subglobosi, transversim dehiscentes. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus v. interdum basi placentis medio connatis breviter 3-loculare; stylus perianthio inclusus, apice in lobos 3 breves crassos vertice stigmatosos divisus; ovula numerosa, in placentis conferta. Capsula globosa, perianthio supra capsulam plus minus constricto sed persistente coronata, demum inter placentas varie rupta, rarius distincte 3-valvis. Semina minima, linearia; testa tenuissima, hyalina, reticulata, laxa, nucleo centrali subgloboso 4-6-plo longior.—Herbæ teneræ, coloratæ, caule simplici v. subramoso, foliis ad squamulas parvas concolores reductis, rhizomate interdum parvo oblongo fere tuberiformi. Flores in cyma 2-fida v. rarius in racemo simplici pedicellati, anthesi peracta sæpissime nutantes.

Species 4 v. 5, America et Africa tropica incola. Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 13. Karst. in Linnaa, xxviii. 421. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 254 (Apteria).

5. Apterta, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Nat. Sc. Philad. vii. 64, t. 9 (Stemoptera, Miers in Proc. Linn. Soc. i. 62).—Perianthii tubus exalatus, continuus, infra lobos interiores in

saccula 3 lata excavatus; lobi 3 exteriores ovati subvalvati, 3 interiores minores erecti. Stamina 3, intra tubum ad basin sacculorum affixa, filamentis utrinque late petaloideo-alatis; antheræ ad apicem filamenti tubo inclusæ; loculi divaricati, plus minus lateraliter stipitati, transversim dehiscentes fere 2-lobi. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis; stylus perianthio inclusus, apice in lobos 3 breves crassos divergentes vertice stigmatosos divisus; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa. Capsula obovoideo-subglobosa, perianthio marcescente v. deciduo denudata, demum ad latera inter costas rupta, (v. fide Miersii apice 3-valvis). Semina minima, obovoideo-oblonga, testa reticulata, laxa, nucleum vix superante.—Herba tenera, colorata, caule erecto simplici v. subramoso, foliis ad squamulas parvas concolores reductis. Flores quam in Gymnosiphone et Dictyostegia sepius majores, solitarii v. pauci, pedicellati, nutantes.

Species editæ 3, omnes tamen unius varietates videntur, nec nisi magnitudine plantæ v. floris differunt, Americæ borealis et tropicæ incolæ. Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 545, t. 38. Miq. Stirp. Surin. 216, t. 65. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 660.

# TRIBUS II. THISMIEÆ.

6. Trismia, Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 341, t. 39.—Perianthii tubus ovoideo-campanulatus v. turbinatus, ore constrictus; lobi 6, nunc omnes longe subulati crassiusculi demum recurvi, nunc 3 subulati, 3 alterni breves ovati. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, intra tubum deflexa, filamentis brevissimis, connectivis late membranaceo-dilatatis, in tubum deflexum connatis v. conniventibus, antherarum loculos distinctos parallelos occultantibus. Ovarium breve, latum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus mox a pariete solutis in cavo ovarii columnaribus; stylus brevissimus conicus v. parum elongatus, stigmatibus 3 crassiusculis erectis; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa. Fructus turbinatus, vertice cum perianthio demum circumscisse deciduo cupulatus remanet, pericarpio crasso. Semina numerosa, ovoidea v. subglobosa, rugosa, testa adnata.—Herbæ breves, carnosæ, coloratæ, simplices v. rarius divisæ, foliis omnibus ad squamellas concolores reductis. Flos terminalis, ratione plantæ magnus, v. rarius flores plures breviter pedicellati racemum brevem formant.

Species, si rite omnes in genere unico conservatæ, 7 v. 8, quarum 2 Americæ tropicæ, cæteræ Zeylaniæ, Burmæ v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.

Species typica, T. Brunoniana, Griff. l. c., a exeteris differt caule plurifloro. Huic addidit Hook. f. in Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 325, T. Gardnerianam (quæ T. Brunoniana, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. t. 15, f. 20, 21, non Griff.) c Zeylania, et Beccari in Malaisia i. 251, t. 11, 12, species 3 Borneenses. Ab his generice distinguere nequimus plantas 2 Brasilieuses, nobis quidem non nisi iconibus et descriptione Miersii notus, viz., Ophiomeris, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 373, t. 15, perianthio incurvo, et Myostoma, Miers, l. c. xxv. 474, t. 57.

7. Bagnisia, Beccari, Malaisia, i. 249, t. 12.—Perianthii tubus amplus, obovoideooblongus, ore constrictus; lobi 3, unguiculati, apice dilatato conniventes, calyptram
3-stipitatam formantes, dentibus 3 parvis cum unguibus alternis. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, intra tubum deflexa; antheræ subsessiles, connectivis maximis membranaceis in tubum deflexum connatis; loculi parvi, distincti, adnati. Ovarium breve, latum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus brevissimus, conicus, stigmatibus 3 brevibus crassiusculis sub-2-fidis patentibus; ovula in quaque placenta numerosissima. Fructus turbinatocupulatus, perianthio circumscisse deciduo truncatus, v. margine parum elevato cinctus.
Semina . . . —Herba carnosa, humilis, colorata, foliis omnibus ad squamas reductis, quarum 1-2 sub flore paullo majores bracteiformes. Flos ratione plantæ magnus Thismiseformis.

Species 1, Novæ Guineæ incola.

Sarcosiphon, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 65, t. 18, est verisimiliter, ut jam indicavit Beccari, specimen defloratum Bagnisiæ vel Geomitræ, perianthio jam delapso, ovario solo cum stylo superstante et pro flore fomineo descripto.

8. Geomitra, Beccari, Malaisia, i. 250, t. 10, 11.—Perianthii tubus amplus, obovoideo-oblongus, ore vix constrictus; lobi 3, unguiculati, superne dilatati conniventesque, supra

dilatationem nudi v. in acumina crasse subulata producti, calyptram 3-stipitatam formantes, dentibus 3 minimis cum unguibus alternis. Stamina 6, fauci affixa breviterque exserta, dein abrupte decurva et intra tribum deflexa, filamentis brevissimis crassis; antheree intra tubum connectivis maximis membranaceo-dilatatis connatæ; loculi parvi, distincti, adnati. Ovarium breve, latum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 jam sub anthesi liberis columnaribus; stylus brevis, stigmatibus 3 brevibus crassis emarginatis; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa. Fructus carnosus, turbinatus, perianthio circumscisse deciduo truncatus, vertice centro dehiscens. Semina minuta.—Herbæ carnosæ, aphyllæ, habitu Bagmisæ simillimæ. (Char. ex Beccari.)

Species 2, altera Borneensis, altera Javensis, a nobis non visæ. Genus forte melius Bagnisiæ adjungendum.

#### TRIBUS III. CORSIEÆ.

9. Corsia, Beccari, Malaisia, i. 238, t. 9.—Perianthium 6-partitum; segmenta sub-2-seriata, postico (seriei exterioris) maximo cordato-subrotundo, cæteris 5 subæqualibus longe lineari-subulatis reflexo-patentibus basi intus callo semilunari instructis. Stamina 6, intra segmenta epigyna, filamentis liberis brevibus crassiusculis recurvo-patentibus; antheræ terminales, loculis parallelis contiguis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis tamen 3 parietalibus valde intrusis 2-fidisque fere in loculos 3 divisum; stylus brevis, crassus, stigmatibus 3 brevissimis crassis; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa. Capsula elongata, cylindracea, genitalium exuviis coronata, placentis induratis, in valvas 3 dehiscens. Semina . . . —Herba e rhizomate perenni tenera, erecta, simplex, colorata, foliis ad squamas concolores reductis. Flos unicus, terminalis.

Species 1, Novæ Guineæ incola.

10. Arachmites, Philippi in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 217, et in Verh. Zool. Bot. Gesellsch. Wien. xv. 517, t. 12.—Flores abortu unisexuales. Perianthium 6-partitum; segmenta sub-2-seriata, postico (seriei exterioris) maximo ovato-lanceolato erecto v. incurvo, costa media basi glanduloso-incrassata, cæteris 5 subæqualibus longis lineari-subulatis patentibus. Stamina in flore δ (a nobis non viso) 6, filamentis brevibus liberis crassiusculis erecto-inflexis; antheræ rima unica dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum sub perianthio tenue, styli rudimentum ovoideum, fissuris 3 notatum. Staminodia in flore φ minima ad basin segmentorum. Ovarium inferum, breve, latum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis; styli 3, breves, crassi, vertice stigmatosi; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa. Capsula globosa v. aperta, cupularis, vertice dehiscens. Semina numerosa, minima; testa laxa, reticulata, ultra nucleum parvum utrinque longe producta; embryo specie homogeneus.—Herba e rhizomate (ex icone fasciculato-tuberoso) tenuis, erecta, simplex, colorata, foliis ad squamas concolores reductis. Flos unicus, terminalis.

Species 1, provinciæ Valdivianæ Chilensis incola. Specimina nostra jam deflorata fructifera, perianthio marcescente.

# ORDO CLXIX. ORCHIDEÆ.

Endl. Gen. 185. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 173; Gen. et Sp. Orch., 8vo, Londini, 1830-40. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. et Jap., folio, Amsterdam, 1858. Reichb. f. Ken. Orch., 4to, Leipzig, 1858-81. Pfitzer, Grundzüge einer vergleichenden Morphologie der Orchideen, 4to, 1881. Opera præterea plurima, pulchre illustrata, imprimis hortensia, cum opusculis numerosis auctorum variorum.

Flores hermaphroditi v. rarissime subpolygami, irregulares. Perianthium superum, e segmentis 6 petaloideis v. præsertim exterioribus herbaceis liberis v. inter se varie connatis

constans; 3 exteriora, Sepala dicta, setivatione leviter imbricata v. rarius subvalvata, quorum extimum seu posticum (flore a latere aperto spectato) ad normam inferum seu a rhachi remotum, torsione tamen ovarii v. pedicelli sæpius superum liberumque; lateralia inter se sequalia, postico similia v. difformia, libera v. inter se varie connata, v. rarius omnia inter se plus minus connata. Ex interioribus 2 lateralia, Petala dicta (tepala, Reichb. f.), cum sepalo postico lateralibusque alterna inter se similia et æqualia, sepalis similia v. sæpius minora tenuiora magisque colorata, interdum tamen majora, v. rarius minuta v. omnino abortientia; tertium sepalis lateralibus alternum, Labellum dictum, valde polymorphum, rarissime petalis simile, ab iis sæpissime differt, tam forma exteriore, quam lobis callis lamellisve (staminum abortientium rudimentis adnatis?) quibus appendiculatum. Stamina ad normam rationalem 6, 2-seriata, sed abortu ad 3, 2, v. sæpissime 1 reducta; 2 lateralia exteriora cum antico interiore omnino desunt, nisi pro staminodiis haberes appendices labelli; posticum seriei exterioris sepissime perfectum, et lateralia seriei interioris, que sepissime (Cypripedieis exceptis) ad staminodia reducta nisi omnino abortiva, cum stylo connatum, gynostemium formant centrale v. sepalo postico magis approximatum, quod constat e columna tereti v. antice complanata sulcata 2-angulata v. 2-alata, cum clinandrio postico et rostello antico terminalibus. Clinandrium (androclinium, auct. nonnull.) interdum vix prominens, sæpe plus minus elevatum, membranaceum et cum alis columnæ continuum vorisimiliter marginem liberum indicat filamentorum 3 superiorum stylo adnatorum. Anthera perfecta seepius 1, postica (rarius 2 laterales), margini v. intra marginem clinandrii affixa, articulata v. adnata, erecta incumbens v. rarius prona v. reflexa, introrsum 2-locularis, loculis distinctis parallelis rarius divergentibus v. divaricatis, rima longitudinali 2-valvatim dehiscentibus v. in Vandeis plurimis in unum confluentibus. Pollen constat e granulis sæpissime per 4 compositis, nunc filis elasticis laxe connexis, nunc sæpius omnibus v. pro maxima parte in massas 2, 4, 6 v. 8 (in quoque loculo 1-4) pollinia dictas arcte v. laxe conferta; hæc pollinia variant solida (cerea dicta) pulverea, farinacea v. in granulas grossas subregulariter sectilia, globosa oblonga v. same pyriformia v. apice basive in acumen breve v. caudiculam longam producta, ante dehiscentiam in quoque loculo libera v. appendice (a caudicula vera distinguenda) e pollinis parte laxiore constante connexa; per dehiscentiam et sæpe jam in alabastro pollinia plus minus visco tenui extensivo (e rostello emisso?) induuntur quo mediante rostelli dorso v. insectis aliisve corporibus fortuiter adhærent, v. (in Vandeis, Ophrydeis generibusque aliis paucis) glandulam viscosam polymorpham sæpe in stipitem (errore caudiculam dictam) productam a rostelli dorso solvendam auferunt, et pollinarium efficiunt liberum, facile insectis aliisve corporibus extraneis adhærens. Ovarium inferum, 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus, v. in Cypripedieis paucis perfecte 3-loculare placentis axilibus, interdum supra loculum in collum seu tubum vacuum ad perianthii basin clausum productum. Stylus columna inclusus, filamentorum tubo adnato velatus, antice tamen inter alas v. costas columnæ verisimiliter nudus, ad apicem columnæ plus minus in rostellum productus horizontale v. erectum, antheram a stigmate separans, et supra v. dorso sæpius viscosum v. glandulam v. stipitem viscosum pollen excipientem exserens. Stigma in facie columnæ inter alas v. costas sæpius paullo infra rostellum situm, rarius ad basin columnæ v. ad apicem rostelli subterminale leviterque antrorsum inclinatum, variat nunc latum profunde concavum v. crasse pulvinatum, nunc angustum transversum v. longitudinale, interdum didymum v. 2-partitum v. brachiis 2 appendiculatum. Ovula in placentis numerosissima, minuta. Fructus capsularis, rarius carnosulus subindehiscens, seepius rimis longitudinalibus 3 v. 6 dehiscens, valvis apice basique diu v. omnino cohærentibus v. demum ab apice patentibus v. omnino solvendis. Semina numerosissima, minuta, testa laxa reticulata hyalina sæpe apice basique producta rarius in alam latam expansa. nucleo solido specie homogeneo.

Herbæ perennes, nunc terrestres rhizomate brevi v. repente fibras sæpe carnosulas emittente et quotannis continuo, v. varie tuberifero tuberibus solis perennantibus, nunc epiphyticæ caudice (v. rhizomate aerio) sæpius annulato et plus minus vaginis scariosis obtecto arboribus v. saxis mediantibus radicibus adventitiis sæpe carnosulis adhærente.

Caules v. rami foliati v. florentes, v. scapi aphylli e nodis v. ex apice rhisomatis caudicis v. tuberis annotini evoluti, ssepius erecti, simplices v. rarius parce ramosi, annui v. monocarpici v. interdum gemma terminali perennantes in Epidendreis Vandeisque haud raro basi v. supra basin in pseudobulbum carnosum incrassati. Folia nunc in caule v. ramo florifero solitaria v. ad basin caulis plura conferta v. rarius per paria valde approximata specie opposita, nunc secus caulem alterna ssepius disticha, supinum ssepe v. in scapo aphyllo omnia ad vaginas reducta, v. in pseudobulbo v. ramo sterili brevi solitaria gemina v. pauca, fere semper basi vagina clausa caulem amplectentia; lamina in vaginam petiolata v. sessilis, membranacea coriacea v. carnosa, integerrima, interdum venis majoribus valde prominentibus plicata. Flores in pedunculo simplici v. secus ramos paniculæ spicati racemosi v. solitari, singuli bractea subtensi, pedicello ebracteolato. Pedunculus communis nunc in caule foliato v. scapo vaginato terminalis, nunc in caule v. ramo distichophyllo axillaris v. lateralis specie suboppositifolius, sed verisimiliter revera ad basin vaginæ axillares infra laminam e vagina erumpens. Inflorescentia cæterum polymorpha, interdum in capitulum sessile conferta v. in paniculam amplam laxissime diffusa.

Species notæ inter 4,500 et 5,000 bene distinguendæ, editæ multo numerosiores, sed plurimæ e speciminibus imperfectis descriptæ v. pro varietatibus hortensibus v. silvestribus formis hybridis habendæ certe delendæ, silvestres per regiones temperatas calidioresque utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in alpibus frigidis raræ, in Arcticis Antarcticisque desunt. Epidendreæ et Vundeæ pro maxima parte inter tropicos vigent, Ophrydeæ pleræque regiones extratropicas tam australes quam boreales incolunt, Neottieæ et Cypripedieæ aliæ inter tropicos aliæ in regiones temperatas inveniuntur.

Generum numerosorum distributio methodica opus est difficillimum et adhuc valde imperfectum. Divisio primaria ex antheræ et pollinarii indole, a Brownio indicata, et a Lindleyo exsecuta adhuc parum mutata remanet. Si Malaxideas Lindleyi cum Epidendreis jungimus, Arethuseas cum Neottieis, et Apostasicas cum Cypripedieis, tribus adsunt quatuor characteribus definitis limitatæ et vix generibus perpaucis parvis subintermediis junctæ; subtribus tamen interdum limitibus valde incertis circumscriptæ et genera perplurima male definita v. nimis artificialia sunt, nec facile emendantur. Characteres evidentiores e forma appendicibusque labelli et columnæ sæpe cum affinitate naturali minime conveniunt, et validiores ex anthera pollinario rostello et stigmate in speciminibus siccis male observantur. Pfitzer, organa vegetationis Orchidearum adhuc nimis neglecta diligenter scrutatus, in commentatione supra citata ordinis divisiones proposuit ad vegetationis variationes solas limitatos. Hi quidem characteres sæpe magni valoris evadunt, sed rarius ad genera v. tribus definienda sufficiunt, et systema ulterius probandum et cum Lindleyano nostroque imprimis ad florum structuram erectis sedulo comparandum. De capsula et seminum variationibus confer Beer, 'Beitr. zur Morphologie und Biologie der Orchideen,' Wien, 1863, tabb, 12.

Orchidese hodie, ornamenti gratia copiosissime coluntur, et perplurimse in diariis hortulanorum descriptse delineatseque sunt. Species tamen verse a hortulanis ssepissime cum varietatibus hortensibus v. formis hybridis confusse, et quas in Gardener's Chronicle aliisque diariis hortulanorum descriptse v. in operibus ad formas cultas solas illustrandas delineatse hic sub silentio præterimus et ad Enumerationem Orchidearum cultarum rejicimus a Hemsley in Gard. Chron. 1881 inceptam et in voluminibus sequentibus hinc inde continuatum. Species etiam plures Australienses novas nuperrime descripsit Fitzgerald in codem diario.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Labellum (staminodiorum rudimentis orbatum?) petalis simile constanter in Thelymitra (et in Argyrorchi?) et in formis abnormibus generum nonnullorum aliorum, e.g. Dendrobium (Aclinia), Spathoglottis (Paxtonia), Selenipedium (Uropedium), etc.

Antheræ 2 laterales perfectse, constanter in Cypripedisis, rarius in formis abnormibus generum nonnullorum aliorum, e.g. in Arundina (Dilochia).

Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare in Selenipedio, Apostasia, et Neuwiedia.

Fructus carnosus vix v. tardius dehiscens in Vanillearum speciebus nonnullis.

# CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM (exceptis neglectis).

Tribus L. Epidemdrees. Anthera 1, postica, opercularis, sæpius incumbens, loculis distinctis parallelis. Pollinia cerca, 1-2-seriatim parallels, in quaque serie 2 v. 4 (in quoque loculo 1-4),

libera v. visco parco v. appendicula granulosa in quoque loculo connexa, rarissime v. casu tantum rostello affixa.

Subtribus 1. Pleurothalleæ. Caulis ebulbosus, folio unico et inflorescentia terminatus.

Subtribus 2. Malaxom. Inflorescentia terminalis. Anthera erecta v. prona sape persistens nec

Subtribus 3. Lipariem. Inflorescentia terminalis. Pollinia 4, rarius 8, subæqualia, conferta, sæpius libera, inappendiculata.

Subtribus 4. Dendrobieæ. Inflorescentia lateralis v. pseudoterminalis v. in scapo distincto aphyllo. Pollinia 4, rarius 2, 1-seriata, parallela, inappendiculata.

Subtribus 5. Eriex. Inflorescentia lateralis v. pscudoterminalis v. in scapo distincto aphyllo. Pollinia 8, subaqualia, conferta, vix v. non appendiculata.

Subtribus 6. Bletiez. Inflorescentia lateralis v. rarius terminalis. Pollinia 2-seriata (rarius 1-seriata), in quaque serie 4, parallela, omnia ascendentia, appendicula granulosa connexa.

Subtribus 7. Cœlogyneæ. Inflorescentia terminalis. Pollinia 8 v. 4, subæqualia, conferta, visco v. appendicula parca connexa.

Subtribus 8. Stenoglossen. Inflorescentia terminalis. Pollinia 4, 6, v. 8, in locellis distinctis 1-2-seriata, libera v. visco tenui connexa.

Subtribus 9. Lælieæ. Inflorescentia sæpissime terminalis. Pollinia 1-2-seriata, in quaque serie 4, collateralia, parallele compressa, appendicula granulosa connexa, inferiora ascendentia, superiora dum adsint descendentia.

Tribus II. Vandess. Anthera 1, postica, opercularis, rostello incumbens v. applicita, loculis sub anthesi sapissime confluentibus. Pollinia cerea, sapissime 2 v. 4, per paria sibimet applicita anticum postico, anthera dehiscente (sapius jam in alabastro) rostelli processu (glandulæ v. stipiti) sigillatim v. per paria affixa, quocum pollinarium liberum efficiunt.

Subtribus 1. Eulophieæ. Folia pseudobulborum plicato-venosa. Scapi florentes aphylli v. foliati. Labellum calcaratum.

Subtribus 2. Cymbidicæ. Folia pseudobulborum plicato-venosa. Scapi florentes aphylli v. foliati. Labellum ecalcaratum. Columna sæpissime apoda.

Subtribus 3. Cyrtopodieæ. Folia pseudobulborum plicato-venosa. Scapi florentes aphylli. Columna sæpissime in pedem producta.

Subtribus 4. Stanhopiex. Folia pseudobulborum plicato-venosa. Scapi florentes aphylli. Columna sæpius apodu. Labellum carnosum.

Subtribus 5. Maxillarione. Folia non plicata. Sapi florentes aphylli v. pedunculi axillares. Columna in pedem producta.

Subtribus 6. Oncidieze. Folia non plicata. Scapi florentes aphylli v. pedunculi axillares. Columna apoda.

Subtribus 7. Sarcanthem. Caules ebulbosi, distichophylli (rarius aphylli), radicantes. Folia non plicata. Pedunculi laterales v. axillares.

Subtribus 8. Podochilew. Rostellum terminale, erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, postice (v. supra) sæpiæs concavum ancheram fovens. Pollinarii stipes simplex v. duplex, angustus v. apice dilatatus, ab apice rostelli pendulus.

Tribus III. Weettiess. Anthera 1, postica, opercularis v. erecta persistensque, loculis distinctis parallelis. Pollinia granulosa, pulverea v. sectilia. Caules ebulbosi.

Subtribus 1. Vanillew. Caules elati, sæpe ramosi, erecti v. alte scandentes. Racemi v. paniculæ terminales v. simul axillares. Anthera subopercularis, rostello brevi incumbens.

Subtribus 2. Corymbiese. Caules elati, interdum ramosi, foliis amplis. Racemi v. paniculæ terminales. Anthera crecta, rostello erecto parallela.

Subtribus 3. Spirauthem. Caules simplices, erecti, foliis membranaceis (rarius 0), rhizomate non tuberifero, Anthera erecta v. antroreum inclinata, rostello longiusculo parallela.

Subtribus 4. Diurien. Caules simplices, erecti, aphylli, 1-foliati v. rarius paucifoliati, rhizomate varie tuberifero. Anthera erecta v. antrorsum melinata, rostello brevi v. rarius longiusculo.

Subtribus 5. Arethusene. Caules simplices, erecti, aphylli, 1 foliati v. rarissime paucifoliati, rhizomals sepius varie tuberifero. Anthera opercularis, incumbens v. suberecta.

Subtribus 6. Limodoress. Caules simplices, erecti, foliati v. rarius aphylli, rhizomate non tuberifero. Anthera opercularis, incumbens v. suberecta.

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Tribus IV. Ophrydess. Anthera 1, postica, erecta prona v. reflexa, loculis parallelis v. divergentibus distinctis clinandrio adnatis basique seepe in rostello continuis. Pollinia granulosa, in quoque loculo basi in caudiculam producta, caudiculis anthera dehiscente extremitate glandule a rostello solvende affixis, quacum pollinarium deciduum efficiunt.

Subtribus 1. Euophrydene. Anthera erecta. Pollinarii glandulæ in sacculo a dorso rostello elevato inclusæ.

Subtribus 2. Habenarieze. Anthera erecta. Pollinarii glandulæ nudæ v. rarius rostelli lobis canaliculatis v. apice inflexis semi-inclusæ.

Subtribus 3. Disex. Anthera reclinata v. in dorso columnæ reflexa, rarius suberecta. Stigma amplum, nuno pseudoterminale nunc ab anthera distans labello subadnatum.

Subtribus 4. Corycieæ. Sepalum posticum cum petalis sæpius latis in galeam cohærens. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum, ultra antheram varie productum v. appendiculatum.

Tribus V. Cypripediese. Anthere 2 ad latera rostelli (styli) sessiles v. stipitatæ, polline granuloso; anthera postica in antheridium polymorphum mutata, rarius perfecta v. omnino deficiens.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Epidendress. Anthera unica, terminalis, postica, opercularis, supra rostellum horizontale incumbens, v. rarissime (in Malaxeis) prona v. a rostello aversa, post dehiscentiam sepissime decidua; loculi 2, distincti, paralleli, interdum septis longitudinalibus 2-locellati, v. longitudinaliter transverseque in locellos 4 divisi. Pollinia corea, nunc 2 v. 4 (in quoque loculo 1 v. 2) 1-seriata, nunc 4 v. 8 rarius 6 (in quoque loculo 2, 4 v. rarius 3) 2-seriatim superposita, in quaque serie semper æqualia et parallela, seriei superioris sæpe inferioribus minora, omnia utrinque obtusa v. superne acuminata rarius in caudiculas producta, libera v. intra loculos appendicula granulosa connexa, v. per dehiscentiam anthera visco tenui extensivo (sæpius e rostello exsudente) juncta, post dehiscentiam rarissime v. casu tantum rostello affixa. - Herbæ pro magna parte epiphyticæ, rhizomate v. caudice cauliformi repente radicante, haud raro pseudobulbosæ, interdum vero terrestres; tubera tamen hypogea perrara.

Excepta: Pollinia stipiti e rostello oriundo affixa in Tipularia et Oreorchi.

Subtribus 1. Pleurothallew. Caules tenues v. brevissimi, non pseudohulbosi, caspitosi v. in rhizomate v. caudice cauliformi repente sparsi, folio unico sessili v. rarius petiolato nunquam vaginante terminati, infra folium vaginis 1-\infty sæpius stipati. Pedunevli 1-\infty-flori, ad apicem caulis ad axillam folii solitarii v. fasciculati, interdum hasi (supra folium) vagina spathacea stipati. Pollinia 2, 4 v. 8, inappendiculata, sæpius parva, subglobosa ovoidea v. pyriformia, lihera v. demum apicibus vieco parco tenui connexis.

In Masdevallia et in paucis speciebus aliorum generum caulis infra folium brevissimus est v. vix evolutus, et pedunculus (scu scapus) et folii petiolus in rhizomate collateraliter affixi apparent, revera tamen ex cadem gemma evolvuntur, vagina communi stipati, et pedunculus ad normam terminalis est.

#### \* Pollmia 2 v. 4.

- 1. Pleurothallis. Sepala erecta, conniventia v. subpatentia. Petala breviora v. angustiora. sæpe nana. Labellum in basi columnæ sæpius articulatum. Pollinia 2. Folium sæpius sessile. Pedunculi v. flores sæpius fasciculati.—Amer. trop.
- 2. STELIS. Sepala patentia. Petala parva, basi sæpius columnam amplectentia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum. Pollinia 2. Folium petiolatum. Racemi sæpius solitarii.— Amer. trop.
- 3. Рихвозірнов. Sepala basi in tubum connata. Petala parva. Labellum cum basi columnæ articulatum. Pollinia 2. Racemi solitarii.—Amer. trop.
- 4. LEPANTHES. Sepala patentia. Petals parva, unguibus columnæ adnatis, laminis transverse oblongis. Labellum sæpe basi columnæ adnatum, lamina divaricato-2-loba. Pollinia 2. Folium sæssile, vaginis infra folium plurimis minimis. Pedunculi sæpe fasciculati.—Amer. trop.
- 5. RESTREFIA. Sepala erecta v. patentia. Petala sepius filiformia. Labellum in basi columnæ articulatum. Columnæ elongata. Pollinia 4. Pedunculi 1-flori, solitarii v. plures.—
  Amer. trop.

- 6.? Brackionidium. Sepala acuminata v. caudata. Petala subsimilia, paullo minora. Pollinia . . . Folii petiolus cum pedunculo v. scapo vagina unica stipatus, caulibus vix infra vaginam evolutis secus rhizoma seu caudicem elongatum sparsis.—Andes Amer. austr.
- 7. MASDEVALLIA. Sepala basi in tubum conniventia v. a basi patentia, apicibus acuminatis v. caudatis patentibus. Petala sæpius parva. Pollinia 2, sæpe 2-partibilia. Folii petiolus cum scapo vagina unica stipatus, caulibus vix infra vaginam evolutis, confertis.—Amer. austr. et centr.

# \*\* Pollinia 8.

- 8. ARPOPHYLLUM. Caulis longiusculus, vaginis amplis. Spica longa cylindracea, dense floribunda. Clinandrium latum, rostello lato brevius. Mexico, Amer. centr., Jamaica.
- 9. OCTOMERIA. Caulis evolutus. Folium oblongum v. lineare. Flores dense fasciculati v. capitati, fasciculo v. capitulo sessili. Clinandrium rotundatum, rostello brevi.—Amer. trop. or., Ind. occid.
- 10.? METRACYLLIUM. Caules in rhizomate repente brevissimi v. vix evoluti. Folium sessile, latum, cordatum. Flores pauci, breviter pedicellati. Clinandrium sub rostello reclinato suboccultum.—Mexico, Amer. centr.
- Subtribus 2. Malaxeæ. Caules basi sæpe pseudobulbosi, foliis 1-3 in vaginam clausam angustatis. Flores parvi sæpe minimi, in racemo simplici terminali. Anthera erecta v. a rostello aversa v. prona, post pollinia delapsa sæpe persistens, loculis sursum dehiscentibus. Pollinia 4, inappendiculata, libera v. apicibus visco parco per paria connexis.
  - 11. MALAXIS. Caules 1-2-foliati, racemo terminali. Innovationes ab apice pseudobulbi annotini oriundæ. Petula parva, latiuscula. Labellum basi cordatum, columnam amplectens.—Europa.
  - 12. Microstylis. Caules 1-3-foliati, racemo terminali. Innovationes a basi pseudobulbi annotini oriundæ. Petala angusta, sepalis subæquilonga. Labellum basi cordatum v. auriculatum, columnam amplectens. Europa, Asia, ins. Pacific. Amer. bor. et austr.

(Confer etiam 25, Sunipiam, anthera Malaxearum, habitu Bulbophylli.)

Subtribus 3. Lipariese. Caulis sape pseudohulbosus, 1-∞-foliatus v. aphyllus, racemo terminali. Columna in generibus normalihus apoda. Pollinia (excepto Hexalectri) 4, 2-seriata, inappendiculata, apicibus haud raro acuminatis v. etiam breviter caudiculatis, post dehiscentiam libera v. subfasciculata, visco perparco tenui juncta.

Subtribus ab *Ericis* differt imprimis inflorescentia terminali, a *Calogyncis*, polliniis sæpissime liberis inappendiculatis et sæpius habitu tenuiore v. humili, caule sæpius 1-foliato v. aphyllo.

- \* Genera normalia, polliniis 4 liberis v. visco perparco demum fasciculatis.
- 13. OBERONIA. Caulis non pseudobulbosus. Folia plura, disticha, vaginis compressis equitantia. Flores minimi, dense cylindraceo-spicati. Columna brevissima.—Asia trop., ins. Mascar. et maris Pacif., Australia.
- 14. LIPARIS. Caulis interdum pseudobulbosus, 1-foliatus v. folia pauca in petiolum vaginantem contracta. Flores parvi, racemosi. Columna longiuscula, semiteres v. superne 2-alata, non brachiata.— Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et calid.
- 15. PLATYCLINIS. Caulis vix v. anguste pseudobulbosus, 1-foliatus. Flores parvi, racemosi. Columna brevis, brachiis 2 longiusculis instructa.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 16. Calypso. Caulis sæpius pseudobulbosus, 1-foliatus, 1-florus. Labellum sepalis longius, lobis lateralibus superne supra lobum medium saccatum connatis. Columna brevis, late alata. Europa, Asia et America reg. boreales.
- 17. APLECTRUM. Caulis pseudobulbosus, 1-foliatus; post folium emarcidum scapifer, floribus racemosis. Labellum sepalis æquilongum. Columna longiuscula, exalata, apoda.—Amer. bor.
- 18. Corallorhiza. Caulis e rhizomate ramoso coralliformi aphyllus, floribus racemosis. Columna in pedem producta, basi et apice anguste 2-alata.—Europa, Asia temp., Amer. bor., Mexico.
  - \*\* Genera habitu Corallorhiza, pollinario anomalo.
- 19. TIPULARIA. Caulis pseudobulbosus, 1-foliatus, floribus racemosis. Labellum longe calcaratum. Columna anguste 2-alata. Pollinia 4, demum stipiti filiformi affixa.—Amer. bor., Himaloyo.

- 20. Orboroms. Caulis pseudobulbosus, foliis 1-2 angustis. Flores racemosi. Labellum ecalcaratum. Columna elongata, exalata, apoda. Pollinia 4, demum stipiti filiformi affixa.—Asia montana et or.
- 21. HEXALECTRIS. Caulis e rhisomate ramoso aphyllus, floribus racemosis. Columna anguste 2-alata, apoda. Pollinia 8, visco granuloso in fasciculum connexa.—Amer. bor., Mexico.

Subtribus 4. Dendrobiez. Caulis sepius pseudobulbosus v. carnosus. Pedunculi luterales v. (ex axilla summa oriundi) 1.s. udoterminales, v. scapi aphylli a caule v. pseudobulbo foliato distincti. Columna basi in pedem plus minus producta. Pollinia 2 v. 4 1-seriata, equalia, parallela, utrinque obtusa inappendiculata, in quoque loculo nunc solitaria ovoidea v. globosa longitudinaliter sulcata, nunc gemina parallele compressiusculu.

Excepta: Anthera in Sunipia prona a rostello aversa.

- Pedunculi (racemiferi v. 1-flori) in caule foliato v. suh anthesi defuliato laterales v. pseudoterminales, v. in caule abbreviato v. pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato specie (nec vere?) terminales.
  - 22. Dendrobium. Labellum basi in unguem pedi columnæ incumbentem v. adnatum brevissime v. longiuscule contractum.—Asia calid., Japonia, ins. maris Pacifici, Australia.
  - 23. LATOUREA. Labellum basi horizontaliter dilatatum in auriculas columnam amplectentes et pone columnam connatas.—Nov. Guinca.
    - \*\* Scapi aphylli et pseudobulbi 1-2: foliati in rhizomate distincti, contigui v. dissiti.
  - 24. Bulbophyllum. Racemi longi v. spiciformes, rarissime 1-flori v. subumbelliformes. Sepala sæpissime subæqualia, libera. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum.—Asia et Africa trop., Australia, Nov. Zel., Amer. austr.
  - 25. Sunipia. Anthera a rostello aversa, loculis sursum dehiscentibus. Cætera Bullophylli specierum racemosarum.—Himalaya, Burma.
  - 26. CIRRHOPETALUM. Racemus in umbellam contractus. Sepala lateralia postico longiora, sub labia parallele patentia v. alte connata.—Ind. or., China, Archip. Maloy., Australia, ins. Mascar.
  - 27. MEGACLINIUM. Racemi rhachis dilatata, plana, bractois floribusque in utraque facie secus costam centralem 1-seriatis. Cætera Bulbophylli specierum racemosarum.—Africa trop.
  - 28. Taias. Sepala æqualiter patentia. Anthera in appendiculam loculis 2-3-plo lengiorem producta. Herbæ humiles, pseudobulbis 1-foliatis, scapis tenuibus 1-floris. Ind. or.
  - 29. OSYRICERA. Sepala subæquilonga, lateralia alte connata. Labellum juxta basin ventricosum. Anthera antice lamina suborbiculari glandulosa instructa. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Flores in scapo spicati.—Java.
  - 30. DRYMODA. Sepala lateralia a postico intervallo longo separata. Pollinia in massam globos m subcohærentia. Pseudobulbi minimi folio caducissimo. Scapus filiformis, 1-florus.—
    Malacca.
  - 31. Monomeria. Sepala lateralia lata, a postico intervallo longo separata. Pollinia in massam globosam subcohserentia. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapus elatus, racemo laxo.—
    Ind. or.
  - 32. Dendrochilum. Sepala æqualia, patentia. Pollinia 4, ovoidea, distincta. Pseudobulbi secus caudicem cauliformem angusti, 1-foinati. Scapi tenues, floribus parvis racemosis Liparioideis.—Malacca, Archip. Malay.
  - 33. Panisea. Sepala subsequalia, subpatentia. Labellum basi in unguem longum sigmoideoinflexum contractum. Pollinia 4, ovoidea, distincta. Pseudobulbi angusti, conferti, 1-2foliati. Scapi tenues, panerflori.—Himalaya.

## (Confer etiam 73, Alamaniam.)

- \*\*\* Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapi elati, laxe pluriflori. Pollinia 2, globosa, sulcata v. integra.
- (Genera Dendrobieas Epidendrearum cum Cyrtopodicis Vandearum arcte connectentia.)
  - 34. Achochene. Sepalorum mentum breve v. saecatum. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum. Anthera sub-1-locularis; pollinis appendicula granulosa connexa. Folium coriaceum.—Himalaya.

- 35. CERTSOGLOSSUE. Sepalorum mentum breve v. saccatum. Labellum basi cum pede columnæ continuum. Anthera discrete 2-locularis; pollinia inappendiculata. Pseudobulbus sæpe tenuis. Folium plicato-venosum.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
- 36. COLLABIUM. Sepalorum mentum longum, calcariforme. Cætera fere Chrysoglossi,— Java.
- Subtribus 5. Eriese. Caulis foliatus, pseudobulbosus, v. rarius humilis distichophyllus. Pedunculi v. scapi laterales v. e rhizomate a pseudobulbo foliato distincti, rarius pseudoterminales. Columna basi in pedem producta v. rarissime apoda. Pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, fasciculata, sæpe compressiuscula, apicibus acutis acuminatis v. in caudiculas breves productis, visco parco rarius granuloso plus minus connnexa.
  - 37. Cœlia. Folia longa, angusta, subplicato-venosa. Scapus dense racemifer, rarius 2-3 florus, e rhizomate a pseudobulbo foliato distinctus. Columna brevis, in pedem producta. Capsula 3-alata.—Ind. occid., Amer. centr., Mexico.
  - 38. ERIA. Folia varia. Pedunculi 1-flori v. racemiferi, in pseudobulbo v. caule foliato laterales v. pseudoterminales. Columna brevis, in pedem producta.—Ind. or., China austr., Archip. Malay.
  - 39. Phreatia. Caulis humilis, ebulbosus, distichophyllus. Pedunculi laterales v. scapi e rhizomate aphylli racemiferi, floribus minimis. Columna brevissima, in pedem producta.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Australia.
  - 40. PACHYSTOMA. Scapi sub anthesi aphylli, pseudobulbum 1-foliatum interdum tardius evolvitur. Sepala conniventia. Columna elongata, basi in pedem producta. Capsula arcte reflexa.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Afr. trop.
  - 11. Spathoglottis. Scapus laxe racemifer e rhizomate a pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato distinctus. Folia elongata, elevato-venosa v. subplicata. Sepala patentia. Columna elongata, apoda. Capsula erecta v. nutans.—Ind. or., China austr., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacif., Australia.
- Subtribus 6. Bletieæ. Caules 1-æ-foliati, basi sæpius pseudohulbosi, pseudohulbis nunc depressis tuberiformibus nunc elongatis tenuibus. Folia sæpius ampla, plicato-venosa. Racemi nunc caules foliatos nunc sæpius scapos aphyllos terminantes. Columna in pedem producta v. apoda. Pollinia (excepto Anthogonio) 8, a latere compressa, 2-veriata, appendicula granulosa copiosa connexa, seriei superioris sæpius minora sed omnia sursum appendiculæ adnata.
  - 42. Acanthephippium. Sepala in urceolum latum obliquum carnosum coalita. Petala inclusa, basi columnæ adnata. Columna brevis, in pedem longum producta. Flores majusculi, in racemo pauci.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 43. Phaius. Sepala libera. Labelli basi gibbosi v. calcarati lobi laterales lati, circa columnam involuti. Columna longiuscula, apoda. Flores speciosi, racemosi.—Asia trop., Japonia, Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Australia, ins. Mascar., Africa trop.
    - 44. Bletia. Sepala libera. Labelli ecalcarati lobi laterales erecti, paralleli v. apice patentes. Columna longiuscula, apoda. Racemus longe pedunculatus, laxus, simplex v. ramosus.—Amer. trop., Japonia, China.
    - 45. Cersis. Sepala lateralia pedi columnæ adnata. Labelli lobi laterales erecti. Columna crassa, 2-alata, basi in pedem producta. Flores speciosi in racemo plures.—Mexico, Columbia.
    - 46. NEPHELAPHYLLUM. Sepala libera. Labellum calcaratum. Columna longiuscula, 2 alata, apoda. Pseudobulbi foliati angustissimi, cum petiolo articulati petiolum medio articulatum simulant. Flores mediocres, in scapo aphyllo laxe v. dense racemosi.—Ind. or., China austr., Archip. Malay.
    - 47. Tainia. Sepala lateralia pedi columnæ affixa. Labellum basi gibbum v. calcaratum. Columna longiuscula, pede brevi. Pseudobulbi crassi, 1-foliati. Flores in scapo aphyllo laxe racemosi, sepalis petalisque acutis v. longe caudatis.—Ind. or., China austr., Archip. Malay.
    - 48. Antrogonium. Sepala in tubum tenuem coalita. Petala linearia, unguibus intra calycem liberis. Columna elongata, apoda. Pollinia 4 (seriei superioris omnino deficientia). Folia in pseudobulbo pauca, graminea. Flores in scapo aphyllo tenuiter racemosi.—Himalaya, Burma.

Subtribus 7. Coologyness. Caulis nunc pseudobulbosus 2-foliatus, nunc plurifoliatus sapiusque ebulbosus, pedunculo 1-floro v. racemifero inter folia termundi (sub anthesi interdum aphyllus apparet foliis tardius evolutis). Columna in pedem producta v. apoda. Pollinia 4 v. 8, fascioulata, sapius compressiuscula, apicibus acutiusculis acuminatis v. in caudiculas productis, appendicula granulosa v. visco tenui plus minus connexa, et interdum port dehiscentiam rostello v. glandulæ (a rostello solutæ!) affixa.

In Calanthe affinibusque polliniorum appendiculæ v. caudiculæ interdum stipites Vandearum simulant, sed evidenter e polline ipso nec e rostello oriundæ.

- \* Pedunculus elongutus, ramosus v. plurispicatus, caule non pseudobulboso. Flores parvi.
- 49. Josepha. Sepala lateralia vix mentum formantia. Columna apoda, longiuscula, auguste 2-alata. Pollinia 4. Paniculæ rami racemiformes.—Ind. or. penins, et Zeylan.
- 50. Earna. Sepala lateralia vix mentum formantia. Columna interdum in pedem brevem producta, brevis, exalata. Pollinia 4. Paniculæ rami sessiles, spiciformes v. fasciculiformes. Nov. Zel., ins. maris Pacifici.
- \*\* Flores parvi, in capitulum sessile conferti. Sepala lateralia cum pede columnæ mentum formantia.
  - 51. GLOMERA. Caules foliati, capitulo terminali laxo. Pollinia 4.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifics.
  - 52. Agrostophyllum. Caules foliati, capitulo terminali denso. Pollinia 8.—Ind. or., Archip. Malau.
  - 53. Ceratostyiis. Capitula paucifiora,  $\infty$ -bracteata, ob folium caulem continuans specie lateralia. Columna longe 2-brachiata. Pollinia 8.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
    - \*\*\* Flores spicati v. racemosi. Sepala lateralia basi in gibbum v. mentum connata.
  - 54. Callostylis. Caulis pseudobulbosus, foliis alternis. Sepala erecto-patentia. Clinandrium amplissimum. Pollinia 8.—Java.
  - 55. CETTTOCHILUS. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati. Sepala in tubum apice breviter 3-lobum coalita. Clinandrium breve. Pollinia 8. -Himalaya.
  - 56. TRICHOSMA. Caulis non incrassatus, 2-foliatus. Sopala patentia. Clinandrium elevatum, dentatum. Pollinia 8. Flores majusculi, racemosi.—Khusya.
    - \*\*\*\* Flores spicati racemosi v. solitarii. Sepala libera. Columna apoda.
      - † Pollinia 4. Herbæ cpiphyticæ, pseudobulbosæ.
  - 57. CCLOGYNE. Pseudobulbi 2-phylli, socus rhizoma distincti. Labellum sessile, basi concavum, columnam elongatam amplectens v. involvens. Pollinia 4. Flores majusculi, in caule foliato laxe racemosi, v. in scapo solitarii, foliis tardius evolutis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China austr.
  - 58. OTOCHILUS. Pseudobulbi 2-phylli, innovationibus subterminalibus seriem continuam formantes. Labellum sessile, basi saccatum, lobis lateralibus auriculiformibus. Columns elongata. Pollinia 4. Flores quam in Calogyne minores, racemosi, pedunculo sub anthesi terminali plurivaginato aphyllo, foliis tardius evolutis. Himalaya, Burma.
  - 69. Pholidota. Pseudobulbi 2-phylli, nunc ut in Calogyne distincti, nunc ut in Otochilo continui. Labellum basi saccatum. Columna brevis, late 2-alata. Pollinia 4. Flores parvi, racemosi. Bractese nunc ovatæ distichæ, nunc angustæ deciduæ.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China austr.
    - †† Pollinia 8. Herbe sepius terrestres elate.
  - 69. CALANTHE. Labellum sepissime calcaratum, unque cum columna in tubum connato. Columna rarius ultra tubum producta. Caules sub anthesi sepe aphylli, demum sepius pseudobulbosi, foliis 2 v. paucis amplis plicato-venosis tardius evolutis, floribus racemesis.—*Utrineque orbis reg. trop. usque ad Japoniam, in America rar.* 
    - 61. Arundura. Sepala patentia. Labellum sessile, ecalcaratum, basi concavum, columnam

longiusculam amplectens. Canlis ebulbosus, foliosus. Flores majusculi, in racemo terminali laxo.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China austr.

62. ELLEANTHUS. Sepala erecta, rigidula. Labellum sessile, ecalcaratum, basi columnam longiusculam involvens. Caulis ebulbosus foliosus. Flores mediocres v. parvuli, in spica nunc densa capituliformi nunc rarius longiore tenui.—Amer. trop.

Subtribus 8. Stenoglossem. Inflorescentia terminalis Euepidendri. Pollinia 4, 6, v. 8, 1-2-seriata, in quaque serie parallela ovoidea non v. vix compressa, libera v. visco tenui interdum longe extensivo connexa, appendicula nulla v. perparca.

Genera pleraque Epidendro valde affinia at pollinario diversa, omnia Americana.

- \* Labellum basi cum columna in tubum brevem v. cyathum connatum.
- 63. LANIUM. Pollinia 4, in quoque loculo 2, superposita, septo spurio transverso v. obliquo separata. Herbæ humiles, floribus parvulis in racomo simplici v. rarius 0.— Brasilia, Guiana.
- 64. Amhlostoma. Anthera subreniformis; pollinia 4, 1-seriata, parallela, in locellis totidem æqualibus distincta. Caulis foliatus. Flores parvi, paniculati. Labelli lamina 3-partita.—
  Brasilia, Peruvia.
- 65. Selaphyta. Anthera subglobosa. Labelli lamina indivisa. Cætera Amblostomatis.— Ind. occid.
- 66. Diothonea. Anthera subreniformis, discrete 2-locularis: pollinia 4, 1-seriata, in locellis totidem distincta. Caulis foliatus. Racemus simplex, sepius recurvus. Labelli lamina lata, sepalis longior.—Columbia, Peruvia.
- 67. Stenoglossum. Omnia Diothonea, nisi flores minores, et labelli lamina linearis.—Andes Amer. trop.
- 68. Hormidium. Anthera subreniformis; pollinia 4, 1-seriata, in locellis totidem æqualibus distincts. Herlæ name, pseudobulbis 1-2-foliatis. Flores fasciculati v. solitarii.—Amer. trop.
- 69. Hexisia. Anthora semiglobosa; pollinia 4, 1-seriata, in locellis totidem distincta. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati, innovationibus subterminalibus internodia carnosa caulis formantibus. Racemi pauciflori, pedunculo brevi squamis imbricatis paleaccis obtecto.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Labellum a columna longiuscula liberum.
- 70. Scaphyglottis. Pollinia 4, 1-scriata. Caules innovationibus subterminalibus in internodia carnosula apice 2-foliata divisi. Flores inter folia linearia ad basin innovationum fasciculati, pauci, parvi, bracteati. Amer. trop.
- 71. HEXADESMIA. Pollinia 6, 2-seriata, inferiora 4, superiora 2, in locellis distinctis separata. Caulis internodia carnosa et inflorescentia Scaphyglottidis.—Amer. trop.
- 72. OCTADESMIA. Pollinia 8, 2-scriata, in quaque serie 4. Caulis ebulbosus, foliis angustis distichis v. solitariis. Racemus simplex v. ramosus.—Ind. occid.
- Subtribus 9. Lælicæ. Inflorescentia sæpissime terminalis. Pollinia 1-2-seriata, in quaque serie 4, ovesa, collateralia, parallele compressa, inferiora ascendentia, appendicula in quoque loculo granulosa lineari a basi adscendente margini polliniorum applicita, superiora dum adsint ab apice appendiculæ descendentia sæpe inferioribus minora. Genera omnia Americana.
  - \* Genera abnormia, inflorescentia laterali.
  - 73. ? ALAMANIA. Caules nani, 2-foliati. Scapi floridi laterales, aphylli, vaginis scariosis obtecti, racemo brevi denso. Columna ad medium cum labello conuata. Pollinia 4.—Mexico.
  - 74. PLEURANTHIUM. Caules distichophylli. Racemi axillares, fasciculiformes. Columna alte cum labello connata. Pollinia 8.—Amer. trop.
    - \*\* Genera normalia, inflorescentia (una specie excepta) terminali.

#### + Pollinia 4, 1-scriata.

- 75. Diacrium. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, inter lobos laterales supra 2-cornutum, cornubus subtus excavatis. Pseudobulbi elongati, apice paucifoliati.—Guiana, Amer. centr., Mexico.
- 76. Isochilus. Labellum a columna liberum, basi contractum, leviter sigmoideo-flexuosum. Caulis distichophyllus, racemo spiciformi secundo:—Amer. trop.

- 77. PONERA. Labellum in pede columnse basi incumbens. Racemus in rame distichophyllo terminalis, brevis, subsessilis, additis demum pluribus in ramo annotino lateralibus.—Merico, Amer. centr.
- 78. PINELIA. Labellum basi columne nane adnatum. Herba minima, pseudobulbis apice 1-foliatis, pedunculo filiformi 1-floro.—Brasilia.
- 70. Hartwegia. Labellum basi saccatum, columnæ pedi adnatum; unguis concavus, cum columna connatus; lamina abrupte deflexa, dein patens, adscendens. Habitus Epidendri sect. Amphigiottidis.— Amer. quetr., Mexico.
- 80. EPIDENDRUM. Labelli unguis plus minus cum columna apoda connatus, lamina patens. Caulis distichophyllus v. pseudobulbosus, racemo simplici v. paniculato rarissime ad florem unicum magnum reducto.—Amer. trop., Amer. bor. civit. austral.
- 81. Broughtonia. Labellum lasi columnam apodam amplectens nec adnatum. Ovarium in collum longum tenuem cavum productum. Pseudobulbi apice 1-2-foliati, racemo simplici v. parce ramoso.—Ind. occid.
- 82. CATTLEYA. Labeilum basi columnam apodam amplectens v. involvens nec adnatum. Pseudobulbi apice 1-2-foliati, floribus speciosis in racemo laxo paucis.—Amer. trop.
  - † Pollinia 8, 2-scriata, seriei superioris inferioribus sapius mu'to minora.
- 83. LELIOPSIS. Sepula subcrecta. Petala ampliora. Labellum basi columnæ breviter adnatum, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus. Ovarium in collum productum. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati.—Ind. occid.
- 84. TETRAMICEA. Sepala et petala consimilia, patentia. Labellum a basi patens. Caules non pseudobulbosi, foliis ad basin scapi v. pedunculi longi 1-3, racemo simplici.—Amer. trop.
- 85. Brassavola. Sepala et petala longa angusta patentia. Labelli unguis angustus, columnum amplectens v. involvens, lamina abrupte dilatata, patens. Caules vix incrassati, 1-2-foliati. Flores pauci, majusculi.—Amer. trop.
  - ††† Pollinia 8, 2-seriata, serielus parum inequalibus.
- 86. Lælia. Sepala et petala plana. Labelli lobi laterales lati, columnam laxe involventes. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati. Flores speciosi nunc maximi.—Amer. trop.
- 87. Schomburgkia. Sepala et petala plus minus undulata. Labelli lobi laterales demum explanati. Pseudobulbi 1-3-foliati. Flores laxe racemosi.—Amer. trop.
- 88. SOPHRONITIS. Sepala et petala plana. Labelli lobi laterales conniventes, columnam occultantes, lamina linguiformis. Herbæ humiles, pseudobulbis confertis 1-2-foliatis 1-floris v. breviter 2-3-floris.—Brasilia.
- Tribus II. Vandese. Anthera unica, terminalis, postica, opercularis, supra rostellum horizontale arete incumbens, v. (in Podochileis) rostello erecto applicita, post dehiscentiam decidua, junior 2-locularis, loculis tamen sub anthesi sæpissime in unum confluentibus (loculis divaricatis apice confluentibus v. interdum parallelis valva interiore mox deliquescente?). Pollinia cerea, 2, globosa v. oblongo-teretia, obtusa, indivisa v. sulco laterali 2-fida, v. singula transversim in 2 (posticum et anticum) sibimet arete applicita divisa, per dehiscentiam sigillatim v. si 4 per paria glandulæ rostelli v. stipiti affixa; glandula nunc parva crassa v. sqamiformis viscidulaque, nunc in stipitem producta, mox a rostello soluta cum polliniis affixis pollinarium format, ab insectis v. corpore alieno facillime ablatum.—Herbæ epiphyticæ v. rarius terrestres, erectæ v. caudice cauliformi repente radicante arboribus v. saxis affixa, haud raro pseudobulbosæ, nec tubera hypogæa formantes. Inforescentia sæpius lateralis, rarius caules foliatos terminans.
  - Excepts: Pollinia 4, distincta, leviter tantum per paria glandulæ rostelli affixa et forte interdum sigillatim decidua in *Ornithidio* et *Lockhartia*, 8 v. casu 6 in *Appendicula* et *Thelasi*.
- (In generibus nonnullis Epidendrearum, e.g. Tipularia, Oreorchi, Amblostomate, Seraphyto, aliisque, polliniorum appendicula seu viscum in filum extensivum anthera dehiscente rostello adhæret, et stipitem pollinarii Vandearum simulat, sed revera est pollinis pars nec a rostello oriunda).
- Subtribus 1. Eulophiese. Herbæ terrestres v. rarius epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis sæpius in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia plicato-venosa, sæpius angusta. Racemi simplices v. rarius ramosi, scapos aphyllos co-vaginatos v. rarius oaules foliatos terminantes. Labellum basi gibbum saccatum v. calcaratum. Columna apodu.
  - 89. EULOPEIA. Petala sepalo postico similia v. vix latiora. Labellum basi gibbosum saccatum

- v. varie calcaratum. Scapi floridi aphylli v. rarius foliati. Glandula rostelli seepius in stipitem producta.—Africa trop. et austr., Asia trop., Australia, (Brasilia?).
- 90. Lissochilus. Petala sepalis latiora v. majora magisque colorata. Labellum basi saccatum v. in calcar conicum productum. Scapi floridi aphylli.—Africa trop. et austr.
- 91. GALBANDRA. Petala Eulophiæ. Labelli calcar late infundibuliforme. Caules floridi foliati. Glandula rostelli non v. vix in stipitem producta.—Amer. trop.

Subtribus 2. Cymbidiese. Herbæ epiphyticæ v. terrestres, caulibus foliatis sæpe in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia plicato-venosa, ampla v. angusta, v. rarius in caule plurifoliato tenuiter multivenia. Racemi simplices v. rarius ramosi, in scapo aphyllo v. pedunculo laterali v. in caule foliato terminales. Columna apoda, v. rarius brevissime lateque producta. Labellum ecalcaratum. Genera omnia gerontogea, speciebus perpaucis Polystachyæ exceptis.

Post antheræ dehiscentiam pollinia sæpissime in glandula squamiformi rostellæ sessilia v. stipiti brevissimi tantum simplici v. duplici imposita, in generibus prioribus sæpissime appendicula granulosa transversa (divaricato-biloba) interposita, hæc vero difficillime nisi in specimine recente observatur et rarissime in iconibus delineatur. In Cymbidio giganteo aliisque appendicula distinctissima est, etiam in Ansellia et Grammangi observavimus parvam.

- 92. Cymbidium. Scpala et petala parum inæqualia, patentia. Labelli lobi laterales columnam non v. vix alatam laxe amplectentes. Pollinia appendicula transversa granulosa instructa. Caules foliati abbreviati, pseudobulbosi, scapo florente inter folia v. ad basin aphyllo.—Africa, Asia, Australia.
- 93. Ansellia. Sepala et petala sulæqualia, patentia. Columna basi in pedem brevem latum 2-lobum producta, exalata. Pollinia appendicula parva instructa. Caules distichophylli, pedunculo terminali ramoso.—Africa.
- 94. Grammangis. Sepalum posticum fornicatum, lateralia patentia. Petala multo minora. Labellum sepalis multo brevius. Columna 2-alata. Caules breves, pseudobulbosi, paucifoliati, scapo florente simplici aphyllo.— Madagasc., (Java?).
- 95. CREMASTRA. Sepala petala labellumque conniventia, basi longe angusta. Folia in rhizomate tuberoso solitaria. Scapi florentes aphylli, plurivaginati. Racemus secundus, nutans. Japonia.
- 96. Cyperorchis. Sepala petalaque conniventia v. subpatentia. Labellum a basi erectum, angustum, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus. Caules breves, plurifoliati, vix pseudobulbosi. Scapi florentes aphylli, plurivaginati. Racemus sæpe nutans.—*Ind. or., Archip. Maloy*.
- 97. Geodorum. Sepala et petala erecto-patentia, subæqualia. Labellum sessile, a basi latum, ventricoso-concavum, erectum, fere complicatum. Caules breves foliati et scapi florentes aphylli e rhizomate crasso subtuberoso. Racemus densus, nutans.—Ind. or., Archip. Maloy., Australia.
- 98. Grammatophyllum. Sepala petalaque patentia. Pollinia post dehiscentiam lobis v. cornubus glandulæ v. stipitis lunati v. hippocrepidiformis affixa. Caules foliati. Scapi florentes longi, aphylli. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi.—Malacca, Archip. Malay.
- 99. Dirconium. Sepala petalaque patentia. Pollinia post dehiscentiam stipitibus 2 distinctis affixa. ('aules basi foliati v. aphylli, non pseudobulbosi. Scapi florentes aphylli v. pedunculi laterales. Racomi sepius floribundi.—Malacca, Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacif., Australia.
- 100. The costell. Sepala petalaque patentia. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum, dein patens. Columna ima basi cum labello in tubum brevem connata, dein abrupte deflexa citoque incurvo-ascendens. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapi florentes aphylli, laterales, recurvi, racemo simplici.—Malacca, Archip. Malay.
- 101. Bromheadia. Sepala petalaque patentia. Labellum erectum, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus. Columna late 2-alata. Caulis florens distichophyllus, non pseudobulbosus, pedunculo terminali interdum ramoso; racemi rhachis sæpe incrassata, bracteis distichis serrata.—Malacca, Archip. Malay.
- 102. Polystachya. Sepala conniventia v. subpatentia, lateralia cum pode brevi columnæ in mentum connata. Columna brevis. Caules florentes breves, paucifoliati, demum pseudobulbosi, pedunculo terminali simplici v. ramoso, floribus parvis.—Asia et Afr. trop. cum sp. paucis Americanis.

Subtribus 3. Cyrtopodiese. Herbe terrestres, elate v. sepius epiphytice, caulibus foliatis sepius in pseudobulbum v. basi in tuber inorassatis. Folia plicato-venosa v. venis paucis elevatis percurea. Scapi forentes a basi caulis v. v rhizomate aphylli. Golumna (excepta Aganisia) plus minus in pedem producta.

Genera pro maxima parte Americana, a Maxillaricis different imprimis habitu, ultima tamen Stanhopicis accedunt, priora gerontogea v. amphigoa a Cymbidicis columnæ pede distinguenda.

- \* Terrestres, pseudobulbis tuberiformibus vel caule vix incrassato indistinctis.
- 103. PLOCOGLOTTIS. Sepala lateralia v. omnia patentia. Labellum basi breviter saccatum, cum columna plicis membranaceis connexum. Columna pes brevissimus. Pollinia stipitibus distinctis filiformibus affixa. Scapi erecti, racemo simplici.—Archip. Malay.
- 104. Ствтоговим. Scpala patentia. Labellum pedi columnæ breviter adnatum. Pollinia glandulæ v. stipiti brevi lato affixa. Scapi erecti, racemo simplici v. ramoso.—Asia, Afr. ct Amer. trop.
- 105. Goveria. Sepala conniventia. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum. Columna alata. Pollinia stipiti oblongo v. lato affixa. Racemus in caule paucifoliato terminalis, simplex.—Amer. trop.

(Confer etiam 102, POLYSTACHYUM.)

- \*\* Epiphyticæ, caulthus foliatis brevibus pseudobulhosis.
- + Pollinarii stepes v. glandula brevis, lata. Sepalum posticum liberum.
- 106. PTEROGLOSSASPIS. Sepala patentia mento vix prominente. Columna brevissima, 2-callosa. Scapus simplex, elatus, racemo brevi denso.—Ahyssinua.
- 107. ZYGOPETALUM. Sepala patentia. Labellum explanatum, facio basi crista transversa instructa. Columna incurva. Scapi 1-flori v. laxe racemiferi, floribus speciosis.—Amer. trop.
- 108. Grobya. Sepalum posticum erectum, lateralia patentissima. Petala multo latiora. Columna erecta, apice 2-loba v. 2-dentata. Scapi recurvi v. deflexi, racemo simplici denso.—
  Brasilia.
- 109. Cheiradenia. Herba parvula, folio membranaceo-ceriaceo nervoso vix plicato. Flores parvi, in racemo pauci, cæterum fere Zygopetali.—Guiana.
- 110. Agansia. Columna apoda. Flores cæterum Zygopetali nisi sæpius minores. Scapi simplices, racemiferi.—Amer. trop.
- 111. ACACALLIS. Columna ad latera stigmatis utrinque late alata. Labelli unguis longus, apice sacco reverso v. cucullo lato appendiculatus. Cætera Zygopetali. Scapus simpliciter racemosus.—Brasilia bor.
- 112. Eriopsis. Sepala patentia. Labelli lobi laterales erecti, columnam laxe amplectentes; medius parvus, patens. Columna longiuscula, exalata. Scapus simplex, racemo longo floribundo.—Amer. austr. trop.
- 113. Warra. Sepala concava, subpatentia. Labelli lobi laterales parvi, medius expansas, facie lineis elevatis instructus. Scapus simplex, floribus speciosis laxe racemosis.—*Peruvia*, Columbia.
- 114. LYCOMORMIUM. Sepala lateralia latissima. Labellum late cucullatum, lobo modio brevissimo. Columna brevis, crassa, pede longo, clinandrio maximo. Scapus simplex, floribus speciosis dense racemosis.—Columbia, Amer. centr.
- 115. BATEMANNIA. Sepaia lateralia ad apicem pedis longi columnæ a postico erecto distantia, patentia. Labelli lobi laterales erecti, columnam longiusculam amplectentes, medius brevis. Scapus simplex, floribus laxe racemosis.—Guiana.
  - ++ Pollinarii stipes simplex elongatusque v. duplex. Sepalum posticum liberum.
- 116. BIFREWARIA. Sepala erecto-patentia. Columnæ pes elongatus. Pollinia stipitibus 2 brevissimis elongatisve affixa. Scapus simplex. Flores in racemo plures, mediocres v. pauci, rarius solitarii magni.—Amer. austr. trop.
- 117. XYLOBIUM. Sepala erecta, demum subpatentia. Labelli lobi laterales columnum amplectentes, medius brevis. Pollinii stipes simplex. Scapus simplex, floribus racemosis.—
  Amer. trop.

- 118. LACENA. Sepala patentia. Labelli lebi laterales ad latera unguis breves v. angusti; medius stipitatus, latus. Columnæ pes brevis. Pollinarii stipes simplex, linearis. Scapus longus, simplex, floribus majusculis laxe racemosis.—Amer. centr.
- 119. Lycasts. Sepala erecto-patentia. Labelli lobi laterales ad basin v. apicem unguis lati v. falcati; medius parvus v. elongatus, sæpius ciliatus. Columna longiuscula. Pollinarii stipes longe linearis. Scapus 1-florus, rarius 2-3-florus, flore magno.-- Amer. trop.
- 120. Angulol. Sepala fere in globum conniventia, latiuscula. Labelli carnosuli lobi laterales ad apicem unguis erecti, medius parvus v. latus ciliatusque. Columna mediocris. Pollinarii stipes longus, planus. Scapus 1-florus, flore magno. - Columbia, Peruvia.

(Confer etiam 133, STENIAM.)

- ††† Sepalum posticum basi columnæ adnatum, erectum, lateralia patentia.
- 121. ? CHONDEORHYNCHA. Petala sepalis multo latiora. Labellum sessile, latum, concavum. Pollinarii stipes brevis, crassus. Caulis ebulbosus. Scapus 1-florus, flore majusculo.-
- 122. GONGORA. Petala cum sepalo postico columnæ affixa. Labellum angustum. Pollinarii stipes lineari-cuneatus. Scapus simplex, racemo longo laxo flexuoso, floribus majusculis.--Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 4. Stanhopieæ. Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus pseudobulbosis v. carnoso-incrassatis, 1-pauci-foliatis. Folia sapius ampla, plicato-venosa v. venis elevatis percursa. Scapi florentes ad basin pseudobulborum v. e rhizomate simplices, floribus sæpe magnis laxe racemosis v. rarius solitariis. Labellum sapius et interdum perianthium totum carnosum. Columna apoda. Genera omnia Americana.
  - \* Columna recta. brevis v. longiuscula, sa pius crassa.
  - 123. Coryanthes. Sepala patentissima, posticum lateralibus brevius. Labelli lobi laterales in medio ungue longo in appendicem poculiformem connati; medius magnus, galeatus. Pollinarii stipes linearis, glandula parva. Flores magni, in racemo laxo pauci.—Amer. centr.
  - 124. Stanhoffa. Sepala patentia, subsequilonga. Labellum varie incrassatum, polymorphum, seepe undulatum v. subtortum. Pollinarii stipes planus, glandula squamiformi. Flores magni, in racemo laxo pauci.-Amer. trop.
  - 125. Houlletia. Sepala patentia, subæqualia. Labelli angusti lobi laterales unguem marginantes, postice in processus retrorsum arcuatos producti. Pollinarii stipes angustus, glandula indistincta. Flores majusculi, laxe racemosi.—Amer. austr. trop.
  - 126. Peristeria. Sepala lata, in globum crassum conniventia. Labelli lobi laterales erecti; medius concavus, inflexus. Columna brevis. Pollinarii stipes cuneatus v. latus. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi.—Columbia.
  - 127. Acineta. Sepala lata, crassiuscula, demum patentia. Labelli unguis anguste marginatus; lobus medius inflexus, concavus. Columna longiuscula. Pollinarii stipes oblongus, basi in glandulam incrassatus. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi - Columbia, Amer. centr., Mexico.
    - 128. CATASETUM. Flores polygamo-trimorphi. Sepala crassa, in globum conniventia v. lateralia v. omnia patentia v. deflexa. Labellum sessile, polymorphum. Columna in fl. & longiuscula, cirrhis v. setis 2 reflexis instructa, in fl. Q brevis, nuda. Pollinarii stipes loriformis, glandula magna crassa. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi.—Amer. trop.
  - 129. Mormodus. Sepala sepius angusta, patentia v. deflexa. Labellum sepius lateribus reflexis convexum, incurvo-ascendens, in unguem contractum. Columna crassiuscula. Clinandrium longe acuminatum. Pollinarii stipes loriformis, glandula magna crassa. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi .- Columbia, Amer. centr., Mexico.

## \*\* Columna longa, tenuis, incurva.

- 130. CYCNOCHES. Sepala patentia. Labellum in unguem contractum. Pollinia ovoides, stipite rigido, glandula magna. Flores speciosi, racemosi.—Amer. trop.
  131. ? Christoperius. Sepala patentia. Labelli unguis brevis, lamine anguli recurvi.
- Pollinia (ovoidea?) stipite brevi. Scapi 1-flori, flore majusculo. -N. Grenada.

- 132. Polycrons. Sepala patentia, angusta. Labelli lobi laterales unguem marginantes, apice arcuato-patentes. Pollinia angusta, stipite lineari, glandula parva. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 5. Maxillariese. Herbs epiphytics, nune pseudobulbis in rhizomate confortis v. in caule foliato sparsis 1-2-foliatis, foliis coriaceis v. carnosis, nune rhizomate in caulem distiche foliatum elongato, foliis brevibus vaginis subequitantibus, pseudobulbis raris v. 0. Scapi rhizomatis v. podunculi azillares 1-flori v. rariesime laze pauciflori. Columna in pedem producta. Genera omnia Americana.
  - 133. Stenia. Sepala patentia. Labellum sessile, latum, carnosum, concavum fere saccatum, subintegrum v. fimbriatum. Pollinarii stipes latus, pubescens; pollinia angusta. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati. Scapus 1-florus, flore majusculo. Guiana.
  - 134. Schlimmia. Sepalum posticum angustum, lateralia latissima, mentum ample saccatum formantia. Labellum inclusum, angustum, varie lobatum. Pollinarii stipes angustus, cuneatus. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapus laxe pauciflorus, floribus majusculis.——Columbia.
  - 135. ? CLOWESIA. Sepala cum petalis in globum conniventia. Labellum sessile, carnosum, concavum, erectum, fimbriatum. Clinandrium elevatum, fimbriatum. Pollinarii stipes brevis, apice dilatatus, glandula crass i. Scapus laxe pauciflorus.—Brasilia.
  - 136. Mormolyce. Sepala patentia. Labelli lobi laterales crecti, medius brevis. Columna incurva. Pollinarii glandula hippocrepica absque stipite. Pseudobulbi globosi, 1-foliati. Scapus tenuis, 1-florus, flore mediori Mexico.
  - 137. SCUTICARIA. Sepala erecto-patentia. Labellum latum, lobis Interalibus maximis erectis. Columna crassiuscula. Pollinarii glandula transversa, stipitibus brevissimis v. 0. Folium longissimum, carnosum, subtores. Scapus 1-florus. Brasilia, Guiana.

    138. MAXILLARIA. Sepala patentia v. rarius suberecta. Labellum erectum, concavum, lobis
  - 138. MAXILLABIA. Sepala patentia v. rarius suberecta. Labellum crectum, concavum, lobis lateralibus erectis. Columna crassa. Pollinarii stipes planus, brevis nunc brevissimus. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati, foliis planis; rhizoma interdum in caulem dense distichophyllum foliis brevibus productum. Scapi v. pedunculi ad basın pseudobulborum v. axillas foliorum distichorum 1-flori, solitarii.—Amer. trop.
  - 139. Camaridium. Sepala patentia et labellum fere Maxillariæ. Pollinarii stipes planus, latiusculus. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati, rari. Caules dense distichophylli, sæpe ramosi. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii. 1-flori, bracters paleaceis stipati.— Amer. trop.
  - 140. DICHEA. Sepala patentia. Labellum unguiculatum, lamina lata triangulari v. ovata. Pollinarii stipes plana. Caules dense distichophylli, ebulbosi. Flores in axillis pedunculati solitarii, parvi rarius mediocres.- Amer. trop.
  - 141. Ornithidium. Sepala erecta v. demum patentia. Labelli lobi laterales erecti. Pollinarii stiper linearis (v. pollinia libera?). Caules dense distichophylli, hine inde pseudobulbos 1-foliatos emittentes. Pedunculi 1-flori, ad axillas fasciculati, floribus parvulis v. mediocribus. -- Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 6. Oncidieæ. Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus abbreviatis nunc brevissimis, sæpius pseudo-bulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis v. rarivs ebulbosis, foliis paucis subdistiche fasciculatis. Folia non plicata, sæpius coriacea v. carnosa. Scapi v. pedunculi sub pseudobulbo axillares v. ad basin fasciculi laterales. Columna apoda. Genera omnia Americana tropica.

## \* Perianthium calcaratum.

- † Labelli calcar simplex v. duplex, intra calcar v. gibbum sepalorum inclusum.
- 142. ? CRYPTOCENTRUM. Calcar sepalorum et labelli longissimum, tenue, ovario arcte appressum quocum in bractea membranacea inclusum. Folia linearia, disticha, vix pseudobulbosa. Scapi 1-flori, flore parvo.— Ecuador.
- 143. Diadenium. Labelli calcaria 2, intra calcar sepalorum longum tenue ab ovario divergens inclusa. Pseudobulbi parvi, 1-foliati, Flores secus ramos paniculæ laxe racemosi, parvi.—
  Brasilia, Peruvia.
- 144. COMPARETTIA. Labelli calcaria 2, intra calcar sepalorum tenue ab ovario divergens inclusa. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Flores in scapo simplici racemosi speciosi.— Andes Amer. trap.

145. SCRICCHILUS. Labelli calcar duplex v. didymum, intra calcar v. gibbum sepalorum breve. Pseudobulbi angusti, 1-foliati. Flores in scapo simplici v. subramoso pauci, mediocres, racemosi.—Andes Amer. trop.

### †† Labelli calcar simplex, sepalis ecalcaratis.

- 146. TRICHOCENTRUM. Labellum basi cum columna in urceolum connatum, calcare longiusculo. Columna brovis, crassa. Pseudobulbi parvi, 1-foliati. Flores in scapo brevi solitarii v. gemini, mediocres v. majusculi.— Amer. trop.
- 147. Rodriguezia. Labellum basi cum columna brevissime connatum v. liberum, calcare brevi nunc ad gibbum reducto. Columna tonuis. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati. Flores in scapo simplici racemosi, sæpius speciosi.—Amer. trop.

#### \*\* Perianthium ecalcaratum. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum.

- 148. Thichopilia. Sepala erecto-patentia, libera. Clinandrium amplum, membranaceum, sæpius ciliato-fimbriatum. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapi e rhizomate breves, floribus speciosis solitariis v. paucis.— Columbia, Amer. centr., Mexico.
- 149. Aspasia. Sepala patentia, posticum cum petalis basi columnæ adnatum. Clinandrium brove, truncatum. Folia sub pseudobulbo 1-foliato pauca. Pedunculi axillares, simplices, floribus speciosis breviter racemosis.—Amer. trop.
- 150. Cochlioda. Sopala patentia, libera. Clinandrium truncatum v. 3-lobum. Folia sub pseudobulbo 1-foliato pauca. Pedunculi axillares, floribus (sæpius rubris) laxe racemosis.—

  Andes Amer. austr.
- 151. DIGNATHE. Sepula patentia, libera. Labellum lamellis 2 columnæ brevissime adnatum. Clinandrium truncatum. Psoudobulbi 1-foliati. Scapus brevis, flore solitario parvo.—Mexico.
  - \*\*\* Perianthii ecalcarati tubus supra ovarium ovoideus v. globosus, apice clausus.
- 152. SAUNDERSIA. Sepala patentia. Labelli unguis basi columnæ brevi adnatus, dein latus, sepalis longior, lamina 2-loba. Caulis brevissimus, 1-foliatus, vix pseudobulbosus. Scapus brevis, recurvus, fasciculato-pluriflorus, bracteis obtectus.—*Brasilia*.
- 153. Brachtia. Sepala suberecta. Labellum basi cum columna brevissima continuum, erectum, indivisum. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Racemus ad apicem pedunculi simplicis brevis, densus, secundus, bracteis membranaceis subimbricatis. --Columbia.
- \*\*\*\* Perianthii ecalcarati tubus supra ovarium tenuis v. sæpius 0. Labellum a columna liberum.

Caulis sub pseudobulbo 1-foliato paucifoliatus v. vaginatus (exceptis perpaucis Oncidiis). Sepala patentia.

#### a. Sepala libera v. lateralia basi brevissime connata.

- 154. Odontoglossum. Labelli unguis (sæpe brevissimus) columnæ parallelus, lamina patens. Columna sæpius longiuscula, exauriculata. Scapi nunc breves floribus paucis v. subsolitariis speciosis, nunc ample paniculato-ramosi, floribus speciosis v. parvis.—Andes Amer. trop.
- 155. Oncidium. Labellum a basi contracta patens v. a columna divergens, lamina sæpius ampla patente. Columna brevis, ad latera stigmatis sæpissime 2-auriculata. Scapi sæpius elongati ramosi, rarius simplices pauciflori. Amer. trop.
- 156. MILTONIA. Labellum sæpius ad basin columnæ sessile, amplum, patens, indivisum. Cætera Oncidii, floribus speciosis.—Brazilia, Peruvia.
- 157. Brassla. Sepala et petala longa, angusta, acuminata v. caudata. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, planum, latum, sepalis brevius. Columna brevis. Racemi simplices, laxe paucifiori.—Amer. trop.
- 158. Solembres. Labellum a basi patens, unque longo, apico dilatatum, indivisum. Columna erecta, late 2-alata. Racemi simplices, floribus longe pedicellatis.—Columbia.
- 159. LEIOCHILUS. Labellum a basi patens. Columna brevis, exalata, v. infra stigma 2-auriculata. Anthera ultra loculos longe producta. Scapi simplices v. rarius subramosi, floribus parvis racemosis.—Ind. occid., Amer. centr., Mexico.
  - 160. Sigmatostalix. Labellum patens, unque longo. Columna elongata, angustissima.

Pollinarii stipes longe linearis. Scapi simplices, floribus laxe racemosis mediocribus v. parvis.

—Amer. trop.

161. ERYCINA. Labellum patens, circa basin columnae adnatum, 3-partitum, facie basi anguste 2-callosum et lobis 2 angustis auctum. Columna brevissima, rostello longo. Pollinarii stipes longe linearis. Capsula echinata. Scapus ramosus.—Mexico.

### B. Sepala lateralia sæpius alte connata.

- 162. Gomera. Labellum a basi columnæ incurvo-erectum v. a basi erectum, callis 2 columnæ amplectentibus. Columna longiuscula, sæpe 2-alata. Pollinarii stipes angusta. Scapus simplex, floribus mediocribus racemosis, sæpius socundis.—Brasilia.
- 163. Abola. Sepala lateralia sub labello patentissima, alte connata. Labellum a bas patens, columnam fere amplectens. Columna brevis, 2-alata. Pollinarii stipes tenuis, brevis. Scapus simplex, floribus parvis racemosis.— Columbia.
  - †† Caules sub pseudobulbo 1-foliato paucifoliati v. vaginati. Sepala basi v. alte crecta.
- 164. NEODRYAS. Sepala lateralia alte connata. Labellum erectum. Columna ad latera stigmatis utrinque ala brevi appendiculata. Scapus v. pedunculus apice paniculatus, floribus parvis in ramulis brevibus racemosis.—*Bolivia*, *Peruvia*.
- 165. TRIZEUXIS. Sepala lateralia alte connata. Labellum erectum. Columna brevis, exalata. Pedunculus tenuis, superne paniculatus; floribus minimis in ramulis ultimis racemosis. Columbia.
- 166. ADA. Sepula omnia libera. Labellum patens, angustum, indivisum. Columna brevis, basi in alas labellum amplectentes dilatata. Scapus simplex, floribus in racemo secundo speciosis nutantibus.—Columbia.
- 167. SUTRINA. Sepala lateralia basi in mentum brevissimum cohærentia. Labellum ercetum. Columna superne late 2-alata. Rostellum appendice longa lineari instructum. Scapus simplex, floribus racemosis.— Peruvia.
- 168. TRIGONIDIUM. Sepala omnia basi in tubum cohærentia v. conniventia. Labellum erectum, angustum, columnam amplectens. Columna brevis, exalata. Scapi 1-flori. Amer. trop.
- ††† Folia in caule brevi v. brevissimo chulhoso conferta fasciculata v. disticha. Pollinarii stipes elongatus, anqustus.
- 169. loxopsis. Sepala erecta. Labelli unguis longus, lamina exserta, late expansa. Columna brevis. Pedunculi longi, tenues, sæpe laxe ramosi, floribus longiuscule pedicellatis.—

  Amer. trop.
- 170. CEYPTARRHENA. Sepala patentia. Labelli unguis longus. Columna brevis. Anthera sub climandrio amplo fere occulta. Pedunculi simplices, floribus parvulis laxe racemosis.—Ind. occid., Amer. centr.
- 171. Ornithocephalus. Sepala patentia. Labellum subsessile. Columna brevis, rostello horizontali longissimo. Pedunculi simplices, floribus parvis in racemo dissitis. Amer. trop.
- 172. Queretta. Sepala erecta, linearia, petaloidea. Labellum erectum, indivisum, sepalis paullo latius. Columna angusta, apice 2-auriculata. Folia lineari-teretia. Scapus filiformis, ramosus, floribus parvis dissitis. Brasilia.
- 173. Zygostates. Sepala patentia. Labellum basi lamina erecta et auriculis 2 linearibus apice dilatatis carnosis instructum. Columna arcuata, rostello longissimo apice recurvo. Pedunculi simplices, floribus parvis in racemo dissitis.—Brasilia.
- 174. Phymatidium. Sepala patentia, tenuissima. Labellum indivisum. Columna tenuis, apice 2-auriculata, rostello brevi. Herbæ pusillæ, dense cæspitosæ, foliis brevibus gramineis. Scapi simplices, tenues, floribus parvis laxe racemosis. Brasilia.
- 175. Chythoglossa. Sepala patentia. Labellum sessile, patens. Columna brevis, basi stigmatosa, supra stigma a latere compressa, apice truncata, 2-alata. Herbæ nanæ, foliis fasciculatis, floribus mediocribus laxe racemosis. Brazilia.
- 176. Hoffizistreella. Sepala linearia, reflexo-patentia. Labellum subsessile, lanceolatum, indivisum. Columna basi late 2-alata, rostello longiusculo reflexo; clinandrium in dentem longum antheriferum productum. Caulis brevissimus, foliis linearibus brevibus. Scapi ancipites, floribus majusculis longe pedicellatis. Ecuador.

(Confer etiam 161, ERYCINAM.)

Genera monotypica imperfects sapeque ad epecimen unicum descripta quorum characteres distinctivi nobis affugiunt omnia evidenter ad Oncidieas pertinentia.

KECELIA, Reichò. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 670; Xen. Orch. i. 45, t. 20, e Suriname, Lacense affinis dicitur, diversa labello omnino plano basi eplicato immobili, rostello producto apice tridentato, polliniis planis omnino simplicissimis nec ullo pacto extus sulcato-sub-2-lobatis.

PAPPERITZIA, Reichl. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 670; Xen. Orch. i. 237, t. 100, e Mexico, Rodrigueziæ affinis.

COHNIA, Reiohb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 928; Xen. Orch. i. 238, t. 100, e Guatemala, Odontoglosso, Onoidio et Sigmatostalici affinis.

Paradisanthus, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 930; Xen. Orch. i. 30, t. 14, e Brasilia, Warrea sub-affinis, Acacalli propinquior.

Sievekingia, Reichb. f. Beitr. Syst. Pflanzenk. 3, e Costarica, Lacana et Kegelia affinis. Costiopsis, Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. 1872, 9, Sievekingia affinis.

WARMINGIA, Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 87, e Brasilia, Rodrigueziam inter et Macradeniam.

Subtribus 7. Sarcantheæ. Caulis non pseudobulbosus, basi v. undique reptans radicans. Folia disticha, coriacea v. carnosa, non plicata, rarius tenuia v. 0. Pedunculi secus caulem laterales v. axillares.

- \* Columna apoda. Labellum ecalcaratum v. rarius calcar brere sub lobo medio a hasi remotum.
- † Genera Americana. Folia in caule ascendente dense disticha, brevia. Columna brevis, 2-alata.
  - 177. LOCKHARTIA. Labellum a basi patens, sepalis longius. Clinandrium breve. Pollinia sæpe libera. Flores parvi, in pedanculo subsolitarii v. laxe paniculati.—Amer. trop.
  - 178. Centropetalum. Labellum basi cum alis columnæ in cupulam brevissimam connatum, dein erectum, lamina patente indivisa. Clinandrium amplum, petaloideum. Pollinarii stipites 2 distincti v. in unum coaliti. Flores in axillis solitarii, pedicello bracteis stipato.—Columbia.
  - 179. PACHYPHYLLUM. Labellum basi angustum, erectum, lamina indivisa sepala non superante. Clinandrium amplum, petaloideum. Pollinia fere libera. Racemi axillares, breves, rarius 1-flori.—Andes Amer. trop.
    - 1† Genera gerontogea, caule laxius v. parce v. breviter foliato. Columna brevis, exaluta.
  - 180. Luisia. Sepala et petala conniventia v. subpatentia. Labellum continuum, sepalis seepius longius, concavum v. superne convexum. Pollinarii stipes planus, ovatus. Folia teretia, carnosula. Spice breves, subsessiles, floribus parvulis v. mediocribus.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Japonia.
  - 181. COTTONIA. Sepala patentissima. Petala angustiora. Labellum continuum, sepalis sæpius longius, planum v. concavum. Pollinarii stipes longus, angustus. Racemi nunc simplices breves, nunc in pedunculo longissimo ramoso, floribus mediocribus.—Ind. or.
  - 182. Stauropsis. Sepala et petala patentissima, subæqualia. Labellum continuum, angustum, sepala non superans. Pollinarii stipes planus. Racemi nunc simplices breves floribus majusculis, nunc iu pedunculo longo ramosi floribus mediocribus.—Archip. Malay.
  - 183. Arachnanthe. Sepala et petala patentissima, interdum undulata. Labellum articulatum, lobis lateralibus erectis v. obsoletis, medio carnoso, dorso sæpe gibbo v. calcare brevi instructo. Pollinarii stipes planus, e basi lata acutus v. angustatus. Racemi laxi, simplices v. ramosi, floribus speciosis.—Archip. Malay., Himalaya.
- \*\* Sepala lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum formantia. Labelli calcar 0, v. a basi remotum v. recurvo-ascendens. Genera gerontogea. Sepala et petala patentia.
  - 184. PRALENOPSIS. Labellum a basi patens v. basi breviter erectum, ecalcaratum. Columna crecta, pede brevi. Pollinarii stipes linearis v. spathulatus. Racemi laxi, simplices v. ramosi, floribus speciosis. Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 185. Doritis. Labellum basi longe unguiculatum, incumbens, ecalcaratum, lamina 3-loba. Columna alato-marginatu, pede longo. Pedunculi longi, simplices v. ramosi, floribus parvis v. mediocribus.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 186. RHYNCHOSTYLIS. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ profunde saccatum, supra saccum longe angustatum, lamina linguiformi v. ovata. Columna exalata, pede brevi. Pollinarii stipes subfiliformis. Racemi longi, densiflori, floribus majusculis v. mediocribus.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.

- 187. Sarcochilus. Labellum basi breviter incumbens v. adnatum, lamina carnoss, polymorpha, apice sepius inflexa, dorso gibbo v. calcare carnoso a basi distante instructa. Pollinarii stipes linearis v. oblongus. Pedunculi sepius simplices, floribus parvis v. rarius majusculis.—
  Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Australia.
- 188. TRICHOGLOTTIS. Labellum basi pedi longo horisontali columnse adnatum, mentum formans sed ecalcaratum, superne patens non carnosum. Pollinarii stipes angustus. Pedunculi brevissimi, floribus solitariis v. paucis sepius parvis.—Archip. Malay.
- 189. ARRANTHUS. Labellum basi pedi longo horizontali columnæ adnatum, mentum formans sed ecalcaratum, apice concavum erecto-patens. Pollinia in glandulis sessilia absque stipite. Pedunculi longiusculi, flore sæpius solitario majusculo.—*Ius. Mascar*.
- 190. ABRIDES. Labellum pedi longiusculo columnæ affixum (articulatum), subtus in calcar sub lamina recurvum v. ascendens productum. Pollinarii stipes angustus. Racemi nunc simplices dense floribundi speciosi, nunc laxiores ramosi.—*Ind. or.*, *Archip. Malay.*, *China*, *Japonia*.

# \*\*\* Columna apoda. Labellum basi saccatum v. calcaratum.

# † Genera gerontogea.

- 191. RENANTHERA. Sepala et petala patentissima, lateralia postico sepius majora, sub labello brevi sepius parallela v. medio coherentia. Pollinarii stipes planus, angustus. Racemi plus minus ramosi.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China.
- 192. VANDA. Sepala et petala patentissima, basi sæpius contracta, crassiuscula. Pollinarii stipes latus. Racemi simplices, floribus majusculis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Australia.
- 193. SACCOLABIUM. Sepala et petala patentissima. Pollinarii stipes sepius tenuis. Racemi simplices v. ramosi, seepe floribundi, floribus quam in Vanda minoribus.—Ind. or, Archip. Malay.
- 194. Uncifera. Sepala et petala erecto-patentia. Labelli calcar valde incurvum. Pollinarii stipes apice dilatato-sub-2-lobus. Flores parvi, racemis dense spiciformibus. -Khasya.
- 195. ACAMPE. Sepala et petala crassiuscula, concava. Pollinarii stipes tenuis. Racemi breves, rigidi, densifiori, in polunculo brevi simplici v. in panicula plures, floribus parvulis.—
  Ind. or., China, Afr. austr. or.
- 196. SARCANTHUS. Labelli calcar intus lamina longitudinali antica plus minus divisum, cum v. absque callo postico. Racemi graciles, simpliers v. laxe paniculati, floribus parvulis.—Ind. or., Chinc, Archip. Malay.
- 197. CLEISOSTOMA. Labelli calcar intus ad os callo v. lamella postica subclausum, lamina longitudinali 0. Racemi simplices v. ramosi, floribus parvis contertis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Austral. trop.
- 198. Schenorchis. Omnia Saccolabii nisi columna basi appendicibus 2 linearibus erectis instructa. Folia teretia. Racemi breves floribundi, floribus parvulis,—Java.
- 199. Obstrucchilus. Sepala patentia, lateralia basi cum unque labelli in mentum breve coalita. Labelli lamina lata, 2-3-loba, sæpius fimbriata. Pollinarii stipes loriformis. Raceni tenues, simplices v. ramosi, floribus parvis.—Himalaya, Burma (Australia?).
- 206. TEXIOPHYLLUM. Sepala conniventia v. subpatentia, sæpe basi connata. Pollinia 4, distincts; pollinarii stipes brevis. Herbæ nanæ, paucifoliatæ v. subaphyllæ, floribus minutis.—
  Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Australia.
- 201. MICROSACCUS. Sepala et petala patentia. Pollinia 4, distincta, pollinarii stipite lineari. Herbæ parvæ. Folia numerosa, parva, disticha, rigida v. carnosula. Flores minimi, in podunculis brevissimis solitarii v. gemini.—Archip. Malay.
- 202. DIPLOCENTRUM. Labellum juxta basin breviter 2-calcaratum. Cætera fere Saccolabii. Ind. or. penins.
- 203. ANGRECUM. Sepala et petala patentia. Labelli calcar longum tenue nunc longissimum, limbus patens v. erecto-patens. Pollinarii stipes planus, simplex v. in 2 bene distinctos divisus. Flores magni v. rarius mediocres.—Afr. trop. et austr., ins. Mascar., Japonia, China.
- 204. Chyptopus. Sepula et petala patentia, petalis 2-lobis. Labelli calcar longum, limbus patens lobo medio 3-lobo. Pollinarii stipites 2, cupuliformes, glandulis 2 distinctis planis antice ciliato-fimbriatis. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi.—Ins. Mascar.
- 205. Œoria. Sepala et petala erecto-patentia. Labelli erecti calcar conicum v. obtusum, lobi laterales circa columnam convoluti, medius integer v. 2-lobus. Pollinarii stipites 2, fili-

formes, glandula seepius unica. Racemi simplices, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis.—Ins.

206. MYSTACIDIUM. Sepala et petala patentia. Labelli calcar tenue v. ad extremitatem saccatum v. clavatum, lamina patens. Pollinarii stipites 2, filiformes v. apice parum dilatati. Racemi breves in pedunculo simplici interdum elongato floribundi, v. (in sect. Pectinaria) folia parva numerosa, floribus solitariis subsessilibus. Labellum sæpe superum.—Africa trop. et austr.

# †† Genera Americana.

207. DENDROPHYLAX. Sepala et petala patentia. Labelli erecti calcar longum, ad os dilatatum, lobus medius divaricato-2-lobus. Pollinarii stipites 2, planæ. Scapi e fasciculis radicum aphylli, flore nunc unico magno, nunc co mediocribus v. parvis racemosis.—Ind. occid.

208. CAMPYLOCENTRON. Sepala et petala erecto-conniventia. Labelli calcar sæpius recurvum, obtusum v. vesicatum, lobus medius integer. Pollinarii stipites 2, filiformes, nunc brevissimi. Flores minuti, spicati.—Amer. trop.

Subtribus 8. Notyliese. Caules nunc abbreviati, pseudobulbo unifoliato terminati, nunc tenues absque pseudobulbo, foliis parvis distichis. Rostellum terminale, erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, rarius fere horizontale. Anthera pone rostellum cui parallela, sæpius arcte applicita; pollinia 2, 4 v. 8, stipiti longo lineari v. apice dilatato simplici v. duplici affixa.

Subtribus ab omnibus *Vandeis* differt rostello et anthera iis *Neottiearum* plurimarum subsimilibus, a quibus differt polliniis cereis. Genera 2 ultima a *Vandeis* omnibus distant polliniorum numero.

# \* Pollinia 2, in Acriopside rarius 4.

- 209. CIRRHEA. Sepala et petala angusta, patentia. Labelli lobi laterales ad apicem unguis longi patentis reflexi v. recurvi. Clinandrium parvum. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati, folio amplo plicatovenoso. Scapus simplex, racemo laxe floribundo.—Brasilia.
- 210. MACRADENIA. Sepala et petala patentia. Labelli lobi laterales erecti, columnam amplectentes. Clinandrium membranaceum, late cupulatum. Anthera longe acuminata. Caulis brevis, foliis coriaceo-carnosis, vaginis distichis mox pseudobulbosis. Pedunculi axillares, simplices, racemo laxo.— Ind. occid.
- 211. Notylia. Sepala crecta v. demum patentia, lateralia interdum connata. Labelli unguis crectus, lamina triangularis v. hastata. Clinandrium parvum. Anthera longe acuminata. Caulis brevis, foliis coriacco-carnosis, vaginis distichis superioribus mox pseudobulbosis. Pedunculi axillares, simplices, racemo laxo v. denso.—Amer. trop.
- 212. Acrioffsis. Sepala angusta, patentia, lateralia connata. Petala latiora. Labelli unguis cum columna in urceolum latum connatus. Clinandrium membranaceum, amplum, incurvo-cucullatum. Pollinarii stipes simplex. Pseudobulbi 1-2-foliati, foliis angustis. Scapi tenues, simplices v. ramosi, floribus parvulis laxe racemosis.—Burma, Archip. Malay.

#### \*\* Pollinia 4.

- 213. Telipogon. Sepala angusta, patentia. Petala multo latiora, uti labellum subsimile patentissima. Columna hispida, clinandrio brevi. Pollinarii stipes simplex. Folia in caule brevi disticha. Pedunculi pseudoterminales, simplices, floribus speciosis laxe racemosis.—

  Andes Amer. quetr.
- 214. TRICHOCKROS. Sepala et petala patentia. Labelli lobi laterales ad basin oblongi v. elongati, medius petalis subsimilis. Clinandrium amplum, 2-3-lobum, setosum. Pollinarii stipes simplex. Pedunculus sub pseudobulbo 1-foliato lateralis v. in caule pseudoterminalis, simplex. floribus laxe racemosis sæpe parvis.—Peruvia, Columbia.
- 215. Podochilus. Sepals erecta. Labellum in pede columnæ articulatum. Pollinarii stipites 2. Caules non pseudobulbosi, foliis parvis distichis. Racemus terminalis, floribus parvis nunc minimis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.

#### \*\*\* Pollinia 8.

APPENDICULA. Sepala erecta. Labellum in pede columnæ continuum. Pollinarii stipites
 Caules non pecudobulbosi, foliis distichis. Racemi laterales, brevissimi, paucifiori, v. longiores pseudoterminales, multiflori, floribus parvis nunc minimis.—Malacea, Archip. Maley.
 VOL. III.

- 217. THELAMS. Sepala erecta. Labellum erectum, indivisum. Columna apoda. Pollinarii stipes simplex. Herbes nunc minimes pseudobulbis 1-foliatis, nunc Oberonioides distichophylls. Flores minimi in racemo terminali.—Ind. or., China, Archip. Makay.
- Tribus III. Mectrics. Anthera unica, terminalis, postica, nunc opercularis supra rostellum incumbens, nunc sepius pone rostellum erecta, decidua v. persistens; loculi 2, distincti, paralleli, interdum septo longitudinali imperfecte 2-locellati. Pollinia granulosa, nunc pulverea fere farinacea et primum interdum subsolida apparent, nunc grosse et subregulariter granulosa (sectilia), in quoque loculo plus minus distincte gemina v. 2-partita, v. granulis mox solutis indistincta, per dehiscentiam ex apice rostelli pendula, v. irregulariter rostello affixa v. libera, rarius stipiti ex apice rostelli pendulo affixa. Herbæ sæpissime terrestres, non pseudobulbosæ, rhizomate repente v. varie tuberifero, caule erecto simplici basi foliato v. aphyllo; in subtribubus 2 prioribus elatæ foliatæ interdum ramosæ v. supra arbores alte scandentes subepiphyticæ.
- Subtribus 1. Vanillem. Caules elati, sope ramosi, erecti v. supra arbores altissime scandentes, radices adventitias interdum emittentes. Racemi v. paniculæ terminales v. simul axillares. Columna elongata, rostello brevi. Anthera subopercularis, incumbens; pollinia laxe granulosa, demum sope rostello insidentia sed glandulam non auferentia.
  - \* Caules alte scandentes, foliis coriaceis carnosis v. 0. Sepala patentia v. late concava.
  - 218. Galeola. Folia 0 v. rarius in ramo sterili. Labellum sessile, latum, concavum, columnam laxe involvens. Flores mediocres v. majusculi.—Ind. or., Japonia, Archip. Malay., Nov. Caled., Australia.
  - 219. VANILLA. Caules foliati v. rarius aphylli. Labelli unguis columnæ adnatus, limbus latus concavus, basi columnam involvens. Flores magni.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop.* 
    - \*\* Caules erecti, elati, foliis subplicato-venosis. Sepala basi erecta.
    - 220. Sobralia. Sepala basi connata, calyculo nullo. Flores magni.-Amer. trop. mont.
  - 221. EPISTEPHIUM. Sepala libera, urceolo dentato (sic dicto calyculo) cincta. Flores magni. Amer. trop.
  - 222. Sertifera. Sepala libera, erecto-patentia. Labellum sessile, latissime ventricosum, intus lamella oblique transversa divisum. Flores parvi.—Andes Amer. austr.
- Subtribus 2. Corymbieæ. Herbæ elatæ, interdum ramosæ, foliis amplis subplicato-venosis v. arundinaceis. Racemi v. paniculæ terminales. Anthera pone rostellum crectum ei parallelum; pollinia granulosa, demum stipiti filiformi a rostelli glandula dependenti affixa.
  - 223. Corymbis. Sepala et petala angusta, diu in tubum subcohærentia. Labellum a basi lineare. Columna elongata. Racemi paniculati, laxe pauciflori.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
  - 224. Tropidia. Sepala lateralia basi in mentum breve connata. Labellum sessile, concavum v. basi saccatum v. breviter calcaratum. Columna brevis. Spicæ breves, densæ, ad apices ramorum solitariæ v. paucæ.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
- Subtribus 3. Spiranthem. Caules e rhizomate repente v. brevi non tuberoso ascendentes v. erecti, simplices, foliati v. rarius aphylli, foliis membranaccis. Spica v. racemus terminalis. Anthera pone rostellum longiusculum crectum v. antrorsum inclinatum ei parallela; pollinia demum a glandula rostelli pendula v. interdum stipiti a glandula dependenti affixa.
  - § 1. Genera pro maxima parte Americana v. extratropica, polline sapissime pulvereo-granuloso.
    - \* Labellum cum sepalorum mento dum adsit superum.
    - † Columna brevis. Clinandrium postice breve v. vix prominens (excepta Prescottia).
    - 225. Altensteinia. Sepala libera v. basi breviter connata. Labellum basi columnam amplectens eique subadnatum; lamina erecta, lata, plana v. concava, indivisa, sæpe ciliato-fimbriata. Caules basi foliati v. florentes aphylli, spica sæpius densa.—Andes Amer. trop.
    - 226. PTERICHIS. Sepala libera. Labellum sessile v. basi columnas subaduatum, erectum, late concavum v. galeatum, lobi laterales columnam occultantes, medius angustus, recurvus. Folia ad basin caulis pauca. Spica densa.—Amer. austr. trop.

- . 227. Chanichis. Sepala libera. Labellum erectum, concavum, fornicatum v. subsaccatum, columnam amplectans, indivisum. Columna anthera et rostello brevior. Folia ad basin caulis subradicalia. Flores parvi, sæpe minimi.—Andes Amer. trop., Ind. oocid.
- 228. Prescottia. Sepala basi in cyathum v. tubum connata. Labelli lamina erecta, concava cucullata v. fere clausa. Clinandrium postice in filamentum productum. Folia ad basin caulis conferta v. radicalia. Flores parvi, in spica densa v. tenui numerosi.—Amer. trop.
- 229. Ponthieva. Sepala libera v. lateralia connata. Petala ab apice columnæ patentia. Labelli unguis columnæ adnatus, lamina dilatata, patens. Folia ad basin caulis subradicalia, ovata v. lanceolata. Racemus laxus, sæpe glanduloso-pubescens. Flores mediocres.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
- 230. WULLSCHLEGELIA. Sepala lateralia basi in mentum breve v. elongatum calcariforme connata. Labellum basi intra sepala saccatum v. calcaratum. Scapus tenuissimus, aphyllus, floribus minimis.—Ind. oocid., Bras. bor.
- 231. PSEUDOCENTRUM. Sepala lateralia basi in mentum longissimum calcariforme connata. Labellum longe lineare, ab apice columnæ intra sepalorum calcar descendens. Caules foliati, spica floribunda.—Andes Amer. austr. et centr., Jamaica.
  - †† Columna elongata. Clinandrium membranaceum, elevatum.
- 232. Gomphichis. Sepala libera, a basi patentia. Folia secus caulem lanceolata v. elongata. Spica densa v. rarius interrupta.—Andes Amer. austr.
- 233. STENOPTERA. Sepala basi in tubum tenuem connata. Folia ad basin caulis subradicalia. Spica densa v. tenuis.—Amer. trop. mont., Ind. occid.

# \*\* Lahellum inferum, sæpe pendulum.

- 234. NEOTTIA. Sepala et petala libera, demum patentia. Labellum sepalis longius, apice 2-lobum. Columna longiuscula. Caulis aphyllus, vaginis concoloribus.—Eur., Asia bor. et mont.
- 235. LISTERA. Sepala et petala libera, patentia. Labellum sepalis longius, integrum v. 2-lobum. Columna brevissima. Caulis subopposite 2-foliatus.—Eur., Asia temp. et mont., Amer. bor.
- 236. SPIRANTHES. Sepalum posticum cum petalis galeatum, lateralia ovario oblique affixa v. longe decurrentia. Columna basi in ovario sæpius decurrens nec in pedem liberum producta. Caules foliati v. florentes aphylli. Spica densa v. laxa, haud raro secunda v. spiralis.— Utriusque orbis req. temp. et trop.
- 237. Baskervilla. Sepala lateralia alte connata, basi mentum latum formantia. Petala angusta, basi contracta. Labelli unguis 2-auriculatus, lamina basi late saccata. Columna brevissima, rostello magno crasso carnoso, stigmate in vertice excavato. Folia ad basin caulis pauca. Spica densiuscula, floribus parvis.—Peruvia.
- 238. PHLEXIA. Sepala lateralia basi in appendicem calcariformem longe linearem connata. Labellum lineare, basi in laminam linearem intra calcar sepalorum productum. Rostellum longe subulato-acuminatum. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, subradicalia.—Amer. trop.
- § 2. Genera pro maxime parte gerontogea tropica, polline (an semper?) sectili. Sepalum posticum sepius cum petalis in galeam connivens v. cohærens.
  - \* Labellum basi in saccum seu calcar inter sepala lateralia prominens productum.
  - 239. Physurus. Labellum supra calcar cavum, patens, abrupte contractum, lamina integra v. 2-loba. Clinandrium parum prominens. Folia ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea.—Asia et Amer. trop.
  - 240. ANGICTOCHILUS. Labelli ungius supra calcar longus, patens, fimbriatus, lamina 2-loba. Clinandrium cyathiforme. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, ovata, sæpe picta.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 241. Veypagenia. Labellum sessile, lamina supra calcar seu saccum parva v. 2-loba; calli 2, longe stipitati, a basi columnæ intra calcar descendentes. Caules foliati, foliis membranaceis.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 242. Cystorichis. Labellum sessile, basi ad latera calcaris obtusi v. sacci sepius 2-vesiculosum, lamina lanceolata, indivisa. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, ovata, discoloria v. picta.—

    Archip. Malay.

    1 1 2

- 243. Herpysma. Labellum erectum, concavum, marginibus cum columna connatis, calcare longo; lamina patens, lata, integra v. 3-loba. Clinandrium alte cucullatum. Pollinia in caudiculas rigidas producta. Caulis foliatus.—Himalaya.
  - \*\* Labellum ecaloaratum v. sacco dum adeit intra sepala incluso.
  - † Pollinia stipiti lineari v. cuneato v. glandula a rostello descendenti affixa.
- 244. ZEUKINE. Sepala inter se libera. Columna inappendiculata. Caules foliati. Flores parvi.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Afr. trop.
- 245. Cherrostylis. Sepals ad medium in tubum connata. Columna apice brachiis 2 linearibus erectis rostello æquilongis instructa. Caules debiles, foliati. Flores laxiuscule racemosi.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Afr. trop.
- †† Pollinia (haud raro in caudiculas attenuata) in glandula rostelli sessilia. Columna (excepta Platylepide) brevis v. brevissima.
  - a. Labellum supra basin ventricosam unquiculatum.
  - 246. Odontochilus. Sepala lateralia basi in mentum breve connata. Labelli unguis (ut in Anactochilo) fimbriatus v. dentatus, lamina sæpius 2-loba. Clinandrium breve. Caules foliati. Flores mediocres, laxe spicati.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 247. Myrmechis. Sepala petaloidea, basi breviter connata, suberecta. Petala libera. Labelli basis ventricosa pedi columnse affixa, unguis integer, lamina 2-loba. Clinandrium breve. Caules foliati. Racemus breviter pedunculatus, paucifiorus.—Java, Japonia.
  - 248. Hæmaria. Sepala inter se libera. Labelli unguis concavus integer, lamina 2-loba. Clinandrium cyathiforme, fere cucullatum. Caules foliati. Flores mediocres, laxe spicati, subracemosi.—China, Archip. Malay.
  - 249. Dossima. Sepala inter se libera. Labelli lobi laterales erecti, unguis integer, lamina 2-loba. Columna antice appendice longa intra ventrem labelli intrusa instructa. Clinandrium breve. Caules foliati. Spica laxa.—Borneo.
- B. Labellum hasi late ventricosum sessile v. columna adnatum, lamina sapius parva non unquiculata.
  - 250. Macodes. Sepala libera. Labellum (superum) erectum, lobis lateralibus parvis, medio lineari v. spathulato. Columna antice laminis 2 verticalibus parallelis appendiculata. Clinandrium cyathiforme. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, ovata, marmorata. Flores parvuli, longe racemosi.—Java.
  - 251. Hylophila. Sepalum posticum cucullatum, lateralia cum pede columnæ ovarii apici oblique adnata. Labellum (inferum) basi saccato-cucullatum, lamina parva lineari inflexa. Caulis foliatus, elatus. Flores parvi, longe spicati.—Malaoca, Archip. Malay.
  - 252. Goodyeba. Sepala inter se libera. Labellum (inferum) erectum, lamina parva indivisa. Clinandrium cyathiforme. Caulis laxe ascendens v. erectus, elatus, infra medium foliatus. Flores parvuli, spica laxa secunda v. longa densaque.—Eur., ins. Mader., Asia trop. et temp., Nov. Caled., ins. Mascar., Amer. bor. et centr.
  - 253. LEPIDOGYNE. Sepala libera, conniventia. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum, lobis lateralibus eam amplectentibus, lamina angusta, recurva. Columna antice lamina erecta instructa. Clinandrium cyathiforme. Caulis elatus, foliatus, spica longa densa.—Java.
  - 254. HETERIA. Sepala libera v. basi connata. Labellum (sepius superum) basi plus minus columnse adnatum, lamina integra v. divaricato-2-loba. Clinandrium breve. Caulis foliatus. Flores parvi, in spica tenui.—Ind. or, Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Australia., Afr. trop.
  - 255. MCHENHOUTIA. Sepala libera, erecta. Alæ columnæ latissimæ, subpetaloideæ, cum marginibus labelli (inferi) continuæ. Cætera Hetæriæ nisi flores paullo majores.—Ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 256. PLATTLEPIS. Sepala circa columnam in tubum angustum arcte conniventia, apice subpatentia. Labellum (inferum) marginibus columnae leviter coharentibus, lamina parum dilatata. Columna elongata. Clinandrium postice oblongum, erectum. Caulis foliatus. Flores angusti, dense spicati.—Afr. trop. et subtrop., ins. Mascar.
  - 257. MANNIELLA. Sepalorum petalorum labellique ungues in tubum connati. Columna elongata tubo alte adnata. Folia radicalia, petiolata. Spica longa, floribus parvulis.—Afr. trop. occid.

# y. Labellum a basi angustum, indivisum.

- 258. Eucosia. Sepala inter se libera. Labellum angustum, concavum. Columna brevis. Clinandrium breve, anthera tamen longe stipitata. Pollinia in caudiculas longas rostello non affixas producta. Habitus Goodyera.—Java.
- 269. GYMNOCHILUS. Sepala angusta, conniventia. Labellum angustum, concaviusculum. Columna brevis. Clinandrium breve, anthera sessili. Pollinia ecaudata, demum glandulæ rostelli affixa. Habitus Goodyeræ.—lns. Mascar.
- 260. ? Argyrorchis. Sepala inter se libera. Labellum petalis consimile. Columna brevissima, antice 2-cristata. Clinandrium cyathiforme. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, ovata, discoloria, picta. (Habitus et char. Macodis excepto labello).—Java.
- Subtribus 4. Diuridese. Caules e rhizomate sapissime varie tuberifero erecti, simplices, aphylli 1-foliati v. rarius 2-pauci-foliati. Spica v. racemus terminalis. Anthera erecta v. antice inclinata, sapius persistens. Rostellum erectum, sepius abbreviatum nunc brevissimum, rarius anthera aquilongum. Pollinia pulvereo-granulosa interdum fere solidu. Genera gerontogea pro magna parte Australiana.
  - \* Genera Asiatica. Herbæ tenues aphyllæ. Rostellum brevissimum.
  - 261. LECANORCHIS. Perianthium urceolo dentato (calyculo) cinctum. Columna elongata. Clinandrium elevatum.—Java, Japonia.
  - 262. APHYLLOECHIS. Calyculus 0. Columna longiuscula. Clinandrium elevatum.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 263. STEREOSANDRA. Calyculus 0. Columna brevis. Clinandrium vix prominens. Pollinia in caudiculas longas producta.—Java.
- \*\* Genera Australasica (specielus perpaucis Asiaticis). Herbæ 1-pauci-foliatæ rarius aphyllæ. Rostellum interdum longiusculum. Pollinia demum a glandula rostelli pendula v. stipiti pendulo affixa.

### + Lahellum inferum.

- 264. Thelymitra. Sepala, petala et labellum subæqualia, patentia. Columna brevis, alis latis cum clinandrio in cyathum integrum v. lobatum continuis. Pollinarii stipes 0. Caulis 1-foliatus.—Australia, N. Zel., N. Caled., Archip. Malay.
- 265. EPIBLEMA. Labelli unguis lobis 2 erectis instructa, lamina indivisa. Cætera Thelymitræ.—Australia austr. occid.
- 266. Diuris. Sepalum posticum basi columnam amplectens, superne patens, cum petalorum apicibus sæpissime coloratum, lateralia sub labello longe linearia. Columna brevissima, rostello longo. Pollinarii stipes 0. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, angusta.—Australia.
- 267. Orthoceras. Sepalum posticum incurvum, fornicatum, lateralia linearia, incurvoerecta. Columna brevissima, apice brachiis 2 rostello lato longioribus instructa. Pollinarii
  stipes 0. Folia pauca, angusta.—Australia, N. Zel.

# tt Lahellum superum.

- 268. CRYPTOSTYLIS. Sepala et petala angusta, convoluto-subulata. Labellum basi columnam involvens, lamina lata indivisa. Columna brevissima, rostello lato crasso. Pollinarii stipes 0. Folia pauca.—Australia, Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 260. Prasophyllum. Sepalum posticum concavum v. fornicatum, lateralia erecta. Labellum basi concavum, indivisum. Columna brevissima, apice 2-brachiata. Pollinarii stipes longe linearis v. filiformis. Caulis 1-foliatus.—Australia, N. Zel., N. Caled.
- Genera Australasica (specielus perpaucis Asiaticis). Herbe 1-foliate rarius aphylle v. paucifoliate. Rostellum brevissimum. Pollinia libera v. dorso varie rostello affiza.
  - 270. Microtis. Sepalum posticum erectum, latum, concavum, lateralia patentia. Labellum seesile, integrum v. 2-lobum. Columna brevissima. Folium 1, elongatum, teres. Flores parvi, dense spicati.—Australia, N. Zel. (Java?).

- 271. Coryanthes. Sepalum posticum incurvum galeatum v. stipitatum, lateralia parva, linearia v. filiformia. Labellum sub galea laxe tubulosum, lamina parva v. concava. Columna brevis, 2-alata v. 2-auriculata. Caules nani. Folium 1. Flos 1, majusculus.—Australia, N. Zel., Archip. Malay.
- 272. PTEROSTYLIS. Sepalum posticum galeatum, lateralia basi connata in labium 2-lobum v. longe 2-caudatum. Labellum articulatum, unguiculatum, lamina basi in appendiculam producta. Columna elongata, ad latera stigmatis 2-appendiculata. Folia ad basin caulis pauca v. scapus aphyllus. Flores solitarii v. racemosi.—Australia, N. Zel., N. Caled.
- 273. CALEANA. Sepala et petala linearia. Labellum articulatum, unguiculatum, lamina lata peltata. Columna elongata, late 2-alata. Folium 1, angustum. Flores solitarii v. pauci.

  —Australia extratrop.
- 274. Deakma. Sepala et petala linearia. Labellum articulatum, unguiculatum, lamina angusta peltata. Columna elongata, 2-auriculata, exalata. Folium 1, latum, v. scapus florens aphyllus. Flores solitarii v. pauci.—Australia.
- 275. ACIANTHUS. Sepalum posticum concavum, lateralia filiformia. Petala brevia. Labellum sessile, indivisum. Columna elongata. Folium I, latum. Flores solitarii v. racemosi.—
  Australia or., N. Zel., N. Caled.
- 276. Eriocrilus. Sepalum posticum concavum, lateralia patentia stipitata. Labellum breve, lobis lateralibus erectis, medius recurvus, villosus, indivisus. Columna longiuscula. Folium 1, ovatum v. lanceolatum. Flores solitarii v. pauci.—Australia.
- 277. LYPERANTHUS. Sepalum posticum latum, concavum, lateralia angusta. Labelli unguis latus, lamina ovata v. lanceolata, recurva, indivisa, papillosa. Columna longiuscula, exalata. Folia pauca, rarius 1 radicale. Flores in racemo pauci. Australia, N. Zel., N. Caled.
- 278. Burnettia. Sepala erecta v. conniventia. Labellum sessile, concavum, erectum, indivisum, apice recurvum, medio lamellatum. Columna longiuscole 2-alata. Scapus aphyllus, 2-3-florus. Folium e rhizomate serotinum.— Tasmania.
- 279. CYRTOSTYLIS. Sepalum posticum lineare v. lanceolatum, erectum, lateralia anguste linearia, patentia. Labellum patens, planum, indivisum. Columna longiuscula, breviter 2-alata. Folium ad basin caulis latum. Flores solitarii v. pauci. Australia, N. Zel.
- 280. CALADENIA. Sepalum posticum sæpius erectum, lateralia plana, patentia, petalis latiora. Labellum erectum, lobis lateralibus erectus v. 0, medius recurvo-patens, fimbriatum dentatum v. varie callosum. Columna longiuscula, 2-alata. Folium angustum. Flores pauci, laxe racemosi.—Australia, N. Zel.
- 281. GLOSSODIA. Sepala patentia. Labellum sessile, indivisum, nudum, sed calli e basi 2 longi erecti columnæ appliciti. Columna longiuscula, 2-alata. Folium oblongum v. lanceo-latum.—Australia.
- 282. Adenochilus. Sepalum posticum subgaleatum, lateralia patentia. Labellum erectum, lobis lateralibus latis, medius recurvo-patens, varie callosum. Columna longiuscula, late 2-alata. Folium in medio caule ovatum. Flos unicus. Bractea appendiculam stipitiformem includens.

  —Australia, N. Zel.
- 283. Chiloglottis. Sepalum posticum incurvum, concavum, basi contractum, lateralia linearia v. teretia. Petala lanceolata. Labellum ovatum, indivisum, varie callosum. Columna elongata, apice late 2-alata. Folia 2, subradicalia. Scapus tenuis, 1-florus.—Australia, N. Zel.
- 284. CALOCHILUS. Sepalum posticum erectum. concavum, lateralia patentia. Petala multo minora. Labellum sepalis longius, patens v. pendulum, indivisum, supra dense ciliato-fimbriatum. Columna brevis, late 2-alata. Folium angustum, elongatum.—Australia or.
- Subtribus 5. Arethusese. Caules e rhizomate sapius varie tuberifero erecti, eimplices, aphylli 1-foliati v. rarissime paucifoliati. Spica v. racemus terminalis. Anthera opercularis, incumbens v. rarius suberecta. Pollinia varie granulosa. Rostellum brevissimum.
  - 285. Arbihusa. Sepala incurvo-erecta, basi coherentia. Labellum (inferum) angustum, basi columna adnatum et brevissime calcaratum. Columna longiuscula, superne 2-alata. Caulis 1-foliatus v. scapus florens aphyllus, gemmis sterilibus 2-3-foliatis.—Amer. bor., Japonia. 286. Calopogon. Sepala patentia. Labellum (superum) secendens, ad apicem unguis barbstum. Columna elongata, superne 2-alata. Folium gramineum.—Amer. bor.
    - 287. Pogosta. Sepala erecta v. rarius patentia. Labellum (inferum) erectum v. declinatum.

indivisum v. 3-lobum. Columna elongata, exalata. Caulis 1-pauci-foliatus, v. scapus florens aphyllus, folio e gemma distincta serotino.—Amer. et Asia trop. et temp., Africa trop.

288. Pogoniopsis. Sepala erecta. Labellum basi saccatum, lineare, antrorsum dilatatum, in laciniae co lineares solutum. Scapus florens aphyllus, racemo densiusculo.—Brasilia.

289. P. Chiorosa. Sepala erecto-patentia, angusta. Labellum angustum, indivisum, columnam amplectens. Columna brevissima. Scapus aphyllus. Folium in gemma distincta late ovatum, petiolatum,—Java.

290. LEUCORCHIS. Sepalum posticum cum petalis in labium superum 3-fidum, lateralia in labium inferum 2-fidum connata. Labellum latissimum, indivisum. Columna longiuscula, pede brevi. Herbæ tenues, aphyllæ, floribus parvis.—Ind. or., Archip, Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.

291. Gastrodia. Sepala cum petalis in tubum late ventricosum 5-lobum antice fissum connata. Labellum indivisum. Columna seepius elongata, pede brevi nunc brevissimo. Herbæ aphyllæ.—Ind. or., Asia occid., Archip. Malay., Australia, N. Zel.

292. Yoania. Sepala carnosa, libera, patentia. Labellum cum petalis campanulato-connivens, apice subfornicatum. Columna plana, quadrata, 2-alata. Pollinarii stipites 2, filiformes. Herba aphylla.—Japonia.

293. Epipogon. Sepala libera, angusta. Labellum basi late concavum saccatum v. breviter calcaratum. Columna brevis, stigmate a rostello distante. Pollinarii stipites 2, filiformes. Herbæ aphyllæ. – Orbis veteris reg. temp. et trop.

Subtribus 6. Limodoreæ. Caules e rhizomate brevi v. repente non tuberifero erecti, simplices, plurifoliati v. rarius aphylli, sæpius elati. Spica v. racemus terminalis. Anthera opercularis, incumbens v. suberecta. Rostellum breve. Pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente dorso v. basi rostello affixa. Genera extratropica.

294. Limodorum. Sepala erecta, incurva. Labellum basi cum columna in cupulam latam connatum, longe calcaratum. Columna elongata. Caulis elatus, aphyllus. Flores majusculi.

—Reg. Mediterr., Eur. centr.

295. Chlorea. Sepala patentia v. posticum erectum. Labellum ecalcaratum, a basi incurvo-ascendens v. brevissime columnæ adnatum. Columna longiuscula v. mediocris. Caulis foliatus.—Amer. austr. extratrop.

296. BIPINNULA. Sepala lateralia elongata, apice fimbriato-multifida. Cætera Chloræe. —Amer. austr. extratrop.

297. CEPHALANTHERA. Sepala conniventia. Labellum supra basin concavam v. breviter saccato-calcaratam constrictum. Columna longiuscula. Caulis foliatus, floribus capsulisque erectis.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia temp., Amer. bor. occid.

298. EPIPACTIS. Sepala patentia. Labellum supra basin latam concavam constrictum. Caulis foliatus, floribus capsulisque nutantibus v. pendulis.—Eur., Asia temp., Amer. bor.

emittente, quarum una quotannis in tuber indivisum v. lobatum incrassatur, e quo planta nova evolvitur, tubere annotino demum deliquescente; rarius fibræ e rhizomate perenni plures crassocarnosæ. Caulis annuus, erectus, simplex, plus minus foliatus, spica v. racemo terminatus. Flores sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, ad axillam bracteæ solitarii, spica rarius ad florem unicum reducta. Anthera 1, cum apice columnæ sæpius brevissimæ continua, connectivo a clinandrio non distincto, erecta rostello supera, v. reclinata a rostello aversa; loculi adnati, paralleli v. divergentes, quasi reversi, apicibus nempe inferis nunc brevibus nunc elongatis dorsoque rostelli lobis lateralibus applicitis v. adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria v. rarius gemina, grosse v. rarius tenuiter granulosa, in caudiculam læviorem producta, caudiculis anthera dehiscente glandulæ a dorso rostelli solvendæ affixis (an rarius glandulæ e polline ipso formata?). Capsula semper erecta.

Tribus a cæteris distinctissima antheræ loculis dorso usque ad rostellum adnatis, nec a basi facie rostellum spectantibus.

Subtribus 1. Serapiere. Anthera crocta. Polliniorum glandule in sacculo a dorso rostelli elevato incluse.

299. Orchis. Labellum calcaratum. Polliniorum glandulæ 2 distinctæ v. in unam coalitæ, semper in sacculo unico inclusæ.—Hemisph. borealis reg. temp. imprimis Europa.

- Soo. Serapias. Labellum ecalcaratum, lobo medio seepius linguiformi, basi lamina glandulosa instructum. Antherse connectivum ultra loculos productum. Polliniorum glandules in sacculo unico inclusse seepius connatse.—Regio Mediterr.
- 301. Aceras. Labellum ecalcaratum, pendulum, angustum, basi nudum. Antheræ connectivum non productum. Polliniorum glandulæ in unum connatæ, sacculo unico. Flores parvi.—Europa, Reg. Mediterr.
- 302. Ophers. Labellum ecalcaratum v. rarius brevissime subcalcaratum, lamina convexa. Polliniorum glandulæ discretæ, in sacculis 2 distinctis incluses.—Europa, Asia occid., Africa bor.
- Subtribus 2. Habenariem. Anthera erecta. Polliniorum glandula nuda v. rarius rostelli lobis canaliculatis v. apice inflexis semi-inclusa.

#### \* Labellum ecalcaratum.

- 303. Herminium. Herber tenues v. humiles, paucifoliate, parviflore. Anthera immarginata. Europa, Asia temp. et mont.
- 304. STENOGLOTTIS. Herba foliis subradicalibus, parviflora. Antheræ (v. clinandrii) margines incrassati, apice lobo brevi terminati.—Africa austr.
- 305. Arnottia. Herba habitu Cymorchis, foliis 1-2 subradicalibus. Flores in spica laxa parvuli, sepalis concavis demum patentibus.—Ins. Mascar.
- \*\* Labellum calcaratum. Rostelli lobus medius dentiformis angustus v. obsoletus, erectus v. rarius latior deficaus.
  - 306. Bartholina. Petala et sepala angusta, subæqualia, erecta. Labellum patens, latum, longe fimbriato-multifidum. Anthera longissima, angusta. Rostelli lobus medius deflexus. Herba 1-flora, basi 1-phylla.—Afr. austr.
  - 307. Huttonea. Petala longe unguiculata, lamina concava v. cucullata, fimbriata. Herbæ plurifoliatæ, spica laxe co-flora.—Afr. austr.
  - 308. HOLOTHRIX. Sepala subsequalia. Petala et labellum sepalis longiora, erecta. Herbæ basi 1-2-foliatæ, caule patenter v. reverse piloso. Flores in spica tenui parvi, secundi.—

    Afr. trop. et austr.
  - 309. BICORNELLA. Labelli lobi laterales marginibus calcaris incumbentes, lobos laterales rostelli ferentes. Cætera *Habenariæ* specierum parviflorarum.—*Madagascaria*.
  - 310. Habenaria. Petala sepalis non longiora, sessilia, polymorpha. Herbæ pauci- v. co-foliatæ, rarissime aphyllæ, floribus spicatis v. racemosis.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et trop.
    - \*\*\* Labellum calcaratum. Rostelli lobus medius amplus, erectus.
  - 311. DIPLOMERIS. Petala sepalis majora. Rostelli lobus medius ample membranaceo-dilatatus, stigmatis processus in laminam oblongam connati. Herbæ humiles, 1-3-foliatæ, flore unico magno.—Himalaya.
  - 312. Bonatea. Rostelli lobus medius ample galeatus. Cætera *Habenariæ* specierum grandiflorarum, caule elato folioso.—*Afr. austr.*
  - 313. Cynorchis. Rostelli lobus medius amplus, complicatus. Stigmatis processus 2, crassi. Herbæ folio unico v. paucis subradicalibus. Racemi laxiusculi, floribus sæpius parvulis.—

    Afr. trop., ins. Mascar.
  - 314. Hemipilia. Rostelli lobus medius complicatus. Stigmatis processus 0. Herber basi 1-foliatee, racemo paucifloro.—Ind. or.
  - 315. Glossula. Labelli calcar vesiciformis, lobi laterales filiformes. Rostelli lobus medius consavus. Stigmatis processus 2, crassiusculi. Herbæ paucifoliatæ, spica tenui, floribus parvulis.—China, Cochinchina.
- Subtribus 3. Disece. Anthera reclinata v. in dorso columnes reflexa rarius suberecta. Stigma amplum, nunc pseudoterminale nunc ab anthera distans labello subadnatum.
  - 316. Satyrium. Labellum erectum, latum, concavum, 2-calcaratum v. 2-gibbum. Stigma pseudoterminale, concavum v. 2-labiatum. Herbæ paucifoliatæ, rarius elatæ foliosæ. Spicæ sæpius floribundæ,—Ind. or., ins. Mascar., Africa trop. et austr.
    - 317. ? Pacuites. Calcar 0. Stigma sub rostello crassissimo carnoso brachiis 2 linearibus

- erectis appendiculatum. Herba foliosa, foliis linearibus. Spica longa, teres, crassa, floribus parvis numerosis.—Afr. austr.
- 318. Disa. Sepalum posticum calcaratum concavum v. subplanum. Rostelli lobi laterales erecti v. recurvi, medius parvus. Stigma a rostello distans ad basin columnse v. labelli, pulvinatum v. cupulatum, integerrimum. Pollinarii glandulæ distinctæ. Herbæ elatæ foliosæ, v. tenues paucifoliatæ. Flores magni subsolitarii, v. parvi dense spicati, v. intermedii.—Afr. trop. st austr., ins. Mascar.
- 319. Herschella. Sepalum posticum calcaratum. Rostelli lobi 3, erecti, æquilongi, laterales incurvi. Stigma a rostello distans, ad basin columnæ pulvinatum, didymum. Pollinarii glandulæ in unam integram concretæ. Herbæ elatæ, foliis radicalibus longe lineari-filiformibus. Flores mediocres, laxe spicati.—Afr. austr.
- 320. Monadenia. Sepalum posticum calcaratum. Stigma sub rostello amplo membranaceo ad basin labelli crasse pulvinatum, integrum. Pollinarii glandulæ in unam concretæ. Herbæ foliosæ, floribus parvulis sæpius dense spicatis.—Afr. austr.
- 321. Schizodium. Sepalum posticum calcaratum. Columna Disæ, stigmate tamen a labello discreto. Herbæ tenues, foliis subradicalibus parvis ovatis insigniter petiolatis.—Afr. austr.
- 322. BROWNLEBA. Calcar 0. Stigma latum, vix pulvinatum, a labello discretum. Caetera Disc. Herbes debiles, medio 1-2-foliatæ. Racemus laxe pauciflorus v. spica densa floribunda. —Afr. austr.
- 323. ? FORFICARIA. Calcar 0. Petala setacea. Labellum nanum, carnosum. Stigma excavatum. Habitus Disæ sect. Trichochili. Folia subulata, rigida, in rhizomate fasciculata. Scapus aphyllus. Spica laxa, pauciflora.—Afr. austr.
- 324. Brachycorythis. Calcar 0. Labelli unguis brevis, latus, cavus, subcarnosus. Stigma magnum, concavum, a labello liberum. Herbæ foliosæ, foliis in bracteas foliaceas abeuntibus. Spica floribunda, foliata.—Afr. austr. et trop
- 325. Schizochilus. Sepalum posticum ecalcaratum. Labellum calcaratum, ungue cæterum brevi lato cavo. Herbæ glabræ, infra medium foliatæ, foliis angustis. Spicæ densæ, bracteis angustis.—Afr. austr.
- 326. PLATYCORYNE. Sepalum posticum ecalcaratum. Labellum longe calcaratum. Stigma pulvinatum, labello subadnatum. Herba foliis paucis parvis angustis. Spica laxa, brevia.—

  \*\*Madagascaria.\*\*
- Subtribus 4. Coryciese. Sepalum posticum cum petalis sæpius latis in galcam cohærens. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum, ultra antheram varie productum v. appendiculatum.
  - 327. Ptergodium. Sepala lateralia libera, plana. Labellum, præter laminam v. appendiculam terminalem, dorso lamina indivisa v. 2-3-loba instructum. Stigma transversum, sæpius 2-brachiatum. Habitus nunc *Ophrydis* nunc *Habenariæ* specierum majorum.—*Africa austr.*
  - 328. DISPERIS. Sepala lateralia libera, dorso calcarata v. saccata. Labellum apice 2-labiatum v. varie dilatatum v. appendiculatum. Stigma transversum. Folia pauca dissita, v. 2 subopposita. Flos unicus v. spica laxa.—Ind. or., Afr. trop. et austr., ins. Mascar.
  - 329. Corycium. Sepala lateralia usque ad apicem in labium anticum connata. Labellum apice transversum v. varie 2-lobum, dorso sæpe appendiculatum. Stigma parvum v. 2-pulvinatum. Herbæ foliatæ, foliis angustis. Spica densa.— Afr. austr.
  - 330. Ceratandra. Sepala lateralia libera, plana. Labellum apice transversum, appendiculatum v. nudum. Rostelli lobi laterales elongati erecti. Stigma transversum. Herbæ foliatæ, foliis angustis. Flores dense spicati, rarius laxe racemosi.—Afr. austr.
- Tribus V. Cypripedices. Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate brevi v. repente non tuberifero. Caulis erectus, simplex, foliatus, non pseudobulbosus. Columna sub rostello (stylo) brevis. Antheræ 2, ad latera rostelli sessiles v. stipitatæ, loculis parallelis contiguis, polline granuloso; anthera postica exeterum tribuum sæpius sterilis, varie difformis (antheriduum), rarius perfecta lateralibus similis, v. omnino deficiens. Rostellum seu stylus inter antheras perfectas plus minus elongatum, apice in discum obliquum antice stigmatosum dilatatum.
  - 381. Cyperpedium. Sepala patentia, lateralia sepius connata. Labellum inflato-calceiforme. Antheres perfects 2; antheridium late laminiforme v. carnosum. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus. Flores solitarii rarius pauci.—Europa, Asia temp. et trop., Amer. bor., Mexico.

- 332. SELENIPEDIUM. Perianthium et antheræ Cypripedii (nisi labellum abnorme). Ovarium 3-loculare, placentis axilibus. Pedunculus simplex v. ramosus, co-florus.—Amer. sustr. montana.
- 333. Apostasia. Sepala petala et labellum libera, consimilia. Antherse perfectse 2; antheridium angustum v. 0. Ovarium 3-loculare, placentis axilibus. Spicse simplices v. ramosse, co-flores.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Australia trop.
- 334. NEUWIEDIA. Sepala et petala libera, consimilia; labellum paullo latius. Antheree perfectse 3. Ovarium 3-loculare, placentis axilibus. Spica densa, simplex, floribus parvis.—
  Malacca, Archip. Malay.

## TRIBUS I. EPIDENDREAL,

1. Pleurothallis, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 211. (Humboldtia, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 121, t. 27; Syst. Veg. 233.)—Sepala subsequilonga, erecta v. subpatentia, posticum liberum v. ima basi lateralibus brevissime connatum, lateralia basi v. alte connata in unum integrum 2-fidum v. fere 2-partitum, sub pede columna sapius concavum v. leviter gibbum. Petala sepalis breviora v. angustiora, nunc minima rarius sepalis subsequilonga. Labellum petalis brevius v. rarius paullo longius, basi sepius contractum et cum columnæ basi plus minus distincte articulatum; lobi laterales erecti columnam amplectentes v. parvi dentiformes v. obsoleti, medius integerrimus v. emarginatus, subpatens. Columna labello sequilonga v. paullo brevior, semiteres, angulis interdum membranaceo-marginatis nec vere alatis, basi sæpius in pedem brevissimum producta; clinandrium parvum v. plus minus membranaceo-productum, obliquum, integrum v. breviter 3-lobum. Anthera terminalis v. intra marginem clinandrii opercularis, incumbens, 1-2-locularis, pollinia 2, cerea, globosa ovoidea v. pyriformia, libera v. apicibus visco parco coherentia. Capsula erecta, obliqua v. fere nutans, subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga, 3-costata 3-quetra v. 3-dyma.—Caules cæspitosi v. rami caulis repentis v. rhizomatis simplices, longiusculi breves v. brevissimi, apice 1-foliati, infra Racemi ad basin folii intra vaginam seu spatham longiusculam brevem v. minimam 1-\infty, simplices, floribundi v. laxe pauciflori, v. in paucis speciebus abbreviati 1-3-flori denseque aggregati. Flores parvi, nunc minimi v. in paucis speciebus mediocres v. majusculi, in racemis floribundis seepius secundi. Bractee parvæ, rarius magis evolutæ, breviter ocreiformes, nonnullæ sæpe in pedunculo infra flores vacuæ, nunc omnes minutæ v. obsoletæ.

Species descriptæ fere 350 et verisimiliter numerosæ adhuc ineditæ in montibus Americæ tropicæ latent, ubi genus a Brasilia et Bolivia usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem extenditur. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1859. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 167; Beitr. Orch. Centr. Amer. 58, 96; Xqs. Orch. t. 28, 60, 108, 137, 210 et iii. 24; in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. xvi. 15, 180; xxi. 294; Otia Hamb. 18, 92; in Flora, 1865, 275; in Linnæa xli. 13, 47, 93, 117, 132.

Genus vastum, quosd inflorescentiam petalorum formam etc. polymorphum, etsi characteribus essentialibus bene limitatum, sed nondum in sectiones distinctas divisum. Liudley, in Bot. Reg. 1842, Misc. 68, series proposuit 4, imprimis cx inflorescentia et habitu sat naturales, quas serius in Foliis Orchidaceis usque ad 10 extendit, non semper æque feliciter. Spathaceæ e.g. species continet inter se habitu dissimiles, vagina ad basin inflorescentiæ seu spatha solito majore junctas. Hese spatha tamen in toto fere genere adest et in speciebus inter se quam maxime affinibus magnitudine valde differt; in speciminibus nonnullis P. Matthewsii, Lindl., inter Macrophyllas fasciculatas espathaceas collocatæ, spatham vidimus ultrapollicarem. Florum structura interior, quoad formam petalorum labelli et columnæ, si revera characteres præbet cum variationibus habitus et inflorescentiæ convenientes, adhue in perpluribus speciebus imperfecte descripta v. sæpe in flore unico semel tantum observata ad sectiones naturales definiendas haud sufficit. Interea series sequentes e Lindleyanis selectæ, etsi male definitæ, quoad species plerasque naturales videntur.

1. Elongate floribunde. Racemi sepius plures v. in paucis speciebus solitarii, folio multo longiores, floribus numerosis sepius parvulis breviter pedicellatis secundis. Huc referrimus species plerasque e Spathaceis Lindleyi cum nonnullis ex Elongatis et Acuminatis. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 90

(Stelis): "Pepp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 84 ad 86. Hook. Io. Pl. t. 50; Exot. Fl. t. 123. Bot. Mag. t. 8080. Bot. Reg. t. 1988. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 949, 1571.

Caccodilanter, Reichb. f. Xen. Orchid. i. 10, t. 6, est P. orcoodilanthe, Lindl., species inter Elongatas insignis racemis solitariis, floribus ut in affinibus numerosis breviter pedicellatis secundis sed solito multo majoribus (8-9 lin. longis). Genus ab auctore primum distinctum fuit labello basi lata vix distincts cum columna articulato, sed articulatio in pluribus species parum distincta est, et auctor ipse serius (in Walp. Ann. vi. 172) speciem inter Pleurothalles admisit, ubi C. tricarinata, Pespp., pluribus notis accedit.

- 2. Elongate minores. Racemi solitarii v. pauci, folio longiores, laxi, floribus mediocribus v. parvulis dissite pedicellatis. Species supe humiles, caule tamen infra folium evoluto. Huc pertinent Elongate pleraque in Fol. Orchid. enumerate. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 87. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 55. Bot. Mag. t. 3897, 4142. Knowles et West. Fl. Cab. t. 19. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 118, 119. Karet. Ausw. Venes. Gew. t. 7 (Rhynchopera).
- 3. Rhynchoperes. Racemi plures rarius solitarii, folio seepius parum breviores, laxi, floribus majusculis paucis (interdum solitariis?) pedicellatis seepius bene coloratis, petalis quam sepala parum brevioribus acuminatis v. angustis. Caules bene evoluti et folium seepe majusculum. Rhynchopera, Klotseck in Link Kl. et Otto Ic. Pl. Rar. 103, t. 41. Huc pertinent P. Matthewsi, Lindl., affinesque, P. lanceolata, Lindl., etc. In hac Lindley pollinia observavit 4, in flore tamen a nobis examinato ex specimine Fendleriano n. 1476 2 tantum ad normam generis vidimus.

TALFIMARIA, Karst. Fl. Colomb. i. 153, t. 76, est ex ic. et descr. species Rhynchoperæ affinis, pedicellis subgeminis e spatha exsertis, labelli lobis lateralibus latis brevibus insigniter fimbriato-laceris.

ACRONIA, Presl, Symb. ii. 9, t. 57, ex icone videtur species e serie Rhynchoperearum sepalis petalisque angustissimis caudato-acuminatis, petalis pro labello descriptis, labello vero omisso.

Species pauce e variis seriebus petalis angustissimis apud Lindleyum seriem formant Restre-pioidearum.

- P. atropurpurea, Lindl. Fol. Orchid. Pleuroth. 19 (Masdevallia fenestrata, Lindl., in Bot. Mag. t. 4164), species ex India occidentali flore majusculo bene colorato insignis est sepalis apice basique arcte confertis cohærentibusque medio tantum a latere apertis, sepalis lateralibus ut in pluribus speciebus usque ad apicem connatis. Nobis rite videtur ad Pleurothallem relata, ubi a cæteris Rhynchopereis differt statura humili pedunculis 1-floris.
- 4. Fasciculatæ. Pedunculi sæpius 1-3-flori, plurimi interdum numerosi, folio breviores. Folium sessile, basi sæpius cordatum, sinu interdum clauso v. in caulem decurrente. Flores mediocres v. parvulæ. Macrophyllæ fasciculatæ, Lindl. Fol. Orch. cum Sicariis paucis. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 83. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. t. 104, f. 1. Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. ii. 247, cum ic. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 28, f. 2. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 197. Bot. Mag. t. 3261. Bot. Reg. t. 1298. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1908.

Sicariæ, Lindl., includit species e diversis seriebus imprimis e Fasciculatis et Aggregatis, caule superne plus minus compresso ancipiti v. bialato.

5. Aggregatæ. Pedunculi brevissimi, 1-flori rarius 2-flori, ad basin folii densissime aggregati, inffbrescentia sessili fere capituliformi. Aggregatæ Lindl. cum Sicariis nonnullis. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 82. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. t. 104, f. 2. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 95.

MYOKANTHUS, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 50, t. 88, est P. Reymondi, Lindl. Bot. Mag. t. 5385, species Aggregatarum petalis sepalisque angustis elongatis. Dubois-Reymondia, Karst. in Bot. Zeit. 1848, 397 (prius Duboisia, Karst. Walp. Ann. i. 773, non R. Br.) a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. iii. 520 rite ad Pleurothalles Aggregatas refertur. Lindley speciem in Restrepioideis includit ob petala medio angustata. Acianthera, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1842, 292, etiam ad Aggregatas a Lindleyo refertur.

- 6. Apodo, Lindl. (olim Muscoso). Species parvæ nunc pusillæ v. nanæ, inflorescentia fere Elongatarum minorum, caule infra folium abbreviato v. brevissimo. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 89a, 90 (Specklinia). Miq. Stirp. Surin. t. 64. Reichb. f. Beitr. Oreh. Centr. Amer. t. 10. Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. t. 104, f. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 3682. Bot. Reg. t. 1797, 1825. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 120. Centranthera, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1842, 293.
- 7. Caulescentes, Lindl. Species gracilis multicaulis Ecuadorensis (P. caulescens, Lindl.) vaginis infra folium pluribus in laminam foliaceam productis; folium summum tamen more generis non vaginans. In P. diptera tamen caules vidimus ut in P. macrorhiza secus rhizoma cauliforma 1-foliatos.

SPECKLINIA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 8, species includit plures inter minores, a genere olim separatas ob calycis labium inferius (e lobis 2 lateralibus connatis) basi evidentius gibbum, serius tamen ab auctore ipso in seriebus diversis Pleurothallis distributas.

P. peduncularis, Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 308, t. 9, e Guatemala, errore quodam a Lindleyo ad P. aphthosam relata, est P. ophiocephala, Lindl., rite a Reichenbachio cum P. Miersii, Lindl., ad Restrepiam translata. P. Gardneri, Lindl., species Brasiliensis P. Miersii similis, est pariter Restrepias species polliniis 4.

2. Stells, Swartz in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 248; Fl. Ind. Occid. iii. 1549.—Sepala sepius subeequalia, lata v. triangularia, patentia, breviter v. alte connata, rarius angustiora et minus patentia v. posticum paullo longius v. altius solutum. Petala multo breviora, lata, marginibus incrassatis, columnam et labellum sæpe subincludentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, petalis æquale et subsimile v. angustius et interdum breviter 3-lobum. Columna labello æquilonga v. brevior, nunc brevissima, lata, superne seepius crassior truncata, v. antice utrinque angulo v. lobo carnoso instructa, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. pyriformia, apice sæpius visco parco connexa. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, sæpe 3-quetra.—Caules czespitosi v. caulis repentis rami simplices, apice 1-phylli, infra folium seepe 1-3-vaginati, non pseudobulbosi. Folium coriaceum, basi sæpe in petiolum contractum, petiolo sæpe concavo v. canaliculato et interdum prope basin articulato, non tamen in vaginam clauso. Flores parvi nunc minimi, in racemo elongato ad basin folii terminalis breviter pedicellati, secundi, rarius subdistichi. Bractee alternæ, sæpe distichæ, nunc minimæ concave, nunc ocreiformes v. laxæ pedicellum æquantes, rarius elongatæ acuminatæ.

Species editæ ad 150, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, a Brasilia et Peruvia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum extensæ. Lindl. Fol. Orchid. 1858. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 198; Orch. Centr. Amer. 57, 93, t. 8, 9; Xenia Orch. t. 60, f. 7, et iii. 25; in Wawra, Pr. Max Reise, Bot. t. 104, f. 3; Otia Hamb. 19; in Linnæa xli. 7, 118. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 133, f. 2 (Epidendrum). Papp. et Badl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 79 ad 81. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 75. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 62; Exot. Fl. t. 158. Bot. Mag. t. 3975, 6521. Bot. Reg. t. 935. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 442, 1011.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur: 1. Eustelis, Lindl. (Trivalves, Reichb. f.), sepalis sequalibus sequaliterque patentibus; et 2. Dialissa, Lindl. (Bivalves, Reichb. f.), sepalis sepe minus patentibus v. angustioribus, postico nunc longiore nunc altius soluto. Dialissa, Lindl. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, xv. 107. Lindley insuper in Fol. Orchid. species nonnullas a Dialissis typicis ab Eustele parum distinctis separavit sub sectione tertia Labiata, sepalis angustioribus minus patentibus obscure subbilabiatis. Hæ quodammodo Pleurothalli accedunt, etsi petalis labelloque bene distinctæ. Species Stelidis præteres variant columnæ forma, lobis lateralibus v. brachiis plus minus distinctis. S. disticha, Pæpp. et Endl. l. c. t. 81, insignis est calyce late campanulato-patente obscure sinuato-3-lobo. In S. purpurascente, A. Rich., species Mexicana, Lindley pollinia 8 vidit, quod tamen adhuc ex aliis observationibus non confirmatur, in flore a nobis examinato anthera jam delapsa fuit; characteres cæteri omnino Stelidis et specimina illis S. Liebmanni, Reichb. f., simillima sunt.

3. Physestphon, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub n. 1797.—Sepala basi in tubum ovoideum v. urceolatum connata, superne sequaliter libera, patentia. Petala in fundo tubi nana, carnosa, obovali-cuneata. Labellum parvum, cum basi columnse articulatum, oblongo-cuneatum, concavum, medio utrinque lobo brevi auctum. Columna subteres, exalata, apoda v. in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium breve, sespius obtuse 3-lobum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, decidua; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, apice visco parco subcohserentia.—Caules in rhizomate repente breves, simplices, apice 1-phylli, infra folium 1-2-vaginati, non pseudobulbosi. Folium coriaceum, basi angustatum. Flores parvi, in racemo elongato ad basin folii terminalis pedunculati, plures, breviter pedicellati, secundi. Bractese breves, ocreates.

Species ad 4, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 508. Bot. Mag. t. 4869. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1601 (Stelis). Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 96. Reichh. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1866, 385.

Genus Stelidi valde affine, nec differt nisi perianthio exteriore urceolato-tubuloso.

4. Espanthes, Swartz in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 249, t. 8; Fl. Ind. Occid. iii. 1555.—Sepala tenuia, lata, subæqualia, basi breviter connata v. sæpius lateralia altius connata, postico sublibero. Petala multo breviora, ungue brevi basi columnæ adnata, lamina irregulariter transverse eblonga, sæpe varie appendiculata. Labellum, ungue brevi columnæ arcte applicita v. adnata, divaricato-2-lobum, lobis polymorphis alas columnæ simulantibus. Columna brevis, angusta, apice dilatata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, subcucullata, incumbens, semiglobosa; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. acuminata, libera v. apice visco parco cohærentia. Capsula parva, globosa v. ovoidea, subtriquetra.—Herbæ sæpius parvæ epiphyticæ, caule v. ramulis caulis repentis apice 1-phyllis, infra folium vaginis sæpius plurimis disaitis brevibus laxisque v. longioribus ocreiformibus instructis. Folium sæpius cordatum v. parvum, rarius in petiolum brevissimum contractum interdum eleganter transverse venosum. Racemi terminales, ad basin folii solitarii v. pauci, nunc tenues recti bracteis eleganter distichis floribundi, nunc longiores graciliores, rhachi flexuosa, floribus dissitis. Flores parvi, nunc minuti.

Species ad 40, Andium Americæ australis et centralis, Indiæ occidentalis et Mexici incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orok. 10. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 140, t. 49, 50; in Walp. Ann. iii. 523; vi. 196; in Flora 1865, 275; Orch. Centr. Amer. 56, 90, t. 9, 10; in Linnæa xli. 46. Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 114. Bot. Mag. t. 4112, 5259. Bot. Reg. t. 1762.

Genus quoad species normales a *Pleurothalli* facile dignoscitur habitu petalis &c. *L. nummularia*, Reichb. f., sola differt caule filiformi repente ramulis floriferis numerosis brevissimis 1-foliatis 1-floris sub folio 1-vaginatis, ita ut prima facie flores ad axillas foliorum distiche alternorum apparent.

5. **Zestrepis**, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 366, t. 94.—Sepalum posticum liberum, lateralia basi v. alte connata in unum integrum 2-dentatum v. 2-fidum basi æquale v. leviter gibbum. Petala libera, filiformia v. setaceo-acuminata, apice sæpe glanduloso-dentata, v. rarius parva latioraque. Labellum oblongum v. ovatum, basi sæpius contractum et cum columnæ basi articulatum, planum v. basi concavum, utroque latere sæpius dente v. lobo brevi v. arista auctum. Columna elongata, angusta, nuda v. angustissime marginata, cæterum exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum v. vix postice productum, rarius alte cucullatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens; pollinia 4, cerea, globosa v. anguste pyriformia, apice per paria visco parco cohærentia. Stigma infra antheram transversum, vix prominulum v. spongioso-incrassatum.—Caules cæspitosi v. rami caulis repentis simplices, longiusculi v. rarius brevissimi, apice 1-foliati, infra folium sæpius 1-3-vaginati. Pedunculi ad basin folii solitarii v. pauci, vagina spathiformi sæpius brevi stipati, 1-flori, folio breviores, sæpius graciles. Flores quam in Pleurothalle sæpius majores, rarius parvi.

Species descriptæ ad 20, nonnullæ tamen reducendæ, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1869. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 203; Xen. Orchid t. 60, f. 1 ad 3, t. 206, f. 2, 3; Orch. Centr. Amer. 57, 92, t. 10; in Bonpl. 1855, 70, 225; in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. xxi. 300; in Linnæa xli. 45, 133; et in Wawra, Pr. Max. Reise, Bot. 150, t. 104, f. 5. Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 308, t. 9 (Pleurothallis). Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. iii. 314, ic. xyl. Karst. Ausw. Gewächs. Venez. t. 2. Bot. Mag. t. 5257, 5966, 6288. Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. t. 601. Fl. des Serres t. 743.

Genus Pleurothalli valde affine, distinguitur polliniis 4; habitus fere idem, sed pedunculi constanter 1-flori videntur, et flores sæpius nec semper majores. R. Miersii, Reichb. f. (Pleurothallis, Lindl.), et R. Gardneri, Benth. (Pleurothallis, Lindl.), species ab ea paullulum diversa foliis angustioribus et floribus plus duplo majoribus, insignes sunt caule nano filiformi prostrato intricatoramoso et floribus parvis. Lindley distinctionem generis potius in petalorum forma et columna elongata petivit.

6. ? Erachienidium, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1859.—Sepala basi brevissime connata v. a basi patentia, in acumen v. caudam producta, lateralia sæpius altius connata. Petala sepalis conformia nisi paullo minora. Labellum parvum (cum basi columnæ articulatum?), sessile,

indivisum. Columna brevis, erecta, crassiuscula, apoda; climandrium 3-lobum, lohis seu brachiis anticis falcatis carnosis. Anthera... Capsula...—Herbes epiphytices, caudice seu rhizomate prostrato elongato sepe ramoso vaginis scariosis semitecto. Caules (seu rami) 1-foliati, infra folium brevissimi v. vix ulli, vaginis 1-2 scariosis inclusi. Folium corisceum, parvulum, basi in petiolum sepius brevem non vaginantem contractum. Pedunculus cum petiolo in vagina scariosa inclusus, 1-florus. Flos mediocris v. majusculus.

Species 3, Colombianæ v. Bolivianæ. Genus *Masdevallie*s affine videtur, differt rhizomate cauliformi elongato et petalis magis evolutis quam in cæteris *Pleurothalleis*. Quodammodo incertum tamen remanet polliniis adhue non observatis,

7. Masdevallia, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 122, t. 27; Syst. Veg. 238.—Sepala nunc basi v. altius in tubum connata v. conniventia, nunc a basi patentia, lateralia postico altius connata sepeque eo longiora, omnia in acumen v. caudem patentem producta. Petala multo minora, seepius angusta. Labellum parvum, polymorphum, cum pede columnæ articulatum, incumbens v. superne patens, columnæ æquilongum v. rarius magis evolutum. Columna erecta, superne v. apice solo marginata v. alata, basi sæpius in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium obliquum, nunc breve truncatum, nunc latum concavum v. fere cucullatum, cum alis columnæ continuum, margine varie dentatum. Anthera terminalis v. intra clinandrium affixa, opercularis, incumbens, convexa v. cucullata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, sæpe 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, libera v. apice visco parco coherentia. Capsula erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, cæspitosæ v. rhizomate repente, non pseudobulbose. Caules 1-foliati, infra folium brevissimi v. vix ulli, vaginis 1-2 scariosis inclusi. Folium coriaceum, basi in petiolum longum basi non vaginantem contractum. Pedunculus scapum simulans, basi cum petiolo in vagina scariosa inclusus, ipse 1-3-vaginatus, 1-florus v. laxe racemoso-pluriflorus. mediocres v. majusculi, sæpe pulchre colorati v. varie picti.

Species editæ ultra 100, plures tamen hortulanis potius quam botanicis distinctæ, Americæ tropicæ a Peruvia usque ad Mexicum incolæ, in Brasilia et Guiana perpaucæ, in India occidentali adhuc ignotæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 774, iii. 523, vi. 188; Xen. Orch. t. 3, 74, 75, 185, 186, 195, 203; iii. 25; Otia Hamb. 13; Orch. Centr. Amer. 93; in Linnæa xli. 8, 118; et in Bot. Zeit.1873, 390. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 89. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 108. Karst. Fl. Colomb. t. 153. Bot. Mag. t. 4921, 5476, 5505, 5739, 5062, 5990, 6152, 6159, 6171, 6190, 6208, 6258, 6262, 6273, 6368, 6372.

M. triaristella, Reichb. f. ex ic. et descr. in Bot. Mag. t. 6268 ab omnibus differt caudis sepalorum lateralium infra apicem sepali lateralibus nec terminalibus. M. fenestrata, Lindl., est Pleurothallis purpurea. Lindl., perianthio clauso sepalis muticis et characteribus vegetationis omnino Pleurothallis.

8. Arpophytum, Llav. et Lex. Nov. Veg. Descr. ii. 19.—Sepala sequilonga, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia postico paullo latiora, basi concava, pedi columne adnata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum pedi columne affixum, ima basi concavum subsaccatum, supra saccum contractum incumbensque, dein erectum; lobi laterales apice rotundati interdum a terminali rotundato patente parum distincti, margine crenulati. Columna erecta, leviter arcuata, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium parum dilatatum, breviter 3-dentatum, rostello lato brevius. Anthera opercularis, incumbens, subglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, obovoidea, acuta v. breviter acuminata, visco parco in phalanges 2 cohærentia. Capsula (oblonga?), 6-costata, erostris.—Herbee terrestres (v. epiphyticæ?), caulibus e caudice repente erectis apice 1-foliatis, infra folium vaginis amplis obtectis. Folium coriaceum v. carnosum, interdum longissimum, basi complicatum at non in vaginam clausum. Pedunculus terminalis, supra folium 1-2-vaginatum; spica longa, densa, cylindracea, floribus numerosis mediocribus sessilibus pulchre coloratis. Bractese minimæ.

Species ad 6, inter se param distincts, Mexici v. America centralis incola, quarum una etiam in .

Jamaica nuperrime detecta. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 151. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 448; Orch. Centr. Amer. 42, 89. Bot. Mag. t. 6022. Baill. Dict. Bot. cum tab.

Genus bene distinctum Pleurothalleas quodammodo cum Liparieis connectens.

9. Octomeria, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 211. (Aspegrenia, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 12, t. 116.)—Sepala subæqualia, patentia, basi brevissime connata. Petala sepalis subconformia v. paullo breviora, patentia. Labellum multo brevius, columnam tamen superans et cum ejus pede articulatum, infra medium utrinque lobo brevi auctum, apice patens v. reflexum. Columna petalis multo brevior, erecta, leviter incurva, semiteres, basi in pedem producta, superne exalata; clinandrium cavum, erectum, rotundatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, extus 2-4-sulcata, 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, oblongo-clavata, acuminata, visco parco in phalanges 2 cohærentia. Capsula parva, breviter oblonga, 6-costata, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus cæspitosis apice 1-foliatis infra folium 1-3-vaginatis. Folium sessile v. in petiolum brevissimum non vaginantem contractum, coriaceum, oblongum lineare v. subteres. Flores mediocres v. parvi, ad apicem caulis ad basin folii dense fasciculati, subcapitati, pedicellis tenuibus brevibus nunc brevissimis.

Species descriptse 10, Brasilise, Guianse et Indise occidentalis incolse. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 10. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. iii. 523; vi. 195; in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. xiv. 215; xv. 59; xvi. 424; Otia Hamb. 93. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Gen. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 2764. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1891.

Genus habitu omnino *Pleurothallis* seriei *Aggregatarum*, nec differt nisi polliniorum numero. Hæc bene a Bauero et a Hookero in phalangibus 2 fasciculata delineata, nec omnia 8 in simplici serie collateralia vidimus ut a Lindleyo descripta.

10.? Meiracyllium, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 12, t. 6; iii. 13, t. 209.—Sepala subæqualia, erecto-patentia, lateralia basi subcohærentia mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, erectum, concavum v. basi saccatum, sepalis subæquilongum, latiusculum, indivisum. Columna brevis, crassiuscula, curvula, exalata, vix basi in pedem brevissimum producta, rostello terminali suberecto v. retrorsum inclinato, stigmate antice ad angulum rostelli subhorizontali; clinandrium pone rostellum latiusculum, a rostello fere obtectum. Anthera dorso rostelli incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis, convexa, ultra loculum non producta; pollinia 8, cerea, in fasciculos 2 disposita, ovoidea v. oblonga, acuminata, in quoque fasciculo per paria inæqualia, apice visco parco v. appendicula parva granulosa fere glanduliformi connexa, a rostello libera. Capsula . . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles, rhizomate repente crassiusculo radicante vaginis brevibus obtecto. Caules e rhizomate brevissimi, 1-foliati, non pseudobulbosi. Folium breve, latum, sessile, crasse carnosum. Pedunculus ad basin folii brevissimus, 1-2-florus. Flores parvuli, pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 3, Mexici et Americæ centralis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 859; Orch. Centr. Amer. 72; et in Bonpl. 1856, 214. Habitus Pleurothallearum, pollinia potius Ericarum, columna rostello elongato retrorsum nec antrorsum rostrato in ordine insignis.

11. Malaxis, Swartz in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. xxi. 233, ex parte.—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentissima. Petala multo minora, patentia. Labellum sessile, erecto-patens, petalis longius, basi cordatum, sinu columnam amplectens. Columna brevissima, teres, vertice excavata, utrinque dente aucta. Anthera in apice cavo columnae pone stigma sessilis, suberecta, persistens, loculis discretis sursum dehiscentibus, per dehiscentiam contractis; pollinia 4, cerea, obovoideo-oblonga, per paria in loculos antherae exserta.—Herba humilis, paludosa, inter muscos quasi epiphytica, caule basi in pseudobulbum incrassato, quotannis ex apice pseudobulbi accreto folia et pseudobulbum nova formante, caule pseudobulboque anni præteritis infra novum diu persistentibus. Folia 2-3, parva, haud disticha, basi breviter vaginantia. Flores

minimi, in racemo terminali pedunculato laxe spiciforme brevissime pedicellati, torsione ovarii resupinati.

Species 1, per Europam precipue borealem late dispersa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 23. Bauer, Illustr. Gen. Orch. t. 1. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 494. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 14. De vegetatione cfr. Hornech. in Flora 1838, 257, t. 2; de fœcundatione, Darw. Fertil. Orch. 130. Species numerosas huic generi a Reichenbachio associatas ad Oberoniam restituimus.

12. Exterestylis, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. ii. 196. (Achroanthes, Raf. ex Endl. Gen. 189. Pediles, Lindl. Orch. Scel. 27, cum ic. Crepidium, Blume, Bijdr. 387. Pterochilus, Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. 71, t. 17.)—Sepala libera, subæqualia, patentia. Petala sepalis subæqualia, sæpius angustiora, nunc filiformia. Labellum sessile, erectum v. patens, petalis brevius, sæpius latissimum, concavum, basi cordatum v. auriculis elongatis columnam amplectens, integrum 2-3-lobum v. dentato-fimbriatum. Columna brevissima, teres, vertice excavata, antice utrinque dente aucta; clinandrium sæpius prominens, obliquum, membranaceum. Anthera intra clinandrium sessilis, crecta, a rostello aversa, loculis distinctis sursum dehiscentibus post dehiscentiam persistens; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, in quoque loculo 2, visco parco cohærentia v. libera. Capsula parva, ovoidea, erostris.—Herbes terrestres, caule foliato basi sæpe in pseudobulbum incrassato. Folia 1-3, sæpius lata, membranacea, basi in petiolum vaginantem v. immediate in vaginam contracta. Flores parvi, sæpe minimi, rarius majores, in racemum terminalem nunc elongatum laxumque nunc fere in umbellam contractum dispositi. Bracteæ parvæ, angustæ.

Species ad 40, Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ borealis et australis incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 18. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. iii. 525, vi. 206; Otia Hamb. 36, 94; Orch. Centr. Amer. 99; in Linnæa xli. 97; et in Seem. Fl. Vit. 302. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 493. Wight, Ic. t. 901, 902, 1631, 1632, et t. 1630 (Dienia). Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 111. Bot. Mag. t. 5403.

Genus Malari quam maxime affine, primo aspectu in sectiones 2 dividitur quæ tamen vix limitibus certis definiendæ. 1. Umbellulatæ, racemis abbreviatis fere in umbellam contractis, floribus longe pedicellatis. Huc M. fastigiata, Reichb., species Mexicana in Bot. Reg. t. 1290 pro M. ophioglossoide, Nutt., delineata, Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 4103. Species typica Nuttallii, boreali-Americana, nobis distincta videtur floribus evidentius racemosis, etsi racemus brevior et densior quam in plerisque racemifloris.

2. Laxiflore, racemo elongato floribus breviter pedicellatis dissitis, v. pedicellis brevissimis floribus fere in spicam longam cylindraceam confertis. Hæc series includit species omnes gerontogeas cum pluribus ex Americanis.

Diesia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 22, a Microstyle separata fuit ob labellum erectum nec patens, character tamen nequaquam constans et genus rite a Reichenbachio ad Microstylem revocatur.

Pterochilus plantaginea, Hook. et Arn., eadem species videtur ac M. platycheila, Reichb. f.

Anthera in diversis speciebus diversa videtur, in speciebus typicis boreali-Americanis, loculi bene discreti per dehiscentiam superne aperti, polliniis more *Malaxeos* exsertis; in speciebus Indicis anthera pariter erecta sed loculis arcte contiguis longior; nunquam tamen vidimus more *Liparis* calyptriformem v. incumbentem et deciduam.

M. Josephiana, Reichb. f.; Bot. Mag. t. 6325, insignis est floribus solito majoribus, sepalis petalisque latiusculis, labello maximo valde concavo fere cucullato sepalis vix breviore.

13. Oberenia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 15; Fol. Orch. 1859.—Sepala libera, subsequalia, erecta v. posticum minus et reflexum. Petala sepalis angustiora v. breviora. Labellum sessile, concavum, basi dilatata sæpe pulvinatum v. carinatum columnam plerumque amplectens eamque longiuscule superans, margine interdum fimbriatum v. apice 2-3-lobum. Columna brevissima, teres, basi contracta, apoda, apice utrinque angulatomarginata; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens; pollinia 4, cerea, per paria arcte contigua et interdum insequalia, omnia apice visco parco coherentia et in massam decidua. Capsula parva, globoso-triquetra v. breviter oblonga.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, cæspitosæ, absque pseudobulbis. Folia disticha, vaginis compressis equitantia, in caule brevissimo pauca v. secus caulem elongatum sæpe flexuosum alterna,

coriacea v. membranacea planaque v. rarius carnosa subteretia. Flores minimi, in spica v. racemo denso subcylindraceo numerosi, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, secus rhachin conferti v. interrupte fasciculati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species note fore 50, Asiæ tropicæ, Australiæ, ins. Mascarensium et maris Pacifici incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 207; Otia Hamb. 56; in Linnæa xli. 98; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 154 (Malaxis). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 274. Lindl. Sert. Orchid. t. 8. Brongn. un Duperrey Voy. Bot. t. 40 B. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 286. Wight, Ic. t. 1622 ad 1629. Bot. Mag. t. 4517, 5056.

Genus a Reichb. f. l.c. infeliciter *Malaxi* adjunctum, a qua nostro sensu valde diversum est tam antherse indole quam vegetations foliis et patria, a nonnullis cum *Phreatia* confusum, sed præter polliniorum numerum facile distinguitur inflorescentia terminali.

TITANIA, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 31, ex ins. Norfolk, est Oberonia Titania, Lindl. (O. palmicola, F. Muell.). O. myosurus, Lindl., e Nepalia et Burma, ab omnibus differt foliis carnosis angustis fere teretibus, sed characteres omnino Oberoniæ.

14. Edparis, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 52, t. 5, f. 10. (Sturmia, Reichb. Consp. 69; Iconogr. Bot. t. 956. Alipsa, Hoffmans. ex Linnea xvi., Littbl. 228.)—Sepala libera, patentia, latiuscula v. sæpius angusta nunc angustissima, æqualia v. posticum angustius. Petala sepalis similia et subsequalia v. ssepe angustiora v. breviora, patentia v. erecta. Labellum basi columnæ affixum v. ei brevissime adnatum, basi ascendens v. erectum v. rarius a basi patens; lobi laterales parum distincti angusti, v. latiores columnam amplectentes; medius oblongus v. in laminam latam patentem v. reflexam expansus, integer v. emarginatus; facie medium versus v. interdum basi 2-tuberculatus. Columna elongata, incurva, semiteres, apoda, apice utrinque marginata v. ala appendiculata; clinandrium breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, interdum acuminata, per paria in loculis segregata, cujusve paris superposita, libera v. apicibus visco parco cohærentia. Capsula sæpius parva, subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres v. epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis basi interdum in pseudobulbum parvulum incrassatis. Folia pauca, interdum solitaria, ad basin v. infra medium caulis in petiolum vaginantem sæpe demum articulatum contracta, membranacea v. carnosula, æqualiter multivenia v. subplicato-paucicostata. Flores parvi v. rarius mediocres, albidi viridiflavescentes v. rubri, in racemum terminalem pedunculatum dispositi. Labellum in aliis speciebus sepalis subsimile parum conspicuum, in aliis latissimum intense coloratum. Bractese parvulæ v. angustæ.

Species fere 100, per regiones temperatas calidioresque utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 26. Reuchb. f. in Walp. Ann. 1. 775 et iii. 527 (Sturmia), vi. 217; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 492 (Sturmia); Otia Hamb. 37, 56, Orch. Centr. Amer. 98; in Flora 1865, 184, et 1872, 274, 277; in Linnæa xli. 42, 97; Xen. Orch. iii. 26; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 154. Nees. Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 13. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 272. Thunb. Ic. Fl. Jap. t. 10 (Epidendrum). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 35. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 287. Wight, Ic. t. 903 ad 906, 1633, 1735. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 25 ad 27, 89, 90. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 109. Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. t. 16. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 116 (Cymbidium!). Bot. Mag. t. 2004 (Malaxis), 2709, 3770, 5529. Bot. Reg. t. 882, 1175, 1671. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 65 (Ophrys). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 198, 1097, 1558.

Thouars, Orch. Isles Afr. tab. esp. 3, sectiones 2 bene naturales distinxit: Castichis, floribus in racemo sparsis, et Distichis floribus bracteisque eleganter distichis. Lindley minus feliciter sectiones 2 admisit: Esliparis, foliis latioribus plicatis et Cestichis (inclusa Distiche) foliis subcoriaceis non plicatis. Species prioris plerseque nec omnes terrestres et illius sæpius epiphyticæ, sed distinctio nec constans nec semper facile determinanda, et characteres e florum structura nondum ad genus bene dividendum utuntur.

EMPUSA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub n. 825, Gen. et Sp. Orch. 17 (EMPUSARIA, Reichb. Consp. 69), species Indica, pro genere distincts fuit sepalis lateralibus basi columnæ adnatis, quod tamen in speciminibus nostris non magis apparet quam in pluribus aliis speciebus, et genus rite a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 218 cum Liparide jungitur.

EPHIPPIANTHUS, Reichb. f. in Schmidt, Reise, Amer. Bot. 180, t. 5, Xen. Orch. t. 180, est species parva ex ins. Sachalin folio unico ovato, quam nullo charactere a Liparide distinguere possumus. A Malaxi bene separatur labello, columna et anthera.

Liparis ramosa, Pospp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 9, t. 112, et L. neuroglossa, Reichb. f., Ken. Orch. iii. 26, species insignes sunt caule elongato ramoso decumbente, foliis pluribus petiolatis ovatis y. cordatis, racemo terminali elongato.

PLATISTILIS, Blums, Bijdr. 389 (Malaxeos sect.); Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 18 (gen. propr.), habitu et characteribus pluribus Liparidis, a Lindleyo distinguitur imprimis columna late alata, sed in P. atropurpurea (fide speciminum a Reichb. f. determinatorum) alse angustissimse quales in Liparidibus veris interdum observantur et genus nobis potius sectio Liparidis nuncupandum. Species continet paucas, Indicas et Malayanas.

Gastrogiotitis, Blume, Bijdr. 397, planta Javensis a nemine postea observata, caule foliato, foliis membranaceis plicato-venosis, inflorescentia terminali, floribus parvis, columna apice attenuata, polliniis 4 filis glutinosis adhærentibus 'nec pedicello nec laminæ adnexis,' Liparidi haud male convenit. Differre dicitur labello basi ventricoso, sed in pluribus Liparidibus labellum basi valde concavum. Gastroglottis montana, Kuhl et V. Hasselt, ex auctorum icone in Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 96, t. 129 edita, a planta Blumena certe longe aliena est, pseudobulbo 2-foliato, scapo laterali aphyllo, columna brevissima lata etc., sed ex analysi imperfecta genus verum adhuc valde incertum remanet, verisimiliter Bulbophyllo affine.

15. Platyclinis, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Noc. xviii. 295. (Dendrochili sp. Blume et auct.)—Sepala libera, patentia, subsequalia, angusta. Petala sepalis subsimilia, v. minora, patentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile v. brevissime unguiculatum, ovatum, concavum, sepalis subæquilongum, basi utrinque lobo parvo auctum v. interdum 2-tuberculatum. Columna erecta, semiteres, subalata, apoda, apice utrinque in acumen seu brachium erectum producta; clinandrium postice elevatum, late membranaceum, concavum v. fere cucullatum, margine erosum v. denticulatum, antice cum brachiis columnæ plus minus continuum. Anthera intra clinandrium opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, per paria in loculis segregata, cujusve paris superposita, acuminata v. subcaudata apicibus per paria cohærentia. Capsula. . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus e basi cæspitosa v. subramosa simplicibus prope basin 1-foliatis, basi vix incrassatis v. anguste pseudobulbosis, vaginis nonnullis scariosis obtectis. Folium angustum, in petiolum contractum. Flores parvi, in racemo terminali numerosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ lineares v. lanceolatæ, subscariosæ, parvæ v. florem subæquantes.

Species ad 8, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Dendrochili sect. 2, Blume, Bijdr. 399. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 34. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 240, 927; Otia Hamb. 54; et in Bonpl. 1856, 329; 1857, 43. Bot. Mag. t. 4853. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 604.

Genus Liparidi valde affine, differt imprimis columnæ brachiis elongatis et clinandrio late membranaceo. Microstylis commelynifolia, Zoll. e Java, caule tenui prostrato folioso non pseudo-bulboso foliis late ovatis petiolatis et anthera operculari incumbente a Microstyle longe diversa, habitu quodammodo Laparidi ramosæ accedit, sed columna abbreviata brachiis erectis potius Platy-clinidis. Pollinia conveniunt. Flores minimi et unicum tantum examinare potuimus.

16. Calypse, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 89. (Cytherea, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 301. Norna, Wahlenb. Fl. Suec. 561, ed. 2, 582. Orchidium, Swartz in Svensh. Bot. t. 518.)—Sepala libera, erecto-patentia, angusta, subæqualia. Petala sepalis similia et subæqualia. Labellum sepalis longius, patens, late ovatum, concavum; lobi laterales plani, patentes, superne supra lobum medium depressum saccatum integrum v. 2-fidum connati. Columna erecta, sepalis brevior, utrinque latissime membranaceo-alata, apoda; clinandrium 3-dentatum. Anthera sub apice dentis postici clinandrii affixa, pendula, discrete 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, ovata, compressa, sibimet arcte applicita et visco parco connexa. Capsula oblongo-fusiformis, 6-costata.—Herba terrestris, caule basi 1-foliato, sæpius in pseudobulbum incrassato, 1-3-vaginato. Folium petiolatum, ovatum. Flos majusculus, in pedunculo terminali solitarius, pendulus, labello pulchre picto medio fimbriato.

Species 1, per regiones boreales Europe, Asiæ et America late dispersa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 179. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 12. Bot. Mag. t. 2763.

17. Apiectrum, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Am. ii. 197.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, lateralia basi non producta. Petala sepalis subconformia. Labellum basi breviter contractum, basi columnse affixum, erecto-patens, sepalis subsequilongum, lobis 2 lateralibus angustis curvulis, medio lato facie longitudinaliter 2-3-lamellato. Columna longiuscula, erecta, subrecta, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, membranacea, lata, 4-locularis, decidua; pollinia 4, cerea, in loculis segregata, late ovata, inappendiculata, libera. Capsula oblongo-fusiformis, reflexa.—Herba rhizomate tenui quotannis in pseudobulbum globosum viscoso-carnosum incrassato. Folium in pseudobulbo unicum, amplum, coriaceum, striato-plicatum, petiolo longiusculo basi sæpius vagina scariosa incluso. Scapus ex eodem pseudobulbo tardius evolutus, terminalis, simplex, paucivaginatus. Flores in racemo sparsi, mediocres, reflexi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 536. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 127. Genus quoad characteres florales Corallorhizæ affine, sed vegetatio longe diversa.

18. Corallorhiza, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 209.—Sepala subæqualia, posticum liberum, lateralia paullo latiora ima basi cum pede columnæ in calcar breve v. gibbum vix prominentem producta. Petala sepalis subconformia v. paullo minora. Labellum basi contractum, in pedem columnæ breviter incumbens, lamina sepala subæquante ovata v. oblonga integra v. utrinque lobo brevi aucta. Columna erecta, incurva, semiteres, basi apiceque utrinque anguste alata, pede brevi in calcar producto v. brevissimo vix prominente; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum v. sinuatum. Anthera opercularis, lata, septo longitudinali et transverso 4-locularis; pollinia 4, molliter cerea, late ovata, in loculis segregata, inappendiculata, libera v. visco parco cohærentia. Capsula ovoidea, obovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, reflexa.—Herbæ aphyllæ, rhizomate coralloideo nodoso-ramoso articulato minute squamigero. Scapus erectus, prope basin vaginis paucis instructus, simplex. Flores in racemo terminali sparsi, parvuli v. mediocres, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ v. rarius pedicellos superantes.

Species editæ ad 12, plures tamen in herbariis valde confusæ, Europæ, Asiæ extratropicæ et præsertim Americæ borealis usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 533 (excl. § 2). Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 775, iii. 526, vi. 217; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 490, 491. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 15. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 174. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 165. Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. t. 25.

Pollinia a Neesio et a Decaisneo 2 tantum dicuntur; semper 4 vidimus etsi interdum 2 inferiora diu sub lamina antheram transverse dividenda occulta.

19. Tipularia, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. ii. 195. (Anthericlis, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 261. Plectrurus, Raf. Neogen. 4.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, angusta. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, sessile, basi in calcar longum tenue productum, sepalis subæquilongum; lobi laterales parvi, medius planus, oblongus, integer v. retusus. Columna sepalis brevior, erecta, angusta, superne anguste 2-alata; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, latiuscula, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, ovoidea, perfecte distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti filiformi brevi basi in glandulam incrassato affixa. Capsula ovoideo-clavata incurva v. oblonga rectaque, erostris, reflexa.—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus 1-foliatis basi demum in pseudobulbum tuberiformem incrassatis. Folium ovatum, petiolo longiusculo basi vagina spathiformi incluso. Scapus ex eodem pseudobulbo elongatus, simplex, prope basin paucivaginatus. Flores parvuli, pedicellati, laxe racemosi. Bracteæ minutæ v. obsoletæ.

Species 2 inter se valde affines sed bene distinctæ, altera boreali-Americana, altera Himalaica. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 252, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 174.

Genus Oreorchi valde affine, labello calcarato facile distinctum, utrumque quoad locum in systemate ambiguum, nobis rite juxta Corallorhicam collocanda videntur. Pollinia omnino Liparicarum etsi post antheram delapsam sepissime stipiti e rostello oriundo more Vandearum affixa apparent.

20. Orecreas, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 26.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, angusta, incurvo-incumbentia, mox patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum sepalis sequilongum, basi columnæ affixum, ecalcaratum, ungue erecto, lobi laterales breves, angusti, erecti, medius latior, patens, indivisus. Columna elongata, subteres, superne leviter clavata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, subglobosa, distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente sæpius stipiti filiformi in rostello persistenti affixa. Capsula oblonga v. subfusiformis, erostris, costata, reflexa.—Herba terrestris, caulibus 1-2-foliatis, basi demum in pseudobulbum tuberiformem incrassatis. Folia longa, angusta. Scapus ex eodem pseudobulbo simplex, elongatus, basi paucivaginatus. Flores racemosi, mediocres v. parvuli, brevissime v. tenuiter pedicellati. Bracteæ lineares v. minimæ.

Species edite 4, Himalaye, Asise Sibirice et Japonise incolse. A. Gray in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, vi. 410. Regel, Fl. Ussur. Test. 160, t. 11.

21. **Exeralectris**, Rafin. Neogen. 4.—Sepala subæqualia, erecta v. subpatentia, libera, posticum incurvum, lateralia leviter falcata. Petala sepalis subconformia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, basi contractum, sepalis æquilongum, obovatum, lobis lateralibus brevibus suberectis. Columna longiuscula, erecta, incurva, semiteres, superne anguste 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium obliquum, postice elevatum, obtusum, concavum, integrum. Anthera intramarginalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte 4-locellatis. Pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, sub-2-seriatim fasciculata, ovoidea, acutiuscula, subæqualia, apicibus visco granuloso cohærentibus. Capsula oblongo-fusiformis, reflexa.—Herba aphylla, rhizomate nodoso subarticulato brevissime squamigero. Scapus erectus, simplex, vaginis brevibus dissitis instructus. Flores in racemo terminali sparsi, mediocres, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ angustæ, pedicellum sæpius superantes.

Species 1, civitatum australium Americæ borealis et Mexici incola. Blume, Orch. Jav. 18, t. 6 (Bletia aphylla, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Amer. ii. 194).

Genus potius Corallorhiza quam Bletia affine, a priore differt polliniis 8 visco granuloso copiosiore, ab hac habitu, et polliniis more Liparicarum fasciculatis nec ut in Bletiais discrete 2-seriatis.

22. Dondrobium, Swartz in K. Vet. Acad. Stockh. Nya Handl. xxi. 244. (Ceraia, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 518, ex Lindl. Callista, Lour. l.c. 519, ex Reichb. charactere utriusque generis imperfecto. Desmotrichum, Blume, Bijdr. 329, t. 35. Pedilonum, Blume, l.c. 320, t. 36. Onychium, Blume, l.c. 323, t. 10.)—Sepala subæquilonga, posticum liberum, lateralia basi obliqua pedi columnæ adnata, mentum nunc breviter gibbiforme nunc longe calcariforme formantia, superne libera v. rarius altius connata. Petala sepalo postico sequilonga v. rarius paullo longiora v. breviora, seepe angustiora, interdum latiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ, basi contracta at rarius articulata, in pedem incumbens v. ei adnata, supra basin in lobos latos columnam amplectentes v. angustiores patentesque utrinque expansum, v. lobis obscuris v. obsoletis integrum, apice in laminam patentem angustam v. latissimam planam convexam concavam v. calceiformem acutam obtusam v. retusam expansum, disco sæpe longitudinaliter 2-3-lamellato. Columna breviuscula v. brevissima, apice plus minus 2-alata v. 2-brachiata, basi in pedem sæpe longiusculum producta; clinandrium antice 2-angulatum v. in dentes 2 breves productum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa obtuse conica v. cucullata, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa, a latere compressa, per paria in loculis collateralia v. plus minus cohærentia, æqualia v. cujusve paris inæqualia, inappendiculata, libera. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, rarius elongata, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ. Caules v. ramuli floriferi cæspitosi v. sæpius secus rhizoma v. caulem repentem ad axillas vaginarum, simplices, 1-co-foliati, nunc brevissimi v. in pseudobulbum brevem incrassati, nunc elongati, tenues v. varie ad basin v. superne carnosoincrassati. Folia varia, sepius coriacea v. carnosa, non plicata. Flores speciosi v. rarius parvi, racemosi, racemia simplicibus elongatis laxisque v. brevibus densis v. ad flores

perpaucos v. florem unicum reductis, specie terminalibus (pseudoterminalibus) v. ad nodos lateralibus; flores singuli ad axillam bractez sæpius parvæ nunc minutæ v. fere obsoletæ breviter pedicellati.

Species editæ fere 300, genuinæ, per regionem Indo-Australianam late dispersæ, præsertim in Archipelago Malayano frequentes, a Zeylania et Peninsula usque ad Japoniam, Australiam, Novam Zelandiam et insulas maris Pacifici australis extensæ; plures tamen in diariis hortulanorum ad specimina culta descriptæ ad varietates v. formas hybridas reducendæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 74, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 1. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 279; in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 149; Xen. Orch. t. 146, 169, 193, 194, 202, 206; Otia Hamb. 36; in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214; 1863, 128; 1865, 99; 1867, 230; in Linnæa xli. 39, 88. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 275. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 6.

Genus vastum at bene limitatum, quoad inflorescentiam, florum numerum et magnitudinem, sepalorum et præsertim labelli formam etc. sat polymorphum, haud facile tamen in sectiones distinctas dividendum. Lindley 10 proposuit inter quas Aporum solum characteribus certis limitatur. Quæ sequuntur, a Lindleyanis paullo mutatæ, inter se speciebus intermediis nimis frequenter connexæ sunt, quoad maximam tamen partem sat naturales videntur.

- 1. Aporum. Caules plus minus complanati, foliosi. Folia disticha, verticalia, cum vaginis complanatis linea seepius obliqua articulata. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, in axillis superioribus solitarii v. panci fasciculati. Sectio facile pro genere distincto habenda. Species ad 12. Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 3. Bot. Reg. t. 1239. Bot. Mag. t. 3608. Lodd. Bot. Cah. t. 1895. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. t. 31 B. Aporum (floribus subsolitariis) Bl. Bijdr. 334, t. 39. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 70. Griff. in Calc. Journ. iv. t. 17, v. t. 25. Oxystophyllum (floribus parvis subcapitatis), Bl. Bijdr. 335, t. 38; Rumphia, t. 193, f. 4, et 198 C. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 71. MACRO-STOMUM, Bl. Bijdr. 335, t. 37; Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 60. Schismocenas, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 96, t. 13, f. 2.
- 2. Rhizobium. Folia parvula, crassa, carnosa, ut in Cadetia solitaria, sed ad axillas vaginarum caulis v. rhizomatis repentis sessilia, nec ramulo nec pseudobulbo fulta, sæpe carnosa. Racemi v. pedunculi ad basin foliorum pauciflori. Species 3, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 284. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 5249.
- 3. Cadetia. Ramuli breves, sæpe in pseudobulbum incrassati, apice 1-foliati, secus caulem repentem v. prostratum seu rhizoma ad axillas vaginarum scariosarum dispositi. Pedicelli specie terminales, ad basin folii solitarii v. pauci. Flores parvuli. Species ad 12, quarum 3 Australianæ, Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 282 (sect. Monophytheu) cæteræ Asiaticæ v. ex ins. maris Pacifici, ab auctoribus in variis sectionibus distributæ. Inter Australianas D. cucumeriaum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 37, Bot. Mag. t. 4619, insignis est foliis crassissimis subteretibus costatis pseudobulbos simulantibus. Ad sectionem pertinent: CADETIA, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 422, t. 33, Bl. Rumphia, t. 192 f. 4 et 198 E, D. hispidum A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 5 et D. heteroideum Bl. Rumphia, iv. t. 193 f. 6, utrumque forte ad Cadetiam umbellatam Gaud. referendum, D. funiforme, Bl. l. c. t. 193 f. 5, omnes ex Archipelago Malayano v. ins. maris Pacifici, D. Macræi, Lindl., e Zeylania, D. nodosum, Dalz., e Peninsula, D. Rabani, Lindl. e Khasia, cum specie D. Macræi valde affini e Borneo. Huc etiam referendæ videntur icones Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 110, f. 1 et t. 118.
- D. nitidissimum, Reichb. f. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 113, ex ins. Admiralty, est species distinctissima ab auctoro pro sectione (Diplocaulobio) proposita, sed scapis etsi tenuibus elongatisque apice 1phyllis 1-floris et pseudobulbis 1-foliatis bene Cadetia convenit.
- 4. Sarcopodium. Ramuli breves, sæpe in pseudobulbum incrassati, apice 2-foliati, secus caulem repentem v. prostratum seu rhizoma ad axillas vaginarum dispositi. Pedunculus inter folia basi vaginatus, florem unicum majusculum (v. rarius flores paucos?) ferens. Sarcopodium, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853, quoad § 1. Species 5 v. 6. Indiæ orientalis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 29. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 304, 309. Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. 1871, 136, ct in Trans. Lina. Soc. xxx. 138 (D. Calogyne).

Sarcopodii § 2, Lindl., est Bulbophylli sect. Sestochilus.

- 5. Stackyobium. Flores racemosi, racemo in caule foliato v. rarius denudato specie terminali, additis rarius racemis paucis in axillis superioribus. Species numerosæ, intermediis paucis cum Eudendrobio connexæ, in series sequentes distribuendæ:-
- a. Humiles. Caulis brevissimus, in pseudobulbum carnosum depressum globosum v. ovoideum incrassatus. Folia seepius 2, decidus. Racemus tenuis, floribus parvulis, sepalis petalisque angustis tenuibus. A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. t. 8. Wight, Ic. t. 1643.

b. Geminate. Caules breves v. brevissimi, in rhisomate fasciculati v. secus caudicem subramosum vaginis obtectum brevissimi. Folia gemina, diu persistentia. Pedunculi inter folia uni- v. pauciflori. Sepala et petala sepius angusta. In D. geminato, Lindl., et D. labuano, Lindl., caules secus caudicem brevissimi, anguste bulbiformes, et folia specie secus caulem vaginatum geminatim subsessiles; in cetteris speciebus, caules 1-2-pollicares, carnosuli sed non bulbiformes, in rhizomate fusciculati.

Sarcostoma, Blume Bijdr. 339, t. 45, species Javanica, a Lindleyo Dendrobio refertur; a Blumeo tamen et serius a Reichenbachio in Bonplandia 1857, 54, cum Ceratostyle comparatur, cui habitu accedere videtur, sed pollinia more Dendrobii a latere compressa parallele 1-seriata. A Dendrobiis plerisque differt polliniis ex ic. Blumei acutiusculis visco parco connexis, ex Reichenbachio in caudiculas filiformes (visco extensivo?) exeuntibus. An revera species Dendrobii ad Stachyobia Gemisata referenda dubium remanet. Fragmentum tantum vidimus in herb. Lindl. absque floribus, cum analysi rudi Reichenbachii.

Geminatis habitu similis videtur ex icone Scarednders, scanders, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 91 (Scandedners in tabula) sed ob descriptionem mancam genus valde dubium remanet.

c. Eriæfloræ. Caules humiles, interdum demum longiusculi, carnosuli at non bulbiformes. Folia alterna, membranacea, sub anthesi interdum decidua. Racemi graciles, præter pseudoterminalem sæpe 1-∞ laterales. Sepala et petala tenuia, angusta, acuta v. acuminata. Wight, Ic. t. 909, 1649. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 307, f. 2.

THELYCHITON macropus, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 33, ex specimine imperfecto videtur Dendrobii species D. Kingiano, Bidw., affinis nisi eadem. T. brachypus, Endl. l. c., forte etiam Dendrobii species valde dubia remanet. T. argyropus est potius Bulbophylli species.

- d. Elatiores. Caules quam in Ericforis longiores, magis carnosi, sub anthesi foliis seepissime denudati. Flores in racemis numerosiores seepeque majores, racemi laterales rari. Wight lo. t. 910. Bot. Mag. t. 5430, 5537.
- e. Speciosæ. Caules longiores, plurifoliati v. rarius sub anthe-i aphylli. Racemus unicus pseudoterminalis, nunc clongatus floribundus, rarius pauciflorus v. ad florem unicum reductus. Flores sæpius majusculi; sepala et petala latiuscula v. angusta, interdum undulata v. petala sepalis longiora. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 10. A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 6. Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 21. Bot. Mag. t. 2906, 3074, 4527, 4755, 4898, 5261, 5285, 5444, 5459, 5540, 5956. Bot. Reg. t. 1610; 1839, t. 37; 1841, t. 52.
- f. Ramosissima, caulibus tenuibus ramosis paucifoliatis floribus parvis in racemo brevi pseudoterminali paucis. Wight Ic. t. 1648.
- 6. Strongyle. Caules sæpe ramosi, elongati tenuesque v. breviores rigidique non pseudobulbosi. Folia teretia v. subteretia, modo distantia tenuia v. filiformia, modo brevia disticha rigida recurvopatentia. Racemi tenues pseudoterminales v. laterales, fioribus parvulis. Endl. Iconogr. t. 99. F. Muell. Fragm. i. t. 6. Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buttenz. t. 22, f. 3 (Podochilus) et t. 23. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 109. Bot. Mag. t. 4711. D. uncatum, Lindl., speciesque aliæ brevifoliæ quodammodo Aporis accelunt.
- 7. Eudendrobium. Caules indivisi, apice v. undique foliati, sub anthesi sæpe denudati, haud raro basi v. superne v. ad nodos v. undique carnoso-incrassati. Racemi axillares v. ad nodos laterales, multiflori v. ad fasciculum 2-pauci-florum v. ad florem unicum reducti. Species numerosissimæ, infeliciter a Lindleyo ad caulis crassitudinem v. florum colorem aliisque characteribus in sectiones nec naturales nec bene definitas distributæ, nobis melius videntur in series sequentes ordinandæ.
- a. Pycnostachyæ. Racemi densi laterales v. subterminales, floribus numerosis parvis v. angustis secus rhachin confertis, mento sæpe calcariformi. Caules sub anthesi sæpius defoliati. Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 20, f. 1. A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 7. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 91. Bot. Mag. t. 4352, 5703. Bot. Reg. t. 1291.
- b. Formose. Flores speciosi, laxe fasciculati, fasciculis ad apicem caulis confertis. Folia per anthesin sepe persistentia. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 39. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 305. Bot. Reg. t. 1315. D. Lowei, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5303, huc potius quam ad Fasciculatas pertinere videtur. Soctio Pedilonum, Lindl., continet Pycnostachyas et Formosas.
- c. Calostachyæ. Racemi laterales, laxi, plus minus elongati, floribus sæpius speciosis. Caules sub anthesi sæpe defoliati et haud raro incrassati, interdum tamen per anthesin foliati. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 40. Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 38. A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 9. Hook, Exot. Fl. t. 71, 184. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 92. Bot. Mag. t. 3418, 3643, 3837, 4160, 4659, 5053, 5451, 5459, 5564, 5649, 5780, 5918, 5968, 6013, 6226, 6363. Bot. Reg. t. 1695, 1779; 1847, t. 36.

Huc pertinet *D. pulchellum*, Roxb., Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 82, non Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1935, nec Bot. Mag. t. 5037, quæ species ad *D. Devonianum* inter *Fasciculatas* referenda.

d. Fascioulata. Racemi laterales, ad fasciculos laxe paucifloros interdum ad flores 1-2 reducti. Flores sæpe speciosi. Caules sub anthesi sæpe aphylli v. folia perpauca ferentes, haud raro varie carnoso-incrassati, interdum basi foliati sterilesque, superne aphylli, nodis 1-2-floris, apice attenuati nudi, racemum terminalem elongatum interruptumque simulantes. Wight, Ic. t. 908, 1644 ad 1647. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 303, 306, 308. Miq. Choux Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 24. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 3, 18, 35. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 9. Bot. Mag. t. 2584, 4013, 4163, 4429, 4450, 4477, 4640, 4663, 4686, 4708, 4886, 4937, 4944, 4970, 4993, 5003, 5011, 5037, 5058, 5130, 5441, 5446, 5454, 5470, 5482, 5488, 5515, 5520, 5652, 5679, 5766, 5825, 6007, 6050, 6199, 6319, 6438. Bot. Reg. t. 548, 1299, 1314, 1756, 1864; 1839, t. 20, 22; 1843, t. 6, 17, 54, 60; 1844, t. 53. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1935. Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 57. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 110, f. 2, t. 145, 152, 155.

DICHOPUS, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 176, planta Novo-Guineensis nobis ignota et quoad characteres florales ad iconem Latourei descripta, est verisimiliter Dendrobii species hujus subsectionis, columna sub stigmate appendice cuneiformi instructa insignis.

e. Foliosæ. Caules floriferi foliati, foliis alternis sæpe angustis. Flores axillares, breviter pedicellati, sæpius parvuli, gemini v. fasciculati. A. Rich. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 26. Grastidium, Blume, Bijdr. 333.

ACLINIA, Griff. Notul. iii. 320; Ic. Pl. As. t. 351 A, f. 21, cum aliis speciebus ad varias sectiones imprimis Stackyobio pertinentes, a Lindl. Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 9, sectionem propriam format floribus abnorme subregularibus.

23. Latourea, Blume, Rumphia, iv. 41, t. 195 et 199 C.—Sepala subæqualia, acuminata, undulata, patentia; posticum liberum, lateralia basi obliqua pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum basi cum pede columnæ saccatum, elongatum, patens, undulatum, basi in lobos 2 membranaceos undulatos horizontales columnam amplectentes et pone eam connatos productum. Columna brevis, latiuscula, exalata; clinandrium parum dilatatum postice in dentem brevem productum. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularis, incumbens, plano-convexa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, oblonga, a latere compressa, inappendiculata, libera. Capsula . . .—Caules carnoso-incrassati, apice paucifoliati. Pedunculi laterales, laxe longeque racemiferi. Flores speciosi, sepalis petalisque insigniter undulatis (Char. ex Blum.).

Species 1, Novæ Guineæ incola, a nobis non visa, et a Blumeo ipso ex figura et analysi in loco natali a Latoureo delineatis descripta. Genus quadammodo incertum, evidenter *Dendrobio* valde affine, nec nisi labelli lobis basalibus pone columnam connatis et polliniis 2 nec 4 diversum; hic tamen character ulterius probandus. Habitus omnino *Dendrobis*.

24. Bulbophyllum, Thon. Orch. Iles Afr. tab. esp. 3 et ic. t. 93 ad 97 et 99 ad 110. (Bolbophyllum, Spr. Syst. iii. 681. Gersinia, Neraud in Gaud. Bot. Freyein. Voy. 27. Diphyes, Blume, Bijdr. 310, t. 66. Tribrachium, Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 41. Anisopetalum, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 149.)—Sepalum posticum liberum, erectum v. patens, lateralibus subæquilongum v. rarius conspicue brevius ; lateralia basi oblique dilatata et pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve gibbiforme v. parum prominens formantia, superne patentia libera v. rarius altius connata. Petala sepalis breviora rarius subæquilonga, sepius parva v. angusta. Labellum basi contractum cum pede columnæ articulatum v. mobile, in pedem incumbens; lobi laterales parvi, erecti, sapius auriculiformes v. dentiformes, medius integer v. plumoso-ciliatus, recurvus, angustus v. latiusculus, sæpe varie incrassatus v. medio 2-lamellatus. Columna erecta, supius brevis, basi in pedem longiusculum producta, superne 2-alata; clinandrium breve, postice seepe in dentem antheriferum productum, antice 2-brachiatum, 2-dentatum v. 2-angulatum, et interdum alæ columnæ infra brachia utrinque dente minore appendiculate. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens. depresso-hemisphærica v. obtuse conica, 2-locularis v. rarius septo evanido 1-locularis: pollinia cerea, ad normam 4, per paria in loculis segregata, seepe tamen cujusve paris plus minus connate v. uno minimo ita ut duo tantum in anthera appareant, hec etiam interdum dorso connata, inappendiculata nisi rarius visco parco subgranuloso coherentia. Capsula globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbee caule seu rhizomate in saxa arboresque repente radicante, vaginis scariosis plus minus obteoto. Pseudobulbi ad axillas vaginarum sessiles, apice folia 1-2 ferentes, et rarius caulis apex 2-3-foliatus absque pseudobulbis. Scapi floriferi ad latera pseudobulborum v. rarius in rhizomate sparsi, aphylli, simplices, basi v. sparse co-vaginati. Flores nunc parvi v. minuti in racemo terminali numerosi, nunc majores rarius magni in scapo solitarii v. pauci, in paucis speciebus pedicellis ad apicem scapi approximatis subumbellati. Bractee seepius parvæ, in paucis speciebus flores subsequantes imbricatæque, subdistichæ.

Species ad 80, pro maxima parte per regiones tropicas Africæ et Asiæ dispersæ, perpaucæ Austro-Americanæv. Australianæ, una sola in Nova Zelandia obvia. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 47, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 125. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 243, pro parte; in Bonpl. 1857, 57; in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 237, 1865, 99; in Flora, 1865, 184; in Linnæa xli. 92; Otia Hamb. 94, 118; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 150. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 286.

Genus florum numero et magnitudine polymorphum, quoad species plerasque naturale, sed non semper a finitimis accurate limitatum, nec facile in sectiones bene definitas dividendum. Sequentes, imprimis ad inflorescentiam conditæ, formis intermediis haud raro junguntur etsi plures a variis auctoribus pro generibus propriis propositæ sint.

- 1. Sestochilos. Flores majusculi v. magni, in pedunculo v. scapo basi paucivaginato v. nudo solitarii. In plerisque speciebus pseudobulbi 1-foliati, columnæ dentes laterales breves, anthera magna valde convexa v. obtuse conica. Species Indicæ v. Archipelugi Malayani. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 292, 295. Bot. Mag. t. 4532. Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 13. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 116. Sestochilos, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic. Saucopodii § 2, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.
- 2. Leopardinæ. Pedunculi breves, laxe 2-3-flori, rarius 1-flori, floribus majusculis. Sepala lata, patentia. Petala multo minora. Columnæ angulæ anticæ vix in dentes productæ. Anthera opercularis, convexa v. depresso-hemisphærica. Species Indicæ. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nap. t. 28 (Dendrobium). Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 296, f. 2. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. t. 32 B.; Xen. Oroh. t. 144; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 115. Bot. Mag. t. 5408 (Sarcopodium), 5605, 6119.
- 3. Elegantes. Pedunculi v. scapi graciles, laxe pluriflori v. interdum 1-flori, floribus mediocribus. Columnæ angulæ in dentes prominentes v. brachia productæ. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati. Species Indicæ v. Archipelagi Malayani. Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buttenz. t. 20, f. 2, t. 22, f. 2. Reuchb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. t. 32 A.

His affinis est inter Americanas B. Napelli, Lindl. (B. balæniceps, Reichb. Xen. Orch. t. 157, ex ic. et descr.?) e Brasilia.

EPICRANTHES, Blume, Bijdr. 306, t. 9, ex ic. et descr. est verisimiliter Bulbophylli species Elegantibus affinis, pseudobulbis 1-phyllis, scapis 2-floris; differt columna 'inferne utroque latere processubus antenniformibus 7 pendulis' cincta. Hi processus sunt forte petalorum nanorum lacinise. In collectione Parishiana flores 2 soli supersunt, in quibus processus lineares breviter stipitati ad utrumque latus columnse 3 v. 4 omnino locum petalorum tenere videntur. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 265 Monomeriam cum Epicranthe junxit, serius tamen in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 143 iterum distinxit.

4. Racemose. Scapi co-vaginati, sæpe elongati, floribus in racemo sæpius numerosis breviter pedicellatis parvis v. mediocribus. Columnæ anguli in dentes prominentes v. brachia producti et interdum columna infra brachia utrinque 1-dentata. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati v. præsertim in speciebus nonnullis Africanis 2-foliati. Species ultra 40, Asiaticæ et Africanæ cum paucis Americanis. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 69. Wight, Ic. t. 1650, 1749. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 297. Bot. Mag. t. 4166, 5050, 5309, 5316, 5329. Bot. Reg. t. 963 (Tribrachia), 1964. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 117. Xen. Orch. t. 207. Taurostalix, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 933, ex char.

Bolbophylla typica racemosa pluribus notis polymorpha sunt. B. variegatum, Thou. Orch. Hes Afr. t. 105, e Mauritio, insignis est scapis elatis co-vaginatis plerisque more generis ad latera pseudo-bulborum sitis, terminalis tamen supra vaginas 2-foliatus. B. clavatum, Thou. Orch. Hes Afr. t. 99, e Mauritio, distinguitur rhachi incrassata carnosa; flores tamen sparsi, nec ut in Megaclinio in faciebus rhacheos planse 1-seriati. In B. occulto, Thou. I.c. t. 93, 94, e Mauritio, et B. lupulino, Lindl., ex Africa tropica, bractem solito majores, imbricates, membranacem, flores parvos fere occultantes. Ptiloglossum, a Lindleyo, in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 125, pro sectione propositum, species

continet plures Africanas labelli lamina angusta longiuscula margine longe denseque plumoso-ciliata. Bot. Mag. t. 4088, 5288. Bot. Reg. t. 1942, 1970. Sectio tamen minime naturalis et labellum etiam in speciebus nonnullis Asiaticis margine plus minus ciliatum est. B. fusco-purpureum, Wight, Ic. t. 1651, ab omnibus distinguitur petalis antenniformibus e basi nana in aristam longam apice clavatam productis. In B. lemniscato, Par., Bot. Mag. t. 5961, e Moulmein, sepala dorso infra apicem arista longiuscula instructa sunt. In B. Careyana, Spr., affinibusque ex India orientali, racemus sæpius dense spiciformis, crassus, cylindraceus, floribus co-seriatim subimbricatis.

Ione, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853; Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 635, a Bulbophyllo separatur et ad Vandeas transfertur ob 'pollinia per paria glandulis 2 distinctis cartilagineis ovalibus adnata.' Species 3 priores Lindleyi examinare nequimus, in I. paleacea, Lindl., Bot. Mag. t. 6344, pollinia vidimus omnino Bulbophylli, nisi visco extensivo in uno flore vix conspicuo in altero distinctiore lineari per paria connexa. In speciebus angustifoliis Lindleyi, que omnes Bulbophyllo reptanti, Lindl., simillume sunt, pollinia nunc omnino libera, nunc in quoque loculo visco extensivo tenuissimo connexa vidimus. Characteres cæteri tam vegetationis quam floris omnino Bulbophylli. 1. paleacea distinguitur statura elatiore, bracteis solito majoribus paleaceis. B. reptans affinesque humiles sunt floribus minoribus.

DIDACTYLE, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1852, genus propositum fuit ad species 7 austro-Americanas, columna utrinque infra brachia terminalia dente brevi instructa, quod tamen observatur in speciebus plurimis Africanis racemosis et character species aliter valde dissimiles jungit.

XIPHIZUSA, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 919, et in Walp. Ann. vi. 242, species continet paucas austro-Americanas, a Didactyle separatas, sepalis lateralibus augustis alte coalitis et labelli lobis lateralibus longiusculis erectis, medio ligulato dependente. Character sumptus est a B. chloroptero, Reichb. f., cujus fragmenta cum icone picta adsunt in herb. Lindl. cum iconibus specierum 2 a Reichenbachio cum B. chloroptero comparatarum: Didactyle gladiata, Lindl., sepalis B. chloropteri sed labelli lobis lateralibus brevibus latis, et D. Weddellii, Lindl., habitu multo majore et sepalis omnibus liberis angustis subsequalibus.

MALACHADENIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1839, Misc. 67, Bot. Mag. t. 4334, ex specimine imperfecto in herb. Lindl. et ic. et descr. citatis videtur Bulbophylli species Brasiliensis, columnæ brachiis longis reflexis. Pollinarii 'glandula mollis cubica' est verisimiliter visci massa e rostello extrusa, qualis in Liparicis Dendrobicisque haud raro observatur.

Bolbophyllaria, Reichb. f. in Bol. Zeit. 1852, 934; Orch. Centr. Amer. 60; et in Walp. Ann. vi. 241, genus conditum fuit ad Bulbophyllum bracteolatum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 57, speciem Americanam pseudobulbis 2 foliatis, scapo elato, habitu et floribus in rhachi incrassata carnosa sparsis B. clavatum, Thou., e Madagascaria referentem, sed ovarium apice bracteolis 2 parvis inter sepalum posticum et lateralia sitis instructum est. Species primum descripta fuit ad specimen cultum plantæ Guianensis et sylvestre e Venezuela, ad eandem speciem tamen referrimus Pleurothallem pachyrhyncham, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 234, t. 74, e Cuba, et B. sordudum, Lindl., e Guatemala, nec ex charactere dato distinguimus Bolbophyllariam Œrstedii, Reichb. f., ex America centrali. Didactyle meridensis, Lindl., e Venezuela (D. exaltata, Lindl., e Guiana), est species B. bracteolato affinis, foliis crassioribus, racemi rhachi non v. vix incrassata et bracteolis minoribus, quæ tamen certe adsunt.

Bulbophyllum bisetum, Lindl., Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 296, f. 1 (B. cirrhopetaloides, Griff. Notul. iii. 290), ex India orientali, a Reichb. f. l. c. Bolbophyllariæ refertur ob bracteolas ad apicem ovarii bene evolutas lineari-setaceas vix perianthio breviores sed habitus inflorescentia et flores cæterum ab illis B. bracteolatæ longe recedunt; inflorescentia fere B. fusco-purpurei, Wight, folia solitaria acuta B. lemniscati. In B. clavato, Thou., a Reichenbachio l. c. ad Bolbophyllariam relato, bracteolas non invenimus.

LYRMA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 46, genus conditum fuit ad descriptionem iconemque A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. 62, t. 8, Bulbophylli prismatici, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 109, cum charactere Bulbophylli nequaquam convenientes sed forte false, nam Blume genus ad Bulbophyllum restituit. Icon rudis Thouarsii habitum ostendit specierum Racemosarum et nemo post Richardium plantam examinavisse videtur. Specimina nobis desunt.

5. Umbellate. Scapi co-vaginati, sepe elati, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis longiuscule pedicellatis, racemo ad apicem scapi abbreviato umbelliformi v. capituliformi fere Cirrhopetali, sed sepala omnis patentis parum insequalis. Species pauce Indiæ v. Archipelagi Malayani. Breda Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic. Bot. Mag. t. 4267. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 44.

COCHLIA, Blums, Bijdr. 320, t. 59; Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 46, species Javensis a nobis non visa, nec ab auctoribus recentioribus descripta, a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 265, ad Bulbophyllum reducitur, si revera congener, ad hanc seriem pertinet racemo capituliformi subgloboso.

6. Brachystachys. Herbse tenues, reptantes, pseudobulbis parvulis 1-foliatis. Flores parvuli, panci, longiuscule pedicellati, ad apicem scapi brevis tenuis subumbellati, brevissime laxeque racemosi v. capitati; sepala tenuiter acuminata. Species ad 20, Asiaticse. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 294, f. 2. ODONTOSTYLES, Breds, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic.

His affinis videtur B. Regnellii, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 157, e Brasilia.

7. Oxysepale. Caules v. rhizomata elongata, prostrata, ramosa, multivaginata, pseudobulbis parvis nunc minimis 1-foliatis. Scapi breves nunc brevissimi, tenues, paucifiori, seepe vix e vaginis prominuli. Flores parvuli, sepalis acuminatissimis. Columnæ brachia longa.—Species ad 6, Asiaticæ v. Australianæ. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 293. Oxysepalum, Wight, Ic. v. 17, t. 1736. Huc pertinet inter alia B. Shepherdi, F. Muell.; Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab., ubi pedunculi brevissimi delineantur, in speciminibus nostris interdum semipollicem excedunt.

Thelychiton argyropus, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 32, Iconogr. t. 29, ex ins. Norfolk, est verisimiliter Bulbophylli species nans.

25. Suntpia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 179; Orch. Scel. 25, ic.; Sert. Orch. Frontisp. n. 8; et Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala libera, aqualia, patentia. Petala sepalis multo minora, lato-ovata. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, sepalis parum brevius; lobi laterales prope basin angustam breves, auriculiformes, obtusi, medius crassiusculus, oblongus, concavus, marginibus subrecurvis. Columna brevissima, lata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve. Anthera intra clinandrium sessilis, suberecta, mox a rostello aversa, loculis distinctis globosis sursum in valvas 2 persistentes dehiscentibus; pollinia 4, in quoque loculo 2, cerea, ovoideo-compressiuscula, libera v. demum visco parco coherentia.—Herba epiphytica, breviter reptans, caulibus brevissimis novellis plurivaginatis, mox in pseudobulbum 1-phyllum carnosum incrassatis. Folium coriaceum, tenuiter multivenium. Scapi laterales, elongati, aphylli, ima basi vaginati. Flores parvi, in racemo terminali distichi, intra bracteas distichas scariosas v. subcoriaceas concavas sessiles, iisque fere occulti.

Species 1, Himalaica et Burmanica.

Genus antherarum indole nulli nisi Microstyli accedere videtur. Habitus potius Bulhophylli, quod olim a Lindleyo cum Ione (Bulhophylli specie) associatum, nec bere ab hoc genere longe separandum ut proposuit Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 294.

26. Cirrhopetalum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 832; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 58. (Zygoglossum, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 4. Hippoglossum, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic. Ephippium, Blume, Bijdr. 309, t. 65.)—Sepalum posticum liberum, breve, lateralia multo longiora angusta v. acuminata, interdum longe caudata, basi parum dilatata, columnæ pedi adnata, parallele patentia v. dependentia, interdum alte cohærentia. Petala sepalis lateralibus multo breviora, sæpius postico subsimilia, ovata v. lanceolata, integra v. eleganter ciliato-serrata. Labellum basi contractum, cum pede columnæ articulatum v. mobile, in pedem incumbens, superne recurvum, integrum v. ad basin laminæ utrinque auriculatum. Columna erecta, brevis, basi in pedem producta, superne 2-alata, alis utrinque in dentem v. brachium erectum productis; clinandrium postice truncatum v. in dentem brevem productum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, depressohemisphærica, inappendiculata, decidua; pollinia cerea, ad normam 4, per paria in loculos segregata, seepius tamen cujusve paris plus minus connata ita ut duo tantum in anthera appareant, inappendiculata. Capsula ovata v. oblonga, nunc fere fusiformia.-Herbee caule seu rhizomate repente radicante, habitu Bulbophylli. Pseudobulbi ad axillas vaginarum scariosarum apice 1-foliati. Scapi floriferi ad latera pseudobulborum aphylli. co-vaginati. Flores seepe speciosi, racemo in umbellam contracto, circa apicem scapi penduli, rarius pedicellis abbreviatis subcapitati v. pedicellis dissitis laxius racemosi.

Species ad 30, pro maxima parte Indise Orientalis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolse, cum una Mascarensi altera Chinensi, tertia parum anomala Australiana. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 98 (Bulbophyllum). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 67. Griff. Io. Pl. As. t. 298, 299. Wight Io. t. 1652 ad 1658. A. Rich. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 2, xv. t. 7 (Bulbophyllum). Bot. Mag. t. 4391, 4418, 4422, 4763, 4977, 4996. Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 12, 1843, t. 49.

Genus certe Bulbophyllo valde affine, cui reducitur a Blumeo et a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 259, Otia Hamb. 49, in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 153, in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 237, et in Flora, 1872, 275, 278; passim tamen ab hoc auctore in Gard. Chron. retinetur, et quoed species fere omnes naturalissimum est, et tam inflorescentia quam periauthio facile dignoscitur. C. Wallichii, Lindl. (C. refractum, Zoll.), tamen Bulbophyllo accedit racemo elongato, sed sepala lateralia elongata parallele dependentia omnino Cirrhopetali, sepalo postico petalis subsimili. Species Australiana sola, Cirrhopetalum v. Bulbophyllum Elisæ, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vi. 120, t. 57, racemo adhuc laxiore sepalo postico petalis conspicue longiore in Fl. Austral. sub Bulbophyllo recensita, revera intermedia videtur.

BOLBOPHYLLOPSIS, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 933, est ex auctore in Walp. Ann. vi. 243, C. maculosum, Lindl., species vera Cirrhopetali et ut videtur cadem ac C. bootanense, Griff. Notul. iii. 296; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 299.

27. Megaclinium, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 989; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 47; et in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 128.—Sepalum posticum liberum, patens, lateralia minora, acuminata, basi lata columnæ basi v. pedi adnata. Petala minora, angusta. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum, mobile, basi inflexum, superne recurvo-patens, integrum v. supra medium margine denticulatum. Columna brevis, utrinque alato-dilatata, basi in pedem brevem nunc brevissimum producta, vertice in clinandrium antice 2-angulatum expansa. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, per paria plus minus connata, paribus interdum dorso breviter connatis, inappendiculata. Capsula . . . — Herbæ epiphyticæ; rhizomate seu caule repente; pseudobulbi sæpius 4-goni, apice 2-foliati (rarius 1-foliati?). Scapi e rhizomate ad latera pseudobulborum aphylli, plurivaginati. Racemus terminalis, rhachi insigniter dilatato-compressa, flores in utraque facie secus costam centralem v. parum excentricam 1-seriati, breviter pedicellati, parvi. Bracteæ sub floribus parvæ, sæpe latæ, in rhachi transversee. Sepalum posticum variat nunc lateralibus vix dimidio majus breviter acuminatum marginibus leviter involutis, nunc lateralibus 2-3-plo longius oblongum, obtusum, marginibus apicem versus incrassatis coloratis recurvis labellum simulans.

Species ad 9, Africæ tropicæ et australis subtropicæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 257 (Bulbophylli sect.). Bot. Mag. t. 4028, 5936. Bot. Reg. t. 1959.

Genus Bulbophyllo proxime affine, sed inflorescentia singulari bene definitum videtur.

28. Trias, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 60.—Sepala subequalia, patentia; lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata. Petala parva, oblonga v. linearia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ mobile, inflexum, incumbens, apice subpatens, angustum, crassiusculum. Columna brevis, lata, antice concava, alis apice antice angulatis v. in dentem brevem productis; clinandrium breve. Anthera erecta, caducissima, loculis bene distinctis, connectivo in appendicem oblongam truncatamque v. teretem loculis 2—3-plo longiorem producto; pollinia 4, cerea, per paria in loculis segregata, cujusve paris subcohærentia; inappendiculata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ humiles, cæspitosæ v. caule seu rhizomate repente radicante. Pseudobulbi parvuli, subglobosi, apice 1-foliati. Scapi laterales, tenues, aphylli, 1-flori, præter vaginas ad basin 1-2 parvas ebracteati.

Species 3, quarum 2 in vicinibus Moulmeyn crescentes: Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 70; Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 150 (Bulbophyllum); tertia, adhuc inedita, e Peninsula Indiæ Orientalis primo aspectu Moulmeynianis simillima sed antherarum appendice tereti subdorsali nec complanata truncataque facile distincta.

Genus Bulbophyllo valde affine et habitu B. gracili, Lindl., aliisque paucis speciebus e Java quodammodo accedit, vix tamen ad Bulbophyllum ipsum reducendum ut proposuit Blume, qui tamen characterem ab anthera sumptum haud memorat.

29. Ceyrteera, Blume, Bijdr. 307, t. 58.—Sepala patentia, subsequilonga, lateralia usque ad apicem coalita. Petala multo minora. Labellum in pede columnse articulatum, sepalis brevius, juxta basin ventricosum fere saccatum, indivisum, lamina lateribus reflexis valde convexa, utrinque undique glandulosa. Columna erecta, semiteres, apice alis seu brachiis membranacsis 2-3-fidis instructa, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium

breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, antice lamina suborbiculari glandulosa appendiculata; pollinia 2, cerea, in quoque loculo solitaria, ovoidea, inappendiculata, libera.—Herba epiphytica, pseudobulbis 1-foliatis. Folium lineari-lanceolatum. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, spica terminali simplici, floribus sessilibus purpurascentibus. (Char. ex Blume ic. et descr.)

Species 1, Javensis, a nobis non visa, nec ab auctoribus recentioribus descripta. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 13.

Genus verisimiliter Bulbophyllo affine, labelli forms et antheræ appendicula insigne.

30. Drymeda, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 8 C.—Sepala patentia, posticum liberum ovatum, lateralia majora ad apicem pedis columnæ a postico intervallo longo separata. Petala parva, lata. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ (articulatum?), ungue longo incurvo demum suberecto, lamina patente ovata 3-loba, disco convexo piloso. Columna brevissima, antice alis seu brachiis 2 longis falcatis parallele horizontalibus instructa, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, ovoidea, compressiuscula, inæqualia, apice massæ globosæ concolori affixa. Capsula parva, obovoidea, erostris.— Herba epiphytica, pusilla, pseudobulbis confertis depressis orbicularibus medio umbonatis folium parvum caducissimum ferentibus. Scapi sub pseudobulbo oriundi, erecti, filiformes, 1-flori, basi squamellis paucis minimis instructi. Flos parvus. Bractea minuta.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Malayanæ incola. Bot. Mag. t. 5904. Stirps primo aspectu Eriam extinctoriam, Oliv., in mentem revocat, sed scapus sub pseudobulbo apice cicatrice folii delapsi notato affixus, nec in medio pseudobulbo, et characteres plerique Bulhophylli, a quo differt sepalis lateralibus ut in Monomeria ad apicem pedis longi columnæ affixis, et polliniorum appendice globosa de cujus natura incerti sumus; in flore unico examinato imperfecta erat, ex icone Griffithiana in herb. Lindl. polliniis concolor et cum iis continua est, sed ex anthera exserta.

31. Monemeria, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 61.—Sepalum posticum liberum, erectum, concavo-complicatum, acutum; lateralia multo majora, plana, pedi columnæ adnata, intervallo longo a postico separata. Petala brevissima, lata, fimbriata, secus pedem columnæ sæpius irregulariter decurrentia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ articulatum, carnosulum, complicatum, basi incumbens; lobi laterales breves, medius erecto-patens, indivisus, facie lamellatus. Columna brevis, erecta, lata, anguste 2-alata, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium breve, dente postico duobusque anticis brevibus. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in massam globosam cohærentia v. concreta, inappendiculata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ rhizomate repente duro. Pseudobulbi 1-foliati, carnosi, costati, pyramidati v. oblongi. Folium longum, planum, coriaceum, rigidum, basi complicatum in petiolum contractum. Scapi e rhizomate elati, aphylli, simplices, vaginis paucis dissitis. Racemus laxus, floribus mediocribus longiuscule pedicellatis. Bracteæ pedicellis breviores.

Species 2, inter se valde affines, altera Nepalensis, altera Burmanica. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 143, t. 28.

Genus Bulbophyllo quam maxime affine nec ad Vandeas transferendum. Pollinia in floribus 2 speciminum Wallichianorum invenimus qualia a Lindleyo descripta et in herb. Lindl. delineata. Accuratissimus tamen Parish ex specimine unico Burmanico pollinarii stipitem et glandulam delineavit, sed forte error quidam hic latet, nam polliniorum in stipite insertione ab omnibus Vandeis nobis notis discrepat.

32. Dendrechium, Blume, Bijdr. 398, t.52, quoad sect. 1.—Sepala subsequalia, patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia basi vix dilatata, columnse pedi brevi adnata. Petala sepalis paullo minora, patentia. Labellum cum pede brevi columnse articulatum, subsessile, breviter incumbens, dein erecto-patens, oblongum. Columna brevia, utroque latere dente seu brachio erecto instructa, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium concavum v.

fere cucullatum. Anthera intra clinandrium opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, distincta, inappendiculata, apicibus vix acutiusculis visco parcissimo coherentibus. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caule seu caudice reptante ramoso squamis scariosis vaginato, pseudobulbis ad axillas vaginarum angustis 1-foliatis. Folium angustum, coriaceum, planum. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum e caudice oriundi, basi imbricato-vaginati, aphylli, tenues, simplices. Flores in racemo gracili, parvi, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Malacca et Archipelagi Malayani incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 34. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 927. Genus ad sectionem primam auctorum limitatum nobis bene distinctum videtur. Racemi tenues et flores parvi primo aspectu iis Liparidis subsimiles, sed columna in pedem producta et pollinia paullo diversa; characteres vegetationis omnino Bulbophylli nec Liparicarum. Sectio secunda auctorum nobis genus proprium format Platyolinis, supra n. 15.

33. Panisea, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 44 (Ccelogynis sect.); Fol. Orch. 1854 pro parte (Androgyne, Griff. Notul. iii. 279.)—Sepala et petala subæqualia, libera, angusta, erecta v. subpatentia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, sepalis subæquilongum, angustum, integrum, basi in unguem longum sigmoideo-flexuosum rugosulum contractum. Columna longiuscula, erecta, superne late 2-alata, basi vix in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium parvulum, integrum v. leviter sinuatum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, distincte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea, cerea, inappendiculata, libera v. visco parco cohærentia. Capsula ovoidea v. anguste oblonga.—Herba epiphytica, dense cæspitosa. Pseudobulbi angusti, in rhizomate conferti, apice 1-2-phylli. Racemi tenues, laxi, sub pseudobulbo laterales, floribus paucis mediocribus v. parvulis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ persistentes, pedicello sæpe longiores.

Species 1 v. 2, Himalaicæ, habitu Bulbophyllo reptanti, Lindl., accedentes.

Genus a P. parviflora et P. reflexa, Lindl., forte speciei unius varietatibus conditum, tam inflorescentia quam floribus potius Bulbophyllo quam Calogyni affine videtur. P. apiculata et P. uniflora a Lindleyo serius additæ ob cristarum labelli deficientiam, quoad formam et situm labelli omnino Calogyni conveniunt, et prior jam rite a Reichenbachio ad hoc genus revocata. Hic auctor tamen infeliciter C. bilamellatam, Lindl., ad Paniscam transfert, nam labellum omnino C. proliferæ basi breviter saccatum, nec flexuosum, uti ex specimine margine læsione eroso in herb. Lindl. delineatur.

34. Acrocheme, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala sequilonga, inter se libera, patentia; lateralia basi lata obliqua pedi columna adnata. Petala sepalis paullo breviora, angustiora. Labellum cum pede columnae articulatum eique basi incumbens, dein erectum, abrupte supra unguem brevem dilatatum; lobi laterales induplicati, apice faciei labelli adnati, medius lanceolatus. Columna brevissima, crassiuscula, basi in pedem longiusculum producta; clinandrii dentes breves. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, transverse oblonga, convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, globosa, appendicula granuloso-viscosa breviter laminiformi demum 2-partita connexa. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, pseudobulbis 1-foliatis ovoideis v. globosis. Folium longe petiolatum, oblongum, coriaceum, striatum. Scapi laterales, erecti, aphylli, basi 2-3-vaginati. Racemus simplex, longiusculus, laxus, floribus mediocribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ lanceolatæ, membranaceæ, pedicello longiores, persistentes.

Species 1, Sikkimensis.

35. Chrysoglessum, Blume, Bijdr. 337, t. 7; Orch. Archip. Ind. 161, t. 46, 47.—Sepala subsequilonga, posticum liberum, lateralia basi paullo latiora, cum pede columnae in mentum breve v. saccatum connata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum basi cum pede columnae continuum et mento sepalorum intus adnatum, dein erectum, lamina explanata lobis lateralibus ovatis, medio majore; discus lamellatus. Columna erecta v. arcuata, semiteres, medio v. altius 2-auriculata v. 2-cornuta, v. præter angulos clinandrii nuda, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium postice prominens, antice 2-angulatum v. breviter 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, discrete

2-locularis, ultra loculos breviter producta; pollinia 2, cerea, in quoque loculo solitaria, collateralia, globosa v. a latere interiore compressa, inappendiculata, libera. Capsula longiuscula, erostris, basi attenuata.—Herbæ terrestres v. epiphyticæ. Folia in rhizomate repente solitaria, majuscula, plicato-venosa, petiolo longiusculo basi haud raro in pseudo-bulbum incrassato. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, aphylli, plurivaginati, elati. Flores mediocres, in racemo laxo breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ ovario breviores.

Species 3, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ, cum quarta nuper a C. B. Clarke in Sikkim detecta. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 13. De Vr. Illustr. Orch. Reichb. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 304. Characteres precipue ex descr. et ic. optimis Blumei sumpsimus, flores in solo C. vericato, Reichb. f. ex ins. Fiji, et in C. (Diglyphosa) latifolio, Blume, examinavimus, cui columnæ auriculæ seu anguli parum prominulæ nec corniformes ut in speciebus Blumeanis, quo solo charactere distinguitur Diglyphosa, Bl. Bijdr. 336, t. 60; Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 80 (Diglyphis, Bl. Praf. Fl. Jav.; Orch. Archip. Ind. 163, t. 55) quam ad Chrysoglossi speciem reducimus. Genus cæterum a Cyrtopodio vix nisi pollinario distinguendum.

36. Collabium, Blume, Bijdr. 357.—Sepala subrequilonga, posticum liberum, lateralia basi cum pede columnæ in mentum longum calcariforme connata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum basi unguiculatum, in pedem columnæ incumbens, superne erectum, lobis lateralibus parvis, medio lato patente margine lacero-fimbriato. Columna erecta, incurva, vix alata, basi in pedem longum reflexum producta; clinandrium erectum, obliquum, edentulum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, distincte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, in quoque loculo solitaria, late ovata, compressiuscula, inappendiculata, libera. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate repente annulato. Folia secus rhizoma solitaria, ampla, plicato-venosa, petiolo longo basi vagina longa scariosa incluso et demum in pseudobulbum incrassato. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, elati, simplices, aphylli (an basi vaginati?). Racemus terminalis, elongatus, floribundus; flores quam in Tainia minores et longius pedicellati, secus rhachin sparsi. Bracteæ membranaceæ, angustæ, reflexæ.

Species 2, altera Javanica, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 96, Miq. Choix, t. 26; altera Borneensis, Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. 1881, i. 462. Fili elastici polliniorum (caudicula, Lindl.) proveniunt verisimiliter e visco in Dendrohieis sæpe e rostello in antheram dehiscentem intruso et facile in fila elastica extenso, ab appendicula Epidendrearum et stipite Vandearum valde diversa. De identitate speciei Javanicæ cum typo Blumeano cfr. Miq. l. c.; speciem Borneensem non vidimus. Genus cæterum vix a Chrysoglosso differt mento longo calcariformi. Reichenbach in Gard. Chron. l. c. Chrysoglossa omnia ad Collabium refert.

37. Conta, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 36, char. emend. in Bot. Reg. 1842, t, 36. (Bothriochilus, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. iii. Misc. 30.)—Sepala subequilonga, a basi erecta, superne patentia, posticum liberum concavum, lateralia latiora, basi cum péde columnæ in mentum breve v. elongatum connata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum ad apicem pedia columnæ articulatum, angustum, basi incumbens, superne patens, sepala non superans, indivisum, nunc in unguem flexuosum contractum, nunc a basi latiore lanceolatum. Columna brevis, latiuscula, acute marginata at vix alata, basi in pedem brevissimum v. elongatum producta; clinandrium truncatum v. margine breviter dilatato sinuatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, perfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, ovoidea, apicibus visco parco cohærentia. Capsula brevis v. oblonga, erostris, costis (in C. Baueri) in alas dilatatis. quarum 3 valde prominentes.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus plurifoliatis basi mox in pseudobulbum carnosum incrassatis. Folia elongata, angusta, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum sæpius breves, simplices, basi vaginis imbricatis aubspathaceis stipati. Flores mediocres, dense racemosi, breviter pedicellati, rarius pauci majoresque. Bractez membranacez v. paleacez, angustz, flores szepe superantes.

Species 4 v. 5, Indiss occidentalis, America centralis v. Mexici incolse. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 218. Sm. Ic. Pict. t. 14 (Epidendrum). Bauer, Illustr. Gen. t. 3 (quoud antheram et politicia

orronea). Lemaire, Jard. Flour. t. 325 (Bifrenaria). Bot. Mag. t. 4712 (ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 900 repetita), 6628.

Genus vix ac ne vix ab *Eria* distinguendum patria, habitu et (saltem quoad speciem typicam) capsula.

38. Bria, Lindl. in Bot. Reg. t. 904. (Dendrolirium, Blume, Bijdr. 343, t. 69. Pinalia, Lindl. Orch. Scel. 21, cum ic. Octomeria, Don, Prod. Fl. Nepal. 31, non Br.).—Sepala subæqualia, posticum liberum v. basi breviter rarius alte cum cæteris connatum, lateralia sæpius latiora basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve v. rarius calcariforme formantia. superne libera v. rarius altius connata. Peta'a sepalo postico subconformia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ basi contractum, rarius articulatum, incumbens, superne patens, integrum v. utrinque lobo laterali auctum. Columna brevis, lata, antice cava sepeque anguste 2-alata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium margine integrum v. vix antice 2-angulatum et postice 1-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, interdum valde convexa v. obtuse conica, loculis 2 distinctis imperfecte 4-locellatis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, pyriformia v. late ovoidea, parum compressa, acutiuscula v. acuminata, in fasciculos 2 visco parco coherentia. Capsula oblonga v. linearis, erostris.—Herbæepiphyticæ v. rarius terrestres, caulibus secus rhizoma sæpius confertis pseudobulbosis, v. longiusculis supe carnosis 2-co-foliatis, v. rarius 1-foliatis. Pedunculi v. scapi pseudoterminales v. laterales, nec directe rhizomati affixi, simplices, racemiferi v. interdum 1-flori. Flores parvi mediocres v. rarius majusculi, secus rhachin racemi sparsi v. rarissime distichi. Bracteæ parvæ v. angustæ.

Species ad 80, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 65, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 45 (excl. Trichosmate). Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 266; in Bonpl. 1857, 54; Otia Hamb. 54; in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 415; in Flora, 1872, 275; in Linnæa xli. 86; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 147 (excl. spp. paucis).

Genus habitu polymorphum, in sectiones sequentes a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habitis dividitur:---

- 1. Porpax. Plantæ nanæ, pseudobulbis depresso-globosis v. deplanatis demum rete fibroso obtectis, foliis 2 orbiculatis ovatisve mox deliquescentibus coronatis. Flores inter folia solitarii v. 2-3-ni, subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, mediocres. Species 7, Peninsulæ Indicæ v. Burmæ Britannicæ incolæ. Porpax, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, Misc. 62. Aggeianthus et Lichenora, Wight, Ic. v. 18, t. 1737, 1738. Reichenbach f. in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 148, species 2 typicas, E. reticulatam et E. Jerdonianam, ad Cryptochilum refert ob sepala lateralia fere ad apicem inter se et ad medium cum postico coalita, sed nobis tam habitu quam floribus a Cryptochilis veris longe differre videntur, et in E. lichenora, Lindl., E. ustulata, Reichb. f., et E. Parishii, Lindl., sepula lateralia inter se ultra medium et basi cum postico coalita sunt.
- 2. Conchidium. Herbæ nanæ, pseudobulbis folnisque Porpacis, sed pedunculi tenues, longiusculi, 1-flori v. rarius 2-flori, floribus quam in Porpace sæpius multo minoribus. Pedunculus post folia delapsa in centro pseudobulbi terminalis apparet sed revera ad cicatricem foliorum v. gemmæ terminalis lateralis est. Species 5-6, Peninsulæ Indicæ, Zeylaniæ, Burmæ Britannicæ et Chinæ australis incolæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1637 et 1734 (Phreatia). Bot. Mag. t. 5910 (quoad pollinarium erronea). Concentioum, Griff. Notul. iii. 321, t. 310.

E. pleurothallis, Par. et Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 147, t. 30, e Burma, pedunculo tenui, flore unico parvo, E. (Conchidio) pusillæ, Lindl., subaffinis, differt pedunculo e basi imbricatovaginato in pseudobulbum non incrassato.

3. Bryobium. Herbæ parvæ, pseudobulbis Conchidii v. interdum ovoideis. Folia in caule brevi 2-3, v. pedunculus per anthesin aphyllus tenuis. Flores parvi nunc minimi, in racemo plures, breviter pedicellati. Species ad 8, Indiæ Orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1642 (Dendrobium). Bevomum, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446; Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 79 (e Java). Alvisia, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1859 (e Zeylania).

In speciebus typicis tam Bryobii quam Alvisiæ pseudobulbi ovoidei arcte conferti rhisoma moniliforme simulant, flores minimi, sepalis latiusculis. In plerisque speciebus flores paullo majores sepalis angustis acuminatis fere Dendrobiorum Stachyobiorum, et mediante E. Dalzelli, Lindl., Hymenereis accedant.

- 4. Mycarantère. Caules basi vaginati, parum incraesati v. demum anguste pseudobulbosi, apice 2-foliati. Racemi e nodis summis 1-2, stricti, floribus numerosis parvis secundis breviter v. brevissime pedicellatis albo-tomentosis. Sepala brevia, lata. Species 2 v. 3, Indice. Wight, Ic. t. 1733. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 301. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 41 B. MYCARANTEUS, Bl. Bijdr. 352, t. 57.
- 5. Eriura, Lindl. Caules quam in Mycarantho elatiores, co-foliati, racemis e nodis summis seepe pluribus, ceterum uti flores Mycaranthi. Species 4-5, Indice. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 36.
- 6. Hymeneria, Lindl. Caules seu rami floriferi e rhizomate oriundi, foliati, per anthesin haud incrassati, post anthesin uti caules steriles sepius in pseudobulbos incrassati. Racemi pseudoterminales solitarii, v. in axillis superioribus pauci, floribus mediocribus v. parvulis. Griff. Io. Pl. As. t. 300. Wight, Ic. t. 1634, 1635. Bot. Mag. t. 5415. Hue potius quam ad Dendrolirion pertinent E. seabrilinguis et E. vittata, Lindl.
- 7. Urostockya, Lindl. Caules floriferi validi, sæpe incrassati, interdum longe pseudobulbiformes, apice foliati. Racemi laterales pauci v. plurimi, floribus sæpius parvulis, rarius majusculis. A. Rick. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. t. 9. Bot. Mag. t. 4163, 5391. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 62; 1844, t. 29; 1847, t. 63. Reichb. f. Xen. Orck. t. 168.
- 8. Dendrolirion. Scapi floriferi vaginati, a basi v. prope basin pseudobulbi oriundi, pseudobulbis oblongis v. elongatis 1- v. pauci-foliatis. Racemi laxi, pauci- v. multiflori v. rarius dense floribundi. Flores lanati v. glabri, parvi v. majusculi.—Hook. Erot. Fl. t. 124 (Dendrobium). Bot. Reg. t. 904; 1841, t. 42.

Sectio quodammodo polymorpha series plures includit; in speciebus typicis flores majusculi lanati. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 124 (Dendrobium). Bot. Mag. t. 5391. Bot. Reg. 1841. t. 42. Reichb. f. New. Orch. t. 136. In E. sicaria, Lindl., affinibusque folia sepe subteretia et flores parvi lanati. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 300, f. 2. In E. acridostachya, Reichb. f. ex Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 48, vaginze scapi floriferi crasse, distichæ, superiores sæpe in folium breve productæ; flores in racemo denso parvi, breviter pedicellati, mento longo calcariformi. In E. rosea, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 978, o China et in affinibus Indicis (Xiphosium, Griff. Itin. Not. 78; Ic. Pl. As. t. 316) vaginze superiores pariter interdum in folia productæ, sed flores majusculi glabri in racemo laxo sæpe pauci. In E. stellata, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 904, Bot. Mag. t. 3605, speciebusque affinibus inclusa Octomeria vaginata, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic., racemus elongatus laxus floribundus. E. barbata, Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 114, Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 302 (Erioidea), prius a Lindleyo ad Tainiam relata. videtur species vera Eriæ, E. stellatæ subaffinis, sed ab omnibus distincta racemo laxe ramoso.

- 9. Trichotosia. Lindl. Caules robusti, foliati, vix ima basi incrassati nec pseudobulbosi, seepe pilis patentibus hispidi. Racemi axillares, seepius folio breviores, nunc brevissimi, pauciflori. Flores breviter pedicellati, angusti, villosi v. rarius glabri. Columna interdum quam in ceteris sectionibus longior. Pollinia seepe latiuscula. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 315. Bot. Mag. t. 5807. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 35; 1845, t. 2. TRICHOTOSIA, Blume, Bijdr. 342, t. 11.
- 10. Cylindrolobus, Lindl. Caules foliati, glabri, tenues v. superne carnoso-incrassati. Racemi brevissimi, laterales v. subterminales, floribus 2-3 majusculis longe pedicellatis glabris. Sectio a Tricholosia imprimis glabritie, ab Urostachyde floribus paucis speciosis differt, et hanc sectionem eum Hymeneriis brachystachyis connectit. Wight, Ic. t. 1636. Ceratium, Blume, Bijdr. 341, t. 46. Cylindrolobus, Blume, Pref. Fl. Jav. 6.
- 39. Parcatta, Lindl Gen. et Sp. Orch. 63.—Sepala libera, subsequalia, conniventia v. patentia, lateralia postico latiora, basi pedi columnæ adnata mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis minora. Labellum basi contractum, cum pede columnæ articulatum, incumbens, superne patens, latiusculum, lobis lateralibus parum prominentibus v. 0. Columna brevissima, basi in pedem sæpius brevem producta; clinandrium latiusculum, membranaceum, integrum v. sinuatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, membranacea, 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte 4-locellatis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, obovoidea, apicibus visco copioso v. parco connexa. Capsula globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, sæpius minima.—Herbæ brevicaules, habitu Oberoniæ. Folia cum vaginis compressis distichis articulata, e basi complicata plana v. subteretia et canaliculata. Scapi v. pedunculi e rhizomate aphylli, v. axillares, simplices. Flores minimi, in racemo sæpius numerosi, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ sæpius minimæ.

Species ad 10, Indise orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Australise et insularum maris Pacifici incolm. Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 61. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 289. Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1857, 54 (Erie sect. excl. E. retusa); Otia Hamb. 54; in Linnea xli. 87; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 148 (Eria).

Genus certe Eric valde affine cui adjunxit Reichenbach f., sed habitu, characteribus vegetationis, floribus minimis, perianthio sæpius minus irregulari satis distinctum videtur. Rostellum 2-dentatum a Lindleyo indicatum non in omnibus speciebus apparet. In sectiones 2 sequentes dividitur:

- 1. Emphreatia, scapis e rhizomate juxta basin caulis foliati oriundis. Species typica, P. elegans, Lindl., ex India orientali, cum 2 v. 3 affinibus ex Archipelago Malayano.
- 2. Plexaure, pedunculis in caule foliato axillaribus v. foliis delapsis lateralibus. Species plures, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ. A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. t. 2, 3 (Oberonia). Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 130 (Eria). PLEXAURE, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 30.

Oberonia Lindleyi, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. t. 40 A, a Beichenbachio ad Adenoncum virentem, Bl., refertur, sed characteres minime conveniunt. Ex icone simillima est Phreatie limenophylaci; pollinia depicta 2, stipitibus lateralibus rostello seu clinandrii margini affixa, evidenter erronea.

40. Pachystoma, Blume, Bijdr. 376. (Pachychilus, Blume, Fl. Jav. Praf. 7; Orch. Archip. Ind. 27.)—Sepala equilonga, conniventia, lateralia nunc postico subsimilia pedi columnæ brevissimo adnata, nunc basi latiora cum pede columnæ magis evoluto mentum prominens formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi paullo minora. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum eique basi adnatum, nunc pede brevissimo subsaccatum, nunc pedi longiori incumbens, dein erectum; lobi laterales oblongi, erecti, medius brevis, latus, retusus v. 2-fidus; discus medio laminis carnosulis instructus. Columna erecta, longiuscula, arcuata, subteres, basi in pedem brevissimum v. magis evolutum producta, superne clavata; clinandrium cavum, membranaceum, integrum v. sinuato-3-lobum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, distincte 2-locularis, loculis plus minus perfecte 4-locellatis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4. ovoidea, apice brevissime v. vix acuminata, libera v. visco parco subcohærentia. Capsula (in speciebus typicis) ovoidea v. obovoidea rarius oblonga, parvula, reflexa, costis acutiusculis parum prominentibus.—Herbæ terrestres, e rhizomate nodoso erectæ, sub anthesi (v. omnino?) aphyllæ, caule simplici, basi membranaceo-vaginato, pseudobulbo demum interdum 1-2-foliato. Racemus simplex, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis pendulis. Bracteæ angustæ, membranaceæ, fere hyalinæ.

Species ad 10, quarum una Africæ tropicæ, cæteræ Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolse. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 462.

Genus quale a Blumeo intelligitur in sectiones 2 dividitur forte melius pro generibus propriis restituendas:-

- 1. Apaturia. Herbæ (tanquam notæ) omnino aphyllæ. Rhizoma crassum, nodosum, scapo terminatum. Vagine et bractez erecta, angusta, scariosa v. tenuiter membranacea. Flores sat numerosi, parvuli v. mediocres. Mentum stepe parum prominens. Pollinia breviter acuminata. Species plures Indicæ et Archipelagi Malayani. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 10, 11 (Pachychilus). APATURIA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 130. Wight, Ic. t. 1662.
- 2. Ipsea. Scapi aphylli, ad basin pseudobulbi cormiformis apice 1-2-foliati. Folia plicato-venosa non semper floribus coëtania. Flores in racemo perpauci, sepe solitarii, majusculi, mento valde prominente. Pollinia sæpius longius acuminata, subcaudata. Species 2, quarum typica, e Zeylania et Peninsula Indica: IPSEA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 124; Wight, Ic. t. 1663; Bot. Mag. t. 5701, a Blumeo Orch. Archip. Ind. 29, t. 22, 23 ad Pachychilum relata. Ei bene adjunctum videtur Pachystoma Thomsonianum, Reichb. f.; Bot. Mag. t. 6471, ex Africa tropica.
- 41. Spathoglottis, Blume, Bijdr. 400.—Sepala libera, subsequalia v. lateralia paullo latiora, patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi latiora interdumque longiora. Labellum ad basin columna sessile, erectum, basi interdum saccatum; lobi laterales juxta basin erecti, pervuli v. majusculi, medius unguiculatus, ligulatus v. ovatus, ungue sæpe supra lobos laterales utrinque dente v. auricula aucto; discus ad basin lobi medii tuberculatus v. cristatus. Columna elongata, semiteres, arcuata, superne subclavata et decurrenti-2-alata;

clinandrium breve, incurvum. Anthera opercularis, incumbens, convexa, perfecte v. imperfecte 2-locularis, ultra loculos sepius producta, loculis vix locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, acuminata v. in caudiculam producta, apice in fasciculos 2 leviter connexa. Capsula oblonga, erostris, erecta v. demum pedicello recurvo nutans, costis acute prominentibus.—Herbæ terrestres. Folia in caudice solitaria v. gemina, elongata, plicata v. prominenter nervosa, petiolis elongatis basi co-vaginatis et demum plus minus in pseudobulbum seu tuber incrassatis. Scapi floridi e caudice v. e basi pseudobulborum oriundi, basi co-vaginati, aphylli, simplices, nunc elongati floribundi, nunc tenuiores pauciflori, racemo laxo. Flores flavi v. violacei. Bracteæ nunc minimæ erectæ, nunc majores lanceolatæ deflexæ.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis, Archipelagi Malayani, insularum maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 119. Reiohb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 455; et in Linnæa xli. 85. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 311. In series 2 distribuendæ:—

1. Elatiores, pseudobulbis parum incrassatis, vaginarum reliquiis fibrosis seepius obtectis, foliis amplis, racemo multifloro, bracteis conspicuis. Huc pertinent Limodorum unquiculatum, Labill. Sert. Austr. Calid. t. 25; Bletia angustifolia, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 32; Spathoglottis plicata, Blums; De Vriese, Orch. cum tab. 1; S. tomentosa, Lindl.; S. Petri, Bot. Mag. t. 6354; S. Paulina, F. Muell.; Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 304; Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1; S. Vicillardi et S. Deplanckei, Reichb. f. in Linnau xli. 85, 86. Species omnes inter se valde affines.

PARTONIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 60, est species Manillana, S. plicatæ, Bl., valde similis, sed a genere differt labello explanato indiviso petalis simili v. paullo latiore. Lindley nuper suspicatus est Spathoglottidis esse peloriam, et Reich. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 456, speciem sub Spathoglottide dubie enumerat.

- 2. Tenuiores, pseudobulbis cormiformibus subnudis, foliis angustis, racemo laxo paucifloro, bracteis parvis. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 203. Wight, Ic. t. 1739. De Vriese, Illustr. Orch. cum t. 1. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 19. Hæc series a Reichenbachio ad Pachystoma refertur, nostro sensu tamen tam habitu quam perianthii forma valde diversa.
- 42. Acanthophippium, Blume, Bijdr. 353, t. 47 (Acanthophippium); Orch. Archip. Ind. 156, t. 49.—Sepala lata, carnosa, in urceolum latum oblique ventricosum coherentia, posticum fornicatum, lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve v. conicum in A. striato fere calcariforme formantia. Petala sepalis inclusa, ad latera columna affixa, sepalis multo angustiora, basi cum marginibus membranaceis pedis columnæ continua. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ articulatum, inflexum, sepalis inclusum; lobi laterales lati, erecti; medius recurvus, indivisus. Columna brevis, crassa, superne anguste 2-alata, basi in pedem longissimum medio incurvo-inflexum producta; clinandrium breve, membranaceum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, superiora obovoidea, inferiora longiora, omnia erecta, sursum appendicula granulosa connexa; glandula nulla a rostello solvenda. Capsula magna, oblongo-clavata, erostris, costis 6 prominentibus.— Herbee terrestres, pseudobulbis oblongis paucifoliatis. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi foliis breviores, aphylli, vaginis paucis latiusculis. Flores majusculi, in racemo pauci, pedicellis brevibus post anthesin accretis. Bractese membranacese, sæpe coloratæ, majusculæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incols. Roichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 460. Bot. Rog. t. 1730 et 1846, t. 47. Bot. Mag. t. 4492. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 325. Maund, Botanist, t. 200. Flores carnosos v. fere spongiosos in speciminibus siccis male servatos examinare nequimus, characteres ex iconibus et descriptionibus auctorum imprimis Blumei sumpsimus. Glandula pollinarii a Lindleyo descripta, est appendicula granulosa anthera inclusa nec squama a rostello solvenda.

43. Phatus, Lour. Fl. Coch. 529. (Tankervillia, Link, Handb. i. 251. Pachyne, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 299.)—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentia v. suberecta. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum erectum, concavum v. cucullatum, basi in gibbum cavum v. calcar rectum v. curvulum cum columnse basi continuum productum;

lobi laterales ampli, erecti, columnam involventes, apice interdum undulati et cum lobo medio confluentes; lobus medius expansus, sæpius brevis latusque, patens v. recurvus, margine sæpe undulatus. Columna longiuscula, subteres, 2-angulata v. 2-alata, spice clavata, apoda; clinandrium breve, obliquum, margine sinuatum. Anthera juxta marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte 4-locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, obovata v. oblonga, a latere parallele compressa, faciebus per paria applicita, paris inferioris cujusve loculi quam superiora seepius longiora, apice evidentius attenuata, omnia in anthera perfecta cerea, apice appendicula granulosa in anthera juniore loculos fere implente connexa. Capsula oblonga, erostris, costis valde prominentibus.—Herbæ elatiores, terrestres v. epiphyticæ, caulibus in caudice confertis, basi sæpe in pseudobulbum brevem incrassatis. Folia ampla v. elongata, plicata, basi angustata v. in petiolum longum contracta, vaginis sæpius striatis. Scapi v. pedunculi nunc e caudice oriundi, nunc laterales v. terminales. Flores in racemo plures v. pauci, speciosi, pedicellati, flavi violacei v. albi. Bracteze nunc parvæ lineares. nunc majusculæ membranaceæ v. herbaceæ. Pollinia ut in Bletia sæpe (in anthera adhuc imperfecta?) cum appendicula granulosa, in massam unicam in quoque loculo conferta apparent, bene evoluta in omnibus sectionibus more generum affinium cerea et lævia sunt.

Species ad 15, imprimis Asiaticæ tropicæ sed ab Africa tropica et insulis Mascarensibus usque ad Australiam, insulas maris Pacifici et Chinam Japoniamque extensæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 126. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 458; Otia Hamb. 53; et in Bonpl. 1856, 328; 1857, 42.

Genus a Blumeo bene elucidatum in sectiones sequentes dividitur :-

- 1. Genuini, Bl. Scapi racemiferi e caudice oriundi, elati, aphylli, plurivaginati. Labellum basi calcaratum. Columna exalata. Species enumeratæ ad 18, nonnullæ tamen parum distinctæ potius varietates habendæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 1 ad 3, t. 4, f. 2, t. 5, D, E. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 304. Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, iii. t. 12 (Limodorum). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 426 (Limodorum). Bot. Mag. t. 1924 et 2719 (Bletia), t. 3960, 4078, 6032. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 23. Wight, Ic. t. 1659-60. Reich. f. Xen. Orch. t. 76, 122.
- 2. Gastrorchis, Bl., species includit 4 Mascarenses a Genuinis parum diversas calcare ad saccum v. gibbum brevissimum reducto. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 31, 32 (Limodorum). Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 13, t. 11 B.

PRECERIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 5; Bot. Mag. t. 4442, est P. tetragomes, Reichb. f. (Epidendrum, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 33, 34) species Madagascariensis calcare ut in Gastrorchide ad gibbum reducto, labello ima basi columnæ subadnato.

- 3. Thunia. Racemus in caule foliato terminalis, nutans, bracteis amplis membranaceis, flore omnino Genuinorum. Species 3 v. 4, Himalnicæ v. Burmanicæ. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 198. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 33. Bot. Mag. t. 3991. Knowl. et West. Fl. Cab. t. 125. Thunia, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 764, et Bot. Mag. t. 5694.
- 4. Limatodes, Bl. Racemi in caule foliato infra folia laterales. Labellum calcaratum. Columna 2-alata, rostello longiusculo. Limatodes, Blume, Bijdr. 375; Linn. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 252, genus ad sectionem Phaii reductum a Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 11, t. 4, f. 1, et t. 11 A. Species 2, Javenses, quibus addidit Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1854, et in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. 35, species 1 Asiaticas, inter quas tamen L. gracilis et L. rosea, potius ad Calanthem referendæ sunt.
- 44. Eletta, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 119, t. 26; Syst. Veg. Fl. Per. et Chil. 229. (Gyas, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 299. Thiebautia, Colla in Mem. Soc. Linn. Par. iii. 161, t. 4.)
  —Sepala libera, conniventia v. subpatentia, sequalia v. lateralia basi paullo latiora. Petala sepalo postico similia v. latiora. Labellum basi columnse affixum, liberum, erectum, basi contractum v. leviter saccatum; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, paralleli v. apice patentes, columnam non amplectentes; medius patens, latus, sepius emarginatus v. 2-lobus; discus sepius laminis co integris v. denticulato-crispis instructus. Columna elongata, semiteres, 2-angulata, sepius incurva, interdum basi 2-auriculata v. superne 2-alata, apoda; climandrii lobi laterales seepe latiusculi rotundati, posticus dentiformis interdum elongatus. Anthera denti postico climandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens v. subpendula, convexa v. elevato-conica, distincte 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte 2-locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4,

per paria superposita, obovata v. oblonga, a latere parallele compressa, faciebus per paria applicita, pari inferiore cujusve loculi superiore ssepius majore, omnia in anthera perfecta cerea, in quoque loculo appendicula granulosa crassiuscule laminiformi sursum connexa; glandula rostelli 0. Capsula oblonga v. fusiformis, erecta, erostris.—Herbee erectse, terrestres v. epiphyticse, pseudobulbis globosis v. depressis crassis fere tuberiformibus. Folia pauca, ampla v. elongata, plicata, in petiolum contracta, v. rarius omnino desunt. Racemus in caule foliato v. in scapo vaginato aphyllo terminalis, laxus, longe pedunculatus, simplex v. laxe ramosus. Flores pedicellati v. fere sessiles, mediocres v. majusculi, sepalis lateralibus cum basi columnæ interdum mentum breve formantibus, labelli sacco tamen ubi adest distincto. Bracteæ parvæ nunc minutæ.

Species ad 20, pleræque Americæ tropicæ incolæ, cum una Chinensi et Japonica. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 440 (quoad species Plicifolias); in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 298; in Flora 1865, 278; et in Linna xli. 7. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 15 (excl. B. aphylla).

Genus pluribus notis *Phaio* accedit, sed labellum nuuquam columnam involvit. In utroque genere pollinia nondum perfecte matura sæpe cum appendicula massam granulosam concolorem formant, perfecta semper cerea et bene distincta vidimus. *Bletiæ* species in sectiones 2 sequentes facile distribuuntur:—

- 1. Eubletia. Scapi in pseudobulbo laterales, aphylli; racemus interdum ramosus. Species omnes Americanse. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 602 (Limodorum). Red. Lil. t. 83 (Limodorum). Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 95. Bot Mag. t. 930 (Limodorum), 3217, 3319, 3518, 5646. Bot. Reg. t. 1401 (B. florida ex icone sola nobis nota), 1760.
- 2. Bletilla. Scapi in pseudobulbo terminales v. simul laterales, 1-2-foliati v. rarius sub anthesi aphylli; racemus semper simplex. Species Americanæ. Bot. Mag. t. 3736. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 60, cum B. hyacinthina, R. Br., c China et Japonia. columna superne evidentius 2-alata. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 17, t. 6. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 60 (Cymbidium). Bot. Mag. t. 1492 (Cymbidium). Blettilla, Reichb. f. in Fl. des Ser es viii. 246. In B. gracili, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1681; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1977, pariter ad Bletillam referenda, columna basi insigniter 2-auriculata, quod etiam in nonnullis aliis speciebus plus minus observatur. Tetramicra platyphylla, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 264, foliis etsi parvis planis latis venosis bene ad Bletiam (Bletillam) referenda videtur. B. montanam, Reichb. f., pro genere proprio (Octadesmi) habemus. B. aphylla, Nutt., Corallorhizæ affinis, est genus Hexalectris, Rafin.
- 45. Chysis, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1937, et 1841, t. 23.—Sepala æquilonga, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia postico latiora, basi obliqua columnæ pedi adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum eique breviter incumbens, dein erectum; lobi laterales ampli, erecti, medius patens v. reflexus, integer v. 2-lobus; laminæ v. venæ disci basi sæpius callosæ. Columna erecta, incurva, crassa, latiuscule 2-alata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrii dentes laterales breves, obtusi, posticus longior. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularia, incumbens, loculis 2 distinctis imperfecte 2-4-locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, obovoidea v. oblonga, cerea, appendicula granulosa ampla interdum fere in laminam extensa connexa, paris inferioris cujusve loculi sæpius majora v. inter se valde insequalia, paris superioris interdum appendiculæ adnata (v. vix ab ea distincta?). Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ; caules carnosuli, basi vaginati, superne confertim folicai, demum (post folia delapsa?) incrassati fusiformes v. longe pseudobulbosi. Folia longiuscula, venis prominulis. Racemus lateralis, sæpius ad axillam folii inferioris; flores plures, speciosi, albi v. plus minus flavi. Bractæe nunc parvæ nunc foliaceæ, flore paullo breviores.

Species editæ 6-8, nonnullæ tamen potius varietates, Mexici et Columbiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 471. Bot. Mag. t. 3617, 4576, 5186, 5265. Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 121. Fl. des Serres, t. 671, 675.

Lindley l. c. pollinia superiora cum massa materiæ viscidulæ semifusa descripsit, an in flore adhue imperfecto vel monstruoso?; in floribus specierum 2 a nobis examinatis pollinia vidimus omnia 8 perfecte distincta, etsi in uno flore valde insequalia.

46. Wephelaphyttum, Blume, Bijdr. 372, t. 22. (Cytheris, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 128.)

—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, omnia angusta v. lateralia latiora. Petala sepalo

postico subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, breviter calcaratum, erectum, ovatum obovatum v. oblongum, lobis lateralibus angustis erectis v. obsoletia, medio patente; discus sæpe 2-3-lamellatus. Columna erecta, longiuscula, 2-alata, apoda, vertice in clinandrium latiusculum producta. Anthera opercularis, apice sæpe breviter 2-loba, loculis 2 bene distinctis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, compressa, parallela, 2-seriata, appendiculæ lineari sursum adnata, superiora sæpe minora. Capsula reflexa, oblonga, erostris, costis prominulis.—Herbæ terrestres, repentes. Folia solitaria, ovato-lanceolata v. cordata, membranacea, petiolo longiusculo medio articulato v. potius pseudobulbum petioliformem terminantia. Scapus in vagina scariosa cum petiolo inclusus, specie terminalis revera e rhizomate seu caudice distincto oriundus, simplex, plurivaginatus. Flores mediocres, laxe v. dense racemosi.

Species 4, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 170, t. 61 et 54 F. De Vriese, Illustr. Orch. cum t. 1. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 88. Bot. Mag. t. 5332, 5390.

47. Tainia, Blume, Bijdr. 354. (Mitopetalum, Blume, Præf. Fl. Jav. 8, et Orch. Archip. Ind. 157, t. 50, 51, 54. Ania, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 129.)—Sepala subsequilonga, erectopatentia, posticum liberum, lateralia basi cum pede columnse breviter adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnse affixum, erectum, basi in gibbum v. calcar breve productum, lobis lateralibus erectis parallelis v. columnam amplectentibus, intermedio patente brevi lato integro. Columna longiuscula, leviter incurva, antice concava, anguste 2-alata; clinandrium valde obliquum, edentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, sæpius didyma 2-cornuta v. 2-cucullata, distincte 2-locularis, loculis septo imperfecto cruciatim 4-locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, distincta, cerea, ovata, parallele compressa, 2-seriata, visco granuloso laminiformi v. lineari connexa. Capsula . . .—Caules steriles e rhizomate basi plurivaginati, demum in pseudobulbum incrassati, folio unico terminali amplo longe petiolato. Scapi floridi pariter rhizomati affixi, elati, aphylli, basi paucivaginati, racemo terminali simplici. Flores pedicellati, sparsi, majusculi v. mediocres, sepalis petalisque angustis acutiusculis v. longe acuminatis.

Species 6-7, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 269, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 148 (Eria). Bot. Mag. t. 4669 (Calanthe). Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum ic. 11 (Octomeria paucifolia, in icone). Wight, Ic. t. 914.

Genus Eriæ, quocum junxit Reichenbach f. certe affine, sed columna elongata et habitu nobis bene distinctum videtur et Bleticis affinius. Ania angustifolia, Lindl., e Silhet et Hong Kong, a Reichenbachio ad Pachystoma (Apaturiam) relata, est ex speciminibus nostris certe Tainiæ species. Species 2 Zeylanicas (Thw. Enum. 14. Zeyl. 301; Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 8) examinare non potuimus; T. speciosa, Bl., ab omnibus differt sepalis petalisque longissimis subsetaceo-caudatis.

48. Anthegonium, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 341; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 425.—Sepala in tubum tenuiter cylindraceum basi supra ovarium breviter productum alte coalita; limbus incurvus, lobo postico concavo fornicato, lateralibus latis falcatis. Petala linearia, sepalis sequilonga, in ungues longos intra calycem liberos contracta. Labellum basi cum columna connatum, superne eam involvens, apice liberum, patens, dilatatum, margine sinuatum, sepalis sequilongum. Columna elongata, tenuis, semiteres, apoda, superne anguste 2-alata; clinandrium breve, dente postico parum prominente, anticis obtusis cum columnae alis continuis. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, parum convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, in quoque loculo 2, cerea, ovata, a latere compressiuscula, omnia parallela, in quoque loculo appendicula granulosa connexa. Capsula angusta, erostris.—Herba (epiphytica?), caulibus foliatis brevibus basi in pseudobulbos breves incrassatis. Folia 1-3, angusta, graminea v. paullo latiora et plicato-venosa, basi in petiolum contracta. Scapi ad latera pseudobulbi simplices, erecti, aphylli, pauciavaginati. Racemus tenuis, laxus, floribus mediocribus tenuibus dissitis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 1, Himalayse orientalis et Burmse incola. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 471. Griff. Io. Pt. As. t. 345. Genus a centeris Bletisis differt polliniis 4 tantum 1-seriatis, sed habitu et patria his potius quam Buspidendreis referendum videtur.

49. Josepha, Wight, Ic. Pl. v. 19, t. 1742, 1743.—Sepala subsequalia, ovata, conniventia, libera v. basi breviter connata, posticum valde concavum, lateralia basi mentum brevissimum seu gibbum formantia. Petala sepalis angustiora sepiusque breviora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, erectum, concavum, sepalis æquilongum, lobi laterales parum dilatati columnam subamplectentes, terminalis integer, basi facie 1-2-Columna erecta, semiteres, superne anguste 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium margine breviter membranaceo-dilatatum, vix antice 2-lobum. Anthera terminalia, opercularis, incumbens, ovata, breviter acuminata, parum convexa, 2-locularis, loculis sub-2locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, oblonga, parallela, longe acuminata, subcaudata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente visco parco rostello sæpe adhærentia, glandula nulla solubili. Capsula oblonga, parva, erecta.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, subacaules, cæspitosæ; vaginæ gemmas novellas involventes, membranaceæ, distiche imbricatæ, compresso-planæ, post folia evoluta sæpius in rete fibrosum resolutæ. Folia in gemma 1-2, rigide coriacea, striata, basi complicata et in una specie in petiolum contracta. Pedunculi v. scapi in gemma solitarii, elongati, tenues, rigiduli, superne ramosi. Flores parvi, secus ramulos ultimos racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, approximatæ subimbricatæ v. dissitæ.

Species 2, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis et Zeylaniæ incolæ.

50. Marina, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1699.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum a basi columne v. a pede brevissimo erectum, basi concavum v. ima basi subsaccatum, sepalis aquilongum v. longius, lobis lateralibus nunc latiusculis erectis parallelis nunc parum prominentibus, medio explanato patente lato integro emarginato v. divaricato-2-lobo. Columna brevis v. brevissima, crassiuscula, basi interdum in pedem brevissimum producta, antice concava; clinandrium breve, integrum v. antice 2-angulatum v. 2-dentatum, dente postico antherifero minimo v. obsoleto. Anthera opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, loculis plus minus distincte 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerca, in loculis per paria segregata, libera v. apice visco parco cohærentia. Capsula . . .—Herbae epiphyticae, foliatæ, non pseudobulbosæ. Flores parvi, secus ramulos brevissimos v. bene evolutos paniculæ thyrsoideæ v. racemiformis sessiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, ovatæ, rigidæ, striatæ, secus ramulos subimbricatæ.

Species editæ 6, Novæ Zelandiæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ, bene in sectiones 2 inter se habitu distinctas sed inflorescentia et floribus subsimiles distribuendæ:—

- 1. Eucarina. Caules rigiduli, fere usque ad inflorescentiam foliati et foliorum vaginis obtecti, foliis linearibus v. lanceolatis. Panicula oblongu v. longe meemiformis, ramulis bene evolutis. Labelli lobus medius latissimus emarginatus v. divaricato-2-lobus. Species 2, Novo-Zelandicae. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 431. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 261. Reachb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 220.
- 2. Sceptrum. Folia longa, ad basin caulis conferta, vaginis amplis cartilagineis distiche imbricalis. Pedunculus intra folia elatus, rigidus, aphyllus, sape compressus. Panicula angusta, dense racemiformis, ramulis abbreviatis confertis paucifloris. Labelli lobus medius in floribus examinatis ovatus v. rotundatus, integer. Species editæ 4, inter se valde affines, Novæ Calcdoniæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 96; Otta Hamb. 54.
- 51. Stomera, Blume, Bijdr. 372, t. 68.—Sepala erecta, conniventia, sequilonga, lateralia latiora, basi sub labello cum pede columnæ mentum saccatum formantia. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, basi incumbens, dein erectum, indivisum, sepala non excedens. Columna brevis, exalata, basi in pedem descendentem producta; clinandrium breve, dentibus 2 anticis et dorsali antherifero prominulis; fovea stigmatosa ampla, margine membanaceo undique prominulo superne rostello adnato. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 2-locularis, loculis imperfecte 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, in loculis per paria segregata, ovoidea, compressiuscula, in quoque loculo apicibus appendicula parva interdum fere obsoleta connexa v. libera. Capsula . . .—Herbee epiphyticse, habitu Agrostophylli, caulibus foliatis vaginis obtectis non pseudobul-

bosis. Folia disticha, angusta, membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea. Flores parvuli, in capitulo laxo terminali sessili numerosi, breviter pedicellati, bracteis numerosis intermixti, e quibus tamen semper exserti.

Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolse. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 253. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. t. 128, et in Linnaa xli. 77.

Genus Agrostophyllo valde affine, cui adjungitur in Herb. Lindl., bene tamen differe videtur capitulis laxioribus et polliniis 4 nec 8.

52. Agrestophyllum, Blume, Bijdr. 368, t. 53. (Diploconchium, Schau. in Pl. Meyen. 428, t. 12 A, ex Reichb. f., char. vix convenit.)—Sepala erecta, conniventia, equilonga, basi connata, lateralia latiora cum pede columnæ sæpius mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis tenuiora v. angustiora. Labellum basi columnæ v. pedi brevi affixa, a basi subincumbente erectum, latiusculum, sepalis subeequilongum, integrum v. 3-fidum. Columna semiteres, erecta v. incurva, superne incrassata, exalata, basi sepius in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium obliquum, dorso in lobum brevem productum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, non acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, ovoidea, breviter v. vix acuminata, libera, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente interdum visco parco connexa (et glandulæ parvæ affixa?). Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, inter bracteas persistentes sæpius sessilis, erecta.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis cum vaginis imbricatis plus minus complanatis interdumque carnoso-incrassatis. disticha, lato-linearia v. oblonga, tenuiter coriacea, vaginis caulem omnino obtegentibus. Racemi brevissimi, plerique 2-flori, numerosissimi, in capitulum terminale sessile erectum v. nutans densissime conferti. Bractee numerose, anguste paleacee, imbricatee, flores parvos sæpe fere occultantes.

Species adsunt 5, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayanæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 248. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 909; et in Seem. Fl. Vit. 296 (quoad A. callosum). Griff. in Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist. iv. t. 19. Wight, Ic. t. 1748 (Appendicula).

Genus a nonnullis Appendiculæ relatum, nostro sensu toto cœlo diversum tam columnæ fabrica quam habitu et inflorescentia. A. megalurum, Reichb. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 296, inflorescentia spiciformi elongata, rostello erecto, aliisque notis verisimilitar generis alieni est.

53. Ceratostylis, Blume, Bijdr. 304, t. 56.—Sepala erecta, conniventia, subæquilonga, lateralia latiora, basi cum pede columnæ in mentum calcariforme descendens coalita. Petala sepalo postico angustiora, cæterum similia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, ungue longo incumbente, lamina erecto-patente, crassa, concava, indivisa, sepala non excedente. Columna brevis, exalata, apice in lobos clinandrii 2 longos erectos, basi in pedem sæpius longiusculum producta; clinandrii lobus posticus antherifer brevissimus; stigma rostellumque parva. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa v. semiglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, ovoidea, parva, apicibus visco parco (v. appendicula parva?) connexa, post anthere dehiscentiam cum anthera decidua, v. liberata rostello adhærentia, nec glandulæ nec stipiti distincto affixa. sula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles. Caules nunc cæspitosi, fasciculati, sæpe junciformes, basi vaginis scariosis imbricatis stipati, apice 1-foliati (v. interdum aphylli?), nunc breviter diffusi, ramosi, vaginis membranaceis v. scariosis plus minus obtecti, ramulis ad axillas vaginarum apice (more Pleurothallearum) 1-foliatis. Folia linearia v. angusto oblonga, coriacea v. carnosula, interdum subteretia. Flores parvi, pauci v. interdum solitarii, inter bracteas imbricatas palesceo-scariosas capitulum parvum ad axillam folii sessile formantes, inflorescentia sic revera terminalis etsi ob folium erectum caulem continuum sæpe axillaris v. oppositifolia apparet.

Species notes ad 15, Indise orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolse. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 280. Reichb. f. in Bomplandia, 1857, 53; Otia Hamb. 54; Xen. Orch. t. 127. Griff. Io. Pl. As. t. 332 (Vanda, Appendicula in Notul.).

Genus Agrostophyllo affine, habitu facile distinctum. Specimina sices sæpe quosd flores valde manos, et structura in perpaucis speciebus rite examinats.

54. Callestylia, Blume, Bijdr. 340. (Tylostylia, Blume, Fl. Jav. Prof. 6.)—Sepala erecto-patentia, lateralia basi connata. Petala sepalis paullo angustiora. Labellum parvum, integrum, convexum, disco elevato instructum, patena, articulatione irritabili cum basi callosa incurva columnæ junctum. Columna incurva, clavata; clinandrium cavum, amplissimum. Anthera terminalis, 2-locularis, loculis 2-loculatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, ovata, compressiuscula, filis elasticis margini stigmatis insidentia.—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis pseudobulbosis. Folia in pseudobulbis alterna, rigida, lanceolata, oblique retusa. Pedunculi solitarii, terminales, spicato-multiflori. Flores pedicellati, bracteati. (Char. ex descr. Blumei.)

Species 1, Javanica, a nobis non visa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 129. Genus videtur Agrostophyllo affine etsi habitu distinctum.

55. Cryptochius, Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. 36, t. 36.—Sepala in tubum ovoideum basi antice gibbosum apice contractum breviter sequaliterque 3-lobum coalita. Petala angusta, tubo inclusa. Labellum tubo inclusum, basi angustatum, pedi columna affixum incumbensque, dein erectum, angustum, lobis lateralibus obsoletis. Columna erecta, semiteres, labello brevior; clinandrium parum dilatatum, varie dentatum, dentibus 2 lateralibus sepius magis prominentibus erectis. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, loculis 2 distinctis indivisis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, obovoidea v. oblonga, inappendiculata, libera, apice acuta v. parum elongata, demum visco parco connexa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, costis prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis annorum præcedentium secus rhizoma confertis, hornotinis 2-3-vaginatis et 1 2-foliatis. Folia membranacea v. subcoriacea, venis tenuibus striata, basi complicata v. in petiolum brevem contracta. Pedunculus terminalis; spica simplex, laxa, subdisticha. Flores in axillis bractearum subsessiles iisque sæpius breviores.

Species 2, Himalaicæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 193. Wight, Ic. t. 1757. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 23. C. reticulatum et C. Wightii, Reichb. f., ad Eriam (Porpacem) referrimus.

56. Trichesma, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 21.—Sepala subequalia, patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia latiora, basi pedi columne adnata, mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustiora. Labellum cum pede columne articulatum, unque breviter incumbente dein erecto, lamina late 3-loba; discus longitudinaliter lamellatus. Columna brevis, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium elevatum, obliquum, margine irregulariter dentatum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixum, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, antice ultra loculos in appendicem rotundatam producta, discrete 2-locularis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, late ovata, valde compressa, per paria 2-seriatim collateralia, superioribus (anticis) sæpe minoribus, appendicula granuloso-subviscosa copiosa connexa. Capsula . . . —Herba epiphytica, caulibús ob rhizoma abbreviatum cæspitosis non pseudobulbosis, basi paucivaginatis superne 2-foliatis. Folia carnosula (Griffith) subplicato-venosa, basi in petiolum vaginantem conracta. Racemus terminalis, pedunculo basi squamis 2-3 vaginato, laxe pluriflorus. Flores majusculi, albidi. Bracteæ pedicello subbreviores.

Species 1, montium Khasyæ incola, a Lindleyo primum sub Calogync descripta, serius in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 52, post Reichenbachium ad Eriam relata. Habitus Calogynis.

57. Consegua, Lindl. Collect. sub t. 33; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 38; Fol. Orch. 1854. (Chelonanthera, sect. 2 et 3, Blume, Bijdr. 384, t. 51. Acanthoglossum, Blume, Bijdr. 381, fide Reichb. f.)—Sepala subsequalia, erecta v. patentia, libera v. leviter cohserentia. Petala sepalis conformia v. sæpe angustiora nunc angustissima. Labellum ad basin columnse sessile, erectum, basi concavum et interdum breviter saccatum, lobis lateralibus nunc amplis erectis columnam amplectentibus v. involventibus, nunc brevibus v. fere obsoletis, lobo medio sæpe expanso patenteque indiviso. Columna erecta, longiuscula, superne v. apice sæpe 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium obliquum, sæpe membranaceo-dila-

tatum, integrum dentatum v. antice 2-angulatum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, subopercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis, loculis basi v. fere undique confluentibus; pollinia 4, cerea, obovata v. oblonga, compressa, per paria in loculis segregata, apice appendice granulosa polymorpha connexa. Capsula sæpius oblonga, costis scutissimis et plus minus in alas expansis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, cæspitosæ v. longe repentes. Pseudobulbi secus rhizoma sæpius crassi insigniter angulato-costati v. subteretes, apice sæpissime 2-phylli. Scapi v. pedunculi alii inter folia terminales basi paucivaginati, alii sub anthesi ad basin pseudobulbi longius imbricato-vaginati, foliis sub pedunculo tardius evolutis, rarius ad apicem rhizomatis in caulem paucifoliatum abeuntes. Flores majusculi v. speciosi, in pedunculo v. scapo solitarii, v. plures laxe racemosi. Bracteæ sæpe coriaceæ v. subpetaloideæ, deciduæ v. persistentes. Labelli superficies sæpe laminis v. lineis prominentibus dentatis ciliatisve cristata.

Species ad 50, per Indiam orientalem et Archipelagum Malayanum late dispersæ, una usque ad Chinam australem extensa. Reiohb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 222 (excl. Otochilo et Pholidota); in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214, et 1864, 415; in Flora, 1872, 277; in Bonpl. 1857, 43; in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 146, t. 30; et in Linnæa xli. 116.

Genus naturale, a Lindleyo in sectiones 3 sequentes a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habitus divisum, vix tamen characteribus certis limitandæ videntur:—

- 1. Neogyne. Racemus nutans, floribundus. Sepala conniventia, lateralia basi discrete saccata cum labello breviter saccato florem quasi trisaccatum formantia. Clinandrium latum, petaloideum, margine dentatum et sub-3-lobum. Species 1, Himalaica. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 38. Paxt. Mag. vi. 73, oum ic. Neogyne, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 931.
- 2. Pleione. Scapi v. pedunculi per anthesin sphylli v. jam 2-foliati foliis deciduis, 1-flori (rarissime 2-flori?), flore magno. Bractea sub flore sæpius ampla, laxe vaginans. Labellum basi sæpius breviter saccatum. Sepala lateralia in gibbum parum prominentem basi connata v. omnino libera. Clinandrium cucullatum, margine dentatum. Sm. Exot. Fl. t. 97 (Epidendrum). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 53, 54. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 39, 51 (Pleione). Bot. Mag. t. 4496, 4691, 5072, 5370, 5674, 5753, 6388. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 24. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 134, f. 1. PLEIONE, Don, Prod. Fl. Nepal. 36. Boleorchis, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Java Pfl. 89; Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 775, fide Lindl.
- 3. Eucologyne. Scapi v. pedunculi per anthesin aphylli v. sæpius jam 2-foliati, laxe co-flori v. rarius 1-2-flori. Bracteæ sub floribus dissitæ sæpiusque deciduæ, rarius persistentes. Labellum basi vix v. non saccatum. Clinandrium obliquum, integrum v. denticulatum. Species numerosæ, per totam aream generis disperse, in series sequentes inter se parum distinctas distribuuntur:—
- a. Normales. A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. t. 6. Wight, Iv. t. 1638 ad 1641. Bot. Mag. t. 3767, 4645, 4661, 5323, 5462, 5601, 5958. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 29, 57; 1846, t. 69. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 46, 134, f. 2, 153, 155, f. 2.
- b. Filifera. Species pauce petalis angustis nunc angustissimis; variant tamen de specie in speciem. Miq. Choix Pl. Buitenz. t 25, f. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 4440, 4889. Bot. Reg. t. 868; 1847, t. 23. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1425. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 166.
- c. Prolifere. Species ad 8, Himalaice et Burmannice, bracteis vacuis sub racemo pluribus coriaceis arcte imbricatis diu persistentibus, sub floribus caducissimis. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 218. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 290. Bot. Mag. t. 5001.
- d. Flexuosæ. Racemus laxus, rhachi flexuosa, bracteis caducis nec sub racemo imbricatis, superioribus tamen nonnullis ultra racemum vacuis imbricato-convolutis. Labellum quam in cæteris Eucelogynis evidentius saccatum. Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, adhuc non delineatæ.
- e. Flaccide. Racomus recurvus v. pendulus, bracteis omnibus caducissimis v. rarius subpersistentibus. Species ad 5, Malayanæ v. Indica. Bot. Mag. t. 3318, 4785, 5084, 5494. De Vriese, Illustr. Orch. cum. tab. 1. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 31. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 85, 121.
- 58. Oteohius, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 35, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 173. (Tetrapeltis, Wall. in Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 212.)—Sepala et petala subæqualia, libera, angusta, patentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi saccatum, lobis lateralibus erectis auriculiformibus, lobo medio elongato linguiformi patente petalis subsimili. Columna elongata, erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda, superne clavata; clinandrium valde obliquum, concevum. fere cucullatum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, incumbens, loculis

perfecte distinctia subglobosia; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, acutiuscula, per paria in loculis segregata, apicibus appendicula granuloso-viscosa haud copiosa coherentia. Capsula ovoidea, costis parum prominentibus.—Caules seu rhizomata repentes, ramosi, crassiusculi, quasi e pseudobulborum angustorum serie continua constantes; innovationes racemiferæ fere ex apice pseudobulbi annotini oriundæ; racemus sub anthesi pedunculo brevi vaginis imbricatis obtecto fultus, post anthesin pedunculus elongatus, basis intra vaginas in pseudobulbum incrassatur et folia 2 ad apicem pseudobulbi evolvuntur. Specimina florida racemum terminalem ostendunt in pedunculo aphyllo vaginato; racemus fructifer longe pedunculatus inter folia 2 ad apicem pseudobulbi. Flores quam in Cwlogynis multo minus conspicui, laxe racemosi, bracteis angustis.

Species 3 v. 4, Himalayse et Burmse incolse. Wall. Pl. As. Rur. t. 68. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 288, 289. Bot. Mag. t. 3921.

Genus Calogyni affine, ad ejus sectionem reducitur a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 236, nobis tamen satis distinctum videtur tam vegetatione quam floribus.

59. Pacificata, Lindl. in Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 138; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 36; et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 172. (Ptilocnema, Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 33. Chelonanthera sect. i., Blume, Bijdr. 383, t. 51. Crinonia, Blume, Bijdr. 338, ex Lindl.; ic. t. 41 male convenit.)—Sepala latiuscula subsequalia, libera, carinato-concava, erecta v. patentia. Petala sepalis sepius minora, tenuiora, plana. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi valde concavum subsaccatum, lobis lateralibus erectis brevibus, lobo medio multo latiore patente sepalis breviore integro v. 2-fido. Columna brevis nunc brevissima, lata, apoda, alis sepius latis cum clinandrio lato petaloideo continuis. Anthera sub apice affixa, incumbens, opercularis, loculis distinctis subglobosis distincte 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovoidea, acutiuscula v. acuminata, per paria in loculis segregata, apicibus appendicula viscoso-granulosa parca connexa v. omnino distincta. Capsula ovoidea, costis parum prominulis.—Caulis seu rhizoma repens, ramosus, pseudobulbis 1-2-foliatis more Calogynis distinctis v. Otochili continuis. Racemi terminales, rhachi sæpe post anthesin flexuosa. Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ nunc ovatæ, ante anthesin distiche imbricatæ, persistentes, flores subincludentes, nunc angustiores deciduæ.

Species ad 20, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incola, u-que ad Chinam australem extensæ. Reiohb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 236; in Bonpl. 1856, 329; 1857, 43; in Flora, 1872, 277; Otia Hamb. 47; et in Linnea xli. 116 (Calogyne).

Genus a Calogyne et Otochilo columna abbreviata et floribus parvis facile distinctum, in sectiones 2 dividitur:—

- 1. Eupholidota. Innovationes more Cælogynis ad hasin pseudobulborum e rhizomate oriundæ. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 239. Wight, Ic. t. 907. De Vriese, Illustr. Orch. cum t. 1. Bot. Reg. t. 1213, 1777.
- 2. Otochiloides. Innovationes more Otochili fere ex apice pseudobulbi annotini oriundæ, pedunculo tamen jam sub anthesi 1-2-foliato. Huc pertinent P. articulata et P. reverva, Lindl., adhue non delineatæ.
- P. camelostalix, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 217, t. 89, species Javensis a nobis non visa, ex icone et descriptione ab omnibus differt columna elongata tereti exalata recurva et pedunculo more Calogynism proliferarum infra racemum imbricato-squamoso. Flores parvi videntur Pholidotæ. An ad Otockilum referenda?

ACARTEGGLOSSUM, Blume, Bijdr. 381, species unica Javensis a nobis non visa, a Reichenbachio ad Pholidotem refertur.

60. Calanthe, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. sub t. 573. (Centrosis, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 35, 36. Amblyglottis, Blume, Bijdr. 369, t. 64. Styloglossum, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum tab. 1. Ghiesbreghtia, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 28. Preptanthe, Reichb. f. in Fl. des Serres, viii. 245.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, sepius patentissima, rarius erecto-patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. angustiora, nunc anguste linearia. Labelli unguis cum columna connatus in tubum cylindraceum v. late turbinatum, ima basi in calcar interdum longum tenueque productus v. rarius ecalcaratus; lamina patens, 3-loba, lobo medio seepe 2-lobo; discus varie callosus v. lamellatus. Columna brevis, arecta, apoda, alis seepius usque ad apicem extensis cum ungue labelli connatis, rarius ultra tubum

producta exalataque; clinandrium membranaceum, parum prominens sed seepe profunde excavatum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, incumbens, obtuse conica v. convexa, antice interdum acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, oblonga v. inferiore breviora, plus minus complanata, apice attenuata v. caudata, acuminibus v. caudiculis granulosis facile extensivis plus minus apice connatis, anthera dehiscente interdum glandulæ rostelli affixis. Capsula oblonga, parva v. majuscula, sæpe nutans.—Herbæ terrestres (v. interdum epiphyticæ?), caulibus foliatis brevibus demum sæpe in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia pauca, sæpius gemina, ampla, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, sæpe elati, sub anthesin sæpe aphylli, basi vaginis plus minus stipati, foliis tardius evolutis. Racemi simplices, laxi v. densiflori. Bracteæ parvæ v. conspicue ovatæ v. lanceolatæ.

Species ad 40, pleræque Asiaticæ tropicæ, nonnullæ per alias regiones calidas dispersæ nempe in Japonia, insulis maris Pacifici, Nova Caledonia, insulis Mascarensibus, Africa tropica et austro-orientali, America centrali, Mexico et India occidentali obviæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 249; Fol. Orch. 1854; Sert. Orch. t. 24, 42. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 910; Xen. Orch. t. 79; Otia Hamb. 53; in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 74; in Linnæa xli. 75; et in Bonpl. 1856, 322, 1857, 37. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 25 (Limodorum). Wight, Ic. t. 918, 1664, 1751-2 (hæc sub Cytheride). Gruff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 283, 313, 339. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tah. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 2615, 4541, 4671, 5042, 5375. Bot. Reg. t. 720; 1840, t. 55; 1844, t. 37. Fl. des Serres, t. 816.

Species a Lindleyo in series 2 distribuuntur Ghiesbrechtia calcare nullo v. abbreviate, et Eucalanthe calcare elongato, sed distinctio vix definita nec cum habitu nec patria conformis. Species tamen nonnullse, e. g. C. densiflora, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1646, C. curculigoides, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 8, Bot. Mag. t. 6104 (Styloglossum, Breda), a caeteris different racemis densis, sepalis petalisque vix patentibus. Columna supra tubum longiuscule producitur in C. gracili, Lindl.; Bot. Mag. t. 4714 (analysi erronea) calcare nullo, in C. brevicornu. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 9, calcare brevi, et in C. densiflora, Lindl., calcare longiusculo, sed tubus latus ex alis columna cum labelli ungue formatus semper adest.

Limatodes rosea, Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. in. 35, t. 81, Bot. Mag. t. 5312, est Calanthis species vera, C. vestitæ affinis, cum qua facile in hortis formas hybridas producit. L. gracilis, Lindl., est Calanthe gracilis supra notata. Limatodes, Blume, ab auctore ipso ad Phaium reducitur.

61. Arundina, Blume, Bijdr. 401.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ erectum, sepalis æquilongum v. brevius, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus, medio latiore patente. Columna longiuscula, erecta, semiteres v. utrinque anguste alata, apoda; clinandrium elevatum, cavum, postice rotundatum, medio dentiferum, antice breviter 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis v. sub apice lobi postici aflixa, opercularis, incumbens, discrete 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, ovoidea, parallele compressa, per paria parum superposita, apicibus appendicula granulosa copiosa v. sæpius parva v. visco parco connexis. Capsula majuscula, oblonga v. fusiformis, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, erectæ, foliosæ. Caules e rhizomate repente vaginis foliorum obtecti, pseudobulbis 0. Folia plana, angusta v. latiuscula, sessilia, cum vagina articulata. Flores majusculi, in racemum terminalem laxum simplicem v. rarius divisum dispositi. Bractæ nunc parvæ nunc pedicello longiores, ante anthesin distiche imbricatæ.

Species ad 5, Indiae orientalis, Chinae australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 125. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 456. Wight, Ic. t. 1661. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 314. Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 38.

In speciebus typicis flores speciosi, in racemo pauci, bractere parvæ, folia angusta. Dilochia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 38, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 8 et t. 5 A, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 13, t. 105, est species in Archipelago Malayano late dispersa, foliis latis, racemo floribundo, bracteis coriaceis ante anthesin distiche imbricatis, et pro genere a Lindleyo distincta ob clinandrium 3-antheriferum, lobis nempe lateralibus magis evolutis et antheras perfectas sæpe ferentibus, sed ex Blumeo hæ antherae laterales intermedia minores sunt interdumque imperfectæ v. omnino deficientes, et Reichb. f. 1. c. genus cum Arundina junxit. Florem unicum examinare potuimus qui nec cum analysi Lindleyana nec cum Blumeana exacte convenit, sed evidenter columnæ alæ et antherarum evolutio de flore in florem variant.

62. mileanthus, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 97. (Evelyns, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 32, t. 56 ad 58.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecta, rigidula. Petala sepalis sequilonga, sepius angustiora. Labellum basi columne affixum, erectum, sepalis equilongum v. longius, columnam sepius involvens, ima basi concavum, in cavo callis prominentibus 2 distinctis v. in laminam carnosam connatis instructum, supra cavum seepius leviter constrictum, nunc lobis lateralibus amplis erectis medio minore patente, nunc lobis parum distinctis late rotundatum, margine integrum v. denticulatum. Columna erecta, semiteres v. medio 2-alata, apoda, interdum antice sub stigmate callo prominente ex Reichb. f. tardius evoluto instructa; clinandrii dentes interdum longiusculi, erecti, postico minore. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularis, convexiuscula, leviter incumbens, mox erecta, distincte 2-locularis, loculis indivisis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, ovoidea, per paria parum superposita, apicibus visco parco v. appendicula parva granulosa connexa. Capsula breviter oblonga, erecta v. patens.—Herbæ terrestres, nunc humiles multicaules, nunc seepius elatee, simplices v. ramosee, foliosee. Folia supra vaginam sessilia, plicata, ovatolanceolata v. linearia. Florum spice terminales, nunc dense capituliformes v. oblonge bracteis rigidulis imbricatis, nunc laxiores distiche. Bractee rarius floribus distincte breviores.

Species fere 50, America tropica a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Americam centralem incola. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 472; Otia Hamb. 92. Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 320 (Serapias). Bot. Mag. t. 5141 (Evelyna), 6016.

Reichb. f. l.c. sectiones 2 distinguit: 1. Calclyna, callis in basi labelli in laminam depressam coalitis. 2. Eucoelyna, callis labelli 2 distinctis, characteres differentia nulla quoad habitum comitati. In speciebus plerisque utriusque sectionis spicæ densæ bracteis undique imbricatis. In Evelyna oligantha, Pospp., cum specie affini Spruceana, spica laxa, elongata, floribus plus minus dissitis, bracteis minus conspicuis. In E. linifolia, Presl (Evelyna graminifolia, Pospp.), affinibusque paucis, flores parvi, pauci, in spica disticha brevi arcte conferti.

63. Eantum, Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 81 (Epidendri sect.).—Sepala æquilonga, subpatentia, posticum liberum incurvum, lateralia latiora, falcata, basi columnæ tubo adnata, mentum breve obliquum formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi angustiora. Labellum basi cum columna in tubum breve connatum, dein erecto-patens, concavum, acuminatum, indivisum. Columna brevis, marginibus membranaceis cum labelli basi in tubum connatis; clinandrium amplum, membranaceum, lobis lateralibus latis, postico parvo. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis; loculis septo transverso v. obliquo 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, acuta v. acuminata, in locellis superposita, apicibus visco parco granuloso v. polliniorum superiorum in filum extenso connexis. Capsula . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus e rhizomate repente nanis basi vaginatis, in L. avicula pseudobulbosis foliis 2 ovatis coronatis, in L. microphyllo vix v. non incrassatis foliis & distichis recurvo-patentibus. Folia rigida v. carnosula. Pedunculus terminalis, tenuis, in L. avicula ramosus, in L. microphyllo simpliciter racemosus. Flores in utraque specie parvuli, breviter pedicellati, sepalis extus puberulis.

Species 2, altera Brasiliensis, altera Surinamensis, apud Lindl. Fol. Orch. sectionem Epidendri formantes, Reichenbachio f. in Walp. Ann. vi. in sectiones Aulizeum et Amphiglottium sejunctæ; perianthii tamen forma et præsertim antheræ structura ab illis Epidendri multum discrepant. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pt. t. 1334, 1335.

64. Amblestema, Scheidw. in Otto et Dietr. Gartenz. 1838, 383.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, concava, subpatentia. Petala sepalis angustiora sublongiora, patentissima. Labelli unguis columnæ sequilongus, quacum in urceolum seu cupulam latam connatus; lamina 3-partita, lobis brevibus oblongis; discus ad os urceoli 2-cristatus. Columna brevis, alis cum labelli ungue urceolum formantibus, cæterum apoda; clinandrium breve, lobis lateralibus rotundatis, postico obsolsto. Anthera inter lobos laterales clinandrii terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, parum convexa, transverse oblonga fere reniformis, perfecte et parallele 4-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, globosa, distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente per paria visco sat copioso in fila 2 elastice extensivo connexa

et rostello sæpe affixa. Capsula oblongo-fusiformis, erostris, costis parum prominulis.— Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis basi vaginatis carnoso-incrassatis. Folia angusta, tenuiter coriacea, vaginis appressis. Panicula terminalis, tenuis at rigidula, floribus secus ramos confertim racemosis parvis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 3, una Brasiliensis (*Epidendrum tridactyla*, Lindl.), altera Peruviana (*E. micranthum*, Hook.), tertia Boliviana. *Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann.* vi. 485; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 101; et Xen. Orch. iii. 22. Pollinia in A. micrantho omnino Amblostomatis vidimus, ovoidea, in locellis 4 antheræ reniformis distincta, inappendiculata, visco parco extensivo connexa.

65. Seraphyta, Fisch. et Mey. in Bull. Scient. Acad. Sc. Petersb. vii. (1840) 25.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, acuta, subpatentia. Petala anguste linearia, sepalis æquilonga, patentia. Labelli unguis columnæ æquilongus, quacum in urceolum connatus; lamina late ovata, indivisa, patens; discus ad os urceoli callosus. Columna brevis, alis cum labelli ungue urceolum formantibus, cæterum apoda; clinandrium breve, lobis lateralibus rotundatis, postico obsoleto. Anthera inter lobos laterales terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, subglobosa, dorso crasse carnosa quasi appendiculata, antice 2-locularis, loculis 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoideo-globosa, distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente per paria visco sat copioso in fila 2 elastice extensivo connexa, sæpeque rostello affixa. Capsula ovoidea, acuminata, subrostrata, costis parum prominulis.—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis basi vaginatis vix carnosis. Folia coriacea, oblonga v. latiuscula, vaginis arcte appressis. Panicula terminalis, laxe tenuiterque ramosa, floribus parvulis secus ramos laxe racemosis pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 1, Indiæ occidentalis. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 846. Bot. Mag. t. 3565 (Epidendrum diffusum).

Genus Amblostomati valde affine, nec differre videtur nisi labelli et antheræ forma.

66. Diethenes, Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. i. 12. (Gastropodium, Lindl. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. i. xv. 107.)—Sepala subæqualia, patentia, lanceolata, posticum liberum, lateralia basi leviter obliqua, cum pede v. basi columnæ mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi cum columna in cyathum latum apertum v. antice saccatum connatum; lobi laterales ad marginem cyathi breves, erecti, medius basi sigmoideoinflexus v. subrectus, dein patens, ample obovatus, sepalis longior, integer v. obscure lobatus. Columna brevis, usque ad apicem marginibus membranaceis cum labelli basi in cyathum connata v. supra cyathum brevissime lateque erecta, basi in pedem brevem nunc obscurum cum cyatho continuum producta; clinandrium prominens, membranaceum, obliquum, integrum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, subreniformis, leviter convexa, discrete 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali vix perfecto 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, vix compressa, 1-seriata, inappendiculata, libera v. apicibus visco parco in filum extensivo coherentia. Capsula . . .-Herbæ epiphyticæ, non pseudobulbosæ, sæpe ramosæ, foliosæ, ramis vaginis rigidulis obtectis. Folia coriacea, angusta v. ovata, cum vagina articulata. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in racemo laxo terminali seepius recurvo longiuscule pedicellati. Bractee parvee, lineares.

Species 4, Andium Columbia et Peruvia incola. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 446, et in Linnaa xli. 39.

Hemischeria, Lindi Fol. Orch. 1853, habitu characteribusque omnino Diothonee, a D. lloensi differt floribus minoribus, et columna supra cyathum brevissime products. Anthera et pollinia ad amussim conveniunt.

67. Stemeglessum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 355, t. 87.—Sepala subsequalia, erecto-patentia, angusta, posticum liberum, lateralia basi leviter obliqua, cum pede columns mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis similia v. angustiora. Labellum basi cum columna in cyathum latum apertum connatum, lobi laterales a marginibus sinuatis cyathi non distincti, medius patens, anguste linearis, integer. Columna brevis, usque ad apicem marginibus membranaceis cum labelli basi in cyathum connata, basi in pedem

brevem cum cyatho continuum producta; clinandrium prominens, membranaceum, cam margine sinuato cyathi continuum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, subreniformis, convexa, discrete 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, vix compressa, 1-seriata, inappendiculata, libera v. apicibus visco parco cohserentia. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, non pseudobulbosa, subramosa, foliosa, ramis vaginis rigidulis obtectis. Folia coriacea, angusta. Flores quam in *Diothonea* bene minores, in racemo terminali recurvo breviter pedicellati. Bractese parvse.

Species 1, Andium Americae tropicae incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 62.

Reichenbach f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 347, speciem Lindleyanam (Hook. Ic. Pt. t. 51) rite ad Humboldtianam refert, sed ad Epidendrum transfert a quo nobis distinctissima videtur cyatho columnari anthera et polliniis. His tamen characteribus uti habitu ad amussim Diothoneæ convenit, a qua vix diffart floribus minoribus minus apertis et labelli forma.

68. **Estimidium,** Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 81 (Epidendri sect.).—Sepala æquilonga, suberecta v. demum patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia latiora, basi cyatho columnari adnata mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustissima. Labellum basi cum columna in cyathum seu urceolum latum connatum, lamina erectopatente 3-loba v. indivisa. Columna brevis, marginibus dilatatis usque ad apicem cum labello in cyathum connatis; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, subreniformis, parallele 4-locularis (2-locularis loculis 2-locellatis); pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, vix leviter compressa, distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apicibus visco parco connexa. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, erostris, costis prominentibus v. anguste alatis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, nanæ, pseudobulbis secus rhizoma parvis confertis vaginis membranaceis 2-3 stipatis apice 1-2-foliatis. Folia parva, coriacea v. carnosula. Flores parvi, nunc minimi v. in H. Sophranite majusculi, in fasciculo terminali breviter pedicellati v. in racemulis brevibus laxis subfasciculatis pauci, fasciculo interdum ad florem unicum bracteis stipatum reducto.

Species ad 7, America tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Cubam et Mexicum incolae. Lindl. Fol. Orch. Epidendr. 27. Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 118. Bot. May. t. 3233, 6314. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 101 (omn. sub Epidendro). Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. t. 42 A (Calogyne).

Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 346 species 4 Lindleyanas enumerat et sectionem ad Auliseam refert, sed characteres florales et pollinia iis Diothoneæ affiniores, habitus peculiaris. Pollinia in solis H. serpente et H. Sophronite bene observavimus, perianthium specierum fere omnium. Speciebus l. c. enumeratis addendæ videntur Epidendrum leiochilum, Reichb. f., e Cuba, floribus minutissimis in pedunculis pluribus, et E. pulchellum, A. Rich., a Mexico, et E. Sophronitis, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 167, floribus majusculis.

69. Mexista, Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. i. 7. (Euothonæa, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 772.)—Sepala subsequilonga, angusta, ima basi erecta, cæterum patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia basi vix latiora in mentum brevissimum deorsum producta. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum erectum, basi cum columna in cyathum antice vix gibbosum connatum, supra cyathum flexuoso-inflexum; lobi laterales obscuri; medius lanceolatus, patens, sepala æquans. Columna brevis, ultra medium cum labello in cyathum connata; clinandrium expansum, 3-lobum, lobis lateralibus erectis postico longioribus. Anthera lobo postico affixa, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 2-locularis, loculis 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, collateralia, non compressa, libera v. visco perparco connexa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, paucifoliatæ, caulibus subramosis teretibus v. angulatis internodio summo quotannis sæpius incrassato v. longe pseudobulboso; innovationes ad spicem pseudobulbi solitarii v. gemini, basi squamis imbricatis obtecti apice sub racemo 1-2-foliati. Folia angusta, rigidula. Racemi terminales, pauciflori, pedunculo brevi squamis imbricatis coriaccis obtecto; pedicelli squamis sæpius longiores. Flores mediocres, aurantiaci v. purpurei.

Species 3 v. 4, per Americam tropicam a Brazilia usque ad Maxicum disperse. Reichb. f. in Willy. Ann. vi. 469; et in Linnaa xli. 181. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 40, f. 1 (Diothones).

70. Scaphygiettis, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 58, t. 97 ad 100. (Cladobium, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446.)—Sepala subsequilonga, erecta v. subpatentia, lateralia postico latiora, basi sepe in mentum breve cum pede columne connata. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi paullo minora. Labellum cum pede columne articulatum v. continuum, basi contractum, incumbens, dein erectum, apice patens, indivisum v. obscure lobatum. Columna longiuscula, erecta, semiteres, apice 2-auriculata, basi in pedem brevem sepe membranaceo-dilatatum producta; clinandrium parum prominens, integrum v. antice 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, ovoidea v. globosa, haud compressa, inappendiculata, libera v. vix visco parco connexa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, ramosæ; rami novelli quotannis ab apice rami annotini solitarii v. gemini basi vaginis paleaceis stipati, apice 2-foliati, demum carnoso-incrassati, pseudobulbos lineares v. anguste fusiformes formantes. Folia angusta nunc linearia, coriacea. Flores inter folia ad basin innovationum gemini v. pauci fasciculati, parvi, pedicellis basi bracteatis.

Species ad 8, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolae. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 313, 317. Bot. Mag. t. 4071. Bot. Reg. t. 1901. Reichb. f. Nen. Orch. t. 200 (Ponera).

Genus a Reichenbachio in Walp. Ann. vi. 452 ad Poncram refertur, nobis Hexadesmiæ affinius videtur. A. Pæppigio cum Dichæa comparatur a qua distinguitur columna late alata, quod tamen in iconibus suis in sola S. parviflora, t. 97, delineatur, et hac species cum S. pendula, t. 98, ab omnibus a nobis visis differre videntur pseudobulbis secus caulom hine inde crassis ovoideis 1-2-phyllis.

71. **Ecxadesmia**, A. Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xvii. 44.—Sepala subæquilonga, erecta v. subpatentia, posticum liberum, lateralia paullo latiora, basi cum pede columnæ deorsum in mentum producta. Petala sepalo postico similia v. minora. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum v. continuum, basi contractum, incumbens, superne patens, indivisum v. breviter 2-lobum. Columna longiuscula, erecta, semiteres, apice clavata, exalata, basi in pedem deflexum sæpe membranaceo-dilatatum producta; clinandrium 3-lobum, lobo postico inflexo, lateralibus erectis. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis, pollinia 6, cerea, ovoidea, haud compressa, apicibus acutis v. attenuatis visco parco connexa, quorum 4 (in quoque loculo 2), collateralia, tertium cujusve loculi iis superpositum, omnia septis imperfectis separata. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, ramosæ; rami novelli quotannis ad apicem rami annotini solitarii v. gemini, basi vaginis paleaceis imbricatis stipati, apice 2-foliati, internodio superiore sub foliis sæpius elongato carnoso valde incrassato v. pseudobulboso. Folia carnosa. Flores inter folia ad basin innovationum fasciculati v. breviter denseque racemosi, parvi, bracteis sæpe paleaceis.

Species 4 v. 5, Mexici, Americae centralis, Indiae occidentalis et Brasiliae incolae. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 468; Non. Orch. t. 59; Orch. Centr. Amer. 89; ct in Linnae xli. 84. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 92, 113.

72. Octadesmia, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 311.—Sepala subæquilonga, subpatentia, posticum angustum liberum, lateralia latiora subfalcata, basi in mentum parum prominulum sub labello connexa. Petala sepalo postico parum latiora. Labellum a basi columnæ suberectum, liberum, oblongum, lobis lateralibus parum prominulis, margine crenulatum, sepalis subbrevius. Columna longiuscula, leviter incurva, semiteres, exalata; clinandrium parum prominens, obscure 3-lobum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semi-globosa, 2-locularis, loculis obscure 2-locellatis. Pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, sub-2-seriata, anticis paullo longioribus, apicibus visco parco connexa. Capsula oblonga v. elongato-fusiformis, in rostrum breve contracta, erectiuscula v. nutans.—Herbee epiphyticæ, caulibus simplicibus foliatis. Folia lineari-lanceolata, disticha, rigidula nec carnosa. Pedunculus terminalis, simplex v. parce ramosus, ramis dissite paucifioris. Flores mediocres, breviter pedicellati. Bractese breves, basi vaginantes.

Species 3, ins. Jamaice et Sau Domingo incolæ: 1. O. montana, Benth. (Octomeria serratifolia, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2823; Tetramicra montana, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. 1nd. 622; Bletia montana, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 445), foliis pluribus lineari-lanceolatis, racemo plurifloro. 2. O. clata,

Benth., O. montana subsimilis sed multo validior (6-pedalis), foliis lato-lanceolatis, raceme plurifloro bracteis latis laxis rigidis; in monte Moses Jamaice legit Syme. 3 O. monophylla, Benth. (Trigonidium monophyllum, Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 629), caule 1-foliato, co-vaginato, 1-2-floro. Perianthium majus et magis expansum quam in precedentibus, sed florum structura eadem, nec generice separanda.

73. ? Alamania, Llav. et Lex. Nov. Veg. Descr. ii. Orch. Opusc. 31.—Sepala subsequalis, erecto-patentia, angusta. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi cum columna connatum, erectum, lamina sepalis subsimili, lobis lateralibus parvis dentiformibus. Columna ad medium cum labelli ungue in tubum connata, superne libera, erecta, semiteres, exalata; clinandrii lobus posticus latus, obtusus, oblique truncatus, laterales erecti, falcato-ligulati. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, dorso obtuse crasso-conica, loculis parallelis septo longitudinali diviais quasi 4-locularis; pollinia 4, lato-ovata, parallele compressa, utrinque obtusa, inappendiculata v. vix granulis paucis connexa. Ovarium in collum longiusculum superne latius productum. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus in rhizomate repente nanis leviter incrassatis vix pseudobulbosis apice 2-foliatis. Scapi floridi e rhizomate aphylli, vaginis laxe imbricatis membranaceo-scariosis in bracteas abeuntibus obtecti. Racemus brevis, simplex, terminalis, densiflorus. Flores mediocres, conferti, pedicellis longiusculis tenuibus. Bracteæ angustæ, scariosæ.

Species 1, Mexicana. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 153. Characterem ex specimine Hartwegiano in Herb. Lindl. confecimus. Character auctorum tamen vix convenit nisi 'Nectarium verum tubulatum infra labelli insertionem productum' partem columne cum labello connatam indicet et ovarii collum pro 'segmentis inferioribus basi connatis calcar referentibus' descriptum. Præterca pseudobulbus apice 2-foliatus et racemifer dicitur dum in specimine Herb. Lindl. scapi omnes aphylli, pseudobulbis 2-foliatis omnino ananthis. An genus potius ad Dendrobicas juxta Bulbophyllum amandandum?

74. Pleuranthium, Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 81 (Epidendri sect.).—Sepala libera, subsequilonga, patentia, lateralia basi obliqua, brevissime connata. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labelli unguis erectus, cum columna connatus, lamina patens indivisa. Columna fere ad apicem cum labello connata. Anthera et pollinia Epidendri.—Caules elongati, foliati, nec carnosi, nec pseudobulbosi. Folia disticha, vaginis caulem obtegentibus. Racemi ad axillas subsessiles, breves, fasciculiformes, pauciflori v. ad florem unicum reducti. Flores parvuli, breviter pedicellati.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum 1 Brasiliana, 2 Columbianse v. Peruvianse, 1 Guatemalensis, 1 Cabensis. (Ponera adendrobium, Reichb. f. in Flora, 1865, 278). Genus adhuc dubium, Epidendro et Ponera affine. Habitus et inflorescentia a priore valde discrepant et sepala lateralia basi mentum breve formare videntur minus tamen prominens quam in Ponera. Flores in speciminibus nostris rite examinare nequimus, et genus v. sectio ulterius scrutandum.

75. Diacrium, Lindl. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. 81 (Epidendri sect.).—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, crassiuscule petaloidea. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, sepalis subæquilongum; lobi laterales patentes v. reflexi, medius longius; discus inter lobos laterales elevatus, supra 2-cornutus, cornubus subtus excavatis. Columna brevia, lata, leviter incurva, in alas angustas crassiusculas expansa; clinandrium obliquum, obtusum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, lato-ovata, sequalia, a latere parallele compressa, 1-seriata, in quoque loculo appendicula granuloso-viscosa lineari a basi marginibus applicita connexa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caule carnoso vix in pseudobulbum elongatum incrassato. Folia pauca, ad apicem conferta, rigide coriaces subcarnosa, cum vagina brevi articulata. Pedunculus terminalis, simplex, vaginis paleaceis distantibus arcte appressis. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species descriptse 4, Guianse Americae centralis et Mexici incolse, inter se evidenter valde affines. Reichb f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 345. Bot. Mag. t. 3332 (omnes sub Epidendro).

76. Zsochilus, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 209.—Sepala sequalia, erecta, libera, carinato-concava, basi interdum subsaccata. Petala sepalis sequilonga, plana. Labellum petalis sequale, et cum iis ad basin columnse affixum sed infra medium contractum et leviter sigmoideo-flexuosum, medium versus in lobos laterales brevissimos dilatatum, cæterum integrum. Columna erecta, longiuscula, semiteres, exalata, apice ad latera stigmatis in acumina 2 erecta producta, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, dente postico antherifero brevi. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis; loculis septo longitudinali imperfecto, 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, equalia, ovoideo-oblonga, parallele compressa, erecta, appendicula granuloso-viscosa laminiformi a basi ascendente polliniis incumbente. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, costis parum prominulis.—Caules e rhizomate repente vaginis obtecto erecti, foliorum vaginis obtecti, pseudobulbis 0. Folia disticha, patentia, linearia v. lanceolata, rigidule herbacea, seepius obtusa v. retusa. Flores mediocres, rosei v. rubidi, in racemum terminalem densum unilateralem dispositi, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles. Bracteæ herbaceae, concavae, flore multo breviores.

Species 4 v. 5, America calidioris a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem incolæ. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 447. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 131, f. 1 (Epidendrum). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 445 (Epidendrum). Bot Reg. t. 745. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1341.

Species a Lindleyo Gen. et Sp. Orch. 112, I. lineari, Br., adsociatæ tardius ab auctore ipso v. a Reichenbachio rite inter genera varia distributa sunt. Hic auctor pollinia 6 vidit in Isochilo lineari, antherm loculis 3-locellatis, quod tamen nec in speciminibus vivis nec in siccis vidimus.

77. Ponera, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 113; Bot. Reg. 1842, Misc. 19. Knowles et Weste. Fl. Cab. ii. 127.)- Sepala subaquilonga, posticum liberum, lateralia multo latiora, basi pedi columna adnata, mentum sub labello formantia. Petala sepalo postico latiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ subarticulatum, ungue incumbente, lamina recurvo-patente obovata integra v. dilatato-2-loba. Columna brevis, semiteres, incurva, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium obliquum, breve v. postice productum incurvunque, antice interdum 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali sub-2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, aequalia, a latere parallele compressa, 1-seriata, in quoque loculo appendicula granuloso-viscosa, a basi marginibus applicita connexa. Capsula subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, costis obtusis carnosulis.—Herbre epiphyticze, caulibus foliosis e rhizomate repente elongatis nunc longissimis subramosis. Folia alterna, fere graminea, vaginis arcte appressis persistentibus. Flores parvuli, in racemis brevibus fasciculiformibus pauci, breviter pedicellati. Racemi subsessiles, unus sepius ad apicem innovationis foliati, cum pluribus ad nodos defoliatos caulis annotini. Bracteæ breves, paleacer, caduce.

Species 4 v. 5, Mexici et Americae contralis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 450 (quoad species ebulbosas); Xen. Orch. t. 19; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 93; et in Linnwa xli. 39.

Genus Epidendro valde affine, differt columna in pedem producta et labelli insertione. Antheræ et pollinia omnino Epidendri. Inflorescentia in ramulo hornotino terminalis ad fasciculum sessilem paleaceo-bracteatum reducta ut in E. equitante, sed annis sequentibus varie irregularis evadit, innovationibus nunc caulem continuantibus nunc ramulos laterales formantibus. In specie typica ramulus terminalis v. ramuli plures superiores plurifoliati sunt, et sæpius racemuli plurimi aphylli ad nodos defoliatos rami annotini v. votustioris nascuntur. In Tetragamesto, Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1854, 21, saltem in specie typica T. modesto, Reichb. f. l. c., et Xen. Orch, t. 19, quam a Ponera generice distinguere nequimus, ramulus terminalis apice 2-foliatus est et florum fasciculus inter folia more generis sessilis est sed innovatione inter folia sub fasciculo mox evoluto lateralis evadit, folia pseudo-opposita per plures annos persistentia, et caulis quasi articulatus apparet, foliorum paribus cum inflorescentia acesili ad articulationes sitis. In ahis speciebus quarum paucas tantum vidimus vegetatio plus minus typo uni alterive accedere videtur. P. adendrobium, Reichb. f., racemulis omnibus axillaribus potius Pleuranthio referenda videtur sed flores in speciminibus nostris jam Scaphyglottis a Reichenbachio ad Poneram relata longius disture videtur antheris polliniis aliisque notis.

78. Pinella, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala subrequalia, petaloidea, libera, patula, lateralia basi insequalia. Petala sepalis conformia at minora. Labellum petalis majus, indivisum, cum columna continuum eique basi adnatum. Columna nana, rectiuscula, fere horizontalis, margine petaloidea. Anthera columnæ apice adnata, carnosa, 4-locularis; pollinia 4, oblonga, collateralia, 1-seriata, appendicula laminiformi 2-partita colligata.—Herba nana, epiphytica, pseudobulbis apice 1-foliatis. Folium carnosum, ovato-lanceolatum, ex icone acuminatum, ex descriptione 3-dentatum. Pedunculus terminalis, filiformis, 1-florus.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, non nisi ex icone notisque Pinelianis in herb. Lindl. nobis nota; a Roichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 204, ad Restreptam refertur, sed pseudobulbi, labellum basi columna aduatum, et pollinia mediante lamina connata omnino Cattleyæ, abhorrent; planta potius Sophroniti affinis videtur, a qua differt polliniis 4 nec 8.

79. Eartwegia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1970.—Sepala subaquilonga, crecta, conniventia, posticum liberum, lateralia multo latiora, basi pedi columna adnata, mentum sub labello formantia. Petala sepalis minora. Labellum basi ventricosum pedique columna adnatum, ungue lato concavo erecto marginibus columna alte adnatis; lamina patens, basi contracta, abrupte recurva, dein ascendens, ovata, integra, facie basi transverse callosa. Columna supra unguem labelli breviter producta, antice concava, anguste 2-alata, alis apice in auriculas rotundatas erectas productis; clinandrium postice breviter productum. Anthera opercularis, incumbens, late semiglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, sequalia, a latere parallele compressa, 1-seriata, in quoque loculo appendicula lineari granuloso-viscosa a basi marginibus applicita connexa. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caule e rhizomate repente erecto, 1-foliato, supra folium longe scapiformi, vaginis pluribus arcte appressis. Folium subsessile, coriaceo-carnosum, anguste oblongum v. fere lineare. Flores mediocres, in racemo terminali brevi denso conferti, breviter pedicellati, addito interdum racemo altero sessili a terminali distante. Bractese parvac, arcte approximatæ.

Species 1, Mexici et America contralis incola. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 91.

Genus Epidendro et Poneræ affine. Habitus Epidendri sect. Amphiglottis, sed differt labello basi saccato intra sepalorum mentum ci Poneræ subsimile formante. Habitu a Ponera longe recedit ut et labello columnæ alte adnato.

80. Spidendrum, Linn. Gen. n. 1016, pro parte.—Sepala libera, asqualia, patentia v. reflexa v. rarius suberecta. Petala sepalis subsimilia v. rarius multo angustiora. Labelli unguis erectus, columnæ appressus et cum co plus minus in tubum connatus; lobi laterales obsoleti v. rarius dilatati columnam amplectentes; lamina patens, indivisa v. 3-fida; discus 2-callosus v. varie laminatus v. callosus. Columna sepius angusta usque ad apicem ungui labelli adnata, interdum apice libera, semiteres v. rarius 2-alata v. 2-auriculata; chinandrium sepius breve, lobis lateralibus sepius rotundatis postico obsoleto, interdum magis evolutum membranaceum, lacero-funbriatum. minalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa v. semiglobosa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovata v. lata, aqualia a latere parallele compressa, 1-seriata, in quoque loculo appendicula granuloso-viscosa laminiformi v. lineari a basi marginibus applicita connexa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris v. rostrata, costis sæpe valde prominentibus angulata v. interdum alata. Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis nunc carnosis v. demum in pseudobulbum incrassatis, nunc tenuioribus interdunque ramosis. Folia coriacea v. rarius graminea. Pedunculus (excepto sect. Psilanthemo) in caule foliato terminalis, simplex v. paniculato-ramosus. Flores mediocres v. speciosi, rarius parvuli, secus rhachin simplicem v. ramos panicular racemosi, breviter pedicellati, bracteis parvis v. angustis, rarius in racemo brevissimo sessili conferti, bracteis paleaceis subimbricatis.

Species descripts ultra 400, per Americam tropicam late dispersa usque ad civitates australieres Americae borealis parce extensse, nonnulla tamen ad varietates hortenses reducende. Lindi. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 96; Fol. Orch. 1853 (excl. sect. Pleuranthio). Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 300; Xen. Orch. ii. 27, iii. 22 (excl. Cattleyis aliisque); Otia Hamb. 10, 91; Orch. Centr. Amer. 81; in Flora, 1866, 277; et in Linnaa xli. 6, 36, 78, 112.

Genus apud Linnæum species fere omnes Orchidearum epiphyticarum ei notarum inclusit, a Swartzio bene ad species Americanas columna cum labelli unque connata limitatum fuit, cujus sententiam secuti sunt fere omnes nuctores recentiores, speciebus paucis pro generibus distinctis separatis. Reichenbach fil. tamen genera plurima a cæteris auctoribus recepta, inclusa Cattleya labello ima basi libero, cum Epidendro coadunavit, sed character generis sic compositi adhuc ineditus remanet, et nobis parum distinctus videtur, potius species omnes excludimus labello a basi libero, v. polliniis non compressis distinctis inappendiculatis, v. inflorescentia laterali.

Ad species ordinandas Lindley 12 proposuit sectiones; ex his tamen 4, Diacrium labello a basi patente, Hormidium et Lanium polliniis non compressis distinctis inappendiculatis, et Pleuranthium inflorescentia constanter laterali nobis pro generibus propriis admittenda videntur. Epicladium ad E. aurantiacum, Batem, Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 12, Regel Gartenfl. t. 158, characteres potius Cattleyæ ostendit, a qua vix nisi floribus minoribus distinguitur. E. Boothianum, a Lindleyo in Epicladio inclusum, est potius sectionis Encyclii species, E. pterocarpo quam maxime affinis. Cæteræ sectiones sequenti modo ordinandæ videntur:-

- Caulis nunc vix carnoso-incrassatus, nunc pseudobulbum anguste fusiformem 1. Barkeria. formans, superne 2-4-foliatus. Columna basi brevissime v. rarius fere ad medium cum labello connata, cecterum ei appressa distincte sapeque latiuscule 2-alata. Species pauce Mexicane v. Centro-americana. Barkeria, Knowles et Weste. Fl. Cab. ii. 7, t. 49. Bot. Mag. t. 4094, 4784. Columna in specie typica B. elegante, Kn. et Weste., vix brevissime, in B. spectabili evidentius cum labello connata; in E. Skinneri, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1881, Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 33, Bot. Mag. t. 3951, et in B. Lindleyana, Batem, Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 28, Bot. Mag. t. 6098, columnæ pars adnata parte libera 2-alata parum brevior.
- 2. Encyclia. Caulis in pseudobulbum nunc ovoideum v. plano-compressum nunc elongato-fusiformem incrassatus, superne 1-2- rarius 3-foliatus. Columna basi brevissime v. infra medium cum labello connata, superno libera, ei appressa, nec (tanquam nobis nota) in alas distinctas dilatata. Species numerosæ a Lindleyo in series sequentes distributæ:-
- a. Holochila. Labellum integerrimum. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 45. Bot. Reg 1840, t. 35. Bot. Mag. t. 4107, 5336, 5664. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 87.

DINEMA, Lindl. (ien. et Sp. Orch. 111, pro genere propositum fuit ad E. polybulbum, Sw.; Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 112, Bot. Mag. t. 4067, qua species Mexicana et Jamaiconsis, insignis pseudobulbis in rhizomate repente numerosis 2-foliatis pedunculo vaginis paleaceis stipato 1-floro, clinandrii lobis anticis longe ligulatis. Habitus et Hormidii accedit sed anthera omnino Epidendri. Dinema paleacea, Lindl., est Epidendrum auritum, Lindl., pedunculo pariter vaginis paleaceis stipato sed longiore 2-4-floro, clinandrium postice elongatum incurvum; anthera dorso insigniter conico-

- Labellum crassiusculum, breviter dentatum. Flores parvi, paniculati, primo aspectu its Amblostomatis accedentes, sed anthera et pollinia omnino Epidendri. Huc pertinent E. glaucum, Lindl. (Prosthechea, Knowles et Weste, Fl. Cab. ii. 111, nomen in Epithechum mutatum ibid. 167, t. 87), et E. ochraccum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 26, Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 88.
- c. Hymenochila. Labellum 3-lobum, petaloideum, lobis lateralibus in paucis speciebus (Sarcochila, Lindl.) rotundatis in creteris brevibus. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 75 ad 80. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem, t. 10, 17, 18. Red. Lil. t. 84. DC. Pl. Rur. Hort. Gen. Not. viii. t. 3. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 12. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 46. Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. t. 10. Ic. Pl. t. 347. Bot. Mag. t. 3534, 3557, 3031, 3638, 3765, 3885, 3898, 4572, 4606, 5491. Bot. Reg. t. 1415, 1623, 1765, 1879, 1844, t. 34 et 51, 1847, t. 35, 50, et 53. Lindl. et Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 30. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1084, 1556 (Macradenia). Reichb. f. Nen. Orch. t. 51, 56, 57; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 86, 89, 90, 111. ENCYCLIA, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2831, 3013.
- 3. Auliseum (incluso (Ismophyle). Caulis in pseudobulbum sæpius elongato-fusiformem plus minus incrassatus, superne 1 2- (rarius 3-) foliatus. Columna usque ad apicem labello adnata, v. vix apice brevissime libera.
- a. Schistochila. Labollum 3-partitum v. plus minus 3-lobum. Red. Lil. t. 82. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 25, 32. Bot. Mag. t. 463, 3778. Bot. Reg. t. 783, 784, 1870. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. ii. f. 215. Aulma, Salish in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 294, absque char.

- b. Holochila (Osmophyta, Lindl.). Labellum integenrimum. Pupp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 103. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 605. Link Kl. et Otto, Lo. Pl. Rar. t. 36. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 18, 645. Bot. Mag. t. 152, 572, 1669, 3151, 3595. Bot. Reg. t. 1898; 1839, t. 11; 1840, t. 6; 1842, t. 60; 1844, t. 45. Epidendrum, Salieb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 293. Anachemitium, Hoffmans. es Linnaux.
- 4. Euspidendrum. Caules foliati non pseudobulbosi. Columna usque ad apicem labelli ungui adnata v. vix apice brevissime libera. Sectio vasta a Lindleyo in tres divisa. Spathium pedunculo basi vagina spathacea incluso. Amphiglottium, pedunculo sepius elongato vaginis pluribus appressis instructo et Euspidendrum, pedunculo sub inflorescentia brevi nudo v. subnudo. Plures tamen species sub quaque sectione enumeratæ cum charactere sectionali male conveniunt et sæpe vinculo nallo naturali connectuntur. Reichenbach f. divisionem meliorem proposuit ad inflorescentiam 1 umbellatam (v. ad florem unicam reductam) 2 racemosam, et 3 paniculatam, sed species adhuc ad hanc normam non ordinavit. Nos series plures sat naturales vidimus sed, speciebus pluribus adhuc imperfecte notis, limitibus certis definire non audemus. Sequentes insigniores sunt.
- a. Spathacee. Racemus simplex, erectus, floribundus, pedunculo basi vagina spathiformi sepius ampla coriacea incluso. Huc species Lindleyanse n. 135 ad 153 exclusis tamen E. cornuto et E. Klotsschiano ad Nutantes et E. tenello et E. parvifloro ad Tenuifolias transferendis. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 114 (Encyclia). Bot. Mag. t. 6094, 6145. Bot. Reg. t. 1867. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 69. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 149.
- b. Subsimbellate. Racemus simplex, abbreviatus, floribus paucis v. ad unicum reductis sepius majusculis bene pedicellatis, pedunculo communi brevi intra vaginam spathiformem incluso v. nudo. Hue species Lindleyanæ 154 ad 159 et 247 ad 255. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 136, 139. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 103. Link, Kl. et Otto Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 46. Bot. Mag. t. 2030, 3298, 3410, 4165, 5643. Bot. Reg. t. 80, 1961. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 713.
- c. Nutantes. Racemus simplex, recurvus, floribundus, pedunculo basi intra vaginam spathiformem incluso v. subnudo. Huc E. cornutum affinesque, cum E. patente, Sw., affinesque. Bot. Mag. t. 3800, 5654, 5656. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1537.
- d. Recurvæ. Caules sæpe ramosi, foliosi. Rucemi intra folia summa sessiles, simplices, recurvi, sæpius densifiori. Habitus interdum Diothoneis accedens sod antheræ et pollinia omnino Epidendri et columna cum labelli ungue angusta. Huc E. scabrum, E. torquatum, E. Evelynæ, Reichb., affinesque plures. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 26, 48, f. 2.
- e. Tenuifolæ. Caules nunc tenues humiles, nunc longiores sæpe ramosi. Folia angusta v. lanceolata, submembranacea. Racemi in pedunculo brevi tenues v. laxi, solitarii erecti v. gemini divaricati. Huc E. conopseum ex America boreali, E. fimbriatum, E. parviflorum, E. lidifolium, E. propinquum affinesque ex America calidiore. Hook, Journ. Bot. iii, t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 3457.

ERSTRDELLA, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 932; Xen. Orch. i. 39, t. 17, ab auctore ipso Beitr. Orch. Centr. Amer. 37 ad Epidendrum reducta.

f. Amphiglottidræ. Racemi breves, densi, spiciformes, nunc ad apicem pedunculi elongati vaginis appressis dissitis instructi solitarii v. 2-3-ni, nunc secus pedunculum seu rhackin longum dissiti, solitarii v. subfasciculati. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 137, 138; Ic. Rar. t. 604. Brongn. in Duperrs Voy. Bot. t. 43. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 441. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 207. Bot. Mag. t. 611, 2844, 3209, 3543, 3666, 5902. Bot. Reg. t. 67, 1838, t. 53, 1842, t. 25. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 472, 1276, 1867. Maund, Botanist, t. 165. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 91. Amphiglottis, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 294, absque char.

PERIDEPIDENDRUM, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 733, species Americae centralis postea ab auctore ipso ad Epidendrum relata est ex ic. et descr. in Bot. Mag. t. 5929 species Amphiglottidea. Icon tamen in Beichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 53, quosd inflorescentiam et bracteas haud convenit.

Physinga, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 32, ex exemplari unico valde manco in herb. Lindl. servato et analysi ibidem delineato, videtur Amphiglottidearum species floribus monstruosis sepalis nempe basi in eupulam connatis, et labello basi in vesicam globosam e basi calycis protruso omnino abnormis.

g. Paniculatæ. Racemi plures, laxi, paniculati; pedunculus communis plus minus evolutus. vaginis varie stipatus, infima interdum spathiformi, v. subnudus. Huc species Lindleyanæ 160 nd 163, 173 ad 189 et 289 ad 294, exclusis tamen E. scriato ad Encycliam et E. porphyrio potius ad Amphiglottideus referendis. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 86. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 34. Honk. Journ. Bo'. iii. t. 7; Exot. F7. t. 50. Bot. Mag. t. 2980, 2637, 3701, 5556, 5731.

- Bet. Reg. t. 17, 1845, t. 4. Maund, Botanist, t. 226. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bet. t. 112; Xen. Orch. t. 87.
- h. Strobilifers. Caules sepius diffuse ramosi v. humiles. Spice simplices laxe pauciflore v. rarius elongate, floribus bracteis latis concavis fere spathiformibus subinclusis. Huc E. ramosum et E. rigidum, Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 132, 134. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 314, affinesque plures.
- i. Sessilifore. Flores pauci v. solitarii intra bractearum paleacearum fasciculum subsessiles, fasciculo ad azillam folii summi erecti caulem quasi continuantem sessili. Species paucæ, inflorescentia Ponera v. Hexisia accedentes inter se habitu diversæ, includunt E. equitantem, Lindl., caule simplici plano-compresso foliis equitantibus, et E. teretem, Reichb. f., affinesque caule ramoso foliis subteretibus patentibus.
- k. Nass. Caules humiles, diffusi, distichophylli. Flores terminales, sæpius solitarii, intra vaginam latam brevem laxe spathiformem sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Columnæ tubus brevis, clinandrium membranaceum. Labellum indivisum, sepalis amplius. Species ad 6, Andium Americæ australis et centralis incolæ. E. Matthewsii, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 81, affinesque.

NANODES, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1541, species typica, parviflors, Surinamensis et insulæ Trinitatis cum altera grandiflora N. Medusæ, Reichb. f.; Bot. Mag. t. 5723, ab Eucpidendris Nanis distinguitur foliis confertioribus floribus interdum geminis arcte sessilibus et polliniorum appendiculis squamæ a rostello solutæ affixis. Hic character tamen ulterius scrutandus est, in flore unico vix perfecte N. discoloris a nobis examinato non vidimus, nec in analysi Foctei in herb. Lindl. delineatur. Descriptio N. Medusæ in Bot. Mag. l.c., evidenter ad iconem instructa est.

- 5. ? Psilanthemum. Caules foliati, in pseudobulbum fusiformem incrassati. Scapi floridi aphylli, ample paniculati, e rhizomate oriundi, ramis laxe racemiferis. Columna usque ad apicem cum labelli ungue in tubum tenuem siepius incurvum connata; clinandrium postice ample membranaceum. Anthera in fundo clinandrii suberecta, mox incumbens, ultra loculos 2 dissitos breviter acuminata; pollinia 4, sub-2-seriata, dura, acuta, subfalcata, a latere compressa fere 3-quetra, appendicula granulosa per paria connexa. Species 1 (v. 2?) Columbiæ et Americæ australis incolæ, E. Stamfordianum, Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 11; Bot. Mag. t. 4759 (E. basilarc, Link Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 45. E. cycnostalix, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 731). Flores iis Epidei drorum nonnullorum simillimi, sed character vegetationis et pollinia forte genus proprium indicant.
- 81. Broughtonia, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 217.—Sepala æqualia, libera, subpatentia. Petala sepalis ampliora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, ab ea liberum v. vix brevissime adnatum, erectum, latum; lobi laterales lati, basi columnam amplectentes, medius latus, patens, sæpe denticulatus. Columna sepalis pluries brevior, erecta, late 2-alata; clinandrii dentes breves. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali perfecte 2-locellatis; pollinia 4, cerea, per paria in loculis segregata, ovata, æqualia, a latere parellele compressa, appendicula granuloso-viscosa a basi marginibus applicita connexa. Ovarium in collum cavum (calcar adnatum, R. Br.; cuniculum, Lindl.) longe productum. Capsula ovoidea, collo ovarii rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis ovoideis v. globosis vaginis paucis obtecus apice 1-2-foliatis. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, oblonga v. elongata. Pedunculi terminales, vaginis appressis dissitis. Racemus laxus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, squamiformes.

Species 3 v. 4, Indire occidentalis incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 118. Bot. Mag. t. 3076, 3536. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 793. Henfr. Gard. Mag. iii. 201, ic. in Lemaire Jard. Fleur. t. 172 repetita. Genus a Reichenbachio cum Epidendro jungitur.

82. Cattleya, Liud. Collect. Bot. t. 33 ad 37; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 116.—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentia v. rarius conniventia. Petala sepalis latiora v. rarius similia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum (excepta C. bicolore), liberum, erectum; lobi laterales lati, columnam amplectentes v. involventes, medius patens polymorphus, a lateralibus bene distinctus v. cum iis continuus. Columna longiuscula, valida, semiteres, exalata, ssepius incurva; clinandrium obliquum, dentibus v. lobis 3 ssepius prominentibus obtusis. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexus v- semi-globosus, distincte 2-locu-

haris, loculis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis; pollinis 4, cerea, lata, valde compressa, parallela, appendicibus granuloso-viscosis linearibus in laminam subconnatis. Capsula ovoideo-oblonga, erostris v. breviter rostrata, costis seepius acutis valde prominentibus.—Herbes epiphytices, caulibus pseudobulbosis v. crasse carnosis plurivaginatis superne 1-2-foliatis. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, seepius crassa. Pedunculi terminales, basi seepius intra vaginam laxe spathiformem inclusi. Racemus simplex, laxus, floribus seepius paucis speciosis interdum maximis breviter pedicellatis. Bractee parvee.

Species ad 20, Americae calidioris a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolae. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 22. Karst. Ft. Colomb. i. t. 49. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 13. Reichb. Xen. Orch. t. 13, 31, 83, 95, 111, 135, 171, 172. Hook. Exot. Ft. t. 157, 186. Bot. Mag. t. 3669, 3998, 4083, 4085, 4270, 4902. 4916, 5032, 5039, 5048, 5150, 5504, 5618, 5683. Bot. Reg. t. 953, 1172, 1406, 1859, 1919; 1840, t. 48, 58; 1842, t. 1; 1844, t. 5 (cum synopse specierum); 1845, t. 59; 1846, t. 1, 35; 1847, t. 42.

Icones supra citatæ species illustrant normales, sepalis petalisque patentibus, his majoribus; in speciebus nonnullis Brasiliensibus, Bot. Mag. t. 2851, 3265, 3693, potala sepalis similia v. vix latiora omnia patentia. In C. citrina, Lindl., e Mexico (Bot. Mag. t. 3742, C. Karwinskii, Mart. Ausw. Merkw. Gew. t. 10), et C. lutcola, Lindl.; Reichb. f. Nen. Orch. t. 83, sepala et petala flava omnia conniventia.

C. bicolor, Lindl., Sert. Orch. t. 5, Bot. Mag. t. 4909, ab auctore in Bot. Reg. 1844 sub t. 5 pro sectione separatur, ob labellum ima basi columnae breviter adnatum dein erectum angustum quasi unguiculatum lobis lateralibus obsoletis. Species est distinctissima columna et labello Epidendro accedens, polliniis fere Tetramicra. Flores cæterum in C. Forbesii haud absimiles. C. Aclandae a Lindleyo l. c. ad eandem sectionem relata est vera Cattleya lobis lateralibus bene evolutis, ut apparet ex icone Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 48. Reichenbach f., in Walp. Ann. vi. 311, et Xen. Orch. ii. 28, Cattleyas omnes ad Epidendri sectionem Epicladium refert. Species nonnullæ ob vaginam spathaceam ad basin pedunculi ad Cattleyam ab auctoribus relatæ, nunc ad Læliam transferentur, ob pollinia 8 nec 4, de quibus confer sub hoc genere.

MELENIA, Dumort. Not. in Mem. Acad. R. Sc. Bruxelles ix, cum ic., est ut monet Reichb. f. Nen. Orch. ii. 36, Cattleyæ Forbesi. specimen flore precociore in scapo aphyllo solitario.

83. Zeeltopsis, Lindl. in Pact. Fl. Gard. iii. 155, t. 105.—Sepala subæqualia, erecta v. vix patentia. Petala sepalis ampliora. Labellum basi columnæ in cupulam brevem adnatum, dein erectum; lobi laterales lati, columnæ amplectentes, medius latus rotundatus margine sæpe denticulatus. Columna longiuscula, semiteres, supra basin 2-auriculatum v. 2-dentatum; clinandrii dentes laterales prominuli. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis, locellis imperfecte divisis; pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, per paria superposita, a latere compressiuscula et collateraliter 2-seriata, parium superiorum descendentia inferioribus ascendentibus multo minora. Ovarium apice in collum cavum productum. Capsula ovoidea, collo ovarii rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis oblongis interdum longiusculis paucivaginatis et apice 1-foliatis. Folium oblongum v. angustum, crasso-coriaceum, subcarnosum. Pedunculus terminalis, sæpius elongatus. Racemus simplex, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis breviter pedicellatis. Bractæ parvæ, squamiformes.

Species note 3 v. 4, Indiæ occidentalis imprimis Culve incolve. Huc pertinent preter speciem typicam e S. Domingo, Lelia (Leliopsis, Lindl.), Lindenii, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 243, t. 82, ct Leliopsis cubensis, Lindl.; Leliis nonnullis praesertim L. pedunculari affinibusque accodunt quend florum formam, sed habitus et pollinia potius Tetramicræ. Broughtonia chisensis, Lindl. in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 492, ab codem in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. 156 ad Leliopsin translata, a Hindsie errore pro planta Chinensi accepta, est Epidendri species ex America centrali (E. nonchinense, Reichb. f.) que vix ab E. nævosa, Lindl., distincta videtur.

84. Tetramiera, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 119.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum basi columna affixum, liberum, patens; lobi laterales in ungue brevi distincti, nunc ampli patentes, nunc parvi auriculiformes; medius latus,

integer, basi contractus. Columna erecta, superne v. a basi late 2-alata; clinandrii lobi v. dentes laterales sepe membranacei, posticus parvus. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, loculis 2 distinctis septo longitudinali interdum vix prominente imperfecte 2-locellatis; pollinia perfecta 4, cerea, per paria in loculis segregata, parallele compressa, appendiculis a basi marginibus applicitis connexa, additis sepius in quoque loculo polliniis 2 parvis v. imperfectis, ab apice appendicularum descendentibus. Capsula oblonga, crostris.—Herbre terrestres v. epiphytice, rhizomate repente, caulibus foliatis vix incrassatis nec pseudobulbosis. Folia e rhizomate intra vaginas imbricatas ad basin scapi 1-3, lincaria, carnosa, semiteretia v. brevissima crassaque, v. fere subulata graminea. Pedunculus terminalis, elongatus, tenuis, rigidus, vaginis membranaceis appressis dissitis. Racemus simplex, laxus, floribus mediocribus pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 6, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem incolæ. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 83 (Bletia). Bot. Mag. t. 3098 (Brassavola). Hamilt. Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 53, cum ic. (Cyrtopodium).

Genus a Reichenbachio f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 438 ad Bletiam reducitur a qua nobis tam habitu quam characteribus distinctissimum videtur, et Cattleya Læliaque affinius.

LEPTOTES, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 11, Bot. Reg. t. 1625, Bot. Mag. t. 3734, est species Brasiliensis pedunculo abbreviato lave paucifloro v. unifloro, floribus quam in cæteris Tetramicris majoribus, labelli lobis lateralibus parvis auriculiformibus. Pollinia ex charactere Lindleyano 2 magna oblonga, 4 superiora parva, in flore examinato ut in icone citata Bot. Mag. inferiora vidimus 4 perfecta oblonga, superiora omnino Tetramicræ parva v. imperfecta. In T. tenera, Griseb. (Bletia tenera, A. Rich.; B. Eulophiæ, Reichb. f.), labelli lobi laterales minimi auriculiformes omnino Leptotis.

Bletta pratensis et B. Schomburgkti, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 439, a Tetramicra rigida non distinguondæ videntur. B. schenina, Reichb. f. l. c. 439, est Tetramicræ species distinctissima foliis tonussimis gramineis. T. platyphylla, Grisch. Cat. Pl. Cub. 264, ad Bletiam referenda videtur. T. montana, Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 622, ad genus nostrum Octadesmiam pertinet.

85. Brassavola, R. Br. in Ad. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 216.—Sepala libera, equalia, patentia, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata, sape longa, interdum longe setaceo-acuminata. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columna sessile, erectum, basi breviter v. longiuscule angustum, columnam amplectens v. involvens, dein abrupte v. rarius gradatim expansum in laminam acutam v. acuminatam saepius latam, planam v. rarius basi concavam v. fere cucullatam. Columna erecta, ungue labelli sapius brevior, plus minus 2alata; clinandrii lobi 3, erecti, prominentes, subæquilongi, omnes v. posticus solus apice Anthera lobo postico clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, loculis 2 discretis septo longitudinali 2-locellatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, late ovata et parallele compressa, paris inferioris ascendentia cum paris superioribus descendentibus in quoque loculo appendicula granulosa lineari v. laminiformi connexa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, ovarii collo interdum praelongo rostrata. -- Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus vix incrassatis, e caudice ranioso ascendentibus v. erectis laxe paucivaginatis v. 1-2-foliatis. Folia carnosa subteretia v. crasse linearia. Flores speciosi, terminales, nunc in pedunculo brevi solitarii v. gemini, nunc ad apicem pedunculi elongati plures, racemosi, pedicellati. Bracteæ breves. Ovarii collum interdum ovario ipso pluries longius. Pollinia seriei superioris sæpe inferioribus more Tetramiera minores.

Species ad 20, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 114, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 133 (Bletiæ sp.). Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 140 (Epidendrum). Bot. May. t. 543 (Epidendrum), 2878, 3229, 3722, 3761, 3782, 4021, 4734. Bot. Reg. t. 1465, 1561, 1914, 1839 t. 5, 1840, t. 39.

B. glauca, Lindl., et B. Dighyana, Lindl, tam habitu quam floribus nobis videntur potius Lalia species.

86. Zenia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 115, et in Bot. Reg. 1842, sub t. 62. (Amalias, Hoffmans, Preis Verz. Orch. er Linna xvi., Littbl. 228.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis sepius latiora, interdum longiora. Labellum ad basin columnae erectum, ab ea liberum; lobi laterales lati, columnam involventes; medius patens, nunc

lanceolatus acutus, nunc latus 2-fidus, lobis rotundatis; discus lævis v. lamellatus. Columna longiuscula, antice concava v. anguste 2-alata; clinandrium margine sinuatum v. irregulariter 3-5-dentatum. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis septo imperfecte longitudinali 2-locellatis, locellis interdum transverse semiseptatis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, sepius ovata et parallele compressa, paris inferioris ascendentia, cum paris superioris descendentibus in quoque loculo appendicula granulosa lineari connexa. Capsula interdum in rostrum producta videtur, sed maturam non vidimus et juniorem in perpaucis speciebus.—Herba: epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis carnosis sæpius oblongis paucivaginatis apice 1-2-foliatis. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, non plicata. Pedunculi terminales, sæpius dissite plurivaginati, interdum more Cattleyæ basi vagina majore spathacea inclusi. Racemus simplex, florībus speciosis interdum maximis breviter pedicellatis. Bractæe spathaceæ v. longiusculæ et membranaceæ.

Species ad 20, Americæ calidioris a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incole. Reichb. f. in Wulp. Ann. vi. 418; Otia Hamb. 92; Xen. Orch. t. 61, 91, 114, 115, 135. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 7, 23, 38. Bot. Mag. t. 3804, 3810, 3817, 3957, 4090, 4099, 4302, 4905, 5144, 5449, 5498, 5553, 5667, 6038. Bot. Reg. t. 1751; 1839, t. 26, 27, 54; 1840, t. 41; 1841, t. 24; 1844, t. 30; 1845, t. 69.

Genus a Reichb. f. in Xen. Orch. ii. 43 ad 62, ad Bletiam relatum, a qua nostro sensu bene distinguitur habitu, foliis, florum forma, etc., Cattleyæ tamen quam maxime affine est, nec separatur nisi pollinierum paribus inferioribus evolutis. In speciebus typicis vagina spathiformis ad basin peduncul parva est v. cannino deest; species tamen plures habitum omnino Cattleyæ præbent, sub quo genere depictas sunt in Bot. Mag. t. 3656, 3711, 3910, 4700, Bot. Reg. 1172; 1838, t. 2, sed postea ob pollinia 8 mec 4 ad Lædiem translatæ sunt. Species paucæ Brasilienses (Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 62) a cæteris distinguntur petalis vix sepalis latioribus; petala pariter sepalis subsimilia in Brussavola glasca, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1849, t. 44, Bot. Mag. t. 4033, Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 16, et in B. Digbyena, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1846, t. 53, Bot. Mag. t. 4474 que nobis melius sub Lædia quam sub Brassavola militare videntur. Lædiæ facillime cum Cattleyis formas hybridas gignunt quarum pollinia variant 8 v. 4.

87. Schomburghta, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 10, 13.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, plus minus undulata. Petala sepalis similia et æqualia v. evidentius undulata. Labellum ima basi cum columna brevissime connatum, erectum; lobi laterales explanati v. primum columnam laxe amplectentes, medius rotundatus v. late 2-lobus planusque, v. angustior et undulatus. Columna recta v. incurva, labello incumbens, lobis suis lateralibus serpius brevior, anguste v. superne latius 2-alata; clinandrii lobi seu dentes laterales breves, posticus longior, v. rarius omnes sequales. Anthera apici dentis postici affixa, incumbens v. subpendula, valde convexa conica v. dorso 2-cornuta, loculis 2 discretis septo longitudinali perfecte 2-locellatis, locellis septo imperfecto transverso divisis, pollinia 8, cerea, in quoque loculo 4, per paria superposita, late ovata, a latere parallele compressa, inferiora ascendentia cum superioribus sepius minoribus appendicula granulosa interdum laminiformi connexa. Capsula ut videtur erostris, matura tamen nobis deest.—Herbæ epiphyticze, pseudobulbis v. caulibus carnosis oblongis fusiformibus v. elongatis plurivaginatis apicem versus 1-3-foliatis. Folia ovata oblonga v. elongata, crasse coriacea v. rigide carnosa. Racemus in pedunculo terminali elongato simplex, floribus speciosis pedicellatis. Bractese persistentes, rigide membranaceæ v. coriaceæ.

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. In speciebus typicis Columbianis v. Guianensibus, bracteæ rigide membranaceæ longe lineares v. lanceolatæ, patentes v. demum reflexæ, flores interdum superantes. Lindl. l. c. et Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 23; 1845, t. 53. Bot. Mag. t. 3729. Inter illas includimus etiam S. Lyonsii, Lindl.; Bot. Mag. t. 5172 (S. carinatam, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 621) e Jamaica, quæ insignis est columna valde incurvi, clinandrii lobis lateralibus postico submajoribus acutis et antheris dorso 2-cornutis.

In S. tibicina, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 30, Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 30, e Honduras et Guatemala, et in S. Galectiana, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 23; Bot. Mag. t. 4476, specie Mexicana priori affini sed ut videtur distincta, bractese parvse, rigidse, subsquamiformes, et caules supissime cavi formices foventes.

Reichenbach f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 418 species omnes ad Bletiam refert.

88. Sephrenitis, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1129.—Sepala libera, æqualia, plana, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile eique breviter adnatum, crectum; lobi laterales lati, conniventes, columnam omnino occultantes, medius linguiformis, subrecurvus, integerrimus, acutus, discus nudus v. prope basin transverse cristatus. Columna brevis, crassiuscula, superne ad latera stigmatis subpetaloideo-dilatata; clinandrium minute 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, loculis septo longitudinali perfecte 2-locellatis, locellis septo transverso minus perfecte divisis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, cerea, 2-seriata, parallele compressa, superiora pendula cum inferioribus ascendentibus appendicula fere laminiformi connexa.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles. Pseudobulbi in rhizomate conferti, 1-2-foliati. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, complicata, demum explanata, patentia. Pedunculus terminalis, brevis, in specie typica racemum brevem pauciflorum ferens, bracteis subpedicellis minutis, in cæteris speciebus 1-florus, bracteis 1-2 minutis ad basin pedicelli. Flores speciosi coccinei v. violacei.

Species 4 v. 5, Brasilienses (e montibus Orgaos). Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 5, f. 2. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 465. Bot. Mag. t. 3677, 3709. Fl. des Serres, t. 1716.

## TRIBUS II. VANDEÆ.

89. Mulophia, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. t. 686. (Orthochilus, Hochst., A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 284, t. 82.)—Sepala subsequalia, inter se libera, lateralia patentia interdum basi columnæ adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia v. vix latiora, cum eo patentia v. erectoconniventia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, supra basin brevissime contractum, inter sepala lateralia in gibbum saccum v. calcar productum; lobi laterales erecti columnam amplectentes v. rarius obsoleti, medius patens v. recurvus, sæpius latus, integer v. 2-lobus; discus medio varie cristatus v. lamellatus. Columna brevis, crassa, apoda, sepius 2-alata; clinandrium valde obliquum, erectum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semi-globosa, obtuse conica v. acuminata, 2-appendiculata v. interdum 2-cornuta, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea, cerea, per paria sæpius connexa postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi v. rarius elongato glandulæ disciformis rostelli annexæ. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, rarius elongata, erostris, pendula, costis prominulis crassiusculis.—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus foliatis basi demuin in pseudobulbos siepius anguste oblongos v. elongatos incrassatis. Folia disticha, sepius angusta, elongata, plicato-venosa. Scapi v. pedunculi aphylli ∞-vaginati, in speciebus genuinis ad basin caulis foliati laterales, in desciscentibus in caule foliato terminales. Racemus simplex v. laxe paniculato-ramosus. Flores mediocres v. parvuli, pedicellati, conferti v. dissiti. Bracteæ membranaceæ, longiusculæ v. parvæ.

Species ad 50, pro maxima parte gerontogeæ, imprimis Africanæ, tropicæ v. australes, plures tamen ex Asia tropica, 2 Australianæ, et una saltem in Brasilia obvia. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 180. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 785, vi. 644; Xen. Orch. t. 173, 187; (Niu Hamb. 66, 116; in Bonpl. 1867, 38; in Flora, 1865, 186, ct 1872, 276; et in Bot. Zeit. 1866, 378. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 180 (quoad sect. 1). Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 299. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 38 (Limodorum). Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 43 ad 47 (Limodorum). Wight Ic. t. 913, 1666, 1667. Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xiv. t. 13. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 284, t. 81 (Saccolabium in icone). Bot. Mag. t. 2467, 5561, 5679, 6246. Bot. Reg. t. 1147, 1433, 1821, 1972. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 818. Maund, Botanist, t. 172 (Liesochilus).

In speciebus plerisque, Genainis, Lindl., scapi floriferi aphylli, simplices; in paucis Austro-Africanis, Desciscentibus, Lindl., podunculi in caule foliato terminales; in E. herbacea affinibusque Asiaticis petala sepalis latiora et magis colorata affinitatem cum Lissochilo exhibent; in E. campestri affinibusque ex India Orientali caules foliati et scapi floriferi non coetanii; in E. micrantha ex Africa australi, et E. lurida. ex Africa tropica, affinibusque paucis, flores parvi, in racemo paniculato-ramoso.

In specie Sumatrensi Beccari n. 389, labellum columnæ brevi adnatum calcare solito multo longiore obtuso fere clavato, vix tamen a genere separanda.

E. gracille, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 742, ex Africa tropica, posten ab auctore ad Galeandram relata,

nobis videtur vera Eulophia species, etsi labelli lohi solito minores et calcar superne valde ampliatum.

E. maculata, Reichb. f., stirps Brasiliensis, prius a Lindleyo Collect. Bot. t. 15, et Bot. Reg. t. 618, ad Angrecum relata, postes in Gen. et Sp. Orch. 237 ad Eccocladem translata, et a Link et Otto Ic. Sel. t. 14 sub Geodoro pieta, nulli generi bene convenit. Specimina nostra manca, sed verisimiliter rite a Reichenbachio in Eulophia collocata.

E. arundina, Reichl. in Walp. Ann. iii. 551, e Brasilia, ex specimine nostro imperfecto videtur Bletia species. E. helleborine, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 5875, est Gymnadenia macrantha, Lindl.

90. Lissochius, R. Br. in Lindl. Coll. Bot. t. 31. (Hypodematium, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 286, t. 83.)—Sepala libera, æqualia, patentia, per anthesin sæpe reflexa. Petala sepalis latiora v. majora magisque colorata, erecto-patentia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, liberum, supra basin in saccum seu calcar conicum productum; lobi laterales subpatentes, interdum parum prominentes, medius latus, patens. Columna erecta, brevis, semiteres, apoda, angulis sæpe acutis exalatis; clinandrium obliquum, sæpius integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa dorsoque sæpe conica v. 2-gibba, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, distincta v. per paria plus minus concreta, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ rostelli latiusculæ vix in stipitem productæ affixa. Capsula ubi nota ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, reflexa, angulis obtuse prominulis.—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus breviter foliatis demum in pseudobulbos ovoideos incrassatis. Folia longa, sæpius angusta, elevato-venosa v. plicata. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum v. e rhizomate elati, aphylli, plurivaginati. Racemus simplex, floribus sæpius speciosis pedicallatis. Bracteæ oblongæ lanceolatæ v. lineares, persistentes.

Species ad 30, Africae tropicae et australis incolae. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 191. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 787; iii. 553; Otia Hamb. 60, 114; in Flora, 1865, 187; et in Linnaa xli. 74. Bot. Mag. t. 2931 (Eulophia), 5486, 5861. Bot. Reg. t. 573, 1002 (Eulophia), 1814, t. 12.

91. Galeandra, Lindl. in Bauer, Ill. Gen. Orch. t. 8. (Corydandra, Reichh. Nomencl. ex Endl. Gen. Suppl. ii. 17.)—Sepala aqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo latiora. Labellum basi columnae affixum, in calcar amplum subinfundibuliforme descendens productum, lobi laterales lati, erocti, columnam laxe amplectentes v. involventes, medius patens, rotundatus v. 2-lobus, discus medio varie cristatus v. lamellatus. Columna brevis v. parum elongata, apoda, apice breviter 2-alata; clinandrium valde obliquum, postice acuminatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, obtuse et interdum longiuscule acuminata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea, corea, per paria sæpius connexa, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ rostelli membraniformi v. disciformi vix in stipitem brevissimum productæ affixa. Capsula erostris.—Herbæ terrestres v. epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis basi in pseudobulbum tuberiformem v. elongatum incrassatis. Folia disticha, basi vaginantia, angusta, plicato-venosa. Raceani terminales, pedunculati, simplices. Flores speciosi v. mediocres, breviter pediculati. Bracteæ parvæ v. angustæ.

Species ad 6, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia ad Mexicum incolae. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 618; Otia Hamb. 88. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 37. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 19 (ic. tamen ex adnot. in herb. Lindl. e plantis 2 diversis composita). Bot. Mag. t. 4610, 4701. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 49. Lem. Ill. Hortic. t. 248. Maund, Botanist, t. 231.

G. Beyrickii, Reichl. f., videtur potius Cyrtopodii species. G. gracilem, Lindl., cum specielus alis Africanis scapis floridis aphyllis, ad Eulophiam referrimus. Genus, ad species Americanas restrictum, facile pro sectione Eulophiae habendum, habitu Eulophiis Africanis desciscentilus surpe accedit et vix nisi labelli calcare magno infundibuliformi differt.

92. Cymbisium, Sw. in K. Vetensk. Acad. N. Handl. Stockh. xxi. 236, pro parte. (Iridofinia, Blume, Orch. Jav. 90, t. 26.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, lateralia interdum fini sub labello brevissime connata. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo minora. Labellum ad hasin columna sessile, erectum, basi concavum, lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, columnam

laxe amplectentes, medius patens v. recurvus, indivisus, disco varie 2-lamellato. Columna longiuscula, semiteres, curvula, exalata v. anguste 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominulum, truncatum v. obliquum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. late semiglobosa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, late subglobosa, cerea, profunde sulcata v. e duobus sibimet arcte applicitis uno minore conflata, in anthera collateraliter contigua, appendicula parva transversa v. divaricato-2-lamellata connexa, anthera dehiscente mediante appendicula glandule squamiformi transversæ affixa. Capsula oblonga, sæpe majuscula, interdum breviter rostrata.—Herbæ epiphytice, caulibus foliatis abbreviatis cum foliorum basibus plus minus in pseudobulbum incrassatis. Folia sæpe longissima, coriacea, venis elevatis percursa, v. breviora magis carnosa lævioraque, vaginæ basi dilatatæ in caule imbricatæ, vetustiores sæpe ad fibras diu persistentes reductæ. Pedunculi v. scapi inter folia v. ad basin caulis oriundi, longi, simplices v. rarissime ramosi, basi vaginis laxis interdum fere in folia brevia productis stipati. Flores majusculi, laxe racemosi, breviter pedicellati, racemis haud raro elongatis pendulisque. Bractæe breves.

Species ad 30, pro maxima parte Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Chinæ incolæ, cum speciebus 2 Africanis, 3 Australianis, 1 Novo-Caledonica et 1 Japonica. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 161, quoad sect. Eucymbidium; Sert. Orch. t. 4. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 622 (excl. sp. paucis); in Flora 1865, 188; 1872, 274; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 144. Sm. Spicil. Bot. t. 24 (Epidendrum). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 44 (Epidendrum). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 216 et 344 (Epidendrum). Wight Ic. t. 1687-88, 1753. Mig. Choix Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 19. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 321. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 51. Bot. Mag. t. 387, 888 (Epidendrum), 1751, 4844, 4907, 5126, 5457, 5574, 5710, 5851. Bot. Reg. t. 529, 1976; 1840, t. 25; 1841, t. 38; 1844, t. 24; 1847, t. 67. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 37.

C. tabulare, Sw., et C. aculeatum, Sw., ex Africa australi, a Harveyo rite ad Eulophiam referentur. C. Sandersonii, Harv., tamen cum specie affini ex Africa tropica vera Cymbulia videntur, etsi ab Asiaticis different scapo ramoso. C. Huttoni, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5676, cujus specimina non vidimus, ex ic. et descr. characteres omnino Grammangis nec Cymbulii offert, sed e Java nec e Madagascaria introducta dicitur.

93. Ansellia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1844, sub t. 12, 1846, t. 30.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ sessile, erectum; lobi laterales lati, erecti, paralleli; medius patens, ovato-rotundatus; discus 2-lamellatus. Columna erecta, lobis lateralibus labelli æquilonga, leviter incurva, semiteres, marginibus acutis, exalata, basi in pedem brevem latum concavum 2-lobum producta; clinandrium parum prominens, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convers, appendice obtuse conica coronata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovato-rotundata, 2-loba v. 2-partibilia, in anthera collateraliter contigua, appendicula parva transversa connexa, anthera dehiscente mediante appendicula glandulæ transversæ squamiformi affixa. Capsula oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caule elato carnoso-incrassato folioso. Folia disticha, longa, plicato-venosa. Pedunculi terminales, ramosi. Flores secus ramos paniculæ amplæ laxe racemosi, speciosi, pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species v. varietates insignes 3-4, quoad labelli lamellas magnitudinem florum etc. valde variabiles, per Africam tropicam late dispersæ, una usque ad regionem Natalensem Africæ australis extensa. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 627. Bot. Mag. t. 4965. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 95.

94. Grammangis, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 17.—Sepala subaqualia, posticum subfornicatum, lateralia patentia, libera v. basi brevissime in gibbum didymum connata, omnia carnosula. Petala multo breviora tenuioraque, lata, obliqua. Labellum basi columnae affixum, erectum, sepalis multo brevius; lobi laterales lati erecti, medius brevis, subpatens; discus lamellatus v. cristatus. Columna erecta, leviter incurva, 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium obliquum, incurvum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, dorso (an semper?) appendiculata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, late subglobosa, sulcata, in anthera collateraliter contigua (appendicula parva connexa?), anthera dehis-

cente (mediante appendicula?) glandulæ latæ squamiformi affixa.—Herbæ opiphyticæ, validæ, caule brevi in pseudobulbum oblongum v. fusiforme carnosum incrassato. Folia pauca, longa, coriacea, parum venosa. Scapi ad basin pseudobulbi longi, simplices. Racemus laxus, floribundus, floribus speciosis longe pedicellatis. Bractæe parvæ.

Species 2, altera Madagascariensis, Liudi. in Bot. Mag. t. 5179 (Grammatophyllum), altera (cujus specimina non vidimus) Javensis?. Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5676 (Cymbidium Huttoni), utraque ad specimina hortensia ab auctoribus descripta.

95. Gremastra, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 172. (Hyacinthorchis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. But. i. 48, t. 16.)—Sepala subequalia, libera, conniventia v. vix patentia, basi longe angustata. Petala sepalis similia nisi paullo latiora. Labellum basi columne affixum, ab ea liberum, erectum, lineare, complicatum, basi gibbum subsaccatum; lobi laterales supra medium parvi, medius oblongus, integerrimus, sepala subequans, basi intus appendice carnosa instructus. Columna longe linearis, erecta, subteres, apice ad latera stigmatis utrinque dilatata, apoda; clinandrium breve. Anthera terminalis, breviter stipitata, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, fere plana, apposita, in quoque pari sibimet incumbentia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti v. glandulæ planæ squamiformi affixa. Capsula oblonga, erostris.—Herba terrestris, rhizomate repente tuberoso-incrassato. Folia in rhizomate solitaria, rigidule membranacea, venis nonnullis magis elevatis subplicata, in petiolum contracta. Scapi e rhizomate aphylli, vaginis tamen interdum in laminam brevem productis. Racemus simplex, secundus sæpeque apice nutans, floribus majusculis angustis breviter pedicellatis pendulis. Bractese lineares, breves.

Species 1, Japonica. Genus Cymbidio valde affine, differt perianthio cum labello angusto, et polliniorum appendiculam saltem in speciminibus siccis non deteximus.

Dactylostalix, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 74, species japonica a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato a Cremastra vix differre videtur columna apice lobulis 2 linearibus lobulatis instructo.

- 96. Cyperorehis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 48; Orch. Archip. Ind. 92, t. 48.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. subpatentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, angustum, concavum; lobi laterales columnam amplectentes, medius brevis, latus, patens. Columna longiuscula, erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium obliquum, integrum, margine sinuatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, breviter et obtuse acuminata, discrete 2-locularis, demum 1-locularis; pollinia 2, ovoideo-pyriformia, cerea, sulcata, acuminata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ quadratæ absque stipite affixa. Capsula ovoidea v. breviter oblonga.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus sæpe bæsi induratis vix tamen distincte pseudobulbosis. Folia longa, angusta, vaginis basi parum dilatatis distiche imbricatis, vetustiorum reliquiis sæpe fibroso-persistentibus. Scapi inter folia longi, erecti, vaginis pluribus sæpe in folia brevia erecta productis alte stipati. Racemus floribundus, simplex, sæpius densus, haud raro nutans. Flores speciosi.
- Species 2 v. 3, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, a Lindleyo auctoribusque plerisque Cymbidio inclusæ, sed habitus, perianthii forma et præsertim pollinarii indoles a Blumeo bene illustrati, genus distinctum indicant. Huc pertinent præter speciem typicam Blumei, Cymbidium elegans, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 14, C. Mastersii, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 50, et verisimiliter C. cochleare, Lindl., cujus tamen pollinaria ab omnibus floribus in herbariis servatis jam delapsa erant.
- 97. Goodorum, Jacks. in Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 626. (Cistella, Blume, Bijdr. 293, t. 55. Otandra, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 298, absque char.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, crecta v. subpatentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnse sessile, continuum, erectum, a basi latum ventricoso-concavum fere saccatum, indivisum v. late et obscure 2-lobum. Columna breviuscula, erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium

postice lato-ovatum, erectum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, lata, profunde sulcata sub-2-loba, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi plano affixa, glandula sæpe majuscula. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris, reflexa.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate sæpe tuberoso-incrassato. Caules plurifoliati, breves. Folia ovato-lanceolata v. elongata, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, vaginati, simplices, racemo ad apicem denso nutante. Flores mediocres, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ membranaceo-scariosæ, lanceolatæ v. lineares, flores interdum subæquantes.

Species enumeratæ 9, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ incolæ, plures tamen characteribus fere de flore in florem variabilibus distinctæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1854. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 631. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 39, 40 (Limodorum). Wight, Ic. t. 912. Bot. Mag. t. 2195. Bot. Reg. t. 675, 1687.

98. Grammatophyllum, Blume, Bijdr. 377, t. 20; Rumphia, iv. 47, t. 191. (Gabertia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 425. Pattonia, Wight, Ic. t. 1750.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellumisupra basin columnæ affixum (mobile?), erectum, concavum; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, columnam laxe amplectentes, medius brevis, recurvo-patens, angustus v. dilatatus. Columna erecta, labello paullo brevior, semiteres, subclavata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium obliquum, incurvum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, incumbens, lata, valde convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, fere 2-partita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente sigillatim lobis v. cornubus glandulæ lunatæ v. fere hippocrepidiformis affixa. Capsula oblongo-fusiformis, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, validæ, caulibus nunc elongatis multifoliatis plus minus carnosis, nunc brevius pseudobulbosis paucifoliatis. Folia disticha, sæpius longissima, coriacea, venosa. Scapi ad hasin caulis laterales, longi, simplices. Racemus laxe floribundus, floribus longe pedicellatis speciosis, nunc magnis carnosisque, nunc minoribus tenuioribus. Bracteæ pedicellis multo breviores.

Species 3 v. 4, peninsulæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 628; Xen. Orch. ii. 16; et in Linnæa xli. 107. Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iv. t. 8, 9. Bot. Mag. t. 5157 (quoad pollinarium erronea). Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 65, 1842, t. 69. Paxt. Mag. Bot. vi. 217, cum ic.

99. Dipodium, R. Br. Prod. 330. (Leopardanthus, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 47, t. 15. Wailesia, Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. iv. 261.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum erectum, ima basi columnæ adnatum leviterque gibbum v. brevissime saccatum, medio 3-lobum, lobi laterales angusti v. triangulares, medius longior, angustus v. latus, apicem versus facie sæpius pubescens. Columna erecta, semiteres, non v. angustissime aiata, apoda; clinandrium varie sinuatum v. dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa v. semiglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, globosa, sulcata v. 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 distinctis brevibus affixa; glandula carnosula, ovata v. rotundata. Capsula angusta.—Herbæ terrestres, non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus basi foliatis v. floriferis aphyllis. Folia dum adsint angusta, coriacea, vaginis in caule imbricatis v. regulariter distichis equitantibusque. Scapi aphylli, elati, basi vaginis nonnullis imbricatis stipati, v. pedunculi in caule foliato longi, erecti. Racemi simplices, sæpe floribundi, floribus majusculis sæpissime punctatis.

Species ad 6, peninsulae et Archipelagi Malayani, insularum maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 186. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 15, t. 107. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 12 (Dendrobium). Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. iii. t. 323, 324 (Grammatophyllum). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 127. Bot. Reg. t. 1980. Paxt. Mag. Bot. xvi. 321, cum ic. (Wailesia).

100. Theocestele, Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1857, 37; Xen. Orch. ii. 133, t. 147; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 144, t. 29.—Sepala æqualia, libera, patentia, latiuscula. Petala linearia, sepalis æquilonga. Labellum basi cum columna in tubum latum connatum, dein

patens; lobi laterales ad basin laminæ erecti, falcati, fere circinati; medius patens, elongatus, sinuatus, indivisus, disco velutino. Columna ima basi in tubum brevem cum labello connata, erecta, ad apicem tubi abrupto deflexa citoque incurvo-ascendens elongatuque, ad deflexionem in auriculas 2 horizontales supra os tubi producta, apice ad latera stigmatis alis 2 falcatis appendiculata; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, galeata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, globosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ squamiformi sigillatim affixa. Capsula ovoidea, erostris.—Herba epiphytica, pseudobulbis 1-foliatis carnosis costatis. Folium oblongum, coriaceum. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum recurvi, aphylli, basi breviter plurivaginati. Racemus simplex, floribus mediocribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 1, Malacce et Archipelagi Malayani incola. Specimina enim Parishiana e Moulmeyn et Motleyana e Borneo nobis conspecifica videntur, et vix variant nisi labelli loborum latitudine. Pollinarii stipites filiformes, in icone Parishiana tenuissimi, in Trans. Linn. Soc. l.c. nimis incrassati, non veri stipites sunt, sed visci fila elastice extensivo; in flore a nobis examinato pollinia in rostello omnino sessilia erant, glandula nondum soluta. Generis affinitas cum Stanhopieis Americanis, a Reichenbachio indicata, nobis effugit.

101. Bromheadia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1841, Misc. 89; 1844, t. 18.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentissima. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columna sessile, erectum, concavum; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, columnam laxe amplectentes, medius brevis, patens, indivisus; discus pubescens, subcristatus. Columna longiuscula, erecta, curvula, late 2-alata, apoda; clinandrium membranaceum, concavum, obliquum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa v. subconica, 1-locularis (v. imperfecto 2-locularis?); pollinia 2, cerea, late ovoidea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ squamiformi fere triangulari affixa absque stipite. Capsula . . . —Herbæ epiphyticæ (v. terrestres?), non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus foliatis erectis simplicibus. Folia disticha, coriacea, venosa, basi complicata, vaginis persistentibus caulem arcte obtegentibus. Racemus in caule foliato terminalis, simplex v. ramosus, rhachi sæpe incrassata flexuosa, bracteis triangularibus rigidis distiche erectis quasi serrata. Flores majusculi, breviter pedicellati.

Species 2, Malacce et Archipelagi Malayani incole. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 882, et Otia Bot. Hamb. 44. Wight, Ic. t. 1740. Bot. Mag. t. 4001.

102. Polystachya, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 103. (Encyclia, Popp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 10, quoal t. 113 anal. imperfecto. Epiphora, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 201.)-Sepala conniventia v. subpatentia, posticum liberum, lateralia latiora nunc latissima, basi pedi columnæ adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustiora. Labellum (superum) cum pede columnæ articulatum, basi contractum incumbens, dein erectum; lobi laterales parum prominentes, erecti, medius patens v. recurvus, indivisus. Columna brevis nunc b.evissima, lata, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, per paria sibimet arcte applicita v. in 2 connata, postico seepius minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi v. glandulse (an constanter?) affixa. Capsula oblonga v. fusiformis, interdum elongata, crecta v. patens.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus basi vaginatis demum in pseudobulbos carnosos v. tuberiformes sepe parvos incrassatis. Folia pauca, disticha, oblonga v. angusta, multinervia at non plicata, basi in vaginas contracta. Pedunculus terminalis supra folium paucivaginatus. Racemus in caule foliato terminalis, simplex, v. racemi plures, breves, secus rhachin communem dissiti, paniculam angustam laxam formantes. Flores parvi, rarius mediocres, v. in P. grandiflora flos major solitarius videtur. Bractean

Species at 40, pleræque Africanæ, tropicæ v. australes, nonnullæ Asiaticæ, Indicæ v. Malayanæ, pauceque Americæ tropicæ incolæ, inter has P. lateola, Hook., parum tantum a P. zeylanica, Lindl.,

ex orbe vetore distinguitur. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 72, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 129. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 687; Xen. Orch. t. 207; Otia Hamb. 60, 110; in Bonpl. 1857, 39; in Flora, 1865, 185; et in Linnea xli. 73. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 20 (Dendrobium). Wight, Ic. t. 1678, 1679. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 176 ad 179. Bot. Mag. t. 3707, 4161, 5586. Bot. Reg. t. 851. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 458 (Dendrobium). Fl. des Serres, t. 1521. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 80, 81.

Pollinarii stipes sæpe brevissima in speciminibus siccis difficillime observatur interdumque deesse videtur, sed anthera et pollinia cæterum omnino Vandearum.

103. ? Plocoglottis, Blume, Bijdr. 380; Orch. Archip. Ind. 61, t. 14 ad 16.—Sepala æquilonga, libera v. lateralia basi latiore columnæ pedi adnata, mentum breve sæpe formantia, omnia patentia v. posticum cum petalis sæpius angustioribus connivens. Labellum ima basi columnæ plicis membranaceis connexum breviterque saccatum, supra saccum erectum; lobi laterales parum prominuli, medius interdum demum elastice reflexus. Columna erecta, crassa, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem brevissimum producta; clinandrium obliquum, dentibus vix prominulis v. obsoletis. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, distincte 2-locularis, loculis valde imperfecte 2-locellatis. Pollinia 4, cerea, ovata, compressiuscula, per paria in loculis segregata et sibimet incumbentia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente per paria stipitibus filiformibus v. linearibus distinctis rostello affixa (absque glandula distincta?). Capsula oblonga v. elongata, erostris, costis obtuse prominentibus.—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus e rhizomate repente 1-∞-foliatis, basi leviter incrassatis nec distincte pseudobulbosis. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa. Pedunculi v. scapi aphylli, a basi caulium laterales, longi, erecti, paucivaginati. Racemus simplex, floribus mediocribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ nunc minimæ, squamiformes, nunc pedicello sublongiores.

Species ad 8, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 132. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 464; Xen. Orch. ii. t. 154.

104. Cyrtopodium, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 216. (Tylochilus, Nees in Verh. Gartenb. Gesellsch. Berlin, viii. 191, t. 3. Cyrtopera, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 189.)—Sepala libera, patentia, subaqualia v. lateralia basi latiora et plus minus in pedem columnae decurrentia. Petala sepalo postico similia v. paullo latiora brevioraque. Labellum pedi columnæ affixa sæpiusque breviter adnata, quacum mentum format inter sepala lateralia plus minus prominens; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti v. demum patentes, medius rotundatus, patens, integer 2-lobus v. crispato-dentatus. Columna erecta, basi in pedem mentum formantem producta, semiteres, angulis acutis vix alatis; clinandrium obliquum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, interdum stipitata, convexa v. dorso 1 2-gibba, imperfecte 2-locularis. Pollinia 2 v. 4, per paria plus minus connata, late ovoidea v. globosa, cerca, in anthera inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ rostelli latte fere membranaceæ v. in stipitem brevem crassum productæ affixa. Capsula oblonga v. elongata, reflexa, erostris, costis sæpius acute prominulis. - Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate in pseudobulbos tuberiformes incrassato, caulibus breviter paucifoliatis. Folia longa, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, elati, aphylli, pluri-Racemus simplex v. ramosus, floribus mediocribus v. speciosis breviter pedivaginati. cellatis. Bractere lineares v. lanceolatæ.

Species ultra 20, A iæ, Africæ et Americæ tropicæ et Madagascariæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 188. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 666, 667; Otia Hamb. 35, 44, 68, 88, 116; in Bonpl. 1857, 38; in Flora, 1865, 189; 1872, 274, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 144 (Cyrtopodium et Cyrtopera).

In specie typica, C. Andersonii, Br., in C. punctata affinibusque pluribus Americanis vix non C. Andersonii varietatibus, racemus ramosus et sepala lateralia basi vix dilatata, brevissime tantum pedi columnae adnata. Hue pertinent icones Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 12. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 651 (Cymbidium). Bot. Mag. t. 1800, 3507. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 8. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 121. Kn. et Weste. Fl. Cab. t. 4. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 214.

Genus Cyrtopera (Eulophia, sect. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 181, t. 62, 63, 66) propositum fuit ad species Asiaticas at Africanas racemo simplici et sepalis lateralibus plus minus interdum fere ad apieem

pedis columns adnatis. Wight, Ic. t. 1690, 1754. Royle, IU. Bot. Himal. t. 88. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 104 (Cymbidium). Bot. Mag. t. 6161. Thom. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 41, 42 (Limodorum). C. Woodfordii tamen, ex America tropica (Bot. Mag. t. 1814, Bot. Reg. t. 1508), characteres ostendit Cyrtopers et in C. flava, Lindl., ex India orientali, et in C. plantaginea, Lindl., e Madagascaria, sepala lateralia a pede columns fere omnino libera nec basi dilatata. In his omnibus speciebus racemus simplex, sed distinctio inter genera ceterum evanescit.

C. foliose, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 203, ex Africa australi habitu a Cyrtoperis distinctissima, ex icone in herb. Lindl., videtur potius Eulophio species E. cochleari, Lindl., subaffinis.

105. Geventa, Lindl. in Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1709; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 153. (Eucnemis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 161, cx adnot. in Herb. Lindl.)—Sepala subæqualia, conniventia, posticum incurvo-erectum, lateralia falcata v. decurva, basi cum columnæ pede mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, articulatum, basi incumbens, concavum, apice patens, indivisum. Columna incurva, late semiteres, superne v. undique alata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, dorso interdum cristata, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, compressa, per paria sibimet applicita, paribus in anthera a latere appositis, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti oblongo v. lato affixa, glandula parva v: dilatata. Capsula oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate interdum in pseudobulbos tuberiformes incrassato, caulibus erectis paucifoliatis basi vaginis nonnullis stipatis, quarum una sæpe inflato-utriculiformis. Folia ampla, plicatovenosa, basi contracta. Racemus in caule foliato terminalis, simplex, pedunculo prope basin paucivaginato. Flores mediocres, conferti v. demum dissiti, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ ovatæ, v. angustæ ovario paullo breviores.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Reichh. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 556; Orch. Centr. Amer. 75. Bot. Mag. t. 3660, 4151. Bot. Reg. t. 1795, 1838, t. 13.

Govenia limbata, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 628 (Cymbidium limbatum, Lindl.), delenda est. Descripta fuit ad specimen in herb. Hook. evidenter ex horto Liverpool, constans e folio Oncidii cum inflorescentia Cymbulii, ut bene notavit Reichb. f.

106. Pteroglossaspis, Reichb. f., Otia Bot. Hamb. 67.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia, lateralia basi mentum parum prominulum formantia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ affixum, sessile, patens, ecalcaratum; lobi laterales ovato-rotundati, patentes, medius major, obtusissimus, integer; discus co-seriatim tuberculosus. Columna brevissima, lata, basi vix in pedem brevissimum producta, lobis 2 calliformibus instructa, ad angulos subalata; clinandrium rotundatum, parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, subglobosa, basi extrorsum perforata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi affixa; glandula squamiformis. Capsula . . .—Herba (epiphytica?) pseudobulbis demum ovoideo-globosis; caulibus foliatis brevisaimis. Folia 1–2, longa, angusta, plicato-venosa. Scapi e rhizomate elati, aphylli, plurivaginati. Flores mediocres, in racemum simplicem densum conferti, pedicellis brevisaimis. Bracteæ membranaceæ, flores æquantes v. paullo breviores.

Species 1, Abyssinica.

107. Eyropetalum, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2748.—Sepala subequalia, patentia, libera v. vix brevissime basi connexa, lateralia pedi brevi columnæ affixa. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixa, cui breviter incumbens mentum brevo format; lobi laterales nunc parum prominentes patentes, nunc paullo majores erecti, columnam amplectentes, medius explanatus, patens, sæpius latum interdum ovatum; discus crista transversa sæpius valde prominente carnosa integra v. lobata instructus. Columna incurva, semiteres, exalata v. apice breviter 2-alata, basi in pedem brevent Producta; clinandrium obliquum, integrum, v. membranaceum cucullatumque margine fimbrisham. Anthera terminalis v. intra marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis,

incumbens, dorso convexa ovoideo-conica v. acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, obovoidea, per paria in loculis segregata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente in glandula rostelli sessilia v. atipiti latiusculo affixa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus demum in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia disticha, membranacea v. rigidula, elevato-venosa v. subplicata. Scapi floriferi aphylli, co-vaginati, 1-flori v. racemo laxo terminati. Flores speciosi. Bracteæ parvæ v. latius-culse.

Species ad 40, Americæ calidioris a Brasilia usque ad Americam centralem et Indiam occidentalem incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 187. Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 9. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 650; Otia Hamb. 8; Orch. Centr. Amer. 74; in Bot. Zeit. 1865, 99; et in Linnæa xli. 5, 107. Genus Cyrtopodio affine, a Blumeo Eulophiæ adjunctum, nobis tanen bene distinctum videtur, in sectiones sequentes naturales, apud plures auctores pro generibus habendas, sed a Reichenbachio l.c. iterum conjunctas dividitur:—

- 1. Eurygopetalum. Scapi elati, floribus pluribus speciosis. Labellum latum (excepto Z. stenochilo, Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1923), crista crassa varie appressa v. elevata integra v. lobata. Clinandrium obliquum, integrum. Anthera obtusa v. obtuse acuminata; pollinarii stipes brevis.—Bot. Mag. t. 2748, 3402, 3674, 3686. Bot. Reg. t. 1433 (Eulophia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1664, 1687, 1776. Maund, Botanist, t. 111.
- 2. Zygosepalum. Scapi 1-3-flori, floribus speciosis. Sepala et petala anguste acuminata. Clinandrium magaum, membranaceum, subcucullatum, fimbriato-lacerum, lobis lateralibus seu alis columnæ rotundatis integris. Anthera dorso longe rostrata. Cætera Euzygopetali. Species v. varietates 2, Guianenses. Bot. Mag. t. 2819. Zygosepalum, Reichh. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 668; in Walp. Ann. vi. 665; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 106.
- 3. Huntleya. Scapi 1-flori. Labellum unguiculatum, crista longe fimbriata, lamina ovata acuta. Columna latissima, clinandrio amplo subcrenulato fere Zygosepali. Anthera erostris. Species 1, Brasiliensis et Guianensis, Huntleya, Batem. ex Lindl. in Bot. Reg. sub n. 1991 et 1839, t. 14; cum 2 e Mexico et America centrali, Galeottia, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 25; species omnes n Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 555, Xen. Orch. t. 66, f. 1, 2, et in Bot. Mag. t. 5567 et 6003, ad Batemanniam relatæ.
- 4. Bollea. Scapi 1-flori. Sepala et petala lata. Labellum late rotundatum, ungue brevi, crista crassa elevata. Columna brevis, latissima, crassa, clinandrio subcucullato integerrimo. Species 1, Guianensis. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 26 (Huntleya). Bollea, Reichb. f. Bot. Zeit. 1852, 667; Xen. Orch. i. 187, t. 66, f. 3. Bot. Mag. t. 6331, 6458.
- 5. Warsewiczella. Scapi 1-flori. Sepala et petala Euzygopetali v. latiora et minus explanata, interdum undulata. Labellum sepius latissimum. Columna Euzygopetali. Pollinarii stipes magis evoluta, apice utrinque sepius angustata. Species ad 6. Bot. Mag. t. 3585, 4766, 4830 (Warrea), 5598 (Huntleya). Bot. Reg. t. 1857. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 73. Warszewiczella, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 635; Xen. Orch. t. 23, 93. Bot. Mag. t. 5582. Pricatorea, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 667; Xen. Orch. t. 11, 65. Bot. Mag. t. 6214, 6240.
- 6. Promenæa. Scapi ut in Warszewiczella 1-flori, a qua differt statura humiliore et columna antice sub stigmate sepius nec semper linea longitudinali elevata seu carina instructa Species ad 8, pleræque Brasilianæ. Link et Otto Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 52 (Cymbidum). Bot. Mag. t. 3877 (Maxillaria). Phomenæa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 13 (pro maxima parte). Kefersteinia, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 633; Nen. Orch. t. 25. Bot. Mag. t. 5046. Nec distinguere possumus (ex char. et analysi in herb. Lindl.) Chaubardiam, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 671, et in Walp. Ann. vi. 543.
- 108. Grobya, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1740.—Sepalum posticum liberum, erectum, lateralia patentissima v. deflexa, ad medium connata, apice flexuosa. Petala erecto-patentia, sepalo postico multo latiora. Labellum in pede columnæ articulatum, ungue brevissimo incumbente, erectum, latum; lobi laterales erecti, medius patens; discus varie callosus v. cristatus. Columna erecta, semiteres, apice utrinque lobo brevi v. dente aucta et interdum prope basin 2-auriculata, basi in pedem brevem crassiusculum producta; clinandrium oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, (2-locularis?); pollinia 2, cerea, profunde sulcata v. 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano longiusculo affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus plurifoliatis brevibus basi demum in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis. Folia

longa, angusta, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum simplices, basi plurivaginati, recurvi v. a basi deflexi. Racemus densus, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis breviter pedicellatis. Bractes anguste, breves.

Species 2, Brasilienses. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 627.

109. Chetradenta, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala subsequilonga, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia latiora pedi columnse adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnse articulatum, latum, indivisum, planum; discus crista transversa digitata instructus. Columna brevis, semiteres, crassiuscula, subclavata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens (1-locularis?); pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano lato affixa. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, parvula, caule brevissimo 1-foliato mox in pseudobulbum parvum incrassato. Folium membranaceo-coriaceum, nervosum. Scapi laterales, tenues fere filiformes, aphylli, simplices. Flores parvuli, pauci, in racemo distantes, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ angustæ, acuminatæ.

Species 1, Guianensis. Walp. Ann. vi. 543.

Genus nobis non satis notum. Flores in speciminibus nostris paucos examinare nequimus et characteres supra dati ex analysi Lindleysna. Zygopetalis minoribus affine videtur sed partes omnes multo minores tenuioresque. Habitus fere Leiochili v. Cryptarrhene Regelii, Reichb., sed columna certe in pedem producta.

110. Agantsia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1839, Misc. 45; 1840, t. 32. (Koellensteinia, Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1854, 17; in Walp. Ann. v1. 551; et Xen. Orch. t. 24.)—Sepala sequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum ungue brevissimo columnæ basi affixum, quacum articulatum; lobi laterales breves v. obsoleti, medius patens, latus, rotundatus v. subquadratus, integer v. late 2-3-lobus; discus ad basin laminæ late cristatus. Columna erecta, semiteres, basi non producta, apice utrinque lobo brevi obtuso v. longiore acutiusculo cum clinandrio cæterum integerrimo continuo aucta. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, dorso convexa v. breviter appendiculata, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, obovoidea v. oblonga, acutiuscula, per paria connata, inappendiculata; anthera dehiscente stipiti plano oblongo v. lineari affixa; glandula parva. Capsula . . .-Herbæ terrestres v. epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus demum (an semper?) in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia pauca, sæpe solitaria, plicato-venosa, linearia v. latiuscula, in petiolum contracta. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum v. e rhizomate erecti, aphylli, paucivaginati, sæpe tenues. Racemus simplex, laxus, floribus mediocribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 6, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Huc includimus, præter speciem typicam Lindleyi, A. lepidam, Reichb. f. Beitr. Orchidk. 15, t. 5; Warream. cineream, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 28 (Zygopetalem tricolor, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1846, sub t. 64); et Promenæam gramineam, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 13, Bot. Mag. t. 6338 (Koellensteinia). Genus a Zygopetalo affinibusque facile distinctum floribus (sæpius minoribus) explanatis, mento nullo prominente. Hic tamen multo melius quam inter Oncidicas collocatur.

111. Acacantis, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala inter se libera, subsequalia, patentia, lateralia basi pedi columnse adnata, mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum pedi columnse affixum eique brevissime in mentum connatum, dein erecto-patens, ungue longiusculo superne introrsum in saccum reversum seu cucullum latum cristatum margine dentatum dilatato; lamina lata, sub-2-loba, undulato-denticulata; discus basi late cristatus. Columna erecta, semiteres, basi in pedem brevem producta, ad latera stigmatis alis latis membranaceis appendiculata; clinandrium breve, dente postico parum prominente. Anthera terminalis, opercularia, incumbens, convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, ceres, late obovoides, per paria connexa (v. 2, 2-loba), inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano oblongo affixa; glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis brevibus, demum in pseudobulbum incraesatis. Folium

unicum (v. 2?) amplum, plicato-venosum, in petiolum contractum. Scapus florifer e rhisomate v. in pseudobulbo lateralis, elongatus, aphyllus, paucivaginatus. Racemus simplex, floribus paucis speciosis (cyaneis) breviter pedicellatis.

Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis incola, a Reichb. f. Beitr. Orchidk. 18, t. 4, ad *Aganisiam* relata; nobis tamen *Zygopetalo* multo affinior videtur, a quo differt imprimis labelli appendice singulari et auriculis columnes amplis.

112. Extersis, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1847, sub t. 9 et t. 18.—Sepala æqualia, patentia, libera v. lateralia cum pede columnæ in mentum brevissimum connata. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, breviter incumbens, dein erectum; lobi laterales lati, erecti, columnam laxe amplectentes, medius parvus, patens, integer v. 2-lobus; discus varie lamellatus. Columna longiuscula, semiteres, incurva, apice subclavata, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium valde obliquum, integrum v. antice obtuse 2-angulatum v. breviter 2-dentatum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, late semiglobosa 2-partibilia, v. 4 per paria sibimet applicita altero minore, paribus in anthera a latere appositis, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ carnosulæ mox squamiformi subquadratæ affixa, stipite 0. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus demum in pseudobulbos incrassatis. Folia sæpius 2, longa, ampla, plicato-venosa. Scapi e rhizomate longi, erecti, aphylli, paucivaginati. Racemus longus, simplex, laxe floribundus, floribus speciosis pedicellatis. Bracteæ minutæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Brasiliæ borealis, Guianæ et Colombiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 662. Bot. Mag. t. 4437.

PSEUDEBIOPSIS, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xxii. 852, species Guianensis a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato ab Eriopsibus typicis paullulum differt, angulis columnæ basi alatis et dentibus anticis clinandrii in brachia productis.

113. Warrea, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 14.—Sepala subæqualia, lata, concava, subpatentia, lateralia basi obliqua, columnæ pedi adnata. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum pedi brevi columnæ afixum, sessile, ima basi brevissime contractum incumbensque, dein erectum, latum, concavum; lobi laterales parum prominentes, medius expansus, rotundatus, integer v. 2-fidus; discus medio lineis elevatis carnosis instructus. Columna longiuscula, semiteres, crassa, apice clavata, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium valde obliquum, concavum, fere cucullatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, compressiuscula, per paria in loculis segregata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi lineari affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus foliatis brevibus demum in pseudobulbos ovoideos v. elongatos incrassatis. Folia pauca, disticha, elongata, sæpius angusta, plicatovenosa. Scapi aphylli, plurivaginati, elati, simplices. Racemus elongatus, laxus, floribus breviter pedicellatis speciosis. Bracteæ breves.

Species 2?, Peruvise et Colombise incolse. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 24, f. 1 ad 9. Bot. Mag. t. 4285 (Maxillaria). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1884 (Maxillaria).

W. oyanoa, Lindl., ad Aganisiam referenda est.

114. Eyecmermium, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 833, et in Walp. Ann. vi. 611.—
Sepala sequilonga, carnosa, posticum liberum v. basi cum cesteris brevissime connatum,
lateralia latissima, basi cum pede columnse in mentum latum connata. Petala sepalo
postico minors et angustiora. Labellum ab apice pedis columnse incumbens, sepalis inpostico minors et angustiora. Labellum ab apice pedis columnse incumbens, sepalis inclusum, late cucullatum, lobis lateralibus erectis, medio brevissimo patente. Columna
clusum, late cucullatum, lobis lateralibus erectis, medio brevissimo patente. Columna
brevis, crassa, apice 2-auriculata, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium maximum,
brevis, crassa, apice 2-auriculata, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium maximum,
dilatetum, undulatum, cum auriculis columnse continuum. Anthera intra marginem
dilatetum, opercularis, incumbens, crassa, subsuberosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea,

anguste oblonga, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ latiusculæ absque stipite affixa. Capsulæ . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus paucifoliatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis. Folia magna *Peristeriæ*. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum recurvi v. penduli, plurivaginati, simplices. Flores majusculi, dense racemosi, breviter pedicellati.

Species 3?, Colombise et Americse centralis incolse. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 74 (Anguloa). Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 64. Hesc species typics, eique associande videntur Peristeria cerina, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1953, et forte P. guttata, Knowles et Westc. Fl. Cab. t. 70, ex descriptione potius quam ex analysi in icone.

Genus habitu Peristeria accedit sed columna et perianthium omnino Cyrtopodicarum.

115. Satemannia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1714.—Sepala sequilonga, posticum liberum, erectum, concavum, lateralia pedi longo columnæ adnata, ad apicem pedis patentia, postico angustiora. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia at plana, basi pedi columnæ latiuscule adnata. Labellum ad apicem pedis columna articulatum, basi incumbens, concavum; lobi laterales erecti, columnam amplectentes, medius patens, brevis, indivisus; crista ad basin lobi parva. Columna longiuscula, crassa, antice concava, exalata, basi in podem producta; clinandrium obliquum, margine elevato membranaceo denticulato. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, membrana lata appendiculata; pollinia 2, cerea, anguste oblonga, sulcata v. 2-loba, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ (v. stipiti) obovatæ v. cuneiformi planæ affixa. Capsula . . . -Herba epiphytica, caulibus abbreviatis 1-3-foliatis, mox in pseudobulbum carnosum incrassatis. Folia ampla, membranaceo-coriacea, plicato-venosa, basi breviter contracta. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum recurvi v. penduli, basi vaginis subfoliaceis stipati, simplices. Flores majusculi, laxe racemosi, pedicellati. Bracteæ ovatæ, pedicello breviores.

Species 1, Guianensis. Bot. Mag. t. 3818 (petala imperfecte delineata).

Huntleya Meleagris, Lindl., speciesque affines a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 555, et in Linnæa xli. 108, ad Batemansiam relatæ, nobis et habitu et characteribus longe differre videntur et ad Zygopetalum referendæ.

116. Effrenaria, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 152.—Sepala subæquilonga, erecto-patentia, lateralia basi lata pedi columnæ adnata, mentum sæpius longum calcariforme formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia v. minora latioraque. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ sæpius articulatum, ungue incumbente brevi v. elongato; lobi laterales ad apicem unguis latiusculi, erecti, medius patens, integer v. 2-fidus. Columna erecta, crassiuscula, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, interdum dorso cristata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea v. latiuscula, cerea, ner paria sibimet arcte applicita v. in 2 2-fida connata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 brevissimis elongatisve basi in glandulam transversam sæpius connatis affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis paucivaginatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos apice 1-2-foliatos incrassatis. Folia oblonga, interdum ampla, plicatovenosa. Scapi inter pseudobulbos simplices, erecti, nunc breves floribus paucis rarius ad unum reductis magnisque, nunc tenuiores floribus minoribus in racemo pluribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ v. in grandifloris spathaceæ.

Species ad 10, Brasiliæ, Guianæ et forte Colombiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 546 (excl. B. Hadwenii); Xon. Orch. t. 94. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 120 (Dendrobium), 217. Bot. Mag. t. 2789, 2927, 3597, 3629. Bot. Reg. t. 897, 1566, 1875; 1839, t. 12. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1318, 1877. Knowl. et Weste. Fl. Cab. t. 83. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 52 (ic. nonnullæ sub Maxillaria).

STENOCORTNE, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 53, est B. longicornie, Lindl., species e Guiana et Brasilia boreali, mento longo tenuiter calcariformi insignis, et ab auctore generice distincta 'caudiculia 2 glandulisque totidem ovalibus.' Flores typicos Guianenses examinare nequimus, sed in planta Spruceana e Panuré Brasilia borealis n. 2926, Guianensi casterum simillima et a

Lindleyo pro eadem determinata, pollinarii stipites 2 vidimus basi certe connatos, nec a basi distinctos ut in herb. Lindl. delineati.

117. Eylobium, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 897.—Sepala subæquilonga, erecta, demum subpatentia, lateralia postico latiora basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi minora. Labellum cum pede columnæ subarticulatum, sessile v. basi contractum incumbensque, dein erectum; lobi laterales erecti, columnam amplectentes, medius brevis, latus, patens, facie lævis lamellatus v. basi callosus. Columna erecta, semiteres, antice concava v. anguste 2-alata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea, per paria sibimet arcte applicita v. plus minus connata altero minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti interdum longiusculo affixa, glandula squamiformi transversa. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus plurivaginatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos 1-2-foliatos incrassatis. Folia ampla v. elongata, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum erecti, simplices. Flores racemosi, mediocres v. majusculi, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ lineares, sæpius longiusculæ.

Species enumeratæ 16, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. 69, t. 264. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 507 (ab utroque ad sectionem Maxillariæ reductæ). Presl Symb. t. 24 (Dendrobium). Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 67 (Maxillaria). Bot. Reg. t. 732 (Dendrobium), 1549 (Maxillaria). Bot. Mag. t. 2806, 2955, 3981 (Maxillaria).

Genus quoad florum characteres Maxillariæ affine, sed habitu et inflorescentia (Bifrenariæ) et pollinarii stipite longiore satis distinctum videtur.

118. Lacena, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 68; 1844, t. 50. (Navenia, Klotzsch in Allgem. Gartenz. 1853, 193.)—Sepala subæquilonga, patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia paullo latiora, basi cum pede columnæ mentum brevissimum formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi minora. Labellum cum pede columnæ continuum (v. articulatum?), inflexum, apice patens; lobi laterales ad latera unguis lati brevesque, v. longi et angusti, erecti, medius patens, stipitatus, latus, indivisus. Columna incurvoerecta, longiuscula, semiteres, apice subclavata breviterque 2-alata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium concavum, oblique membranaceo-marginatum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, anguste v. latiuscule oblonga, sulcata, apice attenuata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa; glandula parva. Capsula . . —Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus 2-3-foliatis mox in pseudobulbum carnosum incrassatis. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapi infra pseudobulbos longi, recurvi, plurivaginati, simplices. Flores majusculi, laxe racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ subscariosæ, pedicellos subæquantes v. paullo longiores.

Species 2, Americae centralis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 612. Bot. Mag. t. 6516. Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. i. t. 33.

119. Lycaste, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 14; et in Part. Fl. Gard. ii. 37, f. 151, 152.

—Sepala subequalia, erecto-patentia, lateralia paullo latiora, basi cum pede columnæ mentum sæpius breve interdum fere saccatum formantia. Petala nunc sepalis similia nisi minora, nunc sæpius distincte breviora latioraque. Labellum columnæ pedi affixum, sessile v. unguiculatum, sepalis brevius; lobi laterales ad basin v. ad apicem unguis erecti, lati v. anguste falcati, medius parvus latus v. elongatus angustusque, patens, integer v. varie ciliatus v. fimbriatus; discus medio appendice transversa v. callo polymorpho instructus. Columna longiuscula, arcuata, semiteres, exalata v. apice angustissime 2-alata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium breve v. rarius membranaceo-dilatatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, oblonga v. ovoidea, per paria sibimet arcte applicita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti

longo lineari affixa, glandula parvula. Capsula oblonga v. fusiformis, erecta.—Herbee epiphyticæ (v. terrestres?) caulibus brevibus paucifoliatis basi vaginatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum erecti, 1-fiori v. rarius laxe 2-3-fiori. Flores magni, sæpius nutantes.

Species ad 25, Americae tropicae a Peruvia usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem incolae. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 600; Otia Hamb. 7. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 64. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 35. Exot. Fi. t. 219. Bot. Mag. t. 3146, 3395, 4081, 4198, 4445, 5616, 5706, 6251, 6303. Bot. Reg. t. 1206, 1428, 1871, 1845, t. 34. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 102. Lodd, Bot. Cab. t. 1824 (ic. nonnullæ sub Maxillaria).

Genus bene a Maxillaria separatum, Anguloæ tamen valde affine, paullulum differt perianthio plus minus patente, cæterum pluribus notis variat. In L. cristata, L. fulvescente, affinibusque, labellum basi angustatum, lobo medio insigniter ciliato, in speciebus pluribus labellum basi concavum intus fere saccatum, lobo medio integro. L. tetragona, Lindl. (a nobis non visa), ab omnibus differt scapo brevissimo, labello crasse carnoso fere saccato intus lamina carnosa aucto.

PAPEINIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 14 (Maxillaria, Bot. Reg. t. 1811), Bot. Mag. t. 4886, ad Lycastem referends videtur; a speciebus typicis paullulum differt scapo sæpe 2-floro. Appendicula in medio labello in utraque specie adest. P. rugosa, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 110, nobis ignota est.

COLAX, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 50, species 2 Brasilienses includit, ab auctore distincts floribus subglobosis vix ringentibus, quod in sola icone Bot. Reg. t. 1510 (Maxillaria viridi) apparet, et pollinarii stipite superne plus minus membranaceo-dilatata. In iconibus tamen M. placanthera, Bot. Mag. t. 3173, a Reichenbachio ad M. viridem reducta, et præsertim C. jugosi, Lindl., Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 41; Bot. Mag. t. 5661; Illustr. Hortic. t. 96, sepala et petala plane patentia delineantur. Pollinarii stipes in utraque specie quam in Lycastis plerisque latior videtur, sed in genere variat. Scapi in C. rugoso ut in Paphinia 2-3-flori, in C. viridi ut in Lycastis typicis 1-flori.

120. Anguloa, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. 118, t. 26; Syst. Veg. 228.—Sepala subsequalia, lata, crassiuscula, fere in globum conniventia, lateralia basi rotundata, sub pede columnæ connata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia v. minora. Labellum in pede columnæ plus minus stipitatum, carnosulum; lobi laterales ad apicem unguis erecti, paralleli, medius patens, parvus v. latior ciliatusque; discus medio lamella auctus. Columna erecta, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium truncatum v. antice 2-appendiculatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, galeata, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovata v. oblonga, per paria sibimet arcte applicita postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo plano affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ v. terrestres, caulibus brevibus paucifoliatis basi vaginatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum erecti, 1-flori, vaginis pluribus laxis, superioribus interdum in laminam foliaceam brevem productis. Flos magnus, sæpius nutans.

Species 3, Andium Colombiæ et Peruviæ incolæ. Lindl. in Bot. Reg. 1846, sub t. 41. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 599; Otia Hamb. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 4313, 4807, 5384. Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 60, 66; 1846, t. 41.

121. Chendrerhyncha, Lindl. Orch. Linden. 12.—Sepala subsequilonga, anguste oblonga, posticum basi columnæ adnatum, concavo-carinatum, lateralia basi obliqua, pedi brevissimo columnæ adnata. Petala sepalis multo latiora, obovato-oblonga. Labellum cum pede columnæ articulatum, sessile, latum, erectum, concavum, indivisum, basi intus callo 3-dentato instructum. Columna semiteres, superne utrinque dilatata, basi in pedem brevissimum producta; clinandrium valde obliquum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, angusta, acuminata, per paria sibimet incumbentia, postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti crasso affixa, glandula molli. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis plurifoliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia oblonga, plicato-venosa, in petiolum contracta. Scapus e rhizomate simplex, paucivaginatus, flore unico majusculo.

Species 1 v. 2, Colombianæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 663, et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 107. Genus ex herbario et notis Lindleyanis potius Zygopetalo quam Steniæ affine videtur; flores nos ipsi examinare nequimus.

122. Gengera, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 117, t. 25; Syst. Veg. 227.—Sepalum posticum erecto-patens, basi columnæ plus minus adnatum, lateralia latiora, basi pedi solumnæ adnata, patentia v. reflexa. Petala cum sepalo postico, quo sæpius breviora, basi columnæ adnata erecta v. patentia. Labellum cum pede columnæ continuum, patens v. ascendens, angustum, carnosum; lobi laterales crassi, erecti, varie cornigeri v. aristuliferi, medius varie saccatus complicatus v. a latere compressus. Columna erecta v. ascendens, basi in pedem producta, superne semiteres, exalata, apice sæpius clavata, antice 2-cornuta v. nuda; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice interdum acuminata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, ovoidea v. anguste oblonga, acutiuscula, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari-cuneato affixa, glandula sæpius parvula. Capsula oblonga v. fusiformis, nunc elongata, erostris v. apice brevissime contracta.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis basi vaginatis, mox in pseudobulbum carnosum sæpius 2-foliatum Folia ampla, plicato-venosa, basi contracta. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum sæpius reflexi, simplices, racemo longo laxo flexuoso. Flores majusculi, longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ breves, angustæ.

Species enumerate ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 590; Xen. Orch. i. 51, t. 20, 170; in Bot. Zeit. 1857, 157; 1864, 298; 1866, 385; et in Linnæa xli. 110. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 178. Bot. Mag. t. 3220, 3687, 6284. Bot. Reg. t. 1616; 1839, t. 51; 1841, t. 2; 1845, t. 56; 1847, t. 17, 69. Maund, Botanist, t. 109.

ACROPERA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 172; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1645 (Maxillaria); Bot. Mag. t. 3563, 5501; DC. Not. ix. Pl. Rar. Hort. Gen. t. 2, a Reichenbachio rite ad Gongoram reducitur. Species typica a cæteris Gongoris non differt nisi sepalis latioribus et petalis apice sæpius divaricato-2-aristatis. In speciminibus hortensibus stigma ex Darwinio semper imperfectum; in sylvestribus a Bourgeau in Mexico lectis perfectum est, capsulis bene maturescentibus.

123. Coryanthes, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 3102.—Sepala libera, patentissima, magna, irregulariter undulato-flexuosa, posticum lateralibus brevius latiusque. Petala sepalis multo minora, erecta, torta. Labellum carnosum, ungue longo patente cum basi columnæ continuo; lobi laterales in medio ungue in appendicem poculiformem connati, medius magnus, galeatus. Columna longiuscula, teres, apice inflexo-clavata v. breviter 2-alata, apoda, basi 2-auriculata v. 2-cornuta; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, carnosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, anguste oblonga, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus abbreviatis mox in pseudobulbos carnosos apice 2-foliatos incrassatis. Folia ampla, nervosa, subplicata. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum reflexi, simplices. Racemi laxe pauciflori, floribus maximis breviter pedicellatis.

Species ad 4, Americæ australis tropics incolæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1852. Reichb.f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 596; in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 332; et in Linnæa xli. 74. Karst. Ausw. Gew. Venez. t. 1. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guat. t. 36. Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. t. 80 (Gongora). Bot. Mag. t. 2755 (Gongora), 3747. Bot. Reg. t. 1793, 1841.

124. Stanhopea, Frost ex Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2948-9. (Ceratochilus, Lindl. in Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1414, 1764, non Blume.)—Sepala libera, patentia, lata v. oblonga, carnosa, subequalia v. lateralia latiora. Petala sepalis similia v. angustiora, interdum undulata. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum v. vix brevissime ei connatum, patens, crasse carnosum, sæpe undulatum v. subtortum; lobi laterales unguem marginantes v. erecti, sæpe in massam solidam incrassati, hypochilium formantes globosum oblongum v. calceiforme, basi interdum 2-cornutum; lobus medius nunc brevissimus integer ab hypochilio vix distinctus, nunc evolutus continuus v. articulatus epichilium integrum v. 3-lobum formans, v. basi lobis v. cornubus 2 distinctis metachilium formantibus instructus. Columna erecta v. incurva, sæpius longiuscula, apoda, superne v. apice membranaceo-

t. \$39 et 631 (quoed seapum forentem, seapo fractifire ad formam ? partinente). ! Lindl. Collect. But. t. 40. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 90, 91, 151, 213. Nece, Pl. Hort. Bons, t. 1. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rer. t. 42. Bateman, Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 2. Bot. Mag. t. 2559, 3829, 3590, 3823, 3929, 3927, 3942, 4017. Bot. Reg. t. 840, 1667, 1708; 1838, t. 63; 1840, t. 62. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1344. Monachanthus (?), Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 31. Bot. Mag. t. 3601, 3708, 3777, 3796, 3819, 3882. Bot. Reg. t. 1752. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 82, 88. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 42 (Catachatum). Huc etiam pertinere videtur Mormodes luxatum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 33. Myanthus (?), Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 38. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 177. Bot. Mag. t. 3262, 3514, 8802, 3923, 4792, 5202, 5390. Bot. Reg. t. 966, 1721, 1778, 1896; 1841, t. 5 et 34.

Formas tres in eadem planta quarum una sola fertilis primum detexit Schomburgk et descripsit in Trans. Lina. Soc. xvii. 551, t. 20; de quibus confer Darwin in Journ. Lina. Soc. vi. 151, et Fertil. Orch. 211.

129. Mermodes, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446. (Cyclosia, Klotzsch in Allgem. Gartenzeit. 1838, 305.)—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentia v. reflexa, rarius conniventia, sæpius angusta. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ subarticulatum, a basi patente incurvo-ascendens, plus minus in unguem sepissime convexum contractum, superne latius, reduplicatum v. rarius concavum; lobi laterales sepissime reflexi, rarius plano-patentes, medius sepius acutus, integer v. raro ciliato-denticulatus. Columna crassiuscula, erecta, sæpe obliqua, antice concava, ecirrosa, exalata, apoda; clinandrium postice longe acuminatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, dorso acuminata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, per paria sibimet incumbentia, v. 2, sulcata, cerea, oblonga, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti loriformi affixa, glandula magna. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus plurifoliatis mox in pseudobulbos oblongos v. fusiformes carnosos plurivaginatos incrassatis. Folia elongata, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum simplices, racemis sæpius pendulis floribundis. Flores speciosi.

Species ad 14, Colombiæ et Americæ centralis usque ad Mexicum incole. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 577; Otia Hamb. 90; Orch. Centr. Amer. 74, t. 7; et Xen. Orch. t. 170. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 14. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. t. 93. Bot. Mag. t. 3879, 3900, 4214, 4455, 4577, 5802, 5840, 6496. Bot. Reg. t. 1868; 1842, t. 43.

M. Greenii, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 5802, ab omnibus differt sepalis petalisque late ovatis et labelli lateribus superne conduplicatis, lobis patentibus brevibus ciliato-denticulatis. Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. 1869, 1205, hanc speciem ad M. unciam suam reducit sod character in Gard. Chron. 1869, 892, quoad perianthii formam et colorem minime convenit. M. luxata, Lindl., nostro sensu ad Catasctum (Monacanthum) transferenda est.

130. Gyenoches, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 154.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo latiora, basi contracta v. latiuscula. Labellum carnosum, cum basi columnæ continuum, patens, basi in unguem contractum, superne lanceolatum v. orbiculatum, integrum v. varie lobatum cristatum v. fimbriatum. Columna elongata, tenuis, valde arcuata, exalata, apoda, apice incurvo-clavata; clinandrium postice elevatum, acuminatum v. bifidum (rarius oblique truncatum?). Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari rigidulo affixa, glandula magna crassa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus plurifoliatis mox longe carnoso-incrassatis v. pseudobulbos oblongos plurivaginatos formantibus. Folia ampla, plicato-venosa. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum erecti v. nutantes, simplices. Flores speciosi, in racemo plures v. numerosi. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 8, Americæ tropicæ a Guiana usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 559; Otia Hamb. 10. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 16, 33, et in Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 75. Bot. Mag. t. 3855, 4054, 4215. Bot. Reg. t. 1742; 1843, t. 22; 1846, t. 46. Maund, Botanist, t. 54, 156. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 2000.

Laurdemamnia, Reichb. f. in Bonplandia 1854, 281, et in Walp. Ann. vi. 568, est Cycnoches Pescaterei,

Lindà, in samilus cum genere conveniens, exceptis polliniis ex Reichb. f. sessilibus in caudicula minuta.' Flores 3 tantum vidimus in herb. Lindl. pollinariis jam delapsis. L. Wallisti, Reichb. f. in Linnses xli. 109, nobis ignota est.

131. Chryscoyemis, Reichb. f. in Bonpl., 1854, 280; Xen. Orch. i. 162, t. 55; et Otic Hamb. 8.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia, basi lata. Labellum breve, carnosum, cum basi columnse continuum, patens, ungue brevissimo, lamina crassa, ovato-triangulari, basi angulis recurvis instructa. Columna elongata, tenuis, valde incurva, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve, obliquum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia (a nobis non visa) 2, cerea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti breve affixa, glandula hippocrepica. Capsulă...—Herba epiphytica, rhizomate v. caudice elongato, vaginis inferioribus cujusve innovationis dissitis, superioribus arcte imbricatis pseudobulbos 1-foliatos foventibus. Folium ovatum v. oblongum, breviter petiolatum, venis majoribus acute elevatis. Scapi v. pedunculi ad axillas vaginarum infra pseudobulbos foliis multo breviores, plurivaginati, 1-flori. Flos majusculus.

Species 1, Novo-Granatensis. Genus ab auctore cum Trigonidio comparatur, nobis Cycnochi affinius videtur.

132. Polycycnis, Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1855, 218.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, angusta. Petala sepalis similia v. basi angustiora substipitata. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, patens, interdum basi 2-auriculatum; lobi laterales unguem anguste marginantes, apice varie arcuato-patentes, medius ovato-lanceolatus acuminatus, integer, basi dilatatus v. fere 3-lobus. Columna elongata, tenuis, curva, apice clavata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, anguste oblonga, apice acutiuscula, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa, glandula vix distincta. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brovissimis vaginatis 1-foliatis, mox in pseudobulbum carnosum incrassatis. Folium amplum, plicato-venosum, in petiolum contractum. Scapi e rhizomate erecti, paucivaginati, simplices. Racemus laxe floribundus, sæpius nutans. Flores majusculi, pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 3, Americæ tropicæ a Guiana usque ad Americam centralem incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 618. Bot. Mag. t. 4479 (Cycnoches). Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 69 (Houlletia). Illustr. Hortic, xvii. t. 19.

133. Stenia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1991, et 1838, t. 20.—Sepala subæquilonga, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia parum latiora, basi pedi columnæ adnata. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum cum pede columnæ continuum, incumbens, carnosum, latum, concavum fere saccatum; lobi laterales minimi, medius indivisus v. omnes latiores fimbriati; discus transverse cristatus. Columna crassiuscula, erecta, semiteres, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium valde obliquum, integerrimum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens (semiglobosa?), 2-locularis (demum 1-locularis?); pollinia 4, oblongo-linearia, per paria sibimet incumbentia, postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lato ciliato-pubescenti affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus abbreviatis, pseudobulbis confertis 1-2-foliatis. Folia oblonga v. angusta, coriacea, costa prominula. Scapi ad axillas vaginarum infra folia v. pseudobulbos breves, recurvi, flore unico majusculo. (Char. ex ic. et descr.)

Species 2, a nobis non visæ, altera Guianensis, altera Colombiana. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 542; in Illustr. Hortic. xviii. 194, t. 80; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 107 (Chondrorhyncha).

Genus nobis non satis notum, species typica ex analysi Lindleyana tam labello quam polliniis ad Stanhopicas accedere videtur, sed columnæ pes, habitus et folia potius Maxillaricarum.

134. Schlimmia, Planch. in Lind. Catal. 1852, ex Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. 115, f. 267.—Sepalum posticum liberum, angustum, concavo-carinatum, lateralia

cum pede columns in mentum ample saccatum connata. Petala sepalo postico angustiora, apice patentia. Labellum ab apice pedis columns incumbens, sepalis inclusum, angustum, varie lobatum. Columna erecta, ad latera stigmatis alis v. auriculis longiusculis instructa, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, galeata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, oblonga, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti elongato apice cuneato affixa, glandula parva lunata. Capsula . . .—
Herbæ epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis oblongis subfusiformibus 1-foliatis. Folium coriaceum, in petiolum contractum. Scapi inter pseudobulbos erecti v. recurvi, simplices, paucivaginati. Flores majusculi, carnosi, eburnei, in racemo laxo pauci, breviter pedicellati. Bractese oblongæ.

Species descriptæ 3, inter se evidenter valde affines, Andium Colombiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. ser. 2, vi. 708, ic. l.c. vii. 141.

Genus hine Lycomormio hine Maxillariæ affine, perianthii forma distinctum.

135. ? Glowesia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 39.—Sepala subæqualia, inter se libera, cum petalis in globum conniventia, mox patentia, lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi latiora, ciliolata. Labellum cum pede columnæ continuum, sessile, carnosum, concavum, suberectum; lobi laterales erecti, medius recurvus, omnes dense fimbriati. Columna erecta, antice concava, superne latior, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium valde elevatum, carnosum, fimbriato-lacerum. Anthera in fundo clinandrii opercularis, incumbens; pollinia 2, oblonga, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi apice valde dilatato affixa, glandula crassa.—Herba epiphytica, pseudobulbis oblongis carnosis plurivaginatis. Habitus fide horticoli fere Cataseti, foliis lanceolato-ovatis acuminatis. Scapus ad basin pseudobulborum brevis, erectus, laxe pluriflorus, floribus breviter pedicellatis mediocribus albidis roseo-marginatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

. Species unica, Brasiliensis. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 686. Genus videtur Eriopsidi affine, sed adhuc dubium nonnisi ex icone et descriptione Lindleyi notum. Scapus solus adest in herb. Lindle cum flore unico. Folia non vidit Lindley. Dubium remanet an genus Stanhopieis an Maxillarieis referendum.

136. Mormolyce, Fenzl, Nov. Gen. et Sp. 1, t. 2; in Denkschr. Akad. Wiss. Wien. i. 253, t. 29.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, a basi patentia. Petala sepalis paullo minora. Labellum a basi columnæ ascendens, suberectum, sepalis multo brevius; lobi laterales erecti, columnæ paralleli, medius brevis, patens v. recurvus; discus subcallosus. Columna incurvo-erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda v. vix basi protrusa; clinandrium oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, per paria sibimet incumbentia v. connata, postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ squamiformi hippocrepicæ absque stipite affixa. Capsula . . . —Herba epiphytica, rhizomate repente, caulibus brevissimis paucivaginatis mox in pseudobuloum globosum carnosum 1-foliatum incrassatis. Folium longiusculum, coriaceum, basi breviter contractum. Scapi e rhizomate tenues, plurivaginati, aphylli, simplices, 1-flori. Flos mediocris, longiuscule pedicellatus. Bractea ad basin pedicelli brevis.

Species 1, Mexicana. Habitus fere *Trigonidii* cui adjunxit Lindley sub nomine *T. ringentis*, sed perianthii forma valde diversa fere *Maxillaria*, a qua vix generice separanda. *Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann.* iii. 541, vi. 504.

137. Scuticaria, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 14.—Sepala subsequilonga, erectopatentia, lateralia basi lata pedi columnse adnata, mentum prominens formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi minora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnse sessile, articulatum, latum, concavum; lobi laterales maximi, erecti, medius minor, patens. Columna erecta, crassiuscula, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte

2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovata, per paria sibimet arcte applicita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus brevissimis v. fere obsoletis glandulæ transversæ squamiformi affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus e rhizomate brevissimo ramoso squamato brevissimis 1-foliatis basi paucivaginatis, demum vix carnoso-incrassatis. Folium longissimum, carnosum, subteres, hinc sulcatum, cum caule continuum. Scapi ad latera caulium breves, 1-flori.

Species 2, altera Brasiliensis, Bot. Mag. t. 4629 (Bifrenaria), altera Guianensis, Bot. Mag. t. 3573, Bot. Reg. t. 1986 (Maxilbaria).

Species Brasiliensis, S. Hadweni (Bifrenaria Hadweni, Lindl.), pollinarii stipitibus distinctis etsi brevibus, nequaquam a Guianensi typica generice separanda. Pollinia in hac specie iu glandula sessilia a Lindleyo dicuntur, ex icone Bot. Reg. t. 1986, stipites adsunt brevissimi annuliformes, in icone Bot. Mag. t. 3573, æque longi ac lati delineantur. Habitus in utraque specie eadem, ab illa Bifrenariæ longe differt.

138. Maxillaria, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Chil. et Per. 116, t. 25; Syst. Veg. 219 .-Sepala subæqualia, inter se libera, lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata mentum sæpius parum prominens formantia, patentia v. rarius suberecta. Petala sepalis similia v. interdum minora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ ungue brevissimo inflexo erectum, concavum; lobi laterales erecti, medius ovato-oblongus patens, sepalis paullo v. multo brevior; discus subnudus v. tuberculo instructus. Columna erecta, sæpe leviter incurva, crassa, semiteres, exalata, antice concava; clinandrium crassiusculum, concavum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, conica v. semiglobosa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis, sæpe pubescens; pollinia 4, ovata, compressa, per paria faciebus planis sibimet incumbentia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano brevi nunc brevissimo affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula ubi nota ovoideo- v. obovoideo-oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus nunc in rhizomate brevissimis mox in pseudobulbum carnosum 1-2-foliatum incrassatis, nunc ad apicem rhizomatis elongatis dense distichophyllis. Folia coriacea, tenuia v. subcarnosa, præter costam tenuiter venosa. Scapi v. pedunculi ad basin pseudobulborum v. in axillis foliorum solitarii, 2-co-vaginati, semper 1-flori. Flores magni v. mediocres.

Species enumeratæ ultra 100, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ, nonnullæ tamen verisimiliter ad varietates hortenses reducendæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 142, pro parte. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 512 (sect. Colacastrum); Xen. Orch. iii. 22; Otia Hamb. 7, 88; Orch. Centr. Amer. 31, 76, 104; et in Linnæa xli. 6, 28, 34, 73, 127.

Genus sat naturale, sed characteribus wix certis a pluribus affinibus separatum. Species in series 2 sequentes distribuuntur:—

1. Acaules. Rhizoma breve, vaginis aphyllis. Folia ad apices pseudobulborum sola evoluta. Scapi sæpius longiusculi. Scries a Lycaste et Xylobio imprimis foliorum indole ab hoc etiam scapis 1-floris distinguenda. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 62, 63, 65, 66. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 119 (Dendrobium); Ic. Pl. t. 384; Bot. Mag. t. 2729, 3154, 3613, 3945, 3966, 4374, 4434, 6477. Bot. Reg. t. 1530 (Cymbidium), 1799, 1802, 1848. Lodd. Bot. Cub. t. 1612. Maund, Botanist, t. 140. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 78, 79, 103, 104. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 10, f. 2, 3, t. 67.

PSITTACOGLOSSUM, Llav. et Lex. Nov. Veg. Descr. ii., Orch. Opusc. 29, ex charactere dato omnino Maxillariis Acaulibus convenit, Maxillaria eorundem auct. evidenter ad Xylobium referenda. DICRYPTA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 44 et 152 (Heterotaxis, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1028, Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1657) est pariter species Maxillariæ e serie Acaulium. Icones supra citatæ species illustrant columnse pede brevi mento parum prominente; in M. grandifloro, Lindl.; Illustr. Hort. xvii. t. 14 (Dendrobio, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 88), M. eburnea, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 40, M. venusta, Lindl.; Bot. Mag. t. 5296, affinibusque pancis, sepala lateralia latissima, columnæ pedi longo adnata, mentum valde prominens formantia.

2. Caulescentes. Rhizoma ultra pseudobulbos in caulem vaginis laxis obtectum apice 1-2-foliatum productum, pedunculis seu scapis ad axillas vaginarum brevibus. Species nonnullæ Camaridio quodammodo accedentes. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 142 (Dendrobium); Ic. Pl. t. 315, 348. Bot. Mag. t. 3614. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 8. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 10, f. 1. Nothium, Lindl. Gen. et Sp.

Orch. 151, pro sectione propositum, delendum, est enim compositum e Cattleya quadam cum floribus Bifrenaria Harrisonia.

139. Camaritium, Lindl. in Bot. Reg. sub t. 844.—Sepala subsequalia, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata, mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo minora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ erectum, concavum, basi breviter contractum; lobi laterales columnam laxe amplectentes, medius patens; discus callosus v. barbatus. Columna erecta, curvula, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. obtuse conica, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovata, compressa, per paria sibimet incumbentia, postico sæpius minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano latiusculo affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis sæpe ramosis, haud raro pseudobulbos hinc inde axillares v. ad apices innovationum 1-2-foliatos ferentibus. Folia ramorum florentium sæpe numerosa, regulariter disticha, coriacea, oblonga v. angusta, vaginis imbricatis distiche compressis, ad apices pseudobulborum majora. Flores ad axillas foliorum distichorum solitarii, mediocres; pedunculi bracteis paleaceis stipati.

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, quarum typica Guianensis, cæteræ Colombianæ v. Peruvianæ. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 538 (Maxillaria) et 541. Bot. Mag. t. 3306 (Ornithidium) et 4141 (Oymbidium). Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 68 (Dicrypta). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 78 (Inochilus).

Genus hinc Dichæe v. Ornithidio hinc Maxillariæ valde affine, cum priore mediante D. glauca arcte connexa, sed pseudobulbi sæpe adsunt etsi in nonnullis speciebus omnino deesse videntur. Ornithidia differunt sepalis minus patentibus et pedunculis fasciculatis sæpiusque columna apoda. Characteres e pollinario sumpti ulterius scrutandi. In specie typica ut in C. alato, Lindl., et C. inflexo, Lindl., sepala et petala quam in cæteris multo obtusiora.

140. Bichesa, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 208. (Fernandezia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 123, pro parte.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, lateralia basi cum pede columnæ mentum sæpius parum prominens formantia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo minora. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, basi brevissime v. longiuscule unguiculatum, lamina nunc late triangulari angulis interdum in dentem productis, nunc late ovata, concava, indivisa. Columna erecta, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem brevem v. brevissimum producta: clinandrium obliquum breve integrumque, v. latius et denticulatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, per paria sibimet arcte incumbentia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano affixa, glandula parva. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, hirsuta muricata v. lævis, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus foliosis elongatis sæpe pendulis vaginis foliorum obtectis. Folia disticha, patentia v. squarrosa, sæpius brevia. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii, floribus parvis sæpius minimis rarius

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ imprimis Mexici, Americæ centralis et Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 823; Otia Hamb. 90; Orch. Centr. Amer. 78, 104; in Flora, 1865, 279; et in Linnæa xli. 75, 112, 129. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 105, 106. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 196 (Isochilus). Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 84.

In speciebus typicis folia brevia, labellum sepius nec semper in ungue longo triangulare, et capsula insigniter hispida v. muricata. *D. glauca*, Lindl., affinesque paucæ, capsula glabra et foliis paullo longioribus, *Camaridio* quodammodo accedunt.

141. ornithidium, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 293 (absque char.).—Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecta v. patentia, acuta, lateralia basi vix mentum brevissimum formantia. Petala sepalis similia nisi minora. Labellum nunc a basi columnæ erectum quacum continuum v. brevissime connatum, nunc ad apicem pedis brevissimi affixum, ex

ungue brevissime horizontali erectum; lobi laterales erecti, paralleli, columnam seepe amplectentes, medius patens indivisus. Columna brevis v. parum elongata, crassiuscula, apoda v. in pedem brevissimum producta, exalata; clinandrium oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, galeata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, ovoidea, per paria sibimet incumbentia, nunc libera videntur, nunc anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa glandula parva. Capsula . . —Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis vaginis distiche imbricatis obtectis, et hinc inde pseudobulbos 1-foliatos laterales v. subterminales emittentibus. Folia oblonga v. elongata, tenuiter coriacea, sæpe in eodem specimine dimorpha, alia præcipue pseudobulborum longa basi in petiolum contracta, alia disticha abbreviata cum vagina articulata, sæpe tamen irregulariter mixta. Pedunculi 1-flori, ad axillas fasciculati. Flores mediocres v. parvuli.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 486; Xen. Orch. t. 84, 207; Orch. Centr. Amer. 75; et in Linnæa xli. 34.

Genus quoad locum systematicum subdubium, Dicheæ et Camaridio evidenter affine, sed mentum perianthii parum prominens v. obsoletum et pollinarium (in pluribus speciebus imperfecte observatum) minus distincte characteres Vandearum præbet. Facile ab affinibus dignoscitur pedunculis fasciculatis sæpissimeque perianthii forma, sed limites et diagnoses in speciminibus perfectis ulterius scrutandæ. Interea series 4 sequentes distinguendæ:—

- 1. In specie typica O. coccinco, labellum basi cum columna breviter connatum, erectum, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 38. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 317 (ad specimen hortense). Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 135 (Epidendrum). Bot. May. t. 1437 (Cymbidium).
- 2. In O. giganteo, Lindl., affinibusque, columna basi antice incrassata, labello a basi erecto columnæ applicito sed minime adnato. Huc pertinere videtur O. aureum, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 96.
- 3. In pluribus speciebus (O. suavi, Lindl., affinibusque) labellum basi in unguem brevem horizontalem cum columnæ basi continuum contractum, dein erectum, subincumbens at non articulatum videtur. Huc etiam verisimiliter pertinent Scaphyglottis parviflora et S. pendula, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 97, 98, et, columna quam in cæteris speciebus paullo longiore, Siagonanthus, Pæpp. et Endl. l. c. i. 40, t. 69.
- 4. In O. denso, Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 105 (Maxillaria densa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1804), labelli unguis medio in callum transversum incrassatur ibidemque subarticulatus.
- 142. ? Cryptocentrum, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 325.—Sepala tenuia, erecta, basi in tubum connata, posticum paullo brevius, lateralia basi in calcar longum tenue ovario appressum connata. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi breviora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, erectum, basi intra calcar sepalorum in calcar longissimum ei subadnatum productum, lamina obovata, concava. Columna brevis, erecta, subteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa (sulcata?), inappendiculata (anthera dehiscente stipiti affixa?). Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis brevibus demum basi incrassatis et vaginis vetustis fibrosis obtectis vix tamen pseudobulbosis. Folia plura, linearia, vaginis distiche imbricatis. Scapi ad basin caulis numerosi, tenues, simplices, uniflori, foliis multo breviores, vaginas 1-2 angustas infra bracteam ferentes. Flos tenuis, cum calcare fere pollicaris. Bractea membranaceo-paleacea, angusta, elongata, ovarium et calcar arcte involvens, laminis parvis perianthii solia exsertis.

Species 1, Ecuadorensis, Jameson (C. Jamesoni, Benth.). Specimina plurima sed vix perfecta; genus distinctissimum apparet sed in speciminibus melioribus ulterius probandum.

143. Diadenium, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 41, t. 71. (Chænanthe, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 38.)—Sepala subæquilonga, conniventia, angusta, lateralia alte connata basi in calcar longum producta. Petala sepalo postico latiora, libera. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, longe unguiculatum, erectum, basi in calcar longum duplex intra

sepalorum calcar productum; lobi laterales ad apicem unguis auriculiformes, medius brevis, patens v. recurvus. Columna erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominulum, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, sub-locularis; pollinia 2, oblonga, acutiuscula, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ caulibus brevissimis 1-foliatis demum in pseudobulbum parvum incrassatis. Folium coriaceum. Scapi ad basin pseudobulbi erecti, tenues, apice laxe paniculato-ramosissimi. Flores parvi, secus ramulos dissiti, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, inter se evidenter valde affines, etsi diverse descriptæ, altera Peruviana, altera Paraensis, utraque adhuc accuratius investiganda. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 687; Xen. Orch. i. 13. t. 6.

Character supra datus partim ex descr. citatis sumptus, partim e flore unico examinato *Chænanthis Barkeri*, Lindl., in quo calcaria labelli a columna et a calcare sepalorum libera vidimus. Lindley identitatem generis sui cum Pæppigiano jam in herb. suo agnovit.

144. Comparettia, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 42, t. 73 (excl. C. saccata).—Sepala æquilonga, erecto-patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia connata, basi in calcar longum tenue a petalis liberum producta. Petala sepalo postico æquilonga at latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, basi in calcaria 2 longa linearia intra calcar sepalorum inclusa producta; lobi laterales latiuscule auriculiformes erecti, medius patens, sepalis multo longior, latissimus, emarginatus. Columna erecta, crassiuscula, semiteres, antice sulcata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve, obliquum, postice acutiusculum. Anthera terminalis, opertularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, late ovoidea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari-cuneato affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, acutangula, rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis 2-3-vaginatis mox in pseudobulbum parvum carnosum 1-foliatum incrassatis. Folium coriaceum. Scapi ad basin pseudobulbi erecti, elongati, simplices. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi, distincte pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, Andium America australis a Peruvia usque ad Americam centralem incola. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 687. Bot. Mag. t. 4980. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 68.

PLECTROPBORA, Forke in Tijdschr. Wiss. en Natuurk. Wetensk. Amsterdam, i. 212, a Lindleyo et a Reichenbachio ad Trichocentrum relata, differt habitu, perianthio, et præsertim calcare sepalino nec e labello solo producto et melius cum Comparettia convenit.

145. Scelochilus, Klotzsch in Allgem. Gartenz. 1841, 261.—Sepala subæquilonga, erecta, conniventia, posticum concavum, lateralia alte connata, basi in saccum v. calcar breve sub labello producta. Petala sepalo postico sublatiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, longe unguiculatum, erectum, basi in calcar breve duplex v. didymum intra calcar calycis productum, lobi laterales in medio ungue intramarginales, v. ad apicem unguis auriculiformes v. falcati, medius brevis, latus, patens; discus ad basin lobi sæpe callosus. Columna erecta, semiteres, exalata, apoda, ad latera stigmatis parum dilatata; clinandrium vix prominulum, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari brevi affixa, glandula oblonga. Capsula . . .— Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles, caulibus brevissimis vaginatis 1-foliatis demum in pseudobulbum angustum plus minus incrassatis. Folium coriaceum, non plicatum. Scapi ad basin pseudobulborum erecti, tenues, simplices v. subramosi. Flores mediocres, in racemo pauci, pedicellati. Bracteæ angustæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Andium America australis incola. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. i. 77, t. 31. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. 87, f. 274. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 688, et in Linnaa, xli. 105. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 72 (Comparettia saccata). Here species bene a Reichb. f. ad Scelochilum refertur, atque forte eadem ac S Jamesoni, Lindl. Genus totum caterum Comparettia nimis affine est.

146. Trichecentrum, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 11, t. 115.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum basi cum columna in urceolum connatum, basi in calcar descendens productum, supra urceolum erectum, 2-auriculatum v. nudum; lobi laterales parum dilatati, erectiusculi, medius explanatus, late 2-lobus, sepalis multo longior. Columna brevis, crassa, fere ad apicem labello adnata, apoda; clinandrium antice latiuscule 2-lobum, dorso breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, compressiuscula, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano cuneato affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis 1-foliatis demum in pseudobulbum parvum carnosum incrassatis. Folium coriaceum. Scapi inter pseudobulbos breves, plurivaginati, 1-flori v. rarius 2-flori. Flores mediocres v. majusculi.

Species ad 8, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Americam centralem incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 544 (excl. sp. n. 1 et 2). Bot. Mog. t. 3969, 5688. Bot. Reg. t. 1951. Illustr. Hortic. xxiv. t. 282. Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 77; Xen. Orch. t. 177.

147. Rodriguezia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 115, t. 25; Syst. Veg. 218. (Burlingtonia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1927; 1839, t. 44; Sert. Orch. t. 2, 36.)—Sepala subæquilonga, posticum liberum petaloideum, lateralia angusta alte connata, omnia erecta, conniventia v. lateralia sub labello patentia v. reflexa, rarius incurvo-ascendentia mentum sub labello formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum basi columnæ continuum v. brovissime connatum, erectum, basi in calcar breve v. gibbum sæpius solidum productum, ungue columnæ parallelo, lamina patente obovato v. obcordato sepala sæpe excedente, disco sæpius cristato. Columna erecta, tenuis, apoda, apice clavata v. in brachia v. auriculas 2 varie producta; clinandrii lobi laterales nunc longe producti nunc abbreviati. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. galeata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. basi dilatato affixa, glandula oblonga. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus secus rhizoma interdum elongatum brevibus pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia oblonga v. elongata, coriacea. Scapi sub pseudobulbo axillares, erecti. Racemi simplices, floribundi, floribus sæpius speciosis.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Americam centralem incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 690; Otia Hamb. 87. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 92. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 70. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 129 (Pleurothallis). Bot. Mag. t. 3524, et sub Burlingtonia, t. 4834, 5419. Bot. Reg. t. 930. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 676. Fl. des Serres, t. 716 (Burlingtonia).

Genus cum Gomeza arcte connectitur, mediante Burlingtonia maculata, Lindl., cui labellum basi gibbum tantum nec distincte calcaratum. Calcar brevissimum etiam in R. secunda, H. B. et K.

148. Trichopilia, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446, et Bot. Reg. t. 1863. (Pilumna, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 74; 1846, t. 57. Leucohyle, Klotzsch in App. Sem. Hort. Berol. 1854, ex Reichb. f.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, angusta, erecto-patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labelli unguis columnæ adnatus, v. in parte superiore eum arcte involvens, lamina patens, lobis lateralibus parum dilatatis conniventibus v. cum medio undulato continuis; discus nudus v. lamellatus. Columna cum labelli ungue teres, apice ad latera stigmatis 2-auriculata v. 2-dentata; clinandrium ample membranaceum, integrum v. 3-lobum, sæpius varie fimbriatum v. ciliato-dentatum. Anthera intra clinandrium opercularis, incumbens, convexa, obtusa v. acuminata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, obovoideo-oblonga, exappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti loriformi affixa, glandula parva v. cuneata. Capsula ovoidea v oblonga, erostris v. brevissime rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, pseudobulbis 1-foliatis. Folium carnosum, erectum, basi complicatum, angustum v. latiusculum. Scapi e rhizomate breves, aphylli, paucivaginati, 1-2- v. rarius 3-5-flori. Flores speciosi, pedicellati, sepalis sæpe tortilibus. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 16, Americæ calidioris incolæ, imprimis in Colombia, America centrali et Mexico vigentes. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 678; Xen. Orch. ii. 98, t. 7, 131; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 100, et in Linnæa xli. 104. Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 11, 54. Lot. Mag. t. 3739, 4654, 4857, 5035 (Pilumna), 5550, 5949. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 78.

HELCIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, Misc. 17, et in Part. Fl. Gard. ii. 97, fig. 182, ab auctore a Trickopilia separata fuit imprimis ob labellum a columna liberum basi 2-auriculatum, cui tamen ex Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 106 revera basi adnatum est, et genus ad Trickopiliam restitutum. Flos unicus in herb. Lindl. adest quem examinare nequimus.

OLIVEBIANA, Reichb. f. in Linnea xli. 111, e Medellin, Wallis, a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato in omnibus cum Trichopilia convenire videtur, excepto racemo 6-floro et labello 3-fldo lobo medio dentiformi. De foliis et pseudobulbo silet auctor.

149. Aspasia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 139. (Trophianthus, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1844, 218.)—Sepala æquilonga, patentia, posticum cum petalis subsimilibus supra basin columnæ adnatum, lateralia libera. Labellum ungue columnæ adnato, cæterum patens; lobi laterales latiusculi, subdistincti, v. cum medio majore lato confluentes. Columna infra medium cum labello connata, dein erecta, semiteres, antice sulcata v. marginibus fovei stigmatici elevatis obtusis concava, cæterum exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum elevatum, truncatum, dente postico antherifero sæpe prominente. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, dorso sæpe cristata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, ovoidea v. pyriformia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano angusto v. cuneato affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus pseudobulbo 1-foliato sæpius terminatis. Folia infra pseudobulbum pauca, coriacea, vaginis distiche imbricatis. Pedunculi infra pseudobulbum axillares, breves, simplices. Flores speciosi, breviter racemosi.

Species ad 6, per Americam tropicam a Brasilia usque ad Americam centralem dispersæ. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 82, t. 34, et in Walp, Ann. vi. 849 (Odontoglossi sect.). Bot. Mag. t. 3679, 3962. Bot. Reg. t. 1907.

150. Coeniica, Lindi. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala æqualia, patentia, libera v. lateralia basi v. ad medium connata, mentum breve nunc obscurum formantia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labelli unguis erectus, columnam arcte amplectens eique plus minus adnatus; lamina patens, lobis lateralibus rotundatis sæpe reflexis, medio angusto integro v. emarginato sepala non excedente; discus basi sæpe membrana v. callo appendiculatus. Columna erecta, sæpe leviter incurva, tenuis v. crassa, semiteres, cum labello plus minus connata, exalata, basi in pedem brevissimum producta v. fere apoda; clinandrium truncatum v. obliquum v. sæpe membranaceo-3-lobum, interdum denticulatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano brevi latoque v. oblongo affixa, glandula majuscula. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia oblonga v. angusta, coriacea, in petiolum contracta. Scapi sub pseudobulbo 1-2, basi folio v. vaginis foliaceis stipati, simplices v. parce ramosi. Flores sæpius eleganter rubri, laxiuscule racemosi, pediceliati.

Species ad 6, Andium Americæ australis incolæ. Genus naturale, floribus fere *Epidendri* cum pollinario *Vandearum*; præter speciem typicam Lindleyi, includit *Odontoglossum roseum*, Lindl.; Baten. Monogr. Odontogl. t. 22, Bot. Mag. t. 6084, cum aliis a Reichb. f. in Gard. Chron. 1872, 393, ad *Mesospinidium* relatis et sub hoc nomine in Bot. Mag. t. 5627 et 6001 depictis, nostro sensu tamen minime congeneres *Mesospinidii* typici auctoris, quæ *Odontoglossi* species. *C. sanguinea* (*Mesospinidium sanguineum*, Reichb. f. in herb. Lindl.) a Warczewiczio et a Spruceo n. 6004 collecta, a *C. rosea* differt imprimis columna brevi crassa.

151. Dignathe, Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. iv. 268.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo minora. Labellum basi subsaccatum et per lamellas 2 carnosas columnæ adnatum, lamina patente lata indivisa sepalis æquilonga. Columna brevissima, crassa, apoda; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera . . .; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari brevi affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herba humilis, caulibus brevissimis vaginis latis obtectis et pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Folium parvulum, petiolatum, ovatum, coriaceum.

costa prominula. Scapus infra pseudobulbum petiolo vix longior, flore unico parvulo. Bractea scariosa.

Species 1, Mexicana. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 682. Genus nobis imperfecte notum ex specimine unico in herb. Lindl.; character noster quoad flores ex analysi et descriptione Lindleyi.

152. Saundersia, Reichb. f. Beitr. Orch. 17, t. 6, in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xxxv.—Perianthium supra ovarium productum in cavum oblique ovoideum sub sepalis clausum. Sepala supra cavum libera, subsequalia, patentia, ovata. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ima basi cum columna breviter connatum, ungue longo latiusculo sepala superante, lamina 2-loba. Columna brevis, crassa, 2-suriculata, basi cum labello connata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoideo-oblonga, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . . —Herba epiphytica, caulibus brevissimis 1-foliatis paucivaginatis, non v. vix in pseudobulbum incrassatis. Folium oblongum, coriaceo-carnosum. Scapus brevis, recurvus, subfasciculato-pluriflorus, bracteis ovatis obtectus. Flores mediocres. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Reichb. et ex ic. Descourtils in herb. Lindl.)

Species 1, Brasiliensis, a nobis nou visa. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 177.

153. Brachtia, Reichb. f. in Linnea, xxii. 853. (Oncodia, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.)—Perianthium supra ovarium productum in cavum oblique subglobosum, infra sepala clausum. Sepala supra cavum libera, subæqualia, suberecta. Petala sepalis similia nisi latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, breve, erectum, indivisum, basi 2-lamellatum. Columna brevissima, crassa, marginibus basi cum labello continuis; clinandrium oblique truncatum, antice 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, dorso carinata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lato lineari affixa, glandula oblonga. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus paucifoliatis pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Folia coriacea. Pedunculi sub pseudobulbo axillares v. laterales, simplices. Racemus ad apicem pedunculi brevis, densus, secundus, bracteis membranaceis imbricatis flores subæquantibus. Flores mediocres v. parvuli, breviter pedicellati.

Species 3, Colombianæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 854; Nen. Orch. i. 74, t. 29.

154. Odontoglossum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 350, t. 85.—Sepala subæqualia. patentia, libera v. lateralia rarius basi brevissime connata, lanceolata v. oblonga, rarius ovalia. Petala sepalis similia v. rarius latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ ei continuum sæpeque brevissime adnatum, basi erectum v. columnæ parallelum; lobi laterales breves erecti, medius patens v. deflexus, integer v. emarginatus, angustus v. latissimus; discus basi varie cristatus bicallosus v. rarius nudus. Columna quam in Oncidio seepius (nec semper) longior, medium versus angustior, basi interdum in membranam expansa, apice præter dentes v. lobos clinandrii exalata, rarissime more Oucidii ad latera stigmatis 2-auriculata; clinandrium nunc truncatum vix prominens, nunc dentibus v. lobis 2 lateralibus angustis v. varie laceris dilatatisque instructum, nunc ample membranaceum lobatum denticulatumque. Anthera intra clinandrium terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa v. fere cucullata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2. ovoidea. integra v. a latere sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. rarius latiori affixa, glandula ovali v. angusta. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, apice sæpius breviter rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus abbreviatis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato termi-Folia sub pseudobulbo pauca, disticha, coriacea v. carnosula. pseudobulbo axillares, quam in Oncidio sæpius validiores, nunc breves 1-flori v. laxe pauciflori, nunc elati ample paniculato-ramosi floribundi. Flores speciosi v. in Myanthiis nonnullis parvuli, pedicellati. Bracteæ ovatæ v. lanceolatæ, pedicellis breviores nunc minimæ.

· Species editæ ultra 80, nonnulæ tamen potius varietates incertæ, Andium Americæ tropicæ a Bolivia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1852. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 824 (excl. sp. paucis); Xen. Orch. t. 22, 63, 68, 71, 81, 143, 158 ad 160, 174, 183, 184, 191, 192; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 99; Otia Hamb. 4; Orch. Centr. Amer. 70; in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 297, 415; 1875, 843; et in Linnea Ili. 2, 25, 68, 102. Bateman, Monogr. Odontogl. Londini, 1874, cum tabb. 30 (excl. t. 22, que Cochlioda, et t. 29 ad Miltoniam referenda); Orch. Mex. et Guatem, t. 24. Bot. Mag. t. 3812 (Zygopetalum), 3955, 4272, 4878, 4919, 4923, 5691, 5697, 5736, 5778, 5993, 6029, 6144, 6229, 6237, 6265, 6317, 6455, 6502. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 48, 62 (Cyrtochilus); 1840, t. 30, 66; 1844, t. 39; 1845, t. 36; 1846, t. 34. Lindl. et Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 15, 18, 90. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 16. Genus a Lindleyo in sectiones 6 dividitur, characteres tamen e clinandrii forma sumpti variant sæpe de specie in speciem, alii ex labelli colore valde incerti sunt et sectiones nullæ naturales evadunt, nisi forte Myanthium, species continens paniculatas parvifloras, quarum nullæ adhuc delineatze sunt. Trymenium species plures continet inter se sat dissimiles, a normalibus subdistinctas, columna abbreviata fere Oncidii, clinandrii lobis membranaceis interdum fimbriato-dentatis. Ab Oncidio distinguuntur labio ima basi columnæ parallelo nec a basi distincto. Huc pertinent icones Batem. Monogr. Odontogl. t. 6 et 27. Bot. Mag. t. 4104. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 48 et 1843, t. 3. MESOSPINIDIUM, Reichb. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 929; Xen. Orch. i. 36, t. 16, quoad speciem typicam, M. Warczewiczii, ex icone et descr. et, ex flore in herb. Lindl. servato, videtur Odontoglossi species e sectione Myanthio, O. ramuloso, Lindl., valde affinis. Species ab auctore serius Mesospinidio additæ nobis minime congeneres sunt, et sub Cochlioda, Ada, et Abola quærendæ.

155. Oncidium, Swartz in K. Vetensk. Akad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 239.—Sepala szepius subzequalia, patentia v. reflexa, libera v. lateralia basi breviter connata, posticum rarius lateralibus multo angustius longiusque. Petala sepalo postico similia v. rarius majora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, unque brevi a columna divergente v. patente; lobi laterales ungui adnati, sepius breves patentes v. reflexi, nunc obsoleti, medius patens, interdum latissimus, emarginatus v. 2-fidus, nunc (in Microchilis) angustus v. paryus integerrimusque; discus ad apicem unguis sæpissime insigniter cristatus v. tuberculatus. Columna brevis, crassa, superne ad latera stigmatis utrinque ala petaloidea auriculiformi extra marginem fovei instructa, apoda sed basi haud raro antice breviter gibba v. 2-auriculata; clinandrium nunc brevissimum truncatum nunc ovatum oblique erectum, integrum v. antice breviter 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, semiglobosa v. cucullata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte rarius perfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, obovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano angusto elongatoque v. lato brevissimoque affixa, glandula varia. Capsula sæpissime ovoidea oblonga v. fusiformis, plus minus rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis sæpius brevibus v. brevissimis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis, rarius co-foliatis ebulbosis. Folia sub pseudobulbo pauca v. interdum 0, plana, coriacea v. rarius papyracea, v. in speciebus ebulbosis basi a latere compressa distiche equitantia. vaginis caulem brevem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales v. ad basin pseudobulberum sæpius elongati ramosique, interdum flexuosi, rarius abbreviati uni- v. pauci-flori. Racemi lavi. Horibus sæpe speciosis sæpissime plus minus flavis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species editæ ultra 250, plures tamen inter se parum distinctæ, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, a Brasilia et Bolivia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum extensæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1855. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 699; Otia Hamb. 5, 86, 95; Orch. Centr. Amer. 72; in Flora, 1865, 278; in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 513; 1857, 158; 1862, 215; et in Linnæa xli. 20, 32, 67, 102.

Genus naturale, cum affinibus rarius confusum, a Lindleyo l.c. in series 14 divisum, quarum pleræque characteribus artificialibus distinctæ, sequentes tamen insigniores sunt.

- 1. Miorochila. Caules pseudobulbosi, foliis planis. Flores sæpius speciosi, ample paniculati. Labelli lamina seu lobus medius parvus v. angustus, integerrimus. Species omnes Colombianæ v. Peruvianæ. Bot. Mag. t. 5632. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 23. Paxt. Fl. Gard. ii. t. 63. Cyrtochilum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 349, t. 84 (ic. quoad pollinarium erronea). Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 61.
- 2. Equitantia. Caules seepius humiles, non pseudobulbosi, foliis distichis basi complicatis equitantibus. Inflorescentia seepius simplex v. parum ramosa. Labelli lamina lata seepalis longior. Capsula interdum erostris. Huc pertinent O. iridifolium, Lindl., cum speciebus 2 v. 3 ei valde

affinibus ex America australi v. centrali et ad 10 ex India occidentali. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 84. Bot. Mag. t. 2778, 3393, 4130. Bot. Reg. t. 1787, 1789, 1842, t. 54. Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 33.

- O. onustum, Lindl., e Panams, species pseudobulbosa, in Fol. Orch. 12 errore inter Equitantia collocatur. O. crista-galli, Reichb. f. (O. decipiens, Lindl.), primo aspectu O iridifolio subsimile, sub hoc nomine in Bot. Reg. t. 1911 delineatum fuit, sed rite in Fol. Orch. ad species planifolius pseudobulbosas transfertur.
- 3. Teretifolia. Folia in pseudobulbo parvo solitaria (v. gemina?), longa, carnosa, teretia v. parum compressa. Inflorescentia et flores Planifoliorum. Species paucæ per aream totam generis late dispersæ. Bot. Mag. t. 3568. Bot. Reg. t. 1994, 1842, t. 4, 1846, t. 27.
- 4. Planifolia. Caules pseudobulbosi, foliis sub pseudobulbo paucis planis v. basi breviter concavis nec equitantibus. Inflorescentia sæpius paniculata, rarius ad racemum pauciflorum v. in una specie ad florem unicum reducta. Labelli lamina lata, sepalis longior. Species numerosæ, habitu vario, a Lindleyo in series 11 distribute, imprimis ad sepala lateralia libera v. basi plus minus connata, v. ad formam labelli ejusque dentes v. cristas distinctas, characteres artificiales ad usum practicum sufficientes, etsi parum naturales. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 81. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 60. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 3, 4, et t. 20 (Odontoglossum). Lindl. Collect. t. 27; Sert. Orch. t. 25 (Cyrtochilus), 27, 39, 48; in Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 6, 21, 87. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 18, 33, 36, 63, 69, 98, 99; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 74, 75. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 777, 1491, 2203, 2990, 3109, 3486, 3499, 3581, 3705, 3712, 3752, 3806, 3807, 3836, 3854, 3880, 3912, 3926, 4148, 4454, 4824, 5193, 5214, 5293, 5708, 5725, 5743, 5756, 5859, 5878, 5980, 6138, 6254, 6278, 6322, 6494 (paucæ sub Cyrtochilo). Bot Reg. t. 727, 920, 1007, 1050, 1542, 1569, 1651, 1660, 1699, 1758, 1851, 1887, 1911, 1920, 1929, 2006; 1838, t. 44, 48; 1839, t. 42, 57; 1840, t. 10; 1841, t. 59; 1842, t. 30; 1843, t. 12, 43; 1845, t. 40, 64; 1847, t. 20 (Odontoglossum), 66, 68, 70. CUITLAUZINA, Llav. et Lex. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. Orchid. Opusc. 32. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 196, planta Mexicana nobis ignota, ex charactere dato ab Oncidio non separanda videtur.

PALUMBINA, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 699; Bot. Mag. t. 5546, est Oncidium candidum, species Guatemalensis v. Mexicana a Lindleyo, Fol. Orch. Oncid. 18, dubie Oncidio adscripta ob 'pollinia caudiculis 2 cuneatis glandulæ circulari adnata;' ex Reichb. f. l.c. 'pollinia postice fissa, caudicula secundaria utrinque in fissuram ingrediente caudiculæ lineari accreta;' analysis in tabula Bot. Mag. cum neutra descriptione convenit et specimina nobis desunt. Sepala lateralia altius connata quam in ulla specie Oncidii a nobis examinata, sed characteres generici adhuc valde dubii remanent. Perianthium candidum immaculatum insigne est, sed etiam in O. concolore et O. citrino sæpius immaculatum est et pallidum, etsi citrinum.

- O. Papilio, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 910; Bot. Mag. t. 2795; et O. Kramerianum, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 33, insignes sunt sepalo postico petalisque erectis longe linearibus.
- 156. Miltonia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1976, et t. 1992; Fol. Orch. 1853. (Macrochilus, Knowles et Weste. Fl. Cab. t. 45.)—Sepala subæqualia, patentia, libera v. lateralia basi brevissime connata. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ affixum, arcte sessile v. ungue brevissimo latoque instructum, a basi patens, amplum, inflivisum, disco basi leviter lamellato. Columna brevis, apoda, apice v. antice varie 2-auriculata v. 2-alata; clinandrium breve, truncatum v. antice 2-lobum, v. membranaceodilatatum 2-3-lobum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, integra v. sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti obovato v. oblongo affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula (immatura) erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia coriacea, oblonga v. elongata, basi parum contracta. Scapi sub pseudobulbis axillares, simplices, validi, 1-2-flori v. laxe pluriflori. Flores speciosi, longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ nunc longæ spathaceæ, nunc abbreviatæ v. minimæ.

Species admissæ ad 10, quarum una Peruviana, cæteræ omnes Brasilienses, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 128, t. 21, 47, 54; et in Walp. Ann. vi. 757. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 7 (Cyrtochilus), 21, 34. Bot. Reg. t. 1627 (Cyrtochilus), t. 1830 (Oncidium), et 1845, t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 3793, 4109, 4204, 4425, 5436, 5572, 5843. Illis etiam forte addendæ Odontoglossum vexillare, Reichb. f., Batem. Odontogl. Monogr. t. 29, Bot. Mag. t. 6037, affinesque paucæ labello a basi sessili patente nequaquam columnæ parallelo, etsi, fide hortulanorum, facile cum Odontoglossis variis nee cum Miltoniis genuinis proles hybridas gignunt. Genus cæterum Oncidio et Odontoglosso nimis affine, cum priore

mediante M. flavescente, Lindl., arcte connectitur, et mediante M. cuseata, Lindl., cum Odontoglosso. A Lindleyo in series dividitur ad clinandrii margines seu columne alas, a Reichenbachio ad bracteas spathaceas v. breves, sectiones tamen bene limitatas haud præbet.

157. Brassia, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 215.—Sepala libera, patentia, angusta, acuminata v. caudata, æqualia v. lateralia longiora. Petala sepalo postico similia v. minora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens, planum, indivisum, sepalis brevius, basi 2-lamellatum. Columna brevis, erecta, aptera, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. semiglobosa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, obovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano oblongo v. lineari affixa, glandula varia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus abbreviatis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia sub pseudobulbo pauca v. ad vaginas reducta, coriacea. Pedunculi sub pseudobulbo laterales v. axillares, simplices. Racemi laxi, sæpius pauciflori. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, sepalis interdum longissimis. Bracteæ breves v. spathaceæ.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853; Sert. Orch. t. 6. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 764 (Oncidium); Xen. Orch. t. 32, 45. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 179. A. DC. Not. X. Pl. Rar. Hort. Gen. t. 1. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 117. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 22. Bot. Mag. t. 1691, 3451, 3577, 3794, 4003, 5748. Bot. Reg. t. 832, 1754, 1841, t. 18, 1847, t. 29. Knowles et Weste, Fl. Cab. t. 53.

158. Solenidium, Lindl. Orch. Linden. 15, et in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. t. 102.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ patena, in unguem longum contractum, apice dilatatum, indivisum; discus lamellis villosis instructus. Columna erecta, apoda, late 2-alata, alis superne in auriculas dilatatis et cum clinandrio membranaceo varie dentato v. lobato continuis. Anthera in fundo clinandrii opercularis, incumbens, galeata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti loriformi affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus abbreviatis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia longiuscula, tenuiter coriacea. Scapi sub pseudobulbo axillares, simplices. Racemus laxus, floribus mediocribus longe pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 1, Andium Colombiæ incolæ.

Genus Oncidio, quocum junxit Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 771, valde affine, satis tamen distinctum videtur columna a basi late alata et inflorescentia.

159. Zeischitus, Knowles et Westc. Fl. Cab. ii. 143 (errore Leochilus). (Cryptosaccus, err. typ. Cryptosanus, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gart. Zeit. 1843, 101.)—Sepala subrequalia, patentia, libera v. lateralia basi breviter connata. Petala sepalis similia v. patello latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ affixum, continuum, patens; lobi laterales rotundati erecti v. patentes, nunc obsoleti, medius oblongus v. obovatus, patens, indivisus, sepalis interdum longior, discus inter lobos laterales varie carnosus v. callosus. Columna brevis, erecta, apoda, exalata sed infra stigma sæpe 2-auriculata; clinandrium truncatum v. postice breviter productum; rostellum elongatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis, antice ultra loculum in appendicem membranaceam loculo longiorem producta; pollinia 2, cerea, obovoidea v. globosa, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto elongato affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula ovalioblonga, rostrata. Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles, caulibus brevissimis pseudobulbo 1foliato terminatis, vaginis membranaceo-scariosis v. foliis paucis sub pseudobulbo obtectis. Folis oblongs v. angusta, plana, in petiolum contracta. Scapi sub pseudobulbo tenues, simplices v. rarius subramosi. Racemi laxi, floribus parvis teneris distincte pedicellatis. Bractez pedicellos subsequantes v. breviores, angustæ, acutæ.

Species 4 v. 5, Indiæ Occidentalis, Moxici et Americæ controlis incolæ. Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1842, Misc. 22. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 15, t. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 3845 (Oncidium).

Genas a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 740 et 772 iterum ad Oncidium revocatur, bene tamen distinctum videtur habitu columna et anthera, ecque includimus Rhynchostelem, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 770 (Odontoglossum pygmæum, Lindl.), speciem in omnibus cum cæteris Leiochilis convenientem, exceptis columnæ auriculis vix prominulis.

160. Sigmatostalix, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 769.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, patentia, acuta v. acuminata. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum ungue longo 2-carinato, lamina transversa basi truncata, angulis acutis v. recurvo-apiculatis. Columna elongata, angustissima, ad latera stigmatis parum dilatata; clinandrium parum prominens, integrum, postice breviter productum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis, breviter appendiculata; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari apice dilatato affixa, glandula parva. Capsula ovoidea, triquetra, erostris.—Herbæ humiles, caulibus brevissimis paucifoliatis vaginis distichis obtectis, pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Pedunculi sub pseudobulbo axillares, simplices, folio multo longiores. Flores in racemo dissiti, breviter pedicellati, penduli, mediocres v. parvuli. Bracteæ ocreiformes.

Species 7, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 858; Xen. Orch. t. 8. Characterem ad S. pictum et S. radicantem instruximus. His addidit Reichenbach Speckliniam gramineam, Peepp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 51, t. 89 B, cujus tamen icon et descriptio vix cum charactere Reichenbachiano conveniunt, et species 4 Andinas in Linnæa xli. 16, 68, 103 descriptas, a nobis non visas.

161. Erycina, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala subæqualia, acuta, patentia, lateralia basi connata. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum circa basin columnæ adnatum, patens, sepalis multo longius, 3-partitum, lobis omnibus latis petaloideis basi contractis; discus ad basin lobi medii callis 2 linguiformibus appendiculatus, et lobi 2 angusti erecti ad basin columnæ. Columna brevissima, latiuscula, exalata, apoda, rostello longo horizontali apice recurvo; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis, in appendicem membranaceam producta; pollinia 4 (v. 2?), cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici parum dilatato stipitis longe linearis affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula oblonga, echinata, erostris.—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis brevissimis pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis (H. B. et K.). Folia pauca, coriacea, vaginis distiche imbricatis demum incrassatis. Pedunculus axillaris, erectus, tenuis at rigidus, divaricato-ramosus. Flores mediocres v. parvuli, secus ramos parum dissiti, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ divaricatæ, rigidæ, fere aculeiformes.

Species 1, Mexicana. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 79 (Oncidium).

Genus habitu *Ionopsidi*, labelli appendicibus et rostello *Zygostati* affine videtur. Folii terminalis vagina in speciminibus nostris parum tantum incrassatur, sed ex H. B. et K. pseudobulbi formantur.

162. Gomesa, R. Br. in Bot. Mag. t. 1748.—Sepala subæquilonga, omnia libera et patentia v. lateralia sub labello patentissima, approximata v. alte connata. Petala sepalo postico similia v. latiora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, incurvoerectum v. a basi erectum, dein reflexum, ecalcaratum; lobi laterales erecti, nunc obsoleti v. parum prominuli, columnam sæpe amplectentes, medius patens v. reflexus, indivisus, sepala non excedens; discus basi callis 2 longitudinalibus columnam amplectentibus instructus. Columna erecta, apoda, semiteres, recta, angusta v. superne clavata v. 2-alata, v. ad latera stigmatis 2-auriculata; clinandrium parum prominulum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. galeata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto v. basi dilatato affixa, glandūla ovata (v. 2-aurita!). Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevibus pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia oblonga v. elongata, in petiolum latiusculum contracta. Scapi sub pseudobulbo axıllares, simplices. Racemus sæpius floribundus, floribus mediocribus. Bracteæ angustæ, pedicellum sæpe superantes.

Species ad 6 Brasilienses, a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 853 ad Odontoglossum relatæ, sed habitu sepalis lateralibus aliisque notis satis distinctæ videntur, a Rodriguezia labello ecalcarato facile different. Bot. Mag. t. 2746 (Pleurothallis), t. 3497 et 3504 (Rodriguezia). Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 54 (Rodriguezia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 660.

163. Abela, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala subsequilonga, posticum erectum, lateralia alte connata in unum sub labello patentissimum. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens, basi lata columnam fere amplectens; lobi laterales rotundati, cum medio oblongo continui; discus basi callosus. Columna brevis, apoda, 2-alata, alis basi latis labello impositis; clinandrium obliquum, postice elevatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti tenui brevi affixa. Capsula oblonga, erostris.—Herba epiphytica, humilis, caulibus abbreviatis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia angusta, coriacea, in petiolum contracta, sub pseudobulbo pauca v. ad vaginas distiche imbricatas reducta. Scapi sub pseudobulbo axillares, tenues. Racemus simplex, rhachi flexuosa. Flores parvi, bracteis pedicello brevioribus.

Species 1, Andium Colombiæ incola.

Genus Gomeza valde affine, differt imprimis columna brevi late alata, a Reichenbachio nescimus quo jure Mesospinidio refertur. Lindley e specimine manco caulem ebulbosum descripsit.

164. **Weodryas**, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 834; Xen. Orch. i. 38, t. 16, iii. 21.—Sepala equilonga, erecto-patentia, posticum concavum, lateralia (in N. Mandoni) alte connata. Petala sepalis æquilonga, multo latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, ungue incurvo, erectum, sepalis æquilongum; lobi laterales in ungue auriculiformes (v. obsoleti?), medius latus, patens; discus ad basin laminæ late cristato-callosus. Columna erecta, crassiuscula, ad latera stigmatis incrassata et utrinque ala brevi appendiculata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum v. antice 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, imperfecte 2-locularis, antice breviter producta; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, demum 2-partibilia, lobo postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano ligulato affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Folia sub pseudobulbo pauca, membranaceo-coriacea, basi longe contracta, exteriora ad vaginam reducta. Pedunculus sub pseudobulbo axillaris, foliis longior, apice paniculatus. Flores parvi, in ramulis brevibus paniculæ racemosi. Bracteæ parvæ. (Char. imprimis ex N. Mandoni, Reichb. f.)

Species ad 3, Bolivianæ v. Peruvianæ. Genus Oncidio valde affine, vix differt perianthio minore n.inus explanato et forte cum O. Brunleesiano, Reichb. f., ad sectionem Oncidii reducendum.

165. Trineuxis, Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 2; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 140.—Sepalum posticum erectum, fornicatum, lateralia vix breviora, alte coalita. Petala sepalis subæquilonga iis latiora. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum; lobi laterales erecti, unguem anguste ma-ginantes, medius parvus, indivisus. Columna brevis, erecta, crassa, exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis, in appendicem brevem productus; pollinia 2, oblonga, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari longiusculo apice parum dilatato affixa, glandula oblonga. Capsula brevis, late triquetra, distincte rostrata.—Herba humilis, caulibus foliatis brevibus pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Folia coriacea, non plicata, sæpe falcata, vaginis sub pseudobulbo distiche imbricatis. Pedunculi sub pseudobulbo axillares, tenues, superne paniculatoramosi. Flores minimi, in ramulis ultimis racemosi, pedicellis filiformibus. Bracteæ parvæ, secus rhachin arcte approximatæ, quaquaversæ, fere imbricatæ.

Species 1, Andium Colombiæ incola, prius ex insula Trinidad accepta, sed forte ibidem in horto botanico culta. *Hook. Fl. Exot. t.* 126.

166. Ada, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala parum inæqualia, lihera, erecta v. superne patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi minora. Labellum ad basin columnæ continuum,

sessile, patens, angustum, indivisum, sepalis brevius. Columna brevis, crassa, apoda, basi dilatata in alas rotundatas labelli basin amplectentes; clinandrium oblique prominens, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, fere galeata, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano cuneato affixa, glandula ovata. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus abbreviatis pseudobulbo 1-2-foliato terminatis. Folia oblonga v. elongata, coriacea. Scapi sub pseudobulbo axillares, simplices, paucivaginati. Flores in racemo subsecundi, nutantes, speciosi, cinnabarini, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ membranaceo-scariosæ.

Species 1, Andium Colombiæ incola. Bot. Mag. t. 5435; Illustr. Hortic. xix. t. 107.

Brassia cinnabarina, Lindl. Fol. Orch., nobis omnino eadem videtur ac Ada aurantiaca, Lindl., floribus utriusque sedulo comparatis; a Reichenbachio tamen in Walp. Ann. vi. 858 pro speciebus distinctis sub Mesospinidio enumerantur, charactere diagnostico haud dato. Genus nobis tam a Mesospinidio typico (Odontoglosso), quam a Cochliodio bene distinctum videtur perianthii forma, columnæ basi labellum amplectente aliisque notis. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum a Lindleyo dicitur, quod tamen vix apparet.

167. Sutrina, Lindl. in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, x. 184.—Sepala subsequalia, erecta, conniventia, lateralia basi cohserentia mentum brevissimum simulantia. Petala sepalis similia nisi paullo latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, erectum, ungue longo concavo marginato, lamina dilatata crenulata. Columna erecta, apoda, superne late 2-alata alis longe falcato-acuminatis; rostellum basi in appendicem longam linearem erectam striatam productum; clinandrium breve, antice 2-auriculatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, subglobosa, imperfecte 2-locularis, dorso et antice crista lata membranacea appendiculata; pollinia 2, cerea, late ovata, sulcata (v. 2-partibilia?), inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti anguste lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, humilis, caulibus brevissimis 1-2-vaginatis mox in pseudobulbum carnosum 1-2-foliatum incrassatis. Folia coriacea. Scapus ad basin pseudobulbi erectus, simplex. Flores haud numerosi, dissite racemosi, mediocres, brevissime pedicellati. Bractee parvæ.

Species 1, Peruviana. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 686.

Genus bene distinctum, sed adhuc ex specimine unico tantum in Herb. Hook, servato notum, et quoad pollinarii structuram ulterius investigandum. Appendix rostelli longe linearis fere aristiformis a Lindleyo pro glandula describitur, sed post pollinarium delapsum in rostello persistit quocum continuum est. Glandulam veram in flore examinato parvam oblongam vidimus.

168. Trigonidium, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1923.—Sepala subsequalia, basi in tubum triquetrum turbinatum conniventia v. cohærentia, superne libera, patentia. Petala sepalis multo minora. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, sepalis multo brevius; lobi laterales erecti columnam amplectentes, medius patens, basi carnosulus v. callosus. Columna brevis, crassiuscula, semiteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve, oblique truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa, 1-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, per paria cohærentia postico minore, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente glandulæ (v. stipiti) latæ squamiformi affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis mox in pseudobulbum carnosum 1-2-foliatum incrassatis. Folia coriacea, non plicata, linearia v. oblonga. Scapi infra pseudobulbum v. e rhizomate simplices, plurivaginati, 1-flori. Flos majusculus, intra bracteam spathaceam breviter pedicellatus.

Species editæ 7 v. 8, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Americam centralem incolæ, nonnullæ tamen T. oblusi, Lindl., formæ. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 502 (excl. T. ringente quæ Mormolyce, Fenzl).

T. insigne, Reichb. f. in Herb. Hook., c N. Grenada, Purdie, habitu et floribus maximis a cæteris speciebus valde diversa at verisimiliter generis alieni, sed e flore unico imperfecto haud tute definiendi. T. monophyllum, Griseb., ad Octadesmium referrimus.

169. Zonopsis, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 348, t. 83. (Iantha, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 113. Cybelion, Spreng. Syst. iii. 679.)—Sepala subsequilonga, erecta v. apice patentia,

posticum liberum, lateralia ima basi sub labello in saccum brevem connata. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi latiora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, ungue sepalis parum breviore, lobi laterales intra marginem unguis angusti, medius maximus expansus, sepalis 2-3-plo longior, late 2-lobus, discus basi 2-callosus. Columna brevis, erecta, crassa, antice concava, exalata, apoda; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis, antice breviter productus; pollinia 2, cerea, obovoideo-subglobosa, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti loriformi affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula oblonga v. ovoidea, erostris v. in rostrum breve producta.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevissimis non pseudobulbosis. Folia pauca, angusta, coriacea, vaginis persistentibus distiche imbricatis. Pedunculi 1-3, laterales v. subterminales, elongati, tenues, rigidi, paucivaginati. Racemi graciles, laxi, simplices v. paniculato-ramosi. Flores mediocres v. elegantes, longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species enumeratæ ad 10, nonnullæ tamen ad varietates I. pulchellæ reducendæ, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 193; Fol. Orch. 1852; Collect. Bot. t. 39 A. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 683, et in Linnæa xli. 68. Bot. Mag. t. 5541. Bot. Reg. t. 1904.

170. Cryptarrhena, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. t. 153. (Orchidofunckia, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 24, et eo teste Clynhymenia, A. Rich. in Compt. Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. 1844.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, acuta. Petala sepalis subæqualia at latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, patens, ungue longo supra carinato-cristato; lobi laterales ad apicem unguis angusti, patentes v. recurvi; medius brevior, latior, 2-4-fidus. Columna brevis, superne incrassata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium valde elevatum, obliquum v. fere cucullatum, margine denticulatum. Anthera intra clinandrium opercularis, incumbens, convexa, breviter acuminata, 1- (v. 2-?) locularis; pollinia (ex ic. Rich.) 4, cerea, per paria facie plana sibimet incumbentia, inappendiculata; anthera dehiscente apici parum dilatato stipitis linearis affixa, glandula parva. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, humiles, caulibus foliatis brevissimis non pseudobulbosis. Folia plura, conferta, membranaceo-coriacea, vaginis coriaceis distiche imbricatis. Pedunculi axillares, erecti, foliis longiores, simplices. Flores parvuli, laxe racemosi. Bracteæ angustæ, pedicellos subæquantes.

Species 2, altera per Indiam occidentalem et Americam centralem et occidentalem usque ad Guayaquil extensa, altera Surinamensis. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 697.

C. pallidiflora, Reichb. f., omnino eadem videtur ac species typica, C. lunata, Br.; pollinarii appendices a Reichb. f. descriptæ verisimiliter monstruosæ erant, in icone Richardiana in herb. Lindl. servata non apparent. Pollinaria a speciminibus a nobis examinatis omnia jam delapsa fuerunt.

171. Ornithocephalus, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 127.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, posticum concavum. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, subsessile; lobi laterales crassi, latiusculi, medius parvus v. elongatus, sæpe inflexus, marginibus interdum in dorso lateralium decurrentibus. Columna brevis, crassiuscula, antice concava, exalata, apoda, rostello horizontali longissimo; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis, ultra loculos in appendicem brevem producta; pollinia 4, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente per paria apici parum dilatato stipitis longe linearis affixa, glandula ovoidea v. parva. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, erostris.—Herbæ humiles, epiphyticæ. Folia carnosa v. coriacea, oblonga v. linearia, vaginis distiche imbricatis carnosis margine interiore sæpe scariosis, post læminam delapsam sæpe incrassatis vix tamen pseudobulbosis. Pedunculi axillares, simplices. Flores sæpius parvi, in racemo dissiti. Bracteæ distichæ, in rhachi sæpe flexuosa rigidulæ, persistentes, patentes, fere dentiformes.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Reichb f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 492; Otia Hamb. 88; et in Linnæa xli. 33, 106.

172. Quekettia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1839, Misc. 3; Fol. Orch. 1852.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecta, linearia, petaloidea. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum a basi columnse erectum, sepalis sequilongum iisque paullo latius, indivisum, basi excavatum, 2-callosum. Columna erecta, angusta, semiteres, apice auriculis 2 recurvis appendiculata; clinandrium truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herba (epiphytica?) pusilla, caule indescripto. Folia linearia, teretia, carnosula. Scapus filiformis, ramosus. Flores parvi, secus ramos dissiti, ad axillam bractese parves scariosse sessilos.

Species 1, Brasiliensis. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 689. Flores in specimine unico imperfecto in Herb. Lindl, servato examinare nequimus. Characterem nostrum e descriptione Lindleyana sumpsimus.

173. Eygostates, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1927; Fol. Orch. 1852. (Dactylostyles, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1839, 405.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia v. reflexa. Petala sepalis similia v. latiora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, patens, concavum, indivisum; discus basi callo v. lamina carnosa longiuscula instructus, et ad utrumque latus ad basin columnæ adest auricula patens v. lobus longe linearis carnosus apice dilatatus. Columna arcuata, semiteres, superne antice concava, exalata, apoda, rostello longissimo primum horizontali dein recurvo-ascendente; clinandrium postice ad basin rostelli parvum. Anthera opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis, breviter appendiculata; pollinia 4 (v. ex Lindl. 2) cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici dilatato stipitis longe linearis affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ humiles, epiphyticæ, habitu Ornithocephali. Folia carnosa v. coriacoa, vaginis vix in pseudobulbum incrassatis. Pedunculi axillares, simplices. Flores parvi, in racemo dissiti.

Species 3 v. 4, Brasilienses. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 563 et 928.

Genus ab *Ornithocephalo* parum differt rostello incurvo, et labello ad junctionem cum columna biauriculato. Labelli tamen appendices variabiles videntur, et adhuc in floribus perpaucis rite observatæ.

174. Phymatidium, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 209.—Sepala subæqualia, tenuissima, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, patens v. ascendens, indivisus; discus medio callo v. lamina carnosa et ad junctionem cum columnæ callis 3 v. 1 instructus. Columnæ tenuis, incurvo-erecta, semiteres, apice breviter v. late 2-auriculata, cæterum exalata, apoda, rostello brevi; clinandrium plus minus dilatatum, membranaceum, cum auriculis columnæ continuum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis, in appendicem membranaceam producta; pollinia 4, cerea, distincta, oblonga, acuminata v. acutiuscula, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici dilatato stipitis longiusculi membranacei affixa. Capsula parva, globosa, erostris.—Herbæ pusillæ, epiphyticæ, dense cæspitosæ, multicaules, non pseudobulbosæ. Folia breviter angusteque linearia, graminea, basi vagina stipata. Scapi inter folia numerosi, tenues, simplices, foliis longiores (2-3-pollicares), fere a basi floridi. Flores parvi, laxe racemosi, rhachi flexuosa. Bracteæ rigidæ, patentes, nunc minimæ, nunc subulatæ pedicello longiores.

Species 2, Brasilienses.

Genus ab Ornithocephalo imprimis rostello brevi distinguitur.

175. Chytroglossa, Reichb. f. in Hamb. Gartenz. 1863, 545, in Journ. Hort. Soc. ser. 2, i. 97, t. 3, 4; Xen. Orch. t. 148.—Sepala æquilonga, libera, patentia, lateralia postico sublatioria. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, patens, late v. obscure 3-lobum, prope basin 1-2-callosum. Columna brevis, supra stigma a latere valde compressa, apice truncata et antice dente minuto erecto aucta, alis 2 lateralibus

productis i distributium membranaccum, concavum, denticulatum, alas columna internaciones; stigma ad dentin columna magnum, concavum. Anthera (a nobis non vise) aliango apathelista (Reichb. f.), 1-locularis (M. L. Pinel); pollinia 2, sulcata (M. L. Pinel), and para paria internacionalia (Reichb. f.), cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti loculationalia producti affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ nanæ, epiphyticæ, carila brevissimo non pseudobulboso. Folia subdistiche fasciculata, oblongo-elliptica v. linearia, plana. Racemi ad basin foliorum brevissime pedunculati, recurvi v. penduli, lare pluriflori, rhachi in una specie insigniter flexuosa. Flores mediocres, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 2, Brasilienses. Genus Phymatidio affine, columnæ structura facile distinctum.

176. Etameisterella, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. iii. 563; Xen. Orch. i. 41, t. 18.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, linearia, cum petalis similibus reflexo-patentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ subsessile, erecto-patens, lanceolatum, indivisum, sepalis sublongius. Columna erecta, basi late 2-alata, apoda, rostello longiusculo reflexo rigido; clinandrium valde obliquum, postice in dentem longum antheriferum productum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 1-locularis, in appendicem membranaceam brevem producta; pollinia 4 (ex Reichb. 2), ovoideo-oblonga, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici dilatato stipitis longi tenuis per paria affixa, glandula oblonga. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, radicans, caulibus foliatis brevissimis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, linearia (in specimine pollicaria). Scapi e rhizomate erecti, ancipites, rhachi subflexuosa, bracteis dissitis incurvo-erectis. Flores majusculi, ad axillas bractearum longe tenuiterque pedicellati.

Species 1, Andium Ecuadorensium incola. In floribus 2 examinatis pollinia 4 invenimus.

177. Lockhartia, Hook. Bot. Mag. t 2715. (Fernandezia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 207, non Ruiz et Pav)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia v. lateralia reflexa. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, sepalis longius, lobi laterales ad basin divaricati v. incurvo-erecti, longiusculi, medius obvatus v. oblongus, varie 3-4-lobus; discus valde callosus. Columna brevissima, lata, ad latera stigmatis late 2-alata v. 2-auriculata; clinandrium obliquum, breve. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, late et obtuse acuminata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, ovata, apice longiuscule acuminata subcaudata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente visco parco glandulæ parvæ affixa v. libera. Capsula brevis, ovoidea v. subglobosa, angulata, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus foliatis fasciculatis erectis simplicibus. Folia brevia, erecta v. subpatentia, distiche imbricata, equitantia, caulem obtegentia. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus nunc 1-2-flori, nunc laxe at tenuiter paniculato-ramosi. Flores longiuscule pedicellati, parvi v. mediocres. Bracteæ membranaceæ, amplexicaules.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalom et Mexicum incolæ. Reschb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 99, t. 39, 40; in Walp. Ann. vi. 818, Otsa Hamb 6, in Bot. Zest. 1857, 159; in Lunnæa xli. 106; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 76. Bot. Reg. t. 1806 (Fernandezia). Bot. Mag t. 5592 (Fernandezia).

Pollinia delapsa semper libera vidimus v. (glandula?) parva connexa, nec unquam pollinarium in ic. Ref. Bot. l. c. depictum deteximus. An hic latet error pictoris, v. pollinarium revera variabile, incertum est.

178. Centropetalum, Lindl. Sert. Orch. sub t. 21.—Sepala subæqualia, patentia, libera v. lateralia plus minus connata. Petala sepalis similia v. latiora. Labellum ima basi cum columna connatum, dein erectum, ungue columnæ parallelo, lobi laterales parum prominuli v. latiores columnam amplectentes, lamina patens, ovata v. late rotundata, indivisa, medio sæpe clinandrii alis agglutinata. Columna sub clinandrio brevis, apoda, basi alata cum labello in cupulam brevissimam connata; clinandrium amplum, late et oblique membranaceo-dilatatum, petaloideum, obscure 3 lobum. Anthera intra marginem

clinandrii opercularis, incumbens v. deflexa, valde convexa, L-localistis, apice quasi valvatim dehiscens, valva membranacea aperta appendicem anthere simulates; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoideo-oblonga v. subglobosa, integra v. fere 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 distinctis v. plus minus in unum coalitis affixa, glandula ovata v. oblonga. Capsula parva, subgloboso-3-quetra, v. anguste oblonga, erostris, costis acutis angulata.—Herbæ humiles, repentes, non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus foliatis ascendentibus. Folia disticha, brevia, carnosa, patentia v. recurva, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Flores mediocres, in axillis superioribus solitarii, pedicello sæpe folia superante, basi bracteis 1–2 spathaceis stipato.

Species adsunt 5 v. 6, Andium Colombiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 96, 97, t. 38; et in Walp. Ann. vi. 924, 925 (Centropetalum et Nasonia).

Genus naturale, clinandrio magno petaloideo insigne, in sectiones 2 facile dividitur :-

- 1. Nasonia. Sepala lateralia alte connata. Pollinarii stipes simplex, linearis, hyalinus. Species 1 (v. 2?). Nasonia, Lindl. in Benth. Pl. Hartw. 150. Bot. Mag. t. 5718. Reichb. f. ll. cc. (quoad species disepalas).
- 2. Eucentropetalum. Sepala lateralia libera. Pollinarii stipites 2, filiformes, a basi distincti v. fere ad medium coaliti. Huc Centropetalum, Lindl., et Reichb. f. cum Nasonias nonnullis Lindleyi seu Nasoniae trisepalae, Reichb. f. Auctores Centropetalum a Nasonia distinguunt pollinis in quoque stipite 2 distinctis, quod tamen in speciminibus Warczewiczianıs a Lindleyo communicatis non invenimus; pollinia tamen in aliis speciebus interdum profunde sulcata vidimus ut in icone Xen. Orch. t. 38 depicta.

Nasonia sanguinea, Lindl., vix congener viditur, sed flores examinare nequimus. Fernandezia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 123, t. 27; Syst. Veg. 239, genus est, teste Reichenbachii in Walp. Ann. vi. 818, e speciebus variis Centropetali et Dichææ compositum.

179. Pachyphyllum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 338, t. 77.—Sepala libera v. vix basi connata, erecta, æqualia v. lateralia paullo longiora basique cum labello mentum breve formantia. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ affixum, erectum, basi angustum concavum; lamina apice subpatens, indivisa, sepala non superans; discus medio 2-lamellatus v. 2-callosus. Columna brevis, apoda, 2-alata; clinandrium amplum, membranaceo-petaloideum, obscure 3-lobum, cum alis columnæ continuum. Anthera intra clinandrium opercularis, incumbens, subglobosa, 1-locularis, quasi valvatim aperiens; pollinia 2, cerea, obovoideo-oblonga, parva, apice attenuata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente visco parco glandulæ parvæ (v. stipiti brevi?) affixa v. libera. Capsula subgloboso-triquetra, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus e rhizomate brevibus ascendentibus dense foliatis simplicibus v. parce ramosis. Folia disticha, brevia, patentia v. recurva, carnosa, vaginis imbricatis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Racemi axillares, breves, pauciflori v. ad florem unicum reducti. Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, distichæ.

Species 6 v. 7, Andium Americæ australis incolæ. Reuchb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 165, t. 58, iii. 22; m Walp. Ann. vi. 822; et in Lunaa xli. 31. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 117.

Genus Lockhartiæ valde affine, habitu et clinandrio etiam Centropetalo prope accedit.

180. Zuisia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 426, t. 37. (Mesoclastes, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 44. Birchea, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 66, t. 10.)—Sepala libera, conniventia v. subpatentia, æqualia v. posticum paullo minus. Petala sepalis similia v. longiora angustioraque. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, continuum, sepalis sæpe longius, basi concavum callosum v. lobis lateralibus parvis 2-auriculatum nec saccatum; lamina patens, sæpe crassa, convexa v. concava, integra v. apice 2-loba. Columna brevissima, crassa, subincurva; clinandrium truncatum, integerrimum, parum obliquum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoideoglobosa, integra v. sulco exarata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano ovato in glandulam replicato affixa. Capsula longiuscule oblonga, erostris, erecta, costis acute prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis simplicibus v. ramosis foliorum vaginis arcte tubulosis obtectis nec pseudobulbosis. Folia alterna, teretia, elongata,

carnosa. Spicæ laterales, sæpius brevissimæ, floribus subsessilibus parvulis v. mediocribus. Bracteæ breves, crasse, subimbricatæ.

Species ad 10, Indiae orientalis et Asiae orientalis, ab Archipelago Malayano usque ad Japoniam incolae. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853. Blums, Rumphia, iv. 50, t. 194 et 197 D. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 619; Xen. Orch. t. 78; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 144, t. 30. Thunb. Ic. Pl. Jap. t. 7 (Epidendrum). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 72 (Vanda). Wight, Iq. t. 911 et 1689 (Cymbidium). Bot. Mag. t. 3648 (Cymbidium) et t. 5558.

181. Cettonia, Wight, Ic. v. 21, t. 1755.—Sepala subrequalia, libera, patentissima. Petala sepalis conspicue angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens, ecalcaratum, sepalis sæpe longius, planum v. concavum; lobi laterales oblongi, obtusi, medius obovatus v. angustus, integer emarginatus v. breviter 2-fidus v. 2-setifer. Columna brevis, lata, apoda, exalata; clinandrium breve, obliquum, dentibus obtusis parum prominentibus. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, parum convexa, lata, loculis ad basin connectivi 2 distinctis; pollinia 2, ovoideo-globosa, cerea, fere 2-partita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longiusculo tenui affixa, glandula parva. Capsula anguste oblonga v. elongata, erostris, patens v. demum pendula, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, in una specie longiuscula rigide coriacea, in altera oblonga subfalcata tenuiter coriacea, vaginis persistentibus caulem brevem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, in una specie longissimi ramosique, in altera simplices folia vix superantes. Flores mediocres, laxe racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Indiæ orientalis incolæ, inter se habitu sat dissimiles, altera typica, *C. pedunoularis*, Lindl., quam e Zeylania et vicinibus Bombay accepimus, altera pluribus notis bene distincta, *C. Championi*, Lindl., a provinciis orientalibus usque ad Chinam australem extenditur, et ab hac vix distinguere possumus *Luisiam bicaudatam*, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 302, c Zeylania.

182. Stauropsis, Reichb. f. in Hamb. Gartenzeit. 1860, 117; Xen. Orch. ii. 7 (errore Stauritis, Reichb. f. in Hamb. Gartenzeit. 1862, 34. Fieldia, Gandich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 424, t. 36, non Cunn.).—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentissima. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, patens, concavum, ecalcaratum, angustum; lobi laterales breves, medius longiusculus concavus, apice inflexus. Columna brevis, crassa, exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum, parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoideo-globosa, sulcata v. 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula oblongo-clavata, erostris, crassiuscula, costis prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia, coriacea, plana. Pedunculi laterales, racemo nunc brevi simplici floribus paucis majusculis, nunc longo laxe ramoso floribus sat numerosis minoribus.

Species ad 8, Archipelagi Malayani (et Indiæ Orientalis?) incolæ. Blume, Rumphia, iv. 49, t. 194. Lindl. Bot. Rey. 1846, t. 59. Bot. Mag. t. 5189, apud quos auctores sectionem formant Vanue. Ab hoc genere tamen different sepalis petalisque basi minus angustatis, labello nec saccato nec calcarato, et Fieldia pro genere bene restituitur a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 870. Nomen tamen mutandum fuerit ob genus prius homonymum Cunninghamianum inter Gesneriaceas, supra, ii. 1012, si revera a Stauropside, Reichb. f., distinguitur. Nos characterem nullum invenimus, et speciebus a Reichenbachio ad Stauropsidem relatis addenda videtur Trichoglottis fasciata, Reichb. f. Genus cæterum Cottoniæ valde affine, nuperrime a Reichenbachio in Gard. Chron. iterum in Phalanopside inclusum.

183. Arachmenthe, Blume, Rumphia, iv. 55, t. 196 et 199 D. (Arachnis, Blume, Bijdr. 365.)—Sepala libera, patentia, subsequalia, crassiuscula, angusta sæpeque undulata v. curvula, v. latiora subplana. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ articulatum, breve, erectum v. patens, basi nec saccatum nec calcaratum; lobi laterales erecti v. rarius obsoleti, medius carnosus, polymorphus, dorso sæpe gibbo v. calcare brevissimo incurvo v. recurvo instructus. Columna brevis, crassa, antice concava, basi

non v. vix producta; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice interdum breviter producta, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, extrorsum sulcata v. 2-partita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano triangulari v. e basi latiore angustato affixa, glandula ovata v. transversa. Capsula angulata, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriaceo-carnosa, nunc longissima, nunc breviora v. falcata, apice sæpe oblique 2-loba. Pedunculi laterales, elongati, simplices v. ramosi; flores speciosi, secus ramos dissite pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species nobis notæ 6, quarum 5 Archipelagi Malayani una Himalayæ incolæ.

Genus hinc Renanthers, cujus sectio a Lindleyo et Reichenbachio habitur, hinc Vands valde affine, a priore perianthio crassiore, labello basi non saccato et quodammodo habitu differt, a Vanda imprimis labello cum columna articulato. In speciebus typicis racemus ramosus, labelli lobi laterales lati; his jam a Reichenbachio f. additur Vanda Lowei, Lindl.; Bot. Mag. t. 5475 (A. Lowei nobis), racemo longissimo laxo simplici, labelli lobis lateralibus obsoletis, medio lato introrsum appendicula inflexa instructo, species caeterum insignis floribus in eadem planta dimorphis plerisque sepalis petalisque angustis undulatis maculatis, in uno tamen racemo sepala petalaque latiora sunt planiora et flava.

ARRHYNCHIUM, Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. 142, est Renanthera bilinguis, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 4, species Arachnanthis labelli gibbo dorsali ut in A. moschifera recurvo, lobis lateralibus tamen parvis auriculiformibus nec latis erectis.

Armodorum, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum t. 1, est A. Sulingi (Aerides Sulingi, Bl.), a Lindleyo ad Renantheram relata et tardius (Fol. Orch.) uti a Blumeo ipso (Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 62) ad Vandam translata, demum a Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 875 ad Renantheram revocata. Floris analysis in icone citata valde obscura est, nec verbis bene explanata, sed, ex icone cum racemi parte in herb. Lindl., quoad formam perianthii et pollinarium Arachnanthi convenit, labelli tamen gibbo dorsali sursum recurvo nec deorsum incurvo.

ESMERALDA, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 38, et in Walp. Ann. vi. 871, est A. Cathcartii (Vanda Cathcartii, Lindl.; Hook. f. Ill. Him. Pl. t. 23; Bot. Mag. t. 5845), racemo ut in A. Lowei et A. Sulingi simplici, sepalis petalisque latis subplanis insigniter transverse lineatis, labelli lobis lateralibus ut in A. moschifera latis erectis, species a Vanda bene separata ob labellum articulatum aliasque notas, sed mediantibus floribus latisepalis A. Lowei arcte cum cæteris Arachnanthibus connexa.

184. Phaleenopsis, Blume, Bijdr. 294; Rumphia, iv. 52, t. 194 et 199 A.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentissima. Petala sepalis similia v. multo latiora basique contracta. v. rarius angustiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ continuum, a basi patens v. ima basi brevissime erectum angulum parvum formans, ecalcaratum; lobi laterales patentes v. incumbenti-erecti, integri v. angulato-lobati, medius patens, oblongus v. latus, planus v. rarius concavus, apice integer v. anguste 2-lobus; discus ad basin laminæ varie appendiculatus. Columna semiteres, crassiuscula v. medio angustior, erecta v. leviter incurva, basi in pedem brevem producta, interdumque 2-auriculata, angulis exalatis; clinandrium postice ovatum, erectum, concavum. Anthera subterminalis, opercularis, incumbens, parum convexa, antice in acumen obtusum producta, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, subglobosa (v. oblonga?), cerea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. spathulato affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula cylindracea v. clavata, sæpius longiuscula, erostris.—Herbre epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea v. carnosa, oblonga, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. ramosi. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 15, Archipelagi Malayani et Indiæ provinciarum orientalium incolæ. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 4; in Flora 1872, 273; et in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214; 1863, 128; 1864, 298; 1865, 146. Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes commode dividitur:—

1. Euphalænopsis. Potala sopalis multo latiora, basi contracta, labelli lobus medius apice 2-cirrhifer v. divaricato-2-lobus, v. obscure emarginatus. Species omnes Archipelagi incolse. Blume, ll. cc. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. t. 8. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 101, 151. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 34. Bot. Mag. t. 4297, 5184, 5351, 5630, 6622. Maund, Botanist, t. 133.

2. Stauroglottis. Petala sepalis similia v. interdum paullo minore; labelli lobus medius apice sumper integer. Species Malayane et Indice. Reichb. f. Ken. Orch. t. 156, et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 85. Bot. Mag. t. 5212, 5523, 5527, 5815. STAUROGLOTTÍ, Schau. in Pl. Meyen. 432.

Polycuilos, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum t. 1, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853, Bot. Mag. t. 5570, a sectione Stauroglotti param differt racemi rhachi carnosa ancipiti, bracteis basi adnatis distichis.

- P. Wightii, Reichh. in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214, e Peninsula Indica, est nobis Doritis species, ut videtur eadem ac Aerides latifolia, Thw., e Zeylania. Planta Parishiana a Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 135, ad P. Wightii relata vix eadem videtur, rhachi leviter incrassata dum in P. Wightii tenuis est. Flores tamen examinare nequivimus et folia in specimine nostro desunt.
- 185. Derttis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 178.—Sepala inter se libera, patentia, subæquilonga, lateralia obliqua basi latissima pedi columnæ adnata, posticum oblongum. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ affixum, ungue longo basi incumbente mentumque formante mox ascendente auriculis seu lobulis 2 angustis instructo, lamina patente late 3-loba v. fere 3-partita; discus lamellatus. Columna brevis, lata, alato-marginata; clinandrium breve, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, antice acuminata; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, postice 2-loba, v. 4 a basi distincta per paria sibimet applicita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo affixa, glandula parva ovata. Capsula ubi nota longe oblonga v. elongata, erostris, patens, costis acute prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis ramosis vaginis foliorum obtectis non pseudobulbosis. Folia pauca, disticha, oblonga, nunc crassa rigida v. carnosa, nunc tenuiora mox evanida. Scapi aphylli, sæpe longissimi, vaginis paucis parvis remotis. Racemus simplex v. paniculato-ramosus, floribus parvulis.

Species nobis note 5, Indiæ Orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, in sectiones 2 sequentes distribuendæ:—

- 1. Eudoritis. Folia rigidula. Scapus longus, simplex. Huc species typica Cochinchinensis, cui addidit Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 7, Dendrobium bifalce, Lindl. in Benth. Bot. Sulph. 181, t. 58, e Nova Guinea, quod ex icone Lindleyana quod perianthii formam bene convenit, sed acumen longum rostelli, in D. pulcherrima insigne, omnino deesse videtur. Specimina utriusque speciei in Herb. Kew. servata valde manca sunt.
- 2. Carteretia. Folia tenuiora, in caule inter radices aerias numerosas vix evoluto pauca v. per anthesin omnino deficientia. Scapus laxe paniculato-ramosus v. (interdum in eadem specie) abbreviatus simplexque. Huc pertinent Carteretia paniculata, A. Rich. Sert. Astrol. 10, t. 4, e Nova Guinea; Aerides latifolia, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 429, e Zeylania; Phalænopsis Wightii, Reichb. f., e Peninsula Indica, vix ab Aeride latifolia distincta; et Aerides tæniale, Lindl., Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 338 A, e Napalia et Khasya.
- 186. Ehymchostylis, Blume, Bijdr. 285, t. 49.—Sepala subæquilonga, inter se libera, patentia, lateralia postico latiora, pedi columnæ affixa. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ affixum, basi profunde saccatum; lobi laterales obsoleti, medius supra saccum longe angustatum, apice inflexum, linguiforme v. obovatum. Columna brevis, crassa, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium brevissimum, integrum; rostellum crassiusculum, antice supra stigma prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, semiglobosa, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, sulcata v. fere 2-partita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo filiformi affixa, glandula parva submembranacea. Capsula oblonga v. subclavata, erostris, erecta v. patens, costis acute prominulis, interdum subalatis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea v. carnosa, plana, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Racemi laterales, longi, densiflori, floribus majusculis v. mediocribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 887. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 47 (Saccolabium). Bot. Reg. t. 1443 (Sarcanthus). Wight, Ic. t. 1745-6 (Saccolabium). Bot. Mag. t. 4108 (Saccolabium).

Vanda violacea, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 30, a Reichb. f. ad Rhynchostylem relata, differt labelli sacco columnæ apodæ contiguo et lobis lateralibus breviter prominulis et nobis Saccolabio referenda videtur.

187. Sarcochilus, R. Br. Prod. 332. (Dendrocolls, Bl. Bijdr. 286, t. 67. Thrixspermum, Reich. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 120, t. 140.)—Sepala patentia, libera, subsequalia v. lateralia postico latiora, pedi columnæ plus minus adnata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, basi incumbens v. breviter adnatum, mentum sæpius parvum formans, dein recurvo-patens; lobi laterales erecti petaloidei v. parvi dentiformes, medius varie carnosus, dorso sæpius in gibbum parvum v. conicum interdum calcariforme carnosum v. spongiosum rarius intus cavum productus, ad basin laminæ sæpius breviter calloso-appendiculatus. Columna erecta, semiteres, exalata, basi in pedem producta; clinandrium obliquum, integrum v. antice 2-dentatum; rostellum breve v. elongatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice obtusa v. acuminata, 2locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, v. 4 plus minus per paria connata, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. oblongo affixa, glandula squamiformi. Capsula oblonga v. elongata, erostris v. brevissime rostrata, erecta v. subpatens, costis prominulis interdum alatis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis abbreviatis v. rarius elongatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, oblonga v. linearia, disticha v. interdum perpauca v. sub anthesi deficientia. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. rarius ramosi. Flores mediocres v. parvi, rarius (in S. Calceolo) speciosi.

Species ad 30, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, insularum maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 781, vi. 497; Nen. Orch. t. 86 (Dendrocolla); Otia Hamb. 35; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 145. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 248. Fitzger. Orch. Austral. tabb. 5.

Genus quoad formam labelli ejusque menti v. gibbi dorsalis fero de specie in speciem variat, in sectiones satis naturales quoad inflorescentiam a Blumeo dividitur: --

- 1. Cuculla. Racemi rhachis carnosula, anceps, bracteis regulariter distichis carinato-adnatis. In specibus typicis sepalum posticum et petala anguste linearia fere setaceo-acuminata et caules foliati sæpius breves vaginis subimbricatis. Orsidice, Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1854, 93, est S. amplexicaulis, caule foliato elongato, foliis subdissitis, et sepalis omnibus ovatis lateralibus latis. In Thrixspermo, Lour. Fl. Coch. 519, caulis ut in Orsidice elongatus dicitur, sed folia lanceolato-linearia et sepala omnia uti petala subulato-linearia; speciem non vidimus.
- 2. Fornicaria. Racemi rhachis teres, brevis, bracteis angustis confertis; caules foliati breves, foliis paucis. Hujus species typica est S. Hystrix, Reichb. f. (Dendrocolla Hystrix, Bl.), quam Reichb. f. in Xenia ii. 123 includit in Grosourdya, ejusd. in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 297, et vix specifice differt Cylindrochilus, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 307, quam auctor ipse in Appendice 430 ad Dendrocollam reducit. Species cæteræ Grosourdyæ, Reichb., nobis desunt, et characterem differentialem non bene intelligimus, nisi e mento v. gibbo labelli elongato calcariformi sumitur.
- 3. Tubera. Racemi rhachis teres, floribus alternis sparsisve dissitis. Ornitharium, Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. i. 186, f. 117. Gunnia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub n. 1699; Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. ii. 32, t. 128. Huc pertinent species Asiatice a Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 121 sub litt. B enumerate, Australiane in Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 292 enumerate vel a Fitzgeraldo, Austral. Orch. in tabb. 4 depicte, cum una Novo-Zelandica, Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 263, et una Vitiensi, Reichb. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 297, t. 90 (Theixspermum). Inter Asiaticas, S Calceolus, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1846, t. 19, insignis est floribus magnis. Cleisostoma ionosmum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 41, floribus mediocribus, nobis ad Sarcochilum pertinere videtur etsi a cæteris speciebus differt racemo longe ramoso. Huic affinis videtur racemo tamen simplici Acrides Teysmanni, Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 18, a Reichenbachio ad Sarcochilum relata.

Nomen genericum Loureirianum inepte Browniano substitueretur, nam vitiosissimum est, et a Botanicis fere omnibus neglectum, nec hodie corrigendum, ob Trichospermum jam a Blumeo generi Tiliacearum tributum.

CHILOSCHISTA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1522, Wight, Ic. t. 1741, est Sarcochilus usneoides, Reichb. f., que saltem sub anthesi omnino aphylla videtur.

PTEROCERAS, Hassk. in Flora 1842, ii. Beibl. 6, a Reichb. f. ad Sarcochilum teretem refertur, sed descriptiones Hasskarlli ibid. et in Pl. Jav. Rar. 128 vix conveniunt.

MICROPERA, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ. iii. 282, quoad M. maculatum a Lindleyo in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 38 pro genere proprio servata, nobis ad Sarcochilum reducenda videtur. Labellum carnosum in hoc genere valde polymorphum.



apez uti labelli forma varist de specie in speciem.

In Commente philippineus, Lindi, ut in Srambounto, Lindi, in Journ, Linn. Sec. iii. 38, restalion elongatur ut in Commentius typicis, sed pes columna brevior est; labelli gibbum in priore carund,

in illa solidam. V. appendets, Reichb. f. in Bonyl. 1857, 59, nobis ignota est.

Anunciación, Maine, Bijde. 381, Lind. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 226, species Javensis, nobis ignota, ex characters date a Sarcockilo parum differt pollinlis 4 distinctis. Reichenbach specimen Blumeanum plantes minima in Bonplandia 1857, 40 descripit et cum Oberonia Lindleyana, Brongu., comparat, qua Phressis species, inter Epidendreas (Ericas), at Blume in Adenonco pollinarium Vandarium descripcit. Genus valde dubium remanet, an Microsacco affine?

188. Trichegiettis, Blume, Bijdr. 359, pro parte.—Sepala patentia, inter se libera, lateralia basi latissima pedi columnæ adnata, posticum oblongum. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum basi columnæ pedi adnatum, cum quo mentum longum horizontale calcariforme format, superne patens; lobi laterales breves, erecti, medius latiusculus, patens; discus appendicula lanceolata instructus. Columna brevis, exalata, basi in pedem longum producta; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum, obscure dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, subglobosa fere cucullata, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis elongatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, secus caulem dissita, angusta. Pedunculi laterales, brevissimi, 1- v. pauci-flori. Flores parvi v. mediocres.

Species 4 v. 5, quarum nobis adsunt 3, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, T. lanceolaria et T. rigida, Bl., cum tertia adhuc indeterminata. Renchb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 117, ct in Linnea xli. 30.

Genus habitu sat naturale, Sarcochilo valde affine, labello tamen non carnoso. Inter species huc relatas, T. retusa, Bl., nobis omnino ignota est, T. pusilla, Reichb. f., ex ic. in herb. Lindl. in Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 116, repetita, videtur Saccolabri species, T pallens, Lindl., et T. philippinensis, Lindl., ad Stauropsin referendæ. T. quadricornutum, Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlv. 156, t. 13, est, ex specimine manco, verisimiliter Cleisostomatis species.

189. Aeranthus, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 817.—Sepala subsequilonga, erecto-patentia, libera, basi dilatata, lateralibus latioribus obliquis pedi columnæ adnatis. Petala sepalo postico similia nisi minora. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum basique adnatum, in mentum breviter calcariforme horizontale obtusum v. didymum productum, dein dilatatum, incumbens, concavum v. complicatum, integrum, apice erecto-patens. Columna brevissima, basi in pedem longum membranaceum cum labello continuum producta, apice 2-alata; clinandrium brevissimum, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbons, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, sulcata v. bipartibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente in glandulis rostelli 2 sessilia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis abbreviatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, elongata, coriacea, basi complicata, vaginis persistentibus in caule imbricatis. Pedunculi ad basin caulis laterales, longiusculi, co-bracteati. Flos sæpius unicus, majusculus, pedicellatus, plures tamen in speciminibus nonnullis adsunt imperfecti, et verisimiliter interdum 2-3 perfecti in racemo laxo.

Species 2, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 88 (Dendrobium). Bot. Mag. t. 6034 (lapsu Acranthus).

Genus ad species typicas limitatum Acridi potius quam Angræco affine. A. sesquipedalis, Lindl., ad Angræcum restituenda est. Mystacidium et Œonia, Lindl., a Reichenbachio Acrastho adjuncta, nobis longe distare videntur.

190. Aerides, Lour. Fl. Coch. 525.—Sepala subsequilonga, patentia, posticum ovatum v. oblongum, lateralia latiora, basi pedi columne adnata. Petala sepalo postico subsi-

milia. Labelium pedi columnee affixim (articelatum), breitum v. incumbana, basi calcaratum, calcare sursum recurve v. sub lamina accendente intits vacco; lebt laticules ad latera salcaris erecti, latiusculi, sepius parvi; medius patena, ovatum y amplum. Columna brevis, crassiuscula, basi in pedem producta, exalata; clinandrium trancatum, parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, 2-locularis, pollinia 2, compresso-globosa, extus sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto v. complanato affixa; glandula squamiformis. Capsula oblonga v. clavata, erostris, patens v. reflexa, seepius crassiuscula, rarius longior et angustior, costis prominentibus v. anguste alatis.—Herbes epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea v. subcarnosa, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Racemi laterales, nunc simplices dense floribundi, nunc ramosi laxiores. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, racemis seepius speciosis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolse. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 238 (excl. spp. plur.). Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 896; in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 415, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 145.

Genus cum Saccolabio seepe confusum, differt imprimis columna in pedem plus minus producta, in series v. sectiones sat distinctas dividitur:—

- 1. Plantfolæ. Folia plana coriacea v. rigida. Columnæ pes valde elongatus. Huc pertinent: species typica A. odoratum, Lour., Bot. Reg. t. 1485, Bot. Mag. t. 4139; A. crispum, Wall.; Bot. Mag. t. 4427; Wight, Ic. t. 1674 (Saccolabium, et A. Inndleyanum, t. 1677); A. virens, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 41; A. maculosum var., Henfr. Gard. Mag. ii. 121, cum ic. non Lindl; A. quinquevulnerum, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 30, aliæque plures A. odorato affines, Blume, Rumphia, iv. 192, f. 3, 193, f. 1. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 92, 104, 204. Huc etiam referenda species Japonica, A. japonicum, Linden et Reichb. f.; Bot. Mag. t. 5798.
- 2. Teretifoliæ. Folia teretia, carnosa. Columnæ pes brevis. Harum specierum nobis notæ sunt: A. cylindricum, Lindl.; Wight, Ic. t. 1744, A. vandarum, Reichb. f. (A. cylindricum, Bot. Mag. t. 4982, non Lindl.), et A. mitratum, Reichb. f., Bot. Mag. t. 5728.
- A. appendiculatum, Wall., foliis teretibus, ex icone in herb. Lindl. ad Cleisostoma referendum videtur. A. Hystrix et A. difforme, Lindl., sectionem nunc genus Ornithochilus, Wall., formant; A. tæniale, Lindl., ad Doritidem referrimus. A. Wightianum, Lindl., est Vanda parviflora, Lindl. A. multiflorum, Roxb. (A. affine, Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 15, Bot. Mag. t. 4049, Paxt. Mag. ii. t. 60), species in India orientali late dispersa, habitu Aeridibus et Saccolabus dense racemosis subsimilis, ab utroque genere distinguitur labello ut in Arachnanthe basi nec saccato nec calcarato, sed sub lobo medio gibbo v. calcare brevi recurvo instructo. Columna quam in utroque genere longior. Species vix sub Aeride retinenda, an tamen rite ad Arachnanthem (Armodorum) referenda, dubium remanet.
- 191. Zenanthera, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 521. (Nephranthera, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bog. 44.)
  —Sepala patentissima, libera, petaloidea, lateralia postico paullo latiora sæpeque longiora, diu parallele contigua v. medio subcohærentia. Petala sepalo postico similia. Labellum breve, ad basin columnæ sessile, articulatum, infra juxta basin in saccum v. calcar conicum productum; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris lati erecti, medius parvus, patens, planus v. varie carnoso-incrassatus. Columna brevis, crassa, semiteres, exalata, basi non producta; clinandrium parum prominens, vix obliquum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice interdum producta, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea v. oblonga, extrorsum sulcata v. 2-partita, inappendiculata; anthera dehiscente stipiti plano angusto v. apice parum latiori affixa, glandula rotundata v. transversa. Capsula angulata, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis ramosis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia, carnosa v. rigida, apice sæpe oblique 2-loba. Pedunculi laterales, elongati, ramosi, racemis laxis ample paniculatis. Flores speciosi v. parvuli.

Species ad 5, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 217. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 874 (excl. sect. Arrhynchio et Arachnanthe); Xen. Orch. t. 35, 113. Blume, Rumphia iv. t. 193, 197. Bot. Mag. t. 2997, 2998. Bot. Reg. t. 1131, 1843, t. 41.

In specie typica, R. coccinea, Lour., et præsertim in R. matutina, Bl., sepala lateralia sæpe diu lateraliter coherunt, sed in omnibus speciminibus a nobis visis demum solvuntur. In R. micrantha,

Bi. (R. elongata, Lindl., ex Reichb., R. matstina, Lindl. in Bot. Reg., Saccolabium reflexum, Lindl.) \* speciebusque 1 v. 2 ei valde affinibus, sepala magis æqualia sed lateralia subparallela apparent.

192. Vanda, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. t. 506.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentissima, basi sæpe angustata v. fere unguiculata. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, patens, basi saccatum v. obtuse calcaratum; lobi laterales ad latera sacci erecti, rotundati v. ad auriculas reducti, medius patens, latus v. oblongus; discus lævis v. varie callosus v. lamellatus. Columna brevis, crassa, exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum, parum prominens. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa v. semiglobosa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, late ovata, per paria in loculis contigua v. concreta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano latiusculo affixa, glandula crassiuscula v. plana. Capsula oblonga v. longiuscula, erecta v. patens, crassiuscula, erostris, costis prominentibus.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia, coriacea v. subcarnosa, apice sæpe emarginata v. breviter 2-loba, plana v. in V. tereti teretia. Pedunculi laterales, racemo simplici laxo. Flores speciosi v. rarius mediocres, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ breves. Capsulæ sæpe longiuscule pedicellatæ.

Species ad 20, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, quarum una etiam in Australia tropica invenitur. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853. Blume, Rumphia, iv. 48, t. 192, 197 C, quoad sect. 1. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 330, 331. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 5, 12, 102, 150; in Flora, 1872, 277; in Bot. Zeit. 1858, 351; et in Linnæa xli. 30. Wight, Ic. t. 916. Bot. Mag. t. 2245, 3416, 4114, 4432, 5174, 5611, 5759, 5811, 5834, 6173, 6328. Bot. Reg. t. 506, 1809. Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 36, 42.

Vanda parviflora, Wight, Ic. t. 1669 (Acrides Wightianum, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 238, Bot. Mag. t. 5138) species floribus solito minoribus insignis, cæterum 1. cærulescenti affinis, nobis characteres omnino Vandæ nec Acridis præbere videtur, sepalis omnibus liberis, columna apoda, labello calcarato. Acrides testaceum, a Reichb. f. cum A. Wightiano junctum, nobis ignotum est.

Sectio Lamellaria, Lindl., imprimis ad V. spathulatam, Lindl.; Wight, Ic. t. 915, stabilita, vix ab Euvanda separatur labelli disco distincte lamellato. Sectio Cristaria, Lindl., ad V. cristatam, Lindl., Bot. Reg. 1842, t. 48, Bot. Mag. t. 4304, definita, est Euvandæ species labelli lobo medio apice truncato 3-dentato v. 3-cornuto. V. alpina, Lindl. (a qua V. Griffithii vix distincta) a Lindleyo V. cristariæ associata, characteres præbet potius Stauropsidis.

Sectio Anora, Lindl. (V. densifora olim Saccolabium giganteum, Lindl.), tam habitu quam characteribus, ad Saccolabium restituenda videtur.

193. Saccolabium, Blume, Bijdr. 292. (Saccochilus, Blume, Fl. Jav. Præf. 8. Robiquetia, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 426, t. 34.)—Sepala subequalia, libera, patentia v. erecto-patentia, plana v. concava, lateralia interdum basi parum latiora, posticum interdum fere cucullatum. Petala sepalis subsimilia, interdum latiora, rarius angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi calcaratum v. saccatum, calcare descendente recto v. rarius recurvo intus nudo; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris erecti, sæpius parvi, interdum latiusculi v. vix prominentes, medius patens v. erectus, polymorphus, nunc parvus dentiformis, nunc oblongus linguiformis v. transverse dilatatus, rarius calcare longior; discus ad os calcaris interdum lamina parva appendiculatus. Columna brevis, lata, nunc brevissima, apoda, exalata v. angulis parum prominulis ; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice sæpius obtuse acuminata, 1-locularis v. imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, subglobosa, integra sulcata v. 2-partita, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. tenui (rarius loriformi?) affixa, glandula sæpius parva. Capsula sæpius oblonga, rarius elongata, interdum globosa v. ovoidea, erostris, costis tenuibus v. prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia, coriacea carnosa v. rarius tenuia, plana v. rarius teretia, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. ramosi. Flores nunc majusculi, minores tamen quam in Vanda, racemum densum speciosum recurvum formantes, nunc dissiti v. parvi, v. in racemo tenui simplici v. paniculato-ramoso minimi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 20, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 220. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 883; Otia Hamb. 41, 52; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 145.

- Genus sat polymorphum, sed haud male definitum si Rhynchostylem et Ornithochilum excludimus, quibus columnse pes evolutus mentum perianthii format. In series sequentes dividitur:—
- 1. Speciose. Flores speciosi, dense racemosi v. paniculati, calcare longiusculo incurvo, Aeridem referentes, sed columna apoda. Huc pertinent inter alia S. rubrum, Wight, Ic. t. 1673; S. speciosum, Wight, Ic. t. 1674-5 (Aerides maculosa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 58); S. paniculatum, Wight, Ic. t. 1676; S. Wightianum, Lindl.; Wight, Ic. t. 917.
- 2. Genuinæ. Flores sæpius mediocres, racemosi, calcare longiusculo recto; labelli lobi omnes dentiformes v. ovati, v. medius angustus calcare tamen semper brevior. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 17. 32. Wight, Ic. t. 1686 (Sarcanthus), ex ic. et descr. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 58. Bot. Mag. t. 5326, 5595, 5681, 6222. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 139.
- 3. Longilabellatæ. Inflorescentia Genuinarum v. Speciosarum. Labelli saccus conicus v. ovatus rarius calcar longiusculum, lobi laterales brevissimi v. obsoleti, medius multo longior, obovatus v. latus, basi parum contractus. Bot. Mag. t. 5433, 5635. Bot. Reg. t. 1352; 1847, t. 30 (Vanda).
- 4. Latilabellatæ. Inflorescentia Genuinarum. Labelli saccus latus, lobi laterales breves, medius transverse dilatatus, margine ciliolato-fimbriatus. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 333, 334. Wight, Ic. t. 1671 (Vanda). Bot. Mag. t. 4772, 5767. Gastrochilus, Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 32.
- 5. Micranthæ. Flores minimi, racemis sæpius paniculato-ramosis. Capsulæ parvæ globosæ v. breviter ovoideæ. Huc pertinent S. gemmatum, Lindl., S. gracile, Lindl., S. micranthum, Lindl.; Reichb. f. in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 110, S. Jerdonianum, Reichb. f.; Wight, Ic. t. 1756 (Tænio-phyllum), aliæque paucæ.
- 6. Microphyllæ. Caules tenues, foliis numerosis parvis. Flores laterales sæpius solitarii. S. distichum, Lindl., et ex ic. et descr. Ceratochilus, Blume, Bijdr. 358, t. 25; Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 203, t. 77.

OMEA, Blume, Bijdr. 359, a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato verisimiliter ad Saccolabium juxta Ceratochilum referenda erit. Specimina Beccariana e Sumatra n. 567, cum charactere Blumeano satis convenientia, a Saccolabiis Micranthis paullulum different racemo longo flexuoso, floris calcare longiusculo clavato, labelli lobo medio ovato crassiusculo subcarnoso.

ŒCEOCLADES, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 235, quoad species plerasque rite a Reichb. f. ad Saccolabium reducitur. Œ. tenera, Wight, Ic. t. 1683, est ipsum S. brevifolium, Lindl., species caule elongato foliis brevibus dissitis late oblongis insignis; Œ. maculata, Lindl., est Eulophia maculata, Reichb. f.; Œ. falcata, Lindl., characteres exhibet omnino Angraci, etsi patria longe distet.

Saccolabium filiforme, Lindl., et S. roseum, Lindl. (Sarcanthi sp., Wight, Ic. t. 1684, 1685), habitu Schænorchidis juncifoliæ, Bl., et ei errore a Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 304 relata, characteres tamen Saccolabii exhibent; insignes sunt petalis quam sepala subduplo latioribus dum in Schænorchide multo angustiora sunt.

Saccolabium acuminatum, Thw. l.c., est Sarcanthus peninsularis, Lindl. S. Hillii, F. Muell., ex Australia, ad Ornithochilum referendum videtur.

194. Uncifera, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 39.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. erecto-patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo minora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, basi in calcar longiusculum curvum productum; lobi laterales parvi, medius subpatens, integer v. leviter 3-lobus. Columna brevissima, lata, exalata, apoda, rostello longo apice dilatato v. 2-lobo; clinandrium vix prominulum truncatum cum dente postico longiusculo. Anthera denti postico affixa, opercularis, incumbens, cucullata, antice longe rostrata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2 globosa, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo superne dilatato sub-2-lobo et inter lobos appendiculato affixa, glandula squamiformi longiuscula sagittata. Capsula oblonga, erostris, patens v. reflexa, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, tenuiter coriacea v. crassiora subcarnosa, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Racemi laterales, densi, spiciformes, breviter pedunculati. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, brevissime pedicellati, secus rhachin conferti. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, Khasyæ incolæ. Genus Saccolahio affine, differt imprimis pollinarii stipite, et calcare curvo.

195. Acampe, Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1853.—Sepala libera, subpatentia, subsequalia, carnosula. Petala sepalis similia v. paullo angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile,

continuum, patens, basi saccatum v. conico-calcaratum, calcare intus vacuo; lobi laterales auriculiformes ad latera calcaris erecti, medius patens, integer; discus sepius basi lamellatus v. pilosus. Columna brevissima, crassa, apoda, exalata; clinandrium truncatum, antice breviter 2-lobum v. 2-mucronatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, imperfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, subglobosa, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti tenui affixa, glandula parva. Capsula oblonga v. fere linearis, crassiuscula, erostris.—Herbæ (piphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, rigidi, nunc breves simplices, nunc elongati, paniculati, ramis brevibus. Flores quam in Vanda multo minores, secus rhachin conferti, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 9, quarum 8 (ex Lindleyo) Indiæ Orientalis et Chinæ australis incolæ. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 43 (Epidendrum). Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 38 (Vanda). Bot. Reg. t. 1552 (Saccolabium). Wight, Io. t. 1670 (Vanda) et t. 1672 (Saccolabium). Reichb. f. in Flora, 1872, 277; Otia Hamb. 76. His addenda videtur species in Africa austro-orientali a Mellero lecta, A. papillosæ et A. excavatæ evidenter valde affinis.

Genus naturale etsi characteribus floralibus parum distinctum. Racemi in plerisque speciebus in pedunculo brevi simplices, in A. multiflora tamen sæpius paniculati. A. dentata, Lindl., e Sikkim, floribus parvis paniculatis primo aspectu Sarcantho paniculato accedit, sed labelli calcar intus nudum indivisum.

196. Sarcanthus, Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 39 B; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 233.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, patentia, carnosula. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum (v. ex Lindl. articulatum), patens, basi calcaratum, calcare cylindraceo v. obtuse conico intus antice lamina longitudinali semidiviso, postice ad os sæpius callosoappendiculato; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris breves auriculiformes v. obliqui, medius ovatus oblongus v. lanceolatus, patens v. inflexus. Columna oblonga, subteres, antice concava, exalata, apoda; clinandrium truncatum, antice 2-angulatum 2-dentatum v. 2cornutum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, breviter acuminata, 2locularis; pollinia 4, ovoidea, cerea, per paria subconnata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto sæpe filiformi affixa, glandula parva. Capsula erostris, ovoidea v. oblonga, patens v. reflexa, rarius longior et erectiuscula.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea v. carnosa, plana v. teretia, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, sæpe tenues, simplices Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati, sæpe flavo-virescentes intus v. paniculato-ramosi. purpurascentes. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 15, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Bauer, Ill. Orch. Gen. t. 9. Reichb. in Walp. Ann. vi. 891; in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 109; in Bonpl. 1857, 40; in Bot. Zeit. 1857, 159; 1864, 298. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 6 (Vanda). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 187 (Vanda). Wight, Ic. t. 1747. Bot. Mag. t. 3571, 4639, 5217, 5630. Bot. Reg. t. 220 (Aerides), 676 (Vanda), 1014. Saccolabium densiforum, Lindl., a Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 136, ad Sarcanthum relatum, lamina longitudinali intra calcar carente, ad Cloisostoma transferendum est.

197. Cleisestoma, Blume, Bijdr. 362. (Pomatocalpa, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. ex Reichb. f.; ic. in exempl. nostro deest.)—Sepala subpatentia, subæqualia, libera v. lateralia basi columnæ pedi brevi affixa. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum basi columnæ v. pedi affixa, basi in calcar v. saccum intus longitudinaliter indivisum sed ore squama v. appendicula postica integra v. bifida subclausum productum; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris falcati v. angusti, medius brevis sæpius latus. Columna brevis, semiteres, exalata, basi interdum in pedem brevem producta; clinandrium breve, truncatum, antice 2-dentatum v. 2-lobum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, per paria conferta v. concreta, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti angusto v. spathulato interdum filiformi affixa; glandula squamiformis. Capsula angusta, longiuscula v. rarius breviter oblonga, erostris, erecta v. patens, costis prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia,

carnosa v. coriacea, plana v. rarius teretia, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. ramosi. Flores parvi, sæpius numerosi, secus rhachin sessiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 15, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Oroh. 226. Reiohh. in Walp. Ann. vi. 888; Xen. Oroh. t. 142; Otia Hamb. 52; in Flora, 1872, 273; et in Linnæa xli. 76. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 296. Lindl. in Paxt. Mag. iii. t. 99. Fitzger. Austral. Oroh. cum tabb. 2.

Saccolabium lineolatum, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 304 (C. P. n. 2741), est Cleisostoma maculosum, Lindl. C. maculosum, Thw. l. c. non Lindl., cujus specimina nobis desunt, videtur ex icone Thwaitesii species nova C. Wendlandorum, Reichb. f., valde affinis. Saccolabium densiflorum, Lindl., a Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 136 ad Sarcanthum relatum, nobis videtur tam habitu quam characteribus Cleisostomatis species; labelli calcar intus lamina longitudinali caret sed ore subclausum est callo postico bifido.

C. ionosmum, Lindl., supra ad Sarcochilum transtulimus, et C. tridentatum, Lindl., ex Australia, jam a Reichenbachio recte ad Sarcochilum relatum est.

Echioglossum, Blume, Bijdr. 364, t. 28, a nobis non visum, ab auctore distinguitur a Cleisostomate imprimis labello apice ligula lineari 2-fida appendiculato. Echioglossa herbarii Lindleyani, incluso E. mutico, Reichb. f., hujus appendicis carent et nobis omnino ad Cleisostoma referenda videntur. Inflorescentia generis serpius paniculata sed interdum racemi simplices et in speciebus nonnullis, quibus habitus Trichoglottidis, racemi brevissimi fere ad fasciculos sessiles reducti. Huc includimus Trichoglottidem quadricornutam, Kurz. E. minax, Reichb. f., e Java, nobis ignota est.

SYNPTERA, Llanos, Fragm. Pl. Filip. 98, species Philippinensis a nobis non visa, ex auctoris descriptione omnino ad Cleisostoma referenda videtur.

198. Schemorchis, Blume, Bijdr. 361, quoad sect. i.; Rumphia, iv. 51, t. 193, 198 B. —Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecto-patentia, posticum concavum. Petala sepalis multo angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi calcaratum, calcare longo valde curvato intus nudo; lobi laterales ad margines calcaris longiusculi, patentes, medius brevis, patens. Columna brevis, lata, apoda, antice fere a basi lobis 2 linearibus erectis instructa, cæterum exalata; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, semi-2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, subglobosa, sulcata (v. 2-partibilia?), inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo angusto affixa, glandula lineari. Capsula oblonga, basi attenuata, costis valde prominentibus.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caule foliato elongato non pseudobulboso. Folia lineari-teretia, subdisticha, carnosa, vaginis persistentibus in caule subdissitis adnatis. Racemi axillares, simplices, floribundi at foliis breviores. Flores parvuli, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 1, Javanica.

Genus valde affine Saccolabio, cui sect. 2 Blumei (in Bijdr.) a Lindleyo rite refertur. Schanorchis juncifolia, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 304, non Bl., est Saccolabium filiforme, Lindl., species primo aspectu Schanorchidi typicæ simillima, statim vero dignoscenda, petalis quam sepala latioribus et appendicum columnæ absentia.

199. Ornithochilus, Wall.; Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 242 (Aeridis sect.).—Sepala subsequilonga, patentia, lateralia paullo latiora, basi cum ungue labelli in mentum breve a columna liberum connata. Petala sepalo postico paullo angustiora. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, ima basi mentum parvum formans, ungue lato concavo margine interdum fimbriato, subtus in calcar v. saccum rectum v. incurvum intus vacuum producto; lamina lata, patens v. inflexa, 2-3-loba, margine sæpe ciliato-fimbriata. Columna basi latiuscula, exalata, apoda, rostello longo; clinandrium postice ovatum, erectum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, subglobosa, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano longiuscule loriformi affixa. Capsula anguste oblonga v. elongata, erostris, patens, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus non pseudobulbosis. Folia pauca, disticha, plana, latiuscula, tenuiter coriacea, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Racemi laterales, tenues, simplices v. paniculato-ramosi. Flores parvi, pedicellati. Bractæe parvæ.

Species typics 2, Himalayse et Burms incolse, Aerides difforms, Lindl. lc.; et A. kystrix, Lindl., in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 42. His forte addendum Saccolabium Hillii, F. Muell.; Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 298, Fitsger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1, que species Ornithochilo habitu et plerisque characteribus accedit, nec differt nisi labelli lobo medio dentiformi v. obsoleto.

200. Temphyllum, Blume, Bijdr. 355, t. 70.—Sepala conniventia v. subpatentia, subsequalia, basi sepius breviter connata. Petala similia v. paullo minora, libera. Labellum ad basin columne sessile, continuum, basi in saccum v. calcar descendens intus nudum productum; lobi laterales ad margines calcaris breves v. obsoleti, medius parvus, patens, carnosulus, integer (v. 2-fidus?). Columna brevissima, lata; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum, antice 2-angulatum v. 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, parum convexa, 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea (ovoidea?), inappendiculata, per paria sibimet incumbentia, anthera dehiscente stipiti brevi lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula oblongo-linearis, costis 3 prominulis angulata.—Herbæ nanæ, epiphyticæ, radicibus aëreis longis fasciculatis carnosis, caule brevissimo paucifoliato v. aphyllo, non pseudobulboso. Folia dum adsint linearia. Pedunculi laterales, brevissimi, tenues, simplices. Flores minuti, brevissime pedicellati, rhachi racemi sæpius flexuosa. Bracteæ minutæ, sparsæ.

Species ad 6, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, insularum maris Pacifici et Australiæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 225. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 202, ii. 67, t. 77, 116; Otia Hamb. 53. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 291.

Genus ob flores minutos in herbariis raros quoad characteres staminales quodammodo incertum. T. Jerdonianum, Wight, a Reichenbachio bene ad Saccolabium refertur.

201. Esterosaccus, Blume, Bijdr. 367.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. angustiora. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, continuum, basi in saccum latum depressum productum; lobi laterales parvi v. obsoleti, medius erectus, concavus, sepalis vix brevior, sæpius latus, indivisus. Columna brevissima, exalata, apoda (v. in pedem brevissimum producta?); clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, valde convexa v. fere cucullata, sub-2-locularis; pollinia 4, distincta, globosa, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti anguste lineari affixa, glandula parva. Capsula ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, parvæ, caulibus foliatis cum vaginis distichis ancipitibus non pseudobulbosis. Folia numerosa, parva, disticha, scalpelliformia v. fere linearia, rigida v. carnosula. Pedunculi laterales, brevissimi, 1-2-flori. Flores minimi, bracteis sæpe stipati.

Species nobis adsunt 3 v. 4 Archipelagi Malayani et Malaceæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 218.

Genus quoad characteres florales Saccolabio accedit, sed pollinia globosa 4 bene distincta et habitus refert potius species minores Dendrobii sectionis Apori v. Appendiculam, quarum tamen pollinarium longe differt.

202. Diplocentrum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1522; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 218.—Sepala libera, subpatentia, subœqualia v. lateralia paullo majora. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, articulatum, patens, oblongum v. ovatum, integrum, medio carnosum, dorso juxta basin breviter 2-calcaratum. Columna brevissima, lata, ad latera stigmatis leviter 2-auriculata; clinandrium vix prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, obtuse acuminata, basi 2-locularis; pollinia 2, ovoidea, cerea, sulcata v. 2-partibilia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. basi dilatato affixa, glandula latiuscula. Capsula breviter oblonga v. clavata, erostris, patens v. reflexa, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, carnosa, angusta, subteretia v. complicata, sæpissime recurva. Pedunculi laterales, sæpe ramosi, racemis longiusculis recurvis. Flores parvi, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ minutæ. Capsulæ fere sessiles.

Species 2 v. 3, peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Wight, Ic. t. 1680 ad 1682.

203. Angresoum. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. tab. syst. 2, pro parte. (Aerobion, Spr. Syst. iii. 679.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi columnse affixum, continuum, ima basi in calcar longum nunc longissimum productum; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris parvi v. obsoleti, lamina patens v. erecto-patens, integra v. 3-loba. Columna brevissima, lata, facie concava, exalata, apoda; clinandrium vix prominulum, truncatum, integrum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice sæpe producta, vix perfecte 2-locularis; pollinia 2, cerea, globosa, sulcata, stipiti plano v. stipitibus 2 distinctis planis affixa, glandula squamiformi simplici v. duplici. Capsula oblonga v. fusiformis, erostris, erecta v. patens.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis elongatis v. brevibus non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea v. carnosa, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, simplices. Flores sæpius speciosi nunc maximi, racemosi v. rarius subsolitarii.

Species ad 25, pro maxima parte Africæ tropicæ v. australis et insularum Mascarensium incolæ, una tamen characteribus nullis essentialibus separanda in China et Japonia invenitur. *Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch.* 245. *Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann.* vi. 904; *Otia Hamb.* 68, 77, 177; *in Flora*, 1865, 189; 1872, 278 (excl. sp. paucis). *Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc.* xix.

Genus a variis auctoribus varie extensum v. reductum, haud facile characteribus certis a Vanda et Saccolaho separatur, sæpissime tamen cognoscendum calcare longo tenui. Pollinarium in diversis speciebus diversum, in aliis adhuc non bene observatum et affinitates incertæ remanent. Interea tamen sectiones sequentes distinctæ videntur et duæ priores forte generice separandæ:—

- 1. Macroura. Labelli lamina patens, sæpius dilatata; calcar longum, tenue. Pollinia in stipitibus 2 distinctis planis faciei affixa, glandulis squamiformibus distinctis. Huc pertinent A. sesquipedale, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 66, 67; Bot. Mag. t. 5113; A. gladiifolium, Thou. l.c. t. 53; Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 68; A. funale, Bot. Mag. t. 4295.
- 2. Listrostachys. Labelli lamina cum calcare continua, basi sæpius concava in acumen integerrimum desinens. Pollinia in stipitibus 2 distinctis planis apice affixa, glandulis squamiformibus distinctis v. in unam connatis. Rucemi floribundi, bracteis sæpe latis interdum fere foliaceis. Huc pertinent: A. arcuatum; Lindl.; Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 107; A. Chailluanum, Bot. Mag. t. 5589; A. pertusum, Paxt.; Bot. Mag. t. 4782, et gerus Listrostachys, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 930; in Walp. Ann. vi. 907; in Flora, 1865, 189; et in Linnæa xli. 75.
- 3. Euangræcum. Labelli lamina patens, sæpius dilatuta. Pollinia ad apicem stipitis plani sæpe angusti indivisi v. facile partibilis affixa, glandula unica. Species numerosæ, plures tamen quoad pollinarium adhuc imperfecte observatæ. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 61 ad 65. Bot. Mag. t. 4159, 4761, 5170, 5624. Bot. Reg. t. 1522, 1841, t. 35. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 108.

Inter Euangræca, A. infundibulare, Lindl., insigne est calcare longo ad os late infundibulari; A. caudatum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1844; Bot. Mag. t. 4370, calcare longissimo undique tenui et columna quam in cæteris speciebus multo longiore. A. armeniacum, Lindl., floribus parvis. A. falcatum (Linodorum, Thunb. Ic. Fl. Jap. t. 6; Bot. Reg. t. 283; Bot. Mag. t. 2097; Aerides, Miq. Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 205) patria (China et Japonia) a cæteris longe distat, nulla specie adhuc in Asia tropica reperta; characteres omnino specierum typicarum ostendit, calcare longo tenui et floribus non minoribus quam in nonnullis Africanis. Hæc species a Franch. et Savat. Enum. Pl. Jap. ii. 29, incaute confusa est cum Aeride japonica, Linden, quæ vera Aeridis species.

Species plures, a Thouarsio delineatæ v. in herbariis servatæ, adhuc minus cognitæ, dubiæ remanent.

AERANGIS, Reichb. f. in Flora, 1865, 190, species includit 2 Angolenses ab Euangræco separatas ob pollinarii stipitem semi-2-fidum.

204. Cryptopus, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 817. (Beclardia, A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. 78, t. 11, f. 3.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, integerrima. Petala sepalis æquilonga sed apice valde dilatata, divaricato-2-4-loba. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens, basi in calcar longum tenue productum; lobi laterales ad latera calcaris patentes, falcati, medius unguiculatus, patens, apice 3-lobus, lobis lateralibus divaricatis medio minimo. Columna brevissima, antice sub-2-alata, apoda; clinandrium breve, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, diu persistens, valde convexa, breviter acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, sulcata v. 2-loba, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 distinctis brevibus cupulatis affixa, glandulis 2 squami-

formibus postice integris antice ciliato-fimbriatis. Capsula . . .—Herba epiphytica, caulibus foliatis elongatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, patentia, oblonga, rigide coriacea, vaginis persistentibus caulem fere obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, longiusculi, aimplices. Flores speciosi, laxe racemosi, pedicellis brevibus. Bractese parvæ.

Species 1, insularum Mascarensium incola. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 79, 80 (Angræoum). Hoek. Journ. Bot. i. 45, t. 115.

Genus Angreco affine quocum mediante A. bicaudato, Lindl., connectitur.

205. Centa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 817.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecto-patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi in calcar conicum v. obtusum productum, erectum; lobi laterales dilatati, circa columnam convoluti, medius erecto-patens, integer v. divaricato-2-lobus, cum mucrone v. lobo lineari intermedio. Columna brevissima, lata, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, obliquum v. truncatum, antice 2-angulatum v. 2-cuspidatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice breviter acuminata v. 2-dentata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, ovoidea v. globosa, integra v. sulcato-2-loba, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus filiformibus distinctis v. basi breviter connatis affixa, glandula unica. Capsula oblonga, erostris, costis parum prominulis.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis brevibus v. elongatis non pseudobulbosis. Folia disticha, coriacea, vaginis persistentibus caulem obtegentibus. Pedunculi laterales, simplices. Flores racemosi, breviter pedicellati, mediocres v. majusculi. Bracteæ ovatæ, persistentes.

Species descriptæ 4 v. 5, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 81 ad 84 (Epidendrum). A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. t. 10, f. 2 (Angræcum), et t. 11, f. 2 (Beclardia). Balf. et S. Moore in Bak. Fl. Maurit. 354, et Balf. Bot. Rodrig. t. 36 (Listrostachys).

Genus ab Angræco affinibusque facile distinguitur perianthii forma, quare a Thouarsio ad Epidendrum relatum fuit. Pollinarii stipites in omnibus speciebus a Thouarsio filiformes delineati, quales in Œ. polystachyæ var. longifoliæ, Reichb. f., invenimus. A. Rich. in Œ. polystachia pollinaria iis Angræci sesquipedalis similia delineavit, in specimine nostro formæ typicæ jam delapsa sunt, sed labellum prorsus Œoniæ lobis lateralibus columnam omnino involventibus.

206. Mystacidium, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 205. (Aeranthus, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 899. excl. sp. Americanis, et in Flora 1865, 190, non Lindl.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi columnæ affixum, ima basi in calcar longum tenue productum; lobi laterales nunc ovati erecti, nunc sæpius parum prominuli v. obsoleti; medius erectus v. patens, sæpius ovatus, indivisus. Columna brevissima, late semiteres, exalata, apoda; clinandrium brevissimum, truncatum, antice interdum minute 2-dentatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, antice plus minus acuminata, basi 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, interdum sulcata, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 distinctis filiformibus nunc apice ctavatis v. brevissimis affixa; glandula unica. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, non pseudobulbosæ, caulibus foliatis nunc brevibus nunc longiusculis rigidis. Folia disticha, sæpius pauca, coriscea, patentia, interdum parva lateraliter compressa subequitantia, rarius sub anthesi deficientia. Racemi axillares, sæpius breves, interdum in pedunculo elongato simplices floribundi v. ad florem unicum subsessilem reducti. Flores sæpius parvi, in racemo secundi v. quaquaversi, calcare sæpissime ascendente. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 20, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ.

In speciebus typicis caulis brevis paucifoliatus, racemi breviter pedunculati floribundi, flores in *M. filicorni*, Lindl., affinibusque Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 173 ad 175 secundi, in *M. fragrantissimo* (*Listrostachyde*, Reichb. f.) affinibusque quaquaversi, calcare in omnibus undique tenui.

Gussonia, A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. 76, t. 11, f. 1, et Microccella, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 60, sunt evidenter Mystacidii species, Angræco aphyllo, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 73, valde affines, nisi conspecifice, a Mystacidiis typicis vix different nisi caule sub anthesi aphyllo.

Gemphocentrum, bene sectionem format caule rigido crasso, foliis longis rigidioribus, racemis

elongatis floribundis, labelli calcare extremitate clavato v. late saccato. Pollinarii stipites basi filiformes apice tamen haud raro clavati v. fere cupulati. Huc pertinent Angrasum caulessus, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 75, Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 117, speciesque ad 6 imprimis tropics.

Angracum pellucidum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 2, his habitu et pollinarii stipitibus affine, differt calcare acuto.

Pectinaria sectio facile pro genere distincto habenda, species 2 continet parvas, caule tenero, feliis numerosis insigniter distichis parvulis, floribus lateralibus sæpius solitariis subsessilibus, labelli calcare longo tenui, lobis lateralibus quam in speciebus typicis magis evolutis, pollinarii stipitibus brevissimis v. ad filum elastice extensivum reductis, polliniis specie in glandula squamiformi subsessilibus. Huc pertinent Angræcum distichum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1781, Bot. Mag. t. 4145, e Sierra Leone, et A. pectinatum, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 51, A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. t. 10, f. 5, Hook. Journ. Bot. i. 47, t. 116, e Madagascaria.

207. Dendrophylax, Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 903.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi in calcar longum os versus dilatatum productum, cum columna continuum, erectum, basi concavum; lobi laterales breves, patentes, medius late 2-lobus, lobis divaricatis dente sæpe interjecto. Columna brevissima, lata, sub-2-alata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominulum, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, breviter acuminata v. mutica, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, cerea, sulcata, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 distinctis planis oblongis v. cuneatis affixa, glandula squamiformi unica v. 2-partibili. Capsula oblonga v. elongata, erostris, angulata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ aphyllæ, radicibus dense fasciculatis, pseudobulbo nullo. Scapi tenues, simplices, vaginis parvis dissitis. Flores in scapo solitarii v. pauci racemosi, maximi mediocres v. parvuli. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 3, Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. l. c. (Dendrophylax), et 902 (Aeranthi aphylli grandiflori), Bot. Mag. t. 4295 (Angræcum).

208. Campylocentron, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 337. (Todaroa, A. Rich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 28, non Webb.)—Sepala libera, subæqualia, angusta, erecta, conniventia v. apice parum patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, basi in calcar sæpius recurvum v. apice vesicatum v. obtusatum productum, lamina ovata v. oblonga, sepalis subæquilonga, lobi laterales parvi v. obsoleti, medius sæpius integer. Columna brevissima, exalata, apoda; clinandrium parum prominens, truncatum. Anthera terminalis, opercularis, incumbens, convexa, erostris v. breviter acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2, globosa, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipitibus 2 brevibus filiformibus v. ad fila elastice extensiva reductis affixa, glandula squamiformi unica v. 2-partita. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. anguste oblonga, erostris, costis acutis angulata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus nunc foliatis nunc rarius aphyllis, non pseudobulbosis, radicibus fasciculatis v. sparsis. Folia disticha, sæpe dissita, oblonga linearia v. teretia. Flores minuti, in spicis lateralibus tenuibus brevibusque dense conferti, rarius in spicis laxioribus longioribusque alterni, sæpe distichi. Bractæe parvæ, persistentes.

Species ad 15, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ, a Lindleyo sub Angræco v. a Reichb. f. sub Aerantho enumeratæ. Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1772 (habitatione falsa) et 1840 sub t. 68. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 901; Otia Hamb. 10, 91; in Flora 1865, 279; et in Linnæa xli. 31.

209. Cirrhesa, Lindl. in Bot. Reg. sub t. 930; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 141. (Scleropteris, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1839, 407.)—Sepala libera, subæqualia, patentissima v. reflexa, angusta. Petala sepalis sæpius minora, magis colorata. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, ungue longo patente dein ascendente; lobi laterales ad apicem unguis longi, angusti, reflexi v. recurvi, medius brevior, patens, basi sæpius columnæ contiguus. Columnæ erecta, semiteres, a basi attenuata, incurvo-incrassata v. clavata,

rostello brevi erecto terminata; clinandrium pone rostellum parvum; stigma anticum horizontale. Anthera oblonga, erecta, rostello applicita, basi breviter 1-locularis, supra loculum in appendicem longam membranaceam rostellum amplectentem producta; pollinia 2, cerea, angusta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici parum dilatato stipitis linearis affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . .—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus brevissimis paucivaginatis, mox in pseudobulbum 1-foliatum carnosum incrassatis. Folium amplum, plicato-venosum. Scapus ad basin pseudobulbi simplex, recurvus, laxe floribundus. Flores majusculi, pedicellati, primo aspectu iis Gongoræ subsimiles. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species editæ 5, Brasilienses. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 495. Bot. Mag. t. 2978 (Gongora), 3726. Bot. Reg. t. 1538, 1889, 2005. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 936 (Cymbidium), 1967, 1999.

210. Macradenia, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. t. 612. (Rhynchadenia, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. iii. 248, t. 85.)—Sepala æqualia, libera, patentia. Petala paullo minora. Labellum cum basi columnæ continuum, erectum; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, columnam amplectentes, medius brevis, patens. Columna erecta, subteres, exalata, apoda, antice sulcata v. marginibus elevatis concava, rostello erecto v. leviter inclinato tenui terminata; clinandrium pone rostellum membranaceum, late cupulatum, margine erosum v. denticulatum. Anthera in fundo clinandrii erecta, oblonga, rostello arcte applicita, basi breviter et imperfecte 2-locellata, locellis mox in unum confluentibus, in appendicem longam membranaceam rostellum amplectentem producta; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, distincta, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici dilatato stipitis longi angustissimi affixa, glandula parva ovata. Capsula . .—Herbæ humiles, habitu Notylia. Folia pauca, plana, carnosa v. coriacea, vaginis distiche imbricatis demum in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis. Pedunculi axillares, paucivaginati, simplices. Racemi nutantes v. reflexi, laxi. Flores quam in Notylia paullo majores. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species typicæ 1 v. 2 Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 195. Bot. Reg. t. 1815; quibus addidit Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 696, duas e Sarinam tertiamque e Guatemala a nobis non visas.

211. Wotylia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 930; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 192.—Sepala æqualia, angusta, erecta v. demum patentia, libera v. lateralia alte connata. Petala sepalis similia v. minora magisque colorata. Labellum ad basin columnæ continuum, erectum, ungue brevi v. elongato interdum 2-auriculato, lamina triangulari v. hastata acuminata: discus brevis v. 2-callosus. Columna erecta, teres v. antice sulcata, exalata, apoda, apice sæpe leviter recurva, rostello longo erecto acuminata; clinandrium ad basin rostelli dorsale, parvum. Anthera erecta, oblonga, rostello applicita, basi imperfecte 2-locellata, supra loculum longe appendiculata, membranacea, concava, stipitem et sæpe rostellum ipsum amplectens; pollinia 2, cerea, ovoidea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente ad apicem dilatatum stipitis longi tenuis affixa, glandula parva. Capsula . . . .—Herbæ humiles. Folia plana, carnosa v. coriacea, vaginis distiche imbricatis introrsum scarioso-marginatis, superioribus demum in pseudobulbos carnosos incrassatis, floralia seepe ad vaginam spathaceam reductis. Pedunculi axillares, paucivaginati, simplices. Flores parvi v. rarius mediocres, dense v. laxiuscule racemosi, pedicellis sæpe gracilibus. Bracteæ tenues, rarius latiores membranaceæ et pedicellos æquantes.

Species descriptse 18, Americse tropicse incolse, plures tamen verisimiliter N. punctatse v. aliarum varietates. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 46, t. 20; in Walp. Ann. vi. 670; Otia Hamb. 87. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 91 (Pleurothallis). Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 18. Hook. Lond. Journ. iii. t. 10. Bot. Mag. t. 5609, 6311. Bot. Reg. t. 759 (Pleurothallis).

In N. bicolors, Lindl., folia dicuntur equitantia nec plana quod tamen vix confirmare possumus. Foliorum vaginæ plurimæ vix incrassatæ, nonnullæ tamen superiores pseudobulbos normales etsi parvos formant.

212. Acrtopsis, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Ratisb. ii. 4, et eod. anno, Blume, Bijdr. 376, t. 71.

—Sepala requilonga, angusta, patentia, posticum carinato-concavum, lateralia usque ad

apicem in unum postico simile connata. Petala sepalis æquilonga at Istiora, plana. Labelli unguis cum columnæ in urceolum latum connatus, lamina patens, concava, angusta, basi lobis lateralibus latiusculis 2-auriculata, apice 3-fida. Columna supra urceolum breviter producta, curvula, subclavata, superne ad latera stigmatis auriculis 2 falcatis instructa, apoda; clinandrium amplum, membranaceum, incurvo-cucullatum, late 2-lobum; rostellum terminale, erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, acutum, latiusculum, dorso concavo antheram fovens. Anthera in fundo clinandrii erecta, semi-immersa, rostello applicita, acuminata, 2-locularis; pollinia 2 v. 4 per paria sibimet arcte applicita, anguste oblonga, cereo-pulposa, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longo filiformi v. superne dilatato affixa, glandula parva oblonga. Capsula parvula, inflato-globosa, in uno specimine 3-valvata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, tenues, pseudo-bulbis carnosis globosis v. ovoideis 1-2-foliatis. Folia angusta, tenuiter coriacea. Scapi ad latera pseudobulborum tenues, simplices v. superne ramosi, nudi v. vaginis paucis parvis instructi. Flores parvi, laxe racemosi. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Burmæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 492. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 318. Wight, Ic. t. 1748.

213. Telipogon, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 335, t. 75 (quoad analysin imperfecta). (Thelypogon, Spr. Syst. iii. 682.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentissima, angusta. Petala pariter patentissima sed multo latiora, venosa. Labellum sessile, patentissimum, indivisum, petalis simillimum v. paullo latius, rarius minus. Columna brevissima, crassa, exalata, apoda, undique v. ad clinandrium longe setosa v. hispida, rostello terminali erecto; stigma anticum, horizontale, late concavum; clinandrium posticum, breve, integrum. Anthera erecta, rostello applicata, subdidyma, distincte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, distincta, oblonga, acuta, cujusve paris sæpe inæqualia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici parum dilatato stipitis linearis tenuis affixa, glandula cum apice rostelli uncinata. Capsula ubi nota ovoidea, 3-alata v. acutissime 3-angulata, breviter rostrata.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis secus rhizoma v. caudicem radicantem brevissimis v. ad apicem caudicis longioribus, pseudobulbis nullis (in speciminibus visis). Folia disticha, brevia, coriacea v. carnosa. Pedunculi pseudoterminales, longiusculi, erecti, simplices. Flores ad apicem pedunculi pauci, laxe racemosi, speciosi. Bracteæ pedicellis breviores.

Species descriptæ ultra 40, Andium Colombiæ et Peruviæ incolæ, plures tamen inter se vix distinctæ videntur. Lindl. Gen. Sp. ct Orch. 214. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 790, iii. 562, vi. 861; Xen. Orch. i. t. 97; Otia Hamb. 6; et in Linnæa ali. 3, 27, 69, 104.

214. Trichoceros, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 337, t. 76. –Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. latiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens; lobi laterales ad basin patentes v. erecti, oblongi v. lineares, interdum ciliati antenniformesque, medius ovatus, petalis subsimilis v. sæpius angustior crassiorque. Columna brevissima, crassa, exalata, apoda, rostello erecto terminata: stigma anticum, horizontale, late cavum; clinandrium posticum, amplum, 2–3-lobum, longe setosum v. hispidum. Anthera dorso rostelli applicita (prope basin affixa?) subdidyma, distincte 2-locularis; pollinia 4, cerea, in quoque loculo 2, distincta, oblonga, acutiuscula, cujusve paris sæpe inæqualia, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente apici parum dilatato stipitis linearis affixa, glandula parva recta v. cum rostelli apice recurva. Capsula (in T. murali, Lindl.) oblongo-fusiformis, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus e rhizomate radicante brevissimis, sæpius pseudobulbo 1-foliato terminatis. Folia pauca, disticha, coriacea v. carnosa. Pedunculus sub pseudobulbo axillaris v. pseudobulbo non evoluto pseudoterminalis, erectus, simplex. Flores ad apicem pedunculi laxe racemosi, mediocres v. parvi, longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ pedicello breviores.

Species descriptæ 6 v. 7, Peruviæ et Colombiæ incolæ, forte ad 3 v. 4 reducendæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 174. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 630; Xen. Orch. i. t. 9, 97; in Bonpl. 1856, 212; et in Linnaa xli. 33. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. t. 28 (Epidendrum).

Astroglossus, Reichb. f. in herb. Lindl., est Trichoceros astroglossus, Lindl. herb., seu Telipogon astroglossus, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 16, t. 7, species floribus minimis perianthium et columnam Trichocerotis ostendens, etsi rostelli apex cum glandula recurvum sit. Hic character nobis nihili videtur.

215. Podechilus, Blume, Bijdr. 295, t. 12; Rumphia, iv. 43, t. 192, 200. (Cryptoglottis, Blume, Bijdr. 296, t. 42. Platysma, Blume, Bijdr. 295, t. 43, nomen in Plocostigms mutatum, Fl. Jav. Praf. 6. Apista, Blume, Bijdr. 296. Hexameria, R. Br. in Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 26, t. 7.)—Sepala equilonga, erecta, conniventia, posticum concavum, liberum v. cum cæteris alte connatum, lateralia latiora, ad medium connata, basi in mentum sacciforme v. calcariforme pedem columnæ includens producta. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ articulatum, erectum, sepalis inclusum, integrum v. 3-lobum, basi extrorsum sæpe in appendiculam 2-fidam productum. Columna brevissima, exalata, apice ad latera stigmatis seepe 2-cuspidata, basi in pedem longum intra perianthii mentum producta; rostellum terminale, erectum, longum, seepe 2-fidum, postice concavum, antice convexum; clinandrium pone rostellum parvum; stigma anticum, subhorizontale. Anthera in clinandrio sessilis, erecta, longe acuminata, rostello applicita, basi 2-locularis; pollinia 4, rarius per paria concreta, ovoidea, cerea, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente per paria stipitibus 2 distinctis apicem versus membranaceo-dilatatis affixa, glandula unica squamiformi. parva, oblonga, erostris.—Herbe epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis tenuibus. Folia parva, disticha, nunc linearia, plana, basi breviter complicata angustataque, nunc a latere compressa, scalpelliformia, vaginis equitantibus more Apori arcte approximatis. Flores parvi, sepius minuti, in racemos terminales dispositi. Bracteæ parvæ, dissitæ v. in una specie elegantissime distichæ, rhachi deflorata pinnulata.

Species ad 12, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 234. Wight, Ic. t. 1748. Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1857, 41.

Genus, ab Appendicula polliniis sepissime 4 nec 8 distinctum, variat de specie in speciem, foliis basi lata equitantibus v. planis basique plus minus contractis, sepalo postico libero v. cum ceteris alte connato, lateralium mento breviter gibbiformi v. longiuscule calcariformi, labelli basi dorso 2-cruri v. inappendiculato, columna ad latera stigmatis 2-cuspidata v. nuda, sed characteres diversi non satis inter se conveniunt ad sectiones distinguendas. In P. serpyllifolio quæ Cryptoglottis, Bl., seu Hexameria, R. Br., adest ex Bennetio in quoque loculo antheræ pollinium tertium minus, non vero ut videtur constanter, nam in floribus 2 a nobis examinatis rudimentum minutum tantum pollinii tertii invenimus v. omnino nullum. P. Zollingeri, Miq. Choix, t. 25, f. 2, a P. Zollingeri, Reichb. f., et ab omnibus nobis notis speciebus differt, ex icone, foliis ovalibus emarginatis et racemo laxe ramoso. P. bicolor, Miq. l. c. t. 22, f. 3, est Dendrobium subulatum, Lindl.

216. Appendicula, Blume, Bijdr. 297, t. 40; Rumphia, iv. 46, t. 195, 200. (Metachilum, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 74. Conchochilus, Hassk. in Hæv. et De Vr. Tijdschr. ix, 146.)—Sepala æquilonga, erecta, conniventia, posticum fere liberum, lateralia latiora, bási in mentum sacciforme v. calcariforme pedem columnæ includens connata. Petala sepalo postico similia v. angustiora. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ affixum, ungue incumbente v. breviter adnato, lamina erecta, concava, integra v. 3-loba, facie basi callis 1 v. 2 appendiculata. Columna brevissima, exalata, apice ad latera stigmatis sæpe 2-cuspidata, basi in pedem intra perianthii mentum producta; rostellum terminale, erectum, longum, acuminatum v. sæpius 2-fidum, postice concavum, antice rectum; clinandrium pone rostellum parvum; stigma anticum subhorizontale. Anthera in clinandrio sessilis, erecta, longe acuminata, rostello applicita, basi 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4 v. rarius unum cujusve loculi deficit, cerea, oblonga, basi longe attenuata, stipitibus 2 distinctis superne v. fere a basi membranaceo-dilatatis affixa, glandula (an semper?) unica. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, caulibus foliatis laxis sæpe compressis v. ancipitibus. Folia numerosa, disticha, patentia, membranacea v. subcoriacea, seepe parva, vaginis arcte adnatis caulem obtegentibus. Racemi nunc brevissimi, paucifiori, plerique v. omnes laterales, nunc longiores,

tenues, multiflori, pseudoterminales v. in parte superiore caulis pauci. Flores parvi, serpius minuti. Bracteæ breves, patentes v. reflexæ.

Species ad 20, pleræque Malaccæ, Archipelagi Malayani v. insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 227. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 893; in Bonpl. 1857, 41; Xen. Orch. t. 138; Otia Hamb. 45; et in Linnæa xli. 76. Wight, Ic. t. 1748. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Hist. Nat. iv. t 19; Ic. Pl. As. t. 335, 337. Illis tamen addendæ A. bifaria, Lindl., e China australi et e Cachar Indiæ orientalis, cum altera ei simillima e Peninsula Indiæ orientalis jam a Kænigio in Retz, Obs. vi. 45, edita, sub nomine Epidendri hexandri descripta, etsi ab auctoribus recentioribus neglects. In specimine nostro ex herbario Rottleriano flores haud perfectos examinare nequivimus, sed ex descriptione fusiore Kænigii omnino Appendiculæ convenit, etsi pollinia in quoque loculo ad 3 reducta dicuntur, quod hinc inde in aliis speciebus casu observatur. Hæc species igitur, uti Hexameria Brownii, genera Podochilum et Appendiculam arcte connectit.

217. Thelasis, Blume, Bijdr. 385, t. 75; Orch. Archip. Ind. 19, t. 5, 7. (Oxyanthera, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. 197, t. 37 B. Euproboscis, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 371, t. 26.)—Sepala sequalia, erecta, conniventia, basi plus minus connata, lateralia basi in mentum breve producta. Petala sepalo postico similia v. paullo minora. Labellum basi columna affixum, erectum, ovatum, sepalis æquilongum, indivisum, concavum v. complicatum. Columna brevis, exalata, apoda (v. in pedem brevissimum producta?); rostellum terminale, erectum, longum, acuminatum, antice convexum, dorso concayum; clinandrium pone rostellum parvum; stigma anticum subhorizontale. Anthera in clinandrio sessilis, erecta, acuminata, rostello applicita et primum fere involuta, basi 2-locularis; pollinia 8, in quoque loculo 4, ovoidea v. subglobosa, inappendiculata, anthera dehiscente stipiti longe filiformi affixa, glandula parva squamiformi v. oblonga. Capsula parva, oblonga v. oblique obovoidea, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ epiphyticæ, sæpius parvæ. Caules nunc brevissimi, in pseudobulbum carnosum depressum incrassati, folio unico angusto coriaceo basi vagina stipato, nunc breves foliati non pseudobulbosi, vaginis foliorum more Oberoniæ distiche subimbricatis. Scapi simplices, aphylli, paucivaginati, in speciebus pseudobulbosis e rhizomate oriundi, basi folio unico v. vagina longa stipati, in foliatis ad axillam foliorum. Racemi v. spicæ tenues, elongati v. juniores fere in capitulum contracti. Flores minimi, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species v. varietates insignes adsunt 8, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ australis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 253. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. vi. 922, et in Bonpl. 1857, 37. Wight, Ic. t. 1732 (Euproboscis, ad specimen floribus monstruosis 3-andris delineata).

## TRIBUS III. NEOTTIEÆ.

218. Galeola, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 520. (Cyrtosia, Blume, Bijdr. 396, t. 6; Rumphia. i. 199, t. 69. Erythrorchis, Blume, Rumphia, i. 200, t. 70. Hæmatorchis, Blume, l.c. iv. t. 200 B. Pogochilus, Falcon. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iv. 73. Ledgeria, F. Muell. Fraam. Phyt. Austral. i. 238.)—Sepala subequalia, concava, conniventia v. demum patentia. Petala sepalis æquilonga, nunc latiora nunc angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, latum, concavum, columnam laxe involvens, sepalis vix longius, lobis lateralibus brevibus latis v. obsoletis, medio lato sæpe undulato-crispo, facie villosa v. glabra. Columna longiuscula, exalata v. apice breviter alata, apoda; stigma sub rostello brevi transversum; clinandrium plus minus membranaceo-dilatatum, obscure lobatum v. denticulatum, cum alis columnæ dum adsint continuum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii affixa, incumbens, dorso plana convexa v. crasse conica, loculis distinctis: pollinia in loculis plus minus distincte 2-lobis pulvereo-granulosa v. interdum subcerea, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula magna, oblonga v. sæpius elongata, carnosa v. rarius subsicca, interdum vix tardius dehiscens sæpius tamen demum in valvas inæquales fissa. Semina late v. anguste alata v. aptera.—Herbæ aphyllæ, ramosæ, super arbores interdum altissime scandentes, radices hinc inde emittentes, interdum erectse.

elatæ. Racemi laxe paniculati sæpius penduli. Flores mediocres v. majusculi. Bracteæ ad basin ramulorum et pedicellorum parvæ v. in una specie foliaceæ.

Species ad 12, Indiæ orientalis, Japoniæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Caledoniæ et Australiæ incolæ. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 76, t. 119 (Erythrorchis), t. 120 (Cyrtosia), et t. 195; Otia Hamb. 40. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 306. Hook. f. Ill. Himal. Pl. t. 22 (Cyrtosia). Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1.

Capsula in G. javanica omnino indehiscens dicitur, in G. Lindleyana et G. septentrionali vix tardius diu siccata dehiscit, in G. altissima et G. cassythoide longior tenuiorque est et maturitate facile dehiscit.

ERIAXIS, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 63, est species Novo-Caledonica quam auctor distinguit capsula demum in valvas 6 dehiscente, labello basi columnæ adnato et ramis nonnullis sterilibus foliis bene evolutis instructis. Species tamen nobis invita natura a Galeola (Erythrorchi) altissima, Bl., generice separatur. Capsulæ valvæ in aliis speciebus numero variant 2, 3 v. 4. Sepala extus tomentoso-villosa æstivatione vix non valvata observantur in G. altissima ut in G. rigida.

219. Vanilla, Sw. in Nov. Act. Soc. Sc. Upsala, vi. 66, t. 5. (Myrobroma, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 82.)—Sepala subequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labelli unguis columnæ adnatus, limbus latus, concavus, basi columnam involvens. Columna elongata, aptera, apoda; stigma sub rostello brevi transversum; clinandrium breve v. oblique elevatum. Anthera margini clinandrii affixa, incumbens, convexa semiglobosa v. obtuse conica, loculis discretis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula sæpius elongata, carnosa, non v. vix tardius dehiscens.—Herbæ validæ, alte scandentes, ramosæ, foliosæ v. rarius aphyllæ, radices emittentes. Folia coriacea v. carnosa, nervosa, sessilia v. breviter petiolata. Racemi v. spicæ axillares, sæpius breves. Flores magni. Bracteæ ovatæ.

Species ad 20, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 434. Bauer, Ill. Orchid. Gen. t. 10, 11. Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1854, 88, 97; in Flora, 1865, 273; Otia Hamb. 39; et in Linnæa xi. 65. Blume, Rumphia, i. t. 67, 68. Wight, Ic. t. 931, 932. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 281. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 538. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 737. Hayne, Arzneigew. xiv. t. 22. Fl. des Serres, t. 1769, 2218.

220. Sebralia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 120, t. 26; Syst. Veg. 231.—Sepala subæqualia, erecta, basi connata. Petala sepalis subsimilia v. latiora magisque colorata. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum; lobi laterales columnam arcte amplectentes v. involventes, eique interdum basi adnati; lamina e sepalis breviter exserta, patens, concava, undulata v. fimbriata, indivisa v. 2-loba; facie lævis v. 2-lamellata v. lamellato-cristata. Columna elongata, subincurva, semiteres, angulis acutiusculis v. anguste alatis, apoda; stigma sub rostello brevi latum; clinandrium breviter v. longiuscule 3-lobum. Anthera lobo postico affixa, incumbens, discrete 2-locularis; pollinia (in perpaucis floribus observata) sæpius in quoque loculo 4, pulvereo-granulosa, appendicula copiosa laxe granulosa connexa, a rostello libera (v. demum in rostello sessilia?). Capsula oblonga v. elongata, rigida v. carnosa, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, elatæ, foliosæ, non tuberosæ. Folia dissita, coriacea, plicato-venosa, in vagina sessilia. Flores magni, in racemis terminalibus axillaribusque pauci, interdum ad florem unicum reducti. Bracteæ appressæ, sæpe rigide paleaceæ, interdum plures imbricatæ.

Species ad 30, Andium America: tropicae a Peruvia usque ad Mexicum, necnon Guianae incolae. Lindl. Fol. Orch. 1854; Sert. Orchid. t. 29. Reichb. f. Orch. Centr. Amer. 5, 68, t. 1; Xen. Orch. ii. 175, t. 30, 42, 90, 163, 175, 176. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 93. Batem. Orch. Mex. et Guatem. t. 26, 37. Bot. Mag. t. 4446, 4570, 4682, 4882. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 17.

FREGRA, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1852, 712; Orch. Centr. Amer. 10, t. 2, species unica ex America centrali, e specimine unico sicco a nobis non viso nota, ex charactere dato et icone vix a Sobralia generice distinguenda videtur columna abbreviata.

CYATHOGLOTTIS, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 55, t. 94, species unica Peruviana, a nobis non

visa, ex descr. et icone pariter ad *Sobraliam* referenda videtur. Flores solito minores et bracteæ numerosiores imbricatæ. Bracteæ tamen plures imbricatæ observantur in speciebus pluribus *S. violaceæ*, Lindl., affinibus.

221. Epistephium, Kunth, Syn. Pl. Æquin. i. 340.—Perianthium ad apicem ovarii urceolo calyciformi dentato cinctum. Sepala libera, subsequalia, erecta. Petala sepalis subsimilia nisi latiora magisque colorata. Labelli unguis columnæ adnatus, lamina subpatens, obovata, indivisa, basi columnam amplectens. Columna semiteres, superne breviter dilatata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum; clinandrium membranaceum, late 3-lobum. Anthera lobo postico clinandrii affixa, incumbens v. subpendula, loculis discretis; pollinia laxe pulvereo-granulosa (in quoque loculo 2 v. 4?). Capsula oblonga v. elongata, rigida.—Herbæ terrestres, sæpius elatæ, subramosæ, basi sæpius radicantes, glaberrimæ. Folia rigide coriacea, nervosa, ovata v. lanceolata, sessilia v. cordato-amplexicaulia. Flores magni, in racemo terminali v. rarius axillari plures. Bracteæ breves, latæ.

Species 6, America australis tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 432. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. t. 632. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 91, 92. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 1; in Bonpl. 1854, 97; et in Linnau xli. 65. Bot. Mag. t. 5485.

222. Sertifera, Lindl. Herb.; Reichb. f. in Linnuca xli. 63.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecto-patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia nisi paullo angustiora. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, latissimum, membranaceum, ventricosum, ecalcaratum, marginibus columnam involvens, medio lamella oblique transversa quasi in saccos 2 superpositos divisum. Columna longiuscula, tenuis, exalata, apoda, rostello lato concavo membranaceo; clinandrium breve. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta v. incumbens, loculis discretis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, in quoque loculo (si rite observata) 4, appendice copiosa laxe granulosa connexa. Capsula . . —Herba terrestris, rhizomate repente, caule elato foliato. Folia in vagina longa, sessilia, plicato-venosa. Racemi breves, fere in umbellam contracti, ad axillas pedunculati. Flores parvuli, longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, angustæ.

Species 1, Ecuadoronsis, S. purpurea, Lindl., cui addidit Reichb. f. alteram Peruvianam, S. virgatam, a nobis non visam, quæ racemo terminali dissitifioro, labello oblongo sub-3-lobo forte non vere congener.

223. Corymbis (etiam Corymborchis), Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 37, 38. (Hysteria, Reinw. in Blume, Cat. Hort. Buitenz. 99, nomen tantum; et in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 5. Rhynchanthera, Blume, Bijdr. tabell. 78, ex ejusd. Orch. Archip. Ind. 125. Macrostylis, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum tab. 1. Chloidia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 484.)-Sepala et petala linearia, diu in tubum conniventia v. subcohærentia, apice in laminas subpatentes plus minus dilatatum. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, lineare, canaliculatum, apice in laminam breviter recurvam dilatatum. Columna longa, erecta, teres, apice clavata, lobis v. auriculis 2 erectis terminata; stigma ad basin rostelli erecti acuminati transverse saccatum, margine inferiore sæpius incrassato; clinandrium breve. Anthera erecta, angusta, rostello subæquilonga, acuminata, loculis contiguis; pollinia granulosa, anthera dehiscente stipiti subuliformi a glandula peltata rostelli dependenti affixa; pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum remanet. Capsula linearis, subteres, perianthii reliquiis brevibus et columna persistente coronata.—Herbæ elatæ, terrestres, foliatæ, interdum ramosæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate fasciculatis. Folia ampla, venis elevatis subplicata, in vaginis appressis sessilia v. breviter petiolata. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, secus ramos paniculæ brevis axillaris v. terminalis subcorymbosæ dissiti, subsessiles. Bracteæ parvæ, ovatæ.

Species 6 v. 7, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 311. Roichb. f. in Flora, 1865, 183, et in Bonpl. 1854, 11, 96 (Macrostylis). Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 125, t. 42, 43.

Species Americanæ a Lindleyo sub nomine Chloidiæ a gerontogeis distinctæ, nec habitu nec characteribus differunt. Genus in integrum servatum naturalissimum est, nulli nisi Tropidiæ

nne. Q Q vol. III.

224. Tropidia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 497. (Decaisnea, Lindl. in Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 7388, nomen. Cnomidia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 462. Ptychochilus, Schau, in Pl. Meyen. 431, t. 12 B. Govindovia, Wight, Ic. vi. 34, t. 2090.)—Sepala conniventia, posticum angustum, lateralia latiora, basi sub labello in mentum breve connata. Petala sepalo postico subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnse sessile, erectum, canaliculatum concavum v. basi in saccum seu calcar breve obtusum productum, sepalis subæquilongum, indivisum, sæpe acuminatum. brevis nunc brevissima, rostello longo erecto utrinque membranaceo-dilatato antheram amplectente, apice in acumen longum subulatum producto; stigma ad basin acuminis crassum, cavum, fere horizontale; clinandrium pone rostellum vix prominens. Anthera erecta, angusta, acuminata, rostello subbrevior, loculis contiguis; pollinia granulosa, anthera dehiscente stipiti subuliformi a glandula peltata rostelli dependenti affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum remanet. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, acutangula, erecta v. subpatens.—Herbæ terrestres, elatæ, foliatæ, sæpe ramosæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate fasciculatis. Folia ampla v. arundinacea, venis elevatis subplicata. Flores mediocres, spicis brevibus densis ad apices ramorum solitariis v. paucis. Bractee herbacee, nunc subulatæ erectæ, nunc latiores disticho-patentes.

Species ad 5, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 121, t. 40, 41. Reuchh. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 295; in Linnæa xxv. 230; Otia Hamb. 51 (Cnemidia).

225. Altensteinia, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Np. i. 332, t. 72, 73.—Sepala subæqualia, nunc libera patentia v. reflexa, nunc erecto-patentia basi breviter connata. Petala sepalis similia nisi tenuiora v. minora. Labellum superum, sessile, erectum, rotundatum, basi columnam amplectens eique interdum breviter adnatum, demum planum v. late concavum, indivisum, sæpe ciliato-fimbriatum. Columna brevis, exalata, apoda; stigma sub rostello amplo erecto membranaceo-dilatato late concavum v. profunde excavatum fere saccatum; clinandrium postice breve, lateribus membranaceo-dilatatis cum rostello continuis laceris v. integris. Anthera sessilis, erecta, ovata, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, oblonga, anthera dehiscente a glandula terminali rostelli pendula. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. subglobosa.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris radicalibus m rhizomate brevi fasciculatis, caule ima basi foliato v. aphyllo plurivaginato erecto simplici. Folia ovata v. angusta, nunc ad basin caulis pauca, nunc in gemma distincta subfasciculata. Flores mediocres v. parvi, dense spicati. Bracteæ membranaceo-scariosæ, in spica juniore imbricatæ.

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ andinæ incolæ. Lindl. (ien. et Sp. Orch. 449; et in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, xv. 385. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 17; iii. 18.

AA, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 18, genus ad Altensteiniam paleaceam, H. B. et K. propositum, species 2 includit, scape florente aphyllo, vaginis bracteisque scarioso-hyalinis, floribus parvis, sepalis petalisque basi subconnatis, labello etiam in flore aperto valde concavo. Myrosmodes, Reichb. f. Aen. Orch. i. 19, t. 8, ab Aa parum differt columna paullo longiore, et ab ipso auctore, Ken. Orch. iii. 18, ad Altensteiniam revocatur.

226. Pterichis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 444. (Acrea, Lindl. in Benth. Pl. Hartw. 155.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, posticum pendulum, lateralia erecta. Petala sepalo postico angustiora, patentia, libera v. diu sepalo adherentia. Labellum superum, erectum, ad basin columnæ sessile eique subadnatum, latissimum, concavum, subgaleatum, intus pubescens v. callosum, lobi laterales lati erecti columnam occultantes, medius angustus recurvus. Columna brevissima, lata; stigma concavum sub rostello terminali erecto basi lato postice (antheram versus) concavo medio in acumen angustum producto; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera erecta, oblonga, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, angusta, anthera dehiscente a glandula terminali rostelli pendula. Capsula erecta, oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis subcarnosis. Folia ad basin caulis erecti simplicis pauca. Flores mediocres, in scapo vaginato aphyllo laxe spicati, ad axillas bractearum lanceolatarum sessiles.

Species ad 6, Americæ tropicæ australis incolæ. Lindl. Orch. Linden. 26, et in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, xv. 386 (Acræa). Reichb. f. in Bonplandia 1854, 10; Xen. Orch. iii. 18, 83 (Acræa). Genus ab Altensteinia parum differt, imprimis labelli forma.

227. Cranichis, Sw. in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 226.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, posticum (inferum) patens, lateralia sæpius latiora, erecta v. patentia. Petala angusta, patentia, a columna libera v. vix ima basi brevissime adnata. Labellum (superum) ad basin columnæ sessile (v. unguiculatum?), erectum, concavum fornicatum v. postice subsaccatum, columnam amplectens, indivisum. Columna brevis nunc brevissima, rostello amplo erecto v. apice incurvo, columna sæpe longiore, postice (antheram versus) concavo v. 2-alato, antice stigmatoso; clinandrium breve. Anthera in margine clinandrii sessilis v. stipitata, erecta, rostello parallela eoque subbrevior, loculis distinctis; pollinia pulvereogranulosa, acuminata, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi v. repente subfasciculatis. Folia radicalia v. ima basi caulis conferta, lata, patentia, membranacea, sessilia v. longe petiolata. Scapus sæpius tenuis, interdum clatus, simplex, paucivaginatus. Flores parvi, in spica conferti v. dissiti. Bracteæ breves v. angustæ.

Species fere 20, Americæ tropicæ Andinæ Mexici et Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Lindl. Gcn. et Sp. Orch. 450; Orch. Lind. 27; et in Ann. Nat. Hist. scr. 1, xv. 385. Reichb. f. in Flora 1865, 274; Otia Hamb. 4, 83; Orch. Centr. Amer. 62; et in Lunnæa xli. 19, 52. Sw. Fl. Ind. Occid. t. 29. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 74 (Ophrys). Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 123 (Pontheva).

C. parvilabris, Lindl. Orch. Lind. 27, ex speciminibus nostris est Ponthievæ species. Ocampoa, A. Rioh. et Gal. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 31, in herb. Lindl. ad Prescottiam refertur. Specimina nobis desunt, sed analysis in herb. Lindl. characteres omnes Cranichidis ostendit, excepto labello unguiculato.

228. Prescottia (errore Prescotia), Lindl. in Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 115. (Decaisnea, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 192, t. 39. Galeoglossum, A. Rich. ct Gal. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iii. 31.)—Sepala membranacea, basi in cyathum brevem v. in tubum longiorem connata, superne patentia v. sæpius revoluta. Petala angusta, tenuia, basi columna adnata. Labelli (superi) unguis cyatho sepalino adnatus, lamina erecta, lata, subcarnosa, valde concava fornicata cucullata v. fere clausa, basi 2-auriculata, columnam sæpe includens. Columna brevissima; stigmata 2, subdistincta, ad basin rostelli erecti lati membranacci obtusi v. retusi; clinandrium erectum, acuminatum v. quasi in filamentum productum, marginibus cum rostello connatis. Anthera in margine v. acumine clinandrii erecta, sæpius brevis, loculis divergentibus; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente lobis rostelli sæpius sigillatim affixa. Capsula parva, erecta, ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate fasciculatis interdum carnosis, caule foliato tenui v. elato simplici, supra folia plurivaginato. Folia ad basin caulis conferta v. radicalia, sessilia v. longe petiolata, parva v. ampla, membranacea. Bracteze flore parvi nunc minimi, in spica densa v. tenui numerosi, subsessiles. breviores.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 453, et in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, xv. 386. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 48 B. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 806, iii. 594; in Bonplandia 1855, 66; in Linnæa xix. 377; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 98. Bot. Reg. t. 1915. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 990.

229. Ponthieva, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 199.—Sepala libera, patentia, nunc subæqualia, nunc lateralia postico latiora interdumque inter se connata. Petala alte columnæ adnata, ab apice columnæ patentia, sepalis angustiora. Labelli (superi) unguis basi columnæ adnatus, ab apice columnæ breviter patens, ascendens, lobis lateralibus auriculatis; lamina abrupte dilatata, patens, nunc minima. Columna brevis v. longiuscula, subteres, apice dilatata; stigma sub rostello erecto dilatato postice concavo latum, excavatum; clinandrium breve. Anthera pone rostellum erecta eoque brevior,

oblonga, parum convexa, loculis contiguis; pollinia in loculis sub-2-partita, pulvereogranulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ v. pilosæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis. Scapus elongatus, simplex. Folia subradicalia, ovata v. lanceolata, plus minus petiolata, membranacea. Flores mediocres, in racemo laxo sæpius glanduloso-pubescente breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ angustæ, sæpius parvæ.

Species edite ad 10, per Americam calidiorem a Bolivia usque ad Mexicum et Americam borealis civitates australes dispersa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 444, et in Ann. Nat. Hist. scr. 1, xv. 385. Reichb. f. Orch. Centr. Amer. 63; in Linnaa xxviii. 382, xli. 18, 52, 101; Xen. Orch. iii. 18. A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 87. Bot. Mag. t. 842 (Neottia), 6637. Bot. Reg. t. 760. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1190.

230. Wallschlesgelia, Reichb. f. in Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 639, et in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 131.—Sepala tenuia, erecta, conniventia, posticum liberum, lateralia paullo latiora, basi in mentum breve v. elongatum calcariforme coalita. Petala sepalo postico similia, nisi minora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, latum, concavum, intus nudum, basi in saccum seu calcar intra sepalorum mentum productum, indivisum. Columna brevissima; stigma sub rostello brevi lato erecto integrum; clinandrium breve. Anthera erecta, sessilis, ovata, vix acuminata, loculis distinctis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente glandulæ parvæ rostelli affixa. Capsula parva, ovoidea, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, aphyllæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis leviter incrassatis, caule simplici tenuissimo squamis paucis parvis instructo. Flores minimi, in spica laxa subsessiles. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 2, altera Indiæ occidentalis incola, perianthii mento brevi gibbiformi, labello basi breviter saccato, Sw. Fl. Ind. Occid. t. 29, f. 1 (Cranichis); altera (W. calcarata, Benth.) ad fluvium Uaupės Brasiliæ borealis a Spruceo lecta sub n. 2847, perianthii mento longiuscule et anguste calcariformi calcar labelli includente. Flos in utraque specie minus distincte reversus quam in Cranichide, cui cæterum genus valde affine est.

231. Pseudocentrum, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 63.—Sepalum posticum (inferum) liberum, angustum, incurvum, lateralia breviora, latiora, basi connata et in mentum longissime lineare calcariforme ascendens producta. Petala angustata, libera. Labellum (superum) basi columnæ adnatum, ab apice columnæ patens, longissime lineare canaliculatumque intra sepalorum mentum inclusum, juxta columnam lobis 2 erectis auriculatum, apice (in fundo calcaris) breviter clausum, lobo medio parvo lineari inflexo. Columna brevis nunc brevissima; stigma ad basin rostelli erecti late membranacei medio acuminati profunde excavatum; clinandrium breve, membranaceo-dilatatum, marginibus cum rostello continuis. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, ovata, loculis contiguis. Pollinia oblonga, pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula terminali rostelli pendula. Capsula . .—Herbæ terrestres, elatæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis carnosis, caulibus foliatis simplicibus erectis. Folia radicalia plura, longe petiolata, membranacea, caulina pauca, superiora ad vaginas reducta. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in spica longa numerosi, subsessiles. Bracteæ membranaceæ.

Species 4 v. 5, Andium Americæ australis, Americæ centralis et Jamaicæ incolæ, quarum 3 solæ, altera Jamasoniana, altera Purdieana, cum tertia Jamaicensi, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1382, nobis notæ sunt. P. Hoffmanni et P. bursarium, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 53, non vidimus.

232. Comphichis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 446.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, a basi patentia, subincurva. Petala sepalis similia nisi minora. Labellum (superum) a basi columnæ erectum, in unguem brevem contractum, lamina lata concava subgaleata indivisa v. 3-loba columnam obtegente. Columna subteres, antrorsum incurva, sæpius villosa; stigma ad basin rostelli ampli erecti supra carinati latum, concavum; clinandrium membranaceo-dilatatum, marginibus cum rostello continuis. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, ovata, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula terminali rostelli pendula. Capsula ovoidea, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris

radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis carnosis, caule foliato erecto simplici. Folia lanceolata v. elongata, inferiora in petiolum contracta, superiora ad vaginas herbaceas reducta. Flores parvuli, in spica densa v. rarius laxa numerosi, sessiles. Perianthium supra ovarium sæpius inflexum. Bracteæ membranaceæ, floribus breviores.

Species 4 v. 5, Andium Americæ australis incolæ. Genus a Reichb. f. in Bonplandia 1856, 211 ad Stenopteram reductum fuit, sed satis distinctum videtur imprimis perianthii forma, et ab auctore eodem iterum admittitur in Xen. Orch. iii. 20.

233. Stenoptera, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 95, t. 14. (Porphyrostachys, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 18.)—Sepala subæqualia, basi in tubum tenuem connata, superne libera, incurva, suberecta, æqualia v. posticum (inferum) angustum. Petala sepalis angustiora v. minora. Labellum (superum) a basi columnæ erectum, ovatum, basi in unguem contractum, lamina plana v. concava. Columna subteres, recta v. incurva, exalata; stigma ad basin rostelli erecti ampli supra carinati latum concavum; clinandrium elevatum, lateribus membranaceis nunc a rostello distinctis nunc cum ejus marginibus in cyathum connatis. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, ovata v. oblonga, loculis contiguis, valvis latis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula terminali rostelli pendula. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis carnosulis, caule foliato elato simplici supra folia plurivaginato. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, subradicalia, basi contracta v. breviter petiolata. Flores in spica densa speciosi v. in spica tenui mediocres. Bracteæ nunc membranaceæ coloratæ, nunc parvulæ.

Species 3, America tropica montana incola, a Brasilia et Bolivia usque ad Indiam occidentalem extensa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 447. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 73 (Altensteinia); Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 131.

234. **Meottia**, Linn. Gen. ed. i. 271. (Neottidium, Schlecht. ex Link, Handb. i. 249.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, concava, demum patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, sepalis longius, basi cavum v. subplanum, apice 2-lobum. Columna erecta v. incurva, longiuscula, subteres, exalata, apoda; stigma sub rostello antrorsum inclinato transversum; clinandrium truncatum v. obliquum posticeque brevissime productum. Anthera in margine clinandrii erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, loculis contiguis; pollen pulvereo-granulosum in massas laxe cohærens, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendulas v. mox dissolutas. Capsula ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, erecta v. subpatens, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, aphyllæ, fibris radicalibus brevibus carnosis numerosis dense fasciculatis. Caulis erectus, simplex, vaginis pluribus concoloribus superne laxis sed limbo orbatis. Flores breviter pedicellati, dense v. laxe racemosi. Bractæe parvæ.

Species nobis notæ 3, Europæ et Asiæ borcalis v. montanæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. ct Sp. Oroh. 457, ct in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 176. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 473, 478, f. 1, 2. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monoc. iii. n. 18 (Neottidium). Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 9. Dene. in Jasquem. Voy. Bot. t. 163 (N. Lindleyana, quæ nobis videtur N. listeroidis, Lindl., var.).

Labellum in N. Nidus-avis basi concavum est, in N. listeroide, Lindl., basi angustius planumque v. fere convexum. N. micrantha, Lindl., est species valde dubia et verisimiliter non congener, e specimine unico nota, a el. auctore a Prescottio recopto cum habitatione 'Sibiria,' sed nec a Ledebourio nec ab ullo alio auctore Rossico visa.

235. **Zistera**, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 201. (Diphryllum, Raf. in Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808) 220.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia v. reflexa. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, dein sæpius pendulum, sepalis longius, angustum, integrum v. 2-fidum. Columna brevissima, crassa, exalata, apoda; stigma sub rostello terminali v. antrorsum inclinato transversum; clinandrium membranaceum, postice extensum, erectum, antheram sæpe æquans. Anthera a basi clinandrii antrorsum inclinatum loculis contiguis; pollinia in loculis sæpius bipartita, laxe pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula obovoidea v. subglobosa, crecta

v. subpatens, erostris, angulis obtusissimis.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis. Caules erecti, simplices, paucivaginati, medio foliis 2 latis suboppositis instructi. Flores parvuli, in racemo sæpius elongato breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 10, Europee, Asiæ temperatæ et montanæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 455, ct in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 175. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 478, f. 3 ad 5, t. 479, 480. Necs, Gen. Fl. Cerm. Monoc. iii. n. 19. Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 9. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 135, t. 38 ct 48 L. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 205.

236. Spiranthes, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 50. (Aristotelea, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 522, non Lhér. Ibidium, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 291, pro parte absque char. Gyrostachis, Pers. Syn. Pl. ii. 511, sub Neottia indicata. Cyclopogon, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 93, t. 13, f. 1 male.)—Sepala libera, subæqualia, posticum erectum, cum petalis in galeam connivens v. cohærens v. apice patens, lateralia ovarii apici plus minus oblique affixa v. decurrentia, erecta v. patentia. Labellum sessile v. distincte unguiculatum, erectum, seepe angustum, concavum, columnam amplectens eique seepe adherens, apice patens, indivisum v. 3-lobum, intus callis v. lamina duplici plus minus appendiculatum. Columna teres, basi sepius in apice obliquo ovarii plus minus decurrens nec in pedem liberum producta; stigma sub rostello erecto nunc brevi obtuso nunc elongato membranaceodilatato latum; clinandrium postice breve, marginibus interdum elevatis cum rostello continuis. Anthera erecta, ovata v. oblonga, sessilis v. stipitata, rostello brevior v. longior, loculis discretis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, interdum in caudiculam brevem producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-dentatum relinquentia. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erecta.—Herbie terrestres, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi sæpius carnosis fasciculatis interdum in tubera incrassatis, caulibus foliatis v. florentibus aphyllis. Folia in diversis sectionibus diversa. Flores parvi v. majusculi, in spica unilaterali v. densa sessiles.

Species ad 80, per regiones temperatas tropicasque utriusque orbis late dispersae.

Sectiones sequentes a variis auctoribus pro generibus propriis accipiuntur sed characteribus diversis limitantur:—

- 1. Euspiranthes. Folia caulina angusta v. rarius lata, sessilia v. in petiolum sæpius brevem contracta. Flores parvuli secus lineam spiralem v. rarius rectam secundi. Sepala lateralia ovario oblique affixa v. breviter decurrentia. Species temperatæ v. tropicæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 463. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 474 ad 477: Orch. Centr. Amer. 65; in Bonpl. 1854, 11; 1855, 214: 1856, 211; in Linnæa xxv. 230; Xen. Orch. iii. 20; Otia Hamb. 84. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 16. Barla, Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 10. Bab. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. t. 32. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 30. Hook. Journ. Bot. iii. t. 12. Wight, Ic. t. 1724. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 37, 38, 45, 48 (Gyrostachys). Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 203. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 128, 129. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 110. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 179, f. 1. Link, Kh et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 1568, 5277. Bot. Reg. t. 602, 794, 823, 1934. Sweet, Brit. Ft. Gard. t. 42 (icones antiquiores pleræque sub Neottia).
- 2. Sauroglossum. Folia subradicalia longiuscule petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata. Spica laxa vix secunda. Flores quam in Euspiranthe sæpius majores. Sepala lateralia ovario oblique v. fere recte affixa, vix v. non decurrentia. Species tropicæ Americanæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 601. Red. Lil. t. 164. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 376. Bot. Mag. t. 2026 (omnes sub Neottia). Sauroglossum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1618; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 480. Synassa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 481. Spiranthem elatam, A. Rich., ad hanc sectionem reforrinus, sed a Sauroglosso elato, Lindl., specifice distincts videtur.
- 3. Sarcoglottis. Folia radicalia longiuscule petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata. Spica laxa v. densa, vix secunda. Flores quam in Euspiranthe majores, nunc magni. Sepala lateralia cum columnæ basi in ovario plus minus decurrentia nec mentum distinctum formantia. Species tropicæ Americanæ. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 105. Bot. Mag. t. 1562, 2730. Bot. Reg. t. 1043 (omnes sub Neottia). Reichb. f. Orch. Centr. Amer. 66; in Bonpl. 1854, 11; 1856, 211; et in Linnæa xix. 378, xxviii. 382, et xxii. 815 (Stenorhynchus). Sancoglottis, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 95, t. 15. Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843; Misr. 60.

- 4. Stenorhynchus. Caules sæps elati, interdum foliati. Folia radicalia basi breviter v. longe angustata. Spica sæpius densa. Flores sæpius majusculi v. magni. Sepala lateralia cum columnæ basi in ovarium longe decurrentia, basi in mentum distinctum prominentia. Species tropicæ Americanæ. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 71. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 600. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 3, 4. Bot. Mag. t. 1036, 1374, 2797 (omnes sub Neottia). Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 179, f. 2, 3. STENORRHYNCHUS, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 59 (nomen); Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 476, et in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, xv. 386. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. 109. Bot. Reg. t. 701 (Neottia); 1847, t. 65. Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1855, 177; 1856, 211, et in Linnæa xli. 101. Præter species ad Stenorrhynchum relatas huc pertinent etiam Spiranthes hirta, Lindl., S. bonariensis, Lindl., aliæque.
- 237. Baskervilla, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 505.—Sepala subæquilonga, erecta, posticum liberum, lateralia fere ad apicem connata, basi sub labello mentum latum formantia. Petala angusta, basi contracta et columnæ appressa (v. ex Lindleyo adnata). Labellum basi columnæ affixum, ungue brevi patente, lobis 2 erectis juxta columnam auriculato, lamina erecta basi late saccata. Columna brevissima, teres, clavata, rostello magno erecto bialato acuminato, facie supera (antheram versus) leviter concava, infera (labellum versus) carnoso-incrassata apice 2-dentata; stigma inter dentes et acumen rostelli horizontale, cavatum; clinandrium brevissimum. Anthera breviter stipitata, erecta, acuminata, rostello parum brevior, loculis contiguis; pollinia in quoque loculo 2, fere solida læviaque (demum pulverea?), ovoideo-oblonga, in caudiculas longas connatas producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate repente fasciculatis, caule erecto simplici basi paucifoliato. Folia membranacea, oblongo-lanceolata, in petiolum contracta. Flores parvuli, in spica densiuscula sessiles. Bracteæ angustæ, inferiores flores æquantes.
- Species 1, Peruviana, e specimine unico adhuc nota. Genus certo inter Neotticas Spirantheas collocandum, sed rostelli et polliniorum indole singulare. Analysis in herb. Lindleyano delineata a floribus a nobis examinatis pluribus notis differt.
- 238. Pelexia, Lindl. Gen. et Np. Orch. 482, quoad species calcaratas.—Sepalum posticum erectum, cum petalis in galeam angustam setaceo-acuminatam connatum, lateralia linearia, basi in appendicem longe linearem calcariformem acutam latere superiore subapertam connata. Labellum ad basin columna peltatim affixa, erecta, linearis, canaliculata, basi in laminam longam carinato-complicatam v. calcariformem intra calcar sepalorum productum, a calcare liberum (v. plus minus adnatum?). Columna brevis, apoda; stigma latum, ad basin rostelli erecti longe subulato-acuminati; clinandrium breve. Anthera pone rostellum erecta, oblongo-linearis, loculis contiguis; pollinia angusta, pulvereogranulosa, anthera dehiscente ab apice rostelli pendula. Capsula erecta, oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, fibris in rhizomate sæpius repente fasciculatis. Folia radicalia longe petiolata v. ad basin caulis simplicis plurivaginati pauca, conferta, petiolis brevibus. Flores mēdiocres, in spica nunc densa nunc elongata laxioreque subsessiles. Bracteæ angustæ v. lanceolatæ.
- Species 7 v. 8, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Americam centralem incolæ. Reichb. f. Orch. Centr. Amer. 102; in Bonplundia 1854, 11; Otia Hamb. 83; et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 97. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. 7, 124. Bot. Mag. t. 3403 (Neottia).
- PRIEXIA, Poit. ex L. C. Rich. Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 59, nomen tantum (Collea, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 760, Priexia, mindl. Bot. Reg. t. 985) includit Spiranthem adnatam et Pelexiam domingensem, Lindl. Priexia, Spreng. Syst. iii. 677, 704, includit Spiranthem adnatam cum Cephalanthera speciebus Japonicis culcaratis.
- 239. Physurus, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 55, nomen. (Erythrodes, Blume, Bijdr. 410, t. 72. Microchilus, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 94; Symb. Bot. t. 15, 16.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. subpatentia. Petala cum sepalo postico in galeam cenniventia v. cohærentia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum eique interdum breviter adnatum, subtus in calcar descendens acutum obtusum v. subdidymum productum, superne cavum, abrupte contractum, lamina terminali patente v. recurva integra v. varie 2-fida. Columna

brevis nunc brevissima, exalata; stigma ad basin rostelli erecti longiusculi cavum; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera erecta, breviter acuminata, loculis contiguis distinctis; pollinia granulosa (sectilia v in speciebus nonnullis Americanis pulverea?), anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli sæpius majuscula oblonga pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum alte 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula oblonga v. ovoidea, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, foliatæ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate repente sæpius fasciculatis. Caules ascendentes v. erecti, simplices. Folia petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea, in speciebus Americanis sæpe picta. Flores parvi v. mediocres, in spica laxa v. densa sæpe elongata subsessiles. Bracteæ parvæ v. angustæ.

Species ad 20, regionum calidiorum America et Asia incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 501, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 180. Reichb. f. in Bonplandia 1855, 214; 1856, 211; in Flora 1865, 274; Orch. Centr. Amer. 63; Xen. Orch. t. 178; Otia Hamb. 83. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 95, t. 27, 28. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 347 (Goodyera). A. Rich. Fl. Cub. t. 88. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 449. Bot. Mag. t. 5305. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 73.

QUETILETIA, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 117, t. 37 (ORCHIPEDUM, Bredu, Orch. Kuhl et Huss. cum tab. 1), ab auctore a Physuro distinguitur flore toto imprimis rostello cum anthera antrorsum inclinato et nobis potius pro sectione Physuri habenda videtur.

Physurus glandulosus, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 180, est Cystorchis species.

240. Ancectochilus, Blume, Fl. Jav. Praf. 6. (Anecochilus, Blume, Bijdr. 411, t. 15. Chrysobaphus, Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. 37, t. 27.)—Sepala libera, posticum erectum v. recurvum, cum petalis in galeam agglutinatum, lateralia patentia, obliqua. Labellum pedi columnæ adnatum, patens, subtus in calcar descendens obtusum v. acutiusculum productum, ungue elongato longe fimbriato, lamina 2-loba in alabastro incumbente, demum patente. Columna brevissima, antice sub stigmate interdum nec semper 2auriculata v. 2-lamellata; stigma sub rostello antrorsum elongato lato bicallosum; clinandrium plus minus dilatatum, cum marginibus rostelli continuum, cyathiforme. Anthera ad marginem clinandrii in rostello inclinata v. suberecta, brevis v. acuminata, loculis discretis; pollinia granulosa (sectilia) in caudiculas breves v. elongatas connatasque producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula oblonga, erecta, sæpius acutangula, erostris.- Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate repente non tuberoso, caule foliato ascendente v. erecto. Folia prope basin caulis conferta v. subradicalia, petiolata, ovata, rigidule membranacea, sæpe eleganter picta. Flores mediocres, in spica laxa v. racemo pauci, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Bractese flore breviores.

Species ad 8, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 498, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 178, pro parte. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 44, t. 12, 17. Wight, Ic. t. 1731. Bot. Mag. t. 4123, 5208. Bot. Reg. t. 2010.

A. lanceolatus, Lindl., A. grandiflorus, Lindl., A. flavus, Lindl., A. Jauberti, Gaudich., et A. lonyi-florus, Reichb., labello ecalcarato, ad Odontochilum pertinent. A. albolineatus, Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 141, species eadem videtur ac A. brevilabris, Lindl.

241. Vrydagzenia, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 71, t. 17, 19, 20.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, posticum erectum cum petalis in galeam cohærens, lateralia patentia. Labellum sessile, basi in calcar obtusum seu saccum inter sepala lateralia protrusum productum, erectum, concavum, lamina minima v. rarius dilatato-2-loba; calcar intus callis 2 longe stipitatis a columnæ basi descendentibus instructum. Columna brevissima, stigmata 2, ad latera rostelli brevis erecti discreta; clinandrium breve. Anthera erecta, ovata, loculis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas breves producta; anthera dehiscente glandulæ ovatæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, debiles, ascendentes, foliosæ, habitu fere Hetæriæ. Folia ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea, in petiolum brevem contracta. Flores mediocres v. parvuli, in spica sæpius brevi densa supra folia ultima sessili v. rarius elongata longiusque pedunculata sessiles. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species 8, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 51. Hic includitur præter species Blumeanas Anactochilus sandwicensis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 500.

242. Cystorchis, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 87, t. 24, 36.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, posticum erectum cum petalis in galeam connivens v. cohærens, lateralia subpatentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile v. ei subadnatum, subtus in saccum seu calcar obtusum inter sepala lateralia protrusum productum, intus nudum v. vesiculis 2 intus callosis instructum, superne patens, lanceolatum, indivisum. Columna brevissima; stigma crassum, rostellum magnum erectum latum antice fere omnino obtegens sub acumine longiusculo duplici; clinandrium breve v. elevatum, marginibus cum rostello in cyathum connatis. Anthera ad marginem clinandrii sessilis semi-immersa, v. in clinandrio brevi substipitata, erecta, ovata, loculis distinctis; pollinia sectilia, plus minus in caudiculas producta, anthera dehiscente glandulæ lineari v. oblongæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum profunde 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, caule foliato e rhizomate repente ascendente v. erecto simplici. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, petiolata, ovata, crassiuscule membranacea, discoloria v. picta. Flores parvuli, in spica densa v. laxiuscula sessiles.

Species typicæ 2, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, labello basi 2-vesiculoso, clinandrio elevato. In C. obscura, Blume, l. c. 89, t. 37, vesiculæ laterales labelli deesse videntur sed species dubie tantum ab auctore huc refertur. In Ætheria fusca, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 184, e Himalaya, labellum vesiculis intus callosis omnino caret et clinandrium breve anthera substipitata, sed calcar latum subinflatum inter sepala protrusum et characteres cæteri uti habitus omnino Cystorchidis nec Hetæriæ.

243. **Ecryysma**, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, tenuia, posticum erectum, fornicatum, lateralia patentia. Petala libera, sepalis lateralibus subsimilia. Labellum erectum, concavum, marginibus columnæ adnatum, subtus in calcar longiusculum descendens productum, intus 2-lamellatum, apice in laminam patentem rotundatam integram v. sub-3-lobam dilatatum. Columna brevis; stigma ad basin rostelli elongati erecti latiusculi 2-fidi prominens; clinandrium membranaceo-dilatatum, alte cupulatum. Anthera ad marginem clinandrii dorsifixa, semi-immersa, erecta, oblonga, loculis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in quoque loculo in caudiculas læves duriusculas quasi 2-valvas producta, anthera dehiscente lobis rostelli applicita. Capsula ovoideo-oblonga, erecta, acutangula.—Herba longe procurrens, foliosa, caulibus ascendentibus. Folia membranacea, ovato-lanceolata, in petiolum contracta, vaginis laxis hyalinis. Flores mediocres, in spica densa intra folia ultima sessili conferti. Bracteæ tenues, lanceolatæ.

Species 1, Himalaica. Lindl. Cien. et Sp. Orch. 506. Flores primo aspectu iis Myrmechi similes, sed calcare facile distinguendi, et polliniorum caudiculæ (saltem in floribus examinatis) ab omnibus a nobis examinatis different.

244. Zeuxine, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618. (Adenostyles, Blume, Bijdr. 414, non Cass. Tripleura, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618. Psychechilus, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum tab. 1.)—Sepala subæqualia, posticum erectum concavum, lateralia patentia, libera. Petala angusta, cum sepalo postico sæpius in galeam cohærentia. Labellum basi columnæ brevissime adnatum, erectum, basi concavum v. subsaccatum, e sepalis lateralibus tamen non protrusum, intus varie 2-callosum v. nudum, supra basin plus minus contractum; lamina nunc parva integra sepalis brevior, nunc elongata apice 2-fida lobis patentibus v. 2-valvatim erectis. Columna brevissima; stigma ad basin rostelli lati membranacci erecti v. antrorsum inclinati depressum, v. in callos 2 viscosos divisum; clinandrium breve, cum marginibus rostelli continuum. Anthera erecta v. antrorsum inclinata, oblonga, breviter apiculata, loculis contiguis valvis exterioribus latis; pollen grosse granulosum (sectile), sæpe vix in massas cohærens, anthera dehiscente stipiti lineari v. cuneato a rostelli glandula descendenti affixum. Capsula parva, erecta, ovoidea v. subglobosa.—Herbæ terrestres, teneræ v. humiles, rhizomate breviter repente (interdum e tubere perenni oriundo?), caule ascendente v. erecto foliato simplici. Folia nunc linearia supra

vaginam subsessilia nunc ovata v. lanceolata, petiolata, membranacea. Flores parvi, in spica densa v. tenuiore sessilia. Bractese membranacese, flore breviores, rarius scariosse flores superantes.

Species ad 16, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 485, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 186. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 65. Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 34. Lindley Tripleuram a Zeuxine distinxit labello supero nec infero, charactere tamen ab auctore serius emendato. Blume sectiones 3 indicavit, quibus addimus quartam a Blumeo pro genere proprio receptam:—

- 1. Euseuxine, caule humili, foliis angustis linearibus gramineis in vagina subsessilibus, labelli parte cava intus nuda v. callis 2 parvis instructa. Flores parvi. Wight, Ic. t. 1724 bis, 1725, 1726. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 67, t. 19, 22, 23.
- 2. Lathrodus, Blume, caule tenero ascendente, foliis petiolatis ovatis v. lanceolatis, labelli parte cava intus prope marginem utrinque callo reflexo instructa, lamina minima integra. Flores parvi. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 71. t. 18, 23.
- 3. Psychechilus, Blume, habitu et foliis Luthrodi sed labelli lamina 2-fida. Flores parvi. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 69, t. 18, 23, 39.
- 4. Monochilus, habitus Goodyeræ, foliis petiolatis ovatis, labelli parte cava intus varie 2- v. 4 callosa, lamina sæpius a sepalis exserta, interdum demum elongato-2-fida. Flores quam in præcedentibus paullo majores. Monochilus, Wall.; Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 486, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 186. Wight, Ic. t. 1728. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 87; Otia Hamb. 52, 110; in Bonpl. 1857, 35, et in Linnæa xli. 60. Haplochilus, Endl. Gen. Suppl. ii. 20; Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 109, t. 39, 48.
- 245. Cheirostylis, Blume, Bijdr. 413, t. 16.—Sepala membranacea, ad medium in tubum coalita, æqualia v. basi breviter in mentum producta. Petala sepalo postico adnata, interdum vix distinguenda. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, angustum, canaliculatum, intus basi 2-callosum, apice in laminam 2-lobam sæpe fimbriatam dilatatum. Columna brevis, apice processubus seu brachiis 2 erectis angustis rostello æquilongis appendiculata; stigma sub rostello erecto acuminato alte 2-lobo cavum; clinandrium breve, cum brachiis columnæ et marginibus rostelli basi continuum. Anthera erecta, acuminata, loculis ad basin brevibus discretis; pollinia sectilia, anthera dehiscente stipiti plano lineari-cuneato a glandula oblonga rostelli dependenti affixa; pollinario delapso columna apice subæqualiter 4-brachiata apparet (ob rostelli lobos columnæ brachiis subsimiles). Capsula obovoidea v. oblonga, acutangula, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, debiles, interdum pusillæ, rhizomate repente, caulibus foliatis simplicibus ascendentibus v. erectis. Folia petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, in racemo laxiusculo plures, breviter pedicellati.

Species ad 8, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 488, et in Journ. Lann. Soc. i. 187. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 53, t. 13, 17, 39. A. Rish. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. t. 12 (Goodyera). Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 350 (Zeuxine). Wight, Ic. t. 1727. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 141; Otia Hamb. 110.

246. Odentochilus, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 79, t. 29, 36.—Sepalum posticum erectum, cum petalis in galeam connivens v. cohærens, lateralia latiora, basi obliqua, cum pede columnæ in mentum sub labello connata. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, ecalcaratum, sed basi in gibbum seu saccum obtusum intus 2-callosum intra sepala lateralia dilatatum et interdum didymum, ungue supra saccum patente margine fimbriato-lacero v. dentato; lamina seu lobus medius emarginatus v. 2-fidus, in alabastro inflexus, demum patens. Columna brevissima, antice sub stigmate 2-auriculata v. nuda; stigma sub rostello antrorsum inclinato sæpius 2-partitum; clinandrium parum elevatum. Anthera ad marginem clinandrii semiglobosa v. inclinata, supra rostellum inclinata, loculis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas breves v. longiusculas producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate et interdum caule basi repente

subramoso, caulibus foliatis ascendentibus v. erectis simplicibus. Folia petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea. Flores mediocres, in spica laxa sessiles.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Gaudick. Voy. Bonite Bot. t. 100 (Anecochilus), quæ planta ad portum Byron ins. Sandwicensium nec Australiæ lecta fuit.

Cystofus, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 82, t. 21, 23, 30, 31, species paucas continet cæteris Odontochilis habitu simillimas nec nostro sensu characteribus florum separandas. Blume genus distinxit imprimis flore in ovario magis obliquo et stigmate minus diviso, characteres interdum parum distincti videntur, flores tamen paucos examinare potuimus. Genus cæterum ab affini Anactochilo differt præcipue labelli calcare nullo inter sepala lateralia protruso.

247. Myrmechis, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 76, t. 21.—Sepala subpetaloidea, basi breviter connata, suberecta, posticum concavum, lateralia latiora, basi cum pede columnæ mentum brevem formantia. Petala a sepalis libera, erecta, lato-lanceolata. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, incurvum, dein erectum, basi subgloboso-ventricosum, columnæ subadnatum, intus 2-callosum, dein in unguem canaliculatum integrum productum, lamina terminali brevi dilatata 2-loba. Columna brevissima, basi in pedem brevem producta; stigmata 2, ad latera rostelli brevis erecti discreta; clinandrium breve. Anthera erecta, breviter ovata, loculis discretis, pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas brevissimas producta, anthera dehiscente glandulæ crassæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum breviter 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, teneræ, foliosæ, procumbentes v. ascendentes. Folia ovata v. suborbiculata, breviter petiolata, membranacea. Flores mediocres, in racemo terminali breviter pedunculato pauci.

Species 2, Javæ et Japoniæ incolæ. Blume, l.c. Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 182 (Rhamphidia alsinæfolia et R. grandiflora). Rhamphidia japonica, Reichb. f. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 75, est verisimiliter planta a Franch. et Savat. Enum. Pl. Jap. ii. 39, ad Myrmechin gracilem, Bl. (Rhamphidiam alsinæfoliam, Lindl.) relata. Genus caterum potius Odontochilo quam Hetæriæ (Rhamphidiæ) affine.

248. Esemaria, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 489. (Ludisia, A. Rich. in Dict. Class. Hist. Nat. vii. 437, genus indicatum nec in ix., sub litt. L. retentum.)—Sepala æquilonga, libera, posticum erectum fornicatum cum petalis in galeam connivens v. cohærens, lateralia patentissima. Labellum basi columnæ affixum eique sæpius breviter adnatum, ungue a basi scrotiformi v. 2-gibba patente concavo ad latera interdum 2-auriculato, lamina divaricato-2-loba. Columna brevis, clavata, antice nuda; stigma ad basin rostelli erecti v. inclinati acuminati indivisum; clinandrium concavum v. fere cucullatum, cum rostelli marginibus in cyathum continuum. Anthera margini clinandrii affixa, semiimmersa, erecta v. inclinata, acuminata, loculis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas producta, anthera dehiscente glandulæ oblongæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula erecta, oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, caulibus foliatis decumbentibus ascendentibus v. basi cum rhizomate repentibus. Folia breviter v. brevissime petiolata, ovata v. elliptica, crassiuscule membranacea. Flores mediocres, in racemo plures, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles. Bracteæ membranaceæ, ovario brevio res.

Species notæ 4, Chinæ, Cochinchinæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 118, t. 34, 42 (Luduia). Bot. Mag. t. 2055. Bot. Reg. t. 271; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 143 (ownes sub Goodyera). Miq. Choix Pl. Jard. Buitenz. t. 16.

MYODA, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 489, e Penang, ex specimine unico, a speciebus typicis Hamaria parum differre videtur columna paullo nec multum longiore, labello paullo altius adnato.

249. Dessinia, Morren in Ann. Soc. Gand. iv. 171, cum ic.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala angusta, sepalo postico coherentia. Labellum (inferum) basi columnse brevissime adnatum, a basi patente ventricoso-scrotiformi intus 2-callosa incurvo-ascendens; lobi laterales latiusculi, erecti, medius unguiculatus, dilatato-2-lobus. Columna brevis, sub stigmate appendice longa intra ventrem labelli intrusa instructa;

stigma ad basin rostelli erecti lati antheram versus concavi integrum; clinandrium postice breve. Anthera erecta, breviter acuminata, loculis contiguis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas breves producta, anthera dehiscente glandulæ rostelli oblongæ affixa. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris, habitu Anæctochili. Folia ad basin caulis ovata, marmorata, in petiolum brevem latum contracta. Flores in spica laxa pubescente sat numerosi, subsessiles.

Species 1, in hortis e Borneo introducta. Lindl. in Fl. des Serres, t. 370 (Cheirostylis). Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 56, t. 18, et in Belg. Hortic. 1862, t. 1.

Planta Khasyana huc a Lindleyo in Journ. Linn. Soc. 1. 185 relata, nobis diversa videtur et forte non congener sed exemplar unicum exammare nequimus.

250. Macodes, Blume, Bijdr. 407, t. 2.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia, lateralia obliqua parum latiora. Petala angusta, patentia. Labellum (superum) ad basin columnæ erectum, late ventricosum, intus prope margines 2-callosum, lobi laterales parvi, erecti, medius longior, linearis v. spathulatus. Columna brevis, antice sub stigmate alis 2 latis verticalibus sibimet applicitis appendiculata; stigma sub rostello elongato acuminato erecto v. inclinato prominens; clinandrium membranaceum, basi cum rostello in cyathum connatum. Anthera acuminata, erecta v. rostello parallelo antrorsum inclinata, loculis discretis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas longas læves producta, anthera dehiscente glandulæ oblongæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum alte 2-lobum relinquentia. Capsula oblonga, subfusiformis, erecta.—Herba terrestris, habitu Anæctochili. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, petiolata, ovata, marmorata. Flores parvuli, in racemo longo breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ breves.

Species 1, Javensis. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 119, t. 31, 36. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 96, f. 1.

251. Explophila, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1618.—Sepalum posticum cucullatum, acuminatum, incumbens, lateralia lata, valde inæquilatera, acuminata, ovarii apici valde obliquo adnata, in mentum sibimet applicita labellum includentia. Petala linearia. Labellum pedi columnæ oblique adnatum, saccato-cucullatum, intus nudum; lobus terminalis parvus, linearis, inflexus. Columna brevissima, basi in pedem brevem ovario oblique adnatum producta; stigma sub rostello elongato 2-fido antrorsum inclinato prominens; clinandrium breve. Anthera stipitata, longe acuminata, incumbens, loculis ad basin brevibus contiguis; pollinia sectilia, in acumen seu caudiculam brevem producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula oblonga rostelli pendula; pollinario delapso rostellum longe 2-brachiatum relinquentia. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herba terrestris, foliata, rhizomate repente, caule elato simplici habitu Goodyeram proceram referente. Folia prope basin conferta, supra vaginas laxas breviter petiolata, lanceolata v. oblonga. Flores parvi, in spica longa tenui pubescente sessiles. Bracteæ angustæ, flores subsuperantes.

Species 1, Malacce et Archipelagi Malayani occidentalis incola. Lindl. Gen. ct Sp. Orch. 490. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 115, t. 35, 36.

252. Goodyera, R. Br. in. Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 197. (Peramium, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 301, absque char. Gonogona, Link, Bot. Handb. i. 248. Tussaca, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 261.)—Sepala subæqualia, posticum erectum, concavum, cum petalis angustis in galeam connivens v. cohærens, lateralia libera, erecta v. patentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, incurvo-ascendens interdumque brevissime adnatum, latum, concavum ventricosum v. subsaccatum, apice interdum recurvo-acuminatum, indivisum, intus sæpe fimbriatum v. villosum nec callosum. Columna subteres, brevis v. brevissima, inappendiculata; stigma sub rostello erecto concavum, latum v. fere divisum; clinandrium dilatatum, marginibus cum rostello in cyathum continuis. Anthera erecta v. incumbens, loculis discretis; pollinia oblonga, tenuiter sectilia, interdum acuminata v. in caudiculam producta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum relinquentia anguste 2-fidum v. in lobos longissime brachiatos divisum.

Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate repente non tuberoso, fibris radicalibus subfasciculatis, caule foliato simplici ascendente v. erecto. Folia in parte inferiore caulis plus minus petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata. Flores parvuli, in spica laxa secunda v. longa densaque subsessiles. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species ad 25, Europæ, Maderæ, Asiæ tropicæ et temperatæ et Americæ borealis et (ex Reichb.) Novæ Caledoniæ et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 492, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 182. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 482. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monoc. iii. n. 17. Barla, Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 10. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 31, t. 9, ad 9 d., 11, 22. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 204. Bot. Mag. t. 2540. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 47.

G. viscosa, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 61, ex ins. Bourbon, nobis ignota est.

CIONISACCUS, Breda, Orch. Kuhl et Hass. cum tab. 1 (CORDYLESTYLIS, Falcon. in Hook. Journ. Bot. iv. 74. Leucostachys, Hoffmans. Preisverz. Orch. 1842, ex Linnæa xvi., Littbl. 234), est G. procera, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 39; Wight, Ic. t. 1729, species Asiatica, elata, floribus parvis in spica longa densa non secunda numerosis, cui affinis est G. fumata, Thwaites, Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 314, floribus tamen majoribus.

G. macrophylla, Lowe, Prim. Fl. Mader. 13, cum ic., est species insignis, elata, habitu fere G. proceræ, sed flores multo majores, rostellum elongatum, anthera intra cyathum amplum clinandrii semi-immersa, margini clinandrii medio dorso affixa.

Canorchis, Blume (sect.), est G. pusilla, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 36, t. 9 b, habitu specierum typicarum, sed pollinia apice in caudiculam longam attenuata.

George Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 495, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 184, Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1857, 35, et in Linnæa xli. 61, a Blumeo ad sectionem Goodyeræ reducta, species continet 8 Asiaticas; a typicis different imprimis anthera longe acuminata, rostello longo post pollinarium delapsum longe 2-brachiato, et polliniis plus minus in caudiculam attenuatis, characteres tamen de specie in speciem variabiles.

- G. Wrightii, Reichl. in Flora 1865, 274. c Cuba, est Spranthis (Sauroglossi) species, ab affinibus imprimis floribus minims distincta. G. guianensis, Lindl., est Spiranthes Hostmanni, Reichl., species tamen nobis adest ex America centrali que revera ad Goodgeram pertinere videtur.
- 253. **Lepidosyne**, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 93, t. 25.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, conniventia. Petala sepalo postico adhærentia eique subsimilia nisi obtusiora. Labellum basi columnae adnatum, late ventricosum, intus tuberculatum, erectum, lobis lateralibus columnam amplectentibus, cæterum indivisum, in laminam angustam recurvam contractum. Columna brevis; stigma sub rostello elongato acuminato erecto basi dilatato intra laminam brevem erectam absconditum; clinandrium elevatum, cum marginibus rostelli in cyathum connatum. Anthera margini clinandrii dorso affixa, semi-immersa, erecta, longe acuminata, loculis contiguis distinctis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas longas attenuata; anthera dehiscente glandulæ angustæ rostelli affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum longe 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris, rhizomate repente, caule elato simplici basi foliato. Folia longa, lineari-lanceolata, basi in vaginam parum contracta. Flores in spica longa densa sessiles. Bracteæ lineares, herbaceæ, flores æquantes. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Blumei.)

Species 1, Javanica, a nobis non visa. Habitu Spiranthis speciebus elatioribus accedere videtur, sed characteres ut monet Blume iis Goodycræ propinquiores.

254. Heteria (Eteria), Blume, Bijdr. 409, t. 14. (Ætheria, Endl. Gen. Pl. 214. Rhamphidia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 490, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 181, pro parte.)—Sepala libera v. basi breviter connata, conniventia v. demum patentia, æqualia v. lateralia paullo latiora. Petala angusta v. basi lata, sepalo postico sæpe adhærentia. Labellum (sæpius an semper ? superum), a basi columnæ erectum, basi late ventricosum, marginibus sæpius columnæ plus minus adnatis, intus varie callosum, lamina terminali brevi inflexa integra v. rarius magis evoluta divaricato-2-loba. Columna brevis, antice sæpe sub stigmate appendiculis seu cristulis 2 cum labello connatis instructa; stigma sub rostello erecto transversum, cavum, margine inferiore 2-lobo v. 2-brachiato, lobis brachiisve interdum apice papillosis et forte stigmatosis; clinandrium breve. Anthera pone rostellum

eresta v. leviter antrorsum inclinata, loculis distinctis; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas interdum longiusculas producta, anthera dehiscente a giandula parva v. oblonga rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbes terrestres, rhizomate repente, caule foliato ascendente v. erecto aimplici. Folia petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea. Flores parvi nunc minimi, in spica sepius tenui laxiuscula subsessiles. Labellum sepius superum interdum tamen ex Blumeo in specie affini inferum est.

Species ad 18, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Mulayani, insularum maris Pacifici, Australiæ, Novæ Caledoniæ, et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 101, t. 32 ad 35 et 56. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 142; Otia Hamb. 52, 109; in Bonpl. 1855, 214; 1857, 35; et in Linnæa xli. 62. Genus hinc Goodyeræ (Georchi) hinc Mærenhoutæ affine, quoad species nonnullas in speciminibus perfectis ulterius scrutandum. Species parvifloræ labello supero brevissime tantum columnæ adhærente ad Hetærias genuinas Blumei pertinent, etsi typum formant generis Rhamphidia, Lindl. Huc referendæ R. tenuis, Lindl., R. ovalifolia, Lindl. (Goodyera ovalifolia, Wight, Ic. t. 1730), R.

CERCCHILUS, Lindl. in Gard. Chron. 1854, 87, est Rhamphidia rubens, Lindl., in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 182, a Khasya, a Heteriis genuinis differt floribus majoribus, sepalis breviter connatis lateralibus mentum breve formantibus, labelli marginibus usque ad apicem columnæ adnatis, clinandrio alto cupulato anthera semi-immersa.

Gardneri, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 313, R. rubicunda, Reichb. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 294.

RHOMBODA, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 181, species unica e Sikhim, nobis characteres omnino Cerochili presbere videtur.

Rhamphidia alsinæfolia, Lindl., est Myrmechis gracilis, Bl.; R. grandiflora, Lindl., est Myrmechis glabra, Bl. Species utraque tam habitu quam characteribus a Hetæria facile distinguitur.

SALACISTIS, Reichb. f. Non. Orch. i. 214, t. 87, species Javensis a nobis non visa, ex icone habitum omnino Hetæræ (Rhamphidiæ) ostendit, nec ex charactere et analysi imperfectis generice distinguero possumus, nisi columna paullo longiore.

Rhamphidiæ 3 Novo-Caledonicæ, a Reichb. f. in Linnæa xli. 58 editæ, nobis ignotæ sunt.

255. Morenhoutia, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 99, t. 28, 42.—Sepala libera, petaloidea, crecta, subæqualia. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum (inferum) ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, latum, concavum, indivisum, apice rotundato emarginatum, marginibus basi cum alis columnæ connatis, facie prope basin medio lamellata. Columna erecta, alis 2 latis petaloideis cum labello connatis apice cum rostello continuis et inter rostellum et antheram appendicibus angustis erectis instructis; stigma sub rostello erecto tenui latum, utrinque acuminatum; clinandrium postice parum elevatum, lateribus cum brachiis alisque columnæ breviter continuis. Anthera erecta, majuscula, lanceolata, loculis distinctis rostelli acumen fere amplectentibus; pollinia tenuiter sectilia, apice attenuata. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herba terrestris, rhizomate repente, caule foliato ascendente v. erecto simplici. Folia in parte inferiore caulis conferta, ovata v. lanceolata, in petiolum brevem contracta; vaginæ superiores nonnullæ in laminam angustam prodictæ. Flores mediocres, in spica laxiuscula subsessiles, erecti. Bractæ lanceolatæ, flore breviores.

Species typica unica insularum Societatis incola, nam Notiophrys Commelynæ, Lindl., eadem videtur ac Mærenhoutia plantaginea, Blume. Speciem tamen alteram ei forte congenerem legit Milne in insula Niviti-Levu. Huic flores minores et labelli ventricosi lamina terminalis parva 2-loba, et Mærenhoutiam connectere videtur cum Hetæriæ speciebus labello infero præditis. Verisimiliter genus totum melius notum Hetæriæ adjungendum erit.

256. Platylepis, A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. 39, t. 6. (Notiophrys, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. i. 189, vi. 138. Diplogastra, Reichb. f. in Flora, 1865, 183.)—Sepala subæqualia, angusta, libera sed circa columnam ultra medium in tubum arcte conniventia, lateralia ima basi sub labello in mentum brevissimum connata. Petala angusta, cum sepalo postico in galeam angustam subcohærentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, canaliculato-concavum, basi latiuscule ventricosum, marginibus columnæ leviter cohærentibus, lamina parum dilatata, sepalis brevior. Columna elongata, subteres, superne

lineis 2. a rostello decurrentibus notata; stigma in nonnullis speciminibus nullum deteximus, in aliis sub lobis longis erectis lanceolatis acuminatis rostelli latum, crasse papillosum; clinandrium pone rostellum oblongum, erectum. Anthera ad apicem clinandrii erecta, acuminata, rostello æquilonga, loculis discretis; pollen sectile v. laxe granulosum, anthera dehiscente lobis rostelli copiose adhærens. Capsula oblonga, apice breviter contracta, subrostrata.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate repente, caule ascendente foliato, habitu specierum majorum Hetæriæ. Folia ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, membranacea, in petiolum contracta. Flores angusti, in spica densa glanduloso-pubescente sessiles. Bracteæ ovatæ, ante anthesin imbricatæ.

Species 3 (v. 5?), Africæ tropicæ et australis subtropicæ et insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 28 (Goodycra). Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 98, t. 42. Moore in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 339.

Specimina Mascarensia variant foliorum venatione, bracteis, etc. et forte species 2 v. 3 includunt. Diplogastra angolensis, Welw., nobis omnino eadem videtur ac Notiophrys glandulosa, Lindl. N. Commelynæ, Lindl., ex ins. Taiti, est Mærenhoutia plantaginea, Blume. Platylepis heteromorpha, Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 52, ex insula Upola, nobis ignota, est forte species altera Mærenhoutiæ.

257. Manniella, Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 109.—Sepala et petala quasi unguiculata, unguibus in tubum cylindraceum circa columnam connatis; lamina tubo breviores, sepali postici galeata, sepalorum lateralium ovatæ patentes, petalorum intra galeam ovato-lanceolatæ erectæ. Labelli unguis infra apicem tubi breviter liber, supra papillosus, lamina lata, concava, sepala non excedens, marginibus basi utrinque in appendicem lineari-clavatam ungui parallelam productis. Columna elongata, tubo perianthii arcte adnata, apice sub galea breviter libera, lobis seu alis 2 terminalibus erectis latis serrulatis (clinandrii lobis?) instructa; rostellum breve, latum, emarginatum. Anthera inter lobos seu alas columnæ subsessilis, lata, concava, erecta, subincumbens, loculis discretis; pollen laxe granulosum, primum in pollinia 2 (v. 4?) cohærens. Capsula oblonga, erecta, perianthio diu persistente coronata.—Herba elatiuscula, terrestris, rhizomate repente?, fibris radicalibus nonnullis crasse carnosis. Caulis simplex, basi vaginis foliorum inclusus, superne vaginis paucis brevibus absque lamina instructus. Folia subradicalia, longe petiolata, ovata, membranacea. Spica longa, tenuis. Flores parvi, demum dissiti. Bractæe angustæ flore breviores.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola. Genus videtur Platylepidi affine, perianthii segmentis in tubum connatis insigne.

258. Bucosia, Blume, Bijdr. 415, t. 18.—Sepalum posticum eroctum, cum petalis in galeam cohærens, lateralia libera, demum patentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, eroctum, concavum, angustum, indivisum, ecallosum. Columnæ brevissima, rostello mægno crasso erecto vertice stigmatoso ultra stigma vix acuminato; clinandrium non prominens. Anthera pone rostellum longe stipitata, erecta, longe acuminata, loculis contiguis ad basin æqualiter breviterque 2-valvibus; pollinia sectilia, in caudiculas longas setaceas producta, anthera dehiscente libera, glandula rostelli nulla. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris facie (toodycræ (teorchis), fibris radicalibus fasciculatis, caule basi foliato erecto simplici pubescente. Flores mediocres, in spica laxa pauci, sessiles. Bracteæ angustæ. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Blumei.)

Species 1, Javensis, a nobis non visa, et semel tantum a Blumeo lecta. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 59, t. 12 b, 42.

259. Gymnochilus, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 107, t. 32.—Sepala subæqualia, angusta, conniventia, libera v. lateralia basi brevissime connata. Petala angusta, sepalo postico subadhærentia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, erectum, anguste oblongum, concaviusculum, indivisum, nudum, glabrum. Columna brevis, teres, subclavata; stigmata ad basin rostelli longiusculi erecti 2, discreta; clinandrium vix prominens. Anthera sessilis, erecta, oblonga, loculis contiguis distinctis; pollinia sectilia, vix acuminata,

anthera dehiscente glandulæ rostelli ovatæ affixa, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. subglobosa, erecta v. subpatens.—Herbæ terrestres, teneræ, rhizomate repente, caule foliato ascendente simplici. Folia petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, membranacea. Flores minimi, in spica laxiuscula sessiles. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, ins. Mascarensium incolse. Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. tab. syn. 1, t. 29. Moore in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 340 (Goodyera nuda, Thou.).

Genus Goodyere affine quidem, sed labello sepalis lateralibus subsimili facile distinctum.

260. l'Argyrorents, Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 120, t. 31, 36 E.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, erecta v. lateralia demum patentia. Petala angusta, sepalo postico coherentia. Labellum a basi columne erectum, angustum, indivisum, petalis omnino simile. Columna brevissima, clavata, antice 2-cristata; stigma sub rostello erecto acuminato 2-pulvinatum; clinandrium elevatum, cum rostelli marginibus in cyathum connatum. Anthera margini clinandrii dorso affixa, semi-immersa, erecta, acuminata; pollinia sectilia, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris habitu Anæctochili, rhizomate repente, caule basi foliato ascendente simplici. Folia petiolata, late ovata, discoloria, picta. Flores parvuli, in spica laxa sessiles. Bractete parvæ. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Blumei.)

Species 1, Javanica, a nobis non visa.

261. **Zecanorchis**, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 188; Orch. Archip. Ind. 176, t. 62, 63, 66.—Perianthium ad apicem ovarii urceolo calyciformi dentato cinctum. Sepala libera, subæqualia, erecto-patentia, angusta. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum basi columnæ breviter adnatum, erectum, angustum, columnam amplectens, superne latius, concavum, subpatens, facie pubescente. Columna elongata, semiteres, superne clavata; stigma subrotundum, sub rostello brevi prominulum; clinandrium elevatum. Anthera margini clinandrii affixa, semi-immersa, erecta, loculis distinctis; pollen granulosum. Capsula...—Herbæ terrestres, aphyllæ; scapi e rhizomate ramoso erecti, simplices, tenues, vaginis parvis remotis v. prope basin majoribus approximatis. Flores mediocres, in racemo laxo breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles. Bracteæ parvæ. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Blumei.)

Species 2, altera Japonica, altera Javensis, a nobis non visa.

Genus evidenter Stercosandri et Aphyllorchidi affine, urccolo ovarium coronante more Epistephii insigne.

262. Aphyllorchis, Blume, Bijdr. t. 77, ex ejust. Orch. Archip. Ind. 51, t. 13, 17.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. demum patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi angustiora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, subpatens, ungue brevi late 2-auriculato, lamina oblonga, indivisa v. 3-loba. Columna longiuscula, subteres (apice 2-auriculata !), exalata, apoda; stigma sub rostello brevi ovatum, concavum; clinandrium elevatum, cyathiforme v. subfornicatum. Anthera in margine clinandrii brevissime stipitata, ovata, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. rostello affixa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, aphyllæ (rhizomate tuberoso v. fibris radicalibus fasciculatis?), scapo simplici vaginis parvis dissitis v. superioribus majoribus approximatis. Flores parvuli, in racemo laxo dissiti subsessiles, v. distincti pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 5?, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.

Characteres plures ulterius scrutandi. Speciem typicam a Blumeo illustratam non vidimus, floribus subsessilibus sepalis latiusculis. A. montana, Reichb f. in Linnæa xli. 57 (Apaturia montana, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 301, non. Lindl.), differt floribus bene pedicellatis sepalis angustis. In specie inedita, in Sikkim a Hookero lecta, flores subsessiles, sepalis angustis, floris tamen structuram in specimine nimis compresso haud rite observavimus. A. Hasseltii, Blume, e Java, et A. Spiculæa, Reichb. f., e Borneo, nobis ignotee.

263. Stereceandra, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 176; Orch. Archip. Ind. 30, t. 10, 11.—Sepala libera, subæqualia, erecta, angusta. Petala sepalis conformia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, sepalis vix latius, canaliculatum, indivisum, basi 2-glandulosum. Columna brevis, apice vix incrassata; stigma parvum, sub rostello vix prominente; clinandrium vix prominens, dente postico parvo. Anthera in dente clinandrii erecta, oblonga, obtusa, carnosa, solida, loculis ima basi breviter apertis; pollinia oblongo-linearia, pulvereo-granulosa, in caudiculam longam producta, a rostello omnino libera. Capsula oblonga (nutans?).—Herba terrestris, aphylla, scapo e tubere oblongo carnoso erecto simplici, vaginis inferioribus approximatis, superioribus parvis dissitis. Flores mediocres, in racemo laxo breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ breves, anguste. (Char. ex Blumeo.)

Species 1, Javensis, a nobis non visa. Genus ex Blumeo Epipogo affine.

264. Thelymitra, Forst. Char. Gen. 97, t. 49.—Perianthium subregulare, patens. Sepala subæqualia, libera. Petala sepalis similia v. interdum paullo latiora. Labellum petalis simile, a columna bene distinctum. Columna brevis, late 2-alata, alis superne cum clinandrio membranaceo-dilatato in cyathum fornicatum v. varie lobatum v. 2-appendiculatum continuis, et basi ante columnam connatis; rostellum erectum, dorso antheram versus sæpius convexum, antice late concavum stigmatosum, ultra stigma breviter productum. Anthera erecta, nunc supra basin margini clinandrii affixa, nunc non longe a basi clinandrii, cucullata, connectivo ultra loculos discretos 2-valves sæpius producto; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa v. rarius fere solida, anthera dehiscente glandulæ terminali rostelli affixa. Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, tuberibus ovoideis, caule simplici 1-foliato. Folium lineare lanceolatum v. rarius ovatum, interdum crassiusculum, nec teres. Flores in racemo pedicellati, plures v. interdum subsolitarii. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species ad 20, quarum una ex Australia per Novam Zelandiam, Novam Caledoniam et Archipelagum Malayanum late dispersa, 3 v. 4 Novæ Zelandiæ propriæ, cæteræ omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 316. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 270. Fitzger, Orch. Austral. cum tabb. 3. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 196. 199.

Genus labello petalis conforme (ab andrœcio omnino discreto) insigne, in sectiones 3 dividitur:-

- 1. Cucullaria, Lindl. Clinandrium cum alis columnæ in cucullam latam apice varie lobatam v. fimbriatam antheram obtegentem productum. Huc pertinent species extra-Australianæ cum pluribus Australianis, Sm. Exot. Fl. t. 29. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 103. A. Rich. Fl. Nouv. Zel. t. 25. Berggr. Nya, Nyzeel, Fanerog. 21, t. 5. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 44, 48.
- 2. Macdonaldia. Clinandrium cum alis columnæ cyathiforme pone antheram productum, ea tamen brevius. Caulis tenuis, flexuosus, 1-2-florus. Species 2, Australianæ. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 101 B, 102 B.
- 3. Biaurella, Lindl. Clinandrium postice breve, columnæ lobi laterales erecti, antheræ æquilongi. Habitus nunc Cucullariæ, nunc Macdonaldiæ. Species 5, Australianæ. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 101 A, 102 A.

MACDONALDIA, Lindl. Swan Riv. App. 50, t. 9, includit sectiones Macdonaldiam et Biaurellam.

265. Epiblema, R. Br. Prod. 315.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum a columna patens, ungue lobis 2 erectis obovatis subcarnosis breviter connatis appendiculato, lamina ovata, concava, indivisa, facie prope basin appendicibus pluribus seu callis longe linearibus instructa. Columna brevissima, apice in alas 2 erectas petaloideas seu lobos laterales clinandrii producta; rostellum breve, erectum, latum, postice (antheram versus) convexum; stigma latum; clinandrium etiam postice productum. Anthera erecta, margini clinandrii inter lobos affixa, breviter acuminata, loculis discretis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente glandulæ terminali rostelli affixa. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris habitu Thelymitræ (Cucullariæ). Folium longe lineare, vaginis 1–2 superioribus interdum subfoliaceis. Flores 2 ad 5, in racemo brevi pedicellati. Bracteæ breves.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola, nuperrime etiam in Nova Zelandia a W. L. Traversio detecta. Genus excepto labello Thalymitræ nimis affine.



Anthera erecta, continua professional producto; stigma latum, faciem, anthera erecta, columnam amplectant, superne patent coloratum, lateralia subherbaces, litterata, sub labello patentia v. deflexa, longe parallela v. decusata. Petala sepalum posticum superantia, unque longo seepe subherbaceo, lamina dilatata colorata. Labellum a besti columna erectum v. patens, 3-fidum v. 3-partitum. Columna brevissima, rostello lengo erecto marginibus membranaceo-dilatatis (seu columna alis erectis) antheram subamplectentibus, ultra stigma brevissime producto; stigma latum, faciem, anticam (inferam) rostelli obtegens; climandrium pone rostellum vix prominens. Anthera erecta, obtusa v. acuminata, rostello parallela et brevior v. vix longior; pollinia pulverea sed compacta, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula, pollinario delapso rostellum 2-fidum relinquentia. Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblongo-turbinata, erostris.—Herbes terrestres, tuberibus integris lobatisve, caule simplici erecto. Folia pauca, angusta, prope basin caulis, vaginis superioribus paucis. Flores in racemo plures, longiuscule pedicellati v. interdum ad 1-2 reducti, sepalis lateralibus elongatis et petalis prominulis conspicui.

Species ad 15, quoad limites sæpe haud facile definiendæ, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 324. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 2. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 8, 9, 30. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 104, 105. Bot. Mag. t. 3156, 6201.

267. Orthoceras, R. Br. Prod. 316.—Sepalum posticum erectum, incurvum, fornicatum, lateralia lineari-filiformia, incurvo-erecta. Petala brevia, plana, sessilia. Labellum a basi columnæ suberectum, lobis lateralibus latis, medio majore basi contracto calloso. Columna brevissima, lobis v. brachiis 2 erectis subteretibus ad latera antheræ ea vix brevioribus; rostellum erectum, ovatum, non marginatum, supra stigma latum, concavum, vix productum; chinandrium pone rostellum vix prominens. Anthera erecta v. leviter incurva, rostello paullo longior, loculis contiguis subæqualiter 2-valvibus; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herba terrestris, glabra, tubere ovoideo, caule foliato simplici. Folia pauca, angusta. Flores majusculi, in spica laxa sessiles subdissiti. Bracteæ longe lineari-acuminatæ, inferiores interdum flores excedentes.

Species 1, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 332. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 273. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1. A. Rich. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 25 (Diuris).

268. Cryptostylis, R. Br. Prod. 317. (Zosterostylis, Blume, Bijdr. 418, t. 32.)—Sepala subequalia, angusta, tenuissima, perianthio aperto convoluto-subulata. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum superum, lata basi sessile, erectum, columnam involvens, sepalis longius, supra columnam contractum, dein in laminam angustam v. latam indivisam expansum. Columna brevissima, rostello erecto lato crasso postice (antheram versus) concavo breviter acuminato; stigma sub rostello crassum; clinandrium nunc brevissimum, nunc membranaceo-dilatatum, marginibus denticulatis cum marginibus rostelli subcontinuis. Anthera in margine clinandrii brevis v. intra clinandrium dilatatum erecta v. antrorsum inclinata, dorso sepius 2-convexa, obtusa v. acuminata; pollinia pulvereogranulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. rostello affixa. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi crassis. Folia pauca v. solitaria, a basi scapi v. e rhizomate e gemma distincta rigide petiolata, oblonga v. angusta, membranacea. Scapus aphyllus, simplex, 2-∞-vaginatus. Flores majusculi, in racemo v. spica laxa breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles. Bracteæ membranaceæ, acutæ.

Species 7, quarum 3 Indiæ orientalis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, cæteræ Australianæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 445, 446. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 332. Blume, Orch. Archip Ind. 132, t. 45. Wight, Ic. t. 1748. Bauer, Ill. Orch. Gen. t. 17, 18. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 212 (Malaxis). Endl. Iconogr. t. 17. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 108 A. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1.

269. Prasophylium, R. Br. Prod. 317.—Sepalum posticum (inferum) lanceolatum v. latum, concavum, sepius fornicatum et interdum basi columnee adnatum, lateralia ei sequilonga v. latiora, libera v. plus minus connata, erecta, falcata. Petala sepalis sepius

imeritua, lanceolata v. linearia. Labellum (superum) ad basin columna accident v. breviter unguiculatum v. apici pedis columna affixum, ampius basi erectum et concevum, amperne patens v. recurvum, ovatum v. lanceolatum, indivisum, facie lamina adnata instructum v. medio increassatum. Columna brevissima, exalata, apice lobis v. brachiis 2 erectis sepius longis planis ad latera rostelli instructa; rostellum sepius elongatum, erectum, besi latius, subtus (antice) stigmatosus; clinandrium breve, marginibus cum brachiis columna continuis. Anthera pone rostellum erecta, rostello sæpius brevior, loculis distinctis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente stipiti filiformi v. lineari sæpius longo a glandula rostelli pendulo affixa. Capsula erecta v. subpatens, oblonga obovoidea v. rarius subglobosa, interdum obliqua.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, tuberibus ovoideis v. globosis, caule 1-foliato simplici. Folium in vagina longa nunc elongatum teres, nunc ad mucronem brevem reductum. Flores parvi, in spica laxa v. densa sessiles, perianthio supra ovarium sæpius abrupte inflexo. Bracteæ breves.

Species ad 26, 2 Novo-Zelandicæ, 1 Novo-Caledonica a nobis non visa, cæteræ Australianæ, quarum tamen una etiam in Nova Zelandia invenitur. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 335. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 272. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 190, 198; et in Linnæa xli. 57. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 2.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur :-

- 1. Euprasophyllum. Labellum ad basin columnæ apodæ sessile. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 109 ad 112.
- 2. Podochilus. Labellum ad basin columnæ apodæ, supra unguem brevem horizontalem basi obtusum, erectum.
- 8. Genoplesium. Labellum in pede columnæ plus minus producto articulatum. Caulis tenuis, folio fere ad bracteam vaginantem reducto, floribus minimis. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 113. Genoplesium, R. Br. Prod. 319.
- 270. Exterotis, R. Br. Prod. 320.—Sepalum posticum erectum, latum, incurvum, concavum, lateralia lanceolata v. oblonga, libera, patentia v. reflexa. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia v. minora. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, patens, oblongum, integrum v. 2-lobum, basi sæpius callosum, ecalcaratum. Columna brevissima, subteres, apice 2-auriculata; stigma sub rostello brevi obtusum; clinandrium parum elevatum, antice cum auriculis columnæ continuum. Anthera margini clinandrii affixa, erecta; pollinia granulosa, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, erostris, sæpius parva, interdum minima.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, tuberibus parvis, caule 1-foliato. Folium elongatum, teres, basi breviter apertum et cum vagina clausa continuum. Flores parvi, dense spicati, sæpe patentes v. reflexi. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species nobis notæ 6, omnes Australianæ, quarum una etiam in Nova Zelandia obvia. Benth. Fl. Adstral. vi. 346. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 266; Fl. Tasm. t. 118. Endl. Iconogr. t. 15. Bot. Mag. t. 3377, 3378. Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1857, 36, speciem Javanicam addidit, a nobis non visam.

271. Corysanthes, R. Br. Prod. 328, et App. Flind. Voy. t. 10. (Corybas, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 83, charactere falso. Calcearia, Blume, Bijdr. 417, t. 33. Nematoceras, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 249, t. 57.)—Sepalum posticum erectum, valde incurvum, concavum galeatum v. in stipitem contractum, lateralia libera, parva, linearia v. longe filiformia, patentia. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia v. 0. Labellum sub galea erectum, laxe tubulosum, margine obliquo breviter recurvo denticulato, v. in laminam ample concavam denticulatam v. fimbriatam reflexamque productum. Columna brevis, erecta, apice incrassata, 2-alata v. 2-auriculata; stigma sub rostello brevissimo latiusculum; clinandrium breve v. vix prominulum. Anthera in margine clinandrii crecta, loculorum valva exterior lata interior parva; pollinia oblonga, pulverea, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, name, tuberibus parvis, 1-foliatæ, 1-floræ. Folium ovato-cordatum orbiculare v. reniforme. Flos pro planta majusculus,

supra folium seepe subsessile, pedunculo tamen fructifero plus minus elongato. Bractea parva.

Species ad 15, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 350. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 265; Fl. Tasm. t. 107. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 173, t. 63, 64, 66 C. Endl. Iconogr. t. 18. Bot. Mag. t. 5357. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1120. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 2. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 197 (Corybas).

Labellum in speciebus Javanicis basi 2-gibbum v. brevissimo 2-calcaratum, quod in typicis Australianis adhuc non observatur, rostellum etiam evidentius, sed characteres cæteri et habitus in toto genere eidem.

272. Pterostylis, R. Br. Prod. 326. (Diplodium, Sw. in Gesellsch. Nat. Fr. Berlin. Mag. iv. 84, t. 3.)—Sepalum posticum erectum, incurvum, concavum, cum petalis galeatum, lateralia basi pedi columnæ adnata, plus minus connata in labium inferius erectum v. recurvum 2-lobum, lobis interdum longe acuminatis v. caudatis. Petala lanceolata, falcata, basi contracta, sub galea adnata. Labellum ad apicem pedis columnæ breviter unguiculatum, mobile, lamina lineari v. oblonga, basi supra unguem in appendicem brevem v. elongatam 2-fidam ciliatam v. penicillatam producta. Columna elongata, incurva, basi in pedem brevem producta, semiteres v. anguste 2-alata, ad latera rostelli utrinque ala quadrangulari v. dolabriformi instructa; stigma infra alas longe oblongum; clinandrium breve, antice sæpe in dentes v. lobos 2 erectos productum. Anthera a margine clinandrii erecta v. incumbens, loculis 2-valvibus, connectivo non producto; pollinia granulosa, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula oblonga v. rarius obovoidea, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, tuberibus parvis, caule v. scapo florente paucifoliato v. aphyllo vaginato. Folia radicalia ad basin caulis v. e gemma distincta conferta, subrosulata, ovata, caulina dum adsint linearia v. lanceolata. Flores nunc majusculi solitarii, nunc minores v. parvi, in racemo breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ sæpius parvæ.

Species ad 36, quarum 6 Novo-Zelandicæ, cæteræ omnes Australianæ, ex his tamen una etiam in Nova Zelandia obvia, altera in Nova Caledonia.—Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 352. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 268. Fitzger. Austral. Orchid. cum tabb. 12.

Genus naturale et bene limitatum, in sectiones 2 sequentes commode dividitur:-

- 1. Antennæa. Perianthii labium inferius crectum concavum, lobis v. caudis galeam amplectentibus. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 210 (Disperis). Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 2, 6. Hook. f. Fl. Tusm. t. 114 A, B, 115, 116 (fig. dextr.). Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 136. Bot. Mag. t. 3085, 3086, 3172, 3400, 3401, 6351. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 187.
- 2. Catochilus. Perianthii labium inferius a basi patens, v. reflexum v. a medio recurvum. Labelli appendix basalis obtusa v. fere obsoleta. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 116, f. 1, 2, t. 117.
- 273. Caleana, R. Br. Prod. 329. (Caleya, Endl. Iconogr. t. 8.)—Sepala subæqualia, linearia, posticum (ovario recurvo inferum) erectum, lateralia patentia v. reflexa. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ v. ad apicem pedis articulatum, ungue lineari incurvo; lamina ovata v. oblonga, peltata, convexa, indivisa, infra medium affixa, supra lævis v. tuberculata. Columna elongata, apoda v. basi in pedem producta, late 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum; clinandrium postice parum elevatum, marginibus dilatatis cum alis columnæ continuis. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, mutica, loculis subdiscretis valvis subæqualibus; pollinia (si rite observata) in loculis 2-partita, granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. glandulæ rostelli affixa. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. obovoidea.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, tuberibus parvis, caule 1-foliato sæpeque 1-vaginato. Folium prope basin caulis lineare lanceolatum v. oblongum. Flores 1 ad 3 rarius 4, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ acutæ.

Species 3, Australiæ extratropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 365. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 107 A. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tah. 1.

In C. majore, Br., columnæ alæ petaloideæ basi brevissime tantum cum ungue labelli connectuntur; in C. mizore, Br., et in C. nigrita, Lindl., columnæ alæ in pede columnæ continuæ, cyathum latum petaloideum formant; sepula lateralia etiam breviter adnata.

274. Drakma, Lindl. Swan Riv. App. 55, cum ic. xyl. (Arthrochilus, F. Muell. Fragm. i. 42.)—Sepala subæqualia, linearia, posticum erectum, lateralia patentia v. reflexa. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ v. ad apicem pedia articulatum, mobile, ungue lineari incurvo; lamina angusta, peltata, convexa, infra medium affixa. Columna elongata, apoda v. basi in pedem producta, tenuis, apice v. simul basi et apice utrinque auriculis petaloideis appendiculata, cæterum exalata; stigma sub rostello erecto brevissimo v. longiusculo latum; clinandrium parum elevatum. Anthera in margine clinandrii erectum, muticum, loculis subdiscretis valvis subæqualibus; pollinia (se rite observata) in loculis 2-partita, granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. a glandula rostelli pendula. Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, tuberibus parvis, caule simplici 1-foliato v. sub anthesi aphyllo 1-3-vaginato. Folium dum adest latum, prope basin caulis. Flores in racemo plures, breviter pedicellati, v. in una specie solitarii. Bracteæ parvæ, angustæ.

Species 3, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 367. Reuchb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 189.

Spiculæa, Lindl. Swan Riv. App. 56, est D. ciliata, Reichb. f., quæ a cæteris speciebus columna apoda parum differt, uti Caleana major a C. minore et C. nigrita. Genus cæterum Caleanæ valde affine

275. Acianthus, R. Br. Prod. 321.—Sepala libera, posticum erectum v. incurvum, concavum, acutum v. tenuiter acuminatum, lateralia patentia, filiformia v. in acumen filiforme producta. Petala sepalis breviora, lanceolata, patentia v. reflexa. Labellum petalis æquilongum, ad basin columnæ sessile v. subsessile, indivisum, læve v. 2-callosum. Columna elongata, semiteres v. 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi cavum; clinandrium brevissimum. Anthera erecta, ovata v. subglobosa, connectivo loculis breviore v. in acumen breve producto; pollinia in quoque loculo 4, ovoidea v. globosa, pulverea v. fere solida, appendice laxiore connexa v. fere libera, anthera dehiscente in rostello v. in glandula a rostello soluta sessilia. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. obovoidea.—Herbæ terrestres, tenues, 1-foliatæ, glabræ, tuberibus parvis. Folium ovato-cordatum, in medio caule v. prope basin subsessile, vaginæ supra folium nullæ. Flores solitarii v. in racemo plures, breviter pedicellati. Bractæ parvæ.

Species 7, quarum 1 Novo-Zelandica, 2 Novo-Caledonicæ, a nobis non visæ, cæteræ omnes Australiæ orientalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 369. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 264; Fl. Tasm. t. 119. Endl. Iconogr. t. 16. Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 134. Reuhb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 187; et in Linnæa xlı. 56. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1.

276. Eriochilus, R. Br. Prod. 323.—Sepala libera, posticum erectum, subincurvum, concavum, lateralia longiora, patentia, oblonga v. elliptica, in stipitem distinctum contracta. Petala sepalo postico parum breviora, angusta, erecta v. patentia. Labellum sepalis multo brevius, ungue erecto, lobis lateralibus parvis erectis, lobus medius recurvopatens, convexus, indivisus, facie villosus. Columna erecta, longiuscula, sub stigmate nunc utrinque auriculata v. ciliata, nunc nuda; stigma sub rostello parvo latum, prominens; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera erecta, loculis contiguis, valvis exterioribus latis interiores occultantibus; pollinia in quoque loculo 2 superposita v. 4, ovoidea v. acuminata, pulverea sed ante dehiscentiam lævia subcerea apparent. Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, sæpius glanduloso-pubescentes v. villosæ, tuberibus parvis, caule simplici 1-foliato. Folium ad basin caulis v. altius affixum, ovatum v. lanceolatum. Flores solitarii v. pauci, sessiles. Bracteæ parvæ, ovatæ.

Species 5, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 371. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 211, f. 2 (Epipactis). Endl. Iconogr. t. 6. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 120 A.

277. Lyperanthus, R. Br. Prod. 325.—Sepala subæquilonga, libera, posticum erectum, incurvum, latum, concavum, lateralia angusta, erecta v. patentia. Petala sepalia lateralibus similia. Labellum sepalia brevius, ungue lato erecto interdum in lobos laterales dilatato, lobus medius ovatus v. laneeolatus, recurvus, indivisus, facie papillosus. Columna erecta

v. incurva, exalata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum, prominens; clinandrium elevatum, obliquum. Anthera erecta, dorso prope basin margini clinandrii affixa, loculis contiguis; pollinia oblonga, subteretia, pulvereo-granulosa. Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, siccitate sæpe nigricantes, rhizomate breviter v. longe repente fibras fasciculatas emittente rarius tuberoso, caule foliato simplici. Folia in speciebus normalibus plura v. interdum unicum radicale. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in racemo pauci, bracteis sæpe subfoliaceis.

Species 4 v. 6, quarum una Novo-Caledonica, altera Novo-Zelandica, cæteræ 2 v. 4 Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 373. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 270; Fl. Tasm. t. 100 B. Endl. Inconogr. t. 7. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 2.

L. suaveolens, Br., et L. serratus, Lindl., a Reichenbachio et in Fl. Austral. ad Caladeniam translati fuerunt ob habitum, sepalum posticum angustum et columnam late alatam, nupor tamen a Fitzgeraldo ad Lyperanthum restituuntur. Reichenbach totum genus cum Caladenia junxit, in Linnæa xli. 56 sub hoc nomine speciem Novo-Caledonicam descripsit, et nuperrime, in Southern Science Record, 1882, speciem alteram novam cum L. elliptico, Br., dubie pro genere novo sub nomine Fitzgeraldia, indicat.

278. Burnettia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 517.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. conniventia, posticum incurvum concavum, lateralia falcata. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, sessile, concavum, indivisum, superne recurvum, facie medio lamellatum. Columna longiuscula, incurva, 3-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi erecto latum, concavum; clinandrium breve. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, basi contracta substipitata, loculis contiguis valvis exterioribus majoribus; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. dorso rostello affixa. Capsula...—Herba humilis, sub anthesi aphylla, sed vaginis 1–2 laxis subfoliaceis instructa. Folium serotinum, in rhizomate petiolatum, ovatum. Flores in scapo simplici 2–3, pedicellati, erecti. Bracteæ laxe vaginatæ.

Species 1, Tasmanica. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 375. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 107. Genus valde affine Caladeniæ, quacum junxit Reichenbach f., differt habitu, sepalis petalisque conniventibus et labelli laminis.

279. Cyrtostylis, R. Br. Prod. 322.—Sepala subæquilonga, libera, posticum lineare v. lanceolatum, erectum, incurvum, concavum, lateralia anguste linearia, patentia. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia nisi breviora. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, breviter unguiculatum, planum, indivisum, callis 2 prope basin in lineas elevatas secus faciem productis. Columna elongata, incurva, ad latera stigmatis breviter 2-alata, rostello brevi; clinandrium parum prominens. Anthera erecta, subglobosa, loculis contiguis; pollinia in loculis gemina, plus minus convexa, pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. dorsi rostello affixa. Capsula erecta, oblonga.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, 1-foliatæ, caule simplici tenui. Folium ad basin caulis sessile, latum, sæpius cordatum v. reniforme. Racemus pauciflorus, v. ad florem unicum reductus. Bracteæ breves, latæ.

Species 3, quarum una Australiana, cæteræ Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 376. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 264; Fl. Tasm. t. 119. Hook. Journ. Bot. i. t. 135. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1.

280. Caladenia, R. Br. Prod. 323.—Sepala subæquilonga, libera, posticum erectum, angustum, concavum, lateralia plana, patentia, v. rarius omnia similia patentia. Petala angusta, erecta v. patentia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, lobis lateralibus erectis v. obsoletis, medio recurvo-patente indiviso, marginibus sæpe fimbriatis v. dentatis, facie varie callosa v. in una specie lævi. Columna longiuscula, erecta v. incurva, superne plus minus 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum, prominens: clinandrium parum elevatum. Anthera in margine clinandrii erecta, loculis contiguis valvis exterioribus latis interiores occultantibus connectivo sæpius superatis; pollinia in loculis 2-partita, subplana, pulvereo-

granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. dorso rostello affixa. Capsula oblonga, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres, sæpe villosulæ, tuberibus parvis, caule simplici 1-foliato v. in una specie aphyllo. Folium ad basin caulis angustum, vagina scariosa stipatum. Flores pauci, laxe racemosi v. solitarii, sæpius erecti, pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 32, quarum 2 Novo-Zelandicæ, Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 267; Fl. N. Zel. t. 56 B (excl. C. bifolia, ad Chiloglottidem referenda), cæteræ omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 376. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tabb. 5 (qui species nonnullas in Flora Australiana junctas nune in vivo melius observatas iterum separat). Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 188.

Genus quoad limites quodammodo incertum. Reichenbach f. genera plurima a Lindleyo aliisque distincta in *Caladenia* includit, Fitzgerald *C. suaveolentem* et *C. serratam* ad *Lyperanthum* restituit, et, inter sectiones sequentes, nonnullæ facile pro generibus propriis habendæ:—

- 1. Leptoceras, Br. Sepala acuta v. obtusiuscula, posticum erectum v. incurvum, concavum. Petala erecta, lineari-clavata, sepalis longiora (in cæteris sectionibus sepalis breviora). Species 2. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 121 A. Leptoceras, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 415.
- 2. Phlebochilus, Benth. Sepala obscure v. distincte acuminata, posticum incurvum, concavum, erectum v. cum columna roflexum. Labellum latum, venis coloratis divergentibus, indivisum v. lobo medio minimo terminatum. Species 3, occidentales.
- 3. Calonema, Lindl. Sepala acuminata, posticum erectum incurvum. Labelli venæ inconspicuæ, callis in facie 2-∞-seriatis. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 121 B, 122 A, B, 123 A. Fielding, Sert. Pl. t. 73.
- 4. Eucaladenia, Lindl. Sepala acuta v. obscure acuminata, rarius obtusa, posticum sæpius erectum, concavum. Labelli venæ inconspicuæ, callis in facie 2—∞-seriatis, basi interdum in hemicyclium confertis. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 104 (Arethusa). Endl. Iconogr. t. 51. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 123 B, 124, 125.
- 5. Pentisia, Lindl. Sepala et petala omnia obtusa, subæqualia, patentia. Labellum et columna brevissima, calli in labello parvi, pluriseriati. Species 2, occidentales.
- 281. Clossodia, R. Br. Prod. 325.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis subsimilia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, indivisum, facie nudum sed basi callis appendicibusve 2 longiusculis in columnam erectis interdum inter se connatis instructum. Columna erecta, longiuscula, sæpe incurva, 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum; clinandrium membranaceum, cum alis columnæ continuum. Anthera in margine v. intra marginem clinandrii erecta, loculis contiguis, valvis exterioribus latis, connectivo breviter acuminato; pollinia in loculis 2-partita, subplana, pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente libera v. dorso rostello affixa. Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, 1-foliatæ, 1-2-floræ, habitu Caladeniæ, tuberibus parvis, caule simplici tenui sæpe piloso. Folium ad basin caulis oblongum v. lanceolatum, vagina scariosa stipatum. Flores erecti, breviter pedicellati, bracteis parvis.

Species 4, Australianze. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 391.

Genus Caladeniæ (sect. Pentisiæ) valde affine, quacum junxit Reichenbach, appendicibus ad basin labelli insigne, in sectiones 2 facile pro generibus distinctis habendas dividitur:—

- 1. Euglossodia, Endl. Gen. Pl. 1367. Labellum basi latum, biconvexum, pubescens. Clinandrium postice parum elevatum, anthera marginali. Species 2, orientales. Endl. Iconogr. t. 41. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 120. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1.
- 2. Eleutheranthera, Endl. l.c. Labellum angustum, glabrum. Clinandrium postice valde elevatum, supra antheram intramarginalem fere cucullatum. Species 2, occidentales.
- 282. Adenochilus, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 246, t. 56 A.—Sepala libera, posticum erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, latum, concavum v. subgaleatum, lateralia sublongiora, lanceolata, patentia. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum; lobi laterales lati, suberecti, medius angustus, recurvo-patens, facie varie callosa. Columna longiuscula, utrinque late alata; stigma sub rostello brevi latum, prominens; clinandrium late membranaceum, integrum v. 2-partitum, marginibus cum alis columnæ continuis. Anthera erecta, latiuscula, loculis contiguis subæqualiter 2-valvibus; pollinia in loculis 4, ovoidea, pulvereogranulosa. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, tenues, 1-foliatæ, 1-floræ, habitu Caladeniæ. Folium in medio caule ovatum, amplexicaule; squamæ v. bracteæ

supra folium 2, dissitæ, quarum superior ad basin pedicelli appendiculam lineari-subulatam v. apice leviter dilatatam includit, quæ verisimiliter axeos continuatio, floris alterius rudimentum interdum ferens.

Species 2, altera Novo-Zelandica, Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 265, altera nuper in Australia detects. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. x. 64.

283. Chilogiettis, R. Br. Prod. 322.—Sepala libera, posticum erectum, incurvum, concavum, basi contractum, lateralia anguste linearia v. teretia, patentia v. reflexa. Petala lanceolata, falcata. Labellum a basi columnæ brevissime unguiculatum, ovatum v. obovatum, indivisum, facie varie callosum. Columna elongata, alis 2 latis ad apicem columnæ in lobos 2 erectos antheram sæpe æquantes productis; stigma sub rostello brevissimo latum; clinandrium postice breve, marginibus cum alis columnæ continuis. Anthera erecta, sessilis, oblonga, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulverea, in loculis vix divisa, anthera dehiscente libera v. rostello affixa. Capsula erecta, ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, tuberibus parvis. Folia 2, subradicalia. Scapus tenuis, 1-florus, præter bracteam florem subtendentem nudus v. prope basin 1-vaginatus. Flos mediocris, breviter pedicellatus.

Species 6, quarum 2 Novo-Zelandicæ, inclusa Caladenia bifolia, Hook. f.; 4 Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 390. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 211, f. 1 (Epipaotis). Bauer, Ill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 8. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 108; Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 269.

284. Calcenilus, R. Br. Prod. 320.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, posticum erectum, latiusculum, concavum, lateralia patentia. Petala multo minora, late falcata. Labellum sessile, patens v. pendulum, obovatum v. oblongum, indivisum, sepalis sublongius, facie dense ciliato-fimbriatum. Columna brevis, latiuscule 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi erecto latum; clinandrium postice breve, marginibus latioribus cum alis columnæ continuis. Anthera in margine v. intra marginem clinandrii sessilis, incumbens, ovata, apice interdum breviter recurva, loculis contiguis; pollinia pulvereo-granulosa, anthera dehiscente ad latera rostelli margini stigmatis imposita. Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, tuberibus ovoideis, caule simplici 1-foliato. Folium elongatum, angustum, prope basin caulis, et vaginæ 2 v. 3 supra folium sæpe apice in acumen erectum subfoliaceum productæ. Flores in racemo pauci, breviter pedicellati. Bractæe parvæ.

Species 3, Australiæ orientalis incolæ, a Muellero in unam junctæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 314. Endl. Ionogr. t. 14. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 106 A. Fitzger. Austral. Orch. cum tab. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 3187.

285. Arethusa, Linn. Gen. n. 1014.—Sepala subæqualia, incurvo-erecta, angusta, basi cohærentia, lateralia in ovario obliqua, basi sub labello in mentum breve connata. Petala sepalis subsimilia v. paullo latiora. Labellum erectum, angustum, basi cum columna connatum et in calcar descendens brevissime productum, lamina indivisa apice patente, facie sæpius villosa. Columna elongata, crecta, anguste alata, alis superne latioribus cum clinandrio membranaceo-dilatato dentato v. subintegro continuis; stigma sub rostello prominulo transversum, angustum. Anthera intra marginem clinandrii breviter stipitata, incumbens v. fere pendula, obtuse conica, loculis septo imperfecto divisis; pollinia in loculis 2 (v. in unum cohærentia?), laxe tenuiterque granulosa, ecaudata, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula longiuscula, maturam non vidimus.—Herbæ terrestres, tubere parvo, scapo florente aphyllo' v. 1-foliato paucivaginato uni-pauci-floro. Folium angustum v. folia e gemma distincta 2-3, serotina. Flos v. flores majusculi, erecti v. subnutantes. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 3, quarum una Japonica, scapo 1-phyllo 1-floro; altera boreali-Americana scapo aphyllo v. rarius vagina una in folium breve producta, 1- rarius 2-floro (Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 426. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Fructif. t. 7. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 170. Bot. Mag. t. 2204. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1170); tertia Guatemalensis, scapo aphyllo 2-4-floro (Caybe Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446; Gen. et Sp.

Orch. 425. Bot. Reg. t. 1872.) Folia serotina in hac e gemma distincta evolvuntur, in duabus prioribus deesse videntur. Characteres florales in omnibus iidem.

286. Calopegon, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 204. (Cathea, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 300, absque char.)—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum (superum), a basi columnse patens, ascendens, unque angusto v. lato, lamina dilatata ad apicem unguis barbata. Columna elongata, curvula, superne 2-alata; stigma sub rostello brevi transversum; clinandrium elevatum, integrum, marginibus cum alis continuis. Anthera margini v. paullo infra marginem clinandrii affixa, incumbens, convexa; pollinia in loculis solitaria (v. 2?) laxe granulosa, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula . . .—Herbæ terrestres, tubere parvo, caule 1- rarissime 2-foliato supra folium esquamato. Folium gramineum. Flores majusculi, in racemo laxo plures, vix pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species editæ 4, Americæ borealis incolæ, inter se valde affines. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 424. Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 456. Bart. Fl. N. Amer. t. 68. Bot. Mag. t. 116. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 115. Fl. des Serres, t. 1036.

Specimen Cubense, Wright, n. 3317, a forma communi boreali C. pulchellæ, Br., vix differt spica longa floribunda.

287. Pogonia, Juss. Gen. Pl. 65.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta v. rarius patentia. Petala sepalis similia v. sæpe latiora v. breviora, erecta v. cum labello declinata. Labellum a basi columnæ erectum, liberum, ecalcaratum, nunc sessile lobis lateralibus columnam anguste amplectentibus, nunc in unguem contractum, lamina patente 3-loba v. indivisa, facie sæpius lineis 2 v. 4 callosis instructa. Columna elongata, apice leviter clavata, exalata, rostello brevi; stigma sub rostello oblongum v. latum; clinandrium plus minus elevatum, integrum v. denticulatum. Anthera in margine clinandrii substipitatum, plus minus incumbens, obtuse conica v. semiglobosa, loculis sæpe septo imperfecto semi-2-locellatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria v. in 2 divisa, tenuiter granulosa, ecaudata, libera v. demum in rostello sessilia. Capsula oblonga v. ovoidea, erecta v. (in Triphoris nonnullis et in Nervilia) pendula.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate varie tuberoso. Folia nunc in caule florente coætanea solitaria v. pauca, nunc serotina e gemma solitaria, petiolo basi vagina stipato, lamina lata, scapo florente in eodem tubere e gemma distincta aphyllo paucisquamato. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, solitarii v. in racemo secundi, nutantes v. rarius erecti.

Species ultra 30, in utroque orbe late dispersæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 413. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 147. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 88.

Genus melius characteribus vegetationis quam floralibus in sectiones sequentes dividitur, quæ vix non genera naturalia præbent:—

- 1. Nervilia. Scapi floridi 1-3-vaginati, cæterum aphylli. Folia serotina, e gemma distincta solitaria, petiolo basi vagina stipato, lamina lata sæpe orbiculata v. fere reniformi. Flores sæpius in racemo breviter pedicellati, nutantes, secundi, rarius solitarii v. gemini. Stigma quam in Eupogoma brevius latiusque. Species ad 15, omnos gerontogeæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ, ab Africa tropica usque ad Chinam, insulas maris Pacifici et Australiam extensæ. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 150, t. 10, f. 4, t. 49, f. 2, t. 54 B, t. 56, 57. Wight, Ic. t. 1720, 1758. Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 142; in Flora 1865, 1°4, et 1872, 276; Otia Hamb. 60; et Xen. Orch. t. 126, f. 3 ad 6. Bot. Mag. t. 6125. Neevilla, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 422, t. 35. Cordyla, Blume, Bijdr. 416. Rophostemon, Bl. Fl. Jav. Præf. 6. Aplostellis, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 24. Haplostellis, Endl. Gen. Pl. 219.
- 2. Eupogonia. Caulis I-foliatus, I-bracteatus, I-florus. Folium angustum v. oblongum. Bractea parva. Flos erectus v. inclinatus. Labellum sessile. Clinandrium sæpius denticulatum. Species 2, boreali-Americanæ, quarum una etiam in Japonia obvia. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 70. Bot. Reg. t. 148. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 32, et t. 54 A. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 126, f. 1. P. similis, Bl. (P. japonica, Reichb. f.) ab A. Grayio ad P. ophioglossoidem reducitur.
- 3. Cleistes. Caulis elatus, 2-3-foliatus, 2-∞-bracteatus, 2-∞-florus. Bracteæ foliaceæ. Flores maximi, subsessiles, subsrecti. Labellum sæpius sessile. Clinandrium (an semper?) dentatum. Species, ex Reichb. f. (Xen. Orch. ii. 89) 11, Americanæ tropicæ, plures tamen inter se male dis-

- tinctse. Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 321 (Limodorum). Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 81. Claustes, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 31, nomen. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 409. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 478.
- 4. Triphora. Caulis 2-3-foliatus, 2- $\infty$ -bracteatus, 2- $\infty$ -florus. Bractes foliaces uti folia late, sessiles. Flores mediocres, pedicellati, sepe nutantes. Labellum (an semper?) unguiculatum. Clinandrium parum prominens, integrum. Species ad 8, America borealis et tropica incolas. Blume, Orch. Archy. Ind. t. 53, f. 3. Reichb. f. in Ned. Kruidk. Arch. iv. 321. Bot. Reg. t. 908. TRIPHORA, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. ii. 192.
- 5. Codonorchis. Caulis medio v. supra medium verticillo foliorum 3-6 instructus, 1-florus. Folia lata, subsessilia. Sepala sequalia, patentia, petalis longiora. Species 2, Americanse extratropicse, altera borealis, sepalis quam petala multo longioribus linearibus, labello sessili, Bart. Fl. N. Amer. t. 67, Isotria et Odonucciis, Rafin. in Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808), 220, 221; altera australis, sepalis quam petala parum majoribus, labello unguiculato. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 122. Brongn. in Dupert. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 37, f. 1 (Calopogon). Codonouchis, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 410. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 125.

DIDYMOPLEXIS, Griff. in Calc. Journ. iv. 383, t. 17, est verisimiliter Pogonia (Nervilla) species, sed specimina nulla adsunt vel in herb. Lindl. vel in aliis herbariis Kowensibus.

288. ? Pogoniopsis, Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 82.—Sepala lineari-ligulata, curva, cum petalis subæqualibus conniventia. Labellum ima basi saccatum, lineare, antrorsum dilatatum, ambitu triangulum, in lacinias plures lineares bipectinato-solutum, antice rhombeum, callosum. Columna crassiuscula, 3-gona, utrinque juxta foveam porrecta; clinandrium erectum, vertice apice retusum, erosum. Anthera immersa, vertice emarginata; pollinia (ex ic. Warming) 2, inferne longitudinaliter foveata. Capsula...—Genus aphyllum, habitu Monotropæ. Radix fasciculata. Caulis crassiusculus, superne densius inferne distanter vaginatus. Racemus densiusculus. Bracteæ oblongo-ligulatæ, ciliato-serratæ, basi sagittatæ. (Char. ex Reichb. f.)

Species 1, Brasiliensis, a nobis non visa. Genus affine Pogoniæ dicitur. Pollinia auctor ipse non vidit.

289. ? Chlorosa, Blume, Bijdr. 420, t. 31.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecto-patentia, angusta, acuminata. Petala sepalis similia nisi minora. Labellum sepalis subsimile, sessile, erectum, columnam amplectens. Columna brevissima, crassa; stigma sub rostello brevissimo faciem columnæ obtegens; clinandrium vix prominens. Anthera sessilis, erecta, ovata, obtusa, loculis discretis; pollen pulvereo-granulosum. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris v. epiphytica, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi crassis fasciculatis, scapis floridis aphyllis paucivaginatis erectis simplicibus. Folia in rhizomate solitaria, longe petiolata, late ovata, crassiuscula. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in spica laxa sessiles. Bracteæ angustæ. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Blumei.)

Species 1, Javanica, a nobis non visa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 452. Blume, Orch. Archip. Igd. 134, t. 44.

Genus ab auctore cum Cryptostyle, Br., comparatum, nobis potius Pogoniæ approximandum videtur.

290. Leucorchis, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 31. (Apetalon, Wight, Ic. v. 22, t. 1758. Epiphanes, Reichb. f. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 295, non Bl.)—Sepalum posticum cum petalis æquilongis in labium superius 3-fidum connatum, lateralia in labium semi-2-fidum plus minus connata, basi cum pede columnæ mentum parvum formantia. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum (articulatum?), latissimum, sepalis vix brevius, indivisum, media facie præsertim prope basin papilloso-callosum. Columna longiuscula, basi in pedem brevem producta, superne anguste 2-alata, apice antice 2-denticulata; stigma sub rostello brevi latiusculum; clinandrium parum elevatum, integrum. Anthera in margine clinandrii brevissime stipitata, late ovata, convexa, inclinata v. subincumbens; pollinia (in loculis 2?) laxe tenuiterque granulosa. Capsula . . .—Herbæ tenues, aphyllæ, rhizomate ramoso tuberifero. Scapi simplices, flexuosi, squamis paucis parvis. Flores parvi, in racemo pauci, breviter pedicellati. Bractese parvæ.

Species 2 v. 3, in graminosis India orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et insulis maris Pacifici late disperses. *Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind.* 146, oum ic. xyl. Columnæ pes in icone Wightiana neglectus, certe adest in speciminibus suis.

291. Gastrodia, R. Br. Prod. 330. (Gamoplexis, Falcon. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 293, t. 13, analysi erronea. Epiphanes, Blume, Bijdr. 421, t. 4.)—Sepala cum petalis in tubum ventricosum, apice 5-lobum antice breviter v. alte fissum connata, lobis brevibus ovatis æqualibus v. 2 interioribus (petalis) minoribus. Labellum pedi columnæ affixum, sepalis brevius, dorso perianthio breviter v. usque ad fissuram adnatum; lamina erecta, indivisa, media facie lineis 1-2-elevatis subcallosis instructa v. nuda. Columna elongata v. (in G. Cuminghamii) brevissima, semiteres v. anguste sub-2-alata, basi in pedem brevem nunc brevissimum producta, rostello parvo; stigma ad basin columnæ plus minus elevatum; clinandrium breve, antice sæpe 2-auriculatum. Anthera margini clinandrii affixa, incumbens, valde convexa v. semiglobosa; pollinia grosse granulosa, ecaudata. Capsula erecta, obovoidea turbinata v. ovoidea.—Herbæ terrestres, aphylæ, rhizomate in tuber incrassato. Caulis simplex, vaginis laxis brevibus æ-squamatus. Flores in racemo laxiusculo breviter pedicellati, erecti v. nutantes. Bracteæ breves v. angustæ.

Species 7, Indiæ orientalis, Asiæ occidentalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 384. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 140, t. 52 ad 54. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 308. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 263; Fl. Tasm. t. 126. Endl. Iconogr. t. 5.

Perianthium in G. sesamoide antice breviter, in specie Falconcriana (que vix a G. clata, Bl., differt) usque ad medium, in G. javanica, fere ad basin fissum. Labelli forma variabilis est, sed nunquam vidimus petalis simile ut in icone Falconcriana delineatur.

292. Toania, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Sc. Petersb. xviii. 68; Mel. Biol. viii. 645.—Sepala carnosa, libera, patentia, oblonga, lateralia subinæquilatera. Petala sepalis paullo breviora, ovata, conniventia. Labellum cum petalis campanulato-connivens, iis æquale, liberum, lata basa sessile, suboblongum, concavum, apice contracto subfornicatum, medio in sacculum brevem excavatum, leve. Columna labello brevior, erecta, plana, quadrata; stigma transversum, profunde excavatum, rostello obsoleto; clinandrii lobus medius triangulari-ovatus, laterales semi-ovati in alas columnam marginantes abeuntes. Anthera lobo medio adnata, persistens, longe rostrata, loculorum facies a margine solutæ; pollinia 4, oblonga, pulposa, sectilia, per bina caudiculis (stipitibus rostelli?) arachnoideoviscidulis glandulæ affixa, quæ quasi semilunaris margini superiori stigmatis inserta. Capsula . . .—Herba aphylla, caulibus e rhizomate ramoso erectis crassis simplicibus, basi crebre sursum remote vaginis tectus. Flores majusculi, in racemo laxo 4-7, longe pedunculati. (Char. ex descr. Maxim.)

Species 1, Japonica, a nobis non nisi iconibus a Maximowiczio communicatis nota. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1364. Genus videtur Epipogo affine.

293. Epipogum, Gmel. Fl. Sibir. i. 11, t. 2, f. 2. (Epipogium, Lindl. et auct. plur.)—Sepala subequalia, libera, angusta, erecta v. demum patentia. Petala sepalis similia. Labellum ad basin columnæ sessile, ovatum, basi late concavum et in saccum seu calcar breve obtusum productum; lobi laterales auriculiformes v. obsoleti, medius patens, facie 2—4-seriatim papillosus. Columna brevis, apice incrassata, rostello brevi lato; stigma a rostello subdistans, latum, prominens; clinandrium breve v. membranaceo-dilatatum. Anthera marginalis v. intra marginem clinandrii substipitata, incumbens v. suberecta, dorso valde incrassata; pollinia in loculis solitaria, granulosa, anthera dehiscente sæpius stipitibus 2 filiformibus e rostelli glandula affixa. Capsula ovoidea, nutans.—Herbæ aphyllæ, rhizomate nodoso interdum in tuber subintegrum incrassato. Scapus simplex, squamis vaginantibus paucis. Flores in racemo laxo pauci, breviter pedicellati, patentes v. nutantes. Bracteæ floribus breviores.

Species 2, altera typica labello 2-auriculato, clinandrio brevi, per Europam et Asiam temperatam parcissime dispersa, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 383. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 468. Ness, Gen. Pl. Fl.

# TRIBUS IV. OPERYDEM.

299. orehis, Linn. Gen. n. 1009, pro parte.—Sepala libera, subsequalia, patentia v. in galeam conniventia. Petala sepalis subsimilia v. sæpissime minora. Labellum cum columna brevissime connatum, a basi patens v. pendulum, basi in calcar productum, lamina convexa v. concava, plus minus 3-loba v. rarius 4-5-loba. Columna brevissima, vix ultra basin labelli producta, facie lata concava stigmatifera, rostello cupulato v. saccifero; clinandrium erectum, non v. brevissime ultra loculos antheræ productum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculi adnati prominentes, paralleli, apicibus (inferis) convergentibus; pollinia in quoque loculo grosse granulosa in caudiculam lævem producta, caudiculis anthera dehiscente glandulæ unicæ v. glandulis 2 distinctis intra sacculum unicum rostelli affixis. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate quotannis tuber novum integrum v. palmato-2-3-fidum formante, tubere annotino demum marcescente. Caulis erectus, simplex, foliis paucis longe vaginatis. Flores mediocres rarius parvi, in spica densa v. laxa sessiles v. in racemo brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ nunc minimæ, nunc foliaceæ flores subsuperantes.

Species fere 80, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et Africæ borealis incolæ, cum 2 boreali-Americanis et 2 ex ins. Mascarensium. Lindl. Gon. et Sp. Orch. 258. Nym. Syll. Fl. Eur. 355. Walp. Ann. i. 793; iii. 574.

Genus apud Linnæum Ophrydeas omnes labello 1-calcarato includit, huic fere sententiæ reversi sunt Grenier et Godron, Fl. Fr. iii. 284, sed ab auctoribus recentioribus limitatur ad species quarum glandulæ caudiculorum in sacculo unico rostelli nidulant. Plerique etiam pro speciebus veris eas solas admittant quibus glandulæ 2 in sacculo unico distinctæ sunt etsi sæpissime arcte contiguæ. Hæ sectionem formant Euorchidem et a Lindleyo in subsectiones 2 dividitur, Androrchis seu Mascula, sepalis lateralibus reflexis v. patentibus et Herorchis seu Militaris (Strateuma, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 290 absque char.), sepalis conniventibus galeam referentibus. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 362 ad 378, 380 ad 414, 502 ad 512. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 35. Barla, Iconogr. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 28 ad 50. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 18, 42, 96. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 87 ad 92 Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 927, 928. Hook. Exct. Fl. t. 69.

Genera sequentia, pleraque monotypica, a variis auctoribus proposita, ab aliis ad sectiones Orchidis reducuntur, a qua characteribus lævioris momentu separantur.

TRAUNSTEINERA, Reichb. Fl. Sax. 87, ex Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 415, est O. globosa, Linn.; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 381, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 16, ab auctoribus a genere distincta ob polliniorum glandulas more Habenariæ nudas nec in sacculo rostelli inclusas. Sacculus tamen in speciminibus siccis examinatis obvius fuit etsi tenerrimus, et ctiam delineatus videtur in ic. Barlæi, l.c. t. 16, f. 17. Species tamen Orchidem cum Habenaria (Gymnadenia) arcte connectere videtur.

Barlia, Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 445, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 25, est O. longibracteata, Biv.; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 379, Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 17, species pulcherrima, petalis basi breviter columne adnatis et polliniorum caudiculis glandulæ unicæ indivisæ affixis.

LOROGLOSSUM, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 47 (HIMANTOGLOSSUM, Spreng. Syst. iii. 675), ab auctoribus recentioribus reducitur ad O. hircinam, Linn. speciebusque 2 ei affinibus, Reichb. Ia. Fl. Germ. t. 358 ad 360, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 32, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 24, a Lindleyo ad Aceratem relatas, labello longissimo loriformi pendulo breviter v. brevissime calcarato, et polliniorum caudiculis glandulæ unicæ indivisæ affixis.

COMPERIA, C. Koch in Linnaa xxii. 287, est O. Comperiana, Stev. in Mem. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. vii. 259, t. 12, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 510, species distinctissuma, grandiflora, sepalis in galeam coherentibus, labelli lobis 4 in caudas longe filiformes productis. Auctores cum O. hircina comparant, cui habitu quodammodo accedit, sed ex Reichb. f. ad Orchides veras pertinet (glandulis distinctis?). In flore a nobis examinato pollinia jam delapsa fuerunt.

AMACAMPTIS, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 47, est O. pyramidalis, Linn.; Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 266, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 361, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 34, Barla, Ic. Orch. A1p. Marit. t. 26, habitu et floribus Habenariæ (Gymnadeniæ) conopseæ similis, sed polliniorum caudiculis glandulæ unicæ in sacculo rostelli inclusæ affixis. Hæc specios, cum O. globosa, Orchidem cum Gymnadeniis typicis arcte connectit.

300. Serapias, Linn. Gen. n. 1012. (Helleborine, Pers. Sym. Pl. ii. 512.)—Sepala subsequalia, erecta, in galeam conniventia v. coherentia. Potala nunc minima nunc sepalis

vix breviora at multo angustiora. Labellum a basi columnæ breviter erectum, dein recurvo-patens, ecalcaratum; lobi laterales latiusculi, breves, erecti, medius linguiformis v. latus, acuminatus, pendulus; discus sæpe vestitus, basi lamina glandulosa simplici v. duplici instructus. Columna brevis, lata, supra stigma contracta, rostello sacculifero; clinandrium erectum, ultra loculos antheræ varie productum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculi adnati, prominentes, subparalleli, apicibus (inferis) brevibus convergentibus; pollinia in quoque loculo grosse granulosa, caudiculis brevibus anthera dehiscente glandulæ unicæ (v. 2 arcte contiguis?) intra sacculum rostelli affixis. Capsula oblonga, erecta, obtuse costata, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, habitu Orchidis, tuberibus indivisis. Folia angusta. Flores sæpius majusculi, in spica pauci.

Species distinguendæ 4 v. 5, sæpe tamen intermediis v. hybridis connexæ, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, una usque ad ins. Azoricas extensa. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 377. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 24. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 438 ad 442. Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 17 ad 22. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 16, 94, 95. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 98. Todaro, Hort. Bot. Pan. t. 7, 10. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 931, 932. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 5868, 6255. Bot. Reg. t. 1189.

ISIAS, Notar. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Torin. ser. 2, vi. 413, cum ic., est Serapias triloba, Viv.; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 438, sepalis demum patentibus, labelli lobis lateralibus latis explanatis, stirps rarissima, in variis locis præsertim in Italia hinc inde cum S. cordigera v. S. longipetala lecta, quæ ex Gren. et Godr. Fl. Fr. iii. 277 aliisque nonnullis auctoribus est hybrida inter Serapiam et Orchidem laxistoram v. O. papilionaceam, quod tamen ulterius probandum. Cfer. Bot. Mag. t. 6255.

301. Aceras, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 191.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, in galeam conniventia. Petala sepalis minora. Labellum a basi columnæ patens v. pendulum, angustum, ecalcaratum, 3-fidum, lobo medio 2-fido. Columna brevissima, lata, facie concava late stigmatosa, rostello brevissimo sacculifero; clinandrium erectum, rotundatum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculi adnati, prominentes, apicibus (inferis) convergentibus; pollinia in quoque loculo grosse granulosa, caudiculis brevibus, anthera dehiscente glandulæ unicæ intra sacculum rostelli affixis. Capsula erecta, breviter oblonga, costis obtuse prominulis.—Herba terrestris, habitu et tuberibus Orchidis integris. Flores parvi, in spica densa v. rarius elongata subsessiles. Bracteæ floribus breviores.

Species 1, Europæ imprimis occidentalis et Africæ borealis incola, in regione Mediterranea usque ad Græciam extensa. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 26. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 357. Barla, Io. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 23.

Genus ab Orchidis sect. Loroglosso floribus parvulis et labello omnino ecalcarato parum distinctum. Lindley, Gen. et Sp. Orch. 282, Loroglossum et Neotineam in Acerati inclusit.

302. Oparys, Linn. Gen. n. 1011, pro parte. (Arachnites, F. W. Schmidt, Fl. Boëm. i. 74, pro parte.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, sæpius concava, patentia. Petala sepalis minora, nunc minima. Labellum cum columna brevissime connatum, patens, ecalcaratum v. (in O. tabanifera, Willd.) brevissime gibboso-calcaratum; lamina dependens, sæpius lata sepalisque longior, convexa, marginibus recurvis, integra v. breviter 3-loba, supra sæpius vestita, nunc prope basin 2-callosa v. 2-cornuta. Columna brevis, crassa, rostello 2-sacculato; clinandrium erectum, ultra loculos antheræ in acumen obtusum breve v. varie elongatum productum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculi distincti, adnati, apicibus (inferis) subparallelis; pollinia in quoque loculo singula, grosse granulosa, caudiculis tenuibus, glandulis intra sacculos rostelli distinctos immersis affixis. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris, obtuse costata.—Herbæ terrostres, habitu Orchidis, tuberibus indivisis. Flores in racemo v. spica interrupta sæpius dissiti v. pauci, brevissime pedicellati v. sessiles. Bracteæ sæpius herbaceæ, flore breviores.

Species enumeratæ ultra 30, Europæ, Asiæ occidentalis et Africæ borealis incolæ, sed distinctio sæps valde confusa, labelli forma in pluribus speciebus quam maxime variabili. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 372. Nym. Syn. Fl. Eur. 359. Walp. Ann. i. 805; iii. 591. Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 529. Noes, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 28. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 443 ad 465. Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp.

Marit. t. 51 ad 62. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 19, 48 ad 46, 72. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 87, 88, 90, 91. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 929, 930.

MYODIUM, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 289, est Ophrys aranifera, Sm.

303. Exeminium, Linn. Gen. ed. i. 271.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, in galeam conniventia v. lateralia patentia. Petala subsimilia v. minora. Labellum a basi columna continuum ei brevissime connatum, patens v. pendulum, angustum, 2-3-fidum v. indivisum, ecalcaratum, planum concavum v. brevissime lateque saccatum. Columna brevissima, stigmatibus utrinque in processus breves productis, apice 2-appendiculata v. nuda, rostello brevi v. medio prominente non (v. obscure?) sacculato; clinandrium erectum, latum, ultra loculos non productum. Antherse connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculi adnati, prominentes, paralleli v. apicibus (inferis) divergentibus; pollinia grosse glandulosa, caudiculis brevibus nunc brevissimis non conniventibus, glandulis nudis dissitis. Capsula oblonga, erecta, recta v. torta.—Herbæ tenues v. humiles, tuberibus integris, novello sæpe ab annotino fibra longa separato. Folia pauca, sæpius angusta, nunc solitaria v. fere reniformia. Flores parvi, dense subracemosi v. longe tenuiterque spicati.

Species ad 6, Europæ et Asiæ temperatæ et montanæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 304. Reichb. f. in Flora 1872, 276.

Genus a Habenaria uti Aceras ab Orchide separatur labello ecalcarato. In specie typica, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 415, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 25, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 11 (Monorchia, Ehrk. Beitr. iv. 147, nomen) labellum superum basi subsaccatum et rostellum in processum inter pollinarii glandulas productum. In H. alpino, Lindl., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 416 (Chamorchis, L. C. Rick. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 49, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 23; Chamerres, Spreng. Syst. iii. 702, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 27), labellum inferum planum, rostellum nudum. Ei generice associanda videtur Aceras angustifolia, Lindl., Wight, Ic. t. 1691, Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. t. 87 (Thisbe, Falcon. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 183 c, nomen), spica longa tenui laxa, et ab hac vix v. non specifice differt A. longicruris, C. Wright in Mem. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, vi. 411, e Japonia. Aopla, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701; Orch. Gen. et Sp. 304, est H. reniforme, Lindl., foliis 1-2 ovato-cordatis, floribus fere H. grandiflori, Lindl., stigmatis v. rostelli processubus 2 longiusculis iis specierum nonnullarum Habenariæ similibus.

H. spirale, Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1855, 213, ex ins. Bourbon, a nobis non visum, verisimiliter ad Arnottiam reterendum.

304. Steneglettis, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. May. ii. 209.—Sepala libera, subaqualia, demum patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi minora. Labellum a columna patens, angustum, sepalis longius, apice 3-fidum, ecalcaratum. Columna brevissima, stigmate cavo, rostello parum prominente. Anthera cum clinandrio erecta, lata, marginibus incrassatis apice utrinque in tuberculum v. lobum brevem terminatis (staminodiis ad latera clinandrii adnatis, Hook. f.), loculis discretis latiusculis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus; pollinia in loculis singula, grosse granulosa, caudiculis brevissimis dissitis, glandulis nudis. Capsula oblonga, erecta, erostris.—Herba terrestris, tuberibus v. fibris carnosis fasciculatis. Folis ad basin caulis conferta, oblonga. Flores parvuli, in spica tenui dissiti, subsecundi.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 56. Bot. Mag. t. 5872.

Genus vix ab Herminio distinguendum, a Lindleyo ad florem imperfectum definitum. Rostelli labium inferius elongatum linguiforme deflexum in analysi in herb. Lindl. depictum et in charactere suo descriptum in speciminibus nostris deest, nec in analysi Hookeriana in Bot. Mag. l.c. delineatur, et margines elevati clinandrii seu staminodia a Lindleyo non detecta fuerunt.

Stenoglottis calcarata, Reichb. f. in Flora 1865, 180, postea in Linnza xli. 64, pro genere (Barlea) distincta, a nobis in Habenaria includitur.

305. Armettia. A. Rich. Orch. Iles Fr. et Bourb. 33, t. 7.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, concava, demum patentia. Petala sepalis angustiora nec longiora. Labellum cum columna continuum, patens, oblongum v. lineare, indivisum, ecalcaratum. Columna brevissima, rostello medio haud prominente, lobis lateralibus brevibus v. longiusculis cum

clinandrio continuis; stigmatis lobi v. stigmata 2 crassiuscula divaricata, ad latera columnæ interdum prominula. Anthera cum clinandrio erecta, lata, truncata v. ad angulos in lobos rostelli producta, loculis crassis v. parvis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) brevissimis v. longioribus lobis rostelli adnatis; pollinia in loculis singula, granulosa, caudiculis brevissimis v. longiusculis dissitis, glandulis nudis. Capsula erecta, oblonga v. fere linearis, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, habitu Cynorchidis, fibris carnosis fasciculatis, interdum in tubera incrassatis. Folia subradicalia, 1 v. 2, oblonga, membranacea. Flores parvuli, in spica laxiuscula sat numerosi. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species 2, Mauritianze. S. Moore in Bak. Fl. Maurit. 338.
Genus primo aspectu Cynorchidem refert, sed characteres potius Herminii v. Stenoglottidis.

306. Bartholina, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 194.—Sepala subæqualia, libera, erecta, angusta, subherbacea. Petala sepalis subæqualia, colorata. Labellum ima basi cum columna connatum, in calcar acutum productum, lamina patente lata longe fimbriato-multifida. Columna sub anthera brevis, rostelli lobo medio brevi reflexo, stigmatibus non productis; clinandrium erectum, longissimum, angustum, concavum, basi cum lobis lateralibus rostelli continuum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculis subparallelis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) longis usque ad apicem rostelli lobis adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis longissimis apice in glandulam dilatatis, intra valvas loculorum et lobos rostelli canaliculatos inclusis. Capsula . . .—Herba terrostris, 1-flora, basi 1-phylla. Folium orbiculato-reniforme, auriculis late rotundatis caulem amplectentibus. Flos nutans, lobis labelli filiformibus speciosus.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. Lond. iv. t. 6. Bot. Reg. t. 1653. Endl. Iconogr. t. 40. Species duas a Lindl. Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 210 ad floris magnitudinem distincts vix pro varietatibus separare possumus.

307. Euttonea, Harr. Thes. Cap. t. 101. (Hallackia, Harr. l.c. t. 102.)—Sepalum posticum erectum, unguiculatum, lanceolatum v. ovatum, lateralia majora, lata, obliqua, patentia. Petalorum ungues basi cum ungue sepali connati, longiusculi, lamina concava v. cucullata fimbriata. Labellum sessile, patens, latum, margine subglanduloso-fimbriatum, ecalcaratum. Columna infra rostellum brevissima, vix ulla, stigmate parvo depresso; clinandrium latum, erectum, marginibus basi cum lobis lateralibus rostelli latis complicatis continuum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculis elevatis adnatis divergentibus, apicibus (inferis) brevibus incurvo-ascendentibus intra lobos rostelli complicatos subinclusis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis parum elongatis, glandulis intra plicas rostelli plus minus inclusis. Capsula...—Herbæ terrestres, foliis paucis latis. Spica laxa, interrupta, floribus mediocribus.

Species 2, Africa australis incolæ.

Tenus ab omnibus distinguitur perianthii structura. Hallackia a specie typica parum differt antherse loculis parallelis v. parum divergentibus, dum in H. pulchra apices bene distant, minus tamen recurvi sunt quam in icone delineati.

308. **■colethrix**, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 55 (nomen).—Sepala subæqualia, conniventia. Petala sepalis longiora, angusta, integra v. apice 2-∞-fida. Labellum basi columnæ adnatum, erectum, concavum v. a latere convolutum, apice anguste 3-∞-fidum, basi in calcar rectum v. recurvum productum. Columna brevissima, ad latera stigmatis parvi sæpius 2-auriculata; clinandrium erectum, latum, concavum v. fere cucullatum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculis inclusis distinctis ovoideis adnatis spicibus (inferis) vix productis v. brevibus; pollinia in loculis e granulis grossis in caudioulo brevissimo confertis, glandulis nudis parvis. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erecta.—Herbæ terræstres, habitu fere Herminii. Folia ad basin caulis 1-2, sessilia, late ovata v. orbiculato-reniformia. Scapus tenuis, pilis reversis basi v. undique hirsutus. Flores parvi, in spica tenui v. densa socundi, sepalis pilosis v. glabratis; petala et labellum semper glabra.

VOL. III.

Species ad 18, quarum 2 Abyssinica, catera Africa australis incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 283, et in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 206. Sond. in Linna xix. 76. Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1855, 213 (Deramoria). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 353. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 103.

Genus in integrum servatum nobis naturale videtur et bene limitatum. Sequentia Lindleyana includimus, quorum plurima in speciminibus mancis rite examinare nequivit auctor.

Saccidium, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 301, e specimine unico notum Burchelliano fructifero floribus emarcidis. Auctor a Holothrice distinxit sepalis basi saccatis, nobis tamon non magis cava videntur quam in pluribus aliis speciebus.

MONOTRIS, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 303, pariter e specimine unico Burchelliano nota, cui sepala plus minus connata, quod tamen in nonnullis aliis speciebus observatum, et planta cadem videtur ac H. parvifolia a Lindleyo in herb. Benth. determinata.

Bucculina, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 209, ex exemplare unico Dregeano descripta, a cæteris Holothricibus paullulum differt perianthio magis aperto et columne auriculis paullo magis evolutis. Caterum H. parvifoliæ similis est.

Scopularia. Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701, Gen. et Sp. Orch. 303, et in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 207; Sond. in Linuae xix. 79, est species austro-Africana, habitu omnino Holothricis, sed petala 2-5-fida, et labelli lobi numerosi, in floribus perfectis breves, in superioribus cujusve spice ut videtur sterilibus longe filiformes.

TRYPHIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701, Gen. et Sp. Orch. 333, et in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 208; Sond. is Linnea xix. 82; Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 105, species continet 2 austro-Africanas cum tertia Abyssinica, petalis ex Lindleyo labello adnatis, quod tamen nec in icone Harveiana delineatur, nec in floribus examinatis invenimus. Habitus omnino specierum typicarum.

309. Escornella, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 334. — Sepala subæquilonga, posticum erectum concavum, lateralia angustiora patentia. Labellum a columna patens, basi in calcar infundibulare productum; lobi laterales breves, marginibus calcaris incumbentes, medius elongatus indivisus. Columna brevissima, stigmate sub rostello cavo processubus nullis; rostelli lobi laterales elongati, lobis labelli plus minus adnati; clinandrium breve, latum, concavum, marginibus cum lobis lateralibus rostelli et labelli continuis. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculis latis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) longis lobis rostelli applicitis horizontalibus parallelis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis elongatis, glandulis nudis. Capsula obovoidea, erostris. Herbæ terrestres, tenues, elongatæ, habitu Habenario specierum parviflorarum. Folia pauca, angusta. Spicæ elongatæ, laxæ, floribus parvis. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, Madagascarienses.

Genus Habenariae (Platantherae) valde affine, differt imprimis lobis lateralibus labelli ad os calcaris lobos laterales rostelli ferentibus, et a Lindleyo pro appendicibus linguiformibus antherae habitis.

310. Mabenaria, Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 44. (Sieberia, Spreng. Anleit. Kenntn. Gewächs. ii. 282.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera v. ima basi coherentia, erecto-conniventia v. sieffus lateralia v. omnia patentia. Petala sepalis sapius minora, sed polymorpha, interdum profunde 2-loba. Labellum cum columna continuum seepeque brevissime connatum, patens v. pendulum, ima basi breviter v. longe calcaratum, lamina patente v. pendula, angusta v. lata, indivisa v. 3-5-fida, lobis lateralibus interdum pectinato-ciliatis v. fimbriatis. Columna brevissima, apoda, rostello inter loculos anthera sapius dente v. lobo brevi erecto aucto; stigma 2-lobum v. stigmata sepius 2 adnata v. in processus breves nunc brevissimos interdum valde elongatos læves v. papillosos producta; clinandrium erectum, antheræ loculos non excedens, interdum iis brevius. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum, loculis elevatis, interdum latis adnatis, parallelis v. divergentibus, apicibus (inferis) nunc brevissimis adnatis nunc elongatis horizontaliter liberis v. porrectis; pollinia in quoque loculo grosse v. tenuiter granulosa, caudiculis brevibus v. valde elongatis, anthera dehiscente glandulis nudis affixis. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, erecta v. incurva, erostris v. in rostrum producta.—Herber terrestres, habitu Orchidis, tuberibus indivisis v. rarius digitatim lobatis, v. fibræ radicales carnosæ parum incrassatæ, Flores parvi v. magni, in suica sessiles v. in racemo breviter pedicellati bracteis variis,

Species note fore 400, per regiones temperatas calidioresque utriusque orbis latissime disperse. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 306; in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 208. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. i. 797, iii. 583; in Bonpl. 1854, 10; 1855, 213; 1856, 210; 1857, 35; Xen. Orch. iii. 17; Otia Hamb. 33, 50, 78, 96; in Flora. 1865, 178; in Linnæa xli. 17, 30, 50, 100; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 139, t. 27.

Genus vastum, quoad columnam genitalium polymorphum, ab auctoribus nonnullis in genera plura divisum, quæ si species paucas tantum respicis distinctissima videntur, sed ob formas numerosas intermodias difficillime limitantur. Characteres etiam in speciminibus siccis male observantur et genus monographo perito sedulo commendatur. Interea catervæ sequentes sectiones plus minus distinctas formant.

1. GYMNADENIA, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 2, v. 191. Species normales, G. conopsea, G. codoratissima affinesque, Europeæ v. Asiaticæ temperatæ, tuberibus lobatis, floribus parvulis in spica densa v. elongata numerosis sæpissime purpureis Orchidibus nonnullis prope accedunt. Sepala patentia; stigmata in processus non v. vix producta; antheræ loculi fere contigui paralleli ultra rostellum non producti, glandulis pollinarii inter se parum distantibus. Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 419 ad 424. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 33. Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 12, 13. His adjungenda Nigritella, L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 48; Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 29; Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 467, species alpina, spica brevi densissima atropurpurea insignis, sed characteres omnino G. conopseæ et G. odoratissimæ cum quibus formas hybridas (N. fragrans, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 466, 513) facillime gignit. L. C. Richard Nigritellam distinxit ob polliniorum glandulas sacculis distinctis rostelli moro Ophrydis inclusas, quod tamen ab auctoribus recentioribus non confirmatur, nec in speciminibus siccis nostris apparet.

Reichb. f. in Otia Hamb. 32, 51, in Flora, 1872, 276, et in Linnea xli. 51, species 4 Asiaticas Gymnadenia addidit, a nobis non distincto recognitas.

- 2. TINEA, Bivon. ia Giorn. Sc. Sicil. 1833, 149, ex Guss. Syn. Fl. Sic. ii. 540, non Zoolog. (Neotinea, Reichl. f. Poll. Orch. Comm. 29, et in Seem. Journ. Bot. 1865, 1, t. 25), est H. intacta (Aceras intacta, Reichl. f. Ie. Fl. Germ. t. 500; A. secundiflora, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1525) ab auctoribus generibus variis imprimis Acerati ascripta, a quo differt labello distincte calcarato, rostello non sacculato, pollinarii glandulis nudis dissitis. A Gymnadeniis normalibus parum differt tuberibus indivisis, spica plus minus secunda, sepalis in galeam conniventibus. Stigmata in Journ. Bot. l. c. delineantur crassa divergentia fere in processus extensa, quod vix in speciminibus siccis apparet. Huic speciei in cadem sectione associanda videtur Gymnadenia cucullata, Rich., Reichl. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 418.
- 3. Leuconchis, E. H. F. Mey. Preuss. Pfl. Gatt. 50, non Bl. (Bicchia, Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 396, Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 11) est H. albida Br.; Reichb. f. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 419, ab auctoribus variis Gymnadenia Peristylo v. aliis generibus ascripta. Fibræ radicales fasciculatæ, carnosæ, non v. vix in tubera incrassatæ. Flores parvi, flavo-virentes v. albidi, in spica longa conferti. Sepala ut in Tinca in galeam conniventia. Labelli calcar breve. Anthera loculi ut in Gymnadenia approximati, paralleli, apicibus brevibus. Species in Europa et Asia late dispersa.

Huic radicibus et colore florum conveniunt Gymnadeniae boreali-Americanae ab A. Grayio Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. 5, 499, pro sectione Habenariae admissae (Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 81). Inflorescentia, sepalis patentibus et calcare tenui Gymnadeniis Europaeis accedunt, processus stigmatici tamen magis evoluti in H. tridentata crecti, in H. nivea labello appliciti; lobus medius rostelli in utraquo specie erectus non stigmatosus.

- 4. Perularia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701, Gen. et Sp. Orch. 281; Reichb. f. Ic. Fl Germ. t. 426, 519, species 2 continct, alteram boreali-Americanam, alteram boreali-Asiaticam, quas Reichb. f. pro unius varietatibus admittit. Racemi elongati floribus parvis, ceterum cum Gymnadeniis Americanis supra citatis conveniunt rhizomate potius fibras carnosas quam tubera emittente et polliniorum caudiculis brevibus inter se parum distantibus, differunt antheræ loculorum valvis juxta extremitatem caudicularum dilatatis, glandulam demum includentibus. In pluribus speciebus Habenariæ glandula valvis inclusa v. semi-inclusa evadit.
- 5. DERCEMBRIA, Reichh. f. Poll. Orch. Comm. 29, est H. aphylla, Br. (Peristylus squamatus, Hochst. in A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 289) ex Abyssinia (et Arabia?), species humilis, sub anthesi aphylla, caule dense squamato, spica densa, floribus parvulis, anthere loculorum valvis juxta extremitatem ut in Perularia dilatatis glandulam includentibus. D. unifolia, Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1855, 213, est Holethrieis species.
- 6. Peristylis, Blume, Bijdr. 404, t. 30 (Gennaria, Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 404. Britamia. A. Rich. Orch. Inc. Fr. et Bourb. 43, t. 7; Cybelle, Falcon. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 183c, nomen tuntum).

species includit plures, foliatas, Europeas Asiaticas v. Africanas, parvifloras, spica tenui densa v. elongata. Sepala erecto-patentia v. in galeam conniventia; labelli calcar breve, clavatum globosum v. sacciforme, rarissime acutiusculum; antherse loculi parum divergentes, apicibus brevibus v. longiusculis. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 297. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 436 (Platanthera). Wight, Ic. t. 921, 1695 ad 1699. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 84, 85. Hook. Bot. Misc. i. t. 55. Bot. Mag. t. 3164, 3397. Bot. Reg. t. 1499 (Herminium). Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 34; et in Trans. Linn. Soc.

7. Ockloglossum, Hartm. Scand. Fl. ed. 4, 283, genus prius ad H. albidam et H. viridem, Br., constitutum, serius in ed. 10, 204, ad H. viridem reductum est. Hæc species in Europa et Asia boreali late dispersa cum affini v. varietate H. bracteata, Br., ex America boreali, in Peristylo a Lindleyo includitur, ab aliis ad Platantheram refertur. Habitus, spica tenuis, flores parvi, et calcar breve Peristyli, et sepala pariter in galeam conniventia, sed antheræ loculi late divergentes Platanthera. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 110 (Orchis). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 175. Sw. Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 62. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 31. Reichb. Le. Fl. Germ. t. 434, 435 (Platanthera). Huic affinis etiam videtur Platanthera satyrioides, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 437, planta Rossica a nobis non visa. Correct surv. Lindl. Bat. Rea. sub. t. 1701: Gen. et. Sp. Orch. 302: Reichb. f. in Ronnl. 1856.

CCLOGLOSSUM, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701; Gen. et Sp. Orch. 302; Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1856, 321, et in Linnea xli. 54 (LINDBLOMIA, Fries in Lindbl. Bot. Notis. 1843, 131, ex Flora, 1844, 733), species continet 5 asiaticas parvifloras, Peristylum cum Platanthera arcte connectentes, calcare in una specie brevi scrotiformi in cæteris tenui. Cheradoplectron, J. C. Schauer in Pl. Meyen. 436, t. 13 C, est evidenter ex icone Caloglossum lacertiferum, Lindl., ad Habenariam translatum in Benth. Fl. Hongk. 362.

8. Phyllostachya, Benth., species continet plures Asiaticas tropicas, cum una ex Africa tropica, a variis auctoribus sub Gymnadenia Platanthera v. Habenaria editas, et a Reichenbachio, Otia Hamb. 32, omnes ad Gymnadeniam relatas. Species pleræque inter majores, foliis gradatim in bracteus foliaceas abeuntibus, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis inferioribus axillaribus. Sepala et petala in galeam conniventia. Labelli calcar latum, obtuse conicum v. emarginatum, lamina sæpius ampla. Antherarum loculi parum divergentes, iis tamen Platantheræ similiores quam Gymnadenia. Wight, Ic. t. 1692, 1693. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 197. Bot. Mag. t. 5875 (Eulophia).

His habitu affinis est *Habenaria lutea*, Wight, Ic. t. 919, species Indica, sepalis petalisque latis in globum conniventibus labellum includentibus insignis, cæterum *Habenariis* normalibus conveniens.

9. PLATANTHERA. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Mus. Par. iv. 48 (Lysias, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 288), genus ab auctore distinctum stigmate fere ut in Orchide in facie columnae lato concavo absque processubus lateralibus. Hi processus certe in H. chlorantha desunt, in H. bifolia tumen ei quam maxime affini adsunt breves ut bene indicatur in Darw. Fertil. Orch. 90, 91, et gradationes numerosse inter illos et processus longos specierum plurimarum Habenariæ delineantur ab A. Rich. Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. t. 3 ad 5; genera igitur Platanthera et Habenaria, qualia ab auctoribus recentioribus distinguentur, quam maxime artificialia sunt. Habenaria geneculata ex Himalaya characteribus cæteris multo magis Platantheræ fimbruatæ ex America boreali accedit quam H. pectinatæ et H. intermedia: stigmatis processus in H. pectinata et H. intermedia longissimi sunt teretesque apice stigmatoso dilatato, dum in Platanthera Susanne, Lindl., habitu iis simili, omnino desunt. Cæterum Platanthera pleraque parviflore e regionibus temperatis hemisphærii borealis, sepalis sapius omnibus patentibus, forte pro sectione distinguendæ a Hahenariis typicis tropicis sepalo postico erecto galento lateralibus patentissimis, stigmatis processubus in his quam in illis sæpius nec semper minus evolutis. In utraque sectione calcar sapius longum. Sub Platanthera citantur præter H. Susanne (Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 100, Orchis, Wight, Ic. t. 920; Bot. Mag. t. 3374), icones sequentes: Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 427 ad 433. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 30. Barlu, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 14, 15. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 199 ad 201. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 75 ad 77. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 42. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 87, 95, 135, 145, 224. Bot. Mag. t. 1668. Bot. Reg. t. 405. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 73. Confer etiam Reichb. f. in Lunnaa xxv. 226; in Bot, Zeit. 1878, 75.

MECOSA, Blume, Bijdr. 403, t. 1, a Lindleyo Gen. et Sp. Orch. 290, rite ad Platantheras auctorum reducitur.

CENTROCHILUS, J. C. Schau. in Pl. Meyen. 435, t. 13, videtur H. (Platanthera) tipuloides, Lindl., species in Asia orientali late dispersa, ad Platantheras parvifloras pertinens.

H. rotundifolia, Richards (Platanthers, Lindl.), ex America boreali, ab A. Grayio in Amer. Journ. Sc. exiv. 72, ad Orchidsm restituitur (O. rotundifolia, Parsh.), ob polliniorum glandulas sacculo inclusis, quod in speciminibus nuper ab A. Grayio acceptis bene confirmare possumus. Habitu tamen potius Habenasia obtusata quam Orchidi orbiculata accedit.

Gymnadenia spathulata et G. Chusua, Lindl., ex India orientali, species evidenter H. rotundifolia valde affines, pariter a Reichenbachio ad Orchidem referuntur, sed in his sacculum distinctum in speciminibus siccis adhuc invenire nequimus. G. Pinguicula, Reichb. f., ex India orientali, est species humilis pauciflora, labelli calcare longo infundibulari insignis, exterum præcedentibus affinis videtur sed columnæ structuram in speciminibus nostris examinare nequimus.

MITOSTIGMA, Blume, Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 189, est species Japonica, jam a Miquelio in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 207, ad Gymnadeniam relata, inter Habenarias parvifloras recensenda.

PONERORCHIS, Reichb. f. in Linnæa xxv. 227, Xen. Orch. t. 8, planta japonica a nobis non visa, ex charactere et icone est verisimiliter Habenariæ species inter Platantheras parvifloras enumeranda, P. tipuloidi, Lindl., valde affinis, nisi ejusdem specimen depauperatum.

10. Habenariæ typicæ tropicæ, stigmatis processubus bene evolutis et sæpe longissimis, species numerosas includunt aliis characteribus inter se valde diversas, sed ex speciminibus siccis difficile in subsectiones distinctas separandas. Plurimæ inter grandifloras tam Africanæ quam Asiaticæ Bonateæ accedunt, sed rostelli lobus medius parvus v. linearis nec galeatus; parvifloræ nonnullæ, fere æquo jure ad sectiones Platantheram v. Gymnadeniam pertinent. Nonnullæ petalis bifidis facile ab aliis petalis indivisis separantur, etc. Interea icones sequentes ad Habenarias veras referrimus, Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 99. Wight, Ic. t. 922 ad 927, 1694, 1701 ad 1715. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 147. A. Rich. Fl. Ahyss. t. 86 ad 88. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 136, 169. Bot. Mag. t. 2726, 2947, 2957, 5106. Bot. Reg. t. 1858.

DISSORMYNCHIUM, J. C. Schau. in Pl. Meyen. 434, t. 13, est Habenariæ species, inter Asiaticas Bonateæ affines enumeranda.

BILABRELLA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1701, in Gen. et Sp. Orch. 328 ad Bonateam reducta, ad species Africanas Bonateae affines pertinet et eadem videtur ac B. tetrapetala, Lindl. in Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 208. Bonateae species novæ. Sond. in Linnæa, xix. 80, omnes ad Habenariam referendæ sunt

ATE, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 326, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 309, Wight, Ic. t. 928 (et 1700?) species 2 Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis et Zeylaniæ incolæ, a Habenaria Heyneana affinibusque parum differt, nisi lobo laterali utrinque ad junctionem labelli cum columna breviter evoluto, quod plus minus observatur in nonnullis aliis speciebus.

Barlea, Reichb. f. in Linnea xli. 54 (non Barlia, Parl.), est species Africana tropica, parviflora, olim ab auctore ad Stenoglottidem relata, nobis H. attenuata, Hook. f., affinis. Habitu Tinea accedit, sed stigmatis processus 2 paralleli ut in Habenariis pluribus typicis anthera ipsa parum breviores sunt.

MACROCENTRUM, Philippi, Scrt. Mendoc. ii. 42, species Chilensis a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato in omnibus cum Habenariis typicis convenit.

SYNMERIA, Grah. Cat. Pl. Bomb. Addend. est species e peninsula Indiæ orientalis prius (ibid. 252) sub Habenaria descripta, dein pro genere proprio distincta ob petala sepalo postico cohærentia.

Montoliv MA, Reichb. f. Otia Hamb. 107, species Abyssinica, nobis ab Habenaria (Peristyli) parum differre videtur labello prope basin supra umbonato, rostello magis evoluto late obovato supra stigma patente; calcar saccatum breve latumque.

ROEFEBOCHARIS, Reuchb. f. Otra Hamb. 104, ad specimina Abyssinica, Schimper, n. 1327 descripta, Habenariæ affinis dicitur 'stigmatibus cruribus utrinque, deorsum et sursum porrectis, hine bicruribus.' Specimina nostra sub eodem numero plurimis notis cum descriptione auctoris conveniunt, sed Disæ speciem ostendunt, calcare ad sepalum posticum nec ad labellum pertinente et stigmate more hujus genoris ad basin columne labello adnato.

2311. Diplomeris, Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 26. (Diplochilus, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1499. Paragnathis, Spreng. Syst. iii. 675.)—Sepala subaqualia, libera, patentia, lanceolata. Petala sepalis majora, latiora. Labellum a columna patens, sessile, obovato-orbiculatum, indivisum, basi in calcar productum. Columna brevissima, rostello inter antheræ loculos amplo membranaceo-dilatato; stigmatis processus sub rostello in laminam oblongam plus minus connati; clinandrium latum, antheræ loculis brevius. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculis parallelis crassis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) longe incurvo-ascendentibus, lobis lateralibus rostelli applicitis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, granulosa, in caudiculas longissimas producta, glandulis nudis. Capsula . .—Herbæ humiles, caulibus prope basin 1-3-foliatis 1-floris. Flos amplus, calcare longo. Bractea cucullata.

Species 2, Himalaice. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 330. Genus characteribus Bonateæ accedit, habitu et stigmate diversum. 312. Denator, Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 43.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, diu in globum conniventia, lateralia demum patentia. Petala angustiora, 2-partita v. rarius indivise. Labellum basi columnse adnatum, patens, angustum, 3-lobum, basi in calcar longum productum. Columna brevissima, rostello amplo galeato inter antherse loculos valde elevato; stigmatis processus 2 sub rostello longi erecti; clinandrium erectum, loculos antherse non excedens. Antherse connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculis elevatis latis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) in lobos laterales rostelli longissime recurvo-ascendentibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis longissimis recurvo-ascendentibus, glandulis nudis. Capsula erecta, oblonga v. fusiformis, erostris.—Herbse terrestres, erectse, validse, foliosse, Habenariis majoribus habitu similes, tuberibus indivisis. Flores majusculi, in racemo ssepe specioso breviter pedicellati. Bractese membranacese.

Species nobis notæ 3, forte ad 2 reducendæ, Africæ australis incolæ (B. speciosa, Willd., B. foliosa Lindl., et B. Bottoni, Harv.). Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Gen. t. 12, 13. Trim. in Journ. Linn. Soc. ix. 156, t. 1. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 88. Bot. Mag. t. 2926. Ceteræ omnes a Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 327, aliisque sub Bonatea enumeratæ, rostello inter antherie loculos lobo parvo v. angusto instructo, ad Habenariam revocandæ sunt. Lindley nuperius et interdum Reichenbach f. genus totum ad Habenariam reduxit.

313. Cynorchis, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. in tub. synopt. et t. 13. (Cynosorchis, Thou. l. c. t. 14, 15.)—Sepala subequalia, concava, demum patentia. Petala sopalis similia v. minora. Labellum cum columna continuum, patens, sepalis longius, explanatum, 3-5-fidum, basi in calcar productum. Columna brevissima, rostello amplo erecto, lobo medio complicato lateralibus non v. vix breviore, stigmate in processus 2 crassos interdum oblongos v. clavatos producto; clinandrium erectum v. leviter reclinatum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculis crassis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) plus minus elongatis ascendentibus v. erectis lobis lateralibus rostelli applicitis v. adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis elongatis, glandulis nudis distantibus. Capsula erecta, anguste oblonga v. longe fusiformis, erostris v. breviter rostrata.—Herbæ terrestres, habitu Habenariar rotundifoliar affiniumque, radicibus fibrosis fasciculatis, tubere plus minus incrassato. Folia ad basin caulis pauca v. solitaria, lata v. rarius angusta. Racemi breves v. rarius elongati, laxiusculi, floribus mediocribus v. parvulis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ angustæ.

Species ad 12, ins. Mascarensium et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 330. Reichb. f. in Bonplandia, 1855, 213. A. Ruch. Orch. ins. Fr. et Bourb. t. 5, 6 (Gymnadenia, quoad analysin erronea). Bot. Reg. t. 1998.

AMPHORCHIS, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. (quoad A. calcaratam), est C. squamata, Lindl., a Blumoo Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. ii. 190, iterum a Cynorchide separata. A speciebus typicis differt floribus minoribus, rostelli lobis et antheræ loculorum apicibus brevioribus, lobus medius tamen rostelli more generis laterales æquans et late plicatus. Labellum a Blumeo integrum dicitur sed in A. calcarata, Thou., lobi laterales certe adsunt etsi parvi. In A. occidentali, Lindl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 139, ex Africa tropica, ovarium hirsutum est, in A. calcarata, Thou., sparse hirsutum v. fere glabrum. A. laxiftora, Blume, nobis ignota est.

314. Esmisilia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Onh. 296.—Sepala subaquilonga, posticum concavum, lateralia patentia, obliqua. Petala sepalis minora, indivisa. Labellum cum columna continuum, patens, latiusculum, basi in calcar productum. Columna brevissima, rostello inter antheræ loculos valde elevato latiusculo complicato; stigma in processus laterales non productum; clinandrium breve, latum, ultra antheræ loculos non productum. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculis elevatis adnatis divergentibus, apicibus (inferis) in lobis lateralibus rostelli canaliculatis breviter productis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis longiusculis, glandulis inter se distantibus, intra valvas loculorum et lobos rostelli subinclusis. Capsula . . .—Herbæ habitu Habenariæ rotundifoliæ affiniumque, caule basi 1-foliato, racemo paucifloro.

Species 2, Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Reichb. f. in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1874, 197; Otia Hamb. 38. Genus a Habenariis citatis differt imprimis rostello fere Bonatcæ nisi angustiore et bene complicato, Cynorchidi etiam valde affine sed stigmatis processus nulli et patria longe distat.

315. Giossala, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 862. (Glossaspis, Spreng. Syst. Vey. iii. 675.)—Sepala subæqualia, libera, conniventia v. demum patentia. Petala sepalis paullo minora. Labellum cum columna continuum, patens, 3-partitum, lobis angustis elongatis lateralibus filiformibus, basi in calcar vesiciforme productum. Columna brevissima, rostello inter antheræ loculos valde elevato concavo; stigmatis processus laterales oblongi, crassiusculi, apice glandulosi, sub rostello in labellum deflexi (v. ex ic. Lindl. suberecti); clinandrium crectum, latum, loculis antheræ subbrevius. Antheræ connectivum a clinandrio non distinctum; loculis elevatis crassis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) lobis lateralibus concavis rostelli applicitis, glandulis inter se distantibus intra lobos rostelli subinclusis. Capsula crecta, oblonga, orostris.—Herba terrestris, tubere indiviso. Folia ad basin caulis pauca. Spica tenuis, elongata, floribus parvulis subdissitis. Bracteæ angustæ, flore breviores.

Species 1, Chinæ et Cochinchinæ incola.

Genus characteres genitalium fere Bonateæ ostendit, cum habitu et perianthio potius Habenariæ sect. Peristylis, a Reichb. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxx. 139 ad Habenariam reducitur.

316. Satyrium, Swartz in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 214, non Linn. (Diplecthrum, Pers. Syn. ii. 508.)—Sepala subsequalia, libera, cum petalis subsimilibus a labello aversa, patentissima v. reflexa. Labellum (superum) ad basin columnæ sessile, crectum, latum, concavum galeatum v. cucullatum, indivisum, extus in calcaria 2 descendentia productum v. rarius 2-saccatum. Columna sub labello erecta, brevis v. longiuscula, teres, stigmate specie terminali lato concavo v. 2-labiato labio superiore (rostello) sepius majore. Anthera cum clinandrio in dorsum columnæ reflexa, loculis adnatis prominentibus distinctis subparallelis apicibus quoad antheram inferis sed anthera reflexa ascendentibus; pollinia in quoque loculo granulosa, in caudiculam demum interdum valde elongatam ob clinandrium reversum ascendentem producta, anthera dehiscente glandulis seepius majusculis nudis discretis v. rarius in unam connatis affixa. Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, tuberibus indivisis. Folia in parte inferiore caulis pauca, rarius secus caulem elatum plurima. Spice sepius dense floribundæ, floribus mediocribus v. majusculis rarius parvis. Bracteæ membranaceæ v. subfoliaceæ, interdum in spica juniore imbricatæ, sæpe demum arcte reflexæ, in una specie nana flores subsuperantes.

Species edite fere 50, Indiæ orientalis, ins. Mascarensium et pro maxima parte Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 335. Reichb. f. in Flora 1865, 182. Sond. in Linnæa xix. 83. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Fructif. t. 12 ad 14. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Instit. viii. t. 3. Wight, Iv. Pl. t. 929, 1716 ad 1718. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 89 ad 92. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 179 (Orchis). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 315. Bot. Mag. t. 1512, 2172, 6625. Bot. Reg. t. 416, 703, 1840, t. 18. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 104.

SATYBIDIUM, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 345, Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 87, species unica Capensis, a Satyriis typicis non differt nisi stigmate solito minore (pariter tamen sub-2-labiato) et polliniorum glandulis in unam connatis.

Avicers, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 345, species Capensis, est Satyrium pumilum, Thunb., uti jam conjecit Lindley, etsi petala a Thunbergio descripta in speciminibus haud invenit. Est planta pumila, dense foliata, bracteis foliaceis flores subsuperantibus. Flores in speciminibus nostris jam emarcidos examinaro nequivimus. Bolus tamen, in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 237, specimine meliore nuperrime examinato descriptionem Thunbergii omnino confirmavit, petalis præsentibus sed parvis basi cum sepalis in massam carnosam arcte coalitis.

317. I Pachites, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 301.—Sepala subsequalia, libera, patentia. Petala sepalis similia nisi paullo minora. Labellum patens, indivisum, ecalcaratum, petalis subsimile. Columna cylindracea, rostello terminata crassissimo carnoso ad utrumque latus auriculato; stigma sub rostello brachiis 2 linearibus erectis appendiculatum. Anthera cum clinandrio in dorsum columna reflexum; loculis parallelis adnatis, apicibus inferis sed reversione anthera erectis brevibus; pollinia... Capsula erecta, anguste oblonga, erostris.—Herba terrestris, foliosa, habitu Disc specierum nonnullarum. Folia linearia, erecta. Spica elongata, tores, crassa, floribus parvis numerosis sessilibus. Bractese lineares, flores subsequantes.

Species 1, Africa australis incola, ex specimine unico Burchelliano fructifero floribus jam amarcidis nota, et quoad characteres ulterius probanda.

318. Disa, Berg. Pl. Cap. 348.—Sepala equilonga, libera, posticum galeatum, nunc dorso v. basi in calcar polymorphum productum, nunc saccatum umbonatum v. planum, lateralia patentia. Petala nunc sepalis lateralibus similia, nunc minora obliqua v. valde polymorpha. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, ecalcaratum, sepalis sæpius minus et sessile, v. interdum longe unguiculatum, lamina indivisa sub-3-loba v. lacero-fimbriata. Columna brevis, crassiuscula; rostelli lobi laterales erecti v. apice supra glandulas recurvi, medius parvus; stigma ad basin columnæ a rostello distans, carnosum pulvinatum v. elevatocupulatum, plus minus basi labelli adnatum, integrum. Anthera cum clinandrio suberecta reclinata v. in dorsum columnæ reflexa, loculis elevatis parallelis adnatis, apicibus (inferia) extremitate reverso-erectis v. ascendentibus interdum longiusculis, lobis lateralibus rostelli applicitis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, laxe granulosa, caudiculis sepius elongatis, glandulis 2 nudis discretis affixa. Capsula oblonga, angusta v. fere linearis, erecta. —Herbæ terrestres, habitu Habenariæ, tuberibus indivisis, caule nunc elato folioso, nunc tenui paucifolio v. foliis ad squamas vaginantes reductis. Flores in una specie maximi solitarii v. gemini, in aliis majusculis v. mediocribus laxe spicati v. racemosi, nunc parvi dense longeque spicati v. interdum fere in corymbum conferti v. ad 1 v. 2 reducti. Bractere seepius floribus breviores.

Species ad 50, Africæ tropicæ et australis et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 346, et in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 15. Sond. in Innæa xix. 89. Reichb. f. in Flora 1865, 161; in Linnæa xx. 688; Otia Hamb. 105. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Gen. t. 14. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. Lond. iv. t. 6, v. t. 1. Lindl. Sert. Orch. t. 49. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 41, 84 ad 86. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 93, 94. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 214. Bot. Mag. t. 4073, 4091, 6529, 6532. Bot. Reg. t. 324, 926.

Genus quoad habitum, petalorum et labelli formam, et antheram suberectam v. magis minusve reflexam polymorphum, a Lindleyo et Reichenbachio in sectiones 12 divisum quarum tamen aliæ monotypicæ potius species quam sectiones, aliæ characteribus valde incertis definitæ v. quam maxime artificiales. Trichockila tamen distinguitur foliis ad basin caulis confertis gramineis fere filiformibus et labello nunc sessili nunc longissime unguiculato sæpius dentato v. lacero-fimbriato; et Disella floribus parvis dense spicatis. De columnæ structura cfr. Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 233, qui rite D. barbatam, Sw., ad Herscheliam refert.

PERTHEA, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446; Gcn. et Sp. Orch. 360; et in Journ. Linn. Soc. vi. 138, Sond. in Linnaa, xix. 104, species 7 v. 8, Africa occidentalis australis v. tropica continet, a Disa separatas ob sepalum posticum omnino ecalcaratum, sed ex Harv. Thes. Cap. i. 53, species intermediae occurrunt, et Penthea cum Disa jungenda, quod confirmat Bolus.

319. Eerschella, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 362.—Sepala subsequilonga, libera, posticum late galeatum, basi in calcar breve basi conicum productum, lateralia ovata v. oblonga, plana, patentia. Petala minora, in acumen obliquum varie curvum producta. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, ecalcaratum, sessile, integrum v. fimbriatum. Columna brevis, crassiuscula; rostelli lobi 3 angusti erecti, laterales incurvi cum medio æquilongo recto glandulam includentes; stigma ad basin columnæ transverse adnatum, a rostello distans, carnosum, pulvinatum, distincte didynum. Anthera cum clinandrio erecta v. leviter reclinata; loculis elevatis parallelis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, subglobosa, laxe granulosa, caudiculis brevibus glandulæ unicæ integræ affixa. Capsula anguste oblonga v. subclavata, erecta.—Herbæ terrestres Disis e sectione Trichochila simillimæ. Tubera indivisa. Folia radicalia longa, anguste linearia, fere filiformia, caulina ad squamas vaginantes reducta. Flores mediocres, laxe spicati.

Species 2, Africa australis incola. Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 234; H. calestis, Lindl. (Disa graminifolia, Swartz; Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. Lond. vi. t. 1, f. 2) et H. barbata, Bolus (Disa barbata, Swartz, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 354) cujus forte varietates sunt Disa lacera, Sw., et D. multifida, Lindl.

320. Menadenia, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 350.—Sepala sequilonga, libera, posticum erectum, subincurvum, galeatum, basi in calcar descendens productum, lateralia patentia.

Petala erecta, angusta, subfalcata, sæpe carnosula. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, angustum, carnosum, indivisum, ecalcaratum. Columna brevissima, rostello (an semper?) amplo membranaceo subplicato vix lobato; stigma sub rostello ad basin labelli crassum, carnosum, pulvinatum. Anthera cum clinandrio reclinata, lata, loculis elevatis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) horizontalibus v. ascendentibus convergentibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis longiusculis post dehiscentiam glandulæ unicæ (duabus connatis?) affixis. Capsula erecta, oblonga v. angusta.—Herbæ terrestres, foliatæ, tuberibus indivisis, habitu Disæ specierum nonnullarum. Folia angusta. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, in spica sæpius densa subsessiles. Bracteæ membranaceæ, flores sæpe æquantes.

Species ad 12, Africa australis incolæ. Lindl. l. c. Sond. in Linnaa xix. 100. Bot. Reg. t. 210 (Disa). Genus Disa valde affine, differt rostello amplo, pollinarii glaudulis in unam concretis et quodammodo perianthii forma sed characteres in vivo ultorius probandi. Bolus tamen pro genere distincto admittit.

321. Schizodium, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 358.—Sepala subæquilonga, posticum erectum, concavum v. galeatum, basi in calcar descendens productum, lateralia libera, patentia. Petala erecta v. patentia, angusta, basi dilatata v. lobata. Labellum a basi columnæ patens, liberum, supra unguem latum concavum v. fere saccatum contractum, ecalcaratum; lamina angusta v. lata, indivisa. Columna brevissima, rostello prominente 2-lobo; stigma ad basin columnæ crasse carnosum, pulvinatum, a labello liberum. Anthera cum clinandrio reclinata v. reflexa, lata, loculis latis adnatis parallelis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus horizontalibus v. ascendentibus rostelli lobis adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis breviusculis, glandulis arcte approximatis v. distantibus. Capsula erecta, obovoidea v. oblonga, sæpe incurva.—Herbæ terrestres, tenues, tuberibus indivisis. Folia subradicalia, sæpius parva, patentia, petiolata, ovata v. spathulata.

Species ad 10, Africæ australis incolæ. Lindl. l.c. Reichb. f. in Linnæa xx. 694. Genus a Disa differt imprimis habitu et labello a stigmate omnino libero.

322. Brownleea, Harr. in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 16.—Sepala equilonga, posticum erectum, concavum v. galeatum, ecalcaratum, lateralia patentia, obliqua. Petala sepalis lateralibus subsimilia v. magis obliqua, basi sepe sepalo postico leviter coherentia. Labellum margine cum columna connatum, brevissimum, valde concavum v. saccatum nec calcaratum, lamina minima angusta erecta. Columna brevissima, rostello erecto valde prominente sub-2-lobo; stigma sub rostello latum, crassiusculum, a latere sepius utrinque in processum parvum productum, a labello liberum. Anthera cum clinandrio brevissimo reflexa, loculis majusculis prominentibus adnatis, apicibus (inferis) horizontalibus in lobos rostelli ascendentibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, laxe granulosa, caudiculis brevibus, glandulis distinctis. Capsula erecta, breviter v. longe oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, glabræ, caule debili longiusculo, medio 1-2-foliato. Folia membranacea, latiuscula v. angusta. Flores in una specie majusculi, laxe breviterque racemosi, in altera parvi, dense spicati, in tertia inflorescentia intermedia.

Species 4, Africae australis incolae. Sond. in Linnæa xix. 106. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 103, 104. Genus certe Disæ affine, etsi stigma vix pulvinatum.

323. ? Foracaria, Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 362.—Sepala libera, concava, posticum majus, lateralia estivatione imbricans, ecalcaratum. Petala libera, sotacea, genuficaa, hirsuta. Labellum carnosum, truncatum, liberum, nanum, ecalcaratum. Columna brevissima, stigmate adnato excavato; rostellum . . . Anthera reclinata, loculis adnatis, apicibus (reflexis) brevibus; pollinia . . . Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris.—Herba terrestris, habitu fere Disce sect. Trichochile. Folia radicalia conferta, longe lineari-subulata, rigida. Scapus aphyllus, squamis paucis distantibus. Spica laxa, pauciflora. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species 1, Austro-Africana, e specimine unico Dregeano in herb. Lindl. nota. Hujus flores examinare nequimus, sed vix cum analysi Lindleyana convenire videntur, et genus quoad characteres et affinitates valde dubium remanet.

324. Erachycorythis, Liadl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 363.—Sepala libera, conniventia v. demum patentia, lateralia postico ecalcarato sepius latiora, obliqua. Petala sepalis lateralibus similia nisi angustiora. Labellum a basi columne patens, liberum, unque amplo concavo subcarnoso sulcatoque ecalcarato apice contracto, lamina dilatata 3-dentata. Columna brevis, rostello inter glandulas brevi erecto 2-lobo, extus utrinque processu pulviniformi instructo; stigma ad basin columna magnum, carnosum, concavum, a labello liberum. Anthera cum clinandrio erecta v. leviter reclinata, lata, loculis latis adnatis parallelis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus rostelli lobos erectos amplectentibus; pollinia in loculia solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis breviusculis, glandulis majusculis contiguis. Capsula erecta, anguste oblonga.—Herbre terrestres, foliose, tuberibus indivisis elongatis. Folia sessilia, gradatim in bracteas foliaceas abeuntia. Spica floribunda, bracteis lanceolatis foliaceis flores sepius parvulos superantibus.

Species 4 v. 5, Africae australis et tropicae occidentalis incolae. Lindl. l.c. Reichb. in Flora 1865, 183; Otia Hamb. 59, 104. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 53, 54.

Genus habitu facile distinctum, a Schizodio differt sepalo postico ccalcarato.

B. tenuior, Reichb. f. in Flore 1865, 183, e Natal, nobis ignota, ex descriptione vix congener videtur.

325. Schizochilus, Sond. in Linnera, xix. 78.—Sepala libera, conniventia, demum patentia, lateralia postico ecalcarato vix majora. Petala sepalis minora, obliqua. Labellum basi cum columna connatum, patens, ungue lato concavo basi in calcar descendens producto apice contracto, lamina integra v. 3-fida. Columna brevis, rostello inter glandulas elevato lato integro subgaleato; stigma ad basin columna elevatum, carnosum, concavum. Anthera cum clinandrio erecta v. leviter reclinata, lata, loculis elevatis adnatis parallelis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus rostelli lobis lateralibus adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis brevibus, glandulis dissitis. Capsula parva, ovoidea v. oblonga, erecta.—Herbe terrestres, glabre, infra medium foliatæ, tuberibus . . . Folia angusta, superiora parva, distantia. Flores parvi, dense spicati, subsecundi. Bractere angustæ, floribus breviores.

Species 4, Africæ australis incolæ.

Genus a Reichenbachio f. in Flora, 1867, 116, cum Brachycorythide jungitur, sed nobis bene distinctum videtur habitu, labelli calcare cum ungue cavo Brachycorythidis (etiam in Schizochilo supra calcar observando) non comparando, rostelli forma, aliisque notis.

326. Platycoryme, Reichb. f. in Bonpl. 1855, 212.—Sepalum posticum crectum, latum, galeatum, acutum, ecalcaratum; lateralia libera, reflexa, angusta. Petala basi columnae subadnata, angusta, inaqualiter 2-loba. Labellum cum basi columnae continuum, patens, lineare, indivisum, basi in calcar longum productum. Columna sub anthera brevissima, rostelli lobis lateralibus dilatatis, medio erecto crassiusculo subcomplicato; stigma ad basin columnae labello subadnatum, crassissimum, elevatum, pulvinatum. Anthera erecta v. subreclinata, connectivo basi a clinandrio non distificto superne tamen libero lato; loculis magnis adnatis parallelis, apicibus (inferis) longiusculis divergentibus lobis lateralibus rostelli adnatis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, multiglandulosa, caudiculis elongatis, glandulis nudis dissitis. Capsula . . .—Herba terrestris. Folia pauca, parva, angusta, distantia, breviter lateque vaginantia. Flores mediocres, breviter laxeque spicati. Bractee late vaginantes, fere cucullate.

Species 1, Madagascariensis. Genus Disæ (Pentheæ) valde affine.

327. Pterygodium, Sw. in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 217, t. 3 E.—Sepalum posticum cum petalis siepe majoribus in galeam connivens et plus minus cohærens, lateralia postico equalia v. minora, libera, patentia v. reflexa. Labellum basi columnse adnatum ultra antheram productum in laminam (appendiculam auct. pl.) incurvo-erectam polymorpham explanatam galeatam v. cucullatam, dorso appendicula patente (lamina auct. pl.) angusta v. lata indivisa dentata v. 2-3-loba instructum. Columna brevissima, stigmate transverso v. rostello utrinque in processum brachiatum v.

polymorphum producto. Antheræ connectivum late membranaceum, emarginatum v. 2-partitum, basi a clinandrio non distinctum, cum lateribus rostelli continuum, loculis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) in rostello ascendentibus v. abrupte erectis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, granulosa, caudiculis brevibus v. elongatis, glandulis nudis. Capsula erecta, oblonga, costis obtusis interdum valde prominentibus.—Herbæ terrestres, aliæ paucifloræ v. rarius 1-floræ, habitu Ophrydis, aliæ erectæ, elatæ, foliosæ, spica floribunda, habitu Habenariæ specierum majorum. Tubera in speciebus paucis observata indivisa.

Species ad 10, Africa australis incolae. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 366. Sond. in Linnaa xix. 109. Reichb. f. in Flora 1867, 117. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. Lond. vi. t. 1, viii. t. 3, ix. t. 4. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 94. Species Abyssinica Richardii a Reichenbachio rite ad Disperim referuntur.

Genus labello apice dorsoque varie producto facile cognoscendum, quoad ejusdem formam et processus columnæ variat de specie in speciem, quod in speciminibus siccis difficillime observatur; in series 2 habitu dividitur. Anthera ut in Disa sæpius plus minus reflexa, sed in P. volucri, Sw. (Ommatodio, Lindl. Gén. et Sp. Orch. 365) ut in Disa serie Macrantharum suberecta est.

328. Disperis, Sw. in K. Vetensk. Acad. Stockh. Nya Handl. xxi. 218. (Dryopeia, Thou. Orch. Iles Afr. t. 1 ad 3. Dipera, Spreng. Syst. Veg. iii. 676.)—Sepalum posticum angustum, cum petalis latissimis concavis in galeam latam antice apertam v. fere clausam connivens v. sæpius agglutinatum, lateralia libera, patentia, membranacea, obliqua, dorso sæpissime calcarata v. saccata. Labellum angustum, columnæ ultra antheram adnatum, apice sub-2-labiatum 2-brachiatum v. varie dilatatum v. appendiculatum. Columna brevis, labello omnino adnata; stigma transversum, interdum processubus 2 contortis appendiculatum. Anthera cum clinandrio suberecta v. reflexa, loculis distinctis parallelis v. arcte contiguis adnatis, apicibus (inferis) brevibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, granulosa, caudiculis brevibus, glandulis dissitis. Capsula erecta, oblonga, erostris v. breviter rostrata.—Herbæ terrestres, teneræ, tuberibus indivisis. Folia secus caulem pauca dissita, v. rarius 2 subopposita, nunc angusta, nunc cordato-amplexicaulia. Flores mediocres, solitarii pauci v. plures laxe spicati. Bracteæ subherbaceæ, lanceolatæ v. ovatæ, interdum flores subæquantes.

Species ad 20, India orientalis, Africæ tropicæ et austrulis et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 369, et in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. 14. Reichb. f. in Flora 1865, 180; in Lunnæa xxii. 860, xli. 55; Otia Hamb. 73, 102. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. v. t. 1, f. 2, 3, et vi. t. 1. Hurv. Thes. Cap. t. 106, 148, 171, 172. Wight, Ic. t. 930, 1719.

In D. capensi, Sw., sepala in acumen longum tenue producuntur. In specie Abyssinica (Schimper, n. 1295), ceterum D. appositifoliæ simillima, sepalum posticum angustum petala longe superat et Disæ calcar simulat.

329. Corycium, Nw. in K. Vetensk. Acad. Nya Handl. Stockh. xxi. 220.—Sepalum posticum angustum, cum petalis latissimis basi concavis v. saccatis in galeam connivens v. agglutinatum, lateralia membranacea, fere ad apicem connata. Labelli unguis columna inter anthorie loculos adnatus, lamina crecta v. incurvo-incumbens transverse lunata v. divaricato-2-loba v. quasi sagittata auriculis longe productis parallelis, dorso in appendicem cuneatam v. 2-lobam supe producta. Columna brevissima, labello adnata, rostello latius-culo undulato v. breviter lobato; stigma parvum v. 2-pulvinatum. Anthera in dorsum columna revorsa, v. ei adnata, loculis inter se distantibus labelli unguem marginantibus v. sub eo suboccultas, apicibus brevissimis inferis at ob reversionem antheræ ascendentibus; pollinia in loculis solitaria, grosse granulosa, caudiculis brevibus, glandulis parvis. Capsula sessilis, erecta, oblonga, interdum breviter rostrata.—Herbæ terrestres, foliosæ, tuberibus indivisis. Folia angusta, plana v. undulato-crispa. Flores parvi v. mediocres, in spica densa numerosi. Bracteæ flores haud superantes.

Species ad 10, Africa australis incola. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 368. Sond. in Linna xix. 110. Reichb. f. in Linna xix. 375. Ker in Journ. Sc. R. Inst. vi. t. 1, viii. t. 3. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Gen. t. 15. Bot. Reg. 1838, t. 45.

In analysi Baueriana, f. 5, labellum a dorso, in f. 4, a facie spectatur, appendix dorsalis in ha

specie (C. bicolors), lamina late cordata v. sublunata longior est. In C. orispo labellum in lobos 2 angustos divaricatos (stigmatis brachia, Lindl.?) dividitur, appendica dorsali (labello, Lindl.) longe obovata retusa; in C. exciso lamina basi in auriculas 2 longissimas angustas parallelas producitur; in C. latifolio, Harv., lamina terminalis lanceolata v. subcordata est, appendice nulla dorsali.

330. Ceratandra, Eckl.; Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 363.—Sepalum posticum erectum, cum petalis in galeam agglutinatum, lateralia libera, patentia, plana. Labellum columnse adnatum, ultra antheras unguiculatum, patens, lamina lunata v. transversa, nuda v. appendiculata. Columna brevis, labello adnata; rostelli lobi laterales elongati, erecti, canaliculati v. a latere convoluti, medius brevissimus v. ampliatus; stigma sub rostello transversum, interdum 2-lobum v. 2-partitum. Anthera cum clinandrio reflexa, loculis adnatis, apicibus inferis at ob reversionem antheræ erectis lobis lateralibus rostelli applicitis v. subinvolutis; pollinia in loculis solitaria, granulosa, caudiculis longiusculis erectis, glandulis nudis.—Capsula erecta v. subpatens, anguste oblonga, erostris.—Herbæ terrestres, foliosæ, fibris irregulariter in tubera incrassatis. Folia angusta. Flores mediocres, in racemo denso v. spica conferti, breviter pedicellati v. sessiles, rarius pauci laxe racemosi. Bracteæ flore breviores.

Species 7 v. 8, Africæ australis incolæ. Sond. in Linnaa, xix. 108. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Gen. t. 16.

C. Harreyana, Lindl. l.c. 365, pro sectione (Evota) separatur, ob rostellum amplissimum sinustum fere galeatum, lobis vix distinctis. Flores in herb. Lindl. solo vidimus, ubi structuram examinare nequimus.

#### TRIBUS V. CYPRIPEDIEÆ.

331. Cypripedium, Linn. Gen. n. 1015. (Criosanthes, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102.)—Sepala patentia, libera v. lateralia sepius sub labello ad apicem connata. Petala libera, nunc sepalis multo angustiora nunc sublatiora. Labellum sessile, patens, inflato-calceiforme; lobi laterales ad basin calceoli parvi, auriculiformes, inflexi v. patentes. Columna brevis, teres. Antheræ perfectæ 2, ad latera rostelli sessiles v. brevissime stipitatæ, subglobosæ, loculis parallelis contiguis; pollen granulosum; antheridium pone rostellum erectum v. incumbens, late laminiforme v. carnosum, facie interdum loculos 2 imperfectes ferens. Rostellum inter antheras perfectas erectum v. antrorsum inflexum, breve, apice in discum rotundatum 3-angulare v. 3-lobum subtus (antice) papilloso-stigmatosum dilatatum. Capsula elongata v. oblonga, 1-locularis (placentis intrusis sed medium cavi non attingentibus).—Herbæ terrestres v. rarius epiphyticæ, rhizomate brevi v. repente, caule erecto simplici varie foliato. Pedunculus terminalis, simplex, 1- rarius 2-florus, v. rarissime flores plures foliaceo-bracteati. Flores speciosi, pedicellati.

Species editæ ultra 40, plures tamen vix distinctæ, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et tropicæ, Americæ borealis et Mexici incolæ. Lindl. Gen. et Sp. Orch. 525. Reichb. f. in Walp. Ann. iii. 602; in Bonpl. 1855, 227; in Bot. Zeit. 1862, 214; 1863, 128; 1865, 99. Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. i. 76, t. 2, 3 (ubi nomina specifica Aitoniana perperam mutata). Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. 164. Præter icones infra citatas genus in diariis hortulanorum recentioribus passim illustratur.

Species ex habitu et foliis facile in series 3 sequentes distribuuntur :-

1. Foliose. Folia secus caulem 3-00, alterna, venis prominentibus percursa. Species Americanse Europses v. Asise temperatse. Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 496 ad 498. Noes, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 12. Barla, Ic. Orch. Alp. Marit. t. 63. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 166. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 60. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 206. Bot. Mag. t. 216, 911, 2938, 3024, 5855. Bot. Reg. t. 1534, 1666; 1846 t. 58. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. eer. 2, t. 1.

Inter species Americanas C. passerinum, Reichb., et C. californicum, A. Gray, insignes sunt floribus solito minoribus et capsula brevi. Aristinum, Beck, Bot. N. and Midl. U. S. 352, est C. arietinum, Bot. Mag. t. 1569; Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 213, species parvula angustifolia, sepalis lateralibus fare a basi liberis.

2. Diphylle. Folia 2, venis prominentibu spercursa v. membranacea. Species temperata. Huc

- includuntur C. acaule, Ait., ex America boreali, foliis ad basin caulis scapiformis approximatis. Bot. Mag. t. 192. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 161. C. guttatum, Sw., ex Asia temperata, foliis secus caulem dissitis, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 495, et C. japonicum, Thunb., et C. debile, Reichb. f. e Japonia, foliis in medio caule suboppositis. Blume, Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 59.
- 3. Coriaceæ. Folia ad basin caulis scapiformis 1-2-flori conferta, coriacea, sæpe angusta. Species omnes tropicæ Asiaticæ usque ad Borneo extensæ. Blume, Rumphia, iv. 56, t. 195, 198; Orch. Archip. Ind. t. 58. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 32. Wight, Ic. t. 1760. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 34, 35. Bot. Mag. t. 2129, 3412, 4234, 4901, 4990, 5024, 5349, 5362, 5508, 5513, 5791, 5922, 6175, 6296, 6432, 6490. Bot. Reg. t. 788, 1991; 1842, t. 17. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. t. 103, 132, 133, 141, 161, 162, 201, 209.
- 332. Selenipedium, Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 3, t. 2, 27, 44, 62, 181.—Sepala patentia, posticum liberum, lateralia sub labello ad apicem connata. Petala libera, nunc sepalis multo angustiora interdum longe caudata, nunc sepalis sublatiora obtusa. Labellum sessile, patens, inflato-calceiforme (nisi abnorme). Columna brevis, teres. Antheræ perfectæ 2, ad latera rostelli sessiles v. brevissime stipitatæ, subglobosæ, loculis parallelis contiguis; pollen granulosum; antheridium pone rostellum erectum v. incumbens late laminiforme v. carnosum. Rostellum inter antheras perfectas breve, erectum v. antrorsum inclinatum, apice in discum subtus (antice) papilloso-stigmatosum dilatatum. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare. Capsula elongata, 3-locularis.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate brevi v. repente, caule erecto varie foliato. Pedunculus terminalis, simplex v. ramosus, cc-florus. Flore speciosi v. rarius mediocres, pedicellati.

Species ad 10, Americæ australis montanæ incolæ. Reichb. f. in Seem. Bot. Her. t. 44. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 658. Bot. Mag. t. 5466, 5614, 5970, 6217 (ic. omnes sub Cypripedio).

Genus a Cypripedio vix nisi ovario perfecte septato et patria distinguitur. Species in series 2 distribuuntur:—

- 1. Coriaces. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, coriacea. Racemus laxus, sæpe ramosus, floribus speciosis. Bracteæ sæpius spathaceæ. Huc referuntur icones omnes supra citatæ.
- 2. Foliosæ. Folia secus caulem alterna, venis prominentibus percursa, angusta. Flores in racemo densiusculo mediocres v. parvuli. Bracteæ ovatæ, patentes. Huc S. palnufolium, Reichb. f. Xcn. Orch. t. 2, cum specie ei valde affini, utraque e Guiana. Habitus ei Apostasiæ accedit.

UROPEDIUM, Lindl. Orch. Linden. 28; Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiii. 113; Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. i. 32, t. 15; Regel, Gart. Fl. t. 315, est species Colombiana, S. caudato in omnibus conformis, nisi labello non calceolato, sed petalis conforme v. basi paullo latiore concavoque. Est verisimiliter, sententia Blumei aliorumque, varietas monstruosa v. abnormis etsi persistens, quæ eandem rationem habet Selenipedio, quam Aclinia Dendrobio, Paxtonia Spathoglottidi, Argyrorchis Macodi, etc.

333. Apostasia, Blume, Bijdr. 423, t. 5, ct Nov. Pl. Fum. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 93. (Niemeyera, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vi. 96.)—Sepala petala et labellum cogsimilia, æqualia, libera, patentia v. recurva. Columna brevis. Antheræ perfectæ 2, ad latera rostelli breviter stipitatæ, angustæ, erectæ, loculis parallelis contiguis sæpe parum inæqualibus; pollen granulosum; antheridium pone rostellum erectum angustum v. 0. Rostellum (stylus) ad apicem columnæ erectum, elongatum, apiçe in discum parvum stigmatosum integrum v. 3-dentatum dilatatum. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare. Capsula linearis, 3-locularis.—Herbæ terrestres, rhizomate brevi, caule erecto simplici undique foliato. Folia angusta, venis prominentibus percursa. Spicæ in axillis summis v. in apice caulis sessiles, confertæ, simplices v. ramosæ, sæpissime patentes v. recurvæ. Flores parvi, sessiles. Bracteæ angustæ.

Species ad 4, Indiæ orientalis Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ tropiæ incolæ. R. Br. in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 74, t. 84, 85. Bauer, Illustr. Orch. Fruct. t. 15. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 282. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 395. Reichh. f. Nen. Orch. t. 196; et in Flora, 1872, 278.

Characteres florales et fructus, labello excepto, parum a Selenipedio different, et habitus et folia ab illis Selenipedis palmifolis haud dissimilia.

334. Weuwiedia, Blume, Nov. Pl. Fam. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 93.—Sepala et petala consimilia, sequalia, libera, conniventia v. demum patentia. Labellum petalis

paullo latius, subspathulatum, exterum simile. Columna' brevis. Antherse perfectse 3, erectse, stipitatse, angustse, loculis parallelis contiguis, 2 ad latera rostelli, tertium posticum; pollen granulosum. Rostellum (stylus) ad apicem columnæ erectum, elongatum, apice in discum parvum antrorsum obliquum stigmatosum dilatatum. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare. Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra, breviter rostrata.—Herbse terrestros, rhizomate brevi, caule erecto simplici foliato. Folia longa, in petiolum contracta, venis elevatis percursa. Spica terminalis, densa, simplex, sæpe elongata. Flores parvi, sessiles. Bractese angustse, flores interdum superantes.

Species 3, Malacce et Archipelagi Malayani incolse. Reichb. f. Xen. Orch. ii. 13, 215, t. 106, et in Bonpl. 1857, 58.

### ORDO CLXX. SCITAMINEE.

Endl. Gen. 221. Horaninow, Prod. Monogr. Scitam. Petropoli, 1862, folio, cum tabb. 4. Musace v., Zingiberacez et Marantace.e, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 163 ad 169. Mus v. et Cann.v., Juss. Gen. Pl. 61, 62.

Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius polygami, irregulares. Perianthium superum, ad normam duplici serie 3-merum, exterius calycinum, interius corollinum, segmentis tamen supe varie connatis v. uno alterove deficiente. Sepala nunc libera, valde imbricata, parum inæqualia v. uno latiore, nunc in calycem tubulosum 3-5-dentatum v. spathaceo-fissum connata, rarius basi tubo corollæ adnata, sepius tenuia rigidula, interdum colorata v. herbacea. Corolla basi tubulosa limbo 3-partito, v. petala 3 a basi soluta v. in unum concavum v. fere spathaceum connata, laciniis petalisve valde intequalibus v. rarius subsequalibus. Andrecium ad normam duplici serie 3-merum sed valde irregulare; stamina nunc 5 acqualia libera sexto deficiente v. parvo, nunc sapius unum solum perfectum, cæteris in staminodia petaloidea irregulariter polymorpha basi varie connata mutatis. Authera lineares, nunc loculis 2 parallelis contiguis v. connectivo petaloideo dissitis, nunc loculo 1 solo ad marginem connectivi petaloidei. Orarium inferum, 3-loculare, v. loculis 2 parvis vacuis specie 1-loculare, v. rarius revera 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus v. perfecte 2-loculare. Stylus terminalis, elongatus, indivisus, nunc ut videtur simplex excentricus, liber v. plus minus andreccio unilateraliter adnatus, apice in stigma globosum v. oblongum, sæpe obliquum v. inflexum, vertice foveolatum v. 2-labiatum sepeque ciliatum incrassatum, nunc e 3 verisimiliter compositus, centralis, liber, stigmate brevi v. oblongo 3-6-dentato v. 3-fido; ubi stylus simplex excentricusque adsunt sape in vertice ovarii ad latera styli stylodia 2 lineari-subulata v. pulviniformia, libera v. inter se connata, v. rarius andrecio lateraliter adnata parumque prominula. Omla in quoque loculo solitaria a basi erecta, v. c placentis axilibus rarius parietalibus 1- c-seriatim affixa, horizontalia v. ascendentia, anatropa. Fructus calyce persistente coronatus v. perianthio toto deciduo nudatus, 3-locularis v. abortu 1-2-locularis, nunc carnosus indehiscens, nunc loculicide 3-valvis, v. pericarpio tenuiore lateraliter rumpens. Semina 1 x, supius globosa oblonga v. irregulariter angulata, inappendiculata, arillo varie carnoso lacero v. stupposo fulta v. fere involuta; testa membranacea v. coriacea, ad hilum plus minus intrusa; integumentum internum tenue, albumini adnatum v. ad hilum incrassatum. Albumen copiosum, album, durum v. interdum plus minus farinaceum. Embryo in canali centrali albuminis erectus rectus incurvus v. hippocrepicus, interdum vitello tenui v. sat copioso involutus, radicula juxta hilum seepius prominente.

Herbæ sæpius perennes, inter majores, rhizomate horizontali duro v. varie tuberoso, rarius annuæ. Caulis nunc abbreviatus v. vix ullus, nunc elatus simplex basi foliorum delapsorum cicatricibus annulatus. Folia nunc omnia subradicalia vaginis interdum circa scapum convolutis caulem simulantibus, nunc in caule florifero v. sterili solitaria v. plura, vaginis caulem involventibus; lamina supra vaginam sessilis v. petiolata, sepius ampla,

venis numerosis crebris parallelis a costa media divergentibus valde obliquis v. subtransversis. Scapus seu pedunculus florifer terminalis v. e rhizomate inter folia nascens, rarius axillaris, simplex'v. rarius ramosus. Bracteæ primariæ nunc foliaceæ imbricatæ nunc cymbiformes dissitæque, bifariæ v. quaquaversæ, in paucis generibus minimæ v. obsoletæ. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii v. sæpius 2-∞, singuli bracteola membranacea v. spathacea stipati, v. in paucis generibus bracteolæ deesse videntur.

Species ad 450, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, perpaucæ extra tropicos extensæ,

Ordo naturalissimus, tam foliis quam floribus bene limitatus, nec cum ullo alio generibus intermediis connexus.

#### FORMAL ABNORMES.

Ovarium 1-loculare placentis parietalibus in generibus 4 prioribus, perfecto 2- nec 3-loculare in Tapeinochilo.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Zingiberese. Calyx tubulosus v. spathaceus. Stamen 1, anthera 2-loculari; staminodia petaloidea 2 lateralia varia v. obsoleta, labellum indivisum 2-fidum v. 2-partitum, omnia basi corollæ tubo adnata. Ovarii loculi v. placentæ parietales 3, rarissime 2, co-ovulati; stylus (simplex) tenuis, liber, apice loculis antheræ amplexus, stigmate subcapitato loculos sepius superante; stylodia 2 libera v. subconnata. Embryo rectus. Embryo centralis, rectus.

- \* Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus.
- 1. Mantisia. Corolle tubus elongatus. Staminodia lateralia filiformia, in medio filamenti elongati opposita, patentia. Caules foliati steriles; scapus florifer ramosus, aphyllus.—Ind. or.
- 2. GLOBBA. Corollæ tubus elongatus. Staminodia lateralia ovata, lobis corollæ approximata iisque similia. Filamentum elongatum nudum; anthera nuda v. a latere v. basi appendiculata. Thyrsus v. racemus laxus, in caule foliato terminalis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 3. GUILLAINIA. Corolla tubus elongatus. Staminodia lateralia petalis breviora, crecta, basi cum labello conniventia. Filamentum elongatum, petaloideum; anthera connectivo apice producto appendiculata. Inflorescentia in caule foliato terminalis, longe spicata.—Nov. Caled.
- 4. Hemiorchis. Corolle tubus brevis. Staminodia lateralia lobis corolle approximata quibus subsimilia. Filamentum breve; anthera inappendiculata. Scapus florifer aphyllus, spica simplici, bracteis caducis. Ilurma.
  - \*\* Ovarium longe ultra medium v. sæpissime perfecte 3-loculare, placentis axilibus.
    - † Staminodia luteralia ampla petaloidea.
- 5. Roscora. Spica in caule foliato terminalis, bracteis 1-floris paucis membranaceis imbricatis v. dissitis. Staminodia lateralia erecta, basi angustata. Filamentum inter staminodia erectum, anthere connectivum basi in calcar 2-fidum productum.—Himalaya.
- 6. K.I.MPERIA. Spica in caule foliato terminalis v. in scapo aphyllo pracox, bracteis 1-floris membranaccis imbricatis. Filamentum breve; anthere connectivum basi nudum, petaloideum, ultra loculos supe productum.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Afr. trop.
- 7. Gastrochilus. Spica in caule foliato terminalis v. in scapo aphyllo precox, bracteis secundis membrinaceis imbricatis. Filamentum breve, anthera inappendiculata; labellum concasum.—Burma, Malacca.
- 8. Hedychium. Spica v. thyrsus in caulo foliato terminalis, densa v. laxa, bracteis 1-co-floris imbricatis v. dissitis. Filamentum elongatum, angustum; anthere connectivum inappendiculatum. Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 9. Curcuma. Spica dense strobiliformis, bracteis concavis v. cucullatis 2-∞-floris basi imbricatis apice patentibus supe coloratis. Staminodia lateralia basi cum filamento petaloideo connata. Anthera basi 2-calcarata loculis contiguis.—Asia, Afr. et Australia intertrop., ins. maris Pacifici.
  - 10. HITCHENIA. Spica strobiliformis Curcuma, bracteis coloratis rigidioribus. Staminodia

lateralis lobis corolles similia v. minora. Filamentum angustum, complicatum; anthera ecalcarata, loculis connectivo petaloideo separatis.—*Ind. or.* 

- †† Staminodia lateralia parva dentiformia v. 0, rarius longiora angusta labello adnata.
- 11. TAPEINOCHILUS. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, bracteis latis concavis imbricatis apice recurvis. Anthera ecalcarata, connectivo ultra loculos brevi rotundato. Ovarium 2-loculare.—Archip. Malay., Austral. trop.
- 12. Amonum. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, in scapo aphyllo brevissimo v. elongato, rarissime in caule foliato terminalis, bracteis imbricatis seepius 2-3 floris. Filamentum breve; antherse loculi apice divergentes, connectivo ibidem plus minus dilatato brevi, v. ultra loculos in cristam integram v. 3-lobam producto.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici, Afr. trop.
- 13. CYPHOSTIGMA. Scapi florentes aphylli, e rhizomate flexuoso-ascendentes, fere a basi floriferi, bracteis parvis dissitis 1-2-floris. Filamentum breve; antheræ connectivum in cristam 3-lobam dilatatum.—Zeylania.
- 14. Elettaria. Scapi florentes longi, aphylli, flexuosi, fere a basi florifori, bractois membranaceis dissitis 2-3-floris. Filamentum brevissimum; antheræ loculi usque ad apicem contigui, connectivo non dilatato.—Ind. or. penins., Zeylania.
- 15. ZINGIBER. Inflorescentia Amomi. Filamentum breve; antherse loculi contigui, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem longam linearem producto.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., ins. Mascar. et maris Pacifici.
- 16. Costus. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, in caule foliato terminalis, sessilis, v. rarius in scapo brevi aphyllo, bracteis latis imbricatis. Antheræ loculi approximati, in medio filamento petaloideo elongato adnati.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop.*
- 17. Burbidgea. Racemus terminalis, bracteis caducis. Corollæ tubus elongatus. Filamentum brevissimum; antheræ connectivum ultra loculos in appendicem longam lanceolatam concavam productum. Fructus linearis.—Borneo.
- 18. LEPTOSOLENA. Panicula terminalis. Corollæ tubus elongatus. Filamentum breve; antheræ connectivum ultra loculos non productum. —Ins. Philippinæ.
- 19. Strobidia. Panicula terminalia, bracteis caducis. Corollar tubus brevis. Anthere connectivum ultra loculos in appendicem ellipsoideam incurvam productum. Ovarium ellipsoideam.—Sumatra.
- 20. ALPINIA. Thyrsus racemiformis v. panicula terminalis. Filamentum elongatum; antheræ connectivum latiusculum, loculis brevius, v. in appendicem brevem latam productum. Fructus globosus.—Asia trop. et subtrop., Australia, ins. Pacif.
- 21. Renealma. Thyrsus racemiformis v. racemus in scape aphyllo v. rarius in caule foliato terminalis. Filamentum brevissimum; antherse connectivum angustissimum, apice basique loculis brevius.—Amer. et Afr. trop.

Tribus II. Marantese. Sepala libera v. in tubum conniventia vix coherentia. Stamen 1; anthera 1-locularis, in andrecii lobo v. filamento lateralis; staminodia petaloidea, in andrecium irregulariter et varie lobatum basi connata; andrecii tamen lobi sepius 5 v. 6, quorum 1 v. 2 laterales, 1 anticus labellum dictus, 2 v. 3 postici, quorum 1 v. 2 cucullati, 1 antherifer. Ovarii loculi 1-ovulati; stylus simplex, excentricus, andrecio inclusus intusque plus minus lateraliter adnatus, superne incurvus v. involutus, stigmate valde obliquo v. a latere sub-2-labiato. Embryo valde incurvus v. hippocrepicus.

Androcii lobi seepe de specie in speciem variant et characteres quos præbent, in paucis specielous adhuc rite observati, rarius ad genera distinguenda sufficient, et ulterius ad vivum confirmandi v. reformandi; sequentes interdum plerique ex inflorescentia deducti.

- \* Ovarium specie 1-loculare, loculis 2 minimis vacuis. Genera (speciebus 2 exceptis) Americana.
  - 22. ISCHMOSIPHON. Inflorescentia spiciformis, bracteis convolutis rhachin floresque arcte includentibus. Corollæ tubus tenuis.—Amer. trop.
  - 23. MARANTA. Inflorescentiæ rami tenues, pauciflori. Bracteæ sub ramulis angustæ, convolutæ, rhachin arcte includentes. Flores pedicellati, ebracteati. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, interdum basi gibbus.—Amer. trop.
  - 24. STROMANTHE. Inflorescentia in pedunculo longo seepius composita, brevis, laxiuscula. Bractee bracteola-que seepius colorate, patentes, diu persistentes. Petala a basi solvenda.—Brasilia.

- 25. THALIA. Inflorescentia paniculata. Bractez sub ramis patentes, deciduz. Flores secus ramulos ultimos laxe spicati, per paria bracteis caducis inclusi. Petala libera v. vix basi connata.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- 26. Myrosma. Spicæ unilaterales, solitariæ v. per 2-5 confertæ, bracteis complicatis secundis 2-seriatim imbricatis persistentibus. Flores sub quaque bractea  $\infty$ , per paria breviter bracteolati. Corollæ tubus brevis.—*Brasilia, Guiana, Madagascaria*.
  - \*\* Ovarium sapissime 3-loculare, 3-ovulatum. Genera (Calathea excepta) gerontogea.
- 27. CLINOGYNE. Inflorescentiæ terminalis rami tenues, pauciflori. Bracteæ sub ramulis angustæ, convolutæ, rhachin arcte includentes, diu persistentes, demum sæpe deciduæ. Flores gemini, breviter pedicellati. Petala in tubum conniventia vix cohærentia. Ovarium interdum 1-ovulatum.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.
- 28. TRACHYPHRYNIUM. Inflorescentia terminalis, simplex v. parce ramosa, spiciformis. Bracteæ complicatæ, primum imbricatæ, anthesi peracta caducissimæ. Flores gemini. Petala basi in tubum conniventia. Ovarium dense papillosum. Capsula tuberculosa v. echinata, 3-valvis.—Afr. trop.
- 29. Thaumatococcus. Spicæ e rhizomate in scapo brevi aphyllo imbricato-bracteatæ, floribus geminis. Corollæ tubus brevis. Fructus lævis, crassus, carnosus, triqueter, indehiscens.—Afr. trop.
- 30. Phrynium. Inflorescentia strobiliformis capitata v. interrupte spicata, in folii petiolo specie lateralis, scapo nempe v. pedunculo folii vagina arcte involuto. Corollæ tubus sæpius brevis. Fructus indehiscens v. 3-valvis.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 31. CALATHEA. Inflorescentia strobiliformis v. capitata, imbricato-bracteata, v. rarius laxius spiciformis, pedunculo in caule foliato terminali v. rarius scapo e rhizomate aphyllo. Flores sub quaque bractea sepius  $\infty$ . Corollæ tubus sepius tenuis.—Amer. trop., rarius Afr. trop.
- Tribus III. Canness. Sepala libera. Stamen 1, anthera 1-loculari in andrœcii lobo laterali, lobis cæteris 4 andrœcii (staminodiis) nudis. Ovarii loculi ∞-ovulati; stylus simplex, ima basi tubo andrœcii adnatus, superne liber complanatus, stigmate terminali adnato interdum uno latere breviter decurrente. Capsula papillosa tuberculosa v. echinata. Embryo centralis, rectus.
  - 32. Canna. Racemus in caule foliato terminalis, simplex v. parce ramosus, floribus speciosis sub quaque bractea solitariis.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid. (in orb. vet. inquilinæ!).
- Tribus IV. Musece. Sepala libera v. in tubum spathaceo-fissum connata. Stamina perfecta 5, libera, antheris linearibus 2-locularibus, sexto imperfecto v. deficiente. Stylus centralis, liber, stigmate 3-6-dentato v. 3-fido.
  - 33. Heliconia. Sepala libera v. lateralia corollæ adnata. Corollæ tubus brevis, limbus elongatus concavus genitalia involvens. Ovarni loculi 1-ovulati. Fructus indehiscens v. in coccos secedens.—Amer. trop. (in Asia trop. inquilina!).
  - 34. Musa. Calyx tubulosus, mox spathaceo-fissus. Corolla inclusa, genitalia involvens. Ovarii loculi co-ovulati. Fructus carnosus, indehiscens.—Orh. vet. reg. trop.
  - 35. Strelitzia. Sepala libera. Petalum exterius breve latum concavum, lateralia longa, angusta, uno latere connata, altero latere longe appendiculata. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis.—

    Afr. austr.
  - 36. RAVENALA. Sepala libera. Petala longa, angusta, libera, inappendiculata, exterius lateralibus brevius. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis.—Madagasc., Bras. bor., Guiana.

#### GENUS EXCLUSUM.

NYCTOPHYLAX, Zipp. in Flora. 1829, 286, absque char., est planta timorensis, ab auctoribus recentioribus non recognita nec ullibi quantum scimus definita, et nomen delendum.

## TRIBUS I. ZINGIBERE.E.

1. Mantisia, Sims, Bot. Mag. t. 1320.—Calyx tubuloso-campanulatus, breviter 3-lobus. Corollæ tubus elongatus, tenuis; lobi 3, ovati, patentes, quorum 2 plani, tertius paullo major, concavus. Staminodia lateralia lineari-subulata, in medio filamento opposita, vol. III.

patentia; labellum deflexum, emarginatum v. breviter 2-dentatum; filamentum elongatum, incurvum; antheræ loculi 2, oblongi, discreti, connectivo ad utrumque latus alato-dilatato ultra loculos non producto, marginibus integris v. emarginatis. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus; stylus excentricus, filiformis, in canali filamenti receptus, stigmate parvo. Fructus . . .—Caules foliati steriles, foliis in ordine angustis, acumine longo torto. Scapi florentes aphylli, thyrso laxo. Bracteæ tenuiter membranaceæ, subscariosæ, violaceæ. Flores pallide violacei, labello flavo.

Species 2, Indiæ orientalis incolæ, quarum M. saltatoria, Sims, sola a nobis visa. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 19. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 615. Rose. Scitam. t. 112. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 230 (ic. omnes sub Globba).

2. Globba, Linn. Mant. n. 1287, pro parte. (Manitia, Giscke, Prælect. Linn. 209. Hura, Kan. in Retz, Obs. iii. 49. Spharocarpos, Gmcl. Syst. i. 9.)—Calyx tubulosocampanulatus, breviter 3-lobus. Corollæ tubus elongatus ; lobi 3, ovati, tertio sæpius paullo majore concavo. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, corolle lobis similia v. longiora iisque approximata; labellum deflexum, emarginatum, postice breviter 2-appendiculatum, basi cum filamento in cupulam connatum; filamentum elongatum, incurvum, canaliculatum; antheræ loculi 2, contigui v. parum distantes, connectivo utroque latere membranaceo-dilatato ultra loculos non producto. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus; stylus excentricus, filiformis, in canali filamenti receptus, stigmate ultra loculos turbinato v. fere urceolato; stylodia filiformia. Fructus globosus v. oblongus, pericarpio siccitate membranaceo demum irregulariter rupto v. (ex Roxburghio) ab apice 3-valvi. Semina subglobosa, arillo (an semper l) crasso spongioso lacero. —Caules e rhizomate annui, erecti, in ordine haud elati. Folia lanceolata, rarius ovata, seepius in acumen anguste caudi-Thyrsus in caule foliato terminalis, rarius al racemum reductus, forme producta. ramulis seu pedunculis simplicibus sæpius 2-x-floris. Bractea: nunc caducissimæ, nunc persistentes foliacea, dissite v. imbricatæ; in pluribus speciebus bractea inferiores tantum persistunt imbricatæ, vacuæ v. bulbillos rugosos foventes. Flores flavi v. rarius violascentes.

Species al 24, India orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolae. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 19. Muq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 612.

Genus a Horaninovio aliisque in sectiones 4. forte nimis artificiales, ex antheræ indole dividitur:—

- 1. Aplanthera. Anthera inappendiculata, loculis connectivo angustissimo v. vix ullo arcte approximatis. Huc G. suaveolens, Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 117, G. ophioglossa, Wight, Ic. t. 2002, G. orixensis, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 229, species nobis ignota, ex icone a G. suaveolente parum differt foliis acumine filiformi destitutis, floribus minoribus. G. orixensis, Wall. Cat., est ipsa G. suaveolens, qua ad Aplantheram, nec ad Coratoutheram pertinet.
- 2. Careyella. Anthera inappendiculata, loculis connectivo vix iis latiore separatis. Hue G. Careyena, Rosc. Scitam. t. 110, Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 691. G. sessiliflora, Bot. Mag. t. 1428.
- 3. Ceratanthera. Anthera basi appendiculis seu calcaribus 2 acuminatis v. setiformibus integris .nstructa. Huc G. pendula, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 228. Ceratanthera, Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 341.
- 4. Marantella. Antheræ connectivum ad utrumque latus in appendicem marginatam v. bifidam expansum. Bracteæ sæpe ovatæ. herbaceæ, persistentes. Huc G. marantina, Linn.; Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 103. Rose. Scitam. t. 111. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 100. G. Schomburgkii, Bot. Mag. t. 6298. G. versicolor, Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 117, f. a, b, c. G. marantinoides, Wight, Ic. t. 2001. (G. bracteosa, Horan.)

COLEBBOOKIA, Don, apud Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 341, includit Careyellam et Marantellam.

3. Gaillainia, Vicili. in Bull. Soc. Linn. Norm. x. 92.—Calyx tubulosus, coloratus, apice 3-dentatus. Corollæ tubus elongatus; lobi æquales, obtusi, erecti. Staminodia lateralia petaloides, petalis breviora, erecta, basi cum labello conniventia'; labellum majus, subsaccatum, 3-lobum, lobo medio minore; filamentum petaloideum, elongatum, ultra

antheram in appendicem brevem productum. Ovarium inferum (1-loculare?), placentis 3 parietalibus; stigma complanato-infundibuliforme, ciliatum. Fructus . . .—Herba rhizomate tuberoso, foliis Globbæ. Inflorescentia terminalis, longe spicata, floribus sæpius geminis in axilla bracteæ latæ concavæ erectæ ciliatæ coloratæ. (Char. ex Vieilliard.)

Species 1, Novo-Caledonica, a nobis non visa.

4. **Emiorchis**, Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlii. 108, t. 8.—Calyx brevis, superne campanulatus, 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus calyce brevior; lobi tubo longiores, ovati, posticus lateralibus latior. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, lobis lateralibus corollæ similia, basi corniculo parvo aucta; labellum paullo longius, latum, valde concavum, fere saccatum; filamentum breve; anthera erecta, loculis approximatis, connectivo angusto ultra loculos non producto. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo subgloboso. 'Capsula 1-locularis, subplicato-10-sulcata, 3-valvis. Semina conica, basi albo-arillata.'—Rhizoma crassum, repens. Folia post anthesin erumpentia, a nobis non visa. Scapi aphylli, pallidi, tomentelli, bracteis tenuiter membranaceis plus minus tecti. Spica terminalis, simplex, primum densa, per anthesin elonganda, floribus numerosis parum distantibus albo-virescentibus, labello aurantiaco. Bracteæ breves, hyalinæ, sub anthesi deciduæ.

Species 1, Burmanica.

5. Roscoea, Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 108.—Calyx longe tubulosus, 2-3-dentatus, membranaceus, plus minus spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus sæpius elongatus, superne breviter ampliatus, lobi 3, posticus erectus incurvus concavus, laterales patentes v. recurvi. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, erecta, conniventia, oblongo-spathulata, basi contracta; labellum maximum, emarginatum v. 2-fidum; filamentum inter staminodia lateralia breve, erectum; anthera linearis, medium versus filamenti affixa, loculis contiguis, connectivo basi in calcar longum incurvum semi-2-fidum v. fere 2-partitum producto. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus cum filamento erectus, stigmate ultra loculos globoso v. turbinato apice ciliato. Fructus oblongus, demum sæpe 3-valvis. Semina ovoidea, arillo plus minus cupulato; 'embryo centralis, linearis, rectus.—Rhizoma e fibris crassis carnosis fasciculatis. Folia angusta v. subcordato-lanceolata, vaginis longis laxis nunc amplissimis. Inflorescentia terminalis, fasciculata v. spicata, sessilis v. pedunculata. Flores singuli bractea spathacea stipati, purpurei cerulei v. flavi.

Species 6, Himalayanse. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 20. Rosc. Scitam. t. 64. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 144. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 242, 255. Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 89, f. 1 ad 3. Wight, Ic. t. 2013. Bot. Mag. t. 4630. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 61. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1404.

Icones supra citatæ Roscoeas genuinas referunt, quibus flores in fasciculum seu capitulum conferti, nunc intra vaginam superiorem sessile, nunc longe pedunculatum, purpurei v. cærulei; corollæ tubus elongatus, tenuis; ovarium angustum, capsula oblonga pericarpio membranaceo lateraliter fisso vix valvato. Cautera, Royle, Ill. Pl. Humal, 361, sectionem v. fere genus distinctum præbet, cui flores in spica exserta plus minus dussiti (an semper?) flavi; corollæ tubus vix calycem excedens; ovarium breve, latum; capsula globosa, pericarpio coriaceo 3-valvi, valvis demum patentissimis sub placenta carnosa semina diu retinentibus. Huc pertinent R. gracilis, Sm. (R. lutea, Royle, l. c. t. 89, f. 2), R. spicata, Sm. (R. elatior, Sm., ex char. dato, specimen tamen Smithianum in Herb. Hook, est R. gracilis), et species adhuc inedita.

6. Exempferia, Linn. Gen. n. 7; Hort. (Tiff. t. 3.—Calyx hyalinus v. membranacous, longe tubulosus, 2-3-dentatus, superne breviter spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus elongatus, exsertus; lobi lanceolati, acuti, æquales, patentes v. reflexi. Staminodia lateralia ample petaloidea, ovata, basi sæpe breviter unguiculata, patentia; labellum 2-fidum v. 2-partitum, rarius integrum, staminodiis lateralibus subsimile v. basi maculatum, nunc amplissimum; anthera in filamento brevissimo erecta, loculis linearibus dissitis ad margines connectivi lati concavi ultra loculos in cristam petaloideam integram v. dentatam producti. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ globoso v. turbinato apice ciliato. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, pericarpio tenui. Semina subglobosa, arillo lacero brevi;

embryo centralis, linearis, rectus.—Fibræ radicales sæpius tuberoso-incrassatæ. Folia in caule sæpius brevi pauca. Spicæ in caule foliato v. in scapo radicali squamato terminales.

Species ad 18, Africa et Asia tropica incola. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 21.

Genus commode dividitur in sectiones 3, ad inflorescentiam solam tamen definitas:-

1. Protanthium, Horan. Scapi florentes breves, densifiori, aphylli, ante caules foliiferos e rhizomate protensi. Folia interdum ampla. Rosc. Scitam. t. 95, 97. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 317. Red. Lil. t. 49. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 56. Wight, Iv. t. 2029. Bot. Mag. t. 920, 5763, 6054.

CIENKOWSKIA, Solms in Schweinf. Beier. Fl. Ethiop. 167, t. 1, species Africana labello maximo 2-fido, antheræ crista petaloidea longa integra v. utroque latere 1-dentata, est ipso auctore fatente species Kæmpferiæ ad Protanthium pertinens.

2. Stackyanthesis. Scapi florentes elongati, aphylli, floribus longe spicatis bracteis dissitis. Huc pertinent K. scaposa ex India orientali (Monolophus scaposus, Dalz., Wight, Ic. t. 2030), K. rossa, Schweinf. ex Africa, et species nova Khasyana.

Monolophus, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 24, t. 24; Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 22, quoad K. v. M. linearem, Wall., et K. v. M. secundum, Wall., caule tenero co-foliato, inflorescentia terminali subspicata, Stackyanthesin cum Soncoro connectut.

3. Soncorus, Horan. Flores pauci, caulem brevem foliatum terminantes. Folia seepe pauca, haud raro ad 2 subsessilia suboppositaque reducta. Rosc. Scitam. t. 92 ad 94, 96. Red. Lil. t. 144. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 27. Wight, Ic. t. 899. Bot. Mag. t. 850, 5600. Bot. Reg. t. 173, 1212. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 587, 980.

TRITOPHUS, Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 341, est K. (Soncorus) ovalifolia, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 278, antherse crista 3-4-dentata.

Cadalvena, Fenzl in Sitzungsber. Akad. Wiss. Wien, li. 130, species Æthiopica, ab auctore a Kampferia separatur ob ovarium apice 2-loculare 2-ovulatum cæterum farctum, quod verisimiliter ex observatione ovarii imperfecti sumptum fuit. In speciminibus a Schweinfurthio communicatis ovaria sæpe abortiva, in uno perfecto loculos 3 invenimus ∞-ovulatos et planta omnino Kampferia (Soncori).

7. Gastrochitus, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 22, t. 24, 25.—Calyx brevis, spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus exsertus, interdum longissimus; lobi æquales, conniventes, nutantes. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, lobis corollæ latiora nec longiora; labellum maximum, latum, concavum fere saccatum, integrum, margine sinuato-crispum; anthera in filamento brevissimo erecta, loculis parallelis dissitis ad margines connectivi lati ultra loculos non producti. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos subgloboso. Fructus . . .—Herba habitu Kompferia, rhizomate repente v. fibroso, tuberibus subsessilibus fasciculatis. Folia ampla. Flores nunc in caule foliato unilateraliter spicati, bracteis secundis imbricatis, nunc in scapo radicali aphyllo bracteato pauci.

Species 3 v. 4, Burmanicae. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 22. Bot. Mag. t. 3930, 4010.

8. Eedyehtum, Ken. in Retz Ohs. iii. 73.—Calyx tubulosus, 3-dentatus. Corollae tubus elongatus; lobi angusti, æquales, patentes. Staminodia lateralia nunc lobis corollæ similia v. etiam angustiora, nunc latiora, petaloidea, obovali-oblonga spathulata v. late ovata; labellum petaloideum, amplum, emarginatum, v. angustius integrum 2-fidumve; filamentum elongatum, angustum, complicatum, canaliculatum v. fere filiforme; anthera sæpissime linearis, loculis contiguis infra insertionem sæpe breviter productis, connectivo tenuissimo nec apice cristato nec basi calcarato. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ parvo subgloboso, foveola parva. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis. Semina subglobosa, arillo vario; embryo centralis, rectus, crassius-culus.—Rhizoma horizontale, tuberosum. Caules erecti, foliati, sæpius elati. Folia utrinque basi stipula appressa aucta v. nuda. Thyrsus terminalis, spiciformis, sæpius pulcherrimus, nunc densus bracteis latis herbaceis imbricatis, nunc longior, bracteis plus minus dissitis. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii v. plures, bracteas superantes, singuli brasteola complicata stipati.

Species ad 25, Asia tropica incolae. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Soit. 29. Wall. in Hook. Kew Journ. v. 321 (excl. H. scaposo ad Kampferiam referendo). Rose, Scitam. t. 47 ad 63. Hook. Exot. Fl. t.

46. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 251. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 107. Wight, Ic. t. 2008 ad 2012. Bot. Mag. t. 708, 2078, 2300, 2378, 2637, 2969, 3039, 4516. Bot. Reg. t. 157, 526, 767, 774, 1209. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 604, 658, 723, 856, 1785, 1795, 1881, 1902.

Genus a Roscoco et serius a Horaninovio in series 2 dividitur: 1, Gandasulium, Horan., stamine labello breviore v. rarius vix longiore; et 2, Macrostemium, Horan., stamine labello multo longiore; a Wallichio minus apte in series A. Coronariæ, bracteis in spica densa arcte imbricatis, et B. Spicatæ, bracteis in spica elongata disgitis sæpe patentibus.

H. Horsfieldii, Br., sectionem Brachychilum, Br., ex Wall. in Hook. Kew Journ. v. 376 format, labello nano retuso sessili, stigmate quasi 2-labiato labio inferiore elongato. Species vix congener videtur. Specimina nobis desunt. In H. villoso, Roxb., specieque affini, anthera abbreviata, loculis ad basin connectivi crassi divergentibus.

GAMOCHILUS, Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 341, est H. speciosum, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 285, a Wallichio ipso serius ad varietatem H. Gardneri, Wall., reductum, a Lestiboudoiso generice separatur ob labellum integerrimum acutiusculum nec emarginatum.

9. Curcuma, Linn. Gen. n. 6. (Stissera et Erndlia, Giseke, Proelect. Linn. 207, 209.)— Calyx tubulosus, 2-3-dentatus, interdum hinc breviter fissus. Corollæ tubus brevis v. elongatus, superne dilatatus; lobi ovati v. oblongi, subsequales v. posticus longior breviterque acuminatus. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, basi cum filamento anguste petaloideo plus minus connata, petalum 3-fidum lobo medio antherifero simulantia; labellum paullo majus, superne dilatatum, integrum emarginatum v. 2-fidum; anthera in filamento petaloideo sessilis, loculis contiguis, connectivo latiore basi in calcara 2 producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ erecto v. inflexo, æquali v. dorso gibbo antice 2-labiato ciliato. Capsula globosa, pericarpio membranaceo sub-3-valvi. Semina ovoidea v. oblonga, levia, arillo nunc brevi, nunc lacero laciniis semen superantibus; embryo linearis, rectus, tenuis v. crassiusculus.—Rhizoma crassum, fibris tuberiferis. Caules erecti, 1 10-pedales. Folia sæpe ampla. Florum thyrsi densissimi, strobiliformes, oblongi v. elongati, bracteis concavis v. cucullatis amplis imbricatis apice rotundatis, superioribus sæpe vacuis coloratis pulcherrime comosis. Flores sub quaque bractea 2-x, sessiles, singuli bracteola spathacea stipati. Fructus intra bracteas inclusi.

Species enumeratæ ultra 30, Asiæ tropicæ incolæ, usque ad Africam tropicam Australiam tropicam et insulas maris Pacifici extensæ, nonnullæ tamen cultæ v. varietates e cultura eductæ, et fere omnes in speciminibus exsiccatis difficillime determinandæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 22. Berg, Darst. Offic. Gew. t. 34 a. Rosc. Scitam. t. 99 ad 109. Red. Lil. t. 473. Salisb. Par. Lond. t. 96. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 4 (Amomum). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 151, 201. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 10, 57. Wight, Ic. t. 2005, 2006. Bot. Mag. t. 1546, 4435, 5620, 5821, 5909. Bot. Reg. t. 886.

Horaninow 1. c. species distribuit in series 3: Exantha, scapis lateralibus, v. extrafoliaceis; Amphiantha, scapis lateralibus et centralibus; et Mesantha, scapis centralibus, quæ tamen non semper bene distincte videntur. C. Roscoeana, Wall., potius ad Hitcheniam referenda.

10. Mitchenia, Wall. in Trans. Med. Phys. Soc. Calc. vii. 215.—Calyx tubulosus, membranaceus, 3-dentatus. Corollæ tubus elongatus, lobi 3, subæquales, oblongi v. lineares. Staminodia lateralia petaloidea, lobis similia nisi minora; labellum lobis corollæ longius, angustum, superne oblongum, recurvum, 2-dentatum; filamentum labello æquilongum, angustum, complicatum; anthera terminalis, loculis dissitis ad margines connectivi lati inappendiculati ocalcarati. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ haud magno clavato antice transverse foveolato. Capsula obovato-3-gona, pericarpio rigide membranaceo varie rupto nunc 3-valvi.—Herbæ habitu et inflorescentia omnino Curcumæ, bracteæ tamen thyrsi sæpius rigidiores striatæque.

Species 3 v. 4, Indiæ provinciarum orientalium incolæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 24 (errore liitchinia). Huc pertinent H. glauca, Wall., e Burma; H. Careyana, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. 6595 sub Curcuma, e Silhet, cujus corollæ lobi, labium et filamentum multo angustiora quam in H. glauca; species nova Malayana cujus tamen corollas imperfectas examinare nequimus; et ad Hitcheniam potius quam Curcumam referrimus H. (C.) Roscocanam, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 9, Bot. Mag. t. 4667.

11. Tapeinochilus, Miq. in. Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iv. 101, t. 4.—Calyx herbaceus, breviter tubulosus, apice 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus brevis, lobi breves, subæquales v. posticus paullo latior. Staminodia lateralia linearia, cum labello brevi erecto truncato connata; filamentum petaloideum, cum connectivo oblongo continuum, labello paullo brevius, apice rotundum, loculos paullo superans; antheræ loculi adnati, approximati, ecalcarati. Ovarium 2-loculare, ∞-ovulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate dilatato plano exappendiculato apice ciliato; stylodia in unum lineare apice 2-dentatum coalita. Capsula calyce rigidulo coronata, rimis 2 lateralibus sæpe irregularibus dehiscens. Semina angulata, arillo parvo.—Caulis foliatus, elatus, sæpe ramosus, foliorum vaginis obtectus. Folia in vaginis subsessilia, decidua. Florum thyrsus terminalis, magnus, strobiliformis, densissimus, bracteis latis rigide coriaceis basi imbricatis superne recurvo-patentibus acutis, calycibusque pulchre coccineis. Flores sub quaque bractea 1-3; corollæ pallide flavescentes, bracteas vix superantes.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ tropicæ incola. Specimina nostra omnia fructifera, characteres corollæ et andrœcii ex ic. et descr. Miquelii sumpsimus.

12. Amomum, Linn. Gen. n. 2.—Calyx tubulosus v. superne dilatatus, apice 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus nunc vix calycem excedens, nunc tenuis longeque exsertus, lobi 3, æquales, patentes, v. posticus paullo latior erectiorque. Staminodia lateralia ad dentes parvos reducta; labellum sæpius amplum, rotundatum v. basi convolutum, integrum v. late 3-lobum; filamentum breve, planum; antheræ erectæ loculi elongati, glabri v. dense pilosi, apice divergentes, cæterum fere contigui, connectivo a basi angusta apice inter loculos dilatato, iis nunc subbreviore sinuato, nunc sepius ultra loculos in appendicem seu cristam brevem integram seu magnam rotundatam integram v. varie 3-fidam producto. Ovarium 3-loculare,  $\infty$ -ovulatum; stylus tenuis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ nunc parvo subgloboso, nunc crasso dorso subgibbo; stylodia longiuscula, linearia, carnosula. Fructus globosus v. oblongus, interdum in rostrum crassiusculum attenuatus, pericarpio crassiusculo lævi rugoso v. echinato, indehiscens v. irregulariter ruptus. Semina globosa v. obovoideo-truncata.—Rhizoma nunc horizontale crassum, nunc elongatum repens. Caules foliati sæpius steriles. Scapi florentes e rhizomate aphylli squamis obtecti nunc sub inflorescentia brevissimi nunc elongati. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, globosa oblonga v. elongata, bracteis coriaceis imbricatis. Flores intra bracteas solitarii v. sæpius 2-3-ni, singuli bracteola spathiformi stipati, sessiles, corollæ limbo solo v. rarius tubo elongato e bracteis exserto. In speciebus perpaucis inflorescentia in caule foliato terminalis sessilis.

Species ad 50, Africæ et A-iæ tropicæ incolæ, usque ad Australiam tropicam et insulas maris Pacifici extensæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 28 (Amomum), 31 (Geanthus et Donacodes). Oliv. et Hanb. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 109.

Genus, sectione Cenolopho excepto, naturale facileque distinctum, a pluribus auctoribus in genera 2 dividitur ad antheræ connectivum limitata, charactere tamen non semper bene definito, nobis potius pro sectionibus habenda videntur.

1. Geanthus. Scapi florentes aphylli. Antheræ connectivum apice parum dilatatum loculos non v. breviter superans. Species omnes Asiaticæ Australianæ v. ins. maris Pacificæ. Geanthus, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 5. Elettaria sect., Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. i. 54.

Sectio facile in series 3 dividitur: a. Longistora, scapo florido abbreviato, corollæ tubo tenui calyce duplo saltem longiore. Huc Elettaria coccinea, Bl., E. glaberrima, Zoll. et Mor., affinesque. b. Breviscapa, inflorescentia in rhizomate fere sessili v. scapo brevi fulto. Corollæ tubus calyce inclusus v. vix exsertus. Species numerosæ. Huc Alpinia costata, Roxb. Pl. Corom. t. 252, A. linguiformis, Roxb. l. c. t. 276. Elettaria fatens, Bl., E. rosea, Tcijsm. et Binn., E. nemoralis, Thw., E. cannæcarpa, Wight, Jc. t. 2007, Amonum Ceruga, Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 89, A. Scottii, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 24, affinesque. c. Scaposa, inflorescentia globosa, interdum bracteis exterioribus majoribus involucrata, scapo elongato squamato fulta: Elettaria floribunda et E. involucrata, Thw., e Zeylania; A. Fenzlii, Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlv. t. 12, cum speciebus 3 v. 4 ex Archipelago Malayano. Huc etiam referenda Alpinia magnifica, Rose. Scitam. t. 75, Bot. Mag. t. 3192 (Phæmerias Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446; Nicolaia, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 32, t. 1).

DONACODES, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. i. 64, si rite ad eam referrimus species 3 Archipelagi Malayani cum Amomo subulato, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 277, a sectione Geantho parum differt connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem brevissimam rotundatam v. truncatam producto.

ACHASMA, Griff. Notul. iii. 426, Ic. Pl. As. t. 355 ad 357, et Stenochasma, Griff. Notul. iii. 431, Ic. Pl. As. t. 358, 359, quorum specimina non vidimus, ex iconibus omnino Amomi sect. Geanthum referunt, excepto labello anguste linguiformi.

ETLINGERA, Giseke, Prolect. Linn. 209, est A. littorale, Kon., species ex descr. Konigii in Retz, Obs. iii. 52 ad Geanthum pertinens.

2. Euamomum. Scapi florentes aphylli. Antheræ connectivum ultra loculos in cristam latam integram v. 3-lobam productum. Marogna, Torymenes, et Alexis, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 282, 283, absque char.

Species numerosæ, inter quas fere 20 Africanæ, quibus labellum sæpius magnum, antheræ crista 3-loba, lobis lateralibus divaricatis, intermedio interdum 2-dentato. Sims in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 13. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 111. Hook. Kew Journ. iv. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 4603, 4764, 5250, 5761, 5987.

Species Asiaticæ quoad cristam variant fere de specie in speciem. In A. Cardamomo, Linn.; Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 227, A. Melegueta, Rosc. Scitam. t. 98, A. masticatorum, Thw., A. Dallachyi, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. viii. 25, paucisque aliis, crista 3-loba ut in speciebus Africanis; in A. dealbato, Roxb., et A. sericeo, Roxb., crista brevis truncata fere Donacodis; in A. pterocarpo, Thw., lata transversa integra; in A. graminifolio, Thw., A. maximo, Roxb., Bot. Reg. t. 929, A. corynostachyo, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 58, ampla, potaloidea, fere orbiculata, integra; in specie Zeylanica, Thwaites, n. 3864, lata, lolis 2 rotundatis cum intermedio minore triangulari.

Capsula in speciebus Africanis sepe majuscula, interdum longiuscule rostrata, in Asiaticis valde variat, in A. sericeo, Roxb., et A. dealbato, Roxb., in longitudinem co-alata; in A. aculeato, Roxb., et A. echinato, Willd., dense echinata.

Scapi in *Euamomo* variant breves pauciflori v. longiores inflorescentia dense globosa; in *A. giganteo*, Oliv. et Hanb., scapus valde elongatus, spicis pluribus dissitis.

HORNSTEDTIA, Retz, Obs. vi. 18 (GREENWAYA, Giseke, Prælect. Linn. 206), includit A. scyphifcrum, Kæn., et A. Leonurum, Kæn.; Meistera, Giseke, l.c. 205, est A. n. 5, Kæn.; Wurfbainia, Giseke, l.c. 206, est A. n. 2, Kæn.; genera omnia ex descriptione fusiori Kænigii in Retz Obs. iii. confecta, et omnia ad Euamonum referenda.

3. Cenolophon. Spica in caule foliato terminalis, brevis, supra folium ultimum sessilis. Cenolophon, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 36, vix tamen Blumei; qui inflorescentiam racemosam descripsit. Huc pertinet A. vitellinum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 52, et Elettaria rufescens, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 430, species tamen omnes hucusque imperfecto notæ nec in speciminibus examinare potuimus.

DIRACODES, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. i. 55, a Miquelio cum Alpinia comparata, ex charactere brevi auctoris ab Amomo non differt nisi inflorescentia terminali, et omnino cum Cenolopho, Horan., convenire videtur. Antheræ crista 2-loba dicitur.

Geocallis, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 33 (Renealmia fasciculata, Rosc. Scitam. t. 66) ad iconem pictoris in Lucknow indigenæ descripta, est verisimiliter Amomi species male delineata.

13. Cyphostigma, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1380.—Calyx supra basin elongatam pedicelliformem laxe tubulosus, 3-dentatus, per anthesin spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus tenuis, e calyce breviter exsertus; lobi 3, anguste oblongi, subæquales, revoluto-patentes. Staminodia lateralia 0; labellum sessile, orbiculato-reniforme, patens, late sub-3-lobum, lobo medio magis prominente sub-2-fido; anthera in filamento brevi erecta, loculis contiguis v. apice leviter divergentibus, connectivo angusto ultra loculos in cristam petaloideam orbiculatam crenulato-crispam dilatato. Ovarium globosum v. ovoideum, basi saltem 3-loculare, ∞-ovulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra antheram breviter exserto crasso oblongo basi in gibbum carnosum subproducto apice circa foveolam ciliato. Fructus . . .—Rhizoma horizontale, crassum, caule brevissimo. Foliorum vaginæ convolutæ, sæpe pedales caulem simulantes, lamina ampla vix petiolata. Scapi floridi aphylli, e rhizomate flexuoso-ascendentes, squamis spathaceis semitecti. Flores intra squamas subdissitas solitarii v. gemini, singuli bracteola spathacea calyce multo breviore stipati.

Species 1 Zeylanica, C. pulchellum, Benth. (Amonum pulchellum, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 318). Andrescium fere Amoni, sed inflorescentia valde diversa.

14. Elettaria, Maton in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 250. (Cardamonum, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. 1, 282, absque char.)—Calyx membranaceus, tubulosus, breviter 3-lobus. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, vix e calyce exsertus; lobus posticus oblongus, suberectus, concavus, laterales angustiores recurvo-patentes. Staminodia lateralia ad dentes parvos erectos reducta; labellum obovoideum, lobis corollæ paullo longius, apice patens, late sub-3-lobum; anthera ad faucem corollæ fere sessilis, linearis, loculis usque ad apicem contiguis, connectivo inconspicuo nec ultra loculos producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, co-ovulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ parvo. Fructus subglobosus v. ovoideo-oblongus, pericarpio crassiusculo, indehiscens. Semina obovoidea, truncata, rugosa (exarillata?); embryo crassiusculus, rectus.—Rhizoma horizontale, crassum. Caules foliati steriles, foliis paucis longis latiusculis. Scapi aphylli, longi, flexuosi, fere a basi florentes, bracteis dissitis membranaceis spathaceis jam sub anthesi sæpius emarcidis. Flores sub quaque bractea 2 v. 3, breviter pedicellati, singuli bracteola complicata stipati.

Species v. fide Thwaitesii varietates 2, imprimis ad fructus formam distinctæ, Zeylaniæ et Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incolæ. White in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 5 (Amonum). Berg, Darst. Offic. Gew. t. 34 c. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 226.

15. Zingiber, Adans. Fum. ii. 66.—Calyx membranaceus v. hyalinus, tubulosus, breviter 3-lobus. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, superne parum dilatatus; lobi angusti, posticus erectus, incurvus, concavus, laterales patentes. Staminodia lateralia basi cum labello connata v. præter lobos laterales labelli 0; labellum v. labelli lobus medius lateralibus major, integer v. breviter 2-fidus, interdum crispulus; anthera in filamento brevi erecta, oblonga, loculis inter se parum distantibus, connectivo ecalcarato ultra loculos in appendicem linearem v. subulatam producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, ∞-ovulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ sæpius parvo subgloboso. Capsula globosa v. oblonga, pericarpio haud crasso, irregulariter rupta. Semina sæpius majuscula, oblonga, arillo lacero laciniis nunc brevibus, nunc elongatis semen longe superantibus.—Rhizoma horizontale, tuberosum. Caules foliati variant floriferi v. steriles. Thyrsi spiciformes, densi, strobiliformes v. longiusculi, bracteis imbricatis, nunc in scapo radicali aphyllo vaginis obtecto, nunc in caule foliato terminales v. in pedunculo recurvo laterales. Flores sub quaque bractea 1-3, singuli bracteola spathacea stipati.

Species cnumeratæ ad 30, sed vix 20 bene distinctæ, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, ins. Mascarensium et maris Pacifici incolæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 27. Gærtn. Fruct. i. 33, t. 12. Van Hall. Obs. Zingib., Lugd. Bat., 1858, cum tabb. 2.

Genus ad inflorescentiam in sectiones sequentes dividitur :--

- 1. Cryptanthium, Horan. Inflorescentia in rhizomate sessilis v. in scape brevi terra semi-immersa.

  —Rosc. Scitam. t. 86 ad 89. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 55. Wight, Ic. t. 2004.
- 2. Lampuzium, Horan. Inflorescentia in scapo longiusculo erecto aphyllo epigæa. Rosc. Scitam. t. 83 ad 85. Rosb. Corom. Pl. t. 253. Berg, Darst. Offizin. Gew. t. 34 b. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 112. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 54 (Amomum). Wight, Ic. t. 2003. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 555. Bot. Mag. t. 1426, 2000, 6019. Jægera et Dietrichia, Giscke, Prælect. Linn. 203, 208. Cassumunae, Colla, Nov Scit. Gen. Comm., Taurini, 1830, cum tab. 1.
- 3. Pleuranthesis. Inflorescentia in pedunculo a latere caulis foliati recurvo. Staminodia lateralia brevia, libera, incurva. Species unica nota, Z. Clarkei, King mss., e Sikkim, Hook. f. et Thoms., G. King.
- 4. Dymczewiczia. Inflorescentia in caule foliato terminalis. Rosc. Scitam. t. 90, 91. Dymczewiczia, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 26. Horaninow genus suum distinxit præter inflorescentiam, staminodiis lateralibus 2 ovatis petaloideis, que in Zingibere deesse dicuntur. Semper tamen adesse videntur nunc parvula libera, sæpius tamen cum labello plus minus a latere coalita et pro lobis lateralibus suis descripta. In Z. (Dymczewiczia) capitato pariter cum labello basi connata sunt.

Zerumber, Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 329, includit species omnes quibus staminodia lateralia minima v. labello alto adnata.

16. Costus, Linn. Gen. n. 3. (Banksea, Koen. in Retz, Obs. iii. 75. Tsiana, Gmel. Syst. i. 9. Hellenia, Retz, Obs. vi. 18. Planera, Giseke, Proelect. Linn. 205. Jacuanga,

Lestib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 329, 341. Gissanthe, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 279, absque char.)—Calyx laxe tubulosus, sæpius brevis, apice 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus brevis, lobi oblongi petaloidei, subæquales. Staminodia lateralia 0 (v. minuta?); labellum amplum, obovatum, basi cucullatum, apice patens; filamentum petaloideum cum connectivo oblongo plano integro loculos longe superante continuum; antheræ loculi in medio connectivo adnati approximati, apice breviter divergentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, ∞-ovulatum, placentis axilibus interdum in parte superiore undulato-crispis; stylus filiformis; stigmate semilunari ciliato, interdum nec in omnibus speciebus appendice dorsali crassiuscula v. plana quasi 2-labiato. Capsula globosa v.ovoidea, sæpe 3-sulca, calvce coronata. demum inter costas lateraliter dehiscens. Semina obovoidea v. subglobosa, breviter arillata, testa lævi; embryo in canale centrali rectus, crassus.—Caules elati, foliati, vaginis interdum laxis in ligulam latam productis obtecti, lamina sessili v. breviter petiolata decidua. Spica crassa, globosa v. ovoidea, strobiliformis, terminalis, inter folia ultima sessilis v. rarius in scapo aphyllo; bractee late, imbricate. Flores speciosi, coccinei albi flavi v. rosei.

Species ad 25, Americæ, Africæ, Asiæ et Australiæ inter tropicos incolæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 36. Rosc. Scitam. t. 77 ad 82. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 1, 202 (Alpinia); Fragm. t. 67, 77 ad 80. Lostib. in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 2, xv. t. 21. Wight, Ic. t. 2014. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. t. 3, 4. Bot. Mag. t. 4979, 5894. Bot. Reg. t. 665, 683, 899, 1594.

In C. maculato, Rosc., C. globoso, Bl., aliisque paucis caules foliati elongati sterilesque; scapi floriferi breves, vaginis obtectis omnibus aphyllis v. summis breviter laminiferis. In speciebus nonnullis Africanis v. Brasilianis folia sub spica brevi pauca lata conferta patentiaque quasi rosulata, caule infra rosulam brevi v. elongato; bracteæ in his angustæ; andræcium omnino Costi.

17. Burbidgea, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6403.—Calyx anguste tubulosus, truńcatus, obscure 2-3-dentatus. Corollæ tubus elongatus; lobi laterales patentes, late oblongi, posticus latior erectus. Staminodia lateralia 0; labellum erectum, longe stipitatum, concavum, apice breviter dilatatum in laminam ovato-cordatam breviter 2-fidam; filamentum breve; antheræ loculi inter se parum distantes, connectivo ultra loculos in appendicem longam petaloideam late linearem producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, ∞-ovulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ parvo obliquo. Fructus longe siliquæformis. Semina (immatura) fusiformia, arillo lacero.—Rhizoma repens. Caulis erectus, foliis nitidis. Flores in racemo terminali speciosi, breviter pedicellati, singuli bractea angusta spathacea caducissima stipati.

Species 1, Borneensis.

18. **Leptosolena**, Presl, Rel. Henk. i. 111, t. 18.—Calyx anguste tubulosus, truncatus, obscure 2-dentatus. Corollæ tubus elongatus, tenuis; lobi 3, patentes, subæquales. Staminodia lateralia 0 ?; labellum oblongo-ovatum (in icone anguste oblongum), lobis corollæ longius, pendulum; filamentum breve, basi postice squama ovata diaphana (staminodia lateralia?) munitum; antheræ loculi apice divergentes, connectivo non producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ infundibuliformi ciliato. Capsula 3-locularis.—Caulis foliatus erectus, foliis angustis. Inflorescentia terminalis, sessilis, composita, laxiuscula; floribus erectis. Corollæ tubus 3-pollicaris. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Preslii.)

Species 1, ins. Philippinarum incola, a nobis non visa. Videtur Burbidgeæ affinis.

19. Strobidia, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 614.—Calyx laxe subcampanulatus, 3-dentatus, demum spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus brevis; lobi subæquales, posticus angustus deflexus, laterales paullo latiores horizontales sub labello conniventes. Staminodia lateralia parva, linearia, labello partim adnata; labellum erectum, fornicato-concavum; filamentum strictum, florem superans, superne transiens in connectivum latum incurvum apice prope loculorum verticem utrinque minute tuberculatum. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate... Capsula baccata.—Caulis erectus,

gracilis. Panicula terminalis, ramis alternis brevibus. Bracteæ sub ramulis parvæ; bracteolæ latæ, imbricatæ. (Char. ex Miq.)

Species 1, Sumatrana, a nobis non visa.

20. Alpinia, Linn. Gen. n. 4. (Catimbium, Juss. Gen. Pl. 62. Languas, Kan. in Retz, Obs. iii. 64. Heritiera, Retz, Obs. vi. 17, t. 1. Buekia, Albina et Martensia, Giseke, Prælect. Linn. 204, 207. Galanga, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 281, absque char.)— Calyx laxe tubulosus, breviter 3-lobus, interdum demum spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus brevis v. calyce paullo longior; lobi patentes, postico sepius latiore. Staminodia lateralia parva dentiformia, v. linearia, v. 0; labellum patens, sepius latum, corollam superans; filamentum elongatum, nunc fere filiforme, nunc latiusculum concavum; antheræ loculi discreti, connectivo latiusculo nune loculis breviore, nune apice bifido v. in appendicem brevem rotundatam v. truncatam loculos superantem producto. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, basi interdum (in A. Galanga) in glandulam stylodiis similem incrassatus, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ subgloboso ciliato; stylodia glanduliformia, carnosa, crassiuscula, erecta v. depressa. Fructus globosus, siccus v. baccatus, indehiscens v. rarius 3-valvis. Semina in quoque loculo sepius placenta carnosa a pericarpio solubili (arillo?) involuta.—Rhizoma horizontale v. repens, caulibus erectis foliatis. Flores in thyrso racemiformi v. rarius laxe paniculato in caule foliato terminali. Bracteze membranaceæ, spathiformes v. parvæ; bracteolæ sub quoque flore nunc breves cupulatæ truncatæ per anthesin delapsæ v. emarcidæ, nunc membranaceæ alabastrum omnino includentes.

Species notæ fere 40, Asiæ tropicæ et subtropicæ, Australiæ et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 33. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 264. Hance in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 6. Rosc. Scitam. t. 67 ad 74 et t. 76 (Hellenia). Jacq. Fragm. t. 68 (Zerumbet). Red. Lil. t. 60, 174 (Globba). Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 106. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 501 (Hellenia). Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 353, 354. Wight, Ic. t. 2026 ad 2028. Presi, Symb. t. 43; Rel. Hænk. t. 17 et t. 21 (Hellenia). Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 87, 88. Bot. Mag. t. 1900, 1903. Bot. Reg. t. 141, 328, et t. 1037 (Hellenia).

Horaninow genus in sectiones 2 dividit: Ethanium, bracteis parvis nunc minimis, bracteolis majoribus membranaceis; et Catimbium, bracteis primariis magnis membranaceis. Ethanium, Salisb., est Renealmia racemosa quam Horaninow cum R. caribæa (nostro sensu inepto) ad Alpiniam revocat.

HELLENIA, Willd. Spec. Pl. i. 4, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 35, a nonnullis ad A. chinensem, A. cæruleam affinesque paucas limitatur et pro genere proprio servatur, antheræ connectivo apiee crista brevi appendiculato, et fructus pericarpio crustaceo nec carnoso; sed fructus omnino idem in A. Allugha, Rosc., a Willdenowio ad Helleniam a plerisque ad Alpiniam relata, connectivo inappendiculato, et connectivi appendicula in speciebus paucis ubi producitur, sæpius brevissima est.

Amomum parviflorum, Presl, Rel. Hænk. t. 19, stirps Philippinensis, scapo florente laterali v. radicali interdum ramoso, floribus parvis in thyrso spiciformi denso, ex speciminibus Cumingianis n. 1327 ad Alpiniam (Helleniam) referendum videtur.

Kolowbatia, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 113, t. 20, ex ic. et descr. habitum et flores præbet Alpiniæ cujusdam A. giganteæ, Bl., affinis. Capsula tamen lanceolato-linearis dicitur, 2-locularis et 2-sperma et seminis forma a Scitamineis omnino aliena. An revera ad eandem plantam pertinet?

Cenolopeon, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 60, a Horaninovio ad species nonnullas refertur ab Amomo distinctas inflorescentia terminali quas pro sectione Amomi habemus. Character brevis Blumei tamen plantam indicat inflorescentia racemosa et habitu Alpiniæ, nec a speciebus typicis hujus generis differre videtur nisi antheræ connectivo in cristam subrotundam obsolete 4-dentatam producto. Genus valde dubium, nec a Miquelio nec a Horaninovio nec a nobis visum.

Monocystis, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 445, est Hellenia abnormis, Lindl. in Trans. Hort. Soc. vii. 60, planta e seminibus Chinensibus culta, quæ ex descriptione fusiore in omnibus cum Alpinia (Hellenia) Chinensi convenit, excepto ovario intus spongioso, 1-loculari, ovulo unico excentrico e basi loculi oblique erecto. Specimen non vidimus, verosimiliter casu abnorme.

21. Zenealmia, Linn. f. Suppl. 7. (Ethanium et Gethyra, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 281, 282, absque char. Peperidium, Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 446.)—Calvx

cupulatus v. laxe tubulosus, breviter 3-lobus. Corollæ tubus brevis v. rarius calyce longior; lobi diu erecti v. demum patentes, subæquales v. posticus latior concavus. Staminodia lateralia linearia, breviter dentiformia v. longiuscula; labellum obovatum, erectum, concavum, truncatum, corollam non superans; filamentum brevissimum, planum; anthera erecta, loculis discretis, connectivo tamen angustissimo apice basique loculis breviore. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate ultra loculos antheræ clavato v. infundibuliformi; stylodia depressa, glanduliformia, annulum fere perfectum circa basin styli formantia. Capsula globosa, a latere irregulariter dehiscens. Semina pauca, subglobosa, testa basi valde intrusa umbilicata.—Caules foliati mediocres v. elati. Racemi v. thyrsi racemiformes nunc e rhizomate in scapo aphyllo squamato, nunc ad apicem caulis foliati terminales. Bracteæ membranaceæ, haud imbricatæ. Flores sub quaque bractea 1-3 v. plures; bracteolæ in aliis speciebus sub ovario membranaceæ, spathaceæ, alabastrum involventes, in aliis sub pedicello minimæ.

Species ad 14, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, cum una ex Africa tropica occidentali. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scit. 32. Rosc. Scitam. t. 65. Jacq. Fragm. t. 74 ad 76 (Alpinia). Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 2 (Amomum). Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 134 ad 136. Bot. Mag. t. 2494. Bot. Reg. t. 777.

R. racemosa et R. carıbæa a Horaninovio ad Alpiniam removentur ob inflorescentiam in caule foliato terminalem, sed characteres florales uti patria omnino Rencalmiæ.

## TRIBUS II. MARANTEÆ.

22. Ischnosiphon, Karn. in Nouv. Mém. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. xi. 316, t. 10, 11, et in Bull. Soc. ejusd. 1862, i. 80. (Hymenocharis, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 276, absque char.)—Sepala libera, angusta, brevia v. longa angustissimaque. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, tenuis, elongatus, lobi 3, subæquales v. interdum valde inæquilati. Andrœcii tubus supra faucem corollæ abbreviatus; lobi petaloidei 5, lateralis unicus; labellum latum, intus oblique cristatum'; cucullati (an semper?) 2, quorum unus a latere lobulo reflexo auctus; staminifer angustus v. uno latere dilatatus, anthera margini adnata 1-loculari. Ovarium specie 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, loculis 2 parvis vacus; stylus inclusus, tubo breviter adnatus, superne involutus, stigmate incrassato obliquo. Capsula ovoideooblonga (vertice dehiscens?). Semen erectum, oblongum, arillo ubi notus carnoso in stipite seminis reflexo; embryo hippocrepicus.—Herbæ sæpius elatæ nunc altissimæ, ramosæ; caulis foliatus inflorescentia terminatus v. fasciculos laterales ferens, alios foliatos alios florentes. Inflorescentia v. ejus rami spicas simulantes, bracteis complicatoconvolutis secus rhachin dissitis v. approximatis rhachin floresque arcte includentibus. Flores intra quamque bracteam  $\infty$ , bracteolis angustis separati, corollarum apicibus andrœciique lobis solis e bractea exsertis.

Species enumerat Kærnicke 16, Americæ tropicæ incolas. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 11. Jacy. Fragm. t. 72, 73 (Maranta). Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 2, 3, 37 (Maranta). Rosc. Scitam. t. 42 (Phrynium).

Huc etiam rito a Kœrnickio relatæ videntur Calathea leucophæa, C. laxa, et C. polyphylla. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 29, t. 129 ad 131, etsi ovarium 2-3-ovulatum dicitur (an errore?); flores et inflorescentia delineati et descripti omnino Ischnosiphonis.

23. Maranta, Linn. Gen. n. 5.—Sepala 3, angusta, subæqualia. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, æqualis v. (in M. bicolore) basi refractus fere gibbus; lobi subæquales. Andrœcii tubus supra faucem corollæ abbreviatus, nunc vix e tubo corollæ prominens; lobi petaloidei forma et ratione varia, 1 v. 2 laterales sæpe ampli; labellum amplum v. lateralibus brevius, intus oblique v. excentrice varie cristatum; cucullatus nudus v. a latere lobulum reflexum v. loculi rudimentum ferens; staminifer petaloideus, anthera uniloculari margini adnata. Ovarium specie 1-loculare 1-ovulatum, loculis 2 minimis vacuis; stylus inclusus, tubo stamineo adnatus, superne involutus, stigmate late obliquo concavo fere 2-labiato. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, rarius 3-angulatus, obliquus, gibbus v. prorsus

sequalis, pericarpio carnoso seepius viridi. Semen erectum, arillo exteriore viridi, interiore scarioso lacero, stipatum, testa fere crustacea; embryo albumine solido inclusus, hippocrepicus.—Rhizoma varie tuberosum v. repens. Caules nunc breves herbacei paucifoliati, nunc elatiores, ramosi, basi interdum sublignosi. Folia in vaginis plus minus petiolata. Inflorescentia terminalis, laxe dichotoma, parce tamen ramosa v. interdum subsimplex, ramulis paucifloris. Bracteæ sub ramulis angustæ, spathaceæ, ramulum arcte includentes. Pedicelli breves, 1-flori, sæpe gemini, ebracteolati.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, una alterave interdum in orbe vetere introducta. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 9. Kærn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 32 (quoad sect. Eumarantam). Rosc. Scitam. t. 25 ad 30, 32. Hayne, Arzn. Gew. ix. t. 25, 26 (ic. a Rosc. imitatæ). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 286 (specimen hortense). Bot. Mag. t. 2307, 2398. Bot. Reg. t. 786. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 921, 1924. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 220. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 237.

MARANTOPSIS, Karn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 97, est Maranta lutea, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 201, cum specie ut videtur Stromanthi.

Species Asiaticæ a Kærnickio sub Maranta inclusæ (M. cuspidata, Rosc., et M. Blumci, Kærn.) ad Clinogynem pertinent.

24. Stromanthe, Sond. in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. v. (1849) 225. (Marantæ sect., Kærn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 54.)—Sepala 3, libera, ovali-oblonga, tenuia, æqualia, corollam æquantia. Petala 3, a basi solvenda, sepalis parum angustiora. Andrœcii tubus brevis; lobi petaloidei valde irregulares, 2 laterales angusti inæquales plus minus spathulati; labellum intus crista obliqua instructum; cucullatus obliquus; staminifer angustus, anthera 1-loculari adnata. Ovarium specie 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, loculis 2 parvis vacuis; stylus inclusus, basi tubo stamineo adnatus, superne inflexus subinvolutus, stigmate oblique incrassato-dilatato. Fructus subglobosus, calyce diu coronatus, pericarpio carnosulo. Semen subconforme, erectum; embryo intra albumen valde curvatus v. hippocrepicus.—Rhizoma crassum, horizontale. Caules foliati erecti, subramosi, basi foliorum vaginis longis obtecti. Folia in vaginis brevissime petiolata. Inflorescentia in pedunculo terminali longo laxiuscula, plus minus composita, sæpius a basi ramosa lataque, rarius angusta fere racemiformis, tota colorata sæpius sanguinea. Bracteæ bracteolæque spathiformes, coloratæ, patentes, diu persistentes, ramulos inflorescentiæ sæpe superant.

Species 3, Brasilianæ. A. Gris in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 185, t. 6. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 401. Bot. Mag. t. 4646, ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 785, et in Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 268 (Thalia) repetita, cum una ex America centrali (Kærn.) nobis ignota. Huc etiam pertinere videtur Thalia hexantha, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 21, t. 132, cajus tamen specimina non vidimus.

25. Thalia, Linn. Gen. n. 8. (Peronia, DC. in Red. Lil. vi. t. 342.)—Sepala 3, libora, sequalia, membranacea, corollæ sequalia v. multo breviora. Petala 3, libora v. vix basi brevissime connata, sequalia v. posticum vix latius. Andrœcii tubus brevis, lobi petaloidei valde irregulares, lateralis (unicus?) latiusculus; labellum latum, intus crista obliqua ar stum; cucullati 2, alter lobulo reflexo auctus, alter angustus (interdum planus v. deficiens?); staminifer angustus, anthera 1-loculari lateraliter adnata. Ovarium specie 1-loculare 1-ovulatum, loculis 2 parvis vacuis; stylus basi breviter tubo stamineo adnatus, inclusus, crassiusculus, involutus, stigmate crasso a latere 2-labiato dorso gibboso-appendiculato. Capsula oblongo-ovoidea v. globosa, pericarpio haud crasso. Semen 1, erectum, arilli laciniis 2-3 involutis brevibus; embryo hippocrepicus.—Herbæ annuæ? Folia pauca, ampla, florale nunc conforme nunc cæteris multo angustius. Panicula terminalis. Bracteæ sub ramulis patentes, deciduæ. Flores secus ramulos per paria laxe spicati, paribus intra bracteam membranaceam spathaceam breviter pedicellatis, bracteis cum fructu v. cum floribus abortientibus deciduis, rhachin sæpe flexuosam denudantibus.

Species ad 5, Americæ tropicæ incolæ v. usque ad Americæ borealis civitates australiores extensæ, una etiam in Africa tropica obvia. Kærn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 73. Rosc. Scitam. t. 45, 48. Ness in Linnæa vi. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 1690.

26. Myrosma, Linn. f. Suppl. 8, 80. (Marantæ sect. Saranthe et Xerolepis, Kærn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 58, 66.)—Sepala 3, libera, corollæ æqualia v. paullo breviora. Corollæ tubus brevis, cylindraceus, lobi patentes, parum inæquales v. posticus latior. Andræcii tubus supra corollæ tubum brevis; lobi petaloidei valde irregulares, 2 laterales patentes obovoidei inæquales; labellum latum, intus crista obliqua instructum; 1 v. 2 plus minus cucullati; staminifer brevis angustus, anthera 1-loculari hinc adnata. Ovarium specie 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, loculis 2 minimis vacuis; stylus inclusus, basi tubo stamineo adnatus, superne involutus, stigmate a latere 2-labiato dorso appendiculato. Fructus ovoideo-oblongus, sæpe truncatus, pericarpio siccitate tenui. Semen 1, erectum, arillo in lacinias carnosulas apice inflexas diviso; embryo albumine inclusus, hippocrepicus.—Rhizoma tuberosum. Caules erecti, breves. Folia pleraque radicalia, caulina pauca, vaginis petiolisque longis. Spicæ terminales v. in axillis superioribus solitariæ v. plures confertæ, complanatæ, unilaterales, bracteis distiche imbricatis complicatis secundis. Flores sub quaque bractea plures, bractea fere omnino inclusi, per paria bracteola brevi complicata stipati.

Species ad 12, quarum una Madagascariensis, cæteræ Americæ tropicæ incolæ.

Thalianthus macropus, Klotzsch in Rich. Schomb. Reise Brit. Gui iii. 1125 (nomen tantum), est species typica, M. cannæfolum, Linn. f. (Calathea Myrosma, Lindl.), in Guiana frequens; icon tamen Phrynii myrosmatis, Rosc. Scitam. t. 39, nequaquam convenit, bracteis undique imbricatis nec secundis, videtur vera species Calatheæ. Thalia unilateralis, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 24, t. 133, cum speciebus 2 Brasilianis, Gardner, n. 3461 et 3462, omnino Myrosmati conveniunt. Species Brasilianas a Kærnickio descriptas non vidimus. Phrynium unilaterale, Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 312, species Madagascariensis (M. madagascariensis, Benth.), ab Americanis paullulum differt sepalis corollæ tubo multo brevioribus. Phrynium setosum, Rosc. Scitam. t. 41 (Saranthe, Kærn. in Reg. Gartenz. 1858, 79), est species Brasiliensis, M. setosum, Benth., inflorescentia dense setosohispida insignis. Roscoe capsulam errore 3-spermam dixit.

27. Clinogyne, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 276, nomen tantum.— Sepala 3, libera, æqualia, brevia, angusta. Petala 3, subæqualia, in tubum longiusculum conniventia vix tamen connata, apice breviter patentia. Andrœcii tubus longiusculus; lobi petaloidei valde irregulares, laterales (1 v. 2 ?) obovati, patentes; labellum obovatum, intus costa obliqua instructum; cucullatus obliquus; staminifer angustus v. unilateraliter dilatatus, anthera 1-loculari margini adnata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, ovula tamen 1-2 interdum mox abortiva; stylus inclusus, tubo stamineo alte adnatus apice involutus, stigmate dilatato. Fructus globosus compressus v. 3-dymus, indehiscens, 1-3-spermus. Semina subglobosa, arillo lacero laciniis carnosulis sub semine inflexis v. involutis; embryo hippocrepicus.—Caules e rhizomate tuberoso v. sublignoso erecti, foliati, sæpe ramosi. Inflorescentia terminalis (Marantæ), laxe dichotoma, tenuis v. interdum ample paniculata, ramulis virgatis. Bracteæ sub ramulis angustæ, spathaceæ, ramulum arcte includentes. Pedicelli breves, intra bracteas gemini.

Species 7 v. 8, Indiæ orientalis et Africæ tropicæ incolæ, habitu et inflorescentia Maraştæ, florum structura Phrynio affiniores. In C. dichotoma (Phrynio dichotomo, Roxb.) fructus turbinatus, crassiusculus, vertice truncatus, 2-dymus 2-spermus v. 3-dymus 3-spermus, plus minus rugosus, angulis acutiusculis; in C. grandi (Maranta grandi, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 616, Phrynio dichotomo, Kærn. in Nouv. Mém. Soc. Nat. Mosc. xi. t. 8, 9, non Roxb.) globosus ost, lævissimus, nitidus, 1-spermus; in C. virgata (Maranta rirgata, Wall.; Wight, Ic. t. 2015) compressus, 2-spermus, v. globosus 1-spermus.

Species Africanse includunt *C. filipedem (Phrynium filipes*, Benth. in Hook. Fl. Nig. 532), cum 3 adhuc ineditis. *Maranta cuspidata*, Rosc. Scitam. t. 31, ex icone videtur species *C. filipedi* valde affinis nisi eadem. Specimina Schweinfurthiana n. 3103 speciem indicant *C. grandi* affinem, sed fructus 3-locularis est 3-spermus.

28. Trachyphrynium, Benth. gen. nov. — Sepala 3, libera, subæqualia, latiuscula, corollæ tubum æquantia. Petala 3, unguibus erectis in tubum conniventibus (nec connatis?), laminis patentibus oblongis æqualibus v. postica parum latiore. Andrœcii

tubus e corolla breviter exsertus ampliatus; lobi petaloidei 2 laterales obovati, insequales; labellum latum, intus oblique fere in longitudinem cristatum; cucullatus parum dilatatus; staminifer irregularis, anthera a latere adnata 1-loculari. Ovarium papillis carnosis dense vestitum, 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis; stylus inclusus, basi tubo stamineo adnatus, apice incurvus, sub stigmate dorso crassiuscule appendiculatus, stigmate inflexo 2-valvi. Capsula subglobosa, 3-dyma, 3-locularis, v. abortu 2-dyma 2-locularis, pericarpio crassiusculo extus dense tuberculoso v. echinato, in valvas 3 v. abortu 2 breviter v. usque ad Semina ovoidea v. globosa, nigra, arillo reflexo, laciniis carnosulis basin dehiscens. linearibus arcte confertis flexuoso-convolutis.—Caules elati, ramosi, interdum basi sublignosi, erecti v. subscandentes, foliati. Inflorescentia terminalis v. intra folia summa sessilis, spiciformis, simplex v. ramis paucis divaricatis. Bractes complicate, ante anthesin arcte imbricatæ alabastra includentes, anthesi peracta caducissimæ rhachin nudam flexuosam more Thalia relinquentes. Flores sub quaque bractea in pedicello brevissimo gemini, sessiles, in una specie a collectore albi dicuntur, in altera rubri, in tertia pallide cærulei.

Species nobis adsunt 4 v. 5, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ, quarum una etiam in terra Niamniam a Schweinfurthio lecta sub n. 3061.

29. Thaumatococcus, Benth. gen. nov.—Sepala 3, libera, subæqualia, corolla parum breviora. Corollæ tubus breviter cylindraceus, lobi obovales, subæquales. Andrœcii tubus supra faucem corollæ brevis; lobus petaloideus lateralis unicus, oblique ovalis; labellum latum, undulatum; cucullatus . . .; staminifer angustus, anthera 1-loculari a latere adnata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis; stylus crassiusculus tubo stamineo basi adnatus, apice inflexus, stigmate oblique incrassato dorso appendiculato. Fructus crasse carnosus, truncatus, obtuse 3-queter, angulis tamen siccitate acutis fere alatis, indehiscens, 3-locularis. Semina in loculis solitaria, erecta, magna, ovata, compressiuscula, arillo crasso mucilaginoso siccitate duro nitidissimo omnino involuta; testa albumini farinaceo adnata et embryo hippocrepicus omnino normales.—Rhizoma lignosum, repens, caulibus brevissimis. Folia e rhizomate oriunda vaginis paucis brevibus stipata, petiolo erecto longissimo, lamina ampla. Scapi breves e rhizomate ascendentes, fere a basi floriferi, bracteis erectis spathacois subimbricatis obtecti. Flores intra bracteas gemini, bracteola stipati, vix bracteas excedentes.

Species 1, Africa tropica occidentalis incola, ubi fructus Katemphe dictus cum fructu Bumelia dulcissima 'bacca miraculosa' nuucupatur. Bennett in Pharmac. Journ. xiv. 161, oum ic. (Phrynium Daniella).

Species a Horaninovio perperam cum Calathea colorata et Stromanthe sanguinea (Phrynio, Hook.) associata, a quibus longe differt habitu inflorescentia floribus et fructu.

30. Phrynium, Willd. Spec. Pl. i. 17. (Phyllodes, Lour. Fl. Coch. 13.)—Sepala 3, angusta. Corollæ tubus calyce brevior v. vix longior, lobi 3, anguste oblongi, subæquales. Andrœcii tubus e corolla breviter exsertus; lobus petaloideus lateralis integer v. 3-fidus (rarius laterales 2?); labellum latum, intus transverse cristatum; cucullatus 1 v. interdum 2, altero hinc lobulo reflexo aucto; staminifer linearis, uno latere interdum petaloideo-appendiculatus, anthera 1-loculari a latere adnata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, v. in speciebus cæterum similibus loculis 2 parvis vacuis 1-ovulatum evadit; stylus basi tubo stamineo adnatus, inclusus, superne involutus, stigmate incrassato a latere 2-valvi. Fructus ovoideus globosus v. 2-3-dymus, pericarpio crassiusculo demum tenuiore interdum dehiscente. Semina 1-3, ovoidea v. oblonga, erecta, angulata v. compressiuscula, arillo carnoso brevi reflexo.—Caules foliati in rhizomate repente brevissimi, foliis subradicalibus, petiolis longis erectis caulem simulantibus; floriferi erecti, 1-foliati v. rarius ∞-foliati inflorescentia laterali capitata v. spicata ad basin v. specie in medio petiolo sessili. Bracteœ primariæ serie simplici imbricatæ v. approximatæ. Flores sub quaque bractes sæpius numerosi, per paria bracteola complicata stipati, bracteolis etiam sæpe

pluribus vacuis præsertim in speciebus globoso-capitatis. Folium caulis floriferi interdum ad vaginam absque lamina reductum.

Species fere 20, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Kærn. in Bull Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 100, excl. sp.

Species commode in series 3 distribuuntur:-

- 1. Capitatæ. Inflorescentia dense globoso-capitata, bracteis imbricatis. Huc P. capitatæm, Willd., P. imbricatum, Roxb., P. densiftorum, Blume, affinesque Indicæ fructu sæpius 3-spermo. Wight, Ic. t. 2016, cum P. parvifloro, Roxb.; Rosc. Scitam. t. 34, fructu 1-spermo.
- 2. Subbaccatæ. Florum fasciculi ut in Capitatis densi, e spicis brevibus bracteatis compositi. Fructus fere baccatus, indehiscens. Arillus in vivo mucilaginosus seminis dimidium obtegens. Species 3, Africanæ: 1. P. brachystachyum, Kærn. (Maranta brachystachyu, Benth. in Hook. Fl. Nigr. 531) glabrum, spicis 2-3, fructiferis vix 2-pollicaribus, bracteis subimbricatis. 2. P. villosum, vaginis inflorescentiaque molliter villosis, spicis 3-4, fructiferis laxis vix 2-pollicaribus. Folia quam in P. brachystachyo angustiora. Bracteæ angustiores longioresque. Pedicelli præter flores 2 normales, sæpius rudimenta 2 bulbiformia ferunt. 3. P. macrostachyum, folio florali ultrapedali latissime ovato, spicis fructiferis 4-8-pollicaribus. Ad sinum Ambas, Mann, n. 1335.
- 3. Spicatæ. Bractæ ut in Capitatis flores  $\infty$  arcte includentes, sed secus rhachin plus minus clongatam dispositæ. Hue P. sumatranum, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 616, quod verisimiliter idem ac P. spicatum, Roxb., ovario 3-ovulato; P. zeylanicum (Maranta spicata, Thw.), ovario 1-ovulato, loculis 2 minimis vacuis, cæterum P. sumatrano simillimum; P. fasciculatum, Kærn. (Calathea fasciculata, Presl, Rol. Hænk. t. 16), e Philippinis; et species 4 Africanæ, quarum 2 caule florifero 1-foliato P. sumatrano valde affines, et 2 caule florifero plurifoliato, etsi inflorescentia ut in cæteris in petiolo folii ultimi specie lateralis. Hue includitur, P. ramosissimum, Benth. in Hook. Fl. Nig. 532 (Mann, n. 1907) petalis brevibus latissimis insigne, cum specio affini adhuc inedita.
- P. dichotomum, Road., P. virgatum, Road., et P. filipes, Benth., species a Kærnickio in Phrynio retentæ, ab aliis ol habitum ad Marantam relatæ, genus formant Clinogyne, Salisb.
- 31. Calathea, G. F. W. Mey. Prim. Fl. Esseq. 6.—Sepala 3, libera, equalia, valde imbricata. Corollæ tubus tenuis, calyce brevior v. multo longior; lobi 3, patentes, æquilongi, postico sepius latiore. Andrecii tubus e corolla brevissime exsertus; lobi petaloidei varii, lateralis sepius latus; labellum latum, intus (an semper?) ecristatum; cucullatus uno latere plus minus appendiculatus; staminifer angustus v. uno latere petaloideo-dilatatus, Ovarium 3-loculare loculis 1-ovulatis v. rarius anthera 1-loculari a latere adnata. loculis 2 parvis vacuis specie 1-loculare 1-ovulatum; stylus basi tubo stamineo adnatus, inclusus, superne incurvus v. involutus, dorso apice plus minus papilloso-appendiculatus, stigmate inflexo a latere 2-valvi. Fructus ovoideus truncatus v. 3-dymus, pericarpio sæpius siccitate tenui. Semina 3, rarius 1-2, erecta, ovoidea, truncata, arillo reflexo e laciniis linearibus flexuosis confertis; embryo hippocrepicus.—Caules e rhizomate tuberoso v. repente sape elati, foliati, interdum humiles. Inflorescentia in caule foliato terminalis v. rarius in scapo brevi aphyllo radicalis, nunc strobiliformis globoso-capitata v. dense spiciformis, bracteis imbricatis quaquaversis, exterioribus interdum dilatatis involucrantibus v. summis vacuis comosis, nunc longius spicata, bracteis subdistichis. Flores intra quamvis bracteam sæpius plures, bracteolis numerosis intermixti.

Species notæ ad 60, quarum 2 Africæ tropicæ occidentalis, cæteræ omnes Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Kærn. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, i. 111, in sectiones sequentes distribuendæ:—

1. Eucalathea. Spice solitarie v. pauce, in caule foliato pedunculate v. rarius subsessiles, bracteis latis coriaceis laxe imbricatis distincte distichis subspiraliter 2-seriatis v. rarius quaquaversis. Jacq. Fragm. t. 63, 64, 69, 70 (Maranta). Bot. Mag. t. 6205. Hue forte referendum Phrynium dicephalum, Pepp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 128, cujus specimina non vidimus. Inflorescentia Eucalathea, sed spica et bractea multo minores. Horaninow bracteas Eucalathea oppositas describit, quod in genere nunquam vidimus.

Eucalathea affines sunt species 2, ex Africa tropica occidentali, C. Mannii, Benth., folis summis longe petiolatis confertis spica inter folia unica subsessili sub-2-pollicari, bracteis coriaceis distichis acuminatis ultrapollicaribus, Fernando Po, Mann, n. 1173; et C. confertu, Benth., foliis summis longe petiolatis confertis, spicis inter folia pluribus sessilibus confertis, 1-13-pollicaribus, bracteis

paucis latis obtusis quaquaversis imbricatis spica tota parum brevioribus. Ad montem Cameroon, altit. 3000 ped. Mann, n. 2144.

- 2. Macropus. Pedunculus longus subradicalis, spica unica, bractea majuscula convoluta v. paucæ dissitæ. Huc C. tubispatha, Bot. Mag. t. 5542, C. villosa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1945, t. 14; Bot. Mag. t. 4973, cum specie tertia inedita a Gardnero in prov. Ceara lecta; et quarta, C. Glaziovi, Benth., e Rio Janeiro, Glaziou, n. 8044, cui inflorescentia Macropodis, sed vaginæ pedunculus et spica undique mollissime villosæ, spica densa ultrapollicaris, bracteis distichis, floribus parvis.
- 3. Breviscapus. Spicæ strobiliformes, in scapo brevi subradicali solitariæ; bracteis acuminatis imbricatis quaquaversis. Corollæ tubus sæpius e bracteis exsertus. Rosc. Scitam. t. 33 (Phrynium). Bot. Reg. t. 932. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 125, 126. Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 311. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 255. Huc etiam verisimiliter referendum Phrynium pachystachyum, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 127, a nobis non visum.
- 4. Pseudophrynium. Spice strobiliformes, crasse, in caule foliato brevi v. elato solitariæ, pedunculatæ, bracteis quaquaversis imbricatis rotundatis appressis v. apice subfoliaceo-patentibus. Rosc. Scitam. t. 36 ad 38, 40 (Phrynium). Jacq. Fragm. t. 71. Bot. Mag. t. 1926. Bot. Reg. t. 385 (Maranta), 962, 1210. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1148, 1781, 1879. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 167, 515. C. longibracteata, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1020, Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1719, Pseudophrynium cum Monostiche connectit.
- 5. Microcephalum. Species humiles. Spicæ parvæ, paucifloræ, in scapo subradicali solitariæ, bracteis imbricatis quaquaversis. Huc pertinent C. Makoyana, Belg. Hortic. 1872, t. 25. C. quianensis, Kl., affinesque 3.
- 6. Monostiche. Inflorescentia in pedunculo longo capitata, bracteis confertissimis quaquaversis herbaceo-acuminatis patentibus. Monostiche, Kærn. in Regel Gartenfl. 1858, 88. Huc pertinent Maranta capitata, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 5, C. Veitchiana, Bot. Mag. t. 5535, species vix a præcedente distincta, et Phrynium coloratum, Bot. Mag. t. 3010. Phrynium comosum, Rosc. Scitam. t. 35, his potius quam aliis affine est. Capsula haud raro nec semper 1-sperma evadit. Monostiche Danieli, Horan., a præcedentibus valde diversa, est Thaumatococcus nobis.

Phrynium ellipticum, Rose. Scitam. t. 44, a nobis non visum, ab omnibus Calatheis differre videtur inflorescentia laxa, a Kærnickio dubie ad Ischnosiphonem refertur.

GEFPERTIA, Nees in Linnæa vi. 337, est genus spurium e Calatheæ et Marantæ speciebus foliis pictis compositum.

## TRIBUS III. CANNEÆ.

32. Canna, Linn. Gen. n. 1.—Sepala 3, corollæ tubo arcte appressa, imbricata, obtusa. Petala 3, basi breviter v. longiuscule cum andrœcio in tubum connata, apice recurvopatentia, angusta, subæqualia. Andrœcium petaloideum, basi breviter tubulosum, lobi angusti v. cuneato-oblongi, 3 exteriores nunc subæquales imbricati, nunc 2 plus minus connati tertio libero, nunc omnino deficientes; 2 interiores angustiores, quorum unus antherifer alter nudus; anthera linearis, 1-locularis, lobo petaloideo a latere adnata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus linearis, complanatus, ima basi tubo stamineo adnatus paullo altius tubum fere in loculos 2 dividens, ultra tubum liber, sæpe leviter dilatatus, vertice stigmatosus, papillis etiam interdum ad marginem interiorem breviter decurrentibus; adsunt etiam interdum in loculo majore tubi staminei stylodia 2 parva tubo hinc adnata. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, extus papillosa tuberculosa v. echinata, evalvis, pericarpio deliquescente demum fibroso. Semina globosa, testa membranacea v. carnosa siccitate subcrustacea; embryo in centro albuminis duri obovoideus, sæpe compressus, rectus.—Herbæ erectæ, sæpe elatæ, foliatæ. Flores speciosi, in racemo terminali simplici v. parce ramoso erecti v. rarius penduli, sub quaque bractea solitarii, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles; bracteæ membranaceæ, dissitæ, ovarium sæpius æquantes. Perianthium sæpe leviter obliquum, non tamen 2-labiatum ut ab auctoribus pluribus dicitur, nam lobi exteriores (labium superius auctorum) interiores (labium inferius) a basi omnino includunt.

Species vix 30, omnes Americanæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ, quarum una per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersa, et aliæ 2 v. 3 in orbe veteri hinc inde obviæ, verisimiliter inquilims. A hortulanis species ultra 100 enumeratæ, sunt pro maxima parte varietates hortenses inter

- se parum diverse. Horaninow, Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 14, species 66 recenset. Regel. in Ind. Sem. Hort. Petrop. 1866, ad 25 bene notas reducit, præter nonnullas adhuc dubias. A Roscoco, quem secutus est Regel, in series 3 sequentes distribuuntur:-
- a. Lobi exteriores andrœcii 3, distincti, inter se sæpius parum inæquales. Rosc. Scitam. t. 1 ad 14. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. 143, t. 22. Red. Lil. t. 201, 331, 354. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 47, 53, 228. Bot. May. t. 454, 2302, 2316, 2323, 2498, 3437. Bot. Reg. t. 206, 470, 576, 771, 772, 775, 776, 1311, 2004. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 449, 622, 634, 1693. Fl. des Serres x. t. 1055.
- b. Lobi exteriores andrœcii 2 (duobus in unum integrum v. 2-fidum coalitis). Rosc. Scitam. t. 15 ad 22. Bot. Mag. t. 2085, 2317, 4854. Bot. Reg. t. 773, 1231, 1276, 1358. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1950.
- c. Lobi exteriores andrecii omnino deficientes. Rosc. Scitam. t. 23, 24. Kuiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 1. Lodd, Bot. Cab. t. 743. DISTRIMON, Bouché in Linnæa, xviii. 494.

ACHIRIDA, Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 18, t. 2, est C. iridiflora, Ruiz et Pav.; Bot. Mag. t. 1968, Bot. Reg. t. 609, floribus longis speciosis pendulıs iusignis, sed characteres omnino Cannæ seriei a. C. iridiflora, Carr. in Rev. Hort. 1875, 291, forma pulchra a Ruiziana distincta, hybrida dicitur hortensis.

EURYSTYLUS, Bouché in Linnaa xviii. 485, est C. flaccida, Dill.; Rosc. Scitam. t. 6, Red.Lil. t. 107; Salisb. Ic. Rar. t. 2; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 562, species boreali-Americana e serie a, lobis petaloideis andrœcii latissimis insignis.

## TRIBUS IV. MUSEÆ.

33. Meliconia, Linn. Mant. n. 1297.—Sepala 3, linearia, libera v. lateralia plus minus corollæ adnata. Corollæ tubus brevis, latus, interdum fere globosus, limbus elongatus, apice sub-3-lobus, lobis lateralibus tamen multo minoribus, et uno sæpe obsoleto. Stamina perfecta 5, ad apicem tubi aflixa, æqualia, filamentis linearibus, sextum ad staminodium lineare v. oblongum anantherum plus minus petaloideum perfectis multo minus reductum; antheræ lineares, 2-loculares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis; stylus centralis, filiformis, stigmate parum incrassato denticulato. Fructus ovoideus v. breviter oblongus, truncatus, pericarpio crassiusculo indehiscente, 3-locularis v. abortu 1-2-locularis. Semina in loculis solitaria, erecta, testa ad hilum plus minus intrusa; embryo in cavo centrali albuminis duriusculi erectus, brevis.—Caules e rhizomate perenni specie erecti, elati, foliati, revera tamen (an semper?) e vaginis foliorum elongatis convolutis scapum seu pedunculum involventibus compositus. Foliorum lamina ampla. Inflorescentia terminalis, pedunculata, erecta v. recurvo-pendula. Bracteæ spathaceæ, secus rhachin flexuosam dissitæ, sæpius pulchre coloratæ, nunc angustæ, submembranaceæ, primum erectæ, mox patentes, nunc late cymbiformes complicatæ, basi rhachi adnatæ, coriaceæ, patentissimæ. Flores intra basin spathæ fasciculati, pedicellati, fasciculorum rhachi interdum parum elongata racemum unilateralem intra spatham inclusum formantes.

Species ad 25, America tropica incola, quarum una interdum in orbe vetere hinc inde inquilina. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 38. L. C. Rich. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xv., Suppl. 13, 24, t. 8 ad 12. Hook. f. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 68. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. 142, t. 21. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 303 ad 305. Red. Lil. t. 151, 382, 383. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 48, 49. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 190. Fisch. Sert. Petrop. t. 20. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 124, 640. Bot. Mag. t. 502, 4475, 4685, 5315, 5416, 5613. Bot. Reg. t. 374, 1618. Maund, Botanist, t. 101.

Heliconiopsis, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 590, species Amboinensis, a nobis non visa (Heliconia buccinata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. i. 670), ex descriptione auctoris omnino cum Heliconia Bihai, Linn., convenit. Hæc species, in America calidiore late dispersa, etiam in aliis regionibus hinc inde occurrit, an olim ex America introducta? Specimina vidimus e Nova Caledonia, Pancher.

34. Musa, Linn. Gen. n. 1141.—Calyx elongatus, striatus, primum tubulosus, mox spathaceo-fissus, apice 3-fidus 3-dentatus v. 5-dentatus, dentibus 2 accessoriis dum adsint e sinubus oriundis sæpe acutioribus. Corolla calyce inclusa breviorque v. in M. rosacea ei subæqualis, genitalia involvens, apice varie truncato-dentata. Stamina perfecta 5, filamentis crassiusculis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ, 2 loculares, loculis parallelis contiguis; staminis sexti rudimentum interdum adest parvum, rarius lineare staminibus perfectis brevius. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus e basi crassiuscula filiformis, centralis, stigmate subgloboso breviter 6-dentato. Fructus carnosus, indehiscens, 3-locularis. Semina subglobosa v. irregulariter angulata, ad hilum sæpe excavata, testa crassa dura apice basique albumine farinaceo intrusa; embryo sub hilo prominens, subtruncatus, in margine albuminis dilatatus.—Caulis e petiolorum basibus convolutis constans, erectus, elatus, interdum quasi arborescens. Folia ampla, longa. Scapus e foliorum centro protrusus, racemo longo terminalí. Bracteæ magnæ late spathiformes, secus rhachin dissitæ. Flores fasciculati, sessiles, plerique abortu unisexuales, & intra bracteas superiores,  $\mathfrak P$  intra inferiores, alii tamen adsunt  $\mathfrak P$  sed sæpius steriles.

Species editæ ultra 20, regionum tropicarum orbis veteris incolæ, nonnullæ tamen ad varietates cultas reducendæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 40. L. C. Rich. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xv., Suppl. 11, t. 1. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 11. Colla in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxv. 333, t. 13 ad 15. Kirk in Journ. Linn. Soc. ix. 128. Red. Lil. t. 307, 308, 443. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 445, 446. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 223, 275, 300. Wight, Ic. t. 2017 (quoad fig. 4 et 5 male). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 47. Bot. Mag. t. 1559, 3849, 3850, 5223, 5224, 5402, 5975. Bot. Reg. t. 706. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 475, 615, 684. Paxt. Mag. iii. 51 cum ic.

In *M. paradisiaca*, Linn., et affinibus corolla brevis, lata, plus minus 2-3-loba, lobis lateralibus latis, medio anguste acuminato interdum obsoleto; in *M. coccinea*, Roxb., calyx apice 3-dentatus, dentibus lateralibus dorso seta rigida reflexa armatis, medio breviter 2-appendiculato; corolla calyce parum brevior, angusta, striata, ei *Heliconiæ* similis, lobis 2 lateralibus parvis; in *M. rosacea*, Jacq., lobi laterales corollæ vix conspicuæ.

Ensete, Bruce, a Horaninovio Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 40, pro genere proprio distinguitur ob staminodium loco staminis sexti bene evolutum, et fructum abortu 1-4-spermum nec polyspermum; sed staminodium parvum etiam in aliis speciebus sæpe adest, et seminum numerus in genere valde variabilis.

35. Strelitzia, Ait. Hort. Kew. i. 285, t. 2.—Sepala 3, libera, longa, carinata, lateralia concava, tertium acutissime acuminatum, carina valde elevata marginibus recurvis revolutisve. Petala inter se valde dissimilia, exterius breve, latum, concavum, fere cucullatum, lateralia longa, linearia, uno latere sibimet cohærentia, dorso in longitudinem lamina petaloidea decurrente appendiculata, circa genitalia convoluta. Stamina 5, petala subsequantia; antherse lineares, 2-loculares, filamento longiores. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate e basi crassiuscula in ramos 3 lineares e petalis exsertos diviso. Capsula (nec a nobis nec a botanicis recentioribus visa) ex Gærtnero obovoideo-oblonga, 3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis pauca, superposita, arillo lanato v. villoso 2-valvi ad medium tecta; embryo . . .--Rhizoma nunc hypogeum nunc in caulem erectum, lignosum, cicatricibus foliorum delapsorum annulatum productum. Folia in vaginis longis scapum seu pedunculum involventibus sessilia v. petiolata, ampla, flabellatim bifaria. Scapus terminalis v. in axillis superioribus e foliorum vaginis breviter exsertus. Bracteæ magnæ, spathaceæ, cymbiformes, acuminata, ad apicem scapi solitariæ v. 2 parum distantes. Flores magni, speciosi, intra spatham pauci, breviter pedicellati, perianthio longe exserto.

Species 4 v. 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 42. L. C. Rich. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xv., Suppl. 12, 17, t. 2, 3. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 270, t. 139 (Heliconia). Red. Lil. t. 77, 78. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 432. Bot. Mag. t. 119, 120, 4167, 4168. Bot. Reg. t. 516. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 235.

- S. Nicolai, Regel, ab S. augusta, Thunb. (Heliconia alba, Linn.), nou differre videtur.
- 36. Ravenala, Adans. Fam. ii. 67. (Urania, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 212.)—Sepala 3, libera, longa, angusta, acuminata, subsequilonga, intermedio lateralibus latiore, carina valde prominente. Petala 3, exterius cæteris brevius, angustum, subcomplicatum, lateralia longa, angusta, sepalis similia nisi psullo minora, inappendiculata, genitalia amplectentia. Stamina 5, petalis paullo breviora; antheræ lineares, 2-loculares, filamento multo longiores. Ovarium

3-loculare, loculis multiovulatis; stylus filiformis, elongatus, subangulatus, stigmate oblongo-clavato breviter 6-dentato. Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra v. oblonga, loculicide 3valvis. Semina in quoque loculo numerosa, 2-co-seriatim superposita, transverse oblonga, arillo fimbriato-lacero subinclusa; embryo . . . — Caulis nunc brevis foliis subradicalibus, nunc erectus lignosus (usque ad 30-pedalis) cicatricibus foliorum delapsorum annulatus. Folia magna conferta, flabellatim bifaria, petiolis longis basi concavis vix Scapi v. pedunculi in axillis superioribus petiolo breviores v. longiores. Bractee spathacee, plures, cymbiformes, acuminatee, bifariam patentes. Flores in spatha plures, magni, brevissime pedicellati, intra spatham brevissime racemosi, perianthiis longe exsertis.

Species 2, altera Brasiliæ borealis et Guianæ, altera Madagascariæ incola. Horan. Prod. Monogr. Scitam. 43. L. C. Rich. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xv, Suppl. 12, 19, t. 4 ad 8 (Urania). Sonnerat, Voy. Ind. Or. iii. 244, t, 124 ad 126. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 93. Endl. Iconogr. t. 42,

PHENAKOSPERMUM, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 35, in Adnot.; Miq. Stirp. Surin. 212, t. 62, 63, genus propositum fuit ad speciem Americanam characteribus minimi valoris a Madagascariense separatam. Utraque variare videtur caule nunc brevissimo nunc lignoso ∞-pedali.

# Orno CLXXI. BROMELIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 181. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 147.

Flores regulares, hermaphroditi v. rarius abortu dioici. Periunthium superum semisuperum v. inferum, duplici serie 3-merum, exterius calycinum, e sepalis 3 liberis v. rarius basi in tubum connatis, astivatione convoluto-imbricatis; interius corollinum, e petalis 3 unguibus sæpius in tubum conniventibus v. connatis, laminis erectis v. patentibus Stamina 6, intra basin corollæ affixa, nunc omnia restivatione convoluto-imbricatis. libera, nunc 3 sepalis opposita libera, 3 petalis opposita iisque plus minus adnata, nunc omnia corollæ alte adnata specie sub apice tubi aflixa; filamenta filiformia v. crassiuscula. Antheræ lineares, rarius oblongæ, nunc medio dorso affixæ versatiles, nunc prope basin v. rarius ima basi affixæ, erectæ, loculis 2 parallelis contiguis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus, connectivo inappendiculato. Ovarium inferum semisuperum v. si superum lata basi affixum, 3-loculare. Stylus elongatus filiformisque v. abbreviatus, interdum præter ramos stigmatosos subnullus; stigmata (v. styli ramuli stigmatosi) 3, brevia v. linearia, introrsum papillosa, erecta v. recurvo-patentia, haud raro sigillatim torta v. omnia in massam ovoideam contorta. Orula in quoque loculo œ, sepius numerosa, angulo centrali affixa, anatropa, ascendentia horizontalia v. pendula, interdum ad chalazam breviter appendiculata. Fructus nunc carnosus perianthio toto emarcido v. sepalis solis coronatus, indehiscens v. a latere irregulariter ruptus, nunc siccus, ab apice libera septicide v. rarius loculicide 3-valvis. Semina oblonga ovata v. linearia, testa membranacea undique nucleo appressa v. apice basique rarius circumcirca in appendiculam producta. Albumen farinaceum, copiosum. Embryo parvus, rarius lineari-acuminatus, juxta hilum in cavo parvo v. sulco albuminis collocatus, rarius longius intrusus.

Herbæ epiphyticæ v. saxicolæ, rarissime terrestres, caule præter scapum v. pedunculum florentem seepius brevi, rarius elongato undique foliato. Folia seepius ad basin caulis dense rosulata, interdum longissima, nunc rigida pungentia et margine spinuloso-serrata, nunc mollia angusta integerrima sæpeque furfuracea, rarius secus caulem pendulum sparsa. Inflorescentia terminalis v. rarissime lateralis; spicata v. varie paniculata, pedunculo v. scapo interdum valde elongato squamis bractezeformibus instructa. Bracteze primarize haud raro amplæ, coloratæ, imbricatæ dissitæ v. exteriores involucrantes, interdum parvæ U U 2

v. minute. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii v. plures, fasciculati v. subspicati, singuli seepe bracteola spathiformi basi stipati v. fere inclusi...

Species plus minus notæ vix 350, omnes Americanæ, tropicæ v. subtropicæ, plures tamen, exsiccatu difficiles v. rarius floriferæ, in herbariis nostris desunt et ulterius recognoscendæ.

Ordo naturalis et facile distinctus, nulli arcte affinis, ab Amaryllidaceis bene separatur habitu, perianthio exteriore distincte calycino, albumine farinaceo et embryonis situ, a Linneo in genera duo Bromeliam et Tillandsiam, ab auctoribus recentioribus in tribus 3 optime limitatas divisus. Has tamen J. G. Beer rejecit, et in "Die Familie der Bromeliaceen" Wien, 1857, systema proposuit novum, hortulanis forte commodum, imprimis ad variationes vegetationis constructum, sed characteribus floris et fructu fere undique neglectis, botanicis minime conveniens.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Flores dioici in Hechtia.

Antherse in annulum circa stylum connatse in Guzmania.

Capsula loculicide 3-valvis in Puya, septicide 3-valvis valvis 2-fidis quasi 6-valvis in Dyckia.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

**Tribus I. Bromeliese.** Ovarium inferum, ovulis horizontalibus v. pendulis. Fructus carnosus, indehiscens v. a latere rumpens. Semina inappendiculata. Folia sæpissime spinososerrata (excepta *Ronnbergia*).

- \* Sepala ad apicem ovarii inter se libera. Petala basi v. alte in tubum coalita.
- 1. STREPTOCALYX. Panicula terminalis. Sepala lata, valde imbricata. Corollæ tubus longus. Bras. trop., Guiana.
- 2. Bromella. Panicula terminalis. Sepula ovato-oblonga v. linearia, parum imbricata. Petala basi in tubum brevem connata.—Ind. occid., Amer. trop.
- 3. Karatas. Capitulum terminale, densum, inter folia superiora involucrantia sessile. Sepala oblonga v. angusta. Amer. trop.
- 4. Greigia. Capitulum crassum, inter folia inferiora sessile, bracteis acutis imbricatis spinoso-serratis. Sepala angusta. Corollæ tubus longus.—Chile.
- \*\* Calycis v. perianthii tubus supra ovarium cyathiformis v. breviter cylindraceus, sepalis ad apicem tubi v. cyathi inter se liberis. Petala libera v. basi breviter connata.
  - 5. CRYPTANTHUS. Capitulum densum, inter folia subsessile, bracteis exterioribus foliaceis, interioribus bracteolisque parvis. Petala basi in tubum brevem connata.—Brasilia.
  - 6. DISTEGANTHUS. Spice strobiliformes, in rhizomate subsessiles, bracteis imbricatis. Petala libera, basi circa stamina interiora convoluta.—Cayenna.
  - 7. Ronnbergia. Thyrsus terminalis, dense spiciformis. Petala et stamina libera. -- Nov. Grando.
    - 8. Ochagavia. Spica terminalis. Petala et stamina libera.—Ins. Juan Fernandez.
  - 9. Portea. Spica terminalis, longa v. brevis densaque. Petala libera. Stamina 3 libera, 3 petalis alte adnata.
  - 10. Rhodostachys. Capitulum terminale, densum, inter folia conferta sessile. Ovarii v. perianthii cyathus brevis. Petala et stamina libera.—Chile, Colombia, Guiana.

## \*\*\* Sepala petalaque ad apicem ovarii libera.

- 11. Ananas. Inflorescentia dense strobiliformis. Ovaria fructusque receptaculo carnoso basi adnata v. omnino inclusa. Bractese in strobilo maturo parum prominentes.—Amer. trop.
- 12. ÆCHMEA. Spica simplex v. ramosa v. panicula, sæpissime terminalis, floribus distichis v. quaquaversis, bracteis sæpius parvulis, rarius spica in capitulum contracta bracteis imbricatis. Ovula in loculis co. Stigmata sæpissime spiraliter contorta.—Amer. trop.
- 13. Areococcus. 1 lores minimi, in panicula laxa, bracteis minutis. Ovula in loculis 1-2.—Bras. bor., Guiana.
- 14. BILLEERGIA. Racemus v. panicula angusta, terminalis. Sepala quam in *Echmea* angustiora, erecta. Petala longiora. Stigmata linearia, vix contorta.—*Amer. trop.*
- 15. Quesnella. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, bracteis membranaceis laxe imbricatis utroque latere transversim plicatis. Sepala ovata. Petala angusta.—Brasilia.

- Tribus II. Pitcairniese. Ovarium superum lata basi affixum, v. basi toro plus minus immersum semisuperum, superne semper liberum, ovulis ascendentibus. Fructus capsularis, 3-valvis. Seminum testa apice basique in appendiculam linearem integram v. circumcirca in alam membranaceam producta, v. rarius semina inappendiculata. Folia sæpissime spinoso-serrata.
  - 16. Brocchinia. Panicula pyramidalis, ampla, floribus parvis. Filamenta brevia, basi connata. Ovarium apice breviter tantum liberum. Capsula clavata, septicide 3-valvis. Semina utrinque anguste appendiculata.—Brasilia.
  - 17. PITCAIRNIA. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. parce ramosus, floribus angustis seepius speciosis. Filamenta libera. Ovarium pro maxima parte liberum; stylus filiformis. Capsula septicide 3-valvis. Semina utrinque anguste appendiculata v. (in *Pepinia*) ala parva rarius circumdante appendiculata, v. rarius omnino nuda.—*Amer. trop.*
  - 18. Puya. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. pyramidato-ramosus. Perianthia quam in Pitcairnia patentiora. Stylus filiformis. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis. Semina circumcirca alata.

    —Andes Amer. austr.
  - 19. Encholtrion. Racemus simplex, dense floribundus, pedicellis quaquaversis sæpe fasciculatis. Stylus abbreviatus. Capsula angusta, septicida, valvis introrsum clausis semina includentibus. Semina breviter stipitata, apice inappendiculata.—Brasilia.
  - 20. DYCKIA. Spica in scapo axillari simplex v. ramosa, elongata, dissitiflora. Petala uno latere valde dilatata. Stylus infra stigmata subnullus. Capsula septicide 3-valvis, valvis 2-fidis. Semina plana, inæqualiter marginata.— Brasilia.
  - 21. HECHTIA. Flores dioici, secus pedunculum prælongum simplicem v. ramosum dissite glomerati. Stylus abbreviatus. Capsula profunde 3-sulca, septicide 3-valvis. Semina breviter appendiculata.—Mexico.
- Tribus III. Tillandsiese. Ovarium lata basi affixum, superum v. rarius basi toro leviter immersum, ovulis ascendentibus. Fructus capsularis, septicide 3-valvis, valvis (saltem endocarpii) introrsum subclausis semina omnino includentibus. Seminum testa basi in stipitem apice sepius in appendiculam producta, in fila numerosa demum sepe patentia fissa, pappum simulans. Folia integerrima.
  - 22. Sodiroa. Sepala ad medium in tubum connata, apice lata patentia. Petalorum ungues intra tubum angustissimi. Caules dependentes, foliis gramineis, apice pauciflori.—Andes Amer. austr.
  - 23. CARAGUATA. Sepala erecta, valde imbricata. Petala alte in tubum coalita, filamentis intus alte adnatis. Inflorescentia terminalis, nunc densissime capitata, nunc plus minus elongata angusta v. dense pyramidata.—Ind. occid., Amer. trop.
    - 24. ? Schlumbergeria. Omnia Caraguatæ nisi inflorescentia laxior ramosa.—Amer. austr.
  - 25. Guzmania. Sepala erecta. Petala basi in tubum convoluta, superne in limbum cupulatum 3-fidum connata. Antheræ in annulum circa stylum connatæ. Spica simplex.—Ind. occid., Amer. trop.
  - 26. TILLANDSIA. Sepala erecta. Petala et stamina libera. Seminum stipes cum testæ filis

    infra nucleum longa, appendix ultra nucleum brevis. Inflorescentia varia, simplex v. ramosa.—

    Amer. trop. et hor.
    - 27. Catopsis. Sepala erecta. Petala et stamina libera. Seminum stipes cum testæ filis brovis, appendix ultra nucleum cum testæ filis longissima flexuosa. Inflorescentia simplex v. rumosa, floribus quam in *Tillandsia* minoribus.

## GENUS EXCLUSUM.

WELDENIA, Schultes in Endl. Gen. 185 dubie Bromeliaceis ascripta, est Commelinacea.

## TRIBUS I. BROMELIEÆ.

1. Streptocalyx, Beer, Bromel. 141.—Sepala supra ovarium libera, lata, valde imbricata, mucronulata. Petala alte in tubum connata, apice ovata, patentia. Stamina prope apicem tubi affixa, requalia, filamentis complanatis; anthere prope basin affixæ, corollam non excedentes. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis ∞, horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformia, stigmatibus spiraliter contortis. Fructus . . .—Folia ampla, rosulata, spinososerrata. Panicula terminalis, floribunda; ramuli nunc simplices pauciflori, bracteas mem-

branaceas coloratas vix superantes, floribus sossilibus, nunc divisi, bracteas minores superantes, floribus longe pedicellatis.

Species 3, Brasiliæ tropicæ et Guianæ incolæ.

2. Bromelia, Linn Gen. n. 395, pro parte. (Agallostachys, Beer, Bromel. 35.)—Sepala supra ovarium libera, ovato-oblonga v. linearia, erecta. Petala basi in tubum brevem connata, supra tubum erecto-conniventia, apice latiore patentia, basi (an semper?) esquamata. Stamina omnia corollæ tubo affixa, petalis breviora; antheræ lineares, erectæ, juxta basin affixæ. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis co horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus vix tortis apice oblique introrsum papillosis. Fructus (ex Gærta.) ovoideus, carnosus. Semina in loculis co; embryo juxta hilum parvus, intrusus.—Folia pleraque subradicalia, rosulata, longa, rigida, margine plus minus spinuloso-serrata. Panicula terminalis, ampla, pyramidata v. angusta, ramulis dense v. laxe co-floris, bractea membranacea spathiformi v. rarius parvula stipatis. Flores singuli breviter pedicellati, bracteola minima v. laxe membranacea.

Species 4 v. 5, Americæ tropicæ incolæ: B. chrysantha, Jacq. Hort. Schænbr, t. 55; B. Pinguin, Linn.; Red. Lil. t. 396 (Ananas, Gærtn. Fruct. t. 11); B. fastuosa, Lindl. Collect. t. 1; B. sylvestris, Willd.; Bot. Mag. t. 2392, et B. antiacantha, Bertol. Misc. iv. t. 1. In hac specie ovarii loculos vidimus septis spuriis fere in locellos 2 divisos.

Bromelia, Plum., nomen fuit potius specificum quam pro genere definitum, apud Linnæum omnes Bromeliaceas includit ovario infero, hodie species 5 Linneanæ omnes ad genera diversa ab uno alterove auctore referuntur. Nos cum pluribus botanicis, pro specie typica habemus B. Pinguin, que Agallostachys, Beer. B. Ananas, Linn., est Ananas, Adans. B. Karatas, Linn., est Karatas, Adans. B. lingulata et B. nudioaulis in Æchmea includuntur.

3. Exertas, Adans. Fam. ii. 67. (Nidularium, Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. iv., Misc. 60, t. 411. Regelia, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. 1860, sub t. 245, non Schau.)—Sepala supra ovarium libera, oblonga v. angusta, erecta. Petala basi v. alte in tubum connata, apice obtusa, erecta v. vix patentia. Stamina omnia tubo corollæ affixa, petalis breviora; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basi v. juxta basin inter lobos basales affixæ. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis co horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus brevibus vix tortis. Fructus (in K. Plumieri) oblongo-fusiformis, carnosulus, 3-locularis, demum (in sicco) loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ovata, plus minus compressa, testa crassiuscula; embryo prope hilum parvus obovoideus breviter oblique intrusus. Folia rosulata, sæpe longissima, spinoso-serrata. Flores in capitulum densum sessile simplex v. compositum terminale conferta, foliis floralibus a basi spathacea linearibus dense cincti, receptaculo lato carnoso parum convexo v. breviter conico, singuli bractea membranacea stipati.

Species ad 10, Indiæ occidentalis et Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ, Brasilianæ plures. Morren in Belg. Hortic. 1872, 129, t. 11 ad 13. Wawra in Esterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1880, 112. Jacq. Hort. Vi ul. t. 31, 32; Ic. Rar. t. 60 (Bromelia). Red. Lil. t. 457 (Bromelia Karatas, species a K. Plumieri, Morr., distincta). Bot. Mag. t. 2892 et 5502 (Billbergia) et t. 6024. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 211 (Bromelia) et t. 224. Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. 1860, t. 245.

Wawra l.c. Karatas a Nidulario distinguit antheris in priore basifixis in Nidulario dorsifixis, in omnibus speciebus tamen filamentum cum connectivo dorsali continuum, inter lobos basales antherae liberum est, differentia inter lobos basales abbreviatos v. elongatos parum valet.

4. Greigia, Regel, Gartenfl. xiv. (1865) 137, t. 474.—Sepala supra ovarium libera, longa, angusta, leviter imbricata. Corollæ tubus longus, cylindraceus, limbus campanulatus, 3-partitus, segmentis ovatis. Stamina ad apicem tubi affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ magnæ, corolla paullo breviores. Ovarium inferum, 3-quetrum v. fere 3-alatum, ovulis in loculis co horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus breviter linearibus erectis. Fructus siccus, duriusculus, fibrosus (indehiscens?), apice 3-queter, basi in stipitem longum contractus. Semina . . .—Folia rosulata, longa, angusta, rigida, spinoso-

serrata. Florum capitulum crassum, inter folia inferiora sessile; bracteæ rigidæ, acutæ, spinoso-serratæ, imbricatæ, exteriores involucrantes ovato-lanceolatæ, interiores circa flores angustæ. Flores numerosi, in receptaculo subconico sessiles, singuli bracteolis sæpius 3 angustis stipati.

Species 2?, Chilenses. Phillippi in Linnea, xxxiii. 246 (Bromelia). Carrière in Rev. Hortic. 1880, 255.

5. Cryptanthus, Otto et Dietr. Allgem. Gart. Zeit. 1836, 298. (Pholidophyllum, Vis. Sem. Hort. Patav. 1847, 4, ex eod. in Mem. Istit. Venet. v. 343.)—Sepala supra perianthii basin seu ovarii apicem tubulosum distincta, imbricata. Petala basi in tubum brevem connata, superne oblonga patentia. Stamina tubo corollæ affixa, 3 petalis opposita iis paullo altius adnata; antheræ oblongæ, corolla paullo breviores. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis o horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus lineari-lanceolatis recurvo-patulis vix tortis. Fructus subbaccatus, indehiscens. Semina. ...—Folia rosulata, conferta, recurvo-patentia, spinuloso-serrata. Flores in capitulo terminali intra folia subsessili plures, singuli ad axillas foliorum floralium gradatim ad bracteas parvas reductorum sessiles, bracteolis parvis stipati.

Species Brasiliana, cujus formæ plures a hortulanis distinctæ, a Bakero ad unam reducuntur. Bot. Reg. t. 1157 (Tillandsia). Bot. Mag. t. 5270 (Billbergia). Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 287. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. 163, t. 87. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1881, t. 17.

MADVIGIA. Liebm. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ii. 373, Walp. Ann. vi. 66, a Morrenio ad Cryptanthum reducitur. Descriptio auctoris differt petalis a basi liberis.

6. Disteganthus, Lemaire, Fl. des Serres, 1847, t. 227.—Sepala supra perianthii basin seu ovarii apicem cyathiformem basi in tubum connata, superne ovata, imbricata. Petala libera, basi conniventia, superne patentia. Stamina cum petalis affixa, libera, interiora sub pelliculis petalorum tubulatim involuta; antheræ dorsifixæ. Ovarium inferum, loculis 3-4-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus spiraliter convolutis. Bacca capsularis, calyce marcescente coronata.—Folia rosulata, spinoso-serrata. Spicæ in rhizomate subsessiles, strobiliformes, squamis coloratis imbricatis, summis flores flavos foventibus. (Char. ex Lemaire.)

Species 1, Cayennensis, a nobis non visa. Genus cum 2 sequentibus nobis non nisi ex descriptionibus v. iconibus notum, omnia videntur hine Cryptantho hine Rhodostachyo affinia.

7. Ronnbergia, Morren ex André, Illustr. Hortic. 1874, 120, t. 177.—Sepala supra perianthii basin v. ovarii apicem cyathiformem distincta, erecta, ala unilaterali marginata, contorto-imbricata. Petala in tubum convoluta, apice breviter patentia. Stamina libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ breviter lineares, inclusæ. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis  $\infty$  pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus brevibus contortis. Fructus . . .—Caulis erectus. Folia ampla, integerrima, longe petiolata. Thyrsus terminalis, dense spiciformis, bracteis inferioribus longis angustis erectis, superioribus parvis. Flores cærulei, iis Billbergiæ subsimiles. (Char. ex ic. et descr. André.)

Species 1, Novo-Granatensis, a nobis non visa.

Genus structura florum videtur Rhodostachyo affine, sed inflorescentia diversa, et foliis integerrimis in tribu anomalum,

8. Ochagavia, Philippi in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, vii. 107.—Sepala supra perianthii basin v. ovarii apicem tubulosum affixa, erecta. Petala intra sepala affixa, libera. Stamina intra petala affixa, libera, filamentis filiformibus basi dilatatis; antheræ oblongolineares, infra medium dorsifixæ. Ovarium inferum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, apice stigmatoso incrassatus, truncatus, sub-3-lobus. Fructus baccatus.—Caules (pedales) dense foliati, foliis breviusculis subtus argenteo-lepidotis spinoso-serratis. Spica terminalis, floribus roseis, bracteis elongato-rhombeis. (Char. e.c Philippi.)

Species 1, ins. Juan Fernandez incola, a nobis non visa. Genus evidenter Rhodostachyo affine.

. 9. Portea, C. Koch, Ind. Sem. Hort. Berol. 1856, App. 7.—Sepala supra perianthii basin seu ovarii apicem cyathiformem distincta, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, valde imbricata, apice obliqua aristata. Petala elongata, libera, erecta, basi intus squamis 2 fimbriatis appendiculata. Stamina 3 petalis alte adnata, 3 libera petalis alterna; antherse versatiles, petalis breviores. Ovarium inferum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus linearibus in massam ovoideam spiraliter convolutis. Fructus . . .—Caules breves, foliis numerosis rosulatis elongatis rigidis spinuloso-serratis. Pedunculus terminalis, squamis coloratis spathaceis obtectus, inflorescentia in specie typica elongata, bracteis membranaceis squamis pedunculi similibus nisi majoribus, primum imbricatis demum sæpe disaitis. Flores sub bracteis superioribus solitarii, sub inferioribus 2-3-ni. Petala iis Billbergiæ similia, bracteas non superantia.

Species 3 v. 4, Americanæ, verisimiliter Brasilianæ. Walp. Ann. vi. 67. Houllet in Rev. Hortic. 1870, 230, cum ic. Regel, Gartenf. 1875, 166, t. 829 (Billbergia). Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 285 (Hohenbergia). Specimen Uruguayense, Gibert, n. 1414, a Morrenio ad P. Legrellianam (Ortgiesiam palliolatam, Morr.), relatum, nobis videtur speciem pluribus notis distinctam indicare.

ORTGIESIA, Regel, Gartenfl. 1867, 193, t. 547, species a nobis non visa, ex charactere dato a Portea non differre videtur nisi inflorescentia (juniore) abbreviata inter folia sessili.

10. Rhodostachys, Philippi in Linnea, xxix. 57, xxx. 201. (Ruckia, Regel, Gartenft. 1868, 69, t. 571.)—Sepala supra perianthii basin seu ovarii apicem cyathiformem distincta, erecta, valde imbricata. Petala libera, imbricata, basi sæpius intus glandulis v. squamellis 2 parvis instructa. Stamina libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ breviter v. longiuscule lineares, petala subæquantes v. breviter exsertæ. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis co horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus vix tortis. Fructus . . .—Folia rosulata, longa, linearia, rigidula, spinuloso-serrata. Capitulum terminale, intra folia floralia numerosa involucrantia sessile. Flores in receptaculo hemisphærico v. breviter conico subsessiles, singuli bractea ovata sæpius ciliato-denticulata stipati.

Species editæ 6 v. 7, Chile Colombiæ v. Guianæ incolæ. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 49. Lin ll. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. ii. t. 65. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 67 (omnes sub Bromelia), quarum nobis adsunt 3, Bromelia bicolor, Ruiz et Pav.; Morren, Bolg. Hortic. 1873, t. 14, foliis anguste linearibus floralibus basi rubris cæterum viridibus; Hechtia pitcairniæfolia, Verlot in Rev. Hortic. 1868, 211, cum ic., foliis ut in R. bicolore, basi rubris cæterum viridibus sed latioribus, et Bromelia Joinvillei, Morren in Belg. Hortic. 1876, t. 10, foliis latioribus, floralibus plerisque viridibus, nonnullis intimis undique rubris v. basi viridibus superne rubris. Bromelia longifolia, Rudge, cæteræque nobis non nisi ic nibus et descriptionibus notæ sunt.

11. Ananas, Adans. Fam. ii. 67. (Ananassa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1068, et t. 1081.) -Sepala supra ovarium libera, lata, acuminata, carinata, arcte imbricata. Petala erecta, leviter imbricata, basi mediantibus filamentis leviter cohærentia, cæterum libera, intus basi seepius squamellis 2 minimis instructa. Stamina 3, petalis alterna, libera v. iis lateraliter leviter cohærentia, 3 petalis opposita iisque basi adnata; antheræ lineares, corolla Ovarium inferum, carnosum, rhachi crassa lata basi adnatum v. omnino immersum, ovulis in loculis pluribus horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus linearibus rectis v. leviter incurvis. Fructus carnosi, ima basi v. ominino receptaculo carnoso immersi; omnes ejusdem inflorescentise cum bracteolis et rhachi v. receptaculo in syncarpium strobiliforme connati, v. si partim decidui, basin relinquentes persis-Semina pauca, ovoidea v. oblonga, compressiuscula, testa tenuiter coriacea appressa; embryo juxta hilum parvus, intra albumen intrusus v. semi-immersus.—Caulis brevis, dense v. parce foliatus, foliis longis spinoso-serratis. Inflorescentia terminalis, strobiliformis, globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, densissima, floribus quaquaversis sub quaque bractea solitariis sessilibus v. immersis; bracteæ apice tantum plus minus prominentes, sæpe spinuloso-dentatæ; summæ vacuæ, plus minus foliaceo-dilatatæ, haud raro comam viviparam formant.

Species 5 v. 6, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, v., si formas cultas A. sativæ pro speciebus distinctis descriptas retinens, usque ad 8 v. 10 æstimantur. Ræm. et Schult. Syst. vii. 1283. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1872, t. 17, 19; 1878, 140, t. 4, 5. DC. in Mem. Soc. Phys. Gen. vii. 161, cum tabb. 2, Bot. Mag. t. 1554, 5025.

Auctores plures genus limitant ad A. sativum, Schult.; hæc species. originis adhuc incertæ, a temporibus antiquissimis culta et varietates numerosas præbens, insignis est syncarpio maximo succulento fere semper coma coronato. Formæ sic dictæ in America australi sylvestres, v. ab incolis pro fibra cultæ, syncarpio multo minore minusque succoso nec eduli gaudent. Ab his generice distinguere nequimus Acanthostachyum, Link, Klotzsch et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. i. 24, t. 9, strobilo minore angustiore vix comato, sed florum structura omnino A. sativi, et bracteæ, basi cum fructu connatæ, in receptaculo cum pericarpii basi persistunt post lapsum partis maximæ fructus. Æchmea Veilchii, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6329; Morren, Belg. Hort. 1878, t. 9 (Chevaliera), characteres præbet Acanthostachyos, sed caulis seu scapus florifer præter squamas vaginantes aphyllus est. Chevaliera, Gaudich, Voy. Bonite Bot. t. 61, 62, species 2 Brasilienses a nobis non visæ, ex iconibus multo melius ad Ananas quam ad Æchmeam referendæ videntur.

12. Echmea, Ruiz et Par. Prod. 47, t. 8; Syst. Veg. 83; Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 37, t. 264.— Sepala supra ovarium libera, sæpius lata, valde imbricata. Petala libera v. basi mediantibus filamentis leviter cohærentia, erecta v. apice breviter patentia, intus basi sæpius squamulis 2 instructa. Stamina 3 petalis alterna libera v. iis leviter cohærentia, 3 petalis opposita iisque basi adnata; antheræ lineares, corolla breviores. Ovarium inferum, sæpius 3-quetrum et basi attenuatum, loculis co-rarius 2-3-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus linearibus v. oblique dilatatis plus minus spiraliter convolutis. Fructus brevis, sepalis coronatus, carnosulus v. siccus, indehiscens v. a latere fissus. Semina numerosa, parva nunc minima, oblonga v. fere linearia, recta v. incurva, teretia v. angulata, nuda v. appendice parva cellulosa coronata; embryo juxta hilum sæpius longe acuminatus non v. vix albumini intrusus.—Herbæ sæpius brevicaules, foliis confertis v. rosulatis longis rigidis plus minus spinuloso-serratis. Pedunculus (excepta Æ. paniculata) terminalis, floribus nunc in spica simplici quaquaversis, nunc in ramulis paniculæ sæpius angustæ distichis v. quaquaversis, intra bracteas sessilibus v. rarius pedicellatis. Bracteæ sæpius parvæ, rarius flores subsuperantes imbricatæque.

Species ad 60, Americæ australis incolæ. Baler in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1879, 129 (excl. sp. n. 11 ad 13 quas ad Ananas referrimus). Wawra in Esterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1880, 116.

Genus in sectiones sequentes pro maxima parte a Bakerianis mutuatas dividimus:-

- 1. Amphilepis. Spicæ plures, simplices v. rarius 2-fidæ, compressæ, secus pedunculum seu paniculæ axin sessiles v. pedunculatæ. Bractoæ sub floribus ovatæ, complicatæ, rigidæ, striatæ, bifariam imbricatæ; bracteolæ minimæ. Species 3, Indiæ occidentalis incolæ.
- 2. Platyæchmea. Spicæ in paniculam simplicem dispositæ. Bracteæ bifariæ, sub floribus nune membranaceæ latissimæ laxæ subbullatæ, nunc latæ striatæ subcarinatæ, v. fere cartilagineæ complicato-carinatæ enerves. Sepala oblonga, mucronata. Lindl in Paxt Fl. Gard. iii. t. 80 (Billbergia). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 138 (Tillandsia). Bot. Mag. t. 5447. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 269. Morren, Belg. Hort. 1881, t. 13.
- 3. Pironneaua. Spicæ breves, in panicula simplici sessiles v. pedunculatæ. Bracteæ quaquaversæ, confertæ, imbricatæ. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 40. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 239, 240. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 801 (omnes sub Bromelia). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 135 (Tillandsia). Bot. Mag. t. 5668. Pirronneaua, Gaudich. in Voy. Bonit. Bot. t. 63.
- 4. Euschmea. Panicula longa, laxa, ramulis brevibus paucifloris cymoso-ramosis rarius 1-floris, floribus dissitis, lateralibus sessilibus, terminali v. solitario infra bracteam pedicellato. Bractese cyathiformes, cuspidatæ. Huc species typica Floræ Peruvianæ, Æ. paniculata Ruiz et Pav. t. 264, scapo laterali, et Æ. platynema (Pironneaua, Gaud. in Voy. Bonit. Bot. t. 64), quoad inflorescentiam et bracteas Æ. paniculatæ conformis, sed pedunculus centralis et flores minores.
- 5. Lamprococcus. Panicula longa, laxa, ramulis brevibus v. laxifloris Euæchmeæ, sed bractese minutæ v. 0, et flores interdum parvi. Rev. Hortic. 1875, 311, cum 10. Bot. Mag. t. 4293, 5235. Lamprococcus, Beer, Bromel. 103, Regel, Gartenfl. t. 539, 694. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1861, t. 11. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reite, Bot. 162, t. 28. Androlepis, Brongn. in Morren, Cat. Brom. (nome tantum) ex Morr.

- 6. Hokenbergia. Spice laxiusculæ v. confertifloræ, in panicula simplici dispositæ, floribus sessilibus quaquaversis sæpius parvulis. Bracteæ parvæ nec imbricatæ. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 159. Knowles et Weste. Fl. Cab. t. 134. Bot. Mag. t. 3186, et t. 3304 (Billbergia). Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 284. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1862, 97, cum ic. (Hoplophytum). Hohenbergia, Schult. Syst. vii. 71, 1251. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1879, t. 18.
  - H. Legrelliana, Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 285, est Portea species.
- 7. Pothuava. Spica simplex, densa, floribus numerosis sessilibus quaquaversis. Bractee sepius parves, interdum membranacee cyathiformes, vix tamen imbricatee. Bot. Mag. t. 4832, 6441. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 286 (Hohenbergia). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 143 (Bromelia). Pothuava, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. 116, 117. Hoplophytum, Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1865, cum ic. absque num.; 1873, t. 5.

Ad Pothuavam etiam referendum est Macrochordium, De Vriese, Beer, Bromel. 145, bracteis membranaceis cyathiformibus v. angustis. Huc Æ. bromeliæfolia, Baker (Tillandsia bromeliæfolia, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 50; Bromelia melanantha, Bot. Reg. t. 766); Macrochordium luteum, Regel Gartenfl. t. 544, affinesque. Echinostachys, Brongn. in Planch. Hort. Donat. 25; Bot. Mag. t. 5821; Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1880, t. 13 (Æchmea), bracteis mucronato-subaristatis, est pariter Æchmeæ species.

ANDROLEPIS, Brongn. ex Houllet in Rev. Hortic. 1870, 12, species nobis ignota, a C. Kochio, Wochenschr. iv. 190, ad Pothuavam refertur.

8.? Pectinaria. Inflorescentia densa, breviter pyramidata v. capituliformis sed ramosa, bracteis imbricatis pectinato-serratis. Huc *E. fasciata*, Bot. Reg. t. 1130, Bot. Mag. t. 4883, Fl. des Serres, t. 207 (omnes sub Billbergia); *E. pectinata*, Baker, et *E. Burchellii*, Baker, quoad specimen n. 3487, species omnes quoad characteres revidendæ.

Specimen Burchellianum n. 3323 (Bromelia aurantiaca, Burch.), a Bakero in E. Burchellii inclusum, est, fide Morrenii, Nidularii species (ad Karatas referenda).

- 9.? Canistrum. Inflorescentia densa fere capituliformis, bracteis exterioribus membranaceis amplis involucrata. Flores omnino Æchmeæ apparent etsi habitus alienus. Species enumerat Baker 3. Canistrum, Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1873, 257, t. 15; 1874, 376, t. 16; 1879, t. 13, 14.
- 13. Aresococcus, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 370.—Sepala supra ovarium libera, minima, ovata, membranacea, imbricata. Petala sepalis paullo longiora, libera, esquamata. Stamina libera, æqualia; antheræ dorsifixæ, petalis paullo breviores. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in quoque loculo 1-2, collateraliter pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus brevibus erectis. Fructus late ovoideus, subcarnosus, indehiscens. Semina pauca, interdum abortu solitaria, oblonga, testa nigra; embryo juxta hilum parvus, intra albumen farinosum parum intrusus.—Caules e rhizomate subrepente erecti, basi vaginis foliorum obtecti; vaginæ inferiores nudæ, superiores lamina longa angusta parce spinoso-serrata instructæ. Panicula terminalis, pedunculata, ampla, laxa, cymosocomposita. Bracteæ secus ramos flexuosos distantes, parvæ. Flores minuti, sub bractois sessiles.

Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis et Guianæ incola.

14. Bilibergia, Thunh. Dec. Pl. Bras. 30, ex Schult.—Sepala supra ovarium libera, erecta, leviter imbricata. Petala elongata, libera, nunc anguste linearia, erecta v. apice parum dilatata patentiaque v. demum revoluta, basi sæpius squamulis 2 integris lacerisve instructa. Stamina intra petala affixa, libera, v. 3 petalis opposita iis plus minus adnata, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ versatiles, petalis vix breviores v. subexsertæ. Ovarium inferum, ovulis in loculis numerosis horizontalibus v. pendulis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus linearibus incurvis subtortis. Fructus . . .—Folia conferta, patentia, spinososerrata. Panicula terminalis, dense thyrsoidea v. laxior, haud raro ad racemum reducta. Flores sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, quam in Æchmea longiores, intra bracteas solitarii v. in ramulo brevi 2-3-ni. Inflorescentia variat erecta v. recurvo-pendula.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Schult. Syst. vii. 1254 (excl. sp.). Walp. Ann. vi. 72. Wawra in Œsterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1880, 115. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 157. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 41, 42. Bot. Mag. t. 1732 (utr. sub Bromelia), t. 4756, 4835, 5090, 5114, 6342, 6432. Bot. Reg. t. 203, 344 (Bromelia), t. 1068. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 76 (Tillandsia). Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1866,

t. 11; 1871, t. 1, 14; 1872, t. 1; 1873, t. 1, 16, 17; 1874, t. 1, 8; 1875, t. 1, 13; 1876, t. 1, 15, 20, 22; 1877, t. 3; 1878, t. 1; 1880, t. 8; 1881, t. 5. Colla in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxvi. t. 19 (Pourretia).

Helicodea, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. xi. t. 421, est B. zebrina, Lindl.; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1912; Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1872, t. 4; Bot. Mag. t. 2686 (Bromelia), species insignis inflorescentise indumento furfuraceo, sepalis latioribus, petalis per anthesin insigniter revolutis, antheris angustissimis linearibus fere basifixis. Fructus in hac crassus, ovoideus, rugosus, sulcatus, fissuris lateralibus irregulariter dehiscens, in cæteris speciebus nobis ignotus, nec quantum scimus adhuc descriptus.

LIBONIA, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. ii. t. 48, est Billbergia marmorata, Lemaire l. c. Jonghea, Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. ii. t. 180, est Billbergia splendida, Lemaire l. c., genus utrumque ab auctore dubie propositum.

15. Quesnella, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 54. (Lievena, Regel, Gartenft. 1880, 289, t. 1024.)—Sepala supra ovarium libera, ovata, imbricata. Petala libera, angusta, apice in laminam patentem dilatata, basi intus squamellis 2 denticulatis instructa. Stamina 3, petalis alterna, libera, 3 petalis opposita iis basi adnata; antheræ oblongo-lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ, petalis breviores. Ovarium inferum, supra loculos breviter cupulatum; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus in massam oblongam spiraliter contortis. Fructus . . .—Folia conferta, longa, spinuloso-serrata. Pedunculus terminalis, elatus, squamis spathaceis obtectus. Inflorescentia strobiliformis, simplex, ovoidea v. oblonga, crassa. Bracteæ quaquaversæ, laxe imbricatæ, membranaceæ, coloratæ, sub apice utroque latere transversim plicatæ. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, apice breviter exserti.

Species 3 v. 4? Brasilienses. Morren, Belg. Hort. 1881, t. 4 (18?). Fl. des Serres, t. 1028 (Billbergia). Wawra in Œsterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1880, 149, quoad species inflorescentia strobiliformi; Wawra tamen ad Quesneliam ducit species omnes Billbergiæ quarum stamina petalis opposita iis basi adnata, character ut videtur interdum valde incertus.

## TRIBUS II. PITCAIRNIEÆ.

16. Brocchinia, Schult. Syst. vii. 70, 1250.—Sepala petaloidea, oblonga, erecta. Petala sepalis subsimilia nisi paullo latiora, basi contracta, intus nuda. Staminum filamenta brevia, libera v. basi cum calyce corollaque breviter connata. Ovarium fere inferum, brevi tantum parte intra florem prominens, ∞-ovulatum; stylus brevis, 3-gonus, stigmatibus brevibus erectis v. patentibus. Capsula clavata, subcylindracea v. obtuse 3-quetra, dura, apice breviter septicide 3-valvis. Semina ascendentia, imbricata, oblonga, compressa, apice basique in appendicem ensiformem membranaceam v. crassiusculam producta.—Folia rosulata v. erecta, late ligulata, abrupte acuminata acumine subcalloso, margine integerrima. Panicula terminalis, ampla, pyramidalis, furfuraceo-scabra v. glabra. Bracteæ sub ramis spathaceæ, acumine interdum pungente, superiores parvæ. Flores secus ramos fasciculati v. sparsi, parvi nunc minimi.

Species 3, typica Brasiliensis, a nobis non visa, 2 Guianenses, inclusa Cordyline micrantha, Baker in Gard. Chron. 1880, ii. 243.

- B. Plumierii, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 593, characteres Schultzianos Brocchiniæ non præbet. Specimina Imrayana ad Pitcairniam pertinere videntur.
- 17. Pitcairnia, Lhér. Sert. Angl. 7, t. 11. (Hepetis, Sw. Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 56.)—Sepala libera, lanceolata, acuta, imbricata, rigidula. Petala libera, unguiculata, erecta v. apice patentia, basi intus sæpius squamellis 2 minutis instructa. Stamina intra petala affixa, libera, filamentis filiformibus v. complanatis; antheræ lineares, juxta basin dorsifixæ. Ovarium lata basi affixum v. toro plus minus immersum, superne v. fere omnino liberum, ovulis in loculis numerosis ascendentibus; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stigmatibus linearibus spiraliter tortis. Capsula septicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, testa nucleo lineari v. parvulo adnata, in speciebus plerisque apice basique in appendiculam linearem sæpius setiformem producta, appendicula tamen in sect. Pepinia rara v. 0; embryo parvus, in albumine farinaceo levitor intrusus.—Folia nunc ad basin caulis brevis,

nunc ad apicem caulis plus minus elongati, conferta v. rosulata, rigida et spinoso-serrata v. tenuiora integerrimaque. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. parum ramosus, interdum in spicam confertus, elongatus v. ad fasciculum pauciflorum reductus. Bracteæ nunc minimæ, nunc calycem æquantes v. amplæ, patentes v. interdum laxe imbricatæ, herbaceæ v. coloratæ. Flores pedicellati v. subsessiles, sæpe speciosi.

Species ad 70, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1881, 225, in sectiones sequentes a Bakerianis parum mutatas distribuendæ:—

- 1. Cophalopitoairnia. Flores in caule brevissimo intra folia imbricata v. rosulato-patentia sessiles. Bot. Mag. t. 4591. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 71 (Puya). Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. iii. t. 86 (Puya). Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 291.
- In P. heterophylla, Beer, caulis fere bulbiformis, folia alia imbricata brevia simpliciter spinescentia v. spinoso-serrata, alia superiora elongata integerrima. In specie Colombiana ei affini, scapus e centro foliorum breviter exsertus, capitulum paucifiorum ferens. In P. tabulæformi, Lindl.; Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1862, 257, cum ic.; Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. t. 344, folia omnia latiuscula, planopatentia, conferta, floribus in centro rosulæ sat numerosis.
- 2. Eupitcairnia. Pedunculus plus minus elongatus, racemum simplicem v. rarius ramosum ferens. Bracteæ sæpius parvulæ. Semina utrinque subsetaceo-appendiculata. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 79. Red. Lil. t. 73 ad 76. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 258 ad 260. Presl, Rel. Hænk. t. 23 (Pourretia). Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 27. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 249, 322. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 25. Bot. Mag. t. 824, 856, 1416, 1462, 1547, 2657, 2813, 4540, 4709, 4770, 4775, 5356, 6318, 6480, 6600, 6606. Bot. Reg. t. 1011, 1069, 1092. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 127, 407. Fl. des Serres, t. 844, 847. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 53, 557, 781. Illustr. Hortic. xx. t. 139. Rev. Hortic. 1875, 251, cum ic. Orthopetalum, Beer, Brom. 70.

Cochliopetalum, Beer, Brom. 68, species paucas continet, petalis demum insignitor revolutis. Bot. Mag. t. 2411, 2642. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 722. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 114. Illustr. Hortic. xxii. t. 205.

- 3. Neumannia. Racemus seu potius spica elongata v. rarius brevis densa v. interrupta. Bracteæ ovatæ v. lanceolatæ, amplæ, calycem obtegentes, imbricatæ v. rarius dissitæ. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 4241, 4309, 4696, 4795, 5225, 6535. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 113. Fl. des Serres, t. 162, 253, 254, 915. Rev. Hortic. 1881, 390, cum ic. Neumannia, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, xv. 369. Phlomostachys, Beer, Brom. 45. Lamproconus, Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. ii. sub t. 127.
- 4. Pepinia. Semina nuda v. apice basique v. circumcirca ala brevi plana membranacea appendiculata. Pepinia, Brongn. ex Illustr. Hortuc. xvii. 32, t. 5. Species quoad inflorescentiam in series 2 distribuendæ: a. Racemus densus v. longiusculus inter folia ad apicem caulis conferta sessilis. Huc P. punicea, Lindl., et P. aphelandræflora, Lemaire. b. Racemus longus laxus interdum ramosus, floribus longe pedicellatis. Folia ad basin subbulbiformem caulis conferta. Huc P. nuda et P. consimilis, Baker, P. ferruginea, Ruiz et Pav.; Bot. Mag. t. 5234 (P. asterotricha, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 158. Melinonia, Brongn. in Morr. Cat. Brom. Jard. Liege, 1873, nomen tantum), et P. cærulca (Puya cærulca. Miers in Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 11).
- 18. Paya, Molin. Hist. Chil. ed. Angl. i. 130, 288, char. valde manco. (Pourretia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 46, t. 7; Syst. Veg. 80; Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 33, t. 256, 257.)—Sepala libera, oblonga v. lanceolata, erecta, leviter imbricata. Petala libera, basi in tubum latum conniventia, superne subæqualiter patentia, latiuscula. Stamina libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorsifixæ. Ovarium superum, lata basi affixum, 3-loculare, ovulis numerosis; stylus elongatus, stigmatibus brevibus subpatentibus. Capsula oblonga v. pyramidata, profunde 3-sulca, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, compressa, ala membranacea cincta, placentis affixa primum in axi connatis, capsula dehiscente inter se solvendis et valvarum centro valde prominenti adhærentibus.—Folia nunc ad basin caulis, nunc ad apicem caulis elati crassi elongata, conferta, spinoso-serrata. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. pyramidato-ramosus. Flores sub bracteis solitarii, speciosi.
- Species 3 v. 4, Peruvianze v. Chilenses. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 156. Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 41 ad 44. Fisch. Sert. Petrop. t. 19. Bot. Mag. t. 4715, 5782. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 225., P. virescens, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4991, cujus specimen non vidimus, a Kochio ad Pitcairniam relata, est ex Morren Schlumbergerus species.

19. Enchelirion, Mart. in Schult. Syst. vii. 68, 1233. (Prionophyllum, C. Koch, App. iv., Sem. Hort. Berol. 1873, 3.)—Sepala libera, brevia, ovata, imbricata. Petala multo longiora, libera, angusta, erecta v. a basi subpatentia. Stamina libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ dorsifixæ. Ovarium superum, lata basi affixum, elongatum, in stylum brevem productum, loculis co-ovulatis; stigmata linearia, erecta, subtorta. Capsula anguste 3-gona, in valvas introrsum clausas seu carpella distincta septicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, parva, brevissime stipitata, apice inappendiculata.—Folia rosulata, longa, angusta, rigida, valide spinuloso-serrata. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. parce ramosus, longus, dense floribundus, pedicellis fasciculatis quaquaversis, bracteis minimis.

Species ad 6, Brasilienses. Præter speciem typicam E. spectabile, Mart., huc pertinere videntur, Dyckia montevidensis, et D. catharinensis, C. Koch.

Encholirion Augustæ, Schomb., est Caraquatæ species.

20. Dyckia, Schult. Syst. vii. 65, 1194.—Sepala libera, ovata, imbricata. Petala longiora, basi angustata, superne latere uno valde dilatata, convoluto-imbricata, demum patentia. Stamina libera v. basi cum petalis breviter connata, filamentis filiformibus v. crassiusculis; antheræ prope basin affixæ. Ovarium superum, lata basi affixum, 3-quetrum, elongato-pyramidatum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus subnullus, stigmatibus linearibus subtortis. Capsula 3-sulca, septicide 3-valvis, valvis alte 2-fidis. Semina (in D. rariflora) numerosa, plana, horizontaliter superposita, margine incrassato a nucleo solubili uno latere in membranam parvam attenuato; embryo basi ex albumine prominens, acumine secus marginem extenso.—Folia dense rosulata, crassiuscula, spinuloso-serrata. Spica in scapo (an semper?) axillari elongata, simplex v. ramosa, floribus sessilibus dissitis bractea parva stipatis.

Species ad 6, Brasilianæ. Bot. Mag. t. 3449. Bot. Reg. t. 1782. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 224. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 236.

In D. rariflora, Schult., stamina basi cum petalis in cupulam connata, in cæteris specielus a basi libera. In D. frigida, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6294 (Garriella encholirioides, Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 115), filamenta crassiuscula, libera. Huic etiam valde affinis est ex descriptione, Cotten-porfia florida, Schult. Syst. vii. 64, 1193. Navia, Schult. l.c. 65, 1195, ex descriptione includit species 2 Dyckiæ fructiferæ. Fructum speciei typicæ Dyckiæ auctor non vidit.

21. **Hechtia**, Klotzsch ex Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Münch. iii. 239, t. 6.—Flores abortu dioici. Sepala libera, ovata, imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, breviter connata, in limbum subcampanulatum patentia. Stamina in flore \$\frac{1}{2}\$, staminodia in flore \$\frac{1}{2}\$, ima basi corollæ adnata, filamentis cæterum liberis, corolla parum breviora; antheræ oblongæ, præbe basin affixæ. Ovarium in flore \$\frac{1}{2}\$ pyramidato-3-quetrum, lata basi affixum v. toro breviter immersum, 3-loculare, \$\infty\$-ovulatum; stylus brevis nunc brevissimus, stigmatibus 3 linearibus; ovarii rudimentum in flore \$\frac{1}{2}\$ sæpe stylos 3 nudos filiformes fert. Capsula profunde 3-sulca, fere 3-partita, septicide 3-valvis, valvis subclausis (v. carpellis distinctis), marginibus tantum in axi cohærentibus demum solvendis integris. Semina subsessilia, linearia, ascendentia, testa appressa plerumque ultra nucleum in appendicem brevem producta.—Folia dense rosulata, longa, rigida, valide spinoso-dentata. Pedunculus terminalis, prælongus, simplex v. parce ramosus, floribus secus rhachin glomeratis parvulis, glomerulis dissitis sessilibus hinc inde in spicas breves abeuntibus. Flores \$\frac{1}{2}\$ fœmineis similes nisi paullo minores.

Species 2 v. 3, Mexicame. H. Ghiesbrechtii, Lomaire, Illustr. Hortic. x. t. 378, Bot. Mag. t. 5842, ab H. glomerata, Zucc., non differre videtur, et auctor ipse ad eam reduxit Dasylirion piteaurniæfolium ab eo prius editum. H. cordylinoides, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6554, est species inflorescentia laxiore ramosiore et floribus minoribus (3 solis adhuc notis) insignis. H. stenopetala, Kl., nobis ignota est. H. pteairniæfolia, Verl., est Rhodostachyos species.

## TRIBUS III. TILLANDSIEÆ.

22. sostrea, André in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xxiv. 167.—Sepala ad medium in tubum cylindraceum connata, superne valde dilatata, in alabastro convoluto-imbricata, per anthesin patentia. Petala intra calycem angustissima, inferne plus minus coherentia, laminis e calyce exsertis ovatis patentibus. Stamina "tubo adnata, inclusa, dorsifixa, antheris sagittatis connatis" (André). Ovarium liberum, 3-loculare, placentis axilibus, ovulis numerosis; stylus filiformis, apice clavatus, stigmatibus 3 brevibus. Capsula 3-gona, coriacea (Tillandsia). Semina angusta, numerosa, erecta, basi in stipitem demum in fila fissum pappiformem producta.—Caules ab arboribus pendentes, 1-3-pedales et ultra, usque ad inflorescentiam foliati, basi radicantes et vaginis emarcidis obtecti. Folia linearia, caricina v. graminea, basi in vaginam brevem dilatata. Flores speciosi, ad apicem caulis pauci, ad axillam bracteæ coloratæ solitarii, breviter pedicellati, flavescentes v. virescentes, folio florali ad basin inflorescentiæ spathaceo-coloratæ.

Species 3, Andium Colombiæ et Ecuadoriæ incolæ. Specimina typica non vidimus, duo tamen nobis adsunt evidenter iis proxime affinia, uno in provincia Antioquia a Kalbreyero, altero ad flumen Pastasia in Ecuadoria a Pearceo lecto. In floribus examinatis stamina jam delapsa fuerunt. Genus perianthii indole ab omnibus facillime distinctum.

23. Caraguata, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1068.—Sepala erecta, rigidula, valde imbricata, basi sæpius breviter connata, cæterum libera. Petala alte in tubum connata, laminis liberis patentibus. Stamina tubo fere omnino adnata, antheræ ad apicem tubi fere sessiles, erectæ, liberæ. Ovarium liberum, lata basi affixum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus breviter linearibus erectis tortis. Capsula 3-gona (Tillandsiæ), septicide dehiscens, valvis subclausis. Semina angusta, numerosa, basi in stipitem longum demum in fila fissum subpappiformem producta.—Folia integerrima, inferiora conferta, basi crassa lata concavaque, superiora minora angustiora, summa sub inflorescentia interdum majora involucrantia. Inflorescentia terminalis, densa, capituliformis, v. plus minus elongata. Flores sub quaque bractea ∞, conferti.

Species notæ 5, Indiæ occidentalis, America centralis v. Colombiæ incolæ.

In specie typics C. ligulata, Lindl., inflorescentia dense globosa v. fere depressa, copiose involucrata; specimina nostra fructifera, sed ex Jacq. Stirp. Amer. 92, t. 62, 3-pollicaris est; in C. Zahnii, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6059, Morren, Belg. Hort. 1873, t. 19, flores multo minores et inflorescentia laxior exinvolucrata. C. splendens, Planch. in Fl. des Serres, t. 1091, videtur C. ligulatæ affinis sed bracteæ involucrantes minores magis coloratæ et flores indescripti. Planta Cubensis, Wright, n. 678, a Grisebachio ad C. ligulatam relata, est certe diversa et forte Tillandsiæ species. In C. Augustæ (Encholirion Augustæ, Schomb.), ex speciminibus Rob. Schomb. n. 687, Rich. Schomb. n. 1021, inflorescentia quam in præcedentibus paullo longior, bracteis laxiusculis, inferioribus acuminatis; in C. musaica, André in Illustr. Hortic. xxiv. t. 268 (Massangia, Morren in Belg. Hortic. 1877, 59, 199, t. 8), scapu- squamatus elongatus, bracteæ exteriores coloratæ florentibus non longiores, sed characteres florales omnino Caragnatæ; in C. Vanvolxemii, André in Illustr. Hortic. x. t. 326, inflorescentia elongata, bracteis coloratis subdissitis.

24. ? Schlumbergeria, Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1878, 311; 1879, 225, 360, t. 19.—Sepala erecta, convoluto-imbricata, libera. Petala alte in tubum connata, laminis liberis patentibus v. demum reflexis. Stamina tubo adnata, filamentis apice breviter liberis recurvis; antheræ dorsifixæ. Ovarium liberum, lata basi affixum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus recurvis crassiusculis non tortis. Capsula 3-gona (Tillandsiæ). Semina numerosa, basi in stipitem longum demum in fila fissum subpappiformem producta.—Folia rosulata, integerrima, longe ligulata. Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in spica ramosa laxiuscule dispositi; bracteæ calyce breviores, bracteolæ spathaceæ calycem amplectentes. (Char & Morren.)

Species 2, Austro-Americanse, a nobis non visse. Morren speciei typicse adjunxit Puyani virescentem, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4991, cujus specimina nobis desunt. Genus verisimiliter cum Caraquata jungendum.

- 25. Cusmania, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per et Chil. iii. 37, t. 261.—Sepala erecta, rigidula, imbricata, basi breviter in tubum connata. Petalorum ungues in tubum convoluti v. cohærentes, laminæ in limbum campanulatum 3-fidum connatæ. Stamina plus minus petalorum unguibus adhærentia, filamentis apice liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, lineari-sagittatæ, in annulum circa stigmata intra limbum corollæ connatæ. Ovarium liberum, lata basi affixum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus oblongis v. breviter linearibus erectis. Capsula (Tillandsiæ) 3-gona, septicide dehiscens, valvis subclausis. Semina angusta, numerosa, basi in stipitem longum demum in fila fissum subpappiformem producta.—Caules basi foliati, foliis longis basi dilatatis concavis integerrimis, superioribus ad squamas foliaceas reductis. Spica terminalis, bracteis foliaceis imbricatis, inferioribus viridibus, superioribus coloratis. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii.
- Species 3 v. 4, America tropica ab Ecuadoria usque ad Indiam occidentalem incola. Schult. Syst. vii. 1231. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 163 bis. Lindl. Collect. t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 5220. Lodd. Bot. Cub. t. 462. Fl. des Serres, t. 918, 1089.
- In G. tricolore, Ruiz et Pav., et in G. erythrolepide, Brongn., ei valde affini, spica longa densa bracteis imbricatis quaquaversis; adsunt tamen species 2, altera a Seemannio ad Loja Ecuadoriae lecta, altera Novo-Granatensis, floribus minoribus paucioribus in spica brevi bracteis distichis.
- 26. Tillandsia, Linn. Gen. n. 396. (Renealmia, Linn. Gen. ed. 1, 340, non Linn. f.)-Sepala erecta, rigidula, libera, valde imbricata. Petala libera, decidua, unguibus erectis in tubum conniventibus, laminis patentibus. Stamina intra petala affixa, libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, petalis breviores v. interdum exsertæ. Ovarium superum, lata basi affixum v. rarius toro leviter immersum, ovulis in loculis numerosis ascendentibus; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus brevibus patentibus. Capsula oblonga v. linearis, septicide 3-valvis, exocarpio interdum solubili membranaceo cujusve valvis subplano; valvæ endocarpii v. interdum pericarpii totius marginibus placentiferis inflexis subclause, maturitate inter se solvendæ, quasi carpella libera efficiunt. Semina numerosa, longe linearia, ascendentia, nucleo parvo oblongo basi in stipitem longe filiformem producto, testa tenui ultra nuclcum breviter, secus stipitem longe, in appendicem linearem maturitate in fila numerosa capillaria fissam producta, hec fila demum, a basi (hilo minuto) soluta et in nucleum persistentia, pappum simulant; nuclei stipes ipse capillaris intra fila testæ iis simillimus est; embryo in parte inferiore nuclei sæpius albumine superiore farinaceo longior.—Herbæ epiphyticæ v. saxicolæ, rarissime terrestres; glabræ v. sæpe plus minus furfuraceæ. Folia angusta, integerrima. Spica terminalis simplex v. composita, rarius ad pedunculum 1-florum reducta. Bracteæ variæ. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii.

Species plus minus notre fere 120, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, paucæ usque ad Americam borealem extensæ. Roem. et Schult. Syst. vii. 1199. Walp. Ann. vi. 94. C. Koch, App. 4, Ind. Sem. Hort. Beræl. 1873. Griseb. in Nachr. K. Gesellsch. Wiss. Göttingen, 1864, 14. Wawra in Esterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 182, 218 (Vriesia) et 221 (Tillandsia).

Genus sat polymorphum, a variis auctoribus in plura divisum, sed in integrum servatum naturale est et bene limitatum. Sectiones sequentes præsertim ad inflorescentiam distinctæ.

- 1. Strepsia. Pedunculi 1-flori, 2-3-bracteati, interdum 2-3-flori, floribus singulis 1-bracteatis. Stylus brevis. Indumentum furfuraceum. Strepsia, Nutt. Gen. i. 208, T. vsncoidem et T. recurvatam, includens. Auctores recentiores sectionem ad T. usncoidem, Linn., Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1877, t. 17, Bot. Mag. t. 6309 limitaut, foliis secus caulem elongatum pendulum dissitis. T. recurvata, Nutt., affinesque, foliis in caule brevi confertis, sectionem seu genus formant Diaphoranthema, Beer, Brom. 153. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 236. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 270, f. b, 271, f. a, c.
- 2. Wallisia, Regel. Spica in pedunculo longiusculo simplex, brevis, bracteis distichis. Petalorum lamine amplæ, latæ, patontes. Stylus sæpius ut in Strepsia brevis. Spocies paucæ Americæ australis extratropicæ incolæ. Reg. Gartenfl. xviii. 193, t. 619. Illustr. Hortic. t. 610 (Vriesia). Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1870, t. 12; 1871, t. 20. Phytarrhiza, Vis. in Mem. Istit. Venet. v. 340, cum tab. 1. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1879, t. 20. Amalia, Hort. Hisp., nomen ab Endlichero aliisque memoratum at forte adhuc ineditum. Planta jam anno 1825 in Horto Barcinonensi culta fuit

- sab nomine Amalia assistacola, Bahi. In Wallisiis typicis stylus brevis, stigmatibus brevibus connatis camino Streptia; in T. siphicide, Bot. Mag. t. 5562, Bot. Reg. t. 105, stylus elongatus Platystachya, and spica brevis pauciflora et petalorum laminse ample Wallisia. T. (Wallisia), Hamaleana, Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1870, t. 6, species nobis ignota, ex icone ab hac sectione differt inflorescentia ramosa.
- 3. Platystackya. Spica nunc slongata simplex, nunc seepius plus minus composita, bracteis distichis imbricatis v. dissitis. Petala elongata, basi intus non squamata, laminis parvulis. Stamina haud raro exserta. Stylus elongatus. Species numerose. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 63. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 173, 205. Gaudich. Voy. Bonits t. 67, 68. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 265 ad 268, 270 b. Presl, Rel. Hænk. t. 24. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 288. Bot. Mag. t. 3275, 4288, 5287. Bot. Reg. t. 749. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1869, t. 18; 1871, t. 12; 1872, t. 23; 1876, t. 14, 16; 1877, t, 15, 18; 1878, t. 18; 1879, t. 6, 10; 1880, t. 15. Platystachya, C. Koch ex Beer, Bromel. 80, pro parte. Allandtia, Dietr. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1852, 241; Antoine in Esterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1878, 56, cum ic. Huc etiam certe referenda fide Morrenii, Bonaparta, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 38, quoad B. junceam, t. 262 (Acanthospora, Spr. Syst. ii. 25), fructus analysi in icone Pavoniana falsa. B. strobilantha, Ruiz et Pav. l. c. t. 263, est versimiliter species altern Tillandsiæ e sectione Anoplophyto.
- 4. Vriesia, a Platystachya differt petalis basi intus squamellis 2 instructis. Inflorescentia simplex v. rarius ramo a. Ovarium in specie typica T. psittacina et in T. splendente, Brongn. (Vriesia speciosa, Hook.), toro breviter immersum, in exeteris speciebus lata basi affixum. Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 65, 66, 69, 70. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 25, 26, 86. Bot. Mag. t. 2841, 4382, 4415, 5108, 6014, 6435. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 518, 671. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1870, t. 85; 1874, t. 14; 1875, t. 23; 1878, t. 14; 1880, t. 1, 15. Rlustr. Hortic. t. 516 (pleræque sub Vriesia). Veresia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 10.
- T. (Vriesia) ringens, Griseb., e Cuba et Panama, insignis est floribus maximis in panicula parce ramosa dissitis paucis, perianthio valde incurvo.
- 5. Anoplophytum, a Platystachya differt bracteis in spica brevi v. longiuscula quaquaversis. Bot. Mag. t. 5229, 5246. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1880, t. 11. Anoplophytum, Beer, Brom. 39. Morren, Belg. Hortic. 1878, t. 13; 1881, t. 11.

PITYROFHYLLUM, Beer, Brom. 79, est T. ionantha, Planch. in Fl. des Serres, t. 1006, Bot. Mag. t. 5892, species humilis, floribus paucis longis in medio rosulo foliorum sessilibus, stylo longo exserto; cui addidit Morren, Belg. Hort. 1878, t. 11, T. brachycaulon, Schlecht.

- 6. Conostachya, Griseb. Inflorescentia ramosa, densa, bracteis magnis imbricatis quaquaversis, exterioribus sæpius foliaceis. Species paucæ, andinæ, iconibus nullis adhuc illustratæ. T. Malsinei, Baker, Bot. Mag. t. 6495, ab auctore huc relata, melius a Morrenio inter Vriesias inclusa.
- 27. Catopsis, Griseb. in Nachr. Gesellsch. Wiss. Götting. 1844, 10, 21. (Pogospermum, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, i. 327. Tussacia, Klotzsch ex Beer, Brom. 99, non aliorum.)—Sepala libera, erecta, obtusa, valde imbricata. Petala sepalis vix v. rarius subduplo longiora, libera v. leviter cohærentia, erecta v. apice breviter patentia. Stamina libera, inclusa. Ovarium superum, lata basi affixum, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis; stylus brevissimus v. subnullus, stigmatibus erectis patentibus v. recurvis. Capsula (Tillandsiæ) septicide dehiscens valvis subclausis. Semina ascendentia, oblonga, basi in stipitem hunc semine breviorem rarius longiorem attenuata, apice ultra nucleum in appendicem nunc lævissimam nunc longissimam producta, testa basi et ultra nucleum in fila numerosa capillaria fissa pappum simulans; embryo (ubi notus) ad basin albuminis parvus, in albumen farinaceum breviter intrusus.—Folia in caule brevi membranacea v. crassiuscula, integerrima. Spica terminalis, simplex v. sæpius paniculato-ramosa. Flores secus ramulos rectos v. flexuosos sessiles, remoti v. distiche conferti, quam in Tillandsia minores, bracteis brevibus.

Species ad 8?, Indiæ occidentalis, Mexici et Andium Americæ australis incolæ. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 269, 271 b. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 218. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 40 (omnes sub Tillandsia).

Grisebach errore semina pendula descripsit, appendice stipite nuncupata et vice versa. *Tussacia*, Willd., a Beerio citata, ex charactere manco in Schult. Syst. vii. 10, 57, est planta longo aliena sed adhuc dubia.

## ORDO CLXXII. HEMODORACEE.

Endl. Gen. 170. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 151.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. parum irregulares. Perianthium corollinum v. extus tomentosum lanatumve, supra v. circa ovarium persistens, v. demum circumscisse deciduum, tubo 0 v. plus minus evoluto, segmenta v. lobi 6, distincte 2-seriata, v. specie uniseriatim induplicato-valvata v. plana leviter imbricata. Stamina nunc 6, tubo v. fauci v. lobis ipsis perianthii affixa v. opposita, omnia perfecta v. 1-3 ad staminodia reducta, nunc 3, lobis interioribus opposita; filamenta filiformia, longa v. brevissima, inter se libera, v. ima basi in annulum connata. Antheræ ovatæ oblongæ v. lineares, sæpe sagittatæ, basi v. inter lobos basales v. dorso prope basin affixæ, erectæ v. demum versatiles, loculis 2 parallelis rima longitudinali introrsum v. a latere v. rarius poris terminalibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, semi-inferum v. lata basa excepta intra perianthium liberum, 3-loculare v. rarius septis jam sub anthesi deliquescentibus sub-1loculare. Stylus filiformis v. rarius abbreviatus v. subnullus, apice stigmatoso vix v. parum incrassato 3-sulco, v. rarius stigmata 3 demum brevissime patentia. Ovula in quoque loculo placentæ axili affixa, nunc solitaria v. pauca collateralia hemi-anatropa, nunc co, anatropa. Capsula nunc superne v. omnino libera perianthio persistente vestita, supra basin denudata, loculicide 3-valvis, nunc omnino infera, perianthio coronata, varie dehiscens v. indehiscens. Semina in loculis plurima pauca v. solitaria, v. interdum in toto fructu unicum, globosa oblonga angulata v. plano-compressa; testa crassiuscule membranacea, coriacea v. tenuis. Embryo parvus, a hilo distans v. ei proximus, in foveola marginali situs v. intra marginem albuminis carnosi in canali centrali breviter rarius longius intrusus.

Herbæ perennes, glabræ v. tomento farinoso v. lana intricata vestitæ, rarius pilosæ. Rhizoma breve, tuberosum, haud raro vaginis foliorum emarcidorum fibrosis cormum formans, fibris radicalibus sæpe fasciculatis. Folia ad basin v. infra medium caulem sæpius conferta, sæpe disticha, anguste linearia v. a latere complanata subensiformia, vaginis equitantibus, rarius quaquaversa. Inflorescentia terminalis, nunc ample paniculata v. thyrsoidea, nunc dense cymosa v. simpliciter spicata racemosa capitata v. ad flores 1–2 reducta. Bractæ sæpius parvulæ.

Species enumeratæ ad 120, Australiæ imprimis austro-occidentalis, Africæ australis, Americæ borealis v. australis v. Asiæ mediæ v. orientalis incolæ.

Ordo sat naturalis et accurate limitatus genera continens plurima parva sed inter se bene distincta. Bromeliaceis quodammodo accedit ovario in eadem serie infero semi-infero v. libero, et embryonis situ; folia interdum iis Iridearum accedunt, characteres plures Amaryllidearum, a quibus imprimis embryonis situ distinguendus. Ophiopogoneæ et Conanthereæ, a plerisque botanicis Liliaceis anomalis adscriptæ, ab hoc ordine differunt et Hæmodoraceis melius convenire videntur ovario sæpius plus minus infero, et embryone in albumine intruso nec incluso.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Buhsemedorese. Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincte 2-seriata, interiora exterioribus plus minus obtecta, tubo supra ovarium 0 v. rarius breviter evoluto. Stamina 3 v. rarius 6.

- \* Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis 1-2 v. pauca, collateralia.
- 1. Hæmodorum. Inflorescentia varia, semper glabra. Ovarium fere liberum, loculis 2-ovulatis. Semina peltata.--Australia.
- 2. Wachendorfia. Panicula effusa v. thyrsiformis, sæpe villosa. Perianthium obliquum, segmentis posticis decurrentibus. Ovarium liberum, pilosum, loculis 1-ovulatis. Semina late raliter affixa. Afr. austr.

- 3. SCHIECKIA. Panicula thyrsiformis, villosula. Perianthium sequale, segmentis exterioribus decurrentibus. Ovarium liberum, glabrum, loculis 8-5-ovulatis. Semina in loculis seepius 2.

  —Amer. trop.
- 4. Hagemeachia. Inflorescentia gracilis, ramosa, pedicellis secus ramos geminis. Perianthii segmenta patentia. Filamenta segmentis interioribus alte adnata. Ovarium liberum, loculis 2-ovulatis.—Brasika.
- 5. Dilatris. Inflorescentia cymosa, tomentosa v. viscoso-villosa. Ovarium inferum, loculis 1-ovulatis. Semina plana v. convexiuscula.—Afr. austr.
- 6. LACHNANTHES. Inflorescentia cymosa, tomentoso-lanata. Ovarium inferum, loculis 5-6 ovulatis. Semina pauca, peltata.—Amer. bor.
- 7. BARBERETTA. Racemus gracilis, simplex, glaber. Ovarium liberum, abortu 1-loculare 1-ovulatum.—Afr. austr.
  - \*\* Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis numerosa.
  - 8. XIPHIDIUM. Panicula simplex, glabra. Ovarium liberum.—Amer. trop.
- \*\*\* Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis 1 v. 2, collateralia. Fructus abortu 1-locularis, 1-spermus.
- 9. LANARIA. Inflorescentia cymosa, plumoso-lanata. Perianthii tubus brevis. Filamenta lobis alte adnata. Ovarium fere inferum, loculis 2-ovulatis.—Afr. austr.
- 10. Phlebocarya. Herba ciliato-pilosa. Inflorescentia cymoso-paniculata. Flores parvi, tubo 0. Ovarium inferum, loculis 1-ovulatis, septis sæpe evanidis.—Australia.

# Tribus II. Concetylese. Perianthium persistens; lobi subsequales, specie uniseriatim subvalvatse. Stamina 6. Ovarii loculi (excepta *Macropidia*) co-ovulati.

- 11. TRIBONANTHES. Flores lanati, solitarii v. pauci capitati v. cymosı. Perianthii segmenta patentia, basi in tubum latum subconnata. Filamenta brevia, erecta, in appendices integras v. dentatas producta. Ovarium liberum.—Australia austr. oocid.
- 12. Conostylis. Inflorescentia capitata v. dense cymosa, plumoso-tomentosa v. villosa. Filamenta nuda. Ovarium inferum.—Australia.
- 13. Blancoa. Flores plumoso-lanati, pauci, magni, penduli, racemosi. Perianthium tubulosum, rectum. Ovarium angulis solis adnatum.—Australia austr. occid.
- 14. ANIGOZANTHOS. Flores plumoso-lanati, magni, dense spicati v. racemosi, secundi. Perianthium tubulosum, limbo obliquo. Ovarium inferum. Capsula apice 3-valvis.—Australia austr. occid.
- 15. MACROPIDIA. Flores plumoso-lanati, magni, dense spicati. Perianthium tubulosum, limbo obliquo patente. Ovarium inferum, loculis 1-ovulatis. Semina cum pericarpii valvis a septis persistentibus decidua.—Australia austr. oocid.
- 16. LOPHIOLA. Panicula cymosa, albo-lanata, floribus parvulis. Ovarium fere liberum. Capsula 3-valvis.—Amer. bor.
- 17. Alerreis. Spica longa, simplex, floribus parvulis lepidoto-farinosis. Ovarium semi-inferum. Capsula 3-valvis.—Amer. bor., Asia or.
- \*Tribus III. Ophiopogenese. Perianthium marcescens, sub fructu persistens; segmenta subsequalia, consimilia, plana. Stamina 6. Ovarii loculi 2-ovulati. Pericarpium post anthesin ruptum nec auctum. Semina bacciformia, subglobosa, exserta. Racemus simplex. Flores parvuli.
  - 18. Peliosanthes. Perianthii tubus supra ovarium brevis, limbus rotato-patens. Filamenta brevissima, in annulum faucem perianthii subclaudentem connata, antheris parvis ovatis. Stigma in vertice conico ovarii subsessile. Folia longe petiolata, latiuscula.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
  - 19. Openoposon. Perianthium supra ovarium erecto-patens. Filamenta erecta, distincta, antheris linearibus breviora. Stylus longiusculus. Folia longe linearia v. rarius petiolata latioraque.—Ind. or., Asia or., Japonia.
  - LIRIOPE. Perianthium a basi ovarii patens. Filamenta subhypogyna, distincta, antheris
    oblongis subsequilonga. Stylus columnaris. Folia longe linearia.—Japonia, China.
  - 21. Sansavieria. Perianthii tubus longus, tenuis. Filamenta filiformia. Ovarium liberum, lata basi affixum.—Afr. trop. et austr., Ind. or.

- Tribus TV. Generalierees. Perianthium demum circa v. supra ovarium circamscisse decidum, segmenta subsequalia consimilia v. exteriora parum dissimilia, plana. Stamina v. staminodia 6, sequalia v. 1 v. 8 cesteris dissimilia; antherarum loculi sespius poro terminali v. rarius brevi dehiscentes. Ovarii loculi (excepto Odontostomo) co-ovulati. Capsula superne loculicide dehiscens. Flores laxe paniculati v. rarius racemosi v. solitarii.
  - 22. COMANTHERA. Perianthii tubus campanulatus. Stamina omnia perfecta, antheris consimilibus linearibus in conum conniventibus.—Chili.
  - 23. CYANELLA. Perianthii tubus 0. Stamina omnia perfecta, 3 tamen sæpe cæteris dissimilia.—Afr. austr.
  - 24. ZEPHYRA. Perianthii tubus brevis, angustus. Stamina 4 perfecta, 2 ad staminodia reducta.—Chile.
  - 25. TECOPHILMA. Perianthii tubus brevis, angustus. Stamina 3 perfecta, unilateralia, 3 lateris oppositi ad staminodia reducta.—Chile.
  - 26. Odontostomum. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, lobi patentes v. reflexi. Stamina omnia perfecta, antheris consimilibus ovoideis erectis. Ovarii loculi 2-ovulati.—California.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

Vellozia et Barbacenia, Vand., a nonnullis in *Hæmodoraceis* inclusæ, ad **Amaryllideas** referendæ.

## TRIBUS I. EUHÆMODOREÆ.

1. **Esemodorum**, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 213.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta subsequalia v. exteriora breviora. Stamina 3, ad basin segmentorum interiorum affixa, filamentis liberis sed in flore aperto basi segmentis involutis; antheræ ovatæ oblongæ v. lineares. Ovarium sub anthesi inferum v. vertice plano v. 3-dymo parum prominens, 3-loculare; stylus indivisus, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, placentæ axili crassiusculæ lateraliter affixa, hemianatropa. Capsula superne accreta, sæpe fere omnino supera, 3-dyma, rimis 3 loculicide dehiscens. Semina plana, ovata v. orbiculata, marginibus acutis v. fere in alam productis, placentæ crasso-carnosæ peltatim affixa, collateralia; embryo parvus, a hilo distans, albumine carnoso parum intrusus.—Herbæ erectæ, glabræ, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe crasse carnosis. Caulis basi haud raro leviter incrassatus, reliquiis fibrosis foliorum vetustorum obtectus cormum simulans. Folia radicalia basi vaginantia, equitantia, a latere complanata v. teretia, sæpe longa; caulina pauca, breviora. Flores sæpius parvuli, ad apicem caulis capitati fasciculati cymosi paniculati v. interrupte spicati. Bracteæ parvæ. Perianthii segmenta circa fructum persistentia. Inflorescentia siccitate nigra, glaberrima.

Species 17, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 418. Endl. Iconogr. t. 98. Hook. Io. Pl. t. 866. Bot. Mag. t. 1610.

2. Wachendorfia, Linn. Gen. n. 61. (Pedilonia, Presl, Nov. Pl. Gen., Prage, 1829, cum ic.)—Perianthium obliquum, tubo 0; segmenta angusta v. obovato-oblonga, exteriora præsertim posticum a cæteris sæpe dissimilia in pedicellum decurrentia, interiora 2 postica basi exterioribus adnata, anticum a basi liberum. Stamina 3, ima basi segmentorum interiorum affixa v. fere libera, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ sagittatæ, subversatiles. Ovarium basi latiuscula affixum, cæterum liberum, dense pilosum, 3-dymum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, sæpe basi flexus, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa, hemianatropa. Capsula 3-dyma, lobis a latere valde compressis acutis quasi 3-alata, 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa, testa in W. thyrsiflora lævi, in W. paniculata dense echinata; embryo parvus, oblongus v. anguste conicus, albumine carnoso duriusculo semi-immersus.—Rhizoma breve, in tubera oblonga v. globosa incrassatum. Caulis erectus, basi interdum incrassatus. Folia pauca, ensiformia v. rarius linearia, interdum magna, plus minus plicatovenosa. Panicula terminalis, nunc ampla effusa, nunc longa anguste thyrsiformis floribunda, sæpe villosa. Flores flavi.

Species enumerate 7, sed vix 3 bene distincts videntur, Africa australis incola. Ram. et Schult. Syst. i. 485. Gartn. Fruct. t. 15. Sm. Ic. Pict. t. 5. Red. Lil. t. 93. Andr. Bot. Rep. 398. Bot. Mag. t. 614, 616, 1060, 1166, 2610.

3. Schieckia, Meisen. Gen. Pl. 397; Comm. 300. (Troschelia, Klotsch in Rich. Schomb. Reise, 1066.)—Perianthium vix obliquum, tubo 0; segmenta angusta, exteriora ad pedicellum sequaliter decurrentia, interiora 2 postico breviter adnata, anticum a basi liberum. Stamina perfecta 3, quorum 1 basi segmento antico affixum, 2 segmentis superioribus opposita vix tamen adnata, adsunt etiam interdum staminodia 1-2 ananthera segmentis exterioribus opposita. Ovarium basi lata affixum, cæterum liberum, glabrum, 3-dymum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis pauca, sæpius 3-5, hemianatropa, pendula. Capsula 3-dyma, lobis acutiusculis omnino Wachendorfiæ, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in quoque loculo sæpius 2 perfecta.—Rhizoma breve, subtuberosum. Caules elati. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, ensiformia v. linearia, venosa. Panicula anguste thyrsiformis, floribunda, villosula. Flores nutantes, quam in Wachendorfia minores, perianthio circa capsulam persistente.

Species 1, Brasiliæ, Guianæ et Venezuelæ incola. H. B. et K. Nov Gen. et Sp. t. 698 (Wachendorfia).

4. Eagenbachia, Nees et Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xi. 18, t. 2.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta subsequalia, patentia. Stamina 3, filamentis segmentis interioribus alte adnatis, antheræ prope apicem segmentorum fere sessiles, breves, cordatæ. Ovarium liberum, 3-dymum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia. Capsula 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina compressa.—Fibræ radicales fasciculatæ. Folia radicalia conferta, longa, laxe ensiformia, striata. Scapus subaphyllus, tenuis, ramosus. Flores parvi, breviter pedicellati, pedicellis geminis per paria secus ramos dissitis. Bracteæ parvæ. (Char. ex Nees et Mart.)

Species 1, Brasiliensis, a nobis non visa. Ram. et Schult. Syst. i. Mant. 353.

5. Dilatris, Berg, Pl. Cap. 9, t. 3, f. 5.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta subsequalia, ovata subscariosa, v. angusta viscoso-villosa. Stamina 3, ad basin segmentorum interiorum affixa, filamentis erectis liberis longiusculis rigidulis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, versatiles. Ovarium globosum v. ovoideum, fere omnino inferum, apice brevissime liberum, convexum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis solitaria, placentæ crassæ v. peltatæ lateraliter affixa. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, demum loculicide 3-valvis?. Semina in loculis solitaria, orbiculata v. late ovata, plana v. concaviuscula, testa nigra.—Rhizoma breve, crassum. Caulis erectus, rigidulus, præter inflorescentiam simplex. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, disticha, equitantia, ensiformia v. linearia, rigidula. Inflorescentia terminalis, cymosa, plus minus composita, in D. corymbosa, Thunb. tenuiter subfloccoso-tomentosa, in D. viscosa, Thunb. viscoso-villosa.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolse. Ram. et Schult. Syst. i. 483 (excl. D. Heritiera). Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 182. Sm. Exct. Bot. t. 16.

6. Lachmanthes, Ell. Bot. S. Car. and Georg. i. 47. (Heritiera, Gmel. Syst. Nat. ii. 113, non Ait. Gyrotheca, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 327, absque char.)—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta angusta, 3 exteriora paullo minora. Stamina 3, ad basin segmentorum interiorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus segmentis sublongioribus; antheræ oblongæ, versatiles. Ovarium inferum, vertice planum, 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis pauca (ad 6), circa marginem placentæ peltatæ stipitatæ collateraliter affixa. Capsula globosa (demum 3-valvis?). Semina pauca, orbiculata, plana, placentæ peltatim affixa, omnino Hæmodori.—Rhizoma brevissimum, interdum stoloniferum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Caulis præter inflorescentiam simplex. Folia pauca, longa, plana, angusta, disticha, basi equitantia. Inflorescentia terminalis, dense cymosa, plus minus composita, tomentoso-lanata. Flores quam in Lophiola paullo majores, perianthio persistente tomentoso-lanato.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 4 (Heritiera).

7. Barberetta, Harv. Gen. S. Afr. Pl. ed. 2, 377.—Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta subsequalia, patentia, tenuia, glabra. Stamina 3, ad basin segmentorum interiorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus segmenta superantibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, dorso supra basin

affixæ. Ovarium liberum, glabrum, obliquum, loculo 1 perfecto, 1 v. 2 parvis vacuis; stylus filiformis, terminalis sed ob loculos 2 vacuos excentricus apparet, stigmate vix incrassato; ovulum in loculo perfecto 1, placentæ crassiusculæ lateraliter affixum. Fructus . . .—Caulis prope basin in tuber globosum incrassatus. Folia pauca, plana, laxiuscula, flaccida, venis ad 5 cæteris validioribus percursa. Racemus terminalis, elongatus, gracilis, simplex. Pedicelli filiformes 1-flori, basi bractea lineari complicata amplexi. Perianthium aureum, tenuiter petaloideum, parvulum.

Species 1, Africa australia incola.

8. **Esphidium**, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 33, t. 11.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta æqualia, oblonga, patentia, basi non decurrentia. Stamina 3, ad basin segmentorum interiorum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, majusculæ, erectæ. Ovarium liberum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, apice stigmatoso obtuso 3-sulco; ovula in loculis numerosa, pendula. Capsula globosa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, parvula, subglobosa v. leviter angulata, testa verruculosa; embryo ad marginem albuminis duriusculi leviter intrusus.—Rhizoma breve. Folia latiuscule linearia v. longe lanceolata, disticha, membranacea, equitantia. Flores parvuli, glabri, secus ramos simplices paniculæ breviter pedicellati, unilaterales.

Species a nonnullis distinguuntur 2, apud alios unius varietates sunt, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem incolæ. Ræm. et Schult. Syst. i. 487, Mant. 320. Walp. Ann. i. 842. Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 252. Bot. Mag. t. 5055.

9. **Eanaria**, Ait. Hort. Kew. i. 462. (Argolasia, Juss. Gen. 60. Augea, Retz, Obs. v. 3, absque char.)—Perianthium supra ovarium breviter tubulosum; lobi lineares, tubo sublongiores, exteriores paullo breviores. Stamina 6, filamentis lobis perianthii alte adnatis apice breviter liberis; antheræ oblongæ, versatiles. Ovarium fere inferum, apice conico intra perianthium breviter libero, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, a latere prope basin affixa. Capsula subglobosa, perianthio coronata, vix dehiscens, abortu 1-locularis, 1 sperma. Semen globosum, testa coriacea fere crustacea nigra nitida, albumine carnoso; embryo minimus.—Rhizoma breve, lignosum. Caulis basi fibris rigidis foliorum vetustorum reliquiis obtectus, validus, præter inflorescentiam simplex. Folia subradicalia, longe linearia, plana, rigidula, venosa. Inflorescentia terminalis, cymosa, plus minus composita, undique lana plumosa densissime obtecta.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Ræm. et Schult. Syst. vii. 294. Schnitzl. Iconogr. i. t. 62. Lam. Illustr. t. 34 (Argolasia).

10. Phlebocarya, R. Br. Prod. 301.—Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta subsequalia. Stanfina 6, ad basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, basifixæ, lineares, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes. Ovarium inferum, primum 3-loculare, sed septis sæpe jam sub anthesi deliquescentibus mox 1-loculare v. valde imperfecte septatum; stylus subulatus, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis solitaria, a basi ascendentia. Fructus indehiscens, perianthio persistente coronatus. Semen sæpius abortu unicum, erectum, testa membranacea, albumine carnoso.—Herbæ pilosæ, rhizomate brevi. Folia radicalia fasciculata, anguste linearia v. subulata, longiuscula, rigidula, sæpius ciliata. Scapi seu caules florentes inter folia aphylli iisque breviores, tenues, sæpius 2-fidi v. dichotomi. Flores ad apices ramorum parvuli, dense v. laxe cymulosi, cymulis sæpius paniculatis.

Species 8, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 424. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1175, 1176.

# TRIBUS II. CONOSTYLEÆ.

11. Tribonanthes, Endl. Nov. Stirp. Dec. 27; Iconogr. t. 109.—Perianthii segmenta subsequalia, basi in tubum brevem campanulatum connata v. conniventia, laminis patenti-

bus. Stamina 6, filamentis tubo perianthii applicitis v. adnatis, superne breviter erectis in appendices 2 breves integras v. dentatas productis; antheres asgittates, inter appendices filamenti affixe, connectivo seepe ultra loculos producto. Ovarium liberum, 3-loculare, apice conico in stylum brevem producto; ovula in loculis numerosa, placentes  $\infty$ -seriatim affixa. Capsula apice conico perianthio persistente inclusa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, obovata, plano-compressa.—Rhizoma v. caudex brevis, in tubera plura subglobosa tunicis membranaceis involuta incrassatus. Caulis simplex, foliis paucis linearibus. Flores dense lanati, ad apicem caulis solitarii, v. pauci in oymam v. capitulum terminale conferti. Bracteæ parvæ v. rarius una alterave capitulum æquans.

Species 5, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 426.

12. Conestyiis, R. Br. Prod. 300.—Perianthii tubus supra ovarium campanulatus v. breviter cylindraceus, rarius 0 v. longiusculus; lobi subæquales, specie 1-seriati, fere induplicato-valvati, v. 3 interiores paullo minores. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, basi sagittatæ. Ovarium inferum v. semi-inferum, apice conicum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, apice stigmatoso vix incrassato 3-sulco v. breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis co, sæpe numerosa, placentis stipitatis affixa. Capsula apice conico loculicide 3-valvis. Semina, ubi nota, pauca, oblonga, rugulosa; embryo prope hilum parvus, vix albumini carnosulo intrusus.—Rhizoma breve, interdum stolonifer, v. caulis ipse basi fasciculato-ramosus v. quasi prolifer. Folia ad basin caulis v. ramorum conferta, sæpe disticha, linearia subteretia v. a latere complanata rigidulaque. Scapi v. pedunculi inter foliorum fasciculos nunc brevissime 1-2-flori, nunc plus minus elongati, nudi v. paucisquamati. Flores in capitulum v. cymam densam terminalem conferti, cum inflorescentia tota plus minus plumoso-tomentosi v. villosi.

Species 32, omnes Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 428. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austr. ix. 50.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:-

- 1. Brachycaulon. Perianthium usque ad ovarium in segmenta 6 divisum. Antherarum loculi a basi discreti, penduli. Placentæ parvæ, pauciovulatæ.
- 2. Catospora. Perianthii tubus plus minus evolutus. Antheræ sagittatæ. Placentæ cujusve loculi recurvæ, dilatatæ, subtus co-ovulatæ. Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 6. A. Rich. Sert. Astrolab. t. 28 (quoad placentas male). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 853. Fl. des Serres, t. 259.
- 3. Euconostylis. Perianthii tubus plus minus evolutus. Antheræ sagittatæ. Placentæ stipitatæ, vix recurvæ, ovulis numerosis undique obtectæ. Bot. Mag. t. 2989.
- 4. Androstemma. Perianthii tubus elongatus, lobis angustis. Filamenta elongata. Placentæ peltatæ, margine co-ovulatæ. Androstemma, Lindl. Swan Riv. App. 46. Field, Sert. Pl. t. 33.
- 13. Mancoa, Lindl. Swan Riv. App. 45.—Perianthium cylindraceum, tubo longo; lobi æquales, erecti, breves, fere induplica o-valvati. Stamina 6, ad apicem tubi affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovato-oblongæ. Ovarium tubo perianthii inclusum eique angulis 3 adnatum, inter angulos fere a basi liberum, apice breviter conicum, 3-loculare; stylus longe filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis co, placentæ adnatæ affixa. Capsula perianthio persistente inclusa, apice conico loculicide 3-valvis. Semina pauca, oblonga, striata.—Caules breves, in rhizomate fasciculati v. ima basi ramosi. Folia conferta, disticha, equitantia, linearia, a latere complanata, rigidula. Flores ad apicem caulis pauci, majusculi, breviter racemosi, penduli, dense plumoso-lanati.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 441.

14. Anigosanthes, Labill. Voy. i. 409, t. 22. (Anigosia, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 327. Schwægrichenia, Spreng. Syst. ii. 26.)—Perianthium subcylindraceum, plus minus incurvum, tubo longo superne parum v. vix ampliato, latere inferiore sæpe profunde fisso; limbus obliquus, lobis lanceolatis angustisve subvalvatis, inferioribus sæpius altius solutis. Stamina ad spicem tubi inæqualiter affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ ovatæ v. breviter oblongæ. Ovarium inferum, apice planum v. conicum; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stig-

mate parum v. vix incrassato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , sæpius numerosa, placentæ prominenti affixa. Capsula intra perianthium persistens, apice breviter loculicide 3-valvis. Semina perfecta pauca, testa crassiuscula striata v. rugosa.—Rhizoma sæpius crassum, horizontale. Caulis validus. Folia pleraque radicalia, linearia v. ensiformia, interdum teretia, vix disticha. Inflorescentia simplex v. dichotome ramosa, undique plumoso-lanata. Flores magni, secus ramorum v. pedunculi apicem breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles, conferti, rubri purpurascentes virides v. flavescentes.

Species 8, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 441. Red. Lil. t. 176. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 97. Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 1151, 3875, 4180, 4507. Bot. Reg. t. 2102 et 1838, t. 37. Maund, Botanist, t. 67. Paxt. Mag. v. 271, cum ic. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 265. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 40.

15. Macropidia, Drumm. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 57.—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme, incurvum, tubo superne in faucem ampliato; limbus valde obliquus, lobis longiusculis angustis subvalvatis sub anthesi patentibus. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis longis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares. Ovarium inferum, apice truncatum, 3-loculare; stylus elongatus filiformis, stigmate leviter clavato; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa. Fructus perianthio coronatus, siccus, 3-locularis, pericarpio demum in valvas 3 a basi soluto, septis duplicatis crassis cartilagineis demum induratis ad axin connatis post semina delapsa persistentibus. Semina in loculis solitaria, 3-quetra, cum pericarpii valvis adnatis sigillatim decidua, testa coriacea; embryo prope basin albuminis carnosi minutus.—Rhizoma crassum caulis validus et habitus Anigozanthi. Indumentum plumoso-lanatum, præsertim in floribus atrum. Folia longe ensiformia, striata. Inflorescentia dichotome ramosa. Flores magni, ad apices ramorum dense spicati, secundi.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 446 (errore Macropodia). Bot. Mag. t. 4291 (Anigozanthos).

16. **Eophiols**, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1596.—Perianthium campanulatum, alte divisum, lobis subvalvatis alternis paullo minoribus. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, juxta basin affixæ, demum sæpius recurvæ. Ovarium basi adnatum, cæterum liberum, apice conicum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , placentis adnatis 2-seriatim affixa, ascendentia. Capsula perianthio persistente inclusa basique adnata, ab apice conico loculicide 3-valvis. Semina plurima, ascendentia, oblongo-teretia, leviter incurva, testa tenui albida; embryo parvus, intra basin albuminis carnosi leviter intrusus.—Rhizoma tenuiter stoloniferum. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, linearia, plana, disticha, equitantia. Panicula terminalis, subdichotome cymosa, densiuscula, undique lana albida vestita. Flores parvuli, flavidi, perianthio extus dense lanato.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. A. Gray, Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. 5, 514. Pursh, Fl. Bor. Amer, t. 6 (Conostylis).

17. Aletris, Linn. Gen. n. 428. (Stachyopogon, Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. 49, t. 94.)—Perianthium tubuloso-campanulatum, lobis brevibus subæqualibus subvalvatis erecto-patentibus. Stamina 6, ad basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ. Ovarium ima basi v. ad medium inferum, superne liberum, conicum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis v. longiusculus, 3-partibilis, stigmate vix incrassato; ovula in quoque loculo  $\infty$ , placentæ elongatæ 2-seriatim affixa. Capsula basi infera, cæterum perianthio persistente inclusa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina parva, oblonga.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Folia radicalia v. ad basin scapi conferta, lanceolata v. linearia. Scapus elongatus, simplex, aphyllus. Flores parvuli, punctis lepidotis minutis obtecti quasi farinosi, in spicam longam simplicem primum densam demum laxam dispositi, singuli ad axillam bracteæ parvæ sessiles v. breviter pedicellati.

Species ad 8, Americae borealis, Japoniae, Chinae, Indiae orientalis et Borneo incolae. Ram. et Schult. Syst. vii. 626. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 8 (Wurmbea). Bot. Mag. t. 1418. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1161.

## TRIBUS III. OPHIOPOGONEZ.

18. Peliesanthes, Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 605, 634. (Teta, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 24, nomen; Fl. Ind. ii. 165. Bulbospermum, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 15.)—Perianthii tubus supra ovarium brevis, late campanulatus; limbus rotato-patens, lobis 6 latis obtusis subæqualibus. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis in annulum faucem subclaudentem connatis; antheræ in annulo subsessiles, ovatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium vertice conico excepto inferum, 3-loculare; stigma in vertice ovarii sessile, 3-lobum; ovula in loculis 2, a basi erecta, anatropa. Pericarpium post anthesin ruptum nec auctum. Semina abortu perpauca, in fructu sæpe solitaria, maturatione exserta, oblonga v. globosa, bacciformia, basi reliquiis emarcidis floris imposita, testa crassa carnosa v. succulenta; embryo oblongus, acuminatus, intra basin albuminis carnosi duriusculi plus minus intrusus.—Rhizoma breviter horizontale. Folia radicalia longe petiolata, lanceolata v. latiuscula, utrinque acuminata, venis elevatis subplicata, petiolis basi vaginis imbricatis subdistichis stipatis. Flores parvuli, virentes v. luride violacei, in spica v. racemo simplici dispositi, ad bracteas scariosas solitarii v. rarius fasciculati, breviter pedicellati.

Species ad 8, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 306. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 503. Red. Lil. t. 415. Wight, Ic. t. 2051, 2052. Bot. Mag. t. 1302, 1532.

19. Ophtopogon, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1063. (Flueggia, L. C. Rich. in Schrad. Neues Journ. ii. 8, t. 1, f. A, non Willd. Slateria, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. 243. Chloopsis, Blume, Emm. Pl. Jav. 14.)—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta supra ovarium distincta, subsequalia, sub anthesi patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, vertice lato planum v. medio depressum, 3-loculare; stylus longiuscule columnaris, stigmate parvo 3-dentato; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, erecta, anatropa. Pericarpium post anthesin ruptum nec auctum. Semina abortu perpauca, interdum solitaria, maturatione exserta, globosa v. oblonga, bacciformia, basi reliquiis emarcidis floris imposita, testa crassa carnosa v. succulenta; embryo teres, intra basin albuminis carnosi interdum fere ad medium intrusus.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, fibris radicalibus interdum tuberoso-incrassatis, v. stoloniferum. Caulis foliatus brevissimus, v. interdum magis evolutus simplex. Folia nunc conferta longeque linearia Liriopis, nunc oblongo-lanceolata in petiolum angustata, fere Peliosanthis, vaginis imbricatis margine sæpe scariosis. Scapi v. pedunculi inter folia radicalia 1-2 v. in caule foliato solitarii terminales. Racemus simplex, bracteis parvis scariosis. Flores violacei cærulescentes v. albi, quam in Liriope interdum paullo majores, ad quamvis bracteam sæpe fasciculati, breviter v. longiuscule pedicellati.

Species 4, Indiæ orientalis et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Japoniam incolæ. Kunth, Enum. v. 301 (Flueggea). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 500 (Flueggea). Red. Lil. t. 80 (Convallaria). Wight, Ic. t. 2050. Royle, Illustr. Pl. Himal. t. 96. Lodd. Bot. Cab. 1876.

20. Zártope, Lour. Fl. Coch. 200. (Ophiopogon, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 297, et auct. plur.) —Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta circa ovarium distincta, subæqualia, per anthesin patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus erectis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, filamento breviores, basifixæ, loculis subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium superum, toro carnoso tamen medio leviter immersum, vertice leviter depressum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate parvo 3-dentato; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, erecta, anatropa. Pericarpium post anthesin ruptum nec auctum. Semina abortu perpauca, interdum solitaria, maturatione exserta, globosa, bacciformia, basi reliquiis emarcidis floris imposita, testa crassa carnosa v. succulenta; embryo teres, intra basin albuminis carnosi duriusculi breviter intrusus.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, interdum stoloniferum. Caulis brevissimus, foliis confertis longe linearibus, vaginis brevibus membranaceis v. margine scariosis imbricatis. Scapi v. pedunculi inter folia 1-2, elongati, simplices. Flores

parvuli, violacei v. albidi, racemosi, ad bracteas scariosas fasciculati, pedicellis apice articulatis.

Species 1, Japoniæ et Chinæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 499. Bot. Mag. t. 5848. Bot. Reg. t. 593. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 694. Ker in Bot. Mag. sub t. 1063 hanc speciem dubie tantum ad genus suum Ophiopogonem junxit, a botanicis recentioribus iterum separatur sed a pluribus infauste sub nomine Keriano descripta, Loureiriano antiquiore neglecto.

21. Sansevieria, Thunb. Prod. Pl. Cap. 65. (Acyntha, Medik. Theodora, 76. Salmia, Cav. Ic. iii. 24, t. 246.)—Perianthii tubus tenuis, nunc longissimus, apice in faucem parum ampliatus; lobi angusti, æquales, subpatentes, demum interdum fere ad medium tubum solvendi. Stamina 6, tubo ad basin segmentorum affixa iisque æqualia v. parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorsifixæ, loculis discretis medio sæpe breviter tantum connexis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium liberum, toro crassiusculo lata basi affixum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate parum dilatato indiviso; ovula in loculis solitaria, erecta. Pericarpium tenuissime membranaceum, post anthesin stylo delapso mox deliquescens nec auctum. Semina 1-3, nunc omnia perfecta magna globosa bacciformia basi inter se cohærentia, nunc 1 v. 2 parva, abortiva, testa laxa crassiuscula carnosa v. succulenta, integumento interno tenui appresso; embryo intra basin albuminis carnosi intrusus, teres.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, interdum stoloniferum. Folia rosulata, crassa, cartilaginea, intus fibrosa, sæpe elongata, subplana v. teretia. Scapus simplex, elatus, validus. Flores mediocres v. longi, in racemo sæpe denso ad bracteas scariosas fasciculati, pedicellis apice articulatis.

Species enumeratæ 10, Africæ tropicæ et australis et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 15. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 546; in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 253. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 84 (Aletris). Red. Lil. t. 290, 330. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 184. Lindb. in Act. Soc. Sc. Fenn. x. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 1179, 2634, 5093. Bot. Reg. t. 160.

### TRIBUS IV. CONANTHEREÆ.

22. Conanthera, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 68, t. 301. (Cumingia, Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 257, et ser. 2, t. 88.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi nunc brevissimo; lobi longiores, oblongi, subæquales, per anthesin patentes v. reflexi. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, lobis breviora, omnia perfecta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ erectæ, lineares, in conum conniventes, loculis apice v. fere ad basin introrsum dehiscentibus, connectivo membranaceo ultra loculos in acumen integrum v. 2-fidum producto. Ovarium semi-inferum v. vertice convexo excepto inferum, 3-loculare; stylus subulatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula, basi turbinata excepta, supera, ovoideo-3-quetra, apice loculicide dehiscens. Semina ovoidea, testa appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso longiuscule intrusus.—Cormus hypogæus, tunicis fibroso-reticulatis. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis pauca, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata. Caulis erectus, superne paniculato-ramosus, bracteis minimis. Flores cærulei, laxe paniculati, pedicellis ebracteolatis.

Species 3 (v. 4?), Chilenses. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 493. Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 506, 507, t. 53 (Conanthera et Cumingia). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 214. Bot. Mag. t. 2496. Bot. Reg. t. 1193. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 904.

Cumingia, Don, ab auctoribus distinguitur perianthii segmentis altius in tubum subcampanulatum connatis v. conniventibus, minusque superne patentibus; tubus tamen adest in specie typica Pavoniana, etsi brevior, et in C. trimaculata, Don in Sweet Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 88, multo brevior delineatur quam in C. campanulata, Don.

23. Cyanella, Linn. Gen. n. 420.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta usque ad ovarium distincta v. ima basi brevissime connata, patentia, subæqualia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa, omnia perfecta at sæpe dimorpha, filamentis brevissimis v. filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, erectæ, obtusæ, ecalcaratæ, loculis apice breviter v. rima longiore introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium semi-inferum, v. basi lata concava

excepta superum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ovoidea, testa appressa, embryo in albumine carnoso intrusus.—Cormus fibroso-tunicatus, v. (ex icone *C. orchioidis*) rhisoma crasse tuberosum annulatum. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis pauca, lanceolata v. linearia. Caulis simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores violacei rosei fiavi v. albi, laxe racemosi paniculati v. solitarii, pedicellis ebracteolatis. Bracteæ parvæ v. obsoletæ.

Species 4 v. 5, Africa australis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 635. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. 496. Jaog. Ic. Rar. t. 447; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 35. Red. Lil. t. 373. Gartn. Fruct. t. 17. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 141. Bot. Mag. t. 568, 1252. Bot. Reg. t. 1111. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 732. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 259.

TRIGELLA, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 46, est C. alba, Linn., foliis radicalibus lineari-teretibus scapisque 1-floris dense fasciculatis, antheris omnibus sequalibus consimilibus. Pharetrella, Salisb. l. c. 47, est C. orchiformis, Jacq., foliis latiusculis, caule co-floro, antheris 3 majoribus filamentis brevibus, 3 minoribus filamentis longioribus. In ceteris speciebus folia linearia v. lanceolata, caulis co-florus, anthera una ceteris sepius major, filamento breviore.

24. Zephyra, Don in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. xiii. 236. (Dicolus, Philippi, Descr. Pl. Nuev. ii. (1873), 74.)—Perianthium basi breviter et anguste tubulosum; lobi multo longiores, obovato-oblongi, plani, subæquales. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis multo breviora, 4 perfecta quorum 3 collateralia, filamentis brevibus, staminodia 2, staminibus perfectis uno latere alterna, linearia, apiculo parvo instructa; antheræ perfectorum oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, basi calcaratæ, loculis apice poris v. rimis brevibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium semi-inferum v. ad  $\frac{2}{3}$  superum, 3-loculare; stylus subulatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula, basi turbinata excepta, supera, ovoideo-3-quetra, apice loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea, testa laxiuscula; embryo in albumine carnoso longiuscule intrusus.—Rhizoma profunde hypogæum a nobis non visum. Caulis erectus, paucifoliatus, superne paniculato-ramosus. Folia linearia v. infima lineari-lanceolata, basi longe vaginata, superiora in bracteas parvas abeuntia. Flores cærulei, laxe subcorymboso-paniculati, pedicellis tenuibus ebracteolatis.

Species 1, Chilensis. Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 503, t. 53. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 495.

25. Tecephilma, Bert.; Colla in Mem. Accad. Sc. Torin. xxxix. 19, t. 55. (Distrepta, Miers, Trav. Chil. ii. 529, ex eod. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 504. Phyganthus, Papp. et Bndl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 71, t. 200. Peppigia, Kunze in Reichb. Consp. 212a.)—Perianthium supra ovarium breviter et anguste tubulosum; lobi multo longiores, obovato-oblongi, plani, subæquales. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis multo breviora, 3 perfecta, unilateralia, filamentis brevibus basi dilatatis, 3 staminodia ad latus alterum floris linearia, apiculo parvo instructa; antheræ perfectorum oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, basi calcaratæ, loculis apice poris v. rimis brevibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium vertice conico excepto inferum, 3-loculare; stylus subulatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis &, 2-seriata. Capsula vertice conico loculicide dehiscens. Semina &, ovoidea, testa appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso longiuscule intrusus.—Cormus hypogæus, fibroso-tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca v. unicum, basi vagina longa scariosa inclusa, lamina patente lineari v. lanceolata. Scapus basi cum foliis vagina inclusus, cæterum aphyllus, 1-florus v. laxe pauciflorus. Flores cærulei, pedicello longiusculo nudo v. prope basin bracteola parva instructo.

Species 2, Chilenses. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 495. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 718.

26. Odentestomum, Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 94 (150), t. 24.—Perianthium hypocrateriforme, tubo cylindraceo æquali; lobi 6, subæquales, patentes v. reflexi; coronæ squamellæ 6, lineares, breves, lobis alternæ, ad faucem ab annulo stamineo bene distinctæ. Stamina 6, fauci intra squamellæ æqualiter affixa, lobis breviora, filamentia

inferne complanatis basi in annulum connatis; antheræ erectæ, basifixæ, ovoideæ, didymæ, loculis poro terminali dehiscentibus. Ovarium basi lata excepta superum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralis, ascendentia. Capsula basi lata excepta supera, subglobosa, 3-dyma, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2, obovoidea, erecta, testa appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso longiuscule intrusus.—Cormus fibroso-tunicatus. Caulis erectus, ramosus. Folia linearia, pleraque infra medium caulem conferta, longe vaginata, sub ramis solitaria, minora. Flores parvuli, albidi v. flavidi, secus ramos racemosi, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ sub pedicellis lineares, summæ minimæ, bracteola in pedicello parva.

Species 1, Californica. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 160. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 436 (Odontostemum).

### ORDO CLXXIII. IRIDEE.

Endl. Gen. 164. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 159. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 61. Klatt, Ergänzungen und Berichtigungen zu Baker's Systema, Halle, 1882 (ex Abhandl. Naturf. Gesellsch. Halle, xv.).

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. oblique irregulares. Perianthium supra ovarium v. ovarii rostrum corollinum, marcescens, demum deciduum, tubo 0 v. plus minus evoluto; segmenta v. lobi 6, distincte 2-seriata, nunc omnia subæqualia similiaque, nunc interiora exterioribus minora v. majora v. forma nec textu dissimilia, v. limbus obliquus lobis posterioribus majoribus. Stamina 3, segmentis lobisve exterioribus opposita, tubo v. fauci affixa v. plus minus segmentis adnata; filamenta filiformia, libera v. plus minus in tubum coalita. Anthera ovatæ oblongæ v. lineares, nunc erectæ basifixæ v. breviter supra basin dorsifixæ, nunc plus minus sagittatæ inter lobos basales affixæ demumque versatiles, loculis 2 parallelis contiguis v. connectivo angusto separatis, rimis longitudinalibus extrorsum v. lateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, usque ad apicem 3-loculare v. rarius in rostrum tenue solidum productum, placentis axilibus, v. rarissime 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus filiformis, superne sæpissime 3-fidus, ramis subulatis v. apice varie dilatatis appendiculatisve, indivisis 2-fidis v. laceris, summo vertice v. superne introrsum stigmatosis. Ovula in quoque loculo  $\infty$ , sepius numerosa, rarius ad 1-2 reducta, anatropa. Capsula globosa obovoidea oblonga v. rarius linearis, interdum 3-dyma v. 3-loba, perianthio delapso annulo prominente v. linea circulari (perianthii basi v. cicatrice) coronata, intra annulum haud raro latiuscule plana v. leviter convexa (false operculata dicta), ab apice v. usque ad basin in valvas 3 loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca v. numerosa, 2-seriatim superposita, rarius in loculis solitaria, funiculis brevibus sæpius brevissimis, estrophiolata, globosa v. mutua pressione angulata v. interdum compressoplana; testa membranacea v. leviter spongioso-incrassata. Albumen corneum, semen implens. Embryo parvus, a hilo parum distans, intra albumen perfecte inclusus.

Herbæ perennes. Rhizoma nunc lignosum, nunc repens v. stoloniferum, nunc brevissimum fibras fasciculatas emittens a cormi nucleo non distinctum, intordum in caudicem erectum infra folia brevissimum v. rarius elongatum ramosumque productum. Caules herbacei, in rhizomate fasciculati v. unicus terminalis, v. rhizomate non evoluto basi cum foliorum vetustiorum vaginis in bulbum seu cormum tunicatum incrassati; interdum supra bulbum brevissimi v. obsoleti. Folia ad basin caulis v. caudicis ramorum plerumque conferta, nunc circa caulem fasciculata et anguste linearia, nunc sæpius disticha, a latere complanata basi vaginata et equitantia, in caule ipso sæpius pauca v. præter floralis et spathas 0. Inflorescentia terminalis v. ex axilla folii floralis simplex v. ramosa, v. interdum pedunculi plures fasciculati. Spathæ (bracteæ spathaceæ) terminales v. laterales, membranaceæ scariosæ v. herbaceæ striatæque, concavæ v. complicatse, flores bracteasque 1-∞ amplectentes v. arcte includentes. Flores si solitarii sessiles v. rarius

pedicellati, si plures seepius pedicellati, revera intra spatham in cymam unirameam (ripidium) dispositi, sed rhachi brevissima fasciculati apparent, perianthio solo spatham superante. Bractee intra spatham tot quot flores, rarissime in apatha uniflora desunt, interdum spathæ subsimiles nisi breviores haud raroque magis scariosæ, interdum in spatha uniflora ea sublatiores 2-nerves 2-carinatæ v. 2-fidæ. Capsulæ maturæ intra spatham sessiles inclusæque v. pedicello accrescente rarius ab initio e spatha exsertæ.

Species notæ paullo ultra 700, per regiones temperatas tropicasque utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in regione Mediterranea et Africa australi copiosissimæ, in America tamen haud raræ, in Australia plurimæ, in Asia paucæ.

Ordo facile distinctus, Amaryllideis accedit ovario infero et seminum structura, sed constanter differt staminibus 3 solis segmentis exterioribus perianthii oppositis evolutis, et antheris extrorsum v. a latere nec introrsum dehiscentibus.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Stamina 2 sola perfecta, filamento tertio ananthero in Diplarrhena.

Ovarium uniloculare placentis 3 parietalibus in *Hermodactylo*; apice in rostrum tenue perianthii tubum simulans productum in speciebus nonnullis *Iridis* et *Morææ*.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus 1. Moreces. Spathæ terminales v. pedunculatæ, rarissime paucæ secus caulem subsessiles. Flores in spatha 2-∞, rarissime ad unum reducti, pedicellati v. rarius subsessiles. Bracteæ intra spatham concavæ v. carinatæ, floribus oppositæ. Styli rami antheris oppositi iisque sæpe appliciti, sæpius 2-lobi v. 2-appendiculati; stigmata nunc ad basin nunc ad apices loborum ab apicibus antherarum parum distantia. Caules in rhizomate evoluto ebulbosi v. leviter bulbosi in *Iridis* speciebus pluribus, in *Morece* sect. *Diete*, in *Hermodactylo* et in *Marica*, in cæteris omnibus bulbus tunicatus rhizomate non evoluto.

Tribus a 2 sequentibus distinguitur imprimis styli ramis antheris oppositis.

Excepts: styli rami 2-partiti, lobis sub anthesi inter antheras patentibus in *Hexaglottide*.

- \* Styli rami 2-alati, alis ultra antheras in lobos petaloideos productis; stigmata immediate supra antheras ad basin loborum transversa.
  - 1. IRIS. Perianthii segmenta basi in annulum v. tubum connata, interiora exterioribus dissimilia, sepius minora erectiora, rarius inter exteriora patula.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
  - 2. Hermodactylus. Omnia *Iridis* nisi ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus. Capsula 1-locularis, subinflata.—Gallia merid., Italia, Gracia.
  - 3. Morea. Perianthii segmenta inter se a basi distincta, interiora exterioribus sepius multo minora erectiora, nunc angustissima v. minima v. 3-fida, rarius exterioribus similia nisi minora.

    —Afr. trop. et austr., Madagascaria, Australia.
  - \*\* Styli rami exalati v. rarius 3-alati, ultra antheras in lobos 2-3 producti v. minute dentati; stigmata prope apicem antheræ transversa v. patentia. Filamenta libera.
  - 4. Marica. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta interiora exterioribus minora, erecta, seepius flexuosa v. apice recurva. Styli rami ultra stigma in lobos 2-3 erectos teretes v. planos producti. Caules e rhizomate brevi ebulbosi.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
  - 5. CYPELLA. Perianthium et stylus Marice. Bulbus tunicatus.—Amer. austr. trop. et subtrop.
  - 6. TRIMEZIA. Perianthium Cypella. Styli rami ultra stigma non producti v. brevissime 2-dentati, dentibus obtusis v. setaceis.—Ind. occid., Amer. centr.
- \*\*\* Styli rami ad basin antherarum 2-fidi, v. rarius indivisi, antheris paullo breviores v. vix longiores apice solo stigmatosi; stigmatorum rudimenta interdum ad basin loborum patentia. Filamenta in tubum connata.
  - 7. Tigridia. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta libera, patentia, interiora exterioribus multo minora obtusa undulata. Styli rami 2-partiti, lobis subulatis.—Amer. occid. a Chile a Mexicum.

- 8. RIGIDELLA. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta exteriore basi in cupulam conniventia centerum patentissima, interiora multo minora, erecta, intra cupulam occulta v. tubo stamineo appressa. Styli rami 2-partiti, lobis subulatis.—Mexico, Amer. centr.
- 9. Alophia. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta interiora exterioribus patentibus multo minora, erecta, acuta, plana. Styli rami breviter 2-fidi, lobis linearibus v. leviter dilatatis.—Texas, Amer. austr. extratrop., Brasilia.
- 10. Ferraria. Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus, lobi subsequales, patentes. Styli rami complanati, ssepe 2-fidi, apice fimbriato-multisetosi.—Afr. austr.
- 11. HOMEBIA. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, lobi subæquales, erecto-patentes. Styli rami indivisi, lineares v. latiusculi, apice 2-dentati v. fimbrillati.—Afr. austr.

#### GENUS ANOMALUM.

- 12. ? Hexaglottis. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta subæqualia rotato-patentia. Filamenta vix connata. Styli rami 2-partiti, lobi subulati, in alabastro antheris oppositi, demum antheras amplectentes inter easque patentes.—Afr. austr.
- Tribus II. Sisyrinchiese. Spathæ terminales v. pedunculatæ, rarissime secus caulem sessiles. Flores in spatha in *Croceis* solitariæ, in cæteris omnibus sæpissime 2-∞, pedicellati v. rarius subsessiles. Bracteæ intra spatham concavæ v. carinatæ, floribus oppositæ. Stylus infra ramos staminibus longior, v. si brevior rami antheris alterni, summo vertice v. introrsum in longitudinem stigmatosi.

Subtribus 1. Croceæ. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Spathæ 1-floræ, in pedunoulis seu scapis terminales. Genera gerontogea extratropica.

- 13. CROCUS. Pedunculi seu scapi intra folia radicales. Perianthii tubus longissimus, tenuis, lobi conniventes. Styli rami cuneati dentati v. varie lobati, vertice solo stigmatosi.—Reg. Mediterr., Eur. et Asia med.
- 14. Syringodra. Pedunculi seu scapi intra folia radicales. Perianthii tubus longissimus, tenuis, lobi patentissimi v. conniventes. Styli rami subulati, indivisi, superne introrsum stigmatosi.—Afr. austr.
- 15. GALAXIA. Pedunculi intra folia cum iis ad apicem caudicis brevis subhypogæi fasciculati. Perianthii tubus tenuis. Filamenta in tubum connata. Stylus apice petaloideo-dilatatus, fimbriatus v. cuneato-3-lobus, vertice solo stigmatosus.—Afr. austr.
- 16. ROMULEA. Pedunculi intra folia radicales v. in caule elongato plures. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, rarius longiusculus. Styli rami subulati, apice plus minus 2-fidi, lobis introrsum stigmatosis.—Eur. occid., reg. Mediterr., Afr. occid. et austr.
- Subtribus 2. Cipureæ. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Spathæ 2-∞-floræ, rarissime 1-floræ. Perianthii tubus 0 v. brevissimus, lobi v. segmenta æqualia v. interiora paullo minora. Genera omnia Americana.
  - 17. CIPURA. Spathæ ad apicem caulis plures, angustæ, fasciculatæ. Filamenta libera.
  - Styli rami indivisi, petaloideo-dilatati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ. Amer. trop.
     18. Sphenostigma. Spatha terminalis v. paucæ longiuscule pedunculatæ. Filamenta libera.
    - Styli rami indivisi, lanceolati v. cuneati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.—Amer. trop.

      19. ELEUTHERINE. Spatha terminalis v. paucæ pedunculatæ. Filamenta libera. Stylus brevissimus, ramis longis subulatis indivisis. Capsulæ spatha inclusæ.—Amer. trop.
    - 20. Calydobra. Spatha terminalis v. paucæ pedunculatæ rarissime sessiles. Filamenta libera. Stylus elongatus, ramis indivisis subulatis v. apice leviter clavatis. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.—Ar ær. trop. et subtrop.
    - 21. Gelasine. Spatha terminalis. Filamenta in tubum brevem connata. Stylus brevis, ramis brevibus obtusis indivisis.—Amer. austr. extratrop.
  - 22. Nemastylis. Spatha terminalis v. paucæ pedunculatæ. Filamenta breviter v. in tubum longum connata. Stylus ramis 2-partitis specie 6-fidus, lobis subulatis.—Amer. trop. et bor.
- Subtribus 3. Eusisyrinchieæ. Rhizoma brevissimum fibris radicalibus fasciculatis, v. repens, caule terminali non bulboso (exceptis Bobartia filiformi et Keitia). Spathæ 2-20-floræ, rarissime 1-floræ. Perianthii tubus 0 v. brevissimus, lobi patentes, æquales v. interiores paullo majores v. minores.

- 33. DIPLARREMA. Spatha terminalia, addita interdum altera inferiore. Perianthii lobus posticus osteris major. Anthere perfecta 2, filamento tertio ananthero. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ. Semina plana.—Australia.
- 24. Libratia. Spatha bracteseque breves, laxa, membranacea, in panicula v. secus pedunculum sessiles, florum cymulam v. capitulum non omnino includentes. Perianthii segmenta sequalia v. interiora paulio majora. Filamenta libera v. basi breviter connata.—Chile, Australia, Nov. Zel.
- 26. BELANCANDA. Inflorescentia 2-3-chotoma. Spathæ terminales bracteæque membranaceo-scariosæ. Filamenta libera. Capsulæ valvæ demum reflexæ, axin placentiforam persistentem erectam liberantes. Semina majuscula.—Ind. or., China, Japonia.
- 26. Orthrosanthus. Spathæ oblongæ, sessiles v. pedunculatæ, interdum fasciculatæ. Flores brevissime pedicellati. Filamenta libera v. basi brevissime connata. Styli rami filiformes. Capsulæ spatha inclusæ.—Amer. austr. extratrop. et Andin., Australia.
- 27.? Kertia. Spathæ ovatæ, pedunculatæ. Filamenta ima basi brevissime connata. Styli rami applanati.—Afr. austr.
- 28. Boraetia. Spatha terminalis v. plures fasciculatæ, singulæ bracteis bifariam imbricatis stipatæ. Filamenta libera. Capsulæ e spathis exsertæ.—Afr. austr.
- 29. SISTEINCHIUM. Spatha terminalis v. plures fasciculatæ. Filamenta plus minus in tubum connata, rarissime libera. Styli rami tenues, indivisi. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ. Fibræ radicales ad basin caulis fasciculatæ.—Amer. bor. et austr., Hibernia.
- 30. Tapeinia. Spatha terminalis, 1-flora. Herba nana densissime eæspitoso-ramosa. Cætera Sisyrinchii.—Terr. Magell.

Subtribus 4. Aristeæ. Rhizoma nunc brevissimum fibris radicalibus fasciculatis, nunc repens v. lignosum et in caudicem crectum abiens. Perianthii tubus plus minus evolutus. Capsulæ spatha sæpissime inclusæ.

- 31. Patersonia. Spathæ terminales geminæ. Perianthii tubus tenuis, lobi exteriores lati patentes, interiores parvi erecti v. 0. Filamenta in tubum connata. Stylus sæpius sub ramis articulatus.—Australia.
- 32. SYMPHYOSTEMON. Spathæ 1-2, inter folia sessiles v. pedunculatæ. Perianthium infundibuliforme, lobis suberectis æqualibus. Filamenta in tubum connata, superne libera, filiformia; antheræ versatiles. Styli rami filiformes. Fibræ radicales fasciculatæ.—Amer. austr. extratrop. et Andin.
- 33. CHAMELUM. Spatha terminalis v. plures aggregatæ. Perianthii tubus tenuis, lobi subæquales. Filamenta in tubum brevem connata; antheræ longæ, erectæ. Styli rami brevissimi, recurvi. Rhizoma breviter repens.—Chile.
- 34. Solemomelus. Spatha terminalis. Perianthii tubus tenuis; lobi subæquales. Filamenta in tubum cylindraceum connata; antheræ breves, erectæ, subsessiles. Stylus indivisus, vertice solo ciliato-stigmatosus. Rhizoma breve.—Chils.
- 35.? CLEANTHE. Spatha terminalis. Perianthii tubus brevis; lobi patentes, interiores exterioribus duplo majores. Styli rami obovati. Rhizoma breve.—Afr. austr.
- 36. Aristra. Spathæ sæpius 1-2-floræ, varie capitatæ cymulosæ corymbosæ v. ramos dichotomos inflorescentiæ terminantes, rarius plurifloræ. Perianthii tubus tenuis, sæpius brevis, lobi æquales, rotato-patentes. Filamenta libera. Stylus elongatus, 3-dentatus v. breviter obovato-3-lobus. Caudex nunc brevissimus nunc plus minus lignosus interdum fruticoso-ramosus.—

  Afr. austr.
- 37. Witsenia. Spathæ 1-floræ, bracteis bifariam imbricatis spatha ipsa longioribus stipatæ. Perianthii tubus longus, cylindraceus; lobi breves, erecti, æquales. Filamenta libera. Stylus minute 3-dentatus. Caudex fruticosus, ramosus.—Afr. austr.
- 38. Klattia. Inflorescentia et habitus Witsenia. Perianthii tubus brevis, lobi longi, erecti, filiformes, filamentis similes nisi superne leviter lineari-dilatati.—Afr. austr.

Tribus III. Ixiom. Spathæ 1-floræ, secus pedunculum seu ramos inflorescentiæ sæpius plures, sessiles. Flos intra spatham sessilis, bractes 2-nervi 2-carinata v. 2-flda stipatus. Bulbus seu commus in omnibus præter Schisostylum tunicatus. Genera omnis gerontogea, paucis speciebus exceptis Africana.

Tribus a precedentibus imprimis inflorescentia distinguitur. Series et genera sequentia inter se characteribus valde incertis distincta, formis seepe intermediis juncta.

- \* Perianthium regulare v. parum obliquum, etylo staminibusque subrectis. Styli rami indivisi.
  - 39. Schizostylis. Styli rami subulati, parte integra multo longiores. Caulis basi son v. vix bulbosus, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Spathæ virescentes, lanceolatæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 40. HESPERANTHA. Styli rami subulati, parte integra multo longiores. Bulbus seu cormus ut in omnibus sequentibus tunicatus. Spathæ virescentes.—Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 41. Geissorhiea. Stylus elongatus, ramis subulatis v. vix dilatatis. Spathes virescentes, seepius lanceolates.—Afr. austr., Madagaso.
  - 42. DIERAMA. Stylus elongatus, ramis apice cuneato-dilatatis. Paniculæ rami breviter filiformes, in vivo penduli. Spathæ scariosæ Ixiæ.—Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 43. STREPTANTHERA. Stylus elongatus, ramis apice cuneato-dilatatis sub-2-lobis. Antheræ demum spiraliter tortæ. Spathæ membranaceo-scariosæ more Sparaæos lineis brunneis notatæ. Herbæ humiles, paucifloræ.—Afr. austr.
  - 44. IXIA. Styli rami lineares, recurvi, indivisi. Spathæ breves, latæ, membranaceo-scariosæ, sæpe 3-dentatæ.—Afr. austr.

Perianthium regulare v. parum obliquum. Stamina subrecta. Stylus rectus v. superne lateralis, ramis tenuibus 2-fidis superne introrsum stigmatosis.

- 45. FREESIA. Perianthii tubus tenuis, curvus, fauce longe campanulata. Spathæ Ixiæ, breves, campanulatæ.—Afr. austr.
- 46. LAPEYROUSIA. Perianthii tubus tenuis, rectus v. superne leviter incurvus, fauce brevi. Filamenta brevia. Spathæ herbaceæ.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- 47. WATSONIA. Perianthii tubus curvus, superne ampliatus. Filamenta longiuscula. Spathæ oblongæ lanceolatæ v. angustæ.—Afr. austr.
- 48. MICRANTHUS. Perianthium parvulum, rectum, tubo brevi, fauce lata. Spathæ parvæ, numerosæ, in spica longa strictz eleganter distichæ.—Afr. austr., ins. Mascar.
- \*\*\* Perianthium sæpe obliquum irregulare v. incurvum, staminibus plus minus unilateralibus. Stylus suprrne e staminibus lateralis, ramis indivisis.
  - 49. ACIDANTHERA. Perianthii tubus longus rectus v. leviter incurvus, lobi subæquales, erecto-patentes. Styli rami subulati v. anguste membranacei. Spathæ dissitæ, angustæ.—Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 50. Babiana. Perianthium infundibulare, tubo recto sæpius longo, lobi nunc subæquales Acidantheræ, nunc valde inæquales Antholyzæ. Inflorescentia sæpius simplex, densa, pilosa. Folia sæpius plicato-venosa.—Afr. austr.
  - 51. CROCOMA. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, subincurvus, apice non ampliatus, lobi patentes subsequales. Styli rami apice dilatati, denticulati. Capsula subinflato-globosa late 3-loba, spatham subsuperans. Panicula laxa.—Afr. austr.
  - 52. Melasphæbula. Perianthium tubo subnullo campanulatum, segmentis parum inæqualibus setaceo-acuminatis. Styli rami apice leviter cuneato-dilatati. Capsula late divaricato-3-loba, loculis sæpius 2-spermis. Panicula ampla, laxa. Spathæ parvæ, latæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 53. TRITONIA. Perianthii tubus tenuis, brevis v. longus, apice non ampliatus, limbus concavus v. campanulatus, æqualis v. obliquus. Styli rami tenues, v. apice clavati v. leviter dilatati. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga. Spathæ membranaceæ, breves, sæpe dentatæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 54. Sparaxis. Perianthii tubus brevis, in faucem ampliatus, limbus parum inæqualis. Styli rami tenues. Spathæ scariosæ, lineis brunneis notatæ, apice fimbriato-dentatæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 55. Synnotia. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi v. longo, limbo valde inæquali, lobo postico magno erecto. Spathæ scariosæ, lineis brunneis notatæ.— Afr. austr.
  - 56. GLADIOLUS. Perianthium plus minus incurvum, limbo inæquali. Spathæ sæpius lanceolatæ, herbaceæ.—Eur., reg. Mediterr., Afr. trop. et austr., ins. Mascar.
  - 57. Antholyza. Perianthii tubus basi tenuis, faux longa tubulosa, incurva, limbus parum v. valde insequalis.—Afr. austr.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

TECOPHILEA, Bert., ad tribum Conantherearum inter Esemodoraceas refertur.

CAMPYNEMA, Labill., in Flora Australiensi in Irideis inclusum, melius ad Amarylideas restituendum.

## TRIBUS I. MORÆRÆ.

1. Iris, Linn. Gen. n. 59.—Perianthii segmenta infra medium unguiculata, erecta, basi contracta, in tubum brevem nunc brevissimum rarius longiusculum connata (ovarii rostro interdum tubum longum tenuem simulante), 3 exteriorum laminæ plus minus dilatate, patentes v. reflexe, 3 interiora angustiora undique erecta v. apice subpatentia, interdum minima. Stamina ad basin segmentorum exteriorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis v. rarius stylo agglutinatis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, styli ramis arcte applicitæ v. agglutinatæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis, apice rotundatum acuminatum v. in rostrum nunc breve nunc longum tenueque perianthii tubum simulans sed intus farctum productum; stylus toro ovarium v. rostrum terminanti impositus, intra perianthii tubum liber, seepius brevis; rami 3, stylo ipso seepius longiores supra antheras recurvi, utroque latere alati, alis ultra antheram in lobos 2 erectos petaloideos (stigmatis labium interius auct. plur.) productis; stigmata ad basin loborum styli ramum terminantia, transversa, integra v. partita. Capsula oblonga, brevis v. longiuscula, nunc teres, 3- v. 6-costata v. lævis, nunc distincte 3-quetra, angulis interdum valde prominentibus acutisque, apice obtusa v. breviter rostrata v. in rostrum longum tenue intus farctum productum, infra rostrum 3-locularis, breviter v. rarius usque ad basin loculicide dehiscens; rostrum, si breve, dehiscentia 3-fidum, ad apices valvarum persistens, si longum, varie marcescens v. demum disruptum. Semina sæpius globosa v. pressione angulata v. compressa, testa interdum inæqualiter spongioso-incrassata; embryo in albumine corneo longitudine variat.—Rhizoma nunc lignosum, horizontale v. repens, rarius tenuius et longe repens, nunc brevissimum. Caules solitarii v. fasciculati, simplices v. ramosi basi interdum in bulbum tunicatum, rarius in cormum, incrassati, tunicis, dum persistant, lævibus brunneisque v. in fibras solutis. Folia ad basin caulis linearia, tenuia, v. plana ensata disticha et equitantia, secus caulem pauca. Spatha unica, terminalis, v. paucæ secus caulem simplicem dissitæ, v. ad apicem caulis confertæ, interdum omnes pedunculatæ in paniculam laxam dispositæ. Flores in spatha sæpius 2-∞, rarius solitarii, plus minus pedicellati.

Species fere 100, Europæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæ temperatæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. Baker in Gard. Chron. 1876 (Iris); in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 122 (Xiphion) et 136 (Iris). Klatt in Linnæa xxxiv. 568 (Xiphion), 573 (Coresantha), 576 (Gynandriris), 578 Oncocyclus, 587 (Neubeckia), et 591 (Iris); Ergänz. und Bericht. 27 (Xiphion et Juno), 35 (Iris), 39 (Evansia et Oncocyclus).

Genus conspicuum, naturale, facileque dignoscendum, quodammodo tamen polymorphum, et a variis auctoribus varie restrictum v. extensum. Tausch in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. i. Mant. Addit. 369, sectiones 6 proposuit, quarum 3, Limniris, Xyridion et Spathula, a Bakero in subgenus suum Apogon junctæ sunt; Pogiris, Tausch, est Pogoniris, Baker; Lophiris, Tausch, est Evansia, Baker; et Xiphion, Tausch, a Bakero pro genere proprio recipitur.

Spach, Revis. Irid. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, v. 89, *Iridem* in subgenera 15 divisit, a Bakero in variis subgeneribus suis v. generibus distributa.

Alefeld, in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 290, 297, genus distinctum Neuseckiam proposuit, ad species varias perianthio tubo longissimo crociformi. Hic tamen latet error; in *Croco* tubus verus elongatus tenuisque adest, stylum liberum includens, in *Neubeckia* rostrum ovarii tubum simulat, sed intus farctum est et vertice torum styliferum ad basin tubi brevis perianthii fert.

Parlatore, Nuov. Gen. e Spec. Monocot. 34, genera 3 ab Iride separavit, Hermodactylon, Gynandrisim et Xiphion; in Xiphio præter species Xiphii, Baker, includit etiam Neubeckias plures, et ovarii rostrum pro perianthii tubo stylo adnato descripsit, sed stylus nequaquam intra rostrum continuitur.

Klatt in Bot. Zeit. 1872, 497, 518, Iridem limitavit ad species unguibus loborum exteriorum perianthii barbatis et species perianthiis nudis (Apogon, Baker) in genera 2 nova distribuit, XYRIDION, Klatt, 1. c. 499, et IONIRIS, Klatt, 1. c. 502, quorum characteres bene intelligere nequimus, quosque nuper in Ergänz. und Bericht. sub silentio prætermittit.

Înter tot discrepantias, sectiones et subsectiones sequentes a generibus subgeneribusque Bakeri parum mutates, etsi vix semper naturales, commode admittendæ videntur.

1. Essris. Rhisoma plus minus evolutum nunc brevissimum fasciculato-nodosum, nunc crassum horizontale v. repens, nunc tenue elongatum v. stoloniferum. Caules ad apicem rhizomatis solitarii

v. fasciculati v. secus rhizoma plures basi haud incrassati v. sublulbosi, non tunicati sed interdum (in *I. songarica*, Pall., *I. tenuifolia*, Pall., affinibusque) foliorum emarcidorum reliquiis fibrosis dense obtecti fere cormiformes. Perianthii segmenta interiora (an semper?) bene evoluta, erecta v. rarius superne patentia. *Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t.* 327 ad 347. *Jacq. Fl. Austr. t.* 1 ad 5. *Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t.* 57, 226. *Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t.* 96. *Desf. Fl. Atl. t.* 5. *Sibth. Fl. Grac. t.* 39, 40. *Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t.* 101, 102, 342. *Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t.* 86. *Royle, Illustr. Pl. Himal. t.* 91, f. 2. Ic. numerosissimæ in *Red. Lil.*; *Jacq. Ic. Rar.*, *Bot. Mag.*, alitsque diariis hortulanorum.

Huc includimus subsectiones 5 (subgenera, Baker): 1. Hexapogon, perianthii segmentorum omnium ungues barbati. 2. Pogoniris, perianthii segmentorum exteriorum ungues barbati. 3. Oncocyclus, perianthii segmenta exteriora facie pilosa. 4. Apogon, perianthii segmenta omnia nuda; et 5, Evansia, perianthii segmentorum exteriorum ungues cristati.

ONCOCYCLUS, Siemss. in Bot. Zeit. 1846, 706, pro genere proprio ab auctore distinguitur imprimis ad capsulæ valvas apice (mediante rostro?) cohærentes, lateraliter in longitudinem dehiscentes, et semina strophiola nivea instructa. Fructus maturi nobis desunt.

EVANSIA, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 303, absque char., est I. japonica, Thunb., species Chinensis et Japonica, a cæteris subgeneris Evansiæ, Baker, diversa styli ramorum alis petaloideis longe ciliato-fimbriatis. Inflorescentia laxe paniculata in genere rara est.

- 2. Diaphane. Bulbus v. cormus in rhizomate brevissimo unicus, tunicis fuscis membranaceis v. fibrosis (interdum a fibris I. songaricæ parum diversis). Perianthii segmenta imberbia, interiora magna. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 122 (Xiphii subgen.). Boiss. Voy. Esp. t. 170. Deef. Fl. Atl. t. 4. Bieb. Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 11. Red. Lil. t. 212, 337. Bot. Mag. t. 679, 686, 687, 5577, 5890, 5928, 5981, 6033. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1829. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 189. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 452. Diaphane, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 305, absque char.
- 3. Juno. Bulbus v. cormus in rhizomate brevissimo unicus. Perianthii segmenta imberbia, interiora minima erecta v. inter ungues exteriorum patentia. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 123 (Xiphii subgen.). Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 95. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 6. Red. Lil. t. 189, 211. Bot. Mag. t. 1. Bot. Reg. t. 1876. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 255. Juno, Tratt. in Ram. et Schult. Syst. i. 471, 474, absque char. et ejusd. Ausw. Gartenpfl. i. 135, ex Aschers. in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 112. Thelysia, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 303, absque char.; Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 316. Costia, Willk. in Bot. Zeit. 1860, 131. Corresonathe, Alef. in Bot. Zeit. 1863, 298. Alefeld tamen antheram unam solam perfectam (in I. persica) dixit, quod verisimiliter in flore casu abnormi observavit; in speciminibus nostris antheras 3 perfectas vidimus.
- 4. Gynandriris. Cormus in rhizomate brevissimo unicus v. annotino subpersistente duplex. Perianthii segmenta nuda. Filamenta stylo agglutinata at solubilia. Species editæ 5, a Bakoro omnes ad I. Sisyrinchium, Linn., reductæ, sed forte 2 v. 3 bene distinguendæ. Cav. Ic. t. 193. Red. Lil. t. 29, 458. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 4. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 42. Bot. Mag. t. 1407 (Moræa), et t. 6096 (Xiphion). Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 110 (Moræa). Gynandriris, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. e Spec. Monocot. 49.

CHAMOLETTA. Adans. Fam. ii. 60, includit Diaphanem Junonem et Gynandriridem. XIPHION, Parlat., includit Diaphanem cum speciebus nonnullis Apogonis, Bak. XIPHION, Baker, includit Junonem et Diaphanem.

2. **Eermodactylus,** Adans. Fam. ii. 60, char. manco.—Perianthii tubus brevis, rectus; lobi 3 exteriores basi erectiusculi, superne reflexo-patentes, interiores multo minores, erecto-patentes, lineares lanceolati v. subulati, setaceo-acuminati. Stamina ad basin loborum exteriorum affixa, filamentis lineari-subulatis liberis; antheræ lineares, styli ramis appliciti. Ovarium oblongum, subinflatum, apice in rostrum tenue productum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus in loculo parum prominentibus; stylus brevis, ramis 3 supra antheram recurvis 2-alatis, alis ultra antheram in lobos 2 pe taloideos productis; stigmata ad basin loborum transversa, 2-partita. Capsula ovoideo-oblonga, subinflata, inter placentas in valvas 3 dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , subglobosa, testa apice incrassata; embryo in albumine corneo minimus.—Rhizoma sublignosum, crassiusculu m, horizontale. Folia ad basin caulis intra vaginas scariosas pauca, longa, linearia, 4-gona (quod in speciminibus siccis rarius apparet). Folium florale longe spathiforme. Spathæ longæ, angustæ, 1-floræ, complicatæ, bractea interiore complicata fere hyalina. Flos breviter stipitatus.

Species 3 distinuit Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 146, quas Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 141 vol. III.

in unam junzit Gallis meridionalis Italise et Greccie incolam. Klatt in Linnea, xxxiv. 582. Reichb. Io. Fl. Grec. t. 41. Red. Lil. t. 48. Bot. Mag. t. 581. Fl. des Berres, t. 1083 (is. comp. sub Iride).

Genus ab anctoribus Iride inclusum, vix differt nisi ovario hic selum in toto ordine 1-loculari. Adanson ab Iride separavit ob perianthium ebarbatum et verisimilitar species plures includit. Parlatore primum in Nuov. Gen. e Spec. Monocot. 45, characteres veros illustravit. De Hermodactylo antiquorum efr. Planch. Harmodactes, Thèse, Paris, 1856, cum tab.

3. Moresa, Linn. Gen. n. 60.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta ad apicem ovarii v. ovarii rostri filiformis libera, sæpe unguiculata, exteriora sæpius basi erectiuscula, maculata, supra medium reflexa v. patentissima, interiora angustiora, omnino erecta v. superne patentia, nunc multo minora v. angustissima, interdum 3-loba, rarius omnia fere a basi patentia consimiliaque, nisi interiora paullo angustiora. Stamina segmentis interioribus opposita, filamentis ima basi dilatatis interdumque liberis, sæpius plus minus in tubum circa stylum connatis, apice breviter filiformibus; antherse lineares, styli ramis arcte applicite. Ovarium 3-loculare, obtusum v. rarius in rostrum longum tenue perianthii tubum simulans productum, ovulis in loculis numerosis; stylus intra stamina brevis v. longiusculus, rami 3 erecti v. supra antheras recurvi, utroque latere alati, alis ultra antheram in lobos 2 erectos petaloideos productis; stigmata ad basin loborum transversa, integra v. 2-partita. Capsula ovoidea oblonga v. rarius linearis v. subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, plus minus angulata; embryo in albumine corneo minimus v. longiusculus.-Bulbus v. cormus in rhizomate brevissimo solitarius, v. caulis in rhizomate brevi fibroso ebulbosus. Folia sæpius ad basin caulis pauca, nunc angustissime linearia, nunc ensiformia longaque, floralia spathacea interdum longe acuminata. Spathæ angustæ, nunc in caule tenui solitariæ terminales, nunc in inflorescentia ramosa interdum composita plures, intra folia floralia pedunculatæ, herbaceæ, complicatæ. Flores in spatha seepius pauci, interdum 2 tantum, rarius plurimi, omnes pedicellati, capsulis e spatha sæpius exsertis.

Species ad 40, Africæ tropieæ et australis, ins. Mascarensium et Australiæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 129 (Moræa) et 132 (Vieusseuxia); Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 270. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 557, et 688 (Dietes). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 224, 225; Hort. Schænbr. t. 197; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 20. Red. Lil. t. 71. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 45 (Iris). Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 10. Bot. Mag. t. 577, 613, 750, 759, 771, 1012, 1045, 1061, 1238, 1276, 1284, 5785. Bot. Reg. t. 312.

Genus certe Irida quam maxime affine, sed constanter distinguendum videtur perianthii segmentis inter se a basi distinctis et omnino liberis v. rarius basi columnæ stamineæ agglutinatis, et sæpissime filamentis plus minus monadelphis. Patria etiam diversa. Perianthii segmenta quodammodo polymorpha, sed genera nonnulla a variis auctoribus separata, non satis definita videntur.

FREUCHENIA, Eckl. Verz. Pf. Samml. 14, est M. ramosa, Ker, Bot Mag. t. 771 (M. bulbifera, Jacq. Hort. Schenbr. t. 197, Bot. Mag. t. 5785) species insignis rhizomate brevissimo seu bulbo non tunicato sed bulbillas numerosas radicibus brevibus rigidis ramosis intermixtis emittente, bulbillæ etiam ad axillas foliorum sæpe apparent. Est fide Bakeri certe Iris ramosa, Herb. Thunb., etsi auctor errore quodam flores minutos dixit

Dierre, Salish in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 307, absque char., est M. iridioides, Linn., cui associavit Baker et ad sectionem Iridis transtulit ob eaules ebulbosos, M. catenulatam, Ker, M. bicolorem, Spr., et M. Robinsonianam, F. Muell. Flores tamen omnino Moræe nec Iridis. Perianthii segmenta omnia patentia observantur etiam in Moræis nonnullis typicis. Ad Dietem refert Baker icones sequentes. Jacq. Hort. Schambr. t. 196. Bot. Mag. t. 693. Bot. Reg. t. 1074, 1404. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1861, 1886. Fl. des Serres, t. 744. Dietes Huttom, Baker in Bot Mag. t. 6174, ab auctore serius ad Moræam spathaceam, Ker, non Thunb., refertur.

VINOSERUXIA, Delaroche ex DC. in Ann. Mus. Par. ii. 136, t. 42, a Moræa distincts fuit, imprimis perianthii segmentis interioribus ab exterioribus patentibus valde diversis, angustus erectis 3-fidis 3-dentatis v. si integris angustussimis v. minimis. Genus a Bakero servatur charactere e filamentis altius monadelphis sumpto. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 542, 620, Vieusseuxiam a subordine suo Iridearum genuinarum ad Sisyrinchium transfert, nobis tamen a Moræa nequaquam separanda videtur. Segmenta enim interiora in speciebus pluribus Africanis tropicis a Bakero ad Moræan

relatis parva sunt angustissima v. 3-fida, et vix latiora in M. angusta, Ker, paucisque aliis austro-Africanis, et in Moræis normalibus, filamenta variant de specie in speciem altius v. brevius consata v. in paucis speciebus basi potius contigua quam cohærentia.

HYMENOSTIGMA, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, 24, genus propositum fuit ad species 2 Abyssinicas characteribus Vieusseuxiæ, perianthii segmentis interioribus angustissimis erectis, in una integris in altera 3-fidis. Baker utrasque ad Morwam refert.

HELIXYRA, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 305, absque char., est M. longiflora, Ker, in Bot. Mag. t. 712, cui perianthii tubus longus tenuis dicitur. Planta nobis non nisi ex icone nota, sed quod tubus vocatur est, verisimiliter in M. longiflora, et certe in M. Burchellii, Baker (ut in speciebus pluribus Iridis), ovarii rostrum elongatum. Baker in Journ. Linu. Soc. xvi. 132, has duas species cum Iride Sisyrinchio, Linn., in sectionem suam Helixyram Morææ junxit.

Icones sequentes a Bakero ad Vicusseuxiam referentur. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 221, 222; Hort. Schanbr. t. 10 (Iris). Red. Lil. t. 42. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 364. Bot. Mag. t. 168, 571 (Iris), 593, 696, 702, 772, 1047, 1247. Fl. des Serres, t. 423.

Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 31, 34, 40, genera Morceam, Vieusseuxiam et Dietem admisit et species 4 novas prioris descripsit.

4. Marica, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 654, non ejusd. ibid. t. 655, nec Schreb.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta libera, exteriora patentia, ovata v. oblonga, interiora angustiora, a basi erecta, apice recurva, varie undulata v. incrassata. Stamina segmentis exterioribus opposita, filamentis a basi brevissime dilatata erectis liberis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ, styli ramis v. angulis arcte applicitæ v. agglutinatæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus basi breviter filiformis, ramis acute 3quetris v. 3-alatis erectis, angulo exteriore antheræ applicito, angulis lateralibus v. omnibus ultra antheram in lobos erectos acuminatos productis; stigmata ad basin loborum transversa, 2-fida v. 2-partita, breviter horizontaliter patentia. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina globosa v. mutua pressione angulata, testa crassiuscule membranacea; embryo in albumine durissimo brevis.—Caulis in rhizomate brevi erectus, sapius validus, ebulbosus. Folia ad basin caulis disticha, elongata, ensiformia, basi equitantia, florale unicum, late ensatum, angulis in caulis alas 2 longe decurrentibus. Spathæ in axilla folii floralis sæpius 2, insequaliter pedunculatæ v. altera sessilis. Flores in spatha plures, pedicellati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species 9 enumerat Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 149, quarum 1 Africæ tropicæ occidentalis, ceteræ Americæ tropicæ orientalis incolæ. Lindl. in Trans. Hort. Soc. vi. t. 1. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 222, Red. Lil. t. 56 (Moraa). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 255 (Moraa). Link et Otto Ic, Pl. Sel. t. 58. Bot. Mag. t. 654, 3713, 3809, 6380. Bot. Reg. t. 713. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1164. Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 66 (Cypella); Ergünz. und Bericht. 40.

Genus quoad florum structuram valde affine Cypella cui olim adjunxit Klatt, sed habitu et caule ebulbose satis distinctum videtur. Stylus etiam paullulum diversus est.

5. Cypella, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 2637. (Polia, Ten. Mem. Polia in Mem. Acad. Pontan. anno non dato, t. 2, et in Duchartre Rev. Bot. ii. 125.)—Perianthium tubo nullo basi concavum; segmenta libera, anguste v. late unguiculata, exteriora obovata patentia, interiora multo angustiora, erecta, varie undulato-flexuosa, apice recurva. Stamina segmentis exterioribus opposita, filamentis a basi dilatata liberis breviter filiformibus; antheræ lineares, rectæ, superne angulis styli arcte applicitæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus basi breviter filiformis, superne sub ramis angulato-3-alatus, alis ultra antheras in lobos 2 v. 3 erectos planos rectos v. incurvo- v. recurvo-patentes æquales v. tertio multo breviore productis; stigmata ad basin loborum ab angulo exteriore divergentia, parva v. longiuscula. Capsula breviter v. longe oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, demum plus minus loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ubi nota plus minus depresso-complanata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, nunc angustissima tenuia, nunc in speciebus caule validiore latiora, plicato-venosa. Spathæ angustæ, nunc in caule tenui solitariæ, nunc in caule validiore paucæ v. sat numeroses, ad folia floralia interdum fasciculates, insequaliter pedunculates v. hine inde una sessili. Flores in spathis ultimis 1-2-rarius 3, singuli bracteola angusta complicita stipati.

Species 4 v. 5, America australis extratropica v. Boliviana incola. Bot. Mag. t. 2599 (Tigridia). Bot. Reg. t. 949 (Moræa). Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 33.

Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 128, species 2 admittit, quibus tamen addendæ videntur: 1. Ferraria pusilla, Link et Otto Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 59, a Klattio ad Cypellam a Bakero ad Hesperoxiphion relata; 2. C. peruviana, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6213, quæ typus generis Hesperoxiphion, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 127, et cui valde affinis nisi eadem est species Boliviana a Mandonio et a Pentlandio lecta; 3. C. plumbea, Lindl., Phalocallis, Herb. in Bot. Mag. t. 3710, Fl. des Serres, t. 395, 1466, Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 66. Hæc species a typica C. Herberti differt imprimis lobis 2 erectis ramorum styli latiusculis incurvo-falcatis quasi conum obtusum formantibus, et stigmatibus parvis parum prominentibus, dum in C. Herberti, lobi 2 erecti angusti, tertius dum adsit multo brevior, erectus, et stigmata horizontaliter patentia, lobo tertio interdum parum breviora, omnia tamen in speciminibus nostris siccis variabilia videntur. C. peruviana, quoad styli ramorum lobos, intermedia videtur inter C. plumbeam et C. Herberti, priori tamen propinquior. C. gigantoa et C. paludosa, Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 30, 31, e Brasilia, nobis ignotæ sunt.

Staminodia a Lindleyo in Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 71, des ripta, in speciminibus nostris desunt.

6. Trimoxia, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 308, nomen tantum, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 88. (Lansbergia, De Vriese, Epimetr. Ind. Sem. Hort. Luyd. Bat. 1846, 2. Xanthocromyon, Karst. in Bot. Zeit. 1847, 694, nomen tantum. Poarchon, Allem. Tract. Rio Jan. 1849, cum ic. Remaclea, Morren, Belg. Hortic. iii. 1, t. 1.)—Perianthium tubo nullo basi concavum v. subangustatum; segmenta libera, breviter unguiculata, exteriora lata, patentia v. concavo-conniventia, interiora multo angustiora brevioraque, erectiuscula v. apice reflexa v. concava. Stamina segmentis exterioribus opposita, filamentis liberis brevibus filiformibus; antheræ erectæ, lineares, superne v. fere in toto ramis styli applicitæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus brevis, angulis 3 in ramos erectos v. parum divergentes antheras vix superantes continuis; hi rami apice quasi truncati, dentibus 2 posticis nunc obtusis vix prominulis, nunc setaceis erectis brevissimis v. longioribus; stigmata ad apices ramorum supra antheras antica, parva, horizontalia. Capsula ovoidea subglobosa v. breviter oblonga, 3-sulca, obtusa, apice loculicide 3-valvis.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, longa, nunc plana tenuiter venosa costa prominente, nunc teretia junciformia, florale unicum v. caulis omnino aphyllus. Spatha unica, terminalis, v. 2-3 ex axilla folii floralis longe pedunculatæ. Bracteæ rigidæ, striatæ, v. interiores plus minus scariosæ. Flores intra spatham plures, interdum numerosi, pedicellati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species ad 6, Indiæ occidentalis et Americæ australis uncolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 126 (Lanspergia). Jacq. Sturp. Amer. t. 7. Red. Lil. t. 172. Bot. Mag. t. 416 (ic. omnes sub Iride). Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 67 (Lansbergia) et t. 68 (Remaclea); Ergänz. und Bericht. 29.

In specie vulgari per Americam tropicam late dispersa, T. martinicensi, Herb. (quæ forte species 2 includit), folia plana, tenuiter venosa, costa prominente; pedunculi e folio florali solitarii v. 2-3-ni elongati; styli rami quasi truncati, dentibus apicalibus 2 brevissimis obtusis stigmate patente, ut optime illustratur in icone Allemani Poarchi sui, et minus feliciter in icone Klattiana Remacleæ. Lansbergia caracasana, Vr., ex descriptione Vriesiana et icone Klattiana, species videtur bene distincta, habitu graciliore, floribus multo minoribus, et styli ramorum dentibus apicalibus brevissime setaceis; stigma non delineatur et specimina non vidimus. T. meridensis, Herb., nobis ignota, species T. martinicensi affinis dicitur sed multo speciosior. In T. juncifolia, Klatt, folia radicalia perpauca, longa, junciformia, caulis omnino aphyllus 1-3-pedalis, spatha unica terminalis, styli ramorum dentes apicales longiuscule lineari-setaceæ (nec plani ut in Cypella), et stigmata ad basin dentium seu loborum parum prominentia. Species Klattianæ a Bakero numeris 2 ad 5 designatæ nobis ignotæ sunt, sed ex descriptionibus Klattianis in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 526, vix a T. juncifolia differre videntur.

7. Tigridia, Ker in Keen. et Sims Ann. Bot. i. 246. (Beatonia, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 3779. Hydrotsenia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 67, 1842, t. 39.)—Perianthium basi

conc avum, tubo 0; segmenta libera, exteriora latissime unguiculata, lamina lata patente v. incurva, interiora exterioribus multo minora, erecto-patentia, sæpius obtusa, plus minus undulata. Stamina intra segmenta affixa, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum connatis; antheræ ad apicem tubi sessiles, patentes, styli ramis oppositæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus intra tubum stamineum filiformis; rami ad apicem tubi 2-partiti, lobis anthera brevioribus lineari-subulatis apice stigmatosis, dente ad basin loborum loco stigmatis Cypellæ breviter subulato v. glanduliformi nec papilloso v. 0. Capsula oblonga v. lineari-oblonga, apice convexa, breviter loculicide 3-valvis. Semina mutua pressione sæpius angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, angusta, v. latiora et plicato-venosa, caulina v. floralia sæpe 2-3, dissita. Spatha unica terminalis, v. 2 ad axillam folii floralis longe et inæqualiter pedunculatæ. Flores in spatha pauci, in una specie maximi.

Species ad 7, Mexici, Americæ centralis, Peruviæ et Chile incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 135. Cav. Diss. Monad. t. 189 (Ferraria), 192, f, 2 (Sisyrinchium). Red. Lil. t. 6 (Ferraria). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 178 (Ferraria). Klatt in Linnæa xxxi. 566, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. 1, t. 69 (Beatonia), et t. 70. Bot. Mag. t. 532 (Ferraria) et t. 6295. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 20, 34. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 128. Fl. des Serres, t. 908, 2174.

Herbert in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 72, speciem typicam grandifloram, *T. pavoniam*, a *Beatonia* floribus minoribus distinxit imprimis styli ramorum lobis in priore secus margines in *Beatonia* apice solo stigmatosis. In speciminibus siccis distinctio haud bene apparet; papillas stigmatosas in utraque vix breviter decurrentes vidimus. *Hydrotænia*, Lindl., ex ic. et descr. a *Beatonia* non differt nisi dente ad basin loborum stigmatosorum paullo evidentiore et tenui.

8. Rigidella, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 16, et Misc. 35.—Perianthium basi cupulatum, tubo nullo; segmenta 3 exteriora unguibus brevibus latis patentia v. reflexa, late oblonga, interiora erecta, stylo appressa, intra cupulam occulta, v. angusta tubum stamineum subequantia. Stamina intra petala affixa, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum connatis; antheræ in tubo sessiles, erectæ, angulis seu ramis styli oppositæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium angustum, 3-loculare, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis; stylus intra tubum stamineum filiformis, ramis basi breviter crassis mox 2-partitis, lobis lineari-subteretibus erecto-recurvis antheras non excedentibus apice introrsum breviter papillosis, adest etiam sæpius ad basin loborum dens brevis patens stigma Cypellæ referens, sed non papillosus. Capsula oblonga, apice convexa, breviter loculicide 3-valvis. Semina subglobosa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, longa, interdum lata, plicato-venosa, in petiolum longe contracta; floralia longe acuminata. Spathæ longæ, membranaceæ, pedunculos 2-3 longos ad axillas foliorum floralium terminantes. Flores in spatha  $\infty$ , interdum numerosi, longe pedicellati. Capsulæ exsertæ.

Species editæ 3, Mexici et Americæ centralis incolæ. Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 68. Paxt. Mag. vii. 247, xiv. 121 cum ic. Fl. des Serres, t. 502, 2215.

9. Alophia, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 3779. (Trifurcia, Herb. l. c. Herbertia, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 222.)—Perianthium tubo 0, patens; segmenta libera, 3 exteriora breviter unguiculata patentia obovata v. late oblonga, 3 interiora multo minora, acuta, erecta v. vix patentia. Stamina intra perianthium affixa, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum connatis; antheræ ad apicem tubi sessiles, lineares, apice demum sæpe tortæ, styli ramis appressæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus intra tubum stamineum filiformis; rami 3, divergentes, antheris arcte appliciti iisque breviores, superne 2-lobi, lobis breviter linearibus v. leviter membranaceo-dilatatis in parte superiore margine papillosis. Capsula breviter oblonga, apice truncata v. convexa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina sat numerosa, mutua pressione angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, anguste linearia, v. si paullo latiora leviter plicato-venosa. Spathæ angustæ, herbaceæ, complicatæ, solitariæ, terminales; v. in una specie 2-3 ad axillam folii floralis longe inæqualiterque pedunculatæ. Flores intra spatham plures, longe pedicellati; bracteæ spatha inclusæ. Capsulæ exsertæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Americanse. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 133. Bot. Mag. t. 3862. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1547 (omnes sub Herbertia).

Species typica Texana, A. Drummondiana, Herb., includit Herbertiam corruleam, et H. Drummondianam, Herb.; species alters Montevidensis, A. pulohella, nob., includit Herbertiam pulohellam, Sweet, et H. binesiam, Klatt, Ergäns. und Bericht. 34, formam Chilensem a Mentevidensi pacum diversam. Species 2 Brasilienses, H. brasiliensis, Baker, et H. unguioulata, Baker, distincte videntur. H. umbellata, Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 530, t. 69, style longo ramis brevibus patentibus capsulis aliisque notis characteres Sugainchii prebet, sed bulbus tunicatus, an ad Gelasinem referenda? Filamenta in alabastro brevissima, vix connata.

LABRINELA, Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 28, species Celombiana a nobis non visa (Morea linearis, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen et Sp. i. 321), est, ex charactere dato, verisimiliter Alophie species (cui olim a Klattio relata), styli ramis ad basin loborum utrinque denticulo instructis, quod interdum observatur in Rigidella et Tigridia. Plantæ olim a Klattio ad Alophiam linearem relatæ sub Sphenostigmate v. sub Calydorea quærendæ.

10. Ferraria. Linn. Gen. n. 1018.—Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus; lobi 6, patentes, æquales, lanceolati v. oblongi, basi sæpe contracti, margine undulato-crispi. Stamina basi tubi affixa, filamentis in tubum connatis (v. interdum conniventibus?); antheræ ad apicem tubi sessiles v. subsessiles, breves, patentes, loculis interdum basi divergentibus. Ovarium lineare, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus intra tubum stamineum filiformis, rami 3, antheris oppositi, petaloideo-dilatati, plani v. complicati, sæpe 2-fidi v. 2-partiti, apice fimbriato-multiseti, setis superne v. apice papillosis. Capsula anguste oblonga, breviter acuminata, membranacea, 3-valvis. Semina (fide Kerii) in tribu majuscula.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus, caule foliato superne dense breviterque ramoso. Folia ensiformia, inferiora longa. Spathæ longæ, rigidulæ, complicatæ, striatæ, caulem ramul sque brevissimos terminantes. Flores intra spatham plures, longiuscule pedicellati, bracteis angustis hyalinis. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species 6, Africa australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 105. Klatt in Linnaa, xxxiv. 624. Jaog. Hort. Schanbr. t. 450 (Moraa); Hort. Vind. t. 63. Civ. Diss. Monad. t. 190, f. 1. Red. Lil. t. 28. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 285. Bot. Mag. t. 144, 751. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1356. Spect. Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 148, 161, 192.

11. Romerta, Vent. Dec. Gen. Nov. 5.—Perianthium campanulatum v. subinfundibuliforme, tubo brevissimo in faucem ampliato; lobi t, subæquales, erecto-patentes, integri. Stamina ad basin faucis affixa, filamentis in tubum connatis; antheræ ad apicem tubi sessiles, lineares, ramis styli oppositæ sæpiusque arcte applicitie. Ovarium lineare, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus tubo staminæo inclusus v. breviter exsertus; rami 3, nune vix antheris longiores nune omnino exserti, breviter divergentes, lineares v. latiusculi, apice breviter cuneati, 2-dentati v. fimbrillati, vertice papillosi. Capsula linearis v. anguste oblonga, membranacea, obtusa, demum loculicide 3-valvis. Semina . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, longa, angusta. Spathæ caulem simplicem v. ramulos brevissimos erectos terminantes, longæ, striatæ. Flores in spatha ∞, longe ped icellati, bracteis interioribus hyalinis. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 104. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 626. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 12; Ic. Rar. t. 226 (Moræa). Red. Lil. t. 171, 250 (Susyrinchium). And. Bot. Rep. t. 404 (Moræa). Bot. Mag. t. 1033, 1103, 1283, 1612 (Moræa). Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 152, 178, et sor. 2, t. 178.

12. ? Examplettis, Vent. Dec. Gen. Nov. 6.— Perianthium tubo 0 subrotatum; segmenta oblonga, integra, sequalia, patentia. Stamina segmentis exterioribus opposita, filamentis brevibus basi leviter dilatatis vix connatis; antherse erectse, sagittate, longse, nectsa, v. demum subtortse. Ovarium lineare, 3-loculase, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus brevis, ramis antheris oppositis iisque vix sequilongis fere ad basin 2-partitis, lobis tennibus apice papillosis demum (ex iconibus) inter antheras patentibus easque amplectentibus. Capsula linearis, 3-quetra, membranacea, obtusa, demum loculicide 3-valvis. Semina. . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis ramosus, ramis elongatis vingatis v. flexuosis. Folia pauca, longa, linearia, rigidula. Spatha secus ramos sessiles, angustae, complicatae, rigidulae, rhachin floresque arcte amplectentes. Flores in spatha- plures, bracteis angustis tenuibus oppositi, pedicellati. Bracteis inclusse; capsulæ exsertse.

Species 2 v. 3, luter se valde affines, Africe sustralis incoles. Baker in Journ. Link. Sec. xvi. 99. Juny. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 90 (Ista); Io. Rat. t. 228 (Merica). Bot. Mag. t. 695 (Morea). Salad. Ref. Bot. t. 24 (Homeria).

Perienthium primo aspectu ei Homeriæ simile, sed tubas 0, filamenta libera et styli rami 2-partiti, his notis et inflorescentia fere Sisyriachicarum, sed styli rami in alabastro examinati antheris more Moræcarum oppositi.

PLANTIA, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 89, ex charactere dato, est verisimiliter Hexaglottidis species.

### TRIBUS II. SISYRINCHIEAC.

13. Groom, Linn. Gen. n. 55. (Orocitis, Schur, Sert. Pl. Transs. 73, ex ejusd. Enum. Pl. Transs. 653.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longo tenui superne in fautem amplisto; lobi sequales, erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus liberis; antherse erectse, lineares, filamento longiores, basi sepius breviter sagittates, inter lobos basifixse. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, elongatus, ramis lineari-cuneatis apice sepius dentatis lobatis v. multifidis, extremitate sola stigmatosis. Capsula oblonga, membranaces, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina striglobosa, testa carnosula; albumen carnosum v. subcorneum.—Cormi tunica membranaces fibrosse v. reticulatse. Folia radicalia, longe linearia, non disticha, basi vaginis scariosis cineta. Caulis intra folia sub folio florali non evolutus. Folium florale (sputha basalis dictum) dum adsit, in cormo sessile, vagina longa, undique hyalino-scariosum, pedunculos radicales seu scapos 1—co basi involvens, in speciebus nonnullis deest, in aliis adsunt 2—3. Spatha in pedunculo seu scapo terminalis, membranacea, ovarium involvens. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis; adest etiam sæpe intra spatham bractea angusta hyalino-scariosa.

Species enumeratæ 67, imprimis regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, paucæ usque ad Europam centralem, Caucasum, mare Caspicum et Asiam centralem extensæ. Herb. in Journ. Hort. Soc. ii. 249. Baker in Gard. Chron. 1873. G. Maw in Gard. Chron. 1881, et Monogr. egreg. cum tabb. © mox edend. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 355 ad 361. Graells, Ramill. Pl. Espan. t. 4. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 94. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 20, 40. Tenore, Mem. Crochi, Fl. Nap. Napoli 1826, cum tabb. 4. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 35. Chaub. et Bory, Fl. Pelop. t. 2, 3. Bieb. Cen t. Pl. Ross. t. 1. Icones præterea numerosissimæ in diariis operibusque variis hortulanorum.

14. Syringodea, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6072.—Perianthium hypocratoriforme v. infundibuliforme, tubo longo gracillimo; lobi subæquales, patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, erecta, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis. Stylus filiformis, elongatus, ramis linearibus tenuibus indivisis superne introrsum papillosis. Capsula . . . Herbæ pusillæ. Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ læves. Caulis inter folia brevissimus. Folia tiliformia, basi squamis hyalinis inclusa. Spathæ intra folia subsessiles, angustæ, hyalinæ. Flos in spatha unicus, subsessilis v. breviter pedicellatus, sub ovario ad apicem pedicelli bractea hyalina angusta stipatus.

Specie 3, Austro-Africanze. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 67.

Species typica, S. pulchella, Hook. f. ab omnibus Irideis differt periunthin lobis stellato-patentibus apice incurvis 2-lobis; in S. bicolore et S. filifolia, Baker, lobi minus patentes integerrimi. Hæ species a Klattio ad Romuleam referentur, different tamen tubo longo tenui et styli ramis integerrimis.

15. Galaxia, Thunb. Nov. Gen. 50; Diss. Acad. i. 49, t. 2.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo tenui superne in faucem ampliato; lobi æquales, erecto-patentes, oblongi v. ovati, obtusi. Stamina fauci aflixa, filamentis in tubum connatis; antheræ lineares, breviter sagittatæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, ultra antheras in stigma petaloideum campanulatum fimbriatum v. cuneato-3-lobum margine papillosum dilatatus. Capsula oblonga, truncata v. fere fusiformis, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, minima, subglobosa.—Herbæ nanæ, caulis aupra cormum sub terra simplex, 1-2-squamatus v. nudus, ad terræ superficiem fasciculum densum foliorum et spatharum ferens. Folia extima 1-2 ad vaginas hyalinas reducta.

cestera linearia v. latiuscula, sepius brevia, basi hyalino-vaginata. Spathe inter folia sessiles, florem unicum sessilem cum bractea hyalina includentes, si inflorescentiam in speciminibus siccis difficile observandam rite intelligimus.

Species 2 v. 3, Africa australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Sec. xvi. 103. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 782; Ergänz. und Bericht. 51. Red. Lil. t. 246. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 291. Cav. Diss. Monad. t. 189. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 94, 164. Bot. Mag. t. 1208, 1292.

16. Romulea, Maratti, Diss. Romul. et Saturn., Roma, 1772, 13, t. 1. (Trichonema, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 575.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevissimo v. rarius elongato; lobi æquales, erecto-patentes, integri. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis liberis (v. brevissime connatis?); antheræ lineari-sagittatæ, circa stylum conniventes. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, antheras superans, ramis filiformibus nunc abbreviatis 2-fidis v. 2-partitis, introrsum in longitudine papillosis. Capsula globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi tunicæ læves. Caulis nunc brevissimus inter folia occultus, nunc breviter evolutus ramosus. Folia radicalia linearia interdum subulata, vagina rarius lanceolato-dilatata, caulina sub pedunculis similia nisi minora. Spathæ ad axillas foliorum floralium longe pedunculatæ, tenuiter herbaceæ, acutæ, complicatæ. Flos in spatha unicus, subsessilis v. breviter pedicellatus. Bractea sub ovario ad apicem pedicelli spatha sæpius brevior, interdum latior, haud raro subscariosa.

Species enumerate 54, Europe occidentalis, regionis Mediterranee, Africæ occidentalis et australis incolæ, plures tamen ad varietates reducendæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 86. Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 241. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 659 (Trichonema); Ergänz. und Bericht. 64. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 271, 272. Red. Lil. t. 88, 251. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 356. Lange, Pl. Nov. Hisp. t. 34. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 3, 203, et in Atti Acad. Nap. iii. t. 7. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 91 ad 93. Vis. Fl. Dalm. Suppl. t. 2. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 36. Jord. et Fourn. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 106 ad 110. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 222. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 170. Bot. Mag. t. 265, 575, 1225, 1244, 1392, 1476. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 40 (ic. veter. sub Ixia, poster. sub Trichonemate v. Romulea).

SPATALANTHUS, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 300, videtur Romuleæ species R. speciosæ, Bot. Mag. t. 1476 simillima. Filamenta ut in hac specie brevissima delineata, sed breviter connata, quod in R. speciosa non apparet.

17. Cipara, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 38, t. 13. (Marica, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 37.)—Perianthii tubus brevissimus, segmenta latiuscula, plana, distincte v. vix unguiculata, exteriora patentia, interiora subsimilia nisi minora et erectiora. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis liberis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis; rami antheras superantes apice v. fere a basi petaloideodilatati, integerrimi v. ciliolati (margine papillosi?). Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angustata.—Bulbus tunicatus, caule infra inflorescentiam simplici aphyllo. Folia radicalia pauca, nunc angustissima, munc paullo latiora et plicato-venosa. Spathæ angustæ, in fasciculo terminali plures interdum numerosæ, ad axillam folii floralis longi sessiles v. brevissime pedunculati. Flores intra spathas singulas pauci, interdum ad unum reducti, pedicellati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species ad 4, Indiæ occidentalis Mexici et Americæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 125. Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 64; Ergünz. und Bericht. 28. Bot. Mag. t. 646. Huc etiam referenda videtur Cypella gracilis, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 129, quoad specimina Tweediana a Klattio in herb. Kew. incaute Polia gracilis nominata, P. gracilis, Klatt in Linnæa, xxxi. 545 (Ferraria, Link, Kl. et Otto), est vera Cypellæ species, in Ergänz. und Bericht. prætermissa videtur.

18. Sphenestigma, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 124.—Perianthium explanatum, tubo subnullo; segmenta obovata, patentia, subæqualia v. interiora paullo minora. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis brevissimis v. longiusculis; antheræ erectæ, oblongo-lineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, elongatus, ramis plus minus dilatatis indivisis lanceolatis v. cuneatis apice papillosis. Capsula obovoidea oblonga v. fere linearis, apice truncata v. convexa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina

globosa v. angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, longa, plicato-venosa. Inflorescentia supra folium florale simplex v. parce ramosa. Spatha unica terminalis v. paucæ, longe pedunculatæ, acuminatæ lanceolatæ v. elongatæ, herbaceæ. Flores in spatha pauci, pedicellati; bractea infima sæpe herbacea spathæ subsimilis, cæteræ v. omnes breviores tenuiores. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species nobis adsunt 5, Americanæ tropicæ. S. Sellowianum, Baker (Alophia Sellowiana, Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 516, t. 65), e Brasilia, et S. lineare (Alophia linearis, Klatt in Linnæa quoad plantam Colombianam), styli ramis apice hyalinis cuneatis, S. gracile (Cypella gracilis, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 129) styli ramis apice hyalinis lanceolatis, S. longispatha (Cardiostigma longispatha, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 102), planta Mexicana a Herbertio ad Gelasinam, a Klattio ad Rotherbem, et a Bakero prius ad Calydoream relata, styli ramis cuneatis sed quam in cæteris, crassioribus. Alophia linearis, Klatt, quoad specimina Brasiliana, Gardn., est Calydorea Gardneri, Baker. Specimina Spruceana n. 3063 e Baños speciem Sphenostigmatis adhuc ineditam indicant. Sphenostigma angustifolium et S. cæruleum, Klatt, Ergänz, und Bericht. 29, e Brasilia, nobis ignotæ sunt.

19. Eleutherine, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, sub t. 57. (Galatea, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 310, absque char.)—Perianthium tubo 0 explanatum; segmenta oblonga, basi contracta, æqualia, patentia. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, lateraliter v. subintrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus brevissimus, ramis subulatis indivisis apice stigmatosis. Capsula oblonga, apice truncata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina ovoidea v. mutua pressione angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus, brunneus. Folia radicalia longa, acuminata, basi longe contracta, plicato-venosa, caulina præter florale 0. Inflorescentia ad axillam folii floralis laxe flexuoso-ramosa, interdum ad pedunculos 2-3 reducta. Spathæ in caule v. pedunculis terminales, oblongæ vix v. non acuminatæ. Flores intra spatham plures, breviter pedicellati, bracteis spatha parum brevioribus. Capsulæ intra spatham omnino inclusæ v. vix apice breviter prominentes.

Species genuinæ 2 v. 3, sub *E. plicata*, Herb., in herbariis confusæ, Indiæ occidentalis et Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. *Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc.* xvi. 100. *Cav. Diss. Monad. t.* 191, f. 1 (Sisyrinchium). *Jacq. Iv. Rar. t.* 227 (Moræa). *Red. Lil. t.* 352 v. in textu 353 (Sisyrinchium). *Bot. Mag. t.* 655 (Marica).

His addidit Herbert in Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 57, speciem humilem hexandram, ad specimen unicum in horto enatum patria ignota descriptam. In herbariis nostris deest, et species valde dubia remanet verisimiliter ex ordine excludenda.

20. Calydorea, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 85. (Botherbe, Steud. ex Klatt in Linnea, xxxi. 562.)—Perianthium tubo subnullo explanatum v. basi breviter campanulatum; lobi basi contracti, patentes, æquales v. interiores paullo minores. Stamina basi perfanthii affixa, filamentis erectis liberis; antheræ lineares, apice sæpe flexuoso-recurvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, ramis subulatis divaricatis apice stigmatoso sæpe leviter clavatis v. emarginatis. Capsula obovoidea, truncata, loculicide 3 valvis. Semina globosa v. angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus, brunneus, hevis. Folia radicalia pauca, angusta, interdum fere filiformia, floralia in caule simplici 1-2. Spatha unica, terminalis, v. paucæ pedunculatæ v. sessiles, angustæ, acutæ v. acuminatæ. Flores intra spatham paucæ, pedicellatæ, bractea exteriore spathacea interdum spatha ipsa paullo longiore. Capsulæ e bracteis exsertæ.

Species ad 8, Americæ australis extratropicæ v. tropicæ et Mexici incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 101 (excl. C. punctata ad Nemastylidem referenda). Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 543, t. 71 (Rotere); Ergäne, und Bericht. 53. Bot. Mag. t. 3544 (Sisyrinchium).

21. Gelasine, Herb. in Bot. Mag. t. 3779, excl. sp. n. 2 ad 4.—Perianthium tubo brevissimo subinfundibuliforme fere campanulatum; lobi æquales, obovati, erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis in tubum brevem connatis; antheræ in tubo subsessiles, lineares, rectæ, connectivo angusto. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus

brevis, ramis seu lobis stigmatosis brevibus obtusis indivisis. Capsula oblonga, apice truncata v. convexa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis simplex. Folia pauca, lanceolato-linearia, plicato-venosa. Spatha unica, terminalis, longiuscula, herbacea, striata. Flores in spatha co, pedicellati; bractea infima spathæ subsimilis nisi paullo minor tenuiorque, interiores magis v. omnino scariosæ. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species I, America australis extratropica incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 106.

22. Wemastylis, Nutt. in Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc. v. 157. (Nemostylis, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 3779. Eustylis, Engelm. et Gray, Pl. Lindh. 27, 28. Chlamydostylis, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 185.)—Perianthium tubo subnullo explanatum; segmenta obovata, equalia v. interiora paullo minora. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis nunc brevissime nunc longiuscule in tubum connatis; antheræ erectæ, apice sepe tortæ, connectivo angusto v. inter loculos latiusculo. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus brevis, ramis 2-partitis inter antheras patentibus, lobis aqualibus subulatis apice minute papillosis. Capsula oblonga v. rarius subglobosa, apice truncata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. pressione angulata.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia angusta, longa, interdum subteretia, rarius anguste ensiformia, floralia 1-2. Spathæ oblongæ v. angustæ, in caule simplici unica terminalis, v. paucæ longe pedunculatæ, striatæ, vix acuminatæ. Flores in spatha pauci v. sat numerosi, pedicellati; bractea infima spathæ sæpe subæqualis, interiores minores. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species ad 6, Mexici et Americæ borealis et tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Iann. Soc. xvi. 102 et 107 (Nemastylis et Chlamydostylis). Fl. des Serres, t. 2171.

In specie typica Nuttallii filamenta brevia basi membranaceo-dilatata, brevissime connata, antheræ demum contortæ, connectivo angusto; capsula subglobosa. In Eustyle, Engelm. et Gray, filamenta Nemastytidis, antheræ rectæ connectivo inter loculos latiusculo; capsula oblonga. In Chlamydostylibus plerisque filamenta in tubum longiusculum cylindraceum connata; in C. Medicæ, Bak., tamen vix altius connata quam in specie typica; in C. tenui antheræ Nemastylidis, in cæteris speciebus potius Eustylidis. C. multiflora, Baker, cui referenda Calydorea punctata, Baker, species includere videtur 2 v. 3, inter se affines sed distinctas. Genus in integrum servatum a cæteris Sisyrinchicis facile distinguitur styli ramis specie 6 subulatis (3 2-partitis). In N. furcata, Klatt, in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 515, t. 65, specie Montevidense a nobis non visa, styli rami ex ic. et descr. apice breviter tantum bifidi, Baker hanc speciem forte non immerito ad Calydoream refert.

23. Diplarrhena, Labill. Voy. i. 157, t. 15.—Perianthium parum inæquale, tubo 0; segmenta basi erecta, 3 exteriora superne patentia, obovata, postico lateralibus paullo majore et concaviusculo, 3 interiora minora, angustiora, minus patentia. Staminum filamenta segmentis exterioribus opposita, brevia, libera, posticum anantherum, lateralia inæqualia, antheris oblongo-linearibus. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; st¶lus filiformis, staminibus multo longior, apice ramis 2 tenuissime membranaceis late obovatis v. flabellatis margine crispa papillosis, ramo tertio minimo v. obsoleto. Capsula oblonga, acute 3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina plano-compressa, irregulariter orbiculata, in quoque loculo arcte 1-seriatim superposita; testa crassiuscule membranacea.—Rhizoma breve, caule terminali erecto simplici v. parce ramoso. Folia ad basin caulis longa, angusta, rigidula, lævia, distiche equitantia. Spatha terminalis, rigida, acuminata, addita interdum altera inferiore. Flores in spatha plures, pedicellati; bractea exterior spathæ subsimilis nisi brevior, interiores inclusæ, tenuiores, interdum scariosæ. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species 2, Australiæ regionis australia et Tasmaniæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 399.

24. Libertia, Spring. Syst. Veg. i. 127, 168. (Renealmia, R. Br. Prod. Addenda, non Linn. f. Nematostigma, A. Dietr. Spec. Pl. ii. 509.)—Perianthium campanulatum v. explanatum, tubo 0; segmenta libera, parum insequalia v. interiora latiora. Stamina intra segmenta affixa, filamentis liberis v. basi breviter connatis; antheræ sagittatæ, versatiles.

loculis lateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare, locular co-ovulatis; stylus brevia, ramis longiusculis, lineari-filiformibus v. anguste membranaceo-dilatatia, inter antheras patentibus, papillis stigmatosis terminalibus v. secus margines breviter decurrentibus. Capsula subglobosa obovoidea v. breviter oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, 3-sulca, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina angulata v. compressa, levia v. foveolato-rugosa.—Rhizoma repens, caule terminali tenui v. elato. Folia ad basin caulis distiche imbricata, equitantia, linearia v. anguste ensiformia, sepius rigidula, prominenter venosa. Cymulæ suno laze umbelliformes, nunc dense fere capituliformes, laxe paniculate v. secus pedunculum simplicem v. parce ramosum sessiles. Spathæ bracteæque breves, laxæ, membranaceæ v. scariosæ, flores pedicellatos non includentes.

CLXXIII. IRIDEÆ.

Species 8, Chile, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 152. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zel. Fl. 274; Fl. Tusm. t. 129. Bonth. Fl. Austral. vi. 412. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxi. 380, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 68. Bot. Mug. t. 3294, 6263. Bot. Reg. t. 1630.

25. Estamcanda, Adans. Fam. ii. 60. (Pardanthus, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 246.)—Perianthium tubo brevissimo explanatum; lobi patentes, oblongi, subsequales. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis tiliformibus liberis; antheræ lineares, vix sagittatæ, basifixæ. Ovarium obovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, ramis elongatis apice dilatatis emarginatis papillis terminalibus. Capsula obovoidea, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis, valvis dehiscentia irregulariter reflexis axim centralem erectum placentiferum relinquentibus. Semina majuscula, subglobosa, axi persistenti diu affixa, testa nitida laxa intus succulenta; embryo in centro albuminis cornei normalis, brevis.—Caules e rhizomate repente erecti, validi. Folia ensiformia, equitantia. Inflorescentia 2-3-chotome ramosa, foliis floralibus sub ramis primariis viridibus spathaceis, superioribus spathisque terminalibus membranaceo-scariosis. Flores intra spatham numerosi, pedicellati, bracteis scariosis oppositi. Capsulæ majusculæ, exsortæ.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ, jam diu in hortis culta et hinc inde in variis regionibus inquilina. Gærtn. Fruct. i. 40, t. 13 (Ixia). Red. Inl. t. 121. Bot. Mag. t. 171 (Ixia). Fl. des Serres, t. 1632 (Pardanthus).

26. Orthrosanthus, Sweet, Fl. Austral. t. 11.—Perianthium tubo brevi nunc brevissimo explanatum; lobi ovati v. oblongi, subæqueles, patentes. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis liberis v. basi dilatata in cyathum brevissimum connatis; antheræ erectæ, oblongæ. Ovarium oblongo-lineare, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus brevissimus, ramis filiformibus inter antheras patentibus apice stigmatoso vix dilatatis. Capsula oblonga, truncata, basi attenuata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina ovoidea v. mutua pressione angulata.—Rhizoma lignosum, brevissimum. Folia linearia v. anguste ensiformia, longa, rigidula v. graminoa, ad basin caulis equitantia. Inflorescentia terminalis, simplex v. ramosa; spathæ oblongæ, secus ramos sæpius dissitæ, sessiles v. pedunculatæ, interdum plures bractea spathacea inclusæ, bracteis interioribus membranaceis v. scariosis. Flores in quaque spatha sæpius 2-∞, brevissime pedicellati.

Species 7, America australis andina v. extratropica v. Australia occidentalis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 112. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 410. Bot. Reg. t. 1090 (Sisyrinchium). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1474.

O. polystachyus, Benth., ex Australia austro-occidentali, a cæteris differt spathis (præter terminalem) pluribus secus ramos sessilībus.

Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 46, species Americanas ad Solenomelum transfert, nobis uti Bakero melius Orthrosantho convenire videntur.

27. ? Esta, Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. v. 639.—Perianthium supra basin 6-partitum; lebi patentes, obovati, interiores paullo minores, caeterum consimiles. Stamina ima basi perianthii affira, filamentis plano-compressis basi tantum connatis sursum liberis sensim attenuatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis

, glabri, indivisi v. rarius ramulus unus ad medium
evelutus, 4-5-phyllus. Folia ensiformia, decrescentia, inferius
raciitaria, superiora 3 in apice caulis conferta, alterna, subspathiformia,
Flores dense spicati, spicis pedunculatis axillaribus ovatis, spatha
2-valvi (spatha cum bractea) suffultis. Spatha herbacea, ovata, amplexicaulis, spicam
involvens. Bracteæ sub pedicellis ovato-lanceolatæ, membranaceo-hyalinæ, imbricatæ,
pedicellos paullo superantes. (Char. ex Reg.)

Species unica, Natalensis, a nobis non visa. Ex descriptione auctoris affinis videtur *Orthrosantho* et *Bobartiæ*, quæ genera tamen sæpius ebulbosa. An *Bobartiæ* species *B. filiformi* (pariter bulbosæ) affinis?; an ad *Orthrosanthum* referenda?

28. Sebartia, Ker, Gen. Irid. 29.—Perianthium explanatum, tubo 0; segmenta oblonga v. ovata, æqualia, patentia. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ lineares, erectæ. Ovarium obovoideum v. turbinatum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus brevis; rami longi, filiformes v. superne leviter applanati, indivisi, apice breviterque introrsum papillosi. Capsula globosa v. turbinata truncataque, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina mutua pressione angulata, testa crassiuscule membranacea.—Rhizoma fibrosum; caulis in B. filiformi basi in commum globosum incrassatus, in cæteris speciebus subæqualis. Folia radicalia pauca, anguste linearia, ensiformia v. subteretia, caulina perpauca v. 0. Spicæ ad apicem caulis plures fasciculatæ, v. unica terminalis, folio fiorali erecto quasi caulem continuante stipatæ. Spicæ ipsæ e bracteis pluribus coriaceis complicatis bifariam imbricatis constantes, quarum exteriores vacuæ, ab extima brevissima gradatim auctæ, ad summam multo longiorem seu spatham flores 2-3 bracteasque totidem minores arcte involventem. Flores pedicellati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species ad 6, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 114. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 554. Thunb. Diss. de Moræa, t. 1, f 1, 2, t. 2, f. 1. Bot Reg. t. 229 (Marica). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1900 (Xyris).

BOBARTIA, Inna. Fl. Zeyl. 17; Lam. Illustr. t. 40, est Cyperus arenarius, Retz, descriptio ulterior tamen in Amen. Acad. i. 387, pro parte ex icone Plukenetiana et descriptione Schefferi sumpta fuit, pro parte e specimine Morææ spathaceæ, Thunb., ut jam indicavit Schumacher in Skriv. Nat. Hist. Selsk. Kiobenh. iii. 8, qui genus delendum dixit. Ker (eo tempore Gawler) primum genus Iridearum constituit sub nomine Linneano Bobartue.

29. Sisyrinchium, Linn. Gen. n. 1017. (Souza, Vell. Fl. Flum. 273, Ic. vii. t. 1 ad 3.)—Perianthium tubo subnullo explanatum concavum v. latissime campanulatum; lobi subequales, obovati v. oblongi. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentis basi v. alte in tubum connatis v. rarius (in sect. Nuno) a basi liberis; antheræ variæ, erectæ v. versatiles. Ovarium globosum v. breviter oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, brevis v. antheras longe superans; rami indivisi, nunc brevissimi, nunc elongato-filiformes, antheris alterni, summo apice stigmatosi. Capsula globosa obovata v. breviter oblonga, sæpius truncata, loculicide 3-valvis.—Radices in rhizomate brevissimo fasciculato-fibrosæ, fibris interdum carnoso-incrassatis. Caules basi æquales v. leviter in cormum incrassati, teretes v. ancipites. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, lineari-teretia v. plus minus ensiformia, semper angusta, caulina pauca v. 0. Spatha nunc unica terminalis, nunc rarius præter terminalem nonnullæ secus caulem sessiles. Flores in quaque spatha plures, pedicellati. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species ad 50, omnes Americanæ, tropicæ v. extratropicæ, quarum una binc inde in variis regionibus inquilina in Hibernia indigena dicitur. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 115. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxi. 63 et 371; in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 534, Ergänz. und Bericht. 42.

Sectiones 2, a Lemaireo propositas et a Klattio acceptas, Sisyringium et Androsolen intelligere nequimus. Baker sectiones 4 distinxit, imprimis ad caulis foliorumque indolem et inflorescentiam plus minus compositam, ques tamen vix satis definitæ. Sequentes, pro maxima parte a Herbertio indicatæ, ad floris structuram stabilitæ, nobis certiores videntur.

1. Bermudiana. Perianthium explanatum v. rarius basi concavum. Filamenta in tubum cylindraceum fere ad apicem connata; antheræ ad apicem tubi fere sessiles, breves, circa stylum infra rames confertæ. Flores cæruleæ purpurascentes v. rarius albidi purpureo-striati. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 116, n. 8 ad 13, 26, 35, 38 ad 41. Klatt in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. t. 70, f. 2, t. 71, f. 1 ad 3. Cav. Diss. Monad. t. 192, f. 1, 190, f. 2. Red. Lil. t. 149, 282. Bot. Mag. t. 94, 464, 2312. Bot. Reg. t. 646 (Marica). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1220, 1979. Bermudiana, Adans. Fam. ii. 60.

Sectio Cephalanthum a Bakero distincta fuit imprimis spathis dense multifloris. Species 4 priores, n. 38 ad 41, characteres cæterum omnino Bermudianæ ostendunt. S. marginatum et S. palmifolium ad Echthronema pertinent.

2. Echthronema. Perianthium explanatum. Filamenta basi v. sæpius ad medium in tubum cylindraceum connata, superne libera, patentia; antheræ versatiles. Styli rami longi, tenues, superne sæpe canaliculati. Flores flavi. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 91. Red. Lil. t. 47, 275. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 10. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 218?, 219, 513. Bot. Mag. t. 2116, 2117, 2313. Bot. Reg. t. 1067, 1914 (1915 in textu). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 116, n. 4, 14 ad 37, 42 et 43 (excl. S. iridifolia et S. Glaziovii ad Bermulianam pertinentibus). Echthronema, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 85. Hydastylus, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 310, absque char.

Sectio Spathirhachis, Klatt, qualis a Bakero reducitur, species includit 5, ex America australi extratropica, floribus omnino Echthronematis, sed spathæ nonnullæ præter terminalem secus caulem seu pedunculum sessiles, et bracteæ intra spatham sæpe insigniter scariosæ. S. cuspidatum tamen interdum S. gramini/olio, Lindl., prope accedit, cui spathæ inferiores sessiles 1 v. 2 sæpe adsunt, uti jam in Bot. Mag. t. 3197 delineatur, et in S. monastachyo, Baker, spatha sæpe unica terminalis ut in Echthronematibus typicis. Ad Spathirhachin referuntur, Sm. Ic. Pict. t. 9. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 11 (Moræa). Cav. Ic. t. 104. Red. Lil. t. 66. Bot. Mag. t. 701 (Marica). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1870.

- In S. striato, Sm., perianthium basi breviter subcampanulatum, lobis patentibus interdum pallidissime tantum flavescentibus v. fere albidis insigniter striatis, sed characteres Echthronematis.
- 3. Eriphilema. Perianthium late concavum, subcampanulatum. Filamenta basi in tubum connata v. convoluta, medio sæpius dilatata (tubo ibidem inflato) superne libera, filiformia. Styli rami longiuscule filiformes. Flores purpurei v. rosei. Eriphilema, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 85. Huc pertinent S. grandiflorum, Dougl. Bot. Reg. t. 1364, Bot. Mag. t. 3509, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 388, Fl. des Serres, t. 146, S. junceum, E. Mey., et S. Philippii, Klatt; in hac specie tamen tubus stamineus vix inflatus.
- 4. ? Nuno. Perianthium fere Bermudianæ sed filamenta a basi libera filiformia. Species 2, Americæ australis extratropicæ incolæ. S. Nuno, Bert., Colla in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxxix. t. 54, et S. filifolium, Gaudich., Hook. f. Fl. Ant. t. 126. Sectio vix non pro genere proprio habenda.

Nomen Linneanum a nonnullis in Sisyrungium v. in Syorhynchium mutatum ob etymologiam varie explanatam, in forma tamen pristina retinendum derivatione incerta.

30. Tapeinia, Juss. Gen. 59.—Perianthium tubo subnullo ima basi subcampanulatum; lobi patentes, ovati, interioribus parum angustioribus. Stamina intra basin perianthii affixa, filamentis breviter in tubum connatis, superne liberis; antheræ longiusculæ, infra medium dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis ∞ in parte inferiore loculorum affixis; stylus filiformis, ramis indivisis subulatis apice stigmatoso vix dilatatis. Capsula subglobosa, 3-sulca, loculicide 3-valvis, valvis coriaceis dehiscentia patentissimis. Semina obovoidea, embryone parvo.—Herba nana, perennis, densissime cæspitosa, ebulbosa. Folia linearia, distiche conferta. Spatha terminalis, flore unico pedicellato, folia vix excedente, pedicello bracteis 2 dissitis instructo.

Species 1. Magellanica. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 353, t. 129. Cav. Diss. Monad. t. 189, f. 4.

31. Patersonia, R. Br. Prod. 303. (Genosiris, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 13, t. 9.)
—Perianthii tubus tenuis, interdum longus; lobi 3 exteriores lati, patentes, 3 interiores parvi, erecti, nunc minuti v. 0. Stamina basi loborum affixa, filamentis plus minus in tubum connatis; antheræ erectæ, oblongæ v. lanceolatæ, connectivo interdum inter loculos leviter dilatato. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, antheras superans, sæpius prope basin antherarum v. sub ramis constrictus v. articulatus; rami obovati v. oblongi, in alabastro reflexi, demum patentes, margine

papillosi. Capsula oblonga v. linearis, loculicide 8-valvis. Semina (immatura) angusta, seepe angulata, perfecte matura nobis ignota.—Rhizoma breve. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis simplicis conferta, disticha, anguste linearia, graminea v. rigida. Spathæ 2, ad apicem caulis quasi in spicam oblongam v. lanceolatam confertæ, singulæ folio florali spathiformi stipatæ. Flores in spatha 2-∞, rarius solitarii, seasiles v. brevissime pedicellati; bractææ membranaceæ, plus minus scariosæ. Capsula spatha inclusa.

Species 19, Australise extratropice v. subtropice incoles. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 400. Sweet, Fl. Austral. t. 15, 39. Endl. Iconogr. t. 50. Bot. Mag. t. 1041, 2677. Bot. Reg. t. 51, 1839, t. 60. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 768, 1182.

32. Symphysstemen, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 97. (Psithyrisma, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 85. Susarium, Philippi in Linnæa, xxxiii. 248, quoad S. nigricans.)
—Perianthium tubo longiusculo infundibulare; lobi erecto-patentes, subequales. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis basi in tubum cylindraceum connatis, superne breviter v. longe filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, versatiles. Ovarium obovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, ramis filiformibus antheræs superantibus apice tenuibus v. subclavatis. Capsula ovoideo-globosa, apice truncata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina angulata, testa crassiuscula.—Radices fibrosi, more Sisyrinchii fasciculati. Folia radicalia linearia, conferta. Scapus nunc brevissimus folia non excedens, nunc elatiusculus aphyllus v. folio florali unico. Spathæ virides, in S. accudi 1-2 inter folia subsessiles, in S. narcissoide sæptus 2 ex axilla folii floralis pedunculatæ. Flores in spatha plures, pedicellati, bractea exteriore spathæ subsimili, interioribus plus minus scariosis; perianthium flavum albidum v. purpureo-striatum. Capsulæ e spatha exsertæ.

Species 2 v. 3, Americæ australis extratropicæ v. andinæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 121 (Solenomelis sect.). Cav. Diss. Monad. t. 191, f. 3 (Sisyrinchium). Bot. Reg. t. 1283.

Genus potius Sisyrinchio quam Solenomeli affine videtur.

33. Chamelum, Philippi in Linnaa, xxxiii. 250.—Perianthium tubo tenui infundibulare; lobi erecto-patentes, subæquales. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum connatis; antheræ erectæ, breviter stipitatæ, tubo longiores. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, antheris demum longior, ramis brevissimis recurvis apice acuto stigmatosis. Capsula ovoidea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina . . .—Caules e rhizomate breviter repente humiles. Folia pauca, linearia, latiuscula v. subteretia. Spathæ terminales, solitariæ v. plures aggregatæ, herbaceæ, striatæ. Flores in spatha 2 v. pauci, brevissime pedicellati; bractea exterior spathæ subsimilis, interiores plus minus scariosæ. Perianthium flavum. Capsula spatha inclusa.

Species 2, Chilenses. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 121 (Solenomelis sect.). Genus antheris et stylo tam a Solenomele quam a Symphyostemone bene distinctum videtur. C. andinum, a Philippio in Linnæa xxix. 62 ad Sisyrinchium relatum fuit, stylo non descripto, postea in Linnæa xxxiii. 250 incaute ad Susarium (Symphyostemum) translatum.

34. Solenomelus, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 95, t. 8. (Cruikshanksia, Miers, Trav. ii. 529. Lechlera, Grisel. in Lechl. Pl. Chil. Exs. n. 2966.)—Perianthii tubus tenuis, superne in faucem ampliatus; lobi subsequales, patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum sæpe glanduloso-villosum connatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, ad apicem tubi subsessiles, circa stylum arcte conniventes. Ovarium lineare, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, indivisus, vix demum apice e tubo stamineo exsertus, vertice stigmatoso ciliato-papilloso. Capsula oblonga, 3-sulca, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina dimidiato-ovoidea, testa dura.—Caules in rhizomate brevi subfasciculati, basi interdum leviter incrassati. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, linearia, plana v. angustissima, secus caula m perpauca. Spatha unica terminalis, v. paucæ longe pedunculatæ,

fere Orthosanthi, oblonge v. lanceolate, herbaces, striate. Flores in spatha places, breviter pedicellati; bractea exterior spatha subsimilis, interiores plus minus scariose. Perianthium flavum. Capsulæ spatha incluse.

Species 2, Chilenses. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 121 (S. chilensis et S. Lechleri). Bot. Mag. t. 2965 (Sisyrinchium). Fl des Serres, t. 255 (Sisyrinchium).

35. ? Cleanthe, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 312.—Perianthii tubus brevis; lobi patentes, obovali-oblongi, interiores exterioribus 2-3-plo majores. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis liberis; antherse lineares. Ovarium lineare, pedicelliforme; stylus elongatus, inclinatus, ramis stigmatosis brevibus obovato-dilatatis. Capsula linearis.—Caules in rhizomate fasciculati v. solitarii. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis numerosa, disticha, anguste ensiformia. Spatha terminalis, lanceolata, acuminata. Flores in spatha pauci, breviter pedicellati, bractea exteriore spathæ subsimili, interioribus minoribus.

Species 1, Africæ australis incolæ, a nobis non visa. Thunb. Diss. Moræa t. 1 (Moræa melaleuca). Bot. Mag. t. 1277 (Aristea). Genus, non nisi ex his iconibus et descriptionibus notum, dubium remanet, sed imprimis segmentis interioribus perianthiì maximis inter Irideas insigne videtur.

36. Aristea, Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, i. 67.—Perianthii tubus tenuis, brevis v. bracteas superans; lobi subæquales, rotato-patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ erectæ, oblongo-kineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, sæpe elongatus, apice indivisus brevissime 3-dentatus v. lobis 3 brevibus cuneato-dilatatis margine stigmatosis. Capsula ovata v. oblonga, 3-quetra, angulis interdum valde prominentibus acutis, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina sæpius compressa.—Fibri radicales fasciculatæ v. sæpius rhizoma plus minus evolutum, caule terminali haud raro breviter lignoso interdum fruticoso ramoso, rarius caules plures fasciculati. Folia ad basin caulis v. in ramis distiche conferta, angusta, equitantia, ensiformia v. graminea, brevia v. elongata. Spathæ 1-2-floræ, rarius ∞-floræ, nunc ad apicem caulis v. ramorum dichotomorum solitariæ, nunc plures secus ramos pedunculatæ v. subsessiles, nunc parvæ, breviter pedunculatæ, in corymbum terminalem compositum dispositæ. Flores intra spatham brevissime v. distincte pedicellati. Bracteæ sæpeque spatha ipsa plus minus scariosæ laceræque. Capsulæ e spatha vix v. breviter exsertæ.

Species ad 15, Africæ australis et tropicæ et Madagascariæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 110 (excl. A. melaleuca); in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 270. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 548; Ergänz. und Bericht. 47. Red. Lil. t. 462. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 10, 160. Bot. Mag. t. 458, 605, 1231.

Genus quoad habitum et inflorescentiam sat polymorphum, flores forma et colore cæruleo in omnibus fere speciebus consimiles videntur. In speciebus inflorescentia dichotoma spathæ interdum co-flore, bractea infima spathæ subsimili, stylus sæpe 3-dontatus; in A. oyanca styli lobi late cupeato-dilatati; in A. capitata spathæ numerosæ, co-floræ, secus caulem confertæ, v. in thyrsum longum dispositæ, inflorescentia speciminibus nonnullis Libertiæ formosæ accedente, styli dentes brevissime obtusi; in A. spirali, Morr., spathæ quam in cæteris longiores, co-floræ, secus caulem plures subsessiles, styli lobi brevissimi obovati, capsula linearis; in A. corymbosa (Witsenia corymbosa, Ker, Bot. Mag. t. 895. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 68. Red. Lil. t. 453. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 254. Maund, Botanist t. 202. Nivenia, Vent. Dec. Gen. Nov. 5. Genlisea, Reichb. Consp. 60), caulis more Witseniæ fruticosus, spathæ parvæ, 1-2-floræ, in corymbo composito numerosæ breviter pedunculatæ, sed flores omnino Aristea, et caulis basi breviter lignosus ramosusque in aliis nonnullis speciebus. A. fruticosus, Pers., a Thunbergio ad Witseniam a Baker ad Niveniam relata, tam ab A. corymbosa quam a cæteris speciebus differt habitu humili ramoso dense folioso, spathis (1-2-floris?) inter folia solitariis sessilibus. Habitu potius Tapeiniæ accedit, sed flores (quos in speciminibus nostris haud bene examinare potuimus) omnino Aristeæ convenire videntur. A. spiralis, Ker; Bot. Mag. t. 520 (Moræa), a cæteris speciebus differt colore floris non cæruleo.

WREDOWIA, Eckl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 16, planta Capensis indescripta nec a nobis visa, ab auctore intermedia dicitur inter Sisyrinchium et Aristeam, a Steudelio Nomencl. ad Aristeam refertur.

37. Witsenia, Thunb. Gen. Nov. 34, t. 17.—Perianthii tubus elongatus, cylindraceus, superne leviter incrassatus; lobi erecti, conniventes, exteriores oblongi concavi crassius-

culi dorso tomentosi, interiores breviores, plani subscariosi, apice solo tomentelli. Stamina fauci affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis crassiusculis liberis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, glandula annulari circa styli basin coronatum, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, e perianthio subexsertus, apice stigmatoso minute 3-dentatus. Capsula coriacea, nitidula, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina pauca, angulata, matura non vidimus.—Caulis lignosus, elatus, ramosus, compressus, acutangulus. Folia erecta, ensiformia, equitantia, rigidula, superiora minora conferta. Bracteæ ad axillas foliorum superiorum ∞, rigidæ, complicatæ, quasi in spica bifariam imbricatæ, ab inferioribus ad 2 summas gradatim auctæ. Spathæ ad axillas bractearum summarum sæpius geminæ, bractea multo minores. Flos intra spatham 1 (v. 2 ?) subsessilis, bracteas imbricatas longe superans. Bractea seu bracteola intra spatham ea paullo brevior.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 108. Red. Lil. t. 245, 463. Bot. Reg. t. 5. Maund, Botanist, t. 125. Fl. des Serres, Aug. 1846, t. 4.

38. Etattia, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 109.—Perianthii tubus brevis, cylindraceus, ad os constrictus; lobi æquales, erecti, unguibus longe lineari-subulatis filamentis similibus, superne vix in ligulam erectam linearem obtusam dilatatis. Stamina ad apicem tubi cum lobis inserta, iisque primo aspectu simillima, filamentis leviter applanatis; antheræ erectæ, longe lineari-sagittatæ. Ovarium obovoideum, infra apicem crassum solidum 3-loculare, ovulis in loculis solitariis v. perpaucis; stylus filiformis, apice stigmatoso minute 3-dentatus. Capsula brevis, apice indurata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis solitaria, immatura oblonga, angulata v. compressa.—Caulis more Witseniæ lignosus, ramosus. Folia disticha, conferta, ensiformia, equitantia, rigidula, summa gradatim in bracteas bifariam imbricatas abeuntia. Floros intra bracteas summas gemini (v. 3-4?) sessiles, singuli spatha bracteas multo breviore bracteolaque subsimili stipati. Perianthii lobi filamentiformes, cum filamentis veris styloque e bracteis longe exserti. Capsulæ bracteis inclusæ.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola (Witsenia partita, Ker).

Flores, apad Klattium in Linnæa xxxiv. 546, in quaque spica 10 ad 15, in speciminibus nostris paria 2 intra bracteas 1-2 superiores invenimus, comam densam filamentorum formantes.

## TRIBUS III. IXIEÆ.

39. Schinostylis, Backh. et Harv. in Bot. Mag. t. 5422.—Perianthii tubus tenuis, vix in faucem brevissimam ampliatus; lobi æquales, oblongi v. ovati, patentes. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ lineares, sagittatæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus brevis, ramis longis filiformibus indivisis, introrsum in longitudine papillosis. Capsula obovoidea v. oblonga, vertice truncata, 3-sulca, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, angulata.—Caules in rhizomate fasciculati, ebulbosi v. basi leviter bulboso-incrassati. Folia linearia v. anguste ensiformia. Spathæ secus pedunculum simplicem dissitæ, subdistichæ, virescentes, lanceolatæ, complicatæ. Flos in spatha sessilis. Bractea spatha angustior, virescens v. subscariosa, 2-carinata. Perianthium speciosum, rubrum.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 108. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxv. 380. Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. t. 394 (a Bot. Mag. repetit.). Fl. des Serres, t. 1637.

40. Mesperantha, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 224.—Perianthii tubus tenuis, longiusculus, abbreviatus v. brevissimus, rectus v. decurvus; limbus patens v. demum reflexus, lobi angusti, subæquales, v. exteriores sæpe paullo majores rigidiores et intensius colorati. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis brevibus erectis; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ, erectæ. Ovarium obovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus brevis sæpius brevissimus, ramis multo longioribus filiformibus superne introrsum papillosis. Capsula membranacea, obtusa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi tunicæ læves, coriaceæ, interdum a basi solutæ deorsum imbricatæ, caule sim-

plici v. unirameo. Folia pauca, anguste linearia. Spathæ secus pedunculum sessiles, dissitæ, secundæ v. quaquaversæ, virescentes, complicatæ v. carinatæ, erectæ v. vix patentes. Flos in spatha sessilis; bractea spatha multo brevior, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata.

Species ad 20, Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 95. Klatt in Linnea, xxxiv. 647; Ergänz. und Bericht. 59. Jacq. Io. Rar. t. 276, 279, 280. Red. Lil. t. 441. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 44, 59. Bot. Mag. t. 566, 573, 790, 1054, 1254, 1379, 1475 (ic. pleræque sub Ixia).

I. radiata in icone Redouteana, t. 441, styli ramos solito breviores ostendit, et species Geissorkisa accedere videtur.

41. Geissorhisa, Ker in Kön. et Sims, Ann. Bot. 1. 223.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi tenui apice breviter ampliato; lobi subæquales, plus minus patentes, basi sæpe angustati. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ, rectæ v. apice recurvæ, rarius demum tortæ. Ovarium obovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, longiusculus, ramis linearibus recurvis indivisis parte integra brevioribus, superne interdum leviter membranaceo-dilatatis introrsum ab apice breviter v. longiuscule papillosis. Capsula obtusa, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina subglobosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi tunicæ læves, fibrosæ, v. deorsum imbricatæ. Caulis simplex v. parum ramosus. Folia pauca, linearia, angustissima, rarius latius ensiformia. Pedunculus unicus, terminalis, seu pauci e folii su mmi vagina. Spathæ secus pedunculum paucæ, dissitæ, interdum solitariæ, inferiores sæpius herbaceæ, acutæ, superiores v. interdum omnes plus minus scariosæ, obtusæ v. denticulatæ. Flos in spatha sessilis, bractea spatha breviore scariosa striata sæpius breviter 2-loba. Perianthii tubus rarius spatham excedens.

Species ad 24, v. ex Klattio 31, quarum una Madagascariensis, cæteræ omnes Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 93 (excl. G. erecta, G. alpina et G. lutea ad Hesperantham referendis). Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 650; Ergünz. und Bericht. 56.

Genus vix characteribus certis ab *Ixia* distinctum, differt sæpius perianthii limbo minus expanso et spathis saltem inferioribus herbaceis acutis, in sectiones 2 a Bakero dividitur: 1. *Rochea*, perianthii tubo spatham non excedente. *Bot. Mag. t.* 597, 598 (*Ixia*), 672, 1255, 5877. *Andr. Bot. Rep. t.* 245 (*Ixia*). *Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t.* 138. Rochea, *Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc.* i. 322, absque char.

- 2. Weihea, perianthii tubo tenui e spatha exserto. Bot. Mag. t. 584. WEIHEA, Eckl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 22.
- G. Bojeri, Baker, e Madagascaria, ab Africanis differt capsula longa angusta subcylindracea, sed omnino congener videtur.
- 42. Dierama, C. Koch in Walp. Ann. vi. 42.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi in faucem ampliato; lobi subæquales, erecto-patentes. Stamina supra basin faucis affixa, filamentis brevibus rectis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, sagittatæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis & ovarium 3-loculare, loculare, semina subglobosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi tunicæ cum basibus foliorum vetustiorum in fibras numerosas rigidas persistentes solutæ. Folia longa, angusta, inferiora equitantia a latere complanata, superiora pauca, parva. Panicula terminalis, elongata, ramulis filiformibus in vivo pendulis, in speciminibus siccis erecti apparent. Spathæ in ramulis sessiles, scarioso-hyalinæ, vix striatæ, apice laceræ, sæpius 3-fidæ. Flos intra spatham sessilis, bractea spatha angustiore 2-fida.

Species 2 v. 3, florum magnitudine et colore distinctæ, sed ut videtur intermediis connexæ, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 99. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 751 (errore Diorama); Ergänz. und Bericht. 54. Bot. Mag. t. 5555. Bot. Reg. t. 1360 (Sparaxis).

- D. cupuliforum, Klatt in Decken Reise, Bot. 73, t. 3, quod etiam a Thomsonio in Africa tropica lectum fuit, a forma typica austro-Africana D. penduli distinguere nequimus.
- 43. Streptanthera, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 209, et ser. 2, t. 122.—Perianthii tubus brevissimus, campanulatus; lobi sequales, rotato-patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis brevibus erectis liberis; antherse lineares, demum tortse. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis VOL. III.

CLXXIII. IRIDEÆ.

co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, antheras breviter superans, ramis stigmatosis breviter cuneato-dilatatis 2-lobis. Capsula subglobosa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa,— Herbæ humiles, bulbosæ. Folia ensiformia, lanceolata, erecta v. falcato-patentia. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus 2-3. Spathæ secus pedunculum sessiles, 2-3 v. ad unicam reducte, membranaceo-scariose, maculis brunneis linearibus more Sparazeos notate, apice dentatæ v. laceræ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractes 2-dentata spatha paullo minore.

Species 2, Africa australis incolse. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 92. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1859. Part. Mag. Bot. i. 8, oum ic.

Specimen unicum nobis adest, genitalibus in flore unico a vermibus exesis et characterem imprimis ex iconibus citatis sumpsimis. Genus videtur Sparaxi affine, sed perianthii forma et genitalibus rectis potius Ixie v. Geissorhize accedens.

44. Exta, Linn. Gen. n. 56. (Wurthia, Regel, Gartenfl. ii. 98, t. 46.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme v. hypocraterimorphum, tubo tenui brevi v. longiusculo, apice æquali v. leviter ampliato; lobi subæquales, plus minus patentes, sæpius subrotati. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis brevibus erectis liberis v. basi connatis; antheræ lineares, plus minus sagittatæ, erectæ v. apice recurvæ, prope basin affixæ. Ovarium obovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, ramis linearibus recurvis indivisis parte integra brevioribus, introrsum ab apice breviter v. longiuscule papillosis. Capsula obtusa, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina subglobosa v. angulatocompressa.—Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ læves v. fibrosæ. Caulis simplex v. parum ramosus. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, anguste ensiformia, erecta, rigidule venosa, secus caulem pauca parva. Spathæ secus pedunculum terminalem seu ramos breves erectos sessiles, sæpe secundæ, breves, latæ, membranaceo-scariosæ, carinatæ v. concavæ, sæpe 3-dentatæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea spathæ subsimili nisi parum breviore 2-carinata 2-dentata v. interdum 2-partibili.

Species ad 25, Africæ australis incolæ, plures valde variabiles et inter se difficillime distinguendæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 90 et 96 (Ixia et Morphixia). Klatt in Lennæa xxxiv. 635; Ergünz. und Bericht. 48 (Morphixia) et 61 (Ixia).

Genus vix in sectiones distinctas dividitur; series sequentes characteribus nimis incertis separantur. In speciebus typicis perianthii tubus brevis v. rarius elongatus, usque ad apicem tenuis; filamenta libera v. vix ima basi subconnata. Japq. Ic. Rar. t. 275, 278; Hort. Schombr. t. 18 ad 23. Red. Lil. t. 30, 64, 86, 126, 137, 138, 140, 426, 466. Vent. Choix, t. 10; Jard. Cels. t. 48. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 23, 29, 50, 155, 159, 186, 196, 232, 256. Bot. Mag. t. 128 (in textu 127), 522, 539, 549, 589, 594, 623, 624, 629, 789, 846, 1285, 1378. Bot. Reg. t. 530. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 15.

Sect. Eurydice, Pers. Syn. i. 48, differt filamentis plus minus sed basi distincte connatis. Red. Lil. t. 41 (Galaxia). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 203, 211, 213, 250, 392. Bot. Mag. t. 607. Huc etiam potius quam Ixiis typicis referenda videtur I. columellaris, Bot. Mag. t. 630.

MORPHIXIA, Ker, Gen. Irid. 105 (HYALIS, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 317, absque char. Morphixis brevicelles, Baker), ab auctoribus distinguitur perianthii tubo minus tenui, ad faucem interdum leviter ampliato; styli rami etiam interdum leviter membranaceo-dilatati. M. capillaris, Ker, quoed formam perianthii et styli ramos a varietatibus nonnullis *Ixiæ polystackyæ* ægre distinguenda est. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 281, 282. Red. Lil. t. 481, 432. Bot. Mag. t. 570, 617, 1013.

Morphizie longicolles, Baker (FREESIA, Eokl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 30, non aliorum), a Kerio ad Tritoniam relate, insignes sunt tubo perianthii longissimo, quam in cæteris speciebus præsertim superne crassiore; a Tritonia parum different perianthio et stylo rectis. Huc Jacq. lc. Rar. t. 263 (Gladiolus). Red. Lil. t. 84. Bot. Mag. t. 256, 1173, 1502, 1503 (Tritonia).

I. anemonaflora, Jacq., et I. fragrans, Jacq., Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 91, nobis melius ad Sparazin referende videntur. I. fucata, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1379, Baker, l. c., ad Hesperantham.

45. Preesta, Klatt in Linnæa, xxxiv. 672, pro parte non Eckl.—Perianthii tubus e basi tenui curvus, in faucem longe campanulatam ampliatus, limbus parum obliquus, lobis subsequalibus ovatis patentibus. Stamina intra faucem affixa, filamentis liberis filiformibus; antherse lineares, sagittatse. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stamina demum superans, ramis tenuibus 2-fidis, lobis vix dilatatis recurvis introrrum papillosis. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina (immatura) depresso-globosa v. angulata.—Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ fibrosæ. Folia plana, angusta, haud rigida, supra basin caulis conferta. Inflorescentia simplex v. parce ramosa; spathæ in parte superiore patente ramorum unilaterales, breves, ovatæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea spathæ subæquali 2-carinata.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 163. Jacq. Io. Rar. t. 241 (Gladiolus). Red. Lil. t. 124, 419 (Gladiolus). Bot. Reg. t. 135 (Tritonia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1820 (Tritonia). Reg. Gartenft. t. 808. Klatt in Zeitschr. Schweitz. Gartenb. 1881, t. 3.

46. Lapeyrousia, Pourr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Toulouse, 1786, ex eod. in Journ. Phys. xxxv. (1789), 425. (Meristostigma, A. Dietr. Sp. Pl. ii. 593. Peyrousia, Sweet, Hort. Brit. 499. Ovieda, Spreng. Syst. i. 147.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme v. fere hypocraterimorphum, tubo tenui interdum longissimo recto v. superne leviter incurvo in faucem brevem sæpius dilatato; lobi subæquales, patentes, v. 2 paullo longiores. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis brevibus liberis; antheræ oblongo-lineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, demum sæpius elongatus, ramis filiformibus 2-fidis, lobis introrsum in longitudine papillosis. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina parva, subglobosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi seu cormi tunicæ fibrosæ v. rigide striatæ basique circumscissæ. Habitus valde varius, foliis sæpius paucis. Spathæ herbaceæ, nunc inter folia conferta sessiles, nunc secus pedunculum seu ramos inflorescentiæ plures sessiles approximatæ v. dissitæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea spatha breviore 2-nervi v. 2-carinata.

Species ad 18, Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 154. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 776 (Ovieda); Ergünz. und Bericht. 25.

Genus imprimis ad inflorescentiam in series sequentes dividitur:-

- 1. Galaxioideæ. Caulis humilis. Spathæ herbaceæ, densissime confertæ et foliis floralibus quasi involucratæ, habitum fere Galaxiæ præbentes. Huc L. fasciculata, Ker, et affines. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 292 (Galaxia). Sophronia, Licht. in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. i. 482.
- 2. Haplostachyæ. Caulis humilis, simplex. Spathæ herbaceæ, secus pedunculum simplicem plures, approximatæ. Huc L. fissifolia et affines. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 268 (Gladiolus). Bot. Mag. t. 1246, et L. odoratissima, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 273, t. 36.
- 3. Spathacee. Caulis mediocris v. brevis. Spathæ secus ramos divaricatos plures, herbacee. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 269, 270 (Gladiolus). Bot. Reg. t. 1903. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 143, et ser. 2, t. 39.
- 4. Anomatheceæ. Folia longa. Spathæ parvæ secus ramos paucos elongatos subdissitæ. Bot. Mag. t. 606. Anomatheca, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 227. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 774; Ergänz. und Bericht, 21. Buker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 163. Anomaza, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 323, absque char.
- 5. Corymbosæ. Inflorescentia corymboso-ramosa, sæpe ramosissima. Spathæ parvæ, secus ramulos breves paucæ, approximatæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 288 (Ixia). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 35 (Ixia). Rot. Mag. t. 595. Peters, Reise Mossamb. Bot. t. 58.
- 6. Dichotomæ. Inflorescentia laxe dichotoma. Spathæ longæ, angustæ, ad apices ramorum solitariæ v. rarius 2, inferiore distante. Perianthium longum. Huc L. fragrans, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 272, antheris valde inæqualibus, L. cyanescens, Baker, l. c., antheris subæqualibus, et L. fistulosa, Baker.
- 47. Watsonia, Mill. Dict. (Neuberia, Eckl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 37. Meriana, Trew, Pl. Sel. Ehret. 11, t. 40.)—Perianthii tubus basi tenuis, curvus v. recurvus, superne ampliatus; lobi subæquales, ovati oblongi v. lanceolati, per anthesin patentes. Stamina intra faucem affixa, filamentis liberis filiformibus longiusculis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, versatiles, perianthio breviores. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis brevibus sæpe inæqualibus 2-fidis, lobis filiformibus interdum brevissimis superne introrsum papillosis. Capsula globosa ovoidea v. breviter oblonga, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi tunicæ rigide fibrosæ. Caulis sæpe elatus. Folia longe ensiformia, rigidula, venosa, costa sæpe prominente. Spicæ longæ, simplices v. parce ramosæ. Spathæ lanceolatæ oblongæ v. angustæ, sæpe numerosæ, secus ramos quaquaversæ v. subdistichæ, dissitæ v. subimbricatæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea interdum 2-fida.

Species enumerat Klatt 25, Africa australis incolas. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 157 (excl. sect. Micranthus). Klatt in Linnaa, xxxii. 735; Ergäns. und Bericht. 17. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 13; Ic. Rar. t. 229 ad 232, 284, 235. Red. Lil. t. 11 (Gladiolus), 343, 399. Bot. Mag. t. 418 et 441 (Antholysa), 538, 537, 601, 608, 631, 1072, 1193 ad 1195, 1406, 1530. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 56 et 192 (Antholysa), 335 (Gladiolus).

Beilla, Eckl. Vers. Pft. Samml. 43, includit species 3 v. 4, a Bakero sub W. punctata, Ker, pro varietatibus conjunctas, caule humili tenui, spica simplici, spathis quam in typicis minoribus minus appressis, floribus mediocribus v. parvis, tubo tenui vix in faucem ampliato. Hic tubus in W. Zeykeri brevissimus, in W. punctata longior, in una varietate longissimus vix apice incurvus. Species cæterum Lapeyrouseis spicatis valde affines. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 177 (Luia).

LOMENIA, Pourr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Toulouse 1786, ex ecd. in Journ. Phys. xxxv. (1789) 425 (errore Lemonia, Pers. Syn. i. 44), species in ins. Borbonia a Commersonio lecta a nobis non visa, ex descriptione omnino Watsonies convenit, exceptis stigmatibus 5 (nec 6) an in flore imperfecto observatis?

48. Micranthus, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 46.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, tubo brevi in faucem ampliato; lobi subæquales, oblongi v. angusti, patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ versatiles, filamento breviores. Ovarium obovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis pauciovulatis; stylus filiformis, ramis tenuibus haud longis apice breviter 2-fidis introrsum stigmatosis. Capsula parva, obovoideo-3-quetra, obtusa, membranacea, demum loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria v. rarius gemina, anguste oblonga, angulata, erecta.—Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ fibrosæ. Caulis simplex v. parum ramosus. Folia linearia, teretia, fistulosa, v. anguste ensiformia. Spica tenuis, longa, stricta, dense floribunda. Spathæ parvæ, numerosæ, eleganter distichæ, margine interiore scariosæ. Flores parvuli, cærulei v. albi, intra spatham sessiles, bractea scariosa.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ australis et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 159 (Watsoniæ sect.). Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 744. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 16 (Gladiolus). Red. Lil. t. 96 st 198 (Ixia). Bot. Mag. t. 523 et 553 (Ixia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1577.

49. Acidanthera, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, 25. (Spherospora, Klatt in Linnaa, xxxii. 725.)—Perianthii tubus longus, tenuis, rectus v. leviter incurvus, in faucem parum ampliatus; lobi subequales, erecto-patentes, oblongi v. fere lineares. Stamina ad faucem affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis v. medio subcoherentibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ v. versatiles, connectivo interdum nec semper acuminatæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis indivisis subulatis v. membranaceo-complanatis recurvis, apice introrsum papillosis. Capsula oblonga, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulata.—Cormi tunicæ læves v. fibrosæ. Caulis erectus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Folia pauca, linearia, plana, tenuiter venosa. Spathæ secus caulem v. ramos sæpius paucæ, dissitæ, angustæ, secundæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea spatha minore tenuioreque, 2-nervi v. 2-fida.

Species ad 12, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 159. Houtt. Handleit. Pfl. Kund. xii. t. 78, f. 2 (Ixia). Monatschr. Preuss. Gartenb. Ver. 1876, t. 1.

Genus Tritonia speciebus longifloris valde affine, et T. capensis, Ker, Bot. Mag. t. 618 et 1531 (a Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 261 ad Gladiolum, a Bakero in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 168 ad Montbretiam, relata) cum Montbretia pauciflora, Baker l.c., nobis melius Acidanthera convenire videntur. Houtturnia, Houtt. Handleit. Pfl. Kund. xii. 448, t. 85, f. 3, ab auctoribus ad Tritoniam capensem refertur, sed icon spatham brevem exhibit Tritonia nec Acidanthera et forma perianthii male cum T. capense convenit.

50. Sabiana, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 233.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo recto longo v. rarius brevi, superne in faucem sæpius longam ampliato, lobi nunc subæquales, erecto-patentes, angusti, unguiculati v. basi vix contracti, nunc valde inæquales, postico elongato erecto inferioribus multo brevioribus patentibus. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, elongatus, superne lateralis, ramis indivisis, apice

stigmatoso breviter cuneato v. anguste membranaceo rarius subulato. Capsula ovoidea, sæpe subinflata, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulata, testa sæpe carnosula.— Bulbi seu cormi tunicæ fibrosæ. Caules sæpius breves, in plerisque speciebus cum foliis pubescentes v. pilosi. Folia sæpius rigidula, plicato-venosa, rarius angustiora læviaque. Inflorescentia sæpius simplex, dense spicata, plus minus pilosa, inter folia subsessilis, rarius longior ramosaque. Spathæ angustæ, longæ v. breves, rigidulæ striatæ v. membranaceæ. Flos in spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea membranacea 2-nervi 2-carinata v. 2-fida.

Species fere 30, quarum una insulæ Socotra, cæteræ omnes Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 164. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 765; Ergänz. und Bericht. 13.

Genus quoad species plerasque naturale sed male definitum, imprimis inflorescentia foliis et indumento dignoscendum, characteribus floralibus variis nunc Acidantheræ nunc Antholyzæ accedit. In sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Eubabiana. Spica simplex, brevis, densa, inter folia szepius subsessilis iisque brevior. Spathæ quaquaversæ v. subdistichæ. Styli rami sæpius anguste membranaceo-dilatati, obtusi. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 14, 15 (Gladiolus); Ic. Rar. t. 253. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 137. Bot. Mag. t. 576, 638, 1019. Huc pertinet etiam B. socotrana, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6585, ex ins. Socotra.
- 2. Acaste. Spica laxa, basi sæpius breviter ramosa. Styli rami apice breviter cuneati v. clavati. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 237 ad 239 (Gladiolus), t. 284 ad 287 (Ixia). Red. Lil. t. 142 (Gladiolus). Bot. Mag. t. 410 (Ixia), 583, 621, 626, 637, 1053. Acaste, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 322 (absque char.).
- 3. Antholyzoides. Spica densa, unilateralis, spathis secundis. Perianthii tubus longus nunc subæqualis, nunc valde inæqualis. Styli rami subulati. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 264, 266. Red. Lil. t. 44, 364, in textu 361. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 680, 847. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1006. In B. ringente, Ker, perianthium fere Antholyza æthiopicæ, Linn., in B. tubata, Sweet, et in B. tubiflora, Ker, inflorescentia omnino hujus sectionis sed perianthii lobi vix inæquales; styli rami in speciminibus examinatis non dilatati, sed in iconibus nonnullis apice breviter cuneati v. emarginati delineantur.
- 51. Crocosma, Planch. in Fl. des Serres, t. 702.—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, incurvus, apice non ampliatus; limbus demum a basi brevissime concava patens, segmentis oblongis parum inæqualibus. Stamina ad faucem aflixa, filamentis longis superne unilateralibus; antheræ lineares, versatiles. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞- (8-10-) ovulatis; stylus elongatus, superne lateralis, ramis filiformibus apice stigmatoso dilatatis denticulatis. Capsula subinfiato-globosa, 3-sulca, brevissime lateque 3-loba. Semina pauca, majuscula, testa crassiuscula.—Bulbi seu cormi tunicæ tenues, fibrosæ. Caulis elatus, paniculatoramosus. Folia longa, ensiformia, venosa. Spathæ secus ramos paniculæ dissitæ, breves, integræ. Flos in spatha unicus sessilis, bractea membranacea v. subscariosa spathæ subæquali lata 2-carinata sæpeque 2-fida. Perianthium anthesi ineunte leviter incurvum, genitalibus subexsertis. Capsula etsi sessilis spatham æquans v. superans, valvis coloratis demum patentibus, seminibus globosis diu persistentibus.

Species 1, Africæ australis et tropicæ incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 163 (Tritoniæ sect.). Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 764. Bot. Mag. t. 4335. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 61 (Tritonia). Klotzsch in Peters, Reise, Mossamb. Bot. t. 57 (Crocanthus).

52. Melasphserula, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 615. (Diasia, DC. in Bull. Soc. Philom. Par. iii. 1803, 151 bis. Aglaea, Pers. Syn. i. 46.)—Perianthium campanulatum, tubo subnullo; segmenta parum inæqualia, oblongo-lanceolata, setaceo-acuminata. Stamina basi perianthii affixa, filamentibus filiformibus, superne unilateralia; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium breve, late 3-lobum, 3-loculare, loculis 2-3-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stamina superans, ramis tenuibus indivisis apice stigmatoso leviter cuneato-dilatatis. Capsula brevis, lata, divaricato-3-loba, angulis acutis fere alatis, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in quoque loculo sæpius 2, ovata, compressa, testa crassiuscula apice subspongiosa.—Bulbus seu cormus parvus, tunicis brunneis lævibus. Folis in caule plura, graminea. Panicula ampla, laxa, ramulis fere filiformibus. Bracteæ ad basin ramorum 2, setaceæ, altera ramulum subtendens integra, altera interior ad basin ramuli 2-fida. Spathæ parvæ, latæ, obtusæ, tenuiter membranaceæ v. hyalinæ, 1-nerves, secus ramulos dissitæ Flos in

spatha unicus, sessilis, bractea spathæ simili nisi latiore et 2-nervi. Capsulæ lobi spatham a latere excedentes.

Species 1, Africe australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 167. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 746 (Diasia). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 286 (Gladiolus) Red. Lil. t. 54 et 163 (Diasia). Andr. Bot. Rop. t. 62 (Gladiolus). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1444.

53. Tritenia, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 227. (Waitzia, Reichb. Consp. 60.)—Perianthii tubus tenuis, rectus, nunc brevissimus nunc elongatus, rarius apice leviter incurvus; limbus concavus v. late campanulatus, subregularis v. parum obliquus, lobi lati, omnes similes v. 3 inferiores basi callo v. macula instructi, v. interdum paullo minores. Stamina basi limbi affixa, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ lineares, sagittatæ, sæpius versatiles. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis indivisis tenuibus v. sæpius apice stigmatoso leviter dilatato clavato v. retuso. Capsula membranacea, ovoidea v. oblonga, spatha sæpius brevior, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ fibrosæ. Caulis simplex v. parum ramosus. Folia pauca, anguste linearia v. latiora ensiformiaque, sæpe falcata. Spathæ secus pedunculum seu ramos paucos dissitæ, breves, membranaceæ, sæpe 3-dentatæ. Flos intra spatham unicus, sessilis, bractea spatha paullo breviore, 2-nervi v. 2-carinata.

Species ad 24, Africa australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 161, 167 (Tritonia et Montbretia). Klatt in Linnaa, xxxii. 752, 755 (Montbretia et Tritonia).

Perianthii forms variat de specie in speciem, sed variationes in speciminibus siccis sæpe parum conspicuse et in iconibus non semper accurate delineatæ. In *Tritoniis* typicis tubus brovis, limbus latus, subsequelis, lobi nunc omnes consimiles immaculati, nunc (in *T. miniata*) 3 inferiores v. (in *T. dousta*) 3 exteriores basi maculati. Ad hanc seriem pertinent species Bakeri n. 1 ad 6 et icones sequentes. *Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t.* 24; *Fragm. t.* 32, *f.* 2. *Red. Lil. t.* 87, 89, 335. *Andr. Bot. Rep. t.* 134 (ic. omnes sub Ixia). *Bot. Mag. t.* 184, 581, 609, 622.

Montbretta, DC. in Bull. Soc. Philom. Par. iii. (1803) 151 bis, et in Red. Lil. t. 53, pro genere proposita fuit ad T. securigeram, Ker (Gladiolum, Bot. Mag. t. 383), ob callos ad basin segmentorum 3 inferiorum insigniter prominentes; forma perianthii cæterum vix minus regularis quam in specie-bus typicis. T. flava, Bot. Reg. t. 747 (Montbretia, Baker), ex icone perianthium T. securigera exhibit, etsi calli minus prominentes. In T. lineata, Ker (Montbretia, Baker), ex iconibus Redoutianis Lil. t. 55, et 400, perianthium vix irregulare absque callis, in icone tamen Bot. Mag. t. 487 incurvum delineatur et obliquum fere Gladioli, cui ab auctore refertur. In M. laxifolia, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 101 A, ex Africa tropica, perianthium pariter vix irregulare, ecallosum.

Montbretia strictifolia, Klatt, M. Pottsii, Baker in Gard. Chron. 1877, ii. 424, affinesque nonnullæ a Tritoniis v. Montbretiis typicis different imprimis perianthii lobis angustioribus.

Tritonia capensis, Ker, et Montbretia paucifiora, Baker. nobis melius cum Acidanthera convenire videntur ut jam supra indicavimus. Cæteræ Tritoniæ longitubæ (Montbretiæ longicolles, Baker, n. 3 ad 6) a speciebus typicis tam Tritoniæ quam Montbretiæ recedunt perianthii tubo longissimo superne param ampliato sæpeque incurvo, et Tritoniam cum Acidanthera connectunt; spathæ tamen omnino Tritoniæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 262, 267. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 142 (omn. sub Gladiolo). Bot. Mag. t. 678, 1275.

DICHONE, Laws. ex Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 320, absque char., species continet 2, a Bakero pro sectione Tritoniæ admissas, perianthii limbo supra tubum tenuem fere rotato, lobis oblongis basi contractis subsequalibus, antheris brevibus. Characteres fere Ixiæ, sed stamina et stylus plus minus lateralia. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 275. Red. Lil. t. 127, 433. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 14, 128. Bot. Mag. t. 599, 629 (ic. omn. sub Ixia). AGRETTA Eokl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 23, pro parte.

Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 23, Tritoniam restringit ad species longitubas quæ Tritoniam cum Acidanthera et Ixia ipsa connectunt, et Tritoniae nostræ typicæ genus Tritonixiam formant, Klatt, l. c. 21.

54. Sparaxts, Ker in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. i. 225.—Perianthii tubus brevis, tenuis, in faucem breviter campanulatam ampliatus; lobi 6, erecto-patentes, æquales v. parum inæquales. Stamina ad basin faucis affixa, filamentis erectis superne unilateralibus; antheræ linea res. erectæ v. apice incurvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis;

stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis longiuscule filiformibus indivisis superne recurvis introrsum papillosis. Capsula membranacea, ovoidea v. oblonga, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi v. cormi tunicæ fibrosæ. Caulis simplex v. parce ramosus. Folia pauca, plana, ensiformia v. late linearia, erecta v. falcata. Spathæ paucæ, dissitæ, v. interdum solitariæ, latæ, scariosæ, striatæ v. sæpius lineis brevibus brunneis notatæ, apice fimbriato-dentatæ, dentibus sæpius 1-3-subulatis. Flos intra spatham unicus, sessilis, majusculus, flavus, bractea spatha multo angustiore 2-dentata. Capsula spatha inclusa.

Species ad 5, v. ex Klattio 11, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 98. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 747; Ergänz. und Bericht. 55. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 17; Ic. Rar. t. 273, 274, 283. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 48, 87. Red. Lil. t. 85, 109, 128, 129, 139, 362. Bot. Mag. t. 381, 541, 545, 779, 1482. Bot. Reg. t. 258. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 160, et ser. 2, t. 131, 383 (ic. veteriores omnes sub Ixia).

Ixia anemonistora, Red. Lil. t. 85, non Jacq., eadem videtur ac I. fragrans, Jacq., sed rite a Kerio ad Sparaxin relata, etsi perianthium magis expansum sit. I. anemonistora, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 273, videtur species distincta ei affinis.

55. Synnetia, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 150 (sphalmate, Synnetia ex emend. sub num. poster.).—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo tenui brevi v. elongato recto v. apice incurvo in faucem ampliato; lobi erecto-patentes, inequales, postico majore erecto, 3 infimis minoribus reflexo-patentibus. Stamina ad basin faucis affixa, filamentis erectis unilateralibus; anthere lineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis brevibus recurvis indivisis introrsum papillosis. Capsula membranacea, ovoidea v. oblonga, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina globosa v. angulato-compressa.—Bulbi seu cormi tunicæ rigide fibrosæ. Caulis simplex v. parum ramosus. Folia pauca, plana, linearia v. ensiformia, flaccida. Spathæ secus caulem dissitæ, latiusculæ, membranacoo-scariosæ, apice laceræ v. fimbriato-dentatæ, lineis brunneis brevibus more Sparaceos notatæ. Flos intra spatham unicus, majusculus, sessilis, bractea spathæ simili nisi paullo minore 2-nervi, 2-fida. Capsula spatha inclusa.

Species 3, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 169. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 749. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 240, 258 (Gladrolus). Bot. Mag. t. 548 (Ixia).

Genus a Kerio in Sparaxi inclusum, cui valde affine nec differt nisi perianthio magis irregulari.

v. elongato oblique infundibuliformi, fauce plus minus ampliata v. brevissima; lobi inæquales, summus sæpius maximus, erectus convexus v. incurvus, inferiores minores, erecti v. patentes, 3 sæpe maculati, omnes sæpius basi angustati interdum unguiculati. Stamina fauci affixa, sub lobo summo incurva, filamentis liberis; antheræ lineares. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, cum staminibus incurvus sæpiusque superne plus minus lateralis; rami tenues, indivisi, apice stigmatoso clavato v. petaloideo-dilatato. Capsula obovoidea v. breviter oblonga, obtusa, integra v. breviter 3-dyma, membranacea v. chartacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina ovoidea globosa compressiuscula v. angulata, angulis haud raro in alas angustas expansis, testa crassiuscule membranacea, interdum subspongiosa.—Bulbi tunicæ membranaceæ, brunneæ, v. fibrosæ. Caules sæpe elati. Folia ensiformia v. anguste linearia. Spathæ sæpissime lanceolatæ, herbaceæ, erectæ, in spicam laxam unilateralem dispositæ. Flores in spatha solitarii, sessiles, sæpius speciosi, in spica secunda unilateraliter inclinati, bractea intra spatham ei subsimili nisi sæpius minore et 2-nervi.

Species fere 90, Europæ mediæ, regionis Mediterraneæ, Africæ tropicæ et australis et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 170; in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 267. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 689; Ergäns. und Berioht. 3.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:-

1. Eugladiolus. Perianthii segmenta oblongo- v. obovato-spathulata, basi angustata v. præsertim inferiora unguiculata. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 242 ad 252, 254 ad 257. Reichb. Iconogr. Eur. t. 598 ad

800, 643; Io. Fl. Germ. t. 349 ad 353. New, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monroot. iii. n. 9. Guss. Pl. Inarim. t. 14. Sibth. Fl. Grev. t. 37, 38. Oliv. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 100, f. 1. Red. Lil. t. 35, 36, 122, 123, 125, 136, 267, 273, 314, 377, 425. Silisb. Parad. Lond. t. 8. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 11, 19, 27, 99, 111, 147, 188, 219, 227, 240, 589. Bot. Mag. t. 86, 135, 272, 538, 562, 574, 578, 582, 591, 602, 610, 625, 632, 645, 647, 648, 719, 727, 823, 874, 992, 1042, 1098, 1483, 1564, 1575, 1665, 2585, 3032, 3686, 5127, 5565, 5373, 5384, 5914, 6202. Bot. Reg. t. 1442. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1756. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 140, 281. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 23; et ic. numerosæ var. hortensium v. hybridarum in diariis variis hortulanorum. Huc pertinent etiam genera Symphydolom, Ballospobum, Ophiolyza, Hyprissa, et Ranisia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 142, 143, et Sphærospora, Sweet, Hort. Brit. 501.

- 2. Hebea. Perianthii segmenta rotundata rhomboides v. obovata, interdum cuspidata, omnia v. præsertim inferiora unguiculata. Spathæ herbaceæ. Styli rami interdum brevissime 2-fidæ. Species omnes austro-africanæ. Jaog. Ic. Rar. t. 259, 260. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 8, 122, 241. Bot. Mag. t. 586. 592, 688. Bot. Reg. t. 169. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 156. Hebba, Pers. Sym. i. 44.
- 3. Schweiggera. Perianthii segmenta obovata v. oblonga, longe unquiculata. Spathæ parvæ, brunneæ, rigidulæ. Flores quam in præcedentibus minores. Thunb. Diss. t. 1, f. 4. Jacq. Obs. t. 78. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1022 (Antholyza). Klatt, Ergänz. und Bericht. 12, Schweiggeram cum speciebus nonnullis Hebeæ ad Antholyzam transfert.
- 57. Antholyza, Linn. Gen. n. 58. (Cunonia, Mill. Dict. Petamenes, Salish. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 324, absque char.)—Perianthii tubus e basi tenui in faucem incurvam longe tubulosam ampliatus; limbi obliqui lobi oblongi v. angusti, sæpius inæquales, summo cæteris paullo v. multo longiore et erectiore. Stamina intra faucem affixa, filamentis filiformibus longis linearibus plus minus unilateralibus; antheræ lineari-sagittatæ, dorsifixæ, sæpius versatiles. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis  $\infty$ -ovulatis; stylus filiformis, superne lateralis, ramis filiformibus abbreviatis, apice stigmatoso obtuso v. leviter dilatato. Capsula ovoidea, obtusa, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina haud numerosa, plus minus angulata v. compressa, angulis obtusis v. in alas angustas expansis.—Bulbi seu cormi tunicæ membranaceæ v. fibrosæ, interdum fibris longis rigidis foliorum emarcidorum coronatæ. Caules sæpe elati. Folia ensiformia v. anguste linearia. Spathæ lanceolatæ v. ovato-lanceolatæ, quam in Gladiolo sæpius multo breviores coloratæque, in spicam laxam v. densam unilateralem v. disticham disposite. Flores in spatha solitarii, sessiles, sæpius speciosi, bractea intra spatham ea sæpius minore et 2-nervi.

Species ad 14, Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 178, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 270. Klatt in Linnæa, xxxii. 729, xxxiv. 544, et xxxii. 726 (Anis anthus); Ergänz. und Bericht. 10.

Perianthii forms variat ut in Bahiana fere de specie in speciem, sel genus in toto servatum sat naturale. In speciebus typicis lobus posticus elongatus incurvus, 4 inferiores multo breviores subsequales, patentes. Red. Lil. t. 12, 110, 387. Andr. Bot. Rop. t. 166 (Ghatiolus), 32, 210. Bot. Mag. t. 561, 567, 1172. Bot. Reg. t. 1159, et 1838, t. 35 (Tritonia).

Anisanthus, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 84, est A. caffra, Ker, perianthii lobo postico elongato incurvo, 2 lateralibus multo brevioribus fere orbiculatis, 2 inflmis minimis angustis.

In A. saccato, Baker (Anisantho saccato, Klatt), perianthii tubus ad basin faucis antice saccatus fere calcaratus.

In A. paniculata, Klatt, perianthii tubus quam in cæteris tenuior, et inflorescentia ab omnibus diversa. Spathæ secus ramos paniculæ insigniter distichæ.

Genus Anisanthus a Klattio, Ergänz. und Bericht. 10, restituitur, sed characteres nobis valde incerti videntur.

Homoglossum, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 325, absqus char.; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 161, species continet 3 ab Antholyza separatas ob perianthii lobos minus inæquales; posticus tamen fére semper cæteris major et in Homoglosso lucidiore, Baker, lobi vix magis æquales sunt quam in Antholyza nervosa, Thunb. Huc referuntur, Jacq. Ic. Rur. t. 233. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 38. Bot. Mag. t. 450, 569. Red. Lil. t. 369 (omnes sub Gladiolo). Species nonnullæ a Klattio, Ergänz. und Bericht. 7, ad Gladiolum revocantur.

# ORDO CLXXIV. AMARYLLIDEE.

Endl. Gen. 174. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 155. Herb. 'An Appendix,' Lond. 1821, 8vo; 'Amaryllidaceæ,' Lond. 1837, 8vo. Hypoxideæ, Endl. Gen. 173; Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 154. Vellozieæ, Endl. Gen. 172.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares v. parum irregulares. Perianthium supra ovarium v. ovarii rostrum corollinum, sepius marcescens demumque deciduum, rarius in fructu persistens, tubo 0 v. plus minus evoluto; segmenta v. lobi 6, distincte 2-seriata, nunc omnia subæqualia similiaque, nunc interiora exterioribus minora v. majora v. parum dissimilia, v. limbus obliquus, lobis cujusve seriei inter se parum inæqualibus. Stamina 6, rarissime 3 v. ∞, segmentis lobisve opposita, tubo v. fauci v. segmentorum basibus affixa ; filamenta filiformia, libera v. basi membranaceo-dilatata, membranis sæpe plus minus in cyathum connexis. Antheræ oblongæ lineares v. rarius ovato-globosæ, nunc erectæ basifixæ v. breviter supra basin dorsifixæ v. inter lobos basales affixæ, nunc medio dorso affixe versatilesque, loculis 2 parallelis contiguis rimis longitudinalibus introrsum rarius lateraliter usque ad basin v. rarius apice tantum dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, usque ad apicem 3-loculare v. rarissime in rostrum tenue solidum productum, placentis axilibus, v. rarissime 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus filiformis v. rarius columnaris, sæpius indivisus; stigma terminale sæpe parvum subcapitatum v. non incrassatum plus minus distincte 3-sulcum, nunc in ramos 3 breves erectos v. recurvo-patentes divisum, rarius in stylo columnari rami stigmatosi 3, crassi, erecti. Omla in quoque loculo 🚓 2-seriatim superposita, rarius ad 1-2 reducta, anatropa. Fructus capsularis v. succulentus, globosus obovoideus v. oblongus, interdum 3-dymus v. 3-lobus, loculicide 3-valvis v. a latere varie dehiscens v. indehiscens. Semina numerosa pauca v. ad 1-2 reducta, in placentis sessilia v. funiculis brevissimis affixa, globosa mutua pressione angulata v. planocompressa, testa sepius nigra appressa membranacea v. laxa crassiuscula, rarius valde carnoso- v. spongioso-incrassata. Albumen carnosum, solidum, rarius corneum, semen implens. Embryo parvus, albumine inclusus, rarius dimidium albuminis attingens.

Herbæ perennes rarius suffrutescentes v. frutices. Rhizoma nunc repens v. tuberosum v. in caudicem lignosum brevem v. ramosum productum, nunc brevissimum a basi bulbi non distinctum fibras fasciculatas emittens. Caulis nunc brevissimus, foliorum vetustiorum vaginis incrassatis v. emarcidis obtectus, quibuscum bulbum format tunicatum, et intra bulbum sæpe brevissime ramosus, nunc elongatus sparse foliatus, v. elatior simplex v. ramosus. Folia nunc e bulbo pauca, linearia loriformia v. angusta venis parallelis contiguis, v. latiora petiolata venis subdistantibus venulis transversis connexis, nunc in caudice brevi v. ad apices ramorum numerosa dense conferta v. secus caulem sparsa rarius disticha. Pedunculus seu scapus florens aphyllus semper terminalis, etsi in bulbis nonnullis ob innovationes jam evolutas lateralis appareat. Flores in pedunculo seu scapo sæpius umbellati, umbella rarius ad florem unicum reducta, pedicellati v. rarius sessiles. Bracteæ membranaceo-scariosæ v. coloratæ rarius herbaceæ, exteriores sub umbella 1-2 v. interdum co, late, involucrum formantes, interiores sub pedicellis singulis angustæ, lineares, seepe parvæ v. interdum omnino desunt. Inflorescentia intra umbellam in vivo observata nunc centripeta nunc centrifuga dicitur, in speciminibus siccis haud tuto determinatur. In Hypoxideis Agaveisque inflorescentia racemosa exinvolucrata.

Species bene notæ vix 650, per regiones temporatas calidioresque utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in locis siccis apricis petrosis arenosisque frequentiores quam in montanis, in regione Mediterranea, Africa australi ot America australi numerosæ, in Asia paucæ.

Ordo quoad seminum structuram et embryonis situm *Irideis* et *Liliaceis* convenit, a prioribus habitu et præsertim staminibus seriei exterioris constanter evolutis facile distinguitur, cum *Liliaceis* tamen arctius connectitur et limitibus nimis artificialibus separatur, ob ovarium constanter inferum, rarissime summo vertice intra basin perianthii prominens. Auctores igitur nonnulli ordines duos in

unum jungunt. Species tamen intermediæ inter tot et tantas utriusque ordinis perpaucæ adsunt, et magis utile videtur Amaryllideas pro ordine proprio servare.

#### FORMER ABNORMES.

Stamina 3 tantum, perianthii segmentis interioribus opposita in Pauridia, plus quam 6 in nonnullis nec in omnibus speciebus G ethyllidis, Vellosiæ et Barbaceniæ.

Antherarum loculi extrorsum dehiscentes in Campynemate.

Ovarium abortu 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum in Calostemmate, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus i Leontochiro.

Styli 3 distincti in Campynemate, stylus stigmatibus erectis brevior in plerisque Hypoxideis.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- Tribus I. Expexidese. Rhizoma tuberosum v. minimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis, v. cormus fibroso-tunicatus. Folia radicalia v. rarissime in caule perpauca. Flores in scape solitarii v. laxe v. dense spicati v. racemosi, rarius subumbellati. Perianthium sepius usque ad ovarium v. ovarii rostrum partitum persistensque hand magnum. Embryo sepius a hilo plus minus distans.
  - 1. ? CAMPYNEMA. Perianthii tubus 0. Ovarium erostre. Styli 3, breves, distincti, crassius-culi. Capsula 3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Caulis gracilis v. nanus, 1-florus v. laxe pauciflorus.—Tusmania.
  - 2. ? PAURIDIA. Perianthii tubus brevis. Ovarium erostre. Stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 1-3 linearibus. Stamina 3. Caulis brevis, tenuis, laxe pauciflorus.—Afr. austr.
  - 3. Hypoxis. Perianthii tubus 0. Ovarium erostre. Stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 3 erectis crassis distinctis v. in massam oblongam confertis. Capsula (an semper?) sub apice circumscisse dehiscens. Scapi graciles, 1-flori, v. elatiores floribus racemosis v. subumbellatis.

    —Asia trop., Australia, Afr. trop. et austr., Amer. austr. et bor.
  - 4. Curculico. Perianthii tubus 0, sed ovarium sæpe in rostrum longum tenue perianthii tubum simulans productum. Stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 3 erectis appressis. Fructus succulentus, indehiscens. Spicæ v. racemi inter folia sessiles v. longe pedunculatæ.—Asia, Afr., Australia et Amer. trop., Afr. austr.
- Tribus II. Amarylless. Scapus e bulbo tunicato rarius imperfecto aphyllus. Flores ad apicem scapi solitarii v. sæpius plures umbellati, bracteis 1, 2 v.  $\infty$  membranaceis involucrati, additis sæpe inter pedicellos bracteis nonnullis linearib us v. setaceis.
- Subtribus 1. Coronatse. Corona ad apicem tubi perianthui indivisa v.  $\infty$ -partita. Stamina intra tubum affixa eoque v. saltem corona breviora; anther e erectee, basi v. juxta basin affixe. Genera omnia gerontogea.
  - 5. Chyprostephanus. Perianthium tubulosum, incurvum. Corona in squamulas 12 oblongas æquales divisa.—Afr. trop. occid.
  - 6. Narcissus. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum. Corona indivisa, tubulosa, campanulata, cyathiformis v. rarius ad lineam parum productam reducta. —Eur., reg. Mediterr., Asia techp.
  - 7. TAPRIMANTHUS. Perianthium infundibuliforms. Corona e squamellis 6 minimis.—Hispan., Afr. bor. occid.
- Subtribus 2. Genuiuæ. Corona 0 v. in generibus paucis squamellæ nonnullæ juxta basin filamentorum iisque multo breviores. Filamenta fauci subæqualiter v. sæpius inæqualiter affixa, a basi filiformia v. leviter incrassata nec (excepto Chlidantho) membranaceo-alata.
  - \* Antheræ erectæ, basi v. inter lobos basales affixæ.
  - † Genera gerontogea extratropica hemisphærii borealis. Peranthii tubus 0. Antheræ filamento longiores.
    - 8. GALANTHUS. Perianthii segmenta exteriora patentia, interiora multo breviora, erecta. Antheræ breviter v. vix ad medium dehiscentes. Eur., Asia occid.
    - 9. Leucoum. Perianthii segmenta sequalia. Antherse breviter v. vix ad medium dehiscentes. —Eur. media, reg. Mediterr.
    - 10. LAPIEDRA. Perianthii segmenta sequalia. Antherse basi usque ad medium sagittato-2-lobs.—Hispan, custr.

- †† Genera austro-Africana. Perianthii tubus 0 v. brevis. Antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, filamentis filiformibus.
  - 11. Hassaa. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta subæqualia, patentia. Filamenta interdum basi incrassata.—Afr. austr.
  - 12. Carpolyza. Perianthii tubus brevis, segmenta subsequalia, patentia. Filamenta a basi filiformia.—Afr. austr.
- ††† Genera gerontogea extratropica. Perianthium infundibuliforme tubo brevi v. longo lobis erectopatentibus, rarius hypocraterimorphum. Anthera oblonga v. longiuscula.
  - 13. Sternbergia. Scapus brevis, sæpius 1-florus. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Fructus carnosulus, vix dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, sæpe strophiolata.—Reg. Mediterr., Eur. med. et or.
  - 14. Ungernia. Umbella co-flora. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Capsula 3-loba, 3-valvis. Semina valde compressa, in alam expansa. Perisia.
  - 15. Anoiganthus. Umbella 1-co-flora. Perianthium tubo brevi infundibuliforme. Antheræ profunde sagittato-2-lobæ. Capsula globoso-3-quetra, 3-valvis. Semina oblonga.—

    Afr. austr.
  - 16. Gethyllis. Scapus 1-florus. Perianthium tubo longo hypocraterimorphum. Stamina (interdum plus quam 6) fauci æqualiter affixa, filamentis brevissimis.—Afr. austr.
  - 17. Apodolizion. Scapus 1-florus. Perianthium tubo longo infundibuliforme. Stamina fauci insequalitor affixa, filamentis brevissimis,—Afr. austr.
  - †††† Genera Americana. Perianthii tubus longissimus, cylindraccus. Antheræ oblongo-linearcs.
    - 18. COOPERIA. Scapus 1-florus, bractea involucrante unica spathacea. Filamenta brevissima, non dilatata.—Reg. Mex., Tex.
    - 19. Chlidanthus. Umbella pauciflora, bracteis involucrantibus 2. Filamenta insequalia, basi membranaceo-dilatata.—Amer. austr.
      - \*\* Antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles.
  - Genera Americana. Squamulæ haud raro ın perianthii fauce ad basin filamentorum parvæ v. breves.

    Ovula in loculis 🕫, rarius 2 a placentu distincta. Semina nigra.
    - 20. HAYLOCKIA. Scapus 1-florus, brevissimus, sub anthesi cum bractea unica spathacea hypogæus. Perianthii tubus longissimus.—Amer. austr. extratrop.
    - 21. ZBPHYRANTHES. Scapus evolutus, 1-florus, bractea unica spathacea integra v. 2-fida. Perianthii tubus brevis v. longiusculus; squamellæ circa stamina parvæ v. 0.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
    - 22. Sprrkella. Scapus evolutus, 1-florus, bractea unica, spathacea. Perianthii (speciosi) tubus 0, segmentum posticum ascendens, infimum concavum, genitalia recipiens. Squamellæ inter filamenta parvæ.—*Mexico*.
    - 23. HIPPEASTRUM. Umbella co-flora, rarius ad florem unicum reducta, bracteis involucrantibus 2 distinctis. Perianthii tubus brevis v. elongatus. Corona v. squamellæ circa v. interstamina parvæ. Ovula in loculis co.—Amer. austr.
    - 24. PLACEA. Umbella co-flora. Perianthii tubus brevissimus. Corona circa stamina membranacea, filamentis 2-3-plo brevior, in segmenta 6 anguste petaloidea fere ad basin divisa. Cestera Hippeastri.—Chile.
  - 25. Griffinia. Umbella co-flora. Perianthii tubus brevis v. 0. Corona (an semper?) 0. Stamen posticum ascendens v. deficiens, cætera declinata. Ovula in loculis 2, a basi erecta. Folia petiolata.—Brasilia.
- †† Genera gerontogea v. amphigea. Corona 0. Ovula in loculis 2–30, in placenta carnosa 2-seriata, arcte sessilia v. subimmersa. Semina pauca, crassa, varie difformia.
  - 26. CRINUM. Perianthii tubus longus, rectus v. incurvus, lobi lineares v. lanceolati. Flores speciosi, in umbella sessiles v. rarius breviter pedicellati.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop., Amer. bor., Afr. austr.
  - 27. AMARYLLIS. Perianthii declinati tubus brevis, lobi oblongo-lanceolati. Flores magni, in umbella pedicellati.—Afr. austr.

- 28. Ammochans. Perianthii tubus roctus, mediocris; lobi longi, angusti, apice seepe revoluti. Ovarium seepe breviter rostratum. Flores in umbella longiuscule pedicella ti.—Afr.
- ††† Genera gerontogea. Squamule circa filamenta 0. Ovula in loculis 10, 2-seriatim superposita, a placenta distincta.
  - 29. Lycoris. Umbella co-flora. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo plus minus elongato, lobi angusti.—Japonia, China, Asia med.
  - 30. Brunsvigia. Umbella co-flora. Perianthii tubus subnullus, lobi angusti v. lanceolati. Filamenta a basi filiformia. Folia sæpius lata.—Afr. austr.
  - 31. Numms. Omnia Brunsvigiæ nisi filamenta ima basi incrassata v. infra insertionem prominenter producta. Folia sæpius loriformia.—Afr. austr.
  - 32. STRUMARIA. Umbella co-flora. Perianthium subcampanulatum, tubo subnullo. Filamenta erecta, ima basi v. medio dilatata et angulis styli plus minus adnata.—Afr. austr.
  - 33. VALLOTA. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , magni, erecti, pedicellis brevibus. Perianthium late infundibuliforme, tubo brevi, loborum sinubus callo parvo instructis. Semina basi in alam producta. Bractese involucrantes seepe 3.—Afr. austr.
  - 34. CYRTANTHUS. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , rarius 1-2, plus minus recurvi. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo fauceque longis, lobis brevibus. Semina basi in alam producta. Bractese involucrantes seepe 3.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- †††† Genera gerontogea. Squamulæ circa filamenta 0. Ovula in loculis pauca, in medio loculo fasciculata v. collateralia.
  - 85. CLIVIA. Flores in umbella co, pedicellati. Perianthium angustum v. subcampanulatum, tubo brevi v. subnullo. Ovula in loculis (an semper?) 6. Bracteze involucrantes co.—Afr.
  - 36. Hemanthus. Flores in umbella densa numerosi, pedicellati. Perianthii tubus brevis rarius tenuis, lobi angusti. Ovula in loculis 1-2. Bractez involucrantes co, szepe coloratz. —Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 37. Buphane. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , longe pedicellati. Perianthii tubus brevis, lobi angusti. Ovula in loculis 2. Bractese involucrantes 2.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- Subtribus 3. Cyathiforæ. Corona perianthii 0. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, filamentis basi membranaceo-dilatatis v. callo dentibusve lateralibus auctis, membranis in cyathum (perperam coronam dictum) connatis v. rarius distinctis v. ad annulum vix prominentem reductis. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , pedicellati.

Excepta. Stamina basi callo nec alis aucta in *Callipsyche*, alæ angustissimæ v. valde reductæ v. obscuræ in *Eustephio*, in speciebus nonnullis *Urocolinæ*.

- \* Genera Americana. Ovula in loculis 👁, rarius 2-3 superposita. Folsa sæpe lata, petiolata.
- 38. Hyling. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, lobi longi angustissime lineares. Filamenta longissima, cyatho basali brevissimo. Ovula numerosa.—*Brasilia*.
- 39. Eucrosia. Perianthii tubus brevis, obliquus; lobi oblongi, conniventes. Filamenta declinata, longissime exserta, basi plus minus connata, introrsum callosa. Ovula numerosa.—

  Andes.
- 40. CALLIPSTCHS. Omnia *Eucrosia*, nisi filamenta basi introrsum callosa tantum, nec connata.—Andes.
- 41. EUCHARIS. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, rectus v. recurvus, lobi latiusculi patentes. Cyathus stamineus petaloideus, integer v. inter filamenta lobatus v. partitus. Ovula in loculis 2-co.—Andes.
- 42. CALLIFHRURIA. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi fere a basi in faucem ampliato. Filamentorum membranæ basales distinctæ v. vix hinc inde connatæ, ad utrumque latus filamenti in dentem erectum productæ. Ovula in loculis 2-3, superposita.—Andes.
- 43. Eustephia. Perianthium angustum, tubo brevi, lobis longis. Filamenta ultra medium utrinque angustissime marginata, marginibus apice in setas divaricatas productis. Ovula in loculis co.—*Peruvia*.
  - 44. Unomolima. Perianthium rectum v. recurvum, tubo supra ovarium contracto, fauce

ampliata tubulosa v. urceolata; lobi breves, erecti v. apice patentes. Filamentorum membranse basales obscurse v. distinctse, nec in cyathum connatse. Ovuls in loculis co.—Andes.

- 45. Phædramassa. Perianthium angustum, lobis longis erectis v. apice breviter patentibus. Filamentorum membranæ basales sæpius annulo connexæ. Ovula in loculis co.—Andes.
- 46. STENOMESSON. Perianthium rectum v. recurvum, longe tubulosum; lobi breves, erecti v. patentes. Filamentorum membranæ basales in cyathum margine lobatum connatæ. Ovula in loculis co.—Amer. trop.
  - \*\* Genus gerontogeum. Ovula in loculis co.
- 47. PANCRATIUM. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo seepius elongato, fauce ampla; lobi angusti, erecto-patentes. Filamentorum membranæ basales in cyathum petaloideum margine seepius varie lobatum connexe.—Reg. Mediterr., ins. Canar., Ind. or., alibi inquilinæ.
  - \*\*\* Genera Americana. Ovula in quoque loculo 2, a basi ascendentia.
- 48. HYMENOCALLIS. Perianthii tubus longus, cylindraceus; lobi lineares. Filamentorum membranze basales in cyathum petaloideum rectum latum v. rotato-expansum connatze.—Amer. trop. et bor.
- 49. ELISENA. Perianthii tubus brevissimus; lobi longi, lineares. Filamentorum membranæ basales in cyathum petaloideum declinatum v. recurvum late tubulosum v. campanulatum connexæ.—Andes.

Cfr. etiam 25, GRIFFINIAM.

- \*\*\*\* Genera gerontogea. Ovula in quoque loculo 2-3, in medio loculo collateralia v. conferta.
- 50. VAGARIA. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo tenui; lobi angusti. Filamenta basi membranaceo-dilatata et utrinque dente aucta, membranis vix in cyathum connexis. Folia loriformia.—Syria.
- 51. Eurycles.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo tenui; lobi latiusculi. Filamentorum membranæ basales in cyathum brevem latum margine ad latera filamentorum utrinque dente auctum connexæ. Folia lata, petiolata.—Australia, Archip. Malay.
- 52. Calostemma. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo tenui; lobi latiusculi. Filamentorum membranæ basales alte in tubum margine varie dentatum connexæ. Ovarium abortu 1-loculare, 1-2-ovulatum. Folia nunc loriformia nunc lata petiolata.—Australia.
- Tribus III. Alstrœmerieæ. Caulis e rhizomate fibroso v. tuberoso, v. rarius e basi bulbosa, plus minus foliatus. Flores in umbella terminali v. inflorescentia parum irregulari plures. Bracteæ variæ. Perianthium tubo 0, subinfundibuliforme v. fere cylindraceum. Ovarii loculi covulati.
  - 53. ? IXIOLIRION. Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis erectus tenuis. Umbella irregularis. Semina angulato-compressa.—Asia media et occid.
  - ▶ 54. ALSTREMBEIA. Bulbus 0. Caules erecti v. ascendentes. Umbella varia. Perianthii segmenta cujusve seriei inter se parum dissimilia. Semina globosa.—Amer. austr. trop. et extratrop.
  - 55. BOMAREA. Bulbus 0. Fibræ radicales sæpius tuberiferæ. Caules sæpius scandentes. Umbella varia. Perianthium regulare, segmentis cujusve seriei inter se æqualibus. Semina globosa.—Amer. austr., Mexico.
  - 56. LEONTOCHIR. Habitus Alstræmeriæ. Umbella densa. Perianthium regulare, segmentis omnibus in unguem contractis. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus. Semina subglobosa. —Chile.
- Tribus IV. Agaves. Folia ad apicem rhizomatis v. caudicis plus minus evoluti dense conferta, seepe longa, in scapo v. pedunculo rara parvaque v. seepius 0. Scapus seu pedunculus terminalis, simplex v. apice ramosus, floribus secus rhachin ramosve racemosis v. anguste thyrsoideis. Perianthium seepe persistens.
  - 57. Polianthes. Rhizoma tuberosum. Racemus longus, simplex, floribus geminis. Perianthii tubus longiusculus seepius incurvus, superne ampliatus; lobi erecto-patentes. Ovarium vertice intra perianthium conicum.—*Mexico*.

- 58. Bravoa. Caulis basi bulbosus, tunicatus. Racemus longus, simplex, floribus geminis. Perianthii tubus longus, basi incurvus, apice non ampliatus; lobi breves. Ovarium vertice intra perianthium convexum.—*Mexico*.
- 59. Beschorneria. Caudex brevissimus, crassus. Scapus elatus, simplex v. superne laxe paniculatus, floribus secus rhachin v. ramos breves pendulis. Perianthium angustum, tubo subnullo. Stamina perianthium non excedentia.—*Mexico*.
- 60. AGAVE. Caudex brevis crassus, v. evolutus erectus. Scapus elatus, interdum giganteus. Flores secus rhachin simplicem sparsi, v. in fasciculos v. cymas conferti thyrsum speciosum formantes. Perianthii tubus seepius brevis. Stamina perianthio longiora. Stylus filiformis.—

  America austr. et bor.
- 61. Furches. Caudex erectus. Panicula maxima, patenter ramosa. Flores secus ramos sparsi v. 2-3-natim fasciculati. Perianthii tubus subnullus. Stamina perianthio breviora, filamentis basi strumoso-incrassatis. Stylus infra medium strumoso-incrassatus.—Amer. calid. in orbe vetere inquilina.
- 62. DORYANTHES. Caulis elatus. Flores bracteis coloratis subinvoluti, fasciculis spicisve in capitulum magnum confertis v. in thyrsum longum dispositis. Perianthii tubus brevis. Stamina perianthio breviora, filamentis vix basi incrassatis.—Australia.
- Tribus V. Vellosiese. Caulis lignosus, sæpe ramosus, foliis ad apices ramorum confertis. Pedunculi 1-flori, intra foliorum fasciculum solitarii v pauci. Perianthium sæpius persistens. Stamina 6-18.
  - 63. VELLOZIA. Perianthii tubus supra ovarium vix ullus.—Brasilia, Afr. trop. et austr., Madagascaria.
  - 64. Barbacenia. Perianthii tubus cum ovario continuus, brevis v. elongatus.—Brasilia, Guiana, Venezuela.

CHERADODIA, Herb. Amaryll. 87, pro genere proposita fuit ad characterem mancum Strumarie chilensis, Molina, Saggio, ed. 2, 130. Stirps ab incolis 'Thekel' dicta, a nullo alio auctore recognita et verisimiliter descriptio plantas diversas refert. 'Tekel' incolarum est ex C. Gayio Libertiæ species. Genus Herbertianum omnino delendum.

## TRIBUS I. HYPOXIDEÆ.

1.? Campynema, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 93, t. 121. (Campylonema, Schult. Syst. vii. 96, 1507.)—Perianthium tubo 0, 6-partitum; segmenta discreta, subsequalia, patentia. Stamina 6, ad basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus demum sæpe recurvis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basi breviter 2-fidæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium erostre, 3-loculare; styli 3, a basi distincti, crassiusculi, obtusi, vertice stigmatosi, primum erecti, demum recurvi; ovula in loculis co, superposita, anatropa. Capsula turbinata v. elongata, perianthio persistente coronata, plus minus 3-quetra, apice breviter v. inter angulos longitudinaliter dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, testa (in C. limari) spongiosa, estrophiolata; embryo albumine carnoso inclusus.— Fibræ radicales fasciculatæ. Folia radicalia linearia. Caulis nunc tenuis, foliis perpaucis parvis, 1-florus v. flores paucos laxe racemosos ferens, nunc inter folia brevia nanus, 1-florus. Flores erecti, pedicellati. Bractese minimæ.

Species 2, Tasmaniæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 414.

Genus antheris extrorsum dehiscentibus et stylis a basi distinctis in ordine anomalum, melius tamen a F. Muellero ad *Hypoxideas* quam a Benthamio ad *Irideas* approximatum. Semina *C. linearis*, Labill., ab illis *Hypoxidis* valde diversa, in *C. pygmæa*, F. Muell., matura non vidimus.

2.? Pauricia, Harv. Gen. Pl. Fl. Cap. ed. i. 341.—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme, tubo brevi; lobi 6, subæquales, patentes. Stamina 3, ad basin loborum interiorum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basi breviter 2-lobæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris; stigmata nunc 3 linearia erecta, conniventia, undique papillosa, sequalia v. inæqualia, nunc unum solum erectum perfectum, 2 minima sterilia patentia, v. interdum stylo abortivo flos & evadit; ovula in quoque loculo co. Capsula oblonga, pericarpio membranaceo, sæpe incurva v. obliqua et abortu 1-locularis, rarius recta et

perfecte 3-locularis. Semina  $\infty$ , parva, globosa.—Herba glabra, nana, gracilis, Hypcoidi minuta, Thunb., similis. Cormi tunicæ fibroso-reticulatæ. Folia anguste linearia. Pedunculi in caule brevi pauci, 1-flori. Flores parvi.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii, 125. Thunb. Diss. Ixia, n. 2, t. 1 (iconem non vidimus).

Stigmata ex Harveio 3 erecta perfecta, 3 minima sterilia, quod tamen nobis non occurrit, in floribus pluribus examinatis semper in toto 3 invenimus perfecta v. sterilia.

3. Experis, Linn. Gen. n. 417.—Perianthium tubo 0, 6-partitum; segmenta subsequalia, patentia. Stamina 6, ad basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus; antheræ lineares v. ovatæ, erectæ, juxta basin integram v. distincte 2-lobam dorsifixæ. Ovarium erostre, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 3 erectis oblongis crassis inter se distinctis v. in massam oblongam confertis; ovula in loculis co, 2-seriata. Capsula globosa v. oblonga, pericarpio membranacco v. herbacco, perianthio persistente diu coronata, demum (an semper?) sub apice circumscisse dehiscens. Semina parva, subglobosa, testa crustacea sæpius nigra, nitida v. verruculosa, hilo laterali plus minus rostello (strophiolo?) appendiculato; embryo albumine laxe carnoso interdum fere farinacco inclusus.—Rhizoma parvum tuberosum, v. cormus tunicis membranaccis v. fibrosis vestitus. Folia radicalia, nunc linearia v. fere subulata lævia, nunc latiuscula brevia v. elongata sæpeque prominenter venosa. Scapi inter folia nunc graciles 1-flori, nunc elatiores, floribus pluribus subumbellatis v. racemosus. Bracteæ dum adsint, parvæ, lineares.

Species enumeratæ 51, Asiæ tropicæ, Australiæ, ins. Mascarensium, Africæ tropicæ et australis, et Americæ tropicæ et borealis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 98; in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i 265

Genus a Bakero in sectiones 2 sequentes dividitur :-

- 1. fanthe. Planta glaberrima. Pedunculi seu scapi 1-flori v. in sola H. aquatica, Linn. f., apice umbelliferi. Stigmata sepissime discreta. Jacq. Fragm. t. 7, f. 4; Ic. Rar. t. 368, 369. Red. Lil. t. 169. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 130. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 101, 171, 195, 236. Bot. Mag. t. 662, 709, 917, 1010, 1223. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 802, 1074. Fl. des Serres, t. 1027. IANTHE, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 44. Spiloxene, Salisb. l. c., est H. stellata, Linn., cui pericarpium lateraliter rumpens dicitur. Capsulæ dehiscentia rarius o speciminibus siccis probanda.
- 2. Euhypoxis. Planta plus minus pilosa villosa v. tomentosa. Pedunculi seu scapi seepius 2-co-flori. Stigmata seepissime, nec semper, concreta. Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 91. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 108. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 7. Sm. Spicil. t. 16. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 370 ad 372. Red. Lil. t. 170, 350. Bot. Mag. t. 710, 711, 3696, 4817, 5690, 6035. Bot. Reg. t. 159, 663. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 710, 970. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 303.

NIOBRA, Willd. Rel.; Schult. Syst. vii. 762, species 2 Hypoxidis includit, charactere nullo distincto a cæteris separatas.

4. Curculigo, Gertn. Fruct. i. 63, t. 16. (Fabricia, Thunb. in Fabric. It. Norv. 29, ex Endl. Gen. 173. Empodium, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 43. Forbesia, Eckl. Verz. Pfl. Samml. 4.)—Perianthium, supra ovarium v. ovarii rostrum tubiforme (falso tubum perianthii dictum), 6-partitum; segmenta subæqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, ad basin segmentorum affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ lineares, basi v. inter lobos basales affixee, erectæ, perianthio breviores. Ovarium 3-loculare, sæpe in rostrum interdum longum productum; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 3 oblongis erectis appressis; ovula in quoque loculo 2-∞, funiculo interdum longiusculo suspensa, anatropa. Fructus plus minus succulentus, indehiscens. Semina subglobosa, testa nigra crustacea, ad hilum seepius appendice rostelliformi (strophiola?) instructa; embryo parvus, albumine carnoso molli v. subfriabili inclusus.—Rhizoma breve, nunc crassum plus minus tuberosum, nunc cormum formans tunica reticulato-fibrosa obtectum. Folia radicalia sæpius longe lanceolata, plicato-venosa, nunc parvula linearia, nunc maxima pluripedalia. Flores spicati v. racemosi; spice nunc inter folia sessiles pauciflore, nunc longe pedunculate, dense. recurvæ. Bracteæ lineares, laxæ v. primum imbricatæ. Inflorescentia tota haud raro villoss.

Species ad 12, Asiae tropicae, Australiae, Africae tropicae et australia, et Americae tropicae incolae. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. zvii. 119 (Mollineria) et 122; in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 266.

Genus Hyporidi valde affine differt fructu succulento indehiscente et quoad species plerasque ovario apice in rostrum interdum longum tenueque tubum perianthii simulans producto, hoc rostrum tamen semper intus solidum est, summo vertice stylum in centro perianthii ferens. In sectiones sequentes dividitur;—

- 1. Molineria. Ovarium more Hypoxidis erostre, v. (e.g. in C. gracilis, Wall. varietate) in rostrum ovario ipso brevius productum. Wight, Io. t. 2044 ad 2046 (Hypoxis). Bot. Reg. t. 770. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 771. Molineria, Colla, Hort. Ripul. App. ii. in Mem. Acad. Turin. xxxi. 338, t. 18.
- 2. Empodium. Ovarii rostrum nunc ovario ipso paullo longius (e. g. in C. latifolia) nunc longissimum fere filiforme. Kotschy, Pl. Tinn. t. 22. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 13. Wight, Ic. t. 2042, 2043. Labill. Sert. austr. Caled. t. 24. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 80 (Gethyllis); Ic. Rar. t. 367 (Hypoxis). Red. Lil. t. 260 (Hypoxis). Bot. Mag. t. 1076, 2034. Bot. Reg. t. 345, 754. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 443.
- C. scychellensis, Baker, ab omnibus cæteris differt foliis maximis, more Carludovica 2-fidis, petiolo spinoso-serrato. Ovarium pedicellatum, angustum, loculis 2-3-ovulatis in rostrum pluripollicare productum.

# TRIBUS II. AMARYLLEÆ.

5. Cryptostephanus, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 193, t. 197.—Perianthium tubulosum, incurvum, superne parum ampliatum; lobi breves, subæquales, subpatentes; corona ad apicem tubi e squamis 12 anguste oblongis erectis æqualibus. Stamina in medio tubo æqualiter affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ tubo inclusæ, erectæ, oblongæ, in cylindrum conniventes, prope basin dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, antheras vix attingens, vertice stigmatoso parum dilatato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 1-2-seriatim superposita. Bacca, a nobis non visa, ex Bakero globosa, coccinea, seminibus in loculis 1-2 turgidis.—Caulis in rhizomate brevissimo basi subbulbosus, vaginarum basibus tunicatus. Folia loriformia, coætanea. Flores in umbella densa numerosi, parvuli, breviter pedicellati, purpurascentes. Bracteæ breves, angustæ, nonnullæ exteriores involucrantes paullo latiores longioresque.

Species 1, in Africa Angolensi a Welwitschio lecta. Coronæ squamellæ nobis minime staminodia videntur, etsi nonnullæ apicem versus papillis substipitatis instructæ essent, et forte interdum pollinem colligunt nec emittunt.

6. Warcissus, Linn. Gen. n. 403. (Narcissee, Herb. Amaryll. 292 ad 329, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 704 ad 758.)—Perianthium hypocrateriforme, tubo cylindraceo in faucem vix ampliato v. rarius anguste campanulato; lobi subæquales, ovati v. rarius angusti, patentes v. reflexi; corona ad apicem tubi erecta, nunc magna tubulosa v. campanulata, nunc brevior late cyathiformis v. interdum ad lineam parum prominentem reducta, semper indivisa, margine integerrima denticulata v. rarius fimbriata. Stamina 6, intra tubum affixa eoque sepissime inclusa, nunc omnia juxta faucem inclusa v. 3 v. omnia demissiora, filamentis brevissimis, nunc omnia intra medium tubi affixa, filamentis longis, tubo nec corona longiora; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, basi sæpius plus minus 2-lobæ, medio dorso v. juxta basin affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvulo 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 👁, interdum numerosa, placentis axilibus 2-seriatim affixa. Capsula 3-locularis, pericarpio membranaceo, breviter v. fere ad basin loculicide 3-valvis. Semina subglobosa v. angulata, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia linearia v. loriformia coætanea v. serotina. Flores sæpius in umbella pauci, interdum solitarii, nunc plures ob pedicellos inæquales subracemosi apparent. Bractea involucrans tam in polyanthis quam in monanthis unica, spathacea, basi plus minus tubulosa, membranacea, interiores haud raro adsunt anguste lineares v. setaceæ.

Species ad 20. Europæ mediæ, et regionis Mediterraneæ imprimis occidentalis incolæ, una specie per Asiam mediam usque ad Chinam et Japoniam extensa. Burbidge, Narcissus, Lond. 1875, cum talb. 48. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 364 ad 370. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 4. Jord. et n. Ic. Pl. Eur. t. 176 ad 195 (Hermione). Lois. Fl. Gall. t. 7. Graells, Ramill. Pl. Esp. t. 5 ad 8.

Schoueb. Jagttag. Vextr. Marok, t. 2. Deef. Fl. Atl. t. 82. Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 47. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 26, 27. Guss. Pl. Inarim. t. 15. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 22, 23, 41, 70, 71, 90. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 308. Icones etiam numerosæ ad specimina culta delineatæ in Red. Lil., Bot. Mag. diariisque variis hortulanorum. Salisbury in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 343 et seq., species 36 distribuit in genera 7: Ajax, Corbularia, QUELTIA, GANYMEDES, PHILOGYNE, HERMIONE, et NARCISSUS. Haworth in Monogr. Narciss. 1831, cum Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, i. edita, species hortenses 146 admisit, et generibus Salisburyanis addidit 9: OILEUS, ASSARACUS, ILLUS, DIOMEDES, TROS, SCHIZANTHES, JONQUILLA, CHLORASTER, et HELENA. Herbert, Amaryll, 292, genera hæc ad 6 reduxit, inter quæ Corbularia (N. Bulbocodium, Linn.) et Ajax (N. pseudonarcissus, Linn.) distinctions sunt corona maxima et staminibus longis, in Corbularia incurvis, in Ajace rectis. Parlatore, Fl. Ital. iii. 106 et seq. species 37 Italianas fusius descripsit et genera Ajax et Queltia (N. odorus, Linn., et N. incomparabilis, Curt.) admisit, speciebus ceeteris Italianis ad Narcissum restitutis. J. Gay in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, x. 75 præter Apacem, admisit etiam Corbulariam et Ganymedem (N. triandrum, Linn.), Queltiam tamen cum cæteris speciebus ad Narcissum reduxit, et (p. 95) genus novum proposuit Aurkliam, ad N. Broussonetii, speciem a N. serotina, Linn., parum distinctam corona ad lineam vix prominentem reducta. Salisbury tandem in opere posthumo Genera Plantarum Fragm. 99 ad 102, nomina generica nova addidit 9: Cydenis, Panza, Patrocles, Chione, Plateana, Veniera, Tityrus, Prasiteles, et Argenope.

Baker in revisione optima in Gard. Chron. 1869, in opere citato Burbidgei repetita cum emendationibus, genus naturalissimum Narcissum in integrum restoravit, et species auctorum ad 21 reduxit, in series 3 imprimis ad corona rationem cum limbo perianthii distributas. Species plures tamen valde confusæ remanent, ob formas numerosas hybridas v. aliter e cultura oriundas.

7. Tapeinanthus, Herb. Amaryll. 190. (Tapeinægle, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 22, f. 4. Carregnoa, Boiss. Voy. Hisp. 605. Gymnoterpe, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 108.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevissimo; segmenta anguste oblonga, erectopatentia, subæqualia; corona ad os tubi e squamellis 6 minimis integris v. 2-fidis interdum fere obsoletis. Stamina 6, tubo intra coronam affixa, 3 cæteris paullo demissiora, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, curvulæ, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga (loculicide 3-valvis?). Semina pauca, parva, ellipsoidea, nigra, lucida.—Bulbus parvus, tunicatus. Folium perfectum ex J. Gayo unicum, serotinum, filiforme, basi vagina parva stipatum. Scapus tenuis (3-4-pollicaris). Flores 1-2, intra bracteam involucrantem basi tubulosam pedicellati, flavi. Bractea interior angustissima.

Species 1, Hispaniæ australis et agri Tingitani incola, J. Gay in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, x. 98 (Caregnoa). Cav. Ic. t. 207 (Pancratium). Specimina nostra, prope Cadix mense Octobri lecta, foliis carent.

Nomen Tapeinanthus a Boissiero in DC. Prod. xii. 436 generi Labiatarum impositum, et a nobis incaute supra ii. 1207 admissum, mutandum erit, nam genus Herbertianum jure prioritatis gaudet.

8. Galanthus, Linn. Gen. n. 401.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta ima basi in annulum epigynum connata, cæterum libera, 3 exteriora ovali-oblonga, patentia, 3 interiora multo breviora, obovata, emarginata v. 2-loba, erecta. Stamina 6, foveolis annuli perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ elongatæ, erectæ, apiculatæ, loculis superne v. usque ad medium 2-valvatim dehiscentibus, valva interiore minore. Ovarium globosum v. obovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus in centro annuli perianthii ab eo distinctus, subulatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in quoque loculo  $\infty$ , ascendentia. Capsula dum scapo adhæret carnosa, apice perianthio delapso truncata v. annulo diu persistente coronata, maturescens sæpius scapo recurvo telluri incumbens, demum a planta liberata apice plus minus loculicide 3-valvis, v. seminibus perfectis integra remanet putrescitque. Semina ellipsoidea, testa sæpius pallida tenui, strophiolo prominente instructa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, linearia v. lanceolata, margine interdum plicata. Scapus solidus. Flos intra bracteam spathaceam erectam angustam unicus, breviter pedicellatus, candidus, pendulus.

Species 3, Europe et Asie occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 469. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 363. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 7. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 313. Red. Lil. t. 200. Bot. Mag. t. 2162, 6166. Bot. Reg. t. 545. Icones of varietatum cultarum in diariis plurimis hortulanorum inveniuntur. Capsulæ maturescentiam descripsimus ex Jacq. Fl. Austr. iv. 7 et ex observationibus fusioribus in J. Gay mss.

Que Linn. Gen. n. 402. (Nivaria, Monda (cth. 279.)—Perianthium late campanulatum, tubo 0; segmenta subsequalia, ovata v. Longa, ima basi in annulum epigynum connata, cesterum libera. Stamina annulo basi prianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus; antherse oblongo-lineares, erectse, basifixe, loculare rima brevi rarius infra medium antherse continuata dehiscentibus. Ovarium ova poblongum v. subglobosum, 3 loculare; stylus erectus, superne v. jam infra medium interduus 3-queterque, v. totus tenuis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co. Capsula obovoides priformis v. subglobosa, loculicide 3-valvis, valvis tamen interdum apice solo v. tardius integun riterque solvendis. Semina globosa, testa nunc tenui appressa, nunc laxa crustacea, strephicata v. nuda.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, nunc angustissime linearia, nunc plana loriformia. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flores in umbella pauci v. ad unum reducti, sepius pendida. Bractea involucrans unica, spathacea, basi subtubulosa.

Species ad 9, Europæ mediæ et regionis Mediterraneæ fere totius incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 471, ad 477 (Leucoium, Erinosma et Acis). Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166.

Genus a nonnullis in tria dividitur, que tamen cum Bakero potius pro sectionibus habemus:--

- 1. Erinosma. Scapus 1-florus v. rarissime 2-florus. Stylus superne 3-gono-dilatatus. Capsula pyriformis, apice breviter dehiscens. Semina ovoidea, sæpe strophiolata, pallida v. fusca, testa tenui solubili. (L. vernum affinesque). Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 362. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 312. Bot. Mag. t. 46, 1993. Erinosma, Herb. Amaryll. 330.
- 2. Euleucoium. Flores in umbella 2-6, inæqualiter pedicellati. Stylus et capsula Erinosmatis. Semina majora, nigra, testa laxa crustacea. (L. estivum affinesque). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 362. Nees, Gcn. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 6. Jacq. Fl Austr. t. 203. Red. Lil. t. 135. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 74. Bot. Mag. t. 1210. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1478.
- 3. Acis. Plantæ graciles, floribus minoribus in umbella pluribus rarius solitariis. Stylus tenuis. Capsula subglobosa, usque ad basin 3-valvis. (L. autumnalis affinesque). Lois. Fl. Gall. t. 8. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 21. Reuchb. Iconogr. Eur. t. 703, 704; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 362. Red. Lil. t. 150, 217. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 21. Bot. Mag. t. 960. Bot. Reg. t. 544. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 297. Acis, Salisb. Parad. Lond. sub t. 74. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Pl. Eur. t. 64. Ruminia, Parlat. Due Nuov. Gen. Monocot. 3, ex ejusd. Fl. Ital. iii. 84. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Pl. Eur. t. 65.
- 10. Laptedra, Lag. Nov. Gen. et Sp. in Elench. Hort. Matr. 14.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta subæqualia, patentia, ima basi in annulum epigynum brevissimum connata. Stamina annulo basali perianthii affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ longæ, erectæ, ad medium sagittato-bilobæ, inter lobos affixæ, loculis 2-valvatim dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula depresso-globosa, sub-3-dyma, apice loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in quoque loculo 1-2, majuscula, ovoidea, testa crassiuscula.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina, loriformia. Flores in umbella plures, pedicellati, albi, segmentis linea viridi percursis. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, angustæ, membranaceo-scariosæ; interiores desunt.

Species 1, Hispaniæ australis incola, Kunth, Enum Pl. v. 694. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. 604, t. 171.

11. Ressea, Herb. Amaryll. 289, t. 29, non Berg. (Periphanes, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 118.)—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta subæqualia, stellato-patentia. Stamina ima basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis filiformibus basi sæpe incrassatis v. dilatatis interdum brevissime connatis; antheræ parvæ, ovato-globosæ, basifixæ, loculis lateralibus parallelis. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, infra medium v. ima basi præsertim ineunte anthesi incrassatus, flore aperto sæpe æqualis; ovula in loculis pauca. Capsula parva, globosa, sub-3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis 2-3, subglobosa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia linearia v. subulata, serotina v. coætanea. Scapus 'solidus.' Umbella multiflora, pedicellis evolutis sæpius subæqualibus patentissimis. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, subæquales.

Species ad 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 625 (Imhofia) et 630 (Hessea). Jaoq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 71, 72 (Amaryllis). Lhér. Sert. Angl. t. 17 (Amaryllis). Bot. Mag. t. 1363 (Strumaria).

IMBOPIA, Herb. App. 18; Amaryll. 290, t. 29, quam in Hessea includimus, species continet 3 v. 4,

stylo infra medium magis intumescente. In H. filifolia (I. filifolia, Herb.), Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, t. 5, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 361, Bot. Reg. t. 440, tumor latissimus supra basin styli; H. gemmata (I. gemmata, Herb.), Bot. Mag. t. 1620, quæ genus Gemmara, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 127, ex icone ab H. filifolia differre videtur foliis latis; in H. Burchelliana (I. Burchelliana, Herb.) stylus ima basi tantum, præsertim incunte anthesi, incrassatus; in specie forte adhus inedita (Zeyher, n. 1661), filamenta ima basi brevissime connata, et perianthii segmenta vix non in tubum brevissimum connata.

12. Carpolyza, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 63. (Hessea, Berg. ex Schlecht. Linnaa, i. 252.) — Perianthii tubus brevis, lobi subæquales, patentes. Stamina ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ parvæ, ovoideæ, basifixæ, erectæ, loculis lateralibus parallelis. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, in longitudinem leviter 3-sulcus, vix v. parum incrassatus, stigmate parvo patenter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis pauca. Capsula parva, depresso-globosa, 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis sæpius 2-3, angulato-globosa.—Bulbus parvus, tunicatus. Folia filiformia, coætanea v. serotina. Scapus tenuis, sæpe filiformis, infra medium haud raro spiraliter tortus. Flores in umbella 2-5 v. interdum ad unum reducti, pedicellis filiformibus. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, lineares.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Herb. Amaryll. 292, t. 29. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 629. Lhér. Sert. Angl. t. 13 (Amaryllis). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 363 (Crinum). Bot. Mag. t. 1383 (Strumaria). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 92 (Crinum).

Genus, cum Hessea, interdum Strumariæ refertur, sed antherarum forma facillime distinguitur.

13. Sternbergia, Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. ii. 172, t. 159.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, tubo brevi v. longiusculo; lobi lineares v. lanceolati, æquales, erectopatentes. Stamina fauci v. basi loborum æqualiter affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculorum valvis latiusculis. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. in lobos 3 breves obtusos patentes diviso; ovula in quoque loculo ∞, 2-seriata. Fructus carnosulus, ovoideus v. oblongus, vix dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, strophiolo fungoso semicincta v. nuda, testa tenuiter crustacea nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina v. coætanea. Scapus brevis, nunc brevissimus, 'solidus.' Flos sæpius unicus. Bractea membranacea hyalina, basi tubulosa, ovarium involvens; nunc rarius flores 2 sessiles intra bracteas 2 involucrantes angustas.

Species editæ ad 12, Europæ orientalis et regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, a Bakero ad 5 reductæ. Herb. Amaryll. 186. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 698. Baher in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 372, 373. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 5. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 310, 311. Red. Lil. t. 148. Bot. Mag. t. 290 (Amaryllis). Bot. Reg. t. 2008. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 576.

Baker species 5 priores Kunthii ad typicam S. colchicifloram, Waldst. et Kit., reducit, foliis serotinis, tubo perianthii tenui longiusculo, et cæteras pro sectione Oporantho distinxit, foliis coætaneis perianthii tubo brevi v. brevissimo in faucem ampliato; in his etiam strophiolum S. colchicifloræ deesse videtur, et stigma vix lobatum. Oporanthus, Herb. App. 38; Amaryll. 188.

14. Ungernia, Bunge in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1875, ii. 271.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, tubo superne parum ampliato; limbus anguste campanulatus, lobis subæqualibus erecto-patentibus. Stamina tubo parum inæqualiter affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, dorsifixæ, loculorum valvis latiusculis. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate minuto; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula subgloboso-3-dyma, fere in lobos 3 globosos divisa, pericarpio membranaceo loculicide 3-valvi. Semina  $\infty$ , valde compressa, in speciminibus nostris immatura, ex Bungeo obovato-suborbiculata, testa fragili atra in alam expansa.—Bulbus magnus, tunicatus. Folia ignota. Scapus solidus. Flores in umbella plures, longiuscule pedicellati, 'pallide miniati.' Bracteæ 2 involucrantes latiusculæ, interiores paucæ, linearisetaeæ.

Species 1, Persica. Florum structura fere Sternbergiæ; differt imprimis statura, umbella co-flora, et seminibus.

15. Anoiganthus, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 76.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, tubo brevi; lobi angusti v. lanceolati, æquales, erecto-patentes, tubo longiores. Stamina fauci affixa, alterna lobis interioribus altius adnata, perianthio breviora, filamentis antheris sæpius brevioribus; antheræ longiusculæ, erectæ, profunde sagittato-2-lobæ, inter lobos affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus recurvis tenuibus v. membranaceo-dilatatis introrsum papillosis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula globoso-triquetra v. oblonga, pericarpio membranaceo loculicide 3-valvi. Semina  $\infty$ , oblonga, basi attenuata, perfecte matura tamen non visa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina linearia v. coætanea loriformiaque. Flores flavi, in umbella  $\infty$  v. 1-2, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, lanceolatæ v. angustæ; interiores dum adsint linearisetaceæ.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 139 (Cyrtanthus). Genus potius Sternbergiæ quam Cyrtantho affine videtur.

16. Gethyllis, Linn. Gen. n. 590. (Abapus, Adans. Fam. ii. 57, char. falso. Papiria, Thunb. in Act. Lund. i. 111, ex ejusd. Nov. Gen. Pl. i. 14.)—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo longo gracili apice haud ampliato; lobi subæquales, lineares v. lanceolati, patentes. Stamina 6 v.  $\infty$  (usque ad 18), fauci æqualiter affixa, filamentis brevissimis erectis; antheræ lineares, basi v. inter lobos basales affixæ, erectæ, mox recurvæ v. tortæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stigmatibus brevissimis obtusis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , distincta, 2-seriata. Fructus succulentus, oblongus v. clavato-cylindraceus. Semina a nobis non visa, ex R. Br. globosa, in pulpa gelatinosa nidulantia, testa laxa hyalina, integumento interiore albumini arcte adhærente.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina, linearia, interdum filiformia et spiraliter convoluta. Scapus brevissimus 'solidus.' Flos solitarius. Bractea membranaceo-hyalina, interdum 2-fida.

Species 4 v. 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 694. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 79. Bot. Mag. t. 1088. Bot. Reg. t. 1016. Excludendæ tamen inter species a Kunthio enumeratas G. lanceolata, Linn. f., quæ Apodolirii species, et G. acaulis, Blanco, verisimiliter ad Curculiginem referenda.

Stylus ex Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1088, inferne cum tubo perianthii consolidatus, in speciminibus tamen siccis a nobis examinatis semper intra tubum liberum vidimus. In plerisque speciebus stylus vix antheras superat; Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 396, sectionem Clinostylem proposuit ad speciem novam styli parte exserta 6-8 lin. longa declinataque, quod etiam observamus in speciminibus nonnullis Burchellianis G. afræ, Linn. f. Stylus verisimiliter ineunte anthesi brevis demum elongatur, v. in diversis floribus ejusdem speciei longitudine variat.

17. Apodelirion, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 74; et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1388.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, erectum, tubo longo gracili in faucem angustam ampliato; lobi erecto-patentes, subsequales, anguste lanceolati v. oblongi. Stamina fauci affixa, 3 lobis interioribus opposita altius adnata, filamentis brevissimis filiformibus; antherse lineares, basi v. inter lobos basales affixæ, erectæ v. apice rarius recurvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato vix lobato; ovula in loculis æ, 2-seriata. Fructus junior anguste oblongus, maturum non vidimus.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina v. coætanea, linearia v. anguste loriformia. Scapi in eodem bulbo interdum 2, breves nunc brevissimi. Flos unicus. Bractea angusta, membranaceo-hyalina.

Species 4, Africæ australis incolæ. Præter illas a Bakero l.c. enumeratas huc pertinet etiam Gethyllis lanceolata, Linn. f.

18. Cooperta, Herb. in Bot. Reg. t. 1835.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum v. infundibuliforme, tubo longo nunc longissimo cylindraceo v. apice in faucem dilatato; lobi subæquales, ovati, patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis brevissimis liberis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, conniventes, juxta basin dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, tubo perianthii brevior v. parum exsertus, stigmate parvulo 3-dymo v. breviter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula subglobosa v. depressa, demum 3-dyma v. late

3-loba, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, horizontalia, densissime superposita, oblonga v. cuneata, plus minus compressa, testa nigra crassiuscule membranacea.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, anguste linearia v. loriformia. Pedunculi seu scapi longi, basi spatha hyalina intra folia occulta stipati. Flos ad apicem scapi intra bracteam spathaceam integram v. 2-fidam sessilis v. breviter pedicellatus.

Species 2, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incolæ. Herb. Amaryll. 178, t. 24, 42. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 478. Baker in Trim. Journ, Bot. 1878, 166.

In specie typica C. Drummondii, Horb., Bot. Mag. t. 3482, flos intra bracteam sessilis, tubo perianthii longissimo usque ad limbum subæquali. Sceptranthus, Grah. in Edinh. N. Philos. Journ. xx. 413, est C. pedunculata, Herb., Bot. Mag. t. 3727; Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 328 (Zephyranthes) flore intra bracteam sessili, perianthii tubo quam in præcedente multo breviore apice in faucem dilatato, et genus cum Zephyranthe connectit, etsi antheræ potius Cooperiæ.

19. Childanthus, Herb. Append. 46; Amaryll. 190, t. 27. (Coleophyllum, Klotzsch in Allgem. Gartenzeit. 1840, 185.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longo cylindraceo vix in faucem ampliato; lobi subæquales, superne recurvo-patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, erecta, lobis multo breviora, filamentis basi membranaceo-dilatatis alternis brevioribus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, dorso prope basin affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmatibus breviter linearibus recurvis; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga, demum loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, dense superposita, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia longa, linearia v. loriformia. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella pauci, subsessiles v. breviter pedunculati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, longe acuminatæ, interiores non vidimus. Perianthium flavum, tubo pluripollicari.

Species v. varietates 2 v. 3, Americæ australis incolæ, imprimis ad specimina hortensia descriptæ, patria ab auctoribus varie dicta Buenos Ayres, Chili, Lima v. Mexico. Specimina sylvestria sola Matthewsiana vidimus e Chachapoyas Peruviæ, n. 3180. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 653. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 34. Bot. Reg. t. 640.

20. **Haylockia**, Herb. in Bot. Reg. t. 1371.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longo tenui; lobi obovati, subæquales, erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci afiixa, lobis breviora, subæqualia, 3 tamen lobis interioribus paullo altius adnata, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ, versatiles. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, tubo perianthii inclusus, stigmatibus breviter linearibus; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata. Capsula brevis, 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina 'complanata, dorso rotundata, testa nigra.'—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina, anguste linearia. Scapus per anthesin brevissimus, hypogæus, fructifer paullo elongatus. Flos intra bracteam spathaceam unicus, sessilis, pallide sulphureus.

Species 1, Americæ australis extratropicæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 480.

21. Zephyranthes, Herb. App. 36; Amaryll. 170, t. 24, 29, 35.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum v. leviter declinatum, tubo nunc brevissimo nunc plus minus elongato, superne in faucem ampliato; lobi aquales v. parum inæquales, basi angustati et interdum fere ad basin tubi solvendi, superne erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci aflixa, æqualia v. 3 paullo breviora, erecta v. parum declinata; antheræ lineares, longæ v. breves, dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, interdum elongatus, superne sæpius declinatus, stigmate plus minus 3-fido; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata.—Capsula subglobosa v. depressa, demum 3-dyma v. 3-loba, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina oblonga, angulato-compressa v. plana, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, linearia v. loriformia, coætanea v. serotina. Scapus elongatus, 'fistulosus.' Flos intra bracteam spathaceam integram v. apice 2-fidam basi tubulosam semper solitarius, pedicollatus v. rarius sessilis, erectus v. parum declinatus, roscus albus purpurascens v. flavescens, in eadem specie interdum versicolor.

Species fere 30, America calidioris incolae, a Bonaria usque ad Texam et Mexicum extensee, addita una ex Africa tropica occidentali. Kunth, Elman. Pi. v. 480. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 300. Philippi in Linnaa, xxix. 65. Red. Lil. t. 31. Bot. Mag. t. 239, 1586, 2464, 2485, 2587, 2583, 2593, 2594, 2607, 3596. Bot. Reg. t. 724, 821, 902, 1345, 1361, 1746, 1967; 1845, t. 54. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. eer. 2, t. 14, 70. Lodd. Bot. Cub. t. 1419, 1677, 1761, 1771, 1899. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 356 (ic. veteriores pleræque sub Amaryllide, recentiores nonnullæ sub Habrantho). ARVIELA, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 135.

Genus Hippeastro valde affine, quoad characteres florales vix limitibus certis definiendum. In speciebus typicis perianthium erectum nec declinatum, et squamellæ ad basin filamentorum desunt, in aliis tamen hi characteres variant, et distinctio nobis melius in inflorescentia petenda. Scapus in Zephyranthe semper 1-florus, bractea involucrante unica basi tubulosa, nec unquam bracteas interiores lineares v. setaceas deteximus, dum in Hippeastris paucis 1-floris, bracteæ involucrantes semper 2 distinctæ, sæpeque adest bractea interior setacea, umbellam ad florem unicum reductam indicantes.

Z. sessilis, Herb., ab omnibus differt flore ıntra bracteam spathaceam sessili.

ABGYROPSIS, Ræm. Ensat. 125, est Z. candida, Herb., cui stigmata seu stigmatis lobi brevissimi obtusissimi, quod etiam in Z. Lindleyana, Herb., observatur.

HABRANTHUS, Herb. in Bot. Reg. t. 1345 genus propositum fuit ad Z. Andersonianam, quæ a Zephyranthis typicis non differt nisi staminibus inæqualibus distincte declinatis, sed in formis pluribus pro varietatibus descriptis v. depictis stamina omnino ad normam recta sunt. Herbert postea, Amaryll. 156, species plures addidit Habrantho, floribus umbellatis, quas Baker rite ad Hippeastrum refert. Herbert Hubranthum tam a Zephyranthe quam a Hippeastro distinuit squamellis perianthii ad basin filamentorum in membranam connexis. Hæ squamellæ tamen in diversis speciebus sæpius diversæ sunt, nec semper in Zephyranthis typicis omnino desunt, in speciebus perplurimis non descriptæ et in speciminibus siccis difficillime observantur, nec bene pro characteribus genericis utendæ.

PYROLIRION, Herb. App. 37; Amaryll. 183, t 23, 29, genus imprimis ad Amaryllidem auream Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 56, t. 286 conditum, nobis videtur Zephyranthis species Z. carinate, Herb. affinis, stigmatibus apice paullo magis incrassatis. Huic addit Baker speciem Bolivianam, Mandon, n. 1194, stigmatibus seu ramis styli multo longioribus, apice breviter tantum incrassatis papillosisque.

22. Sprekelia, Heist. Beschr. von Brunsvigia, 19.—Perianthium valde declinatum, tubo nullo; segmenta parum inæqualia, fere in ungues contracta, a basi distincta, posticum ascendens, infimum concavum, genitalia recipiens. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa, in infimum declinata, eoque parum breviora, basi squamellis parvis interstincta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, medio dorso affixæ, demum recurvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmatibus linearibus recurvis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula globoso-3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina plano-compressa, ovata v. orbiculata, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina, loriformi-linearia. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flos intra bracteam spathaceam basi tubulosam apice 2-fidam solitarius, pedicellatus, magnus, speciosus. Bracteæ interiores 0.

Species 1, Mexicana. Kunth, Enum Pl. v. 507. Red. Lil. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 47 (Amaryllis). Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 16. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 144.

Genus Zephyranthi imprimis Z carinat $\phi$  et Z. concolori affine, differt flore magno declinato tubo obsoleto, etc. S. Cybister, Herb., cum Lindleyo ad Hippeastram referrimus, nec longe ab H. Regine, Herb., differt.

23. Expresstrum, Herb. App. 31; Amaryll. 135.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, plus minus declinatum, tubo nunc brevissimo nunc plus minus elongato, superne in faucem ampliato, lobi parum inæquales, basi angustati et interdum fere ad basin tubi solvendi, superne erecto-patentes; squamellæ ad faucem inter v. circa basin filamentorum sæpe adsunt. Stamina fauci inæqualiter affixa, declinata v. ascendentia, perianthio sæpius breviora, filamentis liberis elongatis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles, demum haud raro curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmatibus nunc linearibus recurvo-patentibus nunc brevissimis obtusis; ovula in loculis

co, 3-seriata. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, 3-sulca v. 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina (ula nota) plano-compressa, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia loriformia, latiuscula v. anguste linearia. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flores in umbella 2-co, rarissime ad unum reducti, pedicellati, sæpius magni. Bracteæ involucrantes semper 2, distinctæ; interiores lineares v. filiformes sæpissime adsunt 1-co.

Species ultra 50, Americæ tropicæ v. australis extratropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 514. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 79 (excl. sect. Zephyritis).

Genus Americanum, primo aspectu Amaryllidem (Africanam) refert, sub quo genere icones pleræque infra citatæ quærendæ sunt, ovulis tamen sominibusque facile distinguendum, et squamellæ ad basin staminum in planta Africana omnino deesse videntur. In sectiones sequentes non semper accurate limitatas dividitur:—

1. Habranthus. Folia angusta. Flores in umbella sæpius pauci, rarius ad unum reducti, bracteis involucrantibus tamen semper 2. Flores mediocres, latiuscule infundibuliformes, parum declinati. Species pleræque extratropicæ. Bot. Mag. t. 1125, 2597, 2639, 3961. Bot. Reg. t. 849, 1148, 1396, 1417, 1638; 1842, t. 35. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 107, 213. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1760. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 332 (Phycella). Habranthus, Herb. Amaryll. 156, quoad species umbellifloras. Myostemma, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 135.

Rhodophiala, Presi, Bot. Bemerk. 115, genus evidenter ad specimina Cumingiana e Valparaiso n. 395 definitum, est Hippeastri (Habranthi) advina var. Rhodophiala, Philippi, a Bakero pro sectione admissa, a cæteris Habranthis vix distinguenda floribus adhuc paucioribus, stigmatibus brevissimis. In R. uniflora, Phil., et R. modesta, Phil., flos sæpius unicus, sed bracteæ 2 involucrantes et interiores setaceæ omnino Hippeastri nec Zephyranthis. Rhodolinion, Philippi in Linnæa xxix. 65, ab auctore a Rhodophiala distinguitur tubo perianthii longiusculo. Rhodolirion montanum, Phil., tamen omnino eadem species videtur ac Rhodophiala uniflora, Phil. Chlidanthus Cumingii, Presi, Bot. Bemerk. 115, si rite ad eam referrimus specimina Cumingiana n. 865, est Hippeastrum (Habranthus) Bagnoldi, Baker, male descriptum.

- 2. Phycella, a Habrantho parum differt perianthio angustius infundibuliformi, fauce longa angusta, superne parum ampliata, lobis brevibus erecto-patentibus. Species 2, Chilenses. Bot. Mag. t. 2399. Bot. Reg. t. 809, 1943. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t 1746. Phycella, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 928 et t. 1341. Philippi species plures novas descripsit sub Habrantho, Rhodophiala et Phycella, in Linnæa xxix. 66; Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. (1873), 66.
- 3. Euhippeastrum. Folia sæpius lata. Umbellæ co-floræ. Floros sæpius magni, valde declinati, perianthio late infundibuliformi tubo brevi. Species tropicæ, Karst. Fl. Colomb. t. 102. Lhér. Sert. Angl. t. 14, 15. Jacq. Hort. Schænhr. t. 63. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 12. Red. Lil. t. 9, 10, 32, 424. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 179, 358. Bot. Mag. t. 129, 305, 453, 657, 1943, 2113, 2273, 2278, 2475, 2983, 3311, 3528, 3549, 5645, 5883. Bot. Reg. t. 23, 38, 164, 199, 226, 234, 444, 534, 719, 988, 1038, 1188. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 484, 864, 1082, 1204, 1449. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 809. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 358; cum ic. numerosis in variis diariis hortulanorum imprimis varietatum cultarum. Leopoldia, Herb., genus in Bot. Mag. sub t. 2113, et in Trans. Hort. Soc. iv. 181 dubie propositum. Lais, Aschimia, Omphalissa et Chonais, Salub. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 134, 135. Huc etiam pertinere videtur, Sprekelia Cybister, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 33; Bot. Mag. t. 3872, etsi differat staminibus elongatis.
- 4. Macropodastrum, Baker. Omnia Euhippeastri, nisi perianthii tubus valde elongatus fere Urini, sed characteres essentiales omnino Hippeastri. Lindl. Collect. Bot. t. 11. Bot. Mag. t. 2573, 3542, 3771. Bot. Reg. t. 876. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1200. Stigmata in H. solandrifloro, Herb., brevissima, in H. ambiguo, Herb., longa recurva. Species prior tropica, illa extratropica.
- 24. Placea, Miers in Bot. Reg. 1841, t. 50.—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme, parum declinatum, tubo brevissimo v. ad annulum reducto; lobi subæquales, superne patentes v. demum recurvi; corona ad basin loborum circa filamenta iisque 2-3-plo brevior, membranacea, erecta, in lobos 6 angustos emarginatos fere ad basin divisa. Stamina intra coronam affixa, perianthio breviora, declinata, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, versatiles, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus declinatus, stigmatibus brevissimis obtusis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia linearia, carinata. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flores in umbella plures, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, anguste lanceolatæ, interiores  $\infty$ , anguste lineares.

Species 3? Chilenses. Kunth, Enum. Pt. v. 503. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 169. Philippi in Linnæa, xxix. 67; Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. (1873), 65. Genus Hippeastro valde affine, differt corona perfectius evoluta.

25. Crimia, Ker in Bot. Reg. sub t. 444, et t. 511.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, declinatum, tubo brevissimo v. 0; segmenta basi longe angustata, parum inæqualia, superne v. demum fere a basi patentia. Stamina ad basin segmentorum affixa iisque non longiora, filamentis filiformibus, uno sæpius assurgente v. interdum deficiente, cæteris 5 v. rarius omnibus declinatis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, demum sæpe curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, declinatus, stigmate nunc vix incrassato indiviso, nunc distincte 3-fido; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, a basi ascendentia. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis sæpe abortu solitaria, erecta, ovoidea, crassa, testa nitida nigra v. pallida.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia sæpius lata, in petiolum interdum longum contracta, venis numerosis venulis transversis connexis, rarius angustiora et vix v. non petiolata. Scapus 'solidusi.' Flores in umbella sat numerosi, plus minus pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, interiores lineares plures.

Species 7 v. 8, omnes Brasilianæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 542. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 167. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 117 (Amaryllis). Bot. Mag. t. 5786, 6367. Bot. Reg. t. 163 (Amaryllis). Fl. des Serres, t. 1667.

In G. Liboniana, Lem. Jard. Fleur. t. 290, folia basi contracta at non petiolata; stamina declinata 5, sexto (an semper?) deficiente; in G. Blumenavia, Carr. Rev. Hortic. 1867, 32, cum ic. (Bot. Mag. t. 5666) folia vix petiolata; stamina 6 omnia declinata.

26. Grinum, Linn. Gen. n. 405.—Perianthium infundibuliforme v. fere hypocraterimorphum, tubo longo recto v. incurvo cylindraceo v. apice in faucem ampliato; lobi lineares lanceolati v. anguste oblongi, recurvi patentes v. conniventes. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis sæpius parum breviora v. longiora, filamentis distinctis filiformibus declinatis v. divergentibus; antheræ lineares v. oblongo-lineares, medio dorso affixæ, demum sæpius curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate minimo subcapitato; ovula in loculis pauca v. sat numerosa, rarius 2 tantum, cum placenta axili crassiuscula continua, adnata, sæpe parum prominula. Capsula irregulariter subglobosa, pericarpio membranaceo v. coriaceo, demum irregulariter rupta. Semina pauca, crassa, irregulariter compresso-globosa, testa crassa; albumen crassissime carnosum, embryone tamen normali.—Bulbus tunicatus, sæpius magnus, apice haud raro in collum productus. Scapus 'solidus.' Folia sæpius numerosa, longa, angusta v. latiuscula. Flores in umbella æ, magni, sæssiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, membranaceæ, latæ v. angustæ, interiores æ, lineares, interdum perpaucæ.

Species enumeratæ ultra 60, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis præsertim in arenosis maritimis late dispersæ, usque ad Americam borealem, Africam australem et Australiam extensæ, plures tamen nonnisi in hortis notæ verisimiliter reducendæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 547. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 168, 195, et in Gard. Chron. 1881, i. et ii.

Genus a Bakero in sectiones sequentes dividitur :-

- Stenaster. Perianthium sæpius erectum, tubo recto æqualiter cylindraceo; lobi lineares, patentes
   reflexi. Filamenta æqualiter divergentia. Wight, Ic. t. 2021, 2022. Kotschy, Pl. Tinn. t. 21.
   Jacq. Hort. Schænler. t. 495. Red. Lil. t. 408. Bot. Mag. t. 1073, 1605, 2208, 2231, 2301, 2684, 2908. Bgt. Reg. t. 52, 171, 179, 1049. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 346, 362, 650.
- 2. Platyaster. Perianthii tubus rectus v. leviter incurvus; lobi lanceolati, patentes v. ascendentes. Filamenta equaliter divergentia. Sectio vix a Stenastere distincts. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 202, 494. Red. Lil. t. 27. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 200. Bot. Mag. t. 1034, 1232, 2355, 2397, 2522, 2531, 2592, 2635, 2636, 652b, 6570. Bot. Reg. t. 679. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 31.
- 3. Codonocrinum. Perianthii tubus curvus, superne sæpius in faucem ampliatus, lobi declinati, oblongo-lanceolati, usque ad medium v. altius conniventes. Stamina cum stylo declinata. Wight, Ic. t. 2019, 2020. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 145. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 362; Hort. Schænbr. t. 429. Red. Lil. t. 62, 181, 347. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 52. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 169, 390, 478. Bot. Mag. t. 681, 915, 923, 1171, 1178, 1253, 2121, 2133, 2180, 2217, 2292, 2463, 2466, 6113, 6381, 6483,

- 6512, 6545. Bot. Reg. t. 303, 426, 546, 579, 615, 623, 1297; 1844, t. 9. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 669 (io. vet. plures sub Amaryllide). Tenais et Erigone, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 115.
- C. brachynema, Herb., Bot. Mag. t. 5937, ab omnibus differt filamentis erectis anthera brevioribus. Semina specierum perpaucarum vidimus, plurima a Herb. Amaryll. t. 44, delineata. Confer etiam A. Braun in Verh. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1859, 168, et in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, xiv. 5.
- 27. Ameryllis, Linn. Gen. n. 406, pro parte. (Callicore, Link, Handb. i. 193, pro parte. Belladonna, Sweet, Hort. Brit. 506.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, declinatum, leviter incurvum, tubo brevi; lobi longi, oblongo-lanceolati, infra medium v. altius conniventes, apice patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis sæpius parum breviora, filamentis distinctis filiformibus declinatis; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ, demum curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate minimo subcapitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , cum placenta axili crassiuscula continua, adnata. Capsula irregulariter subglobosa, pericarpio demum irregulariter rupto. Semina pauca, crassa, irregulariter compresso-globosa; albumen crassissime carnosum.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia coætanca v. serotina, loriformia v. latiuscula. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , magni, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, membranaceæ, latiusculæ, interiores paucæ, lineares.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 600. Red. Lil. t. 180, 479. Bot. Mag. t. 733, 1450. Bot. Reg. t. 714.

Genus apud auctores veteres species fere omnes inclusit e tribu Amaryllearum perianthio obliquo v. declinato, hodie ad A. Belladonnam, Linn., limitatum, cum Crino solo convenit ovario seminibusque, et ab hujus sectione Codonocrino parum distinguitur, imprimis perianthii tubo brevi.

28. Ammocharis, Herb. App. 17; Amaryll. 241, t. 33. (Palinetes, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 116.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, tubo cylindraceo; lobi longi, angusti, subsequales, erecto-patentes, demum sepius apice revoluti. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis subsequalia, filamentis filiformibus rectis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, medio dorso affixæ, sepius curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, superne haud raro in rostrum breve productum; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , globosa, placentæ crassiusculæ adnatæ 2-seriatim affixa, arcte sessilia v. semi-immersa. Capsula (a nobis non visa) 'anguste turbinata apice abrupte contracta. Semina pauca, carnosa, inæqualiter tuberoso-laxata.'—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia falcato-ligulata. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, latæ, membranaceæ, interiores lineari-setaceæ.

Species nobis note 2 (A. falcuta et A. coranica, Herb.), Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 611. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 60 (Crinum). Bot. Mag. t. 1443 (Brunsvigia). Bot. Reg. t. 139 et 1219 (Amaryllis).

Genus potius Crino quam Brunsvigue affine, A. Slateriana, Kunth, est tamen vera Brunsvigue species.

29. Lycoris, Herb. App. 20; Amaryll. 229.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo cylindraceo plus minus evoluto; lobi longi, angusti, subæquales. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis breviora æqualia v. multo longiora, rectiuscula v. declinata; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus tiliformis, stigmate non v. vix incrassato; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata. Capsula ovoidea v. subglobosa, basi obtusa, apice interdum breviter contracta, matura nobis deest. Semina . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia loriformia v. linearia, brevia v. elongata, serotina. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella ∞, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, angustæ v. lanceolatæ.

Species 3, Japonise, Chinse et Asise medise incolse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 544. Lhér. Sert. Angl. t. 15 bis. Jaoq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 73. Red. Lil. t. 61. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 95. Bot. Mag. t. 409. Bot. Reg. t. 596, 611 (ic. vet. plures sub Amaryllide).

Genus Brunsvigio et Nerini affine, differt imprimis tubo perianthii bene evoluto. Stamina in L. radiata, Herb. (Orbais, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 117), perianthio duplo longiora, in L. aurea, Herb., perianthium parum excedunt, in L. Seversovii, Regel, Gartenfi. 1877, 269, t. 914, distincte

breviora. Nerine japonica, Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 139, est L. radiata, Herb. L. radiata, Miq. l. c., tamen ex descr. videtur L. Severeovii, Reg. Specimina japonica ab Oldhamio lecta omnino cum Regelianis ex Asia centrali conveniunt.

30. Brunsvigia, Heist. Beschr. v. Brunsv., Brunschweig, 1755, cum tabb. 3.—Perianthii recti v. incurvi segmenta angusta v. lanceolata, a basi erectiuscula patentia v. recurva, ima basi vix in annulum seu tubum brevissimum connata. Stamina prope basin segmentorum aflixa, iisque sæpius æquilonga, recta v. sæpius declinata, filamentis filiformibus ima basi vix incrassatis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso aflixæ, non curvæ, interdum dimorphæ, nonnullæ cæteris duplo fere majores. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum dilatato rarius patenter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula obovoidea v. turbinata, sæpe magna, costis prominentibus 3-quetra, basi contracta. Semina in loculis  $\infty$ , oblonga, funiculis longis lineari-appendiculatis affixa, testa crassiuscula.—Bulbus magnus, tunicatus. Folia serotina, lata, sæpe humi appressa, interdum scabra. Scapus solidus. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , pedicellis validis, speciosi. Bractæe involucrantes 2, latæ v. lanceolatæ, interiores  $\infty$  filiformos.

Species 7 v. 8, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. v. 605. Herb. Amaryll. 280, t. 22, 32. Jaoq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 68, 70, 74. Red. Lil. t. 370 ad 372. Bot. Mag. t. 1619, 2578. Bot. Reg. t. 192, 193, 954, 1335; 1842, t. 11. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 330; (ic. veter. pleræque sub Amaryllide).

31. Werine, Herb. in Bot. Mag. t. 2124; App. 18; Amaryll. 283. (Loxanthes, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 117.)—Perianthii segmenta angusta, a basi erectiuscula patentia v. revoluta, ima basi vix in annulum v. tubum brevissimum connata. Stamina prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque sæpe æquilonga, recta v. declinata, filamentis filiformibus ima basi incrassatis v. infra insertionem continuis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ, interdum dimorphæ, nonnullæ cæteris multo majores. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo sub-3-dymo v. breviter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , distincta, 2-seriata. Capsula subglobosa v. depressa, nunc 3-dyma v. 3-loba. Semina in loculis pauca, interdum solitaria, angulata 'viridula,' testa crassiuscula.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia loriformia, interdum latiuscula, coætanea v. serotina. Scapus validus, 'solidus.' Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , pedicellati, speciosi, erecti v. parum declinati.

Species ad 9, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth. Enum. Pl. v. 615, quas in series 2 distribuit: 1. Regulares (Galatea, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 2113), staminibus fere erectis. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 64 ad 66. Red. Lil. t. 33, 274. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 163. Bot. Mag. t. 294, 725, 1089, 1090. 2. Distortæ, staminibus plus minus declinatis. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 67, 69; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 13. Red. Lil. t. 115, 450. Bot. Mag. t. 369, 726, 2407, 5901, 6547. Bot. Reg. t. 172, 497. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 329 (ic. vet. plures sub Amaryllide).

N. japonica, Miq., ad Lycorem referenda est.

32. Strumaria, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 356 ad 360. (Eudolon, Stylago, Pugionella et Hymenetron, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 127, 128.)—Perianthium campanulatum, tubo subnullo; segmenta æqualia, erecto-patentia. Stamina ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque sæpius sublongiora, filamentis erectis infra medium membranacco-dilatatis et cum angulis styli plus minus connatis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, rectæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus infra medium v. altius latiuscule 3-angulatus v. fere 3-alatus; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , sæpius pauca, 2-seriata. Capsula subglobosa, 3-dyma. Semina in quoque loculo sæpius 2 v. 3, angulato-globosa.—Bulbus tunicatus, crassiusculus. Folia loriformia. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , pedicellis filiformibus subæqualibus parum patentibus. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, lanceolatæ, interiores minores, paucæ.

Species editæ 6, Africæ avstralis incolæ. Herb. Amaryll. 287, t. 29, 39. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 622.

Specierum 2 tantum specimina nobis adsunt, cæteræ, ex iconibus solis notæ, non semper bene distinctæ videntur, etsi a Salisburyo pro generibus propriis habentur,

33. Valleta, Herb. App. 29; Amaryll. 133, 414.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, rectum, erectum, tubo brevi, fauce ampliata; lobi oblongo-ovati, basi callo parvo connexi. Stamina basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, erecta, æqualia, filamentis filiformibus in fauce decurrentibus; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, subdeclinatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis numerosa, oblonga, 2-seriata. Capsula (ex Herb. Amaryll. 414) oblongo-ovata, a basi dehiscens. Semina majora fere semipollicaria, nucleo ad apicem compresso oblique transverso, basi in alam longam foliaceam contracta; inferiora cujusve loculi minora rectiora.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus robustus, 'fistulosus.' Flores magni, in umbella  $\infty$ , sessiles v. breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2-3, membranaceæ, latiusculæ, interiores  $\infty$ , angustiores v. lineares.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 531. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 62. Bot. Mag. t. 1430. Bot. Reg. t. 552.

34. Cyrtanthus, Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, i. 414. (Timmia, Gmel. Syst. Veg. i. 538. Gastronema, Herb. App. 30, et in Bot. Mag. t. 2291. Cyphonema, Herb. in Bot. Mag. Adnot. sub t. 3710 et 3747. Monella, Herb. App. 29. Eusipho, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 139.)—Perianthium anguste infundibuliforme, basi v. superne recurvum, tubo longo v. abbreviato, fauce longa ampla; lobi multo breviores, erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci altius v. profundius affixa, recta v. declinata, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus v. longiusculis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate in C. obliquo parvo indiviso, in plerisque 3-fido lobis angustis interdum longiusculis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , oblonga, 2-seriata. Capsula nunc basi v. a latere varie rupta, nunc perfecte loculicide 3-valvis. Semina compressa, basi in alam producta.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia elongata, angusta, interdum flexuosa. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flores in umbella plures v. rarius ad unum reducti, pedicellati v. subsessiles, nunc a basi rocurva penduli, nunc leviter tantum recurvo-declinati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2 v. paucæ, membranacæ, interiores  $\infty$ , multo angustiores v. filiformes.

Species ad 15, Africæ australis incolæ, cum una ex Africa tropica. Herb. Amaryll. 128. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 533. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 75, 76. Lhér. Sert. Angl. t. 16. Red. Lil. t. 182, 381, 388. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 265. Bot. Mag. t. 271, 1133, 2291, 2471, 2534, 5218, 5374. Bot. Reg. t. 162, 167, 168, 503, 1462. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 368, 947, 1945. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 960. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 355. Gastronema, Herb., sectionem format, perianthii tubo latiore, rite a Kunthio ad Cyrtanthum reductam. C. brevifiorus, Harv., est Anoiganthus, Bak.

35. Clivia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1182. (Imantophyllum, errore Imatophyllum, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2856. Himantophyllum, Spreng. Gen. Pl. 276.)—Perianthium tubuloso-infundibulare v. fere campanulatum, erectum v. recurvum, segmentis distinctis v. præsertim ineunte anthesi basi in tubum brevem cohærentibus. Stamina supra basin segmentorum affixa, perianthium sæpius superantia, filamentis filiformibus; antherro oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmate breviter 3-partito v. parvo; ovula in quoque loculo pauca (semper 6 vidinus) in medio loculo conferta, oblonga. Bacca (ex Hook.) globosa, indehiscens. Semina pauca, oblongo-sub-3-quetra, testa laxa pulposa, integumento interiore appresso.—Bulbus imperfectus, foliorumvaginis crassis laxe involutus. Scapus compressus, solidus. Flores in umbella sat numerosi, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes plures, lanceolatæ, interiores lineari-setaceæ.

Species 3, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. v. 584. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1906. Rogel, Gartenfl. t. 434. Fl. des Serres, t. 1877 (Imantophyllum).

In specie typica, C. nobili, Lindl. l.c. (Imatophyllo Aitoni, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 2856), et in C. Gardoni, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4895, perianthium fere tubulosum, recurvum v. pendulum. C. miniata Hortul. differt perianthio latiore subpatente erecto v. parum declinato stammibus divergentibus et a Lindleyo, Gard. Chron. 1854, 119, dubie ad Vallotam refertur, demum a Hookero, Bot. Mag. t. 4783, pro genere proprio Imantophyllo, a Clivia distincto habitur, sed characteres essentiales nobis cum Clivia bene convenire videntur. Genus quoad perianthium Cyrtantho valde affine, involucrum fere Hamanthi.

36. \*\*Esemanthus, Linn. Gen. n. 400.—Perianthium rectum, erectum, tubo cylindraceo nunc brevissimo, nunc tenui sed brevi; lobi longiores, angusti, æquales. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, lobis sæpe longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare v. jam sub anthesi abortu 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis solitaria v. 2 collateralia, majuscula, pendula. Bacca globosa v. oblonga. Semina sæpe abortu solitaria, loculum v. baccam totam replentia, testa membranacea.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia 2 v. pauca in seriebus infra distinctis diversa. Scapus solidus, sæpe compressus. Flores in umbella densa fere capituliformi numerosi, pedicellis tenuibus sæpius brevibus. Bractææ involucrantes æ, sæpe numerosæ coloratæ umbellam fere obtegentes, nunc pauciores tenuiores laxiores; interiores angustæ v. lineares.

Species ad 30, quarum 5 Africæ tropicæ, cæteræ Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 586. Baker in Gard. Chron. 1877, et in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 166. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 11. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 56 ad 61 et 407 ad 413. Red. Lil. t. 39, 204, 320, 398. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 318. Bot. Mag. t. 961, 1075, 1239, 1315, 1523, 1618, 1705, 1995, 3373, 3870, 4745, 5314, 5378, 5532, 5881, 5903, 6364. Bot. Reg. t. 382, 509, 984. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 240, 602, 702, 912, 1948.

Genus a Herbertio in series 3, ad foliorum indolem, divisum, a Salisburyo in genera 5, characteribus male definitis, nec facile in speciminibus siccis observandis. Species tamen plurimæ in series 2 sequentes facile distribuendæ:—1. Folia in bulbo plura, sæpe undulata, basi in vaginas semet involventes contracta, scapo laterali. Huc pertinent Gyaxis (H. puniceus, Linn.) et Nebissa (H. multiflorus, Linn.) Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 131, speciesque paucæ affines. 2. Folia in bulbo 2, lata, sessilia, plana, haud raro ante anthesin evanida, scapo inter folia evoluto. Huc pertinent species numerosæ, genera Hæmanthus et Melicho, Salisb. l.c. 130 formantes. Diacles, Salisb. l.c. 130, est H. virescens, Herb., cui folia ad basin scapi 3-4, pubescentia v. ciliata.

37. **Buphane** (prius Boophane), Herb. App. 18; in Bot. May. sub t. 2578; Amaryll. 239, t. 22, 36, f. 7, 8.—Perianthium rectum, infundibuliforme v. hypocraterimorphum, tubo brevi; lobi æquales, lineares, erecto-patentes v. reflexo-patentissimi. Stamina fauci affixa, lobis longiora v. vix breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia (ex Kunth 2-4). Capsula obovoideo-3-quetra v. subglobosa, pericarpio membranaceo loculicide 3-valvi. Semina adhuc immatura globosa, lævia, in capsula sæpe abortu solitaria v. perpauca, matura ex Kunthio bulbiformia.—Bulbus tunicatus, sæpius magnus. Folia serotina, loriformia. Scapus 'solidus.' Flores in umbella numerosi, longe pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, latæ, interiores paucæ, breves, setaceæ.

Species bene notæ 2, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ, inter se pluribus notis dissimiles. In B. toxicaria, Herb.; Jacq. Fragm. t. 39 et 41 (Hæmanthus); Bot. Mag. t. 1217 (Hæmanthus); Bot. Reg. t. 567 (Brunsvigia), perianthium fere Brunsvigiæ sed tubus angustus distinctior, et ovula semper in quoque loculo 2 tantum nec co vidimus. In B. ciliari, Herb.; Jacq. Fragm. t. 40, 41 (Hæmanthus); Bot. Reg. t. 1153 (Brunsvigia), quæ genus Chossyne, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 116, perianthii tubus campanulatus fere globosus, lobi reflexo-patentissimi; ovula pariter in quoque loculo 2 invenimus. B. angolensis, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 197, perianthii tubo longissimo aliisque characteribus ad Crinum referenda est.

38. Eyline, Herb. in Bot. Mag. sub t. 3779.—Perianthii tubus vix ullus v. ad annulum reductus; lobi longissimi, lineares. Stamina ad basin loborum affixa, filamentis longissimis filiformibus basi membrana brevissima connatis; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis (stigmate parvo t); ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , funiculis distinctis 2-seriatim ascendentia. Fructus junior obovoideus, maturus ignotus.—Folia longe lanceolata, basi contracta. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, basi latiusculæ, interiores paucæ, lineares.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, e specimine unico Gardneriano floribus jam marcescentibus nota. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 584.

39. Eucrosta, Ker in Bot. Reg. t. 207.—Perianthium tubo brevissimo obliquum v. leviter curvum; lobi oblongi conniventes. Stamina ad apicem tubi æqualiter affixa, declinata, longissime exserta, filamentis ima basi plus minus connatis, intus ad insertionem

callis prominulis auctis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis numerosissima, 2-seriata. Capsula (immatura) globoso-3-quetra v. 3-dyma. Semina numerosa, oblonga, angulato-compressa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus ab aliis solidus dicitur, ab aliis fistulosus. Folia latiuscula, petiolata. Flores in umbella ∞, pedicellati, declinati. Bracteæ sæpius omnes lineares, 2 involucrantes basi plus minus dilatatæ.

Species 1, Andium Ecuadorensium incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 504. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 209. Bot. Mag. t. 2490.

40. Callipsyche, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1842, Misc. 49; 1845, t. 45.—Perianthium tubo brevi cylindraceo obliquum; lobi oblongi, conniventes v. demum subpatentes. Stamina ad apicem tubi æqualiter affixa, e perianthio longissime exserta, declinata, filamentis distinctis basi intus callis oblongis prominulis auctis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. subcapitato; ovula in loculis numerosissima, 2-seriata. Capsula (immatura) 3-quetra v. a latere 3-loba. Semina æ, oblonga, angulato-compressa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia 2, petiolata, oblonga v. latiuscula. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Flores in umbella æ, interdum numerosi, pedicellis declinatis haud longis. Bracteæ omnes lineares, involucrantes 2-3 latiores, interiores plurimæ.

Species 3, Andium Ecuadorensium et Peruviæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 506. Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 167, 168. Genus vix ac ne vix ab Eucrosia differt filamentis a basi liberis.

41. Eucharis, Planch. in Fl. des Serres, t. 788.—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, rectus v. recurvus, apice breviter in faucem ampliatus; lobi subæquales, latiusculi, patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis basi in membranam petaloideam dilatatis, membranis nunc in cyathum margine dentatum v. truncatum connatis, nunc distinctis v. multo reductis; antheræ lineares, medio dorso v. prope basin 2-lobam affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculo uno tamen interdum jam sub anthesi abortiente; stylus filiformis, stigmate breviter obtuseque 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 2-∞, 2-seriatim superposita. Fructus ovoideus depresso-globosus v. 3-dymus, pericarpio tenui demum rupto. Semina (immatura) majuscula, abortu pauca v. solitaria.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia petiolata, lata, venis dissitis venulis transversis tenuissimis connexis. Flores in umbella plures, candidi, speciosi. Bracteæ ∞, angustæ, quarum 2-3 exteriores involucrantes latiores.

Species 3, Andium Colombiæ incolæ. Bot. Mag. t. 4971. Fl. des Serres, t. 957, 1216. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 254.

Genus Calliphruriæ valde affine et species inter se characteribus diversis separandæ. In E. grandiflora, Planch. (E. amazonica, Lindl.), cyathus stamineus perfectus, amplus, margine inter filamenta
undulatus v. 2-lobus; ovarii loculi multiovulati. In E. candida, Planch., membranæ stamineæ latæ
contiguæ sed vix nisi ima basi connatæ, ad latera filamentorum utrinque dentatæ; ovarii loculi 2-ovulati. •In E. subedentula (Calliphrura subedentula, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6289) membranæ stamineæ
multo minores, sæpe edentulæ, basi tamen plus minus in cyathum connatæ; ovarii loculi (in fl.
examinatis) 6-ovulati.

42. Calliphruria, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 87.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo fere a basi in faucem gradatim ampliato; lobi subæquales, lanceolati. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis basi in membranam petaloideam dilatatis, membranis distinctis v. hinc inde connatis ad utrumque latus filamenti in lobum seu dentem erectum productis; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculo uno interdum jam sub anthesi abortiente; stylus filiformis, stigmate breviter obtuseque 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 2, rarius 3, in medio loculo superposita. Fructus parvus, subglobosus, pericarpio tenui demum rupto. Semina in toto fructu sæpius solitaria v. gemina, majuscula, atra, crassiuscula.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia petiolata, late oblonga, venis subdissitis venulis transversis connexis. Flores in umbella plures, albi, tenuiter pedicellati. Bracteæ  $\infty$ , omnes angustæ, 2-3 exteriores involucrantes latiores.

Species 2 v. 3, Andium Colombiæ incolæ: C. Hartwegiana, Herb.; Kunth, Enum. v. 692; Bot Mag. t. 6259, cum altera adhuc inedita parum distincta. C. subedentulum, Baker, ad Eucharidem referrimus.

- 43. Eustephia, Cav. Ic. iii. 20, t. 238.—Perianthium anguste infundibuliforme, fere cylindraceum, tubo brevi; lobi longi, erecti. Stamina tubo sequaliter affixa, perianthio subsequilonga, filamentis distinctis ad duo tertias utrinque angustissime alatis, alis apice in setas divaricatas productis, filamento supra setas filiformi; antherse oblongse, medio dorso affixse. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Fructus . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus leviter compressus. Flores in umbella plures, pedicellati, demum recurvi v. penduli. Bractese involucrantes 2, anguste lanceolatse, interiores lineari-setacese. Perianthium coccineum, apice virescens. Filamentorum alse infra setas parum prominulse.
- Species 1, a Cavanillesio aliisque ad specimina hortensia descripta, adest tamen in herb. Hook. specimen unum in Peruvia a Macleano lectum verisimiliter indigenum. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 514. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 41. Genus primum a Herbertio in dubium revocatum, serius tamen, in Bot. Mag. sub t. 3865, recognovit et characteres rite indicavit.
- 44. Urceelina, Reichb. Comp. 61. (Urceolaria, Herb. App. 28; Amaryll. 193. Collania, Schult. Syst. vii. 53, 893.)—Perianthium rectum, demum recurvum v. pendulum, tubo supra ovarium contracto, dein in faucem v. limbum oblongo-tubulosum v. urceolatum ampliato; lobi subæquales, conniventes v. connati, apice solo breviter patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, perianthium sæpius excedentia, filamentis rectis ima basi plus minus membranaceo-dilatatis, membranis distinctis v. vix in annulum seu lineam parum prominulam conjunctis; antheræ oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula ovoideo-globosa v. subpyramidata, 3-dyma v. sub-3-loba. Semina parva, oblonga v. subglobosa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus 'solidus.' Folia plana, ovata oblonga v. angusta, in petiolum contracta. Flores in umbella  $\infty$ , longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, interiores lineares paucæ.
- Species 3. Andium America australis incola. In specio typica, U. pendula, Herb.; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 644 (Collania); Bot. Mag. t. 5464; Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 287 (Crinum), perianthium citrinum, limbo latiusculo urceolato apice virescente, membranæ basales filamentorum tenuissimæ perfecte v. imperfecte in lineam transversam connexæ. In U. latifolia (Leperiza, Herb. App. 41; Amaryll. 195; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 643; Bot. Mag. t. 4952); Ruiz ct Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil, t. 284, f. b. (Pancratium), perianthium omnino U. pendulæ, nisi paullo angustius, et linea transversa inter filamenta (ex icone) magis conspicua, specimina tamen nobis desunt. U. miniata (Pentlandia, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 68, Kunth, Enum. Pt. v. 635; Spherotele, Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 38, non Pres/) differt foliis angustioribus (latiora tamen vidimus quam in icone delineata semperque petiolata), perianthio miniato lobis brevibus solutis et filamentis basi angustius dilatatis, membranæ haud raro in tubo breviter transversæ, non tamen in annulum connatæ et in floribus diversis plus minus extensæ. Stenomesson croccum, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 3615, excl. syn. est ex W. Herb. verisimiliter eadem species ac U. miniata, quoad analysem imperfecte delineata. Species has omnes nobis congeneres videntur et Stenomesso valde affines, differunt filamentorum membranis basalibus obscuris nec in cyathum perfectum connatis. Leperiza eucrosioides, Baker, ad Phadranassam referenda videtur.
- 45. Phendranassa, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1845, Misc. 16, t. 17.—Perianthium anguste infundibuliforme v. fere cylindraceum, tubo sæpius brevi superne leviter ampliato; lobi longi, subæquales, angusti, conniventes, apice breviter patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, erecta, perianthium sæpius breviter superantia, filamentis basin versus plus minus membranaceo-dilatatis, sæpiusque ima basi annulo parum prominulo connexis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. brevissime 3-fido; ovula in loculis numerosa, 2-seriata. Capsula subglobosa v. 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina oblonga, angulato-compressa, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus 'fistulosus.' Folia petiolata, angusta v. latiuscule oblonga. Flores in umbella co, speciosi, reflexi. Bracteæ involucrantes 2 v. rarius 3, anguste lanceolatæ, interiores lineares v. 1-2 lineari-lanceolatæ. Perianthium rubro-virens v. bicolor.

Species ad 4, Andium Americæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 500, species 3 descripsit quas Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 167, ad unius varietates reduxit, et in Saund. Bef. Bot. t. 46 duas novas addidit. Ad *Phædranassam* etiam referenda videtur *Leperiza eucrosioides*, Baker in Gard. Chron. 1878, ii. 170.

46. Stenomesson, Herb. App. 40; Amaryll. 198.—Perianthii tubus elongatus, subcylindraceus, supra basin v. medium versus sæpe parum contractus, superne longe v. breviter ampliatus; lobi subæquales, erecti v. plus minus patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, erecta, filamentis basi membranaceo-dilatatis, membranis in cyathum petaloideum connexis, cyatho inter filamenta acuto sinuato v. truncato v. in dentes 1-2 producto; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso v. prope basin affixæ, non curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate obtuso capitato v. vix brevissime 3-lobo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula subglobosa v. 3-dyma, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina ubi nota compresso-plana, testa nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus ex Kunthio solidus, ex Bakero in S. incarnato fistulosus. Folia coætanea, linearia v. latiuscule loriformia. Flores in umbella plures, rarissime ad unum reducti, sæpius pedicellis recurvis penduli. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, latæ v. angustæ, interiores lineares v. interdum una alterave latior. Perianthia rubra aurea v. fulva, speciosa.

Species 19 enumerat Baker, in Ref. Bot. sub t. 308, Americæ tropicæ incolas, in sectiones 2 sequentes distribuendas, quæ tamen inter se parum distinctæ etsi sæpius pro generibus propriis habentur:—

- 1. Stenomesson. Perianthium fere tubulosum, medio angustius, fauce longa latiuscule cylindracea. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 284, f. a, t. 285 (Pancratium). Red. Lil. t. 187 (Pancratium). Bot. Mag. t. 2640, 2641, 3803. Bot. Reg. 1843, t. 2; 1844, t. 42. Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 22, 308. Chrysiphiala, Ker in Bot. Reg. t. 778; Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 132. Spherothelb, Presl, Rel. Hank. 119, t. 16, f. 2. Neera, Salisb. Gen. Fl. Fragm. 109.
- 2. Coburgia. Perianthium quam in speciebus typicis longius, superne gradatim ampliatum, interdum fere anguste infundibuliforme. Coburgia, Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 17. Bot. Mag. t. 3221, 3865, 3867. Bot. Reg. t. 1497; 1842, Misc. 52; Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 309. Carpodetes, Herb. App. 41; Amaryll. 195.

CLINANTHUS, Herb. App. 40; Amaryll. 192, nomen ab auctore in Bot. Reg. 1839, Misc. 87 in CLITANTHUM mutatum, est Coburgia humilis, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1842, t.46, species scape uniflore insignis.

CALLITHAUMA, Herb. Amaryll. 225, et in Bot. Mag. t. 3866, est S. viridiflorum (Pancratium viridiflorum, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 55), species a sectione Coburgia parum distincta, cyatho stamineo inter filamenta more Hymenocallidis (Ismene) in lobos petaloideos producto, hisque lobis interdum basi pone filamenta breviter connatis, staminibus specie intra cyathum affixis.

Genus Chrysiphiala, Ker, quale ab auctore propositum, includit Stenomesson, Carpodetem et Leverizam, Herb.

47. Pancratium, Linn. Gen. n. 404.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo mediocri v. sæpiæs elongato superne in faucem ampliato; lobi angusti, erecto-patentes, subæquales. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus basi membrana petaloidea cyathiformi v. patente connexis, cyatho (falso corona dicto) margine inter filamenta sæpius in dentes v. lobos 2 producto; antheræ oblongæ v. breviter lineares, medio dorso affixæ, curvæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis numerosa, oblonga, 2-seriata. Capsula sæpe magna, subgloboso-3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina æ, mutua pressione angulata, testa crassiuscula laxa atra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia linearia v. loriformia. Scapus 'solidus' v. 'superne cavus.' Flores in umbella æ, rarius ad 1 v. 2 reducti, magni, albi, sessiles v. distincte pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, membranaceo-scariosæ, interiores lineares paucæ breves.

Species ad 12, regionis Mediterranee, ins. Canariensium et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 657. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 168. Cav. Ic. t. 56. Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. ii, t. 9; Parad. Lond. t. 86. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 371. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 8. Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 309. Wight, Ic. t. 2023. Red. Lil. t. 8, 153, 156. Bot. Mag. t. 718, 2538. Bot. Reg. t. 161, 174, 413, 479, 927.

P. carolinianum, Linn., quoad plantam Catesbei, Nat. Hist. Carol. i. App. t. 5, est P. maritimum, ex Catesbeo et ex Chapmannio, Fl. S. U. S. 467, in uliginosis Caroline et Floride crescens. Specimina Americana tamen in herbariis nostris desunt, et que sub P. caroliniano missa sepeque citata et a Kerio ad specimen in herb. Banks. delineata, semper ad Hymenocallidem rotatam, Herb., pertinent. Almyba, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 336 (Halmyba, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. Monocot. 28; Fl. Ital. iii. 102), est P. illyricum, Linn. Bollea, Parlat. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. v. 509, est P. canariense, Ker. Tiabanthus, genus a Herb. Amaryll. 202, 206 dubie propositum, includit P. malabathricum, Herb., P. seylanioum, Linn., speciesque alias Asiaticas paucas. He omnes characteribus potius specificis quam genericis a Panoratiis typicis separantur.

48. Eymenocaliis, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 338.—Perianthium subhypocraterimorphum tubo longo apice vix v. non ampliato; lobi lineares, sæpe longi, demum patentes. Stamina apice tubi æqualiter affixa, filamentis filiformibus basi v. alte membrana petaloidea late cupulata cyathiformi v. expansa connexis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, sæpius curvulæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis tamen 1-2 sæpe jam sub anthesi abortu vacuis; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis (an semper?) 1-2, a basi ascendentia. Capsula ovoidea v. globosa, carnosula, demum a latere fissa. Semen sæpe unicum perfectum, magnum, viride, testa crassissima spongiosa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus 'solidus.' Folia loriformia v. latiuscula et in petiolum contracta. Flores in umbella & v. rarius 1-2, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, membranaceæ, fere scariosæ, interiores plures lineares. Cyathus stamineus inter filamenta truncatus denticulatus v. undulatus, interdum petaloideo-productus, rarius more Pancratii 1-2 lobus.

Species descriptæ fere 30, seil ad dimidium saltem reducendæ, omnes Americanæ, tropicæ v. boreales. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 664. Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. ii. t. 10 ad 13. Ker in Journ. Sc. and Art, R. Inst. iii. t. 3. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 73. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 11, 75. Red. Lil. t. 154, 155, 358, 412 ad 414. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 556. Bot. Mag. t. 825 ad 827, 1082, 1453, 1467, 1879, 1941, 2621, 6562. Bot. Reg. t. 43, 221, 265, 940, 1641. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 19, 274, 286, 510, 558, 809, 834. Knowles et Westc. Fl. Cab. ii. 51 cum ic. (Ismene). Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 357 (icones veteres plurimæ nonnulla que recentiores sub Pancratio).

ISMENE, Salish in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 342, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 681, a Hymenocallide nequaquam differt nisi cyatho stamineo petaloideo sepius multo majore, filamentorum parte libera breviore interdum intra cyathum recurvo. Huc referrimus icones sequentes, quarum plura sub Pancratio; Jacq. Fragm. t. 138. Red. Lil. t. 353. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 283, f. a. Bot. Mag. t. 1224, 1561, 2685, 3675. Bot. Reg. t. 215, 600, 1665; 1841, t. 12. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1266. H. macrostephana, Baker in Bot Mag. t. 6436, omnino medium tenet inter Hymenocallides typicas et Ismenem.

CHORRITIS, Herb. Amar. 219, f. 35, f. 1, t. 41, f. 32 ad 36; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 680; Knowles et Westc. Fl. Cab. ii. 101, cum ic., est H. glauca, Baker, species Mexicano-Texana, ab auctoribus distincta imprimis antheris altius nec medio dorso affixis, character tamen vix constans videtur. Semina omnino Hymenocallidis, cyathus stamineus inter formas typicas et Ismenem intermedius.

De seminis structura confer Baill. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. iv. 1020. A. Braun in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, xiv. 10.

49. Elisena, Herb. Amaryll. 201, et in Bot. Reg. 1838, Misc. 45. (Liriope, Herb. App. 41, non Lour. Liriopsis, Reichb. Consp. 62.)—Perianthii tubus brevissimus, lobi longi, lineares, patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, lobis æquilonga v. longiora, filamentis bai in membranas petaloideas in cyathum connexas dilatatis, cyatho late tubuloso v. campanulato cum filamentis declinato v. recurvo, margine inter filamenta sæpius in lobos 2 recurvo interdum fere obsoletos producto; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ, curvæ. Ovarium 5 loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in quoque loculo 2, a basi ascendentia. Fructus immaturus Hymenocallidis, maturus ignotus.—Bulbus magnus, tunicatus. Scapus 'anceps, solidus.' Folia erecta, arcuato-lorata. Flores in umbella pauci, magni, revissime pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes sæpius 3, lanceolatæ, scariosæ, interiors paucæ angustiores.

Species editæ 3, inter se evidenter parum distinctæ, Andium Peruviæ incolæ, et frequenter in hortis ad Limam cultæ ex Ruizio et Pav., qui specimina sylvestria non viderunt. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 656. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. t. 283, f. b (Pancratium). Bot. Mag. t. 3873. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 264.

50. Vagaria, Herb. Amaryll. 226. (Vaginaria, Kunth, Enum. v. 693.)—Perianthium anguste infundibuliforme, tubo tenui superne in faucem ampliato; lobi angusti, erectopatentes. Stamina fauci sequaliter affixa, perianthio paullo breviora, filamentis basi leviter membranaceo-dilatatis et utrinque dente acuto v. setaceo-acuminato instructis in tubum decurrentibus; anthère oblonge, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium ovoideo-globosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in quoque loculo 2-3, in medio loculo conferta, obovoidea, distincta. Capsula membranacea, subvalvatim dehiscens. Semina pauca, angulata, testa nigra.—Bulbus magnus, tunicatus. Folia loriformia, subserotina. Flores in umbella plures, breviter pedicellati, albi, quam in Pancratiis multo minores. Bracteæ involucrantes sæpius 2, lanceolatæ, interiores lineares, paucæ.

Species 1, Syriaca. Red. Lil. t. 471 (Pancratium).

51. Eurycles, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 337. (Proiphys, Herb. Append. 42.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo erecto tenui haud longo; lobi subesquales, latiusculi, erecto-patentes. Stamina fauci equaliter affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis basi membrana petaloidea cyathiformi connatis, cyatho lato margine ad latera filamentorum utrinque dente v. lobo brevi aucto, interdumque inter filamenta fere ad basin fisso; antheræ oblongæ, sagittatæ, dorso juxta basin loborum affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, in medio loculo subcollateralia. Capsula globosa, leviter succulenta. Semina sæpe abortu solitaria.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia petiolata, orbiculato-cordata v. late ovali-oblonga, venis subdistantibus venulis transversis connexis. Flores in umbella plures, interdum numerosi, albi, speciosi, etsi quam in Pancratio minores, plus minus pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes sæpius 2 v. 3, lanceolatæ, interiores lineares, paucæ v. numerosæ.

Species 2, Australiæ borealis, quarum una etiam per Archipelagum Malayanum dispersa. Herb. Amaryll. 227. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 689. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 455. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 84. Red. Lil. t. 384. Bot. Mag. t. 1419, 3399. Bot. Reg. t. 715, 1506 (ic. veter. sub Pancratio).

52. Calostemma, R. Br. Prod. 297.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo erecto tenui haud longo; lobi subæquales, latiusculi, suberecti v. stellato-patentes. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, perianthium interdum excedentia; filamentis infra medium membrana tubuloso-cyathiformi connexis, cyatho margine inter filamenta truncato denticulato breviter diviso v. 1-2-lobo; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium jam sub anthesi aborta 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula 2 v. 3, in medio loculo parieti affixa (axi ob loculos abortientes parieti adnato). Fructus oblique globosus, succulentus. Semen sæpius unicum, subglobosum, testa carnosula.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia nunc angusta v. loriformia venis approximatis, nunc more Euryclis lata petiolata venis dissitis venulis transversis connexis. Flores in umbella plures, plus minus pedicellati, purpurascentes albi v. flavi, quam in Eurycle paullo minores. Bracteæ involucrantes 2-3, lanceolatæ, interiores lineares paucæ.

Species 3, Australianæ, quarum 2 genuinæ extratropicæ, tertia (C. album, Br.). foliis Euryclis, in regione tropica obvia. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 456. Bot. Mag. t. 2100, 2101. Bot. Reg. t. 421, 422; 1840, t. 19, 26.

### TRIBUS III. ALSTROEMERIEÆ.

53. ? Exichtion, Herb. App. 37; Amaryll. 125, t. 19, 20. (Kolpakowskia, Regel, Gartenfl. xxvii. 294, t. 953.)—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme, tubo 0; segmenta angusta, superne parum latiora, erecto-patentia, basi sæpe cohærentia, demum fere semper solvenda. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa iisque paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; vol. III.

antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ, rectæ v. apice recurvæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, apice 3-fidus, ramis linearibus recurvis apice introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , sæpius numerosa, 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga, apice truncata, pericarpio membranaceo, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina oblonga, angulato-compressa, testa nigra; embryo interdum albumine vix brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis erectus, aimplex v. rarius subramosus. Folia linearia, radicalia et secus caulem sparsa. Umbella terminalis, irregularis, sæpe prolifera, nunc ad florem unicum reducta, additis interdum umbellis 2-3-floris v. pedunculis 1-floris ad axillas foliorum. Bracteæ variæ, sæpe basi scariosæ, longe acuminatæ.

Species v. potius varietates insignes 2, Asiæ mediæ et occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 816. Labill. Pl. Syr. Dec. ii. t. 1 (Amaryllis). Red. Lil. t. 241 (Amaryllis). Bot. Reg. 1844, t. 66. Regel, Gartenfl. xxix. 193 et t. 775, 910, 1014. Fl. des Serres, t. 2270.

Genus anomalum, perianthio et bulbo potius Euamaryllearum, caulis foliatus et inflorescentia laxa Alstrameriearum, a quibus patria longe distat.

54. Alstroemeria, Linn. Gen. n. 432 pro parte.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, plus minus irregulare, deciduum, tubo 0; segmenta angusta v. basi longe contracta, uno cujusve seriei duobus cæteris dissimile, annulo epigyno parum prominulo sublobato affixa. Stamina ad basin segmentorum annulo glanduloso affixa, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovoidee v. oblonge, basi intrusa affixe, apertee subteretes fere undique pollinifere. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, basi interdum incrassato-3-queter, apice in ramos 3 breviter filiformes introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula obovoidea v. subglobosa, annulo perianthii persistente coronata, truncata, styli basi parum accreta pyramidato-acuminata (falso operculata dicta), a basi ad apicem loculicide 3-valvis. Semina  $\infty$ , globosa, testa sæpius rugulosa albumini arcte adnata.—Rhizoma fasciculatofibriferum (nunquam tuberosum?). Caulis erectus v. ascendens, elatiusculus v. nanus, simplex, foliatus. Folia alterna, conferta v. sparsa, angusta v. latiuscula, sessilia v. petiolata, rigidula v. membranacea, sæpe torsione petioli resupinata. Umbella terminalis, nunc densifiora, nunc laxa irregulariter composita v. ad racemum irregularem reducta. Flores pedicellati, speciosi. Bracteæ sub quoque pedicello foliaceæ, foliis caulinis tamen sæpius multo minores.

Species descriptæ ultra 50, verisimiliter tamen fere ad 30 reducendæ, Americæ australis tropicæ et extratropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 758. Herb. Amaryll. 88. Schenk in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 171, t. 21, 22. Philippi in Linnæa, xxix. 67; xxxiii. 260; Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. (1873) 70; Sert. Mendoc. 43. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 259. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 288, 289. Presl, Rel. Hænk. t. 22. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 465; Hort. Vind. t. 50. Red. Lil. t. 46. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 64, 65, 181. Bot. Mag. t. 139, 2353, 2421, 3033, 3040, 3105, 3350, 3944, 3958. Bot. Reg. t. 731, 1008, 1410, 1540, 1843; 1839, t. 13; 1843, t. 58. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1054, 1147, 1272, 1295, 1497. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 267, et ser. 2, t. 15, 159, 205, 277.

55. Bomarea, Mirb. in Nouv. Dict. Hist. Nat. ed. 1 (1803-4)? ed. 2, iv. 118. (Vandesia, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 332, absque char. Vandesia et Danbya, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 57.)—Perianthium tubuloso-clavatum v. infundibuliforme, regulare v. vix irregulare, tubo 0; segmenta cujusque seriei æqualia, erecta conniventia v. apice patula, seriei interioris exterioribus majora minora v. forma diversa. Stamina ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus a basi filiformis, apice in ramos 3 filiformes introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis co. Capsula (in speciebus perpaucis nota) turbinata v. subglobosa, 3-quetra v. obtuse 6-costata, vertice truncata. Semina subglobosa, testa (an semper?) pulposa.—Rhizoma v. radices plus minus (an semper?) tuberiferæ. Caules in speciebus normalibus scandentes v. volubiles, in paucis suberecti, simplices, foliati. Folia conferta v. sparsa et inflorescentia umbellata v. laxa omnino Alstræmeriæ. Perianthii segmenta variant omnia oblonga, v. interiora spathulata obovato-oblonga v. in stipitem contracta, quam exteriora sæpe teneriora et haud raro maculata.

Species ultra 50, Americæ australis imprimis Andinæ et Mexici incolæ. Kunth, Emum. Pl. v. 787. Herb. Amaryll. 109. Schenk in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii, i. 167. Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, 201. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 287, f. a, t. 290, 291, f. a, t. 292 ad 296. Cav. Ic. t. 76. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 160. Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. t. 95. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 29. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 29. Bot. Mag. t. 1613, 2848, 3050, 3344, 3863, 3871, 5442, 5531, 5927, 6444. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1851. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. 228, et ser. 2, t. 77, 269. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 83. Fl. des Serres, t. 2176, 2316; (ic. veter. sub Alstræmeria).

COLLANIA, Herb. Amaryll. 103, t. 8 ad 11. Bot. Mag. t. 4247. Bot. Reg. 1847, t. 34, non Schult. (Wichurea, Ræm. Syn. Amaryll. 277; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 781) et Spherine, Herb. Amaryll. 106, t. 12, 13, 16, 18; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 784, a Bonarea non differre videntur nisi caule breviore eroctiore fore Alstræmeriæ. Capsulæ dehiscentia in genere variare videtur sed sæpissime ignota.

56. **Leontochir**, Philippi, Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. (1873) 68.—Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta discreta, erecta, omnia spathulata, in unguem contracta, basi cum glandula epigyna continua, interiora vix exterioribus angustiora. Stamina glandulis basalibus segmentorum affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ, basi intrusa affixæ, erectæ. Ovarium turbinato-3-quetrum, 1-locularo, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmate parvo; ovula in quaque placenta  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula 3-quetra, sub apice conico reliquiis glandulæ hypogynæ sub segmenta persistentis annulata, angulis valde prominentibus, apice 3-valvatim dehiscens, valvis medio placentiferis. Stamina subglobosa; embryo in albumine duriusculo brevis.—Herba foliosa, habitu Alstræmeræ, fibris radicalibus (ex Philippio) tuberiferis. Folia crebra, lanceolata. Umbella terminalis, fere in capitulum condensata, recurva, floribus numerosissimis breviter pedicellatis Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 1, Chilensis. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1389.

## TRIBUS IV. AGAVEÆ.

57. Polianthes, Linn. Gen. n. 426 (errore Polyanthus, Hort. Cliff. et auct. plur.).—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longiusculo sæpius incurvo superne ampliato; lobi erectopatentes, interiores exterioribus paullo breviores. Stamina fauci æqualiter affixa, lobis multo breviora, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare, vertice conico intra perianthium breviter protruso; stylus filiformis, stigmatibus 3 ovatis v. oblongis patentibus; ovula in loculis ∞. Fructus immaturus ovoideus, perianthio persistente coronatus, pericarpio membranaceo. Semina ∞, lata, compressiuscula, testa laxa, matura tamen non vidimus nec ab auctoribus recentioribus descripta.—Caulis e rhizomate breviter tuberoso erectus, simplex. Folia radicalia v. in parte inferiore caulis lato-linearia. Racemus terminalis, longus, simplex, candidus. Flores secus rhachin gemini, speciosi, odoratissimi. Bractea sub quoque pari spathacea, membranacea, perianthio brevior.

Species 1, Mexicana, jam diu in hortis Americanis Asiaticis Europæisquo culta. Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 41, t. 2. Red. Lil. t. 147. Bot. Mag. t. 1817. Bot. Reg. t. 63. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 24.

Nomen Linnæanum (semel tantum lapsu *Polyanthus* scripsit) evidenter a πολιὸs, candidus, et ἄνθος, flos, derivatur, nec a πόλις urbs, nec a πολύς, numcrosus, ut velint nonnulli.

58. Bravoa, Llav. et Lex. Descr. Pl. Nov. 1, 6. (Caetocapnia, Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. 35, t. 18.)—Perianthium tubuloso-cylindraceum, persistens, infra medium incurvum, apice non ampliatum; lobi breves, ovati, subæquales. Stamina prope basin perianthiiæqualiter affixa, eique subæquilonga, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium ovoideum, vertice intra perianthium convexum; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula globoso-3-quetra, demum loculicide de hiscens (maturam non vidimus). Semina oblonga, compressa; 'testa membranacea nigra albumini adhærens.'—Fibræ radicales tuberiferæ. Caulis basi bulbosus, tunicatus,

erectus, simplex. Folia radicalia pauca, ligulata, longe lanceolata v. linearia, caulina rara, multo minora. Flores secus rhachin racemi longi, gemini, paribus valde dissitis bractea scariosa stipatis.

Species 2 v. 3, Mexicanse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 848. Hemsl. Diagn. Pl. Mex. 54, Bot. Mag. t. 4741. Fl. des Sorres, t. 520.

59. Seschorneria, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 844.—Perianthium angustum, tubo vix ullo; segmenta fere ad basin soluta, angusta, erecta, conniventia. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa, iisque subæquilonga, filamentis a basi subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, sæpius in rostrum breve sub stylo parum ampliatum productum; stylus subulatus, vix basi crassior, stigmate parvo ciliolato; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata. Capsula ovoidea, obtuse 3-quotra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa.—Rhizoma v. caudex brevissimus, crassum. Folia subradicalia, conferta, linearia v. lanceolata, spinuloso-denticulata v. integerrima. Scapus elatus, simplex v. superne laxe paniculatus. Flores secus rhachin v. ramos breves paucifloros penduli, breviter pedicellati, speciosi, virides v. rubescentes. Bracteæ sub florum fasciculis membranaceo-scariosæ, latæ, sæpe coloratæ; bracteolæ sub pedicellis parvæ.

Species 3, Mexicana. Bot. Mag. t. 4642, 5203, 6091. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 851.

60. Agave, Linn. Gen. n. 431.—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme, tubo brevi nunc brevissimo rarius longiusculo cum ovarii rostro continuo, in faucem brevem v. oblongam ampliato; lobi lineares, erecti v. sub anthesi patentes. Stamina fauci ad basin loborum affixa iisque longiora, filamentis filiformibus v. basi membranaceo-complanatis; antheræ lineares, majusculæ, medio dorso affixæ. Ovarium globosum ovoideum v. oblongum, sæpe carnosum, plus minus in rostrum contractum, infra rostrum 3-loculare; stylus ad apicem rostri (specie in medio tubo perianthii) a basi brevissime conica filiformis, stigmate parum incrassato capitato 3-dymo v. breviter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosissima, Capsula globosa ovoidea v. oblongo-cylindracea, sæpe 3-sulcata, coriacea, perianthio persistente diu coronata demum denudata, ab apice loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, oblique cuneata, dense superposita, testa nigra appressa. -Rhizoma breve v. in caudicem erectum lignosum productum. Folia radicalia v. ad apicem caudicis conferta, nunc crassa rigida fibroso-carnosa v. coriacea margine spinoso-serrata v. filamentosa, nunc tenuiora angustiora integerrima. Scapus terminalis, elatus, interdum giganteus. Flores nunc in spica laxa v. densa sparsi, ad quamquam bracteam solitarii v. gemini, nunc ad bracteas fasciculati v. in cymulas co-floras ad bracteas pedunculatas conferti, thyrsum magnum speciosum formantes. Capsulæ erectæ.

Species imprimis a hortulanis editæ ultra 120, perplurimæ tamen ad folia sola descriptæ et værisimiliter vix 50 bene distinctæ, per Americam australem, Mexicum et Americæ borealis civitates australes dispersæ, quarum una in variis regionibus orbis veteris inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 818. Baker in Gard. Chron. 1877. Jacobi, Vers. Syst. Ordn. Agav. in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. 1864 ad 1866, et Nachtr. in Abhandl. Schles. Gesellsch. 1868-69.

Genus ad inflorescentiam in sectiones sequentes bene dividitur:-

- 1. Euagave. Florum cymæ pedunculatæ, thyrsum pyramidatum formantes. Zucc. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvi. 662, t. 49 ad 51. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 433. Reichb. Le. Fl. Germ. t. 374. Wight, Ic. t. 2024. Bot. Mag. t. 1522, 5097, 5493, 5893, 6589. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 306, 307, 328. Todaro, Hort. Bot. Panorm. t. 15.
- 2. Littæa. Flores in fasciculis per 2- $\infty$  sessiles v. subsessiles, spicam longam densam formantes. Red. Lil. t. 328, 329. Bot. Mag. t. 4934, 4950, 5006, 5333, 5641, 5660, 5716, 6248, 6292. Bot. Reg. t. 1145. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 163, 164, 215, 327. Todaro, Hort. Bot. Panorm. t. 8, 19, 24. BONAPARTEA, Willd. Enum. Hort. Berol. Suppl. 18, non Ruiz et Pav. Internal, Brignoli in Biblioteca Ital. i. 100, ex Henck. Donnersm. in Flora, 1820, 45.
- 3. Manfreda. Flores sub quaque bractea solitarii, secus rhachin spicæ elongatæ dissiti. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 378. Red. Lil. t. 485. Mart. Ausw. Merkw. Pf. t. 13 (Polianthes). Bot. Mag. t. 1157, 5122, 5940. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 55. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 326. Manfreda, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 78.

61. Furerces, Vent. in Bull. Soc. Philom. Par. i. 65. (Foureroys, Schult. Syst. vii. 42, 730. Funium, Willem. Herb. Maurit. 26.)—Perianthium tubo vix ullo fere ad basin partitum, segmentis æqualibus ovali-oblongis patentibus. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, erecta, filamentis infra medium strumoso-dilatatis incrassatis superne breviter subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, basi breviter 2-lobæ. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, superne sæpe in rostrum breve contractum; stylus columnaris, infra medium strumoso-incrassatus, angulis 3 valde prominentibus, stigmate parvo vix 3-lobo ciliolato; ovula in loculis co., 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga v. ovoidea, 3-quetra, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa.—Caudex erectus, simplex, interdum altissimus, foliis delapsis cicatrisatus. Folia ad apicem caudicis dense conferta, longa, sæpius deflexa, margine spinoso-dentata v. integerrima. Panicula terminalis, maxima, pyramidata, ramis primariis patentibus. Flores secus ramos ad axillas bractearum breviter pedicellati, solitarii v. 2-3-natim fasciculati, bracteolis parvis stipati, et haud raro flos cum bracteolis in bulbillam irregulariter tunicatam mutatus.

Species a hortulanis enumerantur ad 15, plures tamen folis solis adhuc notis valde dubiæ remanent, omnes verisimiliter ex America calidiore oriundæ, etsi hodie per regiones tropicas orbis veteris inquilinæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 839. Jacobi in Hamb. Bot. Zeit. 1866, 1867. Baker in Gard. Chron. 1879, i. 623, 656. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 379 (Agave). DC. Pl. Grass. t. 126. Zucc. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvi. 664, t. 48. Wight, Ic. t. 2025. Bot. Mag. t. 2250, 5163, 5519, 6148, 6160, 6543. Todaro, Hort. Bot. Panorm. t. 4.

62. Doryanthes, Corr. in Trans. Linn. Soc. vi. 211, t. 23, 24.—Perianthii tubus brevis, lobi subæquales, fere a basi patentes. Stamina basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis lineari-subulatis basi leviter incrassatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares v. elongatæ, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, 3-sulcus, stigmate vix incrassato 3-quetro; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga v. clavata, pericarpio coriaceo v. sublignoso, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis numerosa, plano-compressa, crassiuscula, subreniformia.—Fibræ radicales fasciculatæ. Caulis elatus (8-25-pedalis). Folia inferiora numerosa, longissima, ensiformia, caulina minora sparsa. Flores speciosi, punicei, in spicas breves conferti, singuli bractea magna concava colorata fere involuti, spicis nunc in capitulum magnum terminale confertis, nunc secus pedunculum in thyrsum longum dispositis. Inflorescentia tota pulcherrime colorata.

Species 2, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 452. Bauer, Ill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 12 ad 14. Bot. Mag. t. 1685. Gard. Chron. 1874, i. 181, t. 44, 45, ic. in Fl. dcs Serres, t. 2097-8, iteratæ coloratæque.

## TRIBUS V. VELLOZIEÆ.

63. Vellozia, Vand. Fl. Lusit. et Bras. Specim. 32, t. 2, f. 12. (Xerophyta, Juss. Gen. 50.)—Perianthium campanulatum v. infundibuliforme, tubo subnullo; segmenta æqualia, erecto-patentia, ovata oblonga v. basi longe angustata, sed inter se distincta. Stamina 6, v. interdum  $\infty$  in phalanges 6 2-6-andras basi connata, filamentis cæterum filiformibus, basi sæpe squamula lacera stipatis ; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali capitato 3-dymo v. in lobos 3 crassiusculos patentes diviso; ovula in loculis numerosissima, placentis axilibus affixa. Capsula coriacea v. dura, globosa oblonga v. 3-quetra, vertice plana v. concava et cicatrice perianthii annulari v. 6-dentata coronata, lævis tuberculata v. echinata. vertice irregulariter v. plus minus in valvas 3 loculicide dehiscens. Semina in speciebus perpaucis nota, numerosa, angulata v. plano-compressa, testa nigra; embryo parvus nunc minimus, albumine carnoso duriusculo inclusus, ab hilo parum distans.—Caulis fibrosolignosus, erectus, plerumque dichotome ramosus, interdum arborescens, foliorum delapsorum vaginis imbricatis v. squarrosis dense obtectus. Folia ad apices ramorum conferta, nunc brevia angusta strictaque, nunc elongata, anguste v. late linearia, rigida, seepe pungentia. Pedunculi terminales, 1-flori, intra foliorum fasciculum solitarii v. 2-3-ni. Flores albi sulphurei violacei v. cærulei, sæpe speciosi.

Species ad 50, Africa tropica et australis, Madagascaria et Brasilia incola. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 13, t. 6 ad 9. Soub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 73. Walp. Ann. i. 845.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur numero staminum nec habitu distinctas.

- 1. Xerophyta. Anthere 6. Huc pertinent species Africanæ omnes cum nonnullis e Brasilianis. Inter Africanas aliæ habitum frutescentem v. arborescentem specierum Brasilianarum præbent, aliæ humiles sunt pedunculis floribusque tenuioribus. Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 264, t. 36. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 6, 9. Pohl, Ic. et Descr. Pl. Bras. t. 94. Bot. Mag. t. 5803. Huc etiam pertinet Barbacenia squamata, Paxt. Mag. xi. 75, cum ic., Bot. Mag. t. 4136.
- 2. Euvellosia. Phalanges 6, antheris in quaque phalange 2 ad 6. Species omnes Brasilianæ. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 7, 8. Pohl, Ic. et Descr. Pl. Bras. t. 93, 95 ad 100. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 8 ad 10. Mikan, Del. Fl. et Faun. Bras. t. 7. Bot. Mag. t. 5514.
- 64. Barbacenia, Vand. Fl. Lusit. et Bras. Specim. 21, t. 1, f. 9.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo supra ovarium plus minus evoluto; lobi subrequales, erecto-patentes. Stamina 6 v. 18, filamentis brevibus in speciebus 6-andris utrinque basi v. interdum ultra antheras appendiculatis v. auriculatis, in 18-andris plus minus distincte in phalanges 6 dispositis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ v. adnatæ, loculis introrsum v. a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate nunc oblongo v. subgloboso 3-dymo, nunc in lobos 3 breves obtusos diviso; ovula in loculis co, placentæ stipitatæ peltatæ affixa, placenta in B. purpurea cum stipite 2-partita, in B. flava aliisque indivisa. Capsula oblonga obovoidea v. rarius globosa, glanduloso-verrucosa v. rarius lævis, vertice v. rimis lateralibus dehiscens. Semina (in B. purpurea sola nota) numerosa, parva, angulata, angulis interdum marginatis v. anguste alatis; embryonem in albumine fere granuloso prope hilum omnino inclusum vidimus (nec externum ut a Le Maoutio et Decaisneo delineatur).—Caules lignosi, ramosi, et folia omnino Velloziæ. Pedunculi intra folia longi, solitarii v. plures (usque ad 6), 1-flori, flore sæpe elongato.

Species descriptæ 18, Brasiliæ, Guianæ et Venezuelæ incolæ. Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 17. t. 10 ad 14. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. ini. i. 67, t. 8. Walp. Ann. i. 845, vi. 97. Bot. Mag. t. 2777. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 82, 198, 390. Fl. des Serres, t. 348.

Radia, A. Rich. in Kunth, Syn. Pl. Equin. i. 300, prius ab auctore in Bull. Soc. Philom. Par. 1822, 79, sub nomine Campdeble edita, est Vellozia tubifiora, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. 155, quam ob tubum perianthii longissimum ad Barbaceniam referrimus, etsi stamina ut in Euvelloziis co, in speciminibus nostris 18. Hæc species a Spruceo lecta fuit sub n. 3606 in 11sdem rupibus graniticis Orinoci a Humboldtio indicatis. Barbacenia Alexandrina, Schomb. Tract. Braunschw. 1845, cum ic., e monte Roraima eadem videtur species et nomen Schomburgkii retinendum.

## ORDO CLXXV. TACCACEA.

Endl. Gen. 159. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 149.

Mores regulares, hermaphroditi. Perianthium corollinum v. subherbaceum, supra ovarium late urceolatum v. globoso-campanulatum, tubo brevi, lato, ad os sæpe constricto; lobi 6, 2-seriati, subæquales v. interiores exterioribus latiores, omnes in globum conniventes v. exteriores v. omnes patentissimi. Stamina 6, tubo v. basi loborum affixa, perianthio inclusa; filamenta brevissima, basi dilatata v. utrinque processu carnosulo aucta, superne in cucullam inflexam introrsum 2-costatam v. 2-cornutam dilatata. Antheræ intra cucullam sessiles, ovatæ v. oblongæ, loculis 2 parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, globosum turbinatum v. 3-quetrum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus brevis, columnaris, sæpius 3-queter, perianthio inclusus; stigmata 3, lata, sæpe petaloidea, 2-fida, supra stylum reflexa, umbraculum simulantia. Ovula in quaque placenta  $\infty$ , anatropa v. fere amphitropa. Fructus globosus ovoideus turbinatus v. elongatus, sæpe 3-queter v. 6-costatus, baccatus indehiscensque v. rarius demum

3-valvis. Semina co, ovoidea, compressiuscula, longitudinaliter costis co striata, testa appressa. Albumen solidum cartilagineum v. demum fere granulosum. Embryo minutus, albumine inclusus, subbasalis v. lateralis, hilo propinquus v. plus minus distans.

Herbse perennes, rhizomate tuberoso v. repente. Folia radicalia magna, petiolata, nunc indivisa integerrimaque, nunc varie lobata v. dissecta. Flores ad apicem scapi aphylli erecti, dense umbellati. Bractese exteriores nonnullse (seepius 4) latiusculse, herbacese v. colorate, involucrum formantes, interiores sub pedicellis plures, longe filiformes, umbellam superantes pendulique (falso interdum pedicelli steriles dictse). Perianthia seepe brunnea lurida v. superne viridia, siccitate semper nigricantia.

Ordo parvus v. genus anomalum Amaryllideis arcte affine. Inflorescentia Enamaryllearum umbellatarum, semina et characteres plerique essentialos eadem, differunt foliis, perianthii forma, staminibus iis Burmanniacearum subsimilibus; ovarium etiam 1-loculare placentis parietalibus in Amaryllideis rarissimum est (in Leontochiro solo observatum).

Species ad 10, regionum tropicarum utriusque orbis incolæ.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. TACCA. Bacca indehiscens.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
- 2. Schizocapsa. Capsula 3-valvis.—China.
- 1. Tacca, Forst. Char. Gen. 69, t. 35 (Ataccia, Presl, Rel. Hænk. 149, in adnot. char. imperfecto).—Character ordinis. Bacca (an semper?) indehiscens.

Species ad 9, quarum 3 Americæ tropicæ, cæteræ regionum tropicarum orbis veteris incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 458 et 464 (Tacca et Ataccia). Seem. Fl. Vit. 101. Gærtn. Fruct. i. 43, t. 14. Characteres quibus Presl genera duo distinxit variant de specie in speciem. In T. pinnatifida, Forst.; Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 692, Regel, Gartenfl. t. 582, et in T. artocarpifolia, Seem.; Bot. Mag. t. 6124, folia, petiolo communi v. rhachi haud raro 3-fido v. varie diviso, semel v. bis pinnatisecta, segmentis valde inæqualibus, perianthii segmenta parum inæqualia in globum conniventia, bacca globosa apice contracta. In T. palmata, Bl. (T. montana, Rumph, Herb. Amb. v. 329, t. 115), folia simpliciter palmatifida v. fere pedatifida, perianthii segmenta parum inæqualia conniventia, bacca globosa, In T. Parkeri, Seem., et T. lanceolata, Spruce, ex America tropica, folia indivisa, perianthii segmenta parum inæqualia, ut videtur conniventia, bacca globosa. In T. Sprucci, Benth., e Barra do Rio Negro Americæ tropicæ, folium in specimine unico simpliciter pinnatifidum lobis 5 semipedalibus; perianthii segmenta exteriora acuminata, interiora breviora latiora; bacca immatura globosa. In speciebus integrifoliis Asiaticis, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 257, Rot. Mag. t. 1488 et 4589 (Ataccia) perianthii segmenta patentia, interiora exterioribus plus minus dissimilia, fructus (bene maturus nobis deest) sæpius insigniter 3-6-costatus, nunc breviter lateque turbinatus et in uno specimine subsiccus videtur, nunc longe turbinatus 1½-pollicaris, in specie unica Burmanica oblongus et vix costatus.

2. Schizocapsa, Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1881, 292.—Characteres omnes Taccæ specierum foliis indivisis, excepto fructu, qui (ex Hanceo) capsula 3-gona, vertice complanata, secus angulos in valvas 3 spongiosas mox recurvas medio seminiferas usque ad basin dehiscens.

Species unica, Chinensis, a nobis non visa.

## Ordo CLXXVI. DIOSCOREACEE.

Endl. Gen. 157. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 213.

Flores in generibus normalibus unisexuales, dioici v. in racemis diversis monoici, in abnormibus hermaphroditi, in omnibus regulares, perianthio supero 2-seriatim 6-mero. Fl. 3: Perianthium sæpius campanulatum v. explanatum, alte 6-fidum, lobis 2-seriatis, parum inæqualibus, variat angustum lobis longis erectis, v. oblongo-tubulosum v. fere urceolatum, ore constricto introrsum sæpe denticulis 6 reflexis instructo, lobis brevibus

patentibus. Stamina fundo perianthii affixa, nunc 6 omnia perfecta, v. alterna (lobis interioribus opposita) ad staminodia varie reducta, nunc 3, alternis omnino deficientibus; filamenta nunc brevissima nunc perianthio vix breviora, libera v. in centro floris in columnam brevissimam connata, apice recurva v incurva. Antheræ parvæ, nunc subglobosæ loculis distinctis at contiguis parallelis, nunc didymæ loculis ad connectivi apices filiformes (ramos filamenti) separatis. Ocarii rudimentum nunc crassum columnare apice 3-fidum, nunc parvum depressum pulvinatum, v. sæpe omnino deficiens. Fl. 2: Perianthium 6-fidum v. 6-partitum, quam in mare sæpius minus, persistens. Staminodia parva, 3-6 sæpius adsunt. Ovarium inferum, lineare v. oblongum, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare. Styli 3, brevissimi, distincti v. in columnam brevem coaliti, stigmatibus 3 terminalibus integris v. 2-fidis supra stylum recurvis. Ovula in quoque loculo 2, superposita, angulo centrali sub apice lateraliter affixa, pendula, anatropa v. fere amphitropa. Fructus capsularis, 3-valvis, v. baccatus indehiscens. Semina plano-compressa v. globosa, testa appressa. Albumen carnosum fere cartilagineum. Embryo albumine inclusus, parvus, ab hilo parum remotus. Flores \$\frac{1}{2}\$ generum abnormium in diversis generibus diversi.

Rhizoma in generibus normalibus tuberosum, carnosum crassum nunc maximum, hypogæum v. demum epigæum et fere lignosum. Caules tenues, volubiles, afte scandentes, v. rarius abbreviati flexuoso-procumbentes. Folia alterna v. interdum fere omnia opposita, petiolata, sæpe cordata digitato-3-\infty-nervia et reticulato-venulosa, integra basi lobata v. in segmenta 3-\infty petiolulata digitatim divisa, petiolo ima basi sæpissime torto interdumque articulato, nunquam cirrifero. Flores parvi, spicati v. racemosi, sessiles v. vari\(\omega\) pedicellati, bracteis parvis sæpe minutis v. 0. Racemi \(\omega\) nunc simplices abbreviati v. longissimi, nunc paniculato-ramosi, \(\omega\) simplices, elongati v. abbreviati, rarius ad fiores 1-2 reducti. Habitus et inflorescentia generum abnormium valde varia.

Species ultra 160, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, plures ctiam in America boreali et australi extratropica et in Africa australi, 2 solæ in Europa obviæ.

Ordo quoad genera normalia facile distinctus, Smilaceis pluribus notis accedens, sed ovario inferes evulis anatropis embryone etc. bene separatus. Genera abnormia huc adduntur ob characteres potius Dioscoreaceis quam ullum alium ordinem referentes.

## CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Genera normalia, floribus unisexualibus dioicis v. rarius monoicis. Fl. 3 in omnibus consimiles, 3-6-andri.
  - 1. Dioscorea. Capsula a latere 3-loba, lobis complanatis fore alæformibus. Semina complanata, deorsum v. circumcirca alata, rarius exaluta.—Area tota ordinis.
  - 2. Testudinaria. Capsula Dioscoreæ. Semina sursum alata, samaroidea. Rhizoma epigæum maximum, lignosum.—Afr. austr.
  - 3. RAJANIA. Capsula abortu monocarpica, complanata, sursum alata, samaroidea. -Ind. occid.
  - 4. Tamus. Bacca globosa, indehiscens. Semen globosum, exalatum, embryone minimo.— Eur., Asia temp., Afr. bor., ins. Canar.
    - \*\* Genera abnormia, floribus hermaphroditis 6-meris 6-andris.
  - 5. STENOMERIS. Caulis volubilis. Paniculæ axillares, breves, laxæ. Perianthii lobi setaceo-acuminati. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis multiovulatis.—Ins. Philippin.
  - 6. TRICHOPUS. Caulis brevis, simplex, apice folium unicum et pedicellorum fasciculum ferens. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Capsula indehiscens.—Ind. or.
  - 7. Oncus. Caulis alte scandens. Spica longa, laxa, subterminalis. Bacca oblonga, 3-locularis, polysperma.—Cochinchina.
  - 8. Petermannia. Caulis alte scandens. Racemi v. cymulæ axillares, paucifiori. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus co-ovulatis.—Australia.
- 1. Diescerea, Linn. Gen. n. 1122.—Flores unisexuales, dioici v. in distinctis racemis ejusdem rami monoici. Fl. &: Perianthium formas omnes in charactere ordinis enumeratas præbet. Stamina nunc 6 in centro floris conferta v. in columnam brevem

connata v. circa ovarii rudimentum distincta omniaque perfecta, nunc 3 perfecta cum staminodiis 3 alternantia, v. 3 absque staminodiis; antheræ parvæ, loculis contiguis v. ad apices connectivi filiformis separatæ. Ovarii rudimentum crassum carnosum v. 0. Fl. 9: Perianthii segmenta 6, parva, distincta. Staminodia 3-6, minima, v. 0. Ovarium 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; styli 3, brevissimi, stigmatibus terminalibus integris v. 2-fidis supra stylum reflexis; ovula in loculis 2, superposita, sub apice lateraliter affixa. Capsula 3-quetra, angulis v. lobis valde prominentibus a latere complanatis fere alæformibus, loculicide dehiscens, costa marginali loborum a valvis sepius dehiscentia solvenda. Semina valde compressa, nunc deorsum alata samaroidea, nunc circumcirca ala membranacea cincta, v. omnino exalata, nucleo irregulariter suborbiculato v. fere reniformi; albumen valde compressum, carnosum v. fere cartilagineum, in laminas 2 margine solo connatas divisum; embryo inter laminas brevis, ab hilo parum distans, oblongus, cotyledone suborbiculata terminatus.—Caules e tubere interdum magno hypogæo v. epigæo tenuiter volubiles, alte scandentes v. rarius humiles flexuoso-procumbentes. Folia alterna v. interdum opposita sicut inflorescentia variationes in charactere ordinali descriptas præbent.

Species ex speciminibus in herbariis servatis ad 150, per totam aream ordinis disporsæ, plures tamen masculis solis notis adhuc incertæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 325 ad 440. Walp. Ann. iii. 647; vi. 147. Philippi in Linnæa, xxix. 64; xxxiii. 254. Linn. Hort. Cliff. t. 28. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 626, 627. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 17. Wight, Ic. t. 810 ad 815, 878, 2060. Griscb. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 25, t. 6. Wawra in Pr. Maxim. Reise, t. 88. Bot. Mag. t. 2825, 6409. De embryone cfr. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 149, t. 4, et Solms Laub. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 81, t. 4.

Genus quoad specierum ordinationem adhue valde confusum, speciminibus masculis cum fæmineis male comparatis, et monographo perito sedulo commendatur. Kunth aliique ad seminum indolem genera sequentia proposuerunt, quæ tamen ad specimina mascula sola nequaquam distinguenda, et sectiones parum naturales formant:—

- 1. Borderea, Miègev. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xiii. 374, est D. pyrenaicu, Bub.; Gren. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xiii. 380, t. 1, species nana, patria ab omnibus longe distans, 6-andra, filamentis brevissimis, capsula normali sed seminibus omnino exalatis.
- 2. EPIPETRUM, Philippi in Linnæa xxxiii. 253, est D. humilis, Bert. ex Colla, Pl. Chil. Rar. in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxxix. 12, t. 51, f. 2 (D. pusilla, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 678) species Chilensis, nana, D. pyrenaicæ subsimilis, et flores 3 pariter 6-andri, \$\varphi\$ tamen sæpius ad axillas solitarii, pedunculo tenui spiraliter torto post anthesin intra terram penetrante, capsula matura sepulta; capsulæ lobi minus compressæ et vix alæformes. Semina ut in D. pyrenaica exalata, sed minus compressa. In uno specimine capsulæ adsunt fere maturæ ad axillas foliorum breviter tantum pedicellatæ, nec hypogææ.
- 3. Helmia, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 414 (Hamateis, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 11) ab auctore distinguitur seminibus samaroideis deorsum in alam productis, character constans quoad species Asiaticas, etsi nec cum habitu nec floribus masculis consociatus. In D. triphylla, Linn., et D. pentaphylla, Linn., stamina alterna ad staminodia sterilia reducta, in plerisque speciebus stamina perfecta 6; in D. dæmona, Roxb., a qua D. (Helmia) Dregeana, Kunth, ex Africa, non differre videtur, stamina 6 perfecta dicuntur, in speciminibus tamen pluribus 3 alterna ad staminodia reducta invenimus. Species Americanæ haud numerosæ, nonnullæ 6-andræ, pleræque tamen 3-andræ absque staminodiis, in D. convolvulacea, Cham. et Schlecht, semina interdum non perfecte samaroidea ala etiam in margine superiore anguste prominente. Botriosycios, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, Beil. 3, species Abyssinica olim perperam ad Passifloreas relata, a D. (Helmia) pentaphylla, Linn., non differre videtur.
- 4. DIOSCOREA, Kunth, Enum. Pl.v. 325 (MERIONE, DIOSCOREA et POLYNOME, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 12) ad species quarum semina ala membranacea undique cincta limitatur, charactere tamen cum nullo alio constanter comitato, species plures (e.g. D. triphylla et D. pentaphylla) quarum auctor semina non vidit et ad Dioscoream retulit, semina præbent omnino Helmiæ.

Grisebach, in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 27, genus in sectiones dividit ad formas varias florum &, quæ tamen minime cum variationibus seminum conveniunt. Perianthium & fere ad basin 6-partitum, campanulatum v. explanatum in speciebus omnibus gerontogeis et in plerisque Americanis, in non-nullis Americanis perianthium præsertim floris Q, majus, late cupulatum semi-6-fidum. Huc pertinere videtur Sismondma, Delponte in Mem. Acad. Torin. scr. 2, xiv. 394, t. 1, species evidenter eadem ac D. (Helmia) subhastata, Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 121, a Kunthio ad D. furcatam, Griseb.,

relata. Recemi & et Q seepe in eodem ramo evolvuntur, quod occurrit etiam in nonnullis aliis speciebus Brasilianis.

STROPHIS et ELEPHANTODON, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 12, genera ad descriptiones Loureirianas D. cirrose et D. churnee, Lour., proposita, a botanicis recentioribus adhue non recognita, valde dubia remanent.

Sierera, *Presi in Oken, Isis*, 1838, 275 (ex Pfeiff.), nomen a Steudelio in Beeiesam mutatum, genus propositum ad plantam a Siebero sub nomine falso *Dioscorea sativa* distributam, est *Anredera*, Juss., supra p. 78, ubi synonymon casu omissum.

2. Testudinaria, Salisb. in Burch. Trav. ii. 147.—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthium late campanulatum, 6-fidum, lobis subæqualibus v. interioribus paullo majoribus. Stamina 6, infra medium perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ parvæ, ovoideo-globosæ. Styli rudimentum parum prominens. Fl. Q: Perianthii segmenta parva, distincta. Staminodia parva. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare; styli brevissimi, stigmatibus recurvis 2-lobis; ovula in quoque loculo 2, superposita, pendula. Capsula 3-quetra, angulis seu lobis valde prominentibus a latere complanatis, cuneatis alæformibus. Semina valde compressa, sursum alata, samaroidea; albumen et embryo omnino Dioscoreæ.—Rhizoma seu caudex epigæum maximum, hemisphæricum, solido-carnosum v. lignosum, tessellato-lobatum. Caulis tenuiter volubilis, alte scandens. Folia alterna, caudata v. subdeltoidea. Flores parvi, ad axillas racemosi, omnino Dioscoreæ.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 440. Bot. Mag. t. 1347 (Tamus). Bot. Reg. t. 921.

Genus vix non pro sectione *Dioscorca* habendum, nec differt nisi seminibus sursum nec deorsum nec circumcirca alatis, et tubere maximo tessellato. Tuber tamen non longe diversum a Wawrao in Pr. Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 88 delineatur in *D. filiformi*, Griseb., e Brasilia.

3. Rejania, Linn. Gen. n. 1121.—Flores dioici. Fl. δ: Perianthium late campanulatum v. explanatum, ad medium v. fere ad basin 6-fidum, lobis subæqualibus. Stamina 6, infra medium v. in fundo perianthii affixa, filamentis brevibus; antheræ parvæ, ovoideo-globosæ. Styli rudimentum pulvinatum v. vix prominens. Fl. φ: Perianthii segmenta 6, parva, distincta. Staminodia minima v. 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare; styli brevissimi, stigmatibus recurvis sæpius 2-lobis; ovula in quoque loculo 2 superposita, in uno solo loculo perfecta. Fructus abortu ad carpellum unicum reductus, plano-compressus, samaroideus, superne in alam membranaceam productus, indehiscens, 1-spermus, perianthii reliquiis ad unum latus infra alam persistentibus, et loculis 2 abortivis interdum ad latus fructus leviter prominentibus. Semen plano-compressum, exalatum, albumine more Dioscoreæ in laminas 2 diviso, embryonem brevem includente.—Radix 'tuberosa.' Caulis volubilis, et habitus omnino Dioscoreæ. Folia alterna, indivisa, hastata cordato-oblonga v. linearia. Flores parvi, racemosi, δ secus rhachin sæpe fasciculati v. in racemulos brevissimos dispositi; racemi φ et interdum utriusque sexus simplices, pedicellis sparsis brevibus tenuibus.

Species nobis adsunt 6, omnes Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 445, excl. R. brasiliensi, Griseb., quæ certe Dioscores species (D. cinnamomea, Hook.). Plum. Descr. Pl. Amer. t. 98; Pl. Amer. ed. Burm. t. 155. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 14. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1392.

Folia in R. angustifolia, Sw., haud raro hinc inde in ramulo brevissimo conferta folium digitatum 3-5-foliolatum simulant, et huc forte pertinet R. quinquefolia, Linn. Specimina & Brasiliana a Grisebachio ad R. lobatam, Poir., relata, verisimiliter ad Dioscorea speciem pertinent.

4. Tamus, Linn. Gen. n. 1119. (Tamnus, Juss. Gen. 43.)—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthium urceolato-campanulatum, demum subrotatum, alte 6-fidum, lobis subæqualibus. Stamina 6, in fundo perianthii circa rudimentum styli depressum v. breviter 3-fidum affixa, perianthio parum v. multo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovoideæ. Fl. 2: Perianthii segmenta 6, parva, angusta, distincta. Staminodia minuta v. 0. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus breviter columnaris, stigmatibus 3 recurvis emarginatis; ovula in loculis 2, superposita. Bacca subglobosa, succulenta, indehiscens. Semina pauca,

ovoidea v. subglobosa, exalata, testa appressa; albumen solidum, durum, nec 2-partibile; embryo juxta hilum inclusus, obovoideo-oblongus, cotyledone crassiuscula parum dilatata.—Radix tuberosa. Caulis volubilis et habitus omnino Dioscoreæ. Folia alterna, cordata, integra v. 3-loba. Racemi axillares, & sæpe elongati, laxi, floribus secus rhachin solitarii pedicellati v. in racemulos seu cymulas laxe paucifloras dispositi;  $\mathfrak P$  brevissimi, pauciflori, interdum ad fasciculum sessilem reducti.

Species 2, altera Canariensis, altera per Europam Africam borealem et Asiam temperatam late dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 453. Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 439. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 1. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 958. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 223.

5. Stenomeris, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xviii. 319.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii tubus supra ovarium urceolatus, ad os parum constrictus, lobi 6, e basi parum latiore setaceo-acuminati fere cirrhiformes. Stamina 6, sub apice tubi 1-seriatim affixa, deflexa, filamentis brevissimis; antherarum connectivum oblongum, crassiusculum, ultra loculos in appendicem elongatam filiformem apice cochleatam v. stylo adhærentem productum. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, obverse pyramidatus, 3-pterus, lobis lateralibus longitudinaliter sulcatis (intra sulcum stigmatosis?); ovula in loculis numerosa, 2-seriatim superposita, anatropa. Fructus (in specimine unico immaturus) elongatus, lobis 3 longitudinalibus more Dioscoreæ a latere compressis quasi 3-alatus. Semina . . .—Caulis alte volubilis, uti tota planta glabor, siccitate nigricans. Folia alterna, petiolo basi torto, cordata, acuminata, dissite ∞-nervia, nervis venis transversis dissitis connexis, inter venas reticulato-venulosa. Paniculæ axillares, angustæ, laxæ, folia rarius superantes. Flores pedicellati, secus rhachin laxe breviterque cymulosi. Fructus unicus a nobis visus, jam 10 poll. longus, } poll. latus.

Species 2, ins. Philippinarum incolæ, una sola a nobis visa, Walp. Ann. vi. 41, altera a Beccario, Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 8, t. 2 descripta et delmeata, ad specimen Cumingianum in Herb. Webb. n. 1739, sed hic verisimiliter error in scheda latet, nam planta a Cumingio distributa sub n. 1739 est Leptaspis urceolata. Genus Stenomeris ab ordine longe differt antheris, ovulis numerosis aliisque notis, sed nulli alio affinius videtur.

6. Trichopus, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 44, t. 14. (Trichopodium, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1543. Podianthus, Schnitzl. in Bot. Zeit. 1843, 739.)—Flores hermaphroliti. Perianthium supra ovarium campanulatum, alte 6-fidum, lobis subæqualibus. Stamina 6, ad basin loborum affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ breves, latæ, connectivo in appendicem rectam producto. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus brevissimus, stigmatibus 3 crassis brevibus reflexis 2-fidis; ovula in quoque loculo 2, superposita, sub apice lateraliter affixa, anatropa. Capsula ovoidea, 3-quetra, perianthio emarcido coronata, indehiscens. Semina oblonga, crassa, transverse rugosa, extrorsum in longitudinem profunde involuto-sulcata, medio ad hilum introrsum fissura transversa notata, testa tenuissima; embryo prope hilum in albumine cartilagineo inclusus.—Rhizoma breve, horizontale. Caules breves, simplices, erecti, apice folium unicum cum fasciculo pedicellorum ferentes. Folium petiolatum, variat a lineari-lanceolato ad cordato-ovatum v. 3-angulare, 3-7-nerve et reticulato-venosum. Pedicelli filiformes, 1-flori.

Species 1, Zeylaniæ et Peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis incola. Beccari, Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 13, t. 3. Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 290.

Genus a Lindleyo Aristolochiaceis relatum, ab auctoribus recentioribus ad Dioscoreaceas translatum, a quibus differt habitu, antheris et seminibus. Beccari bene cum utroque ordine comparat.

7.? Oncus, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 194. (Oncorhiza, .'ers. Syn. i. 374.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium subcampanulatum, pilosum, tubo oblongo 6-gono sursum ampliato; limbus 6-fidus, reflexus, parvus, laciniis subulatis. Stamina 6, basi laciniarum perianthii affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ subrotundæ, minimæ. Ovarium oblongum, 6-sulcatum, 'superum' sed 'media sua parte tubo perianthii coalitum'; stylus brevis,

3-partitus, stigmatibus 3 oblongis reflexis apice 2-fidis. Bacca 'corollina' (corallina'), oblonga, 6-gona, 3-locularis, polysperma. Semina subrotunda.—Frutex scandens, teres, ramosus, inermis, absque cirris. Tuber maximum, ovatum, insequale, farinosum, edule. Folia alterna, cordata, subrotunda, acuminata. Spices longes, laxes, tenues, subterminales. Bractese 2, parves, erectes, basin perianthii amplectentes. (Char. ex Lour.)

Species 1, Cochinchinensis, a nobis non visa, nec a botanicis recentioribus recognita, et genus adhuc dubium remanet.

8. Petermannia, F. Muell. in Benth. Fl. Austral. vi. 462.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium supra ovarium fere ad basin 6-partitum; segmenta oblonga, patentia v. demum reflexa, subæqualia v. interiora paullo angustiora. Stamina 6, basi perianthii affixa, segmentis vix breviora, filamentis erectis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, loculis contiguis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium inferum, ovoideum, apice contractum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus tenuitor columnaris, perianthio brevior, stigmate terminali capitato; ovula in quaque placenta ∞, horizontalia v. pendula (anatropa?). Bacca 1-locularis, polysperma. Frutex alte scandens, ramosus, caule sæpe aculeolato. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, oblonga v. lanceolata, acuminata, rigidula, subparallele ∞-nervia, nervis tamen interioribus cum costa confluentibus, venulis reticulatis. Cymulæ v. racemuli laxi, ad axillas laterales v. oppositifolii, pauciflori, rhachi flexuosa; inflorescentia interdum in cirrum ramosum mutata.

Species 1, Australiana. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1391. Genus habitu perianthio et staminibus potius Liliaceis (Smilaceis) quam Dioscoreaceis accedit, sed ovarium distincte inforum, et in utroque ordine insigne est placentis parietalibus multiovulatis. Baccam unicam olim vidimus in herb. F. Mueller. Specimina serius a C. Mooreo accepta bene florida fractum non ostendunt.

# ORDO CLXXVII. ROXBURGHIACEÆ.

Wall. Pl. As. Rar. iii. 50. Endl. Gen. 157 (sub Smilaccis). Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 219.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium corollinum; lobi v. segmenta 4, 2-seriata, subæqualia. Samina 4, basi loborum v. segmentorum affixa v. fere hypogyna; filamenta crassiuscula, Ebera v. basi in annulum connata. Anthera erectæ v. dorsifixæ, loculis 2 parallelis v. divergentibus rima longitudinali introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium liberum v. semi-inferum 1-loculare; stigma terminale, sessile, parvum, pulvinatum v. didymum. Ovula 2-∞, in fundo loculi erecta v. ab apice pendula, anatropa. Capsula demum in valvas 2 dehiscers. Semina oblonga, funiculo plus minus squamuloso-crinifero quasi stupposo affixa, testa coriacea. Albumen carnoso-corneum. Embryo axilis, minimus v. longiusculus, radicula ab hilo parum remota.

Caules e rhizomate perenni alte volubiles, v. erecti simplicesque, v. parce ramosi. Folia alterna v. sparsa, petiolata, 3- $\infty$ -nervia, venulis transversis crebris parallelis. Pedunculi axillares, filiformes, 1-flori v. laxe pauciflori, v. dense minuteque  $\infty$ -flori.

Species ad 8, Asiæ et Australiæ tropicæ, Japoniæ et Floridæ incolæ.

Ordo Liliaceis affinis, differt imprimis floribus in quaque serie constanter 2-meris, et ovarii indole. Foliorum venatio etiam peculiaris.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. STEMONA. Caulis alte volubilis. Flores majusculi. Antherarum connectivum ultra loculos in appendicem linearem productum. Ovula et semina e fundo loculi erecta.—Asia et Australia trop.
- 2. CROOMIA. Caulis erectus, simplex, apice paucifoliatus. Pedunculi 1-2-flori. Anthere inappendiculate. Ovula et semina ex apice loculi pendula.—Florida, Japonia.
- 3. STICHONEURON. Caulis erectus parce ramosus, paucifoliatus. Pedunculi apice flores cominutos confertos ferentes. Anthera inappendiculatæ, loculis apice divergentibus. Ovula ex apice loculi pendula.—*Ind. or.*

1. Stemena, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 404. (Roxburghia, Banks in Roxb. Corom. Pl. i. 29, t. 32.)—Perianthii segmenta 4, a basi distincta, 2-seriata, erecta, acuminata, co-nervia. Stamina fere hypogyna, filamentis brevibus plus minus in annulum connatis; antheree lineares, erectæ, connectivo incrassato ultra loculos in appendicem linearem erectam producto. Ovarium liberum, 1-loculare, stigmate parvo sessili coronatum; ovula in fundo loculi 2-co, erecta, funiculis brevibus v. longiusculis. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, 2-valvatim dehiscens. Semina erecta, oblonga, teretia, sulcato-striata, apice breviter rostrata, testa crassiuscula, funiculo plus minus squamuloso-crinifero quasi stupposo; embryo longiusculus, radicula juxta hilum.—Radix tuberosa, fusiformis. Caulis volubilis, alte scandens, uti tota planta glaberrimus. Folia alterna, petiolo inarticulato, lanceolata ovata v. cordata, nitidula, 3-co-nervia, venulis transversis creberrimis. Pedunculi axillares, nunc breves 1-flori solitarii v. 2-3-ni, nunc racemoso-pauciflori v. in ramulum foliatum florentemque abeuntes. Flores majusculi.

Species 4 v. 5, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 286. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 1. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 57. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 282. Wight, Ic. t. 2061. Bot. Mag. t. 1500; (omnes sub Roxburghia). Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlii. 109, t. 10.

2. Croomia, Torr. et Gr. Fl. N. Amer. i. 663.—Perianthii segmenta 4, a basi distincta, 2-scriata, patentissima. Stamina fundo perianthii affixa, segmentis opposita iisque subbreviora, filamentis crassiusculis liberis; antheræ ovali-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis contiguis, connectivo inconspicuo. Ovarium lata basi sessile v. toro leviter immersum, depresso-globosum, 1-loculare, stigmate pulvinato parum prominente coronatum; ovula 4-6, ab apice loculi pendula. Capsula oblique ovoidea, rostrata, pericarpio subherbaceo demum 2-valvi. Semina pauca, ab apice loculi suspensa, funiculo dense crinifero quasi stupposo, testa coriacea; embryo minimus, hilo proximus.—Rhizoma repens. Caules erecti, simplices, basi vaginis 1-2 parvis stipati, apice breviter foliati. Folia pauca, irregulariter conferta v. parum dissita, petiolata, oblongo-cordata, 5-∞-nervia, transversim venulosa. Pedunculi axillares, filiformes, folio multo breviores, 1-2-flori. Flores parvi. Bracteæ minimæ.

Species 2, altera Floridana, altera Japonica. A. Gray in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, vi. 453, t. 31, st Gen. Pl. U. S. Illustr. t. 37. May. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 138.

3. Stichoneuron, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Perianthium ima basi ovario adnatum, campanulatum, 4-fidum; lobi ovati, 2-seriati, subæquales. Stamina 4, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis crassis; antherarum loculi discreti, ad apicem filamenti divergentes, connectivo inappendiculato. Ovarium semi-inferum, 1-loculare, vertice intra perianthium convexum, stigmatibus 3 brevissimis latis obtusissimisque coronatum; ovula co, ab apice loculi pendula, anatropa. Fructus . . .—Rhizoma breve. Caules erecti, superne in ramos 2-3 paucifoliatos divisi. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, membranacea, pinnatim 3-5-nervia, venulis transversis crebris tenuibus. Pedunculi axillares, rigidule filiformes. Flores ad apicem pedunculi plures, minuti, confertim breviterque racemulosi, pedicellis brevibus filiformibus, bracteis setaceis parvis imbricatis.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 9110 (absque nomine). Genus evidenter Croomiæ affine, etsi fructus et semina adhuc ignota.

# ORDO CLXXVIII. LILIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 139. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 200. SMILACEÆ, Endl. Gen. 152. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 215. Alph. DC. Monogr. Phaner. i. 1. PhilesiaceÆ, et TrilliaceÆ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 217, 218. GillissiaceÆ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 196. MelanthaceÆ, Endl. Gen. 133. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 198.

Flores hermaphroditi v. rarius abortu unisexuales, regulares v. rarius irregulares. Perianthium inferum, ab ovario liberum v. rarissime basi brevissime adnatum, marcescens persistensque v. mox deciduum, corollinum, tubo 0 v. plus minus evoluto; segmenta v. lobi 6, rarissime 4, 8, v.  $\infty$ , plus minus distincte 2-seriata, utriusque seriei similia v. parum diversa, in quaque serie sepissime similia, leviter imbricata v. exteriora valvata. Stamina seepissime 6, hypogyna v. perianthio affixa, segmentis v. lobis opposita; filamenta libera v. varie connata. Anthera longie v. breves, basi v. dorso v. introrsum varie affixa, loculis 2 sæpius parallelis, rima longitudinali v. rarius poro terminali dehiscentibus. paucis generibus stamina seriei interioris desunt, v. plus quam 6 adsunt, v. andreccium valde obliquum v. uno latere tantum antheriferum, v. antheræ loculi in unum confluentes. Ovarium superum, rarissime basi tubo brevi perianthii adnatum, sepissime 3-loculare placentis axilibus, v. interdum 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus, rarissime cum perianthio 2-merum v. 4-\infty-merum. Stylus nunc filiformis v. columnaris, indivisus, stigmate terminali parvo capitato dilatato v. 3-dymo, nunc apice v. fere a basi 3-fidus v. in stylos 3 distinctos solutus, ramis stylisve filiformibus v. brevibus, apice v. superne introrsum stigmatosis, v. rarius stigmata ad apicem ovarii sessilia. Ovula in quoque loculo 2 collateralia, v.  $\infty$  2-seriatin superposita, rarius in loculis solitaria, v. numerosissima irregulariter conferta, anatropa hemianatropa v. in paucis generibus orthotropa, basi medio v. apice lateraliter affixa v. rarius horizontalia. Fructus nunc baccatus v. carnosus, indehiscens, nunc siccus, capsularis, loculicide v. septicide dehiscens v. partibilis, v. rarius irregulariter ruptus, in paucis generibus 3-lobus v. fere ad basin in carpella 3 stellatodivaricata v. in nuculas distinctas divisus. Semina numerosa pauca v. in toto fructu ad 1-2 reducta, sessilia v. funiculo brevi interdum strophiolo instructo fulta, v. strophiolo a rhaphe dilatato instructa; testa nunc laxa membranacea crassiuscula v. crustacea, nunc tenuis albumini arcte appressa, rarius apice basi v. utrinque in appendicem v. circumcirca in alam producta. Albumen copiosum, carnosum cartilagineum v. corneum, nec farinaceum. Embryo nunc minutus globosus, nunc plus minus elongatus, interdum albumine vix brevior, rectus v. curvulus, extremitate radiculari hilo proxima v. ab eo plus minus remota.

Herbæ sæpissime perennes v. frutices, rarius arborescentes. Rhizoma nunc brevissimum v. a basi bulbi non distinctum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis haud raro carnosis v. tubere soincrassatis, nunc hypogæum tuberosum v. lignosum, descendens v. horizontale v. longe reptans, nunc in caudicem erectum lignosum simplicem v. ramosum productum. Caulis herbaceus v. lignosus, erectus v. alte scandens, varie foliatus v. ad scapum aphyllum reductus, v. inter folia radicalia non v. vix evolutus. Folia polymorpha, caulina v. radicalia. Inflorescentia axillaris v. in scapo v. pedunculo terminalis, nunc 1-2-flora, nunc umbellata spicata racemosa v. paniculata, v. ad fasciculum intra folia sessilem reducta. Bracteæ variæ, sæpius scariosæ v. parvæ, rarius sub umbella spathiformes. Habitus cæterum in diversis tribubus valde diversus.

Species bene notæ ad 2100, per varias regiones utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, in temperatis subtropicisque tamen copiosiores quam inter tropicos, in terris siccis petrosis apricisque numerosa, in frigidis alpinisque v. in uliginosis paucæ, aquaticæ fluitantes deesse videntur.

Ordo vastus et polymorphus, a diversis botanicis varie extensus v. in ordines plures divisus, a nonnullis finitimis limitibus quodammodo incertis separatus, et difficillime in tribus distinctas dividendus. Seminum structura cum *Irideis, Amaryllideis* et *Juncaceis* convenit, quarum 2 priores ovarie constanter infero facile dignoscendæ. *Juncaceæ* tamen vix nisi perianthio minore calycino v. glamaceo differunt, et genera nonnulla hic in *Juncaceis* inclusa, fere æquo jure ad *Liliaceas* referenda.

Hæmodoracearum genera ovario libero (semper generibus ovario infero v. seminifero arcte connexa) distinguimus præsertim embryone intra albumen intruso nec incluso, charactere in nonnullis ulterius probando. Ophiopogoneæ et Conanthereæ, quas in Hæmodoraceis includimus, a botanicis plurimis ad Liliaceas anomalas referuntur. His tamen exclusis, ovarium in Liliaceis nunquam inferum nec semi-inferum, nec, speciebus perpaucis exceptis, ima basi tubo turbinato perianthii adnatum.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Flores in quaque serie 2-meri in Maianthemo, 4-meri in Aspidistro et interdum in Tupistra, 4-co-meri in Paride.

Perianthium parum irregulare, lobis segmentisve 1-3 minoribus v. obsoletis in Gilliesia et in Chionographide; segmenta exteriora subhorbacea in Trillio interdumque in Calochorto.

Stamina perfecta 3 tantum in Heterosmilace, Rusco, Anemarrhena, Hodgsoniola, Leucocoryne, Stawellia, Sowerbæa, Johnsonia, Hewardia, et in speciebus paucis generum nonnullorum aliorum; plus quam 6 in Pleea, et rarius in Smilace.

Andrœcium valde obliquum v. uno latere tantum antheriferum in Gilliesia affinibusque.

Ovarium 1-loculare placentis parietalibus in *Lapageria*, *Philesia*, *Asteliæ* speciebus, et *Scoliopode*; 1-loculare 2-ovulatum in *Rusco*; 1-loculare 3-ovulatum in *Dasylirio*.

Ovula orthotropa in Smilace, Rusco, nonnullisque affinibus.

Fructus parvus nuculiformis 1-spermus indehiscens in Agrostocrino, e nuculis 1-3 1-spermis in Tricoryne, membranaceus indehiscens v. irregulariter ruptus in Nolina, Dasylirio et Scoliopode.

Semina aculeis brevibus exasperata in *Xeronemate*, pilis longis dense vestita in *Eriospermo*, papillis subpiliformibus dense obtecta in *Blandfordia*.

#### CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM (exceptis neglectis).

- SERIES A. Caulis ebulbosus, ima basi sæpius squamatus superne foliatus, v. scapus squamatus. Antheræ introrsum dehiscentes. Fructus sæpissime baccatus.
- Tribus I. Smilaceæ. Caulis sarmentosus v. scandens. Folia 3-5-nervia, reticulato-venulosa. Antheræ specie 1-loculares. Ovula orthotropa v. hemianatropa.
- Tribus II. Asparagese. Caulis ramosus v. scandens. Cladodia foliiformia v. acicularia. Ovula orthotropa v. hemianatropa.
- Tribus III. Luxuriagese. Caulis fruticoso-ramosus v. scandens. Folia varia. Antheræ normales. Ovula anatropa, rarius hemianatropa.
- Tribus IV. Polygonatese. Caulis herbaceus, simplex v. parce ramosus, superne foliatus. Ovula anatropa.
- **Tribus V. Convallariese.** Folia in rhizomate fasciculata, cum scapo laterali aphyllo basi seepe squamis vaginantibus inclusa. Racemus v. spica interrupta simplex. Ovula anatropa.
- Tribus VI. Aspidistreæ. Folia in rhizomate pauca, ampla, petiolata v. basi contracta. Scapus inter folia simplex, brevissimus 1-florusque, v. apice dense spicifer. Stigma sæpius latissime peltatum.
- Series B. Folia in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis dense conferta v. ad basin scapi bulbum formantia, in caule v. scapo radicalibus minora v. 0. Antheræ introrsum dehiscentes. Fructus loculicide dehiscens, rarius indehiscens v. baccatus.
- Tribus VII. Hemerocalleæ. Folia in rhizomate brevi conferta, linearia v. membranacea. Scapus elatus. Perianthium cylindraceum infundibuliforme v. campanulatum. Filamenta in foveolam dorsalem antherarum intrusa. Fructus capsularis.
- Tribus VIII. Aloinese. Rhizoma durum, sæpe in caudicem lignosum productum. Folia sæpius coriaceo-carnosa v. rigida, interdum spinoso-dentata. Perianthii segmenta in tubum couniventia v. connata v. apice breviter patentia. Filamenta in foveolam dorsalem antherarum intrusa. Fructus capsularis, rarius carnosus.

- Tribus IX. Draceness. Rhizoma breve v. in caudicem lignosum productum. Folia varia nec carnosa. Perianthium campanulatum cylindraceum v. rarius infundibuliforme, segmentis sæpius distinctis. Antheræ dorsifixæ non foveolatæ. Fructus capsularis v. carnosus, rarius baccatus. Inflorescentia sæpe paniculata.
- Tribus X. Asphodeless. Rhizoma breve sepius brevissimum. Caulis rarius bulbosus. Folia non carnosa. Perianthii segmenta sepius distincta, patentia. Anthere variæ. Fructus capsularis, rarissime baccatus. Inflorescentia simplex v. parce ramosa.
- Subtribus 1. Euasphodeleee. Folia ad basin caulis ebulbosi conferta, caulina dum adsint minora. Antheræ dorsifixæ, versatiles, sæpius leviter foveolatæ.
  - Subtribus 2. Chlorogaleze. Folia e bulbo pauca. Antheræ dorsifixæ, versatiles, non foveolatæ.
- Subtribus 3. Bowiese. Folia e tubere crasso v. bulbo carnoso pauca, cito evanida v. coætanea. Caulis seu scapus aphyllus v. rarius basi 1-foliatus, interdum ramosissimus. Antheræ erectæ, basi v. prope basin affixæ.
- Subtribus 4. Anthericeæ. Rhizoma breve sæpe brevissimum. Folia ad basin caulis conferta. Antheræ crectæ, basi v. prope basin affixæ.
- Subtribus 5. Dianellee. Folia rigidula disticha, nunc ad basin caulis conferta, nunc secus caulem numerosa. Antheræ crectæ.
- Tribus XI. Johnsoniese. Rhizoma breve v. reptans. Caulis ebulbosus, sæpius humilis ramosus v. junceus. Flores in fasciculum seu capitulum terminale conferti, bracteis imbricatis.
- Tribus XII. Alliese. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus v. rarius folia in rhizomate brevissimo conferta. Umbella in scapo aphyllo terminalis, bracteis 2-∞ involucrata.
  - Subtribus 1. Agapantheæ. Bulbus 0. Folia radicalia conferta.
- Subtribus 2. Enallieæ. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Scapus evolutus. Bracteæ involucrantes 2 rarius 🕫. Andræcium regulare.
- Subtribus 3. Gilliesiew. Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus evolutus. Bracteæ involucrantes 2. Andræcium valde obliquum v. uno latere tantum antheriferum.
- Subtribus 4. Massonice. Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus brevissimus, umbella densa inter folia subsessili. Bracteæ involucrantes 3-\infty.
- Tribus XIII. Scillese. Bulbus tunicatus. Racemus, rarius spica, in scapo aphyllo terminalis, simplex
- Tribus XIV. Tulipese. Bulbus tunicatus v. squamosus. Caulis 1-\infty-foliatus. Flores pauci v. laxe racemosi.
- Series C. Bulbus tunicatus v. caulis ebulbosus herbaceus, rarius alte scandens, basi v. superne foliatus. Antheræ sæpius (nec semper) introrsum affixæ extrorsum dehiscentes. Capsula sæpius septicide, interdum loculicide dehiscens v. bacca indehiscens. Embryo parvus, sæpius minutus.
- Tribus XV. Colchicese. Cormus tunicatus. Scapus intra vaginas hypogæas brevissimus, 1-3-florus. Perianthii tubus longus. Antheræ introrsum dehiscentes. Capsula septicida.
- Tribus XVI. Anguillariese. Bulbus sepissime tunicatus. Folia in caule pauca, angusta, basi cum vagina continua. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes. Capsula septicida v. loculicida.
- Tribus XVII. Warthecieæ. Caulis ebulbosus. Folia radicalia conferta v. petiolata, caulina minora sæpe minima v. 0. Antheræ extrorsum rarius introrsum dehiscentes. Capsula septicida v. loculicida.
- Tribus XVIII. Uvulariese. Caulis ebulbosus, foliatus, herbaceus v. alte scandens. Folia alterna, sessilia v. amplexicaulia, absque vaginis. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes. Capsula loculicida v. septicida, rarius bacca indehiscens.
- Tribus XIX. Medeolese. Caulis ebulbosus, foliatus. Folia pauca subradicalia v. in caule verticillata. Flores terminales, solitarii v. umbellati. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes. Bacca indehiscens.
- Tribus XX. Veratress. Caulis elatus, basi bulbosus v. ebulbosus, foliatus v. præter folia radicalia subaphyllus. Flores paniculati v. racemosi. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso orbiculato-peltatæ. Capsula septicida.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- SERIES A. Caulis florifer nec bulbosus nec foliis radicalibus stipatus, ima basi sæpius squamatus, superne sæpius foliatus, herbaceus fruticosus v. alte scandens, v. interdum scapus aphyllus, squamatus, e rhizomate a foliis separatim evolutus. Antheræ extrorsum v. basi affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Fructus (Herreria excepta) baccatus, indehiscens. Semina varia, nunc nigra, embryone longo seriei B, nunc pallida, embryone parvo rarius tamen minuto seriei C.
- Tribus I. Smilacese. Caulis sepius lignosus, sarmentosus v. alte scandens. Folia sepius coriacea, 3-5-nervia, inter nervos reticulato-venulosa. Flores parvuli, umbellis racemisve axillaribus v. in panicula terminali dispositis. Antherarum loculi ad normam paralleli, sed valva interiore cujusque loculi angustissima, anthera aperta 1-locularis videtur. Ovula in ovarii loculis solitaria v. gemina, orthotropa v. hemianatropa. Embryo in albumine duro ab hilo remotus.
  - 1. Heterosmilax. Flores dioici, umbellulati. Perianthium indivisum, ore minute dentato. Petioli cirriferi.— Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China, Japonia.
  - 2. SMILAX. Flores dioici, umbellulati. Perianthium 6-partitum. Petioli cirriferi,—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp.
  - 3. Rhipogonum. Flores hermaphroditi, spicati v. racemosi. Perianthium 6-partitum. Cirri 0.—Australia, Nov. Zel.
- Tribus II. Asparagese. Caulis sæpe lignosus, erectus ramosus v. alte scandens. Cladodia foliiformia co-nervia, v. acicularia. Flores parvi, fasciculati solitarii v. breviter racemosi. Antherarum loculi distincti v. apice confluentes. Ovula in loculis 2 v. pauca, orthotropa v. hemianatropa. Embryo in albumine duro ab hilo remotus.
  - \* Filamenta in urccolum connata, antheris ad os urceoli sessilibus.
  - 4. Ruscus. Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta distincta. Anthera 3. Florum fasciculi in media facie cladodiorum.—Eur., Reg. Mediterr., Madera, Caucasus.
  - 5. Semele. Perianthii lobi patentes, tubo longiores. Antheræ 6. Florum fasciculi ad margines cladodiorum v. rarius in media facie.—Ins. Canar.
  - 6. Danae. Perianthium subglobosum, lobis brevibus erectis, fauce corona carnosa instructa. Antheræ 6. Florum racemi breves, terminales, a cladodiis foliiformibus distincti.—*Oriens*.

#### \*\* Filamenta libera.

- 7. ASPARAGUS. Perianthii segmenta distincta. Flores solitarii fasciculati v. racemosi, a cladodiis acicularibus v. foliiformibus distincti.— Orbis veteris reg. trop. et temp.
- Tribus III. Luzuriagese. Caulis crectus, ramosus, fruticosus v. alte scandens. Folia varia. Flores ad axillas foliorum v. apices ramorum solitarii fasciculati cymosi v. rarius racemosi. Antherarum loculi distincti. Ovula in loculis v. placentis pauca v. numerosa, anatropa v. hemianatropa.
  - \* Capsula a latere 3-loba, in carpella 3 septicide partibulus.
  - 8. HERRERIA. Folia fasciculata, cladodiis Danais simillima. Flores parvi, racemosi. Peranthii segmenta distincta. Ovarium 3-loculare.—Amer. austr. extratrop.

#### \*\* Bacca indehiscens.

- 9. Behma. Folia sparsa, cladodiis Rusci similia. Flores parvuli, racemosi. Perianthii lobi tubo lato breviores. Ovarium 3-loculare,—Afr. austr.
- 10. LAPAGREIA. Folia 3-5-nervia. Flores magni, solitarii v. pauci. Perianthii segmenta distincta, erecta, subsequilonga. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus.— Chile.
- 11. PHILESIA. Folia 1-nervia. Flores majusculi, solitarii v. pauci. Perianthii segmenta distincta, erecta, exteriora interioribus multo breviora. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus.—Chile austr., Terra Magell.
- 12. J.U ZURIAGA. Folia tenuiter co-nervia. Flores mediocres, ad axillas solitarii v. pauci. Perianthii segmenta distincta, patentia. Ovarium 3-loculare. Semina pallida.—Chile, Nov. Zel.
- 13. E USTEMPHUS. Folia tenuiter co-nervia. Flores parvuli, ad axillas fasciculati. Perianthii segmenta distincta, patentia. Ovarium 3-loculare. Semina nigra, opaca.—Australia.
- 14. Gritonoplesium. Folia tenuiter co-nervia. Flores parvuli, ad apices ramorum v. rarius simul ad axillas foliorum cymosi. Perianthii segmenta distincta, patentia. Ovarium 3-loculare. Semina nigra, nitida.—Australia, N. Caledonia, ins. Pacif.

- Tribus IV. Polygonates. Caulis herbaceus, simplex v. parce ramosus, superne foliatus. Flores axillares, v. racemus rarius panicula terminalis.
  - \* Flores in axillis 1-2, rarius plures, sæpius nutantes.
  - 15. Polygonatum. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, lobi breves. Stylus indivisus, stigmate parvo.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
  - 16. STREPTOPUS. Perianthii tubus 0; segments superne v. fere a bası patentia. Stylus breviter v. longiuscule 3-fidus.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
  - 17. DRYMOPHILA. Perianthii tubus 0; segmenta patentia. Stylus fere a basi 3-partitus.—

(Confer etiam 177 DISPORUM, antheris tamen extrorsum dehiscentibus.)

- \*\* Racemus v. panicula terminalis. Perianthii tubus 0, segmenta patentia.
- 18. SMILACINA. Flores in quaque serie 3-meri.—Amer. bor., Asia temp. et mont.
- 19. MAIANTHEMUM. Flores in quaque serie 2-meri.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
- Tribus V. Convallariese. Folia in rhizomate fasciculata. Scapus ad basin foliorum lateralis, aphyllus, basi sæpe cum foliorum fasciculo squamis vaginantibus scariosis inclusus v. ex axilla folii oriundus. Flores in scapo simpliciter racemosi v. interrupte spicati.
  - 20. CONVALLARIA. Perianthium subglobosum, lobis tubo brevioribus. Flores racemosi, nutantes.—Eur., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
  - 21. Theropogon. Perianthium subglobosum, segmentis distinctis. Flores racemosi, subnutantes.—Himalaya,
  - 22.? Speirantha. Perianthii segmenta distincta, patentissima. Flores racemosi, patentes nec nutantes. (Fructus ignotus.)—China.
  - 23. Reineckea. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, lobi recurvo-patentes. Flores in spica sessiles, dissiti.—China, Japonia.
- Tribus VI. Aspidistress. Folia in rhizomate pauca, ampla, petiolata v. basi contracta. Scapus inter folia simplex, aphyllus, brevissimus, 1-florus, v. erectus spica simplici densa terminatus. Perianthium campanulatum, lobis tubo non longioribus. Stigma sæpius maximum, late peltatum, orbiculatum v. 3-6-lobum.
  - 24. Aspidistra. Scapi brevissimi, 1-flori. Flores 4-meri. Stigma maximum, orbiculatopeltatum, indivisum.— Ind. or., China, Japonia.
  - 25. Tupistra. Spica densa, cylindracea. Flores sæpius 3-meri. Perianthii lobi patentes. Stigma crassum, orbiculato-peltatum v. 8-6-lobum.—Ind. or.
  - 26. ROHDEA. Spica densa, cylindracea. Flores 3-meri. Perianthii lobi inflexi. Stigma late peltatum, 3-lobum. Folia vix petiolata.—Japonia.
  - 27. Gonioscypha. Spica densa, cylindracea, apice bracteis vacuis linearibus comosa. Flores 3-meri. Perianthii lobi patentes. Stylus quam in præcedentibus tenuior, stigmate 3-lobo.—Himalaya.
- Series B. Folia nunc in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis interdum arborei conferta, nunc pauca radicalia v. ad basin scapi bulbum formantia, in caule v. scapo radicalibus sæpissime minora v. 0. Antheræ extrorsum v. basi affixæ, loculis introrsum v. a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovula anatropa v. hemianatropa. Fructus sæpius capsularis, loculicide dehiscens, in paucis generibus indehiscens carnosus v. siccus, in perpaucis bacca indehiscens v. capsula septicida. Semina sæpius nigra; embryo albumine carnoso parum v. dimidio rarius subtriplo brevior.

Excepta: Folia caulina radicalibus longiora in speciebus perpaucis Dianellearum.

Capsula septicida in Calochorto. Fructus plus minus carnosus v. baccatus in Dracaneis non-nullis, et in Dranella.

Tribus VII. Memercealless. Folia in rhizomate v. ad basin caulis numerosa, conferta, linearia v. membranacea nec carnosa Scapus seu pedunculus elatus, aphyllus v. rarius foliis paucis parvis instructus. Flores sæpius magni, paniculati racemosi v. spicati. Perianthium cylindraceum v. infundibuliforme, segmentis basi in tubum connatis v. conniventibus. Antheræ filamentum in foveola dorsali recipientes. Ovula numerosa. Fructus capsularis.

Excepta: Flores minores late campanulati in Notosceptro.

- 28. Hemerocallis. Flores erecti, in panicula pauci. Perianthii infundibuliformis tubus cylindraceus, lobis brevior. Stamina ad apicem tubi affixa. Folia longa, angusta.—Eur., Asia temp., Japonia.
- 29. Phormium. Flores erecti, in panicula ramosa. Perianthii subincurvi segmenta supra tubum turbinatum laxe conniventia. Stamina ad apicem tubi affixa. Folia longa, angusta.—
  Nov. Zel.
- 30. Blandfordia. Flores penduli. Perianthii tubus superne ampliatus, lobis brevibus. Stamina medio tubo affixa. Capsula septicide dehiscens. Folia longa, angusta.—Australia.
- 31. Funkia. Flores penduli, racemosi. Perianthii infundibuliformis tubus brevis v. longus. Stamina sæpe hypogyna. Folia petiolata, sæpius lata.—*China, Japonia*.
- 32. Kniphofia. Flores spicati, reflexi. Perianthium anguste tubulosum, lobis brevibus. Stamina hypogyna. Folia longa, angusta.—Afr. austr. et trop., Madagase.
- 33. Notoscepteum. Flores dense spicati, non reflexi. Perianthium breve, late campanulatum, alte lobatum. Stamina hypogyna. Folia longa, angusta.—Afr. austr.

Tribus VIII. Aloinese. Folia in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis lignosi conferta, coriaceocarnosa, crassa v. rigida, margine sæpe spinuloso-serrata v. cartilaginea. Scapi seu pedunculi
simplices v. ramosi, in axillis superioribus v. pseudoterminales. Perianthii segmenta in tubum
conniventia v. connata. Antheræ dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso. Ovula in loculis
numerosa. Fructus siccus rarius carnosus, demum loculicide dehiscens.

- 34. Gasteria. Perianthii segmenta alte in tubum basi ventricosum arcte connata, apice breviter libera. Stamina tubo inclusa.—Afr. austr.
- 35. ALOE. Perianthii segmenta usque ad apicem in tubum cohærentia v. conniventia, v. apice brevissime subpatentia. Stamina sæpius exserta.—Afr. austr. et trop., Asia occid., Reg. Mediterr., ins. Canar.
- 36. APICRA. Perianthii segmenta alte cohærentia v. connata, apice breviter stellato-patentia. Stamina perianthio paullo breviora.— Afr. austr.
- 37. HAWORTHIA. Perianthii sæpius incurvi segmenta alte cohærentia v. conniventia, apice recurvo sub-2-labiatim patentia. Stamina perianthium non excedentia.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- 38. Lomatophyllum. Perianthium Alois. Stamina perianthio subbreviora. Fructus coriaceo-carnosus, vix tardius loculicide dehiscens (v. interdum indehiscens?).—Ins. Mascar.

Tribus IX. Dracenese. Folia in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis lignosi numerosa, conferta. Scapus seu pedunculus erectus, sæpe elatus, simplex v. paniculatus, præter bracteas foliaceas aphyllus. Perianthium cylindraceum campanulatum v. infundibuliforme. Antheræ basi v. dorso affixæ, non foveolatæ. Fructus siccus carnosus v. baccatus, loculicide dehiscens irregulariter ruptus v. indehiscens.

- 39. HESPEROCALLIS. Caudex brevis, lignosus, fere cormiformis. Flores in racemo indiviso magni. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo cylindraceo. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula loculicida.—California.
- 40. HESPERALOE. Caudex brevissimus. Racemus indivisus v. parum ramosus. Perianthium cylindraceum, segmentis vix cohærentibus. Ovula in loculis co. Capsula loculicida, valvis sæpe 2-fidis.—Texas.
- 41. Yucca. Caudex lignosus, humilis v. elatus. Panicula floribunda. Perianthium subglobosum v. campanulatum, segmentis vix basi connatis. Antheræ parvæ in filamento clavato sessiles. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Fructus carnosus v. baccatus indehiscens, v. capsula varie dehiscens.—Amer. bor., Mexico, Amer. centr.
- 42. Dracena. Caudex lignosus, humilis v. arborescens. Panicula nunc ampla floribunda, nunc ad racemum indivisum v. capitulum sessile reducta. Perianthium infundibuliforme v. anguste campanulatum. Ovula in loculis solitaria, erecta. Bacca indehiscens.—Orb. veteris reg. calid.
- 43. COEDYLINE. Caudex lignosus, sæpe arborescens. Panicula ampla, floribus parvulis. Perianthium cylindraceum v. anguste campanulatum, tubo brevi. Ovula in loculis co. Fructus parvus, subglobosus, carnosus, indehiscens v. vix demum breviter loculicide fissus.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., inc. Pacif., N. Zel., Australia, Brasilia.
  - 44. Nolina. Rhizoma breve v. caudex lignosus. Flores polygamo-dioici, parvuli. Pani-

- cula laxa. Perianthium campanulatum, segmentis distinctis. Ovula in loculis 2. Fructus siccus, sæpe 3-alatus, maturitate irregulariter ruptus—Reg. Mex.-Tex.
- 45. Dasylieron. Caudex lignosus. Flores dioici, parvuli. Panicula densa. Perianthium campanulatum, segmentis distinctis. Ovula in ovario 1-loculari 3. Fructus siccus, indehiscens v. tardius septicide fissus.—Reg. Mex.-Tex.
- 46. ASTRIJA. Rhizoma breve. Indumentum sericeum v. lanosum. Racemi in ramis paniculæ densi. Flores polygamo-dioici, parvuli. Perianthium campanulatum, segmentis basi connatis. Ovula in loculis v. placentis co. Fructus parvus, carnosus, indehiscens.—Ins. Pacif., N. Zel., Australia, Amer. antarot.
- 47. MILLIGANIA. Rhizoma breve. Indumentum laxe pilosum. Panicula ampla. Flores hermaphroditi, parvuli. Perianthii tubus campanulatus, lobi patentes. Ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula superne loculicida.— Tasmania.
- Tribus X. Asphodeless. Rhizoma breve, sæpius brevissimum, bulbo rarius formato. Inflorescentia racemosa, simplex v. ramosa. Folia non crasso-carnosa. Perianthii segmenta sæpius distincta, patentia, nec (nisi in speciminibus siccis) conniventia. Antheræ variæ. Capsula (excepta Dianella) loculicida.

Excepta: Perianthium infundibuliforme in Paradisen, tubo longo hypocraterimorphum in Leucoorino, segmentis linearibus erectis in Xeronemate.

Subtribus 1. Euasphodeleæ. Rhizoma brevissimum v. tuberosum descendensque. Bulbus 0. Folia radicalia sæpius longa, conferta, caulina 0 v. sparsa, radicalibus minora. Racemus simplex v. panicula parum ramosa. Antheræ dorsifixæ, versatiles, filamento in foveolam sæpius intruso. Capsula loculicida.

Excepta: Antheræ erectæ Anthericearum in Bulbinis Australiensibus.

- 48. Xeronema. Racemus densus, simplex, secundus, scapo abrupte inflexo horizontalis. Perianthii segmenta linearia, cum staminibus longioribus erecta. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ .—Nov. Calcal
- 49. Anemarrhema. Scapus aphyllus. Racemus longus, erectus. Stamina 3, in mediis segmentis interioribus affixa. Ovula in loculis 2.—China borealis.
- 50. ASPHODELUS. Scapus aphyllus, indivisus v. parce ramosus. Flores albi. Stamina hypogyna, filamentis ima basi concavis ovarium includentibus. Ovula in loculis 2.—Reg. Mediterr., Ind. or., ins. Mascar.
- 51. ASPHODELINE. Caulis plus minus foliatus. Flores sæpius flavi. Cætera Asphodeli.—Reg. Mediterr., Oriens.
- 52. Paradisea. Scapus aphyllus v. 1-foliatus. Flores pauci, majusculi, in racemo laxo secundi. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Stamina hypogyna. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ .—Alp. Eur., Puren.
- 53. SIMETHIS. Caulis aphyllus, laxe paniculatus. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis superne villoso-barbatis. Ovula in loculis 2.—Eur. occid., Afr. bor.-occid.
- 54. Bulbinella. Caulis aphyllus. Flores parvuli, in racemo numerosi. Filamenta glabra. Antheræ non foveolatæ. Ovula in loculis 2.— Afr. austr., Nov. Zel., Terr. Antarct.
- 55. Bulbine. Caulis aphyllus. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, in racomo numerosi. Filamenta longe barbata. Antherse non foveolatse. Ovula in loculis 4-∞.—Afr. austr. et trop., Australia.
- Subtribus 2. Chlorogalez. Bulbus fere Scillearum, sed inflorescentia sæpe ramosa cæteraque Asphodelearum. Antheræ versatiles, non fovcolatæ. Capsula loculicida.

Genera boreali-Americana inter se parum distincta.

- 56. Chlorogalum. Panicula laze ramosa. Perianthii segmenta 3-nervia, post anthesin supra capsulam sæpe torta. Stylus longus. California.
- 57. Schemolinion. Inflorescentia parce ramosa, interdum indivisa. Perianthii segmenta 3-nervia, post anthesin sub capsula laxe marcescentia. Stylus brevis.—Amer. bor. civit.
  - 58. HASTINGSIA. Perianthii segmenta 1-nervia. Cætera Schanolirii.—California.
- Subtribus 3. Bowiese. Folia e tubere crasso v. bulbo carnoso pauca, cito evanida v. costanca. Castis seu scapus aphyllus, interdum ramosissimus, rarius basi 1-phyllus. Anthere parve, prope basin dorsifixe. Ovula in loculis 🕫, sepius pauca. Capsula loculicida.

- 59. Bowna. Bulbus tuberiformis. Folia perpauca v. solitaria, linearia, ante anthesin evanida. Caulis seu scapus intricato-ramosissimus, subscandens. Semina glabra.—Afr. austr.
- 60. Schizorasis. Bulbus tunicatus. Folia perpauca v. solitaria, linearia, ante anthesin evanida. Caulis seu scapus tenuis, sæpe filiformis, erectus, laxe ramosus v. intricato-ramosissimus. Semina glabra.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- 61. EBIOSPERMUM. Tuber interdum cormiforme. Folia lanceolata v. lata, solitaria v. pauca, ante anthesin evanida v. coætanea. Caulis rarius ramosus, pedicellis sæpe longis. Semina pilis longis dense lanata.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- Subtribus 4. Anthericeæ. Rhizoma breve, sæpius brevissimum, rarius repens, fibris radicalibus fascioulatis sæpe carnosis v. tuberiferis. Bulbus 0. Folia radicalia sæpius conferta, caulina perpauca v. sæpissime 0. Racemus simplex v. panicula ramosa. Antheræ erectæ, basifixæ v. juxta basin dorsifixæ, filamento ibidem sæpius in foveolam intruso, apice sæpius recurvæ v. revolutæ.
- \* Inforescentia in scapo simplici v. ramis paucis racemosa v. spicata. Perianthium post anthesin non v. parum tortum. Stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo (excepta Bottinæa). Ovula in loculis 4-00.
  - 62. Eremurus. Racemus simplex, longus, densus. Stamina demum perianthio æquilonga v. longiora, filamentis filiformibus.—Oriens, Asia Rossica, Ind. or.
  - 63. Acrospira. Inflorescentia Antherici. Stamina perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus latis, antheris magnis.—Angola.
  - 64. Anthericum. Inflorescentia simplex v. parce ramosa, racemis sæpius tenuibus. Stamina perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. parum incrassatis. Capsulæ anguli parum prominuli.—Europa, Afr. trop. et extratrop., Amer. bor. et austr.
  - 65. Chlorophytum. Inflorescentia quam in *Antherico* sæpius densior, haud raro ramosa. Stamina perianthio breviora, filamentis sæpe nec semper medio incrassatis. Capsula acute 3-quetra v. fere 3-alata,—*Asia*, *Afr. trop. et austr.*, *Amer. bor. et austr.*
  - 66. Dasystachys. Spica in scapo simplici v. ramis paucis longa, dense cylindracea, floribus parvulis subsessilibus. Stamina perianthio sublongiora, filamentis leviter complanatis. Capsula Chlorophyti,—Afr. trop.
  - 67. ECHEANDIA. Antherse filamentis longiores, circa stylum in cylindrum cohserentes; ceetera Antherici.—Amer. trop. a Guiana usque ad Mexicum.
  - 68. BOTTINEA. Inflorescentia Antherici. Perianthii segmenta interiora ciliato-fimbriata Thysanoti. Stylus crassiusculus, stigmate 3-lobo.—Chile.

(Vide etiam 55, Bulbinis species Australianas.)

- \*\* Panicula laxa, interdum ad umbellam v. fasciculum reducta, rarius racemus laxe pauciflorus.

  Perianthium post anthesin non v. parum tortum.
  - 69. THYSANOTUS. Perianthii segmenta interiora fimbriato-ciliata. Filamenta glabra. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia, Archip. Malay., China.
  - 70. Arthropodium. Perianthii segmenta interiora integerrima v. margine crispula. Filamenta piloso-barbata. Ovula in loculis 4-∞.—Australia, Nov. Zel., Nov. Caled.
  - 71. Dichopogon. Perianthium Arthropodii. Filamenta glabra, apice utrinque appendicula ab anthera descendente auriculata. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ .—Australia.
    - \*\*\* Inflorescentia varia. Perianthium emarcidum distincte spiraliter tortum.
  - 72. PASITHEA. Panicula laxa. Ovarium toro carnoso lata basi impositum. Stigma breviter 3-lobum. Ovula in loculis 4.—Chile.
  - 73. Chamrecilla. Panicula v. cyma laxa. Stigma parvum. Ovula in loculis co.—
  - 74. Hodgsoniola. Racemus simplex. Antheræ 3 in cylindrum circa stylum cohærentes; staminodia 3, libera. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia.
  - 75. CESIA. Flores secus ramos paniculæ dissite fasciculati. Stamina normalia. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia, Afr. austr.
  - 76. Agrostocrinum. Panicula parum ramosa. Perianthium post anthesin supra basin persistentem circumscissum. Antheræ poro terminali dehiscentes. Ovula in loculis 2.—

    Australia.
  - 77. Corynotheca. Caules aphylli, sæpius intricato-ramosissimi. Flores minuti, secus ramos sparsi. Ovula in loculis 2. Fructus abortu 1-spermus, indehiscens, nuculiformis.—Australia.

- \*\*\*\* Genera anomala, caule brevissimo, floribus inter folia radicalia solitariis v. fasciculatis, sapius subsessilibus.

  - 79. Nanolibion. Folia quaquaversa. Perianthium 6-partitum, post anthesin tortum. Filamenta complanata. Ovula in loculis 2.—Afr. austr.
  - 80. Leucocrimum. Folia quaquaversa. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo longo tenui. Ovula in loculis co.—Amer. bor.

(Vide etiam 64, Antherici sect. Holopodium.)

- Subtribus 5. Dianelless. Rhizoma lignosum, breve horisontale v. stoloniferum. Caulis rigidus, ima basi v. undique distiche foliatus. Paniculæ rami laxe cymosi. Filamenta varie inorassata v. dense tomentoso-lanata. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ .
  - 81. DIANELLA. Filamenta apice v. medio carnoso-incrassata. Bacca indehiscens.—Amer. trop., ins. Pacif., Nov. Zel., Australia, ins. Mascar.
  - 82. Eccremis. Filamenta supra medium carnoso-incrassata. Capsulæ exocarpium loculicide 3-valve, endocarpium septicide dehiscens.—Andes Amer. austr.
    - 83. STYPANDRA. Filamenta dense tomentoso-lanata. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis.—Australia.

Tribus XI. Johnsoniese. Rhizoma breve v. reptans, bulbo 0. Caulis nunc junceus nunc humilis, interdum ramosus, aphyllus v. dense foliatus. Flores in capitulis terminalibus sessiles v. in fasciculis umbelliformibus pedicellati, bracteis semper dense imbricatis.

### \* Bracteæ paleaceæ.

- 84. APHYLLANTHES. Caules junciformes, basi paucivaginati. Capitulum oblongum, 1-2-florum. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis solitaria.—Reg. Mediterr.
- 85. Johnsonia. Caules cæspitosi, subjuncei, aphylli, foliis radicalibus. Capitulum spiciforme, co-florum. Perianthii tubus turbinatus, lobi longiores patentes. Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia.

#### \*\* Bracteæ scariosæ.

- 86. Arnocrinum. Caules juncei, aphylli, ima basi dense lanati, foliis radicalibus. Capitula parve, floribus sessilibus. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, post anthesin tortum. Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia.
- 87. TRICORYNE. Caules virgati, ramosi, foliis paucis v. parvis. Flores in fasciculis parvis pedicellati. Perianthium 6-partitum, post anthesin tortum. Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis 2. Fructus e nuculis 1-3 1-spermis.—Australia.
- 88. LAXMANNIA. Caules dense cæspitosi v. elongati, ramosi, foliis linearibus subulatisve confertis. Flores in capitulo sessiles v. pedicellati. Perianthium 6-partitum. Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis 2-4.— Australia.
- 89. STAWELLIA. Herba humilis, dense cæspitosa, foliis radicalibus lineari-filiformibus. Flores in capitulo sessiles. Perianthium 6-partitum, in eodem capitulo dimorphum. Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis 2.—Australia.
- 90. Borra. Caules brevissimi cæspitosi v. longiores ramosi, foliis linearibus subulatisve confertis. Flores e capitulo pedicellati. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum. Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis  $\infty$ .— Australia.
- 91. Alania. Caules diffuse ramosi, foliis lineari-subulatis confertis. Flores e capitulo pedicellati. Perianthium 6-partitum. Stamina 6. Ovula in loculis pauca.—Australia.
- 92. SOWERBEA. Caules juncei, foliis radicalibus. Flores e capitulo pedicellati. Perianthium 6-partitum. Stamina 3. Ovula in loculis pauca.—Australia.
- Tribus XII. Alliese. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus, v. rarius folia in rhizomate brevissimo non bulbifero conferta. Umbella in scapo simplici aphyllo terminalis, laxa v. rarius fere in capitulum condensata. Bracteze membranaceze sub umbella 2—∞, liberze v. basi connatze, involucrantes, interiores sub pedicellis minores, szepius paucze v. omnino desunt. Capsula loculicide dehiscens, valvis rarius septicide fissis.
  - Subtribus 1. Agapanthese. Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Bulbus 0.

- 93. AGAPANTHUS. Perianthium infundibuliforms. scoronatum, lobis tubo longioribus. Stamina fauci affixa.—Afr. austr.
- 94. Tulbaghia. Perianthium urceolatum v. fere hypocraterimorphum; corona in fauce e squamis 3 integris 2-partitisve liberis v. in annulum connatis. Stamina tubo 2-seriatim inclusa.—Afr. austr. et trop.

Subtribus 2. Euallieæ. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Scapus evolutus. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, rarius . Andræcium regulure.

# \* Perianthium hypocraterimorphum v. urceolatum.

- 96. Tristagma. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, ad faucem sæpe squamis 3-6 coronatus. Stamina 6, intra tubum 2-seriatim inclusa.—Chile.
- 96. Leucocorne. Perlanthii tubus cylindraceus, ad faucem staminodiis 3 squamiformibus coronatus. Stamina 3, intra tubum inclusa.—Chile.
- 97. Milla. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, ad os annulo parum prominulo constrictus. Stamina 6, ad os tubi filamentis brevissimis exserta.—*Mexico*.
- 98. ? DIPHALANGIUM. Perianthii tubus medio ventricosus, lobi tubo longiores. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa. Capsula usque ad medium cum perianthii tubo connata.—Mexico.
- 99. STROPHOLIRION. Perianthii tubus subglobosus, ad os constrictus, costis 6 subvesiculoso-inflatis percursus. Stamina 3, fauci affixa, cum staminodiis totidem alterna. Scapus sæpius longe volubilis.—California.
- 100. Brevoortia. Perianthii tubus late cylindraceus, basi breviter 6-saccatus, lobi multoties breviores. Stamina 3, fauci affixa, staminodiis totidem pone antheras in coronam spuriam connatis.—California.
  - \*\* Perianthium infundibuliforme v. campanulatum, lobis tubo æqualibus v. longioribus.
- 101. Brodlea. Stamina perfecta 6 v. 3, fauci v. tubo affixa, filamentis liberis brevissimis v. filiformibus.
- 102. Androstephium. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, filamentis in tubum alte connatis. Perianthii tubus superne ampliatus, lobis subæqualis.—Amer. bor.
- 103. Besser. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, filamentis in tubum alte connatis. Perianthii tubus turbinatus, lobis multo brevior.—Mexico.

# \*\*\* Perianthium rotatum v. campanulatum, segmentis distinctis v. basi in annulum seu cyathum connatis.

- 104. Bloomeria. Cormus fibroso-tunicatus. Filamenta basi in squamas truncatas ovarium cingentes dilatata.—California.
- 105. Muilla. Cormus fibroso-tunicatus. Filamenta infra medium leviter dilatata.—California.
- 106. Nothoscordum. Bulbus tunicatus. Perianthii segmenta basi v. ad medium connata (odor alliaceus deest). Amer. extratrop. v. andin., China, in aliis reg. inquilina.
- 107. ALLIUM. Bulbus tunicatus. Perianthii segmenta distincta, v. basi in annulum brevissime connata (odor alliaceus constans?).—Hemisph. bor. extratrop., Abyssinia, Mexico.
- Subtribus 3. Gilliesiese. Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus evolutus. Bractese involucrantes 2. Andracium valde obliquum v. uno latere tantum antheriferum.
  - 108. GILLIESIA. Perianthii segmenta 6 rarius 5, distincta, inæqualia; coronæ squamellæ 3-12, lineares. Staminum filamenta in urceolum carnosum valde obliquum apice latere inferiore 3-antheriferum connata. Chile.
  - 109. Mirria. Perianthii segmenta 6, distincta, subsequalia; coronse squamellee 6, integree v. 2-fidee. Staminum filamenta in urceolum valde obliquum ventricosum ore 6-antheriferum conneta.
  - 110. TRICHLORA. Perianthii segmenta 3, distincta, subæqualia; corona 0. Staminum filamenta in urceolum latum 5-6-lohum connata, lobis 3 antheriferis, 3 v. 2 anantheris.—

    Peruvia.
  - 111. Erinna. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi, lobis 6 angustis subsequalibus. Filamenta 3 brevissima, antheris longis, 3 filiformia ananthera.—Chile.

- 112. SOLARIA. Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus; lobi patentes, interiores breviores, corona 0. Filamenta basi dilatata in annulum connata, 3 inferiora antherifera, antheris ovatis, 3 superiora ananthera.—Chile.
- 113. Gethyum. Perianthii segmenta 6, distincta, perangusta, subsequalia; corona e squamellis 6. Filamenta basi in membranam latam connata, 3 inferiora antherifera, 3 superiora ananthera,—Chile.
- 114. ANCRUMIA. Perianthii tubus breviter campanulatus; lobi longi, 3 exteriores lanceolati, 3 interiores breviores lineares; corona e squamellis 6. Filamenta 3, basi dilatata, breviterque connata, 2 antherifera, tertium anantherum.—Chile.
- Subtribus 4. Massoniese. Bulbus tunicatus. Scapus brevissimus, umbella densa inter folia subsessili. Bracteæ involucrantes 3-00, imbricatæ. Andræcium regulare.
  - 115. Massonia. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, sequalis; lobi sequales, patentes v. reflexi. Stamina 6, perianthio longiora, filamentis basi in annulum connatis.—Afr. austr.
  - 116. DATHENYA. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, apice seepe oblique ampliatus; limbus valde obliquus, latere exteriore elongatus quasi ligulatus, lobi inæquales, postico minimo. Stamina 6, perianthio breviora.—Afr. austr.

Tribus XIII. Scilless. Bulbus tunicatus. Racemus, rarius spica, in scapo aphyllo simplici terminalis. Bractese sub floribus singulis herbacese scariosse v. parvæ, nunquam involucrantes.

- \* Perianthii tubus cylindraceus v. campanulatus rarius brevissimus. Ovula in loculis 👁. Semina obovoidea v. globosa.
  - 117. WHITEHRADIA. Perianthii tubus abbreviatus. Filamenta basi in annulum prominentem more *Massoniæ* connata. Spica brevis, bracteis herbaceis concavo-cucullatis flores superantibus.—*Afr. austr.*
  - 118. Polyxena. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, lobi multo breviores. Filamenta filiformia, a basi distincta. Folia radicalia 2, Massoniæ. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ. Afr. austr.
  - 119. Lachenalia. Perianthium tubulosum v. subcampanulatum; segmenta conniventia v. plus minus connata, exteriora interioribus breviora. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ. —Afr. austr.
- \*\* Perianthii tubus cylindraceus v. campanulatus. Ovula in loculis 🕫, sæpius numerosa. Semina valde compressa v. angulata.
  - 120. DRIMIA. Perianthii tubus campanulatus, lobi patentissimi. Stamina e fauce exserta, erecta, conniventia.—Afr. austr. et trop.
  - 121. Rhadamanthus. Perianthii tubus campanulatus, lobi erecti, subconniventes. Antherse erectse, circa stylum conniventes. Flores in racemo tenui parvi, penduli,—Afr. austr.
  - 122. LITANTHUS. Perianthium cylindraceum, lobis brevissimis. Planta pusilla, tenerrima, flore parvo in scapo filiformi unico nutante.—Afr. austr.
  - 123. DIPCADI. Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, lobi exteriores patentes, interiores erectiores brevioresque. Racemus laxus, bracteis subscariosis angustis.—Eur. austr., Ind. or., Afr. trop. et austr.
  - 124. Galtonia. Perianthii tubus latiusculus, lobi patentes, subequales v. interiores paullo latiores. Flores in racemo longo laxo speciosi, candidi, penduli, bracteis membranaceo-scariosis.

     Afr. austr.
  - \*\*\* Perianthii segmenta a basi distincta. Ovula in loculis numerosa. Semina valde compressa.
    - 125. ALBUCA. Perianthii persistentis segmenta exteriora patentia, interiora paullo breviora, erecta, apice conniventia, varie cristata.—Afr. austr. et trop.
    - 126. URGINEA. Perianthii decidui segmenta subæqualia, campanulato-conniventia v. patentia. Habitus Scilla.—Europa, Reg. Mediterr., Ind. or., Afr. trop. et austr.
- \*\*\*\* Perianthii tubus varius, lobi breviores v. longiores. Ovula in loculis 2-8, rarius plura. Semina ohovoidea v. globosa, nec complanata nec angulata.
  - 127. Veltheimia. Perianthium cylindraceum, lobis brevissimis. Capsula membranaceo-scariosa, 3-alata. Flores in spica v. racemo conferti, penduli.—Afr. austr.
  - 128. Rhodocodon.—Perianthium campanulatum, lobis tubo multo brevioribus. Flores in racemo laxo penduli.—Madagase.

- 129. Muscari. Perianthium urceolato-globosum, ad faucem constrictum, lobis brevissimis dentiformibus. Stamina inclusa.—Europa, Afr. bor., Asia occid.
- 180. HYACINTHUS. Perianthium infundibuliformi-campanulatum, ad faucam non constrictum, lobis tubo brevioribus æqualibus rarius paullo longioribus. Stamina tubo v. fauci affixa, filamentis filiformibus v. basi dilatatis.—Reg. Mediterr., Oriens, Afr. trop. et austr.
- 131. Puschkinia. Perianthii lobi tubo campanulato longiores. Staminum filamenta in cyathum ultra antheras in conum productum connata. Flores pauci, laxe racemosi.—Asia occid.
- 132. CHIONODOXA. Perianthii lobi tubo campanulato longiores. Staminum filamenta omnia v. alterna petaloideo-dilatata, erecta nec connata. Flores pauci, laxe racemosi.—Oriens.
- \*\*\*\*\* Perianthii segmenta distincta v. ima basi brevissime connata. Ovula in loculis 2-co.

  Semina obovoidea v. globosa, nec complanata nec angulata.
- 133. Drimiopsis. Perianthii segmenta concava v. cucullata, conniventia. Staminum filamenta alte complanato-dilatata. Flores parvi, in spica v. racemo denso subsessiles.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- 134. Eucomis. Perianthii segmenta patentia. Staminum filamenta infra medium dilatata. Racemus longus, densus, apice bracteis vacuis herbaceis v. coloratis comosus.—Afr. austr.
- 135. Scilla. Perianthii segmenta patentia v. rarius campanulato-conniventia, 1-nervia. Staminum filamenta filiformia v. basi complanata. Flores cærulei rosei v. purpurascentes rarius albidi.—Europa, Asia temp. et mont., Afr. extratrop. v. mont. (Chile?)
- 136. CAMASSIA. Perianthii segmenta patentia, 3-co-nervia. Staminum filamenta filiformia. Flores cærulei purpurascentes v. albidi.—Amer. bor.
- 137. Ornithogalum. Perianthii segmenta patentia, unicoloria v. dorso late vittata, nervis obscuris. Staminum filamenta basi v. alte complanata. Flores undique v. margine albi flavi v. miniati, nec cærulei nec roseo-purpurascentes.—Europa, Oriens, Afr. extratrop. et trop., in Amer. inquilina.
- Tribus XIV. Tulipese. Bulbus funicatus v. carnoso-squamatus. Caulis erectus, 1-co-foliatus. Flores pauci, sæpius magni, laxe racemosi. Perianthii segmenta distincta. Capsula, excepto Calochorto, loculicide dehiscens.
- 138. Lilium. Perianthium infundibuliforme v. subcampanulatum, unguibus segmentorum sæpius sulco nectarifero præditis. Flores nutantes penduli v. rarius erecti. Antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
- 139. FRITILLARIA. Perianthium campanulatum, segmentis supra basin sæpius foveola v. macula nectarifera instructis. Flores nutantes v. penduli. Antheræ lineares v. oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ, filamento sæpius intruso.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.
- 140. Tulipa. Perianthium campanulatum v. subinfundibuliforme, segmentis prope basin seepe maculatis nec foveolatis. Antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, filamento intruso. Flores sæpissime erecti. Europa, Afr. bor., Asia occid. et centr., Japonia.
- 141. ERYTHRONIUM. Perianthii segmenta angusta, a medio v. fere a basi recurva v. reflexa. Antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, filamento intruso. Caulis infra medium 2-foliatus. Flores nutantes. Europa, Asia Rossica, Japonia, Amer. bor.
- 142. Gagra. Perianthii segmenta patentia, non foveolata. Antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ. Racemus pedicellis longis suberectis sæpe fere umbelliformis. Flores quam in præcedentibus minores, sæpe flavi. —Europa, Afr. bor., Asia temp. et mont.
- 143. Lioydia. Perianthii segmenta demum patentia, basi plica transversali v. foveola instructa. Antheræ ovato-oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ. Caulis humilis, gracilis, apice 1-2-florus. —Europa, Asia med. et bor., Amer. bor.
- 144. CALOCHORTUS. Perianthii segmenta subgloboso-conniventia v. patentia, exteriora interioribus foveolatis sepius angustiora v. minora, subcalycina et non v. vix foveolata. Anthere oblonges v. lineares, erecte, basifixe, filamento longe intruso. Capsula septicide dehiscens v. 3-partita. Flores erecti v. penduli.—Amer. bor., Mexico.
- Series C. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus, v. caulis ebulbosus, herbaceus, basi v. superne foliatus. Antherse nunc sepius introrsum affixe, loculis extrorsum v. a latere dehiscentibus, nunc extrorsum prope basin affixe, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovula anatropa. Capsula sepius septicide

dehiscens v. partibilis, interdum loculicida v. bacca indehiscens. Embryo prope hilum parvus, sæpe minutus, rarissime tertiam partem albuminis excedens.

Series a botanicis plerisque recognita, sæpeque pro ordine proprio Melanthacearum v. Colchicacearum distincta, charactere tamen nullo constante stricte definita. Genera nunc antheris plus minus in extera versis, nunc capsula, sæpissime embryone parvo, recognoscenda.

- Tribus XV. Colchicese. Cormus hypogeus, tunicatus, foliis radicalibus. Scapus intra vaginas hypogeus, brevissimus, 1-3-florus. Perianthii segmentorum ungues in tubum longum tenuem conniventes v. connati. Antheræ angustæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Capsula septicide dehiscens.
  - 145. COLCHICUM. Perianthii tubus integer. Styli 3, a basi distincti.—Europa, Asia occid. et centr., Afr. bor.
  - 146. Synsiphon. Perianthii tubus integer. Stylus intra tubum integer, extra faucem 3-fidus.—Asia centr.
  - 147. Bulbocodium. Perianthii segmentorum ungues distincti, in tubum conniventes. Stylus intra tubum integer, apice 3-fidus.—Europa, Asia Ross. austr.
  - 148. MERENDERA. Perianthii segmentorum ungues distincti, in tubum conniventes. Styli 3, a basi distincti.—Reg. Mediterr., Affghan., Abyssinia.

Tribus XVI. Anguillariese. Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus, rarius 0. Caulis sæpe humilis, 1-co-foliatus, foliis angustis basi cum vagina continuis. Antherarum loculi distincti, extrorsum dehiscentes. Styli 3, distincti v. rarius basi in stylum connati. Capsula septicide v. loculicide dehiscens.—Perianthii segmenta sæpe basi glandulis v. maculis nectariferis notata.

# \* Capsula septicide dehiscens.

- 149. Burchardia. Caulis *ebulbosus*. Perianthii segmenta distincta, laminis patentibus. Flores in umbella terminali pedicellati.—Australia.
- 150. Androcymbium. Perianthii segmenta distincta, unguibus erectis, laminis erecto-patentibus. Folia in caule brevi basi dilatata, inflorescentiam capituliformem involucrantia.—Afr. austr., Reg. Mediterr.
- 151. WURMBEA. Perianthii tubus brevis, lobi longiores patentes. Flores in spica terminali subsessiles.—Afr. austr., Australia.
- 152. Brometra. Perianthii segmenta distincta, unguibus erectis, laminis patentibus. Flores in racemo terminali pauci, breviter pedicellati. Capsula longa, erecta.— Afr. austr.
- 153. DIPIDAX. Perianthii segmenta distincta, unguibus brevibus subcrectis, laminis patentibus. Flores in spica terminali subsessiles. Capsula turbinata truncata v. 3-loba.—Afr. austr.

# \*\* Capsula loculicide dehiscens.

- 154. Anguillaria. Perianthium persistens, segmentis oblongis patentibus. Flores in spica terminali subsessiles.—Australia.
- 155. Ornithoglossum. Perianthium sub fructu persistens, segmentis angustis patentibus. Flores longe pedicellati, laxissime racemosi. Afr. austr.
- 156. IPHIGENIA. Perianthium post anthesin caducissimum, segmentis linearibus patentibus. Flores ad axillas bractearum foliacearum longe pedicellati, vix racemosi, interdum in caule solitarii.—Ind. Or., Nov. Zel., Australia, Madagasc., Afr. trop.

Tribus XVII. Martheciese. Rhizoma breve v. reptans, bulbus 0. Folia radicalia conferta disticha, v. petiolata patentia, caulina minora, nunc minima v. 0. Perianthium (an semper?) persistens. Antherse basi v. juxta basin affixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum v. subextrorsum dehiscentibus.

#### \* Capsula loculicide dehiscens.

- † Antherarum loculi subintrorsum dehiscentes. Stylus indivisus.
- 157. NEITHEBIA. Folia radicalia linearia, rigida, disticha, caulina perpauca. Inflorescentia ramosa, fere corymboso-cymosa, pedicellis erectis rigidis. Perianthium rigidum, segmentis basi in tubum ovario adnatum connatis.—Mont. Roraima Guiana.
- 158. Narthectum. Folia radicalia linearia, rigida, disticha, caulina perpauca v. 0. Racemus simplex v. parce ramosus. Perianthii segmenta rigida, distincta, patentia.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp.

169. METANAETHECIUM. Folia membranacea, radicalia oblonga, petiolata, caulina perpauca minima v. 0. Racemus spiciformis, simplex v. parce ramosus. Perianthii segmenta distincta, linearia.—Japonia.

# †† Antherarum loculi subextrorsum dehiscentes. Styli 3.

- 160. CHAMMLIBION. Folia membranacea, radicalia obovalia petiolata, caulina minora angustiora. Racemus spiciformis, simplex. Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta linearia, subsequalia, Antherse parvee, subglobosse.—Amer. bor.
- 161. CHIONOGRAPHIS. Habitus et inflorescentia *Chamælirii*. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 2-4 superiora linearia, 4-2 inferiora minima v. obsoleta. Antheræ parvæ, 2-globosæ.—*Japonia*.
- 162. Xehophyllum. Folia radicalia conferta, longe linearia, rigida, caulina subulata, sparsa. Racemus terminalis, simplex, floribundus, primum dense pyramidatus, demum valde elongatus.

  —Amer. bor.
- 163. Hewardia. Folia radicalia rigida, linearia, disticha, caulina pauca spathiformia. Flos unicus, terminalis, majusculus. Stamina 3, antheris longis. Styli basi breviter connati.—

  Tasmania.

# \*\* Capsula septicide dehiscens v. partita.

#### † Antherarum loculi subextrorsum dehiscentes.

- 164. Heloniopsis. Folia membranacea, radicalia petiolata, oblonga, caulina pauca, minima v. 0. Flores ad apicem scapi pauci, majusculi. Stamina perianthio sublongiora. Stylus indivisus.—Japonia.
- 165. HELONIAS. Folia membranacea, radicalia petiolata, caulina pauca minima. Flores parvuli, dense racemosi. Stamina perianthio paullo longiora. Styli 3, brevissimi.—Amer. bor.

#### †† Antherarum loculi introrsum dehiscentes.

- 166. TOFIELDIA. Folia radicalia linearia, caulina pauca parva v. 0. Flores parvuli, in racemo spiciformi v. spica subsessiles. Styli 3, brevissimi.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp. et mont., Andes Amer. austr.
- 167. ? Petrosavia. Caulis aphyllus, squamatus, tenuis. Flores parvi, in racemo simplici laxo. Stigmata 3, in carpellis sessilia.—Borneo.
  - 168. PLREA. Stamina 6-12. Cætera Tofieldia. -- Carolina.

Tribus XVIII. Uvulariese. Rhizoma tuberosum v. repens. Caulis simplex v. ramosus, brevis v. alte scandens, foliatus, foliis sessilibus v. amplexicaulibus nec vaginatis. Flores axillares v. terminales, solitarii v. rarius gemini v. pauci. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes. Stylus filiformis, (excepta Walleria) 3-fidus. Capsula loculicida, rarius septicida.

#### \* Capsula (ubi nota) loculicida.

- 169. Schelhammera. Caulis humilis, sæpe ramosus. Flores terminales. Perianthii segmenta patentia.—Australia.
- 170. Kreysigia. Caulis simplex. Flores axillares. Perianthii segmenta a basi patentia.—

  Australia.
- 171. UVULARIA. Caulis parum ramosus. Flores terminales, penduli. Perianthii segmenta erecta, conniventia v. superne patentia.—Amer. bor.
- 172. GLOBIOSA. Caulis alte scandens. Flores speciosi, in axillis longe pedicellati. Perianthii segmenta patentia, sæpissime undulato-crispa.— Asia et Afr. trop.
- 173. Sandersonia. Caulis (an semper?) simplex, suberectus. Flores aurantiaci, axillares. Perianthium urceolato-globosum, lobis brevissimis.—Natal.
- 174. Littonia. Caulis scandens. Flores aurantiaci, axillares. Perianthii segmenta distincta, suberecta, campanulato-conniventia.—Afr. austr. et trop.
- 175. ? WALLERIA. Caulis simplex, elatus. Flores axillares. Perianthii tubus brevissimus, lobi patentes. Antherarum loculi poro terminali dehiscentes. Stylus indivisus.—Afr. trop.

# \*\* Capsula septicida.

176. TRICYRTIS. Perianthii segmenta erecta, conniventia, superne patentia, exteriora basi saccata. Flores axillares v. in cyma terminali laxe dichotoma.—Himalaya, Japonia, China.

#### \*\*\* Bacca indehiscens.

177. DISPORUM. Perianthii segmenta erecta, conniventia, superne patentia, basi sæpe (nec semper) foveolata v. saccata. Flores ad apices ramulorum solitarii gemini v. rarius umbellati.
—Asia mont. et ossitr., Japonia, Amer. bor.

Tribus XIX. Medeoless. Caulis ebulbosus, simplex. Folia membranacea, lata, pauca, ad basin caulis subradicalia v. in medio caule v. apice opposita v. verticillata. Flores terminales, solitarii v. umbellati. Antherarum loculi extrorsum dehiscentes. Fructus indehiscens, baccatus v. membranaceus.

- 178. CLINTONIA. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, petiolata v. in vaginam contracta. Umbella longe pedunculata (rarius flos unicus). Perianthii segmenta subsequalia.—Asia mont. et temp., Japonia, Amer. bor.
- 179. Sooliofus. Folia ad apicem caulis 2. Umbella inter folia sessilis, pedicellis longis. Perianthii segmenta exteriora patentia, interiora linearia, erecta. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis parietalibus. Fructus membranaceus, demum ruptus nec valvatim dehiscens.— Amer. bor.
- 180. Medrola. Folia in medio caule verticillata. Umbella terminalis, foliis 3 involucrata. Perianthii segmenta subsequalia.—Amer. bor.
- 181. TRILLIUM. Folia 3, ad apicem caulis verticillata. Flos inter folia unicus, 3-merus. Perianthii segmenta exteriora subherbacea, interiora petaloidea.—Asia mont. et temp., Japonia, Amer. bor.
- 182. Paris. Folia 4-co, ad apicem caulis verticillata. Flos inter folia unicus, 4-com erus. Perianthii segmenta exteriora herbacea, interiora linearia subulata v. 0.—Europa, Asia temp. et mont.

Tribus XX. Veratress. Caules erecti, sæpius elati, basi ebulbosi v. bulbosi, foliati v. præter folia subradicalia aphylli. Racemi simplices v. paniculati. Flores sæpius polygami. Antheræ breves, introrsum affixæ, extrorsum dehiscentes, loculis confluentibus, demum explanatæ orbiculatopeltatæ. Styli breves, lobos ovarii terminantes. Capsula septicide dehiscens v. partita.

- \* Semina circumcirca membranaceo-alata. Caules foliati.
- 183. MELANTHIUM. Folia angusta v. longe petiolata. Perianthii segmenta distincte unguiculata.—Amer. bor.
- 184. VERATRUM. Folia sæpius lata, plicato-venosa, in vaginam contracta nec distincte petiolata. Perianthii segmenta basi parum contracta.—Europa, Asia Ross., Amer. bor.
- \*\* Semina angusta, angulata, vix alata. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, linearia v. rarius sublanceolata.
- 185. STENANTHIUM. Flores in racemo v. panicula pedicellati. Perianthium anguste v. late campanulatum, tubo brevissimo turbinato. Stamina perianthio multo breviora. Ovarium basi perianthio brevissime adnatum.— Amer. bor., Asia bor. or.
- 186. ZYGADENUS. Flores in racemo v. panicula pedicellati. Perianthium explanatum, basi interdum brevissime turbinatum. Stamina perianthio paullo breviora. Ovarium sæpe basi perianthio breviter adnatum.—Amer. bor.
- 187. Schenocaulon. Flores in spica subsessiles. Perianthii segmenta angusta. Stamina perianthio longiora. Ovarium a basi liberum.—Amer. bor.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

Ophiopogoneæ et Comanthereæ, a pluribus botanicis in Liliaceis inclusæ, supra ad Emmodoraceas referentur.

Wachendorffa, Linn., affinesque a Lindleyo inter Liliaceas enumeratæ, pariter ad Esemedoraceas pertinent.

XANTHORHEA, Sm., inter Juncaceas quærenda est.

Duchekia, Kostel., est Palisota, genus Commelinacearum.

ANDROSYNE, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 61, genus ad ramulum in insula Nicobar lectum descriptum, nulli nobis noto convenit. Caulis volubilis, aculeatus. Folia alterna, dorso aculeata, nervis paral-

lelis isthmis paucis transversis. Perianthii segmenta 6, lanceolata. Stamina 6, hypogyna; antheræ filamento longiores in conum cohærentes, foraminibus terminalibus dehiscentes. Ovarium superum, 3-loculare; stylus gracilis, stigmate parvo. Fructus capsularis. Semina plurima.

Bidwillia, Herb. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 205, genus nomine tantum signatum, delendum est.

#### TRIBUS I. SMILACE A.

1. **Exterosmilax**, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 270. (Oligosmilax, Seem. Journ. Bot. 1868, 258, t. 83.)—Flores dioici. Perianthium ovoideum v. tubulosum, ore parvo minute 2-5-dentato. Fl. δ: Stamina 3, fundo perianthii affixa eoque inclusa, filamentis in columnam connatis; antheræ ad apicem columnæ sessiles v. brevissime stipitatæ, erectæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus septo angustissimo separatis, apertæ 1-loculares videntur. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. φ: Perianthium post anthesin deciduum. Staminodia ad basin ovarii 1-3, minima, filiformia. Ovarium perianthio inclusum, sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stigmata 3, brevissima, ad apicem ovarii sessilia; ovula in loculis 2, pendula, orthotropa. Bacca globosa, abortu 1-3-sperma. Semina Smilacis.—Frutices glabri, scandentes, inermes, habitu Smilacis. Folia membranacea v. rarius subcoriacea, 3-5-nervia, reticulato-venulosa, petiolo cirrifero. Flores parvi v. minimi, in umbellis ad axillas solitariis pedunculatis numerosi.

Species 5, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ.—A. DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 41.

2. Smilax, Linn. Gen. n. 1120.—Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta distincta, subæqualia, sub anthesi patentia incurva v. recurva. Fl. &: Stamina 6, rarius 🗢, fundo perianthii affixa, segmentis vix breviora, filamentis erectis liberis brevissimis v. longiusculis; antheræ filamento multo breviores v. longiores, ovatæ, erectæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus septo angustissimo separatis, apertæ 1-loculares videntur. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia filiformia, 6 v. pauciora. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stigmata 3, ad apicem ovarii v. in stylo brevissimo sessilia, lata, recurva; ovula in loculis solitaria v. gemina, pendula, orthotropa. Bacca globosa, abortu sæpius 1-2-sperma. Semina si solitaria globosa, si 2 hemispherica testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine duro parvus, oblongus, ab hilo plus minus remotus.—Frutices sarmentosi, raro humiles subherbacei, rhizomate sæpe valido, folio secundo cujusque rami sæpe squamiformi. Folia cetera alterna, disticha, v. rarius opposita. sepius perennantia, 3-rarius 5-co-nervia, inter nervos reticulata, petiolo supra basin persistentem sepius cirris 2 instructo, infra v. juxta limbum tardius rumpendo. Flores parvuli, in umbellis (v. cymulis umbelliformibus) subæqualiter pedicellati, sæpius numerosi, rarius subsolitarii, bracteis ad basin pedicellorum minimis. Umbellæ ad axillas foliorum solitariæ, pedunculatæ v. subsessiles, v. ad apices ramorum plures, secus rhachin subsessiles, racemum formant subaphyllum, foliis floralibus plerisque minimis bracteiformibus.

Species satis notæ ex A. DC. 187, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ.

—A. DC. Monogr. Phancrog. i. 45.

Genus in sectiones 4, fatente A.DC. parum naturales dividitur:-

- 1. Coprosmanthus, Torr. Stamina 6. Ovarii loculi 2-ovulati. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 187. Wats. Dendrol. t. 110. Seem. Bot. Her. t. 99. Bot. Mag. t. 1920. Coprosmanthus, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 263. Nemexia, Rafin. Med. Fl. U.S. ii. 264, absque char.
- 2. Coilanthus. Stamina 6. Ovarii loculi 1-ovulati. Perianthii segmenta, præsertim interiora, incurva, concava, sæpe crassiuscula. Species paucæ, Asiaticæ v. Australusieæ. Labili. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 22. Endl. Iconogr. t. 39. Secm. Bot. Her. t. 100.
- 3. Eusmilax. Stamina 6. Ovarii loculi 1-ovulati. Perianthii segmenta patentia v. recurva. Wats. Dendrol. t. 108, 109, 111. Recebb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 438. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 63. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 959. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 225. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 106. Wight, Ic. t. 809, 2057 ad 2059. Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. t. 94. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 169. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reisc, Bot. t. 91. Griseb. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. 1. t. 1 ad 3. Vell. Fl.

- Flum. Ic. x. t. 105 ad 111. Bertol. Misc. xvi. t. 2, 3. Bot. Mag. t. 1846. Fl. des Serres. t. 1049. Parillax, Rafin. Fl. Med. U.S. ii. 264 absque char.
- 4. Pleiosmilax. Stamina plusquam 6, cætera Eusmilacis. Species paucæ, insularum maris Pacifici. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 23. Pleiosmilax, Seem. Journ. Bot. 1868, 193, t. 81; Fl. Vit. t. 93.
- 3. **Ehipegenum**, Forst. Char. Gen. 49, t. 25 (Ripogonum).—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta distincta, sequalia v. exteriora breviora. Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis brevissimis leviter complanatis; antherse erectse, ovatse, perianthio paullo breviores v. longiores, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, in stylum brevissimum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 crassis recurvis; ovula in loculis solitaria v. rarius gemina, a latere sub apice affixa, orthotropa v. hemianatropa. Bacca globosa, abortu 1-sperma v. interdum 2-3-sperma. Semina globosa, testa appressa; embryo parvus, in albumine duro ab hilo plus minus remotus.—Frutices alte scandentes, glabri v. pubescentes. Folia pleraque sepius opposita v. subopposita, interdum omnia alterna, 3-5-nervia, venulis reticulatis, petiolo non cirrifero. Flores parvuli, racemosi v. spicati, secus rhachin breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles, spicis racemisve ad axillas solitariis sessilibus v. ad apices ramorum in paniculam dispositis. Bracteæ parvæ, additis sæpe sub quoque flore bracteolis 2-3.

Species 5, quarum una Novo-Zelandica perianthio antheris breviore, ovarii loculis sæpissime 2-ovulatis, 4 Australianæ, perianthio antheras superante, ovarii loculis sæpissime 1-ovulatis. – A.DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 213. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 8, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1395, 1396.

#### TRIBUS II. ASPARAGEÆ.

- 4. Euscus, Linn. Gen. n. 1139.—Flores dioici. Perianthium parvum, marcescens; segmenta distincta, 3 exteriora ovata subvalvata demum patentia, 3 interiora in alabastro inclusa, multo minora. Staminum filamenta in urceolum globosum v. ovoideum carnosulum ocalita; antheræ 3, ad os urceoli subextrorsum sessiles, loculis leviter divergentibus apice confluentibus; in fl. 2 urceolus tenuior anantherus, ovarium imperfecte cingens. Ovarium in fl. & 0 v. rudimentum minimum; in fl. ? ovoideo-globosum v. oblongum, jam sub anthesi (abortu?) 1-loculare; stylus breviter columnaris v. supra ovarium oblongum vix ullus, stigmate crasso capitato; ovula in loculo 2, collateralia, orthotropa. Bacca globosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina solitaria globosa, v. 2 uno latere plana, pallida, testa tenuissima arcte adnata, hilo cum chalaza late orbiculari; embryo cylindraceus, albumine duro 2-3-plo brevior, ab hilo plus minus remotus. - Caulis erectus, ramosus, sublignosus. Cladodia foliiformia alterna v. sparsa, ad axillas squamellerum scariosarum solitaria, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, acuta v. pungenti-acuminata, rigide coriacea, venis crebris parallelis distinctis v. plus minus reticulato-anastomosantibus. Flores parvi, in media facie superiore v. rarius inferiore cladodii fasciculati, fasciculo costam prominulam terminante. Pedicelli breves, apice articulati. Bracteze minimæ. scariosæ, sub quoque pedicello sæpius 2, adest etiam sæpe sub fasciculo bractea foliacea lanceolata acuta, brevis v. flores superans.
- Species 2 v. 3, Europæ et totius regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, a Madera usque ad Caucasum extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 273. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 629. Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 437. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 64. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 955. Bot. Mag. t. 2049.
- R. Hypophyllum et R. Hypoglossum, Linn., a variis botanicis qui plantas in loco natali observarunt characteribus variis distinguuntur v. in speciem unicam junguntur. Florum fasciculus in una semper in pagina inferiore oriundus, in altera ssepius nec semper in pagina superiore; bractea foliacea sub fasciculo quam maxime variabilis est; ovarium interdum oblongum stigmate sessili, interdum subglobosum stylo breviter columnari observavimus, sed differentia vix cum aliis characteribus convenit. Flores minimos perpaucos examinare petuimus, semper tamen ovarii loculum unicum tantum paullo excentricum invenimus.

5. Semele, Kunth in Abhandl. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1842, 49; Enum. Pl. v. 277. (Amphion, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 66.)—Perianthium persistens, tubo brevissimo turbinato fere hemisphærico; lobi ovati, subæquales v. interiores paullo minores, patentissimi v. reflexi; corona 0. Stamina fauci affixa, filamentis in urceolum brevem latum membranaceum coalitis; antheræ ad os urceoli extrorsum sessiles, loculis leviter divergentibus apice confluentibus. Ovarium intra tubum perianthii sessile, brevissimum, 3-loculare; stylus ovario longior, columnaris, medio incrassatus, stigmatibus 3 crassiusculis ex urceolo prominentibus patentibus; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, hemianatropa. Bacca globosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina solitaria v. rarius 2, globosa v. uno latere plana, pallida, testa tenuissima adnata; embryo cylindraceus, albumine duro 2-3-plo brevior, ab hilo remotus.—Caulis fruticosus, ramosus, super arbores alte scandens. Cladodia foliiformia alterna v. sparsa, ad axillas squamellarum fusco-membranacearum solitaria, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, coriacea, tenuiter multinervia. Flores parvi, fasciculati, fasciculis ad margines cladodiorum sæpe in eodem cladodio pluribus, rarius in facie cladodii solitariis, pedicellis brevibus apice articulatis. Bracteæ sub pedicellis minute squamiformes.

Species 1, ins. Canariensium incola. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 224 (Danac). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 630. Bot. Mag. t. 1898, 3029 (Ruscus).

6. Danae, Medicus, Malv. Fam. 71. (Danaidia, Link, Handb. i. 276.)—Perianthium subglobosum, tubo hemisphærico subcarnoso; lobi breves, erecti, subæquales, ovati, membranacei; corona ad faucem sub lobis crasse carnosa. Stamina ad faucem sub corona affixa, filamentis in urceolum membranaceum coalitis; antheræ 6, ad os urceoli subextrorsum sessiles, loculis parum divergentibus apice confluentibus. Ovarium tubo perianthii urceoloque inclusum, liberum, sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate capitato ex urceolo exserto; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, hemianatropa (v. orthotropa?). Bacca globosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina abortu solitaria v. rarius 2, subglobosa, pallida, testa tenui adnata; embryo oblongus, albumine cartilagineo 3-4-plo brevior, ab hilo remotus.—Caulis fruticosus, erectus, ramosissimus. Cladodia foliiformia alterna v. sparsa, lanceolata v ovato-lanceolata, acuta, coriacea, multinervia, ad axillas squamellarum minimarum solitaria. Flores parvi, in racemos breves terminales a cladodiis liberos dispositi, pedicellis apice articulatis. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 1, Orientalis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 276. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 631. Gaertn. Fruct. t. 16 (Ruscus). Wats. Dendrol. Brit. t. 145 (Ruscus).

7. Asparagus, Linn. Gen. n. 424. Perianthium parvum, marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta v. vix ima basi connata, subsequalia, conniventia v. apice v. a basi patentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa v. hypogyna, perianthio sepius parum breviora, filamentis distinctis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblonge, basi 2-lobe, dorsifixe, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3loculare; stylus columnaris, brevis crassusque v. longior tenuisque, stigmatibus 3 brevibus recurvis, v. rarius styli breves fere a basi distincti ; ovula in loculis 2-∞ (usque ad 8), obovoidea, hemianatropa v. fere orthotropa. Bacca globosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina abortu solitaria v. pauca, subglobosa, saepius nigra, opaca v. foveolato-rugulosa, testa tenui appressa; embryo cylindraceus, albumine duro parum v. 2-3-plo brevior, sæpius obliquus v. transversus, ab hilo plus minus remotus. —Caulis e rhizomate brevi v. repente herbaceus v. lignosus, sæpius ramosissimus, erectus v. alte scandens. Cladodia nunc acicularia teretia v. angulata, nunc foliiformia linearia falcata lanceolata v. rarius ovata, ad axillas squamellarum scariosarum sæpe minutarum fasciculata v. solitaria, rarius subverticillata. Flores parvi, ad basin fasciculorum v. cladodiorum solitarii fasciculati subumbellati v. breviter racemosi, pedicellis brevibus v. gracilibus, apice articulatis. Bractez squamiformes, sub pedicellis sæpius minutæ v. 0.

Species fere 100, per regiones calidiores temperatasque orbis veteris latissime dispersæ; in America prorsus deesse videntur. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 57. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvi. 594

et in Irans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 253. Red. Lil. t. 288, 407, 434, 446, 451, 460. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 97, 266. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 40. Wendl. Hort. Herrenh. t. 22. Hayne, Arzneigew. viii. t. 29. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 518 ad 520. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 57. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 201. Cav. lc. t. 136. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 226 ad 229. Tornabene in Atti Acad. Gioen. xii. cum tabb. (opus a nobis non visum). Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 337 ad 339. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 22. Wight, Ic. t. 2055, 2056. Schweinf. Pl. Nilot. t. 13 (Asparagopsis). Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 105. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 21, 214, 261.

Genus a Kunthio restrictum fuit ad species floribus ex Kunthio dioicis ex Bakero polygamis, et species floribus omnibus hermaphroditis pro genere proprio separavit: Asparagopsis, Kunth in Abhandl. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1842, 35; Enum. Pl. v. 76; character tamen sæpe valde ambiguus, et genera duo bene in sectionem unicam jungeres iconibus supra citatis illustrandam. Cladodia in Asparago, Kunth, sæpissime fasciculata acicularia teretia v. angulata, nunc rigide pungentia, nunc tenuiora fere filiformia, in Asparagopside, Kunth, interdum iis Asparagi similia, sæpe tamen plana haud raro ad squamellas solitaria, anguste linearia recta v. falcata, v. lineari-lanceolata rarius latiuscula.

MYRSIPHYLLUM, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berl. Mag. ii. 25. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 105 (HECATRIS, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 66), species continet 4 austro-Africanas, a plerisque botanicis bene ad sectionem Asparagi relatas, cladodiis foliiformibus ad squamellas solitariis ovatis v. ovatolanceolatis vix coriaceis. Red. Lil. t. 442 (Medeola). Bot. Mag. t. 5584. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 47.

# TRIBUS III. LUZURIAGEÆ.

8. Merreria, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 48, t. 35; Syst. Veg. 83; Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 69, t. 303. -Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, subequalia, patentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovoideooblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmatibus 3 ad apicem subclavatum adnatis; ovula in loculis pauca (3-6), lateraliter affixa, latiuscula. Capsula coriacea, fere suberosa, 3-quetra, angulis valde prominentibus a latere 3-loba, demum septicide in carpella introrsum v. interdum 2-valvatim dehiscentia secedens. Semina in loculis seepius abortu solitaria v. gemina, a latere complanata, nigra, testa laxa crassiuscule membranacea circumcirca fere in alam dilatata; embryo cylindraceus, albumine carnoso 2-3-plo brevior. —Caulis e rhizomate sæpe tuberoso elatus, ramosus, tortuoso-volubilis v. rarius flexuosoerectus rigidulus. Folia cladodiis Danais et Semelis simillima, ad basin caulis v. ad nodos fasciculata, linearia v. lanceolata, rigidula, tenuiter multinervia, interdum angustissima subpungentia; squamellæ parvæ ad basin fasciculorum v. etiam foliis intermixtæ sæpissime adsunt paucæ v. plurimæ. Racemi ad basin fasciculorum solitarii v. 2 suboppositi, v. ad apices ramorum laxe paniculati. Flores parvi, secus rhachin sparsi v. fasciculati, breviter pedicellati, pedicellis sub apice articulatis. Bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum parvæ, squamiformes.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ australis extratropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 201. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 231. Griseb. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 23, t. 4, 5. Bot. Reg. t. 1042.

Clara, Kunth in Abhandl. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1848, 44; Enum. Pl. v. 295; Grisch., Symb. Fl. Argent. 321, ex speciminibus Balansanis e Paraguay, n. 629, omnino cum descriptione Kunthii et Grischachii convenientibus, a cæteris Herreriis non differt nisi caule elato quidem flexuosoque sed non volubili parumque ramoso, fasciculos foliorum paucos ferente. Flores et fructus omnino Herreriie.

9. **Behnia**, Didrichs. in Vidensk. Meddel. Kjobenh. 1854, 182. (Dictyopsis, Harv. in Bot. Mag. t. 5638. Hylonome, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 561, vix Webb.)—Perianthium deciduum, oblongo-urceolatum, tubo lato cylindraceo apice contracto; lobi breves subæquales, patentes. Stamina 6, medio tubo affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ breviter oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium basi in stipitem crassum contractum, 3-loculare; stylus crassiuscule filiformis, stigmatibus 3 brevibus obtusis crassis patentibus; ovula in loculis pauca (2-4?). Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens, pericarpio carnoso. Semina pauca v. solitaria, subglobosa, testa nigra crassiuscula appressa; embryo subcentralis, albumine corneo

dimidio brevior.—Caulis basi tenuis, ramosus, scandens. Folia sessilia, ovata, acuminata, coriacea, insigniter parallele venosa et venulis transversis inter venas reticulata, cladodia Rusci quodammodo referentia. Flores viridi-flavescentes, in axillis superioribus laxe subcymoso-racemosi, pedicellis gracilibus secus pedunculum ad axillas bractearum minimarum 2–3-nis v. solitariis.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola (Ruscus reticulatus, Thunb.).

Webb, Phytogr. Canar. iii. 320, genus Hylonoms proposuit cum synonymo Thunbergiano supra citato, character tamen nequaquam convenit. Flores dioici, 5-meri, perianthio 10-partito etc. potius plantam quamdam e Dicotyledoneis indicant.

10. Lapageria, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 64, t. 297. (Capia, Domb. in Poir. Dict. Suppl. v. 596. Phænocodon, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 58.)—Perianthii segmenta erecta, distincta, conniventia, subæquilonga, seriei exterioris paullo angustiora, basi sæpius extus gibba intus foveolata nectarifera. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentis interioribus breviter adnata, erecta, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. basi dilatatis breviterque cohærentibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus elongatus, stigmate parvo obsolete 3-lobo; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa, funiculis (v. placenta) gelatinosis fulta, amphitropa. Bacca ovoideo-oblonga, sub-3-quetra, indehiscens. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, in pulpa nidulantia, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine fere cartilagineo inclusus, oblongo-linearis.—Frutex alte scandens, ramosus. Folia alterna, lanceolata ovata v. subcordata, acuminata, coriacea, 3-5-nervia et reticulato-venulosa, petiolo brevi infra limbum sæpius articulato, parte inferiore persistente torta. Flores speciosi, in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramorum solitarii v. pauci, penduli, breviter pedunculati. Bracteæ in pedunculo plures, parvæ, imbricatæ.

Species 1, Chilensis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 283. Baill. Adans. i. 44. Bot. Mag. t. 4447, 4892. Baillon arillum carnosum sub ovulis descripsit quem tamen in speciminibus vivis frustra quæsivimus, nisi pro arillis funiculi gelatinosi habendi.

11. Philesia, Comm. in Juss. Gen. 41.—Perianthii segmenta distincta, conniventia, exteriora acutiuscula erecta, interiora 2-3-plo longiora, obovato-oblonga, superne subpatentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, erecta, perianthio breviora, filamentis basi v. ultra medium dilatatis et plus minus in tubum connatis v. rarius fere a basi filiformibus liberisque; antheræ oblongo-lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ v. lobis basalibus concretis intra basin intrusam affixæ. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus elongatus, stigmate capitato obscure 3-lobo; ovula in quaque placenta numerosa, anatropa. Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, in pulpa nidulantia, testa tenui appressa; embryo albumine fere cartilagineo inclusus, oblongo-linearis.—Frutex glaber, ramosissimus. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, oblonga, coriacea, margine revoluta, 1-nervia, tenuissime reticulato-venulosa. Flores speciosi, quam in Lapageria tamen minores, ad apices ramorum solitarii v. perpauci, brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ paucæ, parvæ, imbricatæ.

Species 1, Chile australis et terræ Magellanicæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 284. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. ii. 355. Bot. Mag. t. 4738.

12. Eusuriaga, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 65, t. 298. (Callixene, Juss. Gen. 41. Enargea, Banks ex Gartn. Fruct. i. 283, t. 59, ic. quoad embryonem erronea.)—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, subrequalia, patentia, enervia, tenuia, maculata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis erectis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus crasse filiformis, stigmate in lobos 3 breves rotundatos diviso; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (8-10). Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens. Semina pauca, ovoidea v. subglobosa, interdum obtuse angulata, pallida, testa tenui appressa; embryo albumine corneo inclusus, brevis, rectus.—Caules fruticosi, glabri, ramosi, ramulis tenuibus patentibus basi squama fusco-

membranacea stipatis. Folia fere sessilia, alterna, parvula, oblonga v. elliptica, prominenter 3-co-nervia. Flores albi, ad axillas foliorum solitarii v. pauci; pedicelli graciles, basi bracteis brevibus fusco-membranaceis stipati.

Species 3, quarum 2 Chilenses, tertia in terra Magellanica et Nova Zelandia obvia, szepe pro genere distincto habita. In specie typica, L. radicante, R. et Pav., filamenta brevissima, lata, crassa, antheris erectis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 278. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 573. Lam. Illustr. t. 248. Bot. Mag. t. 6465. In L. erecta, Kunth, et in L. marginata (Callixene, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 281. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 592. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 281. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 632, 674. Bot. Mag. t. 5192), filamenta filiformia, antheris sublongiora, summo apice abrupte reflexa, anthera extrorsum reversa. Perianthium, ovarium, fructus et semina omnino eadem in omnibus; antherarum loculi in omnibus ad normam ordinis rima longitudinali 2-valvatim dehiscunt, nec poris terminalibus tantum ut a Bakero descripti.

13. ■ustrephus, R. Br. Prod. 281.—Perianthium marcescens, demum deciduum; segmenta distincta, subequalia, patentia, 5-nervia, margine attenuata, exteriora integerrima, interiora fimbriato-ciliata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus complanatis in tubum conniventibus v. sæpius connatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞. Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens, pulpa parca, pericarpio demum tenui. Semina ∞, ovoidea v. subglobosa, sæpe obtusangula, nigra, rugosula, opaca, testa appressa; embryo in albumine corneo excentricus, sæpe curvulus, eoque parum v. triente brevior.—Caules basi lignosi, tenues, ramosissimi, flexuosi, alte scandentes. Folia alterna, subsessilia v. breviter petiolata, linearia lanceolata v. ovata, venosa. Flores ad axillas 2-∞ fasciculati, pedicellis gracilibus folio tamen multo brevioribus. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 1 (v. 2?), Australiana. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 572. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 17. Endl. Iconogr. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 1245.

14. Geitonoplesium, A. Cunn. in Bot. Mag. t. 3131. (Luzuriaga, R. Br. Prod. 281, non R. et Pav. Calcoa, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 67.)—Perianthium marcescens, demum sepius deciduum; segmenta distincta, patentia, subequalia, tenuiter 5-nervia, exteriora paullo rigidiora, interiora margine integerrimo attenuata. Stamina 6. hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus distinctis v. basi in annulum connatis; anthere oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Bacca globosa v. ovoidea, indehiscens, pulpa parca, pericarpio succulento. Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea v. compressiuscula, nigra, nitida, testa crustacea laxa; embryo crassiusculus, rectus v. leviter curvus, albumini carnoso fere æquilongus.—Caulis basi lignosus, tenuis, ramosissimus volubilis v. flexuosus, super arbores scandens, squamula parva ad basin ramuļorum. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, linearia oblonga lanceolata v. rarius ovata, tenuiter venosa. Flores parvuli, laxe cymosi, cymis nunc omnibus terminalibus supra folium ultimum breviter pedunculatis, nunc pluribus simul ad axillas superiores pedunculatis. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species v. varietates insignes 2, Australiæ Novæ Caledoniæ et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 571. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 18. Red. Lil. t. 393 (Medeola).

In forma typica Australiana cymæ omnes terminales v. rarissime 1 v. 2 in axillis superioribus; in speciminibus Novo-Caledonicis et insularum Fiji (an specioi alterius?) folia rigidiora, sæpius latiora et cymæ plures axillares.

#### TRIBUS IV. POLYGONATEA.

15. Polysonatum, Adans. Fam. ii. 54. (Evallaria, Neck. Elem. iii. 189. Axillaria, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 261. Campydorum, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 64.)—Perianthium marcescens, demum deciduum, tubo cylindraceo basi interdum latiore; lobi breves, erecto-patentes, subsequales. Stamina 6, tubo affixa eoque inclusa, filamentis filiformibus rarius complanatis; antherse oblongo-lineares, erectse, basi 2-lobse, dorsifixse, loculis

introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, oblongum v. globosum, 3-locu lare; stylus filiformis v. breviter columnaris, stigmate parvo v. parum incrassato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (4-6). Bacca globosa, indehiscens, pulposa. Semina sæpius pauca, ovoidea globosa v. varie compressiuscula, pallida v. brunnea, testa appressa; embryo juxta hilum cylindraceus, albumine corneo 2-3-plo brevior.—Caulis e rhizomate horizontali v. repente erectus, simplex, superne foliatus. Folia alterna opposita v. verticillata, ovata lanceolata v. linearia, in  $P.\ sibirico$  apice breviter cirroso-acuminata. Flores nutantes v. penduli, ad axillas solitarii, v. sæpius in pedunculo brevi  $2-\infty$  breviter laxeque racemosi v. subumbellati, pedicellis sub apice articulatis. Bracteæ 0.

Species enumerate 23, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 131. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 552. Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. ix. t. 7. Red. Lil. t. 229, 243, 244, 258, 315. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 45. Hayne, Arzneigew. iii. t. 19, 20. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 433 ad 435. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 60. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 232. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 441. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 1. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 125; Ic. Pl. t. 833. Bot. Mag. t. 3529, 5049, 5061, 6133. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 640 (w. plures sub Convallaria).

PERIBALLANTHUS, Franch. et Sav., Enum. Pl. Jap. ii. 524, planta japonica a nobis non visa, cujusque specimen unicum habuit Savatier, ex charactere dato a Polygonato differt bracteis in pedunculo sub floribus 3 foliaceis, quod etiam observatur in varietate P. multiflori, All. in Helvetia haud rara, et filamentis complanatis, charactere vix ad genus condendum sufficiente.

16. Streptopus, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 200, t. 18. (Hexorima, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 262. Hekorima, Kunth, Enum. iv. 203.)—Perianthium campanulatum v. expansum, deciduum; segmenta distincta v. vix basi connata, crecta et superne recurvopatentia, v. a basi rotato-patentia, subæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. interiora ima basi segmentis adnata, filamentis basi late membranaceìs apice acutis; antheræ oblongolineares v. abbreviatæ, erectæ, inter lobos basales breves affixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo interdum ultra loculos breviter producto. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis v. columnaris, apice brevissime v. longiuscule 3-fidus, ramis linearibus recurvis superne introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis ∞ (6-18). Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens, pulpa tenui. Semina ∞, oblonga, sæpius curvula, in longitudinem striata, pallida, testa tenui adnata; embryo juxta hilum cylindraceus, albumine solido 3-4-plo brevior.—Caulis e rhizomate brevi dense fibrifero v. longiore repente erectus, simplex v. parce ramosus, foliatus, basi præter vaginas 1-2 nudus. Folia alterna, oyata v. lanceolata, membranacea, sessilia v. amplexicaulia. Flores mediocres, ad axillas solitarii v. gemini, nutantes, rosei v. albidi, pedunculis filiformibus recurvis v. abrupte reflexis, nunc 1-floris medio articulatis, nunc ad articulationem in pedicellos 2 1-floros divisis. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 4, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et montanæ v. Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 204. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 590. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 269. Red. Lil. t. 259. Reichb. Ic. Fl. (ierm. t. 431. Nevs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 59. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 167 (Uvularia). Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 188. Bot. Mag. t. 1489 (Uvularia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1603.

Kruhska, Rogel, Fl. Ajan. 281 ex Maxim. Prim. Fl. Amur. 278, Baker l. c. 593 est S. ajanensis, Tiling, species floribus parvis, perianthii segmentis a basi rotato-patentibus insignis, et antheris parvis, styloque breviore columnare a cæteris parum distincta, rite tamen a S. Wats. ad Streptopum revocatur.

17. Drymophila, R. Br. Prod. 292.—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, patentia, 3-5-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ breviter oblongæ, erectæ, inter lobos basales aflixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus fere a basi in ramos 3 lineares recurvos apice introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis ∞. Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens. Semina ∞, ovoideo-globosa v. obtusangula, pallida, testa crustacea, nitida; embryo in albumine corneo parvus, hilo proximus.—Caulis e rhizomate

crasso erectus, tenuis, parce ramosus, superne foliatus. Folia alterna, subsessilia, lanceolata v. elliptica. Flores in axillis solitarii v. gemini, nutantes, pedicellis folio brevioribus recurvis supra medium articulatis. Bractese minimes.

Species 2, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 12.

18. Smilacina, Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. ix. 51, t. 9. (Tovaria, Neck. Elem. iii. 190, non aliorum. Polygonastrum, Moench. Meth. 637. Sigillaria, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 261. Smilacina, Asteranthemum, Jocaste et Medora, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 148 ad 155. Neolexis, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 64.)—Perianthium denum deciduum; segmenta distincta v. ima basi breviter connata, subæqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi perianthio affixa, filamentis nunc brevissimis latis, nunc filiformibus perianthio longioribus; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, interdum abbreviatus, stigmate parvo v. brevissime 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia v. fere superposita. Bacca globosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina pauca, sæpe solitaria, subglobosa, testa tenui adnata; embryo juxta hilum albumine corneo parum v. fere dimidio brevior.—Rhizoma nunc repens tenue, nunc breve crassum v. nodosum. Caulis erectus, simplex, basi squamis nonnullis scariosis v. hyalinis stipatus, superne foliatus. Folia alterna, brevissime petiolata, ovata lanceolata v. rarius angusta, nec cordata. Inflorescentia terminalis, breviter pedunculata, racemosa v. ramis simplicibus paniculata. Flores parvuli, nunc minimi, secus rhachin v. ramos paniculæ ad bracteas solitarii v. 2-3-natim fasciculati, pedicellis brevibus. Bracteæ parvæ, nunc minutæ v. obsoletæ.

Species fere 20, Americæ borealis et centralis, Asiæ temperatæ et montanæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 564 (Tovaria). S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 244. Red. Lil. t. 185, 230. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 144, 257. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 279. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 96 (Veratrum). Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 130. Bertol. Fl. Guatem. t. 4 (Nov. Comm. Acad. Sc. Bonon. iv. t. 39). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 529. Bot. Mag. t. 899, 1043 (Convalluria). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1080.

De nomine Neckeriano rejecto confer A. Gray in Amer. Journ. Sc. ser. 3, xvii. 337.

19. Maianthemum, Wiggers, Prim. Fl. Holsat. 15. (Sciophylla, Wibel, Prim. Fl. Werthem. 147, ex Kunthio. Bifolium, G. Gærtn. Fl. Wett. i. 209. Styrandra, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102. Maia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 64.)—Flores 2-meri. Perianthium explanatum, demum deciduum; segmenta 4, distincta, subsequalia, patentia. Stamina 4, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis leviter complanatis; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium subsessile, breve, 2-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia. Bacca subglobosa, pulposa, indehiscens. Semina pauca v. solitaria, ovoidea v. globosa, pallide bannea, testa arcte appressa; embryo juxta hilum albumine corneo dimidio brevior.—Caules e rhizomate tenui repente erecti, simplices, florentes supra medium 2- rarius 3-foliati, steriles 1-foliati. Folia petiolata v. rarius subsessilia, ovato-cordata, membranacea, summum si adsit sub inflorescentia 2 inferioribus minus sessiliusque. Racemus terminalis, simplex, gracilis. Flores parvi, pedicellis patentibus filiformibus ad bracteas minutas v. obsoletas solitariis v. sæpius 2-3-natim fasciculatis.

Species 1, per regiones temperatus hemisphærii borealis latissime dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 147. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 563. Red. Lil. t. 216. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 436. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 62. Barton, Fl. N. Amer. ii. t. 70 (Smilacina). Bot. Mag. t. 510.

#### TRIBUS V. CONVALLARIEE.

20. Convallaria, Linn. Gen. n. 425, pro parte.—Perianthium subgloboso-campanulatum, deciduum; lobi breves, recurvo-patentes, subsequales. Stamina 6, prope basin tubi affixa, ecque breviora, filamentis brevibus crassiusculis superne attenuatis: antheres

oblongse, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideo-globosum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, 3-sulcus, stigmate parum dilatato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (4-8). Bacca globosa, indehiscens, pulposa. Semina  $\infty$ , sæpius pauca, ovoidea v. subglobosa, pallida, testa appressa; embryo albumine corneo dimidio v. subtriplo brevior.—Caules e rhizomate dense fibrifero horizontali v. stolonifero brevissimi. Folia 2, ovato-lanceolata, vaginis longis semet involventibus caulem simulantibus. Scapus lateralis, aphyllus, cum foliorum vaginis basi squamis plurimis membranaceis imbricatis inclusus. Racemus in scapo terminalis, simplex, pedicellis ad bracteas solitariis recurvis. Flores nutantes, albi rarius rosei. Bracteæ lineares, scariosæ, caducæ.

Species 1, per Europam et Asiam temperatam late dispersa, etiam in Virginia et Carolina obvia. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 130. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 552. Red. Lil. t. 227. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 432. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 61. Hayne, Arzneigew. iii. t. 18.

21. Theropegon, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersb. xv. 89; Mel. Biol. vii. 330. —Perianthium subgloboso-campanulatum, marcescens, demum deciduum; segmenta distincta v. vix basi brevissime coherentia, subequalia. Stamina 6, ima basi perianthio affixa eoque breviora, filamentis brevibus late v. anguste membranaceis basi subconnatis; antheræ ovatæ, acutiusculæ, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis basi divergentibus introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (6-10). Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens, pulposa. Semina ∞ v. ad 1-2 reducta, ovoidea v. subglobosa, pallide brunnea, testa arcte appressa; embryo rectus v. curvulus, albumine corneo triente v. fere dimidio brevior.—Rhizoma obliquum, crassiusculum, breve, fibris radicalibus tuberiferis. Folia in rhizomate plura, linearia, graminea, basi cum scapo squamis paucis inclusa. Scapus inter folia infima lateralis, aphyllus, erectus. Racemus terminalis, simplex. Flores ad bracteas parvas lineares solitarii v. rarius gemini, rosei, patentes v. nutantes, pedicellis sæpius recurvis.

Species 1, in Himalaya frequens. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 562. Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6154.

22. ? Speirantha, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 562.—Perianthium expansum, marcescens (demum deciduum?); segmenta distincta, subæqualia, patentissima. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, inter lobos basales longiusculos affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis pauca (2-4), anatropa. Fructus (baccatus?)...—Rhizoma obliquum, crassum, stoloniferum. Folia in rhizomate plura, vaginis basi dilatatis squamisque exterioribus fere in bulbum incrassatis, laminis lanceolatis v. latioribus. Scapus lateralis, cum foliorum væginis intra squamas exteriores inclusus, vaginis seu squamis nonnullis erectis dissitis instructus, cæterum aphyllus. Racemus in scapo terminalis, simplex, pedicellis patentibus nec recurvis ad bracteas solitariis. Flores albi v. viriduli. Bracteæ lineares,

Species 1, Chinensis. Bot. Mag. t. 4842 (Albuca, patria falsa et antheris imperfecte delineatis). Genus, fructu ignoto, quoad affinitates adhuc incertum; habitu nulli nisi Convallarieis accedit.

23. Reineckea, Kunth in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1842, 29. (Sanseviella, Reichb. Consp. 44. Liriope, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 74, non Lour.)—Perianthium marcescens, tubo cylindraceo subsequali; lobi inter se et tubo subsequales, sub anthesi recurvo-patentes. Stamina 6, tubo sub lobis affixa iisque subsequilonga, filamentis filiformibus; antherse oblongse, dorsifixe, loculis basi apiceque liberis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo brevissime 3-lobo, ovula in loculis 2, erecta, v. ex Kunthio 4, 2-seriatim superposita. Bacca globosa, indehiscens. Semina pauca, interdum in bacca solitaria, crassa, testa fere pulposa; embryo in albumine corneo duro parvus.—Rhizoma reptans, foliorum cicatricibus annulatum, caule cæterum nullo. Folia in rhizomate subdistiche fasciculata v. sparsa, linearia v. latiuscule

graminea subplicata. Scapus aphyllus, e rhisomate ad latus fasciculi foliorum erectus, simplex, jam infra medium v. fere a basi florens. Flores in spica simplici sub bractea membranacea solitarii, sessiles, dissiti.

Species 1, Chinze et Japonize incola. Kunth, Enum. Pi. v. 21. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 551. Jacq. Fragm. t. 102. Red. Lil. t. 323. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 361. Bot. Mag. t. 739 (ic. omnes sub Sanseviera).

Genus quoad perianthium et semina Dracone subaffine, habitu et inflorescentia longe diversum.

# TRIBUS VI. ASPIDISTREÆ.

24. Aspidistra, Ker in Bot. Reg. t. 628. (Macrogyne, Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 31. Porpax, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 9.)—Perianthium campanulatum, tubo lato ad faucem vix contracto; lobi 8, patentes, subæquales v. alterni paullo minores. Stamina 8, infra medium tubi affixa eoque inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovato-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium intra perianthium liberum, ressile, breve, crassum nec sulcatum, cum stylo crasso continuum, 4-loculare; stigma maximum, orbiculato-peltatum, faucem perianthii claudens, sæpius integrum, supra plus minus 4-sulcatum sulcis 2-fidis, demum interdum 8-fidum; ovula in loculis 2-6, lateraliter affixa. Bacca (a nobis non visa) globosa, indehiscens, 1-sperma. Semen . . .—Rhizoma crassum, breve v. repens. Folia radicalia longa, ampla, elevato-venosa, in petiolum erectum basi breviter dilatatum contracta. Scapi radicales brevissimi, 1-flori, squamis membranaceo-scariosis nunc paucis nunc dense imbricatis stipati. Perianthium luridum v. flavo-virens, intus sæpe punctatum.

Species 3, Himalayæ, Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 311 Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 579. Bot. Mag. t. 2499. Bot. Reg. t. 977.

PLECTOGYNE, Link in Allgem. Gartene. 1834, 266; Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 313; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 579, t. 18, est A. elatior, Blume in Heev. et Vr. Tidschr. i. 76, t. 4 et 3 D; Bot. Mag. t. 5386, stigmate supra evidentius sulcato demum in lobos 8 reflexos fisso; ovula ex Blumeo in uno loculo 4, in exteris 2, ex J. Gayo in loculis omnibus 4, ex Kunthio in loculis 6.

25. Tupistra, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1655. (Platymetra, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 9.)— Perianthium campanulatum, tubo lato ad faucem vix contracto; lobi 6, rarius 8, breves, patentes, subæquales. Stamina tot quot lobi, tubo infra faucem affixa eoque inclusa, filamentis brevissimis crassis inflexis; antheræ dorsifixæ, oyato-oblongæ, recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium intra perianthium liberum, sessile, breve, crassum nec sulcatum, 3- rarius 4-loculare, cum stylo crasso columnari continuum; stigma suborbiculari-peltatum, crassum, nunc maximum subintegrum faucem perianthii claudens, nunc profunde 3- v. 6-lobum; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, lateraliter affixa. Bacca globosa, sæpius 1-sperma, indehiscens. Semen globosum, testa appressa, albumine carnoso; embryo . . .-Rhizoma crassum, nunc breve tuberosum, nunc elongatum cicatricibus foliorum vetustorum annulatum. Folia radicalia longa, ampla, in petiolum erectum basi dilatatum contracta. Scapus inter folia radicalis, brevis v. elongatus, erectus v. apice recurvus, simplex, basi squamis membranaceis scariosis stipatus, cæterum aphyllus. Spica terminalis, densa, cylindracea. Flores sessiles, conferti, violacei v. luridi. Bracteæ herbaceæ v. scariosæ, ovatæ v. lanceolatæ, primum imbricatæ, jam sub anthesi sub floribus occultæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Himalayse v. Burmæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 315. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 580. Bot. Mag. t. 3054. Bot. Reg. t. 704, 1223. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 515.

MACROSTIGMA, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 319; Regel, Gartenfl. 1857, 130, t. 192, est T. macrostigma, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6280, stigmate fere Aspidistræ elatioris, sed 6-lobum nec 8-lobum, et inflorescentia Tupistræ.

CAMPYLANDRA, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 582, t. 20, est T. aurantiaca, Wall, a ceeteris speciebus parum diversa, filamentis paullo magis evolutis et stylo tenuiore.

26. Zohdea, Roth, Nov. Pl. Sp. 196. (Titragyne, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 9.)—Perianthium subgloboso-campanulatum, tubo lato; lobi 6, breves, lati, supra antheras

inflexi. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, filamentis brevissimis vix ullis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium intra perianthium liberum, subglobosum, 3-loculare, apice in stylum brevissimum contractum, stigmate amplo peltato 3-lobo, lobis recurvis; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, lateraliter affixa. Bacca globosa, indehiscens, sæpius 1-sperma. Semen maturum non visum.—Rhizoma breve, crassum. Folia radicalia ampla, longa, elevato-venosa, basi contracta, vix petiolata, vaginis imbricatis. Scapus inter folia iis multo brevior, simplex, erectus. Spica terminalis, dense cylindracea. Flores arcte sessiles, dense conferti. Bracteæ ovatæ, membranaceæ, breves, summæ sæpe vacuæ imbricatæ.

Species 1, Japonica. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 320. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 582. Bot. Mag. t. 898 (Orontium). Blume in Hæv. et Vr. Tijdschr. i. 73, 83, t. 3, A, B.

27. Gentoscypha, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 581, t. 19.—Perianthium campanulatum, tubo late cylindraceo; lobi 6, suborbiculati, obtusissimi, crenulati, patentes, parum inæquales. Stamina 6, sub fauce affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ, e tubo subprominentes, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, fere filiformis, stigmate 3-lobo, lobis brevibus latis patentibus; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia. Fructus . . .—Rhizoma . . . Folium adest unicum, petiolatum, amplum, ovali-oblongum, acuminatum, elevatovenosum. Scapus simplex, aphyllus, basi vaginis scariosis stipatus. Spica terminalis, cylindracea, densa etsi quam in Rohdea paullo laxior, floribus confertis sessilibus. Bracteæ lineari-setaceæ, summæ vacuæ ad apicem spicæ carnosæ.

Species 1, in Bhotan Himalayæ a Boothio lecta, specimine descripto in herb. Kew. ex herb. Nuttallii.

#### TRIBUS VII. HEMEROCALLEA.

28. **Memerocallis**, Linn. Gen. n. 433, pro parte.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo cylindraceo brevi v. longiusculo; lobi tubo multo longiores, oblongo-spathulati, erectopatentes, multinerves. Stamina 6, ad apicem tubi affixa, perianthio breviora, declinata, filamentis filiformibus; anthera oblongo-lineares, dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium subsessile, oblongum, obtuse 3-gonum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, declinatus, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula coriacea, oblonga v. subglobosa, 3-quetra, transverse rugosa, breviter loculicide 3-valvis. Semina sæpius pauca, ovoidea, angulata, nigra, nitida, testa laxa crassiuscule membranacea; embryo cylindraceus, albumine carnoso parum brevior.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus numerosis fasciculatis plus minus carnoso-incrassatis. Folia radicalia elongata, angusta, sæpe fere graminea. Flores magni, erecti, ad apicem scapi terminalis elati aphylli pauci, in paniculam brevem irregularem dispositi, v. perpauci fere in capitulum conferti. Bracteæ scariosæ, deciduæ.

Species 5, Europæ centralis et Asiæ temperatæ præsertim Japoniæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 587. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 357. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 139. Red. Lil. t. 15, 16. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 244. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 510. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 56. Bot. Mag. t. 19, 64 873. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 28. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 213. Regel, Gartenft. t. 522.

29. Phormium, Forst. Char. Gen. 47, t. 24. (Chlamydia, Banks in Gertn. Fruct. i. 71, t. 18.)—Perianthium incurvum; segmenta basi in tubum brevem turbinatum connata, cæterum libera, laxe conniventia, 3 exteriora lanceolata firmiora usque ad apicem erecta, 3 interiora interdum paullo longiora tenuiora apice breviter patentia. Stamina 6, tubo ad basin segmentorum affixa iisque sublongiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, erectæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-quetrum, perfecte v. imperfecte 3-loculare; stylus crassiuscule filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis

numerosa. Capsula subcoriacea, breviter v. longe cylindraceo-3-quetra, intestum valde torta, loculicide dehiscens. Semina oblonga, valde compressa, testa nigra membranacea, circa nucleum margine acuto dilatata nec vere alata; embryo in albumine carnoso longius-culus.—Rhizoma breve, incrassatum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis crassis. Folia radicalia longa, lineari-ensiformia, disticha, coriacea, tenacissima. Scapus aphyllus, elatus, apice ramosus, bracteis sub ramis membranaceo-scariosis sæpius caducis. Flores in panicula terminali secus ramos irregulariter pedicellati, intra bracteas scariosas fasciculati, versicolores, sæpius luridi v. flavicantes interdum abortu masculi. Pedicelli sub flore articulati.

Species 2, Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Faujas in Ann. Mus. Par. xix. 401, t. 20. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 286. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 357. Red. Lil. t. 448, 449. Bot. Mag. t. 3199.

30. Blandfordia, Sm. Exot. Bot. i. 5, t. 4.—Perianthium persistens, tubo superne v. fere a basi valde ampliata, fere infundibuliforme v. campanulatum; lobi 6, breves, lati, erectiusculi, subæquales. Stamina 6, medio tubo v. paullo altius affixa, perianthio breviora v. vix longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam sæpe longe tubulosam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium longe stipitatum, 3-loculare, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmate parum dilatato capitato v. 3-dymo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula stipitata, elongata, anguste 3-quetra, acuminata, chartacea, septicide 3-valvis. Semina numerosa, oblongo-falcata, angulata, testa laxa crassiuscula papillis subfiliformibus dense obtecta; embryo linearis, vix albumine carnoso brevior.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis crassiusculis. Caulis simplex, foliis paucis parvis sparsis. Folia ad basin caulis subradicalia, conferta, longa, angusta, rigidula, prominenter venosa. Racemus terminalis, simplex, brevis, floribus speciosis pedicellatis pendulis. Bracteæ sub pedicellis angustæ, additis sæpe bracteolis 2 parvis ad basin pedicelli.

Species 4, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 22. Endl. Iconogr. t. 27. Lot. Mag. t. 2003, 4819, 5734, 5809, 6209. Bot. Reg. t. 286, 924, 1845, t. 18. Fl. des Serres, t. 585, 1829.

31. Funkia, Spreng. Syst. Veg. ii. 40. (Hosta, Truttin. Arch. Gewüchs. i. 55, cum tabb 2; Thes. Bot. t. 51, 52. Libertia, Dumort. Comm. Bot. 9. Saussurea, Salisb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. viii. 11, absque char.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi v. longiusculo in faucem ampliato; lobi 6, tubo paullo breviores v. longiores. Stamina 6, tubo aflixa v. hypogyna, declinata, perianthio parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, versatiles, loculis introrsum Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum dehiscentibus. incrassato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula anguste oblonga v. fere linearis, locu-Semina angulato-compressa v. fere plana, testa membranacea nigra deorsum quasi in alam producta; embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, lignosum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis crassiusculis. Folia radicalia petiolata, ampla, oblongo-lanceolata ovata v. cordata, venis primariis basi cum costa confluentibus inter se dissitis, venulis transversis connexis. Scapus simplex, elatus, aphyllus. Flores speciosi, albi v. cærulei, in racemo terminali subsecundi, declinati v. penduli, brevissime v. longiuscule pedicellati. Bracteæ scariosæ v. fere herbaceæ.

Species 4 v. 5, Japoniæ et Chinæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 366. Miq. Archiv. Neerl. iv. 219.

Genus a Salisburyo in 2 dividitur, quæ sectiones sequentes formant:-

- 1. NIOBE, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 335, absque char.; Gen. Pl. Fragm. 82, est F. subcordata, Spr., perianthio maximo, fauce minus ampliata, staminibus medio tubo infra faucem affixis. Bracteola ad basin pedicelli intra bracteam parva. Red. Lil. t. 3. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 194. Bot. Mag. t. 1433. Fl. des Serres, t. 158-9.
- 2. Bryocles, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 335, absque char.; Gen. Pl. Fragm. 81, species exeteras continet, perianthii fauce supe fere campanulata, staminibus hypogynis. Bracteola deest. Red. Lil. 1. 106. Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 18. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 894, 3657, 3663. Bot. Reg. 1639, t. 50. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1869. (Ic. veteres pleræque sub Hemerocallide.)

22. Exercia, Manch, Meth. 631. (Tritoma, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 744. Tritomanthe, Link, Enum. Hort. Berol. i. 333. Tritomium, Link, Handb. i. 170. Rudolphoromeria, Steud. in Schimp. Pl. Abyss. n. 752. Triclissa, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 75.)—Perianthium tubulosum, equaliter cylindraceum v. in speciebus tropicis superne ampliatum; segmenta 1-nervia, alte connata, apice breviter libera, ovata v. deltoidea, equalia v. seriei interioris paullo latiora. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio paullo breviora v. sepius exserta, filamentis filiformibus; anthere oblonge v. fere lineares, dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, sepe exsertus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula globosa v. breviter ovoidea, coriacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina angulata, testa nigra appressa; embryo oblongus, albumine bene brevior.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis numerosis crassiusculis. Folia radicalia longa, angusta, firma. Scapus aphyllus, elatus, simplex. Flores speciosi, dense racemosi v. spicati, e flavo coccinei, subsessiles v. breviter pedicellati, arcte deflexi. Bracteæ sub pedicellis breves, scariosæ.

Species ad 16, Africæ australis et tropicæ et Madagascariæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 360. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 550. Red. Lil. t. 161, 186 (Veltheimia). 291. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 54 (Aletris), Bot. Mag. t. 758, 764, 4816, 5946, 6116, 6167, 6553, 6569. Bot. Reg. t. 1745. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 444. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 169. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 907. Fl. des Serres, t. 1898. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 362. (Ic. nonnullæ sub Tritomate.)

33. Brotosceptrum, Benth. gen. nov.—Perianthium late campanulatum, alte 5-fidum, persistens; lobi obovati, 1-nerves, interioribus latioribus. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ breviter oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, filamentis in foveolam intrusis, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, globosum, 3-loculare; stylus crassiuscule filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co (4-6). Capsula subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, angulata, testa nigra, appressa; embryo cylindraceus, leviter incurvus, albumine carnoso vix brevior. Rhizoma verticale, breve, crassum, lignosum, fibris radicalibus copiosis carnosis. Folia radicalia conferta, linearia, pluripedalia. Scapus terminalis erectus, elatus, simplex. Flores parvuli, in spica longa densa cylindracea subsessiles, quaquaversi, nec deflexi, flavi v. rubentes, singuli bractea parva scariosa stipati.

Species typicæ 2, Angolenses: N. benguellense et angolense, Benth.; Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 246, sub Kniphofia, a quo genere habitu, inflorescentia, perianthio etc. nobis longe differre videntur. His valde affinis nisi stricte congener est Urginia alocides, Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 395, species austro-Africana, perianthii segmentis fere ad basin solutis 3-nervibus v. exterioribus 5-nervibus; perianthii forma, stamina, ovarium, stylus et capsula junior omnino Notosceptri, cui addimus sub nomine N. alocidis.

### TRIBUS VIII. ALOINEA.

34. Gasteria, Duval, Pl. Succ. Hort. Alenc. 6, ex Haw. Syn. Pl. Succ. 85.—Perianthium tubulosum, basi sæpius ventricosum, supra ovarium contractum, superne incurvum; segmenta arcte connata, apice breviter libera, erecta. Stamina hypogyna, perianthio parum breviora v. breviter exserta, filamentis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, sub-3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris v. filiformis, e perianthio sæpe exsertus, stigmate parvo v. parum dilatato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula coriacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (in sp. 2 observata) numerosa, valde compressa, fere plana, irregulariter suborbiculata, testa nigra exalata.—Caudex brevissimus. Folia rosulata, crassa, carnosa, breviter ligulata v. oblonga, sæpe maculata, integerrima. Scapus elongatus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores breviter pedicellati, laxe racemosi, secus rhachin sparsi, sub bracteis parvis solitarii.

Species infra 30, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. 1v. 534 (Alois sect.). Baker in Journ, Linn. Soc. xviii. 182, qui species 45 enumerat, plurimas tamen includit hybridas v. varietates

harteness. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Alos, § 29, f. 1 ad 88. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 418, 419. DC. Pl. Grasses, t. 63, 68, 91. Bot. Mag. t. 765, 837, 838, 979, 1322, 1331, 2304, 2369, 5812. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 162. (Io. plur. sub Alos.)

35. Aloe, Linn. Gen. n. 430.—Perianthium sequaliter cylindraceum v. supra ovarium contractum, rectum v. leviter incurvum; segmenta conniventia v. sæpius plus minus coherentia v. connata, erecta v. summo apice vix brevissime patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio subæquilonga v. longiora, filamentis subulatis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum v. ovoideum, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. vix incrassato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula coriacea, ovoidea v. oblonga, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , 3-quetra v. compressa, nuda v. plus minus 3-alata, testa crassiuscule membranacea nigra; embryo in albumine carnoso longiusculus, rectus.—Caudex, nunc brevissimus, nunc elatus frutescens v. arborescens, interdum ramosus. Folia crassa, carnosa, rosulata v. rarius disticha v. sparsa, margine sæpius spinoso-dentata. Scapus seu pedunculus axillaris v. pseudo-terminalis, sæpius elongatus, simplex v. rarius ramosus. Flores secus pedunculum v. ramos breviter denseque v. longe et laxe racemosi, breviter v. longe pedicellati, sepius nutantes, ad bracteas solitarii. Bractez scariosz, szepius parvz, nonnullz haud raro secus pedunculum infra flores sparsæ vacuæ.

Species enumerate ultra 80, pleræque Africæ australis v. ins. Mascarensium incolæ, nonnullæ Africanse tropicæ, una in regione Mediterranea et ins. Canariensibus late dispersa, in aliis terris diu culta et forte inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 515, pro parte. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 152, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 263. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Aloe, § 15 ad 26. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 341. Jacq. Fragm. t. 61, 62; Hart. Schænbr. t. 420. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 15, 21, 27, 38, 39, 44, 80, 81, 85, 97 ad 99. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 468. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Sel. t. 40. Todaro, Hort. Panorm. t. 9, 16, 18, 21, 23. Bot. Mag. t. 472, 757, 1270, 1278, 1306, 1323, 1332, 1346, 1355, 1362, 1415, 1460, 1474, 2272, 6377, 6520, 6580, 6596. Bot. Reg. t. 996. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 970.

Præter species typicas iconibus supra citatis illustratas, genera sequentia a variis auctoribus proposita rite a Bakero aliisque ad Aloem reducuntur.

Pichidendron, Haw. Revis. Pl. Succ. 35 (Busipho, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 76), includit species paucas, caudice elato frutescente v. arborescente etsi simplici, perianthio recto, staminibus longe exsertis. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Aloe, § 27. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 32. Bot. Mag. t. 1975, 2517.

BOWIEA, Haw. in. Philos. Mag. 1824, 299; A. DC. Pl. Rar. Hort. Gen. vi. 21, t. 2; Salm-Dyck Monogr. Aloe, § 14, f. 1, est A. Bowica, Schult., species floribus minoribus, perianthii segmentis a basi liberis apice brevissime recurvo-patentibus, staminibus exsertis. In A. myriacantha, Schult. (Bowica myriacantha, Haw. in Philos. Mag. 1827) perianthii segmenta pariter libera apiceque brevissime recurva, sed stamina inclusa fere Haworthia. Perianthii segmenta a basi libera etsi usque ad apicem arcte conniventia observantur in speciebus nonnullis aliis inter typicas inclusis.

Kumara, Medik. Theodora, 69, t. 4 (Rhipidodendron, Willd. in Gesellach. Naturf. Fr. Mag. Berlin, v. 164; Pyyas, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 76) est A. plicatilis, Mill., cum A. dichotoma, Linn., caule arborescente dichotome ramoso, foliis distichis subintegerrimis, perianthii segmentis exterioribus margine membranacco in tubum connatis, interioribus intra tubum a basi discretis. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Aloe, § 28, f. 1. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 423. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 75. Bot. Mag. t. 457.

CATEVALA, Medik. Theodora, 67, includit A. arborescentem, Mill., speciesque nonnullas Haworthia, quas auctor distinxit perianthii segmentis vix coherentibus facillime solvendis.

36. aptera, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Mag. Berlin v. 167.—Perianthium cylindraceum, rectum; segmenta 3-nervia, alte coherentia v. connata, apice breviter stellato-patentia, subsequalia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antherse erectæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, apice (in A. deltoidea) obtuse conica nec truncata. Semina . . .—Caulis v. caudex foliatus brevis, longius tamen svolutus quam in Haworthia. Folia brevia, crassa, carnosa, pluriseriatim imbricato-

patentia. Pedunculus simplex v. ramosus. Flores secus rhachin breviter pedicellati, sparsi, quam in *Haworthia* adhuc paullo minores, sub bracteis solitarii. Bractese scariosse, parvæ.

Species ad 7, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 492 (Alois sect.). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 216. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Aloe, § 1, 2. Jacq. Fragm. t. 109 ad 111. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 56. Bot. Mag. t. 1338, 1352, 1455, 6071. (Ic. plur. sub Aloe.)

97. Exworthia, Duval, Pl. Succul. Hort. Alenç. 7, ex Have. Syn. Pl. Succul. 90.— Perianthium cylindraceum, superne incurvum; segmenta conniventia v. leviter coherentia, apice recurva, sub-2-labiata, 3 nempe superiora erectiuscula 3 inferiora deflexa. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio subæquilonga v. paullo breviora, filamentis subulatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, quam in Aloe sæpius minores, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum v. ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato v. obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, 3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (in perpaucis speciebus nota) valde compressa v. obovoideo-3-quetra, angulis acutis exalatis.—Caulis v. caudex foliatus brevis nunc brevissimus. Folia rosulata v. imbricato-patentia, brevia, 3-∞-faria, crassa, carnosa. Pedunculus simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores quam in Aloe minores, in racemo longo sparsi, sæpe dissiti, erecti v. subpatentes, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ scariosæ, minimæ v. pedicellum æquantes.

Species enumeratæ 59, quarum una Angolensis cæteræ omnes Africæ australis incolæ, nisi nonnullæ forte varietates hortenses. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 496 (Alois sect.). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 197; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 263. Salm-Dyck, Monogr. Aloe, § 3 ad 13. Jaoq. Fragm. t. 108, 112; Hort. Schænbr. t. 421, 422. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 16, 45, 50, 51, 57, 62. Bot. Mag. t. 455, 756, 802, 814, 815, 1314, 1337, 1345, 1353, 1354, 1360, 1361, 1417, 1452. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1354, 1430. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 232 ad 234, 263. (Ic. plur. sub Aloe.)

38. **Lomatophylum**, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Mag. Berlin, v. 166. (Phylloma, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1585.)—Perianthium subinfundibuliforme; segmenta angusta, subæquilonga, in tubum cylindraceum conniventia, superne præsertim exteriora subpatentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, basi 2-fidæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co. Fructus subglobosus, coriaceo-carnosus, 3-sulcus, demum (an semper?) loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, sæpe uno solo cujusque loculi perfecto, testa nigra splendente (bene maturam non vidimus).—Caudex lignosus, simplex interdum elatus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, loriformi-elongata, coriaceo-carnosa, margine cartilagineo sæpe colorata, calloso- v. spinuloso-serrulata. Paniculæ ad axillas superiores pedunculatæ, flæribus secus ramulos racemosis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ.

Species 2 v. 3, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 550. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 31 (Aloe).

Genus certe Aloi affine, etsi a cateris Aloineis differat paniculis pluribus axillaribus et fructu carnoso, a nonnullis bacca, ab aliis (Willd., DC., etc.) capsula dicto; maturitate certe interdum in valvas dehiscit.

#### TRIBUS IX. DRACÆNEÆ.

39. **Mesperocallis**, A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 390.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo cylindraceo; lobi tubo longiores, oblongo-spathulati, erecto-patentes, subæquales, medio 5-7-nervii. Stamma 6, fauci affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, infra medium dorsifixæ nec foveolatæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato sub-3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula subglobosa, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis co, nigra, plano-compressa, matura non vidimus.—Caudex brevis, lignosus, foliorum vetustiorum basibus persistentibus obtectus, vix tamen revera bulbosus. Folia

radicalia linearia, elongata, crassiuscula. Scapus erectus, simplex. Flores in racemo simplici breviter pedicellati, magni, sub bracteis solitarii. Bracteæ sub pedicellis scariosæ, infra inflorescentiam interdum paucæ vacuæ subfoliaceæ. Pedicelli infra florem articulati. Species 1, Californica.

40. **Esperalce**, Engelm. in S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. 497.—Perianthium cylindraceum, rectum; segmenta angusta, subæqualia, tenuiter one nervia, usque ad apicem erecta, conniventia, non v. vix cohærentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque paullo breviora, filamentis tenuibus; antheræ oblongæ, basi 2-fidæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, versatiles, nec foveolatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula subglobosa, coriacea, duriuscula, loculicide dehiscens, valvis demum septicide 2-partitis 6-valvis. Semina numerosa, angulato-compressa v. fere plana, exalata, testa nigra crassiuscula; embryo in albumine carnoso longiusculus, rectus.—Caulis foliatus seu caudex brevissimus. Folia conferta, linearia, canaliculata, rigida, margine filamentosa. Pedunculus seu scapus aphyllus, elatus, simplex v. ramis nonnullis strictis instructus. Flores secus rhachin v. ramos fasciculati, rubescentes (½-1-pollicares), pedicellis apice articulatis. Bractea sub quoque fasciculo membranaceo-scariosa, sub pedicellis minimæ.

Species 1, Texana. Genus quoad perianthii formam Aloi affine, sed folia inflorescentiaque potius Yucca. Antherse Hesperocallidis, filamento cum connectivo continuo nec in foveolam distinctam inserto.

41. Tucca, Linn. Gen. n. 429.—Perianthium diu persistens; segmenta distincta v. vix ima basi connata, lanceolato-ovata, crassiuscula, plus minus in globum conniventia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, erecta, perianthio multo breviora, filamentis crassiusculis apice elevatis sepiusque subrecurvis; anthere parvæ ad apicem filamenti sessiles v. adnatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis imperfecte 2-locellatis; stylus columnaris, brevis, superne in lobos 3 erectos introrsum stigmatosos plus minus divisus; ovula in loculis co. Fructus nunc carnosus pulposus v. fere spongiosus indehiscens, nunc siccus loculicide dehiscens. Semina obovoidea v. angulato-compressa, testa nigra; embryo albumine corneo vix brevior, diagonalis.—Caudex lignosus, nunc humilis, nunc demum elatus v. arborescens ramosus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, lineari-lanceolata, crassa rigidaque v. rarius flaccida, apice plerumque spinescentia, margine integra v. filamentosa. Panicula terminalis, speciosa, multiflora, inter folia subsessilis v. pedunculo bracteato fulta. Flores majusculi, secus ramos breviter pedicellati, penduli.

Species admisit Engelmann 12, Americæ borealis civitatum australiorum Mexici et Americæ centralis incolas; Baker species 21 distinxit imprimis ad specimina hortensia, quorum plurima floribus adhuc ignotis valde dubia remanent. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 268. Engelmann in Trans. Acad. Sc. St. Louis, iii. 17. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 219.

Engelmann in monographia supra citata genus, ad specimina sylvestria plerumque in vivo examinata, in sectiones 4 sequentes imprimis ad fructum divisit:—

- 1. Sarcoyucca. Bacca indehiscens, pendula. Semina crassa, albumine ruminato. Huc Y. aloifolia, Linn., speciesque aliæ sæpius arborescentes. Red. Lil. t. 326, 327, 401, 402. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 20. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 473. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 31. Bot. Mag. t. 1260, 1700, 5201, 6316. Bot. Reg. t. 1690, 1894. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 195. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 313, 316 ad 321.
- 2. Clistoyucca. Fructus indehiscens, demum siccatus spongiosus. Semina crassiuscula, albumine integro. Species unica, Y. brevifolia, Engelm., arborescens.
- 3. Chenoyucca. Fructus capsularis, erectus, septicide dehiscens, demum 6-valvis. Semina tenuia, plana, albumine integro. Huc Y. filamentosa, Linn., speciesque affines acaules v. vix caulescentes. Red. Lil. t. 277, 278. Bot. Mag. t. 900, 2222, 2236, 2662. Bot. Reg. t. 1895. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 53, 251. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 314?, 315, 322 ad 325.
- 4. Hesperoyucca. Capsula loculicide 3-valvis. Semina Chanoyucca. Filamenta quam in ceteris speciebus minus incrassata, summo apice attenuata, antheris solito multo majoribus, loculis discretis per anthesin late apertis. Species unica, acaulis, scapo elato, Y. Whipplei, Torr. In icone in Gard. Chron. 1876, ii. 197 ad vivum a W. G. Smith delineata, filamenta apparent ut in sectionibus passeedentibus clavata.

42. Dracena, Linn. Mant. n. 1256. (Terminalis, Medik. Theodora, 83. Pleomele, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 74.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme v. anguste campanulatum, tubo brevi v. longiusculo; lobi subæquales, angusti, recurvo-patentes, tubo longiores v. breviores. Stamina 6, tubo ad basin loborum affixa, quibus sæpius paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis v. incrassatis; antheræ oblongæ, rarius lineares alteque 2-lobæ, medio dorso affixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato integro v. vix diviso; ovula in loculis solitaria (v. rarius 2?) a basi erecta. Bacca globosa, lævis v. 2-3-sulca, indehiscens. Semina in bacca abortu solitaria globosa, v. 2-3 pressione obtusangula, testa crassiuscula interdum pulposa; embryo albumine corneo sæpius durissimo prope hilum inclusus, parvus.—Caudex lignosus, cicatricibus foliorum delapsorum annulatus v. varie tessellatus, nunc elatus arborescens v. brevis crassusque, nunc tenuis ramosus v. surculosus, nunc abbreviatus vix lignosus foliis obtectus. Folia coriacea v. membranacea; crebre parallele venosa sæpeque venulis transversis parvis instructa, nunc longa subsessilia ad apicem caudicis conferta, nunc brevia secus caudicem numerosa approximata v. in caudice brevi longe petiolata ovata. Flores sæpius dense fasciculati, fasciculis secus ramos paniculæ v. rhachin simplicem dissitis v. confertis, in paucis speciebus inflorescentia tota in capitulum densum v. spicam oblongam inter folia sessilem conferta. Bracteæ scariosæ, sæpius parvæ.

Species ad 35, per regiones calidiores orbis veteris late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pt. v. 2. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. i. 133. Baker in Journ. Linn, Soc. xiv. 523, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 252. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 95, 96. Red. Lil. t. 92, 117. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 306 (Aletris). Gaudich. Voy. Bonite, Bot. t. 1. Wight, Ic. t. 2054. Bot. Mag. t. 1081, 1180, 4571, 4787, 5248, 5352, 5662, 5846, 6169, 6234, 6327, 6447, 6630, et (sub Cordyline) 4279. Bot. Reg. t. 1169. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 289. Fl. des Serres, t. 1169.

Genus foliis et habitu varium, ovario et seminibus facillime distinctum, a Regelio in sectiones 2 dividitur, ad folia sessilia v. petiolata, a Bakero in stirpes 7 limitibus quodammodo incertis distinctas. Typi tamen adsunt plurimi forte melius definiendi, floribus fructibusque cum habitu ulterius comparatis. In D. Dracone, Linn., affinibusque caudex sæpius arborescens, folia longa conferta sessilia, inflorescentia semper paniculata; in D. spicata, Roxb., affinibusque folia distincte petiolata, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, inflorescentia elongata, simplex v. vix ramosa; in D. surculosa, Lindl., et D. camerooniana, Baker, caudex tenuis, divaricato-ramosus v. surculosus, florum fasciculi pauci dissiti; in D. ovata, D. cylindrica, aliisque caudex sæpius humilis, folia ovata, pauca, longe petiolata, v. numerosa approximata, breviter petiolata, inflorescentia pariter in capitulum sessile v. spicam oblongam densissime conferta; in D. phrynoide, inflorescentia pariter capitata, folia longissime petiolata, late ovata, venis dissitis nonnullis cæteris multo validioribus, venulis transversis insigniter connexis. Perianthium in plerisque speciebus anguste infundibuliforme, tubo tenui cylindraceo; in D. Dracone et in D. schizantha, Baker, perianthium vix 3 lin. excedens, potius urceolato-campanulatum quam infundibuliforme; in D. aurca, Mann, ex ins. Sandwicensibus, perianthium fere 1½-pollicare, tubo amplo leviter incurvo, lobis brevibus.

STERREA et ŒDERA, Crantz, De duahus Draconis Arboribus, Vienne 1768, 25, 30, cum tab., a Kunthio ut videtur rite ad variotates Draconis Liun., referentur.

43. Cordyline, Comm. ex Juss. Gen. Pl. 41. (Tætsia, Medik. Theodora, 82.)—Perianthium cylindraceum v. anguste campanulatum, tubo brevi; lobi oblongi, erecti v. subpatentes, æquales v. interiores paullo longiores. Stamina 6, tubo ad basin loborum affixa, iisque paullo breviora v. vix longiora, filamentis filiformibus v. complanatis; antheræ anguste oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate capitato v. breviter 3-lobo; ovula in loculis ∞ (4-16). Fructus globosus v. 3-dymus, carnosus, epulposus, 3-locularis, indehiscens v. demum exsiccatus interdumque loculicide subdehiscens. Semina in loculis ∞ v. abortu solitaria, obovoidea v. compressiuscula, sæpe curvula, testa nigra nitida; embryo curvulus, albumine carnoso vix brevior.—Caudex lignosus, basi sæpe stolonifer, interdum arborescens, cicatricibus foliorum annulatus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, subsessilia v. longiuscule petiolata, elongata v. lanceolata, subcoriacea. Flores quam in Dracæna sæpius minores; interdum parvi, ample paniculati, ad quamque

bracteam solitarii v. pauci, breviter pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, subscariosæ, bracteolæ sæpius 2, minimæ.

Species ad 10, Indise orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Australise, Novæ Zelandise et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ, cum una Brasiliana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 22. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 538. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 20. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 281; Fl. N. Zel. t. 58. Jaoq. Io. Rar. t. 448. Red. Lil. t. 91. Secm. Fl. Vit. t. 94. Bot. Mag. t. 2053, 2835, 5636. Bot. Reg. t. 1749. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 136, 1224. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. t. 399. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 444, 450. Genus habitu et perianthio Dracense prope accedit, fructu tamen et presertim seminibus longius distat et in genera plura vix pro sectionibus habenda a variis auctoribus dividitur:—

CHARLWOODIA, Sweet, Fl. Austral. t. 18, genus propositum fuit ad C. strictam, Endl., perianthii segmentis interioribus exteriora paullo excedentibus.

COHNIA, Kunth, Enum. v. 35; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 545, species continet 3 Mascarenses v. Novo-Caledonicas, a Cordyline distinguitur floribus minoribus, perianthii segmentis fere ad basin solutis (nee prorsus distinctis) et stylo breviore crassiore. Habitus omnino Cordylinis et perianthii segmenta non altius soluta in Cohnia neocaledonica, Baker, quam in Cordyline indivisa, Kunth. Hæc C. indivisa insignis est floribus secus ramos paniculæ in spicas longas cylindraceas densissime confertis.

Planchon in Fl. des Serres, vi. 110, nomen Cordyline ad sectionem Dracænæ transfert, et Cordylines veras in genera 4 distribuit: Dracænopsis, Planch. l. c. 110, Calodracon, Planch. l. c. 137, Charlwoodia, Sweet, et Cohnia, Kunth, characteribus levioris momenti separata.

44. Wolina, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 207. (Roulinia, Brougn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, Beaucarnea, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. viii. Misc. 59, cum ic.)-Flores poly-Perianthium campanulatum; segmenta distincta, subrequalia, sub anthesi gamo-dioici. patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa, eaque non v. vix superantia, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ; in floribus 2 staminodia ananthera. Ovarium lata basi sessile, 3-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, v. stylo brevissimo fulta; ovula in loculis 2, a basi erecta; in floribus & ovarium sæpius adest imperfectum, ovulis omnibus abortientibus. Fructus siccus, 3-queter, angulis valde prominentibus acutis v. seepius in alas scariosas productis (rarius obtusis), nec loculicide nec septicide dehiscens, sed sæpius maturitate irregulariter ruptus, abortu 1-2-locularis 1-2-spermus. Semina perfecta obovoidea v. globosa, testa tenui ; embryo teres, albumine carnoso duriusculo vix brevior.—Rhizoma nunc brevissimum, foliorum vaginis obtectum cormiforme, nunc a basi crassa in caudicem erectum productum. Folia in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis conferta, longe linearia, rigidula, integerrima v. minute scabre-serrulata. Panicula terminalis, ampla, presertim in planta & laxiuscule divaricatoramosa. Flores parvuli, ad bracteas breves fasciculati, breviter pedicellati.

Species ad 12, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ Americæ borcalis incolæ. S. Wats. Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 246. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 233 (Beaucarnea).

45. Dasyltrion, Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Munch. iii. 221, t. 1.—Flores dioici. Perianthium campanulatum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, sub anthesi patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa eaque non v. vix superantia, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ; in floribus ♀ staminodia anantheræ. Ovarium in floribus ♀ lata basi sessile, jam sub anthesi 1-loculare; stylus brevissimus, stigmatibus 3; ovula sæpius 3, a basi erecta, 2 tamen mox abortientia. Fructus siccus, 3-queter, angulis in alas scariosas productis v. rarius obtusis, indehiscens v. pericarpio tardius in valvas 3 septicide deciduus. Semen unicum, subglobosum v. ovoideum, testa tenui; embryo albumine carnoso duriusculo vix brevior.—Caudex erectus, lignosus. Folis conferta, longa, rigida, plana v. concava, margine spinuloso-serrata. Panicula quam in Nolina densior, floribus præsertim fœmineis in spicas cylindraceas secus rhachin sessiles densissime confertis. Bracteæ seu folia floralia sub spicis membranaceæ caduœe, sub florum fasciculis parvæ. Flores parvi Nolinæ, sed sæpius brevius nunc brevissime pedicellati.

Species ad 8, regionis Mexicano-Texanse Americæ borealis incolæ. S. Wats. Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 249. Baker in Journ. Lian. Soc. xviii. 237. Bot. Mag. t. 5030 (planta \$\mathcal{Q}\$), 5041 (planta \$\mathcal{d}\$).

Genus Nolinæ valde affine, quacum connectitur speciebus nonnullis adhuc non satis notis. In D. Hookeri, Baker; Bot. Mag. t. 5099, caudex magnus subglobosus fere Testudinariæ, folia linearia integerrima Nolinæ, fructus (adhuc non perfecte maturus) indehiscens, 1-spermus, angulis tamen obtusissimis exalatis. In speciminibus Andrieuxianis D. serratifolii, a Zuccarinio, l. c. 225, et a Bakero sub nomine D. laxiflori descriptis, panicula & laxa omnino Nolinæ, sed folia cum panicula missa spinoso-serrata basi dilatata Dasylirii; planta \( \) ignota.

46. Astelia, Banks et Sol.; R. Br. Prod. 291. (Hamelinia, A. Rich. Fl. Nouv. Zel. 158, t. 24.)—Flores polygamo-dioici. Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta subæqualia, basi in tubum campanulatum connata v. fere a basi distincta, patentia. Stamina in fl. 3 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora v. sublongiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, basi v. inter lobos basales affixæ, loculis a latere introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia in fl. 2 parva, acuta v. clavata. Ovarium in fl. 2 sessile, breve, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus, v. 3-loculare placentis axilibus; stylus brevissimus indivisus, v. styli 3 breves introrsum stigmatosi, v. stigmata 3 sessilia; ovula in quaqua placenta co; in fl. ovarii rudimentum parvum v. 0. Fructus parvus, subglobosus v. oblongus, sæpius 3-sulcus, carnosus indehiscensque at epulposus. Semina co, ovoidea v. angulosa, nigra, testa crustacea nitida; embryo cylindraceus, albumine carnoso 2-3-plo brevior.—Rhizoma breve, crassum. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, vaginis breviter dilatatis imbricatis, floralia sub ramis paniculæ lanceolata v. Caulis nunc elatus, superne paniculatus, nunc brevissimus foliorum vaginis obtectus, sæpius cum inflorescentia foliisque plus minus pilis sericeis lanosis v. subpaleaceis vestitus. Flores parvi, secus ramos paniculæ dense racemosi, v. in speciebus paucis intra foliorum vaginas conferti. Bracteæ parvæ, nunc minimæ v. 0.

Species ad 9, Novæ Zelandiæ, insularum maris Pacifici, montium Australiæ meridionalis et Tasmaniæ v. Americæ antarcticæ incolæ. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 283; Fl. Antarct. i. 76, ii. 357, t. 127. Kirk in Trans. N. Zeal. Inst. iv. 244. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 11. Hook. Bot. Misc. t. 3. Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 31. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 95. Bot. Mag. t. 5175, 5503.

Ovula sub anthesi sæpe pulpa viscidula e placenta oriunda immersa, in fructu maturo semina semper sicca nudaque vidimus.

Funkia, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. May. Berlin, ii. 19, non Spr. est Astelia linearis, Hook.f., species Magellanica, a cæteris habitu nano distincta. Hanguana, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 15, species Javensis e solo charactere manco Blumei nota, a Lindleyo Asteliæ refertur, species tamen nulla hujus generis adhuc in Archipelago Malayano reperta, et ovarii loculi 1-ovulati affinitatem potius cum Drazæna indicant. Genus valde dubium remanet.

47. Miligania, Hook. f. in Hook. Kew Journ. v. 296, t. 9.—Perianthium persistens, tubo campanulato; lobi tubo longiores, patentes, subæquales, ovati v. oblongi, irregulariter 3-nerves. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis inferne leviter complanatis, apice subulatis; antheræ ovatæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, caducissimæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, obovoideum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris v. breviter filiformis, plus minus 3-fidus, ramis recurvis superne introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula subglobosa, 3-angulata v. fere 3-loba, membranacea, superne loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis pauca, supe angusta, angulata, leviter incurva sæpeque acuminata, testa crassiuscula nigra nitida; embryo in albumine carnoso longiusculus.—Rhizoma breve, crassum. Folia radicalia conferta, linearia v. lanceolata, bası in vaginas breves crassas imbricatas prominenter venosas dilatata; caulina pauca, minora, gradatim in bracteas abeuntia. Caulis infra inflorescentiam simplex, cum panicula laxe piloso-lanatus. Panicula ampla, floribunda, bracteis inferioribus foliaceis superioribus parvulis. Flores parvuli, sub quaque bractea breviter pedicellati.

Species 4, Tasmanica. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 25.

#### TRIBUS X. ASPHODELEÆ.

48. **Zeronema**, Brongn. et Gris. in Bull. Soc. Bot Fr. xi. 316, et in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Par. iv. 2, t. 1. (Scleronema, Brongn. et Gris. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 5, ii. 166.)—Perian-

thium persistens; segmenta distincta, linearia, erecta, subæqualia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, erecta, perianthio longiora, filamentis leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, versatiles, medio dorso affixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile (v. brevissime stipitatum?), obtusum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (ad 8), anatropa. Capsula (a nobis non visa) brevissime stipitata, perianthio staminibusque persistentibus stipata, 3-gona, chartacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina perfecta pauca, ellipsoidea, testa crustacea nigra aculeis brevibus exasperata; embryo albumine carnoso subdimidio brevior.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Caulis erectus, simplex. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, elongata, secus caulem pauca, multo breviora, disticha, vaginis longis complicatis, omnia erecta, rigidule venosa. Racemus terminalis, simplex, secundus, rhachi basi abrupte inflexa sepius horizontalis, floribus confertis erectis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ ovatæ, scariosæ. Perianthia rubra, speciosa (semipollicaria).

Species 1, Novo-Caledonica. Illustr. Hortic. xxiv. t. 297. Gard. Chron. 1878, ii. 17, cum ic.

49. Anemarrhena, Bunge, Enum. Pl. Chin. Bor. 66.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta ima basi in cyathum brevem connata, cæterum libera, angusta, 3-nervia, patentia, subæqualia, interioribus tamen basi angustioribus canaliculatis. Stamina 3, mediis segmentis interioribus affixa iisque breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, vix foveolatæ, versatiles, loculis apice basique distinctis medio tantum ad filamenti insertionem breviter connexis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, angulatum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, prope basin collateraliter affixa, ascendentia, anatropa. Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens, in speciminibus nostris immatura. Semina ex Bungeo in loculis 1, rarius 2, oblonga, subulato-3-quetra, magna, nigra.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, horizontale. Folia radicalia, conferta, linearia, graminea. Caulis inter folia elatus, simplex, squamellis paucis minutis sparsis instructus, cæterum aphyllus. Flores parvi, in racemo longo interrupte spiciformi brevissime pedicellati, ad bracteas fasciculati. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ.

Species 1, Chinæ borealis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 600. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 268. In Japoniæ hortis raro colitur nec indigena (Maximowicz).

50. Asphodelus, Linn. Gen. n. 421.—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens v. demum deciduum; segmenta a basi distincta v. brevissime connata, in alabastro basi circa ovarium in tubum conniventia, sub anthesi patentia, subæqualia, medio 1-nervia v. vittata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis breviora, erecta v. leviter declinata, filamentis ima basi dilatatis concavis ovarium includentibus, supra basin filiformibus v. complanatis; antheræ oblongæ v. fere lineares, dorso infra medium affixæ, versatiles, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis stigmate subcapitato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, lateraliter affixa, amphitropa. Capsula globoso-3-quetra, coriacea, loculicide dehiscens, septis interdum intus insigniter rugosis. Semina in loculis seepe solitaria, 3-quetra, seepius rugosa, testa nigra appressa; embryo albumine cartilagineo vix brevior.—Rhizoma parvum v. radix annua, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis tuberoso-incrassatis v. filiformibus. Folia radicalia, linearia, loriformia, sub-3-quetra v. fistuloso-teretia. Scapus aphyllus, nunc altissimus simplex v. parum ramosus, nunc humilis foliorum vaginis subinclusus. Flores secus rhachin v. ramos inflorescentiæ racemosi, ad bracteas scariosas solitarii, pedicellis sub flore articulatis. Perianthii segmenta alba, medio fusco-nervata.

Species 6 v. 7, a Bakero ad 5 reducte, regionis Mediterranese incolæ, quarum una usque ad Indiam orientalem et insulas Mascarienses extensa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 554. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 268. Neer, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 52. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 513 ad 515. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 69. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 11 ad 15 et 116 ad 125.

Genus a nonnullis reducitur ad A. ramosum, Linn., sub quo includunt A. album, Mill., et A. miorocarpum, Viv., fibris radicalibus crassis fusiformibus v. napiformibus, caule elato haud raro ramoso, foliis triquetris v. subplanis. Sibth. Fl. Gr t. 334. Moggr. Fl. Mont. t. 69, C, D.

CLAUSONIA, Pomel, Mater. Fl. Atl. 1 (GETROSINE, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 72) est A. acaulie, Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 89, species nana, fibris radicalibus in rhizomate brevi fasciculatis crassiusculis, caule cum inflorescentia fere tota intra vaginas foliorum subincluso.

VERINBA, Pomel, l.c. 1 (ASPHODELOIDES, Manch. Meth. 684. OPHIOPRASON, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 72), est A. fistulosus, Linn., cum affinibus, radice annua, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis non incrassatis; scapis cum foliorum fasciculis ex eodem rhizomate sæpe pluribus tenuibus at rigidulis, foliis teretibus fistulosis. Red. Ltl. t. 178. Cav. Ic. t. 202, 587. Revehb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 513. Sibth. Fl. Gree. t. 335. Wight, Ic. t. 2062. Bot. Mag. t. 984. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1124.

51. Asphodeline, Reichb. Fl. Germ. Exc. 116. (Dorydium, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 72.)— Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens v. demum deciduum; segmenta ima basi circa ovarium breviter connata, sub anthesi supra basin rotato-patentia, subæqualia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi perianthio brevissime adnata quo breviora, insequalia, declinata, omnia perfecta v. 3 castrata, filamentis ima basi dilatatis concavis ovarium includentibus, supra basin filiformibus ; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorso infra medium affixæ, versatiles, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo interdum 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, lateraliter affixa, longiuscule adnata, amphitropa. Capsula subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens, valvis coriaceis transverse rugosis. Semina in loculis sæpius abortu solitaria, acute 3-gona, testa crassiuscula sæpe rugosa; embryo albumine cartilagineo vix brevior.—Rhizoma parvum v. demum longiusculum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe carnosis. Caulis erectus, ima basi v. usque ad inflorescentiam foliatus, in speciebus normalibus simplex. Folia conferta, linearia. Racemus longus, densus, floribus flavis v. albis, breviter nunc brevissime pedicellatis ad quamque bracteam solitariis v. ad basin racemi fasciculatis. Bracteæ scariosæ, fere hyalinæ, in racemo juniore sæpe imbricatæ, interdum minimæ.

Species ad 14, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, in Oriente usque ad Persiam et Caucasum extensæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 273. Red. Inl. t. 223, 380, 470. Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. x. t. 11. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 77. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 77. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 516, 517. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 53. Bot. Mag. t. 773, 2626. Bot. Reg. t. 1507. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 915, 1102 (ic. plures sub Asphodelo).

Sectio Dendrasphodeline, Baker, est A. prolifera, Kunth, species Orientalis, ab omnibus diversa caulis parte foliata sæpe, nec semper, ramosa, floribus multo minoribus et staminibus 3 tantum ad normam perfectis, 3 castratis, filamentis sub apice subgloboso-inflatis, antheridio parvo 2-globoso, ut bene observavit J. Gay.

52. Paradisia, Mazzuc. Viag. Alp. Giul. 27, ex Bertol. Fl. Ital. iv. 132. (Czackia, Andrz. Diss. 1818, cum ic. Liliastrum, Link, Handb. i. 173. Allobrogia, Tratt. Fl. Austr. ii. 71. Hyperogyne, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 81.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, marcescens, diu persistens; segmenta distincta, a basi angusta erecta, superne oblongospathulata, erecto-patentia, 3-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, declinata, perianthio paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, basi alte bifidæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, acuminatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum incrassato 3-dymo; , 2-seriata. Capsula perianthio emarcido stipata, ovoidea, coriacea, ovula in loculis loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , angulata, testa crassiuscula nigra; embryo albumine cartilagmeo triente brevior.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis crassiusculis. Folia radicalia linearia, longiuscula. Scapus simplex, aphyllus, v. folio unico brevi instructus. Flores pauci, speciosi, albi, in racemo subsecundi, patentes v. subnutantes, pedicello brevi. Bracteæ breves, angustæ.

Species 1, montium Pyrenæorum v. Alpium Europæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 592 (Csackia). Baker in Journ, Linn. Soc. xv. 286. Red. Lil. t. 255 (Phalangium). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 509 (Czackia). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 55. Bot. Mag. t. 318 (Anthericum). Fl. des Serres,

De itinere Mazzucati (1811 nec 1814) confer Moretti, Difesa Op. Mathioli iv. 17, in Giorn. Istit. Lomb. xiv., germanice reddita in Bot. Zeit. 1851, 268. 3 B

• 53. Simestais, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 618. (Morgagnia, Bubani in Nuov. Ann. Sc. Nat. Bologna, ix. (1843), 92, absque char. Pogonella, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 70.)—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens, demum deciduum; segmenta subsequalia, patentia, 5-nervia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus superne leviter incrassatis villoso-barbatis apice attenuatis glabris; antherse oblongse, dorsifixse, versatiles, filamento in foveolam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-dymuni, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, superposita. Capsula subglobosa, fere 3-loba, tardius loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2, ovoideo-subglobosa, strophiolata, testa nigra crustacea nitente; embryo in seminibus examinatis albumine carnoso multo brevior, sed forte demum longior.—Rhizoma parvum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis carnosis. Folia radicalia, linearia, graminea. Caulis prester squamas paucas parvas aphyllus, superne laxe paniculatus, ramulis dichotomis v. hinc inde subumbellatis. Flores pedicellati, ad bracteas solitarii v. pauci, irregulariter fasciculati v. subumbellati.

Species 1, Europæ occidentalis et Africæ boreali-occidentalis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 354 (Morgagnia). Red. Lil. t. 215 (Phalangium). Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 44 (Anthericum). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 90 (Anthericum).

Bubani l. c. genus *Morgagniam* indicavit nec characteribus definivit. Nomen, quamvis a Parlatoreo Fl. Ital. receptum, a Caruelo in Prod. Fl. Tosc. rejicitur ob consonantiam cum *Morgania*, R. Br., a cesteris botanicis ignotum est v. rejectum.

54. Enibinella, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 569. (Chrysobactron, Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. i. 72, t. 44.)—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens; segmenta subæqualia, distincta v. vix basi connata, ovata v. oblonga, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi segmentis adnata, iis paullo breviora v. sublongiora, filamentis filiformibus v. anguste complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, parvulæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato v. 3-dymo, ovula in loculis 2, collateralia v. uno paullo altius affixo, anatropa v. plus minus amphitropa. Capsula brevis, globoso-3-quetra, membranacea v. chartacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, interdum ad unum reducta, testa nigra laxiuscula; embryo albumine carnoso triente v. subdimidio brevior.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe carnoso-incrassatis. Folia radicalia, nunc angustissima basi vaginis fibrosis foliorum emarcidorum cineta, nunc loriformia v. latiora, vaginis vetustis vix v. non fibrosis. Scapus aphyllus, simplex v. rarius ramosus. Flores parvuli, flavi v. albi, interdum abortu polygami, dense v. laxe racemosi, pedicellis ad bracteas solitariis.

Species ad 14, Africæ australis, Novæ Zelandiæ et insularum australiorum incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 293 (Antherici sect. 1 et 2). Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 817 (Chrysobactron). His addenda videtur B. Burkei, a Bakero l. c. sub sectione sua Streptanthera generis Antherici edita; perianthium tamen post anthesin non tortum, et characteres cæteri omnino Bulbinellæ, excepta inflorescentia in rames paucos longos divisa, racemis laxis.

55. Balbine, Linn. Gen. ed. 1, 95, pro parte.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, patentia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentis cohærentia iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus medio v. supra medium pilis longis barbatis, apice tenuibus glabris; antheræ in speciebus normalibus oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 4-∞. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, leviter 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, angulato-3-quetra, testa nigra tuberculosorugosula v. lævi opacaque nec nitida; embryo albumine carnoso vix brevior, sæpius valde curvus.—Rhizoma nunc brevissimum (v. non persistens?), fibris radicalibus fasciculatis, nunc crassum, descendens v. tuberiforme, fibris variis interdum basi incrassatis. Caulis foliatus, interdum brevissime ramosus. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, lanceolata v. linearia, sæpe carnosa. Scapus seu pedunculus terminalis simplex, aphyllus.

Racemus seepius dense floribundus, pedicellis ad bractess solitariis apice articulatis. Flores parvuli v. mediocres, flavi v. rarius albi.

Species genuinæ ad 20, Africæ australis incolæ, quarum una in Africa tropica usque ad Abyssiniam extenss. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 341. Red. Lil. t. 283, 284, 397, 423. DC. Pl. Grass. t. 8, 14, 26. Jacq. Io. Rar. t. 403 ad 408; Hort. Vind. t. 181. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 386. A. Bich. Fl. Abyss. t. 97. Bot. Mag. t. 816, 1317, 1339, 1451, 1454, 3129. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 996. (Ic. plures sub Antherico.)

Species 2 Australianse sectionem distinctam Orthantheram formant vix non pro genere proprio habendam. Habitus et perianthium omnino Bulbinis sed antheræ, in B. bulbosa omnes, in B. semibarbata interiores, erectæ, oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, inter pilos filamenti sessiles basifixæ; in B. semibarbata, Haw., stamina soriei exterioris interioribus minora, filamentis brevibus imberbibus. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 34. Bot. Mag. t. 3017 (anthera errore barbata delineata). Antherioum semibarbatum, Bot. Mag. t. 3129, non R. Br., est evidenter species quædam Capensis Bulbinis genuinæ.

56. Chlorogalum, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 681.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens, post anthesin supra capsulam sæpius tortum ; segmenta angusta, distincta v. vix ima basi connexa, sub anthesi recurvo-patentia, medio 3-nervia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, filiformis, stigmate parvo breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis 2 collateralia, sub apice v. medium versus lateraliter affixa, amphitropa. Capsula subgloboso-turbinata, 3-quetra. Semina in loculis 1-2, obovato-oblonga, compressiuscula, testa nigra laxa; embryo vix albumine carnoso brevior. -- Bulbus angustus, tunicatus, foliorum emarcidorum vaginis sæpe supra bulbum elongatis demum in fibras longas solvendis. Folia radicalia, loriformia. Scapus elatus, laxe ramosus. Flores secus ramos sparsi, dissiti, ad bracteas solitarii, pedicello infra apicem articulato. Bracteæ sub ramis inferioribus inflorescentiæ interdum foliaceæ, cæteræ parvæ scariosæ. Perianthii segmenta alba, medio viridi-vittata.

Species 3, Californicae. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 242; Bot. Calif. ii. 159. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 60. Kell. Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. 104, fig. 30. Red. Lil. t. 421 (Scilla). Bot. Reg. t. 564 (Anthericum) et 1842, t. 28 (Ornithogalum). Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 381 (Phalangium, ovarii loculis errore co ovulatis dictis).

57. Schoenoltrion, Torr. in Bot. Emory Exped. 220.—Perianthium persistens, post anthesin laxe marcescens non tortum; segmenta distincta, ovata v. oblonga, patentia, 3nervia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium subsessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, lateraliter affixa. Capsula brevis, 3-quetra, truncata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (a nobis non visa) obovoideo-globosa, testa nigra nitida; embryo in albumine carnoso rectus. -Rhizoma breve, bulbum seu potius cormum vaginis foliorum obtectum ferens. Folia radicalia, longe linearia. Scapus elatus, aphyllus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores in scapo v. ramis racemosi, parvuli, flavidi v. albidi, ad bracteas solitarii, longiuscule pedicellati.

Species 3, Americæ borealis civitatum australiorum incolæ. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 242.

58. Mastingsia, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 217, 242.—Perianthium persistens. post anthesin laxe marcescens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, ovata v. oblonga, patentia, tenuia, 1-nervia v. confertim 3-nervia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque subæquilonga, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis. stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, juxta basin lateraliter affixa, ascendentia, fere anatropa. Capsula ovoidea, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpius solitaria, erecta. oblique oblonga, subtriquetra, testa nigra opaca appressa; embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior, curvulus.—Rhizoma breve, crassum. Caulis basi incrassatus, vaginis foliorum fere tunicatus. Folia radicalia longe linearia. Scapus aphyllus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores parvi, albi, in scapi ramis racemosi, ad bracteas solitarii, breviter pedicellati.

Species I, Californica. Genus vix ac ne vix a Schanolirio differre videtur.

59. Bowlea, Harv.; Hook. f. in Bot. Mag. t. 5619.—Flores polygami. Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, æqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus basi leviter dilatatis; antheræ parvæ, oblongo-lineares, erectæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis valvis latis subintrorsum dehiscentibus, in floribus 2 minimæ loculis vacuis. Ovarium lata basi sessile, 3-loculare; stylus breviter columnaris, apice leviter clavato-capitatus, stigmatibus adnatis recurvis; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula perianthio marcescente stipata, ovoideo-3-quetra fere pyramidalis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina plurima, oblonga, compressa, testa nigra laxa; embryo albumine carnoso triente v. subdimidio brevior.—Bulbus tuberiformis (v. tuber) magnus, globosus, carnosus, e vaginis (v. tunicis) paucis crasso-carnosis sibimet arcte appressis compositus, apice squamis nonnullis parvis ad basin caulis coronatus. Folia præcocia, cito decidua, pauca v. solitaria, breviter linearia, erecta. Caulis v. scapus aphyllus, alte volubilis, ramis inferioribus intricato-ramosissimis flexuosis sterilibus ramulis corniculatis, superioribus floridis minus ramulosis elongatis flexuoso-volubilibus. Flores longe pedicellati, virescentes, segmentis interdum margine albidis.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 290. Irmisch in Abhandl. Nat. Ver. Bremen, vi. 433, t. 5.

60. Schizobasis, Baker in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1873, 105.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, æqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus basi leviter dilatatis; antheræ prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis valvis latis subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris v. breviter filiformis, stigmate parvo sæpe 3-fido; ovula in loculis ⇔ (4-7). Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2 rarius 3, ovoideo-globosa v. angulata, testa nigra laxa; embryo albumine carnoso paullo brevior.—Bulbus globosus v. ovoideus, e squamis ∞ crasse carnosis, vaginis emarcidis sæpe coronatus. Folia radicalia præcocia, pauca, linearia, crassiuscula, in speciminibus floridis desunt. Caulis aphyllus, tenuis, ramosus, ramis nunc elongatis virgatis, nunc breviter divaricatis flexuosis v. intricato-ramosissimis. Bracteæ minutæ, squamiformes v. obsoletæ. Flores parvi nunc minimi, secus ramos racemosi v. dissiti, pedicellis sub apice articulatis.

Species 5, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 260, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 255. Huc includenda S. cuscutoides (Asparagus cuscutoides, Baker in Jours: Linn. Soc. xiv. 606) cui fructus certe capsularis 3-valvis omnino Schizobaseos.

61. Eriospermum, Jacq. Collect. v. (Suppl.) 72.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, ovata oblonga v. linearia, subæqualia, patentia, medio 1-nervia v. vittata. Stamina 6, prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis complanatis v. crassiusculis rarius filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, basi inter lobos affixæ, loculis valvis latis subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2-6. Capsula perianthii segmentis emarcidis stipata, subglobosa v. ovoidea, 3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, oblonga, testa membranacea laxa pilis longis dense lanata; embryo cylindraceus, albumini carnoso sequilongus, sæpe elongandus ex albumine exsertus.—Tuber interdum majusculum, foliorum vetustiorum vaginis fibrosis coronatum, nunc cormum formans. Folia radicalia nunc 1-3 ad basin scapi, nunc solitaria, a scapo distincta, petiolata, linearia lanceolata ovata cordata v. rotundata, crassiuscula. Scapus simplex, sæpius aphyllus, inter folia radicalia v. e gemma distincta evolutus, basi vaginis nonnullis stipatus, vagina interdum una alterave laminam parvam patentem ferente. Racemus simplex, nunc longus dense

floribundus pedicellis brevibus, nunc laxus pedicellis longissimis. Bractez minimæ squamiformes. Flores albidi v. flavescentes.

Species ad 25, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 649. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 262, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 261. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 420 ad 422; Hort. Schanbr. t. 264, 265. Red. Lil. t. 394. Bot. Mag. t. 1382. Bot. Reg. t. 578, 795.

Bulbine Mackenii, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 5955, a Bakero ad Eriospermum translata, a cæteris speciebus differt habitu, floribus flavis, filamentis filiformibus, et forte non revera congener. Fructus et semina nobis desunt.

PHYLLOGLOTTIS, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 15 (E. folioliferum, Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 521) et Thaumara, Salisb. l.c. (E. paradoxum, Ker, Ornithogalum paradoxum, Jacq. Coll. Suppl. 81, t. 1), cum E. Bowieano et E. prolifero, Baker (E. folioliferum, Bot. Reg. t. 795) species sunt insignes, folio solitario a scapo aphyllo distincto, supra ad basin laminæ processubus linearibus integris v. varie nunc longe ramosis instructo. De horum processuum (an inflorescentia abortiva?) natura ulterius inquirendum est. Specimina nobis desunt, et species ad icones plantarum cultarum definitæ sunt forte varietates v. formæ proliferæ specierum sub aliis nominibus descriptarum.

62. Eremurus, Bieb. Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 61, ex cod. Fl. Taur. Canc. iii. 269. (Ammolirion, Kar. et Kir. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1842, 515. Henningia, Kar. et Kir. l. c. 516.)—Perianthium campanulatum v. explanatum, marcescens, persistens v. demum deciduum ; segmenta distincta v. vix basi brevissime connata, a basi patentia, 1-nervia v. basi 3-5-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio demum sæpius longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, suberectæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, filamento in foveolam intruso, demum sæpe recurvæ v. revolutæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 4-6, rarius 2 collateralia, lateraliter affixa, amphitropa. Capsula subglobosa, membranacea, transverse rugosa Semina in quoque loculo 1-4, acute 3-quetra, testa v. lævis, loculicide dehiscens. crassiuscula interdum ad angulos in alas angustas producta; embryo albumine cartilagineo parum brevior.—Rhizoma breve, vaginis foliorum vetustorum membranaceis v. fibrosis sæpe coronatum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis tenuibus v. carnosis. Folia radicalia, sæpe numerosa, longe linearia. Scapus elatus, nunc altissimus, simplex, aphyllus. Racemus sæpius longe floribundus. Flores albi v. flavi, ad axillas bractearum solitarii, pedicellis apice v. sub apice articulatis. Bracteæ sæpius scariosæ.

Species ad 18, Orientis Asiæ Rossicæ et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 278; xix. t. 27. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. ii. 422; Fl. Turkest. t. 1 ad 3; Gartenfl. t. 769, 997, 1048. Stev. in Nouv. Mem. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc ix. t. 6 ad 8. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 102 (Asphodelus). Bot. Mag. t. 4870. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 188.

Genus a Bakero in sectiones 3 dividitur ad staminum longitudinem, character tamen ut demonstrat Regel valde incertus est et in eadem specie variat, et aliı characteres quibus Karelin et Kirilov genera sua distinxerunt ex observatione Regelii non confirmantur. Hic auctor sectionem tamen Henningiam admisit ab Eremurus typicis parum distinctam, segmentis exterioribus perianthii basi 3-5 nerviis.

SELONIA, Regel, Enum. Pl. Semenow. 134, t. 6, est E. soogdiana, Reg., quam ab Eremuro (Hennungia) distinguere nequimus nisi segmentis exterioribus perianthii quam interiora firmioribus nec vere calycinis, et in var. 3. Reg. differentia vix distinctior est quam in nonnullis aliis Henningiis.

63. Acrospira, Welw.; Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 255, t. 34.—Perianthium marcescens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, angusta, subæqualia, medio 3-nervia (sub anthesi patentia?). Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis brevibus latis apice acutis; antheræ magnæ, lineares, erectæ, inter lobos basales breves affixæ, apice demum sæpius tortæ v. recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (ultra 12). Fructus . . .—Rhizoma stylus filosomo visum) obliquum, crassum, fibris multis gracilibus præditum. Caulis simplex, ∞-pedalis. Folia (radicalia? v. ad basin caulis?) prædenga, angusta, rigidule ∞-nervia, in vaginam longam contracta, superiora breviora, dissita, erecta, subdisticha. Racemus

simplex v. basi breviter ramosus, floribus sub quaque bractea pluribus fasciculatis. Bracteæ parvæ, hyalinæ.

Species 1, Angolensis, ad Pungo Andongo frequens, Welwitsch.

64. Anthericum, Linn. Gen. n. 422, pro parte. (Phalangium, Juss. Gen. Pl. 52.)—Perianthium marcescens, non v. leviter tortum, persistens v. demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta distincta, rotato-patentia, subæqualia, 3–5-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix ima basi segmentis brevissime adnata, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ, inter lobos basales dorsifixæ, filamento sæpius in foveolam plus minus distinctam intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (4–8), lateraliter affixa. Capsula obtusa, globosa v. 3-dyma, vix 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina interdum in loculis abortu 1–2, angulata v. angulato-compressa, testa nigra opaca crassiuscula; embryo albumine carnoso fere cartilagineo paullo brevior, curvulus.—Rhizoma breve nunc brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe carnosis, vaginis foliorum emarcidorum interdum fibrosis coronatum. Folia radicalia, linearia, quaquaversa. Scapus aphyllus, sæpius elatus, simplex v. ramosus (excepto Holopodio). Flores tenuiter pedicellati, secus ramos v. scapum laxe racemosi, sub quaque bractea solitarii v. fasciculati. Bracteæ lineares, scariosæ.

Species ad 50, Europe, Africæ tropicæ et extratropicæ et Americæ tam borealis quam australis incolm. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 290, excl. sect. 1 ad 4, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 256.

Genus in sectiones 3 dividitur, a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habitas, etsi 2 priores charactere nimis artificiali separantur; tertia facile pro genere proprio ad Anthericeas anomalas amandanda.

- 1. Phalangium. Inflorescentia normalis. Filamenta glabra. Red. Lil. t. 287. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 161; Hort. Vind. t. 83; Io. Rar. t. 411. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 511, 512. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 54. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 172. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 103 B. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 301. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 676. Bot. Mag. t. 914, 1055, 1635, 3610. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1580. Antherici sect. 5 et 6, Baker. Phalangium, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 593. Presularia et Liliago, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 70.
- 2. Trachyandra. Inflorescentia normalis. Filamenta scabra. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 409, 410, 412, 413; Hort. Schænbr. t. 85, 413, 414. Bot. Mag. t. 1040, 1044, 1124. Bot. Reg. t. 877. Antherics sect. 7, 8, 9, Baker. Trachyandra, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 573. Hesperanthes, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 241. Dilanthes, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 70.

Sectiones Bakerianæ Trachyandra et Dilanthes ex Africa, et Hesperanthes ex America, characteribus valde incertis separantur. Articulatio pedicelli in Africanis variabilis est, et nervi segmentorum perianthii plus minus distantes v. approximati. Dilanthes, Salisb., est A. revolutum, Linn., a Bakero in sect. Trachyandra nec in Dilanthe collocatum.

- 8. ? Holopodium, Baker. Plantæ humiles, cæspitosæ, scapo cum rhachi racemi brevissimo inter foliorum vaginas recondito, pedicellis longis exsertis. Species 2 v. 3 Abyssinicæ, quibus etiam referrimus Chlorophytum tetraphyllum, Baker.
- 65. Chierophytum, Ker in Bot. Mag. t. 1071. (Hartwegia, Nees in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xv. ii. 372. Schidospermum, Griseb. in Pl. Lechl. Exs. n. 2382. Asphodelopsis, Steud. in Hohen. Pl. Ind. Or. Exs. n. 1311.)—Perianthium marcescens, non tortum, persistens v. demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta distincta, rotato-patentia, 3-7-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. seriei interioris basi segmentis brevissime adnata, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus supra medium sæpius parum dilatatis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, basi v. inter lobos basales dorso affixæ, filamento in foveolam dorsalem breviter intruso, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 4-∞. Capsula coriacea, truncata, acutangula, sæpius 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina lata, sæpius compressa, rugosa nec angulata, testa nigra; embryo albumine duriusculo paullo brevior, sæpius incurvus.—Rhizoma breve, durum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe carnoso-incrassatis v. tuberiferis. Folia radicalia, conferta, sæpie lata, interdum longe petiolata, rarius loriformia v. linearia. Scapus aphyllus, brevis v. elatus, simplex v. ramosus. Flores pedicellati, secus ramos

dense v. laxe racemosi, sub quaque bractea sæpius fasciculati. Bractes nunc parvæ scariosæ, nunc conspicuæ membranaceæ.

Species ad 40, Asiæ, Africæ tropicæ et australis et Americæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 602. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 321; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 259. Red. Lil. t. 191 (Phalangium). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 138 (Anthericum). Wight, Ic. t. 2037 ad 2039 (Phalangium). Kotschy et Peyr. Pl. Tinn. t. 23 B. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 104. Bot. Reg. t. 813, 998. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 216, 333, 352.

Genus vix ac ne vix ab Antherico differt capsulis acutangulis et sæpius filamentis plus minus medium versus dilatatis.

66. Dasystachys, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 255, t. 35.—Perianthium persistens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, angusta, subæqualia, obscure 1-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio subæqualia v. longiora, filamentis leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, dorso inter lobos basales affixæ, filamento in foveolam parvam intruso, demum recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, late 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (4-8), conferta. Capsula late 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (ubi nota) in loculis abortu solitaria, orbiculata, valde compressa, lateraliter affixa, testa nigra laxiuscula; embryo in albumine carnoso brevis, sed forte in semine examinato imperfecte maturus.—Rhizoma breve, fere cormiforme, fibris radicalibus crassiusculis, v. longius horizontale fibris paucioribus. Folia radicalia, longe linearia loriformia, v. paullo latiora rigida falcataque. Scapus aphyllus, elatus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Flores parvuli, in spica longa subsessiles, quaquaversi, sub quaqua bractea fasciculati. Bracteæ scariosæ v. membranaceæ, interdum aciculari-acuminatæ.

Species 7 v. 8, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Præter species 4 Welwitschianas a Bakero l. c. descriptas, huc pertinent: D. Grantii, Benth. (Cæsia africana, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. 160, t. 103, quoad specimen Grantianum); D. drimiopsis, Baker in herb. Kew. (Anthericum drimiopsis, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 301, et Cæsia africana, Baker l. c. 361, quoad specimen Kirkianum), et species ut videtur nova, iis affinis, Schweinfurth, n. 1504, et 3752.

Genus Chlorophyto valde affine.

67. Echeandia, Ortega, Nov. Pl. Dec. 90, 135, t. 18.—Perianthium marcescens, non tortum; segmenta a basi distincta, rotato-patentia, æqualia v. seriei interioris latiora, 3-5-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus erectis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, filamento sublongiores, circa stylum in cylindrum cohærentes, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, ex antherarum cylindro breviter exsertus, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis numerosa, lateraliter affixa. Capsula ovoidea v. longiuscule oblonga, 3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, angulato-compressa, testa nigra appressa; embryo albumine laxe carnoso triente v. subdimidio brevior.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis crassiusculis interdum fusiformibus. Folia radicalia, longa, anguste v. late linearia, disticha, membranacea, basi in vaginam longam angustata. Scapus tenuis, elatus, parce ramosus, aphyllus. Flores secus ramos dissite fasciculati, tenuiter pedicellati, albi v. flavescentes. Bracteæ sub fasciculis parvæ, scariosæ.

Species editæ 3, a Bakero in unam junctæ, Americæ tropicæ a Guiana usque ad Mexicum incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 627. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 288. Red. Lil. t. 313. Cav. Ic. t. 241 (Anthericum). Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 3 (Conanthera).

68. **Bottiones**, Colla in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxxvii. 43, t. 1. (Trichopetalum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1535.)—Perianthium marcescens, persistens, non tortum; segments distincts, rotato-patentia, ∞-nervia, exteriora integra, interiora paullo angustiora, marginibus dense ciliato-fimbriatis. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, basi alte 2-fidæ, inter lobos dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus crassiuscule filiformis, stigmate breviter expanso late

3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga v. fere linearis, 3-quetra, obtusa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , orbiculata, valde compressa, testa nigra appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso longus, valde incurvus.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis carnosis v. tuberosis. Caulis basi foliatus, erectus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Folia linearia, inferiora conferta, superiora pauca brevia distantia, floralia sub ramis inflorescentiæ multo minora, in bracteas scariosas sub florum fasciculis abeuntia. Racemi laxi, floribus sæpius fasciculatis, pedicellis tenuibus.

Species 1, Chilensis. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 333. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 601 (Trichopetalum). Bot. Mag. t. 3084 (Anthericum). Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 300 b (Anthericum).

69. Thysanotus, B. Br. Prod. 282. (Chlamysporum, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 103.)— Perianthium marcescens, persistens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, patentia, medio opaca, 3-nervia, exteriora anguste marginata integra, interiora margine lato colorata pulchre fimbriato-ciliata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, v. 3 seriei interioris ima basi segmentis affixa v. interdum abortiva, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, æquales v. seriei interioris exterioribus longiores, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus apice in unum confluentibus. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. fimbriato-dilatato; ovula in loculis 2, superposita. Capsula globosa v. ovoidea, obtusa, perianthio emarcido inclusa v. stipata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1 v. 2, subglobosa, strophiolata, testa nigra crassiuscula; embryo (ubi notus) albumine carnoso dimidio brevior, incurvus.—Rhizoma nunc brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis haud raro in tubera incrassatis, nunc crassum, horizontale, durum, fibris radicalibus tenuibus. Folia radicalia, graminea, plana v. teretia. Scapi aphylli, nunc erecti simplices v. apice paniculati, nunc ramosissimi v. in una specie volubiles. Flores nunc dense fasciculati, fasciculo unico terminali v. pauci ad apicem scapi, nunc varie paniculati fasciculati v. fere solitarii, pedicellati. Bracteæ sub fasciculis parvæ, scariose, sub pedicellis minute.

Species 19, omnes Australianæ, quarum una etiam in insulis Philippinis et China australi obvia. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 36 (perianthio errore torto dicto). Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 109, 110 (Ornithogalum). Bot. Mag. t. 2351. Bot. Reg. t. 655, 656; 1838, t. 8, 50; 1840, t. 4. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1986. Maund, Botanist, t. 187. Fl. des Serres, t. 1911.

ISANDRA, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 67, includit species antheris inter se subsequalibus. Thysanella, Salisb. l. c., includit species 3-andras.

70. Arthropodium, R. Br. Prod. 276.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, 3-nervia, patentia, subæqualia v. interiora sæpius latiora, interdum margine crispula, rarius brevissime fimbriata. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. interiora ima basi segmentorum affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis apice v. fere a basi dense piloso-barbatis v. papilloso-appendiculatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (4-8). Capsula subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina sæpius pauca, 3-quetra, v. plura angulato-compressa, testa nigra lævi v. minute granulata nec nitente; embryo in albumine carnoso v. fere cartilagineo longus, valde curvus.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis haud raro carnoso-incrassatis v. tuberiferis. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, anguste v. late linearia, sub ramis inferioribus paniculæ parva. Scapus v. pedunculus terminalis, simplex v. ramosus. Flores secus ramos dissite fasciculati, v. ad bracteas solitarii, albi v. purpurascentes, pedicellis tenuibus supra medium articulatis, per anthesin sæpius recurvis. Bracteæ parvæ, nunc minutæ, inferiores rarius majores foliaceæ. Capsulæ ut in affinibus erectæ.

Species note 8, quarum 1 Novo-Caledonica, 2 Novo-Zelandica, cæteræ Australianæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 361. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 285. Raoul, Choix Pl. Nouv. Zel. t. 6. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 55. Endl. Iconogr. t. 28. Red. Lil. t. 58, 360. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 395 Bet. Mag. t. 1421, 2350, 6826. Bot. Reg. t. 709, 866.

71. Diehopegon, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 622.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, 5-7-nervia, patentia, æquilonga, interiora latiora, marginibus sæpe scariosis crispulis. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus leviter complanatis glabris; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, basi utrinque in appendicem brevem papillosam in filamentum deflexum auctæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, obtusum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (6-12). Capsula ovoidea v. globosa, obtusa, leviter 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens.—Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea v. angulata, testa nigra granulosa v. lævi nec nitente; embryo in albumine duriusculo longus, valde curvatus.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis sæpe tuberiferis. Folia radicalia, anguste linearia, basi rarius vaginis vetustis fibrosis stipata. Scapus sæpius ramosus, aphyllus v. bractea foliacea infra inflorescentiam instructus. Flores secus ramos laxe racemosi, ad bracteas scariosas solitarii v. fasciculati, pedicellis gracilibus supra medium sæpius articulatis.

Species 2, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 58. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 131 (Arthropodium). Siona, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm 67, genus propositum fuit ad characterem Brownianum Arthropodii fimbriati. Specimina olim in herb. Br. frustra quæsivimus. Quæ nuper ex eodem herbario sub hoc nomine distributa ad Dichopogonem Sieberianum, Kunth, pertinere videntur, sed vix cum charactere Browniano A. fimbriati conveniunt.

72. Pasithea, Don in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. xiii. 236.—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens, spiraliter tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta ima basi cum toro incrassato continua, cæterum libera, anguste oblonga, subæqualia, 3-5-nervia, patentia. Stamina 6, toro incrassato ad basin segmentorum affixa, perianthio paullo breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, inter lobos basales affixæ, erectæ, demum recurvæ v. revolutæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium toro crasso leviter concavo lata basi impositum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, elongatus, superne leviter incrassatus, stigmate (an semper !) in lobos 3 breviter subulatos diviso; ovula in loculis 4. Capsula perianthio demum delapso denudata, in toro cupulato sessilis, brevis, 3-dyma, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (adhuc non perfecte matura) compressiuscula. testa nigra laxa; albumen carnosum; embryo. . . - Caulis e rhizomate brevi erectus, basi foliatus, superne paniculatus. Folia inferiora graminea, vaginis distiche imbricatis, superiora perpauca brevia erecta. Panicula laxe pyramidata v. thyrsoidea, ramis primariis apice laxe cymiferis, pedicellis longiusculis tenuibus. Flores cærulei. Bracteæ minimæ v. 0.

Species 1, Chilensis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 634. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 320. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 299, f. b (Anthericum).

73. Chamsescilla, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vii. 68.—Perianthium marcescens, post anthesin spiraliter tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta subsequalia, oblonga, stellato-patentia, 3-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, primum erectæ, mox recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula 3-loba, lobis a latere plano-compressis margine acutis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis pauca, compressa, margine acuto, strophiolo parvo v. 0, testa crustacea nigra nitida; embryo albumine carnoso 2-4-plo brevior.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus sæpe tuberoso-incrassatis. Folia radicalia, linearia v. latiuscule graminea, membranacea, basi vaginis vetustis fibrosis stipata. Scapus aphyllus, infra inflorescentiam simplex. Panicula v. cyma laxa, corymbiformis, bracteis parvis membranaceis. Flores cærulei, ad bracteas solitarii, pedicellati.

Species 2, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 48. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 132 (Casia).

74. **Edgsoniola**, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. ii. 176. (Hodgsonia, F. Muell. ibid. ii. 95, non Hook. f.)—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens, spiraliter tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta linearia, basi brevissime connata, 3-5-nervia, æqualia v. seriei

interioris paullo minora. Stamina perfecta 3, basi segmentorum interiorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ, circa stylum in cylindrum cohærentes, connectivis ultra loculos in tubum productis, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, filamentis brevibus, antheris lanceolatis castratis. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-loculare; stylus tenuiter filiformis, e tubo antherarum breviter exsertus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, superposita, anatropa. Capsula parva, subgloboso-3-quetra, pericarpio crassiusculo, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1 v. 2, ovoidea, strophiolata, testa nigra lævi; albumen carnosum, embryone in speciminibus nostris nondum perfecto.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus tenuibus, vaginis nonnullis foliorum detritorum fibrosis coronatum. Folia radicalia perpauca, linearia, acuminata. Scapus aphyllus, simplex, junciformis, squamis paucis distantibus instructus. Racemus simplex, floribundus, pedicellis breviusculis filiformibus. Flores parvuli, cærulei. Bracteæ angustæ, scariosæ.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 45.

75. Cessia, R. Br. Prod. 277.—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens, spiraliter tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta basi brevissime connata, 3-nervia, æqualia v. seriei interioris latius marginata, patentia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, oblongæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, primum erectæ, mox recurvæ v. revolutæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis v. superne leviter clavatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, lateraliter affixa, plus minus superposita, anatropa. Capsula parva, depressoglobosa 3-dyma v. fere 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpius solitaria, globosa, strophiolata, testa nigra crustacea tuberculoso-granulata; embryo albumine carnoso brevior.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis haud raro tuberoso-incrassatis. Caulis erectus, sæpius ramosus. Folia ad basin caulis sæpeque sub ramis inferioribus conferta, subdisticha, linearia, sub ramis paniculæ solitaria, minora, in bracteas abeuntia. Inflorescentia laxe paniculato-ramosa, rarius simplex. Flores cærulei v. albi, secus ramos paniculæ dissite fasciculati, pedicellis filiformibus. Bracteæ minimæ, squamiformes.

Species ad 9, Australiæ et Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 608. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 46. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 357, quoad sect. Eucæsiam. Huc etiam pertinent Anthericum contortum, Linn., affinesque nonnullæ Capenses, a Kunthio bene sub Cæsia recensitæ, a Bakero cum Bulbinella Burkei ad subgenus Streptantheram Antherici relatæ. Cæsia africana, Baker, ex Africa tropica, est Dasystachys Grantii, Benth.

76. Agrestocrinum, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. ii. 94.—Perianthium ima basi breviter turbinato-campanulatum persistensque; lobi tubo multo longiores, sequales, stellato-patentes, 5-nerves, post anthesin spiraliter torti, demum a fructu decidui. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis glabris vix complanatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis poro terminali dehiscentibus. Ovarium intra tubum perianthii sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia. Capsula brevis, depressa, 3-dyma, perianthii tubo stipata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpius solitaria, obovoidea v. globosa, strophiolo parvo, testa crustacea nitida; embryo albumine carnoso dimidio saltem brevior.—Caules e rhizomate brevi lignoso erecti, infra inflorescentiam simplices v. parce ramosi. Folia pauca, longa, rigide graminea, vaginis longis subancipitibus. Panicula v. cyma laxissima, parce ramosa. Flores longe pedicellati, ad apices ramorum solitarii v. laxe subfasciculati, cærulei.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 36.

77. Corynotheca, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vii. 68.—Perianthium marcescens, post anthesin spiraliter tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta subæqualia v. interiora latiora, stellato-patentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, seriei interioris cesteris paullo longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, juxta

basin dorsifixæ, primum erectæ, mox recurvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2 v. rarius solitaria. Fructus abortu 1-spermus, indehiscens, nuculiformis. Semen obovoideum, strophiolatum, testa crustacea nigra nitida minute granulata v. lævi; embryo albuminis carnosi dimidium æquans v. superans.—Folia radicalia, angusta, pauca, mox evanida. Caules aphylli, tenues at rigidi, sæpius intricato- v. divaricato-ramosissimi, paniculam formans nunc latam nunc anguste thyrsoideam, ramulis interdum spinescentibus. Flores minuti, secus ramulos sparsi remoti, ad axillas bractearum minimarum solitarii v. rarius gemini.

Species 3, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 49.

78. **Exerpolition**, Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. i. 258; Fl. Tasm. ii. 54, t. 132 B.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, linearia, basi erecta, dein stellato-patentia, 5-nervia. Stamina basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, post anthesin tortæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (ad 6), medio v. infra medium lateraliter affixa, fere anatropa. Fructus capsularis videtur, pericarpio crassiusculo loculicide dehiscente, maturus tamen nobis deest. Semina immatura ovoideo-oblonga, nec angulata.—Herba nana, cæspitosa, rhizomate tenui repente ramoso. Folia in caule brevissimo conferta, disticha, carinata, basi equitantia. Flos unicus, terminalis, intra folia 2 summa 5-7-nervia brevissime pedicellatus, cærulescens v. albidus.

Species 1, montium Novæ Zelandiæ, Tasmaniæ et Victoriæ incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 60.

79. Manolirion, Benth. gen. nov.—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens, post anthesin spiraliter tortum; segmenta distincta, lanceolato-linearia, subæqualia, tenuiter 3-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. seriei interioris ima basi segmentis adnata iisque breviora, filamentis complanatis; antheræ breviter oblongo-ovoideæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, fere anatropa. Capsula (a nobis non visa) subglobosa, leviter 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens.—Herba nana, cæspitosa, rhizomate tenui repente ramoso. Folia in caule brevissimo conferta, anguste linearia, quaquaversa. Scapus intra folia brevissimus, 1-3-florus. Pedicelli breves. Perianthium pallide cærulescens.

Species 1, N. capense, in summo monte Winterhok Africæ australis a H. Boluso detecta, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 395 sub Herpolirio edita. Genus habitu quidem Herpolirio subsimile, sed foliis minime distichis, perianthio, staminibus, et ovulorum numero bene distinctum videtur.

80. Leucocrinum, Nutt.; A. Gray in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv. 110.—Perianthium hypocrateriforme, marcescens, persistens, tubo longissimo tenui vix apice ampliato; lobi subsequales, angusti, patentes. Stamina 6, sub fauce affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antherse lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, mox recurvæ v. tortæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideo-globosum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, apice leviter incrassatus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (ad 12), 2-seriata. Capsula ovoideo-globosa, obtusa, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , nigra, angulato-compressa, testa crassiuscule membranacea, laxa; embryo linearis, incurvus, albumine carnoso vix brevior.—Rhizoma breviter descendens, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis carnosulis. Folia radicalia, linearia, graminea, exteriora pauca basi late vaginata, interiora gradatim minora, in bracteas lineares basi scariosas abeuntia. Flores ad axillas bractearum radicalium breviter et inæqualiter pedicellati. Capsulæ erectæ, coriaceæ, inter folia breviter epigææ.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. S. Wats. Bot. 40 Parall. 349, t. 36.

Genus ob flores fere hypogæos perianthiique tubum longissimum Colchiceis approximatum, nostro sensu Anthericeis propinquius rhizomate antheris seminibusque.

81. Dianella, Lam. Dict. ii. 276. (Rhuacophila, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 13.)—Perianthium marcescens, non tortum, demum sæpius deciduum; segmenta distincta,

subequalia, sub anthesi patentia, oblonga, 3-7-nervia. Stamina 6, perianthio breviora, hypogyna v. seepius 3 interiora ima basi segmentorum affixa, filamentis apice v. medio v. fere a basi carnoso-incrassatis; anthere oblongo-lineares, erectæ v. demum recurvæ v. replicatæ, basi inter lobos basales affixæ, loculis poris terminalibus sæpe in rimas introrsum continuas dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. brevissime stipitatum, obtusum; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co (4-8.) Fructus succulentus, globoso-3-dymus v. ovoideo-oblongus, indehiscens (v. rarius demum breviter dehiscens?). Semina in loculis solitaria v. pauca, ovoidea v. compressiuscula, testa nigra crustaceo-nitida; embryo linearis, rectus v. curvulus, albumine carnoso parum v. dimidio brevior.—Rhizoma sæpe ramosum v. stoloniferum, caule erecto rigido cum pedunculo sæpe pluripedali. Folia prope basin caulis conferta v. secus partem inferiorem approximata, disticha, vaginis equitantibus, lamina longe lineari, in parte superiore caulis pauca, vaginis brevibus, laminis parvis, radicalia pauca v. ad vaginas reducta. Flores cærulei, pedicellati, nutantes, laxe cymosi, cymis in panicula terminali ampla laxa dispositis, pedicellis sub flore articulatis. Bracteæ parvæ scariosæ v. 0.

Species 7 v. 8, a nonnullis usque ad 12 estimatæ, ins Mascarensium, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ, quarum una etiam in Asia tropica late dispersa. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 574. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 13. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 283; Fl. Tasm. t. 133. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 94. Red. Lil. t. 1, 79. Lindb. in Act. Soc. Sc. Fenn. x. t. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 505, 1404, 5551. Bot. Reg. t. 734, 751, 1120. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1136.

Genus ob fructum baccatum sæpius ad Asparageas relatum, sed habitus cæterique characteres affinitatem arctam cum Focremide et Stypandra indicant.

82. **Eccremis,** Willd. MS. ex Schult. Syst. vii. 354 (Excremis).—Perianthium persistens, non tortum; segmenta distincta, subrequalia, latiuscule oblonga, 5-nervia, patentia Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis ima basi in annulum carnosulum connatis supra medium incrassatis cæterum filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium subsessile, oblongum, obtusum, 3-loculare; stylus crassiuscule filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis sat numerosa. Capsula immatura carnosula, demum oblonga, obtusa, 3-sulca, exocarpio loculicide 3-valvi, endocarpio septicide dehiscente, valvis 3 complicatis exterioribus alternis. Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea, testa crustacea nitida; embryo (adhuc vix maturus) in albumine carnoso parvus.—Rhizoma breve, lignosum, caule elato basi foliato superne paniculato. Folia disticha, inferiora plurima basi complicata vaginis equitantibus, superne explanata elongata rigidula, superiora pauca minora erecta, floralia sub ramis inflorescentiæ in bracteas abeuntia. Paniculæ rami laxe subcymosi, vix minute bracteati, pedicellis fasciculatis recurvis. Flores fructusque nutantes.

Species 1, Andium Americæ australis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 319. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 299, f. a. (Anthericum). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 675 (Dianella). Habitus Dianella, differt imprimis fructu capsulari.

83. Stypandra, R. Br. Prod. 278.— Perianthium marcescens, demum deciduum, non tortum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia v. interiora latiora, patentia, 5-7-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis superne v. fere a basi dense tomentoso-lanatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, mox revolutæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (4-8). Capsula oblonga, pericarpio crassiusculo, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ovoidea, compressiuscula, testa nigra crustacea lævi nitida v. opaca; embryo albumine carnoso triente v. parum brevior.—Rhizoma breve v. horizontale, caule ascendente ima basi v. undique foliato ramoso. Folia basi disticha, linearia, rigidula. Panicula v. cyma laxissima, terminalis. Flores longiuscule pedicellati, ad apices ramulorum solitarii fasciculati v. subumbellati, cærulei albo-flavidi v. rarius albi. Bracteæ parvæ, nunc minutæ, v. sub ramis inflorescentiæ foliaceæ.

Species 3, Australianse. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 355. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 53.

. In S. glauca, Br. (sect. Eustypandra, Baker; Styponema, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 67) caulis ramosus undique foliatus; flores nutantes; filamenta superne lanata, et semina lævia at sæpius vix lucida. Bot. Mag. t. 3417. Kn. et Weste, Fl. Cab. t. 63.

In S. caspitosa, Br., et S. umbellata, Br. (sect. Styponema, Baker, non Salisb.), caulis simplex v. ima basi ramosus, basi sola foliatus; flores suberecti; filamenta fere a basi tomentoso-lanata; semina nitida.

## TRIBUS XI. JOHNSONIEÆ.

84. Aphyllanthes, Linn. Gen. n. 408.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, marcescens, non tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta unguiculata, basi in tubum conniventia v. subcohærentia, superne recurvo-patentia, oblongo-ovata, subæqualia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, unguibus segmentorum affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, dorso supra lobos basales affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa, amphitropa. Capsula membranacea, subgloboso-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria, late ovoidea, compressiuscula, testa nigra laxa; embryo rectus, in semine examinato albumini carnoso æquilongus.—Rhizoma breve, subramosum. Caules cæspitosi, junciformes, basi vaginis paucis rigidis interdum in folium breve productis stipati, cæterum aphylli. Capitulum terminale, oblongum, 1-2- rarius 3-florum. Bracteæ paleaceæ, imbricatæ, 1-2 exteriores vacuæ, sub flore solitario v. sub quoque flore unica, cum bracteola lata 2-fida. Flos intra bracteas sessilis, pulchre cærulea.

Species 1, regionis Mediterraneæ occidentalis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 646. Parlat. Fl. Ital. ii. 366. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 9. Red. Lil. t. 483. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 418. Moggr Fl. Ment. t. 89. Bot. Mag. t. 1132.

Genus pluribus notis *Johnsonieis* Australianis affine, ut bene notavit Parlatore, capitulis tamen sæpius 1-floris aliisque notis sat diversum, nec bene pro typo tribus, minime pro ordine distincto habendum.

85. Johnsonia, R. Br. Prod. 287.—Perianthium marcescens, non tortum, demum a fructu deciduum, ima basi breviter turbinato-campanulatum; lobi 6, multo longiores, subæquales, 3-5-nerves, patentes. Stamina 3, basi loborum interiorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis basi breviter dilatatis connatisque superne angustatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, altero ascendente altero reflexo. Capsula bracteis inclusa, subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpe solitaria, ovoidea, strophiolo magno, testa crustacea nitida; embryo albumine carnoso subdimidio brevior.—Herbæ cæspitosæ. Folia radicalia, fasciculata v. basi disticha, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Spica terminalis, breviter oblonga, densa, bracteis paleaceis imbricatis flores omnino obtegentibus, inferioribus 1-2 vacuis interdum foliaceo-acuminatis erectisque. Flores sessiles, sub bracteis solitarii iisque breviores.

Species 3, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 68. Bauer, Ill. Pl. Nov. Holl, t. 1. Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 7.

86. Arnocrinum, Endl. in Pl. Preiss. ii. 41.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, marcescens, diu persistens, post anthesis spiraliter tortum; lobi 6, subsequales, latiusculi, 1-nerves, patentes. Stamina perfecta 3, fauci affixa, lobis subbreviora, filamentis brevibus filiformibus; antheræ 3, lineares, juxta basin dorsifixæ, in cylindrum circa stylum cohærentes, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, staminibus alterna, minute filiformia, interdum desunt. Ovarium sessile, obovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate leviter incrassato; ovula in loculis 2, alterum ascendens alterum pendulum. Capsula parva, loculicide dehiscens, bracteis inclusa. Semina in loculis sæpius solitaria, ovoidea v. globosa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea nigra nitida.—Rhizoma cum basi caulis

lana densa involutum. Caulis junceus, simplex v. ramosus, aphyllus. Folia radicalia v. e rhizomate pauca, breviter linearia, graminea. Squamellæ sub ramis rarissime foliaceo-acuminatæ, sæpius parvæ. Flores ad apicem caulis v. ramorum dense capitati v. brevissime spicati, intra bracteas imbricatas glabras v. dense pilosas sessiles, singuli, præter bracteam latiusculam 1-nervem, bracteola latiore 2-nervi stipati.

Species 2, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 69.

87. Tricoryne, R. Br. Prod. 278.—Perianthium marcescens, post anthesin spiraliter contortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta angusta, 3-5-nervia, subæqualia v. interiora angustiora, stellato-patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis breviora, filamentis filiformibus sub anthera dense penicillato-lanatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, profunde 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2, collateralia, ascendentia, anatropa. Fructus ad basin divisus in nuculas 3 (interdum abortu 2 v. 1) indehiscentes, carnosas v. siccas, reticulatas v. costatas. Semina in nuculis abortu solitaria, nigra, testa coriacea nitida; embryo albumine carnoso triente brevior.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Caules ramosi, virgati, ramis sæpe fasciculatis. Folia pauca, graminea v. ad squamellas scariosas reducta, rarius plura parvaque. Panicula laxa. Flores ad apices ramulorum fasciculati, pedicellati. Bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum imbricato-capitatæ, parvæ, exteriorum 1-2 sæpe vacuæ, interdum elongatæ v. foliaceæ.

Species 6, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 50. Bauer, Ill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 11. Endl. Iconogr. t. 61.

88. Zaxmannia, R. Br. Prod. 285.—Perianthium persistens, non tortum, segmenta omnia distincta, enervia v. late 1-nervia, demum subscariosa, subæqualia v. interiora basi leviter connata exterioribus paullo minora v. demum majora. Stamina 6, perianthio breviora, hypogyna v. seriei interioris segmentis breviter adnata, filamentis filiformibus: antheræ ovatæ, medio dorso v. ad basin segmentorum affixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium basi contractum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate parvo v. leviter incrassato; ovula in loculis 2 v. 4. Capsula perianthio inclusa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, (in L. gracili) angulato-compressa, nigra, testa crassiuscula nec crustacea; embryo rectus v. leviter curvus, albumine carnoso vix brevior.-Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis. Caules breves, dense cæspitosi, v. elongati diffusi ramosique. Folia anguste linearia v. subulata, ad basin v. apices ramorum conferta, vaginis scariosis imbricatis apice sæpe setosis v. lanato-ciliatis. Flores ad apices ramorum in capitula sessilia v. pedunculata conferti, intra bracteas subsessiles. Bracteæ scarjosæ, imbricatæ, exteriores sæpius vacuæ integræ involucrantes, interiores breves, tenues, sæpe hvalinæ, margine laceræ v. fimbriatæ v. haud raro fere ad basin in setas v. lanam divisæ.

Species 8, omnes Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 63. Endl. Iconogr. t. 97. Done, Herb. Tim. Descr. t. 16. Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 7.

89. Stawellia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. vii. 85.—Perianthium diu persistens, non tortum, demum a fructu deciduum; segmenta basi brevissime connata, subæqualia, 3-nervia, patentia. Stamina 3, basi segmentorum interiorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. complanatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2. Capsula (ex F. Muell.) loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1 v. 2, testa nigra crustacea nitida.—Herba humilis, dense cæspitosa. Folia radicalia, lineari-filiformia, rigidula, basibus dilatatis imbricatis. Scapi simplices, aphylli. Flores in capitulo terminali intra baseteas inbricatas scariosas sessiles, exteriores nonnulli segmentis perianthii filamentisque

angustissimis elongatisque, interiores segmentis filamentisque brevioribus latioribus. Capsula minima.

Species 1 Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 67. Specimina nostra haud perfecta.

90. Borya, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 81, t. 107. (Baumgartenia, Spr. Syst. ii. 91.)—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, marcescens, persistens, tubo tenui cylindraceo; lobi 6, subæquales, lineares, stellato-patentes, post anthesin non torti. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa, iisque subæquilonga, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (ad 20). Capsula bracteis perianthioque persistente inclusa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, estrophiolata, testa nigra crustacea.—Rhizoma perenne. Caules brevissimi cæspitosi v. longiores ramosique, basibus persistentibus foliorum imbricatis obtecti. Folia in rhizomate v. apices versus ramorum dense conferta, brevia, anguste linearia v. fere filiformia. Flores ad apices ramorum in capitula globosa v. ovoidea longe pedunculata conferti, intra bracteas sessiles. Bracteæ arcte imbricatæ, exteriores paucæ vacuæ, subulatæ, involucrum erectum v. patens formantes, interiores latæ, bracteolam latiorem cum flore singulo foventes.

Species 2, Australianze. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 70. Lindl. Swan Riv. App. t. 9.

91. Alania, Endl. Gen. Pl. 151.—Perianthium persistens, non tortum; segmenta 6, a basi distincta, oblonga, subæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ minimæ, ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, recurvus, stigmate parvo subcapitato; ovula in loculis pauca. Capsula subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, in loculis sæpe solitaria, oblonga, estrophiolata, testa nigra crustacea nitida; albumem carnosum.—Caulis perennis, humilis, diffusus, ramosus. Folia conferta, lineari-filiformia, acuta, basi in vaginas imbricatas caulem obtegentes dilatata. Flores in umbellam terminalem subglobosam conferti, pedicellati. Bracteæ numerosæ, fuscæ, scariosæ, imbricatæ, 1-2 exteriores vacuæ interdum subfoliaceo-acuminatæ. Flores parvuli, primum pedicellis brevibus subcapitati, pedicellis tamen accrescentibus mox umbellati.

Species I, Australiana, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 644. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 62.

92. Sowerbsea, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 218; v. 160, t. 6.—Perianthium persistens, non tortum; segmenta 6, a basi distincta v. seriei interioris basi breviter connata, ovata v. oblonga, subæqualia, demum fere scariosa. Stamina perfecta 3, segmentis interioribus opposita iisque breviora, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, basifixæ, loculis fere ad basin discretis erectis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, staminibus alterna, breviter filiformia, v. interdum desunt. Ovarium breve, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis 2-6. Capsula perianthio persistente inclusa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, angulata, testa crassiuscule membranacea nigra minute granulata; embryo in albumine carnoso brevis.—Rhizoma lignosum, horizontale, nodosum. Folia radicalia, lineari-filiformia. Caules seu scapi aphylli simplices v. rarius ima basi ramosi, juncei. Flores in umbellam terminalem subglobosam conferti, pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ, ad basin pedicellorum dense imbricatæ, 2 v. 3 exteriores sæpe paullo majores rigidioresque vacuæ.

Species 3, Australians. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 61, Red. Lil. t. 341. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 81. Bot. Mag. t. 1104. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 787.

## TRIBUS XII. ALLIEÆ.

93. Agapanthus, Lhér. Sert. Angl. 17. (Abumon, Adans. Fam. ii. 54. Mauhlia, Dahl, Obs. Syst. Linn. 25.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo cylindraceo sæpius brevi; lobi 6, subsequales, tubo longiores, erecto-patentes. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus inferne leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, doraifixæ, basi 2-lobæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis oc. Capsula oblonga, obtusa, angulis valde elevatis fere 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina oc, ascendentia, compressa, testa laxiuscula nigra sursum in alam oblongam producta; albumen carnosum. — Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus crassiusculis, ebulbosum. Folia radicalia, lato-linearia v. loriformia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali numerosi, pedicellati, speciosi, cærulei rarius albi. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, latiusculæ, caducissimæ, interiores oc, lineari-setaceæ.

Species v. varietates insignes 3, Africæ australis incolæ, in hortis diu cultæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 478. Baker in Journ. Lann Soc. xi. 368. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 15, t. 83 (Crinum). Red. Lil. t. 6, 403. Bot. Mag. t. 500. Bot. Reg. t. 699; 1843, t. 7. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 42.

94. Tuibaghia, Linn. Mant. n. 1300. (Omentaria, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 87.)—Perianthium urceolatum v. fere hypocraterimorphum, tubo superne contracto v. undique cylindraceo; lobi 6, subæquales, patentes; corona ad faucem carnosula, lobis brevior, e squamis 3 lobis interioribus oppositis nunc in unam fere globosam sinuato-3-lobam connatis, nunc liberis integris emarginatis v. 2-partitis. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim affixa et omnino inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, interdum brevissime apiculatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum v. subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmate crasso pulvinato v. discoideo obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis co. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina oblonga, compressa, testa nigra laxiuscula; embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, lignosum. Folia radicalia, ligulata, vaginis emarcidis interdum cum rhizomate cormum imperfectum formantibus. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali co, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, latæ, interiores angustiores, nunc perpaucæ v. 0. Odor plantæ alliaceus.

Species edite ad 12, a Bakero ad 9 reducts, Africa australis et tropica incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 480. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 369, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 246. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 115. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 180. Bot. Mag. t. 806, 3547, 3555.

95. Tristagma, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 28, t. 140. (Stemmatium, Philippi, Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. (1873), 75. Stephanolirion, Baker in Gard. Chron. 1875, i. 234.)—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo cylindraceo, lobi 6, subæquales, patentes; corona ad faucem carnosula e squamis 3–6 subconnatis v. liberis v. omnino deficiens. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim affixa et omnino inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmate crasso pulvinato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula (a nobis non visa) loculicide dehiscens. Semina . . .—Cormus subglobosus, tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, anguste linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali haud numerosi, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, latæ, acuminatæ, interiores angustæ, paucæ.

Species 3, Chilenses. Genus vix ac ne vix a Tulbaghia differt cormo perfectiore et patria. Corona in utroque genere variat de specie in speciem; in T. nivali, Pepp. et Endl. l.c. omnino deest; in T. dimorphopetalo, C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 126, t. 69 bis (Leucocoryne Gayi, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 375) constat e squamis 3 oblongis lobis interioribus perianthii affixis; in his 2 speciebus

perianthium, antheræ et habitus omnino Tulbaghiæ. In. T. narciescide (Stemmatio narciescide, Phil.) perianthium majus Leucocorynis, stamina omnino Tulbaghiæ, corona e squamis 3-6 latis inæqualibus plus minus connatis.

96. **Zeucceryne**, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1293.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo cylindraceo æquali v. supra ovarium parum contracto; lobi 6, subæquales, patentes, ovalioblongi v. angusti. Stamina perfecta 3, tubo inclusa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, ad faucem lobis interioribus opposita iisque breviora, linearia v. basi dilatata, ananthera. Ovarium subsessile, oblongum, obtusum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmate parvo 3-dymo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula membranacea, ovoidea v. oblonga, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , parva, subglobosa, nigra.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, anguste linearia, canaliculata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali pauci, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, lineari-lanceolatæ, acuminatæ, demum scariosæ, interiores perpaucæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 3 v. 4, Chilenses. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 374 (excl. L. Gayi quæ Tristagma). C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 69. Bot. Mag. t. 2382 (Brodiæa).

97. MIIIa, Cav. Ic. ii. 76, t. 196.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo cylindraceo sequali ad os annulo parum prominulo constricto; lobi rotato-patentes, parum insequales. Stamina 6, ad os tubi affixa, exserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, circa stylum conniventes, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, elongatum, 3-loculare; stylus antheras paullo superans, stigmate parum dilatato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, obtusa, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens, valvis facillime septicide partitis sub-6-valvis. Semina compressa, angulata, nigra.—Cormus parvulus, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis nonnullis valde incrassatis carnosis. Folia radicalia pauca, angustissime linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali 2-4, rarius ad unum reducti, albi, speciosi, longe pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2-3, parvæ, angustæ, nunc minimæ.

Species 1, Mexicana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 478. Bot. Reg. t. 1555. Fl. des Serres, t. 1459. Species a Bakero in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 378 sub Milla enumeratas pro maxima parte cum S. Watsonio ad Brodiæam referrimus; paucæ a Kunthio sub Nothoscordo editæ ad hoc genus restituendæ videntur.

98. ? Diphalangium, S. Schau. in Linnaa, xix. 702.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, marcescens, tubo cylindraceo medio ventricoso 6-costato; lobi patentes, tubo longiores, 1-nerves, apice calloso-incrassati. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorso basifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-gastrum, 3-loculare; stylus longus, apice incrassatus, stigmate 3-gono dilatato. Capsula usque ad medium cum perianthii tubo connata, 3-quetra, ∞-sperma.—Bulbus subrotundus, tunicarum fuscarum fibris linearibus. Folia linearia, incurvo-patula, scapum subæquantia. Scapus simplex, vix semipollicaris (an errore pro semipedalis?), circa basin foliis 2 parvis membranaceis præditus, cæterum nudus. Perianthium album?, lobis pollicaribus, tubo semipollicari cum pedunculo continuo. Antheræ ad sinus perianthii exsertæ. (Char. ex S. Schauero.)

Species 1, Mexicana, Aschenborn, n. 30, a nobis non visa, pluribus notis Millæ convenire videtur, sed si rite descripta caule nano, staminum insertione, capsula basi adnata discrepat.

99. Stropholirion, Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 93 (149), t. 23. (Rupalleya, Morière in Bull. Soc. Linn. Norm. viii. 313, t. 15.)—Perianthium urceolatum, tubo subgloboso ad os constricto, costis 6 subvesiculoso-inflatis percurso; lobi 6, subsequales, patentes. Stamina perfecta 3, cum staminodiis totidem alterna, fauci affixa, erecta, filamentis seu connectivis petaloideis alte 2-fidis; antheræ ad basin filamenti subsessiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia filamentis æquilonga, angustiora, crassiora, apice emarginata.

Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare, in stylum antheris æquilongum attenuatum, stigmate parum dilatato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis 4, in medio loculo conferta. Capsula perianthio persistente inclusa, globosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina...—Cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, demum elongata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus, sæpius volubilis,  $\infty$ -pedalis. Flores in umbella terminali numerosi, rosei, pedicellis articulatis. Bracteæ involucrantes 2-5, latiusculæ, interdum coloratæ; interiores parvæ, scariosæ.

Species 1, Californica. S. Wats. Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 239. Bot. Mag. t. 6123 (Brodiæa). Genus quoad stamina Brodiæa accedit, cui refert Baker, sed perianthium longe diversum et habitus peculiaris.

100. Ereveertia, Wood in Proc. Acad. Philad. 1868,173.—Perianthium tubulosum, late cylindraceum, basi breviter 6-saccatum, ad os leviter constrictum; lobi multoties breviores, ovati, patentes. Stamina perfecta 3, fauci affixa, antheris anguste oblongis subsessilibus erectis, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, antheris alterna, petaloidea, latissime truncata, pone antheras in coronam spuriam connata, iisque paullo breviora. Ovarium breviter stipitatum, ovoideum, in stylum attenuatum, stigmate capitato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis ∞, haud numerosa. Capsula stipitata, ovoideo-3-quetra, acuminata, perianthio persistente inclusa, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca (immatura) nigra, compressa.—Cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, longa. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, breviter pedicellati, nutantes v. penduli, speciosi, coccinei apice flavo-virentes. Bracteæ involucrantes 3-4, latiusculæ, scariosæ, coloratæ; interiores angustissimæ v. minimæ.

Species 1, Californica. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 239. Bot. Mag. t. 5857 (Brodiæa). Genus quoad staminum situm Brodiæa accedit cui refert Baker, sed perianthium longe diversum.

101. Brodisca, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. 2, t. 1. (Hookera, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 98.)—Perianthium infundibuliformi-campanulatum, tubo basi attenuato v. rotundato nec saccato, superne ampliato; lobi tubo longiores v. subæquales, erecti v. subpatentes, inter se subæquales. Stamina 6 omnia perfecta, v. 3 staminodiis totidem alterna, fauci v. tubo affixa, filamentis brevissimis v. intra tubum filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. angustæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. stipitatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, brevis v. longiusculus, stigmate parum dilatato 3-sulco v. breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis o. Capsula subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga, perianthio marcescente inclusa, membranacea v. vix coriacea, loculicide dehiscens, valvis interdum demum septicide fissis. Semina o, nigra, sæpius compressa.—Cormus (rarius bulbus?) plus minus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, angusta. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures v. rarius ad unum reducti, pedicellati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2 v. 3, interiores rarius adsunt nisi minutæ.

Species ad 30, Americae borealis occidentalis v. australis extratropicae incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 376, quoad sp. 1 ad 3 et 378 (Millae sp. 1, 3, 6 ad 9, 11 ad 23). S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 236.

Generis delimitatio imprimis ad perianthii formam a Watsonio proposita, nobis magis nature congrua videtur quam Bakeriana, ad numerum staminum perfectorum; sectiones tamen sequentes facile pro generibus distinctis habendæ etsi habitu simillimæ:—

- 1. Eubrodiæa. Stamma ad faucem æqualiter affixa, filamentis seu connectivis dilatatis v. petaloideis integris v. 2-fidis, alternis (staminodiis) anantheris v. omnibus antheriferis. Sm. l. c. Salisb. l. c. Bot. Mag. t. 2877, 5912, 5989. Lindl. in Journ. Hort. Soc. iv. 84, cum ic. xyl. Bot. Reg. t. 1183.
- B. capitata, Benth. Pl. Hartw. 339, a specie typica B. congesta, Sm, nequaquam differre videtur nisi staminibus omnibus nec 3 solis antheriferis. Hookera pulchella, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 117, dubie ad unam alteramve refertur, et verisimiliter utramque includit. Antheræ ex Salisburyo alternæ minores caducæ interdum deesse videntur, sed sæpissime in alabastro inveniuntur. In floribus a nobis examinatis antheras alternas sæpe multo minores vidimus. B. Douglassii, S. Wats. (Triteleia grandiflora, Hook. Pl. Bor. Amer. t. 198) est species 6-andra, B. capitatæ valde affinis staminibus ad faucem sub-2-seriatis. Huc pertinet Dichelostemma, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 469.

- 2. Triteleia. Stamina tubo v. fauci 2-seriatim affixa, filamentis filiformibus, omnibus antheriferis.

  Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 139. Bot. Mag. t. 3327, 5977, 6236. Bot. Reg. t. 1921. Saund.

  Ref. Bot. t. 42, 43, 258 (ic. plures sub Milla). TRITELEIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1293 et t. 1685.

  Benth. in Trans. Hort. Soc. ser. 2, i. t. 15. Seubertia, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 475. Themis, Salisb.

  Gen. Pl. Fragm. 85.
- B. crocea et B. gracilis, S. Wats., a Triteleus borealibus different perianthio luteo, sed perianthii forma et stamina potius Triteleus quam Calliprors.
- 3. Calliprora. Perianthium campanulatum, flavum v. album, quam in precedentibus magis apertum. Stamina 6, ad faucem 1-seriata, filamentis brevibus basi petaloideo-dilatatis integris v. 2-fidis, omnibus autheriferis. Species 2, Californicæ. Calliproba, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1590. Bot. Mag. t. 3588. Hesperoscordum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. sub t. 1293 et t. 1639. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 198. Veatchia, Kell. in Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. 11.
- 102. Androstephium, Torr. in Bot. Emory Exped. 218.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo superne in faucem ampliato; lobi 6, oblongo-lanceolati, erecto-patentes, 1-nerves, tubo sublongiores. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, filamentis membranaceo-dilatatis in tubum ad medium v. altius coalitis, tubo inter antheras in lobos producto; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongo-3-quetrum, apice in stylum attenuatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato 3-sulco; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula obovoidea, 3-quetra, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina (a nobis non visa) pauca, suborbiculata, compressa, anguste alata; embryo cylindraceus.—Cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, anguste linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus, foliis brevior. Flores in umbella terminali haud numerosi, breviter pedicellati, cærulei. Bracteæ involucrantes 2-3, scariosæ, interiores angustiores paucæ.
- Species 2, America borealis a Texas usque ad Californiam incola. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 239.
- 103. Bessera, Schult. in Linnæa, iv. 121. (Pharium, Herb. in Bot. Reg. t. 1546.)—Perianthium campanulatum; segmenta ima basi in tubum brevem turbinatum connata, cæterum libera, crecto-patentia. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, perianthio longiora, filamentis ultra medium membranaceo-dilatatis in tubum connatis, tubo inter filamenta truncato v. plus minus in lobos producto; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, basi apiceque contractum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, apice leviter incrassatus, stigmate dilatato obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula erecta, ovoideo-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens, valvis facillime septicide partitis mox 6-valvis. Semina sat numerosa, oblonga, compressa, bene matura non vidimus.—Cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, anguste linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali longiuscule pedicellati, speciosi, coccinei. Bracteæ involuçrantes 2-3, parvulæ, interiores adhuc minores, paucæ.
- Species 1, Mexicana, a hortulanis in 3 divisa, quæ tamen potius unius varietates habendæ.— Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 476, 699. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 373. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 34. Fl. des Serres, t. 424.
- 104. Bloomerta, Kell. in Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. 11, cum ic.—Perianthium subrotatum; segmenta 6, distincta, subæqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi segmentis brevissime adhærentia, filamentis filiformibus erectis basi in squamam truncatam dilatatis, squamis in annulum seu cyathum ovarium cingentem subconnatis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideo-globosum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate vix dilatato; ovula in loculis c. Capsula . . .—Cormus fibroso-tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca v. solitaria, longe linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali numerosi, longe pedicellati, flavi, in pedicello articulati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, setaceo-acuminatæ, interiores minimæ scariosæ.
  - Species 1, Californica. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 235. Bot. May. t. 5896 (Nothoscordum).
- 105. Muilla, S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 235.—Perianthium explanato-campanulatum; segmenta 6, distincta v. vix basi connata, subsequalia, patentia. Stamina 6, 3 x 2

basi segmentorum brevissime adherentia iisque paullo breviora, filamentis infra medium leviter dilatatis; antheræ ovoideo-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, obtusum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, deciduus, stigmate crassiusculo 3-dymo; ovula in loculis co. Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra, obtusissima v. leviter depressa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina co, parva, angulata, nigra.—Cormus tenuiter fibroso-tunicatus. Folia radicalia plura, anguste linearia, scapo multo breviora. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, parvi, pedicellis filiformibus inarticulatis. Bractese involucrantes 3-6, scariosse, breviter acuminatæ, basi plus minus connatæ, interiores minores. Planta inodora.

Species 1, Californica. Regel, Monogr. All. 219 (Allium maritimum, Torr.).

Genus Allio et præsertim Nothoscordo valde affine, ab auctore e tribu Allicarum ad Milleas transfertur, imprimis ob cormum fibroso-tunicatum.

106. Wothoscordum, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 457. (Pseudoscordum, Herb. Amaryll. 11, absque char. Hesperocles et Oligosma, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 85.)—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta 6, basi v. ad medium connata, cæterum patentia v. campanulato-conniventia, subæqualia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis majus minusve membranaceo-dilatatis apice subulatis integris; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, sæpius persistens, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (sæpius 6-12). Capsula membranacea, 3-dyma v. 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina angulato-compressa v. subplana, testa nigra membranacea v. subcrustacea; embryo albumine carnoso sæpius brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia, plana. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, cum pedicello non articulati. Bractere involucrantes 2, basi connatæ, interiores parvæ nunc minimæ v. 0. Odor alliaceus omnino deest.

Species vix 10, quarum una Chinensis, cœteræ omnes Americanæ extratropicæ v. andinæ, quarum 2 (imprimis N. fragrans) in variis regionibus orbis veteris inquilinæ, omnes a Regelni All. Monogr. ad Allium restitutæ, a Bakero inter Millam et Allium distributæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 366. Red. Lil. t. 50, 68. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 26. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 107. Colla in Mem. Acad. Torin. xxxix. t. 52. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 1035, 1129, 1524, et t. 2419 (Ornithogalum). Bot. Reg. t. 898. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 304 (icones fere omnes sub Allio).

N. horbonicum, Kunth (Mılla, Baker) est ipsissimum N. fragrans, Kunth, in insulis Mascarensibus (teste Bojero) inquilina, et hodie in locis cultis frequentissimum.

CALOSCORDUM, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1844, Misc. 66, 1847, t. 5, est species Chinensis, quæ nobis omnino Nothoscordum refert (N. neriniforum), a Regelio, qui verisimiliter plantam non vidit, perperam ad Allium chinensem v. A. Thunbergui, Don, relata. In China boreali sat rara videtur nec adhue in Japonia nec in Cochinchina reperta.

107. Allium, Linn. Gen. n. 409.—Perianthii persistentis segmenta 6, a basi libera v. vix ima basi in annulum cohærentia, aqualia v. interiora paullo majora, patentia v. campanulato-conniventia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa v. seriei interioris paullo altius adnata, segmentis longiora v. sæpius paullo breviora, filamentis nunc liberis filiformibus, nunc basi dilatatis interdumque breviter connatis, staminum interiorum interdum magis dilatatis integris v. apice 3-cuspidatis cuspide medio antherifero, v. basin versus utrinque 1-dentatis; antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, perfecte v. interdum septis vix ad medium attingentibus imperfecto 3-loculare, vertice obtusum v. sæpius ad styli insertionem plus minus depressum; stylus filiformis, brevis v. elongatus, sæpius deciduus, stigmate parvo v. anguste breviterque 3-fido; ovula in loculis sæpissime 2, in speciebus perpaucis 3-6, a basi anguli interioris ascendentia. Capsula membranacea, segmentis persistentibus inclusa v. cincta, loculicide dehiscens. Semina angulato-compressa v. interdum fere plana, testa membranacea atra; embryo cylindraceus, sæpe incurvus v. apice recurvus, albumine carnoso vix v. rarius dimidio brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus, solitarius v. interdum plures

rhizomati brevi v. breviter repenti adnati. Folia radicalia, sæpius angusta, variant linearia plana carinata teretia v. fistulosa, v. latiora oblonga rarissime ovata, vaginis nunc brevissimis hypogeis, nunc olongatis scapum alte involventibus. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, sæpius numerosi, breviter v. longe pedicellati, erecti v. rarissime penduli, parvuli v. mediocres, cum pedicello non articulati, in speciebus nonnullis plures v. interdum omnes in bulbillas sessiles mutati. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, rarissime 3, basi sæpissime et haud raro usque ad apicem in unam latam membranaceoscariosam spathaceo-fissam per anthesin deciduam connatæ. Odor peculiaris, alliaceus dictus, in genere universalis dicitur, inter alia hujus ordinis genera in solis Tulbaghia et Brodineæ specie hucusque observatus.

Species ad 250, pro maxima parto Europæ Africæ borealis et Abyssinicæ et Asiæ extratropicæ incolæ, plures in America boreali et Mexico obviæ, paucæ in aliis regionibus inquilinæ. G. Don, Monogr. in Mem. Wern. Soc. vi. 1 (1826). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 379. Regel, Alhorum Monogr. 8vo, Petrop. 1875 (excl. sp. paucis). Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 229.

- G. Don species imprimis gerontogeas in sectiones 5 distribuit a Kunthio et Regelio acceptas parumque mutatas, quibus Regel characteres sequentes tribuit, addita sexta (Nectaroscordo).
- 1. Porrum. Bulbi rhizomate carentes. Staminum seriei interioris filamenta dilatata, 3-cuspidata, cuspide intermedio antherifero. Folia plana v. carinata, sæpe alte vaginantia. Bracteæ involucrantes breviter v. alte connatæ, floribus breviores v. rarissime ut in Macrospatha longe acuminatæ. Red. Lil. t. 379, 385, 391. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 488 ad 493. W. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 82. Guss. Pl. Inarim. t. 16, 17. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 312, 315, 316, 322. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 6, t. 7, f. 1 ad 3. Bot. Mag. t. 1385, 1560, 1764.
- 2. Schanoprasum. Bulbi rhizomate carentes. Filamenta omnia simplicia v. staminum seriei interioris basi utrinque 1-dentata. Folia linearia, semiteretia v. fistulosa, basi v. alte vaginantia. Bracteæ involucrantes erostres v. breviter rostratæ, flores non superantes. Red. Lil. t. 100, 118, 214, 240. Cav. Ic. t. 206. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 494 ad 496, 498. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 68. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 83. Durieu, Explor. Alg. t. 46. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 326. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 136, 355, 360, 378. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 7, f. 4 ad 11, t. 8 ad 10, t. 11, f. 1 ad 13. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 29. Bot. Mag. t. 1141, 1230, 1469. Bot. Reg. 1840, t. 51. Hayne, Arzneigew. vi. t. 6. Schenoprasum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 277.
- 3. Rhiziridum. Bulbi rhizomati perpendiculari v. obliquo v. repenti adnati, solitarii v. plures erespitosi. Cretera Schanoprasi. Sectio rarius in speciminibus siccis recognoscenda. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 62, 364. Red. Lil. t. 98, 101, 233, 265, 271, 281, 286, 345, 357, 363. Rewhb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 499, 500, 504, 508. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 186. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 216, 423. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 356 ad 359, 362, 384. Bong. et Mey. Pl. Sais. Nor. t. 16. Reg. Fl. Turkest. t. 11, f. 14 ad t. 15. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 260. Kl. in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 95. Bot. Mag. t. 1142, 1143, 1149, 1150, 1222, 1324, 1381, 1408, 1576. Hayne, Arzneigew. vi. t. 5.
- 4. Macrospatha. Bractew involucrantes acumine lineari rostratæ, sæpeque a basi angustæ, flores æquantes v. superantes. Cætera Schænoprasi. Red. Lil. t. 119, 179, 252, 272, 316, 368. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 482 ad 487, 497, 498. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Huny. t. 241, 278. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 234. Durieu, Expl. Alg. t. 46. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 30. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 317 ad 321. Bieb. Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 29. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 15, f. 1 ad 3 et f. 6 ad 8. Bot. Mag. t. 973, 1330, 1420, 1432. Porrum, Mænch, Meth. Suppl. 263. Codonoprasum, Reichb. Fl. Germ. Exc. 114.
- 5. Molium. Bulbi rhizomate carentes. Scapus infra terram foliorum vaginis involutus, supra terram nudus. Folia plana v. carinata, linearia v. lata. Bracteæ involucrantes floribus breviores. Filamenta omnia simplicia v. staminum seriei interioris utrinque 1-dentata. Flores sæpe majores quam in cæteris sectionibus.—Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 365. Red. Lil. t. 97, 99, 213, 300, 303, 305, 311, 319, 325, 374, 482. Cav. Ic. t. 207. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 377. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 501 ad 505, 507. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 17. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 28, 29, 31, 137. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 313, 314, 324, 325, 327. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 103, 442. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 137. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 15, f. 4, 5, 9, 10, t. 16. Link et Olto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 17. Zucc. in Abhandl. Bayr. Acad. Wiss. iii, t. 2 ad 5. Bot. Mag. t. 499, 869, 978, 1203, 3531, 4598, 6426, 6451. Bot. Reg. t. 758. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 201. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 943, 1087. Regel, Gartenft. t. 775. Ophioscordon, Wallr. Sched. Crit. 129. McEncha, Medic. in Act. Acad Palut. vi. 343, ex Endl. Moly, Manch, Meth. 286. Saturnia, Maratt, Diss. Romul. et Sat. 18, l. 2.
  - 6. Nectaroscordum. Pedicelli apice late incrassati, carnosi, turbinati. Ovarium lata basi

adnatum, ovulis in quoque loculo co (3-co) a basi ascendentibus; semina tamen in loculo seepius abortu 1-2. Cestera omnia sectionis Molis specierum floribus majusculis pendulis. Nectaroscoedum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1912 (in textu 1913). Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 285. Trigonea, Parlat. in Oochio 1839, 161 ex cod. Fl. Ital. ii. 583. Species unica, A. Dioscoridis, Sm. (A. siculum, Ucria; Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard ser. 2, t. 349).

A. nigrum, Linn., cum varietatibus v. speciebus affinibus perpaucis ovarii loculos ut in A. Dioscoridis 2-6-ovulatos præbet, sed pedicelli æquales aliique characteres omnino Molii. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 505, 506. Red. Lil. t. 102. Gouan, Illustr. t. 16. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 48. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 323. Bot. Mag. t. 1148.

Species boreali-Americanas 46 enumerat S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 226, quarum plures sect. Molio affines, pauce Schanopraso v. Rhiziridio. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 194 ad 197. S. Wats. Bot. 40th Parall. t. 36 ad 38. Kellogg in Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. f. 32, 33, 35; iii. f. 13. Bot. Mag. t. 1576, 1840, 6320. Lindl. et Paxt. Fl. Gard. t. 25. Regel, Gartenft. t. 770.

Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 88 ad 94, genus Allium ad A. nutantem, Linn., limitavit, et species ceteras in genera 17 distribuit: Hexonychia, Callippena, Raphione, Xyloehiza, Berenice, Porbum, Cepa, Phyllodolon, Camarilla, Schoenissa, Butomissa, Hylogeton, Molyza, Canidia, Tulus, Saturnia et Briseis.

distincta, patentia, ∞-nervia, plus minus inæqualia, summo (ex interioribus) haud raro deficiente; corona (falso staminodia dicta) ad basin perianthii sub urceolo stamineo, e squamellis 3-12 linearibus integris v. varie dentatis incisisve. Staminum filamenta in urceolum carnosum valde obliquum v. postice fissum alte connata, 3 inferiora ad apicem urceoli breviter et inæqualiter libera antherifera, 3 superiora parva dentiformia ananthera v. obsoleta, antheræ ovatæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideo-subglobosum, urceolo inclusum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, stigmate parum dilatato; ovula in loculis ∞ (8-12). Capsula membranacea, ovoidea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ∞, obovoideo-globosa, nigra, lævia, opaca, testa crassiuscule membranacea; embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior, rectus v. curvulus.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia pauca, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, longe pedicellati, virides v. sordide albescentes, pedicellis recurvis nutantes. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, altera spathacea, altera minore lineari.

Species editæ 3, Chilenses, inter se evidenter parum distinctæ, sed specimina exsiccata pleraque imperfecta rite examinare nequimus. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 487. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 507. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 137, 138. Bot. Mag. t. 2716.

Ordinem Gilliesiarum olim proposuit Lindley ex notis Miersianis definivitque ad interpretationem partium floris a botanicis recentioribus rejectam. Structuram veram optime illustravit descripsitque W. J. Hooker in Bot. Mag. l. c. Genera 7 a variis auctoribus distincta haud male in unum conjungeres, a cæteris Allieis distinctum andrœcio irregulari filamentis plus minus connatis 3-4 antheriferis 3-2 parvis anantheris v. rarius omnibus in urceolo obliquo antheriferis. Corona ad basin segmentorum v. loborum perianthii adest etiam in Tulbaghia, Tristagmate et Leucocoryne.

109. Extersta, Lindl. in Miers, Trav. ii. 529, ex eod. Bot. Reg. sub t. 992.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta v. vix ima basi brevissime connata, subæqualia, lineari-lanceolata, patentia; corona ad basin perianthii e squamis 6 brevibus apice sæpius 2-fidis. Staminum filamenta in urceolum valde obliquum ventricosum ore contractum alte connata, apice brevissime libera, ad os urceoli dentiformia, omnia antherifera; antheræ 6, parvæ, ovatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, obtusum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula membranacea, ovoidea v. subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , obovoideoglobosa, nigra, lævia, opaca, testa crassiuscule membranacea; embryo cylindraceus, rectus v. curvulus, albumine carnoso subdimidio brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, longiuscule

pedicellati, virides v. pallide flavescentes, pedicellis tenuibus erectis v. vix apice recurvis. Bractese involucrantes 2, scariosse, inter se parum insequales.

Species 2, Chilenses. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 486. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 506. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 68.

110. Trichlora, Baker in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1237.—Perianthium marcescens, diu persistens; segmenta 3, ima basi brevissime connata, a basi lanceolata acuminata, tenuiter sub-5-nervia, æqualia, patentia; 3 interiorum rudimenta nulla deteximus; corona 0. Stamina basi perianthii affixa eoque multo breviora, filamentis in urceolum latum tenuiter membranaceum 5-6-lobum connatis; lobi 2 v. 3 anantheri, late membranacei, integri v. undulato-lobati, 3 antheriferi quorum 2 late deltoidei, tertius linearis, leviter complanatus; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, breve, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, subinfundibuliformis, in ramos 3 rigidulos divaricatos introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula (immatura) subglobosa. Semina . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, longiuscule pedicellati, colore incerto, pedicellis erectis. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, altera spathacea, altera minor linearis.

Species 1, prope Limam Peruviæ lecta. Herb. Hook.

Floris structuram ab illa a Bakero descripta pluribus notis diversam invenimus, forte in specie variabilis est.

111. Erinna, Philippi in Linnea, xxxiii. 266.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo brevi; lobi anguste lineares, 1-nerves, subæquales, patentes. Stamina fauci affixa, 3 perfecta filamentis brevissimis, 3 alterna ad filamenta filiformia ananthera perianthii segmentis æquilonga reducta; antheræ oblongo-lineares, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium minutum, tubo perianthii inclusum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, cylindraceus, apice 3-lobus; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, e luteo virentes, pedicellis  $\frac{1}{2}$ — $\frac{3}{4}$  poll. longis. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scarioso-virescentes, interior exteriore minor. (Char. ex Philippi.)

Species 1, Chilensis, a nobis non visa, ab auctore ad specimen unicum descripta. Genus inter affinia antheris longis distinctum videtur.

112. Solaria, Philippi in Linnwa, xxix. 72. (Symea, Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 260.)

—Perianthium persistens; segmenta basi in tubum breviter campanulatum connata, cæterum distincta, lanceolata, patentia, interiora exterioribus paullo breviora; corona 0. Stamina 3 inferiora perfecta, 3 superiora ananthera, filamentis omnibus inferne dilatatis in membranam annularem basi perianthii adnatam connatis, superne breviter liberis; antheræ ovatæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium subglobosum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter columnaris, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co. Capsula 'subglobosa.' Semina . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folium radicale (an semper?) unicum, lato-lineare. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, mediocres, viriduli, longiuscule pedicellati, erecti. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ.

Species 1, Chilensis. Ovula in loculis ovarii ex Philippio numerosa, ex Bakero 2 tantum, nos in flore uno examinato  $\delta$ -6 vidimus, nonnullis jam sub anthesi abortivis, in aliis floribus ovarium nullum deteximus.

113. Gethyum, Philippi, Descr. Nuev. Pl. ii. 73.—Perianthium persistens, apertum; segmenta distincta (v. basi brevissime connata?), subæqualia, perangusta, patentia; coronæ squamellæ v. glandulæ 6, violaceæ, ad basin segmentorum sitæ. Stamina 3 inferiora perfecta, 3 superiora ananthera, filamentis in membranam latam ad basin perianthii connatis; antheræ cordatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium minutum, ovato-

cylindraceum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, crassiusculus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula globosa, apice loculicide dehiscens. Semina globosa, nigra, lævia.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, elongata (5-pedalia, 1½ poll. lata). Scapus elatus, simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, majusculi (pollicares), longe pedicellati, basi virescentes, superne atro-purpurei. (Char. ex Philippi.)

Species 1, Chilensis, a nobis non visa, ab auctore ad specimen unicum descripta, ut videtur Ancrumiæ valde affinis nisi congener.

114. Ancramia, Harv.; Baker in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1227.—Perianthium marcescens; segmenta basi in tubum brevitor campanulatum connata, caeterum distincta, 3 exteriora lanceolata acuminata, patentia, 3 interiora breviora, lincaria, inter exteriora recurvo-patentia (in icone errore exteriora delineata); coronæ squamellæ 6, breves, latæ, truncatæ, violaceæ, per paria prope basin segmentorum interiorum affixæ, additis interdum (fide Buchananii) alteris minimis, quas tamen in flore exsiccato haud deteximus. Stamina perfecta 2, cum filamento tertio ananthera ad basin segmentorum interiorum sub coronæ squamellas affixa, segmentis breviora, filamentis basi dilatatis breviterque connatis; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, versatilæs, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium tubo perianthii subinclusum, ab eo tamen distinctum, ex Buchananio 3-loculare. Ovula . . . Fructus . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in umbella terminali plures, majusculi, longe pedicellati, pedicellis apice recurvis nutantes. Bracteæ involucrantes 2, scariosæ, parum inæquales.

Species 1, Chilensis. Ovarium in flore examinato imperfectum videbatur. Character fusior a Buchananio scriptus adest in Herb. Hook.

115. Massonia, Thunb. Nov. Gen. 39. (Podocallis, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 17.)—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, erectus, aqualis; lobi 6, subæquales, rotato-patentes v. reflexi. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, erecta, perianthio longiora, filamentis filiformibus basi in annulum prominentem connatis; antheræ ovoideæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, tubo inclusum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula oblongo-3-quetra v. 3-loba, membranacea, interdum fere scariosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , parva, globosa, nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia 2, subopposita, patentia, ovata v. rarius oblonga. Umbella in capitulum condensata, inter folia subsessilis v. scapo brevissimo fulta. Flores numerosi, subsessiles. Bracteæ involucrantes 3- $\infty$ , membranaceæ v. herbaceæ, floribus sæpius breviores, interiores minores.

Species vix 20, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 295. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 387, quoad sp. n. 1 ad 18. Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 454 ad 461. Red. Lil. t. 183, 392.° Aut. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, t. 3, 4. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 220. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 559, 642, 736, 848. Bot. Reg. t. 694, 958.

Genus ad species involucratas limitatum naturalissimum est, et inflorescentia perianthio et andrœcio bene limitatum. Species exinvolucratæ, inflorescentia spicato-racemosa, genus formant *Polyxena*, Kunth, ad *Scilleas* juxta *Lachenaliam* referendum.

216. Daubenya, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1813; 1839, t. 53.—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, sequalis, v. apice oblique ampliatus, limbus valde obliquus, latere exteriore præsertim florum exteriorum elongatus quasi ligulatus; lobi 6, posticus in fissura limbi brevis, angustus, erectus, 2 laterales parum distantes, subopposite patentes, breves, 3 inferiores ad apicem ligulæ obovali-oblongi, subæquales. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora v. posticum lobo suo longius, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, perfecte (v. imperfecte?) 3-loculare, apice in stylum longe attenuatum, stigmate capitato; ovula in loculis co. Capsula . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia 2, subopposite patentia, ovalia. Umbella in capitulum depressum condensata, inter folia subsessilis v. scapo

brevissimo fulta, perianthiorum exteriorum lobis exterioribus quasi radiata. Flores numerosi, subsessiles, flavi fulvi v. coccinci. Bracteæ involucrantes  $\infty$ , subherbaceæ, floribus breviores. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Lindleyi.)

Species 3, Africa australis incola, a nobis non visa. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 394. Genus Massoniæ valde affine, floribus valde irregularibus in ordine insigne.

## TRIBUS XIII. SCILLEE.

117. Whiteheadia, Harv. Gen. S. Afr. Pl. ed. 2, 396.—Perianthii persistentis segmenta 6, subrequalia, patentia, basi in tubum brevem latum seu annulum connata. Stamina 6, basi perianthii affixa eoque breviora, filamentis filiformibus erectis basi in annulum prominentem more Massoniæ connatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-gonum, 3-loculare; stylus subulatus, persistens, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co. Capsula obovoidea, acutangula sub-3-alata, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis co, parva, lageniformia, testa nigra membranacea.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia 2, lata, suborbiculata, more Massoniæ patentia. Scapus brevis, simplex, aphyllus. Flores subsessiles, in spica brevi conferti, rhachi crassiuscula. Bracteæ herbaceæ, latæ, concavo-cucullatæ, acuminatæ, floribus longiores. (Char. ex Jacq. Harv. et Baker.)

Species 1, austro-Africana, a nobis non visa. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 226. Jacq. lc. Rar. t. 419 (Eucomis). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 368 (Melanthium). Bot. Mag. t. 840 (Eucomis).

Genus evidenter Massoniæ affine, differt perianthii tubo brevissimo et inflorescentia Scillearum.

118. Polyxena, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 294. (Polyanthes, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 380. Massoniæ sect. Astemma, Endl. Gen. 145. Manlilia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 17.)—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, interdum longus tenuisque v. superne parum ampliatus; lobi 6, subæquales, tubo multo breviores, superne recurvi v. fere a basi recurvo-patentes. Stamina 6, fauci 2-seriatim affixa, perianthio parum breviora v. longiora, filamentis a basi distinctis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula 3-dyma, membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina pauca, globosa, nigra, nitidula.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia 2, nunc more Massoniæ lata subsessilia opposite patentia, nunc angustiora erecta petiolata. Scapus infra inflorescentiam simplex, brevis, nunc inter folia brevissimus. Flores nunc brevissime nunc longius laxiusque spicati v. racemosi, racemo sæpius foliis breviore. Bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum parvæ, scariosæ, nunquam involucrantes.

Species ad 7, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 388 (Massoniæ sp. n. 19 ad 25). Red. Lil. t. 386. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 46. Bot. Mag. t. 554, 5891 (ic. omn. sub Massonia).

119. Lachenalia, Jacq. in Act. Helvet. ix. ex Murr. Syst. Veg. 314.—Perianthium tubulosum v. fere campanulatum; segmenta basi breviter v. alte connata, erecta, conniventia v. superne patentia, exteriora interdum fere libera, dorso sub apice sæpe tuberculo instructa, interiora longiora, sæpius altius connata, superne magis patentia. Stamina 6, ad faucem v. basi loborum affixa v. seriei exterioris fere hypogyna, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovoideæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. pulvinato; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula membranacea v. subcoriacea, perianthio persistente inclusa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina obovoidea v. globosa, testa nigra crassiuscula, funiculo interdum longiusculo.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia 2 v. in paucis speciebus 3-5, crassiuscula, oblonga loriformia linearia v. subteretia, haud raro maculata v. pustulata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores secus rhachin simplicem sessiles, spicati, v. in racemo pedicellati, erecti patentes v. penduli. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ.

Species ad 30, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 283. Baker in Journ. Linu. Soc. xi. 401.

Genns lobis interioribus perianthii exteriore superantibus facile distinctum, in sectiones sequentes set naturales dividitur:---

- 1. Exlachenalia. Flores penduli. Perianthium longe v. longiuscule tubulosum, lobis apice breviter patentibus v. suberectis. Jacq. Io. Rar. t. 61, 394 ad 400. Red. Lil. t. 2, 52, 297. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 41, 148. Bot. Mag. t. 82, 590, 998.
- 2. Orchiops. Flores erecti v. patentes, subspicati v. pedicellis brevibus racemosi. Perianthium tubo brevi interdum fere campanulatum, lobis omnibus v. interioribus solis apice patentibus. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 381, 382, 384, 386 ad 393, 401; Hort. Schanbr. t. 82, 83. Red. Lil. t. 22, 162. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 251, 296, 302, 350, 460. Bot. Mag. t. 735, 745, 766, 817, 854, 1269, 1372, 1373, 1401, 1497, 1517, 1611, 3552. Bot. Reg. t. 287, 1350, 1945. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1076, 1129. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 179, ser. 2, t. 129. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 170, 171. Himas, Platyestes, Monoestes, Chlorica, et Orchiops, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 21.
- 3. Brachyscypha. Flores erecti, subspicati. Perianthium angustum, lobis omnibus erectis angustis. Huc pertinent L. orthopetala, Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 383, et L. pusilla, Jacq. l. c. t. 385 (Brachyscypha, Baker in Journ. Lunn. Soc. xi. 393).
- 4. Calanthus. Flores erecti, subspicati. Perianthium oblongo-ventricosum, basi valde oblique pedicello brevissimo adnata, lobi breves, erecti, parum insequales. Species unica: Collanthus, Willd. in Schult. Syst. vii. Gen. 46 in adnot.

Lemaire in Illustr. Hortic. ii. Misc. 99, 100, et iii. Misc. 33, genus *Lachenaliam* ad alios characteres in genera 3 dividit: Lachenalia, Orchiastrum et Scillopsis.

120. Drimia, Jacq. Ic. Rar. absque char. gen.; Coll. v. (Suppl.) 38. (Idothea, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 341. Idothearia, Presl, Bot. Bemerk. 114.)—Perianthii segmenta basi in tubum campanulatum plus minus connata, superne libera tuboque sæpius longiora, sub anthesi patentissima v. reflexa. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, perianthio vix breviora, erecta conniventia v. demum patula, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, acuminatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum incrassato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis ∞ (6-12). Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina oblonga, compressa, testa nigra laxiuscula interdum ad margines acuta fere alata; albumen carnosum; embryo cylindraceus, albuminis dimidium superans.—Bulbus laxe tunicatus. Folia radicalia, lanceolata loriformia v. anguste linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo simplici sæpius elongato breviter v. longiuscule pedicellati, patentes. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 15, Africæ australis et tropicæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 419, et in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1874, 6. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 373 ad 375, 377. Jacq. f. Ed. t. 30. Red. Lil. t. 430. Bot. Mag. t. 822, 1444, 5522. Bot. Reg. t. 1346. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 190.

Genus quoad species typicas austro-Africanas facile distinctum, staminibus e fauce longe exsertis erectis conniventibus; in D. hyacinthoide, Baker, et in speciebus 2 tropicis, stamina breviora, minus erecta, et flores fere Hyacinthi (Bellevalliæ), sed semina  $\infty$  videntur et valde compressa Drimiæ. Huc etiam pertinere videntur Ornithogalum? anomalum, Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 178, & O.? Cooperi, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 284, quorum tamen semina adhuc ignota.

121. Rhadamanthus, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 37.—Perianthium campanulatum, lobi tubo æquales v. longiores, erecti, subconniventes. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, longiusculæ, circa stylum conniventes, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare, in stylum breve columnare 3-sulcum attenuatum, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula membranacea, loculicide 3-valvis. Semina in loculis 6-8, plano-compressa, nigra.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia serotina, brevia, angusta, subteretia. Scapus tenellus, simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo laxo plures, parvuli, penduli.

Species 1, Austro-Africana, a nobis non visa. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 434. Jacq. Hort Schanbr. t. 81 (Hyacinthus). Char. floris ex Jacq. et Salisb., fructus ex Bakero qui specimen Massonianum vidit in herb. Mus. Brit.

122. Zdtanthus, Harv. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iii. 314, t. 9.—Perianthium tubulosum, cylindraceum; lobi 6, brevissimi, ovati, erecto-patentes, subæquales. Stamina 6, fauci

affixa, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ ovatæ, lobis breviores, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate brevissime 3-fido; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula erecta, subglobosa. Semina . . .—Bulbus parvus, tunicatus. Folia radicalia, serotina, brevia, lineari-filiformia. Scapus simplex, filiformis, aphyllus. Flos parvus, ad apicem scapi solitarius, breviter pedicellatus, nutans. Bracteæ 2, minimæ, reflexæ.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Specimina nostra planta hujus pusilla tenerrimaque flores perpaucos minimos prabent, cujus structuram interiorem ex Harveyi descr. et ic. sumpsimus.

123. Dipcadi, Medicus in Act. Palat. vi. 431, ex eod. in Ust. Ann. ii. 13. (Zuccagnia, Thunb. in Room. Archiv. ii. 2. Polemannia, Berg. ex Schlecht. in Linnæa, i. 250. Uropetalum, Ker in Bot. Reg. t. 156. Tricharis, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 24.)—Perianthii tubus cylindraceus, æqualis v. supra ovarium leviter contractus; lobi tubo sæpius æquilongi v. longiores, rarius breviores, 3 exteriores distincte patentes v. erecto-patentes obtusi v. acumine v. tuberculo subdorsali instructi; interiores sæpius breviores, erecti, obtusi, in tubum conniventes v. subconnati. Stamina 6, fauci æqualiter affixa, perianthio inclusa, filamentis brevibus nunc brevissimis liberis (nisi infra insertionem decurrentibus); antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum v. oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, 3-sulcus, stigmate 3-dymo parum incrassato; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula globosa 3-quetra v. 3-dyma, coriacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, compressa, testa crassiuscule membranacea nigra ad margines acutata v. in alam expansa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, anguste linearia v. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. rarius latiora, crassiuscula. Racemus terminalis, laxus. simplex. Flores dissiti, breviter rarius longiuscule pedicellati, erecti v. patentes. Bracteze subscariosæ, angustæ.

Species ad 20, Europæ australis, Africæ tropicæ et australis et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 377 (Uropetalum). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 395. Cav. Ic. t. 30. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 66. Red. Lil. t. 202, 203. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 459. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 44. Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 170. Bot. Mag. t. 859, 1185 (Scilla). Bot. Reg. t. 156, 974. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 16, 17 (ic. veteriores sub Hyacintho, recentiores plur. sub Uropetalo).

Genus a Bakero in sectiones 2 dividitur: 1. Tricharis, perianthii lobis exterioribus interiora vix superantibus obtusis, et 2. Uropetalum, lobis exterioribus longioribus plus minus acumine v. tuberculo instructis, characteres tamen fere de specie in speciem variant. In D. comosa, Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. t. 34, ex Africa tropica, flores inferiores racemi sectioni priori conveniunt intermedii sectioni secundæ, summi steriles comam terminalem formant. In icone D. ciliaris, Harv. Thes. Cap. t. 170, stamina infra medium tubi nec fauci affixa delineantur antheris basifixis, quod in speciminibus nostris siecis non confirmatur.

124. Galtonia, Dene. in Fl. des Serres, xxiii. (1880) 32.—Perianthii tubus latiusculus, basi rotundatus; lobi tubo subæquilongi, patentes, subæquales v. interiores paullo latiores. Stamina 6, fauci v. tubo affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis subulatis erectis; antheræ ovoideæ v. oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus stamina subæquans, stigmate crassiusculo 3-dymo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, perianthio marcescente inclusa, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ovata, angulato-compressa v. fere plana, testa nigra membranacea; embryo albumine carnoso vix brevior, cylindraceus.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia pauca, radicalia, longa, latiuscula. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo longo laxo speciosi, candidi, penduli, in pedicello longiuscule articulati. Bracteæ lanceolatæ, membranaceo-scariosæ.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 174, 175 (Hyacinthus).

125. Albuca, Linn. Gen. n. 416.—Perianthii persistentis segmenta distincta, 3 exteriora per anthesin a basi plus minus patentia, oblonga, flavida v. albida, dorso late viridi vittata, 3 interiora paullo breviora, erecta, parallela, apice calyptratim conniventia, varie

cristata v. cucullata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, erecta, seriei exterioris interdum castrata, filamentis subulatis v. infra medium parum dilatatis, seriei interioris semper perfecta, filamentis supra basin dilatatam margine sepius utrinque inflexis quasi 2-auriculatis, apice contractis v. subulatis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, sæpius crassiusculus 3-sulcatusque, v. interdum 3-partibilis, apice clavatus, in stigmata brevia divisus, nunc brevissimus v. ovario æquilongus, nunc rarius elongatus tenuisque; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula perianthio emarcido stipata, ovoidea v. oblonga, 3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, oblonga, valde compressa, marginibus acutis, testa nigra latiuscula utrinque fere in alam expansa; embryo albumine carnoso parum brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo laxo, erecti v. cernui, mediocres v. speciosi, albo-virides v. flavi. Bracteæ membranaceo-scariosæ.

Species fere 30, Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 372. Boker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 285; in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 250. N. E. Br. in Gard. Chron. 1880, i. 198, f. 41. Genus potius Galtoniæ et Dipeadi quam Ornithogalo affine, a Bakero in sectiones 3 potius artificiales quam naturales dividitur:—

- 1. Eualbuca. Staminum seriei exterioris antheræ castratæ v. abortivæ. Stylus brevis nunc brevissimus. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 63, 443, 444, 446. Red. Lil. t. 21, 69, 70. Bot. Mag. t. 720, 804, 1656, 6395. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1191. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 239, 334.
- 2. Falconera. Stamina omnia perfecta. Stylus brevis nunc brevissimus. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 439 ad 442, 445; Hort. Schanbr. t. 84. Red. Lil. t. 474. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 450. Bot. Mag. t. 1481, 6649. Bot. Reg. t. 277. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 44, 45, 335. Branciona et Falconera, Salisb. Gcn. Pl. Fragm. 36. 3. Pallastema. Stamina omnia perfecta. Stylus quam in Falconera longior, interdum longo
- 3. Pallastema. Stamina omnia perfecta. Stylus quam in Falconera longior, interdum longo filiformis. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 64. Red. Lil. t. 195. Bot. Mag. t. 6429. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 336. Pallastema, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 36.

126. Urginea, Steinh. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, i. 321, t. 14.—Perianthium demum deciduum; segmenta 6, distincta, subæqualia, campanulato-conniventia v. sub anthesi patentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. rarius basi v. medio dilatatis v. incrassatis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, sæpius 3-quetrum; stylus filiformis, brevis v. ovario sublongior, stigmate parum incrassato; ovula in loculis . Capsula 3-quetra, inter angulos sulcata v. intrusa, nunc lata obtusissima v. truncata, nunc rarius fere oblonga, obtusa v. acutiuscula, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis  $\infty$ , rarius abortu 1-2, valde compressa, testa nigra membranacea margine utrinque plus minus in alam expansa; embryo albumine carnoso sæpius paullo v. vix brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, nunc angustissime linearia, nunc late loriformia v. fere oblonga. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo terminali sepius numerosi, parvuli v. mediocres, in pedicello brevi v. longiusculo articulati, albidi v. arius pallide flavidi v. rosei, segmentis medio colore intensiore vittatis 1-nerviis v. tenuiter 2-3-nerviis. Bractee parve, scariose, inferiores in pluribus speciebus basi infra insertionem in calcar productæ, superiores sæpeque omnes minimæ basi nudæ.

Species ad 24, Europæ, regionis totæ Mediterranæ, Indiæ orientalis, et Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 331. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 215, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 247. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 414, 415, 417, 418 (Anthericum); Hort. Schænbr. t. 87 (Ornithogalum) et t. 86 (Anthericum). Red. Lil. t. 116 (Scilla). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 466 (Scilla). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 47. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 201 ad 205 (Squilla). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 88 (Scilla). Durieu, Expl. Alg. t. 45. Wight, Ic. t. 2063, 2064. Bot. Mag. t. 871 et 1046 (Albuca), t. 918 (Ornithogalum), et t. 1074 (Drimia). Bot. Reg. t. 311 et 557 (Albuca).

Genera plura a Salisburyo aliisque proposita a Bakero bene in unum junguntur, hinc *Drimi* hinc *Scillæ* affine, a priore perianthii segmentis distinctis, ab hac imprimis perianthio deciduo capsula et seminibus separandum. Sectiones adhuc propositæ vix characteribus certis limitatæ.

Physodia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 37, est U. physodes, Baker, filamentis medio incrassatis papilloso-villosis, a Bakero pro sectione admittitur, species includens 7, vix nisi floribus solito minoribus distinguendas.

SYPHADISSA, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 37, genus ad U. exuviatam et U. filifoliam, Steinh. confectum. Species sunt Austro-Africanæ, bulborum tunicis nonnullis in vaginam scariosam vittis transversis elevatis notatam productis insignes. Baker sectionem extendit ad species omnes typicas Steinheilii, inclusis pluribus quarum vaginæ vittis carent.

SQUILLA, Steinh. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, vi. 276, a Bakero pro sectione admissa, includit *U. maritimam*, Bak., speciesque paucas affines, ab *Urgineis* typicis non nisi bulbo majore et foliis latioribus distinctas.

Albucopsis, Baker, pro sectione proposita, includit *U. indicam*, Kunth, speciesque nonnullas affines ex Africa tropica, quibus nervus centralis segmentorum perianthii plus minus distincte duplex est, v. in una specie nervi 3 discreti.

U. secunda, Baker (Ornithogalum, Jacq.), ad hujus generis sect. Osmynem restituenda videtur, ob perianthium explanatum, filamentis hypogynis.

U. aloides, Bolus in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 395, a genere pluribus notis longe recedens, supra ad Notosceptrum relata est.

127. Veltheimia, Gled. in Act. Acad. Berol. 1769, 66.—Perianthium tubulosum, cylindraceum, requale v. superne leviter ampliatum, persistens; lobi 6, æquales, brevissime dentiformes. Stamina 6, supra medium tubi æqualiter affixa, inclusa, filamentis brevibus filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in quoque loculo 2, collateralia (rarius 3 l). Capsula membranaceo-scariosa, angulis 3 valde dilatatis alæformibus, alis demum fissis loculicide dehiscens, valvis tamen in axi persistentibus. Semina in quoque loculo 1 2, obovoidea v. pyriformia, testa nigra appressa.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, plura, oblonga v. loriformia, crassiuscule herbacea, inferiora breviter superiora longe vaginata scapi basin obtegentia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores speciosi, in racemo v. spica terminali densa conferti, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles, penduli v. nutantos. Bracteæ scariosæ, breves, summæ sæpe vacuæ ad apicem spicæ comosæ.

Species 3, Africa australis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 281. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 410. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 77, 78. Re.l. Lil. t. 440. Bot. May. t. 501 (Aletris), 1091, 3456. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1245.

128. **Rhodocodon**, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 280, t. 8.—Perianthium campanulatum; lobi tubo pluries breviores, æquales, 1-nerves, subpatentes. Stamina 6, infra medium tubi affixa eoque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, infra medium dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis ∞ (5-6), ascendentia. Capsula . . .—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, pauca, linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo terminali simplici laxo pedicellati, nutantes, ad bracteas minimas solitarii.

Species 1, Madagascariensis.

159. Muscari, Mill. Dict.— Perianthium urceolato-globosum v. oblongum, ad faucem constrictum, marcescens, demum a fructu deciduum; lobi 6, brevissime dentiformes, erecti v. demum recurvo-patentes, parum inaequales. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim affixa, inclusa, filamentis breviter filiformibus v. basi complanatis; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, 3-sulcus v. plus minus 3-partibilis, stigmatibus 3 parvis; ovula in quoque loculo 2, arcte superposita v. collateralia. Capsula brevis, lata, membranacea, 3-quetra, fere 3-alata, loculicide dehiscens. Semma in loculis 1-2, obovoidca v. subglobosa, testa nigra sæpe leviter rugulosa; embryo in albumine duro oblongus.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, pauca, linearia, carnosula. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo terminali simplici denso v. elongato breviter v. longiuscule pedicellati, penduli v. nutantes, summi interdum steriles, longius pedicellati, comosi. Bracteæ parvæ, scariosæ.

Species præsertim a hortulanis inordinate multiplicatæ, sed fere 40 satis distinctæ videntur, Europæ, Africæ borealis et Asiæ occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 310 et 313 (Muscari et Botryanthus). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 411, et in Gard. Chron. 1878. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 456, 457. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 287.

Genus ab auctoribus in sectiones 3 dividitur, inter se vix distinctas etsi a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habeantur:—

- 1. Moscharia. Perianthii lobi dentiformes, minimi, dorso incrassati. Red. Lil. t. 132. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 329. Bot. Mag. t. 734, 1565, 6269. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 210. Moscharia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 25.
- 2. Botryanthus. Perianthii lobi etsi brevissimi quam in Moscharia evidentiores, sub anthesi stellato-patentes, nec dorso incrassati. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 187. Red. Lil. t. 232, 361 (364 in textu), Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 271 ad 280. Bot. Mag. t. 122, 157. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 15. 259, et ser. 2, t. 369. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 172, 173. Reg. Gartenfl. t. 377. Botryanthus, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 310. Botryphile, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 25.
- 3. Leopoldia. Flores perfecti Botryanthi, summi cujusve racemi imperfecti, steriles, longius pedicellati, comam formantes. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 126. Red. Lil. t. 231. Bot. Mag. t. 133. Leopoldia, Parlat. Fl. Palerm. i. 435, Fl. Ital. ii. 493. Comus, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 24.

Icones veteriores nonnullæ sub Hyacintho. M. bootanense, Griff. Ic. t. 280, in Affghanistan lecta fuit, nec in Bhotan.

130. Expacinthus, Linn. Gen. n. 427.—Perianthium infundibuliformi-campanulatum, marcescens, demum a fructu deciduum, tubo æquali v. supra ovarium contracto nec ad faucem constricto; lobi 6, subæquales, tubo breviores v. longiores, erecto-patentes v. recurvi. Stamina 6, tubo v. fauci æqualiter affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus v. basi complanatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, sæpe 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, brevis v. rarius elongatus, stigmate parum incrassato; ovula in loculis pauca (sæpius 2-6). Capsula subglobosa, 3-sulca 3-didyma v. 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, obovoidea v. globosa, testa nigra; embryo cylindraceus, albumine fere corneo sæpius dimidio brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia linearia v. loriformia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo simplici laxo v. denso pedicellati, erecti patentes v. penduli. Bracteæ scariosæ, angustæ, sæpius parvæ.

Species ad 30, quarum 3 (sect. Peribae) Africanæ australes v. tropicæ, cæteræ omnes regionis Mediterraneæ v. Orientis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 303, 306, 292 (Hyacinthus, Bellevallia et Peribae). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 423 (excl. sp. n. 1 et 2); in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1874, 7.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur, ab auctoribus nonnullis pro generibus propriis habitas:--

- 1. Euhyacinthus. Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo infra ovarium contracto, lobi recurvopatentes tubo breviores. Stamina tubo inclusa, filamentis filiformibus. Species unica, H. orientalis,
  Linn., in hortis jamdiu culta. Red. Lil. t. 465. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 460, f. 1005. Nees, Gen.
  Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 43. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 216 ad 220. Bot. Mag. t. 937. Bot.
  Reg. t. 995.
- 2. Hyacinthella. Perianthium campanulatum, lobis tubo multo brevioribus erecto-patentibus. Stamina tubo inclusa, 1-2-seriata. Red. Lil. t. 14. Reichb. Iconogr. Eur. t. 331. Bot. Mag. t. 2425. Bot. Reg. t. 398. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 135. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 164, 166. HYACINTHELLA, Schur in Œstr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1856, 227. BRIMEURA, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 26.
- 3. Strangweya. Perianthii lobi tubo æquilongi. Stamina ad faucem 1-scriata, filamentis brevibus late membranaceis 3-dentatis, dente medio antherifero. Ovula ad 4. Flores in spica subsessiles, bracteis semisagittatis. Species unica, H. spicata, Sm.; Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1869. Strangweya, Bertol. in Mem. Soc. Ital. Moden. xxi. 2, t. 1. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 309. Foxia, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. Monocot. 17.
- 4. Bellevallia. Perianthii lobi tubo subæquales v. breviores, quam in præcedentibus minus patentes. Stamina ad faucem æqualiter affixa, filamentis plus minus complanatis integris. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 135, 136. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 340. Viv. Fl. Lib. t. 7, f. 5. Red. Lil. t. 334. Bot. Mag. t. 939 (Scilla). Bot. Reg. t. 394, 1085 (Muscari). Brillevallia, Lapeyr. in Journ. Phys. lxvii. 425, t. 1. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 458. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 306. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 300. Busbequia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 25.
- 5. Peribaa. Perianthii erecti lobi angusti, tubo æquilongi v. longiores. Stamina basi loborum affixa. Species 3, quarum 2 Africæ australis. Jacq. Collect. iii. t. 19, f. 2. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 345. Bot. Mag. t. 991 (Massonia postea sub t. 1468 ad Scillam translata). Peribæa, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 292. Beoteres, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 17. Huc etiam referrimus H. ledsbouroidem, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 427, e regione Zambesiana.

131. Puschkinia, Adams in Nov. Act. Acad. Petrop. xiv.; Hist. Acad. 164. (Adamsia, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin Mag. ii. 16.)—Perianthii tubus brevis, campanulatus; lobi 6, subæquales, tubo longiores, subrotato-patentes. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, filamentis alte complanatis dilatatis in cyathum lobatum connatis lobis ultra antheras in conum conniventibus v. connatis; antheræ intra cyathum omnino inclusæ, brevissime stipitatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus brevis, columnaris, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis pauca (ad 6). Capsula membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina obovoidea v. globosa, demum nigra, albumine duro.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, pauca, primum sæpe oblongum, cætera linearia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores pauci, cærulei, laxe racemosi, interdum in scapo solitarii. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 2, Asiæ minoris, Caucasi et Affghanistaniæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 337 (excl. P. dubia quæ Hyacinthus spicatus). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 434. Lindl. Collect. t. 24. Bot. Mag. t. 2244. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 310.

132. Chionodoxa, Boiss. Diagn. v. 61.—Perianthium deciduum, tubo breviter campanulato; lobi 6, subæquales, tubo longiores, subrecurvo-patentes. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, erecta, filamentis alternis v. omnibus petaloideo-dilatatis oblongis; antheræ longæ, ad apicem filamenti dorsifixæ, basi 2-fidæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus breviter columnaris nunc brevissimus, stigmate parvo v. capitato; ovula in loculis pauca (4-6). Capsula subglobosa, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina pauca, obovoidea v. globosa, bene matura non vidimus.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, pauca, linearia, longe vaginata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores pauci, cærulei, laxe racemosi, sæpe in scapo solitarii. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species 4, Orientales. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 435. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 311. Jaub. et Spach, Illustr. Pl. Or. t. 443. Bot. Mag. t. 6433, 6453.

133. **Drimiopsis**, Lindl. in Paxt. Fl. Gard. ii. 73, f. 172.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta subæqualia, ima basi brevissime connata, concava v. fere cucullata, conniventia. Stamina 6, supra basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis complanato-dilatatis inter se distinctis triangularibus v. apice breviter nunc brevissime subulatis; antheræ ovatæ v. breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis 2, a basi ascendentia. Capsula brevis, obtusissime 3-dyma v. fere 3-loba (carnosula?), loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2, obovoidea v. globosa, bene matura non vidimus.—Bulbus tunicatus, sæpe parvulus. Folia radicalia 2 rarius 3-4, oblonga, nunc basi in vaginam longe contracta, nunc distincte petiolata, sæpe maculata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores parvuli, in spica v. racemo denso rarius elongato subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species ad 6, Africæ australis et tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 226, et in Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 191, 192. Bot. Mag. t. 6276.

Genus Scillæ (Ledebouriæ) valde affine.

134. Eucomis, Lhér. Sert. Angl. 17, t. 18. (Basilæa, Juss. Gen. 52.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta 6, subæqualia, patentia, ima basi brevissime connata. Stamina 6, prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque vix breviora, filamentis subulatis infra medium plus minus dilatatis inter se liberis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-lineares, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, obtuse 3-gonum; stylus columnaris, integer v. 3-partibilis, stigmatibus parvis; ovula in loculis ∞, 2-seriata. Capsula depressoglobosa, 3-sulca 3-dyma v. 3-loba, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina haud numerosa, obovoidea, interdum compressiuscula nec angulata, testa appressa nigra v. castanea; embryo (in E. punctata) rectus, albumine duro vix brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus, sæpe majusculus. Folia radicalia, oblonga v. elongata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus,

crassiusculus, brevis v. elongatus. Flores in racemo denso v. elongato brevissime v. longiuscule pedicellati. Bractes sub pedicellis scariosse v. subherbacese, breves; summse vacuse, auctse, herbacese v. coloratse, comam terminalem formantes.

Species 4 v. 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 301 (cxcl. E. bifolia). Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 224. Jacq. Hort. Schanbr. t. 92. Red. Lil. t. 176, 208. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 369. Bot. Mag. t. 913, 1083, 1495, 1539. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 238.

135. Scilla, Linn. Gen. n. 419 —Perianthium diu persistens; segmenta subsequalia, distincta v. vix ima basi brevissime connata, patentia v. basi rarius altius campanulato-conniventia, 1-nervia. Stamina 6, basi v. infra medium segmentorum affixa iisque breviora v. rarius subsequilonga, filamentis filiformibus v. basi rarius alte complanatis integris; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. breviter stipitatum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, brevis v. longiusculus, stigmate parvo capitato; ovula in loculis 2 v. pauca, rarius 8-10, ascendentia. Capsula globosa 3-dyma v. 3-loba, perianthio marcescente cincta v. demum deliquescente denudata, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2 v. rarius plura, obovoidea v. subglobosa, interdum obscure angulata, non v. vix compressa, testa nigra appressa; embryo albumine duriusculo dimidio v. parum brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia loriformia oblonga v. fere ovata. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores parvi v. mediocres, racemosi, in pedicello articulati, cærulei rosei v. purpurascentes, racemo nunc elongato floribundo, nunc ad flores 2-3 reducto, interdum pedicellis confertis defloratis clongatis fere corymbiformi. Bracteæ parvæ.

Species fere 80, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et montanæ et Africæ extratropicæ v. tropicæ montanæ incolæ, cum specie una Chilensi. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 314. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 228, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 248.

Genus a Bakero in sectiones tres quoad species plerasque bene distinctas divisum, quæ a pluribus botanicis pro generibus propriis habentur, sed intermediis nonnullis junctæ melius uti sectiones retinendæ videntur:—

1. Euscilla. Perianthii segmenta a basi patentia. Ovarium sessile v. vix brevissime stipitatum. Species (omnes?) extratropicæ, in Africa australi paucæ, in regione Mediterranea numorosæ. Rcd. Lil. t. 130, 166, 167, 190, 205, 254, 298, 304, 317, 321. Cav. Ic. t. 274. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 365. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 463 ad 465. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 46. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 117, 218. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 189. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 230 ad 233. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 85 ad 87. Vis. Fl. Dalm. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 341, 663, 746, 749, 919, 1025, 1140, 2408, 3023, 3211, 5308, 5379. Bot. Reg. t. 1355, 1878; 1839, t. 63. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 151, 1015, 1483. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 141. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 307. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 179, 305.

Genera sequentia monotypica a variis auctoribus proposita omnia pro speciebus Euscillæ habenda sunt. BARNARDIA, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1029. Bot. Mag. t. 3788 est S. chinensis, Benth., species Asiæ orientalis ovarii loculis 1-ovulatis. Somera, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 26, est S. italica, Linn.; PROSPERO, Salish. I. c. 28, est S. autumnalis, Linn., utraque ovarii loculis 2-ovulatis. Petrante, Salisb. l.c. 27, est S. verna, Linn., ovarii loculis 4-ovulatis. Monocallis, Salisb. l.c. 27, est S. monophylla, Link, folio sæpius unico. NECTAROSCILLA, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. Monocot. 27, est S. hyacinthoides, Linn., ovario brevissime (sape inconspicue) stipitato, externo foris 3 nectarifluis instructo, quod etiam in aliis speciebus plus minus distincte observatur. Caloscilla, Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. iii. 14, t. 245 ad 255 (BASALTOGETON, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fraym. 26), est S. peruviana, Linn., cum varietatibus præcipue hortensibus, species Mediterranea nec Peruviana, ovarii loculis co-ovulatis. Adenoscilla, Gren. et Godr. Fl. Fr. iii. 187 (Rinopodium, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 28), est S. bifolia, Linn., seminum funiculo in strophiolum insigne incrassato. Othocallis, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 28, includit S. amænam, Linn., et S. sibiricam, Andr.. species perianthio majore subcampanulato sect. Endymio accedentes. Stellaris, Steinh. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, vi. 286, est S. numidica, Poir. (S. parviflora, Desf.), species ab Euscillis charactere nullo distincta. Stellaris, Manch, Meth. 303, est genus spurium e speciebus ad genera plura Scillearum pertinentibus compositum.

2. Ledebouria. Perianthii segmenta basi in cupulam conniventia, cæterum patentia v. recurva. Ovarium distincte (interdum brevissime) stipitatum, supra stipitem basi rotundatum v. fere in discum dilatatum. Species Indiæ orientalis, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar.

t. 376 (Drimia), 402 (Lachenalia). Red. Lil. t. 59, et Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 299 (Lachenalia). Wight, Ic. t. 2041 (Barnardia). Bot. Mag. t. 643 (Lachenalia), 1380 (Drimia) et 5580. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 18 et 19 (Drimia) et t. 181 ad 189. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 278 et 1041 (Drimia). LEDEBOURIA, Roth, Nov. Pl. Sp. 194. Wight, Ic. t. 2040. Done in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 171. Bot. Mag. t. 3226. ERATOBOTRYS, Fenzl in Endl. Gen. Pl. Suppl. ii. 13. XEODOLON et Sugillaria, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 18. Huc etiam pertinere videtur Ornithogalum? capitatum, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5388, Bak. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 284.

3. Endymion. Perianthii segmenta alte in tubum v. campanulam conniventia, superne patentia. Species 2 Europæ occidentalis, ob formam perianthii olim Hyacintho ascriptæ, sed segmenta a basi libera Soillæ, et cum Euscillis arcte junguntur mediantibus S. amæna et S. sibirica. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 65. Red. Lil. t. 224, 435. Bot. Mag. t. 127 (128 in textu), 1102. Endymion, Dumort. Fl. Belg. 140. AGRAPHIS, Link, Handb. i. 166. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 461, 462. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 45. Hylomenes, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 26. Usteria, Medic. in Ust. Ann. ii. 11. 4.? Hesperoscilla. Huc referenda Scilla biflora, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 69, t. 302 (Ornithogalum biflorum, Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, 246; O. ochroleucum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1853), species Chilensis, inter Scillam et Ornithogalum quodammodo ambigua, ab utroque genere differt Antherico accedens floribus sub quaque bractea sæpe geminis. Perianthii segmenta patentia, albida, medio 1-nervia et basi virescentia. Filamenta complanata, seriei exterioris hypogyna, seriei interioris segmentis basi adnata. Ovula in quoque loculo (in floribus examinatis) 3, superposita.

136. Camassia, Lindl. Bot. Reg. t. 1486. (Cyanotris, Raf. in Amer. Monthl. Mag. 1819, ex Endl. Gen. Pl. 145. Sitocodium, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 27.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta subæqualia, distincta, a basi patentia, tenuiter 3-∞-nervia. Stamina 6, ima basi v. prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, sæpe facile solubilia (v. interdum revera hypogyna?), filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongolineares, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate breviter 3-fido; ovula in loculis co. Capsula ovato-oblonga, obtusa, membranacea v. chartacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ∞, obovoidea, vix angulata, testa nigra appressa; embryo (in seminibus examinatis) albumine carnoso triente brevior. -Bulbus tunicatus, esculentus. Folia radicalia, linearia v. loriformia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Flores in racemo laxo in pedicello articulati, cærulei purpurascentes v. albidi. Bracteæ lineares, scariosæ.

Species 2, America borealis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 346. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 256. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 240. Bot. Mag. t. 1574 et 2774 (Scilla), 6287. Fl. des Serres, t. 275.

Genus a Scilla charactere nullo certo nisi perianthii nervis distinguendum. Stamina a Lindleyo, Torreyo et Bakero hypogyna dicuntur (sæpius in speciminibus siccis observata?) a Lemaireo in Fl. des Serres, segmentis affixa dicuntur, qualia etiam in Bot. Mag. t. 6287 delineata, et a nobis in speciminibus variis observata, in nonnullis pallidifloris Douglasianis a basi distantia, etsi sæpius ima basi affixa Acillimeque solubilia. Perianthii segmenta variant in C. Fraseri 3-nervia, 1-1-pollicaria, in C. esculenta 5-9-nervia, 2-11-pollicaria.

137. Ornithogalum, Linn. Gen. n. 418.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta subæqualia, distincta, per anthesin patentia, unicoloria v. dorso late viridi-vittata, obscure ∞-nervia. Stamina 6, sæpissime hypogyna, filamentis basi v. alte complanatis rarissime a basi filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus nunc brevissimus v. breviter columnaris, nunc longius filiformis, stigmate capitato 3-sulco v. obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula globosa, 3-dyma v. 3-loba, nunc prominenter 6-costata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, compressiuscula, nigra, testa appressa; embryo in albumine duriusculo brevis v. rarius dimidium albuminis superans.—Bulbus tunicatus. Folia radicalia, linearia v. loriformia. Scapus simplex, aphyllus. Racemus terminalis, nunc elongatus cylindraceus floribundus, nunc abbreviatus pedicellis inferioribus elongatis quasi corymbiformis. Bractez sub pedicellis scariosz, angustz, szepius parvz. Flores mediocres v. speciosi, segmentis margine v. undique albis flavidis v. miniatis nec cæruleis nec roseopurpurascentibus. 3 a

VOL. III.

Species ad 70, Europse, Orientis, Africse extratropicse tam australis quam borealis incolse, et in Africa tropica paucse, una specie etiam in America extratropica inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 349. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 257, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 248. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 48. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 467 ad 472. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 211.

Genus a Scilla evidenter bene distinctum etsi caracteribus certis difficillime limitandum, nec semper nisi florum colore distinguendum, a Bakero in sectiones sequentes vix semper bene definitas dividitur:—

- 1. Heliocharmos (O. umbellatum, Linn. et aff.). Racemi laxi, pedicellis inferioribus elongatis sæpe fere corymbiformes. Perianthii segmenta vittata, marginibus albis angustis. Filamenta sub-lanceolato-dilatata, subsequalia. Stylus filiformis. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 426; Fl. Austr. t. 343. Red. Lil. t. 143. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 72 ad 79. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 67, 68. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 33, 34, 220, 225, 226. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 333. Labill. Ic. Pl. Syr. Dec. v. t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 3077. Bot. Reg. t. 555; 1838, t. 28; 1845, t. 21. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 42, 58, 111.
- 2. Caruelia (O. arabicum, Linn. et aff.). Inflorescentia fere Heliocharmi. Perianthii segmenta non vittata, alba flavida v. miniata. Filamenta seriei interioris v. interdum omnia basi breviter et latiuscule dilatata, interdum ibidem 2-cuspidata (in specie typica omnia angustius dilatata). Stylus brevissimus v. columnaris. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 435 ad 438; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 28; Hort. Schanbr. t. 89. Red. Lil. t. 333, 439. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 48. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 300. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 505. Bot. Mag. t. 190, 653, 728, 1164, 3179. Bot. Reg. t. 305, 315, 906. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 20. Caruelia, Parlat. Nov. Gen. et Sp. Monocot. 21. Myanthe, Aspasia, et Precces, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 34, 35.
- 3. Myogalum (O. nutans, Linn.). Racemus quam in precedentibus longior floribus majoribus. Perianthii segmenta vittata, margine alba. Filamenta alte dilatata, petaloidea, apice 3-cuspidata, cuspide medio antherifero. Stylus filiformis. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 301. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 38. Bot. Mag. t. 269. Honorius, S. F. Gray, Brit. Fl. Pl. ii. 177. Myogalum, Link, Handb, i. 163. Albucka, Reichb. Fl. Germ. Exc. 109; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 473; Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 49. Brisophile, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 34.
- 4. Beryllis (O. pyrenaicum, Linn. et aff.). Racemus elongatus v. cylindraceus, floribus mediocribus v. parvulis. Perianthii segmenta vittata, margine alba rarius pallide fuscescentia. Filamenta integra, complanata v. filiformia. Stylus brevis. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 423, 425, 429; Hort. Schasbr. t. 88, 90; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 29; Fl. Austr. t. 103. Jacq. f. Ecl. t. 20. Red. Lil. t. 120, 234, 312, 417, 422. Waldst. et Kit. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 95 (Anthericum). Bot. Mag. t. 805, 972, 2510. Bot. Reg. t. 235, 316. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 262. Beryllis et Ardernia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 33, 35.
- 5. Osmyne (O. odoratum, Ker). Perianthii segmenta margine flava v. virescentia. Cestera Beryllidis. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 430 ad 433; Hort. Schænbr. t. 91. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 260. Bot. Mag. t. 1829 (Albuca). Bot. Reg. t. 158. Teniola et Osmyne, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 35.

Monorassa, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 36, est O. secundum, Jacq., a Bakero ad Urgineam translatum. Stamina tamen nobis hypogyna videntur et characteres omnes Ornithogali (Osmynis), nisi racemus paucifiorus secundus.

- 6. Cathissa. Racemus elongatus. Perianthii segmenta alba v. albida, non vittata, enervia v. tenuiter co-nervia. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 416 (Anthericum), 424, 427, 428, 434. Red. Lil. vt. 418. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 274. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 46. Bot. Mag. t. 876, 935, 953, 1134, 3538. Bot. Reg. t. 1978. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t 1159. Eustachys et Cathissa, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 33, 34.
- O. biflorum, Don (Scilla biflora, R. et Pav.) melius ad Scillam restituendum videtur, etsi neutri generi bene convenit.

## TRIBUS XIV. TULIPEÆ.

138. Estima, Linn. Gen. n. 410.—Perianthium deciduum, infundibuliforme v. subcampanulatum; segmenta distincta, plus minus in unguem contracta, basi v. alte in tubum laxum conniventia v. erecto-patentia, a medio v. apice solo recurvo-patentia v. revoluta, unguibus basi sulco plus minus nectarifero sæpius præditis. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares v. oblongo-lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles, demum sæpe curvæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, angustum, 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, apice sæpius elavatus, atigmate crasso capitato 3-dymo v. rarius distincte 3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula

oblonga, chartacea v. coriacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, late obovata v. irregulariter orbiculata, brunnea v. pallida, testa membranacea appressa sepe anguste marginata; embryo albumine carnoso parum v. multum brevior.—Bulbus varius, sepius e squamis crassiuscule carnosis imbricatis v. confertis. Caules erecti, foliati, simplices v. rarius apice ramosi. Folia in sect. Cardiocrino petiolata, late cordato-ovata, in cesteris speciebus angusta v. rarius ovata, sessilia v. vix in petiolum contracta, sparsa v. subverticillata. Flores magni, speciosi, ad apicem caulis solitarii v. plures (pauci) laxe racemosi, racemo rarius subramoso, sepius patentes v. penduli, rarius erecti.

Species ad 45, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 256. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 225. Elwes, Monogr. Lil., folio, Londini 1880, cum tabb. 48. Red. Lil. t. 7, 103 ad 105, 145, 146, 199, 210, 276, 301, 378, 395, 475. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 226, 351; App. t. 20. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 40. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 451 ad 455. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. t. 29. Wight, Ic. t. 2031 ad 2035. Kl. in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 93. Sieb. et Zucc. Fl. Jap. t. 12, 13, 42. Bot. Mag. t. 36, 259, 278, 519, 800, 858, 872, 893, 936, 971, 1018, 1237, 1405, 1591, 1634, 2280, 3785, 4561, 4731 (Fritillaria), 5338, 5673, 6005, 6058, 6126, 6146, 6250, 6332, 6630. Bot. Reg. t. 560, 580, 594, 2000; 1839, t. 38; 1843, t. 11; 1846, t. 50. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 185, 367. Martagon, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 56.

Genus ad Endlichero et Kunthio in sectiones 4, a Bakero in subgenera 5 divisum, imprimis ad perianthii formas, certe in speciebus diversis valde diversas sed vix in catervas distinctas ordinandas. Elwes in monographia sua eximia Cardiocrinum solum pro sectione retinuit, speciem elatam, foliis petiolatis ample cordato-ovatis, L. cordifolium, Thunb., et L. giganteum, Wall., includentem. Elw. Monogr. t. 1, 2. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. t. 12, 13. Sieb. et Zuoc. Fl. Jap. t. 13, 14. Bot. Mag. t. 4673, 6337. Species cæteræ iconibus supra citatis illustratæ ad Eulirium pertinent, foliis angustis v. basi contractis.

L. Thomsonianum, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1845, t. 1; Royle, Ill. Pl. Himal. t. 92 (L. roseum, Wall.; Bot. Mag. t. 4725, L. longifolium, Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 277), et L. Hookeri, Baker, species Himalaicæ, sectionem Notholirion, Wall. (genus Notholirion, Boiss Fl. Or. v. 190) formant, a Bakero serius ad Fritillariam translatam et ab Elwesio a Lilio exclusum ob bulbum angusum esquamatum tunicis paucis laxis obtectum. Characteres florales tamen omnino Lilii nec Fritillariæ, et melius sectionem tertiam generis prioris formare videntur, cum Fritillaria Gardneriana, Baker, et Lilio polyphyllo, Don, Elwes Monogr. t. 48, quæ omnes Himalayæ incolæ.

139. Fritillaria, Linn. Gen. n. 411.—Perianthium deciduum, campanulatum; segmenta subæqualia, oblonga v. fere ovata, erecta, superne conniventia v. breviter patentia, facie supra basin fovea v. macula sæpius nectarifera instructa. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi segmentis adhærentia, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares v. oblongæ, erectæ, in speciebus normalibus basi (interdum intrusa) v. inter lobos basales affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, 3-locularis; stylus filiformis v. columnaris, lobis 3 introrsum stigmatosis nunc longiusculis patentibus nunc erectis conniventibus v. omnino connatis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula obovoidea v. subglobosa, obtusangula v. angulis 6 prominentibus acutis interdum fere in alas productis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, late obovata v. irregulariter orbiculata, brunnea v. pallida, testa membranacea appressa circumcirca in marginem v. alam angustam producta; embryo in speciebus normalibus prope hilum minimus obovoideus, albumine cartilagineo inclusus.—Bulbus varius, sæpius parvulus, squamis carnosis paucis, tunicis haud raro mox deliquescentibus. Caulis simplex. Folia nunc pauca, sparsa, nunc subverticillata; floralia sub quoque pedicello 1-2. Flores speciosi, quam in Lilio tamen sæpius minores, nutantes v. penduli, nunc solitarii v. 2 parum distantes, nunc plures laxe racemosi v. ad apicem caulis cum foliis floralibus comosis conferti, sub foliis penduli quasi verticillati.

Species enumeratæ ultra 50, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis incolæ, nonnullæ tamen reducendæ et vix 40 rite distinguendæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 246. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 251. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 17. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 39. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 176.

Genus pro maxima parte naturale, a Lilio facillime distinguendum perianthii forma, antheris erectis nec versatilibus, et (tanquam netum) embryone minimo; species tamen nonnullæ infra sub

Liliorhiza notatæ inter hæc genera ambiguæ. Baker subgenera 10 distinxit, characteres tamen nonnullæ e forma foveolorum sumpti valde incerti sunt; et sectiones 5 tantum sequentes melius definitæ videntur:—

1. Eufritillaria. Caulis 1-florus, rarius laxe 2-3-florus. Antherse lineares, rectse, basifixse. Styli rami stigmatosi plus minus patentes. Species omnes gerontogese, a Bakero in subgeneribus Eufritillaria, Monocodone, et Goniocarpa inclusse. Planch. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xx. 96. Jacq. Fl. Austr. App. t. 32. Red. Lil. t. 222. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 442 ad 445. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 25, 36, 66. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 328. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 2, 130. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 500. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 92, f. 2. Kl. in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 92. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 860. Bot. Mag. t. 664, 853, 952, 1207, 1216, 1538, 3083, 3280, 5052. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 343. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 209.

Monocodon, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 56, genus propositum fuit ad F. pyrenaioam, Linn., foveola nectarifera quam in F. meleagri multo latiore.

- 2. Petilium. Folia floralia plurima, in comam terminalem conferta, floribus sub coma pendulis quasi verticillatis. Species unica, regionis Mediterraneæ, characteribus floralibus omnino Eufritillariæ, nec longe a F. pallidiflora, Schrenck, distat; flores in hac interdum 3-4 cum foliis floralibus ad apicem caulis haud distantes. Capsulæ anguli acuti in F. dagana, Turcz., aliisque observantur. Red. Lil. t. 131. Bot. Mag. t. 124, 1215. Petilium, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 119. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 245. Imperialis, Juss. Gen. 49.
- 3. Theresia. Flores sæpius plures, racemosi, quam in Eufritillaria vulgo minores. Antheræ erectæ Eufritillaria, sæpius tamen multo breviores. Stylus apice subinteger v. lobis brevissimis erectis. Species paucæ, Orientales; Red. Lil. t. 67. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 499. Bot. Mag. t. 857, 962, 1537. Theresia, C. Koch in Linnaa, xxii. 232. Tozzkttia, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. e Sp. Monocot. 11. Lyperia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 56. Genus prius ad F. persicam, Linn., propositum, serius a Klattio in Hamb. Gart. Zeit. xvi. 438 ad species omnes Fritillaria extensum quibus stigma indivisum v. vix brevissime 3-lobum.

RHINOPETALUM, Fisch. ex Alexand. in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. viii. 19; Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. eer. 2, t. 283. Regel, Fl. Turkest. t. 22, est F. Karelini, Baker, species humilis, F. persics affinis, foveolis perianthii præsertim segmentorum exteriorum profundis extus gibbum valde prominentem formantibus.

- 4. Amblirion. Caulis sæpius 1-florus Eufritillariæ, stigma indivisum Theresiæ. Antheræ juxta basin inter lobos dorsifixæ, sed erectæ, mox revolutæ, nec versatiles. Species unica, boreali-Americana, F. pudica, Spr.; Pursh. Fl. Amer. Sept. i. t. 8 (Lilium). Amblirion, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102. Species gerontogeæ a Bakero sub sect. Amblirio enumeratæ ad Theresiam pertinent.
- 5.? Liliorhiza. Species boreali-Americanæ v. Asiaticæ, Lilium inter et Fritillariam ambiguæ. Bulbus sæpe multisquamosus et antheræ dorsifixæ versatiles Lilii, stylus apice sæpius breviter 3-fidus Eufritillariæ, habitus et perianthium intermedia, et species ab aliis Lilio ab aliis Fritillariæ relatæ. Semina perfecta in sola F. camtschatcense, Ker (Lilio camtschatcense Linn.) observavimus, ubi embryonem vidimus quam in Fritillariis typicis longiorem vix tamen quartam partem albuminis excedentem. Lamb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 11. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 193. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 61. Liliorhiza, Kell. Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. 46, fig. 1. Hue etiam referendæ Korolerowia, Reg. Gartenf. 1873, 161, t. 760 (prius Fritillaria Sewerzowii, Reg.), perianthii segmentis a medio ut in pluribus Liliis revolutis, et antheris versatilibus, sed flores quam in Lilio minores virescentes.

De sectione Notholirio, Baker, cfr. supra sub Lilio.

140. Tulipa, Linn. Gen. n. 415.—Perianthium deciduum, campanulatum v. subinfundibuliforme; segmenta distincta, erecta v. erecto-patentia, subæqualia, prope basin intus sæpe maculata nec foveolata. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis plus minus complanatis apice attenuatis v. breviter filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. subsessile, oblongum, sæpe angustum, apice in stylum brevissimum v. vix ullum rarius longiusculum contractum; stigmatibus terminalibus adnatis parvis v. magnis recurvisque; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga v. rarius subglobosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, late obovata v. irregulariter orbiculata, brunnea v. pallida, testa membranacea appressa circumcirca marginata v. angustissime alata; embryo in

albumine carnoso parvus v. albumine vix brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus, tunicis interdum introrsum lanatis. Caulis simplex, paucifoliatus, 1-florus v. rarius 2-3-florus. Folia linearia v. latiuscula. Flores erecti v. rarissime nutantes, speciosi.

Species enumeratæ fere 50, Europæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæ occidentalis et centralis incolæ, usque ad Japoniam extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 219. Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. ii. 437. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 275. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 191. Red. Lil. t. 37, 38, 111, 165, 219, 445, 477, 478. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 36. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 446 ad 450. Jord. et Fourr. Ic. Fl. Eur. t. 16 ad 20. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 24. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 32. Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 329, 330. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 85, 134, 135. Reg. Fl. Turkest. t. 21, 22. Bot. Mag. t. 717, 839, 1136, 1202, 1390, 2388, 2762, 3887, 6177, 6191, 6242, 6304, 6308, 6310, 6374, 6439, 6459, 6518, 6635, 6630. Bot. Reg. t. 127, 204, 380, 535, 1106, 1143, 1419, 1990; 1838, t. 46; 1839, t. 66. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 78, 157, 186; ser. 2, t. 97, 102, 116, 153.

ORITHYIA, Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 336, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 226, genus propositum fuit ad Ornithogalum uniflorum, Linn., speciesque paucas affines, scapo sæpe 2-3-floro et ovario distinctius in stylum brevem attenuato, sed character male definitus, et genus rite a Bakero aliisque ad Tulipam reducitur. T. biflora, Linn., a Kunthio in Orithya inclusa, cujus habitum præbet, ovario non producto Tulipis veris accedit.

141. Erythronium, Linn. Gen. n. 414.—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, angusta, basi in tubum conniventia, a medio v. fere a basi recurva v. reflexa, juxta basin sæpe 2-callosa v. 2-auriculata. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi segmentis adnata, erecta, perianthio breviora, filamentis leviter complanatis apice breviter subulatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis v. superne clavatus, stigmatibus brevibus, rarius in lobos longiores introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis numeross. Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra v. longe oblonga, membranacea v. chartacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in E. Dens-canis numerosa, oblonga, leviter compressa, brunnea v. pallida, apice in appendicem recurvam longe caudatam producta; in E. purpurascente, S. Wats., multo latiora, magis compressa, vix v. non appendiculata, in cæteris speciebus ignota; embryo, ubi notus, prope hilum minimus v. quartam partem albuminis carnosi attingens.—Cormus tunicatus. Caulis simplex, infra medium 2-foliatus, foliis petiolatis ovatis v. angustis. Flores nutantes, solitarii v. 2-∞ laxissime racemosi, longe pedicellati, ebracteati.

Species 7, quarum una per Europam et Asiam Rossicam usque ad Japoniam dispersa, cæteræ Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 216. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 296. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 260. Red. Lil. t. 194. Jacq. Fl. Austr. App. t. 9. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 35. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 441. Bot. Mag. t. 5, 1113, 5714. Bot. Reg. t. 1786. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. ser. 2, t. 71, 76.

142 Gagea, Salisb. in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. ii. 555. (Ornithoxanthum, Link, Handb. i. 161.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, patentia, 3-5nervia, non foveolata. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa v. fere hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. inferne leviter complanatis, antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. rarius breviter stipitatum, obovoideum v. oblongum, 3-quetrum v. sub-3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris v. fere subulatus, stigmate vix latiore; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ , interdum numerosa. Capsula membranacea, perianthii segmentis stipata, 3-quetra v. 3-loba, loculicide dehiscens. Semina nunc abortu pauca obovoideo-oblonga vix compressa, nunc numerosa angulato-compressa v. fere plana, testa fusca v. pallida appressa; embryo albumine carnoso sæpius dimidio saltem brevior.—Bulbus parvulus. humilis, apice laxe pauciflorus. Folium radicale sepius unicum, rarius 2-3, additis interdum 1-3 caulinis infra inflorescentiam. Pedicelli longiusculi. ad apicem caulis sparsi dissiti v. fere in umbellam irregularem conferti. Bracteæ sub pedicellis foliaceæ, infima sæpe lanceolata, cæteræ minores lineares, nunc omnes parvæ v. inferior longiuscula. Perianthii segmenta margine sæpissime flava, interdum albida, rarissime pallide rosea, medio sepius intensius colorata, extus haud raro viridi-fusca.

Species ad 20, Europe, Africae borealis, et Asiae temperatee v. montanae incoles. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 233. Regel in Act. Hort. Petr. iii. 289; Fl. Turkest. t. 17 ad 20. Red. Lil. t. 221, 242, 302. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 37. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 474 ad 481. Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 45 bis. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 331, 332, et t. 336 (Anthericum). Labill. Pl. Syr. Dec. v. t. 8, 9 (Anthericum). Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 379, 392. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 95 et t. 93, f. 3 (Lloydia). Bot. Mag. t. 1200. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1209. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 158, 177; ser. 2, t. 29. (Ic. plur. sub Ornithogalo.)

Genus Lloydia valde affine et G. triflora, Schult., et G. rubro-viridis, Ledeb., a Bakero in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 300 ad Lloydiam transferuntur ob perianthii segmenta margine albida v. ex icone Ledebourii pallide rosea nec flava, sed foveolis Lloydia carent et melius in Gagea retinendæ. Eadem ratione ad Gageam referrimus Anthericum gracum, Linn., cui rite refert Baker Lloydiam creticam, Boiss., speciem cæterum insignem stylo abbreviato. In pluribus speciebus Gagea segmenta vix flavicant.

HORNUNGIA, Bernh. in Flora, 1840, 392, est G. reticulata, Rœm. et Schult., cui capsula elongata, seminibus numerosissimis pressione fere planis.

BULBILLARIA, Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Manch. iii. 229, t. 2, est G. amblyopetala, var. bulbifera, Boiss. (G. thesioides, C. A. Mey.) species vix a G. persica, Boiss., distincts.

143. **Eloydia**, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. Lond. i. 328, absque char.; Reichb. Fl. Germ. Exc. 102. (Nectarobothrium, Ledeb. Fl. Alt. ii. 36. Rhabdocrinum, Reichb. Consp. Reg. Veg. 65.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, demum patentia, 3-5-nervia, basi intus plica transversali et foveola (nectarifera?) plus minus distincta instructa. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa v. fere hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. inferne leviter complanatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, erectæ, basi intrusa affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate parum incrassato vix 3-dymo; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra, membranacea, perianthii segmentis stipata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina angulato-compressa, testa appressa brunnea v. pallida, angulo interiore interdum anguste alata; embryo albumine carnoso 3-4-plo brevior.—Bulbus angustus. Caulis humilis, gracilis, apice 1-2-florus. Folia radicalia 1-3, linearia, caulina pauca, minora. Flores albidi v. flavi, pedicellati. Bracteæ parvæ, lineares.

Species 2, quarum una montium Europæ, Asiæ mediæ et borealis et Americæ borealis incola, altera ad Himalayam limitata. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 243. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 299 (quoad subgenus Eulloydiam). Red. Lil. t. 270 (Phalangium, segmentorum foveolis non delineatis). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 38. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 440. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 93, f. 2. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 834.

Subgenus Gageopsis, Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 300, nobis ad Gageam ipsam referendum videtur.

144. Calochortus, Pursh, Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 240. (Cyclobothra, Don in Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 273, et ser. 2, t. 20.)—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, subgloboso-conniventia v. patentia, exteriora sæpius angusta, subcalycina, plus minus virentia, rarius interioribus similia nisi minora minus distincte v. non foveolata; interiora petaloidea, facie sæpe barbata et prope basin foveola nectarifera v. macula vix concava instructa. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentis leviter adhærentia, erecta, filamentis brevibus subulatis ; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, basi longe intrusa affixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, apice vix in stylum brevissimum contractum, stigmatibus terminalibus adnatis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, nunc elongata, 3-quetra, angulis acutis obtusis v. subcalloso-marginatis, septicide dehiscens v. fere in carpella 3 secedens, valvis transverse lineatis interdum apice demum 2-fidis. Semina numerosa, plano-compressa, sæpe margine crassiusculo v. angustissime alseformi cincta, v. apice in appendicem cellulosam producta, testa pallida nunc membranacea appressa, nunc laxe cellulosa; embryo albumine carnoso parum v. multum brevior. - Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis paucifoliatus, sæpe ramosus pauciflorus. angusta. Flores longe pedicellati, speciosi, erecti v. penduli, flavi cærulescentes purpurascentes v. albi,

Species enumerat Baker 21, S. Watson 32, Americæ borealis imprimis occidentalis usque ad Mexicum incolas. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 302. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 262. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 677 (Fritillaria). Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. t. 94. Dougl. in Trans. Hort. Soc. Lond. vii. t. 9. Benth. in Trans. Hort. Soc. Lond. ser. 2, i. t. 14 (Cyclobothra). Bot. Mag. t. 5804, 5862, 5976, 6200, 6475, 6527. Bot. Reg. t. 1152, 1567, 1669, 1676, et sub Cyclobothra, t. 1661, 1662, 1663. Maund, Botanist, t. 30, 98, 170.

Genus a Donio et a Lindleyo olim in duo divisum, a Bakero in subgenera 4, a S. Watsonio in sectiones 3, imprimis ad perianthium magis minusve apertum, segmentis interioribus exterioribusque magis minusve dissimilibus foveolatis maculatisve, fructu erecto v. nutante, aliisque characteribus in speciebus nonnullis distinctissimis, in aliis male definitis v. varie collatis.

## TRIBUS XV. COLCHICEÆ.

145. Colchicum, Linn. Gen. n. 457.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longo tenui; lobi subæquales, oblongi, erecto-patentes. Stamina 6, ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli longi, filiformes, a basi distincti, medio interdum leviter cohærentes, apice parum incrassati, breviter recurvo-patentes introrsumque stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula ovoidea, 3-sulca, chartacea, superne septicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, subglobosa, opaca, brunnea v. fusca, testa appressa crassiuscula; embryo in albumine duro parvus, ab hilo plus minus distans.—Cormus hypogæus, tunicatus. Folia radicalia, coætanca v. sæpius serotina, oblonga loriformia v. linearia. Scapus intra vaginas hypogæas brevissimus, 1-3-rarius co-florus. Flores speciosi, lilacini v. rarius flavi.

Species ad 30, Europæ, Asiæ occidentalis et centralis et Africæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 138. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 423. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 155. Red. Lil. t. 228, 238. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 424 ad 427. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. 11, n. 34. Waldst. et Ku. Pl. Rar. Hung. t. 179. Graells, Ramill. Pl. Esp. t. 9. All. Fl. Pedem. t. 74. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 221. Vis. Stirp. Dalm. t. 6. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 350. Stev. in Mem. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. vii. t. 13 ad 16. Bot. Mag. t. 1028, 1122, 2673, 6078, 6090, 6153. Bot. Reg. t. 541.

Antheræ dorso affixæ introrsum dehiscentes rite a Neesio, Decaisneo et Le Maoutio aliisque descriptæ, a Kunthio tamen auctoribusque pluribus introrsum affixæ extrorsum dehiscentes dicuntur.

Fouha, Pomel, Mat. Fl. Atl. 2, est C. montanum, Linn., cui perianthii limbus quam in plerisque speciebus brevior est. Monocaryum, Br. in App. Voy. Denh. et Clapp. 243, sectio pro genere admissa in Schult. Syst. vii. 1135, ad specimen Russellianum Hypoxidis fascicularis, Linn., proposita, a Bakero ut videtur rite ad C. montani, Linn., formam reducitur, pistillo casu ad carpellum unicum reducto. Paludaria, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 53, ad plantam Africanam descripta, cum synonymo eodem Hypoxidis fascicularis, est C. montanum normale, ovario 3-loculari, male descriptum.

Genera tria sequentia, Synsiphon, Bulbocodium et Merendera, forte melius ad sectiones Colchici reducenda.

146. Synsiphon, Regel in Act. Hort. Petrop. vi. 490.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo longo tenui; lobi subæquales, erecto-patentes. Stamina 6, fauci afixa, filamentis brevibus linearibus planis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basi sagittatæ. Ovarium supra basin in perianthii tubo nidulans, 3-loculare; stylus longissimus, exsertus, ad faucem 3-partitus, ramis filiformibus stigmate capitato terminatis; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula...—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Folia radicalia subcoætanea, linearia. Flos breviter pedunculatus, basi e bulbo paullo exsertus. (Char. ex Regelio.)

Species 1, Asiæ centralis incola, a nobis non visa, a Colchico differre dicitur stylis alte connatis, a Bulbocodio perianthii tubo indiviso.

147. Bulbocodium, Linn. Gen. n. 407.—Perianthium infundibuliforme; segmenta a basi distincta, unguibus longis erectis in tubum tenuem conniventibus, laminis anguste

oblongis subæqualibus erecto-patentibus. Stamina 6, ad basin laminarum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, basi alte 2-lobæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Óvarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus longus, filiformis, apice 3-fidus, ramis filiformibus superne parum incrassatis erectis apice introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula anguste ovoidea, 3-quetra, chartacea, septicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, subglobosa, opaca, brunnea, testa appressa crassiuscula; embryo in albumine duro parvus, ab hilo plus minus distans.—Cormus hypogæus, tunicatus. Folia radicalia, coætanea, linearia. Scapus intra vaginas hypogæas brevissimus, 1-3-florus. Flores speciosi, iis Colchici similes.

Species 1, montium Europæ et Rossiæ Asiaticæ meridionalis incola. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 456. Red. Lil. t. 197. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 428. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 33. Bot. Mag. t. 153. Bot. Reg. t. 571 (Colchicum).

Genus cum sequente a Colchico parum distinctum.

148. Merendera, Ram. in Bull. Soc. Philom. Par. 1798. (Geophila, Bergeret, Fl. B. Pyr. ii. 184, & Endl.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme; segmenta a basi distincta, unguibus longis erectis in tubum tenuem conniventibus, laminis anguste oblongis subæqualibus erecto-patentibus. Stamina 6, ad basin laminarum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, basi breviter v. alte 2-lobæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus, valvis demum recurvis. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli 3, filiformes, longi, apice minute stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula obovoidea, 3-sulca, fere 3-loba, chartacea, septicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, subglobosa, opaca, brunnea, testa appressa crassiuscula; embryo in albumine duro parvus, ab hilo plus minus distans.—Cormus hypogeus, tunicatus. Folia radicalia, coætanea, linearia. Scapus intra vaginas inclusus v. post anthesin breviter exsertus, 1-3-florus. Flores speciosi, iis Colchici similes.

Species 10, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, usque ad Abyssiniam et Affghanistan extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 148. Boiss. Fl. Or. v. 167. Baker in Journ. Lunn. Soc. xvii. 437, ubi in series 2 facile pro sectionibus habendas distribuuntur: 1. Antheræ oblongæ, medio dorso affixæ, versatiles. Bub. Cent. Pl. Ross. t. 50. Bot. Mag. t. 3690. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 952 (Bulbocodium), 1057. 2. Antheræ longe lineares, juxta basin affixæ, suberectæ, demum leviter recurvæ. Red. Lil. t. 25. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 50 (Colchicum). Bot. Mag. t. 6012.

# TRIBUS XVI. ANGUILLARIEÆ.

149. Burchardia, R. Br. Prod. 272.—Perianthium explanatum, deciduum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, primum basi circa filamentum conduplicata, sub anthesi plana, patentia. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis basi complanatis superne filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin introrsum affixæ, versatiles, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, prominenter 3-quetrum, 3-loculire, in stylum brevem 3-quetrum desinens; styli rami 3, breviter linearos, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra, apice pyramidata, breviter septicide dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , angulata, brunnea, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine cartilagineo juxta hilum parvus.—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus more generum bulbosorum fasciculatis carnosulis. Caulis ebulbosus, erectus, simplex v. parce ramosus. Folia pauca, 1-2 infra medium caulis longe linearia cum vaginis continua, 1-2 superiora parva brevia. Flores ad apicem caulis v. ramorum  $\infty$ , pedicellati, in umbellam bracteis brevibus linearibus involucratam dispositi.

Species 1, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 33.

150. Androcymbium, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin Mag. ii. 21, t. 2.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta subæqualia, distincta, unguibus erectis linearibus canaliculatis v. fere convolutis, lamina erecto-patente lanceolata plana v. basi concava 2-auriculataque, intus ad insertionem staminis varie glandulifera v. nectarifera.

Stamina 6, ad basin laminarum affixa iisque breviora v. longiora, filamentis filiformibus ima basi sæpe incrassatis; antheræ oblongæ, inter lobos basales subintrorsum affixæ, demum versatiles, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti, filiformes, stigmatibus parvis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga, 3-sulca, chartacea v. membranacea, septicide dehiscens. Semina globosa, opaca, testa brunnea appressa; embryo in albumine duro juxta hilum parvus.—Cormus hypogæus, tunicatus, tunicis sæpius in vaginas caulem stipantes productis. Folia ad apicem caulis brevis pro maxima parte hypogæi conferta v. parum dissita, basi plus minus dilatata, sæpe colorata, inflorescentiam capituliformem involucrantia et fere includentia, 1-2 exteriora interdum longissime linearia. Flores intra folia floralia sæpius plures, sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, singuli bractea membranacea sæpe colorata stipati.

Species enumeratæ 13, Africæ australis et regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 441.

Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes commode dividitur:-

- 1. Cymbanthes. Perianthii segmentorum lamina basi concava, sæpe 2-auriculata. Stamina segmentis æquilonga v. longiora. Species 11, quarum una Abyssinica, cæteræ Austro-Africanæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 452. Cav. Ic. t. 587, f. 1; 588, f. 1. Bot. Mag. t. 641. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 165 (ic. plures sub Melanthio). Cymbanthes, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 329, absque char.
- 2. Erythrostictus. Perianthii segmentorum lamina plana. Stamina segmentis multo breviora. Species 2, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ. Erythrostictus, Schlecht. in Linnæa, i. 90. Lange, Pl. Nov. Hisp. t. 34.
- 151. Wurmbea, Thunb. Nov. Gen. 18, t. 1.—Perianthium subcampanulatum v. fere a basi expansum, persistens, tubo breviter cylindraceo v. late cyathiformi; lobi tubo longiores, subæquales, patentes, basi sæpius plicis transversis instructi. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. basi dilatatis; antheræ ovatæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, apice 3-lobum, lobis in stylos distinctos breviter v. longe filiformes desinentibus; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula apice 3-loba, breviter septicide dehiscens. Semina ∞, subglobosa, brunnea, testa appressa; embryo in albumine cartilagineo juxta hilum parvus.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Caulis simplex, sæpius brevis. Folia pauca, lineari-lanceolata v. rarius ovato-lanceolata, cum vagina laxa continua. Flores in spica terminali breviter pedunculata subsessiles, ebracteati.

Species 7, Africæ australis et Australiæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 159. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 435. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 27. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 221. Bot. Mag. t. 694, 1291 (Melanthium).

Genera duo sequentia vix a Wurmbea distincta.

152. Becometra, Salish. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 330, absque char. (Kolbea, Schlecht. in Linnæa, i. 80. Jania, Schult. Syst. vii. 98, 1528.)—Perianthium persistens v. demum sub fructu deciduum, toro dilatato insertum; segmenta distincta, basi erecta unguibus circa filamentum convolutis, superne anguste oblonga, patentia, subæqualia. Stamina 6, prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, prominenter 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; styli 3, brevissimi, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula angusta, prominenter 3-quetra, septicide dehiscens. Semina co, subglobosa, plus minus angulata, testa appressa; embryo in albumine cartilagineo juxta hilum parvus.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Caulis erectus, simplex. Folia lanceolata v. angusta, approximata, cum vagina continua, superiora ad vaginas reducta pauca dissitaque. Flores ad apicem caulis v. pedunculi terminalis pauci, subsessiles, in spica brevi dispositi v. interdum solitarii, erecti, ebracteati. Capsulæ erectæ, in speciminibus nostris pollicares v. longiores.

Species 1, austro-Africana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 162. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. zvii. 446. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 450. Bot. Mag. t. 767 (Melanthium).

153. Dipidax, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 330, absque char. (Melanthium, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 155.)—Perianthium demum deciduum; segmenta distincta, oblonga, patentia, prope basin ad marginem utrinque glandula nectarifera instructa, unguibus circa filamentum convolutis. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa, iisque breviora; antheræ parvæ, oblongæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-sulcum, fere 3-lobum, 3-loculare; styli 3, basi contigui at distincti, breviter filiformes, superne introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula turbinata truncataque v. ovoideo-oblonga, 3-loba, lobis seu carpellis marginibus interioribus connexis maturitate septicide solvendis introrsum dehiscentibus. Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea v. subglobosa, rugulosa v. læviuscula, brunnea, testa appressa; embryo juxta hilum oblongus, albumine cartilagineo 3-4-plo brevior.—Bulbus seu cormus tunicatus. Caulis erectus, simplex. Folia prope basin caulis pauca, conferta, late v. anguste lanceolata, cum vagina brevi continua, addito sæpe uno alterove sub inflorescentia. Flores in spica terminali plures, subsessiles, rarius ad unum reducti, ebracteati.

Species 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 446. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 451. Bot. May. t. 558. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 978; (ic. omnes sub Melanthio).

154. Anguillaria, R. Br. Prod. 273.—Flores sæpe polygamo-dioici. Perianthium explanatum, persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, patentia, supra basin transverse glandulosa v. nuda. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentis adnata iisque multo breviora, filamentis basin versus dilatatis cæterum filiformibus; antheræ infra medium v. juxta basin introrsum affixæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; styli 3, a basi distincti v. brevissime connati, breviter filiformes, superne introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis ∞ (6-12). Capsula 3-quetra, obtusa v. vertice depressa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina ∞, globosa, brunnea, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso solido juxta hilum brevis, obovoideus v. oblongus.—Bulbus seu cormus parvus, tunicatus. Caulis humilis, simplex. Folia pauca, secus caulem dissita, linearia, vaginis brevibus latis fere inflatis. Flores plures, in spica terminali subsessiles, v. interdum ad unum terminalem reducti, ebracteati.

Species 2, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 29. Endl. Iconogr. t. 3.

155. Ornithoglossum, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 54. (Lichtensteinia, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin Mag. ii. 19, t. 1. Cymation, Spreng. Syst. ii. 142.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata, sub anthesi patentissima v. reflexa, supra basin glandula v. macula nectarifera instructa. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antherse oblonge, introrsum mediofixe, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum v. ovoideum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; styli 3, a basi distincti; ovula in loculis co (10-20). Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa, subinflata, tardius loculicide dehiscens. Semina co, subglobosa v. compressiuscula, testa crassiuscula adnata; embryo in albumine cartilagineo juxta hilum parvus.—Cormus in rhizomate tuberoso parvus, tunicatus. Caulis simplex, erectus. Folia caulina lanceolata v. angusta, cum vagina continua, superiora floralia in bracteas lineares abeuntia. Flores longe pedicellati, nutantes, ad axillas foliorum floralium v. bractearum solitarii, in racemo laxo terminali sepius pauci.

Species v. varietates insigniores 2, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 162. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 448. Andr. Bot. Rep. 233 (Melanthium). Bot. Mag. t. 994 (Melanthium). Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 131.

156. Ephigenia, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 212. (Notocles, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 54.)—Perianthium explanatum, post anthesin caducissimum; segmenta distincta, linearia v. anguste oblonga, æqualia, patentia, plana. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio pluries breviora, filamentis complanatis sæpius latis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, introrsum supra affixæ, versatiles, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile,

3-loculare; styli 3, basi brevissime connati, lineares, recurvi, superne introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusa v. truncata, 3- v. 6-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, brunnea, strophiolo parvo (v. 0?), testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso juxta hilum parvus, obovoideus v. oblongus.—Bulbus seu cormus parvus, tunicatus. Caulis simplex, erectus. Folia pauca, secus caulem dissita, sessilia, linearia v. anguste lanceolata, floralia minora, in bracteas parvas lineares abeuntia. Flores longe pedicellati, erecti, ad apicem caulis v. in axillis superioribus solitarii.

Species 4, Indiæ orientalis, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ, Madagascariæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 450. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 259 (Anguillaria).

#### TRIBUS XVII. NARTHECIEÆ.

157. ? Mietneria, Klotzsch in Rich. Schomb. Reise Brit. Gui. 1066, absque char.—Perianthium persistens, tubo campanulato ovario adnato; lobi erecti, oblongi, subæquales, demum rigiduli, interiores paullo tenuiores latioresque. Stamina 6, basi loborum affixa iisque parum breviora, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium basi tubo perianthii adnatum, superne liberum pyramidatum, apice in stylum brevem attenuatum, 3-loculare; stigma terminale, parvum, subcapitatum; ovula ad basin partis liberæ loculorum numerosa, fasciculata. Capsulæ pars libera loculicide dehiscens, valvis erectis persistentibus. Semina numerosa, parva, inappendiculata, oblonga, testa tenui appressa striata; embryo in albumine carnoso minutus? (in seminibus examinatis non deteximus).—Rhizoma breve. Folia ad basin caulis disticha, linearia, sæpe falcata, rigidula, vaginis equitantibus, caulina interdum 1-2, inferioribus minora. Flores ad apicem caulis in cymam laxe trichotomam nunc fere corymbosam nunc angustam dispositi, flavi?, pedicellis erectis rigidulis. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 1, in monte Roraima Guianæ obvia, Rob. Schomburgk, coll. 2, n. 667; Rich. Schomburgk, n. 1009; Appun n. 1107, nuperque a Rio Janeiro a Glazioua recepta sub n. 12212.

Planta foliis et colore omnino Narthecii; semina Metanarthecii, ab utroque genere differt inflorescentia ramosiore et ovario semiinfero. Klotzsch Hæmodoraceis refert, sed semina nequaquam conveniunt.

158. Warthecium, Mæhr. in Act. Acad. Nat. Cur. vi. (1742), 384, t. 5. (Abama, Adams. Fam. ii. 47.)—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, rotatopatentia, subæqualia, rigidula, linearia, tenuiter 5-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio subbreviora, filamentis dense lanatis; antheræ erectæ, lineares, basifixæ, demum tortæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare, apice in stylum breviter columnarem attenuatum, stigmate parvo; ovula in parte inferiore loculorum numerosa. Capsula anguste oblonga, breviter acuminata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ascendentia, oblonga, testa tenui pallida striata apice basique in appendiculam linearem hyalinam producta; embryo albumine carnoso 3-4-plo brevior.—Rhizoma reptans, caule a basi cæspitosa v. ramosa breviter incurvo-ascendente dein erecto. Folia ad basin caulis disticha, equitantia, linearia, sæpe falcata, rigidula, striata. Racenus terminalis, simplex v. rarissime ramulo uno alterove brevi instructus, strictus. Flores flavi, pedicellis brevibus erectis ad bracteas solitariis, haud raro bracteola lineari instructis.

Species 4, inter se valde affines, regionum temperatarum hemisphærii borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 362. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 350. Red. Lit. t. 218 (Abama). Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 421. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 30. Buchenau in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 161, t. 7. Bot. Mag. t. 1505.

150. Metanarthecium, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersb. xi. 438; Mel. Biol. vi. 213.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta a basi libera, linearia, superne patula,

sequalia v. exteriora paullo angustiora, obscure 1-nervia. Stamina 6, infra medium segmentorum affixa iisque paullo breviora, filamentis glabris filiformibus v. basi leviter dilatatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis a latere subintrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate parum incrassato 3-dymo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula 6-sulcata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, parva, ovoidea, inappendiculata, pallida, testa tenui appressa striata; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum minutus, ovoideus.—Rhizoma breve, horizontale, fibris tenuibus numerosis instructum. Folia radicalia, oblonga v. oblanceolata, acuta, luteo-viridia. Scapus aphyllus, simplex v. sub inflorescentia ramulo unico instructus. Racemus spiciformis, densiflorus, bracteis parvis linearibus. Flores flavo-virescentes, suberecti, pedicellis brevibus ad bracteas solitariis prope basin 1-bracteolatis.

Species 1, Japonica. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xv. 285.

160. Chamselirium, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin Mag. ii. 18. (Ophiostachys, Red. Lil. t. 464. Dasurus, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 51. Diclinotrys, Raf. Neogen. 3.)— Flores dioici. Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta linearia, sub-Stamina in fl. 3 6, libera, perianthio subæqualia v. paullo longiora, filamentis filiformibus, in fl. 2 ad staminodia parva ananthera reducta; antheræ parvæ, ovoideoglobosæ, loculis distinctis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium in fl. 2 sessile, ovoideum, costatum, integrum, 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti v. vix basi connati, lineares, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (6-12). Capsula obovoidea, membranacea, apice breviter loculicide dehiscens. Semina ∞, oblonga, compressiuscula, pallida, testa tenui nucleo appressa apice basique v. interdum circumcirca in alam hyalinam producta; embryo cylindraceus, albumine carnoso 2-3-plo brevior.—Rhizoma horizontale, crassum, subnodosum, fibris radicalibus tenuibus, caule erecto simplici. Folia radicalia petiolata, obovalia v. oblonga, membranacea, caulina angustiora, gradatim minora, inferiora petiolata, superiora sessilia, summa parva distantia. Racemus terminalis, simplex, cylindraceus, spiciformis, ebracteatus, & densus, Q laxior. Flores parvi, flavi, breviter pedicellati v. subsessiles.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 176. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 468. Linn. Amæn. Acad. iii. t. 1, f. 2 (Veratrum). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 453 (Helonias, male). Bot. Mag. t. 1062 (Helonias).

Ovarium interdum abnorme 4-merum evadit sed rarissime, semel tantum observavimus.

161. Chionographis, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersb. xi. 435; Mel. Biol. vi 209.—Perianthium (persistens!); segmenta distincta v. vix basi in annulum connata, superiora 2, 3 v. 4 linearia, petaloidea, erecta v. patentia, subæqualia, 4, 3 v. 2 inferiora minima, lineari-filiformia v. obsoleta. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa isque pluries breviora, filamentis brevibus crassis; antheræ fere 2-globosæ, loculis distinctis a latere (subextrorsum?) dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, subglobosum, obtuse 3-lobum, 3-loculare; styli 3, inter lobos contigui, breves, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis 2. Capsula . . .—Rhizoma breve, crassum, fibris radicalibus tenuibus, caule erecto tenui simplici. Folia radicalia sessilia v. petiolata, lata v. oblonga, caulina minora, anguste lanceolata, sessilia. Spica terminalis, dense cylindracea v. laxa. Flores numerosi, parvi, albi, sessiles, ebracteati.

Species v. varietates insignes 2, Japonicæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 469. Bot. Mag. t. 6310.

162. **Ecrophylium**, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 210.—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta distincta, oblonga v. lanceolata, subæqualia, patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio longiora, filamentis plus minus complanatis apice subulatis; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, introrsum juxta basin affixæ, loculis subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-sulcum, obtusum, 3-loculare; styli 3, breviter filiformes, recurvi, superne introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis 2-4 (nos semper 4 invenimus), a basi erecta. Capsula subglobosa v. breviter oblonga, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis

sæpius 2, erecta, oblonga, introrsum angulata, pallide brunnea, testa tenui appressa rarius apice brevissime producta; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum parvus, oblongus, nunc minimus.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, lignosum. Caulis erectus, elatus, simplex. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, longe linearia, rigidula, margine scabra, caulina sparsa, sæpe numerosa et multo minora tenuioraque, quaquaversa, basi sæpe breviter membranaceo-dilatata nec vaginata, summa in bracteas setaceas gradatim abeuntia. Flores albi, in racemo terminali numerosi, longiuscule pedicellati, racemo primum dense pyramidato v. oblongo, demum valde elongato.

Species distinguit S. Watson 3, a Bakero omnes in unam junctas, per Americam borealem late dispersas. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 284. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 467. Pursh, Fl. Amer. Sept. t. 9 (Helonias). Bot. Mag. t. 748 (Helonias). Bot. Reg. t. 1613.

163. **Ecwardia**, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 858.—Perianthium explanatum, diu persistens; segmenta ima basi in tubum breviter turbinatum connata, cæterum libera, lanceolata, subæqualia, patentia. Stamina 3, basi segmentorum interiorum affixa iisque multo breviora, filamentis brevibus basi complanatis; antheræ longe oblongæ, sagittatæ, introrsum prope basin affixæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium intra tubum perianthii sessile, ima basi subcontractum, perianthio vix brevissime adnatum, apice in stylum attenuatum, 3-loculare; stylus abbreviatus, ramis 3 brevibus recurvis introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula (immatura) oblonga, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens?. Semina . . .—Rhizoma breve. Folia radicalia, angusta, rigida, disticha, ad basin caulis equitantia. Caulis erectus, simplex, vaginis paucis complicatis spathiformibus instructus, creterum aphyllus. Spathæ 2 summæ approximatæ, pedicellum floris unici terminalis includentes. Perianthium majusculum, fusco-purpureum.

Species 1, Tasmanica. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 25.

Genus pluribus notis *Irideas* in mentem revocat, sed stamina segmentis interioribus nec exterioribus opposita et ovarium superum. Capsulæ dehiscentia adhuc incerta.

164. Beloniopsis, A. Gray in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, vi. 416. (Sugerokia, Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. 144.)—Perianthium explanatum, persistens; segmenta distincta v. vix basi connata, oblonga v. angusta, subæqualia, patentia, tenuiter 3-nervia. Stamina 6, prope basin segmentorum affixa iisque paullo longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, introrsum inter lobos basales affixa, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile. basi leviter contractum, obtuse sub-3-lobum, 3-sulcum, 3-loculare; stylus inter lobos ovarii elongatus, indivisus, stigmate capitato dilatato; ovula in loculis numerosissima, conferta. Capsula profunde 3-loba, lobis seu carpidiis stellato-divergentibus, introrsum rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Semina numerosa, linearia, pallida, testa tenui adnata apice basique (v. ex A. Gr. in H. pauciflora basi tantum) in appendicem linearem hyalinam producta; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum parvus, oblongus v. cylindraceus.— Rhizoma breve, horizontale, fibris radicalibus tenuibus. Folia radicalia, petiolata, oblonga v. lanceolata, vaginis basi scariosis latiusculis imbricatis. Scapus e fasciculo foliorum erectus, simplex, vaginis pluribus scariosis instructus, cæterum aphyllus. Flores ad apicem scapi solitarii v. pauci, majusculi, subnutantes, pedicellis brevibus approximatis nec Bracteæ minimæ. umbellatis.

Species editæ 4, Japonicæ v. Formosianæ, non tamen omnes bene distinctæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 459. Thunb. Ic. Pl. Jap. iv. t. 4 (Scilla).

165. **Melonias**, Linn. Gen. n. 458.—Perianthium explanatum, persistens; segmenta distinctav. vix ima basi connata, subæqualia, patentia, tenuiter 3-nervia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque paullo longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, inter lobos basales subintrorsum affixæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi affixum, ovoideum, 3-sulcum, apice breviter obtuseque 3-lobum; styli 3, inter lobos ovarii breves v. brevissimi, distincti v. breviter connati, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula profunde 3-loba, lobis seu carpellis divaricatis rotundis introrsum rima dehiscentibus.

Semina sæpius numerosa, pallida, testa tenuiter membrancea adnata apice basique in appendicem hyalinam producta; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum parvus, oblongo-cylindraceus.—Rhizoma breve, tuberosum. Folia radicalia, oblonga, in petiolum brevem contracta. Scapus e fasciculo foliorum sublateralis, squamis pluribus ad basin imbricatis, secus scapum paucis dissitis. Racemus terminalis, densus, cylindraceus v. oblongus. Flores parvuli, numerosi, breviter pedicellati, ebracteati.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 174. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 467. Red. Lil. t. 13. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 352. Bot. Mag. t. 747. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 961.

166. Tealella. Huds. Fl. Angl. 157 (ed. 2). (Heriteria, Schrank, Baier. Fl. i. 133, 629. Hebelia, Gmel. Fl. Bad. ii. 117.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta v. ima basi brevissime connata, oblonga v. angusta, subrequalia, sub anthesi patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. seriei interioris ima basi segmentis adhærentia, perianthio parum breviora v. longiora, filamentis filiformibus v. vix complanatis; antheræ ovatæ, inter lobos basales subextrorsum affixæ, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, apice 3-lobum, lobis in stylos brevissimos recurvos apice introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula 3-loba, septicide 3-partibilis, carpellis introrsum dehiscentibus. Semina  $\infty$ , breviter v. longe oblonga, subangulata, pallida, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine carnoso juxta hilum minimus.—Caulis e rhizomate brevi v. repente erectus. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, breviter linearia, subdisticha, in caule cæterum perpauca parva v. 0. Flores parvi, in spica terminali subsessiles v. breviter pedicallati, ad axillas bractearum minimarum solitarii v. terni, interdum basi intra bracteam bracteola lata hyalina truncata v. 3-loba stipati v. fere involuti.

Species ad 14, quarum 1 v. 2 Andinæ, cæteræ per regiones temperatas montanas et boreales hemisphærii borealis late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 165. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 485. Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xii. 235, t. 8. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 420. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 31. Red. Lil. t. 256, 324. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 191. Bot. Mag. t. 3859.

Genus a nonnullis in tria dividitur, speciebus typicis ad illas limitatis quibus flores ad bracteas solitarii, et Triantha, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 235; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 490, distinguitur floribus ad bracteas ternis, character tamen non constans videtur. Inter species huc relatas, T. glabra, Nutt., insignis est filamentis crassis perianthium æquantibus apice brevissime acutis diu persistentibus, antheris caducissimis. In T. pubente, Ait., semina apice appendice lineari hyalina terminata et funiculus arillo lineari-subulato hyalino a semine libero instructus. In T. glutinosa, Pers. et in T. occidentali, S. Wats. quæ vix a T. glutinosa distincta, semina apice breviter appendiculata et funiculus arillo maximo membranaceo-hyalino semen laxe involvente instructus. T. japonica, Miq., ex icone a Bakero citato forte a T. glutinosa non diversa.

ISIDROGALVIA, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. iii. 69, t. 302, est T. falcata, Willd., e Colombia et Guiana, cui associanda T. sessiliflora, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 691, species habitu rigido insignes. Flores ad bracteas solitarii, perianthii segmentis quam in cæteris speciebus longioribus rigidis; styli sub anthesi brevissimi, alte coaliti. Semina immatura tamen vidimus apice appendiculata, funiculo (an semper?) arillo filiformi ei T. pubentis simili instructo.

167. ? Petrosavia, Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. iii. 7, t. 1.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta ima basi connata, patentia, 3 exteriora interioribus minora angustioraque. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, e carpellis 3 basi tantum connatis apice contractis, stigmatibus sessilibus terminalibus subcapitatis introrsum obliquis; ovula in carpellis ∞. Fructus e carpellis distinctis (ex icone basi breviter connatis) stellato-divaricatis folliculiformibus, rima longitudinali introrsum dehiscentibus. Semina numerosa, ovato-elliptica, 7-9-costata, integumento celluloso-membranaceo hyalino cincta, testa crustacea brunnea; albumine ? cartilagineo-oleoso; embryo ab auctore non detectus.—Planta in radicibus parasitica, ebulbosa, aphylla. Caulis tenuis, simplex, erectus, squamis numerosis parvis plus minus setaceo-acuminatis instructus, superioribus in bracteas setaceas abeuntibus. Racemus terminalis, simplex, brevis, sub

anthesi fere corymbiformis. Flores parvi, longe pedicellati, ad bracteas solitarii. (Char. ex ic. et descr. Beccarii.)

Species 1, Borneensis, a nobis non visa. Genus ut videtur Tofielduz affine.

168. Pieca, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 247, t. 25.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, lineari-lanceolata, subsequalia, rigidula, patentia. Stamina 6-12, hypogyna v. vix ima basi segmentis adhærentia, iis vix breviora, filamentis filiformibus apice tenuissimis; antheræ nunc breviter oblongæ nunc fere lineares, infra medium dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, apice sub-3-fidum, 3-loculare; styli 3, in lobos ovarii distincti, breves, mox recurvi, stigmatibus parvis; ovula in loculis ∞. Capsula septicide 3-partibilis, carpellis introrsum dehiscentibus. Semina parva, anguste oblonga, subteretia, recta v. curvula, testa tenui appressa, apice vix brevissime appendiculata v. nuda, funiculo arillo filiformi a semine libero instructo; embryo in albumine carnoso juxta hilum minimus.—Caules e rhizomate nodoso erecti, juncei. Folia radicalia pauca, longiuscule linearia, rigidula, caulina 1-2, longe vaginata, radicalibus minora. Spica simplex. Flores intra bracteas solitarii, pedicellati, erecti. Bracteæ rigide spathaceæ, inferiores acuminatæ, superiores muticæ, omnes rhachin pedicellosque arcte amplectentes.

Species 1, Carolinæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 173. Red. Lil. t. 248. Bot. Mag. t. 1956.

#### TRIBUS XVIII. UVULARIEÆ.

169. Schelhammera, R. Br. Prod. 273. (Parduyna, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 58.)—Perianthium explanatum, deciduum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, basi in alabastro conduplicata, demum patentia, plana, 5-nervia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis basi incrassatis v. applanatis apice filiformibus; antheræ breviter oblongæ, erectæ, introrsum juxta basin affixæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, 3-fidus, ramis recurvis superne introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis ∞ (4−6). Capsula subglobosa, 3-sulca, vertice depressa, carnosula, loculicide dehiscens. Semina irregulariter ovoideo-globosa, late strophiolata, pallide brunnea, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine solido juxta hilum minutus.—Caules e rhizomate repente humiles, sæpius basi ramosi, foliati, ascendentes, basi 1-vaginati. Folia sessilia, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea. Flores ad apices ramorum solitarii v. plures in umbellam sessilem dispositi, pedicellis filiformibus. Bracteæ parvæ v. 0.

Species 2, Australiæ orientalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 31. Bot. Mag. t. 2712.

170. Ercysigia, Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. iii. 11, t. 229. (Tripladenia, Don in Proc. Linn. Soc. 1839, 46.)—Perianthium explanatum, deciduum; segmenta distincta, subsequalia, in alabastro conduplicata, sub anthesi patentissima, plana, prope basin glanduloso-appendiculata. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongo-lineares, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis introrsum affixis a latere extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-quetrum, 3 loculare; stylus a basi brevissima 3-fidus, ramis linearibus recurvis superne introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (2-4). Capsula subglobosa, carnosula, 3-sulca, loculicide dehiscens. Semina strophiolata (Don).—Caulis e rhizomate brevi nodoso erectus, simplex, foliatus, basi præter vaginas 1-2 nudus. Folia alterna, ovato-lanceolata, cordato-amplexicaulis. Flores mediocres, rosei, axillares, vix nutantes, pedunculo tenui medio sæpius 1-2-bracteolato ibidemque in pedicellos 2 1-floros diviso, rarius simplici 1-floro v.

Species 1, Australiæ orientalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austr. vii. 32. Bot. Mag. t. 3905. Lodd. Bot. Gab. t. 1511

Genus habitu Streptopodi accedit, sed antherse extrorsum dehiscentes et fructus capsularis. Embryonem extra albumen locatum descripsit Don, quod tamen ulterius probandum; semina jam a capsula delapsa in omnibus speciminibus a nobis visis.

171. Uvularia, Linn. Gen. n. 412, pro parte.—Perianthium campanulatum, deciduum; segmenta distincta, erecta v. superne patentia, exteriora intus basi foveolata. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. basi leviter segmentis adhærentia iisque breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, prope basin introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere extrorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo ultra loculos in acumen breve producto. Ovarium breviter stipitatum v. rarius subsessile, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, superne in ramos 3 lineares introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis ∞ (ad 4), lateraliter affixa. Capsula ovoidea v. obovoideo-truncata, 3-angulata v. fere 3-alata, loculucide dehiscens. Semina (immatura) subglobosa, nigra, strophiolo magno squamiformi; embryo (ex Kunthio) albumine carnoso-corneo inclusus, cylindraceo-oblongus.—Caulis e rhizomate repente v. horizontali crassoque erectus, basi nudus junior vaginis paucis scariosis mox evanidis stipatus, superne foliatus parum ramosus. Folia alterna, sessilia v. perfoliata, ovata v. lanceolata. Flores ad apices ramulorum solitarii v. gemini, pedicellis longiusculis recurvis penduli. Ramuli floriferi 1-foliati, sæpe ramo excurrente oppositifolii apparent.

Species ex Bakero 5, a S. Watsonio ad 4 reducuntur, Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 200. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 461. Red. Lil. t. 184. Sm. Exot. Bot. t. 49 ad 52. Bot. Mag. t. 955, 1112, 1402. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1260, 1262. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. scr. 2, t. 21. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 268, 269, genus in 2 dividit: UVULARIA, foliis perfoliatis, capsula sessili apice lata obtusissima v. truncata, angulis parum prominentibus, et OARRSIA, foliis sessilibus, capsula plus minus stipitata apice rotundata, angulis valde prominentibus fere 3-alata,

172. Gloriesa, Linn. Gen. n. 413. (Methonica, Juss. Gen. 48. Clinostylis, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, 26.)—Perianthium marcescens, persistens; segmenta a basi distincta, angusta, subæqualia, patentissima v. reflexa, superne v. fere a basi undulata v. crispa, rarius subplana. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis parum breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ lineares, introrsum mediofixæ, versatiles, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus elongatus, filiformis, ramis 3 brevibus v. longiusculis superne introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula obovoidea v. oblonga, coriacea, subcarnosa, loculicide dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, in speciminibus nostris immatura, ex Gærtnero et Redouteo testa laxa intus spongiosa, embryo in albumine duro cylindraceus.—Rhizoma tuberosum. Caulis elatus, scandens, foliosus, superne sæpe ramosus. Folia sparsa, interdum opposita v. 3-natim verticillata, sessilia, oblongo-lanceolata, acumine in cirrum spiralem producto. Pedicelli in axillis superioribus longi, 1-flori, apice sub anthesi reflexi. Flores speciosi, plus minus rubri.

Species 3, per Africam et Asiam inter tropicos late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 275. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 457. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 18. Red. Lil. t. 26. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 129. Wight, Ic. t. 2047. Klotzsch in Peters, Reise Mosamb. Bot. t. 54, 55. Bot. Reg. t. 77. Fl. des Serres, t. 865.

Gærtner embryonem reduplicatum describit, quod in nulla specie Liliacearum observavimus.

173. Sandersonia, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4716.—Perianthium persistens, urceolatoglobosum, subinflatum, basi foveolis 6 extus in gibbos v. calcaria brevissima prominentibus instructum, ore leviter contracto brevissime sinuato-6-lobo. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio multo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, introrsum mediofixæ, versatiles, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideo-oblongum, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, 3-fidus, ramis recurvis apice introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis sat numerosa. Fructus . . —Rhizoma tuberosum. Caulis suberectus, simplex, foliatus. Folia lanceolata, acumine interdum in cirrum brevem desinente

superiora floralia caulinis similia v. summa minora. Flores speciosi, aurantiaci, nutantes, pedicellis axillaribus solitariis ebracteatis.

Species 1, Nataleasis. S. littonioides, Welw., characteres omnino Littoniæ nec Sandersoniæ præbet.

174. **Littonia**, Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4723.—Perianthium campanulatum; segmenta fere a basi distincta, suberecta, æqualia, oblongo-lanceolata, carinata, basi intus ad latera foveolæ 2-callosa. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, obtusissimum, 3-sulcum, facile 3-partibile, 3-loculare; stylus breviter filiformis, 3-fidus, ramis recurvis, stigmatibus parvis terminalibus; ovula in loculis numerosa. Fructus . . .—Rhizoma tuberosum. Caulis flexuosus, scandens, simplex, foliatus. Folia inferiora 3-5-natim subverticillata, superiora subopposita v. sparsa, lanceolata, acuminata, in cirrum brevem sæpe producta. Flores speciosi, aurantiaci, nutantes, pedicellis brevibus ad axillas solitariis ebracteatis.

Species 2, altera Natalensis, altera Angolensis, L. Welwitschii, nob. (Sandersonia littonioides, Welw.; Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 262).

175. ? Walleria, Kirk in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 497, t. 52.—Perianthii tubus brevissimus, campanulatus; lobi multo longiores, oblongi, patentes, subequales, 5-nerves. Stamina 6, ad faucem affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basi v. juxta basin affixæ, loculis apice poro v. rima brevi dehiscentibus. Ovarium tubo perianthii subinclusum at liberum, lata basi affixum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis co. Fructus junior subglobosus, obtusissimus, carnosulus, maturus ignotus.—Rhizoma tuberosum v. horizontale. Caulis erectus, simplex, foliatus. Folia sessilia, lanceolata v. linearia, infima minima, floralia caulinis superioribus similia. Flores cærulei, erecti v. cernui, pedicellis axillaribus solitariis infra medium bracteolatis 1-floris v. rarius 2-floris.

Species editæ v. varietates insignes 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Lunn. Soc. xvii. 498, et in Trans. Linn. Soc. Bot. i. 262.

Genus ab auctoribus Conanthereis relatum. longe tamen differt habitu, inflorescentia, ovario et verisimiliter fructu, hoc tamen seminibusque ignotis, affinitates dubiæ remanent.

176. Tricyrtis, Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. 61, t. 46. (Compsoa, Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 50. Compsanthus, Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 137.)—Perianthium campanulatum; segmenta a basi distincta, lanceolata, exteriora basi saccata, interiora plana, omnia cæterum æqualia, basi erecta, superne patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis complanatis in tubum longe, conniventibus v. cohærentibus superne patentibus; antheræ oblongæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum, 3-quetrum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, sub-3-queter, ramis 3 recurvo-patentibus apice 2-fidis introrsum elevato-papillosis; ovula in loculis numerosa, obovoidea. Capsula anguste oblonga, prominenter 3-quetra, septicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ovata v. orbiculata, plana, testa laxius-cula co-nervi venulisque transversis reticulata; embryo in albumine carnoso juxta hilum minimus, obovoideus.—Rhizoma breviter repens. Caulis erectus, sub inflorescentia simplex, foliatus. Folia alterna, ovata v. oblonga, basi contracta subsessilia v. cordato-amplexicaulia. Inflorescentia terminalis v. in axillis superioribus laxe dichotoma, erecta. Flores pauci, majusculi, longiuscule pedicellati, perianthio intus sæpe eleganter maculato. Bractæe parvæ, herbaceæ, v. 0. Capsulæ erectæ, sæpe ultrapollicares.

Species 5, Himalayæ, Japoniæ et Chinæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvil. 463. Bot. Mag. t. 4955, 5355, 6544. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 618.

177. Disporum, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 331, absque char.; Don, Prod. Fl. Nep. 50. (Drapieza, Blume, Emum. Pl. Jav. 8.)—Perianthium deciduum, anguste campanulatum; segmenta distincta, erecta v. superne patentia, subsequalia, basi nunc angusta vol. III.

tenuia, nunc plus minus foveolata saccata v. breviter calcarata. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. ima basi segmentis adhærentia, iis subæqualia v. breviora, filamentis nunc filiformibus v. leviter complanatis, nunc infra medium late membranaceo-dilatatis; antheræ lineares, infra medium introrsum affixæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile v. basi contractum, subglobosum v. obovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis v. columnaris, in ramos 3 brevissimos v. longiores recurvos introrsum stigmatosos divisus; ovula in loculis 2 rarius 4-6, basi medio v. fere apice lateraliter affixa. Bacca subglobosa, indehiscens. Semina (excepto D. trachycarpo) pauca, ovoideo-globosa, testa brunnea appressa; embryo in albumine corneo juxta hilum parvus, oblongus.—Caules e rhizomate repente v. horizontali erecti, parce ramosi, foliati, basi nudi nisi vaginis paucis scariosis mox evanidis stipati. Folia alterna, sessilia v. brevissime petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, membranacea, dense multinervia, v. inter nervos dissitos reticulato-venulosa. Flores ad apices ramulorum solitarii v. gemini, rarius  $\infty$  umbellati, pedicellis recurvis penduli.

Species ad 12, Americae borealis et Asiæ tropicæ montanæ v. centralis necnon Japoniæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 588. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 269. Wight, Ic. t. 2048, 2049. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 96. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 189. Bot. Mag. t. 916, 1490. (Ic. plur. sub Uvularia.) Prosartes, Don in Trans. Linn. Soc. xviii. 531; Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 586; S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 270, species continct Americanas ab Asiaticis typicis fide auctoris distinctas ovulis ab apice pendulis nec a basi ascendentibus. In D. (Prosarte) trachycarpo tamen, medio lateraliter affixa sunt, quod etiam observavimus in specie una Himalayense. Habitus et characteres cæteri omnes in utraque serie conformes.

### TRIBUS XIX. MEDEOLEÆ.

178. Clintonia, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102, non Lindl. (Xeniatrum, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 58.)—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, oblonga lanceolata v. basi angustata, subæqualia, erecto-patentia. Stamina 6, segmentis prope basin affixa iisque breviora v. longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, introrsum medio v. infra medium affixæ, loculis a latere subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris v. crassiuscule filiformis, apice sæpe incrassatus, stigmate terminali plus minus dilatato v. obscure 3-lobo; ovula in loculis 2 in C. umbellata, in aliis speciebus usque ad 12. Bacca globosa v. ovoideo-oblonga, indehiscens. Semina 2-∞, ovoidea v. obtusangula, testa appressa brunnea v. pallida; embryo in albumine solido juxta hilum minutus.—Caules e rhizomate repente erecti v. ascendentes, simplices, sæpe tenuiter pilosi. Folia ad basin v. prope basin caulis pauca, conferta, obovato-oblonga v. late lanceolata, basi plus minus in petiolum v. in vaginam contracta, membranacea, addito rarius altero in medio caule sessili. Flores parvuli v. majores, ad apicem caulis umbellati, exinvolucrati, umbella in C. uniflora, Kunth, ad flores 1-2 reducta, additis interdum in aliis speciebus paucis infra umbellam sparsis. Bracteæ parvæ, lineares, caducæ v. 0.

Species 6, quarum 2 Asiaticæ, Himalayæ, Sibiriæ v. Japoniæ incolæ, cæteræ boreali-Americanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 156. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 583. Ait. Hort. Kew. ed. 1, t. 6 (Dracæna). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 206 (Dracæna). Desf. in Ann. Mus. Par. ix. t. 8 (Smilacina). Bot. Mag. t. 1155, 1403 (Smilacina). Middend. Reise, Bot. t. 30. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 190 (Smilacina).

179. Sectiopus, Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 89 (145), t. 22.—Perianthium deciduum; segmenta distincta, 3 exteriora lato-lanceolata, patentia, 3 interiora linearia, erecta. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin affixæ, loculis a latere (subextrorsum?) dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, angulis 3 prominentibus, apice in stylum attenuatum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus non prominentibus; stylus breviter filiformis, ramis 3 filiformibus recurvis introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in quaque placenta co. Fructus (ex S. Wats.) tenuiter membranaceus, 3-queter, irregulariter ruptus. Semina co, oblonga, pallida, teretia v. leviter angulata, inappendiculata, testa appressa, rhaphe anguste alata; embryo in albumine

caraoso juxta hilum minimus, subglobosus.—Rhizoma breve, fibris radicalibus dense fasciculatis carnosulis. Caulis brevis, erectus, basi vaginis vetustis stipatus nec bulbosus. Folia ad apicem caulis 2, opposita, ovata v. late oblonga, venis nonnullis cæteris majoribus percursa, sessilia v. in petiolum brevem contracta. Pedicelli  $\infty$ , rarius ad 1 v. 2 reducti, inter folia conferti, longi, recurvi, 1-flori.

Species 2, Americæ borealis incolæ. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 272. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 834 (malc).

180. Exectora, Linn. Gen. n. 455. (Gyromia, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 238.)—Perianthium marcescens, demum deciduum; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, per anthesin reflexo-patentia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio vix breviora, filamentis leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin affixæ, loculis a latere mox extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideo-globosum, 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti, filiformes, superne crassiores, recurvi, introrsum stigmatosi, demum divaricati; ovula in loculis ∞ (ad 6). Bacca globosa, indehiscens, pulposa. Semina ∞, ovoidea, pallıde brunnea, testa crassiuscule membranacea; embryo in albumine carnoso fere cartilagineo minutus.—Rhizoma crassum, horizontale. Caulis erectus, basi vaginis nonnullis hyalinis mox evanidis stipatus. Folia in medio caule in verticillo unico 6-9, subsessilia, ovali-oblonga, acuminata, membranacea, venis paucis subramosis, venulis reticulatis. Flores in umbella terminali ∞, sepius pauci, foliis floralibus 3 quam caulina brevioribus latioribusque involucrati. Pedicelli filiformes, recurvi, foliis breviores.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 277. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiv. 583. Barton, Medic. Bot. t. 38. Bot. Mag. t. 1316.

181. Trillium, Linn. Gen. n. 456.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, patentia, 3 exteriora tenuiter herbacea, viridia v. rarius colorata, 3 interiora petaloidea sæpius majora minus patentia v. interdum recurva. Stamina 6, ima basi segmentorum affixa, iisque breviora, filamentis brevibus leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, obtusæ v. apice recurvæ, loculis ad latera connectivi subdissitis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, ovoideum v. subglobosum, 3-loculare; stylus alte 3-fidus v. a basi 3-partitus, ramis a basi incrassata linearibus superne recurvis introrsum stigmatosis; ovula in loculis numerosa. Bacca globosa v. ovoidea, sæpe 3-costata, indehiscens. Semina ovoidea, a latere strophiolo pulposo adnata; embryo in albumine carnoso minimus, globosus, ab hilo parum distans.—Rhizoma breve, crassum, descendens v. horizontale, cicatricibusque vaginarum vetustarum annulatum. Caulis simplex, erectus, basi vaginis paucis brevibus scariosis stipatus. Folia 3, ad apicem caulis verticillata, lata, subsessilia v. longiuscule petiolata, 3-5-nervia et reticulato-pennivenia. Flos unicus, inter folia sessilis v. pedicellatus, erectus cernuus v. reflexus, violaceus luridus albus v. virescens.

Species ad 12, Americæ borealis et Asiæ extratropicæ ab Himalaya usque ad Japoniam incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 121. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 273. Red. Lil. t. 133, 134. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 93. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 192. Kell. in Proc. Calif. Acad. ii. 50, t. 2. Smith, Spicil. t. 4. Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 1, 35. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 35. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 29. Bot. May. t. 40, 470, 855, 954, 1027, 3002, 3097, 3250, 6449. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 212. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 875, 1232, 1349. Maund, Botanist, t. 138.

TRILLIDIUM, Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 120, est T. Govanianum, Wall., perianthii segmentis omnibus angustis coloratis, quod etiam observatur in T. viridiscente, Nutt., ab A. Grayio ad varietatem T. sessile, Linn., reducto. Esdra, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 60, est ipsum T. sessile. Delostylis, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102, est T. cermeum, Linn.

182. Paris, Linn. Gen. n. 500.—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, in quaque serie 4-6, exteriora patentissima, herbacea, ovata v. cuneata, interiora linearia v. subulata, interdum valde elongata, v. rarius obsoleta. Stamina tot quot segmenta (8-12), ima basi segmentorum affixa v. subhypogyna, filamentis brevibus leviter complanatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, connectivo ultra loculos interdum longe producto,

loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, subglobosum, vertice depressum, 4-5-loculare v. placentis vix centrum attingentibus sub-1-loculare; styli v. styli rami 4-5, lineari-filiformes, erecti, apice recurvi, superne v. fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Bacca indehiscens, v. capsula carnosula demum loculicide dehiscens. Semina subglobosa, testa nunc tenui appressa leviter rugulosa nec striata, nunc crassa pulposa; embryo in albumine duro prope hilum minutus.—Rhizoma repens. Caulis simplex, basi vagina scariosa mox emarcida stipatus. Folia 4- $\infty$ , ad apicem caulis verticillata, sessilia v. petiolata, lanceolata v. ovata, tenuiter 3-nervia et reticulatovenulosa. Flos unicus, inter folia pedicellatus, erectus, virescens.

Species editæ 6, forte ad 3 v. 4 reducendæ, Europæ et Asiæ temperatæ v. montanæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. v. 115. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 83. Red. Lil. t. 226. Hayne, Arzneigew. iii. t. 7. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 430. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 58. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 16. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 126. Hook. f. Ill. Himal. Pl. t. 24.

Demidovia, Hoffm. Hort. Mosq. 1808, ex Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 121, est P. incompleta, Bieb., perianthii segmentis interioribus parvis v. obsoletis.

EUTHYRA, Salisb. Gcn. Pl. Fragm. 61, est P. polyphylla, Sm.; species Himalayana, capsula carnosula demum in valvas 4-5 coriaceas dehiscente, seminibus bacciformibus rubris, testa crassa pulposa.

## TRIBUS XX. VERATREÆ.

183. Melanthium, Linn. Gen. n. 454. (Leimanthium, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berlin, Mag. ii. 24.)—Flores polygami. Perianthium persistens, explanatum; segmenta distincta, obovata v. oblonga, subæqualia, co-nervia, basi præsertim in fl. & distincte unguiculata, rotato-patentia. Stamina 6, unguibus segmentorum aftixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, subglobosæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso extrorsum explanatæ, orbiculato-peltatæ. Ovarium sessile, basi contractum, a perianthio liberum v. vix adhærens, 3-loculare, apice brevissime 3-lobum, lobis in stylos breves apice introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus; ovula in loculis  $\infty$ . Capsula membranacea, septicide in carpella 3 introrsum aperta seceden₃. Semina ∞, oblonga, testa tenui appressa circumcirca in alam amplam membranaceam expansa; embryo . . .—Rhizoma brevissimum, fibris radicalibus fasciculatis carnosulis. Caulis erectus, foliatus, basi sæpe leviter incrassatus et reliquiis fibrosis vaginarum stipatus, vix tamen vere bulbosus. Folia nunc longa, basi longe angustata, nunc ovata longeque petiolata. Panicula terminalis, laxe pyramidata, floribunda, bracteis parvis. Flores ochroleuci v. virescentes, quam in Veratro longius pedicellati. Perianthii segmenta sepius nec semper supra unguem glandulis seu foveolis 2 nectariferis instructa.

Species 3, boresli-Americanze. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 474. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 276. Torr. Fl. New York, t. 134 (Lemanthium). Bot. Mag. t. 985 (Helonias).

Linnæus species 3 heterogenas in *Melanthio* inclusit, inter quas planta Gronoviana, *M. virginicum*, Linn., bene a Bakero et S. Watsonio pro typica habetur, cum *M. latifolio*, Desv. Kunth has species ad *Zygadenum* refert, et nomen Linnæanum pro *M. ciliato*, Linn., retinuit, quod *Dipidax*, Salish. *M. sibiricum*, Linn., ad *Zygadenum* pertinet.

184. Veratrum, Linn. Gen. n. 1144.—Flores polygami. Perianthium persistens, late campanulatum v. explanatum; segmenta ima basi præsertim in fl. \$\Q\$\$ in tubum brevissime turbinatum connata, cæterum oblonga, patentia, subæqualia, basi parum contracta, co-nervia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque parum v. multo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, subglobosæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso extrorsum explanatæ, orbiculato-peltatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, ima basi leviter contractum et perianthii tubo brevissime adhærens, apice brevissime 3-lobum, lobis in stylos breves apice introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus; ovula in loculis sæpius numerosa. Capsula septicide in carpella 3 introrsum aperta secedens. Semina oblonga, testa tenui appressa circumcirca in alam amplam oblique oblongam expansa; embryo juxta hilum cylindraceus, albumine 3-plo saltem brevior.—Rhizoma crassum, fibris

radicalibus fasciculatis carnosulis. Caulis erectus, validus, foliatus, basi sæpe leviter incrassatus et reliquiis fibrosis vaginarum stipatus, vix tamen vere bulbosus. Folia sæpius lata, plicato-venosa, in vaginam amplam contracta nec distincte petiolata, summa rarius fere omnia angusta. Flores purpurascentes viriduli v. albidi, in panicula terminali numerosi, breviter pedicellati. Folia floralia sub ramis superioribus herbacea, mox in bracteas parvas abeuntia, bracteis sub pedicellis parvis v. minutis. Capsulæ nunc erectæ, nunc reflexæ.

Species 8 v. 9, Europæ, Asiæ Rossicæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 185. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 469 (excl. V. parvifloro). Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 335, 336. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 422, 423. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 32. Red. Lil. t. 416, 447. Hayne, Arzneigew. xiii. t. 26 Bot. Mag. t. 963 et t. 1096 (Helonias).

ACEDILANTHUS, Trautv. in Middend. Reise, Fl. Ochot. 94, t. 28, est V. Maackii, Regel, Fl. Ussur. 169, t. 11, f. 8 ad 14, species foliis angustis insignis, sed ex Maximowiczio in litt. vix a V. nigro, Linn., bene distincta; habitu Melanthio accedit sed perianthium certe Veratri. V. Hofmeisteri, Klotzsch in Waldem. Reise, est Smilacina pallida, Royle.

185. Stenanthium, A. Gray in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv. 119.—Flores polygami. Perianthium anguste v. late campanulatum, persistens; segmenta basi in tubum brevissimum turbinatum connata, dein erectiuscula, superne patentia, angusta v. lanceolata, acuminata, 3-7-nervia, eglandulosa. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque 2-4-plo breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, subglobosæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso extrorsum explanatæ, orbiculato-peltatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, ima basi leviter contractum et tubo perianthii adnatum, 3-loculare, apice in stylum contractum v. brevissime 3-lobum; styli subulati v. breves, lobos ovarii terminantes v. breviter connati, superne recurvi, apice introrsum stigmatosi; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (6-16). Capsula ovoideo-oblonga, apice conica, septicide in carpella 3 introrsum dehiscentia partibilis. Semina sæpius pauca, oblonga, angulata, angulis interdum angustissime subalatis; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum nunc minutus subglobosus, nunc cylindraceus albumine 2-3-plo brevior.—Bulbus tunicatus. Caulis erectus, elatus, inflorescentia excepta simplex. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis longa, linearia v. linearilanceolata, secus caulem perpauca minora v. 0. Flores albidi virescentes v. atropurpurei, nunc in racemum laxum parum ramosum dispositi, nunc in panicula pyramidata numerosissimi minoresque, pedicellati, sæpius nutantes. Bracteæ parvæ lineares v. minutæ.

Species 5, quarum una Asiæ boreali-orientalis (ins. Sachalin), cæteræ Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 189. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 483. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 277. F. Schmidt, Reise, Amerl. Bot. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 1599 (Helonias). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 1035.

Genus vix a Zygadeno distinctum.

hermaphroditi v. polygami. Perianthium expansum, persistens; segmenta interdum (nec semper) basi in tubum brevissimum turbinatum connata, cæterum distincta, subæqualia, plana, rotato-patentia, basi sæpe glandulis foveolisve nectariferis 2 distinctis v. in unam confluentibus instructa. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque paullo breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. rigidulis circa stylum conniventibus apice recurvis; antheræ parvæ, subglobosæ, introrsum affixæ, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso extrorsum explanatæ, orbiculato-peltatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, basi sæpius leviter contractum et perianthii tubo dum adsit breviter adhærens, apice v. alte 3-lobum, lobis in stylos rigidulos v. filiformes apice recurvos introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus; ovula in loculos  $\infty$ , sæpius numerosa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, acuminata, septicide in carpella 3 introrsum dehiscentia plus minus secedens. Semina oblonga v. fere linearia, sæpe curvula, brunnea v. nigricantia, testa laxiuscula angulata; embryo in albumine carnoso prope hilum parvus, nunc minimus.—Rhizoma horizontale absque bulbo, v. bulbus tunicatus. Caulis erectus,

infra inflorescentiam simplex. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, longe linearia, secus caulem perpauca minora v. 0. Racemus terminalis, simplex v. paniculato-ramosus.

Species ad 12, quarum una Sibirica, exterse Americse borealis incolæ, usque ad Mexicum extensee. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 194. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 278. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 479. Icones citatse sæpe sub Heloniade.

Genus a diversis botanicis varie extensum v. in genera 3 v. 4 divisum, in integrum servatum bene limitatur et sectiones 3 satis distinctas præbet:—

- 1. Eusygadenus. Rhizoma crassum, horizontale, bulbo 0. Folia rigidula. Panicula ramosa. Perianthii segmenta basi glandulis v. foveolis 2 distinctis instructa. Species unica, typica, boreali-Americana. Red. Lil. t. 461. Bot. Mag. t. 1703. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1330.
- 2. Anticlea. Bulbus tunicatus. Panicula ramosa v. rarius racemus simplex, laxissimus, floribus longe pedicellatis. Perianthii segmenta basi glandulis plus minus in unam confluentibus instructa. Huc species Sibirica, cum 8 ex America boreali. Linn. Aman. Acad. ii. t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 1680. ot. Reg. 1838, t. 67. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 354. ANTICLEA, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 191. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 481. Monadenus, Salisb. Gen Pl. Fragm. 51.
- 3. Amianthium. Bulbus tunicatus. Racemus simplex, dense floribundus. Perianthii segmenta obscure 1-glandulosa v. eglandulosa. Species 2 v. 3, boreali-Americanse. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 419 (Anthericum). Bot. Mag. t. 803, 1540. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 998. Amianthium, A. Gray in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv. 121, nomen in Amiantanthium mutatum, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 179. Chitonia, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 51, genus verisimiliter ad Z. Nuttallii, A. Gray, conditum.

Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 478, Amianthium restrixit ad species orientales, occidentalem ad Zygadenum refert. S. Watson nuper Amianthium ad Z. muscætoxicum solum reduxit.

187. Schemecaulen, A. Gray in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iv. 127. (Asagræa, Lindl. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 33. Sabadilla, Brandt in Hayne, Armeig. xiii. t. 27.)—Perianthium persistens; segmenta distincta, subæqualia, anguste lanceolata v. linearia, erecto-patentia, basi foveola seu macula nectarifera unica instructa. Stamina 6, hypogyna, segmentis longiora, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus erectis; antheræ parvæ, subglobosæ, basi introrsum affixæ, loculis confluentibus, polline emisso extrorsum explanatæ orbiculato-peltatæ. Ovarium ovoideum, basi leviter contractum, a perianthio liberum, apice breviter 3-lobum, 3-loculare, lobis in stylos breves apice introrsum stigmatosos desinentibus; ovula in loculis ∞ (4-8). Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, acuminata, septicide in carpella 3 introrsum dehiscentia partibilis. Semina oblonga, sæpe curvula, angulata, interdum acuminata, nigra v. fusca, testa crassiuscula laxa; embryo prope hilum oblongus, albumine carnoso 3-4-plo brevior.—Bulbus sæpius angustus, fibroso-tunicatus. Folia radicalia, longe linearia. Scapus simplex, elatus, aphyllus. Flores parvuli, in spica terminali longa densa subsessiles, filamentis cum perianthii segmentis diu persistentibus. Bracteœ parvæ.

Species enumeratæ 5, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incolæ. Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 476. S. Wats. in Proc. Amer. Acad. xiv. 280. Bentl. et Trim. Med. Pl. t. 287. Genus Zygadeno (Amianthio) valde affine.

## ORDO CLXXIX. PONTEDERIACEE.

Endl. Gen. 137. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 206.

Flores hermaphroditi, parum irregulares v. interdum regulares. Perianthium inferum, ab ovario liberum, corollinum, marcescens diuque persistens, tubo evoluto v. rarius 0; lobi (rarius segmenta) 6, plus minus distincte 2-seriati, inter se similes v. seriei interioris parum majores. Stamina 6 v. 3, tubo v. basi segmentorum inæqualiter affixa, sæpius

declinata, superioribus brevioribus magisque inclusis, inferioribus rarius perianthio sublongioribus, interdum omnia subæqualia erecta, v. unum maximum; filamenta libera, filiformia v. basi dilatata v. medio incrassata. Antheræ oblongæ v. rarius ovatæ, dorso v. basi affixæ, loculis 2 parallelis distinctis rima longitudinali v. rarius poro brevi introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium superum, 3-loculare placentis axilibus, v. 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus filiformis v. columnaris, stigmate terminali parvo integro v. brevissime 3-fido, v. varie dilatato. Ovula nunc in loculis placentisve  $\infty$ , 2-seriatim superposita, nunc in loculo solo fertili unicum, pendula v. descendentia, anatropa. Fructus siccus, pericarpio membranaceo in valvas 3 medio placentiferas dehiscente, v. interdum indehiscente v. deliquescente. Semina ovoidea v. oblonga, testa appressa in longitudinem  $\infty$ -costata. Albumen plus minus farinaceum, copiosum. Embryo centralis, cylindraceus, albumine vix v. non brevior, extremitate radiculari hilo proxima.

Herbæ aquaticæ, erectæ v. fluitantes. Rhizoma nunc in limo horizontale fibris radicalibus tenuibus ramosis densissime confertis, nunc in caules foliatos fluitantes ad nodos radicantes plus minus productum. Caules floridi in rhizomate, v. rami floridi in caule fluitante, semper 1-foliati. Folia perfecta in rhizomate v. in caule fluitante longe petiolata, lamina natante v. emersa varie dilatata rarius angusta; folium rami floridi radicalibus simile nisi brevius petiolatum; folia submersa nunc in basi tantum caulis fluitantis v. junioris pauca v. vix ulla, nunc secus caulem fluitantem numerosa, ad petiolos lineares absque lamina reducta. Inflorescentia in caules v. ramos unifoliatos terminalis, racemiformis spiciformis rarius fasciculiformis v. subpaniculata, in vagina folii sessilis v. pedunculata; flores secus rhachin simplicem v. rarius ramosam fasciculati v. dissiti, sessiles v. breviter rarius longiuscule pedicellati. Spatha ad basin inflorescentiæ sæpius complicata erecta v. apice patens, rarius a floribus distans concava patensque; bracteæ sub floribus minutæ v. 0.

Species vix 35, in aquis dulcibus regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis imprimis Americæ vigentes, usque ad Americam borcalem, Chinam et Japoniam extensæ, in Europa desunt, et in hemisphærio australi vix extra tropicos inveniuntur.

Ordo quoad flores Liliaccis valde affinis, habitu tamen peculiari, inflorescentia, et præsertim seminibus bene distinctus, nec formis intermediis connexus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Pontederia. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Ovarium abortu 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum.—Amer. bor. et austr.
- 2. EICHHORNIA. Perianthium infundibuliforme. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Ovarium 3-loculare, multiovulatum. Amer. austr.. Afr. trop.
- 3. HETERANTHERA. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum. Stamina 3, antheris erectis. Orarium 1-loculare v. imperfecte 3-loculare, multiovulatum.— Amer. bor. et austr., Afr. trop.
- 4. Monochoria. Perianthium tubo 0, campanulatum. Stamina 6, antheris erectis. Ovarium 3-loculare, multiovulatum.—Asia, Australia, Afr. trop.
- 1. Pontederia, Linn. Gen. n. 399. (Unisema, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 261.)—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo incurvo tenui v. rarius abbreviato; limbus erectopatens, obliquus, lobis latiusculis parum inæqualibus, summo (e serie interiore) basi sæpius maculato. Stamina 6, tubo inæqualiter affixa, declinata, superiora sæpe tubo inclusa, inferiora e tubo exserta interdum perianthio longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, revera 3-loculare, sed loculis 2 minimis vacuis 1-loculare apparet; stylus filiformis, brevis v. elongatus, stigmate terminali indiviso v. minute 3-fido; ovulum unicum, ab apice loculi pendulum. Fructus tubo perianthii basi incrassato sulcato-costato v. muricato inclusus, oblongus, membranaceus, indehiscens. Semen pendulum, testa tenui appressa; embryo in centro albuminis farinacei cui æquilongus, cylindraceus.—Rhizoma nunc in limo reptans, breve, nunc elongatum, fluitans, cauliforme, vaginis longis foliorum obtectum. Caules (v. rami) erecti, simplices, 1-foliati. Folia radicalia longe petiolata, caulinum brevius petiolatum.

omnia cordato-ovata rotundata v. rarius lanceolata, vagina infra petiolum longa laxa. Inflorescentia terminalis composita denseque cylindracea, rarius subsimplex racemiformis, supra folium caulinum sessilis v. e vagina pedunculata, basi spatha complicata inclusa. Flores sæpius secus rhachin fasciculato-congesti, numerosi, rarius pauci subdissiti, sessiles v. vix brevissime pedicellati. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 7 v. 8, omnes Americanæ, boreales v. australes. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 123. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 93. Schlecht. Ponted. 26. Red. Lil. t. 72. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 131. Bot. Mag. t. 1156. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 613.

REUSSIA, Endl. Gen. 139 (icone citata nunquam edita), characteres omnino Pontederiæ præbet, exceptis floribus majoribus in inflorescentia paucioribus iis Eichhorniæ accedentibus, et staminibus brevioribus, superioribus tubo inclusis. Huc pertinent Pontederia lagoensis, Warm. in Vidensk. Meddel. Kjobenh. 1871, 323, t. 6, f. 1 ad 8, quæ verisimiliter eadem ac Reussia triflora, Endl., et P. Schomburgkiana, Klotzsch in Schomb. Reise Guiana, iii. 1118 (Eichhorniu subovata, Seub.), jam a Solms-Laubachio in herb. Kew. ad Reussiam relatu.

2. Michhornia, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 129.—Perianthium infundibuliforme, tubo breviusculo v. elongato tenuique; limbus erecto-patens, plus minus obliquus, lobis parum inæqualibus latiusculis v. latis, summo (e serie interiore) basi sæpe maculato. Stamina 6, tubo inæqualiter affixa, declinata, superiora omnino inclusa, inferiora magis exserta, perianthio tamen breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. basi leviter complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali parum dilatato v. brevissime 3- v. 6-fido; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula tubo marcescenti perianthii inclusa, ovoidea oblonga v. linearis, pericarpio membranaceo loculicide dehiscente (v. deliquescente ?). Semina numerosa, ovoidea, ∞-costata, utrinque obtusa; embryo in centro albuminis farinacei eo vix brevior, cylindraceus.-Herbæ aquaticæ, caule v. rhizomate fluitante ad nodos radicante, vaginis foliorum laxis obtecto; rami (v. caules) floriferi 1-foliati. Folia in caule juniore infima immersa linearia absque lamina, pleraque tamen longe petiolata, lamina natante v. emersa obovata rotundata cordata v. rarius lanceolata. Inflorescentia intra vaginam folii sessilis v. pedunculata, simpliciter sub-spicato-racemosa v. rarius paniculata. Spatha nunc sub inflorescentia complicata si Pontederiæ similis, nunc minor, in medio pedunculo v. intra vaginam folii floralis recondita.

Species enumeratæ 11 v. 12, in aquis dulcibus Americæ australis et Africæ tropicæ vigentes, nonnullæ tamen ad varietates *E. azurcæ* reducendæ. *Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp.* i. 9, t. 4 (Pontederia). Soub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 89, t. 11. Schlecht. Ponted. in Abhandl. Naturf. Gesellsch. Halle, vi. 28, cum ic. Bot. Maq. t. 2932 (Pontederia), 5020, 6487.

Genus quodammodo polymorphum, non tamen in plura bene dividendum. In speciebus typicis, E. azurea affinibusque, folia obovata v. rotundata, petiolo interdum vesiculoso-inflato, inflorescentia densa vix in vagina pedunculata, floribus pluribus speciosis, perianthii tubo haud longo. In E. tricolore, Seub., folia longe petiolata cordata, inflorescentia pedunculata laxe paniculata, perianthii tubo longo tenui. In E. natante, Solms-Laub. in herb. Kew. (Pontederia natante, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. ii. 18, t. 68), ex Africa tropica, habitus potius Heterantheræ; caules fluitantes tenues, foliis submersis linearibus sæpe numerosis, emersis cordato-ovatis v. reniformibus interdum subpeltatis; flores solitarii v. in spica 2-3 parvuli, tubo perianthii longo tenui, quare Schlechtendahl, Ponted. 26, pro genere Leptosomus proposuit. In E. caracasana (Cabanisia, Klotzsch in Herb. Berol.; Schlecht. Ponted. 28), cujus rami soli 1-foliati floridi adsunt, folii lamina elongata angusta, flores in vagina plures, fasciculati, parvuli, tubo perianthii ut in E. natante longo tenui. Huc etiam refert Schlechtendahl Eichhorniam Schultesianam, Seub. (Pontederiam paradoxam, Mart.), quæ ex charactere dato evidenter E. caracasanæ affinis, vix tamen eadem species, nam spatha v. folii vagina ovata dicitur, dum in E. caracasana elongata est, et vix petiolo terminali latior.

3. **Esseranthera**, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. 9, t. 2; Fl. Per. et Chil. i. 43, t. 71. (Leptanthus, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 24, t. 5. Buchosia, Vell. Fl. Flum. 33; Ic. i. t. 80.)—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo tenui cylindraceo; lobi angusti, patentes, subsequales v. 2-3 parum majores. Stamina 3, fauci affixa, filamentis filiformibus v. medio

incrassatis, uno sepius ceeteris longiore minusque incrassato, rarius omnibus subequalibus; anthere ovate v. oblonge, una sepius majore v. heteromorpha, erecte, basifixe, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum prominulis v. plus minus intrusis, ovarium imperfecte vix perfecte in loculos 3 dividentibus; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo v. oblique incrassato dentatoque; ovula in quaque placenta  $\infty$ , 2-seriata. Capsula oblonga v. linearis, perianthio emarcido tenui inclusa, membranacea, in valvas 3 medio placentiferas dehiscens. Semina parva, ovoidea,  $\infty$ -costata.—Rhizoma nunc in limo breve, nunc sepius in caulem foliatum submersum brevem v. elongatum fluitantemque productum. Folia nunc omnia submersa linearia absque lamina, nunc omnia v. pleraque longe petiolata, lamina ovata cordata v. reniformi natante v. emersa. Caules v. rami floriferi more ordinis 1-foliati, in speciebus linearifoliis tamen brevissimi, folio ad axillam folii caulinis sessili eique simili. Spatha angusta, nunc flores 1-3 includens, nunc spicam interrupte  $\infty$ -florem exserens. Flores cerulei albidi v. pallide flavescentes, quam in ceeteris generibus sepius minores tenuioresque.

Species nobis adsunt 8, quarum una Africæ tropicæ incola, cæteræ omnes Americanæ, boreales v. australes. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 119. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 87. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 132. Bot. Mag. t. 6192.

Species pleræque, foliis lamina natante v. emersa præditis, habitu Eichhorniæ natanti accedunt, inter illas tamen H. spicata, Presl, Symb. t. 10, a qua H. peduncularis. Benth., vix differt, insigms est floribus in spica elongata secus rhachin dissitis; stamina minus inæqualia quam in speciebus typicis. Species 3, foliis omnibus submersis linearibus absque lamina, inter se pluribus notis differunt. In H. graminea, Vahl (Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 133, Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 94. SCHOLLERA, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 785, charactere valde manco, genus ad hanc speciem limitatum a Willd. in Gesellsch. Nat. Fr. Berl. N. Schrift. iii. 438, et serius ab A. Grayio acceptum), spatha tenuis sæpius 1-flora, perianthii tubus valde elongatus, et stamina omnia æqualia, v. unum vix cæteris majus. In H. zosteræfolia, Mart. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 3, habitus, folia et inflorescentia omnino H. gramineæ, spatha 1- rarius 2-3-flora, sed perianthii tubus minus elongatus, et stamen unum cæteris multo majus. In H. Seubertiana, Solms-Laub, in herb. Kew. (Eichhorna graminea, Seub.), caulis foliatus brevior, foliis tan en omnibus linearibus submersis, spica elongata floribus dissitis H. spicatæ, et stamen unum cæteris conspicue majus.

4. Monochoria, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 127.—Perianthium campanulatum, tubo 0; segmenta distincta, subæqualia. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa v. fere hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis basi hyalino-dilatatis, omnia æqualia v. sæpius unum majus, filamento margine uno latere dente aucto; antheræ oblongæ, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis poro terminali mox in rimam longitudinalem continuato dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum dilatato minute 3-lobo; ovula in loculis numerosa. Capsula oblonga, membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina numerosa, ovoidea, utrinque obtusa, ∞-costata; embryo in centro albuminis farinacei eo vix brevior, cylindraceus.—Rhizoma in limo breve, rarius in caulem submersum breviter productum. Caules seu rami florentes 1-foliati, cum foliis radicalibus in rhizomate cæspitosi. Folia radicalia longa, caulinum brevius, petiolata, lamina sagittata cordato-ovata v. lanceolata. Racemus nunc intra vaginam folii caulini sessilis, brevissimus, floribus numerosis longiuscule pedicellatis fasciculiformis, nunc longior, laxiusculus v. fere spiciformis, pedicellis brevissimis. Spatha complicata, ad basin racemi v. intra vaginam ad basin pedunculi.

Species ad 6, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ, Japoniæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 132 Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 72. Reg. Fl. Ussur. t. 12. Roxb-Corom. Pl. t. 110, 111. Symes, Emb. Ava, t. 23. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 490 (ic. plures sub Pontederia).

Limnostachys, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. i. 24, est M. cyanea, F. Muell., species Australiana, staminibus æqualibus v. uno parum tantum majore.

# Orbo CLXXX. PHILYDRACES.

Endl. Gen. 132. Lindl, Veg. Kingd. 186.

Flores hermaphroditi, irregulares. Perianthium inferum, ab ovario liberum, corollinum, marcescens diuque persistens, tubo 0; segmenta 4, 2-seriata, exteriorum posticum sestivatione anticum includens, interiora exterioribus alterna multo minora (staminodia petaloidea, Lindl.). Stamen 1, ima basi segmenti antici affixum v. fere hypogynum; filamentum complanatum, basi seepe cum segmentis interioribus breviter connatum. Anthera 2-locularis, loculis adnatis distinctis rectis parallelisque v. curvis contortisve, rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovarium superum, 3-loculare placentis axilibus, v. 1-loculare placentis parietalibus. Stylus filiformis, stigmate terminali parvo v. dilatato indiviso. Ovula in quaque placenta v. loculo numerosa, anatropa. Capsula ovoidea v. oblonga, loculicide dehiscens, valvis 3 medio placentiferis. Semina numerosa, minima, ovoidea v. oblonga, testa appressa, indumento exteriore tenui in nucleo mox evanido basi seepe in appendicem parvam persistente. Albumen laxe carnosum, subfarinaceum. Embryo albumine inclusus, eo parum v. rarius subdimidio brevior, cylindraceus, rectus, radicula hilo proxima.

Herbæ erectæ, terrestres. Folia linearia v. ensiformia, radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, sæpe disticha, caulina pauca, minora. Flores intra bracteas breviter spathaceas solitarii, sessiles, secus rhachin simplicem inflorescentiæ v. ramos paniculæ plus minus dissiti.

Species 4, Australiæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Asiæ orientalis v. insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Ordo parvus, nulli arcte affinis; cum Commelineis comparatur, sed semina longe distant.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Philydrum. Folia ensiformia. Spica longa, indivisa. Antherarum loculi subglobosi, primum fere reniformes, mox valde contorti. Ovarium imperfecte 3-loculare.—Australia, Archip. Malay., Asia or.
- 2. PRITZELIA. Folia pauca, linearia. Spica tenuis, indivisa. Antherarum loculi a basi reflexa recurvo-erecti. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare.—Australia austro-occid.
- 3. Helmholtzia. Folia ensiformia. Panicula longa floribunda. Antherarum loculi oblongi, recti.—Australia (ins. Pacif.?).
- 1. Philydrum, Banks ex Gartn. Fruct. i. 62, t. 16. (Garciana, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 14.)

  —Perianthii segmenta exteriora lata, ∞-nervia, interiora multo minora, libera v. vix basi cum filamento connata. Stamen perianthio parum brevius; anthera terminalis, connectivo leviter incrassato, loculis 2, primum globoso-subreniformibus, mox valde flexuoso-contortis. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus longe intrusis sed inter se liberis divaricato-2-lobis, lobis introrsum ovulis numerosissimis obtectis. Capsula 3-valvis. Semina numerosissima, minima, oblonga, subspiraliter striata, sæpius minute papilloso-tuberculata, chalaza pulvinata fusca, basi circa funiculum pallide appendiculata.—Caulis erectus, subramosus, lana albida præsertim in inflorescentia plus minus vestitus. Folia infra medium caulis ensiformia, disticha, vaginis equitantibus, superiora gradatim in bracteas abeuntia. Spica longa, interrupta, simplex, bracteis brevibus vaginantibus dissitis. Flores flavi, intra bracteas sessiles, solitarii v. rarius gemini.
- Species 1, Australize orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Asize orientalis usque ad Chinam incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 73. Caruel in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 2. Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 783. De seminum structura cfr. Schleid. et Vog. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xix. t. 40, f. 1 ad 6; Griff. Io. Pl. Asiat. t. 269, 270.
- 2. Pritselia, F. Muell. Descr. Pap. Pl. i. 13. (Heteria, Endl. Gen. Pl. 133, non Blume. Philydrella, Caruel in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. x. 91; in DC. Monogr. Phanerog.

iii. 4.)—Perianthii segmenta exteriora lata,  $\infty$ -nervia, interiora multo minora, ad medium cum filamento connata. Stamen perianthio multo brevius, filamento lato plano; antherse loculi contigui, paralleli, basi reflexi, dein abrupte recurvo-erecti, nec torti. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare, placentis axilibus, ovulis numerosissimis. Capsula 3-valvis. Semina numerosissima, minima, ovoidea, inappendiculata, testa lævi v. tenuissime recteque striata, chalaza non incrassata.—Caulis e rhizomate parvo lanato, simplex, tenuis, glaber. Folia pauca, anguste linearia. Spica simplex, bracteis breviter vaginantibus, junioribus distiche imbricatis, sub anthesi dissitis. Flores intra bracteas solitarii, sessiles.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 74.

Caruel nomen Muellerianum rejecit ob genera tria homonyma prius edita, nulla tamen a botanicis accepta sunt; Pritzelia, Walp., est Trachynema; Pritzelia, Klotzsch, ad Begoniam reducitur; et Pritzelia, Schauer, nomine tantum in Flora 1842 signata, ab ipso auctore sub nomine Scholtziæ in Linnæa, xvii. edita fuit.

3. **Elemholtzia**, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. v. 202.—Perianthii segmenta exteriora ovato-lanceolata, tenuissime  $\infty$ -nervia, posticum nervis 2 prope margines validioribus percursum, interiora multo minora, vix brevissime cum filamento connata. Stamen perianthio brevius, filamento brevissimo plano; anthera longior, oblonga, erecta, loculis parallelis rectis. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare, placentis axilibus, ovulis numerosissimis. Capsula subglobosa, 3-sulca, pericarpio crassiusculo demum loculicide dehiscente. Semina numerosissima, parva, oblonga, quam in Philydro paullo longiora angustioraque, sepe leviter curva, striis tenuibus rectis, rhaphe sepius prominente.—Caulis erectus, infra inflorescentiam simplex. Folia subradicalia, longa, ensiformia, vaginis brevibus equitantibus. Flores albi, quam in Philydro minores, secus ramos paniculæ terminalis pyramidatæ sessiles, numerosi. Bracteæ lanceolatæ, acuminatæ, sub floribus patentes eosque vix excedentes. Capsula villosa.

Species 2, altera Australiana, altera e seminibus verisimiliter in insulis maris Pacifici lectis in hortis educta. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 75. Carul in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 5. Bot. Mag. t. 6056 (Philydrum).

#### Ordo CLXXXI. XYRIDEA.

Endl. Gen. 123. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 187.

Floses hermaphroditi, parum irregulares. Perianthium inferum, corollinum, simplex v. duplex. Sepalum unicum, maximum, petaloideum, corollam involvens, caducissimum, v. 0 (nisi pro sepalis exterioribus bracteolas haberes). Corollæ tubus tenuis, brevis v. elongatus; lobi 3, æquales, patentes, lati, tenerrimi. Stamina perfecta 3, prope basin loborum afiixa iisque breviora; filamenta brevia, filiformia. Antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, loculis 2 parallelis v. basi divergentibus rima longitudinali dehiscentibus; staminodia 3, lobis corollæ alterna v. 0. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare v. imperfecte 3-loculare, placentis 3 a basi ovarii erectis v. sæpius plus minus parietibus adnatis. Stylus terminalis, indivisus v. in ramos 3 apice stigmatiferos plus minus divisus. Ovula in quaque placenta  $\infty$ , pauca v. numerosa, 2-seriata, orthotropa. Capsula corollæ tubo marcescente inclusa, inter placentas in valvas 3 dehiscens. Semina  $\infty$ , ovoidea, hilo basilari, apice tuberculo parvo coronata, testa appressa, in longitudinem striata. Albumen farinaceum (v. laxe carnosum?). Embryo ad apice m albuminis sub tuberculo terminale parvus, lenticularis v. late turbinatus.

Herbæ perennes v. rarius annuæ cæspitosæ. Folia radicalia, rosulata v. conferta, quaquaversa v. disticha, linearia v. rarius lineari-lanceolata. Scapi erecti, sæpius juncei, simplices, aphylli, rarius vaginis paucis v. basi folio unico instructi. Flores in capitulo terminali globoso ovoideo v. rarius cylindraceo conferti, sub bracteis coriaceis v. rigidis

imbricatis solitarii subsessiles, basi bracteolis 2 lateralibus oppositis rigidis \*. scariosis complicato-carinatis (a plerisque botanicis pro sepalis exterioribus habendis) stipati, corollæ limbo solo v. etiam tubo partim exserto. Capsula semper sub bracteis imbricatis occulta.

Species infra 50, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersee.

Ordo parvus sed bene distinctus, nulli arcte accedens. Seminum structura fere Restiacearum, sed perianthio corollino, ovulis plurimis seepe numerosis, aliisque notis longius distat. Commelinaceis convenit ovulis orthotropis, sed perianthium semina et habitus longe diversa.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. XYRIS. Sepalum petaloideum latum, caducissimum. Stylus basi inappendiculatus, superne 3-fidus, ramis apice stigmatiferis. *Utriusque orbis reg. calid*.
- 2. Abolboda. Sepalum petaloideum deest. Stylus prope basin appendicibus 3 linearibus reflexis instructus, apice stigmatoso sæpius fimbriato erecto sub-3-fido. Bracteæ quam in Xyride sæpius pallidiores, laxius imbricatæ.—Amer. trop.
- 1. Eyris, Linn. Gen. n. 64.—Sepalum petaloideum latissimum, plus minus distincte 3-nerve, in alabastro compresso sæpe 2-carinatum, facie postica medio 1-nervi, antice marginibus semet late obtegentibus corollam arcte involvens. Corollæ tubus brevis v. longiusculus, lobi ovati. Staminodia sæpius 3, inter lobos affixa, breviter filiformia, penicillo pilorum moniliformium v. antheridia difformi coronata, v. rarius deficientia. Stylus filiformis, inappendiculatus, superne 3-fidus, ramis apice stigmatiferis. Cætera ordinis.—Folia radicalia linearia, rigida v. graminea, cæspitosa v. disticha. Scapi inter folia juncei, nudi v. basi folio unico vagina longa lamina brevi instructi. Capitulum globosum ovoideum v. rarius hemisphæricum v. breviter cylindraceum, bracteis sæpius obtusis rigidis arcte imbricatis.

Species descriptæ ad 40, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, nonnullæ tamen ad varietates reducendæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 2. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 76. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 211, t. 22 ad 29. Rudge in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 15. Willd. Phytogr. t. 1. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 10. Endl. Iconogr. t. 13. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 71. Bot. Mag. t. 1158. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 205.

Endlicher, Gen. Pl. 124. sectionem *Pomaloxyris* proposuit ad *X. operculatam*, Br., affinesque, capsula apice indurato circumscisse deciduo basi tantum 3-valvi, et Seubert species cæteras in sectiones 2 distribuit ad placentas alte v. vix parietibus adnatas, characteres tamen valde incerti et nequaquam habitu diverso comitati. *X. involucrata*, Nees (*X. asterocephala*, Seub.), tamen et verisimiliter *X. Hystrix*, Seub., species Americauæ tropicæ, magis differunt capitulo hemisphærico v. demum vix globoso, bracteis numerosissimis acutis, exterioribus foliaceo-productis vacuis involucrum formantibus.

SCHISMAXON, Steud. Pl. Lechl. in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 391, est X. subulata, R. et Pav., v. species ei valde affinis.

2. Abelbeda, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. ii. 109, t. 114. (Chloerum, Willd. ex Link in Spr. Jahrb. iii. 74, absque char.)—Sepalum petaloideum Xyridis (an semper?) deest. Corollæ tubus tenuis, lobi ovati. Staminodia (in A. grandi, Griseb.) 3, inter lobos affixa, tenuissime filiformia, fere capillaria, nuda, in aliis speciebus deesse videntur. Ovarium oblongo-3-quetrum, apice obtusum acutum v. breviter cupulatum 6-dentatumque, 1-loculare, placentis 3 a basi erectis liberis v. plus minus parietibus adnatis v. inter se breviter connatis; stylus longiusculus, prope basin v. infra medium appendicibus 3 linearibus recurvis v. reflexis instructus, apice in stigmata 3 brevia erecta sæpe fimbriata divisus. Ovula, fructus et semina ordinis.—Folia radicalia, linearia v. interdum lineari-lanceolata. Scapi nunc omnino Xyridis, rigidi nudi v. basi 1-foliati, nunc medium versus vaginis 2 suboppositis, inferiore superiorem amplectente, v. vaginarum paribus 2-3 inter se distantibus instructi. Capitula sæpius pallidiora quam in Xyride; bractese variant in capitulo laxe imbricatæ v. in capitulo angusto appressæ.

Species in herbariis adsunt 7 v. 8, non omnes tamen accurate examinates, omnes ex America tropica. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 25. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 222, t. 30.

A. Aubletii, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 28, descriptione ex verbis Aubletii (Xyris americana, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 40, t. 14) excerpta, est verisimiliter species vera Xyridis, bractea bracteolisque pro calyce descriptis; stylus 3-fidus Xyridis nec Aholbodæ. Specimina Purdienna, a Grisebachio Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 526 descripta, folia setaceo-filiformia ab Aubletio depicta ostendunt; sepalum, staminodia et stylus omnino Xyridis. Specimina Spruceana et Schomburgkiana dubie ad A. Aubletii relata, videntur potius ad X. subulatam, Ruiz et Pav., pertinere.

#### ORDO CLXXXII. MAYACEZI.

Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 189.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium inferum, duplici serie 3-merum; exterius calycinum e sepalis 3 distinctis lanceolatis, sestivatione subvalvatis v. angustissime imbricatis uno subexteriore; interius corollinum, e petalis 3 distinctis obovatis rotundatisve subsequalibus patentibus, sestivatione late imbricatis in alabastro semet late involventibus. Stamina 3, hypogyna; filamenta breviter filiformia, erecta. Anthera erectæ, basifixæ, oblongæ, sub-4-gonæ, loculis 2 parallelis intus in locellos 2 subdivisis, vertice demum breviter dehiscentibus v. in tubum breviter cylindraceum (deciduum?) conniventibus. Ovarium lata basi sessile, superum, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus. Stylus filiformis, indivisus, stigmate parvo terminali integro (v. brevissime 3-fido?). Ovula in quaque placenta  $\infty$ , 2-seriata, orthotropa. Capsula calyce staminibusque diu persistentibus cincta, ovoidea, pericarpio membranaceo, in valvas 3 medio placentiferas plus minus distincte dehiscens. Semina ovoidea v. globosa, hilo basilari, apice tuberculo parvo terminata, testa in longitudinem striata sepiusque tuberculoso-rugosula. Albumen farinaceum (v. laxe carnosulum?). Embryo ad apicem albuminis ab hilo remotus, sub tuberculo leviter prominens, lenticularis v. subturbinatus.

Herbæ tenues, in uliginosis humidisve prostratæ v. reptantes v. in aquis dulcibus fluitantes, caulibus undique foliatis ramosis. Folia breviter lineari-filiformia, crebra, quaquaversa. Pedicelli 1-flori, in axillis solitarii, basi bractea tenuiter membranacea sæpeque bracteolis 2 parvis hyalinis stipati, v. ad apices ramorum plures conferti, bracteis membranaceis subhyalinis in capitulum ovoideum imbricatis.

Species enumeratæ ad 7, plures inter se valde affines, omnes Americanæ, boreales v. australes. Ordo genere unico constans, a variis aucteribus cum *Xyrideis* et cum *Commelinaceis* ob ovula orthotropa et albumen farinaceum comparatur, a prioribus differt calyce perfecto et staminibus, a *Commelinaceis* ovario et seminibus, ab utroque ordine habitu poculiari. Antheræ fere *Rapateacearum*, sed ovula, semina et habitus longe diversa.

1. Mayaca, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 42, t. 15. (Syena, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 39. Biaslia, Vandelli, Fl. Lusit. et Bras. Specim. 4, t. 1, f. 2. Coletia, Vell. Fl. Flum. 32, Ic. i. t. 79.)—Genus unicum. Character ordinis.

Species uti supra ad 7, omnes Americanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 31. Schott et Endl. Meletem. 23, t. 3. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 227, t. 31.

## Ordo CLXXXIII. COMMELINACES.

Endl. Gen. 124. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 188. C. B. Clarke, Monogr. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 115.

Flores regulares v. parum irregulares, hermaphroditi v. hinc inde abortu masculi. Perianthium inferum, duplici serie 3-merum rarissime 2-merum; exterius calycinum, e sepalis 3 distinctis v. rarius basi connatis, estivatione imbricatis, uno exteriore sepe paullo latiore; interius corollinum, e petalis 3 distinctis v. rarius unguibus in tubum tenuem connatis, æstivatione valde imbricatis. Stamina 6 v. abortu pauciora, hypogyna v. ad faucem corollæ affixa, nunc omnia perfecta, nunc 3 perfecta, 3 v. pauciora ad staminodia varie reducta v. deficientia; filamenta filiformia v. basi complanata, in pluribus generibus pilis moniliformibus barbata. Antheræ basifixæ, nunc oblongæ v. ovatæ, loculis 2 parallelis contiguis introrsum rima longitudinali v. apice poro dehiscentibus, nunc connectivo varie dilatato heteromorphæ, loculis sejunctis. Ovarium superum, sessile v. rarius breviter stipitatum, 3- v. interdum 2-loculare. Stylus terminalis, filiformis v. columnaris, indivisus; stigma terminale, sæpius parvum, capitatum pulvinatum v. penicillatum, integrum v. 3-dymum, rarius brevissime 3-fidum. Ovula in quoque loculo solitaria v. pauca, specie 1-seriatim v. rarius distincte 2-seriatim superposita, axi lateraliter affixa, orthotropa. Fructus capsularis, pericarpio crustaceo membranaceo v. rarius carnosulo, in valvas medio septiferas loculicide dehiscens, v. pericarpio fragili v. succulento indehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria v. pauca, arcte contigua, 1-seriatim superposita, rarius plura 2seriata, loculum sæpius arcte implentia, faciebus contiguis truncata, latere interiore hilo parvo v. lineari affixa, latere exteriore squamella parva intra foveolam adnata embryostega dicta instructa, testa certerum varie rugosa. Albumen copiosum, farinaceum. Embryo sub embryostega marginalis v. parum intrusus, parvus v. breviter horizontalis, ab hilo semper remotus sæpiusque fere oppositus.

Herbæ sæpissime perennes, basi sæpius repentes radicantes v. rhizomate brevi instructæ. Caules procumbentes ascendentes v. erecti. Folia in vaginas cylindraceas v. breves sessilla v. breviter petiolata, sæpius membranacea, venis a costa centrali parum prominente divergentibus v. fere a basi subparallelis; floralia polymorpha sæpe spathacea v. ad bracteas reducta. Inflorescentia primaria centripeta, flores tamen sæpius in cymas simplices v. 2-fidas dispositi, unilateraliter sessiles v. pedicellati, centrifuge evolvuntur. Cymæ variæ, nunc elongatæ scorpioideæ v. sub anthesi rectæ, nunc rhachi brevissima in receptaculum contracta fasciculiformes, nunc spatha complicata inclusæ solitariæ v. geminæ, nunc numerosæ varie paniculatæ, in paucis generibus ad florem unicum reductæ v. irregulares. Bracteæ intra cymam floribus singulis oppositæ, sæpius parvæ minimæ v. obsoletæ, rarius herbaceæ distiche imbricatæ. Seminum forma sæpius e numero in loculo v. in serie evenit, si solitaria hemisphærica sunt v. semi-elliptica, si plura superius semi-pyramidatum, inferius obpyramidatum, intermedia plus minus quadrata, faciebus contiguis semper planis.

Species vix ultra 300, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, fere omnes tropicæ v. subtropicæ, perpaucæ usque ad Chinam et Japoniam extensæ, cæterum in Asia temperata uti in Europa desunt; in Australia extratropica una sola in regione austro-occidentali reperitur, in Africa australi paucæ, in America boreali nonnullæ, inter tropicos undique frequentes.

In hoc ordine Monographiam accuratam Clarkei fere in omnibus secuti sumus, characteribus essentialibus tamen semper in speciminibus probatis. Genera pleraque naturalia sunt et bene definita; tribus forte nimis artificiales, meliores tamen non occurrunt. Ordo totus optime limitatus, nec cum ullo alio generibus intermediis junctus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Pollices. Fructus indehiscens, pericarpio nunc crustaceo fragili nunc succulento v. carnoso. Cætera Commelinearum, excepta Polliæ sectione Lamprocarpo, cui stamina perfecta 6.

- 1. Polilia. Panicula terminalis, simplex, laxe thyrsoides v. brevis densaque, cymis secus rhachin primum scorpioideis mox rectis. Pericarpium crustaceum, nitidum, fragile.—Asia trop. et or., Australia.
- 2. Palisota. Paniculæ 1-2, anguste thyrsoideæ, dense cylindraceæ v. elongatæ laxioresque, cymis secus rhachin simplicem numerosis scorpioideis. Pericarpium succulentum v. carnosum.—Afr. trop.
- 3. ATHYROCARPUS. Habitus Commelina. Cymse 2-fidse in spatha complicata inclusse. Pericarpium crustaceum, nitidum, fragile.—Amer. trop.

# Tribus II. Commelinese. Capsula loculicide dehiscens. Stamina 3 perfecta, staminodia 3 v. pauciora.

- 4. COMMELINA. Spathæ in quoque pedunculo solitariæ, latæ, complicatæ v. turbinato-cucullatæ. Cyma sæpius 2-fida, intra spatham inclusa. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2 anticis 1-2-ovulatis, postico 1-ovulato v. vacuo v. deficiente.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
- 5. Polyspatha. Spathæ secus pedunculum seu ramos plures, dissitæ, reflexæ, complicatæ. Cyma fasciculiformis, spatha inclusa. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Afr. trop.
- 6. ANEILEMA. Cymæ parvæ, laxe paniculatæ. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 2-3-loculare, loculis sæpius 2-∞-ovulatis. Rarius cymæ more Commelinæ spatha inclusæ, ovarii loculis ∞-ovulatis.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
- 7. COCHLIOSTEMA. Folia maxima. Paniculæ magnæ, coloratæ, bracteis amplis cymisque scorpioideis secus rhachin simplicem oppositis v. 3-4-natim verticillatis. Antherarum connectivum varie petaloideum, loculi gyris numerosis spiraliter torti.—Andes Ecuadorenses.

# **Tribus III. Tradescantiese.** Capsula loculicide dehiscens. Stamina (excepta *Callisia*) 6, rarius 5, omnia perfecta; staminodia 0.

- 8. Buforerstia. Pedunculi axillares, irregulariter pauciflori, floribus ad bracteas parvas solitariis v. 2-3-nis. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 4- $\infty$ -ovulatis.—Afr. trop.
- 9. Forræstia. Cymæ in capitula globosa sessilia e basi vaginarum erumpentia confertæ. Petala distincta. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis v. loculo postico 1-ovulato.—Asia et Afr. trop.
- 10. Colbotrype. Cymæ in capitula globosa sessilia e basi vaginarum erumpentia confertæ. Petalorum ungues in tubum tenuem connati. Antheræ et ovarium Forrestiæ.—Afr. austr.-or., Madagasc.
- 11. Cyanotis. Cyme scorpioidee, bracteis sæpius falcatis 2-scriatim imbricatis, rarius come fasciculiformes intra vaginas foliorum sessiles, v. pedunculi tenues 1-pauci-flori. Corolla sæpissime basi tubulosa. Capsulæ loculi 2-spermi, semine altero erecto basifixo, altero pendulo apice affixo.—Asiæ et Africæ reg. calid.
- 12. STREPTOLIRION. Caulis volubilis, alte scandens, foliis cordatis. Inflorescentia terminalis, laxe breviterque thyrsoidea, cymis scorpioideis secus rhachin simplicem paucis. Antherarum loculi connectivum latum transversum marginantes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.—

  Himalaya.
- 13. Cartonema. Inflorescentia terminalis, longe centripetim spiciformis, floribus singulis secus rhachin subsessilibus, bractea bracteolaque angustis stipatis. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.—Australia.
- 14. Floscofa. Panicula terminalis, brevis, densa, sessilis, ramis seu cymis a basi secundifloris nec scorpioideis. Antherarum loculi sæpissime paralleli, contigui. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid*.
- 15. Dichobisandra. Inflorescentia terminalis v. rarius in scapo laterali subradicali, laxe breviterque thyrsoidea. Antherarum loculi paralleli, contigui, poro terminali dehiscentes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-5-ovulatis. Capsulæ pericarpium succulentum.—Amer. trop.
  - 16. TINANTIA. Cyma terminalis, pedunculata, ramis 2-3 longiusculis a basi secundifloris.

Antherarum loculi connectivum latiusculum marginantes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculas 2-5-ovulatis.—Amer. trop.

- 17. Tradescantia. Cymæ, rhachi brevissima in receptaculum contracta, fasciculiformes, intra basin foliorum floralium complicatorum sessiles v. varie paniculatse. Antherarum loculi sepissime connectivum latiusculum marginantes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.—

  Amer. bor. et austr.
- 18. Callisia. Stamina 3 v. 1. Herbæ teneiæ. Cymæ fasciculiformes, nunc intra spathas complicatas sessiles, antherarum loculis connectivo latiusculo disjunctis, nunc parvæ laxe paniculatæ, antherarum loculis parallelis contiguis. Ovarium 2-3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.

  —Amer. trop.
- 19. Spironema. Cymæ dense capituliformes, globosæ, secus ramos longos paniculæ rigidæ sessiles, distantes. Stamina exserta; antherarum connectivum latum planum, fere hyalinum, cordatum, auriculis loculiferis. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.—*Mexico*.
- 20. CAMPRIJA. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. 2-3-fidæ; spathæ in pedunculo geminæ, complicatæ; cymæ fasciculiformes intra spathas sessiles. Antherarum connectivum 2-fidum, lobis linearibus reflexis extremitate loculiferis. Ovarium 2-3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.—

  Amer. trop.
- 21. SAUVALLEA. Herba tenera. Spathæ terminales, complicatæ, 1-floræ. Antherarum loculi oblongi, connectivo parvo sejuncti, primum paralleli penduli, demum divaricati. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis.— Cuba.
- 22. Rhoeo. Caulis brevis, robustus, foliis longis confertis. Pedunculi laterales, simplices v. 2-3-fidæ. Spathæ geminæ, complicatæ, cymbiformes, cymas sessiles densissime multifloras includentes. Antherarum loculi connectivum latum marginantes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-oyulatis.—Amer. centr.
- 23. LEPTORHOBO. Herba tenera, ramosa. Cymæ minimæ, fasciculiformes, in pedunculis filiformibus solitariæ. Antherarum loculi connectivum laziusculum marginantes. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Amer. trop.
- 24. Zebrima. Caulis procumbens v. scandens, ramosus. Spathæ terminales, geminæ, latæ, complicatæ, cymas sessiles fasciculiformes includentes. Calyx laxe tubulosus, 2 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus longus, tenuis: lobi patentes. Antherarum loculi connectivo lato transverso v. divaricato-2-lobo sejunati. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-2-ovulatis.—Mexico, Texas.
- 25. Weldenia. Folia caulem brevem terminantia, conferta, cymam sessilem dense fasciculiformem involucrantia. Calyx longe tubulosus, spathaceo fissus, apice 2-3-fidus. Corollæ tubus longissimus; lobi patentes. Antheræ lanceolatæ, loculis connectivo angusto separatis. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis.—Mexico, Amer. centr.

### TRIBUS I. POLLIEÆ.

1. Penna, Thunb. Gen. Nov. i. 11.—Sepala distincta, persistentia, tenuia, lata. Petala minora, distincta, obovata, subsequalia. § tamina perfecta 3 v. 6, declinata, filamentis filiformibus nudis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis; staminodia interdum 3 loco staminum superiorum, brevia, antheridiis parvis. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-∞-ovulatis. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, indehiscens at siccus, pericarpio nitido sæpius cyaneo fragili. Semina angulata, dorso plana, testa firma brunnea lævi; embryo hilo fere oppositus.—Herbæ perennes, caulibus a basi repente ascendentibus v. sæpius erectis interdum robustis. Folia majuscula. Panicula terminalis, laxe thyrsoidea v. brevis densaque. Cymæ secus rhachin simplicem sparsæ, simplices, pedunculatæ v. fere a basi florentes, primum scorpioideæ, demum rectæ, floribus breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ sub cymis interdum subfoliaceæ, intra cymam parvæ v. 0.

Species 14, Australiæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Indiæ orientalis et Asiæ orientalis usque ad Chinam et Japoniam incolæ. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 121; Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 29, 30 (Aclisia), 32, 33. Bauer, Ill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 6 (Aneilema). Wight, Ic. t. 2068 (Aclisia).

Genus naturale, inflorescentia et fructu facile distinctum etsi characteribus artificialibus sæpe generici valoris nuncupatis in sectiones 3 dividitur:—

1. Lamprocarpus, staminibus omnibus perfectis, ovarii loculis co- (5-co-) ovulatis. Lamprocarpus, Blume in Schult. Syst. vii. 1615, 1726.

- 2. Aclisia, staminibus perfectis 3, ovarii loculis co-ovulatis. Acrisia, E. Mey.; Presl, Rel. Hank.
- 3. Phæocarpa, C. B. Clarke, staminibus perfectis 3, ovarii loculis 2-ovulatis. Species una, Assamica.
- 2. Palisota, Reichb. Consp. 59, nomen tantum; Endl. Gen. 125. (Duchekia, Kostel. Med. Pharm. Fl. i. 213.)—Sepala petalaque distincta, subæqualia, concoloria, patentia, sepalo extimo paullo majore magisque concavo. Stamina perfecta 3, filamentis linearibus nudis; antheræ oblongæ, una sæpius paullo diversa filamento longiore, loculis parallelis; staminodia 2 v. 3, breviter filiformia, pilis longis moniliformibus penicillata. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis 2-8-ovulatis, postico sæpe minore interdum vacuo. Fructus ovoideus, carnosulus v. baccatus, nec nitidus, indehiscens. Semina in loculis pauca, 1-2-seriatim superposita, quadrata v. pyramidata, testa lævi v. parum rugosa; embryo horizontalis.—Caulis nunc brevissimus, nunc elongatus validus. Folia ad apicem caulis conferta, vaginis imbricatis seepe longe pilosis, lamina ampla. Pedunculi in fasciculo foliorum 1-2, paniculam anguste thyrsoideam, nunc dense oblongam v. cylindraceam, nunc elongatam laxioremque ferentes. Flores parvuli, numerosi, in cymis simplicibus scorpioideis secus rhachin simplicem pedicellatis dispositi, in cyma sessilibus v. brevissime pedicellatis. Bracteæ sub cymis nunc ovatæ subimbricatæ diu persistentes, nunc Bacce nunc coccinee, nunc cerulee. caducissimæ minimæ v. 0.

Species 8, Africæ tropicæ incolæ, a Clarkeo in sectiones 2 distributæ:-1. Monostichos. ovarii loculis anticis 2- rarius 3-ovulatis, seminibus 1-seriatis. 2. Distichos, ovarii loculis anticis 6-\infty-ovulatis, seminibus 2-seriatis. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. 130, t. 5, f. 3, 4. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 15 (Commelina). Bot. Mag. t. 5318.

3. Athyrocarpus, Schlecht. Linnaa, xxvi. 454. (Pheosphærion, Hassk. in Flora, 1866, 212.)—Sepala distincta, ovata, viridula, patentia, extimo paullo latiore. Petala majora, distincta, obovato-rotundata, uno brevissime, 2 paullo longius, unguiculatis. Stamina perfecta 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, loculis parallelis, uno majore loculis hasi divaricatis; staminodia 2-3, antheridiis hastato-triangularibus. Ovarium sessile 3-loculare, loculis anticis 2-ovulatis, postico 1-ovulato. Capsula globosa, pericarpio sicco nitido fragili cæterum indehiscente. Semina loculos arcte implentia, testa rugosa v. foveolata; embryo transversus, ab hilo remotus.—Herbæ ramosæ, debiles, Commelinis simillime. Pedunculi in vaginis foliorum superiorum oriundi, sæpe cum ramulo ex eadem vagina excurrente laterales apparent, spatham latam complicatam ferentes. Cymæ intra spatham 2-fidæ, scorpioideæ. Flores in cyma brevissime pedicellati, 2-3 inferiores sæpe perfectæ, superiores v. interdum fere omnes masculi v. steriles. Capsulæ cyaneæ purpurascentes v. candidæ.

Species 3, America tropica incola a Guiana et Peruvia usque ad Mexicum extensa. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 135 (Phæosphærion). Red. Ltl. t. 472 (Commelina).

Schlechtendahl l. c. characterem generis accurate dedit et dubie tantum ei associavit Commelinam pallidam, Willd., cujus fructus ignotus fuit, quæque fructu excepto ab Athyrocarpo non differt nisi notis minoribus a Schlechtendahlio bene indicatis. Hasskarl in Commel. Ind. 8, nomen Schlechtendahlii ad genus spurium transtulit, e floribus Commelini pallidi cum fructu Athyrocarpi, fictum.

#### TRIBUS II. COMMELINEÆ.

4. Commelina, Linn. Gen. n. 62. (Erxlebia et Hedwigia, Medic. in Ram. et Ust. Mag. x. 124. Ananthopus, Raf. Fl. Ludov. 20.)—Sepala membranacea, extimo sæpius minore, 2 interioribus distinctis v. breviter connatis. Petala majora, latiora, quorum impar lateralibus brevius nunc brevissime unguiculatum. Stamina perfecta sæpius 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, una sæpius majore, loculis parallelis contiguis; staminodia 3 v. 2, antheridiis heteromorphis. Ovarium ad normam 3-loculare, loculis 2 anticis 1-2-ovulatis rarissime vacuis, postico 1-ovulato v. interdum vacuo v. omnino deficiente. Capsula sicca, interdum aqualiter 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens, loculus 3 I

posticus tamen sæpe indehiscens remanet v. septicide secedens v. abortivus v. omnino deest; rarissime loculi antici vacui connatique ligulam formant persistentem a postico deciduo solutam. Semina loculos implentia, si solitaria ellipsoidea, si gemina arcte superposita, faciebus contiguis planis, hilo lineari, testa firma sæpius nigra v. fusca varie reticulata foveolata v. rugosa; embryo horizontalis, embryostega laterali.—Herbæ ramosæ, caule debili v. rarius valido basi sæpe repente, ascendente v. erecto. Folia ovata lanceolata v. linearia, in vaginis laxis sessilia v. brevissime petiolata. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus tenues v. brevissimi, spatham late complicatam acuminatam v. interdum turbinatam v. cucullatam ferentes, interdum pedunculi plures ad apicem rami fasciculati v. subcapitati, spatha in quoque pedunculo semper solitaria. Cyma intra spatham 2-fida, ramo utroque v. uno tantum scorpioideo ∞-floro, inferiore tamen interdum ad stipitem nudum reducto. Flores cærulei flavescentes v. rarius albi, parvuli, pedicellati, succedanei, e spatha sigillatim exserti, superiores in ramo ∞-floro masculi decidui, inferiores 1-3 fertiles, pedicello post anthesin recurvo capsulam intra spatham maturescentes.

Species enumerat C. B. Clarke 88, bene notas, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersas, in America tam boreali quam australi in Africa tota et in Asia tropica frequentes, in Asia usque ad Chinam et Japoniam extensæ, in Australia tropica et subtropica inveniuntur, in Europa desunt. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 35. Gærin. Fruct. t. 15. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 138; Commel. et Cyrtandr. Beng. t. 1 ad 13. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 238, 239. Wight, Io. t. 2065, 2066. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 72, 73 f. a. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 36, 37. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 293, 294. Red. Lil. t. 206, 207, 359, 390. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 87. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 399. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 142 ad 144, 151. Schlecht. Hort. Hal. t. 7. Link, Kl. et Otto, Ic. Sel. t. 30. Bot Mag. t. 1431, 2644, 3047. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1553. Sweet, Brit. Fl. Gard. t. 3. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 166. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 104, 592.

Genus habitu insigniter homomorphum, difficillime in sectiones naturales dividitur. Kunth series 2 distinxit ad spatham a basi apertam complicatamque, v. marginibus basi plus minus connatis turbinatam v. cucullatam. Hasskarl genera nonnulla separavit ad fructus variationes definita. C. B. Clarke genus in integrum restoravit, Athyrocarpo solo excepto, et sectiones 6 sequentes proposuit, characteribus carpologicis bene limitatas, sed forte nimis artificiales:—

- 1. Eucommelina. Ovarii loculi 2 antici 2-ovulati, posticus 1-ovulatus. Capsulæ loculi antici loculicide dehiscentes, posticus indehiscens v. demum dehiscens ab anticis sæpe septicide secedens.
- 2. Heterocarpus. Ovula loculorum anticorum sæpius imperfecta v. abortiva rarius semina perfecta maturantia, cætera Eucommelinæ.
- 3. Dissecocarpus. Ovarii loculi 2, 2-ovulati, postico deficiente v. rarius rudimentario v. parvo sterilique.
- 4. Trithyrocarpus. Ovarii loculi 3, 1-ovulati. Capsula æqualiter 3-locularis, loculicide 3-valvis.

  5. Heteropyzis. Ovarii loculi 3, 1-ovulati. Capsulæ loculi 2 antici loculicide dehiscentes, posticus indehiscens, septicide secedens.
- 6. Spathodithyros. Ovarii loculi 2, 1-ovulati, dorsali deficiente. Capsula æqualiter 2-locularis, loculicide 2-valvis.

TRITHYBOCARPUS, Hassk. Commel. Ind. 24, capsula 3-loculari, loculis 1-spermis, includit sectiones Trithyrocarpum et Heteropyxidem, Clarke. Commelina a Hasskarlio reducta fuit ad species capsula 3-loculari loculis 2 2-spermis tertio 1-spermo, et includit Eucommelinam cum speciebus nonnullis Heterocarpi, Clarke. Spathodithyros, Hassk. Commel. Ind. 10, capsula 2-loculari, loculis 1-ovulatis et Dissecocarpus, Hassk. l. c. 9, pro sectionibus a Clarkeo accipiuntur.

HETEROCARPUS, Wight, Ic. vi. 29, t. 2067, genus propositum fuit ad species 2 Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis, altera floribus cæruleis, altera floribus flavis, quibus loculus posticus solus in ovario ovulum unicum includit, et in fructu septicide secedit et indehiscens remanet; loculi 2 antici, sub anthesi minuti vacuique, post anthesin clausi, cum axi fructus ligulam formant persistentem linearem, a Wightio infeliciter podocarpium dictam. C. B. Clarke in sectione sua Heterocarpo species plures Africanas addidit, loculis anticis ut n Eucommelina 2-ovulatis, ovulis tamen mox abortientibus uno rarissime semen perfectum formante. Capsula in his 2-valvatim dehiscit, loculo postico fertili valvæ posticæ adnato.

Absque fructu sectiones Clarkei v. genera Hasskarlii nequaquam distinguendæ sunt, nisi 3 priores ovarii loculis anticis 2-ovulatis subgenus Didymoon, Clarke, formantes, a 3 posterioribus loculis

omnibus 1-ovulatis seu subgenere Monoon, Clarke. Hæc etiam differentia etsi (Heterocarpo, Wight, excepto) constans, potius artificialis quam naturalis est.

LECHEA, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 60, planta chinensis botanicis recentoribus ignota, a Kunthio dubie ad Commelinam refertur; character auctoris minime convenit, et genus valde dubium remanet.

5. Polyspatha, Benth. in Hook. Nig. Fl. 543.—Sepala distincta, navicularia, extimo latiore. Petala distincta, sepalis majora, 2 longe tertium brevius unguiculata. Stamina perfecta 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, subæquales v. uno majore, loculis parallelis contiguis; staminodia 3, tenuissime filiformia, antheridiis minimis. Ovarium sessile, 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula ovoidea, obtusa, nitida, 2-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina loculos implentia, elliptica, hilo lineari laterali, testa crassiuscula ab embryostega laterali depressa subradiatim sulcato-rugosa.—Herba debilis, elatiuscula, caulibus a basi reptante ascendentibus v. erectis simplicibus. Folia majuscula, in vaginam brevissime petiolata. Spathæ complicatæ, quam in Commelina minores nec acuminatæ, secus pedunculos simplices v. paniculæ ramos paucos plures, sæpius numerosæ, dissitæ, sessiles, arcte reflexæ. Flores intra spathas plures, pedicellati, fasciculati, cymæ rhachi vix evoluta; bracteæ parvæ, latæ.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incola. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 194, t. 3.

6. Aneilema, R. Br. Prod. 270. (Anilema, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 64. Aphylax, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 271, absque char.)—Sepala libera, membranacea, viridia v. subpetaloidea, exteriore sæpius latiore. Petala obovalia, æqualia, brevissime v. 2 paullo longius unguiculata. Stamina perfecta 3 v. interdum 2, filamentis filiformibus glabris barbatisve; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, una interdum paullo majore v. minore; staminodia 2-4, antheridiis varie difformibus, rarissime perfectiora minima antheris parvis polliniferis. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare v. interdum 2-loculare, loculis 2-∞- v. (in Dictyo-Semina in loculis solitaria v. 1spermo) 1-ovulatis. Capsula loculicide dehiscens. seriata, rarius 2-seriata, in quaque serie faciebus contiguis complanatis arcte superposita, testa firma interdum ossea rugosa v. foveolata; embryo horizontalis, ab hilo remotus.-Herbæ perennes, debiles v. rarius robustæ, caulibus ascendentibus v. erectis simplicibus v. ramosis. Folia sæpius sparsa, interdum omnia radicalia v. sub inflorescentia conferta. Pedunculi sæpius terminales v. in axillis superioribus, simplices v. ramosi; cymte simplices, unilaterales, secus pedunculum v. ramos nunc breves confertæ, nunc tenues longe pedicellatæ, paniculam laxam formantes, bracteis parvis rarius herbaceis vaginantibusque; in paucis speciebus cyme singulæ paucifloræ intra bracteas complicatas inflorescentiam fere Commelina præbent.

Species fere 60, regionum calidiorum utriusque orbis incolæ, pleræque tamen gerontogeæ, in Asia usque ad Chinam et Japoniam extensæ, in Australia tropica et subtropica plures, in Africa numerosa, in America tropica paucæ. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 195.

Genus a Hasskarlio in genera plura, a Clarkeo in sectiones 5 sequentes ad capsulam divisum, quæ bene limitatæ videntur, etsi non semper naturales:-

1. Euancilema. Capsula 3-locularis, 3-valvis, seminibus in quoque loculo 1-seriatim superpositis. -C. B. Clarke, Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 14 ad 22 et t. 31 (Aclisia). Wight, Ic. t. 2072 ad 2077. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 2014. Reichb. Iconogr. Exot. t. 136 (Commelina). PRIONOSTACHYS, Hassk. in Flora, 1866, 212.

Murdannia, Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. 403, t. 95, f. 3, est A. scapiflorum, Wight, foliis omnibus radicalibus, scapo florido aphyllo basi paucivaginato cujus tamen characteres omnino Euaneilematis, et in specie affini A. Lourciri, Hance, caulis florens 1-2-foliatus, et bracteæ cymas includentes herbaceæ sunt, complicatæ, fere spathaceæ.

- In A. paucifloro, Wight, affinibusque nonnullis, cymæ in ramo perpaucæ, foliis floralibus complicatis inclusse inflorescentiam Commelinæ simulantes, sed ovarii loculi co-ovulati Ancilematis.
  - A. Thomsoni, Clarke, insignis est capsula acuminata 9 lin. longa.
- 2. Dichæspermum. Capsula 3-locularis, 3-valvis, seminibus in quoque loculo 2-seriatim superpositis. C. B. Clarke, Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 27, 28. DICHESPERMUM, Wight, Ic. vi. 31, t. 2078. Sectio formas 2 inflorescentia valde diversas includit. In A. Hamiltoniano, Wall. (D. Blumei, Hassk.), et in A. ochracco, Dalz. (D. repente, Wight), cyma paucæ bracteis complicatis spathaceis 3 T 2

- omnino Commelina inclusse, floribus in priore cæruleis, in hac flavescentibus. In A. Kænigii, Wall. (D. lanceolato, Wight), et in A. paniculato, Wall. (D. juncoido, Wight), cymæ parvæ laxe paniculatæ ad normam generis.
- 3. Dictyospermum. Capsula 3-locularis, 3-valvis, ovarii loculis 1-ovulatis. C. B. Clarke, Commel. et Cyrt. Bong. t. 23 ad 25. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 96. DICTYOSPERMUM, Wight, Ic. vi. 29, t. 2069 ad 2071. RHOPALEPHORA, Hassk. in Bot. Zeit. 1864, 58. PILETOCARPUS, Hassk. in Flora, 1866, 212.
- 4. Amelina. Capsula 2-locularis, 2-valvis, apice truncata, 2-cornuta. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 38 (Commelina). Amelina, C. B. Clarke, Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 26.
- 5. Lamprodithyros. Capsula 2-locularis, 2-valvis, apice rotundata. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 87 (Commelina), 104. BAUSCHIA, Seub. in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjöbenh. 1872, 123. LAMPRODITHYBOS, Hassk. in Peters, Mossamb. Reise, Bot. 529. Kotschy, Pl. Tinn. t. 23.
- 7. Cochliostema, Lemaire, Illustr. Hortic. vi. Misc. 70 et t. 217.—Calyx subfalcatooblongus, sepalis distinctis crassiuscule petaloideis. Petala distincta, obovato-oblonga, tenuia, fimbriato-ciliata, uno paullo angustiore longioreque. Stamina perfecta 3, filamentis brevissimis latis basi connatis cum connectivis petaloideis continuis; antheræ intermediæ loculi 2 distincti horizontaliter divaricati gyris pluribus in spiram torti, connectivo brevi dorso in appendicem planam brevem latam margine papilloso-ciliatam producto; antherarum lateralium connectivi petaloidei basi cucullati, margine interiore loculum unicum gyris numerosis in spiram tortum ferentes, ultra loculum in appendicem longam erectam angustatam producti; staminodia 2, brevissima, penicillo denso pilorum moniliformium coronata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis ∞- (10-14-) ovulatis. Capsula anguste oblonga, breviter acuminata, 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina oblongoquadrata, 2-seriatim superposita, hilo parvo; embryo sub embryostega laterali minimus. -Herba robusta, subacaulis. Folia radicalia conferta, pluripedalia, oblongo-lanceolata, basi late vaginantia. Paniculæ ad axillas erectæ, magnæ, coloratæ. Bracteæ secus pedunculum simplicem oppositæ v. 3-4-natim verticillatæ, amplæ, candidæ v. purpuras-Cymæ breviter simpliciterque scorpioideæ, ad axillas bractearum longe pedunculatæ. Flores speciosi, in cyma pedicellati, sepalis roseo-purpureis, petalis cæruleis.

Species 1, Andium Ecuadoriæ incola. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 231. Masters in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 204, t. 4. Bot. Mag. t. 5705. Fl. des Serres, t. 1837-9. Genus tam habitu quam staminibus in ordine distinctissimum.

### TRIBUS III. TRADESCANTIEÆ.

8. Buforrestia, C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 233, t. 6, 7.—Sepala distincta, lanceolata, rigida, striata, persistentia. Petala distincta, obovata, subsequalia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, hypogyna, filamentis filiformibus nudis; antheræ ovoideæ v. subglobosæ, loculis parallelis contiguis. Ovarium sessile, oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis co-(4-10-) ovulatis. Capsula oblonga, acuta, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis co, quadrata, 1-seriatim superposita, testa levi v. tuberculato-rugosa; embryo brevis, sub embryostega laterali horizontalis.—Herbæ robustæ v. tenues, basi radicantes, ramosæ, caulibus erectis simplicibus. Folia mediocria. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus solitarii v. fasciculati, simplices v. parce ramosi. Flores secus pedunculum pedicellati, vix secundi, intra bracteas parvas solitarii v. (in B. Mannii) 2-3-ni.

Species 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. E speciebus Clarkeanis excludimus B. tenuem, quæ ob inflorescentiam capitatam sessilem et ovarii loculos 2-ovulatos ad Forrestiam transferenda.

9. Forrestia, A. Rich. Sert. Astrolab. 1, t. 1. (Amischotolype, Hassk. in Flora 1863, 391.)—Sepala distincta, colorata v. subherbacea, concavo-carinata, parum inæqualia. Petala distincta, obovalia, sepalis subæquilonga, subæqualia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus superne barbatis; antheræ ovoideæ, loculis parallelis contiguis. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis v. postico 1-ovulato. Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra v. oblonga, 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 2 superposita, v. abortu solitaria, oblonga, testa plus minus rugosa, hilo lineari; embryo sub

embryostega laterali horizontalis.—Herbæ a basi repente sæpius robustæ, glabræ v. villosæ, caulibus erectis simplicibus vaginis foliorum sæpe obtectis. Folia sæpius ampla, vaginis tubulosis post folia delapsa persistentibus. Inflorescentiæ dense capitatæ, globosæ, ad axillas subsessiles, e basibus vaginarum erumpentes laterales apparent, e cymis densissime confertis constantes, floribus ipsis sessilibus. Bracteæ sæpius floribus breviores.

Species 7, quarum una Africæ tropicæ, cæteræ Indiæ orientalis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, una usque ad Formosam extensa. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 235; Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 41, 42. Bot. Mag. t. 5425.

Clarke genus ad species Asiaticas limitavit, quibus addimus F. tenuem ex Africa tropica, a Clarkeo dubie ad Buforrestiam relatam, sed ovarii loculi 2-ovulati et inflorescentia peculiaris omnino Forrestiae, Clarkeo ipso assentiente.

10. Colectrype, C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 238, t. 8.—Sepala distincta, anguste lanceolata, concavo-carinata. Corollæ tubus tenuis, cylindraceus, calycem superans; lobi obovato-orbiculati, subæquales, patentes. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, fauci affixa, lobis breviora, filamentis filiformibus barbatis; antheræ ovoideæ, subæquales, loculis parallelis contiguis. Ovarium sessile, ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 1-2-ovulatis. Capsula ovoideo-3-quetra, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria v. 2 superposita, oblongo-linearia, hilo subbasilari.—Herbæ basi repentes ramosæ, caulibus ascendentibus simplicibus. Foliorum vaginæ sæpius breves. Inflorescentiæ capituliformes, ad axillas foliorum sessiles, e basi vaginarum erumpentes, floribus quam in Forrestia paucioribus sessilibus, bracteis sæpe flores æquantibus stipatis.

Species 3, Africa austro-orientalis et Madagascaria incola. Genus Forrestia valdo affine, differt imprimis corolla tubo evoluto.

11. Cyanotts, Don. Prod. Fl. Nep. 45. (Tonningia, Neck. Elem. iii. 165. Zygomenes, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 271, absque char.)—Sepala lanceolata, carinata, basi seepius connata, subequalia. Petala subequalia, unguibus medio in tubum connatis v. rarius a basi distincta exunguiculata, laminis patentibus suborbiculatis. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, subæqualia, hypogyna v. unguibus petalorum adnata, filamentis filiformibus superne sæpissime barbatis interdumque sub apice incrassatis; antheræ oblongæ, loculis parallelis. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis, ovulo altero ascendente altero pendulo. Capsula 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpius 2, altero ascendente juxta basin affixo, altero pendulo juxta apicem affixo, testa firma foveolata rugosa v. rarius lævi; embryo in extremitate ab hilo remota horizontalis.—Herbæ sæpius debiles, repentes v. ascendentes, ramosæ. Folia varia, parva v. mediocria. Flores in sectione normali in cymas scorpioideas simplices breves densasque, axillares v. terminales, sessiles v. pedunculatas dispositi, bracteis subfoliaceis falcatis secundis 2-seriatim imbricatis arcte inclusi, petalis solis cum staminibus exsertis; in sectionibus 2 et 3 inflorescentia abnormis.

Species ad 30, regionum calidiorum orbis veteris incolæ. C. B. Clurke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 240; Commel. ct ('yrt. Beng. t. 35 ad 39. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 107, 108. Wight, Ic. t. 2082 ad 2089. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 98. Kotschy, Pl. Tinn. t. 22 (Zygomenes). Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 137. Bot. Mag. t. 1435, 5471. (Ic. veteres pleræque sub Tradescantia.)

Genus a Clarkeo in sectiones 3 inflorescentia bene distinctas dividit, quarum 1, Eucyanotis, species plerasque continet. Inflorescentia qualis supra descripta, habitu cæterum vario.

- 2. Ocreefolia. Caules ascendentes. foliis angustis. Flores ad axillas foliorum caulinorum fasciculati, intra vaginam sessiles, bracteis angustis calycibus capsulisque intra vaginam demum sæpe inflatam occultis, corolla sola tubo longo tenui cum staminibus e vagina exserta. Species 2.
- 3. Dalzellia. Caules florentes procumbentes v. repentes tenuesque. Folia parvula, cordato-ovata v. lanceolata. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus v. ad apices ramulorum tenues, sæpius breves, 1-flori v. laxe pauciflori, rarius flores plures confertos ferentes, nec scorpioidei. Flores parvi. Bractese variæ. Species 4, inter quas Dalzellia, Hassk. in Flora, 1865, 593, est C. vivipara, Dalz., rhizomate crasso, foliis radicalibus lanceolatis, caulinis parvis. Belosynapsis, Hassk. in Flora, 1871, 259 (Erythrotis, Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6150), est C. Kewensis, C. B. Clarke, foliis in caule

prostrato confertis distichis ovato-cordatis summis sub floribus diminutis, species insignis petalis a basi distinctis nec unguiculatis. Sectio tota a genere differt habitu et inflorescentia, sed ovulis seminibusque arote connectitur.

12. Streptolirion, Edgew. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 90, t. 2.—Sepala distincta, oblonga, subæqualia. Petala distincta, angusta, fere linearia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, hypogyna, filamentis filiformibus superne barbatis; antheræ transversæ, loculis connectivum latum medio subconstrictum oblique marginantibus. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis superposite 2-ovulatis. Capsula membranacea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 2, superposita, lateraliter affixa, superius infra medium, inferius supra medium; embryo sub embryostega laterali horizontalis.—Caulis ramosus, volubilis, alte scandens. Folia longe petiolata, cordato-ovata, acuminata. Inflorescentia ad apices ramulorum breviter laxeque thyrsiformis, folio florali sub inflorescentia subsessili. Cymæ scorpioideæ, simplices, secus pedunculum simplicem parum distantes, singulæ ad axillam bracteæ ovato-lanceo-latæ breviter pedunculatæ. Flores in cyma breviter pedicellati.

Species 1, Himalayana. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 261; Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 40. Wight, Ic. t. 2081.

13. Cartenema, R. Br. Prod. 271.—Sepala distincta, herbacea, lanceolata, subæqualia. Petala distincta, late obovata v. orbiculata, subæqualia, marcescentia, persistentia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, hypogyna, filamentis brevibus nudis basi interdum dilatatis; antheræ oblongæ, loculis parallelis contiguis apice rima brevi demum altius fissa v. interdum usque ad basin rima dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-locularo, loculis 2-ovulatis. Capsula loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 2, superposita, hilo parvo laterali, testa laxiuscula reticulata; embryo sub embryostega laterali minutus.—Herbæ perennes, plus minus pubescentes, rhizomate brevi crasso. Caulis erectus, simplex. Folia radicalia v. inferiora conferta, longe angusteque linearia, secus caulem breviora sparsa. Inflorescentia terminalis, longiuscule spiciformis, simplex v. parce ramosus, floribus secus pedunculum v. ramos subsessilibus approximatis v. dissitis. Bracteæ subquoque flore angustæ, acuminatæ, cum bracteola minore in pedicello brevissimo.

Species 5 v. 6, Australianæ, characteres tamen specifici ulterius probandi. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 262. Species unica extratropica, C. phylidroides, F. Muell., ex Australia austro-occidentali, a Clarkeo cum C. spicato, Br., e regione tropica jungitur, nobis tamen bene distincta videtur. Nonnullæ inter species tropicas inter se nimis affines sunt et melius notæ verisimilitor ad varietates reducendæ. Genus a toto ordine differt inflorescentia. Stamina iis Dichorisandræ accedunt.

14. Floscopa, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 192. (Dithyrocarpus, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iv. 76.)—Sepala distincta, obovata v. oblonga, concava, subequalia. Petala distincta, obovata, plana, sessilia v. 2 brevissime unguiculata. Stamina 6 v. rarius uno deficiente 5, omnia perfecta, hypogyna, filamentis filiformibus nudis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis contiguis, rarius (fide Seubertii) 3 staminum breviorum loculis connectivo lato separatis. Ovarium basi contractum v. brevissime stipitatum, 2-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula sæpius breviter stipitata, compressiuscula v. didyma, 2-locularis, pericarpio crustaceo nitido, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria, hemisphærica, hilo laterali, testa ab embryostega laterali depressa radiato-striata v. lævi; embryo horizontalis.—Caules a basi radicante ramosa ascendentes v. erecti, simplices. Folia mediocria v. rarius ampla. Flores parvuli, in paniculam terminalem brevem densam sæpius glanduloso-villosam conferti, ramis paniculæ seu cymis simplicibus v. vix ramosis a basi secundifloris nec scorpioideis, floribus singulis breviter pedicellatis. Bracteæ minutæ v. 0.

Species 11, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late disperse. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 265; Commel. et Cyrt. Beng. t. 34. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 109 (Tradescentia). Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 93 (Ansilema). Wight, Ic. t. 2079, 2080 (Dithyrocarpus). Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 35 (Dithyrocarpus).

15. Dicherisandra, Mikan, Del. Fl. et Faun. Bras. t. 3. (Stickmannia, Neck. Elem. iii. 171.)—Sepala distincta, ovata v. oblonga, viridia v. colorata, subœqualia. Petala distincta, sepalis latiora, subœqualia. Stamina 6, v. uno deficiente 5, omnia perfecta, filamentis brevibus erectis nudis ; antheræ anguste oblongæ, erectæ, filamentis sæpius longiores, loculis parallelis contiguis poro terminali dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis ∞- (4-5- rarius 2-3-) ovulatis. Capsula 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens, pericarpio crassiusculo in vivo pulposo. Semina in loculis pauca 'arillo subpulposo laxo tecta,' subglobosa v. angulata, hilo lineari ; embryo sub embryostega laterali parvus.— Herbæ perennes, caulibus erectis v. ascendentibus sæpe ramosis. Folia mediocria v. ampla, in vaginis sessilia v. petiolata, vaginis sæpe caulem obtegentibus rarius dissitis. Panicula breviter thyrsoidea, supra folia ultima sessilis v. breviter pedunculata, rarius infra folia lateralis v. in scapo radicali aphyllo ; ramuli secus pedunculum seu rhachin simplicem breves, floribus pedicellatis secundis vix tamen scorpioideis.

Species 28, Americæ tropicæ imprimis Brasiliæ incolæ, nonnullæ forte inter se nimis affines. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 272. Aubl. Pl. Gui. t. 12 (Commelina.) Nees et Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xi. t. 1. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 32, 33. Bot. Mag. t. 2721, 4733, 4760, 6165. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1196, 1440. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 569, 593. Fl. des Serres, t. 1711. Genus staminibus et capsula in ordine facile distinctum.

16. Tinantia, Scheidw. in Allgem. Gartenz. 1839, 365.—Sepala distincta, viridia, membranacea, subæqualia. Petala distincta, obovata, subæqualia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus plus minus barbatis; antherarum loculi connectivum latiusculum marginantes, obliqui; stamina 3 interdum cæteris minora antheris parum heteromorphis. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis superposite 2-5-ovulatis. Capsula 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-seriatim superposita, hilo laterali, testa rugosa v. scabra; embryo sub embryostega laterali hilo oppositus.—Herbæ erectæ, foliis mediocribus v. amplis. Pedur ulus terminalis, additis rarius 1-3 in axillis superioribus. Cyma in pedunculo terminalis, e ramis 1-3 fere a basi floridis secundis, primum scorpioideis sed jam sub anthesi rectis. Flores secus ramos pedicellati, bracteis parvis ovatis.

Species 3, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 285. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 354. Red. Lil. t. 239. Cav. Ic. t. 74. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 272, f. a. Bot. Mag. t. 1340. Bot. Reg. t. 1403. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1300. (Ic. pleræque sub Tradescantia).

Genus Tradescantiæ valde affine, differt imprimis inflorescentia, cymarum rhachi semper evoluta nec ut in Tradescantia in recoptaculum contracta. Species communis, T. fugax, Schiedw., differt insuper ovarii loculis 3-5-ovulatis, in cæteris speciebus tamen 2-ovulati sunt more Tradescantiæ.

17. Tradescantia, Linn. Gen. n. 398. (Ephemerum, Manch, Meth. 237.)-Sepala distincta, concava, subæqualia, viridia v. colorata. Petala distincta, obovata v. orbiculata, subæqualia. Stamina 6, omnia sæpius perfecta, subæqualia v. alterna breviora, filamentis barbatis v. nudis; antherarum loculi scepius connectivo lato sejuncti, ad margines obliqui, demum interdum connectivo plicato parallele approximati (rarius connectivo angusto contigui?); anthere staminum breviorum interdum heteromorphæ. Ovarium 3-loculare. Capsula 3-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis superposite 2-ovulatis. loculis 2, superposita, hilo laterali breviter lineari, testa reticulato-rugosa sæpius ab embryostega radiatim sulcata; embryo sub embryostega laterali horizontalis, hilo oppositus. —Herbæ perennes, basi radicantes, caulibus simplicibus v. ramosis diffusis ascendentibus v. erectis. Folia varia. Cymæ simplices, ob rhachin brevissimam ad receptaculum reductam fasciculiformes, falso umbellæ dictæ, nunc intra basin foliorum floralium complicatorum v. concavorum sessiles sæpe geminæ, nunc (parvifloræ) in panicula densa confertæ v. in panicula tenui laxa longe pedunculatæ. Flores in cyma plus minus pedicellati. numerosi v. pauci, more ordinis centrifuge evoluti, rarissime solitarii.

Species ad 32, omnes Americanæ, boreales v. tropicæ. C. R. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 287. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 15. Cav. Ic. t. 75. Red. Lil. t. 94, 95. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 355. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 24. Barton, Fl. N. Amer. t. 41. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 672, 673. Ruis et

Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 272, f. b. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 152 ad 154. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 34. Lehm. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xiv. t. 48. Mart. Ausw. Merkw. Pfl. t. 7. Schlecht. Hort. Hal. t. 11. Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 7. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 654, 665. Bot. Mag. t. 105, 1597, 1598, 2935, 3291, 3501, 3546, 5188. Bot. Reg. t. 1055; 1840, t. 34, 42. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1513, 1560.

Inflorescentia generis primo aspectu polymorpha apparet, nam cymæ densissimæ intra folia floralis sessiles T. virginicæ affiniumque, habitum præbent longe ab illo T. geniculatæ affiniumque, quibus cymæ minimæ in panicula tenui laxa pedunculatæ, revera tamen in toto genere conformis est, cymæ nempe ob rhachin in receptaculum brevissimum contractam fasciculiformes sunt simplices v. 2-fdæ, flores semper unilaterales secundique centrifuge evolvuntur, nec centripetim quaquaversi ut in umbella vera. Inflorescentia cæterum specierum plurium inter illam T. virginicæ et T. geniculatæ plus minus intermedia sectiones ad hunc characterem definire prohibet. Clarke species plerasque in sectiones 2 melius definitas sed minime naturales distribuit: 1. Eutradescantia, staminibus subæqualibus antheris consimilibus; et 2. Descantaria, staminibus 3 brevioribus antheris plus minus dissimilibus; et sectionem tertiam Monantham addidit pro specie unica tenella Mexicana a nobis non visa, pedunculis 1-floris axillaribus terminalibusque.

Hasskarl aliique genera sequentia proposuerunt ad species varias a Clarkeo rite ad Tradescantiam

Knowlesia, Hassk. Commel. Ind. 5, est T. spicata, Knowles et Westc. Fl. Cab. iii. 133, t. 124, a Clarkeo inter varietates T. virginica inclusa.

Mandonia, Hassk. in Flora, 1871, 260, nomen ab auctore in Esterr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1872, 147 in Skopitziam mutatum, est T. ambiqua, Mart., species T. virginica affinis.

DESCANTARIA, Schlecht. in Linnæa, xxvi. 140, et DISGREGA, Hassk. Commel. Ind. 6, genera potius indicata quam definita, ad sectionem Descantariam, C. B. Clarke pertinent.

HETERACHTHIA, Kunze in Bot. Zeit. 1850, 1, includit T. pulchellam et T. gracilem, H. B. et K.; species sunt teneræ, procumbentes, foliis parvis, floribus parvulis, cymis pedunculatis, antherarum connectivo transversim elongato quasi divaricato-2-lobo, lobis apice loculiferis; a Clarkeo in Eutradescantia includuntur.

PYBRHEIMA, Hassk. in Flora, 1869, 366; C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 271, est T. fuscata, Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 374; Bot. Mag. t. 2330; Bot. Reg. t. 482, species habitu insignis, humilis sed robusta, pilis rufis dense vestita, cymis fasciculiformibus inter folia sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis. Generice distincta fuit ob ovula a Kunthio in quoque loculo 4-5 2-seriata dicta, sed hic latet error, nam capsulæ loculi a variis auctoribus 2-spermi dicuntur, et in speciminibus nostris florentibus ovarii loculos semper ut in Tradescantia 2-ovulatos invenimus.

18. Callista, Linn. in Læft. Itin. 305; Gen. n. 63.—Sepala distincta, latiuscula v. anguste oblonga, viridula v. subscariosa, subæqualia. Petala distincta, obovalia v. oblonga, subæqualia. Stamina 3, v. ad unum reducta, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus nudis; antherarum loculi connectivo lato sejuncti, v. connectivo angustissimo paralleli contigui. Ovarium sessile, 2-3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Capsula globoso-3-quetra v. 2-dyma, 3- v. 2-locularis, loculicide dehiscens. Semina sub-3-gona, hilo minuto laterali, testa lævi rugosa v. ab embryostega laterali radiato-striata.—Herbæ teneræ, repentes, caulibus ascendentibus simplicibus v. superne paniculato-ramosis. Flores parvi, cymis ob rhachin brevissimam in receptaculum contractam fasciculiformibus, singuli in cyma pedicellati. Bracteæ nunc lineares scariosæ, nunc minim v. v. 0.

Species 4, Americae tropicae incolae. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 309.

Genus in sectiones 2 vix non pro generibus distinctis habendas dividitur :-

- 1. Hapalanthus. Cymæ intra spathas seu folia floralia complicata sessiles, bracteis linearibus. Antherarum loculi, more Tradeccantiæ sejuncti, connectivum latissimum marginantes. Stylus longiuscule filiformis. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 73, f. b. Hapalanthus, Jacq. Stirp. Amer. 11, t. 11.
- 2. Leptocallisia. Cymse tenuiter pedunculatse, in paniculum laxam e folio florali exsertam dispositse, bracteis brevissimis v. 0. Antherarum loculi oblongi, paralleli, contigui, connectivo angustissimo v. vix ullo. Lam. Illustr. t. 35. Bot. Mag. t. 4849 (Tradescantia).
- 19. Spironema, Lindl. in Bot. Rej. 1840, Misc. 26, t. 47.—Sopala distincta, oblongoianecolata, subscariosa, subsequalia. Petala distincta, late oblonga, subsequalia. Stamina

6, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus fere capillaribus in alabastro valde flexuosis demum longe exsertis; antherarum connectivum latum, cordatum, planum, fere hyalinum, loculis auriculis basalibus afiixis. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Fructus . . .—Herba robusta, rhizomate repente v. stolonifero, caulibus foliatis brevibus crassis. Folia oblongo-lanceolata, in vaginis subimbricatis sessilia. Panicula elata, rigida, ramis paucis longis divaricatis v. recurvis. Florum cymæ dense capituliformes, globosæ, seous ramos paniculæ sessiles, distantes, bracteis paleaceis capitulum non v. vix superantibus stipatæ. Flores in cyma numerosi, subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, bracteis lanceolatis scariosis intermixti.

Species 1, Mexicana. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii, 313. Lindb. in Act. Soc. Sc. Fenn. x. t. 4.

20. Campelia, L. C. Rich. Demonstr. Bot. ou Anal. Fr. 46, nomen tautum pro Zanonia substitutum. (Zanonia, Crum. Emun. 75 ex Schult. Syst. vii. 1179. Gonatandra, Schlecht. Linnæa, xxiv. 659.)—Sepala distincta, in pedicellum turbinato-incrassatum decurrentia, concava, exterius carinatum. Petala distincta, late orbiculata. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. seriei interioris basi segmentis adnata, filamentis filiformibus superne barbatis; antherarum connectivum 2-fidum, lobis linearibus reflexis extremitate loculiferis. Ovarium sessile, 3- rarius 2-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis. Capsula calyce oblique aucto crassiusculo inclusa, pedicello carnoso incrassato fulta, pericarpio membranaceo, loculicide dehiscens, sæpe tamen abortu 1-2-sperma. Semina fere hemisphærica, hilo lineari, testa rugosa v. ab embryostega obscure radiata; embryo sub embryostega laterali parvus, horizontalis. -Herba robusta. Folia majuscula, oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata. Pedunculi e vaginis foliorum inferiorum v. delapsorum erumpentes, elongati, simplices v. superne in ramulos 2-3 divisi, aphylli. Vaginæ sub ramulis scariosæ. Spathæ (v. folia floralia) ad apicem pedunculi v. ramulorum 2, herbaceæ, complicatæ, acuminatæ, divaricato-patentes v. reflexæ. Cymæ rhachi brevissima fasciculiformes, intra spatham sessiles, bracteis parvis. Flores in cyma pedicellati.

Species 1, in America tropica late dispersa. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 314 Gærtn. Fruct. t. 15 (Commelina Zanonia). Red. Ltl. t. 192 (Commelina). Nees et Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xi. t. 1, f. 4. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. iii. t. 151 (Tradescantia). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 833.

21. Sauvallea, Wright in Sauv. Fl. Cub. 156.—Sepala distincta, subæqualia, exterius carinatum. Petala distincta, lata, subæqualia. Stamina 6, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus inferne barbatis; antherarum loculi oblongi, apice connectivo parum dilatato affixi, primum penduli paralleli, demum divaricati. Ovarium 2-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis, ovulo altero ascendente altero descendente. Fructus . . .—Caules debiles, procumbentes v. reptantes, ramosi, ramis florentibus breviter ascendentibus. Folia parvula, late ovata, in vaginis brevibus subsessilia, interdum basi cordata. Spatha terminalis, lata, complicata, vix acuminata. Flos in spatha unicus, breviter pedicellatus, vix e spatha exsertus.

Species 1, Cubensis. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 315.
Genus habitu Callisiam repentem referens, sed adhuc imperfecte notum. A Callisia certe differt

Genus habitu Callisiam repentem referens, sed adhuc imperfecte notum. A Callisia certe differentiation in spatha solitariis, staminibus perfectis 6, et (si rite observatæ) antheris.

22. Rhoeo, Hance in Walp. Ann. iii. 659.—Sepala distincta, ovata, subæqualia, subpetaloidea. Petala paullo majora, distincta, subæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus barbatis; antherarum loculi connectivum latum marginantes, obliqui. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula perianthio persistente marcescente nec aucto stipata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in capsula 1-3, fere hemisphærica, hilo lineari, testa valde rugosa; embryostega in fundo foveolæ latæ lateralis.—Caules breves, robusti. Folia longa, conferta, subtus sæpe violacea. Pedunculi breves, simplices v. 2-3-fidi, in axillis inferioribus v. vaginis defoliatis solitarii, vagina laxa lata instructi. Spathæ in pedunculo terminales, sæpius geminæ, horizontales, complicatæ, fere cymbiformes, flores numerosos densissime cymosos includentes. Pedicelli breves, perianthiis solis exsertis. Capsulæ parvæ, spatha inclusæ.

Species 1, America centralis incola?, olim ex ore Mosquito in Jamaicam allata, unde in hortis variis tam Asia et Africa quam Europa et America transmissa, jamdiu ornamenti gratia culta. Specimina sylvestria in herbariis nostris desunt. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 316. Lhir. Sert. Angl. t. 12. Sm. Io. Piot. t. 10. Red. Lil. t. 168. Bot. Mag. t. 1192, 5079. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 48. (Io. omnes sub Tradescantia.)

23. Lepterhece, Hemsl.; C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 317.—Sepala distincta, ovata, subsequalia, viridia. Petala paullo majora, distincta, ovata, subsequalia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus nudis; antherarum loculi curvuli, connectivum latum marginantes. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula ovoidea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria, a dorso complanata, subquadrata, hilo parvo centrali, testa foveolato-rugosula, embryostega dorsali.—Herba tenera, ramosa, radicans, habitu fere Callisiæ sect. Leptocallisiæ. Folia parvula, lanceolata. Pedunculi filiformes, axillares terminalesque, cymam parvam fasciculiformem ferentes, rhachi brevissima v. rarius breviter evoluta. Bractea sub cyma interdum complicata spathiformis, sæpius tamen parva; bracteæ in cyma minimæ, membranaceæ, subhyalinæ. Flores minimi, tenuiter pedicellati. Capsulæ parvæ.

Species 1, Americæ tropicæ incola, a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum extensa.

24. Zebrina, Schnitzl. in Bot. Zeit. 1849, 870.—Calyx membranaceus, tubulosus, superne 3-fidus, v. 2-fidus lobo altero latiore 2-nervi. Corollæ tubus tenuis, calyce longior; lobi ovati, patentes, subæquales. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, omnia perfecta, filamentis filiformibus nudis v. barbatis; antherarum connectivum transversum, quasi divaricato-2-lobum, lobis angustis brevibusve extremitate loculiferis. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 1-2-ovulatis. Capsula subgloboso-3-quetra, sæpe stipite recurvo e basi perianthii lateraliter exserta, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis solitaria, fere hemisphærica, hilo parvo oblongo, testa rugulosa, embryostega laterali.—Herbæ laxe decumbentes scandentes v. pendulæ, ramosæ. Folia ovato-lanceolata. Spathæ in pedunculo terminali geminæ, complicatæ, sæpe inæquales, latiusculæ. Cymæ in spathis sessiles, fasciculiformes, pauci- v. multi-floræ, bracteis parvis. Flores parvuli, breviter pedicellati. Adest etiam interdum flos solitarius in axilla folii caulini.

Species 2, regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incolæ. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 317. Done. in Rev. Hortic. 1855, 141, cum vc.

25. Weldenia, Schult. in Flora, 1829, 3, t. 1. (Lampra, Benth. Pl. Hartw. 95.)—Calyx membranaceus, longe laxeque tubulosus, sæpius spathaceo-fissus, apice breviter 3-fidus. Corollæ tubus tenuis, calyce multo longior; lobi lati, patentes, subæquales. Stamina 6, fauci v. sub apice tubi affixa, filamentis breviter filiformibus nudis; antheræ erectæ, oblongo-lanceolatæ, loculis linearibus connectivum parum dilatatum marginantibus. Ovarium ovoideum, loculis  $\infty$ - (ad 6-) ovulatis. Capsula . . .—Radix tuberosa, fasciculata (Schiede). Caulis brevis, simplex, basi vaginis 1-2 laxissimis instructus. Folia ad apicem caulis  $\infty$ , conferta, calyces duplo superantia, circa flores quasi involucrum formantia. Florum cyma densissime fasciculiformis, inter folia sessilis. Calyces sessiles, 1½-pollicares v. paullo longiores. Corollæ tubus 3-3½-pollicaris.

Species 1, in summis montibus Mexici et Americae centralis rarissime lecta. Nos specimen unicum Hartwegianum vidimus. C. B. Clarke in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 319. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1236 (Lampra).

# ORDO CLXXXIV. RAPATEACEE.

Endl. Gen. 131 (Juncaceaeum genus). Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 187 (Xyridaceaeum genus). Kærnicke, Monogr. der Rapateaceen, in Linnæa, xxxvii. 417.

Flores hermaphroditi, regulares. Perianthium inferum, duplici serie 3-merum, exterius calycinum, interius corollinum. Calycis tubus hyalinus, interdum brevissimus v. vix ullus; lobi paleacei, rigiduli, lanceolati, acuti, æstivatione convoluto-imbricati. Corollæ tubus sæpius hyalinus, cylindraceus; lobi late ovati, patentes, petaloidei, æstivatione late convoluti. Stamina 6, fauci affixa, corolla breviora, erecta; filamenta brevia, sæpius brevissima. Antheræ lineares, basifixæ, obtuse sub-4-gonæ, introrsum sulcatæ, basi saltem 4-locellatæ, locellis superne confluentibus, apice poro unico introrsum obliquo v. rima brevi (rarissime poro duplici?) dehiscentibus. Ovarium superum, sessile, corollæ tubo inclusum, obtusum retusum v. 3-lobum, perfecte v. interdum imperfecte 3-loculare. Stylus terminalis v. inter lobos ovarii affixus, crassiuscule filiformis, indivisus, stigmate terminali parvo indiviso vix v. non incrassato. Ovula in quoque loculo solitaria v. pauca (interdum usque ad 8), a fundo erecta, v. axi lateraliter affixa, anatropa. Capsula sessilis, basi sæpe pericarpio membranaceo indivisa, superne sæpe latior v. interdum a basi lata, pericarpio (excepto Spathantho) rigidulo, in valvas 3 medio septiferas dehiscens. Semina ubi nota ovoidea oblonga v. subglobosa; testa crassiuscula levis v. minute reticulato-striata, apice interdum in appendicem breviter conicam v. mitræformem albidam celluloso-subspongiosam producta. Albumen copiosum, farinaceum. Embryo lenticularis, prope hilum albumini applicitum.

Herbæ perennes, sæpe paludosæ sæpiusque robustæ, rhizomate crasso brevi. Folia radicalia, vaginis sæpius distiche imbricatis conduplicatis longis angustisque v. latissimis crassisque, lamina late lineari lanceolata v. oblonga, sæpius longa, acuminata, basi petiolata v. in vaginam sessili ; costa parum prominula, venis lateralibus tenuibus subparallelis, interdum venulis transversis numerosis minimis reticulato-connexis. Scapus inter folia erectus, simplex, nudus, v. basi vagina interdum laminam brevem ferente stipatus. Flores (excepto Spathantho) in capitulo terminali globoso v. latiusculo sessiles, v. in una specie breviter pedicellati, singuli bracteolis numerosis imbricatis persistentibus perianthii tubum occultantibus involucrum Compositarum simulantibus stipati. Corolla post anthesin citissime evanescit, calycis lobi conniventes convolutique e bracteolis exserti usque ad fructus maturitatem persistunt. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes sæpissime 2, oppositæ, parum inæquales, basi latæ, acuminatæ, interdum herbaceæ, persistentes, nunc membranaceæ mox evanescentes, v. rarius omnino deesse videntur. In Spathantho capitulum spiciforme, secundum, bractea unica spathacea erecta inclusum.

Species ad 20 Brasilianæ v. Guianenses, parum intra fines Venezuelæ extensæ.

Ordo parvus, olim sub nomine Rapateæ inter genera Juncaceus affinia inclusus, insigniter tamen differt inflorescentia, perianthio, staminibus et seminibus. Ab ordinibus præcedentibus albumine farinaceo donatis distinguitur imprimis ovulis anatropis, embryone juxta hilum lenticulari. Semina iis Flagellariearum accedunt, sed habitus perianthium etc. longe distant.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Flores in capitula globasa v. compresso plures, singuli bracteolis imbricatis arcie stipati.
- 1. Cephatostemon. Bracteolæ basi appressæ, acumine setaceo v. pungente instructæ. Ovula in loculis solitaria, a basi crecta. Antheræ ultra loculos anticos breviter productæ, ibidem rima introrsum dehiscentes, inappendiculatæ.—Brasilia, Guiana.
- 2. RAPATEA. Bracteolæ undique appressæ, obtusæ. Ovula in loculis solitaria, a basi erecta. Antheræ ultra loculos anticos breviter productæ, appendicula cochleata instructæ, poro intra basin appendiculæ dehiscentes. Bracteæ involucrantes herbaceæ.—Bras. bor., Guiana.
  - 8. Saxofridericia. Bracteolæ Rapates. Ovula in loculis 2-co. lateraliter rarius fere a

- basi affixa. Antheræ ultra loculos anticos breviter productæ, inappendiculatæ, poro v. rima obliqua dehiscentes. Bracteæ involucrantes membranaceæ, latæ.—Bras. bor., Guiana.
- 4. STEGOLEPIS. Bracteole Rapates. Ovula in loculis 2-00 rarius solitaria, axi lateraliter affixa. Anthere apice nec products nec appendiculate, poro obliquo dehiscentes. Bractee involucrantes tenuiter membranaces, mox evanescentes v. 0.—Guiana.
- 5. SCHENOCEPHALIUM. Bracteolæ Rapateæ. Ovula in loculis 2. Antheræ apice nec productæ nec appendiculatæ, poro duplici dehiscentes. Bracteæ involucrantes deflexæ, pro maxima parte occultæ.—Brasilia bor.
- \*\* Flores unilateraliter spicati, intra spatham erectam complicatam sessiles, densissime conferti.
  - 6. Spathanthus. Bracteolæ lineares, subæquales, laxæ, calcyce parum breviores. Ovarium alte 3-lobum, ovulis in quoque lobo 2. Capsula 1-sperma, lobis 2 ovarii immutatis ad basin capsulæ persistentibus.—Guina.
- 1. Cephalostemon, Rob. Schomb. Rapat. und Saxofrid. 9, charactere quoad stylum falso. —Calycis tubus hyalinus; lobi rigide paleacei, e bracteolis exserti. Corollæ tubus hyalinus, lobi lati. Antheræ apice postice ultra locellos anticos productæ, ibidem rima brevi antice dehiscentes, inappendiculatæ. Ovarium latum, apice retusum, vix perfecte 3-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, a basi erecta. Capsula lata, ima basi brevissime indivisa, fere ad basin in valvas 3 coriaceas loculicide dehiscens. Semina 3 v. abortu pauciora, erecta, ovoidea, apice appendice albida papilloso-subspongiosa mitræformi coronata.—Herbæ perennes. Folia radicalia, graminea v. longe linearia. Scapus elatus v. brevis, basi vagina longa interdum laminam brevem ferente stipata. Flores in capitulo terminali plures, sessiles, singuli bracteolis numerosis basi ovatis imbricatis appressis superne setaceo-acuminatis v. in acumen lanceolatum pungensque attenuatis stipati. Bracteæ sub capitulo involucrantes 2, herbaceæ, lineari-lanceolatæ, floribus paullo longiores.
- Species 4, Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ. Kærn. in Linnæa xxxvii. 443, quarum 2 solæ nobis notæ, bracteolis longe setaceo-acuminatis. C. gracilis, Schomb. (Rapatea gracilis, Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 168, analysi ex Kærn. quoad stylum erronea), bracteolis ut in prioribus setaceo-acuminatis, et C. squarrosa, Kærn. (Rapatea squarrosa, Kunth), bracteolis in acumen lanceolatum pungens attenuatis, nobis ignotæ sunt, hæc ex Kærnickio sectionem bene distinctam format.
- 2. Rapatea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 305, t. 118. (Mnasium, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 214.)—Calycis tubus hyalinus, lobi rigide paleacei, lanceolati, acuti, convoluto-imbricati. Corollæ tubus hyalinus; lobi lati. Antheræ postice ultra loculos anticos in collum breve, apice appendice erecta cochleata instructum productæ, poro intra basin cochleæ dehiscentes. Ovarium sessile, imperfecte 3-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, a basi erecta. Capsula obovoidea v. clavata, basi pericarpio tenui indivisa, supra medium v. fere ad basin in valvas 3 coriaceas loculicide dehiscens. Semina oblonga, obtusa, subteretia, inappendiculata.—Herbæ e rhizomate crasso robustæ, v. humiles. Folia radicalia, elongata v. lanceolata, longe petiolata v. in vaginam complicatam subsessilia. Scapus elatus v. brevis, nudus. Flores in capitulo sessiles, v. (in R. paludosa) breviter pedicellati, singuli bracteolis numerosis imbricatis appressis obtusiusculis ab infimis ovatis gradatim longioribus stipati. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes 2, herbaceæ, a basi lata longe acuminatæ.

Species 5 (v. 6?), Guianze et Brasilize borealis incolze. Karn. in Linnova, xxxvii. 461. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 127, t. 17. Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. t. 4.

- R. Frulerici-Augusti, Schomb. Rapat. und Saxofr. 11, t. 1, ex ic. et descr., nobis eadem videtur ac R. paludosa, Aubl.
- 3. Saxofridericia, Rob. Schomb. Rapatea Friderici-Augusti und Saxofridericia regalis, 4to, Braunschweig, 1845, 13, t. 2.—Calycis tubus hyalinus; lobi rigide paleacei, lanceolati, acuti, convuluto-imbricati. Corollæ tubus hyalinus; lobi lati. Antheræ ultra loculos anticos breviter productæ nec distincte appendiculatæ, apice poro v. rima obliqua unica dehiscentes. Ovarium sessile, imperfecte v. perfecte 3-loculare; ovula in loculis  $\infty$  (2-8),

axi lateraliter affixa, 1-2-seriatim superposita, v. rarius ad basin loculi conferta. Capsula obovoidea v. clavata, basi interdum pericarpio tenui indivisa, superne v. interdum usque ad basin in valvas 3 coriaceas loculicide dehiscens. Semina . . .—Herbæ robustæ, rhizomate crasso. Folia radicalia, longa, petiolata v. in vagina sessilia. Scapus elatus, sub capitulo sæpius incrassatus. Flores in capitulo sessiles, singuli bracteolis numerosis imbricatis appressis acutis ab infimis ovatis gradatim longioribus, stipati. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes 2, a basi lata acuminatæ, membranaceæ, facileque fissæ, v. in S. regali subherbaceæ, iis Rapateæ similiores.

Species nobis adsunt 5, Guianæ v. Brasiliæ borealis incolæ, Kærn. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 452, in sectiones 2 distribuendæ:—

- 1. Normales. Folia longissima, coriacea, basi angustata nec petiolata, inermia. Ovula in S. regali et in specie altera inedita in quoque loculo 6- $\infty$ , 2-seriata, in tertia specie 2, fere a basi erecta.
- 2. Acrotheca, Kærn. l. c. 456. Folia petiolo longo margine utrinque aculeato fulta, lamina chartacea inter venas longitudinales venulis transversis numerosis parallelis eleganter reticulata. Bracteolæ angustæ. Ovula in loculis 2 superposita, v. 4 2-seriata. Species 2, a Kærnickio l. c. fusius descriptæ.
- 4. Stegolepis, Klotzsch ex Kærn. in Linnea, xxxvii. 480.—Calycis tubus brevis, hyalinus; lobi rigide paleacei, e bracteolis exserti. Corollæ tubus hyalinus, lobi lati. Antheræ apice inappendiculatæ, poro unico introrsum obliquo dehiscentes. Ovarium obovoideum, obtusum, 3-loculare; ovula in quoque loculo 2-8, 1-2-seriatim superposita, axi lateraliter affixa, rarius ad unum reducta, sæpe tamen plura mox abortiva. Capsula (ubi nota) basi pericarpio tenui indivisa, superne latior in valvas 3 coriaceas loculicide dehiscens. Semina . . .—Folia radicalia, longa, angusta, nunc basi in vaginam latam crassam complicatam abrupte dilatata, nunc cum vagina angustiore continua. Scapi nudi v. basi vagina brevi stipati. Flores in capitulo globoso plures v. numerosi, sessiles, singuli bracteolis numerosis imbricatis appressis ab infimis ovatis gradatim longioribus stipati. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes 2, tenuissime membranaceæ, mox evanescentes v. sub floribus occultæ v. interdum ut videtur omnino desunt.
- Species 3 v. 4, Guianenses. In specie typica, S. guianensi, Kl., flores cum bracteolis majusculi, ovula ex Kærn. in loculis ad 4, in floribus pluribus a nobis examinatis a vermibus destructa fuerunt. Bracteæ sub capitulo florente sæpissime nullæ apparent, in uno specimine tamen reliquias nonnullas parvas vidimus. In S. æmulante (genus Monotrema, Kærn. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 475), flores cum bracteolis multo minores, in capitulo numerosi, ovula in loculis solitaria (lateraliter nec basi affixa) v. interdum 2, et bracteæ tonuiter membranaceæ sub capitulo florente sæpius nec semper persistentes. In specie tertia inedita, quoad capitula inter S. guianensem et S. æmulanten media, ovula in loculis 2 superposita, et bracteæ sub capitulo deesse videntur. Monotrema flavum, Kærn., e Venezuela, nobis ignotum est.
- 5. Schoenocephalium, Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 130, t. 18, 19.—Calycis tubus 0, sepala libera, paleacea, e bracteolis exserta. Corollæ tubus brevis, lobi lati. Antheræ apice inappendiculatæ, poro duplici dehiscentes. Ovarium obconicum, 3-loculare; ovula in quoque loculo 2, superposita (Kærn.), collateralia (Seub.). Capsula ovoidea, in valvas 3 loculicide dehiscens. Semina in quoque loculo 2, exappendiculata v. appendice obliqua pugioniformi instructa.—Folia radicalia, disticha, linearia v. lanceolata, vaginis conduplicatis. Scapi audi? v. basi vagina stipati. Flores in capitulo globoso sessiles, bracteolis numerosis imbricatis appressis obtusis ab infimis ovatis gradatim longioribus. Bracteæ capitulum involucrantes 2, deflexæ, sub floribus pro maxima parte occultæ. (Char. ex Seubertio et Kærnickio.)

Species 2, Brasiliæ borealis incolæ, a nobis non visæ, et quoad characteres nonnullos in speciminibus perfectis ulterius probandæ. Kærn. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 483. Genus evidenter Stegolepidi valde affine.

6. Spathanthus, Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. 45, t. 4.—Calycis tubus brevissimus v. 0; sepala late lanceolata, paleacea bracteolas non v. vix superantia. Corollæ

tubus cylindraceus; lobi ovati, patentes. Antheræ apice inappendiculatæ, superne sæpius incurvæ, poro unico obliquo dehiscentes. Ovarium alte 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus inter lobos affixus; ovula in quoque loculo 2, erecta v. ascendentia. Fructus abortu 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio membranaceo vix demum dehiscente, ovarii lobis cæteris abortientibus immutatis ad basin lobi fertilis persistentibus. Semen oblongum, obtusum, inappendiculatum, teres, testa crassiuscula tenuissime striato-rugosula; albumen et embryo normalia.—Folia radicalia, disticha, longa, coriacea, in petiolum contracta, basi in vaginam longam angustam complicatam dilatata. Scapi axillares, nudi, apice cum spatha erecta complicata acuminata continui. Flores intra spatham sessiles, densissime conferti, in spicam unilateralem dispositi, margines spathæ non v. vix superantes. Bracteolæ numerosæ, lineares, laxæ, subæquilongæ et vix sepalis breviores.

Species 1, Guianensis. Kærn. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 488. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 18, f. 2. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 11 (Mnasium).

Massium sphorocephalum, Rudge, l.c. t. 12, ex ordine excludendum, est Thurnia, Hook. f., infra ad calcem Juncacearum descripta.

### Orbo CLXXXV. FLAGELLARIEE.

Endl. Gen. 131 (JUNCACEARUM genus).

Flores hermaphroditi v. dioici, regulares. Perianthium inferum, ab ovario liberum, persistens, tubo 0; segmenta 6, distincta, parva, sub-2-seriatim imbricata, parum inæqualia, sicca v. subpetaloidea. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. basi segmentis breviter adhærentia; filamenta libera, filiformia. Anthera ovatue v. oblongæ, basifixæ, erectæ, loculis 2 parallelis introrsum rima longitudinali dehiscentibus. Ovarium superum, 3-loculare. Stylus brevis ramis 3 stigmatosis v. stigmata 3 distincta, linearia v. depressa. Ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, axi lateraliter affixa. Fructus succulentus v. drupaceus, parvus, indehiscens, loculis v. pyrenis 3 v. abortu 2 v. 1. Semina ovoidea globosa v. hemisphærica, lateraliter affixa, testa membranacea v. crassiuscula. Albumen copiosum, farinaceum. Embryo lenticularis, prope hilum albumini appressus.

Caules elati, validi v. scandentes, foliati. Folia sepe longa, tenuiter multivenia, v. prominenter plicato-venosa. Panicula terminalis, sepius ampla, ramosissima, supra folia subsessilis, floribus numerosis parvis secus ramulos sessilibus sepe fasciculatis. Bractee ad basin ramulorum paniculæ interdum lanceolatæ, sub floribus minutæ v. 0.

Species 6 v. forte 7 v. 8, regionum calidiorum orbis veteris incolæ.

Ordo parvus, interdum Juncaceis relatus, v. cum Astelia genere Liliacearum comparatus, sed seminum structura ei Rapateacearum subsimilis, cum neutro ordine jungere sinit.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Flagrilabia. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthium (parvum) subpetaloideum. Drupa 1-sperma rarius 2-sperma, endocarpio osseo. Caulis scandons. Folia tenuiter multivenia, acumine in cirrum spiralem desinente.—Reg. trop. Asiæ, Africæ, Australiæ, et in ins. maris Pacifici.
- 2. Joinvilles. Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta sicca, acuta. Drupa sepius 3-pyrena. Caulis erectus. Folia plicato-venosa, acumine recto.—Archip. Malay., ins. maris Pacifici.
- 3. Susum. Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta sicca, obtusa. Bacca 1-3-sperma. Caulis erectus. Folia tenuiter multivenia, seepius transverse venulosa, acumine recto.—Zeylania, Archip. et Penins. Malay.
- 1. Fiagellaria, Linn. Gen. n. 450.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta ovata, obtusiuscula, subpetaloidea. Stylus alte v. fere ad basin divisus in ramos stigmatesos 3 subintegros v. 2-partitos. Dr. pa parva, subglobosa v. ovoidea, exocarpio

tenui succulento, endocarpio osseo 1-spermo, rarius didymo 2-loculari 2-spermo. Semen globosum v. ovoideum, testa membranacea appressa.—Caulis alte scandens, uti tota planta glaber, vaginis foliorum obtectus. Folia elongata, contigue tenuiterque multinervia, basi supra vaginam rotundata, apice in cirrum spiraliter tortum desinentia. Flores parvi, secus ramos paniculæ terminalis dense fasciculati v. breviter spicati. Bracteæ parvæ, squamiformes.

Species 2, altera per regiones calidiores orbis veteris late dispersa, altera foliis multo majoribus, floribus tamen multo minoribus, ins. Viti incola, a *F. plicata*, Hook. f., quæ *Joinvillea*, bene distincts. *Kunth*, *Enum. Pl.* iii. 369. *Red. Lil. t.* 257. *Schnitzl. Ic.* i. t. 51 b.

2. Joinvillea, Gaud. Voy. Bonite, t. 39, 40, absque char.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta rigidula, acuta. Styli 3, distincti, lineares v. brevissimi, a basi stigmatosi, indivisi. Drupa parva, subglobosa, 2-3-sulca, exocarpio succulento, endocarpio osseo 2-3-pyreno, 2-3-spermo. Semina subglobosa v. ovoidea, testa membranacea appressa.—Caulis erectus, elatus, robustus, vaginis foliorum usque ad inflorescentiam obtectus. Folia longa, insigniter plicato-venosa, acumine longiusculo recto nec cirrifero, basi angustata. Flores parvi, secus ramos paniculæ amplæ sessiles, fasciculati v. solitarii. Bracteæ minimæ v. 0.

Species 2 v. 3, Archipelagi Malayani v. insularum maris Pacifici usque ad Novam Caledoniam incolæ. Hook. f. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 200, t. 6 (Flagellariæ sect. Chortodes). Seem. Fl. Vit. 315 (Flagellaria).

3. Susum, Blume; Schult. Syst. vii. 95 et 1493.—Flores dioici. Perianthii segmenta sicca, ovato-orbiculata, obtusa, concava, subæqualia, valde imbricata. Fl. &: Stamina circa ovarii rudimentum clavato-3-gonum v. 6-gonum, basi perianthii segmentis adnata iisque longiora. Fl. Q: Staminodia parva v. 0. Stigmata 3, in ovario sessilia, lata, adnata, in discum pulvinatum sub-3-dymum connata, v. parum prominula. Bacca vix drupacea, indehiscens, pericarpio succulento, endocarpio membranaceo 3-loculari. Semina in loculis v. abortu in fructu solitaria, orbiculata fere hemisphærica v. late ovalia, a dorso compressa, media facie interiore ad hilum concava, testa crassiuscula; embryo ordinis.—Caulis erectus, robustus. Folia radicalia 2-8-pedalia, petiolata, caulina minora fere sessilia, omnia lanceolata, acumine recto nec cirrifero, tenuiter multivenia, venulis minimis transversis reticulata. Flores parvi, secus ramulos paniculæ amplæ sessiles, subfasciculati. Bracteæ minimæ v. 0.

Species ut videtur 2, inter se tamen parum distinctæ, altera Archipelagi et Peninsulæ Malayanæ incola, altera Zeylanica. Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 340.

HANGUANA, Blume, Enum. Pl. Jav. 15, a Lindleyo ad Asteliam relata, et supra p. 781, sub hoc genera dubic memorata, est, ex specimine Javensi a Kurzio determinato, Susi anthelmintici, Bl., planta feminea.

### Ordo CLXXXVI. JUNCACEE.

Endl. Gen. 130. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 191.

Flores hermaphroditi v. dioici, regulares. Perianthium inferum, ab ovario liberum, persistens, tubo 0 v. plus minus evoluto, segmenta v. lobi 6, plus minus distincte 2-seriata, omnia v. præsertim seriei exterioris sicca, glumacea hyalina scariosa v. rigida, in quaque serie leviter imbricata v. exteriora subvalvata, seriei interioris rarius subpetaloidea etsi parva. Stamina sæpius 6, basi segmentorum v. loborum affixa v. hypogyna, 3 seriei interioris rarius deficientibus; filamenta libera, filiformia v. basi complanata. Antheræ ovatæ oblongæ v. lineares, nunc dorsifixæ versatiles, nunc basifixæ ærectæ, loculis 2 parallelis introrsum rima longitudinali v. rarius apice poro dehiscentibus Ovarium superum, 1- v.

# CLXXXVI. JUNCACEÆ.

3-loculare, placentis variis. Stylus nunc subulatus v. filiformis, stigmate terminali parvo, v. superne in ramos 3 stigmatosos divisus, nunc a basi v. fere a basi in ramos v. stylos distinctos introrsum stigmatosos divisus. Ovulu anatropa v. fere anatropa, nunc in loculis v. in placentis parietalibus co, 2-seriata, nunc in quoque loculo solitaria, v. in ovario uniloculari 3 erecta. Fructus capsularis, in valvas 3 loculicide v. inter placentas dehiscens, rarius valvis septicide fissis demum 6-valvis apparet. Semina co v. rarius solitaria, ovoidea globosa angulata v. rarissime compressa; testa tenuis v. crassiuscula, pallida v. nigra nec nitida, seepe varie striata, integumento exteriore tenuissime membranaceo hyalino cum funiculo continuo, interdum nucleum involvente et ultra nucleum in appendicem caudiformem rarius fere lageniformem producto, seepe tamen mox evanescente in semine maturo haud apparet, v. ab initio non evoluto; in Thurnia semina omnino abnormia. Albumen copiosum, carnosum, nunc durum, nunc seepius laxum, vix tamen vere farinaceum. Embryo ab hilo parum distans, parvus seepius minutus, rarius cylindraceus dimidiumque albuminis superans.

Rhizoma sæpius perenne, nunc brevissimum v. reptans, nunc in caudicem erectum lignosum simplicem v. rarius ramosum interdum elatum productum, rarius herba annua cæspitosa. Caules v. scapi e rhizomate v. caudice sæpius simplices erecti basi tantum foliati, rarius ramosi undique foliati vaginis obtecti. Folia sæpius in rhizomate ad basin caulis v. ad apicem caudicis conferta, linearia, graminea v. teretia, interdum omnia ad vaginas breves reducta, v. secus caulem plura brevia patentia. Flores sæpius parvi, fasciculati, rarius majores solitarii, fasciculis varie in capitula spicas v. paniculas irregulariter compositas dispositi, v. in Dasypogone et Thurnia flores in capitulo globoso v. oblongo densissime conferti. Bracteæ sub fasciculis parvæ scariosæ, inferiores rarius majores foliaceæ nec spathaceæ, sub floribus singulis parvæ scariosæ additis sæpissime bracteolis 1-3 in pedicello ipso, v. in Dasypogone et Kingia bracteæ sub floribus in capitulo globoso denso imbricatæ.

Species vix 200, generum 2 typicorum per orbem terrarum latissime dispersæ, generum cæterorum fere omnes australes, Australasiæ, Africæ australis, Americæ antarcticæ v. Andium Americæ australis incolæ, genere *Thurnia* solo Americæ tropicæ proprio.

Ordo polymorphus, inter Liliaceas et Restiaceas quasi medium tenens, semina priorum, perianthium potius Restiacearum.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Merotese. Perianthii segmenta glumacea v. scariosa, v. seriei interioris petaloidea parva. Antheræ dorsifixæ, versatiles.

- \* Flores divici. Styli v. rami stigmatosi a basi distincti v. vix ima basi connati.
- 1. Xebotes. Rhizoma brevissimum v. repens. Caules foliati, breves v. longiores, interdum ramosi. Inflorescentia varie paniculata capitata v. dense spiciformis. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Australia, Nov. Caledonia.
  - \*\* Flores hermaphroditi. Stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo.
- 2. Chamexeros. Folia radicalia. Flores in scapo brevi paniculati v. fasciculati. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Australia austro-occid.
- 3. Acanthocarpus. Caules foliati, sæpe ramosi. Flores in fasciculo terminali parvi, Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Capsula muricata.—Australia austro-occid.
- 4. Xanthorrea. Folia in rhizomate brevi v. in caudice lignoso erecto sæpe elongato conferta, longe linearia. Inflorescentia in pedunculo terminali cylindracea spiciformis floribus densissime confertis. Perianthii segmenta distincta. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis pauciovulatis.—Australia,
- 5. Dasypogon. Folia ad apicem caudicis lignosi conferta, longa. Flores in capitulo terminali dense conferti, bracteis imbricatis. Perianthii segmenta seriei exterioris connata, seriei interioris distincta. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula in centro 3, erecta, quorum 2 sæpissime abortiva.—Australia austro-occid.

Tribus II. Calectasiese. Flores majusculi v. magni, perinnthii segmentis v. lobis rigidis interdum coloratis. Antherm erectme, basifixme. Stylus subulatus, atigmate parvo.

- 6. Kingla. Folia ad apicem caudicis lignosi conferta, linearia. Flores in capitulo terminali dense conferti, bracteis squarrosis. Perianthii segmenta distincta. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Australia austro-occid.
- 7. Banteria. Flores intra folia radicalia dense cæspitosa solicarii, sessiles. Perianthii segmenta distincta, longa, angusta, erecta. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Australia austro-occid.
- 8. Calectasia. Caules foliati, ramosi, foliis brevibus. Flores ad apices ramorum solitarii, sessiles. Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, lobis patentibus rigidis coloratis. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula in centro 3, erecta.

Tribus III. Bujunceæ. Porianthii segmenta glumacea, distincta. Antheræ erectæ, basi-fixæ. Stylus superne 3-fidus, v. styli (v. rami stigmatosi) 3 a basi distincti.

- \* Flores mediocres v. majusculi, in pedunculo v. scapo solitarii.
- 9. DISTICHIA. Caules breves, dense foliati, cæspitosi v. pulvinati. Flores dioici. Ovarium 1-loculare v. fere 3-loculare, multiovulatum.—Andes Americæ australis.
- 10. Rostkovia. Caules in rhizomate conferti, juncei, 1-foliati. Flores hermaphroditi. Ovarium 1-loculare, multiovulatum.—Amer. antarot. et andin., Nov. Zel.
  - \*\* Flores parvi, fasciculati v. segregati, fasciculis floribusve varie paniculatis capitatisve.
- 11. Juncus. Caules cæspitosi v. in rhizomate repente conferti, aphylli v. paucifoliati. Folia radicalia v. ad vaginas reducta, teretia v. linearia. Ovarium 1-loculare v. plus minus perfecte 3-loculare, placentis loculisvo  $\infty$ -ovulatis. Stylus superne 3-fidus.—Orbis utriusque reg. temp. frigid. v. calid.
- 12. Luzula. Caules cæspitosi. Folia radicalia v. in caule pauca, linearia, graminea. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula in centro 3, erecta. Stylus superne 3-fidus.—Orbis utriusque reg. temp. friqid. v. mont.
- 13. Prionium. Folia ad apicem caudicis erecti lignosi conferta. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2- v. pauci-ovulatis. Styli 3, distincti. Embryo dimidium albuminis superans.—Afr. austr.
  - \*\*\* Genus anomalum. Flores densissime globoso- v. oblongo-capitati.
- 14. Thurnia. Folia radicalia longe linearia. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1- $\infty$ -ovulatis. Styli v. stigmata linearia 3, distincta. Semina longe lineari-fusiformia, albumine togmine brunneo induto ab apice nuclei cavi pendulo.— Guiana.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

ASTELIA, Banks, a Lindleyo Juncaceis relata, supra inter Lilia ceas includitur.

RAPATEA, Aubl., et Spathanthus, Desv., ad ordine m distinctum Rapateaceas pertinent.

Susum, Blume, et Flagellaria, Linn., ad ordinem distinctum Flagellarieas pertinent.

Reilia, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 311, ab auctore inter *Xerotetem* et *Baxteriam* collocata, est veris militer *Eryngii* species, ad **Umbelliferas** pertinens, charactere pessimo, squamis hyalinis flores obtegentibus pro sepalis descriptis.

# TRIBUS I. XEROTEÆ.

1. Errotes, R. Br. Prod. 259. (Lomandra, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 92, t. 119, 120.)

—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta nunc omnia subsequalia distincta v. ad medium connata, nunc sepius exteriora distincta tenuia scariosa v. hyalina, interiora basi subconnata fere petaloidea. Stamina 6, 3 segmentis interioribus affixa, 3 alterna subhypogyna, v. tubo affixa, omnia perianthio breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antheræ dorsifixæ, versatiles, basi v. utrinque usque ad filamenti insertionem 2-lobæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum v. 0. Fl. \( \rho : \) Perianthium sæpius quam in mare rigidius, segmentis distinctis æqualibus. Staminodia parva clavata v. 0. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus brevissimus v. vix ullus, stigmațibus v. lobis stigmatosis 3 brevibus recurvis; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa. Capsula subglobosa, perianthio emarcido stipata v. involuta, coriacea, lævis nitensque v. transverse rugosa, rarius in longitudinem striata, loculicide dehisceus. Semina ovoidea oblonga v.

subglobosa, interdum obtusangula, testa pallida v. brunnea adnata; embryo in albumine duriusculo oblongus v. linearis, ab hilo parum remotus, nunc minimus, rarius tertiam partem albuminis superans.—Caules in rhizomate brevissimo v. repente cesspitosi, simplices v. ramosi. Folia nunc ad basin caulis conferta longa linearia rigida, nunc breviora secus ramos sparsa vaginis ramum obtegentibus. Inflorescentise terminales v. ad basin foliorum radicalium. Flores parvuli, masculi sepius fasciculati, fasciculis rarius floribus singulis secus rhachin simplicem v. ramos paniculæ sessilibus, floribus in fasciculo sessilibus v. pedicellatis; inflorescentia fœminea interdum masculæ similis, sæpius tamen ad capitulum unicum globosum densumque reducta; rarius flores utriusque sexus in capitula dense globosa v. in spicam longam cylindraceam dispositi.

Species ad 30, omnes Australianse, quarum una etiam in Nova Caledonia reperta. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 94. F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. xi. 23. Thunb. Diss. Drac. f. 1, 2 (Dracena). Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. t. 35. Bot. Reg. 1839, t. 3. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 798.

Genus in Fl. Austral. in sectiones 5 dividitur:-

- 1. Eurerotes. Florum & fasciculi v. flores singuli secus rhachin simplicem v. ramosam racemosi v. paniculati, inflorescentia 2 similis nisi simplicior. Perianthii segmenta distincta v. interiora in fl. & breviter connata. Folia in rhizomate v. caule brevissimo dense conferta, inflorescentia terminali. Species 18.
- 2. Cephalogyme. Florum & fasciculi secus rhachin simplicem sæpius plures sessiles, perianthio ad medium æqualiter 6-lobo. Florum Q capitula solitaria sessilia v. brevissime pedunculata, perianthio æqualiter 6-partito. Caules sæpe elongati foliatique præsertim in fæmineis, inflorescentia terminali v. in axillis superioribus. Species 7.
- 3. Schanoxeros. Caules steriles juncei, aphylli, basi paucivaginati; floriferi brevissimi, aphylli, florum capitulis 2-3, in masculis femineisque subsimilibus. Species 2.
- 4. Typhopsis. Folia in caule brevi conferta, elongata. Florum capitula utriusque sexus in scapo aphyllo pauca globosa v. breviter cylindracea, bracteis multifidis in massam lanosam confertis. Species 1.
- 5. Macrostachya. Folia in caule brevi conferta, elongata. Florum fasciculi utriusque sexus in spicam longam angustam dense cylindraceam conferti. Species 1.

Nomen generis Labillardieri jure prioritatis gaudet, sed Brownianum jam diu ab omnibus botanicis acceptum non hodie rejiciendum est.

2. Chameseros, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 110.—Flores hermaphroditi (v. polygami?). Perianthii segmenta distincta, subsequalia v. exteriora interioribus paullo latiora rigidioraque. Stamina 6, quorum 3 basi segmentis interioribus affixa, 3 subhypogyna, omnia perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antherse ovatse, dorsifixse, versatiles, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa. Capsula lævis?, matura ignota.—Caules cæspitosi, habitus Euxerotetis. Folia in rhizomate conferta, longe linearia, rigida, plana v. subteretia, margine sæpius scarioso-lacerata. Scapi florentes breves, aphylli. Flores parvuli, secus ramos paniculæ pyramidatæ fasciculati, v. in capitulum ovoideo-globosum conferti. Bracteæ latiusculæ, scariosæ.

Species 2, Australise austro-occidentalis incolse. Genus tam Xeroteti quam Acanthocarpo valde affine. F. Mueller, Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. xi. 24 cum Acanthocarpo jungit, sed habitus longe differt et fructus junior minime echinatus apparet.

3. Acanthecarpus, Lehm. Pl. Preiss. ii. 274.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta distincta, sequalia, tenuia, fere hyalina, centro opaca. Stamina 6, quorum 3 basi segmentis interioribus affixa, 3 subhypogyna, omnia perianthio breviora; antherse ovatse, dorsifixe, versatiles, basi 2-lobse, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, in stylum brevem desinens, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis solitaria, lateraliter affixa. Capsula globosa, muricata, loculicide dehiscens. Semina fere globosa, obtusangula, lateraliter affixa, testa tenui appressa; embryo in albumine duro breviter linearia, leviter curvus, obliquus.—Caules e rhizomate breviter horizontali lignoso rigidi, ramosissimi, undique foliati. Folia breviter linearia, rigidula, patentia, vaginis ramos

obtegentibus. Flores parvuli, ad apices ramulorum capitati v. fasciculati, fasciculis sessilibus demum ramulo excurrente lateralibus. Bracteæ scariosæ, floribus breviores.

Species 1, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 111.

4. Eantherrhosa, Sm. in Trans. Linn. Soc. iv. 219.—Perianthii segments distincts, exteriora glumacea, concava v. apice fere cucullata, 3-5-nervia, margine subscariosa, interiora tenuiora sepius 5-nervia, basi erecta, ultra exteriora protrusa, laminis patentibus hyalinis v. petaloideis. Stamina 6, hypogyna, v. seriei interioris basi segmentis brevissime adnata, omnia perianthio longiora, filamentis basi leviter incrassatis v. complanatis; antheræ oblongæ v. rarius ovatæ, integræ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare, in stylum subulatum desinens, stigmate parvo capitato v. 3-sulco; ovula in loculis pauca. Capsula ovoidea v. acuminata, perianthio persistente stipata, coriacea, nitida, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis 1-2, erecta, ovata v. oblonga, complanata, anguste marginata, testa nigra subcrustacea opaca ; embryo in albumine carnoso fere cartilagineo transversus, linearis, rectus v. curvulus.—Rhizoma nunc brevissimum, sæpius tamen in caudicem lignosum erectum interdum arborescentem productum. Folia in rhizomate v. ad apicem caudicis conferta, longe linearia, rigida, fragilia, basibus dilatatis imbricatis diu persistentibus. Pedunculus terminalis, elongatus. Flores parvuli, numerosi, in spica terminali longa cylindracea densa conferti, singuli intra bracteam parvam bracteolis pluribus stipati. Caudex sæpe gummi fusco v. flavo copiose scatens.

Species 11, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 112. Bot. Mag. t. 4722 (ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 868 iterata), 6075, 6297.

5. Dasypegon, R. Br. in Flind. Voy. ii. 608, t. 8.—Perianthii segmenta sicca v. glumacea, exteriora basi in tubum connata, superne ovata, interiora a basi distincta, angusta, exteriora non superantia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. vix basi segmentis adhærentia iisque longiora, filamentis crassiuscule filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, integræ, medio dorso affixæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare v. imperfecte 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo; ovula in centro ovarii 3, erecta, quorum 2 sæpe jam sub anthesi parva abortiva. Fructus globosus, indehiscens, tubo perianthii exterioris incrassato induratoque inclusus, et fere adnatus. Semen globosum, erectum, testa membranacea; embryo in albumine carnoso juxta hilum erectus, linearis.—Caudex lignosus, erectus, brevis v. 1-2-pedalis, simplex v. ramosus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, longa, angusta, patentia, rigidula, scabro-denticulata, vaginis latis imbricatis in caudice diu persistentibus. Pedunculus terminalis, rigide setosus. Flores in capitulo globoso terminali dense conferti, intra bracteas sessiles. Bracteæ imbricatæ, basi latæ, exteriores sæpe longiuscule acuminatæ; bracteolæ 0.

Species 2, Australize austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 117.

#### TRIBUS II. CALECTASIEÆ.

6. Etagia, R. Br. in King, Voy. ii. 535, t. C.—Perianthii segmenta distincta, æqualia, erecta, glumacea, sericea, extus pilosa. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. seriei interioris brevissime segmentis adhærentia, perianthio longiora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ basifixæ, erectæ, lineares, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo 3-dentato; ovula in loculis solitaria, erecta. Fructus bracteis perianthioque persistentibus involutus, 3-queter, indehiscens. Semina erecta, sæpe abortu solitaria, testa membranacea; embryo 'subglobosus in ipsa basi seminis situs semi-immersus, nec albumine omnino inclusus' (R. Br.).—Caudex lignosus, erectus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, linearia, rigida, elongata. Pedunculi v. scapi inter folia plures, bracteis vaginantibus brevibus latis laxe imbricatis obtecti. Flores in capitulo globoso terminali sessiles, bracteis perianthiorumque segmentis apice squarrosis.

Species 1, Australia austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 119.

Semina matura non vidimus, ex descriptione Brownii ab omnibus Juneaceis different embryonis situ. Embryo in icone citata non delineatur.

7. Baxteria, R. Br.; Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. 492, t. 13 ad 15.—Perianthii segmenta distincta, subsequalia, longa, angusta, erecta, rigida. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis rigidis leviter complanatis; antheræ longe lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, basi brevissime 2-lobæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; stylus subulatus, rigidus, stigmate parvo; ovula in loculis solitaria, erecta. Capsula obovoidea, vertice plana, a basi sursum in valvas 6 dehiscens, septis in axi persistentibus, valvisque ipsis ad apicem axis diu adhærentibus horizontaliter patentibus. Semina (a nobis non visa) globosa.—Folia in rhizomate brevi lignoso dense cæspitosa, longe linearia, basi in vaginas latas dilatata. Flores inter folia sessiles, singuli foliis 1-2 bracteisque vaginantibus pluribus stipati, perianthio longo rigido (ultra 2-pollicari) insignes.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 120.

8. Calectasia, R. Br. in Flind. Voy. ii. 609, t. 9.—Perianthium hypocraterimorphum, tubo cylindraceo v. superne leviter ampliato; lobi subsequales, patentes, lanceolati, rigidi, colorati. Stamina 6, ad basin loborum affixa iisque breviora, filamentis breviter filiformibus; antherse lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, basi breviter 2-lobæ, loculis apice poro rarius in rimam brevem continuo dehiscentibus. Ovarium brevissime stipitatum, angustum, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate parvo terminali; ovula 3, a basi loculi erecta. Fructus siccus, oblongus, subfusiformis, indehiscens, 1-spermus, perianthii tubo inclusus, pericarpio membranaceo ∞-costato apico lævi. Semen oblongum, testa membranacea; embryo juxta basin albuminis carnosi parvus.—Caules in rhizomate sæpius plures fasciculati, tenuiter lignosi, ramosissimi, undique foliati. Folia linearia, brevia, patentia, vaginis ramos obtegentibus. Flores ad apices ramulorum solitarii, sessiles, bracteis breviter foliaceis cincti.

Species 1, Australise australis et occidentalis incola, quoad foliorum florumque magnitudinem variabilis et a nonnullis in species 2 v. 3 divisa. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 120. Endl. Iconogr. t. 38. Bot. Mag. t. 3834.

#### TRIBUS III. EUJUNCEÆ.

9. Distichia, Nees et Meyen in Pl. Meyen. 128. (Goudotia, Done. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, iv. 84, t. 4. Agapatea, Steud. Pl. Lechl. Exs. et in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 391, nomen tantum. Oxychloe, Philippi, Fl. Atacam. 52, t. 6.)—Flores dioici. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta linearia, erecta, rigidula, subæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, apiculatæ v. nudæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, stylo filiformi 3-fido. Fl. 9: Perianthii segmenta ovata oblonga v. late linearia, scariosa v. hyalina, ovarium circumdantia. Staminodia (an semper?) 0. Ovarium sessile v. brevissime stipitatum, 1-loculare v. imperfecte 3-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus parum v. valde prominentibus interdum basi in medio loculo connatis; stylus subulatus, parte indivisa sæpius brevi, ramis stigmatosis linearibus longiusculis interdum crassis; ovula in loculis x. Capsula oblonga, obtusa v. acutiuscula, coriacea, nitida, apice demum (an semper?) breviter dehiscens. ovoidea v. obovoidea, integumento exteriore albo molli mox evanido, testa dura castanea; embryo in basi albuminis carnosi v. duriusculi parvus nunc minimus.—Caules breves, dense cæspitosi, pulvinati, foliis distichis v. undique imbricatis obtecti. Flores in axillis summis (v. ad apices ramorum?) solitarii, masculi pedicellati folia superantes, fœminei subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellati. Bractee breves, squamiformes, sub flore 2 1-3, sub flore & deesse videntur.

Species ad 6, in uliginosis montium altiorum Andium America australis vigentes, usque ad limites

nivium extense. Buchenau in Abhandl. Naturu. Vereine Bremen, iv. 124 (Agapatea); vi. 368 (Oxychloe), et 369 (Distichia), t. 3.

Genus habitu et floribus solitariis dioicis facillime distinctum, in sectiones 2 sequentes dividitur:---

- 1. Goudotia, foliis stricte distichis, vaginis complicatis acuminatis v. in laminas breves erectas attenuatis. Huc pertinent D. tolimensis (Goudotia tolimensis, Dene.), D. muscoides, Nees et Meyen, et D. filamentosa, Buchen.
- 2. Oxychloe, foliorum vaginis latis concavis undique imbricatis, laminis linearibus. Huc D. andina (Oxychloe andina, Philippi), D. clandestina, Buchen., et species tertia adhuc inedita in Bolivia prope La Paz a Pentlandio lecta, cui pertinere videntur specimina e Cordillera Maule a Germaino recepta sub nomine falso D. brevifoliæ, Phil.

Characteres a Buchenavio indicati, e substantia perianthii  $\mathfrak Q$  et e numero bractearum, valde incerti videntur.

10. Rostkovia, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808) 324, t. 12.—Perianthii segmenta distincta, linearia v. lineari-lanceolata, erecta, rigida, margine seepe scariosa, parum v. conspicue inæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio breviora, filamentis brevissimis, antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, apice breviter appendiculatæ v. nudæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, placentis 3 parietalibus; stylus subulatus, superne in ramos stigmatosos 3 lineares divisus; ovula in placentis numerosa. Capsula subglobosa ovoidea v. oblonga, coriacea, nitida, superne in valvas 3 medio placentiferas divisa. Semina numerosa, parva, testa nunc crassa laxa inappendiculata, nunc apice basique in appendiculam linearem hyalinam producta; embryo parvus nunc minimus, prope basin albuminis laxe carnosi.—Caules in rhizomate breviter ramoso cæspitosi, v. secus rhizoma horizontale conferti, juncei, 1-foliati, additis sæpe vaginis nonnullis infra folium. Folia linearia v. teretia. Pedunculus terminalis, flore unico quam in cæteris Eujunceis majore, bracteis 1-3 squamiformibus v. una alterave foliaceo-acuminata stipato.

Species 3, Americæ antarcticæ et Andinæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. i. 81, t. 47.

In specie typica, R. magellanica, capsula globosa v. breviter ovoidea, semina inappendiculata, testa crassa nitida nec tamen crustacea. Marsippospermum, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808) 328, t. 12; Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 533, species 2 includit, capsula nunc ovoidea quam in R. magellanica parum longiore, nunc oblonga duplo saltem majore, et seminibus testa tenuiore apice basique appendiculata, et Buchenau in Abhandl. Naturwiss. Vereins Bremen vi. 373, duo genera iterum distinxit, seminum tamen eadem diversitas observatur in Junco, et genus in integrum servatum naturalissimum est. Differentiæ habitus a Buchenavio indicatæ minores sunt quam in Junco, e.g. inter J. bufonium et J. acutum.

11s Juneus, Linn. Gen. n. 437, pro parte.—Perianthii segmenta distincta, glumacea, lanceolata v. oblonga, margine interdum scariosa, subæqualia v. interiora paullo latiora. Stamina 6, v. 1-3 interiorum deficientibus pauciora, hypogyna v. interiora basi segmentis affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus v. basi dilatatis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, basi integne v. breviter 2-lobæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, nunc 1-loculare placentis 3 parietalibus parum v. valde prominentibus. nunc placentis in centro contiguis v. connatis imperfecte v. perfecte 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, superne (seepius ad medium) in ramos stigmatosos 3 filiformes seepe spiraliter tortos divisus; ovula in quaque placenta co. Capsula in valvas medio placentiferas dehiscens, v. rarius placentæ a valvis solutæ erectæ, lineares, v. in columnam centralem cohærentes. Semina parva, ovoidea, testa minute striata reticulata v. transverse lineolata. integumento exteriore laxo membranaceo-hyalino cum funiculo continuo nunc parvo mox evanido v. obsoleto, nunc semen includente et in appendicem terminalem linearem producto (seminibus tunc 2-caudatis dictis); embryo parvus, sæpius minutus, juxta basin albuminis carnosi.—Herbæ perennes v. rarius annuæ, caulibus cæspitosis v. in rhizomate repente confertis, infra inflorescentiam simplicibus. Folia radicalia v. prope basin caulis pauca, linearia v. seepius teretia, nunc omnia ad vaginas breves reducta. Flores parvi, in fasciculis seu cymulis parvis 2-fidis seepius conferti; cymulis fasciculis v. floribus aingulis nunc in capitulo denso sessilibus, nunc in panicula simplici v. composita insequalites pedunculatis, inflorescentia tota ad apicem caulis v. scapi bracteis 1-3 foliaceis stipata; interdum vero bractea erecta teres caulem continuat et inflorescentia lateralis apparet. In speciebus nonnullis folia cum bracteis intus septis transversis instructa quasi articulata apparent.

Species enumerat Steudel 196, verisimiliter ad dimidium reducendas, per orbem terrarum latissime dispersas; in uliginosis locisque humidis regionum temperatarum frigidarumque necnon in arenosis maritimis copiose crescunt, sed etiam inter tropicos inveniuntur. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 315. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 295. Engelm. in Trans. Acad. Sc. St. Louis, ii. 424. Buchenau in Abhandl. Naturniss. Ver. Bremen, iv. 416, t. 5 ad 11; vi. 363, 376, t. 3, 4; Krit. Verz. Juncacen, Bremen, 1880, 1. Sm. Ic. Ined. t. 55; Spicil. t. 3. Cav. Ic. t. 296. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 80 ad 85, 88 ad 93; iv. t. 97. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 391 ad 416. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 29. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 221. Trim. Journ. Bot. 1873, t. 128. Scub. Fl. Azor. t. 4. f. 1. Deaf. Fl. Atl. t. 91, 92. Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 43. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 227. Bory et Chaub. Exped. Morée, t. 11. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 172. Klotzsch in Pr. Waldem. Reise, Bot. t. 97, 98. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 714. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 46; Fl. Tasm. t. 134.

Species plures fere cosmopolitanze quam maxime variabiles sunt, et difficillime characteribus certis distinguendze v. ordinandze. Seminum variationes, ab Engelmannio l. c. optime illustratze, cum aliis characteribus minime conveniunt, et sectiones nullze definitze adhuc propositze sunt. Engelmann tamen series 3 imprimis ad habitum bene distinguit:—

- 1. Junci genuini, caule aphyllo basi vaginis aphyllis v. rarius folium ipso cauli simile gerentibus.
- 2. Junci graminifolii, caule nudo v. foliato, foliis planis v. semiteretibus canaliculatisque v. rarius subteretibus.
- 3. Junci articulati, caule foliato, foliis teretibus v. compressiusculis, intus septis transversis instructis specie articulatis.

Buchenau divisionem primariam petit a præsentia v. absentia prophyllarum, i.e. bractearum sub floribus hyalino-scariosarum, character tamen nobis valde incertus videtur. Bracteas in perplurimis speciebus 2 vidimus sub quoque flore, nunc immediate sub flore, nunc in medio pedicello quarum infera vacua, superior sæpe rudimentum floris fovet et haud raro adest tertia, uti bene observavit Engelmann, l. c. 426.

Tenageia, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. ix. 22, t. 416, pro genere frustra proponitur absque charactere. Cephaloxys, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. 1808, 324, t. 11, est J. repens, Mich., capsulæ valvis demum interdum septicide fissis.

12. Zuzula, DC. Fl. Fr. iii. 158. (Juncoides, Adans. Fam. ii. 47. Leucophoba, Ehrh. Phytophyl. n. 73; Beitr. iv. 148. Luciola, Sm. Engl. Fl. ii. 177.)—Perianthii segmenta distincta, glumacea, acuta, margine sæpe scariosa, subæqualia. Stamina 6, hypogyna v. interiora basi segmentis affixa, perianthio breviora, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, basi emarginatæ, loculis introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare; stylus filiformis, superne (sæpius ad medium) in ramos stigmatosos 3 filiformes divisus; ovula in fundo loculi 3, erecta, placentæ centrali brevissimæ v. vix prominulæ affixa. Capsula nitidula, in valvas 3 intus medio costatas nec nisi ima basi cum placentis connexas dehiscens. Semina 3, valvis alterna v. abortu pauciora, erecta, globosa v. ovoidea, testa minute reticulato-striata, integumento exteriore tenuissime hyalino-membranaceo, maturitate nucleo arcte appresso v. omnino evanescente, interdum ultra nucleum in appendicem fere lageniformem producta; embryo juxta basin albuminis laxe carnosi v. subfarinacei minutus.—Herbæ perennes, sæpius cæspitosæ. Folia graminea, radicalia v. in caule pauca, sepe pilis tenuibus mollibus ciliata. Flores parvi, in fasciculis parvis conferti v. segregati, fasciculis v. floribus singulis in umbellam seu paniculam insequaliter irregulariterque compositam interdum ad capitulum subglobosum v. spiciforme contractam dispositis, singuli ad axillam bractem scariose sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, bracteolisque 1-2 brevibus latis scariosis stipati.

Species ad 26 (apud Steudelium 56) per regiones temperatas frigidasque imprimis hemisphærii borealis late disperse, etiam in montibus inter tropicos obviæ, in hemisphærio australi pauca.

Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 296. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 290. Bicheno in Trans. Linn. Soc. xii. 329, t. 9. E. Mey. in Linnæa, xxii. 383. Buchenau in Abhandl. Naturw. Ver. Bremen, vi. 413. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 86, 87, 94 ad 100; iv. t. 98 ad 100 (Juncus). Reiokb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 375 ad 390. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 28. Trim. Journ. Bot. 1872, t. 122. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 235 ad 237. Scub. Fl. Azor. t. 4, f. 2. Hook. f. Fl. Antarot. t. 48. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et. Sp. vii. t. 697.

13. Prionium, E. Mey. in Linnæa, vii. 130.—Perianthii segmenta subæqualia, rigidula, glumacea, lanceolata, margine tenuia, subscariosa. Stamina 6, hypogyna, perianthio subæquilonga, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongo-lineares, erectæ, basifixæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium sessile, 3-loculare; styli rami stigmatosi v. stigmata a basi distincti, lineares, recurvi; ovula in loculis pauca (sæpius 2), a basi ascendentia. Capsula ovoidea, loculicide dehiscens. Semina in loculis sæpius abortu solitaria, ovoideo-oblonga, inappendiculata, testa appressa; embryo cylindraceus, albumine carnoso parum v. subdimidio brevior.—Caudex e rhizomate repente erectus, lignosus, pluripedalis, simplex v. 2-fidus, basibus foliorum vetustorum plus minus obtectus. Folia ad apicem caudicis conferta, longa, linearia, basi in vaginas imbricatas dilatata. Panicula inter folia pedunculata, ampla, composita, floribunda. Bracteæ sub ramis primariis longe vaginatæ, rigidæ, lamina breviter foliacea erecta, sub ramis secundariis parvæ, sub florum fasciculis breviter squamiformes, scariosæ. Flores parvi, fere Junci, fasciculati, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, fasciculis in ramis ultimis paniculæ terminalibus lateralibusque.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. *Hook. Kew Journ.* ix. 173, t. 4. *Bot. Mag. t.* 5722.

Albumen ab E. Meyero farinaceum dictum fuit, nos in seminibus pluribus examinatis semper carnosum invenimus.

14. Thurnia, Hook. f. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1407, 1408.—Perianthii segmenta 6, distincta, sub ovario sine ordine inserta, membranacea, lineari-oblanceolata, acuta v. obtusa, inæquilonga, 1-nervia, persistentia. Stamina 6, sub ovario inserta, perianthio multo longiora, filamentis filiformibus compressis flexuosis; antheræ lineares, obtusæ, basifixæ, erectæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarium anguste fusiforme, 3-loculare, membranaceum, vertice coriaceo in stigmata 3 filiformia obtusa introrsum papillosa attenuato; ovula basin versus loculorum solitaria v. plura, angulo interiori funiculis brevibus v. elongatis affixa, ascendentia, anatropa. Capsula elongato-oblanceolata, 3-gona, stigmatibus coronata, 3-locularis, loculicide 3-valvis, 3-sperma, septis valvisque infra apices coriaceos tenuissime membranaceis. Semina elongata, anguste fusiformia, obtuse 3-gona, testa crasse cartilagineo-fibrosa, superne in spinam gracilem pungentem retrorsum hispidulam oblique attenuata, inferne longe rigideque producta, nucleo cavo, albumine farinaceo, integumento coriaceo brunneo induto ab apice cavitatis pendulo elongato-ellipsoideo cæterum omnino libero; embryo axilis, fusiformis, extremitate inferiore albuminis immersus radicula infera. —Herbie robustie, glaberrimæ, scapigeræ, cyperoideæ. Folia elongata, coriacea, a basi vaginante enervi gradatim angustata 1-nervia, marginibus lævibus v. spinuloso-serratis. Scapus erectus, robustus, obtuse 3-gonus. Flores in capitula solitaria globosa v. oblonga, longe foliaceo-bracteata, densissime conferta, in receptaculo spongioso sessilia v. crassiuscule stipitata, stipite cum basi perianthii continuo; capitula florentia antheris velata, fructifera apicibus coriaceis capsularum horrida. Bractez sub floribus singulis perianthii segmentis similes nisi minores.

Species 2, Guianæ britannicae incolæ, altera T. sphærocephala, Hook. f. (Mnasium sphærocephalum, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 12), marginibus foliorum spinuloso-serratis, campos savannah dictos incolita; altera T. Jonmanu, Hook. f., locis fluvio inundatis viget.

Genus singulare, foliis Cyperi, inflorescentia Dasypogonis, perianthio staminibusque Sparganis, seminibusque ab omnibus nobis notis longe diversis. Testæ fabrica et forma pericarpium potius quam testam simulat, et achenium rigidum armatum Compositarum quodammodo revocat.

### ORDO CLXXXVII. PALME.

Endl. Gen. 244. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 134. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 1823-1850. NIPACEM et PHYTELEPHUSIES, Brongn.

Flores parvi v. minuti raro majusculi, regulares, hermaphroditi monoici v. dioici, interdum polygami. Perianthium duplex, in serie trimerum, coriaceum carnosulum v. membranaceum, rarius glumaceum, in fl. 2 sepissime post anthesin auctum. Sepala 3, distincta v. connata, in fl. & sepissime parva, estivatione aperta v. imbricata, in fl. Q sepius rotundata v. reniformia, late imbricata. Petala 3, distincta v. connata, estivatione in fl. & valvata, rarius imbricata; in fl. 2 convolutivo-imbricata, rarius apice v. in toto valvata, interdum in urceolum 3-lobum v. truncatum confluentia. Stamina in fl. 3 et 💆 plerumque 6, 2-seriatim sepalis petalisque opposita, rarius plura (usque ad 50) fundo perianthii v. tubo corollæ inserta, sæpissime inclusa; staminodia in fl. 2 0, v. squamæformia subulata v. in annulum aut cupulam connata, rarissime antheris cassis instructa; filamenta libera v. connata, subulata v. filiformia, rarissime complanata, apicibus præfioratione rectis v. infractis. Anthera lineares oblonga v. sagittata, rarissime biglobosa, basi v. dorso affixa, erectse v. versatiles, 2-loculares, loculis introrsum rarissime lateraliter v. extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen ellipsoideum v. subsphæricum in paucissimis echinulatum. liberum, ovoideum oblongum v. globosum, in fl. 3 rudimentarium v. 0, ima basi 1-loculare v. perfecte v. imperfecte 3- rarius 4-7-loculare, integrum v. 3-lobum v. e carpellis 3 distinctis Stylus 0 v. brevissimus, rarius elongatus, rarissime gracilis et rectus v. flexuosus; stigmata 3, sessilia, brevia, erecta v. recurva, apice v. introrsum papillosa, subulata v. n paucis elongata. Ovula in carpellis solitaria et erecta v. angulo interiori basi lata affixa, et subhorizontalia v. pendula, anatropa v. hemi-anatropa. Fructus perianthio plus minus (interdum insigniter) aucto stipatus, siccus baccatus v. drupaceus, stigmatum stylive reliquiis terminalibus excentricis lateralibus v. basilaribus, 1- rarius 2-plurilocularis et -spermus, rarius e carpellis 1-3 distinctis 1-spermis; exocarpium sæpius fibris percursum; endocarpium membranaceum crustaceum ligneum v. lapideum, intus læve v. rugosum et rapheos seminis ramis notatum, in Coccineis foveis 3 sequidistantibus quarum 2 loculis effectis respondent perfossum. Semina loculis endocarpii conformia, libera v. endocarpio adhærentia, hilo basilari v. laterali; testa albumini arctissime adhærens; raphe brevis v. elongata, sæpe endocarpio adhærens, interdum semen circumambiens, ramis numerosis et directione variis, simplicibus ramulosis v. reticulatis interdum supra testam diffusis. Albumen corneum v. cartilagineum, non raro oleosum, solidum v. cavum v. vertice v. latere insculptum, sequabile v. ruminatum, sulcis radiatis v. irregularibus simplicibus v. ramosis testæ materia farctis. Embryo parvus, conoideus trochlearis v. cylindraceus, in foveola propria juxta albuminis peripheriam immersus, sæpius hilo latere dorsali proximus, rarius lateralis v. apicalis.

Plantæ solitariæ v gregariæ, habitu peculiari, arborescentes v. frutescentes, pleræque perennes et polycarpicæ, paucæ monocarpicæ, monocarpicærum aliæ inflorescentia terminali semel florent, aliæ inflorescentia axillari semel v. seriatim ab apice deorsum florent; radix primaria cito evanida, caudice basi radiculas plurimas cylindraceas simplices v. ramosas epigæas v. hypogæas emittente. Caudex gracilis v. robustus, elatus mediocris v. humilis, non raro soboliferus, simplex, rarissime dichotome ramosus, erectus v. ope uncarum longissime scandens, annulatus v. cicatricatus, inermis v. aculeis sæpius nigris compressis armatus. Folia terminalia v. apicem versus caudicis elongati gracilis remota, pro planta magna, interdum maxima, primum integra, cito palmatim v. pinnatim secta v. rarissime bipinnatisectim fissa; segmenta discreta v. plus minus confluentia, vernatione marginibus induplicatis v. reduplicatis, apicibus acuminatis 2-fidis laciniatis v. præmorsis, costa sæpius valida, nervis parallelis in apicem convergentibus v. flabellatim divaricatis; rhachis in foliis pinnatisectis dorso convexa, facie carinata, lateribus exsculptis segmentis sulco

insertis; petiolus subcylindraceus, v. antice concavus v. canaliculatus, rarius planoconvexus, v. biconvexus, apice in foliis flabelliformibus sæpe in unguem brevem productus, basi in vaginam brevem v. elongatam clausam v. apertam dilatatus; vagina marginibus seepe late v. anguste fibrosis v. vagina tota demum in fibras soluta, ore obliquo simplici v. in ligulam v. ocream producto. Inflorescentia (spadia dicta) v. interfoliacea et longe pedunculata, v. infrafoliacea et breviter pedunculata, v. subsessilis, nunc hippuriformis rachi brevi ramisque elongatis æquilongis pendulis, nunc rachi elongata ramis flabellatim v. paniculatim dispositis. Spathæ variæ, nunc numerosæ tubulosæ pedunculum v. pedunculum et ramos spadicis vaginantes, v. sæpius 2-4 pedunculo insertæ, quarum inferiores incompletæ vaginæformes, coriaceæ v. membranaceæ; superior sæpe multo major, cymbiformis, coriacea v. lignosa, spadicem fere maturum includens, demum ventre longitudinaliter rupta, persistens, integra v. 2-partita. Flores cum spadice articulati v. continui, non raro cavis ramorum v. foveolis e bracteis connatis formatis immersi, solitarii v. sæplus in speciebus monoicis 3-ni intermedio 2, v. inferiores in spadice v. ramo spadicis 3-ni, superiores solitarii v. bini &; bractez sub quovis flore v. grege florum solitarize, cum rhachi continuæ, interdum spathelliformes coriaceæ membranaceæ v. 0; bracteolæ sub quovis flore sæpius 2-næ, distinctæ et squamiformes v. in cupulam connatæ, non raro bracteze et bracteolæ confusæ v. omnino deficientes. Fructus varius.

Species enumeratæ ad 1100, permultæ imperfecte cognitæ, pluresque in Africa et America centrali, Madagascaria, insulisque maris Pacifici adhuc latent. Palmæ fere omnes tropicæ, pleræque Americanæ, pauciores Asiaticæ et Australianæ, paucissimæ Africanæ. Inter genera extratropica Chamærops gradum borealem 44° in Europa, Nannorhops gradum 34° in Asia, et Sabal 36° in America attingunt. In regionibus temperatis hemisphærii australis Phænix in Africa ad grad. 34°, invenitur; Rhopalostylis in Nova Zelandia ad grad. 44°; et Jubæa in Chili ad grad. 37°.

Ordo bene limitatus nullo arcte affinis, suadente R. Brownio Xeroteti et Flagellariæ accedit, sed a priore differt fructu nunquam capsulari, a posteriore albumine; ab ambobus habitu, foliis, inflorescentia, indole seminis e embryone. Limites subtribuum et generum Arecearum valde incertæ sunt, et omnes denuo in vivo scrutandæ. Labores Martii, H. Wendlandii et Schefferi multum attulerunt, perplura tamen adhuc dubia remanent, et in omnibus seriebus florum seminum et habitus cognatio accuratius definienda. De dispositione generum et specierum confer H. Wendland in Kerchove de Deterghem 'Les Palmiers,' Tableau indiquant la Classification, p. 128; et Index général des noms et synonymes des espèces connues, p. 230-258; et in Bull. Soc. Bot. France, viii. 429. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877; et in Petermann, Geograph. Mittheil. 1878. De anatomia et morphologia, confer Martius, Hist. Nat. Palm. vol. i., et Mohl, Vermischte Schriften Botanischen Inhalts, Tubingen, 1845.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Folia bipinnatisecta in Caryota.

Perianthium reductum v. deformatum in Thrinace, Hemithrinace, et in fl. ? Nipe.

Sepala petala longe superant in fl. 3 Nengæ.

Petala preelonga in Phytelephantis flore ?.

Antherarum loculi discreti, penduli in Geonoma; discreti et insigniter torti in Orbignya.

Stylus capillaris in Washingtonia; stigmata filiformia in Phytelephante; stigma infundibulare in Thrinace et Hemithrinace.

Fructus syncarpium globosum in Nipa et Phytelcphante; pericarpium tessellato-muricatum in Sommiera, Manicaria, Teysmannia et Phytelephante.

TRIBUUM SUBTRIBUUMQUE CONSPECTUS (exceptis neglectis).

Tribus I. Arcess. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis discretis v. in laminam apice bifidam integram v. laciniatam confluentibus, vernatione reduplicatis. Flores monoici v. dioici. Semina umbilicata, raphe ventrali, embryone dorsali.

A. Petala fl. Q imbricata v. apicibus tantum valvatis, rarissime in toto valvata.

\* Spadices infrafoliacci.

† Stigmata in fructu terminalia. Ovarium integrum, 1-loculare.

Subtribus 1. Euspecess. Fl. & asymmetrici, sepalis sapius parvis haud imbricatis.—Gerontoges.

Subtribus 2. Ptychospermess. Fl. & symmetrici, sepalie serpius retundatie late imbricatie.-Gerontogea.

†† Stigmata in fructu sepissime excentrica v. lateralia. Ovarium integrum v. 3-lobum.

Subtribus 8. Oncospermese. Spathe 2. Fl. & symmetrics v. asymmetrios. Ovarium integrum. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Amphiges.

Subtribus 4. Iriarteem. Spatha numeroza. Spadices juniores corniformes. Fl. & symmetrici. Ovarium integrum. Foliorum segmenta cuneata. Neogea.

Subtribus 5. Wetteniese. Spatha numerosa. Spadices clavata. Ovarium alte 8-lobum, stigmatibus magnis. Foliorum segmenta cuneata.—Neogea.

# \*\* Spadices sepissime interfoliacei.

† Stigmata in fructu terminalia, rarius basilaria.

Subtribus 6. Linospadicem. Spadix simplex, floribus monoicis cavis immersis. Ovarium 1-loculare .- Gerontogea.

Subtribus 7. Ceroxylese. Spadix paniculatim ramosus, floribus dioicis pedicellatis. Ovarium 3-loculare. Fructus globosus. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.-Neogea.

Subtribus 8. Malortiese. Spadix subdigitatim ramosus, floribus monoicis non immersis. Ovarium imperfecte 3-loculare. Fructus elongatus. Folia varia.—Neogea.

†† Stigmata in fructu lateralia v. basilaria, rarius terminalia.

Subtribus 9. Iguanurese. Spatha 2. Flores omnes v. inferiores 3-ni, non immersi. Ovarium integrum, 1-3-loculare. - Gerontogea.

Subtribus 10. Chamædoreæ. Spathæ numerosæ. Spaduces inter- et infrasoliacei. Flores expisrime dioici, non immersi, ebracteati et ebracteolati, perianthio carnosulo v. coriaceo. Ovarium integrum, 3-loculare,-Neogeæ et ins. Africanæ.

Subtribus 11. Geonomese. Spathæ 1, 2, v. plures. Flores monoici v. dioici, cavis immersi, compressi, perianthio glumaceo. Ovarium integrum, 3-loculare, stylo sæpe clongato terminali v. laterali. -Neogea, pauca gerontogea.

B. Petala fl. Q per totam fere longitudinem valvata.

Subtribus 12. Caryotidem. Spadices interfoliacei; spatha 2 v. plures. Ovarium integrum, 3-loculare. — Gerontogea.

(Arecese dubise affinitatis: Manicaria, Leopoldina, Nipa, Phytelephas.)

Tribus II. Phoenicese. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis acuminatis vernatione induplicatis. Spadices interfoliacei; spatha solitaria. Flores dioici. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, unum tantum maturans, stigmate terminali. Semen ventre profunde sulcatum, umbilicatum, embryone dorsali. -Gerontogeæ.

Tribus III. Coryphose. Folia vernatione flabellatim plicata, orbicularia semi-orbicularia v. cunests, fises, segmentis induplicatis. Spadices interfoliacei; spathæ numerosæ. Flores sæpins hermaphroditi. Ovarium integrum v. 3-lobum, 3 loculare, ovalis erectis. Fractus carpella 1-3, distincts, pericarpio non squamoso. Semina hilo punctiformi, raphe ventrali.—Gerontogea et Neogea.

Tribus IV. Lepidecaryees. Folia pinnstisecta v. fisbellatim plicata, segment is vernatione reduplicatis. Spadices terminales v. axillares; spathse numerosse. Flores polygamo-monoici. Ovarium integrum, perfecte v. imperfecte 3-loculare. Fructus pericarpium squamis nitidis deorsum imbricatis loricatum. Semina umbilicata, raphe dorsali, embryone ventrali.

Subtribus 1. Calamez. Folia pinnatisecta. Ovarium imperfecte 3-loculare.—Gerontogea.
Subtribus 2. Raphiez. Folia pinnatisecta. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare.—Neogea et Africana.

Subtribus 3. Mauritiem. Folia flabelliformia. - Neogea.

Tribus V. Bernssees. Folia orbicularia, fissa, segmentis fiabellatim plicatis vernatione induplicatis. Spedices interfoliacei; spathse numeroses, vaginantes. Flores dioici. Overium integrum, 3-loculare, ovulis ascendentibus. Fructus varius. Semina hilo diffuso. - Geronteges.

Tribus VI. Gesciness. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis vernatione reduplicatis. Spadices interfoliacsi. Spathæ 2 v. plures. Flores sæpissime in eodem spadice monoici, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 9. Ovarium 1-7-loculare. Fructus 1-7-locularis, stigmatibus terminalibus, andocarpio lignoso 3-7-poroso. Semen endocarpio adhærens, hilo diffuso, embryone poro opposito.—Neegee.

Subtribus 1. Bactrides. Palma aculeata. Fructus 1-spermus, endocarpio medio v. supra medium 8-poroso.—Gerontogea.

Subtribus 2. Elecidese. Palmæ inermes. Stamina monadelpha. Fructus 1-3-spermus, endo-carpio supra medium 3-poroso.—Neogeæ et Africanæ.

Subtribus 3. Eucocoinese. Palmæ inermes. Stamina libera. Fructus 1-00-spermus, endocarpio supra basin 3-poroso.—Neogeæ.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Arcecce. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis discretis v. in laminam apice 2-fidam plus minusve confluentibus, marginibus basi recurvis, vernatione reduplicatis. Spadices inter-v. infra-foliacei, simplices v. ramosi. Spathæ 2 v. plures. Flores monoici v. dioici, nunquam herma-phroditi, inferiores in spadice v. ramis spadicis sæpissime 3-ni intermedio 2. Fl. 3: petala sæmper valvata. Fl. 2: petala sæpius imbricata, v. e basi convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus breviter v. longe valvatis v. conniventibus. Carpella 3, sæpissime in ovarium 1-3-loculare symmetricum rarius 3-lobum confluentia, carpella rarissime fere libera; stigmata 3, parva, rarius majuscula; ovulum parietale, plus minusve pendulum, rarius basilare et erectum. Fructus 1-3-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus excentricis lateralibus v. basilaribus. Semina libera v. secus raphem v. tota endocarpio adhærentia, hilo punctiformi orbiculari v. lineari, raphe ventrali.

Excepta: Petala per totam longitudinem valvata in flore ? Oreodoxæ, in speciebus nonnullis Chamædoreæ, in Gaussia, Hyophorbe, et in subtribu Caryotidearum.

Subtribus 1. Eurrecese. Flores in eodem spadice infra-foliaceo monoici, sapissime 3-ni intermedio Q. Fl. & asymmetrici, sepalis sapius parvis v. minutis, rarius latis et imbricatis. Fl. Q., petala basi v. tota convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus rotundatis v. acutatis et conniventi-ralvatis. Ovarium integrum, stigmatibus terminalibus sessilibus minutis. Fructus symmetricus, stigmatibus terminalibus. Palma incrmes. Foliorum vagina elongata, cylindracea. Spatha 2, rarius 3.

### \* Ovulum basilare, erectum.

- 1. Arbca. Fl. 3 minuti, in ramis spadicis numerosi, solitarii v. 2-ni. Stamina 3 v. 6. Fl. 9 multo majores, basin versus ramorum solitarii. Albumen ruminatum.—Asia trop., Nov. Guinea, Austral. trop.
- 2. Mischophlaus. Flores inferiores in ramis spadicis 3-ni, intermedio a masculis minore, spiraliter dispositi. Stamina 9. Stigmata distincts. Albumen ruminatum.—Archip. Malay.
- 3. Pinanga. Flores 3-ni, intermedio  $\mathcal{D}$ , di-hexastiche dispositi. Stamina numerosa. Stigmata confluentia. Albumen ruminatum.—Asia trop.
- 4. Kentia. Flores 3-ni, intermedio ♀, tetrastiche dispositi. Stamina 6. Fl. ♀: Petala sepalis multo longiora apicibus valvatis. Albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta acuminata; spadicis ramuli acute 4-goni.—Nov. Guinea.
  - \*\* Ovulum parietale, plus minusoc pendulum.
  - † Flores in ramis spadicis tetrastiche dispositi.
- 5. Hydriastele. Flores 3-ni, intermedio ?. Stamina 6. Fl. ?: Petale sepalis haud longiora, apicibus imbricatis. Albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta apice fissa.—Nov. Guinea, Austral. tro;
- 6. Administra. Fl. 9: Sepala et petala conformia. Albumen ruminatum. Foliorum segmenta præmorsa.—Nov. Guinea.
- 7. Gronophyllum. Fl. Q: Petala sepalis multo longiora, apicibus valvatis. Albumen ruminatum. Foliorum segmenta præmorsa.—Nov. Guinca.
- 8. NENGELLA. Fl. 3: Sepala minuta; stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis. Fl. 2: Petala sepalis duplo longiora, supra medium valvata. Albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta longe acuminata.—Archip. Malay., Nov. Guinea.
  - †† Flores in ramis spadicis spiraliter dispositi.
  - 9. Kunttopeis. Fl. &: Sepala triangulari-orbicularia, late imbricata. Stamina numerosa,

- filamentis brevibus. Fl. 9 : Petala brevia, apicibus valvatis. Foliorum segmenta apice attenuata, obtusa v. dentata.—Nov. Calcilonia.
- 10. VETCHIA. Fl. &: Sepala chartacea, basi connata. Fl. Q masculis multo majores; petala sepalis inclusa. Foliorum segmenta apice attenuata, oblique truncata.—Ins. Pacific.
- 11. Hedyscher. Fl. 3: Sepala anguste lanceolata. Stamina 9-12, filamentis elongatis. Fl. 2: Petala sepalis conformia, apicibus valvatis. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Ins. Lord House.
- 12. Nunca. Fl. 3: Sepala angusta, petala longe superantia. Stamina 6, antheris erectis. Fl. 2: Sepala et petala consimilia, late imbricata. Foliorum segmenta apice attenuata, oblique 2-3-fida.—Archip. Malay.
- 18. Loxococcus. Fl. 3: Sepala rotundata, imbricata. Stamina 9-12, filamentis elongatis. Fl. 2: Petala apice valvata. Foliorum segmenta apice oblique præmorsa.—Zeylania.
- 14. ACTIMORETTIS. Fl. &: Sepala late imbricata. Stamina 24-30, filamentis apice inflexis. Fl. Q: masculis multo majores; petala sepalis paullo longiora, apicibus valvatis. Foliorum segmenta acuminata, oblique dentata.—Arckip. Malay.
- 15. Archontopherix. Fl. 3: Sepala parva, carinata, imbricata. Stamina 9-24, filamentis apice inflexis. Fl. 2: Sepala et petala consimilia. Foliorum segmenta attenuata, acuminata, v. apice 2-dentata.—Australia.
- 16. Reopalostylis. Fl. 3: Sepala subulato-lanceolata, haud imbricata. Stamina 6-12, filamentis apice inflexis. Fl. 9: Petala brevia, apice valvata. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—
  Ins. Norfolk, Nov. Zeland.
- 17. DICTYOSPERMA. Fl. &: Sepala parva, acuta. Stamina 6, filamentis apice inflexis. Fl. Q: Petala sepalis paullo longiora. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Ins. Mascarens.
- Subtribus 2. Ptychospermese. Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo monoici, 3-ni intermedio Q v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni &, spiraliter dispositi. Fl. & symmetrici; sepala orbiculata, concava, sepe basi gibba, late imbricata. Fl. Q, petala tota convolutivo-imbricata, v. apicihus conniventi-valvatis. Ovarium 1- rarissime 2-3-loculare, ovulo parietali, stigmatibus terminalibus minutis. Fructus symmetricus, stigmatibus apicalibus. Palme inermes. Foliorum vagina sepius elongata cylindracea. Spathe 2-3.

Excepta: Fructus stigmata paullo excentrica in Cyphophanice.
(Vide quoque 30 (Enocarpi species, et 31 Jesseniam in Subtribu 4.)

## \* Albumen ruminatum.

- 18. PTYCHOSPERMA. Fl. &: Stamina 20-30, antheris versatilibus. Foliorum segmenta late przemorsa.—Archip. Malay., Nov. Guinea, Australia.
- 19. RHOPALOBLASTE. Fl. &: Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Archip. Malay.

# \*\* Albumen equabile.

- 20. CYPTOSTACHYS. Fl. 3: Stamina 6-15, antheris versatilibus. Foliorum segmenta apice attenuata integra v. oblique 2-dentata.—Archip. Malay.
- 21. DEVEOPPHORUS. Fl. 5: Stamina numerosa, antheris versatilibus. Foliorum segmenta oblique præmorsa.—Ins. Molucc. ad ins. Paoif.
- 22. CYPHOPHONIX. Fl. 3: Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Pericarpium crassum, granulatum, intus fibrosum, semine tereti. Foliorum segmenta apice angustata.—Nov. Caledonia.
- Subtribus 3. Oncospermese. Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores v. omnes 3-ni, intermedio  $\circ$ . Fl. 3 symmetrici v. asymmetrici, sepalis parvis v. latiusculis. Fl.  $\circ$ : Petala convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus conniventi-valvatis. Ovarium integrum, 1-loculare v. 3-loculare loculis 2 effectis, stigmatibus minutis. Fructus sepissime globosus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus excentricis lateralibus v. basilaribus. Palmæ inermes v. armatæ, foliorum vagina brevi v. elongata. Spathæ 2.

Excepta: Spadix florens Jesseniæ interfoliaceus. Petala fl. ? Oreodoxæ valvata, basi connata. Fructus Jesseniæ et specierum Œsocarpi stigmatibus terminalibus.

- \* Fl. 3 symmetrici, sepalis latis late imbricatis. Fructus stigmata excentrica v. lateralia, v. in Cyphophonics subterminalia.
  - 23. PTTCHANDRA. Stamina numerosa, 1-seriata. Pericarpium fibrosum. Semen globosum, albumine ruminato. Foliorum segmenta infra apicem attenuatum 1-dentata. Ins. Moluco.

- 24. CLINOSTIGNA. Stamina 6 v. 12. Perianthium 4 post anthesin auctum. Pericarpium grumosum et fibrosum. Semen globosum, rapheos ramis a hilo radiantibus, albumine sequabili. Palmse robustse, foliorum segmentis præmorsis.—Australia, Ins. Pacific.
- 25. CYPHOKENTIA. Stamina 6 v. 12. Perianthium Q post anthesin immutatum. Pericarpium grumosum, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen subglobosum v. oblongum, rapheos ramis a hilo ascendentibus, albumine æquabili. Palmæ robustæ. Foliorum segmenta apice attenusta.—
  Nov. Caledonia,
- 26. CTPHOSPERMA. Stamina 6. Perianthium post anthesin auctum. Pericarpium tenue, coriaceo-crustaceum. Semen angulatum v. tuberculatum, albumine æquabili. Foliorum segmenta apice præmorsa, fissa.—Nov. Caledonia.
- 27. MICRONBUTIA. Stamina 6. Perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Pericarpium crustaceum. Semen globosum, albumine æquabili. Palmæ arundinaceæ, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.— Nov. Caledonia.
- \*\* Fl. & sæpius asymmetrici, sepalis parvis v. angustis, haud v. leviter imbricatis. Fructus stigmata lateralia v. basilaria.

### † Petala libera. Ovulum parietale.

- 28. Oncosperma. Fl. &: Sepala parva, acuta. Stamina 6-12, antheris erectis. Albumen ruminatum. Palmæ armatæ, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Asia trop.
- 29. Euterpe. Fl. &: Sepala varia. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Fructus globosus stigmatibus excentricis v. lateralibus. Palmæ inermes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis, vagina elongata cylindracea; spadix scopiformis v. paniculatim ramosus, rachi elongata ramis erectopatentibus.—Amer. trop.
- 30. ŒNOCARPUS. Fl. &: Sepala parva, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Fructus ovoideus stigmatibus apicalibus, v. globosus stigmatibus basilaribus. Palmæ inermes v. armatæ; foliorum vagina brevi inflata aperta, segmentis acuminatis; spadicis hippuriformis rhachi brevi ramis elongatis pendulis simplicibus.—Amer. trop.
- 31. JESSENIA. Fl. 3: Sepala minuta. Stamina 9-20, antheris versatilibus. Fructus ellipsoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus; albumen ruminatum. Foliorum vagina brevis, aperta, segmenta acuminata; spadix *Enocarpi*, florens interfoliaceus.—Amer. trop.
- 32. Acanthophosnix. Fl. 5: Sepala parva, orbicularia. Stamina 6 v. plura, antheris versatilibus. Fructus minutus, stigmatibus lateralibus v. subbasilaribus; albumen ruminatum. Palmæ elatæ, spinosæ, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Ins. Mascarens.

# †† Fl. 9, petala libera. Ovulum basilare, erectum.

- 33. HYOSPATHE. Fl. &: Sepala parva, basi connata. Stamina 6. Ovarium 3-loculare. Fructus stigmatibus basilaribus; albumen æquabile. Palmæ inermes, arundinaceæ, foliorum segmentis obliquis longe acuminatis.—*Brasil. bor.*
- 34. Prestora. Fl. &: Calyx minutus, 3-lobus. Stamina 6, antheris magnis. Ovarium 1-boulare. Fructus stigmatibus infra-apicalibus; albumen ruminatum. Palma gracilis, foliorum vagina brevi, segmentis liberis et confluentibus acuminatis.—Ind. Occ.

### ††† Fl. 2: Petala basi connata, superne valvata.

- 35. OREODOXA. Fl. 5: Sepala minuta, scariosa; stamina 6-12. Ovarium 3-loculare. Fructus curvus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus. Palmæ inermes; foliorum segmentis apice attenuatis 2-fidis.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 4. Iriarteese. Flores in eodem spadice (juniore corniformi) infrafoliaceo monoici, omnes v. inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, spiraliter dispositi. Fl. & subsymmetrici; sepala orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Ovarium 3-loculare, etigmatibus minutis terminalibus; ovulum parietale. Fructus 1-spermus, globosus v. ovoideus, etigmatum situs varius. Palme intrmes, foliorum segmentis cuneatis plicato-nervosis, nervis subtus prominentibus. Spathe plures vaginantes.—Genera omnia potius pro subgeneribus v. sectionibus Iriartee habenda.
  - 36. IRIARTEA. Stamina 9-15. Fructus stigmata terminalia v. subterminalia. Embryo dorsalis. Foliorum segmenta quaquaversa.—Amer. trop.
  - 37. Socratus. Stamina numerosa. Fructus stigmata subterminalia. Embryo subt erminalis. Foliorum segmenta quaquaversa.—Bras. bor.

- 36. Diottocantum. Stamina 6. Fructus stigmata basilaria. Embryo basilaris. Foliorum segmenta quaquaversa.—Braz. bor., Nov. Grenada.
  - 39. IRLANTELLA. Stamina ad 15. Fructus stigmata basilaria. Embryo subterminalis. Foliorum segmenta bifaria.—Brasil. bor.
- Subtribus 5. Wettenies. Flores divici v. in diversis spadicibus infrafoliaceis monoici, spiraliter dispositi. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Fl. 2: Petala imbricata v. valvata. Ovarium alte 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus inter lobos brevis v. elongatus, stigmatibus magnis elongatis. Fructus stigmata basilaria. Pulma inermes, foliorum segmentis dimidiato-cuneatis v. lanceolatis, vagina brevi; spatha plures.
  - 40. CATOBLASTUS. Fl. &: Sepala libera; stamina 9-15, antheris magnis. Fl. Q: Petala libera, alongata, apicibus valvatis; stylus brevis. Fructus carpella ellipsoidea. Palma inermis, foliorum segmentis cuneatis.—Bras. bor., Venezuela.
  - 41. WETTENIA. Fl. &: Sepala libera; petala elongata; stamina 12-16, antheris magnis. Fl. &: Petala libera, elongata; stylus filiformis. Fructus obpyramidatus.—Palmæ inermes, foliorum segmentis dimidiato-lanceolatis.—Andes.
- Subtribus 6. Linospadicese. Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simplicissimo (v. in Gigliolia ramoso) monoici, in alveolis v. urceolis spiraliter dispositis 3-ni intermedio 9 v. superiores sparsi 3. Fl. 3 symmetrici; sepala rotundata, late imbricata. Fl. 9: Petala imbricata; ovarium 1-loculare, stigmatibus minutis (in Gigliolia crassiusculis) terminalibus. Fructus symmetricus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus apicalibus. Palme inermes. Foliorum vagina brevis v. elongata, aperta. Spathe 1 v. 2.
  - 42. CALYPTROCALYK. Fl. 5: Stamina numerosa, antheris versatilibus dorsifixis. Fl. 2: Staminodia 6-00; ovulum parietale; albumen ruminatum. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—
    Amboyna, Austral. trop.
  - 43. Bacularia. Fl. 3: Stamina 6, 10, 12, antheris erectis basifixis, connectivo dilatato. Fl. 9: Staminodia  $\infty$ ; ovulum parietale; albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta præmorsa.

    —Australia.
  - 44. Linospadix. Fl. 5: Stamina 6-9, antheris versatilibus dorsifixis. Fl. 2: Staminodia 6-9; stigmata majuscula; ovulum parietale; albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Nov. Guisea.
  - 46. Howrs. Fl. 5: Stamina perplurima, antheris erectis basifixis. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0; ovulum erectum; albumen sequabile. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Ins. Lord Howe.

### Genus anomalum.

- 46. Gioliolia. Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo gracili digitatim ramoso monoici, subdistiche dispositi, sparsi, inferiores rarius 3-ni intermedio ♀. Fl. ♂: Calyx tubulosus, 3-gonus. Fl. ♀ masculis multo majores. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo subbasilari, stigmatibus terminalibus crassis. Fructus elongatus, cylindraceo-ovoideus. Palmæ arundinaceæ, spatha 1, longissima.—Borseo.
- Subtribus 7. Ceroxyleæ. Flores dioici v. in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis paniculatim ramosis monoici, breviter pedicellati, solitarii, bracteati, ebracteolati, perianthio coriaceo. Fl. 3: subsymmetrici; calyx 2-dentatus. Fl. Q: Petala subvalvata. Ovarium 3-loculare, integrum, stigmatibus parvis sessilibus. Fructus glubosus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus basilaribus v. terminalibus. Palmæ inormes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.
  - 47. CEROXYLON. Stamina 9-15. Fructus stigmatibus basilaribus.—Andes.
  - 48. JUANIA. Fructus stigmatibus terminalibus.—Ins. Juan Fernandez.
- Subtribus 8. Malortiese. Flores in eodem spadios interfoliaceo subdigitatim ramoso monoici, 3-ni intermedio 9, spiraliter dispositi. Fl. 3 subsymmetrici; sepala rotundata, late imbricata. Fl. 9: Petala imbricata; ovarium incomplete 3-loculare, stigmatibus minutis terminalibus; ovula 3, septis incompletis adnata. Fructus symmetricus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus. Palmas nanas v. mediocres, inermes. Spatha 2. Foliorum vagina brevis.
  - 49. MALORTIRA. Stamins 6 v. 12. Foliorum segments confluentis.—Amer. cont.
  - 50. REINWARDTIA. Stamina numerosa. Foliorum segmenta libera, acuminata.—Mexico.
- Subtribus 9. Iguanurese. Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo ramoso monoici, omnes v. inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, spiraliter dispositi. Fl. 5: Sepala orbivularia v. reniformia, late imbricata.

- FI. 2: Petala imbricata; ovarium 1–3-loculare, etigmatibus minutis terminalibus, ovulis parietalibus v. basilaribus. Fructus parvus, 1-spermus, etigmatibus excentricis lateralibus v basilaribus. Palmæ inermes v. armatæ.—Spathæ 2.
  - \* Stigmata in fructu excentrica v. lateralia.
  - 51. HETEROSPATHA. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Ovarium 1-loculare. Albumen ruminatum. Palma inermis, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.— Amboyna.
  - 52. Nephrosperma. Stamina numerosa, antheris brevibus apici filamenti crassi adnatis. Ovarium 1-loculare. Albumen ruminatum. Palma armata, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—
    Ins. Seychelles.
    - \*\* Stigmata in fructu basilaria v. subbasilaria.
  - 53. IGUANURA. Stamina 6-9, antheris versatilibus. Ovarium 1-3-loculare. Albumen varium. Palmæ inermes, foliorum segmentis præmorsis.—Archip. Malay.
  - 54. STEVENSONIA. Stamina 15-20, antheris lineari-oblongis versatilibus. Ovarium 1-loculare. Fructus ovoideus, endocarpio lævi. Albumen ruminatum. Palma armata, foliorum segmentis in laminam bifidam confluentibus.—Ins. Seychelles.
  - 55. Verschaffeltia. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus, antheris didymis. Ovarium 1-loculare. Fructus globosus, endocarpio intus sulcato. Albumen ruminatum. Palma armata, foliorum segmentis in laminam 2-fidam confluentibus.—*Ins. Seychelles*.
  - 56. Dypsis. Stamina 6, antheris didymis. Ovarium 3-loculare. Albumen ruminatum. Palmse nanæ, inermes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis apice fissis.—Madagascar.
  - 67. Phioga. Stamina 6, antheris didymis. Foliorum segmenta pseudo-verticillata, lanceolata, caudato-attenuata, basi nodoso-incrassata.—*Madagascar*.
  - 58. Sommera. Stamina 6, antheris versatilibus. Fructus crasse corticatus, tessellatim verrucosus; albumen æquabile. Palmæ humiles, inermes, foliorum segmentis in laminam 2-fidam confluentibus.—Nov. Guinea.
- Subtribus 10. Chamædoreæ. Flores dioici, v. in diversis spadicibus inter- v. infra-foliaceis, rarius in eodem spadice monoici (nunquam 3-ni) ebracteati et ebracteolati, varie dispositi. Fl. 3: Calyx minutus; stamina 3 v. 6. Fl. 9: Petala imbricata v. valvata; ovarium 3-loculare, stigmatibus minutis terminalibus. Fructus varius, stigmatibus basilaribus. Palmæ inermes. Spathæ numerosæ, vaginantes.
  - \* Flores dioici v. in diversis spadicibus monoici, spiraliter dispositi.
  - 59. CHAMÆDOREA. Spadices infra- v. inter-foliacei. Fl. ♂: Stamina 6. Fl. ♀: Petala valvata v. leviter imbricata. Fructus carpella 1 v. 2-3, libera, globosa; albumen æquabile.—
    Mont. Amer. trop.
    - \*\* Flores in eodem spadice monoici, in acervulos elongatos dispositi.
  - 60. STNECHANTHUS. Spadix interfoliaceus. Fl. 3: Stamina 3 v. 6. Fl.  $\varphi$ : Petala convolutivo-imbricata. Fructus ellipsoideus, 1-spermus; albumen sequabile. Palmse inermes, spadicis ramis gracillimis, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Amer. cent.
  - 61. Gaussia. Spadix interfoliaceus. Fl. ♀: Petala valvata. Fructus carpella 1-3, parva; albumen æquabile. Palmæ inermes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Cuba.
  - 62. Hydphores. Spadix infrafoliaceus. Fl. 5: Stamina 6. Fl. 2: Petala valvata. Albumen æquabile. Palmæ robustæ, inermes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Ins. Mascarens.
    - \*\*\* Flores in eodem spadice monoici, sparsi, solitarii v. 2-ni.
  - 63. ROSCHERIA. Spadix interfoliaceus. Fl. 3: Stamina 6. Fl. 2: Petala imbricata. Albumen ruminatum. Palma spinosa, foliorum segmentis apice 2-fidis.—Ins. Seychelles.
- Subtribus 11. Geonomeæ. Flores dioici v. in diversis spadicibus monoici, sæpissime in cavis spiraliter dispositus solitarii, v. 3-ni intermedio  $\mathfrak P$ , perianthio glumaceo. Fl.  $\mathfrak F$  asymmetrici, a dorso compressi; petala basi in stipitem connata. Fl.  $\mathfrak P$ : Petala imbricata; ovarium 3-loculare, stylo terminali laterali basilari v. 0, stigmatibus minutis. Fructus parvus, 1-spermus, styli cicatrice v. stigmatibus basilaribus. Palmæ inermes. Spathæ 1 v. 2, rarius plures.
  - \* Ovarii basis disco inclusa. Filamenta in columnam cupulamve connata.
  - 64. Georgia. Stamina 6, antherarum loculis discretis elongatis pendulis. Discus liber. Stylus lateralis v. subbasilaris. Fructus globosus. Palmæ sæpius arundinaces.—Amer. trop.

- 65. ASTEROGYNE. Stamina 6, antherarum localis discretis pendulis. Discus tubo corolles adnatus et cum eo circumscissus. Stylus terminalis. Fructus ellipsoideus. Palme arundinacese.—Amer. conf.
- 66. CALTPTROGYNE. Stamina 6, antheris sagittatis. Palmse arundinacese. Foliorum segmenta longissime acuminata.—Amer. trop.
- 67. WELFIA. Stamina ad 20, antheris elongato-subulatis. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.

  —Amer. cent.

### \*\* Discus 0. Filamenta libera.

- 68. Podococcus. Flores cavis non immersi. Fructus stipitatus, elongatus, supra stipitam deflexus. Palma acaulis, foliorum segmentis rhombeo-lanceolatis dentatis.—Afr. trop. occid.
- 69. BENTINCKIA. Fructus globosus. Palma arundinacea, foliorum segmentis acuminatis apice fissis.—Travancor.

Subtribus 12. Caryotides. Flores in eodem v. diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis v. terminalibus monoici, solitarii v. 3-ni intermedio superiore  $\varphi$ . Fl.  $\varphi$ : Petala per totam longitudinem valvata. Ovarium 3-loculare, stigmatibus terminalibus v. excentricis. Fructus varius. Palma inermes, foliorum segmentis abrupte v. oblique pramorsis. Spatha pauca v. numerosa.

Vide etiam 35 Orbodoxa, 59 Chamædorba, 61 Gaussia, et 62 Hyophorbe.

- \* Spathe numerose. Fl. & symmetrici. Stigmata in fructu terminalia.
- 70. Wallichia. Fl. 3: Calyx tubulosus, truncatus; stamina 6. Albumen sequabile. Palmse seepius humiles, foliis simpliciter pinnatisectis.—Ind. Or.
- 71. DIDYMOSPERMA. Fl. &: Calyx cupularis, 3-lobus; stamina co. Albumen sequabile. Palmse humiles, foliis simpliciter pinnatisectis.—Asia trop.
- 72. Arenga. Fl. &: Sepala 3; stamina co; albumen sequabile. Palmæ monocarpicæ, foliis simpliciter pinnatisectis, segmentis linearibus basi auriculatis.—Asia et Austral. trop.
- 73. Carrota. Fl. 3: Sepala 3; stamina co. Albumen ruminatum. Palmæ elatæ, foliis 2-pinnatisectis.—Asia et Austral. trop.
  - \*\* Spathe 2. Fl. & asymmetrici. Stigmata in fructu basilaria.
- 74. Orania. Spedix ramosus. Flores 3-ni intermedio Q. Stamina 6, antheris extrorsum dehiscentibus. Palmæ elatæ, foliis simpliciter pinnatisectis, segmentis linearibus apice oblique lobatis.—Archip. Malay., Nov. Guinea.
- 75. Sclebosperma. Spadix simplex, fusiformis. Flores densissime congesti, superiores 3, inferiores 3-ni intermedio  $\circ$ . Stamina numerosa. Palma acaulis, foli is simpliciter pinnatisectis, segmentis late premorsis.—Afr. trop. occid.

### Arecee dubie affinitatis.

- 76. Manicaria. Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, in cavis spiraliter dispositis sessiles, solitarii, superiores & conferti, inferiores majores ? sparsi. Fl. &: Sepala ovato-rotundata; stamina 24-30. Fl. ?: Petala superne forte valvata. Fructus 1-3-spermus, stigmatibus minutis terminalibus, crasse corticatus, tessellatim verfucosus. Albumen sequabile, cavum. Palma robusta, inermis, foliorum segmentis omnibus in laminam preelongam 2-fidam confluentibus, v. inferioribus discretis. Spathse 2.—Amer. trop.
- 77. ISOPOLDINIA. Flores minuti, in issdem v. diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis monoici v. dioici, sparsi. Fl. & symmetrici; stamina 6, antheris latis. Fl. Q: Ovarium turbinatum, 3-loculare, stigmatibus minutis excentricis. Fructus subglobosus, basi gibbus, paullo compressus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio fibroso, fibris crassis lignescentibus. Albumen æquabile. Palmæ inermes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis. Spathæ 2, caducæ.—Bras. bor.
- 78. Nifa. Fl. & in ramulis lateralibus amentiformibus spadicis congesti, perianthio glumaceo. Fl. Q in spice spadicis capitati, perianthio obscuro; carpella 1-locularia, apice rima stigmatosa exarata. Syncarpium globosum. Palma prostrata, foliorum segmentis acuminatis. Littora Asia et Austral. trop.
- 79. Pettelephas. Fl. dioici, in spadices amentiformes densissime congesti, perianthio obsoleto. Fl. 9 capitati; sepala 3; petala 5-10, predonga; ovarium 4-9-loculare, stigmatibus totidem filiformibus. Syncarpium globosum. Palmse inermes, prostrate v. suberectes, foliorum segmentis acuminatis.—Peruv., Nov. Gresada.

- Tribus II. Phoenicese. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis discretis v. fasciculatis acutis v. acuminatis vernatione induplicatis. Spadices interfoliacei, fastigiatim ramosi. Spatha 1, coriacea, completa, compressa. Flores dioici. Stamina 6, rarissime plura. Ovarii carpella 3, distiacta; stigmata sessilia; ovula crecta. Fructus carpellum 1, stigmate terminali. Semen teretiusculum, ventre profunde sulcato, hilo punctiformi; albumen sequabile; embryo subbasilaris v. dorsalis.
  - 80. Phoenix. Genus unicum.—Asia et Africa trop. et subtrop.
- Tribus III. Coryphese. Folia orbicularia semi-orbicularia v. basi cuneata, flabellatim plicata, ambitu fissa, segmentis vernatione induplicatis. Spadices interfoliacei; spathæ numerosæ, tubulosæ, apice v. latere oblique fissæ. Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, rarius dioici. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta v. leviter connata, rarius in ovarium integrum 3-loculare confluentia; styli breves v. elongati, distincti v. connati; ovula basilaria v. subbasilaria, erecta. Fructus carpella 1-3, distincta, globosa v. ovoidea, stylo stigmatibusve terminalibus v. basilaribus. Seminis raphe ventralis.
  - \* Stylus v. stigma in fructu basilaris.
  - † Petala v. corollæ segmenta leviter imbricata.
  - 81. Coeypha. Flores &. Ovarium 3-lobum, stylo brevi. Albumen æquabile; embryo terminalis. Palmæ monocarpicæ.—Asia trop.
  - 82. Sabal. Flores Ç. Ovarium 3-lobum, stylo valido elongato. Albumen æquabile, basi profunde exsculptum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
  - 83. Washingtonia. Flores &. Ovarium 3-lobum, stylo elongato filiformi. Albumen æquabile; embryo subbasilaris. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—4rizona.

### †† Pctala v. corollæ segmenta valvata.

- 84. Nannorhops. Flores polygamo-monoici. Ovarium 3-loculare, stylo brevi subulato. Albumen sequabile, ventre profunde exsculptum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Afghanistan, Persia australis.
- 85. ? TEYSMANNIA. Flores Ç. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, stylis in unum brevem connatis. Fructus pericarpium tessellato-muricatum. Albumen ruminatum; embryo basilaris. Folii lamina elongata; spadicis rhachis nuda.—Sumatra.
  - \*\* Stylus v. stigma in fructu terminalis.
  - † Petala v. corollæ segmenta imbricata.
- 86. CHAMEBOPS. Flores polygamo-dioici. Ovarii carpella libera, stigmatibus sessilibus distinctis. Albumen ruminatum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rami primarii basi bracteati.—
  Reg. Mediterr.
- 87. Rhapidophyllum. Flores polygamo-dioici. Ovarii carpella libera, stigmatibus sessilibus distinctis. Albumen sequabile; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rami paucibracteati.—Carolina ad Floredam
- 88. Acanthorniza. Flores §. Filamenta libera. Ovarii carpella distincta, stylis elongatis distinctis. Spadicis rami basi spathaceo-bracteati. -- Amer. centr.
- 89. TRITHRIMAX. Flores &. Filamenta in tubum connata. Ovarii carpella distincta, stylis elongatis distinctis. Spadicis rami vaginati.—Brasil., Chili.
  - †† Petala v. corollæ segmenta lobive valvata.
- 90. Brahea. Flores &. Ovarii carpella leviter coherentia, stylo unico brevi 3-gono. Albumen squabile, ventre profunde intrusum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rami evaginati.—
  Texas, Mexico.
- 91. Serenza. Flores Ş. Ovarii carpella basi libera, stylo unico gracili elongato. Albumen sequabile; embryo subbasilaris. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.— Texas, Carolina, Florida.
- 92. COLPOTHRIMAX. Flores Q. Ovarii carpella distincta, stylis erectis subcohærentibus. Albumen æquabile; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rhachis nuda.—Cuba.
- 93. ERYTHEA. Flores &. Ovarii carpella leviter cohærentia, stylo unico brevi 3-sulcato. Albumen æquabile, ventre profunde intrusum; embryo subbasilaris. Spadicis rhachis vaginata. California.
- 94. COPERNICIA. Flores &. Ovarii carpella 3, basi distincta, stylo unico brevi 3-sulcato.

  Albumen ruminatum, ventre convexum. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Amer. trop.

  VOL. III. 3 L

- 95. PRITCHARDIA. Flores &. Ovarium 8-gonum v. 3-lobum, in stylum validum attenuatum. Corollæ tubus persistens segmentis deciduis. Albumen æquabile; embryo subbasilaris. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Ins. Pacific.
- 96. LICUALA. Flores Ş. Ovarii carpella 3-gona, leviter coherentia, stylo unico filiformi. Albumen equabile, ventre profunde exsculptum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—
  Asia trop., Austral. trop.
- 97. LIVISTONA. Flores &. Ovarii carpella globosa, distincta v. leviter cohærentia, stylis brevibus distinctis v. cohærentibus. Albumen æquabile, ventre late exsculptum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rami nudi v. inferiores bracteati.—Asia trop., Australia trop.
- 98. TRACHYCARPUS. Flores polygamo-monoici. Ovarii carpella distincta, stigmatibus distinctis sessilibus. Allumen sequabile, ventre sulcatum; embryo dorsalis. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Himalaya, China, Japan.
- 99. RHAPIS. Flores dioici. Corolla 3-dentata. Antheræ extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii carpella distincts gynophoro insidentia, stylis brevibus distinctis. Albumen æquabile, ventre profunde exsculptum. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—China, Japan.

### ††† Perianthium minutum, 6-fidum v. obsoletum.

- 100. Theinax. Filamenta subulata, antheris introrsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium 1-loculare, stigmate infundibulari. Albumen sinuato-sulcatum, subruminatum; embryo apicalis. Spadicis rhachis vaginata.—Florida, Ind. Occ.
- 101. Hemithrinax. Anthere sessiles, extrorsum dehiscentes, connectivo crasso. Ovarium 1-3-loculare, stigmate infundibulari; embryo apicalis. Spadicis rhachis nuda.—Cuha.
- Tribus IV. Lepidocaryese. Folia pinnatisecta v. flabelliformia, segmentis discretis marginibus recurvis, vernatione reduplicatis, nervulis transversis distinctis. Spadices terminales v. axillares; spathæ numerosæ, distichæ, incompletæ, vaginæformes, rarius paucæ v. solitariæ. Flores hermaphroditi monoici v. dioici. Ovarium complete v. incomplete 3-loculare, stigmatibus terminalibus; ovula erecta, basilaria, anatropa. Fructus squamis deflexis rigidis nitidis tessellatim loricatus, symmetricus, stigmatibus terminalibus. Semina libera, umbilicata, raphe dorsali.—Palmæ sæpissime armatæ, non raro ope rhacheos foliorum productæ aculeatæ scandentes.
  - Subtribus 1. Calamem. Folia aqualiter pinnatisecta. Ovarium imperfecte 3-loculare.
    - \* Palmæ polycarpicæ, spadicibus axillaribus.
    - 102. CALAMUS. Caudex elongatus, sæpissime scandens. Foliorum segments acuminata, nervis parallelis. Spathæ numerosæ, persistentes. Flores distichi v. subdistichi.—Asia, Africa, Australia.
    - 103. ZALACCA. Acaulis. Foliorum segmenta acuminata, nervis parallelis. Spathw numerosæ, persistentes. Flores in ramulos amentiformes congesti.- Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
    - 104. Korthalsia. Caudex elongatus, scandens. Foliorum segmenta trapeziformia, nervis flabellatis. Spathæ numerosæ, persistentes. Flores in ramulos amentiformes confesti. Archip. Malay., Nov. Guinea.
    - 105. CERATOLOBUS. Caudex elongatus, scandens. Foliorum segmenta rhombca, nervis flabellatis. Spatha 1, decidua.—Archip. Malay.
    - 106. Pigafetta. Caudex erectus, robustus. Foliorum segmenta acuminata, nervis parallelis. Spadicis ramuli amentiformes, lanati.—Archip. Malay., Nov. Guinea.
      - \*\* Palme monocarpice, spadicibus axillaribus.
    - 107. PLECTOCOMIA. Caudex elongatus, scandens. Foliorum segmenta lanceolata, nervis parallelis. Spadicis rami spathellis distichis flores obtegentibus imbricatis instructi; spathæ numerosæ, persistentes.—As. trop., Archip. Malay.
      - \*\*\* Palme monocarpice, spadicibus terminulibus. Foliorum rhackis non producta.
    - 108. Eugeissonia. Caudices brevissimi, caspitosi. Spadices longe pedunculati, contracti. Fl. 3: Petala elongata. Stamina ad 12.— Acchip. Malay.
    - 109. METROXYLON. Caudices robusti. Spadicis rami patentes, recurvi. Fl. 3: Petala oblonga. Stamina 6. Albumen ruminatum.— Archip. Malay., Nov. Gwinea, Inc. Flyi.

Subtribus 2. Raphiese. Folia pinnatisecta. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare.

- \* Palmæ monocarpicæ, caudice robusto erecto, foliorum rhachi non producta. Spadix terminalis.
  - 110. Raphia. Spadicis gigantei ramuli pectinatim ramulosi, quasi articulati.—Afric. et Amer. trop.
- \*\* Palmæ polycarpicæ, caudicibus elongatis scandentibus, foliorum rhachi producta. Spadiæ axillaris.
  - 111. ORCOCALAMUS. Spadix spathis vaginatus. Flores glomerati, bracteati et bracteolati.— Afric. trop.
  - 112. Eremospatha. Spadix nudus. Flores &, gemini, minutissime bracteati, ebracteolati. ——Afric. trop.
    - \*\*\* Palmæ monocarpicæ, caudicibus elongatis scandentibus. Spadices terminales.
  - 113. Ancistrophyllum. Spadix spathis vaginatus. Flores Ş, distichi, bracteati et bracteolati.—Afric. trop.

Subtribus 3. Mauritieæ. Folia flabelliformia. Ovarium perfecte 3-loculare. Palmæ erectæ, polycarpicæ.

- 114. MAURITIA. Spadicis ramuli floriferi amentiformes, cylindracei, floribus densissime spiraliter confertis. Semen esulcatum.—Amer. trop.
- 115. LEPIDOCARYUM. Spadicis ramuli floriferi breves, compressi, floribus secundis v. bifariis. Stigmata linearia. Semen sulco excavatum. Bras. hor.
- Tribus V. Borasseæ. Folia flabelliformia. Spadices interfoliacei; spathæ numerosæ, vaginiformes. Flores dioici; & ramulis amentiformibus cylindraceis solitariis v. umbellatis spadicem terminantibus dense congesti, in foveis inter bracteas dense imbricatas immersi, perianthio glumaceo; \$\varphi\$ spadice crasso inserti, magni, bracteis imbricatis immersi, perianthio crasse coriaceo. Ovarium 3-loculare, stigmatibus terminalibus. Fructus symmetricus v. asymmetricus, 1-3-pyrenus, stigmatibus terminalibus. Semina non umbilicata, endocarpio arcte adhærentia, hilo diffuso. Palmæ robustæ, inermes.
  - 116. Borassus. Fl. & in alveolis spadicis numerosi; stamina 6.—Afr. trop., India culta.
  - 117. LODOICEA. Fl. & in alveolis spadicis numerosi; stamina numerosa.—Ins. Seychelles.
  - 118. LATANIA. Fl. & in alveolis spadicis solitarii; stamina numerosa.—Ins. Mascarens.
  - 119. HYPHENE. Fl. & in alveolis spadicis solitarii; stamina 6. -Afr. trop., Madagascar.

Tribus VI. Cocoinese. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis discretis v. confluentibus vernatione reduplicatis. Spadices interfoliacei; spathæ 2. Flores sæpius in codem spadice monoici, bracteati et bracteolati. Ovarium obovoideum, 3- rarissime pluri-loculare, stigmatibus terminalibus. Fructus symmetricus, 1- rarius pluri-locularis et -spermus, pericarpio fibroso, stigmatibus terminalibus, endocarpio osseo v. crustaceo, fossis 3 (rarissime 2 v. 4-7) quarum 3 loculis abortientibus respondent, tertia fertilis. Semen ope rapheos ramorum endocarpio plus minus arcte adhærens, hilo diffuso; albumen æquabile, oleosum. Embryo poro endocarpii oppositus.

Subtribus 1. Bactrideæ. Palmæ aculcatæ. Fructus 1-spermus, endocarpio medio v. supra medium 3-poroso.-- Omnes Americanæ.

# \* Corolla fl. Q alte gamopetala.

- 120. Bartris. Fl. & fæmineis minores, spadice non immersi. Endocarpium osseum. Caudex erectus, foliis terminalibus segmentis acuminatis.
- 121. Desmoncus. Fl. & femineis majores, spadice non immersi. Endocarpium tenue. Caudex elongatus, scandens, foliis subremotis rhachi in funem producta, segmentis acuminatis.
- 122. ASTROCARYUM. Fl. & femineis minores, alvoolis spadicis immersi. Endocarpium osseum. Caudex erectus, foliis terminalibus, segmentis præmorsis.

### \*\* Petala fl. Q basi tantum connata.

- 123. Acrocomia. Fl. 3 alveolis spadicis immersi, antheris magnis exsertis. Fl. 9: Petala convolutivo-imbricata. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.
- 124. Martinezia. Fl. & spadice non immersi, antheris inclusis. Fl. Q: Petala valvata. Foliorum segmenta cuncata, præmorsa.

Subtribus 2. Elmidem. Palme inermes. Fl. 3 spadies immersi, stamina monadelphe v. libera. Fl. 2 polypetali. Fructus 1-3-spermus, endocarpio supra medium 3-poroso. Foliorum segmenta attenuato-acuminata.

125. Eless. Fl. 3 in alveolis spadicis immersi. Foliorum segmenta acuminata.—Afr. et Amer. trop.

Subtribus 3. Eucocoinese. Palme incrmes. Fructus 1-20-spermus, endocarpto osseo et, Jubes excepta, basin versus 3-6-poroso. Foliorum segmenta acuminata v. apice attenuata.—Omnes, Coco nucifera excepta, Americanse.

### \* Spadix simplex.

126. DIPLOTERMIUM. Stamina 6-∞.

# \*\* Spadix simpliciter ramosus.

- 127. Cocos. Fl. &: Petala lanceolata. Stamina 6, inclusa. Fructus 1-spermus.
- 128. MAXIMILIANA. Fl. d: Petala minuta, staminibus 6 exsertis multo minora. Fructus 1-spermus.
- 129. SCHERLEA. Fl. 5: Petala elongato-clavata v. cylindracea; stamina 6, petalis breviora. Fructus 1-3-spermus.
- 130. ATTALEA. Fl. 5: Petala lanceolata; stamina 10-24, inclusa, antherarum loculis connatis. Fructus 2-6-spermus.
- 131. JUBEA. Fl. &: Petala lanceolata; stamina numerosa, inclusa, antherarum loculis connatis. Fructus 1-spermus, endocarpio medio v. paullo infra medium 3-poroso.
- 132. Orbignya. Fl. 3: Petala ovata, integra v. dentata; stumina 12-24, inclusa, antherarum localis discretis tortis. Fructus 2-6-spermus.

#### GENERA DUBIA AUT IMPERFECTE COGNITA.

ACELORRHAPHE, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1879, 148, nomen tantum (e tribu Coryphearum).

BISMARCKIA, Hildebr. et H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1881, 93 (e tribu Borassearum). Fructus obovoideus, 1-locularis cum loculis 2 rudimentariis, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio crasso subspongioso fragilie extus levi sicco rugoso, endocarpio soluto intus fasciis 3-6 verticalibus ramosis anastomosantibus costato. Semen ovoideum, profunde rugosum, albumine corneo ruminato, sulco hippocrepiformi ventre exsculpto; embryo apicalis.—Madagascaria occidentalis.

Chryalidocarpus, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 118 (e tribu Arecearum). Fructus e carpello unico, ellipsoideo-turbinatus, resupinatus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus, epicarpio tenuissimo secedente, mesocarpio fibroso fibris applanatis. Semen oblongo-conicum, basi acutata, rapheos ramis ascendentibus dorso leviter anastomosantibus, albumine sequabili; embryo infra medium albuminis.—Palma inermis, stolonifera, caudicibus fasciculatis mediocribus annulatis. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis ad 100 longe acuminatis apice 2-fidis, nervis lateralibus a costa remotis (Hyophorbe indica et H. lutescens, Hort.).—Madagascaria.

DIODOSPERMA, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 118 (e tribu Coryphearum).—Semen subglebosum, aciculatum, rapheos ramis arcuato-divergentibus, albumine sequabili processu fusco crassissimo conoideo supra hilum progrediente et per totum albumen excavatum penetrante; embryo dorsalis, infra medium seminis.—Brasilia australis.

Mederna, P. G. v. Wurtemb. in litt. ad. H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1881, 93 (e tribu Borassearum). Fructus ellipsoideus, a perianthio secedens, 1-spermus, ima basi areolis 2 parvulis lævibus interdum confluentibus notatus, stigmatum cicatrice areolis opposito, pericarpio crasso suberoso pallido nitido sicco raguloso, endocarpio lævi albo. Semen oblongum, basi lata lateri endocarpii adhærente, testa crassa extus molliter coriacea albida intus brunnea, albumine corneo centro cavo leviter ruminato; embryo basilaris.—'Caudex simplex. Folia flabelliformia, filis paucis inter lacinias, petiolo inermi, ligula 0. Amenta 3 gracilia, squamis totis testaceo-tomentoso-hirtulis. Carpella matura 1-3.'—Mart. Hyphæna Argun, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 227.—Species 2, Nubica et Abyssinica.

Місвонома, H. Weadl. in litt. (e subtribu Geonomearum). Fructus e carpello unico, drupaceus, turbinato-globosus, leviter compressus, levis, haud apiculatus, fere resupinatus, stigmate basilari, mesocarpio tenuissime grumaceo, endocarpio vitreo-crustaceo. Semen oblique turbinato-globosum, leviter compressum, raphe circulari leviter immersa latiuscula utrinque in dorso de vertice usque ad basin ramosa, ramis patentissimis irregulariter duplicato-dichotomis, albumine sequabili; embryo basilaris juxta hilum.—Peruvia orientalis.

Pholipocardus, Blume in Schultes Syst. vii. 1308 (e tribu Coryphearum). Fruetus globosus v. ovoideus, mucronatus, 3-4-spermus, pericarpio tessellato intus fibroso-ligneo. Semen subglobosum, latere endocarpii insertum, hilo ovali, albumine duro ruminato; embryo basilaris. Caudex elatus, obscure annulatus. Folia Borassi, segmentis 4-5-partitis, petiolo aculeato.—Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ.—Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 222. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 47. Suppl. 501, et in Palm. Archip. Ind. 10 (ubi fruotus 1-spermus dicitur). Beccari, Males. i. 79.—Rumph. Herb. Amboin. i. 56, t. 12. In exemplare a. cl. Beccari misso, nervatio foliorum potius Coryphearum quam Borasscarum.

POBOTHEINAX, H. Wendl. ex Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 221 (Thrinax Pumilio, Lodd.); genus est non descriptum, cujus fructus solum in herbariis exstat, albumine centro perforato margine haud ruminato.

RAVENIA, Bouché in Monatschr. Verein. Beford. Gartenb. 1878, 197, 323, cum ic. xylog. 324; Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. xxvii. 164, cum ic., est palma inermis non descripta, statu juvenili tantum nota, montium insulæ Comoro incola, suadente H. Wendlandio in litt. Hyophorbi proxima.

ROBBELIA, Engel in Linnea, xxxiii. 680, t. 3, f. 5, palma Andium Colombiae incola, inflorescentia et fructu ignotis, delenda est.

#### TRIBUS I. ARECEÆ.

1. Areda, Linn. Gen. n. 1225.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim v. simpliciter ramoso monoici, obsolete bracteati, d'in ramulis numeresi, solitarii v. 2-ni, distichi v. secundi, 2 basin versus ramorum solitarii. Fl. 3 minuti, compressi v. triquetro-compressi. Sepala parva, subtriangularia, libera v. connata, haud imbricata. Petala sepalis multo majora, oblique lanceolata, acuta v. acuminata, valvata. Stamina 3 v. 6, filamentis brevibus v. obsoletis; antheræ sagittatæ, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimenta minuta. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis. Staminodia minuta v. obsoleta. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, subulata, erecta v. recurva; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus; stigmate terminali, pericarpio crasse carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio tenui testæ adhærente. Semen ovoideum v. subhemisphæricum, basi truncatum, erectum, teres, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ascendentibus a basi ramosis reticulatis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, humiles v. elatæ, caudicibus solitariis v. cæspitosis annulatis. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis lanceolatis acuminatis plicatis marginibus basi recurvis, superioribus confluentibus bifidis v. truncatis et multifidis, rhachi trigona dorso convexa facie superne acuta, inferne petiologue concavis, vagina elongata. Spadix latus v. contractus, ramis patentibus fructiferis pendulis; spathæ 3 v. plures, caducæ, inferiore completa, superioribus sæpe bracteiformibus. Flores sæpe albi. Fructus mediocris v. majusculus, sanguineus v. croceus.

Species enumeratæ ad 24, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ tropicæ et Novæ Guineæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 169, 311 (excl. sp.), t. 102, 149. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 183, 637 (excl. sp.). Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 7, f. 2. Blume, Rumph. ii. 64, t. 99, 100, f. 1, 101, 102 A, B, C, 108; iii. t. 160, 163 D. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 146, t. 230 (Arecæ sect. Pinanga). Muq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 8 (Arecæ sect. 1); Palm. Archip. Ind. 22. Scheff. in Natuurk. Tydschr. Ned. Ind. xxxii. 149 (excl. sect. Spiranthe); et in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 112, 132, 144, t. 1 ad 8. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 175, t. 1, f. 1. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, t. 6, f. 16, 17. Beccari, Malesia, i. 17 (excl. subgen. 3), 97. Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 75. Bot. Mag. t. 6025. Bentl. et Trim. Med. Plant. t. 276.

Genus in sectiones 2 dividitur:-

- 1. Euareca, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. 114. Spadix duplicato-ramosus, axis primarius non incrassatus. Stamina 3 v. 6. Fl. Q distantes in ramorum basi secundi. Arcce sect. Eotheanthe, Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijd. Ned. Ind. xxxii. 156.
- 2. Balanocarpus, H. Wendl. & Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 176 (subgen.). Spadix simpliciter ramosus, axis primarius incrassatus. Stamina 6. Fl. 2 in axi ipso approximati. Areca sect. Axonianthe, Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijd. Ned. Ind. xxxii. 156.
- 2. Mischophicous, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 115, 134, 152, t. 11, 12.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo ramosissimo monoici, inferiores in ramis 3-ni inter-

medio 9 spiraliter dispositi, superiores 2-ni & subdistichi ; bractese et bracteoles obsoletse. Fl. 3 asymmetrici, compressi. Sepala in cupulam subtrigonam 3-dentatam basi elongatam connata, haud imbricata. Petala oblique ovato- v. lineari-oblonga, valvata. Stamina 9, filamentis brevibus basi connatis; antheræ lineares, basi sagittata affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis. Staminodia 9, minuta. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, brevia, recurva; ovulum basilare, Fructus ovoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio tenui. Semen globoso-ovoideum, basi truncatum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis dorsalibus ascendentibus a basi subsimplicibus reticulatis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palma inermis, caudice clato annulato basi radicibus epigæis suffulto. Folia terminalia, inequaliter pinnatisocta, segmentis lanceolatis duplicato-dentatis plurinerviis, marginibus basi recurvis, inferioribus 1-nerviis acuminatis. duplicato-ramosi, ramis patentibus, pedunculo brevi; spatha 1 completa, decidua. Flores parvi.

Species 1, Ternatonsis. Beccari, Malesia, i. 22 (Areca).

3. Pinanga, Blume, Rumph. ii. 76, t. 87, 108 A, 109 ad 116.—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliaceo simplici v. simpliciter ramoso monoici, di-hexastiche dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, obsolete bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, compressi v. triquetrocompressi. Sepala 3, libera v. connata, acuta, carinata, haud imbricata. Petala 3, oblique lanceolata v. ovata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6-xo, filamentis brevibus basì connatis; antheræ lineares, basi sagittata affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, late ovoidei v. globosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis. Staminodia 6 v. 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. subturbinatum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, brevia, crassa, confluentia; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crassiusculo fibroso, endocarpio tenui interdum testse adhærente. Semen ovoideum v. ellipsoideum, erectum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ascendentibus a basi subsimplicibus dein anastomosantibus, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inormes, caudicibus solitariis v. fastigiatis v. soboliferis humilibus v. mediocribus annulatis. Folia terminalia, insequaliter fissa v. pinnatisecta v. simplicia apice bifida, segmentis plicatis plurinerviis, inferioribus acuminatis, superioribus confluentibus, marginibus non incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi superne acuta, inferne petioloque antice convexis, vagina elongata. Spadix srepe parvus, interdum simplicisaimus, pedunculo brevi, ramis fastigiatis v. flabellatim dispositis; spatha 1 completa, tumida v. complicato-compressa et bialata; bractea foveas marginantes, bracteolæ inconspicuæ. Flores inter minores. Fructus plerumque croccus v. sanguineus.

Species enumerate ad 25, India transgangeticæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, una Decemensis. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 183 (Scaforthiæ sp. 3 ad 10) et 313 (Scaforthiæ sect. Orthostichanthe) t. 168, f. 2, 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 640 (excl. sp.). Griffith, Palm. Brit. Ind. 146, t. 230 C, 231, 232 A, B, C, 235 (Arecæ sect. Anaclasmus); Notul. iii. 164; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 248 (Areca). Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 20 (Ptychospermatis species 1. 3, 5 ad 20). Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijdsch. Nod. Ind. xxxii. 171; in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 115, 133, 148, t. 13, 14, 15, 16, f. 1, 17 ad 21. Kurs, For. Fl. ii. 538; et in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. xliii. pars 2, 200 (Arecæ sp. 5 ad 7), t. 12. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 176. Drude in Bot. Zzıt. 1877, t. 5, f. 12, 13.

4. Zentia, Blume, Rumph. ii. 94, t. 106, 160.—Flores in ramulis 4-gonis ejusdem spadicis infrafoliacei fastigiatim ramosi monoici, in areolis decussatim oppositis 3-ni intermedio Q; bracteæ bracteolæque obsoletæ. Fl. δ asymmetrici, compressi. Sepala parva, acuta, haud imbricata, basi connata. Petala multo majora, oblique ovato-oblonga v. lanceolata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi connatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. Q pyramidato-

trigoni, masculis multo minores. Sepala orbiculata, late imbricata. Petala multo longiora, ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, basi convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus elongatis valvatis. Staminodia obscura. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, erecta, 3-gona; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus ellipsoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio tenui chartaceo. Semen erectum, ellipsoideum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis paucis subsimplicibus ascendentibus arcuatis laxe reticulatis, albumine equabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice elato annulato. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis suboppositis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis v. 2-dentatis basi callosa insertis, marginibus basi recurvis, costa prominula subtus paleis persistentibus aucta, nervis extimis marginalibus, rhachi facie acuta, petiolo dorso convexo facie concavo, vagina cylindracea. Spadices patentes, pedunculo brevi compresso, ramis basi spathellis elongatis anguste lanceolatis auctis, ramulis elongatis pendulis gracilibus; spathæ 3, inferiore incompleta; bracteæ 3-floræ, brevissinæ, semilunares, spadici adnatæ; bracteolæ ad basin floris  $\mathfrak Q$ . Flores albi. Fructus miniatus.

Species 3, Novæ Guineæ et insularum Moluccarum incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 312 (Kentiæ sp. 1). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 639. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 179, 190. Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 126. Beccari, Malesia, i. 40, 98, t. 2, f. 23 ad 32. Ovulum a Blumeo basilare descriptum et depictum ut in speciebus a nobis scrutatis, sed genus ab auctoribus omnibus cæteris inter ea ovulo parietali locatum est. K. exorhiza, H. Wendl. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 269, t. 78, ovulo parietali, vix hujus generis. K. acuminata, Wendl. et Drude l. c. t. 2, f. 4, imperfecte nota est.

5. Mydriastele, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnea, xxxix. 180, 190, 208.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, in areolis decussatim oppositis dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2; bractea et bracteola obsoleta. Fl. 3 asymmetrici, compressi. Sepala minuta, acuta, haud imbricata. Petala ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, basifixæ. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala reniformia. imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia obsoleta. Ovarium globosum v. ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, sessilia, patula, depressa: ovulum supra medium loculi insertum, pendulum. Fructus parvus, ellipsoideus, lævis v. costatus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio fibroso, fibris interdum in fasciculos longitudinales dispositis costas efficientibus, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, liberum, hilo laterali, raphe tenui ramis paucis a chalaza apicali descendentibus romote reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palma inermis, caudice elato annulato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis linearibus præmorsis apice fissis, costa inferne paleis caducis conspersa, marginibus tenuibus, rhachi lateraliter compressa dorso convexa, petiolo facie concavo, vagina breviuscula. Spadices breviter lateque podunculati, a basi ramosi, ramis elongatis pendulis gracilibus obtuse quadratis; spathe 2 complete, compresse, decidue, inferiore ancipiti; bracteze et bracteolæ in cupulam obscuram connatæ. Flores parvi, 2 minuti.

Species 1, Australiæ tropicæ incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 138 (Kentia Wendlandiana).

6. Adelomenga, Beccari, Malesia, i. 26, t. 2, f. 10-17 (Nengse subgen.).—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, in areolis decussatim oppositis 3-ni, intermedio 2, obsolete bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici, trigono-compressi. Sepala brevissima, triangulari-ovata, acuminata. Petala lanceolata, apice attenuata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis triangularibus; antheræ lineari-lanceolatæ, apiculatæ, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum inconspicuum. Fl. 2 globosi, masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin immutato v. paullo aucto. Sepala et petala consimilia, rotundata, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 3, minuta. Ovarium globoso-turbinatum, 1-loculare; stigma 3-lobum; ovulum parietale. Fructus sphæricus v. breviter ellipsoideus, apiculatus, stigmate terminali, pericarpio carnosulo intus fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen globoso-ovoideum, liberum, hilo elongato laterali, rapheos ramis exe



reticulatis semen circumambientibus, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmee graciles, inermes; caudice humili annulato. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis subregularibus v. interruptis lineari-lanceolatis, v.cuneatis truncatis apice laceris v. dentatis 1-\infty-nerviis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi subtrigona v. dorso convexa et facie canaliculata petioloque obtuse 3-gono glabris v. furfuraceis, vagina valde elongata longe fissa. Spadix primum erectus, fructifer erecto-patens, ramis filiformibus flexuosis; spathæ 2 completæ, elongatæ, complanatæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ in annulum brevissimum connatæ. Flores inter minores. Fructus parvus.

Species 2, Novæ Guineæ incolæ.

7. Grenophyllum, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 135, 153.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo fastigiatim ramoso monoici, in areolis decussatim oppositis 3-ni intermedio 2, v. & solitarii et 2-ni, obsolete bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, trigono-compressi. Sepala parva, acuta, haud imbricata. Petala ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus rectis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum, 3-lobum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala orbiculata, late imbricata. Petala longiora, basi dilatata, late imbricata, apicibus incrassatis triangularibus valvatis. Staminodia parva v. 0. Ovarium oblongum, umbonatum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, crassa, deltoidea, erecta; ovulum parietale. Fructus parvus, pisiformis v. oblongo-ellipsoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio fibroso intus levi. Semen pericarpio adhærens, globosum v. oblongum, hilo elongato laterali, rapheos ramis descendentibus laxe reticulatis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice gracili annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis cuneatis 1-3-nerviis truncatis apice erosis v. laceris multinerviis, summis confluentibus, marginibus basi recurvis, nervis extimis marginalibus, rhachi 3-gona dorso inferne convexa petioloque teretiusculo v. inferne canaliculato furfuraceis, vagina valde elongata longe fissa. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, ramis gracilibus pendulis; spathæ completæ 3, elongatæ, complanatæ, caducæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ in annulum brevissimum connatæ. Flores inter minores. Fructus parvus.

Species 4, Novæ Guineæ et insularum Celebes incolæ. Beccari, Malesia, i. 28, 98, t. 2, f. 1-22 (Nengæ subgen. Gronophyllum).

8. Wengella, Beccari, Malesia, i. 32, t. 1.—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliaceo simplici monoici, in areolis decussatim oppositis 3-ni intermedio 🔉, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala minuta, ovata, acuta, haud imbricata. Petala oblique ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis rectis subulatis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimenta minuta. Fl. Q elongato-pyramidati, masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala orbiculata, late imbricata. Petala longiora, basi concava late imbricata, supra medium ovato-lanceolata acuta valvata. Staminodia 3 v. 0. Ovarium globoso-ovoideum, basi abrupte contractum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, brevia, confluentia, recurva; ovulum elongatum, parietale, pendulum. Fructus elongatus, rectus v. lente curvus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio parce fibroso, endocarpio tenuissimo. Semen elongato-conicum, erectum, endocarpio arcte adnatum, raphe inconspicua ramis gracilibus longitudinalibus subliberis, albumine æquabili ; embryo basilaris.—Palmse humiles, inermes, caudicibus arundinaceis annulatis. Folia terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta v. flabelliformia et furcata, segmentis superioribus truncatis multinerviis erosis v. fissis, inferioribus lineari-lanceolatis longe acuminatis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi et petiolo trigonis et cum vagina valde elongata longe fissa furfuraceo-Spadix gracilis, pendulus, subflexuosus; spathæ 2 completæ, elongatæ, membranacem, complanate, decidum; bractem et bracteolm squamiformes. fructusque parvi.

Species 2 v. 3, Archipelagi Malayani et Novæ Guineæ incolæ. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 156, t. 282, f. 2 (Areca paradoxa). Habitus et stigmata Pinanga, sed ovulum certe infra apieem loculi pendulum.

9. Mentiepets, Brongn. in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. lxxvii. 398.—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliaceo fastigiatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni d, brevissime bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. d asymmetrici, late trigono-compressi. Sepala late triangulari-rotundata, acuta, concava, imbricata. Petala lata, oblique ovata, obtusa, coriacea, valvata. Stamina numerosa, fasciculata, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi connatis ; antherælineari-elongatæ, basi sagittatæ, dorsifixæ, erectee, ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, pyramidato-globosi, perianthio crasse coriaceo, post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala orbicularia, subacuta, valde concava, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, basibus latissimis concavis convolutivo-imbricatis, apicibus abrupte angustatis acutis valvatis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium globoso-ovoideum. basi valde contractum, 1-loculare; stigma crassum, conoideum, apice 3-lobum, lobis trigonis erectis; ovulum parietale. Fructus ellipsoideus v. ovoideus, rostratus v. vertice rotundato, stigmate terminali, pericarpio crasso fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo intus lævi. Semen globosum v. ellipsoideum, erectum, liberum, hilo elongato verticem seminis attingente, rapheos ramis reticulatis semen totum involventibus, albumine duro æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice elato robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis lineari-ensiformibus apice attenuatis obtusis v. dentatis valde coriaceis, costa valida, nervis prominulis, marginibus angulato-incrassatis basi recurvis, costa robusta obtuse 3-gona v. quadrata faciebus planis, petiolo et vagina non visis. Spadices magni, crassi, ramis elongatis robustis; spathæ non descriptæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ in cupulam brevem areolam marginantes connatæ. Flores inter majores. Fructus mediocris v. magnus.

Species 3 examinavimus Novo-Caledonicas, a Museo Parisiensi receptas:—1. K. olivaformis, Brongn., rhachi folii quadrata, fructu parvo umbonato (nullo modo rostrato), seminis hilo angusto, rapheosque ramis transverse reticulatis; fl. 3 non visi. 2. K. macrocarpa, Brongn., rhachi folii 3-gona, fructu globoso-ellipsoideo granulato, semine globoso, hilo lato, rapheos ramis verticalibus impressis irregulariter ramosis. 3. Species diversa? sub nomine K. macrocarpa, fructu magno utrinque rostrato granulato, hilo et raphe ut in No. 1. K. divaricata, Brongn., generice differt fl. 3 symmetrico et aliter.

10. Veitchia, H. Wendl. in Seem. Fl. Vit. 271, t. 81.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo duplicato-ramosissimo monoici, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 9, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni superpositi &; bractee bracteolæque obsoletæ. Fl. & parvi, subsymmetrici. Sepala chartacea, ovato-rotundata, concava, basi connata, marginibus superne paullo imbricatis, nervosa. Petala paullo longiora, late elliptica, ima basi connata, coriacea. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ linearioblonga, basifixa, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum crassum, columnare, truncatum. Fl. 2 musculis multo majores, subrotundati, a dorso compressi, perianthio valde aucto. Sepala crasse coriacea, oblique rotundata, valde concava, late imbricata. Petala consimilia sed multo minora, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium late ovoideum v. subglobosum, bası valde contractum et cylindraceum, 1-loculare, in stigma conoideum tridentatum contractum dentibus trigonis erectis; ovulum parietale. Fructus magnus. ellipsoideus v. fusiformi-ovoideus et subrostratus v. subglobosus, stigmate terminali umbonatus, pericarpio lavi crasso fibroso, endocarpio tenui intus polito. Semen ovoideum. apice rotundatum v. conoideum, erectum, liberum, hilo ad verticem extenso lato, testa brunnes, rapheos ramis descendentibus prominulis laxe reticulatis, albumine denso æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice elato annulato. Folia terminalia. æqualiter pinnatisecta, pinnis linearibus v. acuminatis oblique truncatis, marginibus incrassatis, costa valida. Spadix breviter crasseque pedunculatus, ramis elongatis fastigiatis Florum glomeruli basin versus ramorum sparsi. basi crassis; spathæ 3? deciduæ. superiores conferti. Fructus ad 2-pollicaris.

Species a Wendlandio indicatæ 4, Ins. Fiji et Novarum Hebridarum incolæ. Flores examinavimus V. Storokii, et fructus V. Joannis. Genus imperfecte notum.

. 21. Medyscepe, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnua, xxxix. 178, 189, 203, t. 1, f. 4.-Flores in eodem spedice infrafoliaceo simpliciter fastigistim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, obscure bractesti. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Sepala anguste lanceolata, basi connata, haud imbricata. Petala lanceolata, striata, valvata. Stamina 9-12. filamentis lineari-subulatis; antherse lineari-oblonges, doraifixes, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum conicum. Fl. 2 masculis minores i, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala cordato-deltoidea, imbricata. Petala conformia, breviora, ciliata, convolutivo-imbricata apicibus valvatis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium globoso-pyramidatum, 1-loculare; stigmata sessilia; ovulum parietale. Fructus ovoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crasso intus fibroso. Semen ovoideum, obtusum, hilo lato elongato exaculpto per totam longitudinem endocarpio adnatum, testa cano-fusca, rapheos ramis creberrimis primum horizontalibus dein descendentibus reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.-Palma elata, inermis, caudice robusto. Folia terminalia, densa, aqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis numerosis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis, nervis inferioribus a margine subremotis basi recurvis, rhachi arcuata decurva. Spadıx breviter pedunculatus, ramis crassis flexuosis, areolis laxis; spathæ . . . Flores mediocres. Fructus magnus.

Specie 1, insulæ Lord Howe incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 138 (Kentia Canterburyana).

12. Monga, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnaa, xxxix. 182.—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliaceo fasciculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q, minute bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, 3-gono-compressi. Sepala insequalia, anguste subulato-lanceolata, petala longe superantia, haud imbricata. Petala oblique oblonga, longe acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, inequalia, filamentis subulatis; antherae lineari-oblonge, basifixe, erectre. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2 globosi, masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin fere immutato. Sepala orbiculata, late imbricata. Petala consimilia, inclusa. Staminodia obsoleta. Ovarium trapezoideo-ovoideum, basi contractum, 1-loculare; stigmate crasso conico 3-fido, lobis trigonis erectis; ovulum parietale. Fructus ellipsoideus, lævis, stigmate terminali, pericarpio tenui fibroso intus lævi. Semen liberum, cylindraceo-ellipsoideum, hilo laterali elongato, rapheos ramis numerosis impressis reticulatis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palma elegans, inermis, caudice gracili elato annulato. Folia terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis linearibus acuminatis v. oblique 2-3-fidis, marginibus basi reduplicatis, nervis primariis subtus sparse paleaceis, rhachi 3-gona, petiolo brevi, vagina cylindracea ore valde obliquo. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, ramis gracilibus pendulis; spatha 2, inferiore completa lanceolata complicata 2-cristata, superiore incompleta persistente v. 0; bracteæ 3-floræ, bracteolæque squamiformes. Flores albidi. Fructus parvus, rubrocroceus.

Species 1, Malayana. Scheffer in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 120, 134, 153, t. 9, 10. Mart. Thist. Nat. Palm. iii. 311, t. 153, f. 1-3 (Arcca pumila). Blume, Humph. ii. 77, t. 107 (Pinanga).

13. Lexecoccus, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnera, xxxix. 185.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo subsimpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni β, minute bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. β asymmetrici. Sepala 3, rotundata, subacuta, imbricata. Petala 3, multo majora, oblique ovata, valvata. Stamina 9-12, filamentis elongatis basi connatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, obtusæ, basi breviter biloba affixæ. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, 3-cuspidatum. Fl. γ masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala rotundata, late imbricata. Petala ovata, basi concava, imbricata, superne triangularia valvata. Staminodia obsoleta. Ovarium late ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, sessilia, erecta; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus oblique globosus, in rostrum rectum v. obliquum abrupte attenuatus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio coriaceo tenuiter fibroso intus lsevi. Semen liberum, subglobosum, apice rotundatum v. acutum, basi intrusum, rugulosum, hilo elongato laterali, rapheos ramis inconspicuis, albumine profunde et greberrims

ruminato; embryo fere basilaris.—Palma haud elata, inermis, caudice annulato. Folia terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta, glaberrima, segmentis elongatis coriaceis apicibus oblique truncatis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, costa valida, nervis tenuibus, rhachi dorso convexa facie sulcata, petiolo mediocri, vagina breviuscula. Spadix breviter crasseque pedunculatus, sanguineus, ramis patentibus crassis divaricatis, basi bractea squamiformi auctis; spathæ 2, elongatæ; bractose et bracteolæ parvulæ, squamiformes. Flores mediocres. Fructus diametro nucis avellanæ, lævis, atro-violaceus.

Species 1, Zeylanica. Bot. Mag. t. 6358.

14. Actinorhytis, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnaa, xxxix. 184.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo duplicato-ramoso monoici dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio Q. v. superiores & solitarii et 2-ni, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. & minuti, asymmetrici. Sepala orbicularia, compresso-carinata, concava, late imbricata. Petala 3, ovata, crasse coriacea, subæqualia, valvata. Stamina 24-30, in basi lata perianthii multiseriatim fasciculata, filamentis gracilibus apice inflexis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum parvum, subulatum, v. 0. Fl. Q masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala 3, reniformi-rotundata, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, basi orbicularia late imbricata, apice triangularia coriacea valvata. Staminodia 3 v. 0. Ovarium late ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, parva, subulata, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus magnus, ellipsoideus v. ovoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crasso fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen magnum, globoso-ellipsoideum, endocarpio arcte adhærens, hilo lato verticem seminis attingente, rapheos ramis creberrime reticulatis, albumine profunde radiatim ruminato; embryo elongatus, basilaris.-Palma inermis, elata, caudice robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis lineari-lanceolatis acutis, apicibus oblique dentatis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, costa valida subtus paleis sparsis persistentibus aucta, rhachi valida petiologue planoconvexo furfuraceis. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, ramis pendulis flexuosis; spathæ 2, completæ, complanatæ, caducæ, inferiore elongata 2-cristata. Flores mediocres. Fructus magnus.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 313 (Seaforthia Calapparia). Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. 122, 136, 156, t. 22, 23. Blume, Rumph. ii. 68, in Adnot. t. 100, f. 2 (Areca). Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 150, t. 230 B (Areca cocoides).

15. Archontophomix, Wendl. et Drude in Linnara, xxxix. 182, 190, 211, t. 3, f. 6.— Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliacco triplicato ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. & solitarii et 2-ni, bracteati et obscure bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, trigono-compressi. Sepala 3, parva, triangulari-rotundata, carinata, imbricata. Petala 3, oblique ovato-oblonga, subacuta, valvata. Stamina 9-24, filamentis gracilibus ima basi connatis, apicibus inflexis; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fidæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post Ovarii rudimentum styliforme. Sepala 3, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata. Petala consimilia sed anthesin aucto. minora. Staminodia 6, subulata, v. 0. Ovarium trigono-ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, recurva; ovulum parietale. Fructus parvus, globoso-ellipsoideus, stigmatibus subterminalibus umbonatus, pericarpio fibroso, fibris in vittas latas anastomosantes contextis, endocarpio tenuissimo. Semen erectum, endocarpio arcte adhærens, læve, hilo laterali elongato, rapheos ramis laxe reticulatis, albumine profunde ruminato; embryo basilaris. -Palmæ inernies, elatæ, caudice solitario robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis v. apice 2-dentatis, marginibus basi recurvis, subtus sparse paleaceis, costa prominula, nervis tenuibus, rhachi dorso convexa facie alte carinata potioloque superne canaliculato tomentellis, vagina elongata cylindracea alte fissa. Spadices breviter pedunculati, ramis ramulisque flexuosis gracilibus pendulis glabris ; spathæ 2 completæ, elongatæ, complanatæ, caducæ ; bractea semilunaris, spadici adnata, bracteolse persistentes. Flores majusculi. Fructus mediocris.

Species 2, Australiae orientalia incolm. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 181, t. 105, 106, 109 (Seaforthia)

Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. v. 47, t. 43, 44 (Ptychosperma). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 141 (Ptychosperma, sp. n. 2, 3). Bot. Mag. t. 4961 (Scaforthia, excl. figs. 9, 10, 11, a Martio iteratis, que ad Ptychosperma elegans pertinent).

16. Rhopalostylis, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnaa, xxxix. 180, t. 1, f. 2.-Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo v. fastigiatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni δ, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. δ asymmetrici, 3-gono-compressi. Sepala subulato-lanceolata, haud imbricata. Petala oblique ovata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis subulato-filiformibus apice inflexis; anthere lineares, dorsifixe, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare. Fl. 2 masculis minores, trigono-globosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala rotundata, concava, late imbricata. Petala minora, vix exserta, basi cochleata late imbricata in apices triangulares valvatos repente angustata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, conoideum, 3-fidum, segmentis 3-gonis erectis; ovulum parietale. Fructus ellipsoideus, lavis, stigmate terminali umbonatus, pericarpio crassiusculo fibroso intus leevi. Semen ellipsoideum v. ovoideo-oblongum, erectum, liberum, hilo lato a basi ad verticem producto, rapheos ramis laxis v. creberrimis tenuissimis descendentibus reticulatis, albumine equabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice mediocri annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis æquidistantibus numerosis anguste ensiformibus acuminatis, marginibus basi recurvis non incrassatis, costa valida, nervis utrinque 1-3, rhachi facie concava furfuracea, petiolo brevissimo, vagina elongata. Spadices breves, patentes, brevissime crasseque pedunculati, ramis subflabellatis crassiusculis densifioris : spathæ 2 completee, oblongee, complanatee, inferiore 2-alata; bractee fossee floriferee adnatee apicibus subulatis; bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores mediocres. Fructus parvus v. majusculus.

Species 2, Novæ Zelandiæ et insulæ Norfolciæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 172, t. 151, 152 (Areca), et 312 (Kentia sapida). Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. i. t. 59, 60 (Areca). Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 637, t. 6, f. 18-21. Bot. Mag. t. 5139, 5735 (Areca).

17. Dictyosperma, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnoa, xxxix. 181.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q v. inferiores Q solitarii intermediis 3-nis, supremis solitariis v. 2-nis 3, bracteati et brac-Fl. & asymmetrici, obtuse 3-goni. Sepala parva, ovata, acuta, distincta. Petala oblique ovata, obtusa, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis breviusculis apice inflexis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum elongatum, a basi conica sensim attenuatum, trifidum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala late orbicularia, imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, carnosula, orbicularia, imbricata apicibus leviter imbricatis. Staminodia 6, dentiformia. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare, basi contractum; stigma latum, 3-gonum; ovulum parfetale. Fructus olivæformis v. subglobosus, stigmate terminali, pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio tenuissimo. Semen subglobosum v. elongato-ovoideum, hilo laterali verticem attingente, rapheos ramis oblique descendentibus laxe reticulatis, albumine leviter ruminato; embryo subbasilaris. -- Palma: inermes, graciles, caudice annulato. Folia sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis v. 2-fidis, summis confluentibus, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, costa valida nervisque subtus paleis persistentibus sparsia nudisve, rhachi petioloque gracili furfuraceis trigonis facie canaliculatis, vagina elongata, integra. Spadix in pedunculo brevi glabro v. tomentoso, ramis erectis v. patulis flexuosis, inferioribus basi membranaceo-bracteatis; spathæ 2, completæ, a dorso compresse, caduce, inferiore bicristata, areolis floriferis depressis magnis; bractee bracteologque squamiformes. Flores 2 majusculi, albi v. flavescentes. Fructus furfuraceus, parvus.

Species 2 v. 3, insularum Mascarensium incolm. Balf. f. in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 383.

Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 175, t. 154, 155, f. 2, 3 (Areca). Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijd. Nod. Ind. xxxii.

183 (Ptychosperma album), et in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitens. i. 122. D. album, var. aureum, ex exemplazibus a Horneo (Hort. Bot. Maurit. Prefect.) missis certe a D. albo specifice differt.

18. Ptychosperma, Labill. in Mém. Instit. Par. 1808, ix. 253. (Seaforthia, R. Br. Prod. 267.)—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni 3, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici, ovoidei v. oblongi. Sepala orbicularia, dorso carinata, gibba v. rotundata, late imbricata. Petala ovata v. oblonga, acuta, valvata. Stamina 20-30, fasciculata, filamentis brevibus v. elongatis apicibus rectis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorso v. basin versus affixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum gracile, styliforme. Fl. Q masculis sæpe minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala reniformia v. orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis v. subvalvatis. Staminodia 3 v. plura, minuta. Ovarium oblongum v. ovoideum ; stigmata 3, brevia, sessilia ; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, interdum rostratus, teres v. sulcatus, 1-locularis, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio sepius crasso fibroso, endocarpio tenui v. crustaceo levi. Semen erectum, ovoideum v. oblongum, teres v. profunde 5-sulcatum, hilo a basi ad verticem extenso, rapheos ramis oblique descendentibus laxe reticulatis, albumine plus minusve ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice sæpius elato annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis linearibus v. a basi apices versus dilatatis præmorsis membranaceis plurinerviis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, terminalibus confluentibus, rhachi trigona tenui, vagina elongata. Spadix patentim ramosus, ramis sæpius gracilibus; spathæ 2 completæ, caducæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores parvuli v. inter minores, glomerulis sæpius sparsis. Fructus majusculus v. parvus.

Species enumeratæ ad 12, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ, Australiæ tropicæ et insularum Pacificarum incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 182, t. 128, 129 (Seaforthia). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 141 (Ptychosperma, sp. n. 4). Seem. Fl. Vit. 272, t. 82. Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz, i. 120, 135, 154. Beccari, Malesia, i. 47, 99 (excl. sp.). H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1858, 345 (Seaforthia). H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 183, 215. H. tenella, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 63, est Pinangæ species.

19. Bhopaloblaste, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 137, 156, t. 26, 27, f. 1 .-Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2 v. apices versus ramorum solitarii et 2-ni 3, minute bracteati et Fl. & symmetrici, globosi v. ovoidei. Sepala orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala ovata v. elliptica, obtusa, valvata. Stamina 6, rarissime 9, filamentis elongatis apice inflexis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare v. clavatum, truncatum. Fl. 2 masculis majores, subglobosi, petalis post anthesin auctis. Sepala orbicularia v. reniformia, concava, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutis valvatis. Staminodia in cupulam minutam 6-dentatam connata. Ovarium ovoideum, basi abrupte contractum, 1- rarissime 2-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, subulata, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvulus, ovoideus, subacutus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crassiusculo fibroso intus tonuiter crustaceo lævi. Semen ellipsoideum, liberum, erectum, hilo exsculpto a basi verticem attingente, rapheos ramis obscuris descendentibus laxe reticulatis, elbumine parce radiatim ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice gracili v. robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis anguste lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis 3-5-nerviis, costa tenui subtus sparse paleacea marginibus non incrassatis basi planis v. recurvis. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, laxe ramosus, ramis patulis elongatis gracilibus; spathæ completæ 2, caducæ, inferiore breviore 2-carinata; bracteze et bracteolæ squamuliformes. Flores et fructus inter minores.

Species 3 nobis notæ, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. In R. hexandra, Scheff. l. c., species typica, caudex robustus, folia magna, pinnis crasse coriaceis, rhachi crassa facie plana dorso convexa lateribus profunde exsculptis; spadices crasse pedunculati ramis robustis; spathæ magnæ coriaceæ inferiore dense velutino-tomentosa; flores majusculi, fructusque fere policaris interdum 2-spermus.

Huie indole florum et fractus valde affine est Ptychosperma singsporense, Beccari, Males. i. 53, candice gracili, foliis parvis elegantissimis, pinnis membranaceis, rhachi petioloque gracillimis furfuraceis, spadicis ramis gracilibus, floribus fructuque parvis. Planta philippinensis (Cuming, No. 1476), foliis R. singaporensis, sed glabris, differt spadice paniculatim ramoso, ramis gracillimis. Fructus ignotus est. Ptychosperma Drudei, Wendl., fructum 2-spermum Rhopaloblastis hexandrae exhibet, cum fibris pericarpii in fasciculos longitudinales complanatos dispositis ut in Hydriastele Wendlandiana. P. micranthum, Beccari, Malesia, i. 52, species est Rhopaloblastis staminibus 9.

20. Cyrtostachys, Blume, Rumph. ii. 101, t. 120.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo duplicato-ramoso monoici, in foveis spiraliter dispositis 3-ni intermedio Q, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala rotundata, late imbricata. Petala valvata. Stamina 6 v. 12-15, exserta, filamentis basi connatis fere triadelphis, apicibus inflexis; antherse versatiles. Ovarii rudimenta 3, subulata. Fl. 2 ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin modice aucto. Sepala orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala duplo longiora, suborbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis. Staminodia in cupulam membranaceam dentatam connata. ()varium columnare, 1-loculare; stigmata crasse subulata, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvus, elongatoovoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio tenuiter fibroso intus lævi. ellipsoideum v. subglobosum, læve, liberum, erectum, hilo basilari, raphe obsoleta ramis descendentibus laxe reticulatis, albumine aquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palma gregaria, inermes, petiolis lete rubris, caudice elato gracili annulato. Folia terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis linearibus rigidis apice attenuatis oblique bidontatis, marginibus incrassatis basi plicata recurvis, costa sparse paleacea, nervis utrinque binis, rhachi inferne subtetragona, superne triquetra, petiolo dorso convexo facie concavo, vagina clongata. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, rhachi compressa, ramis subalternis basi squama auctis, ramulis pendulis; spatha 2 completa v. 3, complanatæ, ensiformes, caduca; bractea spadici coadunate, bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores et fructus parvuli.

Species 2, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ; altera C. Renda, Blume l.c., Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 316 (Bentinckia Renda). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 641 (Bentinckia). Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitens. 138, 159. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. Suppl. 589 (Areca? crythropoda); altera, B. ceramica, Wendl., nobis ignota est. Flores masculi a nobis non visi; stamina ex Wendlandio 6, ex Scheffero 12 ad 15.

21. Drymophicaus, Zippel in Flora, 1829 i. 185.—Flores in exdem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 🔉 , v. superne 2-ni et solitarii d', bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. d symmetrici, ovoidei v. oblongi. Sepala orbicularia, basi rotundata v. gibba, late imbricata. Petala oblonga v. elliptica, coriacea, acuta v. obtusa. Stamina numerosa, filamentis filiformibus apice rectis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, dorso v. infra dorsum affixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum gracile, styliforme. Flores 2 masculis majores, subglobosi, perianthio (sed precipue petalis) post anthesin aucto. Sepala reniformia, latissime imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis v. subvalvatis. Staminodia minuta. Ovarium oblongum v. ovoideum, basi abrupte contractum, 1-loculare; stigmata sessilia, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus ovoideus, stigmatibus terminalibus, lævis v. longitudinaliter sulcatus, pericarpio crassiusculo fibroso, endocarpio tenui v. crustaceo intus lævi. Semen ovoideum v. oblongum, teres v. 3-5-sulcatum, hilo a basi ad verticom producto, rapheos ramis paucis obscuris parce reticulatis, albumine sequabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice gracili v. mediocri annulato. Folia terminalia. æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis cuneato-oblongis v. linearibus, late rarius anguste oblique præmorsis submembranaceis 3-co-nerviis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi sæpe furfuracea 3-gona, vagina elongata. Spadix varius, pedunculo brevi, ramis sæpissime gracilibus; spathæ 2 v. plures, inferiore bicristata; bractem et bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores inter minores, glomerulis sepius sparsis. Fructus parvus v. majusculus.

Species ad 12, Novæ Guineæ, Australiæ tropicæ et insularum Moluccarum et Pacificarum incolæ. Mort. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 186, 314 (Scaforthia, sect. Drymophlæus). Blume, Rumph. ii. 117, t. 83,

- 84, 119, iii. t. 156 (Ptychosperma). Miq. Palm. Archip. Ind. Obs. 24. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. t. 142 A, B (Ptychosperma, io. Blumei iteratæ). Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitons. i. 52, 138, 157. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 183. Beccari, Malesia i. 41, 98. Genus verisimiliter melius cum Ptychospermate unitum, a Beccario in sectiones 2 divisum.
  - 1. Actinophicus. Semen profunde 5-sulcatum. Folia interrupte pinnatisecta, segmentis elongatis.
  - 2. Endrymophlaus. Semen teres. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis latis v. abbreviatis.

Ptychosperma Normanbyanum, F. Muell., est verisimiliter Drymophlæi species. In D. bifido, Beccari, spatha superior persistens apparet et irregulariter rupta. Kentiopsis divaricata, Brongn., ad Drymophlæum potius quam Kentiopsidi spectat; differt foliorum segmentis crasse coriaceis, apice attenuatis.

22. Cyphophoenix, H. Wendl. in litt. (nomen).—Flores in eodem spadice robusto infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici, oblongo-cylindracei. Sepala crasse coriacea, orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala longiora, elliptica, subacuta, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformi-subulatis apicibus inflexis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum ovoideum v. styliforme. Fl. 9 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala orbicularia, crasse coriacea, latissime imbricata. Petala vix v. paullo longiora, orbicularia, late convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus breviter acutatis valvatis. Staminodia 3, linearia, membranacea. Ovarium anguste oblongum, 1-loculare, in stigma crassum conoideum 3-fidum lobis trigonis desinens; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus elongato-ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, lente curvus, stigmate subterminali, pericarpio crasso granulato intus fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, læve, erectum, liberum, hilo minuto basilari. raphe et chalaza obscuris, ramis distinctis gracillimis patentibus dein descendentibus reticulatis, albumine equabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice robusto? annulato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis coriaceis elongato-ensiformibus, apice angustatis, marginibus incrassatis basi plicatis recurvis, costa nervisque validis subtus sparse paleaceis, rhachi robusta latiuscula dorso leviter convexa, facie superne acuta. Spadices glabri, ramis robustis elongatis; spathæ . . .; bracteæ breves, bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores inter minores. Fructus brunneus, mediocris.

Species 2, Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ, altera Kentia elegans, Brongn. in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. lxxvii. 399. (Herb. Balansa, 3122) fructu fere recto; altera, K. fulcita, Brongn. l.c. (gen. novum Campecarpus, Wendl. in litt.), spadice valde robusto fructuque lageniforme lente curvo.

Genus a Cyphospermate differt fructu recto stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crasso, et seminibus.

23. Ptychandra, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 140, 160, t. 28, 29, f. 1.-Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni 3; bractee bracteolæque inconspicue. Fl. & symmetrici, subglobosi. Sepala parva, orbicularia, coriacea, imbricata. Petala multo latiora, late ovato-cordata, obtusa, valvata. Stamina ad 34, 1-seriata, exserta. filamentis filiformi-subulatis basi connatis apice inflexis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ. versatiles. ()varii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2 masculos subæquantes, subglobosoconoidei, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala reniformi-rotundata, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis valvatis. Staminodia numerosa, dentiformia. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata sessilia, trigona; ovulum parietale. Fructus fere globosus, stigmatibus infra-apicalibus. pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio duro. Semen globosum, rapheos semine triplo brevioris ramis a chalaza radiantibus creberrime reticulatis, albumine dense ruminato; embryo . . . -Palma inermis, caudice elato solitario. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, subtus glauca, segmentis lanceolatis basi et apice angustatis infra apicem 1-dentatis 3-nerviis. marginibus basi recurvis, costa nervisque subtus paleaceis, rhachi dorso convexa facie plana, vagina elongata indumento cereo albo. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, pluries ramosus, basi rufo-tomentosus, ramis crassiusculis; spathæ 2 completæ, inferiore spadice breviore 2-cristata lanceolata lignea, apice oblique fissa, superiore cylindracea utrinque acuminata. Flores majusculi. Fructus cerasiformis.

Species 1, insularum Moluccarum incola. Fructus tantum a nobis examinatus.

24. Clinostigma, H. Wondl. in Bonplandia 1862, 196; et in Linnaa, xxxix. 185.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni d; bractes bracteolæque obsoletæ. Fl. 3 symmetrici. Sepala orbicularia, basi gibba v. saccata, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, ovata, obtusiuscula, valvata. Stamina 6 v. 12 filamentis filiformibus apice inflexis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum crassum, columnare. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala reniformia, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis subvalvatis. Staminodia 3 v. 6, linearia. Ovarium subglobosum v. turbinatum, 1- rarius 2-3-loculare; stigmata parva, crassa, trigona; ovulum parietale. Fructus globosus v. subglobosus, rarius paullo elongatus, obliquus, stigmatibus excentricis lateralibus v. subbasilaribus, 1-locularis v. 2-3-locularis loculis 2 parvis vacuis, pericarpio crassiusculo grumoso et fibroso, endocarpio membranacco Semen globosum, rarius oblongum et curvum infra situm stigmatium affixum, hilo orbiculari, rapheos ramis ab hilo radiantibus reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo hilo propinquus.—Palmæ inermes, caudice elato v. humili annulato v. annulis obscuris. Folia terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis subfalcato-lancoolatis basi lata insertis plicatis acuminatis (apice 2-fidis? v. oblique truncatis et dentatis?), marginibus interdum incrassatis basi vix recurvis, rachi furfuracea dorso convexa facie obtuse carinata. Spadix elongatus, ramis fructiferis elongatis crassis areolis distantibus; spathæ 2-3. Fructus parvus, maturus ruber.

Species 3 nobis note, una Australasica, cæteræ insularum Samoæ incolæ.—Specierum Samoæ exemplaris valde incompleta vidimus, a Rev. dom. Powell missa, altera pinnis apice bifidis, altera pinnis abrupte et late truncatis (an potius folium *Ptychospermatis* errore fructibus *Clinostigmatis* relatum). Species Australasica sectionem *Lepidorhackis*, H. Wendl. in Linnæs, xxxix. 186, 218, t. 2, f. 5 efficit, spadice perbrevi, floribus omnibus 3-nis et caudice humili. *Benth. Fl. Austral.* vii. 139 (*Kentia*).

25. Cypherentia, Brongn. in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. lxxvii. 399, partim.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, bractesti et minute bracteolati. Fl. 3... Stamina 6 v. 12. Fl. 2 perianthio post anthesin immutato, ... Fructus parvus, ellipsoideus v. subglobosus, rectus v. paullo incurvus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus v. lateralibus, pericarpio grumoso, endocarpio crustaceo intus polito. Semen globosum v. ellipsoideum, subbasilare, suberectum, hilo orbiculari v. oblongo, rapheos ramis dorso a hilo ascendentibus liberis dein decurvis parce anastomosantibus ad situm embryonis convergentibus, albumine corneo sequabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ robustæ, inermes. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis coriaceis elongato-ensiformibus apice angustatis, marginibus basi recurvis. Spadices validi, glabri, ramis robustis; spathæ 2, deciduæ; bracteæ breves, cum spadice ; bracteolæ parvæ, breves, in cupulam brevem imbricatæ.

Species 2, Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ; altera *C. robusta*, Brongn., ramis spadicis simpliciter ramosis crassis elongatis cylindraceis, fructibus reniformi-ellipsoideis, stigmatibus paullo supra basin prominentibus, semine reniformi; altera, *C. macrostachya*, Brongn., ramis spadicis longioribus flexuosis, fructibus subglobosis, stigmatibus lateralibus, semineque fere globoso.—Genus *Clinostigmati* arcte affine, imperfecte notum.

Cyphokentia species alise Brongnartii sunt: C. Balance, a Wendlandio ad genus suum Cyphosperma relata; species 6 candicibus arundinaceis sub Microkentia, Wendl., descripte; C. Humboldtiana et C. bractealis, a nobis non visse, verisimiliter ad typum generis novi Wendlandii zeferende; et C. veginalis, spathis persistentibus, nobis ignota, vix congener.

26. Cyphosperma, H. Wendl. in litt. (nomen tantum).—Flores in codem spadice robusto infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici, oblongo-cylindracei. Sepala crasse coriacea, orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala subduplo longiora, elliptica, subacuta, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformi-subulatis apicibus inflexis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, crassum, truncatum. Fl. 2 masculis paullo minores, subglobosi, petalis post anthesin valde auctis. Sepala orbicularia v. subsphærica, crasse coriacea, latissime imbricata. Petala vix v. paullo longiora, orbicularia, late convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus breviter acutatis valvatis. Staminodia 3, brevia, linearia, membranacea, v. 0. Ovarium obovoideo-oblongum v. lageniforme, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, crassum, conoideum, 3-fidum, lobis trigonis; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvus, globosus v. cubico-obovoideus, stigmate oblique terminali v. fere laterali, pericarpio tenui crustaceo granulato intus lævi. Semen grosse tuberculatum v. subhexagonum angulis acutis, faciebus undulatis, hilo angulo ventrali angusto a basi ad medium extenso, rapheos ramis radiantibus laxe reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice robusto? annulato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis coriaceis elongato-ensiformibus apice angustato oblique præmorsodentatis basi plicatis marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, costa nervisque validis furfuraceis v. demum glabris, rhachi robusta lata dorso leviter convexa facie canaliculata. Spadices glabri v. puberuli, ramis robustis elongatis subdistichis; spathee . . . ; bractere breves; bracteolæ majusculæ, squamiformes. Flores et fructus brunnei, inter minores.

Species 2, Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ; altera Cyphokentia Balansæ, Brongn. in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. lxxvii. 5, sepalis basi gibbosis fere calcaratis, fructu globoso, stigmatibus lateralibus, et semine profunde tuberculato-rugosa testa? tenui crustacea induto; altera C. Virillardi, Brongn. l.c., sepalis basi rotundatis, fructu obtuse 4-5-gono, stigmate fere terminali, et semine acute angulato.

27. Microkentia, Wendl. in litt. (nomen).—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo gracili simpliciter v. duplicatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici. Sepala parva, ovata v. oblonga, leviter imbricata. Petala brevia, ovata, concava, striata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformi-subulatis, apicibus rectis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, stigmate disciformi. Fl. 2 masculos subæquantes, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala ovata, sepalis longiora, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutis conniventi-valvatis. Staminodia 3 v. 6?, subulata. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvulus, globosus, plus minusve obliquus v. irregularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus excentricis v. lateralibus, pericarpio tenui grumoso v. carnosulo, endocarpio tenui subcrustaceo intus levi. Semen stigmatibus oppositum, subglobosum, hilo orbiculari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus ramosis reticulatis, albumine aquabili ; embryo hilo proximus.— Palmæ inermes, caudice gracili arundinaceo annulato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis elongato-ensiformibus acuminatis distinctis v. superioribus in laminam latam 2fidam confluentibus, costa nervisque prominulis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi petiologue gracili glabris v. atro-furfuraceis, vagina elongata integra. Spadices graciles. glabri v. atro- v. castaneo-pubescentes, ramis gracilibus densifloris; spathæ 2; bracteæ breves, cum spadice continuæ ; bracteolæ breves, cupulam efformantes. Flores inconspicui. Fructus inter minimos ordinis.

Species 6, sub Cyphokentia sua a Brongnartio in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. Par. lxxvii. 5, verbis paucissimis descriptis, nempe, C. Pancheri, Deplanchei, eriostachys, Billardieri, sùrculosa et gracilis, omnes Novæ Caledoniæ incolæ. Genus a Wendlandio in litteris nobis indicatum, certe habitu a ceteris Cyphokentiis valde distinctum.

28. Oncosperma, Blume, Rumph. 96, t. 82, 103. (Keppleria, Meissn. Gen. Pl. 355; Comm. 266.)—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni 3, bracteati et minute bracteovol. III.

lati. Fl. & asymmetrici, 3-gono-compressi. Sepala parva, triangulari-rotundata, acuta, basi imbricata. Petala oblique ovata, acuta v. acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6-12, filamentis brevibus rectis v. apicibus incurvis; antheræ lineares, basi longe bifida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, apice fissum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, oblique globosi, perianthio post anthesin modice aucto. Sepala inequalia, rotundata, basi gibba, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis subvalvatis. Staminodia 6, minuta. Ovarium late et oblique ovoideum, 1- v. 3-loculare loculis 2 altius positis; stigmata minuta; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvus, globosus, stigmatibus lateralibus v. basilaribus, pericarpio lævi grumoso v. subfibroso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen globosum v. subglobosum, hilo dorsali v. subbasilari ovali v. suborbiculari marginibus incrassatis, rapheos ramis ab hilo radiantibus laxe reticulatis, albumine profunde ruminato; embryo hilo proximus.—Palmæ armatæ, stoloniferæ, caudice humili valdo aculeato, aculeis elongatis rectis nigris. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis equidistantibus v. subfasciculatis ensiformibus acuminatis apice integerrimis, costa valida subtus paleacea, marginibus non incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi furfuracea dorso convexa facie obtuse carinata, vagina elongata. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, simpliciter v. duplicato-ramosus, inermis v. aculeatus; spathæ 2 completæ, spadici æquilongæ, caducæ, ensiformes, coriaceæ, inermes v. aculeatæ, interiore 2-cristata; bracteæ fossas spadicis marginantes; bracteolæ minutæ. Flores inter minores. Fructus parvus v. mediocris.

Species 5 v. 6, Asiæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 312, t. 150, 153, f. 4, 5 (Areca horrida). Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 146, 157, t. 233 B, C (Areca, sect. Euoplus). Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned. Ind. xxxii. 189; Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 189, 159, t. 29, f. 3, et t. 30. Ovarium fide Blumei 3-loculare, fide Schefferi 1-loculare, in specie Zeylanica solum a nobis examinata 1-loculare est.

29. Euterpe, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 24 (excl. citat. Rumphii), t. 9, f. 3 (E. pisifera).—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliaceo albo-furfuraceo fastigiatim ramoso monoici, cavis spiraliter dispositis, 3-ni intermedio ♀, v. superiores 2-ni ♂, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. ♂ subsymmetrici v. asymmetrici, ovoidei. Sepala majuscula, orbicularia v. reniformia, scariosa, late imbricata v. minuta ovata acuta. Petala oblonga v. ovato-lanceolata, basi connata, sæpius inæqualia, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis v. basi connatis apicibus rectis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineares, basi longe 2-fidæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare v. 3-gonum, integrum v. 3-tidum. Fl. 9 masculis minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala orbicularia, obtusa, concava, late imbricata. Petala longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, basi siepe gibbum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 minutis vacuis; stigmata minuta, sessilia, 3-gona; ovulum parietale, subglobosum, pendulum. Fructus pisiformis, stigmatibus lateralibus, pericarpio granulato tenuiter carnosulo parce fibroso, Semen globosum, liberum v. endocarpio adhærens, hilo endocarpio membranaceo. laterali lineari, rapheos ramis undique ab hilo radiantibus reticulatis, albumine æquabili v. ruminato; embryo hilo propinquus.—Palmæ graciles, elatæ, inermes, caudicibus solitariis v. fasciculatis annulatis. Folia terminalia, requaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis anguste lineari-lanceolatis longe graciliterque acuminatis v. ensiformibus membranaceis plicatis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi 3-gona inferne petioloque elongato dorso convexa facie concava, vagina valde elongata cylindracea integra. Spadix paniculatim ramosus, rhachi elongata, ramis gracilibus superioribus gradatim brevioribus supe furfuraceis basi incrassatis, floriferis erecto-patentibus; spathæ 2, coriaceæ v. membranaceæ, lanceolatse, inferiore breviore apice fissa dorso 2-carinata, superiore completa, ventre fissa; bractese foveolas marginantes; bracteola ovata, acutic. Flores parvi, albi, in fossis spadicis sessiles. Fructus purpureus.

Species ad 8, Americae tropicae et insularum Indiae occidentalis incolae. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 28, t. 28 ad 30; iii. 165, 309 (excl. sp.); Palm. Orbign. 8, t. 2, 8, 15, 17, 18. Kunth, Enum. P. iii. 177. Drude in Mart. F. Bras. iii. ii. 461, t. 107. Scheff. in Natuurk. Tijdschr. Ned. Ind. xxxii

192; Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. 128, 180, t. 29, f. 2. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 516; in Pl. Wright Cub. 530. Œrst. Palm. Centr. Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1858) 30. Engel in Linnæa, xxxiii. 669. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 136. Barb. Rodr. Emum. Palm. Nov. 15. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 131. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 22, t. 7, 8. Genus male definitum. Sepala floris 3 in E. oleracea, Mart. t. 29, et in E. Catinga fere orbicularia et late imbricata; in E. ensiformi, Mart. t. 31, et E. eduli, t. 32, minuta, ovata, acuta. Pericarpium in E. Catinga, Wallace, nullo modo fibrosum, sed in sicco tenuiter crustaceum, albumenque sequabile, dum in E. oleracea pericarpium carnosum et dense fibrosum est, albumenque ruminatum.

30. Canocarpus, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 21, t. 22 ad 27; iii. 310, et Palm. Orbign. 12, t. 8, 18.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo fastigiatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores 2-ni 3, obscure bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Sepala parva, ovata v. lanceolata, acuta, valvata v. basi tantum imbricata. Petala oblique ovata v. oblonga, acuta v. acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis v. basi connatis rectis v. apicibus incurvis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum 3-fidum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subgloboso-conoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala crasse coriacea, reniformia v. orbicularia, late Petala longiora v. sublongiora, orbicularia, obtusa, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 0 v. pauca. Ovarium ovoideum v. turbinatum, 3-loculare loculis 2 effectis; stigmata minuta, sessilia; ovulum parietale. Fructus ovoideus ellipsoideus v. globosus, 1-locularis, stigmatibus terminalibus (v. excentricis?), pericarpio fibroso et grumoso v. carnosulo (endocarpio membranaceo?). Semen ellipsoideum v. globosum, liberum v. endocarpio adhærens, lhilo parvo elongato, rapheos ramis a basi ad apicem radiantibus reticulatis, albumine æquabili fibroso v. ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ sæpius inermes et elatæ, caudicibus solitariis v. ca spitosis annulatis medio interdum ventricosis. Folia terminalia, in una specie disticha, pinnatisecta, segmentis anguste v. latiuscule ensiformibus acuminatis rigidis plicatis plurinerviis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi dorso convexa lateribus profunde sulcatis ventre carinata, petiolo brevi, vagina brevi ventricosa aperta, in una specie spinosa. Spadices breviter pedunculati, hippuriformes v. scopiformes, rhachi brevi, ramis simpliciusculis crassiusculis elongatis subæquilongis pendulis, areolis vix depressis; spathæ 2, lignosæ, caducæ, inferiore breviore 2-carinata apice fissa, superiore cylindracea rostrata, ventre rupta. Flores interminores. Fructus sæpius purpureus v. niger.

Species ad 8, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 179. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 465, t. 108. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 28, t. 9 ad 11. Karst. Fl. Colomb. i. 111, t. 55. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 139. Genus sæpe cum Euterpe confusum, characteres diagnostici serius scrutandi. Fructus in Œ. utili globosus, pericarpio tenui non fibroso, omnino ut in Euterpe Catinga.

31. Jossenia, Karst. in Linnaa, xxviii. 387 (excl. citat. Endlicheri), xxxiii. 691, t. 3, f. 6. Fl. Colomb. i. 197, t. 98.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo fastigiatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores 2-ni v. solitarii 3, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici. Sepala minuta, semi-orbicularia, carnosula, marginibus membranaceis, imbricata. Petala multo longiora, ovato-oblonga v. lanceolata, cartilaginea, valvata. Stamina 9-20, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheree lineares, acutæ v. apiculatæ, basi longe 2-fida insertæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum 3-fidum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, depresso-globosi, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala carnosula, orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala consimilia, tenera, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stylus brevis, stigmatibus validis; ovulum . . . Fructus ellipsoideus, stylo terminali, pericarpio carnoso fibroso et oleoso. Semen ellipsoideum, hilo laterali elongato, rapheos ramis ab hilo divergentibus numerosis inconspicuis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris, elongatus.—Palmæ inermes; caudice elato robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, perplurima, sequalitor pinnatisecta, segmentis confertis oppositis ensiformibus acuminatis plicatis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo breviusculo, vagina brevi aperta marginibus fibrosis. Spadices penduli, breviter pedunculati.

floriferi interfoliacei, fructiferi infrafoliacei, rhachi brevi, ramis elongatis; spathes 2, fusiformes, interiore multo longiore ventre fissa. Flores mediocres. Fructus fere *Chaocarpi*.

Species 3, America australis cisequatoriensis incolæ. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 472, t. 109. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 516. Engel in Linnaa, xxxiii. 691. Genus ut videtur Œnocarpo arctiscime affine, differt spadicibus dum floriferi manent interfoliaceis. Speciei Trinitensis cujus fructus ignotus, exemplum valde imperfectum tantum vidimus Œnocarpum omnino referens.

32. Acanthophoenix, H. Wendl. in Fl. des Serres, t. 181.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo laxe ramoso monoici, spiraliter dense conferti, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2. superiores solitarii v. 2-ni &, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, trigono-compressi. Sepala parva, orbicularia, carinata, imbricata. Petala oblique ovata v. ovatolanceolata, acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6 v. plura, exserta, filamentis liberis elongatis cylindraceis apicibus acutis incurvis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ v. globosæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum elongato-conicum v. 2-3-fidum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, late ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala ovato-orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala sepalis aquilonga, orbicularia, striato-nervosa, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Staminodia obscura. Ovarium obovoideo-oblongum, rectum v. curvum, 1- (v. 2-3-) loculare; stigmata subapicalia; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus parvulus, globosus v. oblongus, teres v. compressus, stigmatibus lateralibus v. subbasilaribus, pericarpio levi carnosulo et tenuiter fibroso, endocarpio subcrustaceo. Semen oblongum, ascendens, hilo elliptico infra medium sito, testa brunnea, rapheos ramis paucis ab hilo radiatis et ascendentibus dein descendentibus et laxe reticulatis, albumine equabili : embryo basilaris.—Palmæ elatæ, armatæ, caudice robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, spinis elongatis gracilibus plus minusve armata, segmentis anguste lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis subtus paleaceis costa nervisque validis marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi subtrigona, vagina elongata inermi v. spinosa. Spadix duplicato-ramosus, pendulus, breviter crasseque pedunculatus, glaber v. tomentosus. lævis v. spinosus, ramis gracilibus v. crassis tortuosis; spathæ 2, compresse, deciduæ; bracteze prominulæ margini areolæ adnatæ, crassæ, rigidæ; bracteolæ inconspicuæ. Flores rubri v. flavi. Fructus nunc grano Tritici vix longior, niger.

Species 3 v. 4, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Balf. f. in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 384. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 174, t. 154, 155, f. 1 (Areca crinita) et 176, t. 154, 155, f. 2 (A. rubra excl. descript. et ic. fructus). Ovarium ex Martio 2-3-loculare, loculis 2 abortivis, quod non vidimus. Deckeria, H. Wendl. in Baker Fl. Maurit. 385, certe est Acanthophanicis species, fructibus oblongo-cylindraceis semi-pollicaribus.

33. Hyospathe, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 1, t. 1, 2.—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, laxe spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores 2-ni et solitarii, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici, compressi. Sepala parva, submembranacea, ovato-rotundata, basi connata. Petala oblongo-lanceolata, acute valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basi longe bifidæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum turbinatum v. columnare, obsolete 3lobum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala parva, membranacea, ovata, acuta, imbricata. Petala membranacea, paullo longiora, orbicularia, subacuta, imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Staminodia 6. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata sessilia, acuta, recurva; ovulum subbasilare, erectum. Fructus parvulus, ellipsoideus v. obovoideus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio tenuiter grumoso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, testa fusca, rapheos ramis obscuris, albumine sequabili; embryo basilaris.—Palma arundinacea, inermis, caudice annulato radicibus epigseis sustentato. Folia pauca, terminalia, irregulariter pinnatisecta, segmentis late oblique lanceolatis v. quadratis longissime acuminatis, marginibus non incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi acuta bifaciali dorso convexa, petiolo subtereti facie canaliculata, vagina elongata. Spadices 2 v. 3, breviter peduncuati, primum erecti ramis gracilibus erectis rigidis basi incrassatis, demum penduli : spathæ

2, inferiore compressa 2-carinata, superiore fusiformi. Flores virides. Fructus purpureus.

Species 3, Brasilianæ.— Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 519. Sepala fl. & ex Scheffero valvata, nobis potius imbricata apparent. H. pubigera, Griseb. et Wendl. (Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 516), minime hujus generis, differt pinnarum marginibus incrassatis, forma spadicis, sepalis fl. & orbiculatis latissime imbricatis, ovario 1-loculari, stigmatibus in fructu infra-apicalibus, et albumine ruminato. Vide Prestocam.

34. Prestoea, Hook. f., Gen. Nov.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni d, ebracteati, minute bracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Calyx minutus, 3-lobus, lobis rotundatis obtusis. Petala oblique ovata, subacuta, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformisubulatis; antheræ magnæ, lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, basi alte 2-fidæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare. Fl. 2 masculis minores, globosi, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala reniformi-rotundata, concava, imbricata. Petala haud longiora, late ovata, subacuta, convolutivo-imbricata. Ovarium obovoideo-oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma crassum, sessile, 3-lobum, lobis 3-gonis; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus pisiformis, stigmate excentrico v. laterali, pericarpii tegumento externo membranaceo fragili, interno e fibris tenuibus laxe reticulatis nucleo laxe adhærentibus, endocarpio? e membrana fragili irregulari alba ad basin tantum seminis. Semen globosum, hilo laterali, raphe elongata ramis radiantibus laxe reticulatis, albumine duro parce ruminato; embryo hilo proximus.—Palma gracilis, humilis, caudice arundinaceo annulato. Folia longe graciliterque petiolata, basi pinnatisecta, segmentis superioribus in laminam oblongam 2-fidam apice laceram plicato-nervosam connatis, inferioribus angustis, costa nervisque validis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi trigona puberula, petiolo dorso convexo facie sulcato, basi in vaginam fibroso-reticulatam brevem apertam dilatato. Spadices breviter pedunculati, erecto-patentes, fusco-pubescentes, rhachi crassa stricta, ramis strictis erecto-patentibus a basi incrassata ad apices graciles sensim attenuatis; spathæ 2, membranaceæ, demum laceræ, inferiore 2-dentata apice fissa, superiore longiore ventre hiante; bracteolæ cupulares. Flores inter minores. Fructus intus viridis pericarpio tenero.

Species 1 bene nota, insulæ Trinidad incola, Hyospathe pubigera, Griseb. et Wendl. in Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 516. Ovulum certe basilare et erectum est. Membrana fragilis basi seminis adnata singularis est, et ulterius scrutanda. Euterpe montana, Grah. in Bot. Mag. t. 3874, insulæ Grenadæ incola, est verisimiliter congener (ut et species ab auctoribus Euterpi relatæ?).

35. Oreodoxa, Willd. in Mem. Acad. Berl. 1804, 34.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo decomposito ramoso monoici, laxe spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 3, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni &, obscure bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici. Sepala minuta, late ovata, scariosa, basi imbricata. Petala subequalia, ovata, acuta, basi connata, tenuiter coriacea, valvata. Stamina 6, 9, 12, exserta, filamentis basi petalorum adnatis brevibus late subulatis, apicibus rectis acutis; antheræ magnæ, ovatosagittatæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum subglobosum v. 3-fidum. Fl. Q masculis minores, subconoidei, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala ovato- v. reniformi-rotundata, late imbricata. Corolla urceolaris, ad medium 3-loba, lobis triangularibus acutis valvatis. Staminodia 6, squamiformia, in cupulam ori corollæ adnatam connata. Ovarium subglobosum, basi gibbum, 2-loculare; stigmata sessilia, crassa, subulato-trigona; ovulum parietalo, ascendens. Fructus obovoideus v. oblongo-ovoideus, curvus, 1-locularis, stigmatibus subbasilaribus, pericarpio carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio tenui. oblongo-reniforme, testa endocarpio adnata, hilo latiusculo ventrali, rapheos ramis ab hilo radiantibus reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo subbasilaris.—Palmæ inormes, caudice solitario elato robusto cylindraceo v. medio incrassato. Folia terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis anguste lineari-lanceolatis apice angustatis inæqualiter 2-fidis, costa crassiuscula subtus paleacea, marginibus non incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi dorso convexa facie inferiore sulcata superiore acuta, petiolo semicylindraceo facie sulcato, vagina elongata. Spadix majusculus, ramulis elongatis gracilibus pendulis; spathæ 2 complete, inferiore semicylindracea spadicem sequante, superiore ensiformi ventre fissa; bractes et bracteole squamiformes. Flores parvi, albi, glomerulis sparsis. Fructus parvus, violaceus.

Species descriptæ 5, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 166, 310, t. 156, 163. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 181. Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 517; Cat. Pl. Cub. 222. Jacq. Stirp. Sci. t. 170.

36. Sriartea, Ruiz et Par., Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 149, t. 32, Syst. 298. (Deckeria, partim, Karst. in Linnaa, xxviii. 258; Fl. Colomb. 107, t. 53.)—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores 2-ni v. solitarii &, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici. Sepala minuta, rotundata, basi gibba, vix imbricata. Petala oblique ovoidea v. triangularia, obtusa, valvata. Stamina 9-15, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi connatis; antheræ linearielongate, basifixe, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum obsoletum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sopala orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala vix longiora, obtusa, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia numerosa v. 0. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2 sæpius effectis; stigmata minuta, sessilia, 3-gona; ovula . . . Fructus oblongus v. depresso-ovoideus, 1- rarius 2-spermus, stigmatibus apicalibus v. subapicalibus, pericarpio crasso grumoso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semina solitaria et globosa, v. 2-na hemisphærica, hilo subbasilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus ramosis reticulatis verticem attingentibus, albumine æquabili; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, elatæ, caudice annulato cylindraceo v. medio ventricoso, radicibus epigæis sustentato. Folia pauca, terminalia, inæqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis quaquaversis cuneatis integris v. fissis apice erosis plicato-nervosis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo canaliculato, vagina cylindracea elongata. Spadices 1-3, ante anthesin corniformes et recurvæ, ramis paucis; spathæ numerose, inferiores minores incompletæ, superiores completæ, fisse, corisceæ, deciduæ. Flores parvi. Fructus 1-2-pollicaris.

Species ad 5, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 35, partim, t. 35, 36; Palm. Orbign. 14, partim, t. 5, f. 3, t. 19, excl. f. 2. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 536 (sect. Eu-iriartea). H. Wendl. in Bonpland. 1860, 102, 106. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 132, excl. sp. 2.

37. Socratea, Karst. in Linua, xxviii. 263.—Flores in codem spadice infrafoliacco simpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio Q, superiores 2-ni v. solitarii 3, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici. Sepala parva, triangularia. Petala late oblique ovata, acuta, valvata. Stamina ad 25, filamentis brevissimis subulatis basi connatis; antheræ lineari-elongatæ, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 9 masculis minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala late ovato-rotundata, imbricata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculia 2 effectis; stigmata sessilia, minuta, recurva; ovulum . . . Fructus ellipsoideus v. oblongoohovoideus, 1- rarius 2-spermus, stigmatibus subapicalibus, pericarpio crassiusculo. Semen oblongum v. oblongo-obovoideum, erectum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis a basi ascendentibus ramosis reticulatis, albumine equabili; embryo subapicalis.—Palmæ inermes, caudico gracili remote annulato radicibus epigieis sustentato. Folia pauca, terminalia, sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis oblique cuneato-flabellatis profunde laciniatis, laciniis angustis sinuato-dentatis quaquaversis, nervis divaricatis. Spadices solitarii, ante anthesin corniformes, recurvi : spathæ 5-8, deciduæ, superiores completæ.

Species apud auctores 3 v. 5, Brasiliæ borealis et Colombiæ incolæ. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 537, 538, t. 126 (Briartea, sect. Haplophyllum et Bchisophyllum). Species sunt: 1. S. elegans, Karst. l.e. 2. S. Orbigniana, Karst. l.e.; Mart. Palm. Orbign. 14, t. 5, f. 1, t. 19, f. 2, t. 20 B (excl. f. 2, 3) (Briartea). 3. S. exorhisa, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 36, t. 33, 34 (Briartea, embryone errore basilari descripto et depicto). 4. S. durissima, Œrst. Palm. Cent. Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Feren. Kjebenh. 1858) 30 (Briartea). 5. S. philonotia, Barb. Bodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 131, Protest. Appead, 35. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 130, S. exorhisam, Orbignianom et philonotiam pro formis unius speciei habet.

38. Dictycearyum, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1865, 131.—Flores in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo fasciculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni 3, obracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3 oblongi, curvi, cylindracei. Sepala minuta, rotundata, basi gibba, imbricata. Petala oblonga, obtusa, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minimum. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala et petala 3, imbricata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium 3-loculare; ovulum . . . Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus, pericarpio grumoso, endocarpio membranaceo fragili. Semen ovoideum v. subglobosum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ascendentibus ramosis copiose reticulatis in embryonis situm convergentibus, albumine æquabili; embryo subbasilaris.—Palmæ elatæ, inermes, caudice remote annulato radicibus epigæis suffulto. Folia pauca, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis oblique flabellatim cuneatis in lacinias 8-10 angustas quaquaversas apice erosas fissis. Spadices ante anthesin corniformes, elongati, recurvi; spathæ 6-7, deciduæ. Flores flavi.

Species ex Wendlandio 2, Brasiliæ borealis et Nova Grenadæ incolæ, nempe: D. Lamarckianum, Mart. Palm. Orbign. 18, t. 12, et t. 20 A (Iriarteu); Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 259 (Deckeria); et D. fuscum, Karst. Fl. Colomb. 109, t. 54, excl. f. 1, 9 ad 12 (Socratea).—Genus a nobis non visum, a Drudeo in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 536, ad sectionem Iriarteæ relatum. In icone Martii D. Lamarckiani, Palm. Orbign. t. 20 A, f. 7, embryo bene medio inter hilum et vorticem seminis situs.

39. Iriertella, H. Wendl. in Bonpland. 1862, 106.—Flores in eodem spadice infrav. inter-foliaceo monoici, spiraliter dispositi, inferiores 3-ni intermedio ♀, superiores solitarii v. 2-ni &, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala parva, rotundata, imbricata. Petala oblique ovato-oblonga, obtusa, valvata. Stamina numerosa (ad 15), filamentis brevibus subulatis basi fasciculatis et connatis; antheræ anguste lineares, basifixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum obsoletum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala orbicularia, late imbricata. Petala consimilia, convolutivo-Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideo-oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 sæpissime effectis; stigmata minuta, sessilia; ovula in loculis solitaria, erecta? Fructus parvulus, obovoideo-oblongus, basi sæpe gibbus v. 2-gibbus, rectus v. lente curvus, stigmatum cicatrice basilari, pericarpio tenuiter grumoso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis a basi ad verticem ascendentibus parce reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo apicalis.—Palma humilis, gracilis, setosa, setis prurientibus, caudice arundinaceo griseo-tomentoso basi sobolifero remote annulato, radicibus hypogæis. Folia terminalia, pauca, inæqualiter? pinnatisecta, segmentis in planum dispositis a basi lata anguste cuneatis oblique præmorsis plicato-venosis, marginibus basi recurvis, subtus tomentellis, petiolo setoso, vagina elongata cylindracea. Spadices pedunculo compresso tomentello, ramis pendulis; spathæ 4-5, deciduæ, planoconverse, tomentosse, pedunculum arcte vestientes. Flores minuti. Fructus parvus.

Species 1, riparum fluminis Amazonum incola. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 39, t. 37. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 130. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. t. 15, omnes sub Iriartea. Barb Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov., Protest. Append, t. 2. f. 8, 9. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 537, t. 127, f. 1 (Iriartea, sect. Trachyphyllum.)

40. Catoblastus, H. Wendl. in Bonpland. 1862, 104, 106.—Flores in diversis spadicibus infrafoliaceis brevibus monoici, spiraliter dispositi, & solitarii v. gemini, \( \text{\chi} \) solitarii, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala minuta, ovato-triangularia, vix imbricata. Potala 3, anguste subulato-lanceolata, floxuosa, crasse coriacea, valvata. Stamina 9-15, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ magnæ, lineari-oblongæ, obtuse 4-gonæ, apiculatæ, basifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum minimum. Fl. \( \text{\chi} \) masculis subæquales, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sopala minuta, triangularia, haud imbricata. Petala multo majora, triangularia, crasse coriacea, basi imbricata, apicibus acutis liberis conniventibus valvatis. Staminodia 4-6, antheris parvis cassis. Ovarium ad basin 3-lobum, lobis inæqualibus stellatim patentibus subglobosis pubescentibus 1 v. 2 vacuis; stylus brevis, stigmatibus 3 lineari-elongatis crassis obtusis intus canaliculatis; ovula in loculis

angustis acuminatis plicato-nervosis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi petioloque gracili furfuraceis 3-gonis, vagina elongata aperta reticulatim fibrosa. Spadices suberecti, longe graciliterque pedunculati, rhachi stricta haud profunde alveolata; spathæ 2 completæ, coriaceæ, remotæ, angustæ, marcescentes, inferiore tubulosa 2-carinata, superiore spadice breviore; bracteæ et bracteolæ minutæ. Flores minuti, nitidi. Fructus rubri v. crocei.

Species 3, Novæ Guineæ incolæ. Genus Baculariæ arcte affine, diffort spathis coriaceis spadicibus multoties brevioribus, antherisque dorsifixis.

45. Ecwea, Beccari, Malesia, i. 67 (Howies). (Grisebachia, H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnaa, xxxix. 177, 188, 200, t. iv. f. 1, 2.)—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo elongato simplicissimo monoici, cavis spiraliter dispositis inserti, 3-ni intermedio 9, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni &, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & majusculi, symmetrici. Sepala orbicularia, concava, compresso-carinata, late imbricata. Petala late ovata, crasse coriacea, basi connata, valvata. Stamina 30-40, dense fasciculata, filamentis brevissimis v. 0; antheree lineari-clongatee, basifixee, erectee, basi et apice indivisee. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, subglobosi, perianthio toto post anthesin aucto. Sepala reniformia, latissime imbricata. Petala minora, orbicularia, convolutivoimbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventi-valvatis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 1-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia; ovulum erectum. Fructus oliviformis, stigmate terminali umbonatus, pericarpio crasso fibroso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo separabili. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, liberum, hilo parvo basilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus et ramosis dein descendentibus et laxe reticulatis, albumine aquabili ; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ elatæ, inermes, caudice robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, numerosa, densa, æqualiter pinnatisecta, pinnis angustis acuminatis, petiolo et vagina . . . Spadices 2-3-pedales, solitarii v. 3-5 ex una spatha, crassi, cylindracei, nutantes v. penduli, pedunculo elongato basi compresso; spatha solitaria, spadicem sequans, cylindracea, apicem versus 2-carinata, longitudinaliter rupta; bractese cavos marginantes, bracteoles squamiformes. Flores cavis spadicis semi-immersi, & fere semi-pollicares. Fructus sesquipollicaris.

Species 1 v. 2, insulæ Lord Howe incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 137 (Kentia Belmoreana et Forsteriana). Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 636, t. 5, f. 14, 15.

46. Gigliolia, Beccari, Malesia, i. 171.—Flores in codem spadice interfoliaceo subdigitatim ramoso monoici, subdistiche sparsi, 🤉 basin versus ramorum solitarii v. masculis 1 v. 2 stipati, & versus apices ramorum solitarii v. 2-ni, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici, elongati, 3-goni. Calyx breviter tubulosus, 3-gonus, truncatus, 3-dentatus. Petala lanceolata, acuminata, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 3-0, filamentis brevibus basi in columnam connatis; antheræ breves v. lineari-elongatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum 3-lobum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores et crassiores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin Sepala ovato-rotundata, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, ovata v. ovatorotundata, basi concava imbricata, supra medium incrassata valvata. Staminodia 3-6, minutissima. Ovarium ovoideum, basi abrupte contractum, 1-loculare; stigma crassum, conoideum, sessile, 3-fidum, segmentis crassis 3-gonis; ovulum subbasilare, horizontale. Fructus immaturus cylindraceo-ovoideus, stigmatibus crassis erectis terminatus, peri-inermes, caudice arundinaceo annulato v. subnullo. Folia terminalia, lamina 2-fida, lobis apice crenato-dentatis, v. sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis lineari-lanceolatis caudato-acuminatis flaccidis, costa nervisque gracilibus, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi teretiuscula antice canaliculata, petiolo gracili, vagina fissa. Spadices longe graciliterque pedunculati, ramis rigidis strictis v. flexuosis; spatha 1 completa, longissima, ensiformis, compressa, bicarinata, longitudinaliter fissa. Flores majusculi, sessiles. Fructus immaturus parvus.

Species 2, Borneenses, habitu toto ceelo diverse, et probabiliter subgenera distincta efformantes. Genus nulli affine. 1. G. subacculés, folii lamina cuncato-oblancoolata, plicato-nervosa, ad medium

2-fida, segmentis apice crenato-dentatis, spadicis ramis ad apicem pedunculi subdigitatis subcrectis strictis rigidis, filamentis breviter connatis, antheris elongatis. 2. G. insignts, Becc., caudice arundinaceo, foliis pinnatisectis, segmentorum margine inferiore basi in auriculam acuminatam rhachi appressam producto (ut in Arenga), spadicis rhachi elongata fiexuosa, ramis alternis patentibus flexuosis gradatim decrescentibus, filamentis in columnam crassam solidam cylindraceam coadunatis, apicibus liberis, antheris minutis.

47. Ceroxylon, Humb. et Boupl. Pl. Æquin. 1, t. 1, 1 b. (Klopstockia, Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 251; Fl. Colomb. 1, t. 1. Beethovenia, Engel in Linnæa, xxxiii. 677, t. 3, f. 4.)—Flores in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis paniculatim ramosis monoici v. polygami, cum pedicello brevi articulati, minute bracteati, ebracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala minuta, in cupulam crassam 3-lobam lobis acutis connata. Petala subulatolanceolata, acuminata, ima basi connata, valvata. Stamina 9-15, uniseriata, filamentis brevibus subulatis inter se et cum petalis connatis; antheræ magnæ, lineares, basi longe bifida insertæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum conicum. Fl. 2 masculos subæquantes, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala in annulum carnosum 3-lobum basi intrusum connata, lobis triangularibus acutis. Petala ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, carnosula, basi in tubum brevom connata, valvata. Staminodia numerosa, basi petalorum inserta, antheris parvis linearibus cassis. Ovarium profunde 3-lobum, tuberculatum, lobis 1-2 vacuis basi inter se et cum styli basi connatis; stylus brevis, crassus, erectus, 3-sulcatus, stigmatibus crassis subulatis recurvis; ovula supra basin anguli interioris loculorum inserta, ascendentia. Fructus globosus v. didymus, styli residuo basilari, pericarpio grumoso levi v. grosse granulato, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen crectum, globosum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis a basi ascendentibus ramosis ad situm embryonis convergentibus et reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.— Palmæ præaltæ, inermes, caudice robusto annulato interdum ceram scatente. numerosa, terminalia, æqualiter pinnatisecta, pinnis ensiformibus acuminatis rigide crasseque coriaceis subtus tenuiter lanatis marginibus basi recurvis, costa tenui, nervis obscuris, vagina fibrosa. Spadices elongati, ramosissimi, ramulis gracilibus flexuosis, floribus ad nodos insertis; spathæ ad 5, inferiores completæ, coriaceæ, sericeo-tomentosæ, 2 elongatæ; bracteæ sub floribus minutæ, ovatæ, acutæ. Flores majusculi. Baccæ rubræ v. violaceæ, diametro nucis avellanæ.

Species 2, Andium Novæ Grenadæ et Venezuelæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 314 (excl. C. australi) et 188 (Iriartea andicola). H. Wendl. in Bonpland. 1860, 106. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 545. Engel in Linnæa, xxxiii. 673 (Klopstockia).

48. Juania, Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 189, nomen tantum.—Flores ♀ in spadice simpliciter ramoso subsolitarii, breviter pedicellati, bracteati, ebracteolati. Fl. d . . . -Fl. 9: Perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx brevis, 3-lobus, lobis triangularibus acutis, coriaceus, basi intrusus. Petala ovata, acuta, coriacea, striata, basi in tubum breviter connata, imbricata apicibus valvatis. Staminodia 6, filiformia, basi corollæ inserta. Discus 0. Ovarium oblongum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata 3. brevia, recurva; ovula angulo interiori loculorum affixa, pendula. Fructus globosus. stigmatibus subterminalibus, pericarpio crassiusculo grumoso v. carnoso l, endocarpio subcrustaceo intus subrugoso. Semen globosum, basilare, testa pallide brunnea, raphe laterali elevata verticem acutatum seminis attingente, ramis paucis descendentibus, albumine corneo sequabili; embryo subbasilaris.—Palma elegans, gracilis, inermis. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis elongatis anguste ensiformibus acuminatis striato-nervosis subtus argentatis, costa valida, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, petiolo gracili furfu-Spadix glaber, rhachi valida compressa, ramis strictis crassiusculis raceo-squameso. flexuosis erectis superioribus gradatim brevioribus, pedunculo basi squamis paucis membranaceis longe acuminatis; spathæ . . .; bracteæ breves, cum spadice confluentes. Flores parvi, solitarii. Fructus magnitudine Cerasi.

Species 1, insulæ Juan Fernandez incola. Genus evidenter Ceroxylo affine et forte idem ac C.? australe, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 315, et Morenia Chonta, Philippi, in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 648.

49. Malertien, H. Wendl. Ind. Palm. 28, nomen; et in But. Zeit. 1859, 5 .- Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo subdigitatim ramoso monoici, in areolis spiraliter sparsis sessiles, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni 3, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici, conico-ovoidei. Sepala late orbiculata, dure coriacea, imbricata. Petala ovata v. lanceolata, acuta, rigida, valvata. Stamina 6 v. 12, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ lineares, obtusæ, dorsifixæ, basi 2-fidæ. Ovarii rudimentum 3-fidum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, ovoidese, acutse, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala orbicularia, concava, dorso rotundata, imbricata. Petala longiora, basi orbicularia, imbricata, apicibus lanceolatis acutis crasse coriaceis valvatis. Staminodia 6, setiformia, basi ovarii adnata. Ovarium ovoideo-trigonum, acutum, incomplete 3-loculare; stigmata subulata, erecta; ovula 3, columnæ centrali basilari late adnata. Fructus parvus, ovoideus v. elongato-ovoideus, apiculatus v. umbonatus, stigmatibus terminalibus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio coriaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, hilo basilari, raphe ad verticem attingente ramis . . .- Palmæ nanæ, inermes, caudicibus cæspitosis vaginis elongatis foliorum tectis. Folia alterna, suberecta, nunc simplicia apice 2-fida plicato-nervosa marginibus basi cuneata integerrimis superne grosse crenato-dentata sinubus erosis, v. fenestrata v. in segmenta basi angusta marginem versus confluentia fissa, v. in segmenta lata apice presmorsa et crenata divisa, petiolo gracili trigono basi in vaginam reticulatam marginibus fibrosis sensim angustato. Spadix longe graciliterque pedunculatus, erectus, simpliciter ramosus, pedunculo compresso, ramis paucis strictis rigidis angulato-compressis basi bractea rigida lanceolata v. subulata auctis; spathæ 2, pedunculo multo breviores, graciles, membranaceæ; bracteæ bracteolæque rigidæ. Florum glomeruli subremoti. Fructus parvus.

Species 5, Americae centralis incolæ. Bot. Mag. t. 5247, 5291.

50. Reinhardtia, Liebm. in Overs. K. Dansk. Selsk. 1845, 99, nomen; Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 311.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo subdigitatim ramoso monoici, in areolis spiraliter sparsis 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici, conico-ovoidei. Sepala rotundata, coriacea, nervosa, concava, late imbricata, Petala ovata, acuta, rigida, valvata. Stamina numerosa, in capitulum conferta, filamentis brevibus filiformibus; antheræ lineares, basi bifida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala orbicularia, dorso rotundata, imbricata. Petala multo longiora, basi rotundata, imbricata, supra medium lanceolata acuminata, rigida, valvata. Staminodia 0. Ovarium lanceolatum, 3-gonum, acutum, incomplete 3-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, erecta; ovula 3, columnæ centrali basilari late adnata. Fructus parvus, ellipsoideus, apiculatus, stigmatibus terminalibus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio coriaceo et fibroso, endocarpio membranacco. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, liberum, hilo basilari, raphe ad vertigem attingente exsculpto, ramis reticulatis, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice gracili stricto annulato. Folia sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentia numerosis elongatis anguste lineari-lanceolatis longe gracillimeque acuminatis, costa gracili, nervis plurimis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi gracili 3-gona. Spadices longe pedunculati, erecti, simpliciter ramosi, pedunculo rigido compresso stricto, ramis strictis rigidis erectopatentibus compresso-angulatis, basi bractea rigida lanceolata auctis; spatha (una tantum visa) elongata, angusta, compressa, 2-carinata, ventre fissa, coriacea, spadicem aquans; bractea et bracteolæ rigidæ. Florum glomeruli subremoti.

Species nobis notis 3, omnes Mexicane, quarum 2 a Liebmannio misse fl. 2 carent, tertia (coll. Jurgensen, n. 760) fl. 2 immaturos pra-bet.—Genus Malortica valde affine, differt staminibus, habitu, et foliis punnatisectis segmentis longe acuminatis.

51. Esterespatha, Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 141, 162.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo ramosissimo monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2 v. superiores 2-ni 3, obscure bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici, compressi. Sepala parva, subrotunda, basi gibba, imbricata. Petala ovata, subacuta, valvata.

Stamina 6, filamentis filiformibus ima basi connatis apicibus inflexis; antherse lineares, dorsifixse, utrinque 2-fidse, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum columnare, 3-gonum. Fl. 2 masculos subsequantes, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala reniformia, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Staminodia 6, setiformia. Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare; stigmata parva, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus pisiformis, stigmatibus excentricis, pericarpio grumoso non fibroso intus lævi. Semen globosum, erectum, liberum, hilo basilari, raphe elongata, ramis a chalaza descendentibus reticulatis, albumine modice ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palma elata, inermis. Folia terminalia, longe petiolata, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis numerosis lanceolatis utrinque attenuatis acuminatis 1-nerviis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, rhachi dorso rotundata facie angusta plana, vagina brevi fibrosa basi tumida. Spadix decompositus, ramis crassis, ramulis divaricatis; spathæ 2, inferiore 2-cristata, superiore multo longiore. Flores mediocres.

Species 1, Amboynensis.

52. Mephrosperma, Balf. fil. in Baker Fl. Maurit. 386.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 9, obscure bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala crassa, orbicularia, concava, basi gibba, late imbricata. Petala sepalis vix duplo longiora, ovato-oblonga, obtusa, crassiuscula, valvata. Stamina perplurima, in capitulum densum coacervata, filamentis crassiusculis interioribus longioribus; antheræ breves, apici filamenti dilatato late adnatæ, subhorizontales. Ovarii rudimenta 1-2, minuta, ovoidea. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin modice aucto. Sepala orbiculata, coriacea, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventi-valvatis. Staminodia minuta, squamiformia. Ovarium ellipsoideum, 1-loculare; stigma crassum, sessile, conoideum, 3-fidum; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus globosus, lævis, stigmate laterali, pericarpio tenuiter carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen globosum, suberectum, liberum, hilo oblongo subbasilari, rapheos ramis a margine hili ascendentibus liberis demum laxe reticulatis semen amplectentibus, albumine profunde ruminato; embryo supra-basilaris.—Palma mediocris, armata, caudice annulato et longe spinoso. Folia terminalia, insequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis acuminatis, aliis latioribus plurinerviis cum angustioribus 1-nerviis alternantibus, terminalibus confluentibus, nervis subtus paleaceis, petiolo lævi rachique spinosis, vagina late fissa spinosa, marginibus membranaccis. Spadix elongatus, pedunculo elongato erecto compresso, basi bracteis 2-3 tomentosis aucto, ramis cernuis; spathæ 2, inferiore spinosa persistente, superiore decidua. Flores majusculi. Fructus semipollicares, rubri.

Species 1, insularum Seychelles incola.

53. Eguanura, Blume, Rumph. ii. 105, t. 117. (Slackia, Griff. Notul. iii. 162; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 243; Palm. Brit. Ind. 161, t. 234.)—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simplici v. paniculatim ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni 3, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici. Sepala orbicularia, crasse coriacea, basi gibba v. carinata, late imbricata. Petala ovata v. lanceolata, acuta, ima basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, rarius 9, filamentis subulatis basi connatis apice rectis v. inflexis; antheræ oblongæ v. sagittatæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum 3-gonum. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala orbicularia, concava, basi gibba, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Staminodia 6, dentiformia. Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, teres v. gibbum, obtuse 3-gonum, 1-loculare, v. 2-3-loculare loculis 2 effectis; stigmata 3, sessilia, trigona; ovulum parietale. Fructus obovoideus v. oblongus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus, pericarpio carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio chartaceo. Semen oblongum v. obovoideum, suberectum, hilo laterali, rapheos ramis ab

hilo ascendentibus dein decurvis reticulatis, albumine ruminsto v. sequabili; embryo besilaris.—Palmæ humiles, inermes, caudicibus arundinaceis annulatis. Folia terminalia, integra demum sequaliter pinnatiseota, segmentis membranaceis latis acuminatis præmoracdentatis v. fissis plurinerviis, summis confluentibus, marginibus tenuibus basi recurvis, petiolo gracili rhachique glabris v. furfuraceis, vagina aperta v. basi integra. Spadices longe pedunculati, ramis paucis gracilibus patentibus; spathæ 2, spadice multo breviores, persistentes, tubulosæ, inferiore 2-cristata, superiore supra medium aperta; bractese foveolas marginantes, bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores et fructus parvi.

Species 4 v. 5, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 229, 317, t. 178. Kunth. Enum. Pl. iii. 643. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 43, 749. H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 63. Scheff. in Ann. Jard. Bot. Buitenz. i. 141, 161. Huc pertinet Areca Wallichiana, Mart. in Wall. Cat. n. 8600.

54. Stevensonia, Duncan, Cat. Hort. Maurit. 87, nomen. (Phoenicophorium, Wendl. in Ill. Hort. xii. t. 433; Misc. 5.)—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo duplicato-ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores 2-ni 3, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & asymmetrici, ovoideo-3-goni. Sepala 3, brevissima, reniformia, imbricata. Petala ovata, acuta, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 15-20, basi perianthii inserta, filamentia subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, utrinque longe 2-fidæ, dorsifixæ, demum versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum varium. Fl. 2 masculis minores, globosi, perianthio post anthesin Sepala 3, orbicularia, concava, crasse coriacea, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, rotundata, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis subvalvatis. Staminodia 0 (in cupulam dentatam connata, Balf.). Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma mitriforme, 3-fidum, sessile; ovulum parietale. Fructus parvus, ellipsoideus, ventre planiusculo, dorso subcarinato, stigmate subbasilari, pericarpio crasse fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen suberectum, liberum, ovoideum, hilo lato subbasilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus ramosis gracillimis laxe reticulatis, albumine profunde ruminato; embryo subbasilaris.—Palma elata, tota aculeata v. demum fere inermis, caudice annulato. Folia terminalia, patenti-recurva, lamina cuneato-obovata convexa 2-fida basi obliqua plicato-nervosa, margine fissa, segmentis incisis, costis validis nervisque subtus paleaceis, petiolo plano-convexo, vagina alte fissa squamosa et aculeata. Spadix erectus, pedunculo elongato basi compresso, ramis crassiusculis; spathæ 2, inferiore persistente aculeata, superiore clavata inermi lignosa decidua. Flores mediocres. Fructus parvus, croceus.

Species 1, insularum Seychelles incola. Balf. fil in Baker Fl. Maurit. 388.

55. Verschaffeltia, Wendl. in Ill. Hort. xii. Misc. 5. (Regelia, Hort.) -Flores minuti, in codem spadice interfoliaceo decomposite ramoso monoici, spiraliter dispositi, sparsi v. 3-ni intermedio 2, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. d globosi. Sepala orbicularia, concava, late imbricata. Petala vix longiora, late ovata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis crasse subulatis; antheræ medio dorso affixæ, didymæ, loculis medio tantum connatis, rimis lateralibus. Ovarii rudimentum breve, clavatum, vertice dilatato truncato 3-gono. Fl. 2 masculis majores, globosi, perianthio post anthesin fere immutato. Sepala orbicularia, concava, crasse coriacea, basi gibba, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, subasqualia, crasse coriacea, imbricata. Staminodia 6, triangulari-subulata, antheris minutis cassis. Ovarium ovoideum, demum oblique globosum; stigma laterale; ovulum parietale. Fructus globosus, lævis, stigmate subbasilari, pericarpio dure carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo carinis percurso. Semen erectum, globosum, sulcatum, hilo basilari orbiculari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus reticulatis semen circumdantibus, albumine duro profunde ruminato; embryo subbasilaris.—Palma elata, tota armata v. demum inermis, caudice gracili annulato radicibus epigesis sustentato. Folia terminalia, recurva, lamina oblonga v. cuneato-obovata 2-fida plicato-nervosa, interdum fere ad rhachin laciniata segmentis incisis, costa nervisque validis subtus paleaceis, petiolo semitereti, vagina elongata alte fissa furfuracea. Spadix 3-6-pedalis, paniculatim ramosus, longe pedunculatus, decurvus, furfuraceus, rhachi elongata, ramis patentibus ramulisque gracilibus; spathæ 2-3, elongatæ, vaginantes, inferiore persistente, superioribus deciduis. Flores perpusilli. Fructus pollicaris.

Species 1, insularum Seychelles incola. Balf. fil. in Baker Fl. Maurit. 387.

56. Dypsis, Noronh. in Thou. Prod. Phytol. 2, nomen; Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 180, 312, t. 143, 158, f. 1, 2, 161, f. 5.—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice paniculatim ramoso monoici, 3-ni intermedio 2 v. solitarii et 2-ni 3, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Sepala membranacea, orbicularia, late rotundata. Petala ovata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis linearibus basi connatis ; antheræ didymæ, dorsifixæ, loculis subdistinctis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala membranacea, orbicularia, cucullata, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, rotundata, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventi-valvatis. Staminodia 6, dentiformia. Ovarium obliquum, 1- v. 2-3-loculare, loculo unico fertili; stigmata sublateralia, subsessilia, recurva; ovulum parietale. Fructus parvus, oblongus v. ovoideus, rectus v. curvus, basi obliquus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio grumoso tenui, endocarpio fibroso testæ adhærente. Semen obovoideum, basi acutum, hilo laterali, testa fusca, rapheos ramis obscuris, albumine ruminato; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ parvulæ, inermes, caudico arundinaceo. Folia terminalia, integra, apice 2-fida, v. demum findenda, v. pinnatisecta, segmentis apice fissis v. præmorso-dentatis, terminalibus sæpe confluentibus, vagina brevi. Spadices elongati, laxe florigeri; spathæ 2, inferiore compressoancipiti, superiore longiore apice fissa; bracteæ rhachi adnatæ, bracteolæ membranaceæ.

Species enumeratæ 5 v. 6, omnes Madagascarienses, quarum una tantum bene descripta. Descriptio pro maxima parte ex Martio.

57. Phloga, Noronk. in Thou. Prod. Phytol. 2 (nomen).—Flores minuti, in codem spadice paniculatim ramoso interfoliaceo? monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio Q v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni 3, minute bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 subsymmetrici. Sepala orbicularia, crasse coriacea, concava, imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, elliptica, subacuta, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis in columnam crassam apice 6-dentatam basi petalorum adnatam confluentibus; antheræ minutæ, didymæ, loculis subglobosis, connectivo crassiusculo. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala rotundata v. reniformia, concava, coriacea, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, basi lata convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus triangularibus valvatis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, 3-fidum; ovulum . . . Fructus immaturus oblongus, incurvus, vertice rotundato, stigmate basilari, pericarpio crasso. Semen . . . . Palma inermis, densa, fruticosa. Folia pinnatisecta, segmentis distichis fasciculatis, fasciculis distantibus v. oppositis quaquaversis et quasi verticillatis, v. solitariis, oblanceolatis longe acuminatis plurinerviis, marginibus basi forte recurvis et in tuberculum in sicco lobulatum desinentibus, rhachi gracili teretiuscula fur-Spadix patens, pedunculo brevi compresso angulato, rhachi breviuscula, ramis fructiferis gracilibus patentibus; spathæ . . . ; bracteæ et bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores inter minimos. Fructus ut videtur parvulus.

Species 1, Madagascariensis. Dypsis nodifera, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 312.

58. Semmiera, Beccari, Malesia i. 66.—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice interfoliaceo digitatim ram so monoici, spiraliter dispositi, 3-ni intermedio ♀, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. ♂ symmetrici, globosi. Sepala rotundata, acute carinata, subscariosa, imbricata. Petala brevia, ovata, acuta, tenuia, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi connatis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. ♀ masculis multo minores, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala reniformia, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventi-valvatis. Staminodia minuta. Ovarium ovoideum ?; stigmata crassiuscula, reflexa; ovulum basilare?. Fructus parvus, globosus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio corticato cortice suberoso angulato-echinato, endocarpio crustaceo

fragili, intus rapheos ramis notato. Semen globosum, erectum, liberum, testa brunnes, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ad verticem seminis ascendentibus dein descendentibus ramosis et reticulatis, albumine sequabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmse humiles, inermes, caudice brevi annulato. Folia terminalia, elongato-cunesto-oblonga, profunde bifida, plicato-nervosa, loborum apicibus crenatis, rhachi dorso convexa facie acuta, petiolo elongato furfuraceo dorso convexo facie concavo marginibus acutis, vagina aperta marginibus fibrosis. Spadix longe graciliterque pedunculatus, ramis simplicibus gracilibus densifioris furfuraceis; spathse completse 2, membranacese, inferiore longe tubulosa, superiore sub ramis inserta 2-partita, lacera; bractese breves, spadici adnates, bracteoles squamiformes, in cupulam brevem dispositse. Flores 3 exacte spherici. Fructus piso majores, pallidi.

Species 2, Papuanse. Fructus pericarpium Manicariam simulat.

59. Chammedorea, Willd. Sp. Pl. iv. 638. (Nunnexharia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 147, t. 31. Nunnezia, Willd. Sp. Pl. iv. 1154.)—Flores dioici (rarissime in spadicibus diversis monoici), in spadicibus simplicibus v. ramis spadicis paniculatim ramosi inter- v. infra-foliacei sessiles v. subimmersi, parvi v. minuti, ebracteati et ebracteolati, carnosuli. Fl. 3: Calyx pateriformis v. cupularis, integer 3-lobus v. rarius 3-partitus. Petala 3, libera v. in cupulam v. urceolum connata, v. basi in stipitem solidum contracta, lobis segmentisve valvatis. Stamina 6, basi corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus latiusculis v. subulatis; antherse dorsifixe, incluse, didymse v. oblonge. Ovarii rudimentum columnare v. obsoletum. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Petala seepius in corollam gamopetalam connata, valvata v. imbricata. Staminodia 6, minuta v. 0. Ovarium obovoideum, globosum v. depressum, 3-loculare; stigmata minuta, recurva; ovula in loculis solitaria, basilaria, erecta. Fructus parvus, e carpellis 1-3 globosis v. oblongis obtusis, stigmatum residuis basilaribus, pericarpio coriaceo v. carnoso intus levi vix fibroso. Semen erectum, globosum v. ellipsoideum, hilo parvo basilari, raphe exsculpta ramis obscuris, albumine cartilagineo sequabili; embryo basilaris v. dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, erectæ v. procumbentes, rarius ope pinnarum scandentes, caudicibus solitariis v. crespitosis annulatis gracilibus v. arundinaceis. Folia simplicia et apice 2-fida v. varie equaliter pinnatisecta, laciniis latis v. angustis rectis v. obliquis acuminatis plicato-nervosis, basi seepe callosis, marginibus basi reduplicatis v. recurvis, petiolo sæpe cylindraceo, vagina tubulosa brevi v. elongata, ore obliquo. Spadices inter- v. infra-foliacei, simplices v. paniculatim ramosi, erecti v. patentes, pedunculo brevi v. elongato, ramis laxi- v. densifloris. Spathæ 3 v. plures, sæpius alternæ, pedunculum vaginantes, elongatæ, apice fissæ, membranaceæ v. coriaceæ, plus minusve persistentes. Flores 2 non raro minutissimi.

Species ad 60, sylvis montium Americæ tropicæ occidentalis a Mexico ad Panuma incolæ. Mart. Nat. Hist. Palm. ii. 3, t. 3, iii. 157, 307, t. 126 ad 128; Palm. Orbign. 4, t. 6, f. 1 (Hyospathe) et t. 16 A, B. Kunth. Eaum. Pl. iii. 170. H. Wendl. Ind. Palm. 57, et in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 29, 102; in Bonpland. 1862, 37; et in Gartenfl. 1880, 101. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 527, t. 125. Jacq. Hort. Schænb. ii. t. 247. 248 (Borassun). Otto, Gartenzeit. 1834, 145, 153, t. 6. Bat. Mag. t. 4831, 4837, 4845, 6030 et 6088 (Nunnezharia), 5492 (Morenia). Genera et subgenera sequentia a Liebmannio in Overs. K. Dansk. Selsk. Forhandl. 1859, et ab Œrstedio in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1845, aliisque proposita, omnia pro sectionibus Chamædoreæ habenda.

- 1. Collinia, Liebm. 1. c.; Œrst. 1. c. Fl. 3: Calyx cupularis, 3-fidus. Corolla multo major, stipitata, globosa, 3-fida. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Corolla ovoidea. Folia pinnata. Spudices interfoliacci, pedunculo longissimo ramis gracilibus, floribus distichis remotis. C. elegans, Mart. C. elasior, Liebm.
- 2. Eleutheropetalum, H. Wendl. Ind. Palm. 58, subgenus; Œrst. l. c. 6, t. 3. Fl. &: Calyx membranaceus, patelliformis, 3-fidus. Corolla globosa, stipitata, 3-partita. Fl. Q: Calyx 3-partitus, segmentis orbicularibus membranaceis. Petala 3, oblonga, valvata. Staminodia 6. Carpella busi libera. Folia subsimplicia v. piunata. Spadices interfoliacei, & ramosissimi, Q simplices v. parce ramosi; fl. & ramis sessilibus.—C. Ernesti-Augusti, H. Wendl. C. Sartorii, Liohm.
- Stackyophorbe, Liebm. mss.; (Erst. 1. c. 9, t. 4. Fl. 5: Calyx cupularis, membranaceus,
   S-lobus. Corolla multo major, obovoidea, 3-partita, stipitata, carnosa. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Corolla a, substipitata, 3-partita, segmentis carnosis marginibus membranaceis. Carpella matura 1-3

Folia pinnata. Spadices & ramis declinatis; \$\varphi\$ simplices, longe pedunculati. C. cataractarum, H. Wendl. C. oreophila, Mart. C. pygmæa, H. Wendl. C. montana, Liebm.

- 4. Chamædorea, Willd. (Char. reform.), Œrst. l. c. t. 10. Fl. &: Calyx patelliformis, 3-lobus. Corolla multo major, globosa v. oblonga, 3-partita, stipitata, segmentis liberis v. connatis. Fl. &: Calyx cupularis v. patelliformis, 3-lobus, virescens. Corolla 3-partita, segmentis imbricatis. Folia pinnata, rarissime integra. Spadices inter-v. infra-foliacei, ramosi, longe pedunculati; flores minuti, & minutissimi.
- a. Euchamædorea, Œrst. l.c. 11. Fl. \$\Pi\ \text{immersi}\, depresso-conici, calycis lobis conniventibus, petalis sæpius subreniformibus ovarium amplectentibus. Spadices infrafoliacei, erecto-patentes. C. pinnatifrons, Jacq. (Borassus). C. Bartlingiana, H. Wendl. C. lanceolata, Ruiz et Pav. (Nunnezharia), &c.
- B. Chamædoropsis, Œrst. l. c. 15. Fl. Q non immersi. Petala rotundata, ovarium amplectentia. Folia pinnata, pinnis basi callosis. Spadices infrafoliacei. C. elatior, Mart. C. desmoncoides, H. Wendl. C. montana, Liebm. C. lunata, Liebm. &c.
- 7. Chamædorella, Œrst. l. c. 23. Fl. \( \) ovoidei, non immersi. Calyx virescens. Petala ovata, laxa. Spadices \( \beta \) simpliciter ramosi, ramis pendulis; \( \beta \) duplicato-ramosi, ramis tenuissimis patentibus. Folia glaucescentia. \( C. \) lepidota, H. Wendl. \( C. \) brachyclada, H. Wendl.
- 8. Psilostachys, Œrst. 1. c. 24, t. 5. Fl. 3: Calyx minutissimus, membranaceus. Corolla stipitata, segmentis apice coadunatis. Fl. 2 scrobiculis subimmersi, masculis 2-3-plo minores. Folia simplicia, furcata, brevissime petiolata. Spadices inter-v. infra-foliacei, longe pedunculati, 3 ramosi ramis pendulis, 2 simplices v. pauci-ramosi, ramis erectis carnosis. C. geonomæformis, H. Wendl.
- e. Nunnezharia, Œrst. l. c. 24. Fl. & globosi. Calyx cupularis, 3-partitus. Corolla obovoideoglobosa, vix stipitata, segmentis apice liberis. Antherarum loculi sejuncti. Fl. Q masculis subrequales. Calyx maris. Petala 3, orbicularia. Staminodia 0. Folia simplicia furcata. Spadices & et Q subsimiles, ramosi, pedunculis brevibus. C. fragrans, Mart. (Nunnezharia, R. et P.).
- © Dasystachys, Œrst. l. c. 25, t. 6. Stachyofhorbe, Klotzsch in Allgemein. Gartenz. 1853, 363. Flores hexagoni, scrobiculis 8-seriatis congesti; ♂: Calyx annularis, 3-lobus, membranaceus. Petala carnosula, conniventia. Antheræ minutæ, filamentis planiusculis. Fl. ♀: Calyx cupularis, membranaceus, crenulatus, multilobus. Petala subreniformia, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 5-6. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum. Folia simplicia, furcata. Spadices 1-3-ni, erecti, inter- et infra-foliacei. C. Deckeriana, Kl.
- n. Stephanostachys, Klotzsch in Allg. Gartenzeit. 1852, 363; Œrst. l. c. 26, t. 7, f. 1-28. Flores depressi v. subglobosi; & 4-goni. Calyx minutissimus. Corolla 3-partita, segmentis subcarnosis conniventibus. Fl. \( \phi : \text{Calyx 3-partitus.} \) Petala 3, rotundata, convolutivo-imbricata. Ovarium subglobosum. Folia pinnata. Spadices simpliciter ramosi, densifiori, ramis & pendulis, \( \phi : \text{ erectis, pedunculo brevi. } C. Caspariana, Kl. C. Martiana, H. Wendl., &c.
- 6. Spathoscaphe, Œrst. 1.c. 29, t. 7, f. 29-37. Fl. 3 oblongo-obovoidei, basi compressi. Calyx breviter tubulosus, membranaceus. Corolla stipitata, segmentis oblongis. Fl. 2 . . . Folia maxima, pinnata. Spadices infrafoliacei, densifiori, pedunculo brevi; 3 ramis subumbellatis simplicibus pendulis, 2 simplices v. ramis paucis erectis crassis. Spathæ coriaceo-chartaceæ, summa cymbæform ventre aperta. C. Archbergiana, H. Wendl.

Morenia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 150, t. 32, a Chamædorea separata fuit ob calycem in fl. & planum 3-dentatum et petala late ovata. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 174. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 161, t. 140, 141; Palm. Orbign. 6, t. 3, 16 C. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 274; Fl. Colomb. ii. 135, t. 171. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 331.

Kunthia, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. ii. 128, t. 122 (quæ C. Lindeniana, H. Wendl.), non a Chamædorea differt nisi floribus in distinctis spadicibus monoicis, aliis Ç, aliis 3 ovario rudimentario præditis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 175. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. t. 101, f. 6, 7. iii. 163, t. 142.

Wendland, Ind. Palm 57, subgenera Chanuedoreæ 4 agnoscit:-

- 1. Collinia, Mart. l. c. Corolla & et Q apice 3-dentata, dentibus valvatis.
- 2. Eleutheropetalum, H. Wendl. l. c. 58. Corolla & 3-partita, Q 3-partita, utraque valvata.
- 3. Euchamædorea, Mart. l. c. 58. Corolla & 3-partita, valvata; Q 3-petala, convolutivo-imbricata.
- 4. Stephanostachys, Klotzsch in Allg. Gartenzeit. 1852, 363. Corolla & 3-partita, ♀ 3-petala, utraque convolutivo-imbricata.

Nomine generico Pavoniano jure prioritatis gaudet, sed Willdenowianum, jam diu ab omnibus botanicis hortulanisque acceptum, non hodie rejiciendum. Confer ctiam de his nominibus Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 528.

VOL. III. 3 H

60. Synechanthus, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1858, 145. (Reineckia, Karst. in Koch, Wochenschr. i. 349. Rathea, Karst. l.c. i. 377, ii. 15.)—Flores minuti, in ramis gracillimis ejusdem spadicis interfoliacei monoici, in acervulos elongatos alternos 1-2-seriatim dispositi, superiores in acervulo & infimo 2, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. & trigono-hemisphærici. Calyx cupularis, carnosulus, 3-lobus. Petala 3, basi connata, late ovata, concava, patula, valvata. Stamina 3 v. 6, basi corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ globoso-didymæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum subglobosum. Fl. 2 masculos subsequantes, hemisphærici; perianthio post anthesin immutato. Calyx maris. Petala 3, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 0, v. 3 minutissima. Ovarium globosum, 3-loculare; stigmata sessilia, minutissima; ovula in loculis erecta. Fructus ellipsoideus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio tenuiter carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen crectum, liberum, ellipsoideum, hilo parvo basilari, raphe sigmoidea ramis obscuris, albumine æquabili ; embryo infra-apicalis.—Palmæ inermes, gregariæ, caudice gracili annulato sæpe stolonifero. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis latis v. angustis membranaceis acuminatis plicato-nervosis sæpe interruptis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi dorso convexa facie alte carinata, petiolo supra canaliculato, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices plures, longe graciliterque pedunculati, floriferi erecti, ramis strictis compressis v. ancipitibus; spathæ plures, tubulosæ, membranaceæ, persistentes. Flores virides v. & purpurascentes. Fructus rubrocroceus v. vitellinus, nitidus.

Species 2, Americæ centralis incolæ, et tertia Columbiana. *Bot. Mag. t.* 6572. Spadices ex Wendlandio infrafoliacei, et albumen ruminatum, sed in *S. fibroso* solo nobis noto certe spadices interfoliacei et albumen æquabile.

61 Ganssia, H Wendl. in Gætt. Nachricht. 1805, 327.—Flores minuti, in ramis filiformibus ejusdem spadicis interfoliaceis duplicatim ramosi monoici, in acervulos elongatos alternos distichos 1-seriatim dispositi, superiores in acervulis & infimo Q. Fl. & . . Fl. Q perianthio post anthesin fere immutato. Sepala 3, transverse oblonga, imbricata. Petala 3, late ovata, marginibus late valvatis. Ovarium . . . Fructus carpella 1-3, parva, ellipsoidea v. obovoidea, paullo curva, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio carnosulo et parce fibroso. Semen subglobosum v. ellipsoideum, erectum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis perpaucis arcuatis subramosis descendentibus, albumine acquabili; embryo supra-basilaris.—Palma mediocris, inermis, caudice inferne incrassato, superne valde attenuato. Folia pinnatisecta, pinnis confertis anguste linearibus rectis acutis apicibus incrassatis integerrimis v. 2-fidis rigidulis striatis marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, costa valida atriatonervosa, rhachi tomentosa superne acuta. Spadix longe pedunculatus, patentim ramosus, recurvo-patens, ramis elongatis; spathae plures, cylindracea, pedunculum vaginantes, fissæ, coriaceæ. Fructus parvus, purpureus.

Species 1, Cube incola.—Genus imperfecte notum, ex Wendlandio a Synechantho differt abbumine æquabili, sed albumen in hoc certo æquabile est.

62. Expenerbe, Gertn. Fruct. ii. 186, t. 120. (Sublimia, Comm. mss.)—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice infrafoliaceo paniculatim ramoso monoici, in acervulos elongatos uniseriatim dispositi, 3 in acervulis plurimi, 4 ad basin acervuli pauci, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici. Sepala 3, membranacea, in cupulam 3-lobam connata, basi gibba, leviter imbricata. Petala brevia, late ovata, concava, crassiuscula, basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis, basi inter se et basi corollæ adhærentibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles, loculis medio tantum connatis. Ovarii rudimentum columnare. Fl. 2 masculis minores, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala orbicularia, breviter connata, imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, late ovata, valvata. Staminodia 6, minuts. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata late trigona, erecta; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus pyriformis v. oliviformis, rectus v. curvus, basi gibbus v. 2-gibbus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus, pericarpio coriaceo v. subcarnoso et fibroso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, ascendens, hilo minuto basilari, rapheos ramis paucis ascendentibus furcatis divaricatis, albumine æquabili; embryo

lateralis v. infra apicalis.—Palmæ inermes, robustæ, caudice cylindraceo v. infra medium v. interrupte incrassato, annulato. Folia terminalia, equaliter pinnatisecta, pinnis suboppositis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis plicato-nervosis, marginibus incrassatis basi recurvis, petiolo subcylindraceo facie leviter canaliculato, basi 8-gono, vagina magna ventricosa integra. Spadices breviter pedunculati, vage duplicatim ramosi, ramis gracilibus patulis ; spathæ numerosæ, distiche imbricatæ. Flores pallidi, flavidi v. virides. Fructus pazvus, croceus v. cæruleus.

Species 3, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Balf. fil. in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 382. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 164, 309, t. 143, f. 1, 154. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 175. H. Wendl. in Ill. Hortic. xiii. t. 462, 463,

63. Roscherta, H. Wendl. in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 386.—Flores minuti, in ramis gracillimis ejusdem spadicis interfoliacei decomposite ramosi monoici, sparsi, solitariil v. 2-ni altero & altero Q, ebracteati et ebracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici, teretiusculi. Sepala suborbicularia, obtusa, concava, crassiuscula, imbricata. Petala late ovata, subacuta, valvata. 6, filamentis brevibus triangularibus acutis in tubum brevem connatis; antheræ late didyme, dorsifixe. Ovarii rudimentum obconico-clavatum, vertice dilatato trigono plano. Fl. 2 masculis majores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala subreniformia, arcte late imbricata. Petala longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia obscura v. 0. Ovarium ovoideum v. ellipsoideum, in stigma conoideum 3-fidum sensim attenuatum, 1- rarius 2-3-loculare; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus fusiformis, 1rarissime 2-spermus, stigmate subbasilari; pericarpio tenuiter carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo intus nitido. Semen oblique ascendens, globosum v. ellipsoideum (in fructibus 2-spermis hemisphæricum), hilo parvo orbiculari basilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo divaricatis laxe reticulatis, albumine profunde ruminato; embryo hilo proximus.—Palma gracilis, erecta, caudice ad nodos spinoso radicibus epigesis sustentato. Folia terminalia, longe petiolata, primum 2-fida, demum inæqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis numerosis lineari-lanceolatis apice 2-fidis, nervis numerosis subtus paleaceis, petiolo inermi subtrigono antice sulcato, vagina elongata aculeata. Spadix 2-6-pedalis, pedunculo elongato gracili compresso, ramis gracilibus subsimplicibus divaricatis; spathæ plures, completæ. angustre, compresse, inermes, 2 inferiores persistentes, superiore decidua. Flores pallidi. Fructus parvulus, niger.

Species 1, insularum Seychelles incola. H. Wendl. in Ill. Hortic. 1871, t. 54 (Verschaffeltia). Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 181 (Dypsis gracilis in nota sub D. hirtula) et t. 161, f. 5.

64. Geonoma, Willd. in Mem. Acad. Berl. 1804, 37; Sp. Pl. iv. 593. (Gynestum, Poit. in Mém. Mus. Par. ix. 387, t. 16 ad 20. Vousy, Aubl. Pl. Gui. ii. App. 99.)-Flores minuti, glumacei, in cavis spiraliter dispositis immersi, dioici v. in diversis spadicibus infrafoliaceis rarius interfoliaceis monoici, v. in eodem spadice monoici inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii, bracteati et bracteolati, perianthio glumaceo. Fl. 3 asymmetrici. Sepala obovato-oblonga, carinata, imbricata. Petala obovato-oblonga, concava, libera v. basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis in cupulam urceolum v. tubum exsertum connatis, apicibus recurvis; antheræ didymæ, primum introflexæ, loculis discretis divaricatis sæpius pendulis. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. 2 masculis paullo majores, compressi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala oblonga v. ovato-lanceolata. carinata, imbricata, interiore planiusculo. Petala lanceolata, in corollam 3-fidam connata. imbricata. Discus urceolaris, dentatus, liber. Ovarium disco inclusum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis v. rudimentariis; stylus lateralis v. basilaris, elongatus, stigmatibus 3 revolutis exsertis; ovulum subbasilare v. laterale et peltatum. Fructus parvus, globosus v. subglobosus, styli cicatrice basilari, 1-spermus, pericarpio coriaceo crustaceo v. subspongioso, intus parce fibroso, fibris endocarpio fragili non adhærentibus. Semen globosum, erectum, testa tenui, hilo basilari, raphe semen cingente interdum exsculpto, ramis obscuris, albumine sequabili; embryo subbasilaris v. dorsalis.--Palmse graciles, inermes, caudice arundinaceo annulato. Folia terminalia, v. alterna, lamina integra apice 2-fida, v. plus minusve pinnatisecta, segmentis ultimis acuminatis 1-nerviis marginibus basi lata recurvis,

rhachi supra acuta dorso convexa, petiolo teretiusculo basi antice concavo, vagina tubulosa brevi v. elongata. Spadices suberecti v. decurvi, simplices furcati v. paniculatim ramosi, graciles v. robusti, interdum colorati; spathæ 2, sepius ante anthesin caducæ v. obliteratæ, inferiore incompleta truncata concava, superiore compressa v. fusiformi. Flores cavis spadicis enati, demum semi-exserti, si 3-ni 2 superiore, antherarum loculi interdum torti. Fructus parvus, sæpius niger.

Species ad 100, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Pulm. ii. 6, t. 4 ad 20 excl. 13, iii. 316. Palm. Orbigm. 21, t. 11, 12, 23, 23. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 228. Dict. Sc. Nat. t. 27 (Gynestum). Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 517. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 9 st Protest. App. 40, t. 1. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 323, t. 183, f. 1, 1877, 129. Œrst. Palm. Centr. Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjöbenh. 1858), 32. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 409. H. Wendl. in Linnæa, xxviii. 333 (excl. G. Ghiesbreghtiano). Wallace, Palm. Amax. 62, t. 23 ad 25. Stigmata in iconibus omnibus (G. Schottiano et elegante exceptis) a Martio false terminalia depicta sunt.

65. Asterogyne, H. Wendl. in litt.-Flores parvuli, glumacei, dioici? v. in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis simpliciter v. duplicatim ramosis monoici, in cavis spiraliter dispositis solitarii immersi, bracteati et bracteolati, perianthio glumaceo. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala obovato-oblonga, carinata, imbricata. Petala concava, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis connatis, apicibus liberis recurvis; antherarum loculi discreti, penduli. Fl. 2 compressi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala oblonga, carinata, imbricata, interiore planiusculo. Corolla trifida, lobis stellatim recurvis imbricatis, tubo disco adnato et cum eo supra basin circumscisso. Staminodia in discum urceolarem connata. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2 effœtis; stylus apicalis, elongatus, stigmatibus exsertis; ovulum . . . Fructus ellipsoideo-oblongus, rectus v. decurvus, subcompressus, utrinque attenuatus, 1-spermus, styli cicatrice basilari, pericarpio tenui succoso intus fibroso fibris tenuibus endocarpio adhærentibus. Semen oblongum, erectum, testa lævi brunnea, hilo basilari, raphe verticem attingente et semen circumambiente ramis 0, albumine æquabili ; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudicibus gracilibus dense annulatis. Folia simplicia, oblonga, 2-fida, integra fissa v. fenestrata segmentis acuminatis plicato-nervosis, petiolo superne concavo. Spadix longiuscule pedunculatus, ramis strictis rigidis; spathæ 2-4, subpersistentes; bracteæ cum ore alveoli continuæ; bracteolæ squamiformes. in cavis profundis enati, apicibus emersis. Fructus parvus.

Species pauce, America centralis incola, quarum una tantum (Chontales, Seemann, n. 163) floribus delapsis nobis nota est.

66. Calyptrogyne, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 72. (Calyptronoma, Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 518.)—Flores in alveolis profundis spiraliter dispositis ejusdem spadicis interfoliacei simplicis v. simpliciter ramosi monoici, 3-ni intermedio 2, rarius solitarii v. superiores 2-ni &, perianthio glumaceo. Fl. & subsymmetrici, compressi. Sepala 3, oblonga v. lanceolata, concava, 2 v. omnia dorso carinata v. alata. Petala basi in stipitem solidum subcylindraceum connata, ovata v. spathulata, concava, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum stipiti impositum connatis, apicibus liberis; antheræ basifixæ, sagittatæ, connectivo lato apice mucronato, primum introflexæ demum erectæ v. reflexæ. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. 2 masculos subsequantes, late ovoidei, valde compressi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala ovato-lanceolata, 2-lateralia cymbiformia dorso acuta v. alata, dorsali angustiore, imbricata. Petala late ovata, brevia, dorso carinata v. subalata, basi in tubum cylindraceum demum circumscissum connata, stricte valvata. Staminodia in membranam conoideam 6-dentatam ovarium superantem calyptratim deciduam connata. Ovarium conicum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stylus centralis, elongatus v. brevis, stigmatibus recurvis; ovulum . . . Fructus oblongus v. obovoideus 1-spermus, styli cicatrice basilari, pericarpio carnoso et fibroso, fibris endocarpio tenui adhærentibus. oblongum v. subglobosum, lente compressum, hilo basilari, raphe semen cingens ramis inconspicuis, albumine requabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, interdum stoloniferæ, caudice brevi v. elongato inferne annulato. Folia terminalia, inaequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis paucijugis angustis v. latis falcatis longissime acuminatis plicatis marginibus

basi recurvis, nervis numerosis, petiolo brevissimo, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices simplices v. a basi ramosi, longe pedunculati. Spathæ 2, angustæ, inferiore pedunculo multo breviore apice fissa, superiore decidua elongata per totam longitudinem fissa; bracteæ labium inferius alveolæ marginantes, connatæ; bracteolæ minutæ. Fructus parvus.

Species 6 v. 8, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 222 (Calyptronoma). Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 330, t. 112, f. 3. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 137, t. 13 (Geonoma synantherum). Pholipostachys, H. Wendl. in litt. a Calyptroygne differt spadice infrafoliaceo breviter pedunculato, stylo 0, fructu oblique oblongo-turbinato, pericarpio fibris crassissimis reticulatis basi liberis percurso, et raphe apice dilatata. Species 1, Costaricensis (Geonoma pulchrum, Wendl. ms.). Foliorum segmenta caudato-acuminata. Spadix crassus.

67. Weine, H. Wendl. nomen.—Flores cavis profundis hexastiche dispositis ejusdem spadicis interfoliacei simpliciter ramosi monoici, 3-ni intermedio 9, bracteati et bracteolati, perianthio glumaceo. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala lanceolata, concava, acute carinata, imbricata. Petala late ovata, obtusa, basi in columnam cylindraceam connata, valvata. Stamina numerosa, inclusa, filamentis in columnam cylindraceam connatis, apicibus subulatis liberis ; antheræ elongato-subulatæ, acuminatæ, basi breviter 2-lobo insertæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0, v. minimum 3-fidum. Fl. 2 masculos subæquantes, compressi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala libera, cymbiformi-lanceolata, acuminata, Petala multo majora, 2 lateralia cymbiformia alato-carinata, dorsali angustiore planiusculo, imbricata. Staminodia in urceolum conicum compressum apice dentatum dentibus obtusis valvatis demum patulis ovarium cingentem connata. Ovarium conico-subulatum, 3-loculare; stigmata sessilia, erecta, conniventia; ovulum basilare, erectum, elongatum. Fructus oblongus, compressus, apicem versus acutum complanatus et anceps, stigmate basilari, pericarpio crasse coriaceo lævi castaneo intus fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo intus levi. Semen cylindraceo-oblongum, hilo laterali elongato, raphe semen cingens ramis paucis descendentibus, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice elato crasse arundinaceo. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis coriaceis basi valde angustatis apice integris v. acuminatis fissis plurinerviis plicatis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo brevi planiusculo, vagina brevi fissa. Spadices crassi, penduli, cavis magnis hiantibus; spathæ 2, deciduæ . . .; bracteæ labio superiore adnatæ, linguiformes, crasse coriaceæ, primum cavum claudentes, demum protrusæ. majusculi, pallide ochroleuci. Fructus 2-pollicaris, atro-violaceus.

Species 2, America centralis incolæ. Spathæ a nobis non visæ.

68. Podococcus, Mann et H. Wendl. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 426, t. 38 A, 40 B, 43 A.—Flores in cavis orthostichis v. spiraliter dispositis ejusdem spadicis interfoliacei simplicis longissimi monoici, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. 2-ni 3, bracteati et bracteolati, perianthio membranaceo v. glumaceo. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala elliptico-oblonga, subfalcata, sæpe 2-fida, carinata, imbricata. Petala infra medium in tubum infundibularem connata, ovata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformibus alternis paullo longioribus; antheræ breves, subdidymæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum 3-lobum. masculis subæquales, oblongi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala lineari-oblonga, membranacea, late imbricata. Petala infra medium in tubum infundibularem connata, ovata, acuta, marginibus tenuiter imbricatis. Staminodia 6, minima. Ovarium fusiforme, stipitatum, apice attenuatum, 3-loculare, loculis 1-2 effectis; stigmata sessilia, brevia, recurva; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus oblongo-cylindraceus, rectus v. lente curvus, infra stipitem brevem geniculatim deflexus, 1- rarius 2-3-spermus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio baccato. Semen erectum, elongato-ellipsoideum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ascendentibus ramosis superne reticulatis, albumine æquabili; embryo dorsalis. -- Palma humilis, inermis, rufo-furfuraceus, caudicibus arundinaceis annulatis. Folia alterna, inequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis 8-10 remotis membranaceis rhombeo-lanceolatis acutis plurinerviis a basi lata ad medium integerrimis dein lobulatis et eroso-dentatis, marginibus basi recurvis, terminalibus confluentibus, petiolo teretiusenlo, vagina elongata flass. Spadices longe graciliterque pedunculati, penduli ; apathes 4, tubulose, marcescentes, 2 inferiores incompletes, superiores oblique apertes et fisses ; bracteos breves, spadici adnates ; bracteoles minutes, glumacess.

Species 1, Africa tropica occidentalis incola.

69. Bentinekia, Berry in Roxb. Fl. Ind. iii. 621. (Keppleris, Mart. mss. ex Endl. Gen. Pl. 251.)—Flores in cavis spiraliter dispositis spadicis interfoliacei ramosi monoici v. dioici, solitarii v. 3-ni intermedio 2, bracteati et bracteolati, perianthio glumaceo. FI. 3 subsymmetrici. Sepala late ovato-oblonga, obtusa, basi connata, imbricata. Petala longiora, ellipsoidea, basi in stipitem connata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformisubulatis apicibus inflexis; antherse late oblongse, doraifixe, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum conicum. Fl. 2 masculos subsequantes, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin parum aucto. Sepala ovato-rotundata, obtusa, basi connata, imbricata. Petala longiora, late ovata, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 6, minuta. Ovarium conico-trigonum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata minuta, 3-gona; ovulum . . . Fructus parvus, sphæricus, subcompressus, stigmatibus subbasilaribus protrusis, pericarpio carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen basi et apice endocarpio adnatum, profunde et late sinuato-sulcatum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis ab hilo ad verticem seminis ascendentibus dein descendentibus et reticulatis, albumine sequabili; embryo basilaris.—Palma inermis, caudice mediocri arundinaceo. Folia sequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis angustis longe acuminatis et in lacinias graciles fissis, marginibus basi recurvis. Spadices erecto-patentes, duplicato-ramosi, pedunculo brevi, ramis crassiusculis teretibus basi bracteatis, d'occcineis, 2 violaceis: spathæ 2 inferiores breves, incompletæ, papyraceæ, superiores infra apices 2-fidæ; bracteæ os bilabiatum cavorum efformantes; bracteolæ squamiformes. Flores minuti, & sæpe ad squamas ciliatas reducti.

Species 1, Tranvancorica. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 165, 228, t. 139. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 227. Grif. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 467; Palm. Brit. Ind. 160, App. xxvi. Wight in Madr. Journ. Nat. Sc. ii. 385. B. ceramica, Miq., et B. Renda, Blume, sunt Cyrtostachyos, H. Wendl., species.

70. Wallichia, Roxb. Cor. Pl. iii. t. 295. (Harina, Ham. in Trans. Wern. Soc. v. 317. Wrightia. Roch Fl. Ind. iii. 621.)—Flores in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis simpliciter ramosis monoici v. rarissime polygami, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Calyx membranaceus, cylindraceus, truncatus. Corollæ profunde 3-lobæ tubus cylindraceus, lobis lineari-oblongis obtusis coriaceis valvatis. Stamina 6, tubo corolla: inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis; anthere magnæ, lineari-oblongæ, obtusæ, basi 2-fida insertæ, erectæ. Ovarii vestigia 0. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Sepala crassa, orbicularia, concava, imbricata. Corolla coriacea, 3-loba, lobis triangulari-ovatis acutis ovario appressis valvatis. Staminodia pauca v. 0. Ovarium depresso-globosum, 2-3-loculare, in stipitem brevem contractum; stigmata conica, sessilia; ovula subbasilaria, compressa. Fructus ovoideo-oblongus, 1- rarius 2-locularis et -spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crasse coriaceo. Semina erecta, libera, lineari-oblonga, plano-convexa, hilo minuto basilari, testa tenuissima fasciculis appressis pilorum (raphidibus) instructa, rapheos ramis paucis arcuatis, albumine corneo æquabili solido; embryo medio dorso seminis.—Palmæ humiles, cæspitosæ, caudicibus brevibus soboliferis v. caudice (in W. disticha) elato. Folia dense fasciculata, in W. disticha terminalia disticha, furfuracea, insequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis solitariis v. infimis fasciculatis a basi cunesta oblongis obovatis v. oblanceolatis eroso-dentatis, terminali cuneata, costa distincta, nervia flabellatia, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo gracili a latere compresso, vagina brevi fissa marginibus longe crinitis. Spadices breviter pedunculati, d cernui v. decurvi, ovoidei, ramosissimi, densiflori, 2 laxiores, erecti; spathæ perplurimæ, tenuiter coriacess, inferiores angustiores, tubulose; superiores cymbiformes, completse, imbricates. Flores mediocres, flavescentes. Fructus rufus v. purpureus.

Species 2 v. 3, Indise transgangetics et Himalayse subtropicse incolse. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii, 189 (caol. sp. 8), 315 (Wallichia sect. Harina) et t. 136 (Harina). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 198

(Harina). Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 482, sp. 1; Palm. Brit. Ind. 174, 175, 237, 237, A, B, C (H. caryotoides et oblongifolia). Brandis, For. Fl. 549. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 531 (excl. sp. 3). T. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 6. Bot. Mag. t. 4584. W. Yomæ, Kurz, l. c. 583, species nobis ignota, differt calyce of minuto cupulari.

71. Didymosperma, H. Wendl. et Drude. (Blancoa, Blume, Rumph. ii. 128, in nota partim, nomen tantum.)—Flores in diversis (rarius in eodem) spadicibus interfoliaceis monoici (interdum dioici?) bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. 3 symmetrici. Calyx cupularis, 3-lobus v. 3-partitus, segmentis rotundatis marginibus membranaceis imbricatis. Petala ovato-oblonga, crasse coriacea, intus costata, libera v. basi connata, post anthesin incurva. Stamina 10-30, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi connatis; antheræ lineares, basi bifida insertæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala rotundata, coriacea. Corolla 3-partita, segmentis triangulari-ovatis acutis incurvis crasse coriaceis valvatis. Staminodia 0. depresso-8-gonum, 2-3-loculare, basi contractum; stigmata sessilia, conica, conniventia; ovula basilaria, erecta, compressa. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, 1-2-locularis et -spermus, stigmate apicali v. subapicali, pericarpio crasse coriaceo. Semina erecta, oblonga, plano-convexa, libera, hilo minuto basilari, testa tenussima, rapheos ramis paucis arcuatis, albumine æquabili corneo solido; embryo medio dorso seminis.—Palmæ humiles, caudicibus solitariis v. caudice solitario erecto. Folia terminalia, inæqualiter pinnatisecta, subtus argenteo-furfuracea, segmentis oppositis et alternis solitariis v. inferioribus fasciculatis e basi cuneata obovato-oblongis v. oblanceolatis sinuato-lobatis et erosis terminali cuneata, marginibus basi recurvis, costa distincta, nervis flabellatis, vagina brevi fibrosa. Spadices breviter crasseque pedunculati, ramis crassis. Spathæ numerosæ, spadicem vaginantes. Flores majusculi.

Species ad 6, Indire transgangeticæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Genus Wallichiæ arcte affine et vix non separabile; species includit sequentes: Wallichia porphyrocarpa, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 190, t. 157 (quæ W. Orani, Blume. Rumph. ii. 195, et Orania regalis, t. 85, 95); Wallichiæ, sect. Orania, Mart. l. c. 315; Wallichiæ species variæ, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 32, et Pl. Jungh. 157; et Harina nana, Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 176, t. 238 A, B.

72. Arenga, Labill. in Mém. Inst. Par. iv. 209. (Saguerus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. iii. 626. Gomutus, Spreng, Gen. n. 2222.)—Flores in distinctis (rarius in eodem) spadicibus interfoliaceis simpliciter ramosis monoici, solitarii, rarius 3-ni intermedio Q, v. 2-ni d, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala rotundata, concava, late imbricata. Petala elongato-oblonga, obtusa, valvata. Stamina perplurima, filamentis brevibus subulatis; anthere lineares, basifixæ, connectivo apice producto. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Petala 3, triangulariovata, acuta, incurva, valvata. Staminodia plurima v. obsoleta. Ovarium subglobosum, 3-loculare; stigmata sessilia, conica; ovula solitaria, basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosoobovoideus, obscure 3-gonus, vertice depressus, 2 3-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso raphidibus onusto. Semina obovoidea, in fructibus 2-spermis planoconvexa, in 3-spermis dorso convexa ventre bifacialia, hilo parvo basilari, testa lævi atra, raphe 0, albumine testæ adhærente æquabili corneo solido ; embryo infra medium seminis dorsalis.—Palmæ monocarpicæ !, incrmes, caudice crasso superne vaginis vetustis fibrosis vestito, interdum sobolifero. Folia terminalia, elongata, inequaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis linearib s v. cuneatis petiolulatis præmorsis v. apice oblique fissis, costis validis, nervis parallelis, marginibus supra medium eroso-denticulatis basi recurvis uno v. utroque latere basi auriculatis subtus pallidis, petiolo plano-convexo marginibus in una specie spinosis, vagina brevi fibroso-reticulata marginibus crinitis. Spadices magni, deorsum evoluti, pedunculo brevi decurvo, ramis elongatis gracilibus pendulis; spathæ numerosæ, pedunculo insertæ, membranaceæ, deciduæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ latæ. Flores pro ordine magni, fusco- v. flavo-virides, v. purpurascentes. Fructus flavescens, carne pruriente.

Species ad 5, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 191, t. 108, 147, 148 (excl. citat. t. 161, f. 4, quæ vix Arengæ species).

Runth, Enum. Pl. iii. 196. Blume, Rumph. ii. 124, t. 95, 123, 124, 125 (Saguerus). Griff. in Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 471; Pulm. Brit. Ind. 163, t. 235 A, B, C, D, et App. xxvii. Miq. Fl. Ind. But. iii. 34. Beccari, Males. i. 78. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 533. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 143. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnea, xxxix. 219 (Saguerus). Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 638, t. 6, f. 22 ad 24.

73. Caryota, Linn. Gen. n. 1228.—Flores in eodem spadice v. in distinctis spadicibus interfoliaceis fastigiatim ramosis monoici, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. & solitarii, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala rotundata, coriacea, imbricata. Petala linearioblonga, crasse coriacea, valvata. Stamina numerosa (10-150), filamentis brevissimis basi connatis; antheree lineares, acutæ, basi 2-fida affixæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 masculis minores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin vix aucto. Sepala rotundata, concava, late imbricata. Petala rotundata, coriacea, basi connata, late imbricata. Staminodia 3 v. 0. Ovarium trigono-obovoideum, 3-loculare; stigma sessile, 3-lobum; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus, 1-2-spermus, stigmate terminali, pericarpio tenui coriaceo. Semina solitaria et subglobosa, v. 2-na plano-convexa, libera, erecta, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis sulcis absconditis, albumine ruminato; embryo dorsalis, excentricus. -Palmæ inermes, monocarpicæ, caudice robusto elato annulato interdum sobolifero. Folia in comam sæpissime elongatam terminalem disposita, ampla, bipinnatisecta, segmentis dimidiato-flabelliformibus v. cuneatis integris v. fissis antice præmorso-dentatis, vernatione reduplicatim plicatis, costis primariis nervisque flabellatis, petiolo inferne teretiusculo, vagina dorso carinata marginibus fibrosis, ligula brevi. Spadices deorsum evoluti seepe alternatim d et 2, pedunculo brevi crasso, ramis elongatis pendulis ; spathæ 3-5, incompletæ, tubulosæ; bracteolæ latæ. Flores majusculi, virides v. purpurascentes. Fructus diametro cerasi, carne raphidibus pruriente, purpurascentes.

Species ad 12, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ, et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 193, 315, t. 107, 108, 162. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 198, 504. Lam. Ill. t. 897. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 7. Blume, Rumph. ii. 134, iii. t. 162, 163. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 477; Palm. Brit. Ind. 168, t. 236 A, B, C, et App. xxvii. Muy. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 37; Pl. Jungh. 159; Analect. Bot. Ind. i. 3; Palm. Archip. Ind. 7. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 530. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 144. Beccari, Males. i. 69, et in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital iii. 12. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 191. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 638, t. vi. f. 25, 26. Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1879, 174. Bot. Mag. t. 5762.

74. Orania, Zipp. in Algem. Konst. en letter-bode, 1829, 294, er Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 186, t. 177, f. 1. (Macrocladus, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 489; Palm. Brit. Ind. 177, t. 239 A, B.)—Flores minuti, in eodem spadice interfoliaceo duplicatim ramoso monoici, distiche dispositi, 3-ni intermedio 2, v. superiores solitarii et 2-ni &, bracteati et 2-bracteolati. Fl. & subsymmetrici. Calyx minimus, 3-fidus. Petala oblonga v. lanceolata, concava, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 3 v. 6, fundo peranthii inserta, filamentis crassiusculis subulatis; antherse lineari-oblongse, basi bifida affixæ, erectæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum conicum. Fl. 2 masculis crassiores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin modice aucto. Calyx membranaceus, 3-fidus, lobis ovatis cuspidatis. Petals late ovata, obtusa, valvata. Staminodia 3 v. 6. Ovarium obtuse 3-gonum, v. fere 3-partitum, 3-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, recurva; ovula in loculis solitaria, pendula. Fructus globosus, 1- rarius 2-locularis, basi loculis 1 v. 2 abortivis auctus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio spongioso-carnoso et fibroso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen globosum v. depresso-globosum, testa spongiosa brunnea endocarpio adhærente, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis creberrime reticulatis semen circumambientibus, albumine sequabili solido v. medio cavo; embryo medio (v. infra medium) dorso situs.—Palmse elate, inermes, caudice annulato robusto. Folia terminalia, sequaliter et regulariter pinnatisecta, segmentis linearibus apice oblique laceris v. lobatis subtus albo-lepidotis, marginibus recurvis, costa valida, nervis prominulis, rhachi robusta dorso convexa facie acuta, petiolo valido, vagina brevi aperta marginibus fibrosis. Spadices elongati, pedunculo brevi crasso compresso basi semilunari, ramis secundariis gracillimis fastigiatis; spathse 2,

inferior brevis, coriacea, compressa, anceps, apice pervia; superior completa, clavato-fusiformis, cuspidata, sublignosa, longitudinaliter fissa; bracteæ et bracteolæ delitescentes. Fructus majusculus.

Species 3 v. 4, Archipelagi Malayani et Papuæ incolæ. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 16; Palm. Archip. Ind. 4. Blume, Rumph. ii. 115 (O. regalis), et Præfat. viii. t. 119, 122 (Araucasia excelsa). A. nicobarica, Kurz in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1875, 331, t. 171 certe non hujus generis, differt stigmate fructu basilari; in icone citata fig. 22 ad 25, omnino falsæ, nam semen ellipsoideum est et teres, rapheos ramis ab hilo adscendentibus gracilibus dein descendentibus ramosis et reticulatis, verisimilitor genus novum efficit, sed fl. 3 desunt et insertio spadicis ignota est.

75. Sclerosperma, Mann et H. Wendl. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 427, t. 38 C; 40 A. -Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo fusiformi monoici, densissime compacti, inferiores 3-ni intermedio 2, superiores solitarii 3, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 valde asymmetrici. Sepala membranacea, libera v. connata, imbricata, in fl. inferioribus (cum 9 consociatis) oblique ovata acuta, in fl. superioribus obcuneata truncata dorso carinata. crasse coriacea, valvata, in fl. inferioribus falcato-ovata acuta, in fl. superioribus obcuneata basi connata, apicibus crassis 3-gonis incurvis. Stamina ad 25, filamentis brevissimis fasciculatis; anthere anguste lineares, basifixæ, erectæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. falcato-ovata, acuta, coriacea, imbricata. Petala crasse coriacea, oblique lineari-oblonga, ima basi imbricata, superne valvata. Staminodia minuta. Ovarium anguste ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma crassum, conicum, obscure 3-dentatum; ovulum parietale, pendulum. Fructus depresso-globosus, 1-spermus, stigmate supra medium laterali, pericarpio carnoso intus fibroso fibris tenuissimis, endocarpio tenuissimo lapideo membrana brunnea Semen subglobosum, hilo excentrico, rapheos ramis ab hilo adscendentibus ramosis reticulatis ad embryonis situm convergentibus, albumine æquabili denso; embryo hilo oppositus.—Palma humilis, gregaria, inermis, caudicibus dense fastigiatis brevissimis. Folia fasciculata, erecto-patentia, inæqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis suboppositis e basi lata lineari-oblongis v. quadratis oblique præmorsis subtus albicantibus, nervis alternis validis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo teretiusculo, vagina fissa fibrosa. Spadices 8-10pollicares, inter folia reconditi, pedunculati, erecti; spathæ 2, dure coriaceæ, inferior compressa, apice fibroso-laciniata; superior longior, fusiformis, longitudinaliter rupta; bracteze ad basin fl. 2 membranaceæ. Flores parvi. Fructus diametro pomi minoris.

Species 1, Africam occidentalem, locis inundatis ad flumen Gaboon incolens.

76. Manicaria, Gærtn. Fruct. ii. 468, t. 176. (Pilophora, Jacq. Fragm. 32, t. 35, f. B, G, et t. 36.)—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, cavis spiraliter dispositis basi immersi, superiores in ramos conferti 3, inferiores sparsi 2, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. 3 oblongi, obtuse trigoni. Sepala ovato-rotundata, coriacea, marginibus scariosis, imbricata. Petala crasse coriacea, obovato-oblonga, valvata. mina 24-30, in basi perianthii conferta, filamentis filiformibus basi connatis; antheræ anguste lineares, erectæ, basi longe bifida insertæ, apice emarginatæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores, ovoidei; perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala rotundata, marginibus siccis demum laceris, late imbricata. Petala longiora, basi convolutivo-imbricata, superne acuta forte valvata. Staminodia ad 12. Ovarium 3-gonoturbinatum v. globosum, sulcatum, 3 loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia, trigona, demum patula; ovula in loculis erecta? Fructus globosus et 1-spermus, v. depresso 2-3-lobus et 2-3-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio corticato, cortice suberoso angulatoechinato, endocarpio vitreo-crustaceo intus fibroso basi oblique pervio. Semina globosa, erecta, hilo oblongo, testa durissima, rapheos ramis crebre reticulatis semen amplectentibus, albumine corneo æquabili cavo; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ robustæ, inermes, caudice mediocri annulato curvo v. flexuoso, toto vaginis vetustis induto. Folia terminalia, maxima, rigida, suberecta, lanceolata, acuta, plicato-nervosa, serrata, demum pinnatisecta, costis crassis, nervis tenuibus, rhachi canaliculata, petiolo gracili compresso dorso acuto facie canaliculato, vagina fissa marginibus fibrosis. Spadices plures, erectopatentes, tomentosi, ramis strictis crassiusculis foveolatis, fructiferi nutantes; spathse 2, superior fusiformis, teretiuscula, mucronata, fibrosa, tarde rupta; bractese subulate; bracteolæ obscurse. Flores majusculi, roseo-ochroleuci, gravissime odori. Fructus diametro pomi minoris.

Species 2 v. 3, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia boreali ad Novam Grenadam incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 139, t. 98, 99, iii. 230. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 234. Lam. Illustr. t. 774. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 518. Wallace, Palm. Amas. 68, t. 2, f. 2, 3, t. 26. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 332.

77. Ecopoldinia, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 58, t. 52, 53, 100, f. 1, 2, iii. 165.—Flores in eodem v. diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis paniculatim ramosis monoici, sparsi, d'in ramos superiores, v. dioici, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. & symmetrici. Sepala 3, suborbicularia v. oblata, membranacea, ciliata, imbricata. Petala brevia, ovata, coriacea, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis basi connatis complanatis; antheræ late ovatæ v. didymæ, erectæ, doraifixæ, basi 2-lobæ, ovarii rudimentum ovoideum, v. 3, minuta. Fl. 2 masculis paullo majores, subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin modice aucto. Sepala reniformia, imbricata. Petala longiora, late ovata, imbricata. Staminodia 0, v. minuta. Ovarium turbinatum, subtrigonum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 minimis effectis; stigmata 3, sessilia, excentrica; ovulum parietale. Fructus subglobosus, v. ovoideus, paullo compressus, ima basi gibbus, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio crasso dense fibroso, fibris latis multiseriatis ramosis lignescentibus. Semen globosum, suberectum, testa tenui, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis latis obscuris, albumine corneo aquabili cavo; embryo suprabasilaria.—Palmæ inermes, caudicibus solitariis v. cæspitosis, fibrillis reticulatis petiolorum vetustorum tectis. Folia terminalia, longe petiolata, aqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis angustis longe acuminatis integris v. apice inequaliter 2-fidis plicato-nervosia, costa superne prominula, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo dorso convexo facie concavo superne semitereti marginibus acutis, vagina fissa marginibus fibris reticulatis longe barbata. Spadices arcuato-penduli, pluries divisi, tomentosi, pedunculo basi compresso, ramis ramulisque subpinnatis divaricatis, ultimis brevibus; spathæ 2, truncato-laceræ, caducæ; bracteæ triangulares ad basin ramorum. Flores inter minimos. Fructus mediocris.

Species 4, Brasilize borealis incolze. Kunth, Enum. Pt. iii. 176. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 12, t. 2, f. 6, t. 4, 5, 6. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. iv. 58. Fl. \( \pm \) a nobis non visi.

78. **Elpa.** Wurmb. in Verhandl. Batax. Genootsh. 1779, i. 349, cx Blume, Rumph. ii. 72. -Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo divaricatin ramoso monoici. d'in ramulis amentiformibus ramos laterales terminantibus dense congesti, 2 in capitulum spadicem terminans agglomerati, bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium glumaceum. bracteolis setiformibus interspersi. Sepala lineari-cuncata, apicibus truncatis inflexis, læviter imbricata. Petala consimilia sed paullo minora, leviter imbricata. Stamina 3, in columnam cylindraceam connata; antherse lineari-elongatse, basifixse, loculis adnatis; pollen subglobosum, hispidulum. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 9 masculis multo majores, perianthii foliolis 6 rudimentariis dissitis. Staminodia 0. Ovarii carpella 3, cuneatoobovoidea, pressione mutua angulata, vertice libero, curvo-pyramidata, infra apicem obliquum rima stigmatosa exarata; ovulum erectum. Syncarpii globosi carpalla magna, obovoidea, compressa, obtuse hexagona, vertice pyramidata, 1-locularia, stigmate infraapicali, pericarpio crasse carnoso densissime fibroso, endocarpio spongioso et farinoso venoso, uno latere longitudinaliter carinato. Semen erectum, hinc ob endocarpii carinam intrusam sulcatum, hilo basilari lato, testa coriacea intus viscosa endocarpio arcte adhærente, raphe lata semi-completa ramis semen circumdantibus, albumine corneo sequabili cavo; embryo basilaris, obeonicus.—Palms humilis, inermis, caudicibus horizontalibus elongatis robustis radicantibus vaginis vetustis tectis, apicibus breviter ramosis. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis lanceolatis acuminatis plicato-nervosis aubtus glaucis

paleaceis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo plano-convexo, vagina brevi. Spadices inter folia summa terminales, primum erectæ, demum nutantes, ramulis floriferis basi bracteatis; spathæ plurimæ, vaginantes, supremis cucullatis rostratis. Syncarpium magnitudine capitis humani.

Species 1, æstuariis fluviorum Asiæ tropicæ a Zeylania et Ostia Ganges ad ins. Philippinas Nov. Guineam et Australiam tropicam extensa. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 305, t. 108. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 110, 589. Lam. Illustr. t. 897. Blume, Rumph. ii. 72, iii. t. 164, 165. Labill. in Mém. Mus. Par. v. t. 21, 22. Gaud. Voy. Bonite, t. 67. Griff. Notul. iii. 168; Ic. Pl. Asiat. 244 ad 247. Genus polline hispidulo ab omnibus inter Palmas diversum. Carpella suadente Griffithio et Blumeo obscure ternatim disposita, ovarium tri-carpellare indicantia. Flores & iis Borassi conformes, petalis fide Griffithii leviter imbricatis, a Blumeo contra, valvatis descriptis. Spadix ex Blumeo terminalis.

79. Phytelephas, Ruiz et Pav. Syst. Veg. Fl. Per. 299. (Elephantusia, Willd. Sp. Pl. iv. 1158.)—Flores dioici, in spadicibus interfoliaceis densissime compacti; spadices & amentiformes, simplices, elongati, cylindracei v. capitati, Q capitati. Fl. & minute bracteati. Perianthium obsoletum, v. minutum patelliforme dentatum dentibus numerosis inæquali-Stamina numerosa, toro inserta, filamentis filiformibus liberis; antheræ lineari-elongatæ, mucronatæ, basifixæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2 præmagni, masculis multo majores, bractea magna elongato-lanceolata stipati, perianthio post anthesin Sepala 3, chartacea, triangularia, acuminata, imbricata. Petala 5-10, carnosula, elongato-lineari-oblonga, acuminata, imbricata. Staminodia perplurima, antheris cassis. Ovarium subglobosum, 4-9-sulcatum et -loculare; stylus terminalis, elongatus, columnaris, crassus, stigmatibus 4-9 filiformibus intus papillosis; ovula basi anguli interioris loculorum adscendentia. Syncarpium ponderosum, globosum, e fructibus 4-6spermis obpyramidatis coadunatis constans, stylis terminalibus, pericarpio corticato intus carnoso, cortice tessellatim tuberculato, tuberculis sursum incrassatis fibrosis, endocarpio crustaceo fragili extus farinaceo albo, intus nitido. Semina in loculis solitaria. suberecta, ovoidea obovoidea v. subglobosa, obtuse angulata, hilo magno, rapheos ramis impressis, albumine duro æquabili solido; embryo subbasilaris.—Palmæ humiles, inermes, caudice robusto erecto v. prostrato et radicante. Folia terminalia, elongata, pinnatisecta. segmentis numerosis superioribus oppositis inferioribus alternis v. fasciculatis linearilanceolatis acuminatis, costa valida, marginibus basin recurvis. Spadices pedunculati, pedunculo squamoso, & penduli, Q erecti; spathæ 2 completæ, elongatæ, ventre fissæ, crasse coriacew v. lignosæ. Flores 2 inter Palmas longe maximi, petalis 2-3pollicaribus; & parvuli. Syncarpium magnitudine fere capitis humani.

Species 3 v. plures, Peruviæ et Novæ Grenadæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 306. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 109. Gaud. Voy. Bonite, t. 14 ad 16, 29, 30. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 275; Fl. Celomb. i. 165, t. 82. Hook. Kew Journ. i. 204, t. 6, 7 (in Fl. des Serres, t. 496, 497 iteratæ). Seemann in Hook. Kew Journ. iii. 303; Bot. Her. 205, t. 45 ad 47; Bonpland. 1855, 270, t. 1, 2. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. iv. 186. Bot. Mag. t. 4913, 4914. P. aquatorialis, Spruce mss. a congeneribus insigniter differt caudice mediocri erecto, foliorum segmentis fastigiatis, et fl. 3 pedunculo elongato racemoso. In P. macrocarpo perianthium cupulare fide Karstenii adest, quod in P. macrocarpo et aquatoriali frustra quesivimus.

## TRIBUS II. PHOENICEÆ.

80. Phoenix, Linn. Gen. n. 1224. (Elate, Linn. Mus. Cliff. 12. Fulchironia, Lesch. in Desf. Cat. Hort. Par. 1829, 29. Phoniphora, Neck. Elem. iii. 302.)—Flores dioici, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei fastigiatim ramosi sessiles, minute bracteati, ebracteolati, perianthio coriaceo. Fl. & oblongi v. ovoidei. Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus. Petala 3, oblique oblonga v. ovata, basi subconnata, valvata. Stamina 6, rarissime 3 v. 9, basi corollæ inserta, filamentis subulatis basi connatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, erectæ, dorso affixæ. Ovarii rudimenta minuta v. 0. Fl. 2 masculis subæquales, globosı, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Calyx maris. Petala 3, rotundata, concava, late imbricata. Staminodia 6, squamæformia v. in cupulam connata. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, ovoidea v. globosa,

conniventia; stigmata sessilia, uncinata; ovula erecta. Fructus oblongus, teres, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio tenuiter membranaceo. Semen erectum, lineari-oblongum, teretiusculum v. plano-convexum, ventre profunde longitudinaliter sulcatum, hilo basilari, albumine corneo; embryo dorsalis v. subbasilaris.—Palmæ inermes, subacaules v. caudicibus gracilibus v. robustis sæpius cæspitosis brevibus v. elongatis, erectis v. declinatis, superne basibus persistentibus foliorum tectis. Folia terminalia, patenti-recurva, inæqualiter pinnata, segmentis subfasciculatis v. subæquidistantibus, elongato-lanceolatis v. ensiformibus acuminatis rigidis basi lata insertis marginibus integerrimis basi v. per totam longitudinem induplicatis, rhachi lateraliter compressa bifaciali dorso convexa, petiolo plano-convexo sæpissime pinnis abbreviatis rigidis spinescente, vagina brevi fibrosa. Spadices sæpius plures, erecti, v. fructiferi nutantes v. penduli, pedunculo valde compresso, ramis interdum subumbellatis; spatha completa, elongata, basilaris, compressa, anceps, coriacea, ventre et demum dorso fissa; bracteæ interdum obsoletæ. Flores mediocres, flavi. Baccæ croceæ, brunneæ v. atræ.

Species ad 12, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ et subtropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 257, 320, t. 120, 124, 136, 164. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 254. Gærtn. Fruct. 1, t. 9. Lam. Illustr. t. 893 (Phænix et Elate). Dict. Sc. Nat. t. 25, 26. Roxb. Cor. Pl. i. t. 74, iii. t. 273. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 344; Palm. Brit. Ind. 136, t. 128, 128 A, 129 A, B. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 62; Palm. Archip. Ind. 14, 26. Brandis, For. Fl. 553. Del. Fl. Egypt. t. 62. Turpin in Mém. Mus. Par. iii. t. 15. Jacq. Collect. Suppl. t. 15; Fragm. t. 24. T. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 13. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 638, t. vi. f. 27 ad 33.

## TRIBUS III. CORYPHEÆ.

81. Corypha, Linn. Gen. n. 1221. (Taliera, Mart. Progr. Palm. Fam. et Gen. 10. Gembanga, Blume in Flora, 1825, 580, 678.)—Flores parvi, hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis terminalis pyramidalis paniculatim ramosi sessiles v. breviter pedicellati, minute bracteati. Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus v. 3-lobus. Petala 3, basi in stipitem solidum contracta, late ovata, acuta, incurva, subvalvata v. imbricata. Stamina 6, filamentis dilatato-subulatis basi petalorum late adnatis; antheræ ovato-cordatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium trigonoovoideum, 3-lobum, 3-loculare, in stylum brevem subulatum contractum, stigmate simplici v. 3-denticulato; ovula in loculis basilaria, erecta. Fructus e carpellis 1-3-globosis 1-spermis, stylo basilari, pericarpio carnoso. Semen globosum v. oblongum, erectum, hilo basilari, testa membranacea, rapheos ramis ab hilo divergentibus ad situm embryonis convergentibus, albumine sequabili solido v. cavo; embryo verticem versus seminis.--Palmæ elatæ, inermes, monocarpicæ, caudice robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, maxima, orbicularia, ad medium in lacinias perplurimas lineari-lancuolatas flabellatim fissa, laciniis vernatione induplicatis, rhachi 0, ligula parva, petiolo elongato robusto superne concavo marginibus spinosis, vagina fissa. Spadix solitarius, ingens, erectus, paniculatim ramosissimus. Spathæ plures, tubulosæ, pedunculum et ramos vaginantes; bracteolæ obsoletæ. Flores virides. Fructus diametro cerasi.

Species ad 6 enumeratæ, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 231, 318, t. 108, 127. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 235. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 7 (semen inversum depictum). Lam. Illustr. t. 899. Blume, Rumph. ii. 67, t. 97, 98, 105. Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 255, 256. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 313; Palm. Brit. Ind. iii. t. 220 D, E, F, App. xxiii. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 49. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 524. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 226.

82. Sabal. Adans. Fam. Nat. ii. 495.—Flores hermaphroditi, ramis spadicis elongati paniculatim ramosi solitarii, sessiles, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Calyx cupularis, inæqualiter 3-lobus, basi truncatus. Corolla profunde 3-loba, tubo brevi, lobis ovato-oblongis acutis concavis marginibus infra apices valvatos tenuibus imbricatis. Stamina 6, filamentis subulatis basi dilatatis in annulum tubo corollæ adnatum connatis; antheræ late ovato-cordatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-gonum, 3-loculare, in stylum columnarem validum 3-gonum attenuatum, stigmate truncato; ovuls in loculis

basilaria, erecta. Fructus e carpellis 1, rarius 2-3, globosis 1-spermis, stylo basilari, pericarpio carnoso ab epicarpio membranaceo soluto. Semina depresso-globosa, erecta, libera, hilo parvo basilari, testa atro-brunnea nitida, rapheos ramis obsoletis, albumine dure corneo æquabili umbilico intruso, fossa intus spongiosa marginibus rugosis; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, humiles elatæ v. subacaules, caudice sæpe robusto annulato basi oblique ascendente superne vestigiis vaginarum onusto. Folia terminalia, orbicularia v. basi cuneata, flabellatim multifida, segmentis linearibus 2-fidis filis sæpissime interjectis, vernatione induplicatis, rhachi brevi v. elongata, ligula brevi rhachi adnata, petiolo antice concavo marginibus acutis inermibus, vagina breviuscula. Spadices magni, elongati, decompositi, primum erecti, ramis ramulisque decurvis v. pendulis gracilibus; spathæ pedunculum ramosque longe vaginantes, tubulosæ, ore obliquo; bracteæ et bracteolæ minutæ. Flores parvi, glabri, albi v. virides. Fructus parvus v. mediocris, nigor.

Species 6, Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ a Florida et insulis Bermudianis ad Venezuelam et insulam Trinitatis extensæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 245 (excl. sp.), t. 103, 130. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 245 (cxcl. sp. 4). Karst. Fl. Colomb. ii. 137, t. 172 (Trithrinax). Chapm. Fl. S. U. States 438 (excl. sp. 2). Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 514. Guersent in Bull. Soc. Philom. iii. 205, t. 25. Jacq. Hort. Vindob. iii. t. 8. Bot. Mag. t. 1434.

83. Washingtonia, H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1879, 68.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sparsi, sessiles, scarioso-coriacei, bracteolati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx tubulosus, basi solidus, ore lente dilatato breviter 3-lobo, lobis scariosis erosis retusis imbricatis. Corolla infundibularis, tubo carnoso calyce incluso; lobi lanceolati, acuminati, striati, patuli, basi intus callo 2-lobo aucti. 6, fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis magnis crassis elongato-fusiformibus exsertis, apicibus attenuatis; antheræ magnæ, lineares, utrinque 2-fidæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. disco parvo insertum, depresso-obovoideum, 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, flexuosus, longe exsertus, rigidus, persistens, stigmatibus minutis; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus parvus, ellipsoideus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, reliquiis minutis carpellorum abortientium styloque coronatus, pericarpio carnoso. Semen oblongo-ovoideum v. globosum, dorso convexum, ventre planiusculum, testa brunnea nitida tenui, hilo parvo subbasilari, raphe inconspicua ramis 0, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo basin versus seminis dorsalis.—Palma elata, caudice robusto vaginarum et petiolorum vestigiis superne tecto. Folia terminalia, ampla, patentia, orbicularia, flabellatim plicata, ad medium fere fissa, laciniis induplicatis margine filiferis, rhachi brevi, ligula magna appressa, petiolo elongato robusto plano-convexo marginibus valide spinosis. Spadices elongati, copiose paniculatim ramosi, glabri, ramis gracilibus flexuosis; spathæ elongatæ, membranaceæ, fissæ, glabræ. Flores albi. Fructus niger.

Species 1 v. 2, Californiae australis et Arizonae incolae. S. Wats. in Bot. Calif. ii. 211, 485. Fonsl in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ort. i. 116, cum ic (Pritchardia).

84. Wannorhops, H. Wendl. in. Bot. Zeit. 1879, 147.—Flores in spadice interfoliaceo paniculatim ramoso polygamo-monoici, per paria spathella membranacea inclusi, altero sessili bracteato, altero breviter pedicellato ebracteato, perianthium post anthesin fere immutatum. Calyx breviter tubulosus, inæqualiter 3-lobus, membranaceus. Corolla 3-partita, tubo brevi, segmentis ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina in fl. \$\overline{\pi}\$ 6, filamentis tubo corollæ insertis, in fl. \$\overline{\pi}\$ ad 9 filamentis basi lata fauci corollæ insertis; antheræ oblongæ v. oblongo-sagittatæ, intrusæ. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-gonum, in stylum brevem subulatum attenuatum, stigmate 3-denticulato; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus ellipsoideus v. oblongus, 1-spermus, stylo basilari, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen pericarpio conforme, liberum, hilo parvo basilare, ventre ad axin excavatum, fossa materia spongiosa farcta, testa tenuiter membranacea, raphe brevi ramis indistinctis laxe reticulatis, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo medio dorso situs v. subbasilaris.—Palma inermis, gregaria, humilis, pallida, caudicibus cæspitosis rapentibus

ramosis vaginis vetustis foliorum opertis. Folia terminalia, rigida, cuneato-fiabellata, in lacinias curvas 2-fidas induplicatim plicatas fissa, rhachi brevi, ligula 0, petiolo brevi concavo-convexo marginibus subserrulatis, vagina brevi fissa marginibus membranaceis. Spadices elongati, patentim ramosi, ramis ramulisque gracilibus; spathæ tubulosæ, pedunculum et ramos spadicis vestientes, ore obliquo in acumen producto; spathellæ flores 2-nos vaginantes, breviter tubulosæ, 2-nerves, ocreas *Polygoni* simulantes. Flores parvi, pallidi, Fructus pisiformis.

Species 1, montium Indie trans flumen Indus, Affghanistaniæ, Beluchistaniæ et Persiæ austroorientalis incola. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 342; Palm. Brit. Ind. 135. Brandis, For. Fl. 547 (omnes sub Chameropside Ritchicana, Griff.). Aitchison in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 140, t. 26.

85. ? Teysmannta, Reichb. f. et Zolling. in Linnæa, xxviii. 657 (Teysmania).—Flores hermaphroditi, minuti, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei 2-3-plicatim ramosi sparsi, breviter pedicellati, solitarii v. fasciculati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus, basi carnosus. Petala crassa, e basi lata triangulari-lanceolata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis subulatis basi in cupulam hypogynam connatis; antherae ovatæ, basifixæ. Ovarii carpella 3, rarius 1 v. 2, libera v. leviter coherentia; stylus subulatus, 3-gonus, stigmate punctiformi; ovula in loculis erecta?. Fructus globosus v. depresso-globosus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, basi carpellis abortivis 1-2 auctus, stylo basilari, pericarpio corticato suberoso tessellatim verrucoso, verrucis 3-6-gonis, endocarpio tenui. Semen subdepresso-globosum, liberum, erectum, hilo basilari, testa tenui rugulosa, raphe brevi ramis obsoletis, albumine æquabili ventre profunde intruso, fossa materia spongiosa farcta; embryo lateralis.—Palma humilis, inermis, caudice subterraneo annulato apice emerso. Folia erecta, elongato-rhombea, obtusa, basi acuta, induplicatim plicata, marginibus laciniatis, laciniis obtuse 2-fidis, rhachi elongata, petiolo dorso carinato facie obsolete concavo, angulis rotundatis uncinato-aculeatis, vagina brevi. Spadix breviusculus, ramis basi divisis superne reflexis, pedunculo fusco-tomentoso; spathæ papyraceo-coriaceæ, pedunculum et ramos vaginantes, inferiores biseriales, imbricato-equitantes, superiores sparsæ; bracteæ lanceolatæ; bracteolæ inconspicuæ. Fructus diametro pomi.

Species 1, Sumatrensis. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 749. Descriptio pro maxima parte ex auctoribus citatis. Genus a Wendlandio inter ea stigmate terminali inclusum, sed nobis basilare apparet. In descriptione Zollingeri albumen ruminatum est et embryo basilaris, in exemplaribus nostris albumen carte sequabile et embryo lateralis.

86. Chamserops, Linn. Gen. n. 1219. (Chamseriphes, Ponted. Anthol. 147, t. 8, 10, ex Gærtn. Fruct. i. 26, t. 9.)—Flores in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sessiles, polygamo-monoici v. dioici, d et 🗸 in eodem v. in diversis spadicibus, bracteati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx 3-partitus, segmentis subulato-lanceolatis. Petala libera, ovata, acuta, imbricata. Stamina 6-9, filamentis brevibus latis basi calycis insertis v. in cupulam hypogynam connatis; anthere majusculæ, ovato-oblonge v. cordatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii carpella 3 (rarius plura), distincta; stigmata subsessilia; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus carpella 1-3, globosa v. ovoidea, basin versus trigona, 1-sperma, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso intus fibroso, endocarpio membranaceo. Semina ellipsoidea v. globosa, erecta, hilo parvo basilari, raphe indistincta laxe ramosa, albumine dure corneo laxe ruminato; embryo infra medium dorsalis.--Palmse inermes, gregarise, humiles v. mediocres, caudicibus caespitosis basi ramosis vaginis vetustis foliorum opertis. Folia terminalia, rigida, semi-orbicularia v. cuneatoflabellata, profunde laciniata, laciniis angustis bifidis induplicatim plicatis, rhachi 0, ligula brevissima, petiolo gracili biconvexo marginibus lavibus v. asperis, vagina fissa reticulatim fibrosa. Spadices breves, erecti, compressi, ramis brevibus densifioris; spaths: 2-4, later, crasse coriacese, inferiores fisses, superiore completa; bractess parves, autalista ; bracteola 0. Flores parvi, flavidi. Fructus rufescens v. flavescens,

Species 2, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 248 (Chamærops sp. 1), t. 120, 124. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 248, sp. 1. Lam. Illustr. t. 900. Lamb. in Trans. Lins. Soc. x. t. 8. Cav. Io. ii. t. 115 (Phænix). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 36. H. Wendl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. viii. 429. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 638, t. 6, f. 34, 35. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 599. Bot. Mag. t. 2162. C. conduplicata, Kickx in Bull. Acad. Sc. Bruxelles, v. 60; Walp. Ann. i. 752, patria ignots, omniso dubis est.

87. Zhapidophyllum, H. Wendl. et Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1876, 803.—Flores globosi, in ramis spadicis brevis crassi interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sessiles, hermaphroditi v. polygamo-dioici, bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium crasse coriaceum, post anthesin fere immutatum. Sepala 3, triangulari-ovata, basi incrassata gibba. Petala 3, ovatorotundata, imbricata. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformi-subulatis alternis basi petalorum insertis; antheræ magnæ, lineares, basi bifida affixæ, versatiles, breviter exsertæ. Ovarii carpella 3, rarius 4-5, libera, ovoidea, primum basi tantum demum in toto lanata, in stigmata parva recurva breviter attenuata; ovula subbasilaria, erecta. Carpella matura solitaria, rarius 2-3, ovoidea v. obovoidea, lana detergibili induta, 1-sperma, stigmate subterminali, pericarpio tenui fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen ellipsoideum, erectum, hilo magno, raphe lata endocarpio adnata ramis 0, albumine solido æquabili; embryo medio dorso.—Palma humilis, caudice brevi erecto v. repente et sobolifero vaginis foliorum vetustis in opus fibrosum solutis spinis elongatis erectis intermixtis tecto. Folia terminalia, orbicularia in sinu aperta v. transverse oblonga, profunde inæqualiter plicata et fissa, subtus argentea, laciniis integris v. 2-4-fidis induplicatis, rhachi 0, ligula brevissima rotundata, petiolo 3-gono superne planiusculo marginibus denticulatis subtus floccoso, vagina e fibris aliis crispis aliis rigidis intertextis. Spadices breviter pedunculati; spathæ 2-5, completæ, tubulosæ, compressæ, 2-fidæ, floccosæ. Flores minuti, crocei. Fructus parvus.

Species 1, Floridæ et Carolinæ australis incola. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 250, t. 125, f. 4. Chapm. Fl. S. U. States, 439 (utraque sub Chamæropside Hystrix).

- 88. Acanthorhima, Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1879, 147.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei triplicato-ramosi subsessiles, solitarii, minute bracteati; perianthium post anthesin . . . Calyx cupularis, 3-lobus, basi rotundato carnoso, lobis oblongis obtusis. Petala orbicularia, concava, coriacea, late convolutivo-imbricata. Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum membranaceum connatis, apicibus liberis exsertis; antheræ oblongæ, dorso prope basin affixæ, patenti-recurvæ. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, erecta; styli elongæti, erecti, stigmatibus terminalibus; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus . . .—Palmæ inermes, caudice mediocri robusto vestigiis vaginarum vetustarum dense obsito, basi radicibus spinescentibus onusto. Folia terminalia, lamina orbiculari in segmenta cuneiformia plicata apice 3—∞-fida profunde fissa, subtus glauca, rhachi 0, petiolo superne planiusculo v. convexo marginibus lævibus, vagina brevi fibrosa. Spadices compressi, pedunculo brevi ramisque patentibus crassis albis; bracteæ spathæve ad basin ramorum elongatæ, coriaceæ, deciduæ; bracteolæ setiformes, deciduæ.
- Species 2 v. 3, Americæ centralis incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 252 (Chamærops Mocinni). Ill. Hortic. xxvi. t. 367 (sine fl. et fruct.). Flores ad exemplaria A. Warczevitzii in Hort. Herrenhausen culta a Wendlandio benevole missa descripti.
- 89. Trithrinax, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 149, 247, 320, et t. 104 (Thrinax); Palm. Orbign. 43, t. 10, 25 A (excl. f. 5, 6).—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei triplicato-ramosi subsessiles, solitarii, ebracteati v. obscure bracteati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx tubulosus v. cupularis, 3-fidus, basi truncato carnosulo. Petala ovata v. fere orbicularia, erecta, late convolutivo-imbricata, marginibus tenuibus. Stamina 6, hypogyna, filamentis filiformi-subulatis basi liberis v. connatis exsertis; antheres lineari-oblonges, dorsifixes, basi 2-fida insertes. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta; styli elongati, erecti v. recurvi, stigmatibus capitellatis; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus

baccatus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali. Semen . . . albumine æquabili ?; embryo verticem versus seminis dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, caudice mediocri cicatricato. Folia terminalia, orbiculari-ovata, flabellatim multifida, glabra, laciniis lanceolatis acuminatis 2-fidis induplicatis, petiolo biconvexo marginibus acutis integerrimis, ligula dura cordata, vagina fibrosa et spinis erectis v. reflexis horrida. Spadices patentes, pedunculo crasso, ramis flexuosis; spathæ plures, inferiores pedunculo insertæ, oblongæ, oblique fissæ, superiores ocreiformes, oblique truncatæ; bracteæ valde inconspicuæ. Flores parvi.

Species 2 v. 3, Brasilienses, et una Chilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 247.—T. compacta, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 221, est genus Hemithrinax, nob.; T. mauritiformis, Karst., est Sabal species.

90. Brahen, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 243, 319, t. 137, 162. Flores minuti, hermaphroditi, in ramis tomentosis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sparsi, sessiles, coriaceo-carnosi, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Sepala orbicularia, concava, imbricata. Petala brevia, basi carinata, late ovata, crassiuscula, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis subulatis basi dilatatis in cupulam hypogynam connatis; antheræ breves, ovato-cordatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii carpella 3, breviter connata; stylus terminalis, brevis, 3-gonus, stigmate minuto; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus e carpellis 1-3 monospermis oblique ellipsoideis paullulum compressis puberulis lateribus carinatis, stylo terminali, pericarpio tenuiter carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen basilare, erectum, pericarpio conforme, testa a basi ad apicem facié ventrali ad axin intrusa, raphe diffusa, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo in medio seminis dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, caudice mediocri inferne annulato, superne reliquiis fibrosis vaginarum tecto. Folia terminalia, orbicularia, subpeltata, flabellatim plicata, ad medium fissa, laciniis bifidis filis interjectis induplicatis, rachi brevi angusta, ligula subtriangulari, petiolo patente marginibus subdentatis, vagina fibrosa. Spadices elongati, penduli, paniculatim ramosissimi, ramulis ultimis elongatis vermiformibus patentibus rigidis obtusis densissime velutino-tomentosis; spathæ plures, pedunculo insertæ, lineari-elongatæ, rigide coriaceæ, glabræ, fissæ; bracteæ et bracteolæ minutæ. Flores diametro ramulorum multo minores, indumento immersi. Carpella matura semi-pollicaria, sicca pallida.

Species 4 enumeratæ, quarum unam Texano-mexicanam et montium Mexici indigenam, tantum vidimus; cæteræ verisimiliter Mexicanæ et Andium incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 244. H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1879. 147.

91. Serenssa, Hook. f. nov. gen. - Flores parvi, hermaphroditi, in ramis gracilibus spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosissimi sparsi, sessiles, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx cupularis, inæqualiter 3-fidus, basi truncatus. Corolla 3-partita, tubo brevi, segmentis ovato-oblongis acutis valvatis intus 2-carinatis carinis irregularibus crasse carnosis. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformibus basi dilattitis in annulum tubo corollæ adnatum connatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium 3-gono-ovoideum, acutum, e carpellis 3 basi liberis, superne in stylum elongatum erectum gracilem attenuatis, stigmate minuto; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus ovoideus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio crasse carnoso intus parce fibroso, endocarpio molli. Semen erectum, liberum, oblongum, fere cylindraceum, facie ventrali paullo complanatum, hilo parvo basilari, raphe ventrali incrassata elongata ramis 0, albumine solido æquabili; embryo basin versus seminis dorsalis.—Palma humilis, inermis, cæspitosa, caudice repente ramoso rete fibroso e vaginis foliorum induto. Folia terminalia, orbicularia, coriacea, profunde plicato-multifida, subtus glauca, segmentis angustis induplicatis 2-fidis, rhachi 0, ligula brevi, petiolo plano-convexo marginibus dentatis. Spadix elongatus, tomentosus, rhachi flexuosa vaginis tubulosis oblique fissis induta, ramis patentibus patentim ramosis, ramulis alternis gracillimis; spathæ plures, pedunculum vaginantes; bracteolæ minutæ. Flores albi. Fructus niger, pollicaris.

Species 1, Floridæ et Carolinæ incola. Chapm. Fl. S. U. States 438 (Sabal serrulata, R. & S.). Genus ad exemplaria a Sereno Watson communicata descriptum, unde nomen genericum.

92. Colpothrinax, Griseb. et H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1879, 147.—Flores hermaphroditi, ramis spadicis interfoliacei subduplicato-ramosi sparsi, solitarii, sessiles, minute bracteati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx tubuloso-campanulatus, basi intrusa, ore membranaceo 3-denticulato. Corollæ tubus cylindraceus, coriaceus, persistens, lobis ovatis subacutis coriaceis valvatis deciduis. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus triangularisubulatis basi in coronam 6-lobam tubo corollæ impositam connatis; antheræ linearioblongæ, dorsifixæ, utrinque profunde 2-lobæ. Ovarium trapezio-obovoideum, e carpellis 3 liberis vertice exsculptis in stylos erectos crassos subcoherentes attenuatis, stigmatibus punctiformibus; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus, 1-locularis, stylo terminali, pericarpio carnoso intus parce fibroso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen globosum, liberum, erectum, hilo basilari, raphe ab hilo ad verticem extensa incrassata lobulata nitida ramis 0, albumine æquabili solido; embryo medio-dorsalis.—Palma inermis. Folia terminalia, dure coriacea, orbicularia, flabellatim plicato-multifida, laciniis numerosissimis rigidis longe acuminatis 2-fidis induplicatis, costa valida, nervis perplurimis, rhachi elongata, ligula semicirculari libera. Spadices breviusculi, decurvi, rhachi valida, ramis laxifloris validis patentibus elongatis, inferioribus basi ramosis; spathæ plures, crasse coriaceæ, castaneæ, furfuraceæ, inferiore magna ad basin fissa, superiores tubulosæ superne fissæ ; bractee minute, setiformes. Flores majusculi, in tuberculis ramorum spadicis sessiles. Fructus diametro cerasi.

Species 1, Cubæ incola.

93. Erythea, S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 211, 485.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sessiles, solitarii v. fasciculati, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; perianthium coriaceum, post anthesin immutatum. Calyx cupularis, 3-lobus. Corolla brevis, late campanulata, 3-loba, lobis late ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 6, fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi in annulum connatis; antheræ parvæ, ovato-cordatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium obovoideum, trigonum, e carpellis 3 ventre connatis; stylus brevis, subulatus, 3-canaliculatus, stigmate 3-dentato; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso intus molli. Semen erectum, liberum v. pericarpio adhærens, globosum v. subplano-convexum, ventre ad axin sulcatum, sulco testa spongiosa farcto, hilo basilari, raphe valde inconspicua ramis obsoletis, albumine corneo equabili; embryo subbasilaris.—Palmæ inermes, caudice robusto solitario basi annulato, superne vestigiis vaginarum foliorum tecto. Folia terminalia, juniora tomentosa, orbicularia, flabellatim multifida, laciniis apice laceris filis interjectis induplicatis, rhachi brevi, ligula elongata, petiolo valido marginibus lævibus v. spinosis. Spadices elongati, albo-tomentosi, ramis robustis; spathæ plures, pedunculum vaginantes, crasse coriaceæ, dense tomentosæ; bracteæ bracteolæque distinctæ. Flores pallidi. Fructus parvus.

Species 2, austro-Californica. Genus Coperniciae proximum, an distinctum? Semen in E. eduli pericarpio adhærens, in E. armata liberum.

94. Copernicia, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 56, t. 49, 50 (Corypha), 50 A, 51, f. 5, iii. 242, 319; Palm. Orbign. 41, t. 1, f. 3, et t. 24.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sessiles, subsolitarii v. conferti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; perianthium coriaceum, post anthesin immutatum. Calyx cupularis v. breviter cylindraceus, truncatus, 3-fidus v. 3-dentatus. Corolla late campanulata, lobis late ovatis acutis intus sulcatis valvatis. Stamina 6, fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi in annulum connatis; antheræ parvæ, dorsifixæ, ovato-cordatæ, inclusæ. Ovarium 3-gono-obovoideum, e carpellis 3 basi distinctis vertice exsculptis constans; stylus brevis, 3-sulcatus, stigmate 3-denticulato; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus v. ellipsoideus, 1-locularis, styli cicatrice apicali, pericarpio coriaceo non fibroso. Semen erectum; globosum v. ellipsoideum, hilo lato subbasilari, raphe elongata ramis laxis descendentibus, albumine laxe ruminato; embryo subbasilaris.—Palmæ inermes.

caudice elato robusto solitario inferne annulato, superne vestigiis vaginarum induto. Folia terminalia, orbicularia, flabellatim plicata, in lacinias apice integras v. laceras induplicatas fissa, marginibus interdum filiferis, rhachi brevi, ligula brevi, petioli validi marginibus lævibus v. spinosis, vagina superne utrinque late patentim 2-auriculata. Spadices elongati, sæpe decurvi, glabri v. tomentosi, ramis divaricatis v. recurvis, rhachi vaginata; spathæ plures, incompletæ. Flores parvi, glabri v. tomentosi. Fructus parvus, lutescens.

Species ad 8, Novæ Grenadæ, ins. Indiæ Occidentalis et Brasiliæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 242. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 514; Cat. Pl. Cub. 220.

CRYSOFHILA, Blume, est fide Wendlandii (in Kerch. Denterg. Palm. 242) Copernicia? nana, planta Mexicana, nobis non nisi foliis nota.

95. Pritchardia, Seem. et H. Wendl. in Bonpland. ix. 260, x. 197, 310, t. 15.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei 2-3-plicato-ramosi sessiles, sparsi, solitarii; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx tubuloso-campanulatus, 3-dentatus v.-lobus. Corolla 3-partita, tubo brevi; segmenta ovata, acuta, crasse coriacea, valvata, demum a tubo persistente soluta. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi in cupulam tubumve corollæ adnatum connatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarium subglobosum v. obovoideum, 3-gonum v. 3-lobum, 3-loculare, in stylum validum 3-sulcatum elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus minutis; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus v. ellipsoideus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio tenui v. crassiusculo fibroso, endocarpio tenui. Semen globosum, erectum, hilo parvo basilari, raphe levissime impressa, ramis 0, albumine æquabili solido; embryo supra basin dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, elatæ, caudice solitario inferne annulato, superne vestigiis vaginarum vestito. Folia terminalia, ampla, sæpe albo-furfuracea, orbicularia v. basi cuneata, non profunde plicato-multifida, segmentis angustis apice 2-fidis induplicatis, marginibus filiferis, rhachi elongata, ligula brevi, petiolo superne concavo inermi, vagina brevi. Spadices longe pedunculati, rami ramulisque validis ascendentibus, rhachi vaginata; spathæ amplæ, crasse coriaceæ, pedunculo affixæ, basi tubulosæ, superne fissæ, sæpe argenteo-furfuraceæ. Flores majusculi. Fructus parvus v. majusculus.

Species 3-4, insularum Amicorum et Sandwicensium incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 242 (Livistonæ sp. i, 8). Gaud. Voy. Bonite Bot. t. 58, 59 (Livistona?). H. Mann in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 204. Seem. Flor. Viti, 273, t. 79.

96. Licuala, Thunb. in Act. Holm. 1782, 84. (Pericycla, Blume, Rumph. ii. 47, t. 94.) -Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sessiles v. pedicellati, sparsi v. 2-3-ni, minute bracteati v. ebracteati ; perianthium post anthesin fere immutatum. Calyx cupularis v. breviter tubulosus, ore 3-fido. Corolla crasse coriacea, profunde 3-loba, lobis late ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi dilatatis in annulum fauci corollæ insertum demum liberum connatis; antheræ cordato-ovatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii carpella 3, vertice truncata exsculpta, ventre cohærentia; stylus filiformis, stigmate minuto 3-dentato; ovula subbasilaria, erecta. Carpella matura solitaria, parva, globosa ovoidea obovoidea v. ellipsoidea, stylo apicali, pericarpio tenui carnoso v. succulento, endocarpio crustaceo v. coriaceo. Semen globosum, erectum, liberum, læve, facie ventrali ad centrum perfossum, hilo basilari, raphe inconspicua, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ humiles, frutescentes, caudicibus solitariis v. cæspitosis inferne annulatis, supra sæpe longe vestigiis vaginarum et petiolorum tectis. Folia terminalia, in lacinias elongato-cuneatas plicatas truncatas apice lobatas v. laceras flabellatim sæpissime profunde divisas irregulariter fissa, rhachi brevissima, ligula brevi, petiolo gracili v. robusto inermi v. marginibus spinosis, vagina fibrosa. Spadices plerumque graciles, glabri v. furfuracei, rhachi vaginata; spathæ plures, pedunculum vaginantes, tubulosæ, ore oblique 2-fido, coriaceæ, persistentes; bracteæ et bracteolæ obsoletæ. Flores sparsi v. densi, interdum magni, semi-pollicares.

Species ad 30, Asiæ orientalis tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ et Australiæ borealis

incolm. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 284, t. 184, 185, 162. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 288. Gertn. Fruct. ii. t. 189. Blume, Rumph. ii. 37, t. 82, 88 ad 98. Griff. in Calo. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 321; Palm. Brit. Ind. 117, t. 221 A, B, C, 222, 222 A, B, 223, 224 A, B, 225. Kurs, For. Fl. ii. 527. Beccari, Malesia 1, 80. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnaa, xxxix. 191, t. 3, f. 2. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1677, 638, t. 6, f. 86 ad 88. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 144. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 51, Suppl. 254, 591; Palm. Archip. Ind. 10; Pl. Jungh. 163.

97. Zivistona, R. Br. Prod. iii. 123. (Saribus, Blume, Rumph. ii. 48, t. 95, 96.)— Flores hermaphroditi, minuti, in ramis gracilibus spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosissimi sessiles v. pedicellati, sparsi v. fasciculati, ebracteati v. minute bracteati ; perianthium post anthesin fere immutatum. Sepala 3, rotundata, concava, basi connata, im-Corolla crasse coriacea, profunde 3-loba, lobis late ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus subulatis basi dilatatis in annulum fauci corollæ insertum connatis; antheræ cordato-ovatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii carpella 3, ventre cohærentia; styli breves, subulati, distincti v. coherentes, stigmate minuto; ovula basilaria, erecta. Carpella matura 1-3, globosa oblonga v. ellipsoidea, recta v. subincurva, stylo subterminali; pericarpio extus coriaceo v. tenuiter carnoso, endocarpio crustaceo. Semen erectum, pericarpio conforme, convexum, facie ventrali medio ad centrum excavatum, hilo parvo basilari, testa membranacea, raphe diffusa, ramis obscuris, albumine æquabili corneo; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ inermes, caudice sæpe robusto et elato, inferne annulato, superne vestigiis vaginarum induto. Folia terminalia, ampla, patentia, orbicularia, flabellatim plicata, ad medium v. infra fissa, laciniis 2-fidis induplicatis margine nudis v. filiferis, rhachi brevi, ligula parva cordiformi libera, petiolo elongato robusto plano-convexo v. biconvexo marginibus spinosis, vagina in fibras reticulatas soluta. Spadices elongati, primum suberecti, demum fructiferi penduli, longe pedunculati, laxe ramosi, ramis gracilibus; spathæ plures, elongatæ, tubulosæ, compressæ, pedunculum vaginantes, crasse coriaceæ, 2-fidæ v. 2-labiatæ, 2-carinatæ v. ancipites ; bracteæ et bracteolæ obsoletæ. Flores viriduli. Fructus nitidus, ater cærulescens flavus v. brunneus.

Species ad 14, Asiæ orientalis tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ et Australiæ orientalis incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 239, 319, t. 109, 110, 111, 135, 145, 146, et t. 102 (Corypha). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 241. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 333; Palm. Brit. Ind. 127, t. 226 A, B, C, D, App. xxiii. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 57; Suppl. 591; Pl. Jungh. 165; Palm. Archip. Ind. 12. Beccari, Males. i. 84. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 525. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 145. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. viii. 221. H. Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa, xxxix. 192, 226. H. Wendl. in Bull. Bot. Soc. Fr. viii. 430. Jacq. Fragm. t. 11, f. 1 (Latania). Bot. Mag. t. 6274. Spathæ in speciebus Asiaticis quam in Australianis multo majores et crassiores.

98. Trachycarpus, H. Wendl. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. viii, 429.—Flores in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculati sessiles, polygamo-monoici, solitarii v. 2-ni, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx 3-partitus, segmentis ovatis acutis. Corolla 3-partita, segmentis late ovatis obtusis v. acutis, valvatis. Stamina 6, basi corollæ inserta, filamentis liberis subulatis; anthere ovate, dorsifixe, in fl. 2 imperfectee. Ovarii carpella 3, basi connata, 3-gono-ovoidea, acuta, glabra v. tomentosa, in fl. & imperfecta; stigmata brevia, recurva; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus ellipsoideus v. subreniformis, 1-spermus, stigmate terminali, pericarpio tenuiter carnoso, endocarpio tenui v. crustaceo. Semen pericarpio conforme, erectum, liberum, ventre longitudinaliter sulcatum, hilo parvo basilari, raphe diffusa ramis obscuris, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo medio dorso situs.--Palmæ inermes, caudicibus solitariis et elatis v. humilibus et cæspitosis, superne rete fibrosa e vestigiis vaginarum confecta dense obtectis. Folia terminalia, orbicularia v. semiorbicularia, profunde plicato-multifida, laciniis angustis 2-fidis induplicatis, rhachi 0, ligula brevissima, petiolo 2-convexo, vagina integra strato interiore e fibris dense intertextis. Spadices plures, breves v. elongati, robusti, densi- v. laxiflori ; spathæ plures, majusculæ, compressæ, oblique fissæ, crasse coriaceæ, tomentosæ, pedunculum ramosque primarios spadicis vaginantes; bracteæ et bracteolæ minutæ. Flores parvi, flavescentes. Fructus ceruleus v. croceus, glaber v. tomentosus.

Species 4, 2 montium India borealis et Burma incolae, una Chinensis, quarta Japonica. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 251 (sp. 3, 4, 7), t. 125. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 339 (sp. 1); Palm. Brit. Ind. 133, t. 227 A, B. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. iii. t. 211. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 526. Brand. For. Fl. 546. Bot. Mag. t. 5221 (excl. f. 6, 7) (omnes sub Chamaropside).

99. Ehapis, Linn. f. in Ait. Hort. Kew. iii. 473.—Flores dioici v. polygamo-dioici, in ramis gracilibus spadicis interfoliacei patentim paniculato-ramosi sessiles, solitarii, 1-bracteati, perianthio crasse coriaceo post anthesin immutato. Fl. d: Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus. Corolla obovoidea v. clavata, 3-fida, lobis brevibus late ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis tubo corollæ adnatis, apicibus liberis; antheræ didymæ, dorsifixæ, extrorsum dehiscentes, demum versatiles. Ovarii rudimenta obsoleta. Fl. 2: Perianthium maris, sed brevius. Staminodia 6. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, carpophoro elongato imposita, dorso convexa, ventre bifacialia; styli breves, stigmatibus acutis; ovula globosa, oblique lateraliter appensa. Fructus e carpellis 1-3 parvis obovoideis 1-spermis, stylis terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso intus fibroso, endocarpio molli. Semen depressoglobosum, liberum, ventre profunde excavatum, cavo materie spongiosa farcto, hilo suprabasilari, raphe inconspicua, albumine æquabili; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ humiles, caudicibus dense cæspitosis arundinaceis longe foliosis vestigiis reticulatis vaginarum tectis. Folia alterna et terminalia, submembranacea, connata v. semiorbicularia, digitatim irregulariter inter nervos 3-∞-partita, segmentis linearibus cuneatis v. ellipticis truncatis integris dentatis v. fissis, nervis 3-∞, nervulis transversis conspicuis, rhachi 0, ligula brevissima semicirculari, petiolo gracili biconvexo marginibus lævibus v. serrulatis, vagina elongata in rete laxum soluta. Spadices foliis breviores, graciliter pedunculati, rhachi bracteis deciduis vaginata, ramis patentibus; spathæ 2-3, incompletæ, membranaceæ. Flores flavescentes.

Species 4 v. 5, Chiuæ et Japoniæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 253, t. 144. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 251. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 61. Jacq. Hort. Schænb. t. 316. Bot. Mag. t. 1371. Flores  $\mathcal{Q}$  non visi. Fructus in una specie tantum scrutatus a nobis.

100. Thrinax, Linn. f. in Swartz, Prod. 57; Fl. Ind. Occ. 613, t. 13.—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis gracilibus spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi sparsi, pedicellati, pedicello basi bracteato; perianthium post anthesin immutatum. Calyx et corolla in cupulam brevem 6-fidam confluentes. Stamina 6-12, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis basi breviter connatis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, utrinque 2-fidæ, connectivo tenui. Ovarium ovoideum v. globosum, 1-loculare, in stylum cylindraceum attenuatum, stigmate infundibulari; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus pisiformis, stylo apiculatus, pericarpio tenui. Semen liberum, erectum, globosum v. depresso-globosum, sulcis sinuatis verticalibus exsculptum, hilo basilari, rapheos ramis in sulcis reconditis, albumine corneo æquabili v. subruminato; embryo apicalis.—Palmæ inermes, mediocres v. humiles, caudicibus solitariis v. cæspitosis inferne annulatis superne vaginis foliorum in rete solutis longe vestitis. Folia terminalia, orbicularia v. basi truncata, flabellatim plicata et multifida, laciniis 2-fidis induplicatis, rhachi brevi v. 0, ligula libera erecta concava, petiolo gracili biconvexo, marginibus lævibus, vagina sæpius elongata rete pulcherrimum efformante. Spadices elongati, rhachi vaginis tubulosis vestita, ramis primariis alternis paniculatim ramosis, ramulis gracilibus; spathæ plures, pedunculo insertæ, papyraceo-coriaceæ, fissæ. Flores interdum longiuscule graciliterque pedicellati, pedicello basi bractea caduca stipato ; bracteolæ minutæ v. obsoletæ. Fructus parvus.

Species ad 10, una Floridana, ceteræ Insularum Antillarum incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 254, 320, t. 103, 163. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 252. Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 221. T.? Chuco, Mart. Palm. Orbign. 45, t. viii. f. 1 et 25 B, floribus ignotis, versimiliter non hujus generis.

101. **Emithrinax**, Hook. f. gen. nov.—Flores hermaphroditi, minuti, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei duplicato-ramosi sparsi, sessiles v. breviter stipitati, solitarii v. 2-3-ni, ebrac-

teati et ebracteolati; perianthium obsoletum, ad stipitem brevissimum basi truncatum setulis 6 minutissimis coronatum reductum. Antheræ 6, sessiles, breves, latæ, in annulum ovarium cingentem dispositæ, medio dorso affixæ, reversæ, loculis discretis ellipsoideis extus dehiscentibus, connectivo crassissimo subquadrato sicco rugoso. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-rarius 2-3-loculare, in stylum crassum curvum antheras superantem attenuatum, stigmate subinfundibulari flabellatim expanso obscure 3-lobo; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus pisiformis, breviter stipitatus, stylo apicali, pericarpio tenuiter crustaceo. Semen depresso-globosum, erectum, liberum, ad hilum late et profunde intrusum in fossam testa suberosa farctam, testa atra, hilo parvo basilari, raphe subbasilari indistincta, albumine corneo æquabili; embryo fere apicalis.—Palma . . . Folia terminalia, coriacea, orbicularia, plicato-multifida, subtus glauca, laciniis latis acuminatis induplicatis breviter 2-fidis, costa valida, nervis utrinque ad 8. Spadices breves, rhachi evaginata, ramulis crassiusculis curvis pubescentibus; spathæ plures, papyraceo-coriaceæ, elongatæ, acuminatæ, longe fissæ. Flores diametro ramulis minores. Fructus pallidus.

Species 1, Cubensis. Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 221 (Trithrinax compacta).

## TRIBUS IV. LEPIDOCARYEE.

102. Calamus, Linn. Gen. n. 436.—Flores polygamo-monoici v. dioici, in ramis spadicis interfoliacei paniculatim ramosi vaginati bifariam inserti, solitarii 2-ni v. rarissime glomerati, bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus v. 3-fidus. Petala 3, libera v. basi connata, oblonga v. lanceolata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, rarissime pauciora, fundo v. fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus v. subulatis basi liberis v. connatis, apicibus rectis v. infractis interdum incrassatis; antheræ lineares sagittatæ v. oblongæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. Q masculos subsequantes; perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Calyx maris. Corolla basi tubulosa, 3-fida, laciniis ovatis acutis valvatis. Staminodia 6, in cupulam liberam v. tubo corollæ adnatam connata. Ovarium ovoideum v. globosum, retrorsus squamatum, incomplete 3-loculare; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmatibus brevibus v. elongatis; ovula 3, basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus v. ellipsoideus, 1- rarissime 2-3spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen globosum ellipsoideum plano-convexum v. deforme, læve v. sinuato-sulcatum, suberectum, extus molliter carnosulum, chalaza laterali, rapheos ramis a chalaza ad situm embryonis decurrentibus, albumine æquabili v. leviter ruminato; embryo subbasilaris v. ventralis.—Palmæ armatæ, sæpissime debiles, scandentes, rarius erectæ, caudicibus cæspitosis longissimis remote annulatis. Folia alterna, remota, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis æquidistantibus interruptis v. fasciculatis lanceolatis ensiformibus v. ellipticis, apicibus integris, costa nervis marginibusque basi recurvis sæpe setosis, rhachi dorso convexa facie acuta sæpe in funem aculeatum efoliolatum producta, petiolo brevi v. elongato obtuse 3-gono, vagina aculeata sæpe in ligulam concavam rarissime in ocream brevem producto, non raro flagello clongato aculeato uno latere instructa. Spadices breves v. elongati. dense v. laxe paniculatim ramosi, ramis sæpius gracillimis, floriferis brevibus v. elongatis rectis v. scorpioideis interdum crassis et complanatis, bracteis dense imbricatis quasi articulatis, rhachi non raro in funem producta, pedunculo gracili v. robusto libero v. vaginæ folii insequentis longe adnato; spathæ numerosæ, pedunculum ramosque vaginantes, tubulosæ, incompletæ, v. 1-2 inferiores majores et completæ, coriaceæ inermes v. aculeatæ. Flores parvi, sæpissime virides, rarissime pubescentes, intra bracteas spathaceas solitarii v. bini, altero sæpe abortivo aut sexu distincto; bracteolæ liberæ v. connatæ. Fructus parvus v. mediocris.

Species ad 200, omnes tropicæ v. subtropicæ, pleræque oriento-Asiaticæ paucæ Australienses et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 207, 331, t. 112, 113, 116, 128, 160, 175, 176. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 139. Lam. Illustr. t. 770. Blume, Rumph. iii. 28, t. 146 ad 154, 163, 163 B. Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 26, cum ic.; Palm. Brit. Ind. 33, t. 185 ad 216 C et 216 B (Dæmonorops), Append. xx. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 103 749; Suppl. 90, 256, 594; Palm. Archip.

- End. 17. Kurs, For. Fl. ii. 515. Thealtes, Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 330, 431. Bonth, Fl. Austral. vii. 134. Mann et H. Wondl. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 429, t. 41 F. H. Wondl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 158. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 637, t. 5, f. 1, 2. T. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 8.
  - Genus in sectiones sequentes subnaturales a Griffithio divisum est :-
- 1. Coleogratica. Spadices diffusi; spathæ omnes sub anthesin persistentes, tubulosæ, limbo parvo v. obsoleto.
  - 2. Piptospathe. Spadices diffusi; spathse 1 v. 2 inferiores persistentes, ramorum deciduse.
- 3. Platyspathe. Spadices contracti; spathæ omnes sub anthesin persistentes, planæ, vaginis parvis v. 0.
- 4. Cymbospatha. Spadices contracti; spathæ cymbiformes, rostratæ, diu persistentes, 2 inferiores ceteras involucrantes, vaginis obsoletis. Dæmonorors, Blume in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. vii. 1322; Rumph. ii. t. 131 ad 137; iii. 2, t. 138 ad 145, 163 B. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 203, 326, t. 117, 125, 175 ad 177. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 204. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 81; Suppl. 90, 255, 592.
- 103. Zalacca, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Bot. Ratisb. ii. 3 (Salacca).—Flores polygamo-monoici v. dioici, in ramulis amentiformibus spadicis interfoliacei elongati dense multifariam conferti, bracteati et 2-bracteolati; ♂ 2-ni, ♀ solitarii v. 2-ni altero sterili; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. d: Calyx tubulosus et 3-fidus v. 3-partitus. Corolla tubulosa, 3-fida, laciniis valvatis. Stamina 6, tubo corollæ inserta, filamentis brevibus basi connatis; anthere breves, oblonge v. lineari-sagittate, subbasifixe. Ovarii rudimenta minuta v 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Calyx 3-fidus v. 3-partitus. Corolla tubulosa, 3-fida, laciniis lanceolatis valvatis. Staminodia 3 v. 6, libera v. in cupulam connata. Ovarium 3-loculare, setosum v. squamosum; stigmata 3, subulata; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus turbinatus v. obovoideus, 1-3-spermus, septis fere evanidis, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis interdum longe spinescentibus tessellatim loricato. Semina solitaria et globosa v. 2-3 et obtuse angulata, hilo basilari, vertice profunde excavata, testa crustacea extus molliter carnosa, chalaza apicali, albumine osseo æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ acaules, radicibus soboliferis. Folia elongata, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis fastigiatis v, equidistantibus lanceolatis v. oblanceolatis rectis v. falcatis acuminatis, nervis parallelis supremis interdum connatis, marginibus setosis ima basi recurvis, rhachi obtuse 3-gona aculeata non producta, petiolo valido teretiusculo aculeis sæpe spiraliter dispositis palmatisve armato, vagina valide armata aculeis compressis, ligula 0. Spadices simplices v. fastigiatim ramosi, penduli, ramulis floriferis breviusculis remotis v. confertis sessilibus v. pedunculatis; spathæ persistentes, inferiores pedunculum ramosque vaginantes, incompletæ; partiales ramulos floriferos subtendentes, primum clausæ, papyraceæ; bracteolæ in cupulam glabram v. villosam 2-locularem connatæ. Flores sæpius rosei. Fructus seepissime rostratus.

Species ad 8, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ et una Assamica. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 199, 325, t. 118, 119, 123, 136, 159, f. 3, 173, 174. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 102. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 139 (Calamus). Blume, Rumph. ii. 158. Griff. in Calo. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 6; Palm. Brit. Ind. 9, t. 175 ad 180 C; Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 80. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 511. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. iii. t. 222.

104. Ecrthalsia, Blume, Rumph. ii. 166, t. 130, f. 2. (Ceratolobus, Blume, ibid. iii. t. 157, 157 B. Calamosagus, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 22; Palm. Brit. Ind. 26, t. 183, 184, 184 A.)—Flores dioici (hermaphroditi, Griff.) in ramulis amentiformibus spadicis vaginati interfoliacei dense multifariam conferti, bracteati et bracteolati;] perianthium coriaceum. Fl. 3: Sepala orbicularia v. late oblonga. Petala oblongo-lanceolata, valvata. Stamina 6, basi petalorum inserta, filamentis brevibus basi connatis; antheræ lineares, subsagittatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum oblongum. Fl. 2 masculos subæquantes. Sepala maris. Corolla basi tubulosa, 3-fida, laciniis ovatis acutis valvatis. Staminodia 6 v. plura, fauci corollæ inserta. Ovarium imperfecte 3-loculare, squamis recurvis obtectum; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmatibus 3 brevibus recurvis; ovula 3, basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen erectum, obovoideum v. globosum,

vertice profunde foveolatum, chalaza laterali, albumine ruminato; embryo ventralis, vagus.—Palmæ graciles, caudice elongato scandente flexuoso. Folia alterna, pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis trapeziformibus basi cuneatis in petiolum brevem angustatis flabellatim venosis, supra medium erosis, marginibus ima basi recurvis, rhachi trigona in funem aculeatum producta, petiolo brevi teretiusculo, vagina cylindracea in ligulam scaphoideam producta. Spadices laxe ramosi, penduli, pedunculo ramisque primariis spathis tubulosis elongatis persistentibus vaginatis, ramulis floriferis omnino exsertis; bracteæ latiores quam longæ, membranaceæ, bracteolæ ad villos reductæ. Flores parvi. Fructus parvus.

Species ad 16, Archipelagi Malayani et Novæ Guineæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii, 210, 343, t. 172, f. 1. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 74, 750; Suppl. 591; Pl. Jungh. 162. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 512. H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 174. Beccari, Malesia, i, 87.

105. Ceratelobus, Blume in Schult. Syst. vii. 1334; Rumph. ii. 163, t. 129, 137 A.— Flores polyagmo-monoici, in ramis gracillimis spadicis exigui interfoliacei longe gracillime pedunculati sæpissime 2-ni, inferiore sessili ♥, superiore stipitato ♂ v. neutro, bracteati; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx parvus, 3-fidus, lobis triangularibus patulis. Petala lanceolata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6, basi petalorum inserta, filamentis ima basi connatis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. ⋈ masculos subæquantes. Calyx maris. Corolla 3-fida, laciniis valvatis. Stamina 6, tubo corollæ inserta, antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ. Ovarium ovoideum, imperfecte 3-loculare, squamis reversis onustum; stigmata 3, majuscula, recurva; ovula 3, basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus v. ellipsoideus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen globosum, erectum, testa rugulosa extus molliter carnosa, chalaza laterali, albumine ruminato; embryo basilaris.—Palma gracilis, caudice elongato erecto v. scandente vaginis aculeatis foliorum tecto. Folia alterna, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis et alternis sessilibus cuneato-rhombeis longe acuminatis plicatis antice crenato-erosis marginibus ima basi recurvis, costa distincta, rhachi trigona aculeata et in funem aculeatum producta, petiolo brevi teretiusculo, vagina tubulosa in ligulam brevem producta. Spadix 4-6-pollicaris, exilis, laxe paniculatus, complanatus, rhachi ramisque basi squama instructis filiformibus flexuosis, pedunculo longissimo pendulo aculeato vaginæ folii insequentis longe adnato; spatha solitaria, siliquiformis, completa, lineari-oblonga, complanata, longe rostrata. anceps, marginibus basi aculeolatis, membranacea, secus margines tarde dehiscens. Flos superior ebracteatus, inferior bracteis bracteolisque vaginantibus instructus. Fructus parvus.

Species 2, Javanica et Sumatrana. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 196, 325, t. 115. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 200. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 73.

106. Pigafetta, Beccari, Males. i. 89.—Flores polygamo-monoici, in ramulis amentiformibus spadicis axillaris laxe paniculatim ramosi dense conferti, bracteati; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx obconicus, truncatus v. obscure 3-dentatus. Petala 3, libera, lanceolata, valvata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus crassis; antheræ erectæ, ovatolanceolatæ, basi sagittata affixæ, cuspidatæ. Ovarii rudimentum inconspicuum. Fl. 2 . . . Fructus globosus v. oblongus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus : pericarpio squamis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen oblongum v. globosum, subrugosum v. irregulariter costatum, carne molli indutum, hilo basilari, chalaza dorsali, albumine æquabili; embryo dorsalis.—Palmæ elatæ, caudice robusto superne aculeato, basi sobolifero, inferne remote annulato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis et alternis lanceolatis acuminatis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo teretiusculo Spadices paniculatim ramosissimi, penduli, pedunculo ramisque priinermi v. aculeato. mariis spathis tubulosis truncatis incompletis vaginatis, ramulis amentiformibus graciliter pedunculatis basi vaginatis; bracteæ lanceolatæ. Flores lana immersi, spiraliter dispositi.

Species 3, Archipelagi Malayani et Novæ Guincæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 215, 343 (Metroxylow sect. Pigafetta), et t. 102 (Sagus). Blume, Rumph. ii. 154, t. 128 (Sagus). Genus imperfecte notum, a nobis haud scrutatum.

107. Plectocomia, Mart. et Blume in Schult. Syst. vii. 2, 1333.—Flores dioici, in spiculis brevibus spadicis axillaris (v. terminalis) spathellis conchiformibus imbricatis velatis inserti, secundi, minute bracteati et bracteolati ; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx cupularis v. obconicus, 3-fidus v. 3-dentatus. Petala 3, oblique lanceolata, acuminata, basi breviter connata, valvata. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis subulatis basi in columnam brevem connatis; antheræ lineares, erectæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Calyx cupularis, 3-dentatus. Corolla 3-fida, basi ventricosa, lobis ovato-lanceolatis acuminatis valvatis. Staminodia 6, in annulum fauci corollæ insertum connata, antheris cassis. Ovarium subglobosum, 3-loculare, squamis fimbriatis nudisve reversis operta; stigmata 3, sessilia. linearia, erecta; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus globosus, 1- rarius 3-spermus, breviter rostratus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio tenui squamis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato, intus carnosulus. Semen erectum, subglobosum angulatum v. subplanoconvexum marginibus grosse crenatis, hilo basilari, chalaza apicali, raphe distincta, albumine æquabili; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ scandentes, monocarpicæ?, aculeis recurvis armatæ, caudicibus gracilibus v. robustis longissimis annulatis superne longe vaginatis. Folia alterna, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis remotis v. fasciculatis anguste ellipticolanceolatis, longe graciliterque acuminatis, basi contracta marginibus recurvis, rhachi obtuse trigona in funem elongatum aculeatum producta, petiolo teretiusculo vaginaque tubulosa aculeatis, ligula 0. Spadices simpliciter ramosi, ramis secundis pluripedalibus pendulis; spathellæ arcte imbricatæ, subcylindraceæ v. leviter compressæ, oblongæ v. cuneatæ, basi contractæ et rhachin spadicis amplectentes, apicibus rotundatis v. acutis, coriaceæ, siccæ, persistentes; spiculæ & pollicares, multifloræ, Q breviores paucifloræ; bracteæ et bracteolæ subulatæ. Fructus inter minores tribus.

Species ad 6, montium Indiæ transgangeticæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 198, 325, t. 114, 116, f. 1, 176, f. 11, 12. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 202. Blume, Rumph. iii. 68, t. 158, 159, 163. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 103, App. xxi. t. 217 ad 219. Mig. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 78; Suppl. 592. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 514. T. Anders. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 11. H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 165. Bot. Mag. t. 5105. Spadix in P. himalayana terminalis fide T. Andersonii, l. c., in aliis certe axillaris est. Planta culta monocarpica videtur.

108. Eugetssonia, Griff. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. v. 101, cum ic.; Palm. Brit. Ind. 109, App. xxii. t. 220, 220 A, B, C.—Flores elongati, dioici, ad apices ramulorum spadicis terminalis contracti erecti, longe pedunculati, solitarii v. 2-3-ni, bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium crasse coriaceum. Fl. 3: Calyx campanulatus, 3-fidus. Corolla 3-gona, basi breviter contracta et solida, segmentis elongato-lanceolatis acuminatis pungentibus valvatis. Stamina ad 12, filamentis brevibus basi connatis; antheræ elongatolineares, acutæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Flores 2 masculis majores, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Calyx maris. Petala unguiculata, ungue dilatato, lamina elongato-lanceolata acuminata pungente, basi intus crista transversa pi'orum aucta, valvata. Staminodia 0 nisi cristæ petalorum. Ovarium oblongum, squamis reversis tectum, 3-loculare; stigmata sessilia, oblonga, complanata; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus ovoideus, in rostrum crassum obtusum attenuatus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio squamis parvis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato, endocarpio lignoso intus septis 6 imperfectis in longitudinem percurso. Semen ovoideum, erectum, extus subcellulosum, in longitudinem profunde 6-sulcatum, hilo basilari, chalaza rapheque inconspicuis, albumine æquabili solido; embryo basilaris.—Palmæ monocarpicæ, armatæ, caudicibus cæspitosis. Folia elongata, suberecta, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis æquidistantibus anguste lanceolatis caudato-acuminatis, costa gracili setosa marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi trigona inermi apice non producta, petiolo elongato teretiusculo aculeis complanatis armato, ligula 0, vagina brevi. Spadices stricti, thyosoideo-ramosi, ramis erectis, inferne foliis parvis ad vaginas flagelliferas reductis aucti, ramulis crassitie pollicis cylindraceis erectis vaginis obtusis dense subdistiche imbricatis tectis, vaginis

supremis in bracteas bracteolasque desinentibus, inferioribus carinatis. Flores 1-4-pollicares, teretes, curvi, longe exserti. Fructus majusculus.

Species 2 v. plures, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 212, 343, t. 179, 180. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 77. Beccari in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. iii. 18.

109. Metroxylon, Rottb. in Nye Saml. Dansk. Videns. Selsk. Skrift. ii. 525, t. 1. (Sagus, Blume, Rumph. ii. 146 (excl. sect. 2), t. 86, 126, 127.)—Flores polygamo-monoici v. hermaphroditi, in ramulis amentiformibus spadicis terminalis dense multifariam conferti, 2-ni v. solitarii, bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx infundibularis, 3-fidus v. 3-dentatus, nervosus. Corolla 3-fida, laciniis oblongis valvatis. Stamina 6, basi v. fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis basi connatis; antheræ lineares v. sagittatæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum 3-partitum. Fl. 2 masculis consimiles, perianthio post anthesin fere immutato. Staminodia in urceolum membranaceum connata, antheris cassis v. 0. Ovarium oblongum, retrorsus squamosum, imperfecte 3-loculare; stylus conicus, stigmatibus 3 dentiformibus; ovula 3, basilaria, erecta. Fructus ellipsoideus v. subglobosus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato, endocarpio spongioso. Semen erectum, globosum v. depresso-globosum, rugulosum, testa tenui, carne 0, hilo et chalaza subbasilaribus, rapheos ramis inconspicuis, albumine duro ruminato; embryo ventralis.—Palmæ monocarpicæ, erectæ, caudicibus sæpe cæspitosis robustis mediocribus v. elatis basi soboliferis, inferne annulatis. Folia terminalia, suberecta, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis linearilanceolatis, acuminatis, costa subtus setosa, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi inferne convexa superne obtusa v. acuta, petiolo dorso convexo antice sulcato longe denseque armato, vagina coriacea aperta, ligula 0. Spadix amplus, laxe paniculato-ramosus, totus spathis tubulosis vaginatus, ramulis floriferis alternis distichis elongatis patenti-recurvis; spathæ coriaceæ, aculeatæ; bracteæ latiores quam longæ, bracteolæ in cupulam campanulatam connatæ. Flores lana immersi.

Species ad 6, Archipelagi Malayani, Novæ Guineæ et insularum Fiji incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 213, 343 (excl. sect. Pigafetta). t. 102, 159. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 213 (excl. sp.). Dict. Sc. Nat. t. 32, 33 (Sagus). Kæn. in Kæn. et Sims Ann. Bot. i. 193, t. 4. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. 21, t. 181; Append. xx. (Sagus). Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 139 (excl. sect. 2). Beccari, Males. 91; ct in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. iii. 29. Cælococcus, H. Wendl. in Seem. Fl. Vit. est Sagus vitiensis, H. Wendl.

110. Raphia, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. i. 75, t. 44, f. 1, 45, 46. (Metroxylon, Spreng. Gen. Pl. 283, non Rottb.)—Flores in ramulis pectinatis compressis ejusdem spadicis maximi terminalis fastigiatim ramosi monoici, distichi, bracteati et bracteolati ; perianthium crasse coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx tubulosus, ore truncato integerrimo v. minute denticulato. Corolla curva, basi contracta trigona solida, segmentis 3 lineari-lanceolatis valvatis. Stamina 6-16, filamentis subulatis v. incrassatis basi connatis et basibus segmentorum insertis; antheræ erectæ, lineares, basin versus affixæ, obtusæ v. mucronatæ, loculis a latere dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Calyx et corolla maris. Staminodia in urceolum 6-co-dentatum. corollæ tubo basi insertum connata. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, retrorsus squamosum; stigmata sessilia, subulata, recurva; ovula supra basin loculorum inserta. magnus, oblongus ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, rostratus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio crasso squamis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato, endocarpio fungoso. Semen latere affixum, oblongum, utrinque obtusum v. acutum, sulcatum. hilo laterali, raphe lineari ramis reticulatis, albumine osseo solido ruminato; embryo ventralis.—Palme monocarpicæ, inermes v. vaginis armatis, caudicibus mediocribus v. elatis simplicibus v. dichotome divisis dense annulatis. Folia terminalia, longissima. suberecta, equaliter pinnatisecta, segmentis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis crasse coriaceis. costa valida, marginibusque basi recurvis setosis v. aculeolatis, rhachi bifaciali antice acuta apice non producta, petiolo cylindraceo v. dorso convexo facie planiusculo, vagina brevi, marginibus longe fibrosis. Spadices maximi, penduli, cylindracei, dense ramosissimi, ramis brevibus imbricatis flabelliformibus pectinatim ramosis ramulisque crassiusculis compressis bracteis floriferis vaginantibus densissime vaginatis quasi articulatis; spatha communis 0, partiales numerosæ, ramos incomplete vaginantes; bracteæ cyathiformes, compressæ, arcte imbricatæ; bracteolæ dorso in vaginulam 2-fidam connatæ. Flores elongati, sæpius decurvi, longe exserti, inferiores in ramulis ultimis spadicis 2. Fructus magnus, squamis amplis.

Species 6 v. 7, Africæ tropicæ et Madaguscariæ incolæ, et una Americana ab Amazonum ostia ad Nicaraguam extensa. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 53, t. 45, 47, f. 5, 48 (Sague), iii. 216, 343. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 216. Lam. Illustr. t. 771 (Sague). Dict. Sc. Nat. t. 30, 31 (Sague). Gærtn. Fruot. t. 10, f. 1 (Sague). Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. t. 182 (Sague). Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 286, t. 61, 62. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 42, t. 2, 16. Mann et H. Wendl. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 437, t. 39 A, B, 42 A, B, C D.

111. Oncocalamus, Mann et H. Wendl. in Kerch. de Dentergh. Palm. 252; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 436, t. 41 E, 43 E (Calami subgenus).—Flores monoici, in ramis spadicis axillaris simpliciter ramosi vaginati distiche glomerati, bracteati et bracteolati, glomerulis polygamo-monoicis; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. d glomeruli numerosi. Calyx oblongus, 3-dentatus v. breviter 3-fidus, lobis fimbriatis valvatis. Petala calyce inclusa, ima basi connata, ovata, acuta, concava, chartaceo-coriacea, marginibus tenuibus valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum carnosum oblongum truncatum petalis æquilongum connatis; antheræ minutæ, didymæ, ad os tubi sessiles, 3 alternæ paullo altius insertæ. Ovarii rudimentum styliforme. Fl. 2 in glomerulo solitarii, centrales, perianthio post anthesin immutato. Calyx maris. Petala maris sed basi altius connata. Staminodia andrœcio maris similia sed antheris orbata, et tubo calycis adnata. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum, 3-loculare, superne squamis reversis opertum, in stylum strictum elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 brevissimis; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus immaturus globosus, stylo terminali. Semen . . . . — Palma scandens, caudice elongato gracili. Folia elongata, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis et alternis elongato-lanceolatis acutis, marginibus remote aculeatis basi recurvis, rhachi inermi obtuse 3-gona in funem gracilem 3-gonum segmentis in spinas alternas reversas mutatis producta, petiolo brevissimo, vagina in ocream truncatam producta. Spadices penduli, distiche ramosi, inermes, basi nudi, superne spathis tubulosis truncatis vaginati, ramis longissimis gracilibus pendulis; bracteæ imbricatæ, infundibulari-campanulatæ, spathelliformes, 5-11-flores; bracteolæ in corpus faviforme confertæ.

Species 1, Africæ occidentalis ad Sierra del Crystal incola. Flores ut nobis videtur pro maxima parte §, uno in glomerulo fructum maturante.

112. Eremospatha, Mann et H. Wendl. in Kerch. de Dentergh. Palm. 252; et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 433, t. 41 A, B, C, 43 B (Calami subgenus).—Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, in ramis spadicis axillaris evaginati simpliciter ramosi gemini, distichi, minute bracteati, ebracteolati; perianthium crasse coriaceum, post anthesin immutatum. Calyx campanulatus v. cupularis, truncatus v. 3-dentatus. Corolla oblonga, 3-loba, lobis brevibus ovatis acutis valvatis. Stamina 6, fauci corollæ inserta, filamentis brevissimis in annulum crassum 6-dentatum counatis; antheræ minutæ, cordatæ, dorso affixæ. Ovarium columnare, squamis reversis onustum; stigmata lingulata; ovula subbasilaria, erecta. Fructus oblongus ellipsoideus v. subcylindraceus, 1- rarius 2-3-locularis et -spermus, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen peltatum, oblongum, a dorso compressum, subrugosum, hilo supra-basilari lineari, chalaza dorsali, rapheos ramis ab hilo radiantibus, albumine æquabili; embryo ventralis.—Palmæ scandentes, caudicibus elongatis gracilibus flexuosis annulatis. Folia alterna, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis et oppositis lineari-lanceolatis nervis in apicem acuminatum convergentibus, v. obovatis obtusis nervis flabellatim dispositis, marginibus basi recurvis nudis v. aculeolatis integerrimis v. supra medium erosis, rhachi obtuse 8-gona marginibus spinosis apice in funem elongatum 3-gonum segmentis in spinas oppositas crassas rigidas deflexas mutatis producta, petiolo sub 0, vagina tubulosa aculeata in ocream truncatam producta. Spadices

breves, breviter pedunculati, pedunculo ramisque compressis distichis robustis patentibus; spathæ ad squamas brevissimas basin ramorum stipantes reductæ; bracteæ e squamis minutis.

Species 3 v. 4, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Genus spadice evaginato et ficribus fere ebracteatis singulare; nervi segmentorum in *E. Hookeri* illos *Korthalsiæ* revocant; in *E. cuspidato* contra, nervi in apicem convolutum spinescentem segmenti terminantur.

113. Ancistrophyllum, Mann et H. Wendl. in Kerch. de Denterg. Palm. 230: et in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxiv. 432, t. 38 D, 41 G, 43 C (Calami subgenus).—Flores hermaphroditi, in ramis elongatis spadicis erecti terminalis distiche inserti, spathaceo-bracteati et bracteolati; perianthium crasse coriaceum, post anthesin auctum. Calyx campanulatus, breviter 3-lobus. Corolla oblongo-cylindracea, 3-partita, segmentis lineari-oblongis acutis erectopatentibus valvatis. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum inserta, filamentis lingulatis v. clavatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basi 2-fidæ, dorsifixæ, erectæ. Ovarium ovoideum, squamulis reversis fimbriatis onustum, 3-loculare, in stylum gracilem elongatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 3 minutis oblongis; ovula basilaria v. subbasilaria, erecta. Fructus parvus, ovoideo-globosus, rostratus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio tenui squamis deorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen erectum v. suberectum, globosum v. dorso compressum, hilo basilari v. supra-basilari, chalaza dorsali, raphe lineari, albumine æquabili v. extus lacunoso; embryo ventralis.—Palmæ monocarpicæ, cæspitosæ, alte scandentes, caudicibus gracilibus elongatis flexuosis. Folia remota, alterna, æqualiter pinnatisecta, segmentis subaggregatis v. alternis lineari-lanceolatis v. oblongo-falcatis acuminatis nervis costisque lævibus, marginibus aculeolatis basi recurvis, rhachi valida antice planiuscula dorso convexa marginibusque lævibus v. aculeatis, apice in funem elongatum crassum 3-gonum segmentis deflexis ensiformibus auctum producta, vagina clausa spinosa in ocream elongatam producta. Spadix pyramidatus, 4-6-pedalis, distiche duplicatoramosus, ramis pendulis, ramulis alternis longissimis flexuosis; spathæ tubulosæ, pedunculum ramosque spadicis vaginantes; bracteæ spathellæformes, 2-flores; bracteolæ in cupulam 2-cuspidatam 2-alatam obliquam connatæ. Flores mediocres. Fructus parvus.

Species 3 v. 4, Africæ occidentalis incolæ. Genus in sectiones 2 dividendum:-

- 1. Ancistrophyllum, Mann et H. Wendl. l. c. Calami subgen. Folii segmenta basi angusta inserta, anguste lineari-lanceolata. Semen compressum, læve, hilo basilari. Species 1: Calamus secundiflorus, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 9, 10. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 341.
- 2. Laccosperma. Mann et H. Wendl. l. c. 430, t. 38 B, 41 D, 43 D, Calami subgen.; Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 635, t. 5, f. 45. Folii segmenta basi late inserta, late falcato-elliptica v. lanceolata. Semen globosum, foveolatum, peltatum. Species 2 v. 3. Laccosperma, Mann et H. Wendl. in Kerch. de Denterg. Palm. 249.
- 114. Mauritta, Linn. f. Suppl. 70.—Flores monoici v. polygamo-dioici, in ramulis brevibus distichis spadicis interfoliacei paniculato-ramosi inserti, bracteati et bracteolati, ramulis of amentiformibus floribus confertissimis, 2 brevibus paucifloris; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. d: Calyx cyathiformis v. infundibularis, indivisus v. e sepalis 3 cuneatis. Petala 3, lanceolata, erecta, basi in stipitem brevem contracta, valvata. Stamina 6, basi petalorum inserta, filamentis brevibus v. subelongatis liberis v. in columnam brevem connatis, 3 petalis oppositis longioribus; antheræ oblongæ v. lineari-oblongæ, erectæ, dorsifixæ. Ovarii rudimentum parvum. Fl. Q v. Q masculis multo majores. Calyx cupularis v. ovoideus. Petala 3, unguiculata, unguibus tenuibus liberis v. connatis. lamina lanceolata acuminata erecta intus basi cristata v. appendiculata, valvata, post anthesin valde aucta. Staminodia 0 nisi appendices petalorum. Ovarium retrorsum squamosum, 3-loculare; stigmata sessilia, subulata; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus ellipsoideus v. globosus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio tenui squamis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato, endocarpio? tenuiter carnoso. Semen globosum v. ovoideum, testa lævi, raphe umbilicali laterali, chalaza elongata verticali mamillari v. calcarata, albumine æquabili solido osseo; embryo ventralis.—Palmæ elegantissimæ, subinermes, caudice gracili

elato v. mediocri obscure annulato, annulis v. internodiis interdum spinis conicis armatis Folia terminalia, lamina pinnatim flabelliformi semicirculari v. circulari, v. cuneata multifida, segmentis lanceolatis acuminatis, costis marginibusque inermibus v. spinulosis, rhachi brevi v. elongata, petiolo gracili v. robusto teretiusculo, vagina brevi v. elongata in una specie in fibras densissime contextas soluta. Spadices magni, pedunculo elongato, ramis crassis distichis flexuosis spathis incompletis vaginatis, ramulis amentiformibus numerosis basi spatha brevi cochleato-infundibulari crasse coriacea stipatis; bracteæ et bracteolæ vaginantes, latæ, truncatæ, crasse coriaceæ, marginibus incrassatis rugulosis. Flores parvi v. majusculi, inferiores in ramulis sæpe 2 pauci. Fructus mediocris.

Species 6 v. 7, Brasiliæ borealis, Guianæ et insularum Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 41, t. 38 ad 44, iii. 344; Palm. Orbign. 19, t. 13, f. 1, 14, f. 1, 21 A, B. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 217. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 287, t. 61 ad 65, 67. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 46, t. 2, f. 2, et t. 17 ad 21. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 515. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 18. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 167. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 129.

Genus a Drudeo in Mart. Fl. Bras. l. c. in sectiones sequentes divisum :-

- 1. Moriche. Caudex estolonifer, lævis. Folia radiatim flabellata, lævia. Spadices breviter pedunculati, pedunculo valido quam rami pluries breviore. Includit 1. M. flexuosa, Linn.; Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. t. 40; Wallace, Palm. Amaz. t. 2, f. 2 et 17. 2. M. vinifera, Mart. 1. c. t. 38, 39; Palm. Orbign. t. 13, 21.
- 2. Diplorhipis. Caudex stolonifer, basi armatus. Folia plerumque mediane bisecta, aculeata v. inermia. Spadices longius pedunculati, pedunculo gracili ramos subæquante. 1. M. aculeata, H. B. K.; Wallace, Palm Amaz. t. 20 (M. gracilis). 2. M. Martiana, Spruce; Wallace, l.c. t. 19 (M. aculeata); Mart. l.c. t. 39, 44 (M. aculeata). 3. M. armata, Mart. l.c. t. 41 ad 43; Palm. Orbign. t. 14, 21. 4. M. pumila, Wallace l.c. t. 21. Lepidococcus, H. Wendl. et Drude in Keroh. de Dentergh. Palm. 249.

OROFHOMA, Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 294, t. 66 (Mauritis subgen. Orophoma, Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 171. M. carana, Wallace, Palm. Amaz. t. 18) differt caudice solitario robusto, superne reliquiis vetustis vaginarum onusto, et corollæ fl. & basi elongata. Fl.  $\circ$  ignoti.

115. Lepidocaryum, Mart. Gen. et Sp. Palm. ii. 49, t. 47, f. 1-3, iii. 344.—Flores dioici, in ramulis brevibus compressis spadicis interfoliacei secundi v. distiche conferti, bracteati et bracteolati ; perianthium coriaceum. Fl. &: Calyx campanulatus v. cupularis, subtrigonus, 3-denticulatus. Petala 3, ima basi connata, erecta, lanceolata, valvata. Stamina 6, basi petalorum inserta, filamentis subclavatis, 3 petalis oppositis longioribus; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, basi longe 2-fidæ. Ovarii rudimentum minimum v. 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores. Calyx maris. Corolla 3-fida, basi ventricosa, segmentis 3 ovatolanceolatis acuminatis valvatis, post anthesin auctis. Staminodia in annulum fauci corollæ insertum connata, brevia, antheris 0 v. cassis. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, squamis reversis opertum; stigmata 3, erecta, lineari-subulata; ovula erecta, basilaria. Fructus obovoideus, rostratus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio tenui squamis retrorsum imbricatis tessellatim loricato. Semen erectum, oblongum, hilo basilari, dorso verticaliter late exsculptum, chalaza apicali, rapheos ramis subtiliter reticulatis, albumine æquabili solido; embryo infra apicem ventralis.—Palmæ inermes, mediocres, caudice gracili erecto v. flexuoso. Folia flabelliformia, lamina palmatipartita, basi cuneata v. sinu lato, segmentis linearibus acuminatis integris v. fissis glabris v. secus costam marginibusque ciliato-setosis, rhachi brevi, petiolo gracili obtuse trigono superne a latere compresso basin versus canaliculato, vagina elongata inflata convoluta. Spadices graciles, patentes, subdistiche paniculato-ramosi, pedunculo ramisque spathis tubulosis vaginatis, ramulis floriferis brevibus, basi spathellis late infundibularibus involucratis; bracteæ late ovatæ; bracteolæ in cupulam obliquam 2-fidam dorso 2-carinatam v. 2-alatam connatæ. Flores rosei. Fructus inter minores, squamis parvis.

Species 5, Brasilize borealis et Guianze incolze. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 220. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 296, t. 62, 67, 68. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 172 (Mauritia sect. Lepidocaryum). Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 129. Barb. Rod. Enum. Palm. Nov. 19. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 60, t. 2, f. 4, 22.

## TRIBUS V. BORASSEÆ.

116. Borassus, Linn. Gen. n. 1220. (Lontanus, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 21, t. 8.)-Flores dioici; & parvi, in foveolis ramorum amentiformium spadicis simpliciter ramosi interfoliacei dense congesti, receptaculo basi foveoli adnato 2-seriatim secundi, bracteis squamosis immixti ; fl. ? magni, in ramis spadicis simpliciusculi robusti sparsi, solitarii v. 2-ni, bracteis latissimis involuti. Fl. 3: Perianthium glumaceum. Sepala 3, anguste lineari-cuneiformia, apice inflexa truncata, libera, imbricata. Petala sepalis inclusa, basi in stipitem elongatum connata, obovato-spathulata, concava, patentia, imbricata. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis subulatis; antheræ magnæ, oblongæ, basi bifida affixæ. Ovarii rudimenta e setis 3. Fl. 2 masculis multoties majores, globosi, perianthio crasse carnoso post anthesin inordinate aucto. Sepala reniformia, imbricata. Petala consimilia sed minora, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia 6-9, basi petalorum inserta. Ovarium 3-gonoglobosum, 3- (rarius 2-4-) loculare, integrum v. 3-4-partitum; stigmata sessilia, recurva; ovula basilaria, erecta (ab apice placentæ basilaris erecta antitropa, Griff.). magnus, subglobosus, stigmatibus apiculatus, 1-3-pyrenus, pericarpio tenuiter carnoso, pyrenis obcordatis a dorso compressis osseis extus densissime fibrosis, intus processubus 2 intrusis, apice pertusis. Semen pyreno conforme, late oblongum, vertice 3-lobo, testa endocarpio adhærente, albumine æquabili corneo cavo; embryo apicem versus seminis. -Palma elata, inermis, caudice robusto annulato medio v. altius incrassato, interdum apicem versus furcato v. pauci-ramoso. Folia terminalia, ampla, palmatim flabelliformia. plicato-multifida, laciniis induplicatis apice 2-fidis, marginibus lævibus, rhachi brevi, ligula abbreviata rigida, petiolo spinoso, vagina brevi. Spadices magni, ad basin ramorum spathis incompletis vaginati, & ramis floriferis solitariis v. 2-3-nis crassis cylindraceis bracteis multiseriatim dense imbricatis foveolas floriferas efficientibus vestitis; 2 crassi, subtortuosi, pauciflori. Flores & receptaculo subreniformi inserti, circinnatim evoluti, uno post alterum e foveola egredientes. Fructus brunneus.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incola, in India late culta, v. in provinciis ostia versus fluminis Indus forsan spontanea. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 219, 318, t. 108, 121, 162. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 221. Lam. Illustr. t. 898. Brandis, For. Fl. 544. Kurz, For. Fl. ii. 531. Roxb. Cor. Pl. i. t. 71, 72. Griffith, Notul. iii. 167. Drude in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 635, t. 5, f. 6 ad 9.

117. Lodoicea, Labill. in Ann. Mus. Par. ix. 140, t. 13.—Flores dioici, & parvi, in foveolis spadicis interfoliacei amentiformis conferti, bracteolis squamosis immixti; fl. 2 magni, in ramis spadicis robusti sparsi, solitarii v. bini, bracteis latissimis cincti. Fl. 3: Perianthium glumaceum. Sepala 3, lineari-cuneiformia, apice truncata inflexa, imbricata. Petala sepalis inclusa, in stipitem elongatum basi connata, obovato-spathulata, concava, patentia, imbricata. Stamina 24-36, filamentis in columnam brevem connatis; antheræ lineares, basi bifida affixæ, erectæ, apice incrassatæ, obtusæ. Ovarii rudimenta 0 ?. Fl. 2 globosi. Perianthium crasse coriaceum, post anthesin inordinate auctum. Sepala orbicularia, crenulata, latissime imbricata. Petala consimilia sed minora, convolutivo-imbricata. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-rarius 2-4-loculare; stigmata 3, sessilia; ovula . . . maximus, oblique obovoideus, 1-v. imperfecte 2-3-locularis, pericarpio crasso dure carnoso. putamine crasso osseo extus fibroso in longitudinem profunde 3- rarius 4-6-lobo. Semen endocarpio arcte adhærens, testa tenui, albumine corneo æquabili late cavo; embryo basilaris, sinum spectans.—Palma elata, inermis, caudice solitario robusto annulato. Folia terminalia, ampla, ovato-cordata, palmato-flabelliformia, plicato-multifida, laciniis induplicatis, rhachi valde elongata, petiolo supra concavo, marginibus inermibus, vaginis brevibus demum ad medium fissis. Spadices pluripedales, e fissuris vaginarum extrusi, basi ramisque spathis incompletis vaginati; & rami floriferi maximi, cylindracei, trunciformes, e bracteis latis connectis densissime multiseriatim imbricatis constantes; 9 crassus, subtortuosus. Flores d' in receptaculo subreniformi basi foveolæ adnato circinnatim evoluti, uno post alterum e foveola egredientes. Fructus pedalis et ultra, olivaceus, endocarpio aterrimo.

Species 1, insularum Seychellarum incola. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 221, t. 109, 122. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 225. Baker, Fl. Maurit. 379. Bot. Mag. t. 2734 ad 2738 (in Fl. des Serres, 523 ad 526 iterate). Genus non nisi staminibus numerosis et fructu magno a Borasso distinguendum.

118. Estania, Comm.; Juss. Gen. 39. (Cleophora, Gartn. Fruct. ii. 185, t. 120.)— Flores dioici, in foveolis ramulorum amentiformium spadicis interfoliacei duplicatim ramosi solitarii, bracteati. Fl. & obovoidei, perianthio glumaceo. Sepala 3, spathulata, imbricata. Petala 3, spathulata, basi in stipitem brevem connata, imbricata. Stamina 15-32, filamentis brevibus subulatis plus minus in columnam connatis; antheræ linearioblongæ, basi bifida insertæ. Ovarii rudimentum columnare v. e setis 3. Fl. 2 magni, subglobosi, bracteis latis crassis per paria connatis inclusi, perianthio crasse carnoso post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala reniformia, late imbricata. Petala vix longiora, orbicularia, convolutivo-imbricata. Staminodia in cupulam dentatam connata. Ovarium 3-loculare, globosum; stigmata 3, sessilia, recurva; ovula basilaria, erecta. Drupa globosa, obovoidea v. pyriformis, teres v. 3-gona, 1-3-pyrena, stigmate terminali, pericarpio succulento, pyrenis obovoideis v. oblongis crustaceo-lignosis obtuse 3-gonis lævibus v. varie insculptis. Semina obovoidea, erecta, libera, testa brunnea endocarpio adhærente, albumine corneo æquabili solido; embryo in vertice seminis.—Palmæ inermes, elatæ, caudice solitario robusto annulato. Folia ampla, terminalia, longe petiolata, suborbicularia, palmato-flabelliformia, plicato-multifida, laciniis induplicatis marginibus lævibus v. spinulosis, rhachi brevi, petiolo 3-gono supra concavo, ligula conchoidea, vagina brevi. Spadices pluripedales, basi et ad ramos compressos spathis incompletis vaginati; ramuli floriferi & cylindracei, ad apices ramorum spadicis digitatim dispositi, bracteis densissime imbricatis velati; 2 subtortuosi, pauciflori, bracteis latissimis dentatis vaginati. Flores & e bracteis semiexserti, perianthio nitido; Q multo majores. Drupæ majusculæ, flavæ.

Species 3, insularum Mascarensium incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 223, t. 148, f. 4, 154, 161, t. 2. Baker Fl. Maurit. 380. Jacq. Fragm. t. 8. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. t. 229.

119. Eyphone, Gartn. Fruct. ii. 13, t. 82. (Cucifera, Del. Fl. Ægypt. i. 57, t. 1, 2. Douma, Poir. Dict. Suppl. ii. 519; Lam. Illustr. t. 900.)—Flores dioici, in ramulis amentiformibus spadicium interfoliaceorum immersi, & 2-ni, superpositi, Q solitarii, bracteati et bracteolati. Fl. &: Perianthium glumaceum. Sepala lineari-oblonga, basi connata, imbricata. Petala late ovata, obtusa, concava, basi in stipitem brevem connata, imbricata. Stamina 6, rarius 7, toro inserta, filamentis brevibus subulatis; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fida insertæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 brevissime stipitati, masculis majores, perianthio crasse coriaceo post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala 3, ovato-orbicularia, obtusa, imbricata. Petala paullo minora, late ovata, obtusa, imbricata. Staminodia 6, in annulum membranaceum connata, antheris effectis. Ovarium subglobosum, obscure 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stigmata 3, minuta, sessilia, terminalia, dein excentrica; ovula basi lata lateri loculi affixa. Fructus sessilis v. stipitatus, sphæricus oblongus ovoideus v. obovoideus, teres v. obscure lobatus v. medio constrictus, basi et apice sæpe intrusus, 1-locularis, stigmatibus basilaribus, pericarpio grumoso et fibroso epidermide nitido, endocarpio lignoso intus carnoso. Semen endocarpio adnatum, erectum, ovoideum v. obovoideum, basi intrusum, testa durissima fusca, rapheos ramis planis reticulatis, albumine osseo æquabili late cavo; embryo apicalis.—Palmæ inermes, mediocres v.elatæ, caudice robusto cylindraceo ventricoso v. pyriformi simplici v. dichotome ramoso cicatricato. Folia terminalia, orbicularia v. ovato-orbicularia, palmato-flabelliformia, plicato-multifida, laciniis ensiformibus acutis v. 2-fidis marginibus induplicatis fibris interpositis, rhachi brevi, petiolo valido biconvexo v. supra planiusculo marginibus spinulosis, ligula brevi rotundata, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices spathis incompletis cylindraceis vaginati, & ramis alternis, ramulis floriferis subfastigiatis cylindraceis ; bracteæ semicirculares, densissime imbricatæ ; bracteolæ membranaceze, barbatze, spadicis 2 masculis subsimiles. Fructus diametro pugilli parvi v. minor.

Species 9 enumeratæ, Africæ tropicæ, Arabiæ et ins. Madagascariæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 226, t. 131 ad 133. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 226. Diot. Sc. Nat. t. 28, 29 (Downa). Kirk in Journ. Linn. Soc. ix. 234. Jacq. Fragm. t. 133 (Palma Thebaica). H. Wendl. in Bot. Zeit. 1881, 91.

### TRIBUS VI. COCOINEÆ.

120. Bactris, Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 256.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simplici v. simpliciter ramoso monoici, sparsi, sessiles, inferiores in ramulis 3-ni intermedio 2, bracteati. Fl. &: Calyx annularis urceolaris v. 3-partitus, segmentis lanceolatis v. subulatis basi connatis carinatis. Petala multo majora, ovata v. lanceolata, planiuscula, ima basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, 9, v. 12, basi perianthii toro parvo v. basi petalorum affixa, inclusa, filamentis subulatis; antheræ lineares, basi bifida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0, v. minutum. Fl. 9 in parte inferiore ramorum masculis immixti, iis minores, perianthio post anthesin immutato v. aucto. Calyx varius, cylindraceus urceolaris v. rarius annularis v. tripartitus, ore truncato integerrimo v. dentato. Corolla calyce longior v. æquilonga, urceolaris v. cylindracea, ore truncato 3-denticulato. Discus cupularis, membranaceus, v. obsoletus. Ovarium ovoideum v. prismatico-trigonum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis v. obsoletis; stigmata 3, sessilia, brevia, pyramidata, demum recurva; ovulum loculum implens. Fructus ovoideus v. globosus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio osseo verticem versus v. supra medium 3-poroso. Semen infra apicem loculi pendulum, raphe reticulata, albumine æquabili corneo; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ sæpius humiles, rarissime omnino inermes, caudicibus solitariis v. fasciculatis annulatis aculeatis v. inermibus, radicibus soboliferis. Folia terminalia v. sparsa, æqualiter v. inæqualiter pinnatisecta, glabra v. pubescentia, segmentis sparsis v. aggregatis v. in laminam bifidam plus minusve imperfecte confluentibus, apicibus acutis rarius obtusis, marginibus ciliatis basi recurvis, petiolo brevi v. elongato, vagina elongata aculeata. Spadices sessiles v. pedunculati, vaginas foliorum perforantes; spathæ 2, inferiore brevi apice pervia, superiore coriacea v. lignosa spadicem excedente cymbiformi v. fusiformi ventre dehiscente, inermis setosa v. aculeata; bractem persistentes. Flores parvi v. mediocres, ochroleuci v. virescentes. Fructus parvus, colore varius.

Species enumeratæ ad 100, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 92, t. 60, 70, 72 ad 74, iii. 279, 321; Palm. Orbign. 53, t. 6, f. 2, 7, 14, f. 2, 26 B, 27, 28 A, B. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 261. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 9. Lam. Illustr. t. 895. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 316, t. 73 ad 80. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 519. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 405, et 397 (Gulielma); Fl. Colomb. ii. 139, t. 173, et 127, t. 63 (Gulielma). Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 76, t. 28 ad 35, et 45 (Bactris). Œrst. Palm. Centro-Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1858) 40, t. 8, 9, f. 32 ad 35, 50 ad 52. Barb. Rodrig. Enum. Palm. Nov. 26, t. 1, f. 3 ad 7, 2, t. 4 ad 6, et Protest. Append. 19, 42. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 143, ubi auctor species 17 Amazonicas enumerat, sub sectionibus sequentibus:—

- 1. Isochlamys. Fl. Q: Calyx et corolla subæquilongi, glabri, ovoideo-urceolati, ore 3-dentato, in fructu 3-fidi v. 3-partiti. Palmæ humiles, tenues, plerumque inermes, foliis sæpissime simplicibus, spadicibus simplicibus, spathis inermibus.
- 2. Anisochlamys. Fl. Q: Calyx tenuis, brevis, 3-partitus. Corolla coriacea, ovoideo-urceolata, 3-loba, fructu aucta. Palmæ humiles, tenues, inermes, foliis sæpe interrupte pinnatisectis, spadicibus simplicibus, spathis inermibus.
- 3. Cyathochla nys. Fl. Q: Calyx annularis, ore 3-gono v. 3-fido. Corolla cupularis, coriacea v. lignosa, villosa, in fructu aucta. Palmæ humiles v. mediocres, foliorum segmentis aggregatis (in B. bifida confluentibus) spadicibus (B. bifida excepta) ramosis, spatha superiore armata.
- 4. Endochlamys. Fl. Q: Calyx globoso-urceolaris. Corolla brevior, lanata. Palmæ subhumiles, aculeata, foliis æqualiter pinnatisectis, spadicibus simplicibus, spatha superiore armata.

Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 354; 1877, 1, 40, 75, 182, t. 184, species 27 Amazonicas descripsit in sectiones duas a Martio stabilitatas, nempe Spherocarpes fructu globoso, et Occarpes fructu ellipsoideo. Denique Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. species omnes brasilianas in sectiones 8 distribuit, ad habitum, folia, ramificationem spadicis pro maxima parte constitutas.

Augustines, Karst, in Linnaca, xxviii. 395 (Pyrenoglypeis, Karst, Fl. Colomb, ii. 141, t. 174.

Krst. Palm. Amer. Cent. l. c. 37), est. B. major, Jacq. Stirp. Sel. t. 263, nullo charactere a speciebus ceeteris disco instructis differt; ad sectionem Cocarpearum, Mart., pertinet.

Gulielma, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 81, t. 66, 67, iii. 288, 322; Palm. Orbign. 71, t. 10, f. 3, 29 A (non Karst.), est Bactridis species elata, per regiones tropicas America australis culta, a Spruceo ad sectionem suam Cyathochlamys relata. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 268. Œrst. Palm. Centr. Amer. l. c. 45, t. 9, f. 40 ad 49. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 92, t. 3, f. 4, 36. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm.

121. Desmoneus, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 84, t. 68, 69, iii. 32, 277, 321, t. 165; Palm. Orbign. 47, t. 14, f. 3, 26 A.—Flores in codem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati et bracteolati; 3 in ramis superiores numerosi, inferiores 2 solitarii v. utrinque floribus & stipati. Fl. &: Calyx minutus, membranaceus, 3-fidus v. 3-gonus, lobis acutis carinatis. Petala 3, crassiora, oblique ovata, acuta v. acuminata, valvata. Stamina 6, in fundo perianthii toro parvo inserta, inclusa, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fida insertæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. 2 masculis multo minores, coriacei, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Calyx cupularis, ore 3-5-denticulato. Corolla urceolaris, ore truncato 3-fido v. 3-dentato. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 sæpissime effectis; stylus brevis, stigmatibus 3 acutis revolutis; ovulum lata basi affixum. Fructus parvus, ovoideus obovoideus v. subglobosus, 1-locularis, 1-spermus, pericarpio tenui carnosulo, endocarpio crustaceo v. osseo reticulatim venoso supra medium v. vertice 3-poroso, poris circumcirca stellatim fibrosis. Semen endocarpio conforme, testa tenera, albumine cartilagineo æquabili; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ gregarieæ, ubique aculeatæ, aculeis rectis v. hamatis, decumbentes v. scandentes, caudicibus fasciculatis flexuosis annulatis. Folia sparsa, sæpe refracta, subsessilia, pinnatisecta, segmentis oppositis et alternis v. sparsis acuminatis, basi in petiolum angustatis, marginibus haud ciliatis basi recurvis, rhachi in cirrhum validum segmentis deformatis deflexis armatum producta, petiolo brevi, vagina elongata superne in ocream producta. Spadices solitarii, parvi, ramis fastigiatis gracilibus flexuosis; spathæ 2, inferiore brevi coriacea apice aperta, superiore sublignosa, cylindracea, ventre fissa; bracteæ breves. Flores virescentes, perianthio basi pervio. Fructus pisiformis, ruber.

Species ad 25. Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 258. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 301, t. 69 ad 72. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 519. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 155. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 353, t. 183, f. 4. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 72, t. 27. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 24.

Genus a Drudeo in sectiones 2 divisum :-

- 1. Eudesmoncus. Spadicis rhachis gracilis, elongata, ramos graciles pauciores distichos (v. in majoribus tristichos) intermediis longis separatos exserens; spatha interior fusiformis. Petala fl. 3 cuspidata. Fructus minores, endocarpio tenui.
- 2. Bactridopsis. Spadicis rhachis crassa, ramos rigidos multos v. plurimos undique patentes dense exserens; spatha interior ovato-ventricosa. Petala fl. & acuta. Fructus majores, endocarpio firmo. Sectio Bactridi proxims.
- 122. Astrocaryum, G. W. Mey. Prim. Fl. Esseq. 265.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati et bracteolati, & numerosi minuti apicibus elongatis amentiformibus ramorum immersi (rarius emersi), ebracteati; ? pauci, magni, ad basin ramorum sessiles. Fl. &: Sepala parva, triangularia, libera v. connata, acuta, haud imbricata. Petala ovata obovata v. lanceolata, basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, raro plura, inclusa, filamentis crassis v. filiformibus; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fida v. dorso affixæ, versatiles v. erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. ? masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Calyx urceolaris v. cupularis, truncatus v. 3-dentatus. Corolla urceolaris, carnoss, ore contracto 3-dentato demum irregulariter fisso. Discus annularis, membranaceus, corollæ tubo adnatus v. obsoletus. Ovarium ovoideum. 3-loculare. loculis 2 effectis v. obsoletis; stylus conicus, stigmatibus confluenti-

bus; ovulum . . . Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, rostratus, lævis v. aculeatus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio carnoso intus fibroso, endocarpio osseo vertice 3-poroso, poris circumcirca stellatim fibrosis. Semen ovoideum, testa brunnea, rapheos ramis reticulatis, albumine æquabili corneo cavo; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmse armatæ, acaules v. caudice humili v. elato annulato annulis spinosis. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis approximatis æquidistantibus v. fasciculatis lanceolatis acuminatis v. apice attenuato oblique truncato plicatis subtus albicantibus, terminalibus liberis v. confluentibus, marginibus aculeatis basi recurvis, petiolo breviusculo, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices breves v. elongati, ramis effusis pendulis basi incrassatis dein (A. rostrato excepto) gracillimis longe nudis, parte amentiformi basi nuda quasi pedunculata; spathæ 2, inferiore membranacea decidua, superiore fusiformi v. scaphoidea coriacea v. lignosa ventre aperta persistente; bracteæ fl. 2 latæ, imbricatæ, bracteolæ consimiles. Fl. 2 interdum utrinque flore masculo stipati. Fructus majusculus, ruber v. croceus.

Species enumeratæ ad 30 (an omnes congeneres), Americæ tropicæ præcipue Brasiliæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 69, t. 52, 58, 59, 65, iii. 287, 323; Palm. Orbign. 84, t. 4, f. 1, 2, 13, f. 3, 29 C, 30 A. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 271. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 364, t. 81 ad 83. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 521. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 245; Fl. Colomb. ii. 167, t. 83. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 20 et Protest. Append. 27. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 157. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 77. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 100, t. 2, f. 5, 38 ad 44.

Typus generis, A. rostratum Meyer (Bot. Mag. t. 4773) a congeneribus differt parte superiore ramorum spadicis non amentiformi nec quasi pedunculata, floribus 3 majoribus foveolis rhacheos vix immersis et disco in fl.  $\circ$  0. Pericarpium carnosum in A. Munbaca, Mart., A. gymnacantho, Mart., aliisque paucis ab apice ad basin in lacinias 6 stellatim patentes dehiscit.

TOXOPHŒNIX, Schott, Nachr. K.K. Esterr. Naturf. in Brasil. ii. App. (ex Martio), est fide Drudei A. Ayri, Mart.

123. Acrocomia, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 66, t. 56, 57; iii. 285, 322; Palm. Orbign. 78, t. 9, f. 1 (Cocos) et 29 B.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici; & numerosi, parvi, in apicibus elongatis amentiformibus ramorum immersi densissime conferti; 2 pauci, magni, ad basin ramorum sessiles, bracteati. Fl. &: Sepala minuta, scariosa, ovato-oblonga, obtusa, marginibus integris v. laceris, vix imbricatis. Corolla subcylindracea, basi carnosa, obtuse 3-gona, segmentis oblongis valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis filiformibus segmentorum basibus adnatis compressis; antheræ exsertæ, lineari-oblongæ, dorsifixæ, versatiles. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minimum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala minuta, ovato-orbicularia v. reniformia, imbricata. Petala longiora, crasse coriacea, libera v. basi connata et ovarii basi adnata, convolutivo-imbricata. Discus cupularis, liber v. corolke adnatus, 3-fidus v. 6-dentatus. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata 3, sessilia, subulato-lanceolata, revoluta; ovulum horizontale.—Fructus globosus v. oblongus, glaber v. setulosus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio mucilaginoso intus fibroso, endocarpio crasso medio 3-poroso. Semen globosum v. 3-lobum, lateri loculi affixum, testa rapheos ramis reticulata, albumine duro æquabili; embryo poro uni oppositus.-Palmæ armatæ, caudice elato solitario sæpius medio ventricoso annulato, dense aculeato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis anguste lineari-lanceolatis longe oblique acuminatis, marginibus nudis basi recurvis, costa petiolo et rhachi longe spinosis, vagina breviuscula aperta. Spadices pedunculati, aculeati, ramis crassiusculis effusis, parte 2 flexuosa floribus remotis, d'elongata cylindracea; spathæ 2, inferiore apice aperta, superiore fusiformi lignosa aculeata; bracteæ fl. 3 in opus foveatum confluentes, in fl. 2 membranacere. Flores inter minores, ochroleuci, 2 interdum utrinque flore masculo stipati. Fructus niger v. fuscus.

Species enumerates ad 8, Americæ tropicæ incolæ, inter se quam maxime affines et forsan pro varietatibus unius habendæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 270. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 388, t. 84. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 521. Œrst. Palm. Centro-Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh.) 47.

124. Martinesia, Ruis et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 148, t. 32. (Aiphanes, Willd. in Mem. Acad. Berl. 1804, 32.)-Flores in codem spadice interfoliacco simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati, d'in parte superiore præcipue ramorum sparsi, sessiles, 2 in parte inferiore solitarii v. fl. masculis 2 stipati. Fl. &: Sepala parva, triangulari-ovata, imbricata. Petala ovato- v. oblongo-lanceolata, planiuscula, basi connata, valvata. Stamina 6, inclusa, filamentis brevissimis subulatis; antheræ lineares v. oblongæ, basi bifida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2 ovoidei, masculis majores, perianthio post anthesin paullo aucto. Sepala membranacea, reniformia, concava, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, ovata, acuta, valvata v. subimbricata. Discus urceolaris, truncatus v. 6-dentatus, liber v. petalis adhærens. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata 3, trigona, conniventia; ovulum adscendens. Fructus globosus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio carnoso, endocarpio osseo glabro extus et intus ruguloso medio 3-poroso poris radiatim fibrosis. Semen globosum, rugulosum, ad hilum basilare intrusum, testa brunnea rapheos rami sparum ramosis percursa, albumine æquabili solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.-Palmæ armatæ, humiles v. elatæ, caudicibus solitariis v. cespitosis annulatis aculeatis. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis v. fasciculatis cuneatis late præmorsis 3-multifidis plicato-nervosis marginibus nudis v. ciliolatis basi planis v. recurvis, petiolo rhachique teretiusculis obtuse angulatis aculeatis, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices pedunculati, aculeati, ramis gracilibus erectis; spathæ 2, inferiore incompleta apice fissa, superiore fusiformi aculeata ventre fissa; bracteæ membranaceæ. Flores inter minores, pallidi. Fructus croceus coccineus v. roseus.

Species enumeratæ 7, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 283, 322, t. 161, f. 1; Palm. Orbign. 74, t. 2, 28 C. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 269 et 275 (Aiphanes). Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 139, f. 5 (Bactris). Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 521 (Aiphanes). H. Wendl. in Linnæa, xxviii. 349. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 397. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 392, t. 85; in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 636, t. 5. f. 10 (Aiphanes).

MARARA, Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 389; Fl. Colomb. ii. 133, t. 170, et 143, t. 175, ad Aiphanem a Wendlandio relata ex descriptione et iconibus auctoris a Martinezia differt petalis fl. 2 valvatis (charactere in tribu anomalo).

125. Elseis, Jacq. Stirp. Amer. 280, t. 172. (Alfonsia, II. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 306.)—Flores in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis ramosis monoici, bracteati et bracteolati, 3 solitarii v. 2-ni, alveolis racheos immersi tandem emersi, 2 ad basin ramulorum 3 v. in diversis spadicibus sessiles, bracteis lanceolatis involuti. Fl. &: Perianthium glumaceum. Sepala oblonga v. lanceolata, concava, imbricata. Petala sepalis inclusa, tenuiora, ob-Ionga, marginibus tenuibus valvatis. Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum cylindraceum crassum carnosum connatis apicibus liberis demum reflexo-patentibus; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, exsertæ, basi 2-loba insertæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio coriaceo v. chartaceo post anthesin accrescente. Sepala ovata v. 6vatolanceolata, basi imbricata. Petala consimilia, paullo longiora, erecta, convolutivo-imbricata, apice integra v. fissa. Discus annularis. Ovarium ovoideum v. subcylindraceum, 3-loculare, loculis 1 v. 2 seepius effectis; stylus crassiusculus, pyramidatus, stigmatibus magnis linearibus revolutis; ovula loculos explentia, micropyle subapicali. Fructus ovoideus v. obovoideus, 1-3-spermus, basi intrusus, apice umbilicatus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio fungoso et oleoso intus fibroso, endocarpio crasso osseo angulato extus fibroso vertice v. supra medium 3-poroso. Semen infra verticem loculi adnatum, testa tenui, rapheos ramis reticulatis, albumine cartilagineo equabili cavo, embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ humiles v. elatæ, inermes, caudice solitario erecto v. decumbente annulato, petiolorum basibus onusto. Folia terminalia, numerosa, ampla, pinnatisecta. segmentis ensiformibus acuminatis basi recurvis, petiolo brevi crasso marginibus spinosis v. inermibus, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices breves, crassi, pedunculo brevi bracteis acutis laxe induto; rami densi, d'apice spinescentes, Q robustiores; spathæ 2 completæ, demum in fibras solutæ; bracteæ fl. J.densissime imbricatæ, connatæ, inter se foveolos racheos efformantes, bracteolæ squamæformes ; fl. 2 bracteæ magnæ lanceolatæ

spinescentes flores superantes; bracteolse sepalis conformes, florem vaginantes. Flores 2 sparsi, stigmatibus magnis protrusis. Fructus pollicaris.

Species 3 v. 4, Africæ et Americæ orientalis tropicæ incolæ. Genus in subgenera 2 divisum :--

- 1. Euclæis. Flores in diversis spadicibus monoici. Spadix breviter pedunculatus, ovoideus, densissime ramosus, spatha interiore coriacea. Endocarpium vertice 3-porosum. Caulescens, pinnis infimis spinescentibus. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 61, t. 33, 55, 56, iii. 323; Palm. Orbign. 91. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 278. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 6. Lam. Illustr. t. 896. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 241. Œrst. Palm. Centro-Amer. (in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Foren. Kjobenh. 1858), 51. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 455, t. 105.
- 2. Barcella, Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 80 (subgen.). Flores in ramis ejusdem spadicis monoici. Spadix longe pedunculatus, laxe ramosus, spatha interiore lignosa. Endocarpium supra medium 3-porosum. Acaulis, pinnis omnibus flaccidis. Barcella, Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 459, t. 106, ubi stamina (nondum rite evoluta) perperam fere libera et inclusa depicta.
- 126. Diplothemium, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 107, t. 51, f. 7, 70, 75 ad 78, iii. 293, 324; Palm. Orbign. 103, t. 9, f. 3, 15, f. 3, 28 D. (Allagoptera, Nees in Max Neuw. Reise, ed. min. ii. 332, ex Martio.)—Flores dioici v. in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simplici monoici, dense spiraliter conferti, bracteati et bracteolati ; & in parte superiore sessiles, 2 in parte inferiore masculis 2 stipati et tecti. Fl. &: Sepala ovata v. subulato-lanceolata, ima basi connata. Petala paullo longiora, late ovata, acuta, valvata. Stamina 6 v. plura (ad 60), basi perianthii inserta, inclusa, filamentis subulatis liberis v. connatis: antheræ lineari-oblongæ v. subulato-lanceolatæ, basi 2-fida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. 2 masculis majores v. minores, globoso-ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala late ovata, coriacea, imbricata. Petala sepalis inclusa, ovatorotundata, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventibus. Discus 0. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stigmata sessilia, erecta, demum recurva; ovulum angulo interiori affixum. Fructus ovoideus v. obovoideus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio osseo extus fibroso, basin versus 3-poroso. Semen endocarpio conforme, albumine æquabili solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ inermes, humiles v. acaules, caudicibus interdum robustis solitariis v. fasciculatis annulatis. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis aggregatis lanceolatis v. ensiformibus acuminatis subtus glaucis v. argentatis, marginibus basi recurvis, costa distincta. rhachi bifaciali a latere valde compressa, petiolo antice concavo, vagina aperta fibrosa. Spadices erecti, breviter v. longe pedunculati, stricti, crassiusculi; spathæ 2, inferiore coriacea, superiore crassiore cymbiformi rostrata ventre dehiscente; bracteæ breves, coriaceæ. Flores majusculi, ochroleuci v. flavi. Fructus parvus.

Species 4, Brasiliæ mediæ et australis incolæ. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 428, t. 98. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 289. Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 4861. Species heteromorphæ; flores & in D. littorali polyandri, antheris lineari-oblongis obtusis; in D. campestri 6-andri v. 9-andri, antheris lineari-oblongis; in D. caudescente polyandri, antheris angustis subulatis acuminatis (an genus diversum? fructu adhue ignoto).

127. Cocos, Linn. Gen. n. 1223.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati, & in parte superiore ramorum numerosi solitarii v. 2-ni, conferti v. sparsi; ç in parte inferiore sparsi, sessiles v. pedunculati, solitarii v. flore masculo utrinque stipati. Fl. & asymmetrici. Sepala parva, triangularia v. lanceolata, acuta, erecta, valvata. Petala oblique oblonga, acuta, erecta v. patula, valvata. Stamina 6, inclusa, filamentis subulatis; antheræ lineares, acutæ v. obtusæ, basi 2-fida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum v. 0. Fl. ç masculis sæpissime multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin aucto. Sepala ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, crasse coriacea, erecta, imbricata. Petala sepalis inclusa, coriacea, basi dilatata, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus brevibus v. elongatis acutis conniventi-valvatis. Discus annularis v. obscurus. Ovarium ovoideum v. depresso-globosum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 sæpius effectis, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus subulatis erectis demum recurvis; ovula subbasilaria, adscendentia.

Fructus ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, teres v. obtuse 3-gonus, vertice rostrato rotundato v. intruso, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio crasso fibroso, endocarpio osseo extus fibroso basin versus 3-poroso. Semen loculo conforme, testa fusca rapheos ramis reticulata, albumine æquabili cavo v. solido radiatim fibroso; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ humiles v. elatæ, inermes, caudice gracili v. robusto annulato sæpe basibus foliorum tecto. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis ensiformibus v. lanceolatis æquidistantibus v. aggregatis 1-plurinerviis apice integris v. uno latere dentatis v. plus minus profunde laciniatis, marginibus lævibus basi recurvis, rhachi subtrigona superne acuta, dorso convexa, petiolo antice concavo marginibus lævibus v. spinosis, vagina brevi aperta fibrosa. Spadices erecti, demum cernui, ramis erectis v. cernuis; spatha inferior brevior apice fissa, superior fusiformis v. clavata, lignosa, dorso sulcata; bracteæ variæ. Flores albi v. flavidi. Fructus magnus v. mediocris.

Species enumeratæ ad 30, Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ australis incolæ, una in tropicis amphigæa. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 113 (excl. sp.), t. 62, 64, 75, 78 ad 82, 84 fig. dext. ad 86, 87, f. 1, 88, f. 3, ad 7; iii. 289, 323; Palm. Orbign. 92 (excl. sp. 4), t. 1, f. 1, 2, 3, f. 2, 9, f. 2, 30 B, C. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 281. Lam. Illustr. t. 894. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 4, 5. Spach, Suites Buff. t. 100. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 398, t. 87 ad 97. Barb. Rodrig. Enum. Palm. Nov. 38, App. Protest. 43. Roxb. Cor. Pl. i. t. 73. Griff. Palm. Brit. Ind. t. 241. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 124, t. 48. Traill in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 79. Drude in Griseb. Symb. Fl. Argent. 283. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 161. Hook. Kew Journ. ii. t. 1, 2. Trim. Journ. Bot. 1879, t. 202.

SYAGRUS, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 129, t. 89, 90 ct t. 73 D, 83, 83 (fig. sinist.) 88, f. 1, 2 (Cocos), iii. 290, 324, t. 166; Palm. Orbign. 131, t. 4, f. 4, et 30 D (Cocos). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 288. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 522. Barb. Rodrig. Enum. Palm. Nov. 40 (Cyagrus), Protest. App. 33, 45. Hook. Bot. Mag. t. 5180 (Cocos). Langsdorffla, Raddi in Mem. Soc. Ital. Mod. xvii. 349, t. 1; ægre a Coco distincta est floribus Q sæpissime masculis minoribus, disco urceolari bene evoluto, endocarpio intus fasciis lævibus cum totidem fibrosis alternantibus a poris ad verticem ducentibus instructo, et albumine interdum ubi fasciis opposito sulcato. S. Sancoana, Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 247; Fl. Colomb. ii. 147, t. 177 ex icone et descriptione auctoris a congeneribus differt floribus ebracteatis solitariis v. rarius binis.

PLATENIA, Karst. in Linnaa, xxviii. 250, a Syagro differt defectu disci urceolaris et spatha inferioris.

GLAZIOVA, Mart. mss. ex Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 395, t. 83, 86, includit species 2 brasilianas (Cocos Weddelliana et G. insignis, Hort.) humiles, gracillimas, floribus & longius pedicellatis et endocarpio tenuiore.

LITHOCARPUS, Targ. Tozett. in Steud. Nom. Bot. i. 170, ii. 56, nomen, est Cocos lapidea, Gerta. Fruct. t. 6.

128. Maximiliana, Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. i. 131, sp. 1, t. 91 ad 93, iii. 295, excl. sp. 1 et 3; Palm. Orbign. 109, sp. 1, t. 15 f. 2, 31 A.—Flores dioici v. in eodem spadice crasso interfoliaceo ovoideo densissime simpliciterque ramoso monoici, sessiles, bracteati et bracteolati, ramis brevissimis dense imbricatis aliis a aliis androgynis floribus masculis superioribus confertis, fœmineorum superioribus masculis 2 sæpe stipatis. Fl. 3: Sepala minima, triangulari-ovata. Petala parvula, subcoriacea, oblongo-lanceolata, plana, erecta, valvata. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta, exserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis petala æquantibus v. superantibus; antheræ perianthio longiores, lineares, graciles, curvæ, basi 2-fida affixæ, pendulæ. Ovarii rudimentum minutum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala 3, ovato-orbicularia, coriacea, late imbricata. Petala paullo longiora, consimilia, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus abrupte contractis conniventi-valvatis. Discus cupularis, ovarii basin cingens. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 effectis; stylus brevis, stigmatibus demum revolutis; ovulum basilare, erectum. Fructus ovoideus, 1-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio fibroso et subcarnoso, endocarpio osseo acuminato basin versus 3-poroso. Semen ovoideum, testa helvola rapheos lateralis ramis reticulata, albumine sequabili solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmse inermes, caudice erecto mediocri v. elato annulato, superne vaginarum vestigiis onusto. Folia terminalia, interrupte pinnatisecta, segmentis aggregatis linearibus acuminatis v.

apicibus erosis, costa distincta venis transversis conspicuis, marginibus lævibus basi recurvis, rhachi bifaciali a latere valde compressa, petiolo plano-convexo, vagina aperta fibrosa. Spadices magni, breves, claviformes, crasse pedunculati, ramis innumeris densissime imbricatis et densifloris; spathæ 2, inferiore bicarinata apice aperta, superiore cymbiformi crasse lignosa longe rostrata persistente; bracteæ parvæ, membranaceæ; bracteolæ minutæ. Flores mediocres. Fructus flavescens v. fulvus.

Species 3, fluminis Amazonum et Maranon et ins. St. Kitts et Trinidad incolæ. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 450 (excl. sect. Scheelea), t. 104. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 291, sp. 1. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 271. Griseb, Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 522. Barb. Rodr. Enum. Palm. Nov. 41. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 162. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 120, t. 3, f. 2, 3, et t. 47.

129. Scheelea, Karst. in Linnaa, xxviii. 264; Fl. Colomb. i. 135, t. 67, ii. 145, t. 176.—Flores dioici v. in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati, d' numerosissimi in parte superiore ramorum sessiles, conferti, 2 in parte inferiore pauci solitarii v. fl. masculo utrinque stipati, sessiles v. valide pedunculati. Fl. &: Sepala minuta, triangularia, acuta. Petala sepalis multo longiora, elongatoclaviformia v. cylindracea, acuta, carnosula, valvata. Stamina 6, petalis multo breviora, filamentis filiformibus inæquilongis; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. miminum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala magna, coriacea, ovata, nervosa, imbricata. Petala consimilia sed paullo majora, convolutivo-imbricata. Discus cupularis, ovarii basin cingens. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 1-2 interdum effectis; stylus breves, teres, stigmatibus majusculis patulis; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus oblongus v. ovoideus, 1-3-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio crasso osseo extus fibroso supra basin 3-poroso. Semina ellipsoidea, testa rapheos ramis venosa, albumine corneo æquabili solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ inermes, humiles v. elatæ, caudice solitario inermi. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis seriatis v. aggregatis linearibus in plantis junioribus apice obtuse inequaliter 2-fidis lobis incurvis in adultis integris? 1-nerviis marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi dorso convexa facie acuta, petiolo antice concavo, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices longe v. breviuscule pedunculati, ramis breviusculis suberectis; spathæ 2, superiore fusiformi lignosa acuminata; bracteæ minimæ. Flores ochroleuci. Fructus majusculus.

Species enumerate ad 7, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. 131, t. 94 (Maximiliana, sp. 2) et iii. 296 (Maximiliana, sp. 1 et 3), et t. 169, f. 2 (Attalea); Palm. Orbign. 31 B (Attalea), t. 4, f. 3 (Maximiliana). Genus inter Cocon et Maximilianam quasi medium, ab utroque diversum petalis fl. 3, sed medius pro subgenere Cocois habendum. A Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras., Scheeleæ species inter Maximilianam et Attaleam distributæ sunt, ut nobis videtur infauste.

130, Attalea, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et. Sp. i. 309, t. 95, 96. - Flores dioici v. in eodem spadice v. in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis simpliciter ramosis monoici, bracteati, ramis omnibus androgynis v. aliis & aliis & floribus masculis superioribus. Fl. 3: Sepala parva, libera, v. basi connata. Petala oblongo-v. lineari-lanceolata, erecta, valvata. Stamina 6-24, ad basin corollæ in toro parvo conferta, inclusa, filamentis subulatis; antheræ lineares, basi 2-fida affixæ, erectæ. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minimum. Fl. ♀ masculis multo majores, ovoidei v. subglobosi, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala coriacea, ovata, imbricata. Petala consimilia, basi convolutivo imbricata, apicibus acutatis conniventi-valvatis. Discus cupularis v. urceolaris. Ovarium 3- rarius 2- v. 4-6-loculare, loculis aliis sæpissime effectis; stylus brevis v. stigmata sessilia recurva; ovula basilaria, erecta. Fructus ovoideus v. ellipsoideus, apice rotundatus attenuatus v. rostratus, 2-5-spermus, stylo terminali, pericarpio fibroso v. lignoso, endocarpio osseo v. lapideo, extus undique fibroso, basin versus 2-6-poroso. Semina elongata, raphe latiuscula, ramis reticulatis, albumino requabili sæpius solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.--Palmæ inermes, humiles v. elatæ, caudice solitario crassiusculo annulato v. cicatricato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis æquidistantibus linearibus v. lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis, marginibus basi recurvis, rhachi bifaciali a latere valde compressa, petiolo facie concavo marginibus acutis, vagina aperta fibrosa. Spadices sæpe magni, crasse v. longe pedunculati, rarius mediocres; spatha unica (superiore) fusiformis, lignosa; bracteæ et bracteolæ parvæ. Flores ochroleuci v. flavescentes. Fructus majusculus.

Species enumeratæ ad 20, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. ii. 135, t. 41, 75, 95 ad 97, iii. 296, 325, t. 167, f. 1-6, 168, 169, f. 3, 4, 5; Palm. Orbign. 112 (excl. sp.), t. 5, f. 2, 31 C. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 434, t. 99 ad 101, excl. scot. Pseudoscheelea. Kunth. Enum. Pl. iii. 275. Karst. in Linnæa, xxviii. 255, 273; Fl. Colomb. i. 137, t. 68. Œrst. Palm. Centro-Amer. in Vid. Meddel. Nat. Forcn. Kjobenh. 1858, 49. Barb. Rodrig. Enum. Palm. Nov. 42. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 522. Drude in Bot. Zent. 1877, 636, t. 5, f. 11. Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. xi. 163. Wallace, Palm. Amaz. 116, t. 3, f. 1 et 46.

131. Jubea, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 308, t. 96.—Flores in eodem spadice interfoliaceo simpliciter ramoso monoici, bracteati. Fl. & superiores, breviter pedicellati. Sepala lineari-lanceolata, acuta, carinata. Petala multo majora, ovata v. oblonga, acuta, coriacea, concava, costata. Stamina 27-30, basi perianthii inserta, inclusa, filamentis capillaribus antheris longioribus liberis; antheræ lineares, dorsifixæ, erectæ. rudimentum. . . . Fl. 2 : Sepala late imbricata. Petala convolutivo-imbricata. Urccolus parvus, membranaceus. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare, loculis 2 rudimentariis; stigmata 3, subulata, patula; ovula... Fructus obovoideus, 1-spermus, stigmatibus terminalibus, pericarpio dense fibroso, endocarpio osseo globoso utrinque acuto leviter 3-carinato medio v. supra medium 3-poroso. Semen globosum, albumine cartilagineo æquabili cavo; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palma elata, inermis, caudice crasso basibus vaginarum tecto. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis patentibus quaquaversis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis rigidis glabris v. pulverulentis, marginibus recurvis, rhachi a latere compressa dorso convexa ventre acuta, petiolo inermi, vagina brevi aperta. Spadices plures; spatha superiore completa fusiformi lignosa ventre aperta demum bipartita. Flores ochroleuci. Fructus flavescens.

Species 1, Chilensis. Mart. Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 294, t. 161, f. 3; Palm. Orbign. 106 (excl. sp.). Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 293. Gaud. Voy. Bontle, t. 51. Inflorescentia a nobis non visa.

MICROCOCOS, Philippi in Bot. Zeit. 1859, 362, quæ Molinæa, Bertero in Mercur. Chilen, anglice in Sullim. Amer. Journ. xx. 152, et germanice in Linuæa, vii. Litteraturb. 36, reddita, a Martio et Wendlandio ad Jubæam spectabilem relata, ex descriptione auctoris differt perianthio fl. Q e squamis variis imbricatis ovatis obtusis ovario arcte appressis, ovario 1-loculari, et embryone.

132. Orbignya, Mart. in Endl. Gen. Pl. 257; Hist. Nat. Palm. iii. 302, 325, t. 169, f. 1, 6, 170; Palm. Orbign. 125, t. 10, f. 2, 13, f. 2, 32 (Orbignia).—Flores in diversis spadicibus interfoliaceis simpliciter ramosis aliis & aliis & monoici, bracteati et bracteolati, ramis androgynis cum fl. 3 superioribus. Fl. 3: Sepala minuta, late ovato-triangularia. Petala 2-5, ovata v. ovato-lanceolata, integra v. dentata, basi libera v. connata, valvata. Stamina 12-24, basi petalorum inserta, inclusa, filamentis filiformibus; anthera lineares, loculis discretis spiraliter tortis. Ovarii rudimentum 0 v. minimum. Fl. 2 masculis multo majores, subglobosi v. a basi lata trigono-ovoidei, perianthio post anthesin valde aucto. Sepala crasse coriacea, ovata v. oblongo-lanceolata, imbricata. Petala consimilia sed minora, convolutivo-imbricata, apicibus acutis interdum dentatis. Discus cupularis. Ovarium ovoideum, 2-7-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, stigmatibus 2-7 magnis linearibus erectis; ovula basilaria, suberecta.—Fructus globosus v. ovoideus, rostratus, 2-6spermus, stylo terminali; pericarpio fibroso, endocarpio osseo extus fibroso basin versus 3-6-poroso. Semina angusta, oblonga v. obovoidea, testa brunnea rapheos ramis reticulata, albumine æquabili cartilagineo solido; embryo poro uni oppositus.—Palmæ inermes, humiles v. elatæ, caudice solitario irregulariter cicatricato. Folia terminalia, pinnatisecta, segmentis alternis lineari-lanceolatis acuminatis, marginibus basi recurvis, petiolo margine serrato?, vagina aperta. Spadices elongati, rhachi robusta recta, ramis breviusculis alternis erectis, 2 crassiores quam masculi; spathæ plures, fusiformes; bracteæ et bracteole connatze, membranaceze. Flores & parvi, Q pollicares, flavi. Fructus mediocris.

Species 5 v. 6, Bolivianse et Brasilianse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 293. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 446, t. 102, 103.

# ORDO CLXXXVIII. PANDANEA.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 242. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 132.

Flores dioici, utriusque sexus in spadice simplici v. composito dense conferti. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stumina numerosa; filamenta filiformia v. brevia et conica, libera v. connata. Antheræ basifixæ, erectæ, oblongæ, obtusæ, 2-loculares, loculis interdum 2-locellatis, in longitudinem dehiscentes; pollen globosum v. ellipsoideum. Ovarii rudimenta 0 v. minuta, rarius discus depressus. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0 v. brevia, hypogyna v. basi ovarii adnata. Ovarium 1-loculare, liberum, v. cum ovariis contiguis in phalanges 2-∞-loculares stigmatibus distinctis v. confluentibus connatum; stylus 0 v. brevissimus et obconicus; stigma sessile et subulatum uno latere papillosum, v. furcatum, v. depressum et hippocrepiforme. Ovula anatropa, nunc solitaria et subbasilaria funiculo brevi, nunc plurima placentis 1-∞ parietalibus funiculis elongatis affixa ascendentia v. pendula. Syncarpium v. syncarpiorum capitulum e carpellis (fructibus) singulis v. syncarpiis minoribus concretis compositum, ellipsoideum oblongum cylindraceum v. globosum; carpella singula 1-locularia, v. syncarpia minora co-locularia, matura lignosa drupacea v. baccata intusque pulposa, teretiuscula v. angulata, vertice tumido hemisphærico v. pyramidatoprismatico integro v. lobato solido v. cavo stigmatibus coronato. Semina minuta, ellipsoidea v. fusiformia, subsessilia v. funiculis ascendentibus appensa; testa membranacea v. crustacea, striolata; raphe prominula; albumen dense carnosum. Embryo minutus, hilo proximus.

Fructices v. arbores erecti v. ope radicum scandentes, di-tri-chotome ramosi, trunco ramisque annulatis radices æreas emittentibus. Folia apices versus ramorum conferta, spiraliter trifariam disposita, a basi vaginante longissime linearia, sensim acuminata, recurva, carinata, concava, rigide coriacea, marginibus et carina spinulosis v. serratis rarissime inermibus, demum tota decidua, aculeis sæpe recurvis, v. inferioribus recurvis superioribus incurvis. Spadices axillares et terminalos, fasciculati v. paniculati, sessiles v. pedunculati, foliis spathaceo-bracteati. Flores sessiles, parvi, ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species enumeratæ ad 80, omnes tropicæ v. subtropicæ, pleræque insularum Africæ orientalis, Archipelagi Indici, et maris Pacifici incolæ, in Asia et Africa continentali pauciores, una in India Occidentali inquilina, altera in Nova Zelandia indigena.

Ordo Aroideis, Typhaceis et Cyclanthaceis proximus, habitu proprio diversus.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Pandanus. Staminodia in fl. Q 0. Ovula in carpellia solitaria.—Archip. Malay., Asia. Africa, Australasia et Oceania.
- 2. Freycinetia. Staminodia in fl. ? hypogyna. Ovula in loculis numerosa.—Archip. Malay., Australasia, Oceania.

### GENERA EXCLUSA V. DUBIA.

CARLUDOVICA, Ruiz et Pav. et Cyclanthus, Poit., ad Cyclanthuceas pertinent.
NIPA, Thunb., l'hytelephas, Ruiz et Pav., et Wettinia, Popp. et Endl., inter Palmas querende.

Souleyetia, Gaud Bot. Voy. Bonite, t. 19, sine descriptione; Solms-Laub. in Linnæa, xlii. 107, cum habitu Pandani ovarium uniloculare cum ovulis 3 basilaribus erectis orthotropis gaudet.

1. Pandanus, Linn. f. Suppl. 64.—Flores dioici; ♂ in spadicibus thyrsoideis conferti. Stamina numerosa, sessilia, v. in columna interdum peltata inserta, filamentis liberis v. connatis; antheræ lineares v. oblongæ, basifixæ, erectæ. Fl. ♀ in spadice simplici dense conferti. Staminodia 0. Ovaria libera, 1-locularia, v. in phalanges 1-∞-loculares connata, vertice incrassato solido v. cavo truncato tumido v. prismatico; stigmata

simplicia, subulata, nunc unguiformia uno latere papillosa, nunc bilamellata v. furcata, nunc depressa reniformia aut hippocrepica cruribus involutis; ovula in loculis solitaria, funiculis brevibus adscendentibus basi placentæ parietalis affixa. Syncarpium globosum ellipsoideum oblongum v. cylindraceum, sæpe ponderosum; carpella lignosa v. drupacea, infra medium connata, v. in phalanges induratas confluentia, singulatim v. in greges ab axi persistente decidua. Semen erectum, fusiforme, testa membranacea v. subcrustacea.—Frutices v. arbores erecti, rarius herbæ acaules v. caule prostrato radicante, trunco gracili v. robusto simpliciusculo v. patentim ramoso, ramis radices æreas validas emittentibus. Folia longissima v. mediocria. Spadices terminales,  $\mathfrak P$  solitarii v. paniculati, fructiferi sæpius penduli, foliis floralibus non raro coloratis spathaceo-bracteati.

Species bene cognitæ ad 50, perplurimæ Archipelagi Malayani et insularum Mascarensium et Seychellarum incolæ, paucæ in Asia et Africa continentali v. in Australia tropica et Oceania vigentes, una insulis Indiæ occidentalis inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 94, 583. Solms-Laub. in Bot. Zeit. 1878, 321, 352, t. 10, f. 3 ad 7, 10 ad 12, 14 ad 28; et in Linnæa, xlii. 1. Balf. fil. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 33; et in Baker, Fl. Maurit. 395. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 148. Lam. Illustr. t. 798. Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1875, 67. Kurz in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 145; in Seem. Journ. Bot. v. 93, 125, t. 62 ad 65; For. Ft. ii. 505. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 153, t. 37; Analect. Bot. ii. 10, t. 2. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 94 ad 96. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 174. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 21, 22. Gaud. Bot. Voy. Bonite, t. 22. Bot. Mag. t. 4736, 5014, 6347. Illustr. Hortic. 1860, t. 265; 1872, t. 55; 1877, t. 288. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 48, 297. Rev. Hortic. 1862, 406, fig. 36, 37; 1866, 271, cum ic.; 1868, 210, fig. 23; 1878, 405, fig. 84; 1879, 290 cum ic.; 1881, 174, fig. 40 ad 45.

Species omnes a Solms-Laubachio ad typos sequentes relatæ sunt :-

- 1. Stamina subumbellata. Carpella distincta, sursum vergentia, stigmate sessili. *Pandani* sect. *Microstigma*, Kurz in Seem. Journ. Bot. v. 104. Jeanneretia, *Gaud. l. c. t.* 25. Typus est *P. Kurzianus*, Solms-Laub., species Javanica.
- 2. Stamina simplicia. Carpella distincta, deorsum vergentia, vertice subulato ad latus stigmatifero. Pandani sect. Acrostigma, Kurz 1. c. 100. Huc pertinet ex Solms-Laub., Fisquetia, Gaud. l.c. t. 4, 5, in qua ex icone carpella certe sursum vergent, ut et P. ornatus ex descriptione Solms-Laub. Typus est P. fatidus, Roxb. Species Australianae et Archipelagi Malayani.
- 3. Stamina umbellata. Carpella distincta, sursum vergentia, vertice subulato ad latus stigmatifero. Pandani sect. Ryckia, Kurz 1. c. 101. Rxkia, de Vriese in Verh. K. Akad. Wetensk. 1854; in Tuinb. Fl. i. 161; et in Hook. Kew Journ. vi. 268. Barrotia, Gaud. l. c. t. 13, f. 15-24; Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. vi. i. 277, partim. Typus est P. furcatus, Roxb. Species Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani.
- 4. Fl. Q: Carpella distincta, deorsum vergentia, stigmate lamelliformi 2-lobo. Fl. δ: Stamina pauca, filamentis basi connatis. Huc includitur Foullloya, Gaud. l. c. t. 26, f. 1 ad 9, et 21 ad 24. Typus est P. racemosus, Gaud. l. c. Species Africanæ et insularum Mascarensium.
- 5. Fl. Q: Carpella distincta v. 2-3 confluentia, stigmata varia. Fl. & stipitati. Stamina umbellata. Tuckeya, Gaud. l.c. 26, fig. 10 ad 20. Typus est P. Candelabrum, Beauv. (non Hook.). Species Africana.
- 6. Fl. Q: Carpella in greges circulares confluentia. Fl. 3 stipitati. Stamina subumbellata. Pandasi sect. Keura, Kurz in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. 1869, 147 partim. MARQUARTIA, Hassk. in Flora, 1842, Beibl. ii. 14; Cat. Hort. Bogor. 61. HASSKABLIA, Walp. Ann. i. 753 partim. Vinsonia, Gaud. l.c. t. 17, 23, 31. Typus est P. utilis, Bory, Kurz in Seem. Journ. Bot. v. 131, t. 64, f. 4. Species insularum Mascarensium.
- 7. Fl.  $\circ$ : Carpella in greges circulares confluentia. Fl.  $\circ$  stipitati. Stamina subverticillatim spicata. Pandani sect. Keura, Kurz in Seem. Journ. Bot. v. 105 partim. Hasskarlia, Walp. Ann. i. 758 partim. Pandani sp. Gaud. l.c. t. 22. Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. vi. i. 269, t. 15, f. 10. Athrodactylis, Forst. Char. Gen. s. 75. Keura, Forst. Fl. Eg. Arab. 95, 122, 172. Typus est P. fascicularis, Lam. Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 94 ad 96 (P. odoratissimus). Griff, Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 147. Species Asiatice.
- 8. Fl. Q: Carpella in greges transveras confluentia, sursum vergentia. Fl. A stipite obconico truncato lateribus antheriferis. BARROTIA, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 6, i. 277, t. 14, 15. Typus est P. altissimus, Solms-Laub. Species Nova-Caledonica.

Genera sequentia certe ad Pandanum referenda sunt, sed dubitanter quoad ejus sectiones. BRYANTIA, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 6, i. 287, t. 15; Solms-Laub. l. c. 54. DOORNIA, de Vriess

in Tuinb. Fl. 1855, 174; Solms-Laub. l.c. 49. Dobystigma, Gaud. l.c. 13; Solms-Laub. l.c. 64. Eydoukia, Gaud. l.c. t. 18; Solms-Laub. l.c. 45. Heterostigma, Gaud. l.c. t. 25; Solms-Laub. l.c. 66. Hombbonia, Gaud. l.c. t. 22; et in Hombr. et Jacquinot, Bot. Voy. Astrol. Monocot. t. 2; Walp. Ann. v. 862; Solms-Laub. l.c. 48. Roussinia, Gaud. l.c. t. 21; Solms-Laub. l.c. 57. Sussea, Gaud. l.c. t. 24, 25, 38; Solms-Laub. l.c. 66.

Species nonnullæ a Brongniartio ad Barrotiam v. Bryantiam v. a Gaudichaudio ad Fisquetiam v. Vinsoniam relatæ, quoad affinitates omnino dubiæ remanent.

2. Preycinetia, Gaud. in Bot. Voy. Freycin. 431, t. 41 ad 43, et in Bot. Voy. Bonite, t. 27, 35, 36, 37, 38, 52, 60. (Jezabel, Banks, ex Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 5. Victoriperrea, Gaud. in Hombr. et Jacquinot, Bot. Voy. Astrol. Monocot. t. 1.)-Flores dioici, in spadicibus simplicibus conferti. Fl. J: Stamina numerosa, filamentis brevissimis conicis v. filiformibus flexuosis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basifixæ, erectæ, apice obtusæ apiculatæ v. cuspidatæ. Ovarii rudimentum oblongum depressum v. obsoletum. Fl. 2: Staminodia brevia, hypogyna, linearia, basi ovario adnata. Ovaria distincta v. in phalanges connata, 1-locularia, vertice incrassata truncata crenulata; stigmata depressa crenis respondentia; ovula numerosissima, rarius pauca, sæpius filis immixta, placentis 3-∞ parietalibus 2-seriatim affixa, funiculis elongatis adscendentibus. Fructus syncarpicus, baccatus, 1-multilocularis, rarius septis evanidis 1-locularis, loculis polyspermis mucilagine repletis; carpellis vertice induratis. Semina fusiformia v. ellipsoideo-oblonga, testa crustacea v. membranacea striolata, raphe prominula, albumine carnoso; embryo minutus v. elongatus, axilis.—Fructices v. fruticuli scandentes, caudice simpliciusculo v. ramoso radicante annulato. Folia lineari-elongata, basi vaginantia, carinata, integerrima v. serrulata. Spadices terminales, fasciculati v. subumbellati, foliis floralibus abbreviatis sæpius coloratis interdum carnosis spathaceo-involucrati, 2 post anthesin decidui v. diu persistentes.

Species ad 30, Asiæ tropicæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ tropicæ et insularum Pacificarum incolæ; una in regionibus calidioribus Novæ Zelandiæ indigena. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 101, 585. Walp. Ann. iii. 494; v. 858. Solms-Laub. in Linnæa, xlii. 81, et in Bot. Zeit. 1878, t. 10, f. 1, 2, 8, 9, 13. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 167. Kurz in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 138 For. Fl. ii. 508. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 150. Blume, Rumph. t. 40 ad 43. Bennett, Pl. Jav. Rar. t. 9. A. Rich. Bot. Voy. Astrol. t. 2. Homb. et Jacquinot, Bot. Voy. Astrol. t. 2. Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 54, 55. Seem. Fl. Vit. t. 83 ad 86. Rev. Hortw. 1872, t. 193. Bot. Mag. t. 6028.

# ORDO CLXXXIX. CYCLANTHACEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 243. PANDANACEARUM tribus, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 132.

Flores monoici, utriusque sexus in spadicibus dense spiraliter v. verticillatim conferti. Fl. 3: Perianthium 0, v. stipitatum obliquum, ore multi-dentato. Stamina numerosa; fllamenta inter se et cum tubo perianthii confluentia, apicibus liberis. Anthera filamento adnatæ, ovoide v. lineares, loculis rimis longitudinalibus dehiscentibus; pollen ellipsoideum, læve. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0, v. segmenta 4, brevia, distincta v. connata, interdum cum iis florum vicinorum confusa et in annulum multi-dentatum confluentia, persistentia, non raro post anthesin accrescentia et in fructu indurata. Staminodia sæpius 4, perianthii segmentis dum adsint basi adnata, brevia v. longissima et flexuosa, apicibus nudis v. antheris effectis terminatis. Ovarium liberum v. inferne rhachi spadicis immersum et ei adnatum, depresso-quadratum, vertice truncato v. 4-lobo, 1-loculare. Stylus 0, v. crassus et pyramidatus; stigmata solitaria v. 4 in verticem ovarii v. stylum brevem prona, horizontalia, stellatim patentia. Ovula numerosa, patentia v. pendula, anatropa, placentis parietalibus v. ab apice loculi pendulis et stigmatibus

respondentibus funiculis crassis affixa. Fructus syncarpium carnosum e baccis distinctis v. confluentibus depressis stigmatibus coronatis polyspermis, placentis tumidis carnosis. Semina parva, sessilia v. pendula, funiculo brevi; testa extus carnosa; albumen carnosum et oleosum v. corneum. Embryo minutus, axilis, hilo proximus, rectus v. curvus.

Herbæ perennes, sparsim cellulis spiculiformibus instructæ, acaules v. rhizomate articulato, v. frutices inermes caule annulato vaginato erecto decumbente v. ope radicum scandente, interdum lignoso. Folia disticha v. in spiram disposita, petiolata, flabellata, integra 2-fida v. 2-partita, nervis parallelis, vernatione complicata; petiolus brevis v. elongatus, basi vaginans, vagina fissa. Spadices axillares, solitarii, pedunculati, simplices, breviusculi, cylindracei v. oblongi, pedunculo brevi v. elongato basi vagina (cataphyllo) 2-carinata folio opposito instructo. Spathæ 2-6, pedunculo insertæ, spadicem immaturum tantum includentes, caducæ. Flores in cyclis superpositis v. in spiram continuam dispositi, δ et 2 in cyclos alternantes v. in cyclis distinctis, v. 2 solitarii cum δ consociati.

Species ad 35, sed multæ imperfecte cognitæ, omnes Americæ tropicæ incolæ.

Ordo Aroideis et Pandaneis quam maxime affinis, et non nisi habitu foliisque vernatione plicatis facile distinguendus.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Carludovicese. Flores & 4-natim aggregati, singulum Q stipantes. Perianthium multidentatum. Stamina numerosa. Fl. Q: Staminodia 4-6, filiformia, longissima. Stigmata 4. Succus aquosus.

- 1. STELESTYLIS. Fl. Q e spadice emersi. Perianthii segmenta 2 cæteris latiora. Stylus pyramidatus; ovula pendula, funiculis elongatis. Folia 2-fida.—Brasil.
- 2. Carludovica. Fl. \$\varphi\$ in spadice immersi. Perianthii segmenta æqualia. Stigmata sessilia; ovula subsessilia. Folia 2-fida v. 2-4-partita.—Amer. trop.
- 3. Ludovia. Fl.  $\circ$  in spadice immersi. Perianthium 0. Stigmata sessilia; ovula subsessilia. Folia carnosa, integra.—Guian. Gall.

Tribus II. Cyclanthese. Flores in annulos v. spiras alternatim & et Q confluentes. Perianthium fl. & 0; fl. Q multidentatum. Folia 2-partita, segmento utroque 1-costato. Succus lactescens.

4. Cyclanthus.—Amer. trop.

### GENERA EXCLUSA.

NIPA, Thunb. et Wettinia, Popp. et Endl. inter Palmas inveniuntur.

### TRIBUS I. CARLUDOVICEÆ.

1. Stelestylis, Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 230, t. 53.—Flores in spiras densas dispositi, 3 4 singulum 2 stipantes. Fl. 3: Perianthium compresso-globosum, in stipitem attenuatum, vertice concavum, ambitu multidentato. Stamina numerosa, filamentis inter se et cum perianthio confluentibus, apicibus liberis brevibus attenuatis; antheræ breviter oblongæ, didymæ, exsertæ, dorso affixæ. Fl. 2: Perianthii foliola 4, inæqualia, 2 majora subquadrato-ovata, 2 minora lineari-oblonga, apice 2-fida. Staminodia 4, longissima, inferne perianthii foliolis adnata, superne filiformia, caduca. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum 4-gonum attenuatum; stigmata 4, corniformia, horizontaliter stellatim patentia; ovula numerosissima, pendula, funiculis elongatis placentis 4 parietalibus affixa, chalaza appendiculata. Syncarpium carnosum, oblongum, stigmatibus prominentibus. Semina ellipsoidea, funiculis elongatis suspensa, testa firma apice in appendicem filiformem funiculo subæquilongum producta, albumine copioso; embryo minutus.—Folia ampla, bifida, segmentis fissis, costa simplici, nervis pinnatis, petiolo brevi canaliculato vaginante. Pedunculus elongatus. Spadix gracilis; spathæ 3.

Species 1, Brasilize orientalis incola, a nobis non visa,

2. Carindovica, Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. Prod. 146, t. 31. (Ludovia, Pers. Syn. ii. 576. Salmia, Willd. in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berl. Mag. v. 399.)—Flores in spiras densas dispositi, 3 4 singulum 2 stipantes. Fl. 3: Perianthium stipitatum, obliquum, carnosum, margine 1-2-seriatim multidentatum. Stamina numerosa, filamentis inter se et cum perianthio confluentibus, apicibus liberis breviter attenuatis; anthera oblongae, didymæ, exsertæ, dorso affixæ. Fl. 2 liberi v. rhachi spadicis immersi et adnati. Perianthium 4-gonum, 4-fidum, v. 4-partitum, segmentis lobisve obtuse quadratis demum accrescentibus induratis persistentibus. Staminodia 4, longissima, filiformia, basi faciei segmentorum adnata, decidua, apicibus interdum antheras imperfectas gerentibus. Ovarium perianthio immersum, liberum v. tubo adnatum, 1-loculare; stigmata 4, sessilia, stellatim patentia, demum tumida et indurata; ovula perplurima, placentis 4 crassis parietalibus loculo intrusis v. ab apice loculi pendulis funiculis brevibus affixa, inappendiculata. Syncarpium carnosum, perianthii segmentis induratis stigmata tumida stipantibus opertum. Semina ellipsoidea, subsessilia, inappendiculata, testa coriacea extus carnosa, albumine copioso carnoso corneo; embryo minutus. —Herbæ v. suffrutices, caudice brevi humili v. elongato erecto decumbente v. scandente annulato. Folia alterna v. fasciculata, rarius disticha, 2-fida palmatisecta v. rarissime integra, segmentis multicostatis integris v. dentatis, petiolo brevi v. elongato basi vaginante. Spadix simplex, oblongus v. cylindraceus, axillaris, breviter v. longe pedunculatus. Spathæ 2 v. plures, cymbiformes, caducæ.

Species ad 30, Americæ tropicæ et insularum Indiæ occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 104, 588. H. Wendl. Ind. Palm. 43. Poit. in Mém. Mus. Par. ix. 27, t. 1 (Ludovia). Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 231, t. 54 ad 59. Lodd. Bot. Cab t. 1068. Hook. Journ. Bot. 1840, t. 3, 4. Pæpp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 151, 154. Bot. Mag. t. 2950-1 (Ludovia), 6118. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 992, 1046. Ill. Hortic. t. 165. Rev. Hortic. 1861, t. 10, 11; 1869, f. 71. Œrst. in Vidensk. Meddel. Natur. Foren. Kjobenh. 1857, 196. Gard. Chron. 1877, ii. 715, f. 136; 1879, ii. 278, f. 46. Evodianthus, Œrst. in Vidensk. Meddel. Natur. Foren. Kjob. 1875, 194; Amer. Centr. t. 1. Walp. Ann. v. 860, ex descriptione auctoris a Carludovica non differt nisi staminibus dentibusque perianthii in fl. 3 2-seriatis et ovario libero. Sarcinanthus, Œrst. l. c. 196; Amer. Cent. t. 2. Walp. l. c. 861, differt ovario supero et staminibus cavum totum perianthii implentibus.

3. **Ludovia**, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 4, xv. 361, t. 1; et in Fl. des Serres, xv. 33, t. 1515-6.—Flores in spiras densas dispositi, & 4 singulum & stipantes. Fl. &: Perianthium disciforme, crassum, breviter pedicellatum, multidentatum. Stamina numerosa, filamentis inter se et cum perianthio confluentibus, apicibus breviter liberis attenuatis; antheræ oblongæ, didymæ, exsertæ, dorso affixæ. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Staminodia 4, longissima, filiformia, basi ovario adnata, apicibus uncinatis anthera imperfecta instructis. Ovaria inter se et cum pedicellis florum & confluentia, 1-locularia; stigmata 4, sessilia, ovato-linearia, stellatim patentia; ovula numerosa, placentis 4 ab apice loculi pendulis funicums brevibus affixa, inappendiculata. Syncarpium . . .—Caudex radicans, crassus, oblique assurgens, annulatus. Folia disticha, maxima, crassa, rigida, basi breviter vaginantia, subpetiolata, lanceolata v. subspathulata, acuta, apicem versus crenato-dentata, nervis obliquis subimmersis. Spadices axillares, breviter pedunculati, oblongo-cylindracei; spathæ 3-5, distichæ.

Species 2, Guianæ gallicæ et Brasiliæ incolæ. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 242, t. 60, f. 1. Genus a nobis non visum, ex auctore a Carludovica differt perianthio in fl.  $\varphi$  0, staminodiis basi ovarii accretis, habitu subrepente, et foliis distichis crassis, haud plicatis, contextura solida.

## TRIBUS II. CYCLANTHEÆ.

4. Cyclenthus, Poit. in Mém. Mus. Paris, ix. 35, t. 2, 3. (Cyclosanthes, Pæpp. in Froriep. Notiz. xxxi. 312. Discanthus, Spruce in Journ. Linn. Soc. iii. 196.)—Flores in annulos alternatim & et & superpositos, v. in spiram confluentes dispositi. Fl. &: Perianthium 0. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus mono- v. duadelphis; antheræ linearioblongæ, basifixæ. Fl. & inter se per totum cyclum v. spiram confluentes. Perianthii

segmenta in seriem duplicem multidentatam connata, alia basin alia apicem rhacheos spectantia. Staminodia brevia, inter se et cum perianthio confluentia, antheris imperfectis instructa. Ovaria rhachi immersa, inter se confluentia et cavernam continuam efformantia; stylus crassus, stigmatibus emarginatis; ovula numerosa, placentis 2 parietalibus funiculis elongatis affixa, inappendiculata. Fructus syncarpium discis distinctis tumidis sulcatis opertum. Semina ovoidea, funiculo elongato, testa extus pellucida intus sulcata, rhaphe angusta, albumine carnoso; embryo rectus, cylindraceus.—Herbæ acaules, lactescentes. Folia conferta, longe petiolata, bifurcata, segmentis lanceolatis 1-costatis plicatis nervis parallelis, nervulis transversis distinctis, petiolo tereti basi vaginante. Pedunculus longissimus, nudus v. bracteatus, cylindraceus; spathæ plures, apicem versus pedunculi completæ. Flores odori.

Species 3 v. 4? Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 107, 589. Dict. Sc. Nat. Bot. Monocot. t. 5, 6. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. ii. 38, t. 152, 154. Drude in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 245, t. 60.

## ORDO CXC. TYPHACEÆ.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 241. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 126.

Flores in diversis spadicibus monoici, v. abortu dioici. Perianthium e squamulis paleisve membranaceis v. e filis tenuissimis constans. Fl. 3: Stamina 6 v. plura, sæpius squamis paleisve perianthii dense confertis sine ordine immixta, filamenta distincta v. connata, filiformia v. capillaria, perianthium longe superantia, flaccida. Antheræ basifixæ, erectæ, lineares oblongæ v. cuneatæ, loculis in longitudinem dehiscentibus, connectivo interdum in acumen conicum producto; pollen globosum v. conglobatum. Ovarii rudimenta 0. Fl. 2: Ovarium superum, 1-2-loculare, sessile v. stipitatum, loculis 1-ovulatis. Styli tot quot loculi, breves v. elongati, terminales, persistentes, lineares v. linguæformes, introrsum in longitudinem stigmatosi. Ovula ab apice loculi pendula, anatropa, funiculo brevi v. 0. Fructus membranaceus v. subdrupaceus, 1- rarius 2-locularis, teres v. pressione angulatus, sessilis v. stipitatus, stylo persistente terminatus; pericarpium v. membranaceum et dehiscens, v. carnosum intus induratum indehiscens. Semen loculo conforme, pendulum, testa membranacea interdum ope chalazæ incrassatæ pericarpio adhærens, funiculo 0, rhaphe obsoleta; albumen copiosum, farinaceum v. subcarnosum. Embryo axilis, cylindraceus, extremitate radiculari incrassata, plumula fissura laterali latente.

Herbæ aquaticæ v. paludosæ, rhizomate perennante repente ramos annuos foliaque proferente; caules enodes, farcti, simplices v. ramosi. Folia alterna, linearia, integerrima, erecta et emersa v. natantia, basi vaginantia, vagina aperta, enervia v. 1-costata, nervis parallelis. Flores parvi v. minuti, in spadicibus globosis v. cylindraceis nudis v. basi foliaceobracteatis sessiles, densissime conferti, ebracteati et ebracteolati; spadices d'in caule superiores.

Species ad 16, in aquis paludibusque dulcibus Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et tropicæ, Australiæ, et Americæ borealis temperatæ vigentes.

Ordo Pandaneis proximus, differt caulibus annuis foliisque inermibus, perianthio evoluto, stylo elongato, ovulo ab apice loculi pendulo, funiculo obsoleto et embryone elongato.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. TYPHA. Perianthium e filis tonuissimis. Antheræ lineares. Ovarium stipitatum. Fructus siccus, demum unilateraliter fissus.—Reg. temp. et. trop.
- 2. Spargamium. Perianthium e squamis hyalinis. Antheræ oblongæ v. cuneatæ. Ovarium sessile, 1- rarius 2-loculare. Fractus extus spongiosus, indehiscens.—Reg. bor. temp. (Australasia.

1. Typha, Linn. Gen. n. 1040.—Flores in spadicibus terminalibus cylindraceis densissime conferti. Perianthium e filis tenuissimis articulatis sepius paleis elongatis apice anguste spathulatis ovariis staminibusve imperfectis immixtis. Fl. 3: Stamina numerosa, filamentis filiformibus brevibus v. elongatis flaccidis distinctis v. varie connatis brevibus v. elongatis; antheræ lineares v. lineari-oblongæ, basifixæ, loculis oppositis 2-locellatis, rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus, connectivo simplici v. in conum producto, polline conglobato 4-dymo. Fl. 2: Ovarium angustum, basi attenuatum in stipitem brevem v. elongatum productum, superne in stylum gracilem erectum brevem v. elongatum productum, stigmate linguiformi v. lineari. Fructus minutus, subsessilis v. longe stipitatus, ellipsoideus v. cylindraceus, siccus, demum fissus. Semen pericarpio conforme, testa striata, albumine farinaceo; embryo axilis, angustus, cylindraceus, albumini fere æquilongus.--Herbse paludose v. lacustres, gregariæ, graciles v. robustæ, interdum elatæ, glaberrimæ, rhizomate valido repente, caulibus erectis simplicibus basi submersis. Folia radicalia, linearielongata, crassiuscule spongiosa, costata v. ecostata; caulina pauca, breviora. Pedunculus erectus, teres, strictus, gracilis v. robustus, indivisus. Spadices & et 2 consimiles, superpositi, pedunculum fere terminantes, contigui v. remoti, nudi v. spathis caducissimis stipati, Flores in cylindrum ob copia filorum perianthii velutinum densissime conferti. Fructus minutus, ob fila pappiformia vento deflatus.

Species ad 10, paludibus aquæ dulcis regionum tropicarum et temperatarum incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 90, 583. Rohrb. in Verhandl. Bot. Verein. Brandenb. xi. 67. Walp. Ann. iii. 495, v. 862. Gærtn. Fruct. 1, t. 2. Nees, Gen. Pl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 41. L. C. Rich. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvii. t. 5, f. 8, 9. L. C. Rich. in Guill. Archiv. i. 193, t. 5. Spach, Suites Buff. t. 93. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 281. Reiohb. Ic. Fl. Germ. ix. t. 319 ad 323. Pollini, Fl. Veron. iii. t. 1. Webb. Phytog. Canar. t. 218.

2. Sparganium, Linn. Gen. n. 1041. (Platanaria, S. F. Gray, Nat. Arr. Brit. Pl. ii. 39.)—Flores in spadicibus globosis axillaribus conferti. Perianthium e squamis paucis irregularibus membranaceis elongato-cuneatis. Stamina plurima, filamentis distinctis; antheræ oblongæ v. cuneatæ, basifixæ, loculis oppositis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus, connectivo non producto; polline globoso. Ovarium solitarium, sessile, turbinatum v. cuneiforme, 1-2-loculare, vertice solido subconico in stylos 1 v. 2 breves v. elongatos producto, stigmate unilaterali subulato v. lingulato. Fructus sessilis, obovoideus cuneiformis v. fusiformis, angulatus, pericarpio extus spongioso, endocarpio 1-2-loculari duro apice pertuso, indehiscens. Semen pericarpio conforme, testa tenuissima, albumine farinaceo; embryo axilis, cylindraceus.—Herbæ aquaticæ, rhizomate gracili v. mediocri, caulibus simplicibus v. ramosis foliosis erectis v. in aquam pronis. Folia alterna, lineari-elongata, stricta v. flaccida, erecta v. natantia, integerrima, costata v. ecostata, subspongiosa, basi vaginantia. Pedunculi simplices v. ramosi, ramis sæpius basi foliaceo-bracteatis. Spadices parvi v. mediocres, & terminales, sæpe in ramis superpositi, sessiles v. rhachin amplectentes; inferiores Q, in ramis sossiles v. pedunculati.

Species ad 6, regionibus temperatis et subfrigidis hemisphæriæ borealis et Australasiæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 88. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 19. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 40. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. ix. t. 324 ad 326. Schkuhr, Handb. /. 282. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 166, 168.

## Ordo CXCI. AROIDEE.

Endl. Gen. 232. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 127. Schott, Aroideæ, 1853, cum tabb. 60; Icones Aroidearum, 1857, cum tabb. 40; Genera Aroidearum, 1858, cum tabb. 98; Prodr. Syst. Aroid. 1860. Engler, Araceæ (DC. Monogr. Phanerog. ii.), 1879. Orontiaceæ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 193.

Flores in spadicem simplicem dispositi, nunc hermaphroditi et omnes conformes, nunc monoici d'in parte superiore spadicis, rarissime dioici, distincti v. varie confluentes, d'et 2

non raro in laminam spadicem involventem demum solutam confluentes. Perianthium in floribus monoicis 0, v. rarissime cupuliforme; in hermaphroditis hypogynum, e segmentis 4-6 cuneatis v. obovatis apicibus truncatis v. incurvis imbricatis, v. rarius in urceolum lobatum v. truncatum connatis. Stamina in fl. hermaphroditis 4-8, distincta, hypogyna, foliolis perianthii opposita, filamentis dilatatis, antheris terminalibus loculis juxtapositis poris v. rimulis dorso dehiscentibus; in fl. monoicis stamina 1-∞, distincta v. in corpus peltatum prismaticum v. sinuatum vertice deplanatum confluentia. Autheræ distinctæ v. in staminibus confluentibus ope connectivi incrassati connatæ, loculis discretis v. juxtapositis liberis v. connectivo immersis et apice poro dehiscentibus v. dorso ejus adnatis et poris terminalibus v. rimis dorsalibus dehiscentibus, rarissime in tubulos apice pervios productis; connectivum polymorphum, seepe loculos superans; pollen globosum v. ellipsoideum, lævigatum, pulvereum v. in farciminula conglomeratum (pollen vermiforme). Staminodia vera subulata v. clavata inter fl. 2 et infra fl. 3 occurrunt, et præterea organa multiformia, tam d quam Q, staminodia simulantia, que organa neutra nuncupamus, non raro adsunt. Ovarium globosum ovoideum oblongum v. lageniforme, integrum, rarissime lobatum, basi lata sessile v. inferne spadici immersum, 1-coloculare, septis perfectis v. imperfectis, vertice in stylum attenuato v. tumido v. dilatato deplanato et loculo multo latiore. Stylus 0, v. brevis v. elongatus, semper terminalis et indivisus, rectus, rarissime curvus : stigma terminale, discoideum pulvinare v. capitatum, sepe guttam mucosam distillans, interdum in vertice ovarii sessile, linearioblongum rima medio exsculpta, in paucis lobatum v. stellatum. Ovula in loculis solitaria v. plura, basilaria v. placentis parietalibus et axilibus v. aciebus semiseptorum affixa, v. ab apice loculi pendula, brevia v. elongata, sessilia v. funiculo brevi v. elongato interdum cristato affixa, orthotropa micropyle tholum loculi spectante nunc anatropa v. semi-anatropa, rarius campylotropa v. amphitropa, micropyle sæpe magno hiante fundum loculi spectante. Fructus in spadice plures, liberi v. connati, baccati v. membranacei, indehiscentes v. verticibus crasse coriaceis suboperculatim solutis, loculis sæpissime pulpa glutinosa v. mucilaginosa repletis, 1-\infty-spermi. Semina parva v. magna, globosa ellipsoidea v. oblonga, recta v. curva, umbilico laterali v. basali poculiformi v. exsculpta; testa membranacea coriacea v. crustacea, lævis striata punctata scrobiculata v. cristata, rhaphe varia, endopleura membranacea; albumen sæpius copiosum, carnosum, rarius farinaceum corneum parcum v. 0. Embryo axilis, elongatus, rarius parvus v. minutus, in semine exalbuminoso hippocrepicus et macropodus.

Plantæ glaberrimæ, rarissime pubescentes v. aculeatæ, succo aqueo v. caustico v. lacteo, herbaceæ et acaules v. caulescentes, rhizomate tuberoso v. elongato rarissime repente, nunc fruticosæ caulibus sympodialibus ope radicum scandentibus. Folia in speciebus tuberiferis solitaria v. pauca, proteranthera hysteranthera v. floribus coætanea, in caulescentibus alterna disticha v. spiraliter disposita, integra pertusa lobata pinnatifida pinnatisecta v. pedatisecta, in perplurimis hastata v. sagittata; præter folia normalia, catafhylla membranacea sæpe 2-carinata pedunculum v. folia vaginantia adsunt. Pedunculus simplex, rarissime ramosus, in speciebus herbaceis sæpissime terminalis, in frutescentibus axillaris. Spatha forma varia, in plerisque generibus colorata, colore viridi atro flavescente rubescente v. purpurascente, nunquam cærulescente. Flores parvi v. minuti, interdum fœtidissimi.

Species fere 900, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis maxima copia dispersæ, in regionibus temperatis rariores, in frigidis omnino desunt.

Ordo valde naturalis, vix tamen nisi habitu a Naiadcis, Cyclanthaceis, et Typhaceis facile distinguendus, nec a Pandaneis nisi habitu, et (Van Tieghemo ducente, Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 7, vi. 196) stipitis morphologia. Cum Palmis quibus per Pandaneas auctores quidam putaverunt associandum esse, nulla vera affinitas. Ordo assidue elaboratus est per Schottium, qui multo acumine species ordinavit et tribus, subtribus, et genera, sumpta pro maxima parte de exemplaribus vivis, fundavit: nimia tamen genera proposuit secundum singulos characteres. Engler multa genera Schottiana sagaciter redegit; nobis tamen judicibus infeliciter pro systemate Schottiano novum proposuit ad characteres histologicos axis incrementi conditum, quod nobis videtur mancum quoad explicationem

affinitatum naturalium, ut et modum generum determinandorum; nec possumus habere tribus 33 in quas ordinem distribuit adoptione dignas.

In hoc ordine magis quam in ullo alio, opus est nobis, sine arcta confirmatione, characteres aliis auctoribus propositos (imprimis Schottianos) secundum exemplaria viva, accepere, cum sub exsiccatione omnes evanescunt, quo statu solum, tot genera nobis accedunt. Contra autem, ex laboribus N. E. Brownei multum utilitatis percepimus, qui in Herbario Kewensi concorporavit seriem pretiosam observationum et analyses de die in diem sumpta ex exemplaribus quæ in Horto Kewensi alibique flores exhibuerunt.

#### FORME ABNORMES.

Habitus abnormis est in Pistia, etsi inflorescentia floresque fere Ambrosiniæ exhibet.

Flores  $\mathcal{E}$  et  $\mathcal{P}$  in seriebus parallelis longitudinalibus ordinati sunt in *Spathicarpa* et *Spathantheo*. Inter genera perianthio donata, in *Zamioculcade* solo flores superiores etsi revera masculi ovariis

bene evolutis instructi sunt.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Series A. Flores monoici (in Arisæmate interdum dioici). Perianthium 0.

Tribus I. Arinece. Spadix (*Pistia* excepta) appendiculatus. Flores superiores 3. Perianthium 0. Stamina libera, antherarum loculis connectivo majoribus. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis orthotropis.—*Herhæ acaules*.

Subtribus 1. Alleluchieæ. Tubus spathæ ope dilatationis spadicis clausus v. in loculos 2 divisus.

- 1. CRYPTOCORYNE. Spathæ faux clausa, inflorescentia tota tubo inclusa. Fl. Q: Ovaria monocycla, inter se connata. Fructus syncarpium valvatim dehiscens. Herbæ paludosæ v. aquaticæ. Ind. or., ins. Malay.
- 2. LAGENANDRA. Spathæ faux clausa, inflorescentia tota tubo inclusa. Fl. Q: Ovaria polycycla. Fructus baccatus. Herbæ paludosæ.—Ind. or.
- 3. Pinellia. Spathæ faux clausa; inflorescentia Q tubo inclusa; & exsorta. Herbæ foliis 3-v. pedati-sectis.—China, Japon.
- 4. Ambrosinia. Spathæ tubus 2-locularis; inflorescentia & in loculo postico, Q uniflora in antico inclusa. Herba foliis integris.—Reg. Mediterr.
- Subtribus 2. Pistiex. Spalix inappendiculatus, spatha dorso adnatus. Fl. 3: Stamma 2, connata, spadicis apice inserta; fl. \( \) solitarius, dorso tubo spatha basi lata longe adnatus, ovulis orthotropis.
  - 5. Pistia. Herba natans, acaulis, stolonifera, foliis rosulatis cuneato-obovatis.—Aquæ dulces tropicarum.
- Subtribus 3. Arisareæ. Spadix appendiculatus, liber v. basi spadicis adnatus. Fl. 3 sparsi; antheræ in processubus spadicis sessiles. Folia et flores coætanci.
  - 6. Arisarum. Spathæ tubus marginibus connatis. Fl. 5 monandri, antheris hippocrepicis. --Req. Mediterr.
  - 7. Arisema. Spathæ tubus convolutus. Flores sæpissime dioici, 3 2-5-andri.—As. temp. et subtrop., Am. bor., Abyssinia.

Subtribus 4. Euarineæ. Spadix liber, appendiculatus. Fl. & densi; antheræ sessiles v. subsessiles. Folia sæpe proteranthia.

- \* Spathæ tubus marginibus connatis.
- 8. Biarum. Ovulum solitarium. Folia integra.—Reg. Mediterr.
- 9. SAUROMATUM. Ovula 2-4. Folia pedatisecta.—As. trop., Afr. trop.
  - \*\* Spathæ tubus convolutus.
- 10. ABUM. Ovala co, parietalia, 2-seriata. Bacca polysperma. Folia hastata v. sagittata. Europ., As. occid.
- 11. Typnonium. Ovula 1-2, basilaria. Bacca 1-2-sperma. Folia sagittata, 3-5-loba v. pedatisecta.—As. trop., Austral., ins. Pacific.

- 12. Theriophonum. Ovula numerosa, basi et apici loculi insarta. Bacca oligosperma. Folia sagittata v. hastata.—*Ind. or.*
- 13. Helicophyllum. Ovula 2, basilaria. Bacca 1-2-sperma. Folia pedatisecta, segmentis lateralibus convolutis.—-As. occid.
- 14. Helicodiceros. Ovula pauca, basi et apici loculi inserta. Spadiois appendix crinita. Fl. & et  $\, \varphi \,$  remoti, organis neutris interpositis. Folia pedatisecta, segmentis lateralibus convolutis,—Ins. Balear.
- 15. Dracunculus. Ovula pauca, basi et apice loculi inserta. Fl. & et Q contigui. Folia pedatisecta, segmentis lateralibus convolutis.—Europ. austr., ins. Canar.
- Tribus II. Stilochitonese. Spadix inappendiculatus. Flores superiores  $\mathcal{O}$ , inferiores  $\mathcal{O}$ . Perianthium fl.  $\mathcal{O}$  annulare, fl.  $\mathcal{O}$  cupulare. Stamina distincta, filamentis brevibus v. elongatis, loculis connectivo latioribus. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis anatropis. Herbæ foliis simplicibus.
  - 16. STYLOCHITON. Spathæ tubus marginibus connatis,—Afr. trop. et austr.
- Tribus III. Zomicarpese. Spadix appendiculatus. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina distincta, antheris didymis. Fl. 2: Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis anatropis.—Herbæ tuberosæ.
  - 17. ZOMICARPA. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis 6-9 elongatis. Herbæ, foliis proterantheris 3- v. pedati-sectis.—Brasil.
  - 18. Zomicarpella. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo solitario. Herba parvula, foliis ovatis cordatis v. sagittatis.—Nov. Grenada.
- Tribus IV. Pythoniese. Spadix appendiculatus v. inappendiculatus. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina distincta, sessilia v. stipitata, antherarum loculis connectivo latioribus. Fl. Q: Ovarium 1-co-loculare, ovulis anatropis v. semi-anatropis, micropyle infera. Herbæ acaules, tubere magno, foliis sæpissime proterantheris pedatisectis et pinnatifidis.
  - \* Spadix appendiculatus, inflorescentiis & et Q contiguis, organibus neutris 0.
  - 19. Amorphophallus. Spadicis appendix lævis, floribus omnibus perfectis,  $\delta$  et  $\varphi$  arcte contiguis.—As. trop., ins. Malay. et Pacific.
  - 20. Thomsonia. Spacicis appendix processubus conicis onusta, floribus  $\delta$  superioribus sterilibus,  $\delta$  et  $\mathfrak T$  arcto contiguis.—Himalaya.
  - 21. Pseudodracontium. Spadicis appendix processubus verrucosis onusta, floribus of omnibus perfectis sparsis.— Cochinchina.
    - \*\* Spadix appendiculatus; inflorescentia & a Q remota, organibus neutris interpositis.
  - 22. Synantherias. Spadicis appendix gracilis. Stamina circa discum disposita. Ovarium 2-loculare, ovulis septo affixis.—Penins. Ind. or.
  - 23. Rhaphiophallus. Spadicis appendix gracilis. Stamina sine ordine conferta. Ovarium 3-loculare, ovulis basilaribus.—Penins. Ind. or.
  - 24. ? Xenophya. Spadicis appendix elongata. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis 6 basilaribus.—
    Nov. Guinea.
    - \*\*\* Spadix inappendiculatus.
  - 25. Plesmonium. Fl. 3 et ♀ remoti, organis neutris magnis margaritiformibus interpositis. Ovarium 2-3-loculare.—Bengal.
  - 26. Anchomanes. Fl. & et & contigui, organis neutris 0. Ovarium decurvum, tuberculatum, 1-loculare.—Afr. trop.
- Tribus V. Colocasies. Spadix (Schizecasia excepta) inappendiculatus. Flores superiores 3, inferiores 9. Perianthium 0 (urceolo in fl. 9 Peltandra excepto). Stamina in corpus sepissime prismaticum sessile v. peltatum connata. Ovarium 1-00-loculare.
  - \* Ovula orthotropa v. fere orthotropa, micropyle supera.
  - † Spathæ tubus apertus. Fructus tubo non involutus.
  - 27. Artorsis. Stamina omnia inter se connata. Ovarium 1-loculare, placentis 4-6 multi-ovulatis, stigmate 4-6-fido. Herbæ pusillæ, tuberosæ, foliis peltatis.—*Ind. or.*

- 11 Spathæ tubus convolutus. Fructus tubo involutus.
- 28. Remusatia. Ovarium basi 1-loculare, apice 2-4-loculare, ovulis numerosis placentis 3-4-parietalibus 2-seriatim affixis. Herbæ tuberosæ annis alternis foliiferi et floriferi; spathæ lamina aperta.—*Ind. or., Java*.
- 29. Gonatanthus. Ovarium 1-loculare, v. apice 2-3-loculare, ovulis numerosis basilaribus. Herbæ tuberosæ, spathæ tubo medio constricto, lamina anguste elongata convoluta.—Mont. Himal.
- 30. Colocasia. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis numerosis placentis 3-5 parietalibus 2-seriatim affixis. Herbæ magnæ, tuberosæ v. caudice crasso, spathæ lamina aperta.—As. trop., una amphigæa culta.
- 31. ALOCASIA. Ovarium 1-loculare, v. apice 3-4-loculare, ovulis paucis basilaribus. Herbæ clatæ, caudice crasso subcrecto, foliis sagittatis cordatis.—As. trop.
- 32. Anumas. Ovarium imperfecte 2-loculare, ovulis numerosis placentis latis basilaribus. affixis. Herba rhizomate prorepente, foliorum nervis tenuissimis parallelis.—A/r. trop.
- 33. Peltandra. Ovarium cupulæ immersum, 1-loculare, ovulis 1 paucis subparietalibus. Embryo exalbuminosus. Herba paludosa, rhizomate crasso, foliis hastatis nervis tenuissimis densis.—Amer. hor.
  - \*\* Ovula anatropa v. semianatropa, micropyle infera.

## † Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ.

- 34. CALADIUM. Ovaria distincta v. levitor coherentia, 2-3-locularia, ovulis in loculis numerosis septo adnatis. Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis membranaceis annuis cordatis v. sagittatis. -- Amer. trop.
- 35. Xanthosoma. Ovaria inferne distincta superne crasse dilatata et coadunata, 2-3-locularia, ovulis in loculis plurimis septo affixis. Herbæ tuberosæ v. caudice elongato, foliis coriaceis sagittatis v. pedatisectis.—Amer. trop.
- 36. Typhonodrum. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo solitario basilari. Herbæ robustæ, caudice crasso, foliis triangulari-hastatis v. cordatis.—Madagasc.
- 37.? Chlorospatha. Ovaria distincta, 2-3-locularia, ovulis in loculis pluribus, placentis subventralibus. Herba tuberosa, foliis pedatisectis.—Nov. Grenada.

## †† Spatha aperta. Baccæ tubo non inclusæ.

- 38. ? HAPALINE. Pelta staminum elongato-hexagona, tenuissima. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Herba gracilis, tuborosa, foliis peltatis cordato-sagittatis.—Burma.
- 39. ? Scaphispatha. Staminum filamenta in columnam 4 sulcatam antheris æquilongam connata. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis 4 basilaribus.—Bohvu.
- 40.? Schizocasia. Stamina in columnam prismaticam connata. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulis plurimis.—Nov. Guinea, ins. Philipp.

Tribus VI. Philodendrees. Spadix inappendiculatus (v. rarius appendice nuda v. organis neutris induta). Flores superiores &, inferiores Q. Perianthium 0. Stamina distincta v. rarius in corpus prismaticum connata, connectivo sæplus loculis latiore. Herbæ v. frutices, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Spadix sæplissime spatha brevior, rarissime medio nudus.

EXCEPTA: Stamina in Syngonio dorso coherentia.

- \* Fructus tubo sputhæ non inclusus. Spatha tota decidua, marcescens. Stamina in generibus paucis connata.
- † Frutices scandentes. Fl. & steriles inter fertiles & et \( \) (Rhektophyllo excepto). (Stamina distincta v. connata.)
  - 41. Philodendron. Stamina in corpus prismaticum connata. Ovaria distincta, 2-10-locularia, ovulis orthotropis angulo interiori loculorum affixis. Semina albuminosa. Folia varia.—Amer. trop.
  - 42. Thaumatophyllum. Spadix appendiculatus. Stamina distincta antheris angustis stipitatis. Ovaria distincta, ovulis orthotropis numerosissimis. Folia pedato-pinnatisecta.—
    Brasil. bor.
  - 43. Syngonium. Stamina in corpus prismaticum connata. Ovaria coherentia, 1-2-locularia, Vol. III. 3 Q

- ovulis in loculis solitariis anatropis basilaribus. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo. Folia pedatisecta.—Amer. trop.
- 44. Porphyrospatha. Stamina connata. Ovaria distincta, 2-locularia, ovulis in loculis 1-2 anatropis, placentis centralibus. Folia sagittata v. 3-secta.—Costa-Rica.
- 45. Culcasia. Stamina distincta. Ovaria sparsa, 1-2-locularia, ovulis in loculis solitariis anatropis basilaribus. Semina albuminosa. Folia ovata v. lanceolata.—Afr. trop.
- 46. CERCESTIS. Stamina distincta. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo solitario anatropo supra-basilari. Semen exalbuminosum, embryone macropodo. Folia sagittato- v. hastato-cordata.—

  Afr. trop.
- 47. Rhektophyllum. Stamina distincta. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo solitario anatropo parietali. Folia ampla, pertusa v. paucipinnatisecta.—Afr. trop.

## ## Herbæ acaules v. caudice erecto. Stamina distincta.

- 48. AGLAONEMA. Fl. 3 et 2 contigui. Ovarium 1-2-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, placentis intrusis affixa. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo. Folia ovata v. ovato-lanceolata.—Amer. trop., Afr. trop.
- 49. Philonotion. Fl. g et g longe remoti. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum 1, anatropum, parietale. Folia lanceolata.—Fl. Amazon.
- 50. Montrichardia. Fl. δ et Q contigui. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula gemina, anatropa, subbasilaria. Semen exalbuminosum, embryone macropodo. Folia sagittata.—Amer. trop.
- 51. Nephthytis. Fl. S et ♀ contigui. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum 1, sub apice loculi pendulum, anatropum. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo. Folia late sagittata.—Afr. trop.
  - \*\* Fructus tubo accrescente spathæ inclusus, lamina marcescente decidua. Herbæ acaules, staminibus distinctis.
- 52. RICHARDIA. Fl. δ et  $\circ$  contigui. Ovarium staminodiis instructum, 2-5-loculare; ovula anatropa, angulo interiori affixa. Semina albuminosa. Folia sagittata.—Afr. aust.
- \*\*\* Fructus spatha tota persistente inclusus. Herbæ acaules v. caudice erecto, staminibus distinctis.
  - 53. Homalonema. Fl. 3 et Q contigui. Ovarium staminodiis instructum, 3-4-loculare; ovula anatropa, septis adnata. Semina albuminosa. Folia lanceolata v. cordata.—As. trop., Amer. trop.
  - 54. CHAMÆCLADON. Fl. & et ♀ contigui. Ovarium staminodiis instructum; ovula in loculis plura, anatropa, angulo interiori adnata. Semina albuminosa. Folia ovata v. lanceolata.—
    Asia trop.
- 1\*\* Fructus tubo turbinato spathæ cinctus, lamina circumscisse decidua. Herbæ sæpius parvulæ, acaules, foliis lonceolatis ellipticis v. cordatis, staminibus distinctis. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula parietalia.

## † Ovula anatropa.

- 55. Schismatoglottis. Spadix inappendiculatus, floribus & perpaucis superioribus omnibus sterilibus. Stamina truncata.—Archip. Malay.
  - 56. APATEMONE. Spadicis appendix tuberculata. Stamina truncata.—Archip. Malay.
  - 57. Buckphalandra. Spadix inappendiculatus. Antheræ 2-cornutæ.—Borneo.
- 58. Rhynchopyle. Spadix inappendiculatus. Fl. & v. fere omnes perfecti. Stamina truncata. —Borneo.

### †† Ovula orthotropa.

- 59. PIPTOSPATHA. Spadix inappendiculatus. Antheræ connectivum longe productum. Ovaria distincta.—Borneo.
- 60. GAMOGYNE. Spadix inappendiculatus. Antheræ truncatæ. Ovaria omnia connata.—Borneo.
- 61. MICROCASIA. Spadix appendice subglobosa lavi coronatus. Anthera 2-aristatæ. Ovaria pauca, distincta.—Borneo.
- Tribus VII. Diesenbachiese. Spadix inappendiculatus. Flores superiores 3, inferiores 2. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina in corpus sessile v. stipitatum connata. Fl. 2: Staminodia ovarium cingentia 2-8, distincta v. in cupulam connata. Ovarium 2-5-loculare; ovula angulo interiori loculorum affixa, orthotropa v. anatropa.

- \* Stigma sessile, pulvinare. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo.
- 62. DIEFFENRACHIA. Stamina in corpus sessile connata. Ovarium 1-3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis; ovula anatropa. Folia oblonga. - Amer. trop.
- \*\* Stigma sæpius stylum terminans, lobatum v. capitatum. Semina albuminosa. Stamina (Gesro excepto) in corpus peltatum connata.
  - 63. TACCARUM. Ovarium 3-6-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stigmate capitato; ovula anatropa. Folia pinnatisecta.—Brasil.
  - 64. Andromycia. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stigmate 3-crure; ovula anatropa. Folia pedatisecta.—Cuba.
  - 65. STAUROSTIGMA. Ovarium 3-5-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stigmate radiatim 3-5-lobo; ovula anatropa. Folia pinnatisecta.—Amer. trop.
  - 66. Gearum. Ovarium 3-4-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stigmate subsessili 3-4-lobo; ovula orthotropa. Folia pedata. - Brasil.
  - 67. Mangonia. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 2-ovulatis, stigmate 3-lobo; ovula anatropa Folia sagittata.—Prov. Argent.
  - 68. STEUDNERA. Ovarium 1-loculare, loculis ∞-ovulatis, stigmate stellatim 3-5-lobo; ovula orthotropa. Folia ovato-oblonga, peltata. - Burma.
  - 69. Gorgonidium. Ovarium 4-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis, stigmate depresso 4-lobo; ovula orthotropa.-Sualia.

Tribus VIII. Spathicarpess. Spadix per totam longitudinem spaths adnatus. Flores in serie longitudinali ordinati, seriebus exterioribus (spathæ contiguis) 2, intermedia 3. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina in corpus peltatum connata. Fl. Q: Ovarium staminodiis instructum; ovula orthotropa. Herbæ acaules.

- 70. SPATHICARPA. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovulo solitario basilari. Brasil.
- 71. Spathantheum. Ovarium 4-co-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis.—Bolivia.

Series B. Flores hermaphroditi, perianthio 0.

- Tribus IX. Callece. Spadix inappendiculatus. Flores omnes fertiles v. pauci ad basin v. apicem spadicis abortu unisexuales. Stamina 4-co, distincta, filamentis complanatis linearibus; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus. Ovarium obpyramidatum v. prismaticum, vertice dilatato deplanato; stigma in centro verticis sessile v. subsessile, in directione spadicis elongatum, depressum, medio sulcatum; ovula anatropa v. campylotropa.—Frutices scandentes, foliis simplicibus, rarius herbæ.
  - \* Herba aquatica, rhizomate repente. Spatha accrescens, persistens.
  - 72. Calla. Spadix stipitatus. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula 6-9 basilaria. Semina albuminosa.—Europ., Amer. bor.
    - \*\* Frutices, rarius herbæ, scandentes. Spatha decidua.

## † Spadix stipitatus.

- 73. Stenospermation. Ovarium 2-loculare; ovula in loculis 4-6, basi septi affixa. Semina albuminosa .- Amer. trop.
- 74. Rhodospathe. Ovarium 2-loculare; ovula in loculis plura, a basi ad apicem septi affixa. Semina compressa, reniformia, cristata, albumine parco. - Amer. trop.
- 75. Heterofsis. Ovarium perfecte v. imperfecte 2-loculare; ovula in loculis 2, basi septi affixa .- Brasil., Guiana.
- 76. Anadendrum. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum solitarium, basilare. Semen exalbuminosum, embryone macropodo.—Archip. Malay.

## ++ Spadix sessilis.

- 77. Monstera. Ovarium 2-loculare; ovula in loculis 2, basi septi affixa. Bacca cohserentes. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo.—Amer. trop.
- 78. Scindarsus. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum solitarium, basilare. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo.—Asia trop., ins. Pacific.

3 Q 2

- 79. Rhaphidophora. Ovarium 1- v. imperfecte 2-loculare; ovula numerom, placentis ad apicem loculi productis affixa. Baccæ coherentes, polyspermæ. Semina teretiuscula, albuminosa.
- 80. Epipermun. Ovarium 1- v. imperfecte 2-loculare; ovula in loculis 2 v. plura. Baccar 1-sperma. Semen reniforme, albuminosum.—Archipel. Malay., ins. Pacific.
- 81.? Amynerum. Ovarium 2-loculare, stigmate capitato; ovula in loculis solitaria, basi septi affixa.—Archip. Malay.
- Series C. Flores omnes hermaphroditi (Zamioculcado excepto). Perianthium e segmentis 4-8 distinctis.
- Tribus X. Eamicculcasiese. Flores in spadice inappendiculate abortu unisexuales, superiores & ovariis effectis, inferiores Q antheris effectis. Perianthii segmenta 4. Herbæ acaules, foliis 1-3-pinnatisectis.
  - 82. Zamioculcas. Ovarium 2-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, antropa.—Afr. trop. or.
- Tribus XI. Orontieze. Flores in spadice inappendiculate hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 4, 6, v. 8.
- Subtribus 1. Euorontieæ. Spatha stipitem longissimum pedunculiformem spadicis vaginans, lamina incompleta v. 0. Spadix sursum florens. Ovarium 1-2-loculare.
  - 83. ORONTIUM. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum solitarium, semi-anatropum. Herba aquatica. —Amer. bor.
  - 84. Lysichitum. Ovarium 2-loculare ovula in loculis 1-2, orthotropa, ab apice funiculi basilaris pendula. Herba paludosa.—Asia bor. orient., Amer. bor. occ.
- Subtribus 2. Dracontiew. Spathu fornicata, deu persistens. Spadex sursum florens. Ovareum 2-3-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, semi-anatropa v. campylotropa.
  - 85. SYMPLOCARPUS. Spadix globosus. Ovarium 1-2-loculare; ovula sub apice loculorum pendula. Rhizoma prorepens, foliis cordatis.—As. bor., Amer. bor.
  - 86. Dracontium. Spadix cylindraceus. Ovarium incomplete 2-3-loculare; ovula angulo interiori loculorum affixa. Herba tuberosa, foliis 3-sectis v. pinnatifidis.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 3. Lasieæ. Spatha elongata, sæpe torta, rarius breviuscula, diu persistens. Spadix deorsum florens. Ovarium 1-5-loculare; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa v. semi-anatropa.
  - 87. Lasia. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylo crasso; ovulum ab apice loculi pendulum. Herba aculeata, foliis pedato-pinnatifidis, spatha elongata torta.—As. trop.
  - 88. Podolasia. Ovarium 1-loculare, stigmate sessili; ovulum subbasilare. Herba caudice erecto, foliis hastatis, spatha cymbiformi obtusa.— Borneo.
  - 89. Urospatha. Ovarium 2-loculare; stigma sessile; ovula in loculis 2-00. Herbæ cau dice erecto, foliis liastatis, spatha elongata acuminata.—Amer. trop.
  - 90. Anaphyllum. Ovarium 1-loculare, stigmate sessili; ovulum parietale. Herba caudice prorepente, foliis pedato-pinnatisectis, spatha lanceolata longe acummata.—Ind. or.
  - 91. OPHIONE. Ovarium 4-5-loculare, stylo crasso; ovula angulo interiori loculorum affixa. Herba tuberosa, spatha lanceolata.—Nov. Grenada.
  - 92. CYRTOSPERMA. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula placentis parietalibus 2-seriatim inserta. Herbæ rhizomate tuberoso v. prorepente, foliis hastatis.— Asia, Africa, et Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 4. Spathiphylleæ. Spatha tandem foliacea, accrescens, persistens, tota explanata. Spadix sursum florens. Ovarium 3-4-loculare; ovula anatropa.
  - 93. SPATHIPHYLLUM. Stigma 3-4-lobum; ovula in loculis 2-8, angulo interiori loculorum affixa.—Herbæ subacaules, foliis oblongis v. lanccolatis.—Amer. trop., Archip. Malay.
- Subtribus 5. Anthuriese. Spatha accrescens, persistens, aperta, recurva v. reflexa. Spadix sursum florens. Ovarium 2-loculare.
  - 94. Anthurium. Ovarii loculi 1-2-ovulati.—Herbæ v. frutices acaules v. scandentes, foliis variis.—Amer. trop.

- Subtribus 6. Pothoiness. Spotha accrescens, persistens v. obsoletus. Spadia suršum florens. Ovarium 1-3-loculare. Semina exalbuminosa, embryone macropodo.
  - 95. Pothos. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis 1-ovulatis. Frutices scandentes, lamina folii cum petiolo dilatato articulata.—As. trop., Austral., ins. Pacif., Madagasc.
  - 96. Potholdium. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum. Frutex scandens, petiolo dilatato cum lamina angustiore articulato.—Archip. Malay.
- Subtribus 7. Acorese. Spatha obsoleta v. obscura. Spadix sursum florens. Ovarium 1-3 lare, ovula orthotropa.
  - 97. Acorus. Spadix solitarius, in margine pedunculi ensiformis sessilis. Ovarium 2-3-loculare; ovula ab apice loculi pendula. Herbæ aromaticæ, foliis ensiformibus.—Reg. temp. bor.
  - 98. GYMNOSTACHYS. Spadices racemosi, longe pedunculati. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovulum solitarium, ab apice loculi pendulum. Herba tuberosa, foliis gramineis.—Australia.

### GENERA DUBIA.

ANTHELIA, Schott in Miq. Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 127, genus imperfecte descriptum, insularu m Celebes incola, est ut nobis videtur planta *Raphidophoræ* affinis, sed stigmate punctiformi, ovario imperfecte biloculari loculis 2-ovulatis, et ovulis funiculis brevibus semianatropis placentis septifixis peltatim affixis.

ARISACONTIS, Schott, Prod. 415, genus ab Englero prætermissum, ad folium tantum in insula Radack a Chamisso detectum conditum, omnino dubium est.

## TRIBUS I. ARINEÆ.

1. Cryptocoryne, Fisch. ex Wydl. in Lunnaa, v. 428. (Myrioblastus, Wall. mss.)— Flores in spadice tenuissimo apice fauci spatha accreto monoici, 3 et 2 longe distantes. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina 1 2, distincta; anthera breves, sessiles, truncatæ, loculis contiguis oppositis apice processubus conicis perforatis dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 2 ad basin spadicis monocycli, rarius cyclo addito superposito abortivo, inter se et cum spadice connati, in stylos breves recurvos liberos attenuati, 1-loculares, stigmatibus discoideis v. oblongis retrorsum spectantibus; ovula in loculis numerosa, orthotropa. erecta, funiculis brevissimis dense pilosis angulo interiori loculi 2-4-seriatim affixa, Baccæ in syncarpium carnosum pluriloculare connatæ, pericarpio micropyle supera. disrupto valvatim dehiscentes, valvis stellatim expansis, polyspermæ. Semina obovoidea v. oblonga, testa haud crassa rugosa, albumine copioso; embryo axilis, plumula interdum polyphylla, in bacca germinans.—Herbæ aquaticæ v. paludosæ, rhizomate repente stolonifero, caudice epigeo. Folia oblongo- v. lineari- v. cordato-lanceclata v. ovata, costa valida, nervis gracilibus, transversis tenuissimis. Pedunculus brevis elongatus v. 0. Spathin tubus brevis v. elongatus, marginibus connatis, fauce plica reflexa spadicis apico dilatati accreta clausa; lamina angusta, recta plicata v. torta. Spadix inter flores & et 2 nudus, tenuis v. incrassatus; inflorescentia & cylindracea, multiflora, 2 pauciflora.

Species ad 25, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Engl. Arac. 623, et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ort. 1879, 301. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 242, t. 4. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 1; Aroid. t. 12, 13. Blume, Rumph. 1, t. 36. Griff. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. t. 10 ad 12; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 170 ad 172. Wight, Ic. t. 773. Roxb. Cor. Pl. iii. t. 294 (Ambrosinia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 525 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 2220 (Arum).

2. Lagenandra, Daliell in Hook. Kew Journ. iv. 289.—Flores in spadice tenuissimo sub apice fauci spathae accreto monoici, & et 2 longe distantes. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 1-2, sessilia, distincta; antheræ didymæ, truncatæ, loculis contiguis oppositis cornubus perforatis dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 2 numerosi, spiraliter dispositi, organis paucis neutris tuberculiformibus superpositis. Ovaria inter se libera v. connata, obpyramidata, 1-locularia; stigma peltatum v. discoideum; ovula 1-∞, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brovibus placentæ basilari aflixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ liberæ v. connatæ, stigmate coronatæ, 1-6-spermæ. Semina oblonga v. cylindracea,

testa haud crassa rugoso-costata, albumine copioso corneo; embryo axilis.—Herbæ aquaticæ v. paludosæ, rhizomate repente stolonifero, caudice epigæo diviso. Folia longe v. breviter petiolata, ovata v. lanceolata, costa valida, nervis tenuibus. Pedunculus elongatus. Spathæ tubus marginibus connatis, fauce plica reflexa spadicis apici dilatati accreta clausa, lamina lanceolata v. subulata, convoluta v. torta, Spadix brevissime appendiculatus; inflorescentia d' et 2 cylindracea.

Species 4, Indise orientalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 620. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 2.

3. Pinellia, Tenore in Atti R. Acad. Sc. Nap. iv. 57, cum ic. ex ejusd. Cat. Ort. Bot. Nap. 91, et in Atti Rinn. Scienz. Ital. iii. 522. (Hemicarpurus, Nees, Del. Sem. Hort. Bot. Vratisl. 1839, 4, et in Linnea, xiv. Litterat-ber. 167. Atherurus, Blume, Rumph. i. 136, t. 31 et 37.)—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, omnes fertiles, 2 spathæ tubo apice clauso inclusi, & lamina involuti. Perianthium 0. Fl. & monandri. Anthera sessilis, quadrata, loculis contiguis obovoideis truncatis rima continua dehiscentibus; pollen amorphum. Fl. 2 unilaterales. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmate parvo capitellato; ovulum solitarium, orthotropum, erectum, funiculo brevissimo placente basilari affixum, micropyle supera. Bacca ovoideo-oblonga. Semen globosum v. obovoideum, apiculatum, testa rugosula, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia 3- v. pedati-secta, membranacea, segmentis oblongo-lanceolatis ellipticisve acutis, nervis tenuibus, petiolo elongato apice interdum gemmifero. Pedunculus solitarius. Spatha marcescens, tubo convoluto, fauce ope dilatationis spadicis clausa, lamina oblonga, concava. Spadix basi nudus, appendice elongata vermiformi exserta, parte ♀ spathæ adnata, floribus confertis ; inflorescentia & brevis, libera, cylindracea, densiflora.

Species 3 v. 4, Chinæ borealis et Japoniæ incolæ. Eng. Arac. 565. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 246. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 4.

4. Ambrosinia, Linn. Gen. n. 1238.—Flores in spadice breviter appendiculate monoici, 3 et 9 in loculis distinctis spathæ longitudinaliter 2-locularis inclusi, omnes fertiles. Perianthium 0. Fl. & in loculo postico 8-10, diandri, 2-seriatim superpositi; antheræ sessiles, loculis transversis contiguis elongato-reniformibus rima continua dehiscentibus, connectivo obsoleto; pollen in massas irregulares emissum. Fl. 2 in loculo antico spathæ Ovarium depresso-globosum, 1-loculare, in stylum curvum crassiusculum attenuatum, stigmate discoideo dilatato; ovula numerosa, cylindracea, orthotropa, erecta, placentæ latæ basilari funiculis elongatis affixa. Bacca globosa, stylo coronata, polysperma. Semina subglobosa, apiculata, testa striata strophiolata . . .—Herba parvula, tuberosa, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia ovata v. oblonga, obtusa, membranacea, nervis utrinque 2-3 arcuatis, nervulis inconspicuis, petiolo basi vaginante. Pedunculus brevissimus, hypogæus, fructifer elongatus. Spatha oblique terræ accumbens, delitescens, navicularis, apice in rostrum procurvum concavum producta, tubo indistincto, marginibus connatis, fauce aperta. Spadix fere inclusus, ope dilatationis longitudinalis spathæ utrinque accretus, appendice minuta exserta.

Species 1, Italiæ et Algeriæ incola. Engl. Arac. 618. Bassi in Comm. Acad. Bologn. v. i. 83 cum ic. Blume, Rumph. i. t. 36. Cesati in Linnæa, xi. t. 5. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 3; Aroid. t. 11. Lam. Illustr. t. 737. Bot. Mag. t. 6360.

UCRIA, a nonullis perperam pro synonymo Ambrosinia data, nomen est auctoris tractatus (Ræm. Archiv. i. 67, 70) a Targionio citati, nec genus ei dicatum.

5. Pistia, Iinn. Fl. Zeyl. 152; Gen. Pl. n. 1023. (Zara, Lour. Fl. Cochin. 405. Apiospermum et Limnonesis, Klotzsch in Abhandl. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin. 1853, 351, 352, t. 1, 2, 3.)—Flores in spadice cum spathæ dorso confluente monoici; & spadicis apice libero organis neutris suffulto verticillati; Q solitarius, axi tubi spathæ basi lata adnatus. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2, in corpus sessile oblongum lateraliter compressum leviter 4-lobum connata, loculis utriusque antheræ sibi invicem oppositis rimulis verticalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo non producto. Fl. Q: Ovarium oblique globosum,

1-loculare, in stylum incurvum latiusculum attenuatum, stigmate obtuso pulvinare; ovula numerosa, orthotropa, oblonga, funiculis brevissimis in placenta lata parietali axi spathæ parallela 4-6-seriatim conferta, micropyle supera. Bacca tenera, oligo- v. poly-sperma. Semina erecta, oblonga v. basin versus attenuata, obscure angulata, micropyle umbonata, testa crustacea irregulariter punctulata, endopleura membranacea, albumine copioso farinaceo; embryo in apice albuminis minutus, obovoideus.—Herba natans, acaulis, pubescens, stolonifera, radicibus fibrosis. Folia rosulata, sessilia, obovato-cuneata, nervis flabellatim radiantibus subtus prominulis. Spathæ parvæ, albæ, puberulæ, medio utrinque plicatæ, basi ovarium semi-amplectente, lamina cucullata aperta. Spadix spatha brevior, parte & brevi libera apice staminifera, basi organis neutris dilatatis et squamula decidua instructa.

Species 1, in aquis dulcibus tropicis, Australia et ins. maris Pacifici exceptis, obvia. Engl. Arac. 631, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 52 (ovario perperam spathæ tubo ambitu adnato depicto). Roxb. Corom. Pl. iii. t. 268. Jacq. Stirp. Amor. t. 148. Dict. Sc. Nat. t. 7, 8. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 161 A, 161 B, 260, 261. Bot. Mag. t. 4564, icon. in Fl. des Serres, i. t. 625, et in Jard. Fleur. t. 137 iterata. Genus floribus certe Ambrosiniæ quam maxime affine.

6. Arisarum, Targ. Tozett. in Anal. Mus. Fis. Firenz. ii. ii. 617.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, omnes fertiles, & sparsi, & pauci unilaterales. Perianthium 0. Fl. & monandri; anthera in processu spadicis sessilis, reniformis, peltata, loculis confluentibus rima continua dehiscentibus; pollen amorphum. Fl. &: Ovarium depressum, 1-loculare; stylus crassus, conoideus v. columnaris, stigmate pulvinari; ovula plura, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevissimis placentæ latæ basilari affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ turbinatæ, angulatæ, vertice plano marginibus elevatis. Semina ad 6, ovoidea, acuta, testa rugoso-striata, strophiolo funiculo obconico longiore et crassiore, albumine carnoso basi intruso; embryo axilis, radicula crassiore.—Herba tuberosa, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia rotundato-hastata v. sagittata, nervis tenuibus, petiolo elongato, vagina brevi. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha demum evanoscens, tubo subventricoso marginibus connatis, fauce subconstricta, lamina brevi fornicata procurva. Spadix parte & spathæ adnatus; appendix stipitata, decurva, apice clavata v. in filum producta.

Species 3, Mediterranese. Engl. Arac. 560. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 246. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 5. L. C. Rich. in Guill. Archiv. i. t. 2. Jacq. Hort. Schænb. ii. t. 192 (Arum). Dunal, Bouq. Mediterr. t. 5. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 948. Moggr. Contrib. Fl. Menton. t. 47. Durieu, Fl. Alger. t. 44. Caruel in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. xi. t. 1. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 7. Bot. Mag. t. 6023. Gard. Chron. 1871, 301 (Arum).

7. Arissema, Mart. in Flora, 1831, ii. 459.—Flores dioici, rarius monoici, in spadice appendiculato inserti, & sparsi, Q densi, organa neutra subulata interdum supra flores Q et 3. Perianthium 0. Fl. 32-5-andri; antheræ subsessiles v. processu spadicis peltatim insertæ, loculis contiguis ovoideis v. didymis distinctis v. confluentibus poris v. rimulis dehiscentibus. Fl. 2: Ovarium ovoideum oblongum v. globosum, 1-loculare, loculo intus apice processu spongioso prædito; stylus brevis v. sub 0, stigmate pulvinari; ovula 1-∞, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentæ basilari sessili v. elevatæ affixa. Baccæ turbinatæ obevoideæ v. globosæ, 1-oligospermæ. Semina ovoidea v. globosa, apice breviter producta, testa crassiuscula, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia 1-3, 3-secta v. pedatim aut verticillatim 5-cc-secta, segmentis latis v. angustis acuminatis marginibus integerrimis v. crenulatis, petiolo gracili v. robusto basi vaginante. Spatha decidua; tubus oblongus v. ventricosus, convolutus, non raro multicostatus, fauce aperta v. contracta, lamina sepissime ampla et fornicata acuminata v. caudata. Pedunculus solitarius, brevis v. elongatus. Spadix inclusus v. exsertus, sepius conoideus; appendix e basi dilatata brevis obtusa v. acuta v. in filum longissimum exsertum in vernatione segmentis folii involutum demum terræ protrusum desinens.

Species ad 50, plerseque Asise temperatse et subtropicse incolse, paucse in America boreali et una in Abyssinia vigentes. Engl. Arao. 533. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 246, t. 5, 6. Schott, Gem. Aroid. t. 6. Blume, Rumph. i. t. 27, 28, 37 E. Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. t. 18 ad 20 (Arum); Pl. As. Rar. ii. t. 135, 136. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 168. Griff. lo. Pl. Asiat. iii. t. 163 (Pythonium). Wight, Ic. t. 784 et 788 (Arum). Morren in Ann. Gand. 1846, t. 58. Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lagd. Bat. iii. t. 3. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 320 (Arum); Fl. des Serres, t. 1322. Regel, Gartenfl. 1861, t. 313. Bot. Reg. t. 668 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 950 (Arum), 4388, 5267, 5496, 5507, 5914, 5931, 5964, 6446, 6457, 6474, 6491.

8. Starum, Schott, Melet. i. 17.—Flores in spadice longe appendiculato monoici, & et Q remoti, organa neutra conica subulata v. furcata, inter sexus et interdum supra & posita. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 1-2, distincta; antheræ sessiles, loculis contiguis ovoideis rimulis porisve distinctis v. confluentibus dehiscentibus, connectivo sæpe apiculato. Fl. Q: Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmate discoideo v. hemisphærico; ovulum solitarium, orthotropum, erectum, funiculo brevissimo placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle supera. Baccæ obovoideæ. Semen obovoideum, testa crassiuscula rugosa, strophiolo conico, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, sæpissime annis alternis foliiferæ et floriferæ. Folia linearia oblonga v. lanceolata, in petiolum elongatum angustata. Pedunculus brevis v. sub 0. Spatha marcescens v. evanescens, tubo hypogæo v. epigæo cylindraceo v. ventricoso, marginibus alte v. basi tantum connatis, lamina angusta aperta. Spadix gracilis, sessilis, spatham æquans v. superans, appendice sæpius vermiformi interdum longe exserta; inflorescentia & breviuscula, cylindracea; Q pauciflora, conica v. hemisphærica.

Species ad 12, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, plurimæ orientales. Engl. Arac. 571. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 251. Genera sequentia rite pro sectionibus ab Englero habita sunt:—

- 1. Eubiarum, Engl. l. c. 572. Antherse breves, rimis fere basin attingentibus. Organa neutra subulato-conica, supra et infra fl. 3 posita. Spathse lamina erecta. Biarum, Schott, l. c.; Gen. Aroid. t. 7. Blume, Rumph, i. t. 29. Bot. Reg. t. 512 (Arum). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 6. Gard. Chron. 1871, f. 133. Stenurus, Salisb. Gen. Pl. Fragm. t. 5.
- 2. Cyllenium, Engl. l. c. 574. Antherarum loculi obliqui, rimis lateralibus medium attingentibus demum superne confluentibus. Organa neutra infra fl. 3 positi. Cyllenium, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 9.
- 3. Ischarum, Engl. 1. c. 575. Antherarum loculi oppositi, rimis medium vix attingentibus. Organa neutra supra fl. 3 pauca. Ovarium abrupte in stylum attenuatum. Ischarum, Blume, Rumph. i. 144, t. 29. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 10. Bot. Mag. t. 5324, 6355.

LEPTOPETION, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 8, species Ægyptiaca, ad sect. Ischarum ab Englero relata, conspicue differt floribus cum foliis coætaneis, pedunculo elongato, antherarum loculis poris dehiscentibus, stigmate conoideo, et organis neutris perpaucis, an genus proprium?

9. Sauromatum, Schott, Melet. i. 17; Gen. Arvid. t. 11.—Flores in spadice longe appendiculato monoici, & et & longe remoti, organibus neutris clavatis interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Antheræ sessiles, subcompressæ, 4-lobæ, loculis contiguis oppositis obovato-oblongis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo demum prominulo. Fl. &: Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare, vertice rotundato; stylus brevis, demum in vertice ovarii retractus, stigmate pulvinari; ovula 1-2, orthotropa, crecta, placentæ basilari papillosæ funiculis brevissimis aflixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ obpyramidatæ, 1-spermæ, substipitatæ, vertice rugosæ. Semen globosum v. subplano-convexum, testa tenui lævi, strophiolo obconico, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, annis alternis foliiferæ et floriferæ. Folia solitaria, pedatipartita, petiolo elongato tereti. Spatha marcescens, demum evanida, tubo ventricoso, marginibus plus minus connatis, fauce aperta, lamina lanceolata elongata. Spadix sessilis, spatha brevior, appendice teretiuscula elongata; inflorescentiæ & et & breves.

Species ad 6, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 568. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn Soc. zviii. 255. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. t. 115 (Arum). Wight, Ic. t. 800 (Arum). Link et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. i. t. 8 (Arum). Regel, Gartenfl. 1866, t. 495. Fl. des Serres, t. 1334. Lemaire, Jard. Fleur. i. t. 12. Bot. Mag. t. 4465.

10. Arum, Linn. Gen. n. 1028, partim.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et & remoti v. approximati, organis neutris e basi tumida subulatis interpositis et supra & confertis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-4; antheræ sessiles, brevissimæ, loculis oppositis obovoideis rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo vix producto; pollen vermiforme. Fl. \( \frac{2}{2}\): Ovarium oblongum, obtusum, 1-loculare; stigma subsessile, pulvinaro; ovula 6 v. plura, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentæ parietali 2-3-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ obovoideæ, polyspermæ. Semina globosa, vertice apiculato v. producto, testa inferne rugosa, strophiolo tumido, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ rhizomate tuberoso v. deformi, foliis proterantheris v. floribus coætaneis. Folia sagittata v. hastata, petiolo basi vaginante. Pedunculus sæpissime solitarius, brevis v. elongatus. Spatha marcescens v. evanida, tubo convoluto, lamina ovata v. ovato-lanceolata. Spadix sessilis, spatha brevior, appendice sæpissime stipitata et cylindracea, rarius clavata; inflorescentia \( \frac{2}{2}\) cylindracea, quam \( \frac{3}{2}\) sæpissime longior; organa neutra superiora deorsum, inferiora sursum spectantia.

Species ad 20, Europam, regiones Mediterraneas et Asiam occidentalem usque ad Affghanistan habitantes. Engl. Arac. 580. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 257. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 13; Ic. Aroid. t. 31 ad 40. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 39. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 8, 9, 10, 12. L. C. Rich. in Guillem. Archiv. i. t. 1. Fl. Dan. t. 505. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 742. Bot. Mag. t. 2432, 5509.

Gymnomesium, Schott in Œstr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1855, 17; Gen. Aroid. t. 12, ab Englero ad Arum reductum, est A. pictum, L., Sardiniæ incola, interspatio sexibus nude, spatha marcescente et foliis subhysteranthiis.

DOCHAFA, Schott, Syn. Aroid. 24; Gen. Aroid. Append., quæ Arum flavum, Schott, Prodr. 40, ab Aro nullo charactere differt.

11. **Typhonium**, Schott in Wiener Zeitschr. iii. 72.—Flores in spadice appendiculate monoici, & et Q remoti, organa neutra infra fl. Q subulata v. 0, supra fl. & clavata. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 1-3; antherae subsessiles, loculis elongato-ovoideis contiguis rimulis porisve apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo inconspicuo v. demum paullo producto; pollen globosum. Fl. 2: Ovarium ovoideum v. oblongo-obovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare v. hemisphæricum; ovula 1-2, orthotropa, erecta. funiculis brevissimis placentæ basilari aflixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ ovoideæ, 1-2-spermæ. Semen globosum, subacutum, testa tenui rugulosa, strophiolo cum funiculo confluente, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia sagittata v. hastata, 3-5-loba v. partita v. pedatisecta, petiolo elongato. Pedunculus seepius brevis. Spathee tubus convolutus, accrescens, persistens, fauce constricta; lamina ovata v. lanceolata, acuta v. acuminata, aperta v. subaperta, erecta v. Spadix sessilis v. stipitatus, inclusus, appendice varia seepius recurva, decidua. stipitata; inflorescentia & cylindracea, Q brevis; organa neutra supra fl. & 0, infra fl. 3 0 v. subulata, supra fl. 2 clavata, dense conferta, elongata, adscendentia v. recurva.

Species ad 13, Asiæ tropicæ, Australasiæ, et insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. *Engl. Arac.* 609. N. E. Brown in Journ. Lunn. Soc. xviii. 260. Genera sequentia a Schottio distincta, rite pro subgeneribus ab Englero habenda:—

TYPHONIUM, Schott, Aroid. t. 15 ad 18; Gen. Aroid. t. 17. Organa neutra infra fl. & 0, supra ? clavata. Blume, Rumph. i. t. 36. Wight, Ic. t. 790, 793, 801, 803. Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. t. 3, f. B. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 422 et 516 (Arum). Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 356 (Arum). Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 283. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 50 (Arum). Bot. Reg. t. 450 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 330 et 2324 (Arum), 6180.

Heterostalis, Schott in Æstr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 261; Gen. Aroid. t. 18. Organa neutra infra fl. 3 subulata, decurva v. ascendentia, supra Q magna clavata ascendentia. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 396 (Arum). Wight, Io. t. 791 (Arum). Blume, Rumph. i. t. 30 (Typhonium).

12. Theriophenum, Blume, Rumph. i. 127.—Flores in spadice appendiculate monoici, & et 2 remoti, organis neutris simpliciter subulatis v. filiformibus interpositis et interdum supra & positis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 1-2; antheræ sessiles,

subcompressæ, didymæ, loculis oblongis v. globosis contiguis poris rimulisque subapicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo emarginato v. breviter v. longe producto. Fl. 9: Ovarium oblongum v. cuneatum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare, demum evanidum; ovula pauca v. plurima, orthotropa, alia ab apice loculi pendula, alia a basi erecta, funiculis brevibus affixa. Baccæ oligospermæ. Semina ovoidea, funiculo brevi tumido, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis cum floribus coætaneis. Folia cordatosagittata v.-hastata, petiolo elongato gracili. Pedunculus sæpius brevis. Spatha marcescens, demum evanescens, tubo convoluto, fauce subconstricta, lamina erecta oblonga v. lanceolata acuminata. Spadix spatha brevior, appendice erecta tenui filiformi v. clavata; inflorescentia & angusta, cylindracea, elongata; \$\mathcal{Q}\$ brevissima, pauciflora; organa neutra sursum curvata.

Species 5, Indiæ Orientalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 605. N. E. Brown in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 258. Genus in sectiones 2 ab Englero divisum:—

- 1. Eutheriophonum, Engl. l. c. 606. Antherarum loculi rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes, connectivo longe producto. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 14; Aroid. t. 21. Hook. Bot. Misc. Suppl. t. 3 (Arum).
- 2. Calyptrocoryne, Engl. l. c. 603. Antherarum loculi poris apicalibus dehiscentes, connectivo non producto. Organa neutra inferiora ad fl. φ approximata, superiora pauca v. 0. Calyptrocornue, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 16. Tapinocarpus, Dalzell in Hook. Kew Journ, iii. 345. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 15.
- 13. **Esticophyllum**, Schott, Aroid. 20, t. 28 ad 30; Gen. Aroid. t. 20.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et & remoti, organis neutris subulatis interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2; antheræ sessiles, subcompressæ, loculis oblongis contiguis rimulis apicalibus v. lateralibus dehiscentibus, connectivo haud producto. Fl. &: Ovarium obovoideum v. subglobosum, 1-loculare, vertice truncato v. depresso; stylus brevis v. 0, stigmate pulvinari v. capitato; ovula 2, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevissimis placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ obovoideæ v. globosæ, 1-2-spermæ. Semina depresso-globosa, apiculata, testa crassa rugosa, albumine copioso basi intruso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis cum floribus coætaneis. Folia longe petiolata, crasse coriacea, hastata v. sagittata, v. juniora hastata, et seniora pedatisecta segmentis basi confluentibus lateralibus sæpe spiraliter volutis. Pedunculus foliis brevior. Spatha marcescens, tubo oblongo subventricoso persistente, lamina oblonga erecta. Spadix spatha multo brevior, tenuis v. robustus, appendice clavata et rugosa, v. tenuiter cylindracea, rarius brevi crassa conoidea; inflorescentia & et & breves, cylindraceæ; organa neutra sparsa, elongata, sursum curva.

Species 4 v. 5, Asiæ occidentalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 597.

EMINIUM, Schott, Syn. Aroid. 16; Gen. Aroid. t. 19; Aroid. t. 22 (Ari sect. Eminium, Blume, Rumph. i. 121), a Helicophyllo differt foliis integris et fido Schottii sed errore foliis proterantheris; sententia Engleri sectionem tantum efficit.

14. Melicodiceros, Schott in Œstr. Wochenbl. 1853, 369; Aroid. t. 26, 27; Gen. Aroid. t. 20.—Flores in spadice longo setoso-appendiculato monoici, β et ♀ remoti, organibus neutris subulatis interpositis et supra ♂ positis. Perianthium 0. Fl. ♂: Stamina 2-3; antheræ sessiles v. subsessiles, subglobosæ, loculis contiguis obovoideis v. oblongis rimis demum confluentibus dehiscentibus, connectivo tenui non producto. Fl. ♀: Ovarium obovoideum, 1-loculare, vertice subtrilobo; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovula 4-6, orthotropa, alia ab apice loculi pendula, alia a basi erecta, funiculis brevibus crassis affixa. Baccæ . . .—Herba tuberosa, foliis cum floribus coætaneis. Folia longe petiolata, pedatisecta, segmentis lanceolatis lateralibus pinnatifidis circa costam spiraliter volutis, sursum porrectis, petiolo longe vaginante. Pedunculus crassus, elongatus. Spatha crassa, persistens, tubo convoluto tessellato, fauce constricta, lamina ovato-oblonga v. lanceolata retroversa, disco setoso. Spadix crassus, stipitatus, spatha brevior; appendix stipitata, lamina spathæincumbens, grosse vermiformis, medio incrassata, adapicem usque attenuatam crinita; inflorescentiæ ♂ et ♀ breves, crassæ, cylindraceæ, densifloræ; organa neutra

inter sexus magna, porrecta et incurva, que supra fl. ♀ ad apicem stipitis posita, fere polli caria, in appendicem producta, et gradatim ad setas reducta.

Species 1, in insula Sardiniæ vicinisque indigena. Engl. Arac. 604. Bot. Reg. t. 831 (Arum). Fl. des Serres, t. 445 (Dracunculus). Geelink, Sert. Bot. t. 49 (Arum). Genus forte melius pro subgenere Dracunculi habendum.

15. **Dracunculus**, Schott, Melet. i. 17; Gen. Aroid. t. 22; Aroid. t. 23, 24.—Flores in spadice longe appendiculato monoici, β et Q arcte contigui v. subremoti; organa neutra supra fl. β pauca, parva, conica. Perianthium 0. Fl. β: Stamina 3-4; antheræ breviter stipitatæ, reniformes, loculis ellipsoideis v. obovoideis contiguis poris v. rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo tenui demum loculos superante; pollen vermiforme. Fl. Q: Ovarium oblongum, in stylum conicum attenuatum, stigmate hemisphærico; ovula 2-4, orthotropa, omnia basilaria v. alia ab apice loculi pendula, funiculis brevibus affixa. Baccæ obovoideæ, oligospermæ. Semina ovoidea obovoidea v. subglobosa v. plano-convexa, testa crassa rugosa, albumine copioso basi intruso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis cum floribus coætaneis. Folia petiolata, pedatisecta, segmentis lanceolatis convolutis demum arrectis, petiolo longe vaginante. Pedunculus folia superans. Spatha marcescens, persistens, tubo recto convoluto, lamina ovato-lanceolata aporta recurva. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis, appendice longe stipitata erecta elongata conoidea demum fungosa; inflorescentiæ β et Q cylindraceæ, densifloræ; organa neutra sparsa, inconspicua.

\* Species 2, altera Europæ australis incola, altera Canariensis. Engl. Arac. 601. Gærtn. Fruct. t. 84 (Arum). Blume, Rumph. i. t. 37. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 11. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 946 (Arum). Bot. Reg. t, 831.

ANAEMODIUM, Schott in Bonplandia, ix. 368 (D. canariensis, Schott, Aroid. t. 25. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 219), a typo generis differt floribus & et Q subremotis, antheris stipitatis et connectivo haud producto.

#### TRIBUS II. STILOCHITONEÆ.

16. Stylochiton, Leprieur in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 2, ii. 184, t. 5 (Stylochaton).—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes fertiles, 3 et 2 remeti. Fl. 3: Perianthium brevissimum, urceolare v. annulare. Stamina 4-6, distincta, ovarii rudimentum cingentia, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ v. cuneato-obovatæ, truncatæ, loculis contiguis lineari-oblongis rimis elongatis lateralibus dehiscentibus, connectivo angusto haud pro-Fl. ♀ liberi v. arcte connati. Perianthium cupulare. Ovarium perianthio inclusum, obovoideum angulatum v. oblongum, 1-loculare v. inferne 2-4-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmate capitato v. dilatato pulvinari; ovula in loculis 2-∞, anatropa, elongata, placentis a basi ascendentibus funiculis brevibus v. elongatis affixa, micropyle infera. Bacca libera v. in syncarpium connata, stylo coronata, 1-4-loculares, loculis Semina ovoidea, leviter compressa, testa membranacea striata atra, micropyle prominula, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ rhizomate articulato, articulis disciformibus annotinis. Folia cordata, sagittata v. hastata, petiolo elongato longe et late vaginante. Pedunculus brevissimus. Spatha persistens?, tubo elongato marginibus connatis, fauce aperta, lamina brevi ovata v. elongato-lanceolata acuminata concava hiante. Spadix sessilis, totus inclusus; inflorescentia d'elongata, cylindracea, densiflora; 2 brevior, nunc densiflora, floribus spiraliter dispositis, nunc monocycla et pauciflora floribus infimis inter se et cum spadice confluentibus.

Species 3, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 522. Genus ab Englero in sectiones duas divisum:—

- 1. Cyclogyne, Engl. 1. c. 522. Filamenta antheris haud longiora. Fl. © monocycli, connati. Ovarium 1-loculare; ovula in loculis plura, placentis ultra septa productis funiculis longiusculis affixa. Rhizoma folia anno priore, pedunculum hypogæum anno posteriore gerens, vel folia eum floribus comtanea. Spathæ tubus elongatus, terra absconditus, lamina emersa valde incrassata. Kotschy et Peyr. Pl. Tinn. t. 20.
- 2. Spirogyne, Engl. 1. c. 523. Filamenta antheris triplo longiora. Fl. 2 spiraliter conferta. Ovarium 2-4-loculare; ovula in loculis 2 v. plura, placentis medio loculi funiculis brevibus affixa. Folia cum floribus coætanea. Pedunculi 1-2, petiolo multo breviores. Spathæ tubus lamina brevior. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 68; Aroid. t. 14. Guienzia, Sonder in Sched.

#### TRIBUS III. ZOMICARPEÆ.

17. Zomicarpa, Schott, Synops. Aroid. 33; Gen. Aroid. t. 23.—Flores in spadice appendiculato dorso basi spatha adnato monoici, & numerosi Q unilateralibus contigui; organa neutra supra fl. & perpauca, minuta, conica. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina 1-2, distincta; antheree subsessiles, depressee, didymæ, loculis oppositis contiguis poris rimulisve apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo haud producto; pollen pulvereum. Fl. 2: Ovarium oblongum v. subglobosum, basi lata sessile, 1-loculare; stylus brevissimus, stigmate dilatato discoideo; ovula 6-9, anatropa, erecta, elongata, funiculis brevissimis placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ subglobosæ, sub-6-spermæ, basi cir-Semina erecta, ellipsoidea v. oblonga, testa crassiuscula chartacea, strophiolo conico, albumino copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ tuberosæ. Folia proteranthia, longe petiolata, reniformia, 3-pedatisecta, segmentis elliptico-oblongis lateralibus minoribus, petiolo ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus gracilis, folia æquans. Spatha carnosula, persistens, tubo convoluto basi cucullato marginibus connatis, fauce constricta, lamina Spadix spatha brevior, appendice lanceolata acuminata aperta reticulatim venosa. gracili basi organis neutris paucis sparsis; inflorescentia & cylindracea, densiflora; 2 pauciflora.

Species 3, Brasilienses. Engl. Arac. 524, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 50. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 15. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 1, 2, 3.

18. Zomicarpella, N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1881, ii. 266; et in Ill. Hortic. xxviii. 144.—Flores in spadice gracile appendiculato dorso basi spathæ adnato monoici, & et & subremoti; organa neutra 0. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina distincta, filamentis brevibus v. subelongatis compressis; antheræ terminales, loculis didymis subglobosis connectivo latioribus poris apicalibus dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Ovarium ovoideo-oblongum, 1-loculare; stigmate subsessili discoideo; ovulum solitarium, breve, anatropum, funiculo brevissimo basifixum, erectum; micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Horba parvula, gracilis, tuberosa, foliis cum floribus coætaneis. Folia graciliter petiolata, late ovato-cordata v. sagittata, acuta, maculata, membranacea, lobis posticis deltoideo-ovatis obtusis, nervis ad 9 digitatis v. subpedatis, petiolo crassiusculo basi vaginante. Pedunculus petiolo longior, crassiusculus. Spatha pollicaris, mombranacea, lanceolata, ad basin aperta. Spadix spatha duplo longior, gracilis, appendice tenui gracili substipitata, longe exserta erecta; inflorescentia & et & subæquilongæ, graciles.

Species 1, Novæ Grenadæ incola.

## TRIBUS IV. PYTHONIELE.

19. Amorphophallus, Blume in Batav. Diar. 1825, ex Dene. in Nov. Ann. Mus. Par. ii. 366. (Pythion, Mart. in Bot. Zeit. 1831, 479.)—Flores in spadice crasse appendiculate monoici, d et ♀ contigui, omnes perfecti; organa neutra 0. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina 2-4; antherie sessiles, loculis contiguis oblongis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo tenui haud v. brevissime producto. Fl. Q: Ovarium globosum, 1-4-loculare; stylus brevis v. elongatus, stigmate integro v. 2 4-lobo; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa v. semi-anatropa, decurva, funiculis brevibus v. subelongatis placentis basilaribus v. angulo interiore adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Baccae subglobosæ, oligospermæ. Semina ellipsoidea v. plano-compressa, testa tenui lævi, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.— Herbæ, interdum giganteæ, tubere maximo oblato. Folia hysteranthia, ampla, 3-secta, segmentis varie sectis et 1-2-pinnatifidis, pinnis oblongis acutis, petiolo valido interdum apice bulbifero. Pedunculus brevis v. elongatus. Spatha erecta, basi convoluta, campanulata late infundibularis v. fornicata, marcescens. Spadix erectus, crassus, spatham longe superans, appendice fusiformi v. incrassata et fungosa; inflorescentize d'et 2 cylindraceæ, densifloræ.

- Species ad 25, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani et insularam maris Pacifici incolæ. Engler Arac. 308, 643, et in Bot. Jahrb. i. 183. Rumph. Herb. Amb. i. t. 32 ad 34. Sectiones sequentes pro generibus propriis ab auctoribus pluribus habentur:—
- 1. Candarum, Engl. l. c. 309. Spatha maxima, campanulata, pedunculo brevissimo. Spadicis appendix inflorescentiæ æquilonga. Ovarium globosum, 2-4-loculare, stylo elongato, placenta basilari. India. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 31. Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 39 (Arum). Roxb. Cor. Pl. iii. t. 272 (Arum). Wight, Ic. t. 782 et 785 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 2182 (Arum), 5187. Blume, Rumph. i. 39, t. 32, 33. Candarum, Reichb. ex Schott. Melet. i. 17.
- 2. Brachyspatha, Engl. l. c. 311, excl. sp. Spatha brovis, acuminata, pedunculo elongato. Spadicis appendix elongata, longe attenuata, spatham superans. Ovarium subglobosum, 2-loculare, stylo brevi, placentis basilaribus. India. Blume, Rumph. i. t. 35, 37. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 845 (crrore 842). Gard. Chron. 1878, ii. f. 127 (Conophallus). Вкаснуѕратна, Schott, Syn. Aroid. 35; Gen. Aroid. t. 29; Gard. Chron. 1876, ii. fig. 129, 130.
- 3. Conophallus, Engl. I. c. 315. Spatha erecta, concava, basi convoluta, lamina concava. Spadix spatham paullo superans, appendice crassa fungosa. Ovarium subglobo-um, 2-3-loculare, stylo brevi, stigmate discoideo, placentis basilaribus. India. Bot. Mag. 2072 et 2508 (Arum). Blume, Rumph. i. t. 34. Conophallus, Scholt, Syn. Aroid. 34; Gen. Aroid. t. 30.
- 4. Corynophallus. Spatha oblique campanulata, tubo dilatato, fauce aperta, lamina late ovata arrecta. Spadix sublonge stipitatus, a basi in appendicem crassissimam pyriformem sensim auctus. Ovarium globosum, 1-loculare, stylo elongate, stigmate discoideo, placenta basilari. Africa. Lemaire in Fl. des Serres, 1846, t. 161. Corynophallus, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenb. 1857, 389; Gen. Aroid. t. 32. Engl. Arac. 325. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1872, fig. 343.
- 5. Hydrosme. Spathæ tubus convolutus, lamina explanata margine undulata. Spadix breviter stipitatus, appendice elongata cylindracca elongato-conoidea v. clavata. Ovarium oblongum 1-3-loculare, stigmate discoideo v. 2-3-lobo, ovulis subbasilaribus. Africa. Hydrosme, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 389; Gen. Aroid. t. 33, et in Peters Mozamb. Reise, t. 56. Engl. Arac. 321, et in Bot. Jahrb. i. 187. Hansalla, Schott in Estr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1858, 82. Syn. Aroid. 133. In H. Hildebrandtia, specio Madagascariensi, stylus elongatus, basi annulatim incrassatus, stigma obliquum, et semina exalbuminosa ab Englero descripta sunt.
- 6. Proteinophallus. Spatha oblique late infundibularis, tubo convoluto, fauce aperta; spadix elongatus, sessilis, appendice longe exserta elongato-conoidea longitudinaliter sinuatim sulcata. Ovarium globosum 2-3-loculare, stylo columnari, stigmate 3-lobo, placentis angulo interiori adnatis. Cochin China. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1873, p. 610, cum ic. Professophallus, Hook. f., Bot. Mag. t. 6195. Tapeinophallus, Baill. Dict. Bot. Ic. sinc descr.
- 20. Thomsonia, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. i. 83, t. 99. (Pythonium, Schott, Meletem. i. 17; Gen. Aroid. t. 25.)—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, δ et γ arcte contigui; superiores δ imperfecti deplanati, basin appendicis vestientes. Perianthium 0. Fl. δ: Stamina 3-5, distincta, brevissime stipitata; antheræ quadratæ, loculis obovoideis contiguis poris apicalibus tandem confluentibus dehiscentibus, connectivo tenui obsoleto v. prominulo. Fl. φ: Ovarium globosum, 1-loculare; stylus subcylindraceus, stigmate majusculo dilatato 4-gono; ovulum solitarium, anatropum, erectum, funiculo brevi placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle infera. Fructus . . —Herbæ tuberosæ, annis alternis? foliiferæ et floriferæ. Folia longe petiolata, 3-pedatisecta, segmentis pinnatipartitis, pinnis oblongo-lanceolatis acuminatis. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha coriacea, decidua, oblonga, cymbiformis, tubo indistincto. Spadix sessilis, spatham subcquans, appendice inferne organis neutris superne tuberculis conicis operta; inflorescentia δ cylindracea v. subclavata quam γ cylindraceam robustior.

Species 2, Himalaya et Mont. Khasin incoln. Engl. Arac. 306.

ALLOPYTHION, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 24, a Thomsonia non nisi tuberculis perpaucis conicis inter fl. & et Q differre videtur.

21. Pseudodracentium, N. E. Brown in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1881, 193, t. 231, f. 2.— Flores in spadice appendiculate monoici, ♂ sparsi, ♀ dense congesti; appendix stipitata, fl. ♂ imperfectis operta. Perianthium 0. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3-6, clavata, distincta v. filamentis ima basi v. altius connatis superne in antheram obcordatam v. subglobosam sensim

desinentibus, loculis contiguis poris v. rimulis subapicalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus, connectivo inter loculos minute producto. Fl. 2: Ovarium globosum v. oblongum, 1-loculare, in stylum brevissimum attenuatum, stigmate minuto pulvinari; ovulum solitarium, breve, anatropum, funiculo brevissimo placentæ basilari v. in loculo intrusæ affixum, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia 3-secta, segmentis fissis v. pinnatis, pinnis lanceolatis acuminatis superioribus confluentibus decurrentibus, inferioribus remotis sessilibus, petiolo elongato crasso basi vaginato. Pedunculus petiolis multo brevior. Spatha erecta, cymbiformis, acuta, basi breviter convoluta, superne aperta, submembranacea, demum marcescens?. Spadix spatha brevior, crassus, sessilis; inflorescentia & floribus longe distantibus quam 2 densiflora longior et angustior; appendix brevis, cylindraceo-conoidea, obtusa, floribus & imperfectis stipitatis apicibus corrugatis quasi verrucosis operta.

Species 2, Cochin-Chinenses. Lind. et André, Illustr. Hortic. 1878, 90, t. 316 (Amorphophallus).

22. Synantherias, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 28.—Flores in spadice longe appendiculato monoici, & et & remoti, organibus neutris paucis conicis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4-6, distincta, circa discum nudum posita; antheræ subsessiles, didymoquadratæ, loculis obovoideis contiguis poris apicalibus demum confluentibus dehiscentibus, connectivo vix prominulo. Fl. &: Ovarium 2-loculare, oblongum v. globosum; stigma subsessile, magnum, hemisphæricum, 2-4-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa v. semi-anatropa, decurva, funiculis brevibus placentis septo adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herba tuberosa. Folia hysteranthia, pedatisecta, segmentis pinnatifidis, pinnis lineari-lanceolatis. Pedunculus gracilis. Spatha brevis, erecta, ventricosa, tubo obscuro aperto in laminam latam acutam abrupte desinente. Spadix spatha multo longior, gracilis, erecta, substipitata, appendice gracili elongato-subulata inflorescentia multoties longiore; organa neutra depresso-conoidea, elongato-quadrata.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incola. Engl. Arac. 319. Wight, Ic. t. 802 (Arum). Genus fructu ignoto non nisi organis neutris inter inflorescentias & et  $\mathcal P$  positis ab Amorphophalli sectione Brachyspatha distinguendum.

23. **Ehaphiophallus**, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 27.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et & remoti, organis neutris paucis gibberiformibus interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina distincta; antheræ subsessiles, loculis obovoideis contiguis poris apicalibus demum confluentibus dehiscentibus, connectivo prominulo. Fl. &: Ovarium obpyramidatum, 3-loculare; stigma subsessile, discoideum, dilatatum, sub-4-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentis basilaribus affixa. Fructus . . .—Herba tubere parvo. Folia hysteranthia, solitaria, 3-secta, segmentis dichotomis cruribus pinnatisectis, pinnis oblongis acutis decurrentibus. Pedunculus gracilis. Spathæ tubus convolutus, fauce aperta, lamina paullo longiore erecta lanceolata acuta. Spadix stipitatus, appendice elongata gracili subulata; inflorescentiæ cylindraceæ, & brevior et tenuior.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis ad Mangalor incola. Engl. Arac. 320. Genus a nobis non visum.

24. ? **Ecoophya**, Schott in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. i. 124.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et & remoti, organis neutris gibbosis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2?, distincta, filamentis dilatatis; antheræ breves, loculis ad apicom connectivi oppositis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovarium 1-loculare; stigma sessile, sub-4-lobum; ovula ad 6, anatropa, basilaria, funiculis brevibus affixa. Fructus . . .—Herba tuberosa, foliis floribus coætaneis. Folia ovata, pinnatipartita, segmentis lanceolatis acuminatis, infimis ex pedato 2-fidis. Spatha convoluta. Spadix stipitatus, appendice nuda; inflorescentia & elongata, & multo brevior.

Species 1. Novæ Guineæ incola. Engl. Arac. 526. Genus a nobis non visum.

25. Plesmenium, Schott, Synops. Aroid. 34; Gen. Aroid. t. 26.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et & remoti, organis neutris numerosis crassis globosis interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina distincta; antheræ sessiles, quadratæ, loculis obovoideis contiguis brevibus poris confluentibus dehiscentibus, conuectivo prominulo. Fl. & sparsi. Ovarium ovoideum v. globosum, 2-3-loculare, in stylum conicum attenuatum, stigmate majusculo pulvinare; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus angulo interiori affixa. Baccæ ovoideæ, vertice intruso, 2-3-loculares, 2-3-spermæ. Semina ellipsoidea plano-convexa v. obtuse 3-gona, testa rugosula, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herba, tubere maximo depresso. Folia proteranthia, 3-secta, segmento medio pinnatipartito, lateralibus furcatis pinnatisectis, pinnis lineari-lanceolatis, petiolo elongato. Spatha erecta, ovata, marcescens, inferne campanulato-convoluta, superne aperta. Spadix stipitatus, validus, rectus, spatha brevior; inflorescentia mascula elongato-cylindracea, densiflora, & multo brevior; organa neutra pisiformia, margaritacea.

Species 1, Bengaliæ incola. Engl. Arac. 302. Wight, Ic. t. 795 (Arum).

26. Anchomanes, Schott in Œstr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1853, 313; Gen. Aroid. t. 34.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et & contigui; organa neutra 0. Periarthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2, distincta; antheræ sessiles, quadratæ, lobulis oblongis contiguis basi confluentibus vertice connectivo crasso dilatato truncato separatis, rimulis verticalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovarium 1-loculare, sublageniforme, in stylum conicum decurvum tuberculatum sensim productum, stigmate parvo; ovulum breve, solitarium, anatropum, erectum, funiculo brevi placentæ basilari aflixum, micropyle oblique infera. Baccæ ovoideæ, stylo coronatæ, 1-spermæ. Semen oblongo-ovoideum, testa tenuissima, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herbæ tuberosæ. Folia hysteranthia, solitaria, primaria sagittata, secondaria 3-secta segmentis cuncatis v. trapezoideis, tertiaria 3-secta segmentis dichotomis v. pinnatifidis, petiolo elongato aspero. Pedunculus asper, petiolo brevior. Spatha marcescens, aperta, erecta, cymbiformis v. lanceolata, acuminata, carnosa, ima basi convoluta. Spadix spatha multo brevior, obtusa; inflorescentia & elongato-conoidea, obtusa; \( \paratheta \) equilonga v. brevior, cylindracea, ovariis baccisque decurvis.

Species 1 v. 2, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 303. Bot. Mag. t. 3728 (Caladium), 5391.

### TRIBUS V. COLOCASIE.E.

27. Ariopsis, Grah. Cut. Bomb. Pl.; Addend. 252.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, & et 2 remoti; organa neutra 0. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3, in corpus peltatum connata; connectiva florum omnium confluentia, stratum foveolatum spadicis parti superiori adnatum formantia; antherarum loculi globosi, connectivo immersi, poris foveolis respondentibus deliiscentes et pollen in cavitatem emittentes. Fl. 2 quam masculis multo majores. Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, 4-6-fidum, lobis subulatis incurvis demum patulis placentis superpositis; ovula numerosa, orthotropa, patentia, placentis 4-6 parietalibus funiculis longiusculis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ 3-6-gonæ, ope stigmatum connatæ, polyspermæ. Semina lineari-oblonga, pendula, testa crassula sulcata, strophiolo obsoleto, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ parvulæ. tuberosæ, annis alternis v. post intervalla varia folia et flores proferentes, tuberibus glomeratis. Folia graciliter petiolata, peltata, ovato-cordata, v. basi emarginata. Pedunculus brevis, gracillimus. Spatha parva, erecta, cymbiformis, apiculata, aperta, basi vix convoluta, persistens. Spadix spatha brovior, dorso basi spathæ accretus, graciliter stipitatus; inflorescentia & appendiciformis, cylindracea, obtusa, poris connectivi foveolata; 2 multo minor, pauciflora.

Species 2, montium subtrepicorum Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 527. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 35. Wight, Ic. t. 900 (Remusatia). Bot. Mag. t. 4222.

28. Remusatia, Schott, Melet. i. 18; Gen. Aroid. t. 36; et in Ann. Gand. 1846, t. 66. Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et 2 remoti, masculis sterilibus deplanatis compactis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-3, in corpus cuneato-clavatum vertice depresso-deplanatum ambitu sinuato-lobatum connata; antherarum loculi oblongi rimulis apicalibus dehiscente, connectivo crasso. Fl. 2: Ovarium ovoideum v. obovoideum, 1-loculare v. superne 2-4-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovula numerosa, orthotropa, patentia, funiculis brevibus placentis 3-4 parietalibus 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, parvæ, globosæ v. obovoideæ, polyspermæ. Semina ovoidea, apice retusa, testa crassa extus succulenta, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.--Herbæ tuberosæ, annis alternis folium sæpius solitarium et pedunculum proferentes; tubera turiones elongatas nudas vaginatas gemmiferas emittentia. Folia longe graciliterque petiolata, peltata, ovato-cordata v. lanceolata. Pedunculus brevis. Spathæ tubus convolutus, accrescens, persistens, fauc. constricta, lamina explanata patente v. refracta demum disrupta et decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis, medio constrictus; inflorescentia & clavata, stipitata, stipito floribus sterilibus operta; 2 angustior, subcylindracea.

Species 3 v. 4, montium subtropicorum Indiæ orientalis et Javæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 495. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 281 (Caladium). Wight, Ic. t. 798 (Arum).

29. Gonatanthus, Klotzsch in Link. Kl. et Otto, Ic. Pl. Rar. i. 33, t. 14.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & inferiores steriles & contigui; organa neutra 0. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-3, in corpus crassum pyramidatum vertice depressodeplanatum ambitu sinuato-lobatum connata, loculis verticem versus corporis oblongis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus, connectivo crasso. Fl. &: Ovarium globosum, 1-loculare v. apice sub-2-3-loculare; stigma sessile, capitatum; ovula numerosa, suberecta, orthotropa, funiculis curvis brevibus placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, subglobosæ, polyspermæ. Semina oblonga, testa verruculosa, extus succulenta . . .—Herbæ tuberosæ, foliis floribusque coætaneis, e tuberibus turiones graciles vaginatas ramosissimas gemmiferas emittentes. Folia longe graciliterque petiolata, peltata, ovato-cordata v. lanceolata. Pedunculus brevis. Spathæ tubus convolutus, medio constrictus et geniculatim flexus, accrescens, persistens, fauce constricta, lamina longissima angusta convoluta refracta. Spadix tubo spathæ inclusus; inflorescentia & clavata, longe stipitata, stipite fl. & imperfectis elongato-hexagonis deplanatis operta; & brevis, subcylindracea, pauciflora.

Species 1 v. 2, montium Himalayæ et Khasiæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 510. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 39. Bot. Mag. t. 5275.

30. Colocasta, Schott, Meletem. i. 18; Gen. Aroid. t. 37.—Flores in spadice appendiculate rarius inappendiculato monoici, det 2 remoti, masculis imperfectis deplanatis compactis interjectis; 2 steriles cum fertilibus intermixti. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-5, in corpus crassum obpyramidatum vertice dilatato deplanatum ambitu sinuato-sulcatum, connata; antherarum loculi lineares, ad basin fere connectivi extensi, porisapicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Ovarium obovoideum v. oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile v. subsessile, depresso-capitatum; ovula numerosa, orthotropa, patentia, funiculis elongatis placentis 3-5 parietalibus 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera infera v. transversa. Baccæ oblongæ v. obconicæ, tubo spathæ inclusæ, polyspermæ. Semina oblonga, strophiolo cum funiculo elongato confluente, testa crassula sulcata epidermide diaphana, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ elatæ, caudice tuberoso v. crasso adscendente, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia longe petiolata, peltata, ovato-cordata v. sagittata. Pedunculi solitarii Spathæ tubus ovoideus v. oblongus, crassus, accrescens et persistens, demum ruptus, fauce constricta; lamina oblonga v. lanceolata, demum soluta. Spadix spatha brevior, robustus, appendice erecta oblonga fusiformi v. conoidea sæpius elongata rarius obsoleta : inflorescentia & cylindracea, elongata : 2 brevis v. elongata.

Species 5, Asiæ tropicæ incolæ, una per regiones omnes calidas culta. Engl. Arac. 490; In Bot. Jahrb. i. 185. Wight, Ic. t. 786 (Arum), 808 (Calla).

; LEUCOCASIA, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, t. 34; Gen. Aroid. t. 38, non nisi caudice erecto a Colocasia distinguenda est.

31. Alocasia, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1852, 29; Gen. Aroid. t. 60.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et 2 remoti, masculis imperfectis deplanatis compactis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-8, in corpus obpyramidatum vertice dilatato deplanatum ambitu hexagonum connata; antherarum loculi lineari-oblongi, ad basin fere connectivi extensi, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Ovarium obovoideum v. oblongum, 1-loculare v. apice sub-3-4-loculare; stylus elongatus brevis v. 0, stigmate pulivinari 3-6-lobo; ovula pauca, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle supera. Baccie obovoideze v. ellipsoideze, tubo spathze inclusze, oligospermæ. Semina subglobosa, funiculo brevi, testa crassa lævi, albumine copioso basi intruso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ elatæ, caudice crasso cicatricato. Folia juniora v. omnia peltata, seniora sagittato-cordata, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Pedunculi plures, sæpe fastigiati. Spathæ tubus ovoideus v. oblongus, convolutus, accrescens, persistens, demum crassus laceratus, lamina oblonga cymbiformis v. cucullata, demum soluta. Spadix spatha brevior, crassus, erectus, appendice crassa cylindracea v. conoidea sinuato-rugosa basi truncata ; inflorescentia & perfecta cylindracea, imperfecta angustata, 2 brevis, conico-cylindracea.

Species ad 20, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Engl. Arac. 497, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 47. N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1879, 296. Brongn. in Nouv. Ann. Mus. Par. iii. 145, t. 7 (Colocasia). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 416 (Caladrum). Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 167 (Arum). Wight, Ic. t. 787, 789, 792, 794, 796, 797 (Arum). Lemaire, Ill. Hort. t. 283. Fl. des Serres, 2204, 2206, 2208-9. Bot. Reg. t. 641 (Caladrum). Bot. Mag. t. 3935 (Colocasia), 5190, 5376, 5497.

Eusolenanthe, Schott in Bonpland. ix. 368, includit species nonnullas Alocasia stigmate sessili 5-fido, segmentis conoideis erectis.

32. Anubias, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 398; Gen. Aroid. t. 42 .- Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et 2 remoti, masculis imperfectis deplanatis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4-5, in corpus obpyramidatum vertice dilatato deplanatum ambitu hexagonum connata; antherarum loculi oblongi, ad basin fere attingentes, Fl. 2: Ovarium hemisphæricum v. ovoideum, contigui, rima hiante dehiscentes. imperfecte 2-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate pulvinari; ovula in loculis numerosa, semianatropa v. fere orthotropa, funiculis elongatis placentis latis basilaribus affixa, micropyle supera. Bacca tubo incrassato spatha inclusa, obovoidea, umbilicata, 2-loculares, polyspermæ. Semina ovoidea, funiculo elongato, testa crassiuscula, raphe basi dilatata, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ rhizomate prorepente, caudice brevi, Folia lanceolata, basi acuta v. sagittato-cordata, costa foliis floribusque coætaneis. valida, nervis tenuissimis crebris parallelis, nervulis transversis exilibus, petiolo gracili elongato longe vaginante apice geniculato. Pedunculi elongati. Spatha crassa, viridis, inferne convoluta, accrescens et persistens, superne hians, fauce non constricta, lamina oblonga acuta decidua. Spadix stipitatus, spatham superans, gracilis, totus cylindraceus; inflorescentia & quam 2 multo longior.

Species 3 v. 4, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 433.

33. Peltandra, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 102. (Lecontia, Torr. Compend. 358. Renselaeria, Beck, Bot. U. States, 382.)—Flores in spadice obsolete appendiculate monoici, 3 et 2 arcte contigui; organa neutra 0. Porianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina 4-5 in corpus prismaticum 4-6-gonum vertice dilatato deplanatum connata; antherarum loculi contigui, basin attingentes, lineari-oblongi, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Staminodia 4-5, in urceolum truncatum connata. Ovarium urceolo fere immersum, ovoideum, 1-loculare, in stylum brevem conoideum angustatum; stigma pulvinare; ovula solitaria v. pauca, orthovol. III.

tropa, erecta, funiculis brevissimis placentæ suprabasilari affixa, micropyle supera. Utriculi subglobosi, tubo carnoso spathæ inclusi, 1-oligospermi. Semina obovoidea, testa gelatinosa intus basi vacua, albumine 0; embryo globosus, macropodus.—Herbæ paludosæ, rhizomate, crasso, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia subpeltata, hastata, costa valida, nervis densis tenuissimis, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Spatha tota convoluta, tubo elongato accrescente persistente, fauce leviter constricta, lamina elongato-lanceolata recurva decidua, marginibus undulatis. Spadix spatha multo brevior, gracilis, erectus, totus cylindraceus, appendice brevi ovoidea v. obsoleta; inflorescentia densa, 3 quam 2 multo longior; fl. 3 interdum ovario imperfecto comitati, inferiores casu imperfecti.

Species 2, Amoricæ boreali-orientalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 329. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 41. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 182 (Caladium).

34. Caladium, Vent. in Ram. Archiv. ii. 347; Jard. Cels. t. 30.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, d' perfecti a 2 remoti, masculis imperfectis elongatis compactis deplanatis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. J: Stamina 3-8, in corpus sessile depressum vertice dilatato deplanatum ambitu hexagonum connata; antherarum loculi contigui, elongati, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes, connectivo crasso. Fl. ♀: Ovaria omnia apice leviter cohærentia, obovoidea v. oblonga, 2- rarissime 3-locularia; stigma sessile, subhemisphæricum, integrum v. 2-4-lobum; ovula in loculis numerosa, anatropa v. semi-anatropa, patentia, funiculis brevibus placentis septo adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, pyriformes v. clavatæ, polyspermæ, stigmatibus coronatæ, pericarpio tenui. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, testa crassa sulcata extus succulenta, funiculo laterali, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ lactescentes, rhizomate perennante tuberoso, foliis annuis floribusque coætaneis, rarius alternatim provenientibus. Folia longe petiolata, sæpius peltata, oblonga v. sagittata, membranacea, nervosa et reticulatim venosa. Pedunculus sæpius solitarius. Spathæ tubus convolutus, accrescens, persistens, fructifer irregulariter ruptus, fauce constricta, lamina cymbiformi erecta alba. Spadix spatha brevior, stipitatus, erectus, dorso basi spathæ adnatus; inflorescentia 3 subclavata, densiflora, quam Q cylindracea v. conoidea multiflora longior.

Species omnes Americam tropicam incolentes, ab auctoribus inordinate multiplicatæ, nuperrime ab Englero ad 7 reductæ. Engl. Arac. 452, ubi sectiones 2 ægre distinguendæ propositæ sunt:—

- 1. Cyrtospadix. Stigma ovarii vertice immersum, breviter 2-3-lobum. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 40. Cyrtospadix, C. Koch, Ind. Sem. Hort. Berol. 1853, App. 3.
- 2. Eucaladium. Stigma vix immersum, sub-3-4-sulcatum. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 41, 42. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 45. Jacq. Hort. Schanb. ii. t. 186 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 2543, 5199, 5255, 5263. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 28.
- 35. Xanthosoma, Schott, Melct. i. 19; Gen. Aroid. t. 46.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, ¿ perfecti a Q remoti, masculis imperfectis compactis deplanatis Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina 4-6, in corpus sessile obpyramidatum hexagonum vertice dilatato deplanatum connata; antherarum loculi lineares v. cuneati, contigui, connectivo æquilongi, rimulis brevibus apicalibus infra verticem connectivi dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Ovaria obovoidea v. oblonga, 2-3-locularia, vertice supra collum brevem in discum placentiformem dilatata et ibidem inter se confluentia, inferne distincta; stigma in centro disci sessile, pulvinare v. hemisphæricum; ovula in loculis plura, anatropa v. semianatropa, patentia et loculo transversa, funiculis elongatis placentis septo adnatis affixa, micropyle seepius infera. Bacce tubo spathe incluse, cylindracee, superne connatæ, stigmatibus coronatæ, 3-4-loculares, loculis polyspermis. Semina ovoidea, funiculo breviusculo, testa sulcata epidermide diaphana, raphe incrassata, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbse lactescentes, rhizomate tuberoso v. in caudicem crassum elongato, interdum elato, foliis perennantibus cum floribus coætaneis. Folia longe crasse petiolata, sagittata hastata v. pedatisecta. Pedunculi 1-∞, rarius elongati. Spathæ tubus oblongus v. ovoideus, convolutus, accrescens, persistens, demum irregulariter ruptus, fauce constricts, lamina cymbiformi. Spadix spatha brevior, basi spathæ adnatus ; inflorescentia

d'elongata, cylindracea v. clavata, parte imperfecta constricta; ♀ brevior, densifiora, superne attenuata.

Species 25, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 468. Genus in sectiones 2 admodum naturales divisum:—

- 1. Euxanthosoma, Engl. 1. c. 469, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 43. Stigma depressum, breviter lobatum. Folii nervi latorales in unum margini parallelum confluentes. Caudex brevis v. elongatus. Jaoq. Hort. Vind. t. 157, et Hort. Schænb. t. 188 (Arum). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 107 (Arum). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 603. Bot. Mag. t. 4989. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 31 ad 33.
- 2. Acontias, Engl. l. c. 481, et in Mart. l. c. t. 44, 45. Stigma discoideum, tumidum. Folii nervi laterales margines versus arcuati in unum undulatum confluentes. Rhizoma tuberosum. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 104 (Arum). Jacq. Ic. t. 613 (Arum). Acontias, Schott, Melet. i. 19; Gen. Arvid. t. 47. ? Phyllotenium, André in Ill. Hortic. xix. t. 88. X.? mirabile, Masters in Gard. Chron. 1874, 258, f. 53, vix hujus generis, nobis ignotum est.
- 36. Typhonodorum, Schott in Estr. Wochenbl. 1857, 70; Gen. Aroid. t. 43.—Flores in spadice elongato subappendiculato monoici, ♂ et ♀ remoti, floribus masculis imperfectis deplanatis compactis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. & (inferiores et superiores imperfecti): Stamina 4-8, in corpus obpyramidatum vertice dilatato deplanatum ambitu sinuato-angulatum connata; antherarum loculi lineares, contigui, connectivo æquilongi, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Ovarium ovoideum v. subglobosum, 1-loculare; stigma subsessile, discoideum, 3-6-lobum, lobis recurvis; ovulum solitarium, breve, anatropum, funiculo brevi placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle infera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, magnæ, compressæ, orbiculares, basi exsculptæ . . .—Herbæ robustæ, caudice crasso 4-10-pedali, vaginis vetustis onusto. Folia crasse petiolata, triangulari-ovata v. hastata, acuminata, crassissime costata et nervosa, creberrime venosa. Pedunculus crassus, petiolo brevior. Spathæ tubus oblongus, utrinque attenuatus, accrescens, persistens, fauce constricta, lamina tubo triplo longiore oblongo-lanceolata caudato-acuminata concava aperta. Spadix spatha brevior v. eam subæquans, rectus, strictus, totus cylindraceus; inflorescentia d'elongata, parte imperfecta inferiore perfecta æquilonga, superiore imperfecta multo longiore in formam appendicis conoideze attenuatze producta; 9 brevis, cylindracea. Fructus magnitudine castaneæ, edulis.

Species 2, Madagascariæ incolæ quarum una in ins. Mauritio inquilina. Engl. Arac. 331, et in Bot. Jahrb. i. 188. Baccæ exemplaribus nostris nuculam crassam intus suberosam continent, embryone 0.

37. ? Chlorospatha, Engl. in Regel, Gartenft. 1878, 97, t. 933; Arac. 487.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & a & remoti, masculis imperfectis paucis 3-4-lobis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-5, in corpus obpyramidatum 3-5-gonum vertice planiusculum connata; antherarum loculi oblongi, ad basin connectivi crassi producti, sub vertice rimulis dehiscentes; pollen pulvereum. Fl. &: Ovaria brevia, distincta, dimidiato-ovoidea v. hemisphærica, 2-3-locularia; stigma sessile, discoideum, ultra ovarii marginem non exsertum. Ovula in loculis plura, anatropa, funiculis placentis subcentralibus 2-seriatim affixa; micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herba lactescens, rhizomate tuberoso. Folia pedatisecta, marginibus crispato-undulatis, costis in sinu denudatis, petiolo tereti. Pedunculi plures, petiolo breviores. Spathæ tubus elongatus, convolutus, fauce haud constricta in laminam lanceolatam apicem versus compressam sensim desinens. Spadix spatha brevior, stipite dorso spathæ adnato; inflorescentia & perfecta conoidea, densiflora, parte imperfecta laxe pauciflora; & laxiflora, ovariis irregulariter in verticillos 4-5 remotiusculos dispositis.

Species 1, Novæ Granatæ incola. Folia tantum a nobis visa. Genus ex Englero Xanthosomati proxime affine. Septa ovarii in icone vix non axin attingent.

38. ? Espaine, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 85. (Hapale, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 44.)—Flores in spadice inferne spathæ adnato inappendiculate monoici, 3 et 2 remoti, organis neutris perpaucis apiculatis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina 3, in 3 r 2

corpus peltatum pelta tenuissima elongato-hexagona connata; antherarum loculi minutissimi, subglobosi, margini peltæ appensi, remoti, poris obovatis dehiscentes. Fl. 2 pauci, unilaterales, 2-seriati. Ovarium 1-loculare, ovoideo-oblongum, sub apice constrictum; stigma latum, pulvinare; ovulum solitarium, erectum, anatropum, funiculo brevi placentæ parietali affixum, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herba parvula, tenerrima. Folia hysteranthia, graciliter petiolata, sagittato-cordata, membranacea. Pedunculus gracillimus, petiolum superans. Spathæ tubus brevis, cylindraceus, convolutus, fauce vix constricta, lamina lanceolata acuminata demum recurva. Spadix elongatus, gracilis, spatham subæquans; inflorescentia & libera, teretiuscula, quam 2 robustior et quadruplo longior, peltis pro spadice maximis ter longioribus quam latis, 3-4 tantum in spira; 2 6-8-flora, ovariis remotis suberectis.

Species 1, Burmæ incola. Engl. Arac. 489.

39. ? Scaphispatha, Brongn. mss. ex Schott, Prod. Syst. Aroid. 214.—Flores in spadice nappendiculato monoici, & et & contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4, filamentis in columnam antheris sequilongam 4-sulcatam connatis; antherarum loculi contigui, obovoidei, poris apicalibus dehiscentes, connectivo haud producto. Fl. &: Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare; stylus brevis, stigmate capitato; ovula 4, anatropa, elongata, funiculis brevibus placentæ basilari affixa.—Fructus . . .—Herba. Folia ignota. Pedunculus gracilis, elongatus. Spathæ tubus laminam oblongam acutam æquans, inferne infundibularis, superne leviter constrictus. Spadix breviter stipitatus, basi spathæ oblique adnatus; inflorescentia & densiflora, gracilis, cylindracea, quam & oblongo-ovoidea duplo longior.

Species 1, Boliviæ incola. Engl. Arac. 526. Genus a nobis non visum, ex icone in Herb. Mus. Par. conservata spatha tota aperta est, nullibi convoluta, et spadix longe graciliterque stipitatus.

40. ! Schizocasia, Schott in Bomplandia x. 148.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et ? remoti, masculis imperfectis elongatis depressis et compressis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4-7, in corpus subhexagonum ambitu profunde sulcatum vertice deplanato medio leviter excavato connata; antherarum loculi cylindracei, connectivo crasso fere æquilongi, poris apicalibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. ?: Ovarium depresso-globosum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, depressum, sub-3-4-lobum; ovula plura, anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentæ basilari affixa. Baccæ subglobosæ, 2-6-spermæ. Semina obovoidea, subtrigona, funiculo brevissimo, albumine copioso duro; embryo subaxilis.—Herba caudice crasso. Folia ovato-cordata, pinnatipartita, petiolo elongato tereti. Pedunculus brevis, vaginatus. Spathæ tubus convolutus, lamina lineari-oblonga obtusa tubo triplo longiore, fauce constricta. Spadix appendice sursum attenuata; inflorescentia & cum appendice æquilonga, dimidio inferiore constricto floribus imperfectis; ? multo brevior.

Species 2, Novæ Guineæ et insularum Philippinarum incolæ. Genus a nobis non visum, ab Englero (Arac. 645) ad Alocasiam reductum, serius (Bot. Jahrb. 1. 185) reformatum et restitutum. An spathæ tubus persistens fructum involvens?, auctor silet.

## TRIBUS VI. PHILODENDREÆ.

41. Philodendren, Schott, Meletem. i. 19; Gen. Aroid. t. 53; Ic. Aroid. t. i. ad 10.— Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, & et ? remeti, masculis imperfectis compactis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-6, in corpus sessile obpyramidatum tetragonum v. 4-sulcatum vertice dilatate deplanatum connata; antherarum loculi oblongi v. lineares, connectivo crasso breviores, contigui, peris rimulisve apicalibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. ? staminodiis clavatis interdum immixti. Ovarium ovoideum oblongum v. obovoideum, 2-10-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare v. hemisphæricum, integrum v. lobatum; ovula in loculis pauca v. numerosa, orthotropa, brevia

v. subelongata, funiculis elongatis placentis angulo interiori adnatis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera. Baccæ in tubo spathæ involutæ, dense confertæ, 1-10-loculares, 1-10-spermæ. Semina ovoidea oblonga v. ellipsoidea, erecta, funiculo erecto v. curvo, testa crassa lævi v. costata integumento succulento induta, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.— Frutices et arbusculi scandentes, rarius herbæ acaules, caudicibus foliosis ad nodos radices æreas emittentibus. Folia vaginis opposita, coriacea, oblonga ovata cordata v. sagittatohastata, integra lobata pinnatifida v. 1-2-pinnatisecta, nervis variis, nervulis tenuissimis; petiolus teres v. in foliis junioribus antice concavus canaliculatus v. excavatus, apice rarissime tumidus v. geniculatus, vagina persistente. Pedunculi terminales et axillares, sæpius breves, plerumque fasciculati. Spatha crassa, alba rubra v. flavida, tota persistens, tubo convoluto accrescente demum rupto, lamina cymbiformi post anthesin reconvoluta, demum succulenta, suaveolens. Spadix spatham subæquans v. brevior, sessilis v. breviter stipitatus; inflorescentiæ densifloræ,  $\mathfrak P$  brevior quam  $\mathfrak F$ , in fructu dejecta.

Species ad 120, America tropica incola. Engl. Arac. 355, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 28 ad 37. Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 152 (Arum); Hort. Schanb. t. 187, 189, 190 et 468 (Arum). Rudge, Pl. Guian. t. 38 (Pothos). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 206 (Caladum). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 110 ad 112, 114 ad 116, 120 (Arum). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 159, 621, 739. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. 76, 79, 149, 150, 262. Bot. Reg. t. 1958. Bot. Mag. t. 2314, 2643, et 3345 (Arum), 3621, 5071, 5899, 6021, 6375. Peuritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 34 ad 42.

ELOPIUM, Schott in Œstr. Bot. Zeit. 1865, 35, est P. surinamensis, Engl. Arac. 361, species seminibus prælongis.

- 42. Thaumatophyllum, Schott in Bomplandia, 1859, 31.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et & contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina distincta, filamento stipitiformi; anthera lineari-elongata v. subclavata, obtusa, obtuse hexagona, loculis angustis contiguis poris apicalibus? dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovarium prismaticum v. obpyramidatum, vertice rotundato, 4-loculare i; stigma sessile, hemisphæricum; ovula numerosissima, orthotropa, funiculis elongatis supra basin ovuli insertis placentis elongatis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle supera. Fructus . . .—Frutex alte scandens, caudice tereti ramoso lævi haud annulato. Folia longe petiolata, ampla, pinnatim pedatisecta, cruribus membranaceo-marginatis cum petiolo articulatis recurvis pinnas remotas gerentibus, pinnis sessilibus oblongo-lanceolatis acuminatis, costa prominula, nervis tenuibus creberrimis, petiolo valido elongato stricto ima basi crassa tantum vaginante; cataphylla pedalia, ensiformia, rigide coriacea. Pedunculus . . . Spatha crassa, lata. Spadix crassus; inflorescentiæ cylindraceæ, & angustior, staminibus numerosissimis sensim magis imperfectis abbreviatis et in appendicem nudam cylindraceo-conoideam productis; & masculo æquilonga, ovariis magnis haud densis.
- Species 1. Brasiliæ borealis ad Rio Negro incola. Genus valde singulare, certe, ut suspicatur Engler, *Philodendron* proximum, sed staminibus diversissimis, spadice in appendicem nudam abeunte, et foliis insignibus. Exemplaria imperfecta tantum nobis suppetunt difficillime scrutata.
- 43. Syngonium, Schott in Wien. Zeitschr. iii. 780, excl. sp.; Gen. Aroid. t. 48.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & a & remoti, masculis imperfectis compactis deplanatis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-4, in corpus sessile obpyramidatum ambitu 3 4-lolum, vertice deplanatum connata; antherarum loculi lineares, basin fere connectivi attingentes, contigui, rimulis apicalibus infra marginem connectivi dehiscentes. Fl. &: Ovaria oblongo-obovoidea, lateribus connatis, 2- v. abortu 1-locularia; stigma sessile, convexum, integrum v. 2 3-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, suberecta, funiculo brevissimo placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ spathæ tubo inclusæ, in syncarpium mucilaginosum connatæ. Semina obovoidea v. globosa, funiculo brevissimo, strophiolo gibbo, testa lævi tenui nigra, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Frutices scandentes, vasis laticiferis instructi, caudice ad nodos radicante et foliifero. Folia petiolata, primaria sagittata, adulta pedatim 3 9-secta, petiolo elongato, vagina persistente

accrescente. Pedunculi solitarii v. fasciculati, breves. Spathæ tubus ovoideus, accrescens, persistens, fauce contracta, lamina cymbiformi tandem reflexa decidua. Spadix spatha multo brevior; inflorescentia & clavata, quam Q conico-cylindracea multo longior.

Species ad 8, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 292, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 26, 27. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 17, 18. Jacq. Hort. Schonb. t. 191 (Arum). Antheræ dorso tantum confluentes transitum monstrant ad Philodendron, ut etiam embryo macropodus.

44. Porphyrospatha, Engl. Arac. 289.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & a Q remoti, masculis imperfectis obconicis vertice depressis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4, in corpus tetragonum subsessile connata; antherarum loculi lineares, basin et apicem connectivi non attingentes, basi subacuti, sub vertice connectivi incrassati rimulis dehiscentes. Fl. Q: Ovaria distincta, ovoidea, truncata v. 2-cornuta, 2-locularia, loculis lateralibus; stigma transverse oblongum, 2-lobum; ovula in loculis 1-2, brevia, anatropa, erecta, funiculis brevissimis placentis centralibus affixa. Fructus . . . —Frutices scandentes, vasis laticiferis instructi, caudicibus elongatis, ramis ad nodos radicantibus foliosis. Folia juniora oblonga, basi rotundata v. breviter auriculata, adulta sagittata v. 3-secta, petiolo tereti, vagina elongata apice haud soluta. Pedunculus solitarius? . Spathæ tubus ovoideus, quam lamina ovata acuta paullo brevior. Spadix spatha multo brevior; inflorescentia Q breviter cylindracea; & 2-3-plo longior, apice obtusa.

Species 2, Costæ Ricæ incolæ. Genus a nobis non visum, includens Syngonium Schottianum, Wendl., et S. Hoffmanni, Schott, inter Syngonium et Montrichardiam ab auctore locatum.

45. Culcasia, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. i. 3, t. 3. (Denhamia, Schott, Melet. 19.)—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & a & remoti, masculis sparsis deplanatis interjectis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-4, distincta; antheræ sessiles, trigono-obpyramidatæ, dorso contiguæ, loculis contiguis oblongis obtusis connectivo crasso truncato paullo brevioribus, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovaria sparsa, depresso-globosa, 1-2-locularia; stigma sessile, dilatatum, ovario æquilatum, pulvinare, 4-sulcatum; ovula in loculis solitaria, brevia, anatropa, funiculis brevissimis placentis subbasilaribus affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ globosæ, 1-spermæ. Semen ovoideum, subsessile, testa tenui, albumine copioso; embryo parvus, axilis.—Frutices scandentes, ramis gracilibus ad nodos radicantibus. Folia spiraliter inserta, ovato v. oblongo-lanceolata, basi acuta v. cordata, acuminata, coriacea, nervis patentibus tenuibus nervulis parallelis v. reticulatis, petiolo gracili longe interdum ad apicem vaginante. Pedunculi axillares, solitarii v. plures fastigiati, breves. Spatha parva, erecta, tota plus minusve convoluta, decidua. Spadix in spatha inclusus v. exsertus, sessilis, gracilis; inflorescentia & elongata, fusiformis, superne densiflora; & angustior et brevior.

Species 6 v. 7, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 101. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 50.

46. Cercestis, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 414; Gen. Aroid. t. 52.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & a ? remoti, masculis imperfectis deplanatis compactis interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4, distincta, sessilia, prismatico-trigona, dorso contigua, vertice deplanata; antherarum loculi lineari-oblongi, connectivo crassiore paullo breviores, loculis contiguis rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. ?: Ovarium obvoideum v. globosum, 1-loculare; stigma magnum, sessile, orbiculare, pulvinare; ovulum solitarium, anatropum, funiculo brevissimo placentæ suprabasilari affixum, micropyle infera. Baccæ obovoideæ, stigmate coronatæ. Semen obovoideum, pendulum, umbilico excavato, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Frutices scandentes, vasis laticiferis instructi, ramis gracilibus ad nodos radicantibus. Folia spiraliter inserta, sagittato-cordata v. hastata; petiolo gracili, vagina elongata angusta. Pedunculi breves, solitarii v. plures, axillares. Spatha parva v. mediocris, erecta, tota plus minusve convoluta, decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis; inflorescentiæ densifloræ, & longior crassior obtusa.

Species 3-4, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 300. Genus ad Culcasiam quam maxime affine, differt semine (quod non vidimus) exalbuminoso cum embryone macropodo.

47. Restophyllum, N. E. Brown in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, 194, t. 230.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes perfecti, & et & contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-5, trigono-prismatica, truncata, dorso contigua; antherarum loculi lineares, contigui, connectivo crasso æquilongi, poris apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovaria ovoidea globosa v. oblique compressa, 1-locularia; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovulum solitarium, breve, anatropum, funiculo brevissimo placentæ parietali elongatæ in loculum extensæ affixum, micropyle infera. Fructus . . . Frutex scandens. Folia longe petiolata, ampla, submembranacea, ambitu subhastata v. cordato-ovata, acuta, pertusa et in lacinias paucas latas irregulariter pinnatisecta, costa valida, nervis patentibus validis, petiolo 1-2-pedali basi vaginante. Pedunculi solitarii v. plures, breves, crassi. Spatha subcylindracea, tota convoluta, crasse coriacea, obtusa. Spadix sessilis, cylindraceus; inflorescentia & quam & triplo longior, paullo crassior, obtusa.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola.

48. Aglaonema, Schott, Melet. i. 20; Gen. Aroid. t. 59.-Flores spadice inappendiculato monoici, omnes perfecti, ∂ et ♀ arcte contigui, rarissime interspatio staminodiis instructo disjuncti. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-4, distincta, obovoidea v. clavata, 3-gona v. cuneata, dorso contigua; antherarum loculi filamento breviores v. longiores connectivo immersi, remoti, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Staminodia, si adsint, 1-3, prismatica, ovario breviora. Ovarium 1- rarissime 2-loculare; stylus brevis, crassus, v. 0. stigmate magno orbiculari v. infundibulari, rarius parvo depresso; ovula in loculis solitaria, brevia, anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentis subbasilaribus affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ paucæ, sæpe magnæ, ovoideæ v. oblongæ, 1-spermæ. Semen ovoideum v. ellipsoideum, subsessile, erectum, testa membranacea lavi, albumine 0; embryo macropodus. -Herbæ, caudice erecto v. prostrato basi stolonifero v. rhizomate tuberoso. Folia ovatov. oblongo-lanceolata, costa crassiuscula, nervis ad marginem attingentibus, nunc 4 v. pluribus crassiusculis arcuatis, nunc omnibus tenuissimis densis parallelis, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Pedunculi fasciculati, plerumque breves. Spatha recta, tubo breviter convoluto superne in laminam ovatam v. ovato-lanceolatam apertam v. conchiformem et fere clausam v. subcylindraceam dilatato, demum marcescens. Spadix spatham æquans v. ea brevior, rarius longior, sessilis v. stipitatus; inflorescentia & elongata, cylindracea v. clavata, densiflora; 2 brevis, pauciflora. Fructus tubo spathæ non inclusus.

Species ad 20, omnes tropicæ, plurimæ Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, paucæ Africanæ. Engl. Arac. 436. Blume, Rumph. i. t. 36, 65, 66. Wight, Ir. t. 804 et 806 (Calla). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 470. Bot. Mag. t. 5500, 5760. Stigma in speciebus Africanis parvum et ovarium 2-loculare.

AGLADDORUM, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 58. Engl. Arac. 443, et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ort. 1879, 300, planta uliginosa, Malayensis, fructu ignoto, est ut videtur Aglaonematis species (A. palustre, Teysm. et Binn.) rhizomate tuberoso, petiolis pedunculisque crassissimis elongatis, fl. & infimis paucis imperfectis, staminodiis 3-4 ovarium 1 2-loculare cingentibus et stigmate magno obscure 4-lobo. Habitus ex Griffithio (Notul. iii. 148) omnino Cryptocorynis.

49. Philonotion, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 54.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, \$\delta\$ et \$2\$ longe remoti, organis neutris paucis sparsis conicis interpositis. Fl. \$\delta\$: Stamina 2, distincta, compressa, cuneata, truncata, filamento 0; antherarum loculi connectivum marginantes, eoque æquilongi, distantes, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. \$\varphi\$: Ovaria numerosissima, lineari-oblonga, subcylindracea, 1-locularia, in stylum brevem continuum producta, stigmate pulvinari; ovulum solitarium, orthotropum, erectum, funiculo curvo parietali affixum, micropyle supera. Fructus . . .—Herba, rhizomate hypogæo. Folia longe petiolata, lanceolata, caudato-acuminata, nervis creberrimis tenuissims marginem attingentibus, subtus pallida, petiolo gracili laminæ æquilongo sublonge vaginante. Pedunculus gracilis, petiolo æquilongus. Spatha erecta, tubo convoluto, fauce vix constricta, in laminam æquilongam subcymbiformem haud latiorem desinens, apice caudiculata, persistens?. Spadix longe stipitatus, spatham æquans, gracilis; inflorescentia \$\delta\$

elongato-cylindracea partem nudam cum ? sequans; parte nuda longitudinaliter costata costis obscure tuberculati; ? cylindracea quam & crassior, ovariis densissimis.

Species 1, Amasonica. Engl. Arac. 431.

50. Montrichardia, Criiger in Bot. Zeit. 1854, 25.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, omnes perfecti, & et 2 contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-6, distincta; antheræ sessiles, obpyramidatæ, 3-gonæ, dorso contiguæ, loculis contiguis lineari-oblongis acutis connectivo crasso truncato brevioribus rimulis apicalibus retrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen pulvereum, globosum. Fl. 2: Ovaria turbinata, connata, hexagona, vertice rotundato-sphinctriformi, 1-locularia; stigma areola depressa sessile, 4-lobum; ovula solitaria v. gemina, anatropa, brevia, funiculis brevissimis placentæ subbasilari affixa, v. semianatropa, micropyle hiante infera. Baccæ in syncarpium connatæ, spongiosæ, vertice intruso radiatim sulcato, 1-spermæ. Semen subglobosum v. oblongo-ovoideum et compressum, testa tenui, albumine 0; embryo macropodus, intra pericarpium germinans.-Frutices arborescentes, vasis laticiferis instructi, caudicibus erectis crassis annulatis interdum divisis lævibus v. aculėatis. Folia coriacea, sagittata, lobis posticis elongatis, costis crassiusculis, nervis tenuibus, petiolo robusto alte vaginante, vagina in ligulam producta. Pedunculi 1-2, foliis breviores. Spatha crassa, late ovata, acuta, erecta, basi convoluta, fauce aperta, tota decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis, erectus, crassus, obtusus; inflorescentiæ densissimæ, cylindraceæ, d quam 2 multo longior.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 287, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 25. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 49. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 109 (Arum). Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 21, 22. Descriptio a Schottio ad M. Fendleri stabilitata, sed in specie typica M. aculeata (Caladium aculeatum,

Meyer, Prim. Fl. Esseq. 274; Philodendron? aculeatum, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 48), planta ab Englero prætermissa, ovaria libera et ovulum solitarium orthotropum a Crügero descripta sunt. In M. linifera, a Peyritschio descripta, ovulum solitarium semianatropum depictum est.

51. ■ Peptthytis, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 406; Gen. Aroid. t. 51.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, omnes perfecti, d et ? arcte contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina distincta, brevissima, prismatica v. subcubica, ambitu sulcata, vertice deplanata; antherarum loculi connectivo æquilongi, lineari-oblongi, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. ?: Ovarium globosum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, discoideum, centro depressum; ovulum solitarium, breve, anatropum, funiculo brevissimo placentæ parietali infra apicem loculi affixum, pendulum, micropyle infero. Baccæ magnæ, ellipsoideæ. Semen pendulum, obovoideum, umbilico excavato circulari, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herbæ elatæ, vasis laticiferis instructæ, caudice prorepente v. rhizomate crasso. Folia proteranthia, ampla, longe petiolata, membranacea, triangulari-sagittata, lobis posticis incumbentibus v. divaricatis anticum æquantibus v. eo majoribus, petiolog gracili ima basi subvaginante. Pedunculus gracilis, erectus, folia superans. Spatha membranacea, elliptica, acuta, in pedunculum decurrens, basi breviter convoluta, dein aperta et reclinata, nervis reticulata. Spadix spatha brevior, erectus, stipitatus; inflorescentia & cylindracea, obtusa, quam ? pauciflora triplo longior.

Species 2, Africa occidentalis tropica incola. Engl. Arac. 301. N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1881, 790. Descriptio ad flores N. liberica, N. E. Br., et fructus ad analysin N. Afzelii in opere Schottii.

52. Etchardia, Kunth in Mém. Mus. Par. iv. 437, t. 20. (Zantedeschia, Spreng. Syst. Veg. iii. 765 pro parte.)—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, omnes perfecti, d et ? arcte contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina 2-3, distincta, filamento elongato crasso; antheræ obtusæ v. retusæ filamento breviores, loculis oblongis connectivo immersis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Fl. ?: Staminodia 3, spathulata, apice incrassata v. clavata. Ovarium ovoideum, 2-5 (rarius 1-) loculare; stylus brevis, cum ovario continuus v. 0, stigmate parvo pulvinari v. capitato; ovula in loculis ad 4, anstropa, brevia, funiculis brevibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis 2-seriatim affixa

v. superposita, micropyle infera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, obovoidæ v. subglobosæ, 1-5-loculares, oligospermæ. Semina ovoidea v. subglobosa, funiculo brevi, testa costata, raphe elevata in strophiolum parvum desinente, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ paludosæ, rhizomate crasso, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia saguttata, interdum maculis albis translucidis fenestrata, costa valida, nervis marginem attingentibus, petiolo elongato crasso basi vaginato interdum asperulo. Pedunculi sæpe plures, validi, elongati. Spatha erecta, tubo brevi convoluto infundibulari accrescente persistente, fauce aperta; lamina oblique explanata, apice cuspidata recurva, marginibus eversis, marcescens, alba v. flavida. Spadix spatha brevior, substipitatus, erectus, cylindraceus; inflorescentiæ densifloræ, d quam ç multo longior.

983

Species 5, Africæ australis incolæ. Engl. Arac. 326. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 62. Gærtn. Fruot. t. 84 (Calla). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 462. Fl. des Serres, t. 2258. Lem. Ill. Hortic. t. 255. Bot. Mag. t. 832 (Calla), 5140, 5176, 5765.

53. **Esmalonema**, Schott, Melet. i. 20; Gen. Aroid. t. 61, err. typ. Homalomena. (Zantedeschia, Spreng. Syst. Veg. iii. 765, pro parte.)—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes perfecti rarius paucis & infimis imperfectis, & et Q arcte contigui, v. spatio brevi nudo separati. Perianthium 0. Stamina 3-4, rarius 5-6, distincta, brevia, prismatica, truncata, 3-4-gona, dorso contigua; antherarum loculi oblongi v. ovoidei, subremoti, prominuli, connectivo crasso multo breviores, rimulis subapicalibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 2: Staminodia in spiras cum ovariis alternantibus disposita, clavata v. capitata. rarius 0. Ovarium oblongum v. obovoideum, vertice contractum, perfecte v. imperfecte 3-4-loculare; stigma sessile, orbiculare, integrum v. 3-4-lobum; ovula in loculis numerosa. anatropa v. semi-anatropa, funiculis elongatis erecto-patentibus placentis marginibus septorum v. angulo interiori loculi adnatis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle laterali v. infera v. supera. Baccæ spatha totæ inclusæ, obovoideæ globosæ v. angulatæ, 3-4-loculares, polyspermæ. Semina ovoidea, funiculo elongato, testa costata atro-brunnea extus succosa, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ robustæ, rhizomate crasso, caudice brevi v. 0. Folia ovato- v. triangulari-cordata v. lanceolata, interdum pubescentia, nervis marginem attingentibus, petiolo sepius elongato et longe vaginante. Spatha recta, cylindracea v. inferne convoluta, superne in laminam convolutam v. hiantem acuminatam protensa. tandem recta, tota accrescens et persistens. Spadix spatha inclusus, sæpius breviter stipitatus; inflorescentia & cylindracea v. fusiformis; Q brevior et angustior.

Species ad 20, Asiæ et Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 332; et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 296. Genus ab Englero in sectiones 2 divisum:—

- 1. Euhomalonema. Spathæ brevis hiantis tubus indistinctus, lamina tubo vix longior. Fl. 3 3-4-andri. Folia utrinque glaberrima. Asiaticæ et Americanæ. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 12 (Calla). Wight, Ic. t. 805, 807 (Calla). Griff. Notul. iii. 152. Regel, Gartenfl. 634. Bot. Mag. t. 2279 (Calla) 6571. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1877, fig. 45, 46.
- 2. Curmeria. Spathæ tubus distinctus. Fl. & sæpius 5-6-andri. Fl. \(\varphi\): Staminodia sæpe 0. Folia glabra v. pilosa. Curmeria, Lind. et André in Ill. Hortic. 1873, 121, 303. Regel, Gartens. t. 891. Masters in Gurd. Chron. 1874, fig. 159, 160, 1876, fig. 16.

CYRTOCLADON, Griff. Notul. iii. 147; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 173, f. 1, est verisimiliter species Homalonematis.

ADELONEMA, Schott, Prod. Arcid. 316, planta Amazonica, floribus 3 imperfectis notis est ex Englero (in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 171, t. 38) vix sine dubio Homalonematis species.

54. Chameeladon, Miq. in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 564; Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 212, t. 40.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes perfecti, det q arcte contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina 2-3, distincta, brevia, late cuneata, compressa, retusa, filamentis brevissimis; antherarum loculi breves, connectivo immersi, remoti, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. q: Staminodia 1-3, clavata, brevia. Ovarium ovoideum v. subglobosum, 2-rarius 3-loculare; stigma sessile, latum, orbiculare, pulvinare; ovula in loculis plura, anatropa v. semianatropa, brevia, funiculis subelongatis placentis angulo interiori adnatis 4-seriatim affixa, micopyle infera. Baccæ spatha inclusæ, ellipsoideæ.

2-3-loculares, loculis polyspermis. Semina elongata, funiculo laterali, testa tenui remote costata, raphe prominula, chalaza tumida, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ parvæ v. inter minores, caudice brevi v. subnullo a basi diviso. Folia elliptico-ovata v. oblonga, v. triangulari-ovata v. lanceolata, raro basi cordata, nervis marginem fere attingentibus, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Spatha parva, subcylindracea, inferne convoluta, superne hians, demum reclusa, tota persistens. Spadix spatha inclusus, stipitatus, subcylindraceus; inflorescentia 3 quam 2 multo longior.

Species ad 12, Asize tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Engl. Arac. ii. 343. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 60.

55. Schismatoglottis, Zoll. et Morr. Syst. Verz. Pl. Jav. 83. (Zantedeschia, C. Koch, Ind. Sem. Hort. Berol. 1854, App. 9.)-Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, ♂ superiores omnes et interdum pauci inferiores imperfecti, inferiores ♀ contigui v. fere contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-3, distincta, brevia, prismatica subcuneata v. compressa, truncata, filamento late lineari; antherarum loculi filamentum terminantes, ovoidei, remoti v. contigui, poris magnis apicalibus dehiscentes, connectivo apice verrucoso; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 9: Staminodia si adsint pauca, clavata. Ovarium oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, discoideum; ovula plurima, anatropa, funiculis elongatis placentis 2-4 parietalibus affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ tubo spathæ inclusæ, oblongæ, polyspermæ. Semina ellipsoidea, arrecta, testa atro-viridi epidermide diaphano; embryo . . .—Herbæ rhizomate stolonifero, caudice brevi. Folia oblongo- v. ovato-cordata, rarius hastata v. lanceolata, sæpe marmorata v. maculata, nervis marginem fere attingentibus, petiolo basi vaginante. Pedunculi solitarii v. fasciculati, petiolo breviores. Spatha cylindracea, tubo convoluto fauce vix constricto, lamina apiculata v. acuminata circumscisse decidua. Spadix sessilis, spatha inclusus, medio v. infra medium constrictus; inflorescentia & cylindracea v. clavata superne pro maxima parte (rarius inferne) imperfecta; 2 brevior v. angustior, cylindracea v. conica.

Species ad 15, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Engl. Arac. 349; Bot. Jahrb. i. 184, et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 297. Ill. Hortic. xxviii. t. 418. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 55. Ovula a Schottio (Gen. Aroid. l. c.) orthotropa depicta sed anatropa descripta. Genus in sectiones 2 divisum:—

- 1. Euschismatoglottis, Engl. l.c. 350. Flores Q omnes fertiles v. superiores tantum steriles. Antherarum loculi connectivum haud superantes. Wight, Ic. t. 799 (Calla); includit Apoballis, Schott in Estr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1858, 318, genus nullo charactere distinguendum.
- 2. Colobogynium, Engl. 1. c. 353. Inflorescentia Q ima basi staminodia ferens. Antherarum loculi connectiyum superantes. Colobogynium, Schott in Œstr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1865, 34.
- 56. Apatemone, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 57.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, & et Q contigui; organa neutra conica umbonata ovariis subsimilia appendicem cylindraceam vestientia. Fl. &: Stamina 1-2, brevissima, distincta, compressa, latiora quam longa; antherarum loculi hemisphærici, subremoti, connectivo tenui latiores, vertice planiusculo verrucoso centro poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. Q: Ovarium diaphanum, ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare v. hemisphæricum; ovula numerosa, semianatropa, funiculis elongatis gracillimis placentis 2-3 tenuissimis parietalibus affixa, micropyle directione varia. Fructus . . .—Herbæ acaules, pusillæ. Folia ovata v. ovato- v. cordato-lanceolata, nervis tenuissimis, nervulis parallelis, petiolo gracili ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus petiolo brevior. Spatha membranacea, tubo angusto convoluto persistente, lamina paullo longiore lanceolata convoluta circumscisse decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, stipitatus, totus cylindraceus; inflorescentia & neutro subæquilonga; Q elongata, ovariis distinctis.

Species 2, Borneensis et Malaccensis. Engl. Arac. 354.

57. Bucephalandra, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 56.—Flores in spadice appendiculate monoici, & et ? contigui; organa neutra hexagona, verrucosa, floribus multoties majora, appendicem clavatam vestientia. Fl. &: Stamina 1-2, brevia, obovoideo-cuneata, com-

pressa, filamentis crassis; antherarum loculi ovoidei, contigui, oblique oppositi, tubulis rectis divaricatis corniformibus basi annulo verrucoso cinctis dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Ovarium globosum, diaphanum, imperfecte 2-3-loculare; stigma sessile, parvum, disciforme; ovula numerosa, semianatropa, funiculis tenuissimis elongatis flexuosis aciebus semiseptorum affixa, micropyle directione varia. Fructus . . .—Herba acaulis, pusilla. Folia numerosa, lineari-lanceolata, apiculata subtus punctulata, nervis tenuissimis, nervulis parallelis, petiolo gracili ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus petiolo subæquilongus. Spathæ tubus brevis, convolutus, persistens, lamina lanceolata circumscisse decidua. Spadix spatha multo brevior, stipitatus, appendice crassa ellipsoidea organis neutris hexagono-areolata; inflorescentia & brevis; 2 longior et angustior, ovariis distinctis.

Species 1, Borneensis. Engl. Arac. 354.

MICROCASIA, Engl. in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 299, genus indicatum, sed non descriptum, ex auctore Bucephalandræ quam maxime affine, differt oyulis placentæ basilari affixis. Species 2, Borneenses.

58. Enynchopyle. Engl. Bot. Jahrb. i. 183.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et & contigui, omnes fœmineis infimis paucis masculisque summis exceptis perfecti. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-3, distincta, compressiuscula; antheræ connectivo truncato æquilongæ, loculis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. &: Ovarium 2-3-loculare; stigma sessile, suborbiculare, tenue; ovula numerosa, semianatropa, elongata, funiculis subæquilongis parti apicali septi affixa. Baccæ obovoideæ, 2-3-loculares, polyspermæ. Semina fusiformia, integumento exteriore pellucido ultra interius longe producto rostrata, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ caudice brevi. Folia lanceolata, apiculo tubuloso instructa, nervis plurimis patentibus subparallelis, petioli vagina fere a basi soluta elongata ligulæformi. Pedunculi elongati. Spatha bis terve convoluta, tubus persistens, cupularis, quam lamina dejecta 2-3-plo brevior. Spadix spatha brevior; inflorescentia & quam & brevior.

Species 2 (Schismatoglottis marginata et S. elongata, Engl. in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 298), Borneenses. Genus a nobis non visum.

59. Piptospatha, N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1879, 138, f. 20.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, & et 2 contigui; organa neutra infra fl. 2 numerosa, dense compacta, clavata v. peltata, stipite crasso. Perianthium 0. Stamina 1-2, distincta, compressa, porrecta, filamento brevi; antherarum loculi ellipsoidei, subremoti, connectivum in rostrum loculis æquilongum productum marginantes, rimulis terminalibus dehiscentes. Fl. Q: Ovarium subcylindraceum v. obtuse angulatum, truncatum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, verticem totum ovarii occupans et cum eo æquilatum, pulvinare; ovula numerosa, orthotroba, erecta, funiculis elongatis placentis 2-3-parietalibus affixa, micropyle supera. Fructus . . .—Herba pusilla, cæspitosa, acaulis. Folia numerosa, coriacea, lanceolata, acuminata, cartilagineo-marginata, subtus punctulata, nervis tenuissimis nervulisque supra obscuris, petiolo lamina multo breviore gracili ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus petiolo longior, gracilis, apice decurvus. Spatha cernua, oblique ovoidea v. ellipsoidea, cuspide terminali recurva, convoluta, lamina a tubo obscuro circumscisse decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, sessilis, brevis; inflorescentia & ovoidea v. hemisphærica, vertice rotundata, ob connectiva rostrata quaquaversa subsquarrosa; Q lævis, brevissima, cylindracea. masculo angustior; neutralis cum fæminea continua et ea longior.

Species 1, Borneensis. Bot. Mag. t. 6598.

60. Gamosyne, N. E. Brown in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, 195.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, & a ? remoti, masculis sterilibus ambitu undulatis dense compactis interpositis arcte contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 1 2, distincta, compressa, filamento brevi lato; antherarum loculi cylindracei, paralleli, pro maxima parte remoti, superne confluentes et verticem staminis truncatum efficientes, poris apicalibus in rimulam

confluentibus dehiscentes, connectivo loculis angustiore tenui non producto. Fl. 2: Ovaria minuta, omnino connata, 1-locularia; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovula numerosa, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis subelongatis placentis parietalibus affixa, micropyle supera. Fructus . . .—Herba. Folia lanceolata, coriacea, nervis nervulisque tenuissimis, petiolo lamina breviore ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha inclinata, elliptico-ovoidea, breviter rostrata, arcte convoluta, rima apicali aperta, lamina a tubo obconico circumscisse decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, robustus, totus cylindraceus, apice rotundatus; inflorescentia 3 cum imperfecta quam 2 triplo longior.

Species 1, Borneensis.

61, Microcasta, Beccari in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 180, cum ic. xylog.; et in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. xi. 394.—Flores in spadice appendiculato monoici, fl. 3 superiores et inferiores dilatati imperfecti, 2 infimi steriles; appendix sessilis, nuda, globosa. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3 perfecti pauci. Stamina sessilia; antherue globoso-didymæ, loculis apice aristatis. Fl. 2 pauci. Ovaria globosa. 1-locularia; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovula ad 12, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentæ latæ basilari affixa, micropyle supera. Fructus spathæ tubo involucratus. Baccæ...—Herbæ perpusillæ, cæspitosæ, rhizomate repente brevi. Folia spathulata v. oblonga, petiolo longe v. breviter vaginante. Pedunculi solitarii v. pauci. Spathæ tubus convolutus, persistens; lamina ovato-lanceolata, acuminata, vix hians, circumscisse decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, clavatus; inflorescentiæ breves, fl. 3 imperfecti infra et supra fertiles iis multo majores, tenues, cuneato-obovatæ; fl. 2 steriles pauci, minuti; appendix sessilis, inflorescentia crassior, v. subæquans.

Species 2, Borneenses. Engl. in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortw. 1879, 299. Genus a nobis non visum.

## TRIBUS VII. DIEFFENBACHIEÆ.

62. Dieffenbachia, Schott, Melet. i. 20; Gen. Aroid. t. 63.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, d a 2 remoti, masculis imperfectis paucis sparsis interpositis. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 4-5, in corpus crassum depressum sessile vertice deplanatum connata; antherarum loculi connectivo breviores, lineari-oblongi, contigui, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 9: Staminodia 4-5, ovarium cingentia, incurva, inferne dilatata, apicibus clavatis. Ovarium globosum depressoovoideum v. 2-3-lobum, 1-3-loculare; stigma sessile, depresso-globosum, 2-3-lobum, medio concavum v. umbonatum; ovula in loculis solitaria, rarius altero imperfecto addito, anatropa, erecta v. subhorizontalia, funiculis brevibus placentis basilaribus v. angulo interiori adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Bacce spathe tubo demum rupto inclusæ, globosæ, v. 2-3-dymæ, stigmate coronatæ, 1 3-loculares, loculis 1-spermis. Semina ovoidea v. globosa, testa crassiuscula lævi, chalaza magna orbiculari, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herbæ v. suffructices crassi, caudicibus erectis v. basi decumbentibus. Folia subterminalia, oblonga v. oblongo-lanceolata, acuta, costa nervisque utrinque numerosis crassis, petiolo crasso ultra medium vaginante. Pedunculi plures, petiolo breviores. Spatha angusta, tubo elongato convoluto accrescente persistente, fauce leviter constricta, lamina tubo paullo longiore aperta anguste cymbiformi acuminata, demum recurva. Spadix spatha brevior, erectus, stipitatus, basi spathæ adnatus; inflorescentia d' cylindracea, densifiora; Q unilateralis, elongata, multi-remotifiora.

Species ad 6, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 444, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. 1.39. Schott, Ic. Aroid. t. 21 ad 30. Jacy Strp. Amer. t. 151 (Arum). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 608 (Caladrum). Hook. Exot. Bot t. 1 (Caladrum). Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. t. 387, 470, 471. Regel, Gartenfl. t. 672.

63. Taccarum. Brongn. mss. ex Schott, Gen. Arvid. t. 65. (Lysistigma, Schott in Bonpland. x. 222. Endera, Regel, Gartenfl. 1872, 226, t. 732.)—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes perfecti, 3 et 2 contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. 3: Stamina 4-∞, in corpus subsessile v. stipitatum peltatum vertice deplanato v. tumido connata; antherarum loculi peltæ appensi, v. circa v. infra apicem stipitis verticillati, lineari-

oblongi, contigui, rimulis apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Staminodia ovarium cingentia 4-6, e basi lata sensim angustata, incurva, apicibus clavellatis recurvis. Ovarium subglobosum v. late ovoideum, teres v. 3-6-lobum, 3-6-loculare, in stylum columnarem attenuatum; stigma crassum, capitatum, 3-6-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herbæ elatæ, rhizomate tuberoso, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia longe petiolata, ambitu late hastato-ovata, bipinnatifida, pinnis undulatis. Pedunculus petiolo multo brevior. Spatha erecta, tubo brevi convoluto, fauce aperta, lamina hiante v. explanata oblonga acuta. Spadix spatha brevior, breviter stipitatus, laxiflorus; inflorescentia 3 ovoidea v. elongata, quam 2 longior.

Species 3-4, Brasiliæ incolæ. Engl. Araz. 519, 645, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 49. Aroang. in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. xi. 312, t. 8. N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1881, 654, fig. 134.

64. Andromycia, A. Rich. Fl. Cub. ii. 282, t. 89.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato monoici, omnes perfecti, & et & contigui? Perianthium 0, nisi discus in fl. &. Fl. &: Stamina 3-4; antheræ in ambitu corporis peltati hemisphærici immersæ, 2-loculares, loculis approximatis apice dehiscentibus. Fl. & sparsi. Ovarium subglobosum, disco tumido obtuse 3-lobo sessile, 3-loculare, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum, stigmate 3-cruri, cruribus elongatis recurvo-patentibus; ovula in loculis solitaria, in angulo interiore loculi basilaria, erecta, anatropa, funiculo brevi, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herba. Folia hysteranthia, pedatisecta, lobo medio magno elliptico acuminato, lateralibus oblique lanceolatis, nervis arcuatis, petiolo elongato. Pedunculus cataphyllis acuminatis vaginatus. Spatha erecta, lanceolata, acuminata, basi convoluta, superne aperta. Spadix spatha brevior, gracilis, laxiflora.

Species 1, Cubensis, nobis ignota, ab Englero (Arac. 486) inter Xanthosomatis species inclusus.

65. Staurostigma, Scheidw. in Otto et Dietr. Allgem. Gartenz. xvi. 129.-Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, omnes perfecti, & et 2 contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. d: Stamina 3-4, in corpus crasse stipitatum, peltatum, subhexagonum vertice umbonatum connata; antherarum loculi margine inferiore peltæ appensi, oblongi v. sacciformes, contigui, rimulis porisve demum hiantibus dehiscentes; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 2: Staminodia 3-5, brevia, cuneata, truncata, plus minusve connata v. in cupulam lobatam confluentia. Ovarium globosum v. pyriforme, 2-5- rarius 1-loculare; stylus conoideus v. 0, stigmate 2-5-partito, lobis triangularibus v. clavatis stellatim patentibus; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, obovoidea cylindracea v. lageniformia, funiculis brevibus placentis subbasilaribus aftixa, micropyle infera v. transversa. Bacce subglobose, profunde 2-5-sulcate, 2 5-loculares, loculis 1-spermis. Semina oblonga, obtuse \$\mathbb{G}\_gona, testa tenui fusca kevi v. granulata epidermide diaphana, strophiolo conoideo, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herba tuberosa, stolonifera, foliis floribus coætaneis v. proteranthiis. Folia longe petiolata, ambitu hastato-coi data, pinnatisecta v. 1-2-pinnatipartita, pinnis sessilibus acuminatis. Pedunculi solitarii v. plures, foliis æquilongi. Spatha erecta, lanceolata, basi convoluta, superne hians v. aperta. Spadix cylindraceus, spatha brevior et inferne basi ejus adnatus; inflorescentiæ laxifloræ, & quam 2 longior.

Species 6, America tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 513. Genus ab Englero in sectiones 2 divisum:—
1. Asterostigma. Stigma stellatim 3-5-partitum, segmentis 2-fidis. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras.
iii. ii. t. 48. Velloz. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 103 (Arum). Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1590 (Caladium). Asterostigma, Schott in Œst: Bot. Wochenbl. 1852, 67; Gen. Aroid. t. 66. Bot. Mag. t. 5972. Peyritsoh, Aroid. Maximil. t. 23 ad 26.

- 2. Rhopalostigma. Stigma 2-3-partitum, segmentis tereti-clavatis. Rhopalostigma, Schott in Westr. Bot. Zeitschr. 1859, 39. Prodr. Syst. Aroud. 34 (Rhopalostigmium). Psyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 27.
- 66. Gearum, N. E. Brown in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, 196, t. 231, f. 1.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate monoici, staminodiis interpositis arcte contigui. Perianthium 0.

Fl. 3: Stamina 4 (5?) in corpus sessile subhexagonum vertice tumido subpeltato connata; antherarum loculi remoti, margini inferiori peltæ affixi, elliptico-oblongi, rimulis terminalibus dehiscentes. Fl. 2 dense conferti. Staminodia compressa. Ovarium subglobosum v. globoso-3-gonum, 3-4-loculare; stigma subsessile, 3-4-lobum; ovula in loculis solitaria, basilaria, erecta, orthotropa. Fructus . . .—Herba rhizomate tuberoso. Folia hysteranthia, petiolata, pedata, segmento intermedio sessili, lateralibus pinnatifidis. Pedunculus brevissimus. Spatha erecta, elongata, infra medium constricta, convoluta, superne cymbiformis, acuta. Spadix elongatus, cylindraceus, spatha paullo brevior, sessilis, parte 3 anguste fusiformi subacuta; inflorescentia densa.

Species 1, prov. Goyaz, Brasiliæ, incola. Specimina imperfecta tantum nota foliis non certe ad inflorescentiam pertinentibus.

67. Mangenia, Schott in Estr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 77; Gen. Aroid. t. 64.—Flores in eodem spadice inappendiculato monoici; & inferiores dissiti, \$\mathhcap2\$ approximati, supremi imperfecti. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 3-5, in corpus peltatum stipitatum connatæ; antheræ didymæ, ad apicem stipitis columnaris verticillatæ, loculis globosis contiguis poris apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. \$\mathhcap2\$: Staminodia 3, ovarium cingentia, linearia, apicibus dilatatis. Ovarium ovoideum, 3-loculare; stylus columnaris, stigmate 3-lobo centro depresso, lobis patenti-recurvis obtusis; ovula in loculis gemina, anatropa, lageniformia, funiculis brevibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis affixa, micropyle supera. Fructus . .—Herba tuberosa?. Folia proteranthia, oblongo-sagittata, costa crassa, nervis arcuatis, petiolo elongato. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha oblongo-lanceolata, inferne convoluta, superne reclinata. Spadix elongatus, spatham superans; inflorescentia & valde elongata, floribus perfectis laxis, imperfectis densis; \$\mathhcap2\$ brevis, densiflora, floribus quam & multo majoribus.

Species 1, Provinciæ Argentinæ incola. Engl. Arac. 518. Exemplum valde imperfectum foliis ademptis a nobis visum. Descriptio pro maxims parte ad analyses Schottii l. c.

68. Steudnera, C. Koch in Wochenschr. Gærtn. 1862, 114.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato basi spathæ adnato monoici, omnes perfecti, & et & contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Staminodia 3-6, in corpus prismaticum v. subcylindraceum breviter stipitatum peltatum vertice depresso connata; antherarum loculi subglobosi v. oblongi, contigui, basin connectivi non attingentes, rimulis porisve apicalibus dehiscentes; pollen minutissimum. Fl. &: Staminodia 2-5, brevia, clavata, rarius 0. Ovarium subglobosum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, stellatim 3-5-lobum, lobis triangularibus acutis; ovula plurima, orthotropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentis parietalibus 2-seriatim conferta, micropyle supera. Baccæ ovoideæ, polyspermæ. Semina ovoidea, testa crassula sulcata, epidermide diaphana, raphe strophiolata, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ, caudice, crasso elongato ascendente membranaceo-vaginato. Folia longe petiolata, peltata, ovato-oblonga, basi emarginata. Pedunculus brevis. Spatha aperta, basi brevissime convoluta, ovato-lanceolata, demum supra medium reflexa, marcescens. Spadix spatha multoties brevior, parte & dorso spathæ adnata; inflorescentia densiflora, & crassa, clavata, obtusa; & multo brevior.

Species 3 v. 4, Burmæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 451 (ubi ovarium errore 2-5-loculare descriptum). N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1875, ii. 708. André in Ill. Hortic. xix. t. 90. Fl. des Serres, t. 2201. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 164, f. 1 (Arum). Bot. Mag. t. 6076 (excl. fig. ovarii).

69. Gorgonidium, Schott in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. i. 283.—Flores in spadice in-appendiculato? monoici, & et ? arcte contigui. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Stamina 2-6-8, filamentis filiformibus florum inferiorum distinctis fasciculatis, superiorum alte connatis; antherarum loculi globosi, infra apicem connectivi prominuli, truncati, oppositi, stipitati, poris apicalibus dehiscentes. Fl. ?: Staminodia 6-8, ovarium irregulariter cingentia et longe superantia, filiformia, apicibus incrassatis. Ovarium 4-loculare; stylus filiformis, stigmate depresso 4-crenato; ovula in loculis solitaria, orthotropa, placentis basi anguli

interioris adnatis affixa. Fructus . . .—Herbæ. Folia . . . Pedunculus brevis. Spatha persistens, navicularis, fere ad basin hians. Spadix spatha brevior, conico-cylindraceus, stipitatus; inflorescentia d' densiflora; Q stipiti spadicis æquilonga, ovariis in verticillos 4 remotiusculos dispositis.

Species 1, ins. Carari maris Sualici incola. Planta a Gaudichaudio detecta, a nobis non visa, ex sententia N. E. Brownii verisimiliter *Pseudodracontio* affinis.

#### TRIBUS VIII. SPATHICARPEÆ.

70. Spathicarpa, Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. 147, t. 77.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate per totam longitudinem spathæ adnato monoici, omnes perfecti, & et 2 seriebus paucis longitudinalibus dispositi, exteriores Q. Perianthium O. Fl. &: Stamina 3-4, cum ovarii rudimentum in corpus peltatum graciliter stipitatum connata ; antheræ breves, peltæ suborbiculari v. obtuse quadratæ appensæ, loculis contiguis poris subapicalibus dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Fl. 2: Staminodia 3-6, minuta, globosa v. depresso-peltata, ovario accumbentia. Ovarium ovoideo-oblongum v. lageniforme, 1-loculare, in stylum conicum attenuatum, stigmate pulvinari integro v. obscure 3-4-sulcato; ovulum orthotropum, erectum, sessile, fundo loculi affixum, micropyle supera. Baccæ minutæ, ovoideæ, stylo coronatæ et staminodiis cinctæ. Semen ovoideum, erectum, funiculo crasso, testa brunnea extus viridi succosa, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ rhizomate tuberoso, foliis floribusque coætaneis. Folia membranacea, lanceolata, v. hastato- v. sagittato-cordata v. hastato-3-secta, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Pedunculi graciles, folia superantes. Spatha oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata, membranacea, demum aperta, longitudinaliter nervosa, reticulata, basi apiceque convoluta, persistens. Spadix semicylindraceus, spatha brevior, densi- v. laxi-flora.

Species ad 8, Brasiliæ et Paraguayæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 530, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 51. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 67. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 12 ad 15.

71. Spathantheum, Schott in Bonplandia, 1859, 165.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato per totam longitudinem spathæ adnato monoici, omnes perfecti, \$\delta\$ et \$\mathbb{Q}\$ seriebus paucis longitudinalibus dispositi, exteriore \$\mathbb{Q}\$. Perianthium 0. Fl. \$\delta\$: Stamina 4-7 distincta v. filamentis connatis, v. tota in corpus peltatum stipitatum connata; antheræ oblongæ, liberæ v. apicem versus stipitis verticillatæ, loculis contiguis rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus. Fl. \$\mathbb{Q}\$: Staminodia \$4 \infty\$, brevia, ovarium cingentia, basi dilatata, apice capitata. Ovarium lageniforme, \$4-\infty\$-loculare; stylus elongatus, stigmate \$4-\infty\$-lobo, lobis patentirecurvis; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, funiculis longiusculis placentis basi anguli interioris adnatis aflixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herbæ, rhizomate tuberoso, foliis flozibusque coætaneis, v. uno post alterum evoluto. Folia longe graciliterque petiolata, cordata v. sagittato-ovata, integra v. pinnatifido-lobata. Pedunculus gracilis, folia subæquans. Spatha oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata, membranacea, demum aperta, longitudinaliter nervosa et reticulata, basi apiceque obscure convoluta, persistens. Spadix semicylindraceus, spatha brevior, laxiflora.

Species 2 nobis cognitæ, altera Boliviana, S. Orbignyana, Schott l. c., Engl. Arac. 630, folis integris floribus non coætaneis et staminibus in corpus peltatum connatis; altera, Gamochlamys heterandra, Baker in Gard. Chron. 1876, 164, et in Saund. Ref. Bot. v. t. 346, patria ignota, staminibus partim liberis partim connatis. Ovula in ambabus certe anatropa, nec ut descripserunt Schott et Engler orthotropa.

#### TRIBUS IX. CALLEÆ.

72. Calla, Linn. Gen. n. 1030. (Provenzalia, Adans Fam Nat. ii. 460.)—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato omnes hermaphroditi, fertiles v. supremi d. Perianthium 0. Stamina ad 6, filamentis linearibus; antheræ brevissinæ, loculis connectivum terminantibus ellipsoideis divaricatis rimis elongatis dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideum,

1-loculare, in stylum brevem conicum attenuatum, stigmate parvo pulvinare; ovula 6-9, anatropa, erecta, funiculis brevibus placentæ basilari affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ depresso-obconicæ, v. prismaticæ, vertice sulcatæ, polyspermæ. Semina oblonga, teretiuscula, raphe prominula, testa crassa micropylen versus striata, chalaza tumida, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herba aquatica, rhizomate repente elongato annulato folia disticha et pedunculum basi vaginatum proferente. Folia ovato- v. rotundato-cordata, nervis numerosis tenuissimis arcuatis, cuspidata, petiolo elongato basi longe vaginante. Pedunculus petiolum subæquans. Spatha ovato-lanceolata v. elliptica, acuminata, tota aperta, basi in pedunculum breviter decurrens, alba, accrescens et persistens. Spadix brevis, spatha multo brevior, longe stipitatus, ellipsoideus v. cylindraceus, multi-densiflorus.

Species 1, Europee mediæ et borealis, necnon Americæ boreali-orientalis incola. Engl. Arac. 213. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 69. Guertn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 38. L. C. Rich. in Guillem. Archiv. i. t. 2. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 278. Bot. Mag. t. 1831.

73. Stenospermation, Schott, Gen. Aroid. 70.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato omnes hermaphroditi. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis complanatis apicibus abrupte angustatis; antheræ parvæ, connectivum superantes, loculis oblongo-ovoideis divaricatis rimulis sublateraliter dehiscentibus; pollen pulvereum. Ovarium obpyramidatum v. prismaticum, vertice deplanato dilatato 4-gono, incomplete 2-loculare; stylus in centro verticis minutus, conoideus, stigmate lineari-oblongo; ovula in loculis 4-6, collateralia, anatropa, erecta, funiculis breviusculis placentis basi septi adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ parvulæ, obovoideæ, truncatæ, 2-loculares, loculis 2-4-spermis, vertice operculatim dehiscentes. Semina clavata, teretiuscula, testa crassula, chalaza tumida, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ v. suffrutices raphidibus instructi, caudice elongato scandente ad nodos radicante. Folia disticha, coriacea, lanceolata, acuminata, nervis numerosis tenuissimis, petiolo brevi v. elongato interdum per totam longitudinem vaginante. Pedunculus terminalis, petiolo vaginatus, strictus. Spatha navicularis, convoluta, demum aperta, tota decidua. Spadix spatha multo brevior, longe stipitatus, cylindraceus.

Species ad 7, Americæ tropicæ moolæ. Engl. Arac. 235, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 18. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1875, i. 558, fig. 116.

74. Encospatha, Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. 91, t. 300.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato omnes hermaphroditi v. inferiores \( \colon \). Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis linearibus complanatis apicibus angustatis; anthere terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus parallelis v. divergentibus ellipsoideis, rimis elongatis lateralibus dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Ovarium obpyramidatum v. prismaticum, vertice dilatato-deplanato 2-loculare; stigma in centro verticis parvum, oblongum, depressum; ovula in loculis plura, semianatropa v. campylotropa, funiculis breviusculis placentis septo adnatis ad apicem loculi extensis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle hiante infera. Bacce parvulæ, oblongæ, 4-6-gonæ, truncatæ, 2-loculares, polyspermæ. Semina imbricata, reniformia, compressa, obtuse cristata, crista tuberculata, testa durissima granulata, albumine parco; embryo hippocrepicus.—Frutices scandentes, raphidibus instructi, ramis radicantibus. Folia disticha, elliptico-oblonga, acuminata, nervis numerosis arcuatis parallelis, petiolo cum lamina subæquilongo longe vaginante apice geniculato. Pedunculi basi longe vaginati, graciles. Spatha cymbiformis, rostrata, decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, cylindraceus, densiflorus, stipite elongato.

Species 6 v. 7, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 231, ct in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 17. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 29, 30. Fructus a nobis non visus.

R. Wondlandii, Schott in ic. Herb. Vindob. ex Engl. Arac. 235, spathæ articulatæ vagina persistente et lamina decidua, cujus patria ignota, nobis ignota est.

ATIMETA, Schott, Gon. Aroid. t. 71; Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 19, 20, ad species Rhodospatha

floribus inferioribus staminibus perfectis destitutis stabilitum, minime ut nobis videtur pro genere diverso habendum est.

Anmesias, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 73; Engl. Arac. 230; genus Venezuelanum a nobis non visum, ex descriptione et icone auctoris a Rhodospatha differt ovario 2-6-loculari.

75. Exteropsis, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 59.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, v. infimi abortu Ç. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4 v. pauciora, filamentis brevibus latis compressis; antheræ connectivum superantes, loculis brevibus contiguis sacciformibus v. ellipsoideis rimulis hiantibus apicalibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium obpyramidatum, vertice dilatato deplanato, perfecte v. imperfecte 2-loculare; stylus in centro verticis minutus, conoideus, stigmate lineari; ovula in loculis 2, erecta, anatropa, funiculis elongatis placentis basi septi adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Frutices scandentes, ramosi, ramis ramulisque gracilibus teretibus flexuosis haud annulatis ad nodos et alibi radices emittentibus. Folia alterna, lanceolata v. ellipticolanceolata, acuminata, coriacea, costa prominula, nervis tenuissimis creberrimis, petiolo brevi v. brevissimo tereti, ima basi semiamplexicauli. Pedunculi breves, axillares, vaginis brevibus. Spatha parva, oblonga v. ellipsoidea, rostrata, convoluta, cito decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, rectus, stipitatus, ellipsoideus v. cylindraceus.

Species 5 v. 6, Brasiliæ et Guianæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 98, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 6. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 76; Aroid. t. 58 ad 60.

76. Anadendrum, Schott in Bonplandia, 1857, 45; Gen. Aroid. t. 78. (Anadendron, Prod. Syst. Aroid. 389.)—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi. Perianthium 0, nisi urceolus brevis stamina et ovarium cingens. Stamina 4-6, filamentis brevissimis complanatis late linearibus v.quadratis; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus erectis subreniformibus discretis rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium obconicum v. obpyramidatum, vertice dilatato deplanatum, 1-loculare: stigma sessile, parvum, oblongum, depressum; ovulum solitarium, anatropum, funiculo brevi adscendente placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle infera. Baccæ remotæ, globosæ v. turbinatæ. Semen subglobosum v. turbinatum, testa crassiuscula, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Fruticuli repentes v. scandentes, caudicibus gracilibus, ramis radicantibus. Folia disticha, oblique ovato-oblonga v. lanceolata, acuminata, integra pertusa v. pinnatifida, petiolo brevi v. elongato gracili longe vaginante apice geniculato, vaginis persistentibus v. deciduis, marginibus latis v. angustis. Pedunculi terminales, solitarii v. plures, breves v. elongati, sepius graciles. Spatha ovato-oblonga, navicularis, rostrata, decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, sæpius longe stipitatus, cylindraceus, densiflorus. Baccæ pisiformes, rubræ.

Species 4 v. 5, Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Engl. Arac. 95. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii., t. 39 (Scindapous).

77. Monstera, Adans. Fam. ii. 470. (Tornelia, Gutierez ex Schlecht. in Linnaea, xxvi. 382. Monstere sect. Heteropsis, Miq. in Linnaea, xviii. 79, non Heteropsis, Kunth. Serangium, Wood; Salish. Gen. Pl. Fraym. 5.)—Flores in spadice sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi; inferiores steriles conici, minuti, ovario effecto. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4-6, filamentis complanatis late linearibus apicibus abrupte angustis; anthere breves, loculis connectivum superantibus oblongis apiculatis divaricatis rimis brevibus lateralibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium obconicum v. prismaticum, 4-6-gonum, vertice dilatato deplanato, 2-loculare; stigma sessile, parvum, depressum, oblongum v. lineare; ovula in loculis 2, anatropa v. semi-anatropa, funiculis brevissimis placentis tumidis basi septorum adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Bacce in syncarpium coherentes, superficiebus conglutinatis sponte solvendis, 1-2-sperine. Semina ovoidea v. subcordiformia, testa crassius-cula epidermide solubili, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Frutices scandentes, ramosi, raphidibus instructi, ramis radicantibus. Folia disticha, lanceolata v. oblonga, inequilatera, integra pertusa v. pinnatifida, petiolo elongato vaginante, vagina persistente et

accrescente v. decidua. Pedunculi terminales, solitarii v. fasciculati. Spatha ovata v. oblonga, cymbiformis, apiculata, post anthesin reclusa, demum decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis, subcylindraceus, densifiorus.

Species ad 12, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 255, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 19 ad 21. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 74 (Tornelia). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. ix. t. 117 (Dracontium). Jacq. Hort. Schonb. ii. t. 184, 185 (Dracontium). Bot. Mag. t. 5086.

ALLOSCHEMONE. Schott, Prod. Syst. Aroid. 358; Engl. Arac. 267, genus Brasilianum penitus ignotum, a Pæppigio incomplete descriptum, verisimiliter species est Monsteræ, sod stamina 10-12, ovarium dubie 1-loculare, et ovulum dubie anatropum.

78. Scindapsus, Schott, Melet. 21; Gen. Aroid. t. 81.—Flores in spadice sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis latiusculis complanatis apicibus incrassatis; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus oblongis parallelis v. divaricatis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium prismaticum v. obpyramidatum, vertice dilatato deplanato, 1-loculare; stigma in centro verticis sessile, lineari-oblongum, depressum; ovulum solitarium, anatropum, funiculo brevi placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle infora. Baccae obpyramidatæ, succosæ, 1-spermæ, vertice coriaceo secodente dehiscentes. Semen reniformi-rotundatum, basi arillo succulento instructum, testa dura tenui lævi v. verrucosa, albumine 0; embryo macropodus, hippocrepicus.—Frutices alte scandentes, robusti, raphidibus instructi, ramis radicantibus. Folia ovata oblonga v. oblongo-lanceolata, acuminata, nervis numerosis arcuatis, petiolo elongato longe lateque vaginante apice geniculato, vagina sæpe accrescente. Pedunculus terminalis, brevis, crassus. Spatha cymbiformis, rostrata, crassa, mox decidua. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis, cylindraceus, densiflorus.

Species ad 9, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Indici, Nov. Guineæ, et ins. Fiji incolæ. Engl. Arac. 252, Bot. Jakrb. i. 182; et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 270.

Baccæ ex descriptionibus Schottii et Engleri arcte connexæ, sed in exemplaribus nostris S. officinalis (typi generis) aliisque certe distinctæ sunt, ut apparet ex Roxburghii icone (in Herl. Kew.). In S. geniculata, Engler (Bull. Soc. Tosc. l. c.) stigma orbiculare!

CUSCUARIA, Schott in Bonplandia, 1857, 45; Gen. Aroid. t. 80; Engl. Arac. 251, ut nobis videtur a Scindapso nullo charactere dato differt.

79. **Zhaphidophora**, Schott, Gen. Arvid. t. 77. (Raphidophora, Hassk. in Flora, 1842, ii. Beibl. 11, quoad syn. Roxburghii.) -Flores in spadice sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi, v. pauci abortu 2. Stamina 4-5, filamentis linearibus complanatis latiusculis apicibus abrupte angustatis; antheræ parvæ, loculis connectivum superantibus oblongis divergentibus rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium obpyramidatum v. prismaticum, vertice deplanato dilatato, 1- v. imperfecte 2-loculare; stylus in centro verticis parvus conicus, v. subelongatus, stigmate rotundato v. oblongo; ovula numerosa, anatropa, funiculis brevibus v. elongatis placentis parietalibus v. aciebus semiseptorum adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ in syncarpium arcte cohærentes, verticibus conglutinatis sponte solvendis, polyspermæ. Semina lineari-oblonga, v. turbinato-cylindracea, funiculo elongato, testa tenui, epidermide solubili, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Frutices graciles v. robusti, scandentes, raphidibus instructi, ramis radices longissimas solum petentes emittentibus. Folia disticha, inaquilatera, siepe ampla, lanceolata v. ovato-oblonga, coriacea v. submembranacea, integra pertusa v. pinnatifida rarius pinnatipartita, segmentis basi latis, petiolo brevi v. elongato longe vaginante apice geniculato. Pedunculi terminales, solitarii v. plures. Spatha crassa, cymbiformis, primum oblonga et convoluta, demum aperta, sæpius rostrata, marcescens, demum decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, crassus, cylindraceus, densiflorus.

Species ad 30, Asiæ tropicæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Australiæ, et ins. maris Pucifici incolæ, cum paucis Africanis. Engl. Arac. 238, excl. sp. 18; in Bot. Jahrh. i 180; et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 268. Wight, Ic. t. 779 et 781 (Scindapsus). Wall. Pl. As. Rar. ii. t. 156, 192 (Pothos). Gard. Chron. 1874, ii. fig. 124 (ubi ovula omnia basilaria depicta).

Genus ab Hasskarlio ad plantam Javanicam conditum quam prius in Flora 1, c. absque dubio, postea

in Hæv. et Vriese, Tijdschr. cum dubio, ad *Pothon pertusum*, Roxb., retulit. Nomen a Schottio et Englero pro specie Roxburghiana congeneribusque receptum est. Planta javanica typus est generis *Epipremni*, Schott.

80. aptpremnum, Schott in Bonplandia, 1857, 45; Gen. Aroid. t. 79. (Raphidophora, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 1844, 58 partim, et in Heev, et Vriese, Tijdschr. 1842, 168.)-Flores in spadice sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi, v. pauci inferiores Q. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis linearibus complanatis latiusculis; antheræ parvæ, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus lineari-oblongis contiguis parallelis v. divergentibus, rimis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium obpyramidatum v. prismaticum, 1-v. imperfecte 2-loculare, vertice dilatato deplanato; stylus in centro verticis brevis v. 0, stigmate lineari-oblongo; ovula 2 v. plura, anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentis basi semiseptorum v. parietalibus affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ liberæ v. in syncarpium cohærentes, superficiebus conglutinatis sponte solvendis, monospermæ. Semen reniforme, compressum, hilo latiusculo albo, albumine crasso; embryo axilis, curvus, gracilis.-Frutices scandentes, raphidibus instructi, caudicibus elongatis radices aereas longissimas solum petentes emittentibus. Folia disticha, ovata ovato-cordata v. lanceolata, sæpe ampla, inæquilatera, integra pertusa v. pinnatifida, petiolo elongato basi vaginante apice geniculato. Pedunculi terminales, breves v. elongati, solitarii v. plures. Spatha crassa, cymbiformis, primum oblonga et convoluta, demum aperta, sæpius rostrata, marcescens, decidua. Spadix spatha inclusus, crasssus, cylindraceus, densifiorus.

Species ad 8, Archipelagi Malayani et insularum marıs Pacifici incolæ. Engl. Arac. 248; Bot. Jahrb. i. 182; et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 269. N. E. Brown in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, 332. Genus male definitum, ulterius scrutandum, verisimiliter pro sectione Rhaphidophoræ habendum. Ex icone Schottii ovula 2 fertilia basilaria, cum innumeris abortivis aciei placentæ insertis. Ovula ex descriptione Hasskarlii (sub Rhaphidophora) 2-114. In speciebus nuperrime ab Englero descriptis (Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ort. l. c.) ovula 2-na v. plura, secus totam longitudinem placentis parallelis inserta. Baccæ liberæ ex Hasskarlio, sed fide Engleri connatæ.

81. ? Amydrium, Schott in Miq. Ann. Miss. Lugd. Bat. i. 127.—Flores in spadice brevissimo sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi. Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis linearibus latiusculis; antheræ terminales, loculis ovoideis rimulis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium obpyramidatum, 4-gonum; stylus ovario crassior, vertice medio elevatus, stigmate parvo rotundato; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentis basi septi adnatis affixa. Fructus . . .—Herba prorepens, rhizomate tenui dense foliato. Folia ovato- v. rotundato-cordata, costa tenui, nervis ad 4, nervulis laxe areolatis, petiolo brevi sulcato apice geniculato. Pedunculus erectus, petiolo brevior. Spatha conchiformis, apiculata.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Engl. Arac. 100. Genus imperfecte cognitum, stigmate in tribu alieno, a nobis non visum.

## TRIBUS X. ZAMIOCULCASIEÆ.

82. Zamioculcas, Schott, Synops. Aroid. 71.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato abortu monoici, superiores & ovariis effectis, inferiores ? staminibus effectis v. 0, interspatio 0. Perianthii segmenta 4, cuneato-spathulata, apicibus truncatis incrassatis. Fl. &: Stamina 4, filamentis brevibus subclavatis inclusis, apicibus angustatis; anthera minutæ, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus rimulis apicalibus dehiscentibus; pollen vermiforme. Ovarium effectum. Fl. ?: Stamina 4, imperfecta. Ovarium oblongum v. ovoideum, 2-loculare, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmate pulvinari; ovula in loculis solitaria, subamphitropa, funiculis brevibus placentis septo adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herbæ rhizomate brevi v. horizontali, inferne tubera sessilia emittente, superne folia 1-2-pedalia cum inflorescentia parva proferentes. Folia plura, crasse petiolata, imparipinnata, pinnis alternis 6-8-jugis, v. bipinnata pinnis pinnulisque oppositis cum rhachi articulatis deciduis reticulatis, petiolo supra medium nodoso-incrassato basi

tumido brevissime vaginante. Pedunculus elongatus v. foliis multoties brevior et petiolo tenuior. Spathæ tubus subglobosus, convolutus, fl. Q involvens, fauce constricta, lamina lanceolata v. cymbiformi dorso supra apicem cornuta horizontali recurva v. reflexa. Spadix sessilis, cylindraceus, spatha brevior, brevis v. elongatus, supra fl. Q constrictus; inflorescentiæ densifloræ; A brevis et ellipsoidea v. elongata et cylindracea, floribus hexagonis; Q brevis, floribus 4-gonis.

Species 2, Africæ tropicæ orientalis incolæ. Genus in sectiones 2 divisum :-

- 1. Eusamioculcas. Folia imparipinnata. Pedunculus brevis. Spatha cymbiformis. Inflorescentia 3 brevis et cum 9 conformis. Fl. 9 staminodiis instructus. Engl. Arac. 208. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1408 (Caladium). Bot. Mag. t. 5985.
- 2. Gonatopus. Folia bi-tri-pinnata. Pedunculus gracilis. Spatha lanceolata. Inflorescentia & cylindracea, quam Q multo longior. Fl. Q staminodiis 0. Bot. Mag. t. 6026. Gonatopus, Engl. Arac. 208.

## TRIBUS XI. ORONTIEÆ.

83. **Grontium**, Linn. Amæn. Acad. iii. 17, t. 1, f. 3; Gen. n. 435.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta in floribus superioribus 4, in inferioribus 6, brevia, transversim oblonga, fornicata, irregulariter imbricata. Stamina 4 v. 6, filamentis brevibus complanatis anthera latioribus apicibus abrupte angustatis; antheræ parvæ, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus ellipsoideis parallelis rimis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium depressum, angulatum, inferne in rhachi spadicis leviter immersum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, minutum, pulvinare; ovulum solitarium, semi-anatropum, horizontale, funiculo brevi ascendente placentæ basilari affixum, micropyle transversa. Utriculi membranacei. Semen erectum, subglobosum v. leviter compressum, testa crassiuscula, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herba aquatica, rhizomate descendente. Folia oblonga v. elliptico-oblonga, natantia, costa 0, nervis parallelis, petiolo elongato longe vaginante. Pedunculus submersus, elongatus. Spatha incompleta, membranacea, stipitem elongatum spadicis involvens, spadicem juniorem tantum includens, demum soluta. Spadix elongato-conoideus, densiflorus, sursum florens, stipite longissimo superne incrassato pedunculum mentiente.

Species 1, Americae boreali-orientalis incola. Engl. Arac. 212. Schott, Gen. Arad. t. 92. Barton, Fl. N. Am. ii. t. 37. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 402. Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 19.

84. Lysichitum, Schott in Esterr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 62; Gen. Arvid. t. 91. (Arctiodracon, A. Gray in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, vi. 408.)—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, oblonga, vertice trigona, fornicata, irregulariter imbricata. Stamina 4, filamentis complanatis lineari-elongatis antheris angustioribus; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus ellipsoideis suberectis rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium elongatum, inferne rhachi spadicis immersum, perfecte v. imperfecte 2-loculare, in stylum breve conicum attenuatum, stigmate parvo capitellato; ovula in loculis 1-2, orthotropa, ovoidea, funiculis dorso cristatis adscendentibus dein decurvis medio septo adnatis affixa, pendula, micropyle infera. Baccæ in rhachi spadicis immersæ, 2-loculares, loculis 1-spermis. Semina oblongo-rotundata a dorso convexo compressa, convexo-concava, umbilico ventrali intruso, testa firme membranacea embryoni arcte adhærente, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herba paludosa, robusta, caudice crasso folioso horizontali. Folia magna, oblonga v. oblongo-lanceolata, crasse coriacea, acuta, sessilia v. in petiolum brevem crassum angustata, costa latissima, nervis arcuatis. Pedunculus brevis, robustus. Spatha membranacea, spadicem juniorem tantum includens demum stipitem ejus elongatum inferne involvens, lamina foliacea ovato-cucullata demum decidua. Spadix oblongo-cylindraceus, sæpe magnus, obtusus, sursum florens, stipite longissimo pedunculum simulante.

Species 1, Siberise orientalis, Japonise et Americae boreali-occidentalis incola. Engl. Arac, 209.

85. Symplocarpus, Salisb. in Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 105. (Ictodes, Bigelow, Med. Bot. ii. 41, t. 24. Spathyema, Rafin. in New York Med. Repos. ii. ex Endl. Gen. 240.)-Flores in spadice subgloboso stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, elongato-cuneata, apicibus dilatatis fornicatis dorso pyramidatis imbricatis. Stamina 4, exserta, filamentis lineari-elongatis complanatis apicibus angustatis; antheræ breves, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus oblongis parallelis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium elongatum, inferne rhachi immersum, 1-loculare v. loculo altero effœto, in stylum elongatum, crassum, 4-gonum attenuatum, stigmate minuto capitellato; ovulum solitarium, subcampylotropum, ovoideum, funiculo brevissimo infra apicem loculi affixum, micropyle laterali. Baccæ in rhachi spadicis spongiosa immersie, syncarpium globosum efficientes, monospermæ. Semen magnum, irregulariter rotundatum, obtuse angulatum, testa membranacea embryoni arcte adhærente, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Herba magna, robusta, fœtida, rhizomate crassissimo descendente annis alternis folia floresque proferente. Folia ampla, ovato-cordata, acuta, crasse coriacea, nervis crassis, petiolo robusto longe vaginante. Pedunculus brevissimus. Spatha ventricosa v. conchoidea, apice curva, crasse coriacea, fornicato-rostrata, acuminata, inferne cucullato-convoluta, marcescens, persistens. Spadix inclusus, longe crasseque stipitatus, spatha multo brevior, violaceus.

Species 1, Americæ, Asiæ boreali-orientalis et Japoniæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 211. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 90. Bot. Mag. t. 836 (Pothos), 3224.

86. Dracontium, Linn. Gen. n. 1029.—Flores in spadice appendiculate hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4-8, cuneata v. spathulata, apicibus fornicatis imbri-Stamina 4-8, v. 9-12 et 3-4-soriata, filamentis linearibus dilatatis; antheræ terminales, loculis majusculis connectivum superantibus parallelis elliptico-oblongis rimulis apicalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen conglutinatum. Ovarium ovoideum v. globosum, perfecte v. imperfecte 2-4-loculare, in stylum brevem v. clongatum productum, stigmate in centro styli apicis integro v. 2-4-lobo; ovula in loculis solitaria, campylotropa, funiculis brevibus placentis medio anguli interioris adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Bacca sub-2-3-loba, 2-3-loculares, loculis 1-spermis. Semina reniformi-rotundata, cristata v. dorso tuberculata, umbilico intruso, testa crassa, albumine 0; embryo curvus, macropodus.—Herbæ magnæ v. giganteæ, vasis laticiferis instructæ, tubere hypogeo, unifoliate. Folium hysteranthium v. synanthium, giganteum, 3-partitum, segmentis 3-sectis pinnatipartitis, petiolo longissimo verrucoso ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus sub anthesi brevis, demum elongatus. Spatha erecta, oblonga, basi convoluta, dein aperta, fornicata, marcescens, persistens. Spadix spatha brevior, breviter stipitatus, cylindraceus, densiflorus, deorsum florens.

Species ad 6, America tropica incolae. Engl. Arac. 282, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 24. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 87. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. 1864, t. 424 (Amorphophallus). Saund. Ref. Bot. iv. t. 282. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1870, f. 58. Bot. Reg. t. 700. Bot. Mag. t. 6523. Typus generis est D. polyphyllum, Linn., a quo D. asperum, Koch (Chersydrium, Schott in Esterr. Bot Zeit. 1875, 72) non generice differt. Godwinia, Seem. Journ. Bot. 1869, 313, t. 96, 97; Masters in Gard. Chron. 1873, fig. 13, 14; Bot. Mag. t. 6048; Fl. des Serres, xxi. t. 2244-5, sectionem efficit Dracontii apud Englerum differt staminibus 3-4-seriatis.

Echidnium, Schott in Esterr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 62; Gen. Aroid. t. 88; Engl. l. c. 285. Regel, Gartenft. 1866, t. 503, stigma habet parvum integrum (ut in Godwinia) ovulaque fere basilaria; includit species 2, Guianæ incolas (unius variotates?) quarum una tantum bene nota.

87. Lasia, Lour. Fl. Coch. 81.—Flores in spadice sessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, obovata, apicibus truncatis fornicatis, lateralibus interiora tegentibus. Stamina 4-6, filamentis brevibus latis complanatis apice incrassatis; antheræ filamento paullo breviores, loculis connectivum superantibus ellipsoideis parallelis rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare, stigmate in vertice crasso tumido sessili depresso-capitato; ovulum solitarium, anatropum,

v. semi-anatropum, funiculo brevissimo ab apice loculi oblique appenso, micropyle supera. Bacce hexagonæ, vertice truncato muricato. Semen subcuneatum, compressum, pendulum, testa crassa ad funiculum rugosa, albumino demum evanido; embryo campylotropus, macropodus.—Herba robusta, paludosa, vasis laticiferis instructa, rhizomate crasso ramoso repente cum petiolis foliorum nervis subtus pedunculoque spinosis. Folia juniora sagittata v. hastata, adulta pedato-pinnatifida, petiolo robusto basi vaginante. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha valde elongata, carnosa, angusta, inferne breviter convoluta, dein longe arcte contorta, supra basin sub anthesi aperta, postea reclusa, decidua. Spadix brevis, cylindraceus, densifiorus.

Species 1, Asiæ tropicæ et Archipelagi Malayani incola. Engl. Arac. 272. Schott, Gen. Arad. t. 82. Wight. Ic. t. 777.

88. Podolasia, N. E. Brown in Gard. Chron. 1882, ii. 70.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, obovato-cuneata, apicibus truncatis fornicatis imbricatis. Stamina 4-6, filamentis oblongo-quadratis apice incrassatis; antherae terminales, filamento multo breviores angustioresque, didymae, loculis globosis connectivum superantibus parallelis rimis extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen pulvereum. Ovarium prismaticum, 4-6-gonum, 1-loculare, vertice crasso tumido; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovulum solitarium, sessile, basilare v. subbasilare, anatropum. Fructus . . .—Herba gracilis, caudice brevi erecto. Folia graciliter petiolata, sagittata v. hastata, lobis elongatis angustis acuminatis, terminali medio costato nervis lateralibus ntrinque 2, lateralibus terminali aequilongis horizontalibus v. deflexis, costa margini inferiori propinquiore, petiolo sparse aculeato. Pedunculus gracillimus, inermis v. aculeis paucis armatus. Spatha erecta, anguste cymbiformis, obtusa, purpurea, dorso infra medium 1-costata, crassiuscula, ab inna basi aperta. Spadix spatha brevior, longiuscule stipitatus, stipite basi dorso spathæ adnatus, parte florifera cylindracea obtusa, purpureus demum pallidus, densiflorus.

Species 1, Borneensis.

89. Urospatha, Schott, Aroid. 3, t. 7 ad 10; Gen. Aroid. t. 86.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato hermaphroditi, inferiores steriles. Perianthii segmenta 4-6, subtruncata, fornicata, varie imbricata. Stamina 4 6, filamentis brevibus latis complanatis apicibus abrupte angustatis; antheræ filamento breviores, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus ovato-oblongis rimis subterminalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideum v. obconoideum, imperfecte 2-loculare; stigma sessile pulvinare; ovula 2-∞, funiculis subelongatis angulo interiori aflixa, anatropa, erecta, micropyle parva. Baccæ obovoideæ, 2- v. abortu 1-loculares, 1-2-spermæ. Semina suberecta, meniscoidea, testa crassiuscula scrobiculata, umbilico majusculo, albumine carnoso; embryo curvus, teres.—Herbæ paludosæ, rhizomate crasso, petiolis pedunculisque lævibus v. verrucosis. Folia pauca, sagittato-hastata, nervis divergentibus v. costæ subparallelis, petiolo elongato basi vaginante. Pedunculus elongatus. Spatha erecta, basi clausa, dein aperta, superne longe angustata, recta decurva v. torta, persistens. Spadix sessilis v. subsessilis, spatha multo brevior.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 275, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. /. 23. Peyritsch, Aroid. Maximil. t. 16. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. /. 296 (Spathyphyllum). Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 34 (Pothos). U. desciscens, Schott, species spatha brevi fornicata et ovario in stylum producto nobis ignotum est.

90. Anaphylum, Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 83.—Flores in spadice stipitate inappendiculate hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, late obovata, apicibus latis subtruncatis fornicatis irregulariter imbricatis. Stamina 4, filamentis latis complanatis apicibus abrupte angustatis; antherae terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus sacciformibus subparallelis peris latis apicalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium late ovoideum v. oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, disciforme; ovulum solitarium, semi-anatropum,

funiculo brevi placentæ parietali affixum, micropyle ampla infera. Baccæ obovoideæ . . . —Herba elata, caudice prorepente. Folia membranacea, ampla, juniora sagittato-hastata, adulta pedatipartita, segmentis remotis sessilibus v. inferioribus petiolulatis elongato-lineari-lanceolatis integerrimis acuminatis, petiolo valde elongato gracili ima basi vaginante. Pedunculus præaltus, gracillimus. Spatha lanceolata, longe acuminata, inferne breviter convoluta, superne torta, membranacea, decidua. Spadix spatha multo brevior, cylindraceus, stipite spathæ adnato.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incola. Engl. Arac. 274.

91. Ophione, Schott in Æsterr. Bot. Wochenbl. 1857, 101; Gen. Aroid. t. 89.—Flores in spadice subsessili inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnos fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4-5, cuneata, apicibus late dilatatis truncatis dorso tuberculatis, irregulariter imbricata. Stamina 4-5, filamentis linearibus dorso subcarinatis, apicibus abrupte angustatis; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus contiguis erectis obovoideis, rimis subapicalibus hiantibus dehiscentibus. Ovarium breviter ovoideum, 4-5-loculare, in stylum crassum conicum attenuatum, stigmate parvo obscure 4-lobo; ovula in loculis solitaria, semi-anatropa, funiculis brevibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Fructus . . .—Herba tuberosa. Folia . . . Pedunculus ultra vaginas exsertus, gracilis. Spatha lanceolata, superne convoluta, margine superiore reflexo. Spadix spatha multo brevior, brevissime stipitatus, cylindraceus, obtusus, deorsum florens.

Species 1, Novæ Grenadæ incola. *Engl. Arac.* 281. Exemplar mancum tantum vidimus. Descriptio ex icone et descriptione Schottii desumpta.

92. Cyrtosperma, Griff. Notul. iii. 149; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 169.—Flores in spadice inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4-8, subtruncata, fornicata, varie imbricata. Stamina 4-8, filamentis brevibus latis complanatis apicibus abrupte angustatis; anthera filamento breviores, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus ovato-oblongis rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium cylindraceo-ovoideum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, pulvinare; ovula 1-2 v. plura, semi anatropa, funiculis elongatis placentis parietalibus ad apicem loculi extensis 2-seriatim afiixa, micropyle infera ampla. Baccæ globosæ, confertæ, læves, oligo- rarius 5-7-spermæ. Semina reniformia v. rotundata, compressa, cristata, testa crassula crustacea, albumine parco carnoso; embryo curvus.—Herbæ rhizomate tuberoso v. elongato, petiolis pedunculisque sæpissime spinulosis v. verrucosis. Folia hastata, lobis posticis elongatis, nervis patentibus arcuatis, petiolo elongato basi vaginante. Spatha ovato-lanceolata v. oblonga, ima basi convoluta, dein aperta, lamina recta v. torta, tota diu persistens. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis v. stipitatus, cylindraceus v. globosus, densiflorus, deorsum florens.

Species ad 16, Asiæ, Africæ et Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Engl. Arac. 268, et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 295. Genus in sectiones sequentes divisum:—

- 1. Eucyrtosperma, Engl. Arac. 270. Sæpissime armatæ. Flores 6-meri. Ovarium 2-ovulatum.

  -Asiaticæ. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 84. Ill. Hortic. xxvii. t. 395 (Alocasia).
- 2. Lasimorpha, Engl. Arac. 269. Armatæ. Flores 5-6-meri. Ovarium pluri-ovulatum. Lasimorpha, Schott in Bonplandia, v. 127; Gen. Aroid. t. 85.—Africanæ.
- 8. Polytomophyllum, Engl. Arac. 272. Flores 4-meri. Ovarium 1-2-ovulatum. Foliorum lobi postici pinnatifidi v. pinnatipartiti. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 22.—Americanse.
- 93. Spathiphyllum, Schott, Melet. i. 22; Gen. Aroid. t. 93; Aroid. i. t. 1 ad 6.— Flores in spadice inappendiculate hermaphrediti, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, 6, v. 8, connata v. in cupulam truncatam v. lobatam coherentia, apicibus truncatis v. fornicatis et regulariter imbricatis 3-4 exterioribus interiores tegentibus. Stamina 4, 6 v. 8, filamentis brevibus plano-convexis antheris angustioribus v. latioribus; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus oblongis erectis rimis elongatis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum, 3-4-loculare, truncatum v. in stylum conicum brevem v. elongatum et longe exsertum productum, stigmate 3-6-lobo; ovula in loculis 2-8, anatropa, funiculis

brevibus adscendentibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis 2-seriatim affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ globosæ v. oblongo-conicæ, 3-loculares, loculis 1-2-spermis. Semina oblonga, recta v. curvula, umbilico laterali, testa coriacea v. crasse crustacea striatogranulata v. -foveolata, raphe prominula, albumine copioso; embryo axilis.—Herbæ subacaules, raphidibus instructæ. Folia oblonga v. lanceolata, acuminata v. cuspidata, costa valida, nervis tenuibus arcuatis, petiolo elongato longe vaginante sæpissime apice geniculato. Spatha foliacea, membranacea, oblonga v. lanceolata, acuta acuminata v. caudato-acuminata, demum late explanata, accrescens et persistens. Spadix spatha brevior, sessilis v. stipitatus, stipite interdum spathæ adnato, cylindraceus, densiflorus, sursum florens.

Species ad 20, America tropica incola, cum 2 Malayanis. Engl. Arac. 219, 641; et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 268. Genus ab Englero in sectiones sequentes male definitas divisum:—

- 1. Euspatkiphyllum, Eugl. Arac. 220, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 16, f. 3. Periauthii segmenta 6-8, biseriata, seepius distincta. Ovarium 3-4-loculare, stylo pyramidato exserto. Schott, Aroid. t. 3, 3 B, 5, 6. Reycl, Gartenfl. t. 738. Jaoq. Coll. iv. 118; Ic. Rar. iii. t. 612 (Dracontium). Hyddostachyon, Liebm. in Vidensk. Meddel. 1849, 24.
- 2. Anomophyllum, Engl. Arac. 227. Perianthii segmenta distincts. Ovarium truncatum, stylo obsoleto; ovula in loculis 2, medio septo affixa. Ill. Hortic. 1877, t. 159 (Anthurium). Masters in Gard. Chron. 1875, i. f. 109 (Anthurium). Amomophyllum, Engl. in Gard. Chron. 1877, i. 139. Regel, Gartenfl. 920.
- 3. Massowia, Engl. Arac. 228. Perianthii segments in cupulant truncatam v. 6-lobam connais. Stamina 6. Ovarium 3-loculare, vertice planiusculo, stigmate sessili triangulari, loculis 2-6-ovulatis. Schott, Aroid. t. 1. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 16, f. 1, 2. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. t. 295. Mag. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. t. 1, 2. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 471 (Pothos). Bot. Mag. t. 603 (Pothos). André in Ill. Hort. xxiv. t. 269 (Anthurium). Massovia, C. Koch in Bot Zeit. 1852, 277. Spathiphyllopsis, Teysm. et Binnend. in Nat. Tijdschr. Necrl. Ind. xxvii. 16, ex Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. iii. 79. Leucochlamys, Papp. in Herb.
- 4. Ambliscoon, N. E. Brown, mss. Perianthii segmenta in urceolum oblongum 4-gonum truncatum connata. Ovarium oblongum, 2-4-loculare, stylo brevi; ovula angulo interiori affixa. Bacca monosperma.—Ins. Aru.
- 94. Anthurium, Schott in Wien. Zeitschr. iii. 828; ex ejns Ic. Aroid. t. 11 ad 20; Gen. Aroid. t. 94.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, cuneata v. oblonga, apicibus fornicatis, exteriora interiora sepe includentia, post anthesin aucta. Stamina 4, filamentis complanatis ovatis linearibus oblongis v. triangularibus; antheræ terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus erectis v. divergentibus rimis porisve magnis dehiscentibus. Ovarium oblongum ovoideum v. obovoideum, 2-loculare, vertice truncato v. in stylum brevem conicum attenuato; stigma parvum, discoideum v. oblongum et 2-lobum, lobis conniventibus; ovula in loculis 1-2, apatropa v. campylotropa v. fere orthotropa, ovoidea v. lageniformia, funiculis brevibus placentis spongiosis medio v. apicem versus septi adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Baccæ forma variæ, 2-loculares, loculis rarius 2-spermis, maturitate gradatim e perianthio protrusæ et filis binis e marginibus segmentorum solvendis spadici appensa. Semina oblonga, planoconvexa v. hippocrepica, micropyle prominula, testa striata verrucosa granulata v. punctulata, albumine carnoso; embryo axilis.—Herbie perennes, v. frutices caudice robusto brevi v. elongato suberecto v. scandente et radicante, vagine oppositifolia sape defectu foliorum superpositæ. Folia integra, lobata v. partita, crasse coriacea, petiolo brevi v. elongato tereti v. sulcato apice geniculato basi breviter vaginante. Pedunculi sæpius elongati. Spatha ovata elliptica v. lanceolata, crasse coriacea, explanata v. cucullata v. torta, in pedunculum sæpe desinens, persistens et accrescens. Spadix sessilis v. stipitatus, cylindraceus v. conicus, interdum valde elongatus, fructifer plerumque auctus, sursum florens.

Species ad 160 bene note, America tropica incola. Engl. Arac. 103 ct 637, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. ii. t. 7 ad 15. Papp. et Endl. Nov. Gen. et Sp. iii. t. 293, 294. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. t. 18 ad 20 (Pothos). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic ix. t. 121 ad 126 (Pothos). Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 14, 267,

265 ad 281. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 567, 632, 1301, 1673 (Pothos). Hook. Exot. Fl. t. 55, 122, 210, 211 (Pothos). Jacq. Stirp. Amer. t. 153; Ie. Rar. iii. t. 609 ad 611; Fragm. t. 1 (omnia sub Potho). Regel, Gartenfl. t. 482, 501, 508, 519, 540, 558, 681, 702, 719, 720, 723, 873. Fl. des Serres, t. 1794-5. Lemaire, Ill. Hortic. t. 283 (Alocasia) et t. 314; 1873, t. 128; 1877, t. 271. Peyritsch, Arvid. Maximil. t. 4 ad 11. Masters in Gard. Chron. 1876, ii. fig. 139, 140; 1879, ii. f. 47. Bot. Reg. t. 1635. Bot. Mag. t. 2801, 2953, 2987 (Pothos), et t. 5319, 5848, 6261, 6339. Genus in sectiones 17 als Englero, et in greges 28 a Schottio divisum, ad characteres valde complexas habitus, foliorum, inflorescentia et florum stabilitas.

95. Pothos, Linu. Gen. n. 1031.—Flores in spadice stipitato inappendiculato hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 6, apicibus fornicatis. Stamina 6, filamentis brevibus v. elongatis linearibus v. dilatatis; antherae terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus erectis ellipsoideis rimis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideum oblongum v. depressum, 3-loculare; stigma sessile, hemisphæricum; ovula in loculis solitaria, anatropa, funiculis brevibus adscendentibus placentis angulo interiori adnatis affixa, micropyle infera. Bacc: ellipsoidee v. obovoidee, 1 3-sperme. Semina ellipsoidea v. obovoidea, sepe compressa, umbilico laterali, testa crassiuscula, albumine 0; embryo macropodus.—Frutices alte scandentes, ramosissimi, ramulis inferioribus radicantibus, summis patentibus, gemmis axillaribus v. quasi infra-axillaribus et vaginam folii perforan-Folia disticha, oblique lineari- v. ovato-lanceolata, lamina interdum deficiente, costa distincta, nervis sepissime a basi laminæ egredientibus, petiolo alato v. explanato et foliaceo, apice geniculato v. auriculato, basi vaginante. Pedunculi axillares v. infraaxillares, foliosi, vaginati v. nudi. Spatha parva, ovata v. conchoidea, rarius elongata, reflexa, viridis, accrescens v. persistens. Spadix spatha brevior, stipite elongato, clavatus globosus v. ovoideus, siepe decurvus, interdum tortus v. flexuosus, sursum florens, floribus contiguis v. dissitis.

Species ad 40 enumeratæ, sed insigniter polymorphæ et verisimiliter ad 20 reducendæ, Asiæ tam continentalis quam insularis, Australiæ et insularum Pacificarum incolæ, una Madagascariensis. Engl. Arac. 78, et in Bull. Soc. Tosc. Ortic. 1879, 266. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 95; Aroid. t. 31 ad 56. Wight, Ic. t. 776. Hook. Ic. Pl. 1. 133, 175.

GONIURUS, Presl, Epinel. Bot. 244, ad species spadice contorto et floribus spiraliter dispositis constitutus est.

96. Pothoidium, Schott, Aroid. i. 26, t. 57; Gen. Aroid. t. 96.—Flores in spadicibus paniculatis inappendiculatis hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 6, concava, imbricata, apicibus fornicatis. Stamina 6, filamentis late ovatis complanatis dilatatis longe exsertis, apicibus acutatis; antheræ breves, terminales, loculis connectivum superantibus subglobosis erectis rimis hiantibus extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium obovoideum, 1-loculare, vertice depresso; stigma sessile, hemisphæricum; ovulum solitarium, anatropum, funiculo brevi adscendente placentæ subbasilari affixum, micropyle infera. Fructus...—Frutex scandens, ramis gracilibus teretibus foliosis. Folia disticha, triangulari-lanceolata, acuminata, coriacea, petiolo lineari elongato laminæ æquilato et multo longiore plano basi semiamplexicauli, nervis parallelis laminam et petiolum percurrentibus. Spadio s in ramos axillares elongatos basi vaginatos paniculati, graciliter pedicellati, cylindracei, longe stipitati, basi spatha parva conchiformi reflexa suffulti.

Species 1, Archipelagi Malayanæ incola. Engl. Arac. 94.

97. Acorus, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 137; Gen. n. 434.—Flores in spadice inappendiculate hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 6, rotundata, concava, apicibus fornicatis, 3 exteriora interiora obtegentia. Stamina 6, filamentis linearibus complanatis apicibus angustatis; antherae terminales, reniformes, loculis connectivum superantibus erectis late ellipsoideis rimis latis confluentibus dehiscentibus, valvis lateralibus demum recurvis. Ovarium oblongo-conoideum, truncatum v. obtusum, 2-3-loculare; stigma sessile, punctiforme; ovula in loculis plura, orthotropa, subfusiformia, funiculis brevibus ab apice loculi pendulis, micropyle infera. Baccæ oblongæ v. ovoideæ, 2-3-loculares, loculis

oligospermis. Semina oblongo-cylindracea, pendula, testa coriacea, micropyle interdum longissime fimbriata, albumine carnoso; embryo axilis.—Herba: paludosa, aromaticæ, rhizomate repente ramoso. Folia disticha, ensiformia, basi equitantia, longitudinaliter nervosa, pedunculis foliiformibus elongatis. Spatha obsoleta v. margini pedunculi adnata, ultra spadicem in laminam ensiformem producta. Spadix cylindraceus, densiflorus, sursum florens.

Species ab auctoribus inordinate multiplicate, ab Englero (Arac. 215) rite ad 2 reducte, in regionibus temperatis hemispheriæ borealis obviæ. Schott, Gen. Araid. t. 98. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Lam. Illustr. t. 252. Schkuhr, Handb. 1, t. 97. Nees, Gen. Pl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 37. L. C. Rich. in Guillem. Archiv. i. t. 3. Smith, Spicileg. t. 17. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 162.

98. Gymnostachys, R. Br. Prod. 337.—Flores in spadicibus racemosis inappendiculatis hermaphroditi, omnes fertiles. Perianthii segmenta 4, subquadrato-rotundata, apicibus fornicatis, 2 exteriora interiora obtegentia. Stamina 4, filamentis late oblongis complanatis; antheræ terminales, breves, loculis connectivum superantibus ellipsoideis divergentibus rimis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarium ovoideo-oblongum, 1-loculare; stigma subsessile, pulvinare; ovulum orthotropum, ovoideum, funiculo brevissimo ab apice loculi pendulum, micropyle infera. Baccæ ellipsoideæ, apiculatæ. Semen ovoideum, pendulum, testa tenui, albumine duro copioso; embryo axilis.—Herba tuberibus fusiformibus, post folium caulem gracilem 4-gonum proferens. Folia radicalia elongata, angusta, graminea, longitudinaliter nervosa; caulina brevia, carinata. Spadices apicem versus caulis, graciles, cylindracei, solitarii v. 2-4 ni, pedunculati, pedunculo basi vaginis 2-3 lanceolatis bracteato, floribus numerosis remotis, fructiferi nutantes.

Species 1, Australiæ orientalis incola. Engl. Arac. 218. Schott, Gen. Aroid. t. 97.

## ORDO CXCII. LEMNACEA.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 232. Hegelmeier, Die Lemnaceen, Leipzig, 1868. Pistiace.v., partim, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 124.

Flores monoici, e rimis marginalibus v. superficialibus herbulae emergentes, nudi v. spatha membranacea monophylla primum clausa demum rupta instructi. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Staminu 1 v. 2; filamenta filiformia v. medio incrassata v. 0. Antheræ 1-loculares, v. 2-loculares loculis subglobosis superpositis rimis transversis dehiscentibus; pollen globosum. Fl. Q: Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, in stylum late infundibularem attenuatum; stigma simplex. Ovula 1-7, fundo ovarii inserta, erecta v. horizontalia, anatropa semi-anatropa v. orthotropa. Utriculus subcarnosus, indehiscens v. circumscissus, 1-7-spermus. Semina erecta v. horizontalia; testa coriaceo-carnosa, costata, operculatim dehiscens, membrana interiore hyalina; albumen carnosum v. parcum v. 0. Embryo inclusus, axilis, rectus, radice supera infera v. vaga, plumula extremitati radiculari propior, rimula immersa; radicula germinatione operculum teste auferens.

Herbulæ parvæ v. minutæ, gregariæ, natantes v. submersæ, simplicissimæ v. rimis marginalibus proliferæ, lenticulares v. subglobosæ, supra lævigatæ, subtus spongiosæ, bulbillis autumno fundum, vere superficiem, aquæ petentibus magis quam seminibus multiplicantes; radices 0, v. 1-∞, liberi, simplices, filiformes.

Species ad 20, in aquis dulcibus tam tropicis quam temperatis vigentes.

Ordo quond characteres fructificationis cum Aroideis proxime cognatus, sepeque pro harum tribu habitus, affinitas tamen arcta Lemnacearum cum Pistia a nonnullis ficta, nullo modo confirmatur, nec cum hoc genere connectuntur nisi characteribus cum omnibus Aroideis communibus. Pistia revera Ambrosiniæ proxime accedit, dum Lemnaceæ, vegetatione in omnibus Monocotyledoneis singulari, locum sibi vindicant ordinis proprii, Aroideis stricte finitimæ, etsi distinctæ.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Lemna. Flores rimis marginalibus frondis inserti. Stamina 1-2, antheris 2-locularibus. Plantulæ radicibus instructæ.—Reg. temp. et trop.
- 2. Wolffia. Flores e superficie frondis erumpentes. Stamen 1, anthera 1-loculari. Plantulæ arhizæ.—Europa, Ind. or., Africa, Amer.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

Pistia, Linn., et Amerosinia, Linn., a Lindleyo aliisque Lemnaceis associatæ, inter Areidens quærendæ.

1. **Lemna**, Linn. Gen. n. 1038.—Fl. & 2-ni, alter altero præcocior. Stamen 1, filamento filiformi v. medio dilatato recurvo; anthera 2-locularis, globosa, loculis rimis transversis dehiscentibus; pollen globosum, muricatum. Fl. \( \times\) solitarius, masculo contiguus. Ovarium 1-7-ovulatum; ovula anatropa semi-anatropa v. orthotropa. Utriculus 1-7-spermus. Semina erecta v. horizontalia; embryo conicus v. ovoideus.—Herbulæ ovoideæ v. lanceolatæ, radicibus instructæ, basi v. a latere proliferæ. Flores rimæ marginali herbulæ inserti, spatha minuta primum inclusi.

Species 7, aquarum dulcium totius orbis temperatæ et tropicæ incolæ. Genus in sectiones 3 divisum:—

- 1. Eulemna. Ovulum 1, orthotropum v. semi-anatropum. Semen horizontale, albumine copioso. Radix solitarius. Hegelm. Lemn. 134, sp. 1-6, t. 5 (Lemna, sect. Hydrophace). Schkuhr, Handb. t. 281. Brongn. in Guillem. Archiv. ii. t. 12, f. 1. Hook. Fl. Lond. t. 120. Lam. Illustr. t. 747, f. 1, 2. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 14, 15. Nors, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 42. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 262 ad 264.
- 2. Telmatophace. Ovula 2-7, erecta, anatropa. Semina erecta, anatropa, albumine parco v. 0. Radix solitarius. Hegelm. Lemn. 145, t. 11, 12, 13, f. 1-9. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 281. Hook. Fl. Lond. t. 119. Hook. Bot. Misc. t. 42. Brongn. in Guillem. Archiv. 1, t. 6, ii. t. 12, f. 2. Lam. Illustr. t. 747, f. 3. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 14. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 42. Telmatophace, Schleid. in Linnæa, xiii. 391.
- 3. Spirodela. Ovula 2, erecta, anatropa. Fructus . . . Radices plurimi. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 281. Lam. Illustr. t. 747, f. 4. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 15. Spirodela, Schleid. in Linnæa, xiii. 391. Hegelm. Lemn. 147, t. 16.
- 2. Wolffe, Horkel; Schleid. in Linnaa, xiii. 389. (Horkelia, Reichb. ex Bartl. Ord. Nat. 76. Grantia, Griff. Notal. iii. 226; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 266 ad 268. Bruniera, Franchet in Billotia, 1864, 25.)—Fl. & solitarius. Stamen 1, filamento brevi v. elongato; anthera globosa, 1-locularis; pollen leve. Fl. & solitarius, stamini contiguus. Ovarium globosum v. ovoideum; ovulum 1, orthotropum. Utriculus sphæricus. Semen globosum, erectum, testa crassa, albumine parco; embryo oblongus.—Herbuke minutissimæ, planiuscukæ globosæ v. subtus in conum interdum elongatum productæ, arhizæ, basi proliferæ. Flores rimæ superficiali herbuke inserti; spatha 0.

Species 12, in Europa, India orientali, Africa tropica et America tropica et temperata detectæ. Hegelm. Lemn. 121. Welw. in Scan. Journ. Bot. 1865, 110, t. 29. Lam. Illustr. t. 747 (Lemna). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 14 (Lemna). Hoffm. in Hav. ct. Vriese, Tijdschr. iv. 282, t. 3, et in Ann. Sc. Nat. scr. 2, xiv. 223, t. 10 ad 12, excl. fig. 6-8 et 9, d-n.

# ORDO CXCIII. TRIURIDEE.

Lindl, Veg. Kingd. 213

Flores monoici dioici v. rarissime polygami. Perianthium 3-, 4-, 5-, 6- v. 8-partitum v. -lobatum; segmenta lobive 1-scriata, equalia v. inequalia, ovata subulata lanceolata v. e basi lata abrupte longe caudata, estivatione valvata, apicibus inflexis v. induplicatis, post anthesin persistentia reflexa. Fl. 3: Stamina 2, 3, 4 v. 6, receptaculo v. ima basi peri-

anthii inserta; filamenta brevissima v. 0. Anthera liberæ v. receptaculo discove crasso immersæ, 2-loculares, loculis subglobosis demum confluentibus, rimis confluentibus transverse dehiscentibus; pollen globosum. Ovarii rudimenta minuta v. 0, rarius stylodia 3, subulata, erecta. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0, v. rarissime antheræ 2 v. plures imperfectæ. Ovarii carpella numerosa, in receptaculo tumido sessilia, 1-locularia. Stylus nunc terminalis subulatus, stigmate acuto v. truncato, nunc ventralis v. fere basilaris ovario brevior, stigmate clavellato v. aspergilliforme. Ovula in carpellis solitaria, in angulo interiore basilaria, sessilia, erecta, anatropa, raphe ventrali, integumento unico, micropyle majuscula. Carpella matura numerosa, in globum conferta, pyriformia v. obovoidea, recta v. curva, decidua, stylo persistente instructa; pericarpium crasse coriaceum carnosum v. cellulosum, facie dorsali et vertice longitudinaliter dehiscens. Semen pericarpio conforme, erectum, pyriforme v. ellipsoideum, sessile; testa crasse carnosa, cellulosa, nucleo adharens, raphe percursa; nucleus homogeneus, dense carnosus, albus, oleosus, e granulis arcte connatis; embryo si adsit nos omnino effugit.

Herbulæ aphyllæ, simplices, tenues, rigidulæ, totæ albæ flavæ rubellæ v. rosææ, caule stricto v. flexuoso hic illic squamis paucis instructo, basi radices elongatas paucas simplices flexuosas rigidas emittente. Flores parvuli v. minuti, pauci et subcorymbosi, v. plures racemosi, pedicellis decurvis rigidulis basi bractea membranacea auctis. Perianthium stellatim-patens, segmentis non raro papillosis v. apicibus barbellatis.

Species ad 16, Americæ australi-orientalis, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, ut videtur supra ligna et folia putrescentia vigentes, more Voyraæ et Burmanniæ specierum.

Ordo nulli arcte affinis, etsi Absmaccis plus quam ullis aliis floribus conveniens; ab illis recedit habitu terrestri, perianthii segmentis 1-seriatis valvatis, seminibusque. Seminis nucleus ulterius scrutandus, an albumine sit embryone inconspicuo, ut in Balanophoreis, vel embryo homogeneus?

## CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- 1. Trivris. Perianthium 3- v. 6-lobum. Antheræ receptaculo magno conoideo immersæ Stylus terminalis v. subterminalis.- Brasilia.
- 2. SCIAPHILA. Perianthium 3-8-partitum v. profunde lobatum. Anthera ima basi perianthii sessiles v. subsessiles. Stylus in fructu ventralis v. basilaris.—Amer. trop., Ind. or., ins. Malay.
- 1. Triuris, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 78, t. 7; xxi. 57.—Flores dioici. Perianthium profunde 3- v. 6-lobum, lobi e basi lata triangulari-ovata in caudam filiformem lamina 3-4-plo longiorem estivatione induplicatam inflexam abrupte attenuati. Fl. &: Antheræ 3, sessiles, basin versus receptaculi centralis magni obtuse pyramidati immersæ, remotæ, didymæ, loculis confluentibus rima transversa dehiscentibus. Fl. Q: Staminodia 0. Ovarii carpella numerosa, in receptaculo tumido sessilia, anguste ovoidea, in stylum subulatum terminalem v. subterminalem attenuata, stigmate acuto v. oblique truncato. Fructus . . . —Herbæ exiguæ, albæ, diaphaneæ v. flavidæ, caule filiformi 2-4-floro, floribus graciliter pedicellatis, pedicellis basi bracteatis.
- Species 2, Brasiliæ incolæ; altera T. hyalina, Miers, l.c., perianthio 3-mero, stigmatibus acutis; altera, T. lutea (Peltophyllum luteum, Gardn. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xix. 157, t. 15. Hexuris Gardneri, Miers l.c. xxi. 44), perianthio 6-mero et stigmatibus oblique truncatis, cujus flores & ignoti, a nobis non visa est.
- 2. Sciaphila, Blume, Bijdr. 514; Mus. Bot. i. 321, fig. 48.— Flores monoici v. dioici, rarissime polygami. Perianthium 3-8-partitum v. profunde lobatum; segmenta ovatolanceolata v. subulata, sequalia v. alterna paullo longius producta, interdum varie connata, apicibus nudis v. villosis, in sestivatione inflexis. Fl. &: Antherse 2-6, sessilos, v. filamento brevissimo receptaculo parvo insertse, didymse, latiores quam longse rimis transversis singularibus v. confluentibus extus dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimenta 0 v. minuta v. 3 styliformia. Fl. Q: Ovarii carpella numerosa, in receptaculo tumido sessilia; stylus ventralis, infra medium insertus, nunc brevis cum stigmate aspergilliformi v. clavellato, nunc elongatus et subulatus v. filiformis cum stigmate acuto. Carpella matura ventre et vertice

dehiscentia. Semen erectum, pyriforme v. ellipsoideum.—Herbæ simplices, albæ roseæ v. rubræ, radicibus paucis filiformibus élongatis flexuosis; caulis filiformis v. gracilis, rigidulus, flexuosus, squamis parvis membranaceis. Flores parvi v. minuti, racemosi, pedicellis basi bracteatis decurvis, v. subcorymbosi; bracteæ ad basin pedicellorum membranaceæ.

Species ad 14, Brasiliæ borealis, Venezuelæ, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Novæ Guineæ incolæ. Thw. Enwn. Pl. Zeyl. 294. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 232. Benth. in Hook. Kew Journ. 1855, 11. Genus in sectiones 2 divisibile:—

- 1. Eusciaphila. Stylus ovario brevior, stigmate clavellato v. aspergilliformi. Sciaphila et Soridium, Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxi. 47, 49, t. 6 et 7, f. 10-28. Aphylleia, Champ. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. vii. 468.
- 2. Hyalisma. Stylus filiformis, stigmate acuto. Huc pertinet S. janthina, Thw. (Hyalisma, Champ. in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. vii. 468; Miers in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxi. 48, t. 7, f. 1-9), perianthio 8-partito, et species nova, S. khasiana, nob., perianthio 4-5-partito, et stylodiis 3 erectis subulatis antheris oppositis et longe superantibus.—Species Asiaticæ.

## Ordo CXCIV. ALISMACEA.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 127 (excl. Juncagineis). Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 209. Butomaceæ, Endl. Gen. Pl. 129. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 208. Alismace i. et Butomaceæ, M. Micheli in DC, Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 29, 84. Buchenau in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 465.

Flores regulares, hermaphroditi, monoici v. polygami, rarissime dioici. segmenta 6, 2-seriata, v. serie exteriore deficiente rarissime 3, imbricata; exteriora sepissime herbacea, concava, nervosa, persistentia; interiora sepius majora, petaloidea, decidua, rarius persistentia. Stumina 6 v. plura, rarissime 3, basi perianthii inserta v. hypogyna, verticillata v. spiraliter inserta, sæpius marcescentia, exteriora interdum ananthera; filamenta brevia v. subelongata, filiformi-subulata, teretia v. complanata. Anthere basi v. dorso paullo supra basin affixe, didyme oblonge v. lineares, erecte utrinque obtuse v. breviter 2-fidæ, v. connectivo apiculatæ, loculis contiguis rimis lateralibus v. plus minusve dorsalibus dehiscentibus; pollen sphæricum v. obtuse 3-gonum. Ovarii carpella 6 v. plura, rarissime 3, receptaculo parvo v. magno plano tumido oblongo v. globoso 1-\infty-seriatim inserta, distincta v. basi connata, sessilia v. inferne in stipitem brevem attenuata, 1-locularia. Stylus subterminalis v. ventralis, brevis v. subelongatus. rarius 0; stigma terminale punctiforme capitellatum v. ventre rarius dorso styli v. carpelli decurrens. Ovula in carpellis solitaria v. 2 superposita, v. numerosa, angulo interiori affixa v. rarissime basilaria et solitaria, in Butomeis in placentis reticulatis parietalibus sparsa, anatropa semi-anatropa campylotropa v. amphitropa, micropyle infera. Carpella matura distincta v. basi connata, 1-locularia, nucea crustacea coriacea v. membranacea, stylo v. stigmate sapius terminata, indehiscentia v. sutura ventrali dehiscentia, rarissime ima basi circumscissa. Semina parva v. minuta, erecta v. patentia, ovoidea oblonga v. compressa; testa membranacea v. coriacea, lævis rugosa v. subechinata; albumen 0. Embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari sæpius incrassata, cotyledonari attenuata, rarissime rectus; plumula inconspicua, extremitate cotyledonari immersa.

Herbæ aquatice v. paludosæ, erectæ v. rarius natantes, sæpissime glabræ, pleræque lactescentes, scapigeræ v. caulescentes, perennes, rarius annuæ; rhizoma brevissimum v. elongatum, interdum surculosum. Folia erecta, rarius natantia, radicalia v. ad nodos caulis repentis conferta, petiolata, linearia lanceolata oblonga v. sagittata, sæpe pellucide punctata v. lineolata, nervis paucis v. plurimis curvis in apicem laminæ convergentibus, nervulis transversis crebris v. distantibus simplicibus v. reticulatis; petiolus sæpissime elongatus, vagina fissa brevi v. elongata. Inflorescentia indefinita, verticillatim racemosa

v. spicata, rarius pseudo-umbellata v. floribus subsolitariis, umbellis verticillisque başi bracteatis; bracteæ 3 v. plures, membranaceæ, bracteolas in axillis parvas foventes. Flores parvi mediocres v. majusculi, pedicellati, basi ebracteolati, albi rosei raro flavi v. azurei.

Species ad 60, in aquis dulcibus totius orbis frigidis exceptis obviæ.

Ordo Nasadsis arctissime affinis, et potius pro subordine inflorescentia floribusque magis evolutis habendus; sed habitu, floribus sæpissime verticillatim v. umbellatim paniculatis v. pseudo-umbellatis, perianthio 2-seriato interiore petaloideo, aliisque notis facile recognoscendus. Ab Hydrocharideis differt defectu spathæ, inflorescentia, perianthio infero, et embryone sæpissime hippocrepiformi.

Tribus I. Alismese. Ovula solitaria, basılaria, v. plura angulo interiori carpelli affixa. Carpella matura indehiscentia v. (in *Damasonio*) basi circumscissa.

- \* Ovarii carpella distincta, basi parva inserta, 1-ovulata, matura indehiscentia.
  - † Perianthii foliola interiora petaloidea, exterioribus majora.
    - a. Carpella receptaculo parvo inserta.
- 1. ALISMA. Flores &. Stamina 6-9. Ovuli raphe ventralis. Herbæ foliis erectis, floribus verticillatis v. umbellatis.—Europ., As. bor., Afr. trop., Amer. bor., Australia.
- 2. ELISMA. Flores &. Stamina 6-9. Ovuli raphe dorsalis. Herba foliis natantibus, floribus subsolitariis.—Europ. occident.
- 3. LIMNOPHYTON. Flores monoici, & et \( \xi \). Stamina 6. Ovuli raphe ventralis. Herba succulenta, foliis erectis, floribus verticillatis.—As, et Afr. trop.
  - b. Carpella receptaculo magno oblongo v. globoso multiscriatim dense conferta.
- 4. SAGITTARIA. Flores monoici v. dioici. Carpella matura lata, valde compressa. Herbæ, verticillis sæpissime 3-floris.— Reg. trop. et temp.
- 5. ECHINODORUS. Flores §. Carpella matura stylo rostrata, in capitulum echinatum congesta, alte costata. Herbæ, verticillis sæpissime multifloris.—Amer. bor. et trop., Senegambia.
  - †† Perianthii foliola interiora exterioribus multo minora v. 0.
  - 6. Burnatia. Flores dioici, verticillatim paniculati. Stamina 9. Carpella .-- Afr. trop.
- 7. WISNERIA. Flores monoici, verticillatim subspicati. Stamina 3. Carpella 3-6.—Ind. or., Afric. trop, Madagasc.
  - \*\* Ovarii carpella basi lata connatu, 2-co-ovulata, matura basi circumscisse dehiscentia.
- 8. Damasonium. Flores &. Perianthii foliola interiora magna, petaloidea. Carpella 1-seriata. Herbæ, floribus verticillatim paniculatis.— Europ., Asia occid., Austral.

Tribus II. Sutomese. Ovula numerosa, placentis parietalibus reticulatim ramosis inserta. Carpella matura sutura ventrali dehiscentia.

- 9. BUTOMUS. Petala marcescentia. Stamina 9. Carpella 6. Embryo rectus. Herba rhizomate repente, foliis 3-quetris erectis.—Europ., As. med. et bor., Ind. or.
- 10. Butomorsis. Petala decidua. Stamina 8-9. Carpella 6-9. Embryo hippocrepicus. Herba annua, foliis ellipticis.—Asia, Afric. et Austral. trop.
- 11. Hydrocleis. Petala decidua. Stamina numerosa. Carpella 2-6, erecta, angusta, stylo elongato. Herbæ, foliis natantibus.—Amer. trop.
- 12. LIMNOCHARIS. Petala decidua. Stamina numerosa. Carpella 15-20, dimidiato-ovata, compressissima, in globum conferta; stigma sessile. Herbæ erectæ.— Amer. trop.

## TRIBUS I. ALISMEÆ.

1. Alisma, Linn. Gen. n. 460.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii foliola 6, 2-seriata, 3 exteriora herbacea, persistentia, post anthesin patentia reflexa v. erecta; 3 interiora majora, petaloidea, decidua. Stamina 6, rarius 9, subperigyna, filamentis subulato-filiformibus; antheræ dorso basi insertæ, oblongæ v. didymæ, subextrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii carpella pauca v. plurima, receptaculo parvo inserta, distincta; styli ventrales v. subapicales, brevissimi v. subelongati, decidui v. persistentes, stigmatibus terminalibus parvis; ovula solitaria, anatropa, basilaria, funiculo brevi, raphe ventrali. Carpella

matura pauca v. plurima, a latere compressa v. turgida, dorso sæpissime 3-costata, pericarpio coriaceo v. indurato indehiscente. Semina basilaria, erecta, compressa, testa membranacea; embryo complicato-hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari incrassata.—Herbæ paludosæ, perennes, scapigeræ, acaules. Folia erecta, petiolata, elliptica lanceolata v. sagittata, interdum pellucide punctata v. lineolata. Scapus brevis v. elongatus. Flores umbellati v. in paniculæ ramis ramulisque verticillatis dispositi, nodis 3-bracteatis, longe pedicellati, albi v. pallide rosei.

Species ad 10, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et tropicæ, Africæ tropicæ, Australiæ et Americæ incolæ. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 31 et 46 (Echinodori sp. 1-4). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 184. Species sub sectionibus sequentibus distributæ:—

- 1. Eualisma. Stamina 6. Ovarii carpella numerosa, 1-seriatim verticillata, matura perianthio patente v. reflexo subtensa, valde compressa, dorso canaliculata. Flores verticillatim paniculati. Species 1 (A. Plantago, L.), Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ temperatæ et Australiæ incolæ. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Schnitzl. Ic. t. 49. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 25. Mirb. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. t. 18. Red. Lil. t. 452. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 57. Buchen. in Pringsh. Jahrb. vii. t. 2, f. 14 ad 20, et in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 480.
- 2. Caldesia. Stamina 6. Ovarii carpella pauca v. numerosa, conferta, matura perianthio patente v. reflexo subtensa, compressa, dorso 3-5-costata. Flores verticillatim paniculati. Species 4 (A. parnassifolium, Linn., A. nymphæifolium, Griseb., A. oligococcum, F. Muell., et A. acanthocarpum, F. Muell.), Europæ, Asiæ, Australiæ et Africæ incolæ. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 228; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 56. Wight, Ic. t. 322. Caldesia, Parlat. Fl. Ital. iii. 598. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 479, 480.
- 3. Baldellia. Stamina 6. Ovarii carpella numerosa, conferta, matura perianthio reflexo subtensa, dorso crasso 3- ventre 1-costata, lateribus depressis. Flores umbellati. Species 1 (A. ranuculoides, Linn.) Europæ et Africæ borealis incola. Red. Lil. v. t. 268. Rewhb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 37; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 55. Cav. Ic. i. t. 55. Baldellia, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. Pl. Monocot. 1854, 57; Fl. Ital. iii. 595. Buchen. in Pringsh. Jahrb. vii. t. 2, f. 1-4 (Echinodorus).
- 4. Helanthium. Stamina 9. Ovarii carpella pauca, matura perianthio involuta, turgida, costata. Flores umbellati, Species 2 (A. tenellum, Mart., et A. intermedium, Mart.), Americæ borealis et australis incolæ. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 13, f. 2, t. 14. HELANTHIUM, Engelm. mss.
- 2. Misma, Buchen. in Pringsh. Jahrb. vii. 25, t. 2, f. 5 12; et in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 481.

  —Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata, 3 exteriora membranacea, post anthesin patentia, persistentia; 3 interiora majora, petaloidea, decidua. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis planis subulatis; anthera breviter oblongæ, subbasifixæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpella 10-12, in receptaculo planiusculo conferta, distincta, ovoidea, in stylum brevem terminalem persistentem attenuata, stigmate capitellato; ovula solitaria, basilaria, erecta, anatropa, funiculo brevi, raphe dorsali. Carpella matura oblonga v. ovoideo-oblonga, fere recta, leviter compressa, multicostata, coriacea, stigmate terminali. Semen oblongum, compressum, testa membranacea; embryo complicato-hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari clavata, cotyledonari attenuata.—Herba pusilla, surculosa, surculis gracilibus fluitantibus ad nodos radicantibus. Folia primordialia subulata, 1-nervia; caulina petiolata, natantia, elliptica, pellucide punctata, 3-nervia, nervis secundariis remotis. Flores ad nodos 1-5, longe pedicellati, albi, 3-bracteati, pedicellis post anthesin decurvis.
- Species 1, Europæ occidentalis incola. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 40. Red. Lil. v. t. 285. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 54; Iconogr. Bot. t. 37 (omnes, Micheli excepto, sub Alismate).
- 3. **Limnophyton**, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 242. (Dipseudochorion, Buchen. in Flora, 1865, 241.)—Flores polygami, \$\times\$ et \$\delta\$. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata; 3 exteriora herbacea, persistentia, post anthesin reflexa; 3 interiora majora, petaloidea, decidua. Stamina 6, perigyna (in fl. \$\delta\$ majora), filamentis filiformi-subulatis compressis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, dorso basifixæ, loculis subextrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpella (in fl. \$\delta\$ obsoleta) 15-20, in receptaculo parvo planiusculo conferta, distincta, ovoidea; stylus ventralis, brevis, crassus, deciduus, stigmate capitellato; ovula basilaria, anatropa, funiculo brevi, micropyle extera. Carpella matura plurima, distincta, obovoidea,

turgida, dorso 3-costata, pericarpio intus osseo lateribus utrinque cavis. Semina basilaria, erecta, oblonga, compressa, testa membranacea; embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari incrassata.—Herba erecta, robusta, perennis, acaulis, scapigera, lactescens. Folia erecta, longe crasseque petiolata, late sagittata, pellucide punctulata, nervis 7-11, nervulis obliquis ramosis. Scapus crassus. Flores verticillatim racemosi v. paniculati, nodis 3-bracteatis; superiores in panicula & minores, graciliter pedicellati; inferiores \( \nabla \) cum \( \nabla \) paucis intermixti, pedicellis crassis post anthesin decurvis.

Species 1, Asise et Africa tropica incola. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 38. Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 102 (Alisma). Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 481. Genus habitu floribusque Echinodoro affine sed receptaculo et fructu Alismatis.

4. Sagittaria, Linn. Gen. n. 1067.—Flores monoici dioici v. polygami. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata; 3 exteriora herbacea, persistentia, post anthesin reflexa, erecta v. patentia; 3 interiora majora, petaloidea, decidua. Stamina 9 v. plura, sæpius numerosa, hypogyna v. receptaculo inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis compressis; antheræ oblonge v. lineares, dorso basi affixe, erecta, lateraliter v. extrorsum deliscentes. Ovarii carpella numerosissima, distincta, receptaculo magno globoso v. oblongo densissime spiraliter imbricata, capitata, infima interdum imperfecta; stylus ventralis v. apicalis, brevis v. longiusculus, persistens, stigmatibus papillosis; ovula solitaria, basilaria, anatropa, micropyle extera. Carpella matura perplurima, in receptaculo elevato in globum congesta, orbicularia securidiformia v. dolabriformia, valde compressa, ambitu costata v. alata, alis integris dentatis v. in processus productis, faciebus ecostatis v. costatis sæpe glandulosis. Semina basilaria, erecta, testa membranacea v. tenuiter coriacea, seepe punctata; embryo conduplicatiun hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari incrassata.— Herbæ paludosæ, sæpissime erectæ, perennes rarissime annuæ, acaules scapigeræ. Folia longe v. sæpius crasse petiolata, elliptico-lanceolata v. sagittata, sæpe pellucido-punctata v. -lineolata. Scapus erectus, gracilis v. robustus. Flores sepius 3-natim verticillati, spicati v. paniculati, breviter v. longe pedicellati, albi, nodis 3-bracteatis bracteolatisque, in specie unica 1-bracteati.

Species ad 15, in regionibus temperatis et tropicis amphigeæ, in sectiones sequentes dispositæ:—
1. Eusagittaria. Flores monoici v. dioici, in verticillos sæpius 3-flores dispositi, superiores 3, inferiores ?. Perianthii foliola exteriora post anthesin erecta patentia v. reflexa. Stamina numerosa. Carpella matura valde compressa. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 64. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 485. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 53. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 26. Red. Lil. v. t. 279, 280, 411. Lam. Illustr. t. 776. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 298. Scub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. t. 15, 16. Andr. Bot. Rep. t. 333. Bot. Mag. t. 1631, 1632, 1792. Bot. Reg. t. 1141.

- 2. Lophiocarpus. Flores monoici, ĕ et ♀ in verticillos 1-3-floros dispositi, ♂ superiores. Perianthii foliola exteriora post anthesin erecta. Stamina 9-15. Carpella matura valde compressa, rhsta. Lophiocarpus, Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 60. Buchenau in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 485.
- 5. Echinodorus, L. C. Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. i. 365, nomen tantum.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata; 3 exteriora herbacea, persistentia, post anthesin reflexa v. erecta; 3 interiora petaloidea, majora, decidua. Stamina numerosa, 20 v. plura, hypogyna, filamentis filiformi-subulatis compressis; antheræ oblongæ v. lineari-oblongæ, dorso basifixæ, subextrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii carpella perplurima, distincta, receptaculo elevato oblongo imbricatim capitata, obovoidea, in stylum oblique apicalem persistentem attenuata, stigmate minuto; ovula basilaria, erecta, anatropa, micropyle extera. Carpella matura numerosa, in capitulum rigide echinatum congesta, obovoidea v. oblanceolata, stylo rigido aristata, plus minusve compressa, alte costata. Semina oblonga, compressa, testa membranacea; embryo conduplicatim uncinatus, extremitate radiculari incrassata.—Herbæ, sæpe elatæ, annuæv. perennes, acaules, scapigeræ, Folia longe petiolata, elliptica cordata lanceolata v. sagittata, sæpissime pellucide-punctata v. -lineolata. Flores in racemos strictos angustos verticillatos dispositi, verticillis plerumque multifloris, pedicellis breviusculis rigidis, nodis 3-bracteatis, bracteolis numerosis.

- Species ad 14, America tropica et borealis temperata incola et una (an potius Sagittaria species) Senegambica. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 44, excl. sp. 1-4. Buchenau in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 488. Soub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. t. 13, f. 4 (Alisma). Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 31 (Sagittaria).
- 6. Burnatia, Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 81.—Flores dioici, parvuli. Fl. 3: Perianthii foliola 6, 2-seriata, marcescentia, 3 interiora multo minora. Stamina 9, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis filiformi-subulatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, filamentis æquilongæ, basi dorso affixæ, subextrorsum dehiscentes. Carpella rudimentaria ad 12, dolabriformia, compressa. Fl. 9: Perianthii foliola 3, parva, orbicularia, membranacea, post anthesin patentia. Stamina 0 v. 1-2 imperfecta. Ovarii carpella ad 12, in receptaculo parvo conferta, oblique dimidiato-orbicularia; stigma ventrale, subsessile, papillosum; ovula solitaria, basilaria, anatropa, micropyle ventrali. Carpella matura 6-8, obovato-orbicularia, compressa, ambitu 3 cristata, stigmate minuto ventrali rostrata, pericarpio coriaceo. Semen immaturum late oblongum, testa membranacea; embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari incrassata. —Herba paludosa, erecta, Alismatis facie, acaulis, scapigera. Folia longe petiolata, lineari-v. elliptico lanceolata, acuta, tenuiter 7-9-nervia, nervulis gracillimis obliquis. Paniculæ verticillatim ramosæ, axillis 3-bracteatis, d'amplæ, floribus globosis graciliter pedicellatis; 9 contractæ, floribus multo minoribus subsessilibus.

Species 1, Nubiæ incola.

- 7. Wisneria, M. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 82.—Flores monoici, minuti. Perianthii foliola membranacea, v. 3 persistentia, v. 5-6 2-seriata, 3 exterioribus equalibus v. 2 ceteris minoribus concavis persistentibus, 2 v. 3 interioribus multo minoribus deciduis? Fl. &: Stamina 3, receptaculo parvo inserta, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus ; antheræ basifixæ, didymæ v. breviter oblongæ, rimis lateralibus v. subdorsalibus dehiscentes; pollen globosum. Ovarii rudimenta subulata. Fl. 9: Staminodia setiformia. Ovarii carpella 3-6, ovoidea, receptaculo parvo tumidulo inserta; stylus 0 v. terminalis, subulatus, stigmate minuto; ovulum solitarium, basilare, anatropum. Carpella matura subglobosa, late oblonga v. ellipsoidea, compressa v. turgida, obscure costata, obtusa v. stylo terminali rostrata, pericarpio tenui v. crassiusculo spongioso. Semen oblongum v. subglobosum, testa membranacea; embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus, extremitate radiculari incrassata. - Herbæ paludosæ v. aquaticæ, acaules, scapigeræ, rhizomate parvo fibras crassas articulatas emittente. Folia longe petiolata, filiformia, lamina 0, v. lamina parva v. majuscula lanceolata v. oblanceolata, costa valida, nervis tenuibus, nervulis obliquis reticulatis. Flores minuti, secus rhachin scapi gracillimi remoti, verticillati, verticillis involucris campanulatis truncatis membranaccis inclusis, floribus seriatim emergentibus, A in involucris superioribus pedicello basi 2-bracteolato, Q in inferioribus pedicello ebracteolato.
- Species 3: 1. W. triandra, Micheli, Malabarica, perianthii foliolis 6, carpellis maturis globosis, stigmate sessili. 2. W. Schweinfurthii, Hook. f., Africæ centralis incola, perianthii foliolis 3, carpellis maturis compressis rostratis. 3. W. filifolia, Hook. f., Madagascarensis, perianthii foliolis exterioribus 3, uno ceteris multo majore, interioribus 4, carpellis maturis rostratis.
- 8. Damesonium, Juss. Gen. 46. (Actinocarpus, R. Br. Prod. 342.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii foliola 6, 2-seriata; 3 exteriora tenuiter membranacea, persistentia, post anthesin patentia v. reflexa; 3 interiora majora, petaloidea, decidua. perigyna, filamentis subulatis v. filiformibus; antheræ sub-basifixæ, didymæ, loculis extrorsum dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpella 6-10, verticillata, basi lata leviter connata, subulata, in stylum rectum brevem persistentem attenuata, stylo introrsum sub apice stigmatifero; ovula in carpellis 2 superposita v. 8-20, anatropa, inferiora basilaria, erecta, micropyle ventrali, superiora angulo interiori affixa, adscendentia, micropyle dorsali. Carpella matura 6-9, stellatim patentia, a basi lata leviter connata, subulata, rigide coriacea, a latere compressa, lævia v. costata, pungentia, indehiscentia v. supra basin tarde circumscisse dehiscentia, 1-polysperma. Semina inferiora erecta, superiora horizontalia. testa castanea crasse coriacea transverse rugosa, funiculo capillari; embryo hippocrepicus.

extremitate radiculari incrassata.—Herbæ annuæ v. radicibus perennantibus, paludosæ, erectæ, acaules, scapigeræ, lactescentes. Folia omnia radicalia, petiolata, ovata oblonga cordata v. lanceolata, costa valida, nervis utrinque solitariis. Flores in racemos paniculasve amplas ramis verticillatis dispositi, 3-bracteati, albi, pedunculis pedicellisque fructiferis incrassatis.

Species 4, quarum 2 Europæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæque ocidentalis incolæ, tertia Australiensis, quarta Californica. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 41. Buchen. in Pringsh. Jahrb. vii. t. 2, f. 21 ad 27; et in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 482. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 186. Red. Lil. vi t. 289 (Alisma). Torr. Bot. Whippl. Exped. t. 21. Ovulum inferius fere campylotropum invenimus in D. stellato. Petala in D. californico inciso-dentata.

# TRIBUS II. BUTOMEÆ.

9. Butomus, Linn. Gen. n. 507.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata, persistentia, petaloidea, imbricata, concava, post anthesin erecta. Stamina 9, hypogyna, 6 per paria foliolis exterioribus 3 singulatim interioribus opposita, filamentis a basi ad apicem attenuatis; antheræ erectæ, basifixæ, lineari-oblongæ, obtuse 4-gonæ, post anthesin didymæ, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes; pollen minutissimum, subglobosum. Ovarii carpella 6, in receptaculo plano verticillata, sessilia, basi ventre connata, 1-locularia, in stylum brevem recurvum attenuata, stigmate ventrali incrassato longitudinaliter sulcato; ovula numerosa, in placentis parietalibus reticulatim ramosis dense conferta, sessilia, adscendentia, anatropa. Carpella matura 6, perianthii basi involuta, coriacea, rostrata, basi ventre cohærentia, sutura ventrali dehiscentia, polysperma. Semina parietalia, linearioblonga, adscendentia, testa coriacea profunde sulcata; embryo elongato-ovoideus, rectus, extremitate radiculari infera paullo angustiore, plumula in extremitate cotyledonari immersa.—Herba glaberrima, paludosa, scapigera, vasis laticiferis destituta, rhizomate repente dense folioso perennante. Folia lineari elongata, 3-quetra, sensim acuminata, flaccida. Scapus axillaris, cylindraceus, erectus, teres. Flores numerosi, umbellati, rosei; umbella bracteis brevibus subspathaceis involucrata, pedicellis inæquilongis.

Species 1, Europæ et Asiæ temperatæ incola. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. iii. 85. Gærtn. Fruct. 1, t. 19. Mirhel in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. t. 18. Lam. Illustr. t. 324. Red. Ltl. t. 209. Schnizl. Ic. i. t. 50. Spach, Suites Buff. t. 115. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 58. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 17. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 468.

10. Butomopsis, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 164. (Tenagocharis, Hochst. in Flora, 1841, 369.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata, imbricata; exteriora (sepala) viridia, concava, post anthesin erecta, persistentia; interiora (petala) majora, petaloidea, tenuissima, decidua. Stamina 8 v. 9, hypogyna, 6 exteriora per paria sepalis 2 interiora singulatim petalis opposita, filamentis membranaceis a basi dilatata sensim attenuatis; antheræ lineari-oblongæ, basitixæ, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes; pollen minutissimum. Ovaria carpella 6-9, in receptaculo plano verticillata, sessilia, basi ventre connata. 1-locularia, in stylum brevem attenuata, stigmate capitellato apicem versus styli externo; ovula numerosa, minima, in placentis parietalibus reticulatim ramosis dense conferta, adscendentia, anatropa. Carpella matura 6-7, sepalis involuta, basi ventre connata, coriacea, sutura ventrali dehiscentia, polysperma. Semina minuta, parietalia, late oblonga, compressa, testa tenuiter coriacea pallida pellucida; embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus. -- Herba annua, aquatica, simplex, erecta, scapigera, lactescens, rhizomate parvo subtuberoso fibras densas emittente. Folia omnia radicalia, petiolata, elliptica v. elliptico-lanceolata, acuta, 3-7-nervia, petiolo basi vaginante. Scapus folia superans. Flores umbellati; bracteæ breves, spathaceæ, interiores parvæ, pedicelli inæquilongi. Perianthii foliola exteriora et carpella reticulatim venosa.

Species 2, Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 87. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 187. Royle, Ill. Bot. Himal. t. 95 (Butomus). Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 468.

11. **Eydrocleis**, L. C. Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. i. 368, t. 18, et 19, f. 1 (Limnocharis). (Vespuccia, Parlat. Nuov. Gen. e Sp. Monocot. 55.)—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata, 3 exteriora (sepala) herbacea, post anthesin erecta, persistentia; 3 interiora (petala) majora, tenuissima, decidua. Stamina numerosa, hypogyna, multiseriata, filamentis filiformi-subulatis exterioribus sæpissime anantheris; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ, rimis sublateralibus v. extrorsum dehiscentes; pollen minutissimum. Ovarii carpella 2-8, distincta, in receptaculo planiusculo verticillata, sessilia, elongato-lanceolata, 2-locularia, in stylum brevem attenuata, stigmate terminali et in ventrem styli decurrentia; ovula numerosa, in placentis parietalibus reticulatim ramosis conferta, sessilia, anatropa v. campylotropa. Carpella matura 6-20, sepalis involuta, distincta, angusta, teretiuscula, tenuiter coriacea, rostrata, sutura ventrali dehiscentia, polysperma. Semina minuta, adscendentia, obovoidea, compressa, testa coriacea brunnea reticulatim impressa lævi v. hispida; embryo conduplicatim hippocrepicus, crure cotyledonari paullo majore.-Herbæ glaberrimæ, aquaticæ, stoloniferæ, lactescentes, caulibus natantibus ramosis, ramis ad nodos radicantibus et vaginis oblongis spathaceis involucratis. Folia fasciculata, natantia, ovato- v.cordato-orbicularia, nervis ad apicem convergentibus; petiolo crasso basi vaginante et costa folii inflatis. Flores solitarii, longe crasse pedunculati, magni. Petala flava.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ tropicæ australis incolæ. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 91 (Limnocharis sp. 2, 3, 4). Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 469. Vell. Fl. Flum. Ic. x. t. 32. Endl. Iconogr. t. 37. Seub. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 13, f. 1, t. 16. Bot. Mag. t. 3248, et Bot. Reg. t. 1640 (uterque sub Limnocharite). Ovula in specie Neogranatensi (La Paila, Holton, n. 129), anatropa, ut in exemplaribus in horto Kewensi cultis, sed in exemplaribus H. Humboldtii in Hort. Van Houtte cultis, certe campylotropa evadunt.

12. Limnocharis, H. B. et K. Pl. Æquin. i. 116, t. 34.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, 2-seriata, patentia, imbricata; 3 exteriora (sepala) herbacea, post anthesin erecta, persistentia; 3 interiora (petala) majora, tenuissima, decidua. Stamina numerosa (ad 20), hypogyna, filamentis filiformi-subulatis exterioribus anantheris; antheræ lineares, basifixæ, erectæ, rimis lateralibus dehiscentes; pollen minutissimum, obtuse 3-gonum. Ovarii carpella 15-20, distincta, dimidiato-ovata, acuta, compressissima, confertim verticillata et in capitulum globosum compacta, apicibus acutis convergentibus; stylus 0, stigmate ad apicem carpelli dorsali; ovula numerosa, in placentis parietalibus reticulatim ramosis sparsa, campylotropa. Carpella matura 15-20, sepalis involuta, in capitulum globosum conferta, compressa, lunato-curvata, dorso plana, lateribus membranaceis, sutura ventrali dehiscentia, polysperma. Semina parva, sparsa, late v. subquadratooblonga, testa crassiuscula extus spongiosa et processubus mollibus echinata; embryo conduplication hippocrepicus, crure cotyledonari paullo minore.—Herbæ glaberrimæ, paludosæ, scapigeræ, rhizomate tuberoso fibras emittente. Folia longe crasseque petiolata, elliptico-lanceolata v. ovato-cordata, nervis paucis ad apicem convergentibus. Scapus brevis, nunc brevissimus floribus fere radicalibus, nunc elongatus, erectus, teres, 3-gonus v. 3-alatus, basi vaginatus. Flores umbellati, umbella bracteis latis spathaceis involucrata, pedicellis crassis inæquilongis. Petala flava.

Species descriptæ 3 v. 4, America tropica incola. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 88 (Limnocharis sp. 1). L. C. Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. i. t. 19, f. 2, t. 20. Endl. Lonogr. t. 26. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 469. Bot. Mag. t. 2525.

# ORDO CXCV. NAIADACEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 229. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 148. Juncagines, Endl. Gen. Pl. 127. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 210. Zosteraces, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 145.

Flores hermaphroditi, monoici v. dioici. Perianthium 0, v. e segmentis 1-4 v. 6 distinctis æqualibus v. inæqualibus herbaceis coloratis v. hyalinis persistentibus v. deci-

duis estivatione valvatis v. imbricatis, rarius perianthium tubulosum tenuissimum. Stamina 1-6, rarissime plura, in floribus hermaphroditis distincta, hypogyna, v. basibus segmentorum perianthii inserta, in unisexualibus solitaria v. connata; filamenta varia. Antheræ basifixæ, erectæ, nunc 2-loculares loculis globosis oblongis v. linearibus, rimis elongatis extrorsum v. a latere rarius transverse dehiscentes; nunc ad loculum solitarium reductæ; pollen globosum ellipsoideum v. breviter tubulosum v. confervoideum. Ovarii carpella 1-6, distincta v. rarius ventre connata, sessilia v. stipitata, 1-locularia, obtusa v. in stylum brevem v. elongatum nunc longissimum attenuata; stigmata nunc apices versus carpellorum discoidea v. paullo decurrentia, nunc stylum terminantia et pulvinaria v. dilatata; nunc stylus in stigmata 2-3 capillaria fissus. Ovula 2-∞, rarissime solitaria, basi v. apice rarius angulo interiore loculi inserta, rarissime 2-seriata, sessilia, orthotropa anatropa v. campylotropa, micropyle semper infera. Carpella matura membranacea coriacea carnosula v. nucea, distincta v. rarius connata, stylo v. stigmate persistente terminata, indehiscentia v. angulo ventrali dehiscentia, 1-co-sperma. Semina erecta pendula v. angulo interiori carpelli peltatim affixa, sessilia, recta v. curva; testa coriacea carnosula v. membranacea; albumen 0. Embryo carnosus, sepissime macropodus, extremitate radiculari infera, cotyledonari consimili v. in processum vermiformem involutum v. induplicatum attenuata; plumula in fissura processus v. extremitatis cotyledonaris abscondita, v. in sinu faciei ventralis embryonis imposita et plus minus evoluta.

Herbæ, nunc acaules paludosæ et scapigeræ rhizomate tuberoso v. repente, nunc aquaticæ rhizomate repente nodoso caulibus dichotome ramosis submersis v. fluitantibus. Folia submersa emersa v. natantia, in generibus scapigeris radicalia, linearia v. junciformia, in caulescentibus opposita alterna v. rarissime 3-natim verticillata, sessilia v. petiolata, oblonga v. linearia v. capillaria, basi vaginantia, vaginis sæpe stipuliformibus v. in auriculas membranaceas productis. Stipulæ veræ 0, v. intrapetiolares, membranaceæ, tubulosæ v. fissæ, amplexicaules. Flores parvi, sæpissime inconspicui, spicati racemosi v. in spadicibus pedunculatis terminalibus v. axillaribus dispositi, bracteati v. ebracteati.

Species ad 120, aquis paludibusque tam dulcibus quam salsis orbis terrarum incolæ. Ordo vere naturalis, quamvis primo aspectu heterogeneus, Alismaceis quam maxime affinis, ab Aroideis non longe distans et non nisi habitu facile distinguendus; Hydrocharideas multis notis revocans etsi valde diversus.

#### FORM # ABNORMES.

Folia defectu parenchymatis parallelogrammatice fenestrata in Aponogetone fenestrali et A. Berneriana; apice tubulosa in Scheuchzeria.

Flores 2 dimorphi, alii minuti spicati stigmatibus subsessilibus, alii ad basin foliorum multo majores stylo longissimo instructi in *Lilea*.

### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

### Series A. Stigma discoideum v. decurrens.

Tribus I. Juncaginese. Flores spicati v. racemosi, hermaphroditi v. unisexuales. Perianthii (rarissime 0) segmenta 6, 2-seriata, herbacea. Stamina 6, rarissime 1. Ovarii carpella 3-∞, 1-2-ovulata; ovula basilaria, erecta, anatropa. Carpella matura indehiscentia v. dehiscentia. Embryo rectus.—Herbse erectse foliis junciformibus, in paludibus dulcibus salsisque vigentes.

- 1. TRIGLOCHIN. Flores hermaphroditi, ebracteati. Perianthii segmenta 3 v. 6. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta. Carpella 3-6, 1-ovulata.—Reg. temp.
- 2. SCHBUCHZERIA. Flores hermaphroditi, bracteati. Perianthii segmenta 6. Stamina 6, subhypogyna. Carpella 3, pauci-ovulata.—Europ., Amer. bor.
- 3. Terroncium. Flores dioici, ebracteati. Perianthii segmenta 4. Stamina 4, basi perianthii inserta. Ovarii carpella 4, 1-ovulata.--Amer. antarct.
- 4. Lilera. Flores monoici, bracteati, perianthium 0; & stamen 1: Q alii spicati stigmate subsessili, alii ad basin foliorum solitarii stylo longissimo. Carpellum 1, 1-ovulatum.—Amer. aust. et bor.-occid.

- Tribus II. Aponogetoness. Flores spicati, hermaphroditi, sepius albo-bracteati. Perianthium 0, v. e segmentis bracteisve 1-3 coloratis. Stamina 6 v. plura, hypogyna. Ovarii carpella 3-5, 8-co-ovulata; ovula basilaria v. subbasilaria. Carpella matura dehiscentia. Embryo rectus.—Herbæ rhizomate tuberoso, foliis submersis v. natantibus, in aquis dulcibus vigentes.
  - 5. Aponogeton. Reg. trop. et temp., Asia, Africa et Australia.
- Tribus III. Potamess. Flores spicati, hermaphroditi. Perianthium 0, v. segmenta 4, herbacea. Stamina 2 v. 4, basi perianthii inserta. Ovarii carpella 4, 1-ovulata; ovulum sub apice pendulum v. suturse ventrali loculi peltatim affixum, campylotropum. Carpella matura indehiscentia. Embryo curvus.—Herbæ submersæ v. foliis natantibus in aquis dulcibus rarius salsis vigentes.
  - 6. Potamogron. Perianthii segmenta 4. Carpella matura sessilia.—Orbis fere totus.
  - 7. Ruppia. Perianthium 0. Carpella matura longe stipitata.—Orbis fere totus.
- Tribus IV. Posidoniese. Flores spicati, unisexuales. Perianthium 0, v. segmenta 2. Stamina 2-4; antheræ liberæ v. in corpus oblongum v. ellipsoideum connatæ, polline confervoideo. Ovarii carpella solitaria, 1-ovulata; ovulum basilare v. parietale. Embryo macropodus.—Herbæ maritimæ, submersæ.
  - 8. Posidonia. Stamina distincta, connectivo maximo. Stigma disciforme, muricatum v. spinosum. Embryo oblongus, extremitate cotyledonari obtusa, plumula apicali.—Mare Mediterr. et Australiæ.
  - 9. Amphibolis. Stamina connata. Stigma subglobosum, ovario crassius. Embryo macropodus, extremitate cotyledonari oblique attenuata subulata.—Mare Austral.
- Tribus V. Zannichelliese. Flores axillares, unisexuales. Perianthium 0 v. hyalinum. Fl. 3: Stamen 1, filamento elongato, v. antherse 2-3 sessiles connatse, polline globoso. Fl. 9: Ovarii carpella 2-9, 1-ovulata; ovulum ab apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris apicalis v. infra-apicalis, attenuata induplicata v. involuta. Herbse aquaticse, submerse.
  - 10. Zannichellia. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, filamento gracili. Ovarii carpella 2-9, curvula.— Orbis fere totus.
  - 11. ALTERNIA. Perianthium e squamulis 3. Antherarum columna sessilis. Ovarii carpella 3, recta. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris infra-apicalis, attenuata, involuta.—*Mare Mediterr*.
  - 12. Lepilena. Perianthium e squamulis 3. Antherarum columna sessilis. Ovarii carpella 3, recta. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris terminalis, induplicatus.—Australia.
  - Series B. Stigma v. stigmata subulata v. capillacea.
- Tribus VI. Zosterese. Flores in spadice complanato secundi, unisexuales. Perianthium 0 Fl. &: Anthera sessilis, 1-locularis, polline confervoideo. Fl. Q: Carpellum solitarium, sessile, 1-ovulatum; ovulum pendulum. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris vermiformis, sulco inserta.—Herbæ marinæ submersæ, foliis gramineis.
  - 13. ZOSTERA. Flores monoici. Capellum ovoideum.—Orb. vet.
  - 14. PHYLLOSPADIX. Flores dioici. Carpellum cordiforme. Amer. bor.-occid.
- Tribus VII. Waladess. Flores axillares, unisexuales. Perianthium hyalinum. Fl. &: Anthera 1, sessilis, v. 2 connatæ, polline globoso. Fl. Q: Carpellum solitarium, 1-ovulatum; ovulum basilare, anatropum. Embryo oblongus, symmetricus.—Herbæ submersæ, in aquis dulcibus vigentes.
  - 15. NAIAS .- Orbis fere totus.
- ribus VIII. Cymodocese. Flores axillares, unisexuales. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Antherse in corpus longe stipitatum connatæ, polline conferveideo. Fl. \( \varphi\): Ovarii carpella 2, ovoidea, 1-ovulata; ovula sub apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Embryonis extremitas cotyledonaris vermiformis, adscendens, dorso embryonis incumbens.—Herbæ submersæ, marinæ, foliis gramineis.
  - 16. CYMODOCBA. Mare trop.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

EPIGYMANTEUS, Blume (que Hydrilla, L. C. Rich.), et Thalassia, Soland., supra sub Experenarideis memorantur. Lemnopsis, Zipp. in Flora, 1829, 285 (nomen). Zoll. Syst. Verz. Pfl. Zolling. 74, est Halophila, Thou., pariter ad Experenaridens pertinens, synonymon supra p. 455, prætermissum.

### TRIBUS I. JUNCAGINEÆ.

1. Triglochin, Linn. Gen. n. 453.—Flores hermaphroditi, rarius polygami. Perianthii segmenta 3 v. 6, rarius pauciora, herbacea, concava, decidua, 3 interiora altius inserta. Stamina 6, basi segmentorum inserta v. 3 interioribus rarissime obsoletis; antheræ sessiles, in media facie affixæ, extus dehiscentes. Ovarii carpella 6, distincta v. plus minus connata, 1-locularia, omnia fertilia v. 3 alterna imperfecta v. ad laminas tenues reducta; styli breves v. sub 0, liberi v. connati, stigmatibus plumosis v. papillosis; ovula in carpellis solitaria, basilaria, erecta, anatropa. Fructus subcylindracei obovoidei v. columnaris carpella distincta v. connata, angulata costata v. teretia, apicibus rectis v. recurvis, basibus simplicibus v. 2-calcaratis, indehiscentia v. ventre dehiscentia, perfecta sæpius ab axi persistente a basi solvenda, imperfecta dum adsint persistentia, pericarpio sicco v. succulento. Semina erecta, cylindracea v. ovoideo-oblonga, teretia v. compressa, testa tenuiter membranacea; embryo semini conformis, extremitate cotyledonari recta, plumula prope basin extremitatis radicularis inserta.—Herbæ erectæ, scapigeræ, rhizomate tuberoso v. sub 0, in paucis stolonifero, radicibus interdum tuberosis. Folia elongata, plana v. teretiuscula, interdum natantia. Flores parvi v. majusculi, spicati v. pedicellis brevibus racemosi, erecti. ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species ad 12, in paludibus aquæ dulcis et salsæ regionum temperatarum et frigidarum utriusque hemisphæræ vigentes. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 96. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jarhb. ii. 505. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 165. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 23. Mirb. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. t. 16. L. C. Rich. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvii. t. 5. Schnizl. Icon. i. t. 49. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 102. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 51, 51 b, 52. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 271. Engl. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 12. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 454. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 416, 579, 728, 731. Bot. Mag. t. 1445. Genus in sectiones 3 divisum: —

- 1. Eutriglockin. Carpella perfecta 3, decidua, imperfecta in axi persistentia. Stamina sæpissime 3, v. in flore supremo 6.
- 2. Cycnogeton. Carpella distincta, perfecta 3-6, imperfecta 0. Stamina sæpissime 6. CYCNOGETON, Endl. in Ann. Wien. Mus. ii. 210; Iconogr. t. 73.
- 3. Maundia. Carpella 3-4, post anthesin coalita. Maundia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. i. 23.
- 2. Scheuchserta, Linn. Gen. n. 452.—Flores hermaphroditi. Perianthii segmenta 6, oblonga, acuta, coriacea, subcolorata, persistentia, 3 interiora angustiora. Stamina 6, basi perianthii inserta, filamentis flaccidis; antheræ basifixæ, lineares, apiculatæ, extus dehiscentes, exsertæ. Ovarii carpella 3-6, inferne ventre connata, compressa, 1-locularia; stigmata sessilia, obliqua, papillosa, extrorsum spectantia; ovula in loculis 2 v. pauca, basilaria, erecta, anatropa. Carpella matura sæpius 3, divaricata, suborbicularia, inflata, coriacea, ventre dehiscentia, 1-2-sperma. Semina ellipsoidea v. obovoidea, erecta, testa coriacea crassa, membrana interna tenui; embryo semini conformis, extremitate radiculari infera, cotyledonari rotundata, plumula minuta infra medium sita. Herba junciformis, glaberrima, rhizomate repente in caulem erectum foliorum flexuosum producto. Folia semiteretia, apice pervia, basi longe vaginantia. Flores pauci, laxe racemosi, pedicellis basi bracteatis, bracteis basi vaginantibus.

Species 1, paludibus turfosis Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ borealis obvia. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 95. Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 503. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 24. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. x. t. 419. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 100.

3. Tetroncium, Willd. in Gen. Nat. Fr. Berl. Mag. ii. 17. (Cathanthes, L. C. Rich. in Mém. Mus. Par. i. 365.)—Flores dioici, deflexi. Perianthii obliqui colorati segmenta 4, inæqualia, late ovata, in fl. 2 angustiora, concava, colorata, 2 superiora altius inserta supremo majore. Stamina 4 (in fl. 2 0), basi perianthii inserta; antheræ subsessiles, basi affixæ, late didymæ, extrorsum dehiscentes. Ovarii carpella 4, in fl. 3 0, loculis ima basi confluentibus, subulata, supra medium distincta, in stylos subulatos sensim attenuata, 1-locularia, stigmatibus punctiformibus; ovula in loculis solitaria, basilaria, erecta, anatropa. Fructus elongatus, deflexus, subulatus, apice 4-cornutus, imperfecte 4-locularis, sæpissime 1-spermus, Semen erectum, subcylindraceo-clavatum, obtuse trigonum, testa tenuissima; embryo rectus, teretiusculus, extremitate radiculari attenuata.—Herba parvula, junciformis, glaberrima, rhizomate repente in caulem erectum foliosum flexuosum producto. Folia disticha, equitantia, anguste ensiformia, rigida, acuta, vaginis membranaceis. Flores pauci, spicati, ebracteati, perianthii segmentis rufo-fusco-maculatis, ebracteati.

Species 1, Fuegiæ et insularum Maclovianarum incola. Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. iii. 110 (Catanthes). Buchen. in Engl. Bot. Jahrb. ii. 494. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 534. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. ii. t. 128.

4. Lilea, Humb. et Boupl. Pl. Æquin. i. 221, t. 63. (Heterostylus, Hook. Fl. Bor. Am. ii. 171, t. 185.)—Flores monoici, perianthio 0. Fl. & in spicis unisexualibus v. androgynis dispositi, bracteati. Stamen 1, minutum, bractea basi insertum; anthera sessilis, didyma, loculis membranaceis a latere dehiscentibus, connectivo apice latiusculo obtuso hyalino, polline globoso. Fl. 2: alii minuti, in spicis pedunculatis dispositi, alii majores, ad basin foliorum solitarii, sessiles. Ovarium sessile, lanceolatum, compressum, 1-loculare; stylus in floribus spicatis 0, stigmate disciformi, in solitariis longissimus, filiformis, stigmate capitato; ovulum solitarium, basilare, erectum, anatropum. Fructus oblongo-lanceolatus, compressus, coriaceus, costatus, indehiscens, in fl. spicatis anguste alatus, in solitariis incurvus, 3-gonus, exalatus, apice uno latere dentatus. Semen pericarpio conforme, crectum, testa membranacea; embryo elongatus, rectus, angustus, extremitate radiculari infera, cotyledonari paullo attenuata.—Herba cæspitosa, glaberrima, aquatica v. paludosa, flaccida, rhizomate brevissimo, radicibus fibrosis. Folia lineariligulata, submembranacea, integerrima; obtusiuscula, basi vaginantia, nervis parallelis. Spice ovoidee, longe pedunculate; bractee caduce. Flores 2 radicales quam spicati multo majores, stylo interdum 3-pollicari.

Species 1 v. 2, Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ australis et boreali-occidentalis incolæ. *Micheli in DC. Monogr. Phanerog.* iii. 111. *Lam. Illustr. t.* 993. *S. Wats. Bot. Calif.* ii. 193. *Schnizl. Iconogr.* i. t. 49. An bractea pro perianthii segmentum habenda?

### TRIBUS II. APONOGETONEÆ.

5. Aponogeton. Thunb. Diss. i. 73, t. 4. (Spathium, Edgew. in Journ. As. Soc. Beng. 1842, 145, cum ic.; et in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. iii. 533, t. 15, 16, non Lour.)—Flores hermaphroditi, rarius abortu unisexuales, spicati. Perianthii segmenta (v. bractee) 2-3, rarius 1 v. 0, petaloidea, æqualia v. inæqualia, ovata obovata v. oblonga, basi lata inserta, persistentia v. tarde decidua. Stamina 6-\infty, hypogyna, filamentis inæquilongis subulatis v. filiformibus crassiusculis persistentibus; antheræ parvæ, didymæ; pollen subglobosum v. ellipsoideum. Ovarii carpella 3-6, distincta, oblique ovoidea, sessilia, in stylum brevem v. subelongatum (rarius 0) attenuata, stigmate oblique disciformi v. breviter decurrente; ovula 2-\infty, basilaria, sutura ventrali 2-seriatim inserta, erecta v. adscendentia, anatropa. Carpella matura 3 v. plura, oblonga lageniformia v. subglobosa, obtusa v. stylo apiculata, ventre dehiscentia, 2-\infty-sperma. Semina erocta, oblongo-lanceolata v. cylindracea, testa carnosa v. membranacea; embryo rectus, nunc oblongus plumula polyphylla in sinu ventrali infra medium inserta, nunc cylindraceus et homogeneus plumula germinatione tardius evoluta.—Herbæ submersæ, scapigeræ, rhizomate tuberoso interdum stolonifero, radicibus fibrosis. Folia longe petiolata, oblonga v. linearia, erecta v. natantia. Spicæ solitariæ v.

(scapo apice 2-cruri) 2-næ, ad apicem scapi sessiles, prima juventute spatha extinctoriformi v. fissa hyalina caduca incluse. Flores in rhachin spicæ unilaterales et distichi, v. polystichi et undique rhachi inserti, perianthii segmentis (bracteisve) amplis albis v. rarius roseis aut violaceis.

Species ad 20, Asiæ et Africæ tropicæ et temperatæ Australiæque incolæ. Planch in Ann. So. Nat. Ser. 3, i. 107. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 188. Baker in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. 158, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xxiii. 279. Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 81. Edgew. in Hook. Lond. Journ. iii. t. 17; et t. 18 (Ouvirandra). Bot. Mag. t. 1268, 1293, 6399.

Ouvirandra, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 2 (Hydrogeton, Pers. Syn. i. 400) ab Aponogetone nullo charactere differt nisi defectu parenchymatis inter nervos folii. Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 99, 100. Bot. Mag. t. 4894, 5076 (ic. in Fl. des Serres, t. 1107-8, 1421-2, iteratæ). Ill. Hortic. t. 300. Regel, Gartenft. t. 387. Edgeworth, in Hook. Lond. Journ. iii. 402, distinguit Aponogetonem ab Ouvirandra (char. reform.) evolutione embryonis, cotyledone in priore sub germinatione elongata plumulam tardius e basi latere evolvente; in posteriore plumula magna 2-folia in sinu elongato embryonis latet. Nos enim sectiones tres Aponogetonis ad indolem seminis distinguere possumus sed nullis aliis characteribus congruentes: 1. Testa carnosula v. subcoriacea, embryone oblongo v. lanceolato ventre excavato, plumula simplici in fissura abscondita; includit A. elongatum, F. Muell., A. spathaceum, E. Mey., aliosque. 2. Testa carnosula, embryone oblongo, plumula sinui ventrali imposita valde evoluta 2-poly-phylla; includit A. crispum, Thunb., A. fenestralem, Hook. f., A. Bernerianum, Hook. f., A. undulatum, Roxb., aliosque. 3. Seminum integumentum duplex, exterius laxum hyalinum et longitudinaliter plicatum, interius coriaceum, brunneum, embryone cylindraceo obtuso homogeneo, germinatione in cornu elongato, plumula basin versus cornu tarde evoluta; includit A. monostachyum, Linn. f., A. distachyum, Thunb., A. vallisnerioidem, Baker, aliosque.

### TRIBUS III. POTAMEÆ.

6. Potamogeton, Linn. Gen. n. 174.—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati. Perianthii segmenta 4, rotundata, brevissime unguiculata, concava, herbacea, æstivatione valvata. Stamina 4, unguibus segmentorum inserta; antheræ sessiles, didymæ, loculis connectivo crassiusculo v. tenui sejunctis lateraliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii carpella 4, sessilia, distincta, 1 locularia, in stylum brevem v. brevissimum attenuata, stigmate peltato v. stylo apice introrsum stigmatoso; ovula solitaria, medio v. supra medium anguli interioris carpelli ventre v. apice affixa, campylotropa, micropyle infera. Carpella matura 4, parva, ovoidea v. subglobosa, obtusa v. stigmatibus recurvis apice uncinata, 1-sperma, pericarpio crasse coriaceo spongioso v. indurato, rarissime membranaceo. Semen subreniforme, hilo ventrali v. subapicali, testa membranacea; embryo macropodus, extremitate cotyledonari attenuata uncinata v. involuta, plumula inclusa.—Herbæ aquaticæ, rhizomate repente, ramis dichtomis demersis teretibus v. compressis. Folia distiche alterna v. rarissime opposita, demersa membranacea, emersa natantia, membranacea v. coriacea; stipulæ intrafoliaceæ, ligulatæ, liberæ v. basi folii v. petioli adnatæ. Pedunculi axillares, emersi, basi spatha membranacea stipati. Flores parvi, virescentes v. rufescentes, ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species ad 50, cum subspeciebus et varietatibus numerosis quarum multæ pro speciebus auctoribus variis habitæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 127. Robbins in A. Gray, Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. v. 484. Walp. Ann. i. 766, iii. 504. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 169. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Mirb. in Ann. Mus. Par. xv. t. 18; L. C. Rich. ibid. xvii. t. 5, f. 31 ad 37. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 48. Schnizl. Iconog. t. 71. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 175, 176, 184, 185; Ic. Fl. Germ, t. 18 ad 50. Cosson, Atlas. ed. 2, t. 35 ad 37. Ruiz et Pav. Fl. Per. et Chil. t. 106. Raoul, Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 7.

SPIRILUS, J. Gay in Comptes Rend. Acad. Sc. April, 1854, genus ad P. hybridum, Mich. (P. Spirillum, Tuckerm.), conditum floribus \( \rightarrow \) solitari is submersis una cum emersis spicatis hermaphroditis, pericarpio membranaceo, embryone involuto et rhizomate continuo (nec sympodiali).

GROENLANDIA, J. Gay l. c. ad P. densum, L., condita, a congeneribus plerisque differt, pericarpio membranacco, et embryone apice circumvoluto.

Peltopsis, Rafin. Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 101, genus ad P. perfoliatum stabilitum fuit.

7. Euppta, Linn. Gen. n. 175.—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati. Perianthium 0. Stamina 2, opposita (v. 4 antheris 1-locularibus), filamentis brevissimis latis; antherse

dorsifixæ, loculis reniformibus connectivo disjunctis rimis extrorsum dehisoentibus; pollen tubulosum, curvulum. Ovarii carpella 4 v. plura; stigmata sessilia, peltata v. umbilicata; ovula solitaria, ab apice loculi pendula, campylotropa. Carpella matura 4 v. pauciora, pedunculo elongato spiraliter torto inserta, longe stipitata, oblique ovoidea, truncata, indehiscentia, pericarpio duro extus carnosulo. Semina pendula, uncinata, testa membranacea; embryo macropodus, extremitate cotyledonari infra apicem attenuata inflexa, plumula immersa.—Herbæ aquaticæ, cæspitosæ, dichotome ramosæ, rhizomate filiformi, caulibus filiformibus foliosis. Folia opposita et alterna, longe et anguste linearia v. setacea, basi vaginantia, vaginis stipuliformibus. Spica terminalis, 2-6-(sæpissime 2-) flora, primum vagina folii inclusa, demum valde elongata. Flores et fructus parvuli, ebracteati et ebracteolati.

Species 1 v. plures, paludibus salsis per regiones temperatas et subtropicas incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 122. Walp. Ann. i. 766. Gærtn. Fruct. ii. t. 84. Nec., Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 47. Mirbel in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. t. 18; L. C. Rich. ibid. xvii. t. 5. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 174. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 17. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 257 ad 259. Durieu, Expl. Alger. t. 46.

### TRIBUS IV. POSIDONIEÆ.

8. Posidonia, Kan. in Kan. et Sims, Ann. Bot. ii. 95, t. 6. (Kernera, Willd. Sp. Pl. iv. 947. Tenidium, Targ. Tozz. Cat. Veg. Mar. 80, t. 1. Caulinia, DC. Fl. Fr. iii. 156, non Willd.)—Flores hermaphroditi, spicati. Perianthii segmenta 0, v. 3 membranacea caduca. Stamina 3-4, hypogyna; antheræ magnæ, sessiles, hastato-cordatæ, connectivo crasso ovato-lanceolato loculis prope basin remotis, v. orbiculari et longe aristato loculis costæ utrinque positis; pollen confervoideum. Ovarium elongato-ovoideum, sessile, compressum, 1-loculare; stigma sessile, incrassatum, discoideum, muricatum v. inæqualiter dentatum; ovulum elongatum, parieti loculi adnatum, apice et basi liberum, Fructus ovoideus, crasse carnosus, paullo compressus. Semen micropyle infera. oblongum, teretiusculum, testa evanida (v. pericarpio adnata); embryo solidus, ventre longitudinaliter depressus, extremitate cotyledonari recto.—Herbæ submersæ, rhizomate robusto repente vestigiis fibrosis foliorum vetustorum operto, ramis nodosis. Folia ad apices ramorum congesta, distiche imbricata, lineari-elongata, obtusa, integerrima v. serrulata, nervosa et transverse venosa, vaginarum marginibus anguste inflexis. Pedunculi plures, axillares et terminales, stricti, rigidi, compressi, basi foliis abbreviatis vaginati. Flores pauci, alterni, terminali interdum masculo, bracteati.

Species 2, altera Mediterranea, altera marium Australiæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 221. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 175. Brongn. et Gris. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. vii. 472. St. Pierre, ibid. iv. 577 et vii. 474. J. Gay, ibid. vii. 453. Aschers. in Linnæa, xxxv. 170, et in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. i. 185. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. viii. t. 5. In specie Europæa perianthium 0, antheræ 4 latissimæ convolutivo-imbricatæ aristatæ, et stigma creberrime muricatum; in exemplaribus male conservatis speciei Australasicæ (an genus distinctum?) si nos non fallimus perianthii foliola 3 reniformia ad basin stamınum, antheræ ovato-cordatæ loculis (imperfectis?) inconspicuis, et stigma crassum, spinulis paucis crassis erectis instructum.

9. Amphibolis, Agardh. Syst. Alg. 192. (Graumuellera, Reichb. Consp. 43.)—Flores unisexuales. Fl. δ: Perianthium 0. Stamina 4, filamentis brevibus in stipitem connatis; antheræ sessiles, in corpus oblongum connatæ, apicibus liberis 2-fidis, loculis rimis longitudinalibus dehiscentibus; pollen confervoideum. Fl. ♀ spicati, bracteati. Perianthii foliola 2, ovato- v. oblongo-lanceolata. Ovarii carpellum solitarium, sessile, crassum, obtusum; stigma sessile, subglobosum, ovario crassius, obscure 4-lobum; ovulum . . .—Fructus oblique ellipsoideo-lanceolatus, compressus, apice longe attenuatus, pericarpio crasse carnoso. Semen erectum, loculum implens, testa tenuiter membranacea; embryo macropodus, oblique ovoideo-oblongus, extremitate cotyledonari infra apicem embryonis attenuata subulata recta apice flexuosa.—Herba submersa, rhizomate rigido repente, ad articulos nodoso et radicante, caulibus parce ramosis rigidis annulatis. Folia apices versus ramorum distiche imbricata, ligulata, apicibus truncatis v. excisis, plurinervia, basi vagi-

nantia, vaginis superne in ligulam brevem productis marginibus infractis. Spicæ Q pedunculus subcompressus, floribus 3-4 alternis sessilibus; bracteæ perianthii segmentis consimiles, tandem deciduæ.

Species 1, orum Australise incolse. Aschers. in Linnæa, xxxv. 164. F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. iv. 113. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. t. 264 (Ruppia). Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 40, f. 2 (Ruppia).

Flores a nobis non visi; descriptio fl. 3 ad Gaudichaudium, fl. Q et fructus ad Muellerum. Genus ut nobis videtur *Posidoniæ* quam maxime affine.

### TRIBUS V. ZANNICHELLIEÆ.

10. Zannichellia, Linn. Gen. n. 1034.—Flores monoici, axillares, & et & vaginis hyalinis inclusi. Fl. & infra feemineum solitarius. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, filamento gracili elongato; anthera basifixa, linearis, connectivo apiculato, 2-3-locularis, loculis rimis lateralibus dehiscentibus; pollen globosum. Fl. & sessilis. Perianthium breve, cupulare, hyalinum. Ovarii carpella 2-9, sessilia, oblongo-reniformia, in stylum brevem v. elongatum attenuata, stigmatibus magnis oblique peltatis; ovula solitaria, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Carpella matura sepius 4, sessilia v. stipitata, oblongo-reniformia, compressa, dorso undulata v. crenata, stylo terminata. Semen pendulum, loculo conforme, testa tenuissima; embryo subcylindraceus, curvulus, extremitate cotyledonari attenuata ter induplicata.—Herbæ aquaticæ, submersæ, tenerrimæ, rhizomate repente filiformi nodoso-incrassato, caulibus intertextis ramosis capillaceis. Folia submersa, plerumque opposita, linearia, basi vaginantia, vaginis stipuliformibus. Flores minuti, primum terminales, sed evolutione rami axillares.

Species 1 v. plures, in paludibus salsis totius orbis obvice. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 123. Walp. Ann. i. 766, vi. 1. Gærtn. Fruct. i. t. 19. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 46. Schnizl. Iconog. t. 71. Mirb. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. 18. L. C. Rich. ibid. xvii. t. 5, f. 38 ad 41. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 756 ad 760; Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 16. Treviran. Symbol. t. 45 ad 47. Steinh. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 2; ix. 87, t. 3, 4. Griff. Notul. iii. 190; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 255, 256.

11. Althenta, Petit in Ann. Sc. Observ. i. 451, cum ic.—Flores monoici, axillares, & cum & vaginis elongatis hyalinis inclusi. Fl. & ad basin pedicelli & solitarius, longe pedicellatus. Perianthii squamulæ 3, minimæ. Stamen 1; anthera sessilis, oblonga, 1?-locularis, longitudinaliter dehiscens, valvis demum solutis; pollen globosum. Fl. & pedicellatus. Perianthii segmenta 1-3, angusta, hyalina, integra v. lacera. Ovarii carpella 3, distincta, oblonga, stipitata, in stylos validos filiformes attenuata, stigmatibus magnis obliquis capitatis; ovulum solitarium, ab apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum. Carpellum maturum lanceolatum v. oblongum, compressum, marginibus incrassatis v. alatis, styli basi terminatum, pericarpio coriaceo indehiscente v. tarde dehiscente. Semen pendulum, oblongum, compressum, testa membranacea; embryo rectus, oblongus, extremitate cotyledonari infra apicem attenuata spiraliter involuta, radiculari crassa infera.—Herbæ aquaticæ, submersæ, tenerrimæ, rhizomate repente filiformi nodosoarticulato, caulibus cæspitosis ramosis capillaceis. Folia ad nodos congesta, breviuscula, setacea, basi late vaginantia, vaginis in ligulam latam elongatam concavam productis, floralia ad vaginas hyalinas demum fissas reducta. Flores minuti.

Species 2, aquarum mortuarum salsarum Galliæ meridionalis, Hispaniæ, Siciliæ, et Algeriæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 125. Reichb. Iconogr. Bot. t. 755. Prillieux in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 5, ii. 169, t. 15, 16. Duval Jouve in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xix. 80, t. 5.

12. Leptiena, J. Drummond ex Harv. in Hook. Kew Journ. vii. 58. (Hexatheca, Sond. ex F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. viii. 217.)—Flores monoici v. dioici, axillares, vaginis hyalinis inclusi. Fl. 3 solitarius, pedicellatus. Perianthii squamulæ 3, minutæ, truncatæ. Antheræ 2-3, sessiles, ope connectivorum in columnam ellipsoideo-oblongam apiculatam connatæ, 2-loculares, loculis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus; pollen globosum. Fl. 2 sessilis v. pedicellatus. Perianthii segmenta 3, oblonga, obtusa, hyalina. Ovarii

carpella 3, distincta, sessilia v. breviter stipitata, in stylum brevem v. elongatum attenuata, stigmatibus oblongis v. spathulatis; ovula solitaria, ab apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Carpella matura oblonga, stylo apiculata, indehiscentia, pericarpio coriaceo. Semen oblongo-cylindraceum, testa membranacea; embryo macropodus, elongatus, extremitate cotyledonari ter inflexa, radicula obtusa.—Herbæ submersæ, tenerrimæ, rhizomate repente filiformi nodoso-articulato, caulibus cæspitosis ramosis capillaribus. Folia ad nodos congesta, tenuissima, integerrima v. serrulata, basi lata vaginantia, vagina in ligulam elongatam simplicem v. 2-fidam producta, floralibus ad vaginas reductis. Flores minuti.

Species 3, in aquis salsis et dulcibus Australiæ vigentes. Benth. Fl. Austral, vii. 179.

## TRIBUS VI. ZOSTEREÆ.

13. Zestera, Linn. Gen. n. 1032. (Alga, Lam. Fl. Fr. ed. i. iii. 539.)—Flores in eodem v. diversis spadicibus complanatis monoici, secundi. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Anthera 1, in spadicem prona, dorsifixa, cylindracea, curva, utrinque obtusa, 1-locularis, membranacea, rima antica dehiscens; pollen confervoideum. Fl. Q: Carpellum solitarium, in spadicem pronum et supra medium puncto affixum, in stylum brevem subulatum attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 capillaribus; ovulum solitarium, ab apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum. Carpellum maturum lageniforme, membranaceum, pendulum, irregulariter ruptum. Semen pendulum, oblongum v. subglobosum, testa firme membranacea, striata; embryo ellipsoideo-oblongus, antice profunde longitudinaliter sulcatus, extremitate cotyledonari medio sulco imposita caudiformi sigmoidea.—Herbæ submersæ, rhizomate tenui repente ad nodos radicante, caulibus simplicibus v. ramosis gracilibus foliosis, ramis intricatis. Folia disticha, anguste linearia, 1-5 nervia, basi vaginantia, vaginæ stipulæformes marginibus inflexis. Spadix linearis, foliiformis, marginibus nudis v. bracteis oblongis instructis, primum in spatha elongata apice in folium producta inclusus. Flores in superficie spadicis 2-seriati, alterni, oblique oppositi, stylis 2 intus spectantibus.

Species 4, marium temperatarum orbis veteris incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 115. Walp. Ann. vi. 1. Lanessan in Assoc. Franc. Sc. Congrès, Nantes, 1875. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 175. Aschers. in Linnæa, xxxv. 165, et in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 162. Gærtn. Fruct. i t. 19. Schnizl. Iconogr. t. 71. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 43. Mirb. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvi. t. 19. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. vii. t. 2 ad 4. Ehrenb. et Hempr. Symb. t. 5, 6.

14. Phyllospadix, Hook. Fl. Bor. Am. ii. 171, t. 186.—Flores dioici, in spadicibus complanatis secundi. Perianthium 0. Fl. &: Anthera in spadicem prona, dorsifixa, cylindracea, curva, utrinque obtusa, 1-locularis, membranacea, rima antica dehiscens; pollen confervoideum. Fl. 2: Carpellum solitarium, late ovoideo-cordatum, a dorso compressum, basi intrusa spadici insertum, in stylum brevem attenuatum, stigmatibus 2 capillaribus: ovulum ab apice loculi pendulum, orthotropum. Fructus late sagittato-cordatus, basi utrinque acute productus, coriaceus, indehiscens. Semen pendulum, obtuse rhomboideum. paullo a dorso compressum, testa membranacea; embryo semini conformis, dorso rotundatus, ventre obscure 2-lobus, extremitate cotyledonari parvula linguiformi inter lobos posita decurva.—Herbæ submersæ, rhizomate tuberoso lobato reliquiis rigidis fibrosis foliorum vetustorum onusto; caulibus gracilibus simpliciusculis elongatis. Folia longe angusteque linearia, coriacea, basi longe angusta vaginantia, vaginis sursum in ligulam brevem productis, marginibus stipuliformibus. Spadix linearis, dorso nudus, marginibus bracteis oblongis imbricatis primum floribus incumbentibus demum patentibus onustis. spatha elongata apice in folium producta primum inclusus. Flores in spadice 2-seriati. alterni, oblique oppositi, fæmineorum stigmatibus intus spectantibus.

Species 2, ore America boreali-occidentalis incola. S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 192. Rupr. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ix. t. 1, 2.

### TRIBUS VII. NAIADEÆ.

15. Maias, Linn. Gen. n. 1096.—Flores monoici v. dioici, axillares. Fl. & sessilis v. pedicellatus. Perianthium duplex, exterius tubulosum v. ventricosum integrum v. 4-fidum; internum tenuissime hyalinum, antheræ coadunatum. Stamen 1; anthera sessilis, ellipsoidea v. oblonga, 1-4-locularis, apiculata v. 2-cuspidata, loculis rimis longitudinalibus dehiscentibus; pollen globosum. Fl. 2: Perianthium 0, v. tenuissimum, carpello adhærens. Ovarii carpellum solitarium, sessile, ellipsoideum v. lanceolatum, apice angustatum, stigmatibus 2-4-subulatis v. capillaribus; ovulum basilare, erectum, anatropum. Carpellum maturum oblongum v. ellipsoideum, indehiscens, pericarpio crustaceo v. subdrupaceo. Semen pericarpio conforme, erectum, testa tenuissima; embryo semini conformis, rectus, extremitate cotyledonari supera radiculari consimili, plumula immersa.—Herbæ teneræ, submersæ, rhizomate filiformi repente, caulibus ramosis sæpius filiformibus interdum molliter muricatis. Folia opposita alterna v. 3-natim verticillata, linearia, integerrima serrulata v. sinuato-dentata, enervia, basi breviter vaginantia. Flores solitarii v. glomerati.

Species ad 10, aquarum dulcium regionum tropicarum et temperatarum incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 111. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 181. Magnus in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 187. Griff. Notul. iii. 181; Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 237 ad 254.

Genus in sectiones 2 divisum :-

- 1. Eunaias. Flores dioici, subsolitarii. Anthera 4-locularis, pedicellus spathella calyptriformi demum fissa apice 2-cuspidata inclusus, perianthio 4-fido. Fl. 9 perianthio 0. Caules et folia molliter muricata. Naias, Willd. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Berlin, 1798, 87. Schnizl. Iconogr. t. 71. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. iii. n. 44. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 296. L. C. Rich. in Ann. Mus. Par. xvii. t. 1. Theden. in Flora, 1840, 305, t. 5. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 50. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 251 ad 254. Hook. Fl. Bor. Am. t. 184. Fluvialis, Michel, Nov. Gen. t. 8.
- 2. Caulinia. Flores monoici, glomerati. Anthera 1-4-locularis, perianthio apice denticulato. Fl. 9 perianthio carpello adhærente. Caulis et folia inermia. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 50, f. 3. Schkuhr, Handb. t. 296. CAULINIA, Willd. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Berlin, 1798, 87, et in Kæn. et Sims, Ann. Bot. ii. 48, t. 1, 2. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 45. Fluvialis, Pers. Syn. ii. 530. Balb. et Nocca, Fl. Ticin. ii. t. 15. Ittnera, Gmel. Fl. Bad. iii. t. 4.

## TRIBUS VIII. CYMODOCEÆ

16. Cymodoces, Kan. in Kan. et Sims Ann. Bot. ii. 96, t. 7.—Flores monoici v. dioici, axillares, vaginis membranaceis v. foliaceis inclusi. Perianthium 0. Antheræ 2, ad apicem stipitis (filamenti?) elongati sessiles, a dorso in corpus oblongum connatæ, loculis basi et apice distinctis rimis longitudinalibus extrorsum dehiscentibus; pollen confervoideum. Fl. 2: Ovarii carpella 2, distincta, subsessilia, ovoidea, compressa v. tumida, in stylum attenuata, stigmatibus elongato-subulatis recurvis; ovula solitaria, sub apice loculi pendula, orthotropa. Carpella matura oblique ovoidea, sessilia v. stipitata, tumida v. compressa marginibus rotundatis, v. complanata et marginata, indehiscentia, pericarpio coriaceo v. subsucculento intus indurato. Semen pendulum, late ovoideum v. oblongum, compressum v. complanatum, testa crassiuscula; embryo semini conformis, extremitate cotyledonari medio lateri posita caudiformi adscendente margini embryonis applicita. — Herbæ submersæ, rhizomate rigido repente, nodis articulatis et radicantibus, caulibus brevibus simplicibus erectis v. elongatis et dichotome ramosis. Folia graminea, ad nodos fasciculata v. apices versus ramorum dense distiche imbricata, brevia v. elongata, obtusa, integerrima v. serrulata, basi vaginantia, vaginis stipuliformibus in ligulam brevem productis. Flores in axillis infimis solitarii v. in ramis floriferis numerosi.

Species 3, orum maritimorum tropicorum et subtropicorum orbis veteri et Australiæ incolæ. Kunth,

Enum. iii. 118. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 177, excl. sp. 1. Ascherson in Linnea, xxxv. 160, et in Nuov. Giorn. Bot. Ital. ii. 180.

Genus ab Aschersonio in sectiones sequentes divisum :-

- 1. Phycagrostis. Flores in ramos foliosos terminales, axibus floriferis spicam foliosam mentientibus. Folia plana, plurinervia, apicem versus plus minusve dentata. Cymodocea, Kan. l. c. Phucagrostis, Willd. Sp. Pl. iv. 649. Bornet in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. v. i. 5, t. 1 ad 11. Carolini in Usteri, Neue Ann. v. 42, t. 3, errore 4 (P. major).
- 2. Physoschænus. Inflorescentia dichotome cymosa, multiflora, floribus bracteis haud foliosis stipatis. Folia subulato-teretiuscula, carnosula. Species 1, Indica (C. isoetæfolia, Asch.).

Halodula, Endl. Gen. Pl. 1368. Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. iii. 227. Aschers. in Linnæa, xxxv. 163. Solms-Laub. in Schweinf. Beitr. Fl. Ethiop. 196. (Diplanthera, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madagase. 3. Steinh. in Ann. So. Nat. Ser. 2, ix. 98, t. 3 B). Genus prorsus ignotum ex descriptionibus Cymodoceæ valde affine. Species enumeratæ sunt: 1. H. australis, Miq., Madagascariæ et ins. Malayanarum incola. 2. H. Wrightii, Aschers., Cubensis. Harum fructum H. Wrightii tantum vidimus minutus est, globosus, stylo capillari persistente, pericarpio crasse coriaceo; semen globosum, parietale, basi lata loculo affixum, testa crassiuscula; embryo globosus, superne 2-lobus, extremitate cotyledonari brevi vermiformi adscendente in sinu embryonis posita.

## ORDO CXCVI. ERIOCAULEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 122. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 122. Kærnicke, Monogr. in Linnæa, xxvii. 564; et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 273.

Flores minimi, regulares v. vix irregulares, unisexuales, in capitulis sæpissime androgynis densissime aggregati. Perianthium scariosum hyalinum v. tenuiter membranaceum, duplici serie 3-merum v. 2-merum, exterioris segmenta 3 v. 2, distincta v. rarius præsertim in fl. & basi v. altius connata v. in fl. 2 in speciebus paucis desunt; interius in fl. & sæpissime stipitatum (ad apicem tori stipitiformis v. clavati affixum), cyathiforme v. tubuloso-campanulatum, 3- v. 2-lobum v. e segmentis 3 v. 2 distinctis compositum, rarius deficiens; in fl. 9 perianthium interius ab exteriore sæpius parum distat interdum tamen ut in mare longiuscule stipitatum, e segmentis 3 v. 2 distinctis v. medio cohærentibus compositum, v. rarius deficiens. Stumina in fl. 3 basi v. prope basin perianthii interioris affixa, ejusque lobis segmentisve nunc numero æqualia et opposita, nunc numero dupla segmentis opposita et alterna, v. interdum abortu pauciora, perianthio inclusa v. breviter exserta; filamenta distincta, filiformia v. leviter complanata. Antheræ parvulæ, ovatæ v. oblongæ, prope basin dorsifixæ, loculis sæpius 2 discretis parallelis rimis longitudinalibus dehiscentibus; rarius sub-1-loculares, antice sulcatæ et rima unica dehiscentes, polline emisso apertæ evidenter 1-loculares; staminodia in fl. 2 rara, minima. Ovarium in fl. 2 intra perianthium interius sessile v. rarius breviter stipitatum, breve, 3- v. 2-loculare sæpeque 3- v. 2-lobum. Stylus terminalis, filiformis, superne v. jam infra medium in ramos 3 v. 2 indivisos v. 2-fidos superne introrsum stigmatosos divisus, interdumque lobis intermediis polymorphis appendiculatus. Ovula in loculis solitaria, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus ovario conformis nec multum auctus, membranaceus, 3- v. 2-locularis, loculis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Semina in loculis solitaria, pendula, ovoidea oblonga v. subglobosa, testa appressa sæpius striata v. minute tuberculata. Albumen farinaceum v. laxe carnosum. Embryo parvus, lenticularis turbinatus v. obovoideus, ab hilo remotus, albumini applicitus.

Herbæ paludosæ uliginosæ aquaticæ v. campestres, perennes v. rarius annuæ, nunc caule brevissimo cæspitosæ, acaules dictæ, nunc caule foliato plus minus evoluto simplici v. ramoso. Folia angusta, sæpius breviter linearia, haud raro laxe fenestrato-venosa subpellucida v. fistulosa, interdum rigidule membranacea, in caule brevissimo v. ad apicem

caulis dense conferta, v. secus caulem sparsa. Scapi v. pedunculi in cæspite radicali solitarii v. plures, v. ad axillas foliorum superiorum sparsi, interdum fasciculum seu umbellam densam formantes, singuli monocephali v. rarius apice confertim pleiocephali, basi vagina cylindracea clausa inclusi, cæterum nudi. Capitula primum sæpe hemisphærica v. depressa, demum haud raro globosa, rarius oblonga v. breviter cylindracea. Bracteæ exteriores vacuæ, sæpius 2-∞-seriatim imbricatæ floribus breviores v. paullo longiores, rarius præsertim seriei interioris plus minus elongatæ radiato-patentes; interiores sub quoque flore sæpius perianthii exterioris segmentis subsimiles. Flores sæpius numerosissimi, minimi, in receptaculo concavo dilatato convexo v. subgloboso sessiles v. brevissime pedicellati, perianthiis cum bracteis interioribus nunc apice dense ciliato-villosis villis haud raro candidis, nunc parce pilosulis v. glabris; flores & et ? in capitulo irregulariter mixti v. ? plures in ambitu & in centro, rarius in capitulis distinctis separati. Capitula fructifera sæpius florentibus magis globosa, cæterum paullo tantum majora.

Species notæ ad 325, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, paucæ ultra tropicos in Asia orientali, Australia, Africa australi, America australi v America borealis civitatibus orientalibus obviæ; in Asia Rossica in Europa et in Africa boreali desunt, una excepta ex Americanis in Hibernia et Scotia maxime occidentali vigente.

Ordo naturalis et bene limitatus, olim in Restiaccis inclusus, a quibus facile distinguitur habitu, inflorescentia, et perianthii minimi segmentis hyalinis v. scariosis nec glumaceis. Species a Kærnickio diligenter scrutatæ et in locis citatis fusius descriptæ; genera tamen in quibus post Martiusum et Kunthium distribuuntur minus definita sunt, nec quoad omnes species naturalia evadunt. Species nonnullæ Eriocauli, Pæpalanthi et Lachnocauli inter se adeo similes ut non nisi scrutatione accuratissima separandæ, dum nonnullæ generum duo majorum imprimis Pæpalanthi habitum valde polymorphum exhibent, et suctores nonnulli ordinem totum præter Toninam pro genere unico habent. Hic tamen, distributionem a Kærnickio propositam pro maxima parte secuti sumus, meliore nobis non occurrente.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Antherarum loculi 2, discreti, rimis distinctis 2-valvatim dehiscentes.
- 1. ERIOCAULON. Perianthium interius e segmentis v. dentibus distinctis sæpius intus glandula notatis compositum, rarius in fl. Q 0. Stamina in flore 3-mero 6 in flore 2-mero 4, v. abortu pauciora. Stylus inappendiculatus. Herbæ sæpissime subacaules, foliis radicalibus confertis, scapis monocephalis (rarius caule submerso foliato elongato). Bracteæ involucrantes non radiantes.- Area tota ordinis.
- 2. Mesanthemum. Perianthium interius in fl. 3 tubulosum, 3-merum. Stamina 6, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa. Stylus inappendiculatus. Habitus *Eriocauli* specierum validiorum. Bracteze involucrantes interiores plus minus radiato-patentes. Afr. trop., ins. Mascarens.
- 8. PAPALANTHUS. Perianthium interius eglandulosum. Stamina in flore 3-mero 3, in flore 2-mero 2. Stylus sæpius inter ramos stigmatosos appendiculis alternis instructus. Habitus nunc omnino Eriocauli, nunc sæpius caule foliato plus minus evoluto, interdum robusto ramosoque.—Amer. austr., Ind. occid., cum specic una bor.-Amer. et una Afr. austr.
  - \*\* Antheræ antice sulcatæ, rima unica dehiscentes, apertæ 1-loculares.
- 4. Philodica. Perianthium interius eglandulosum. Stamina in flore 3-mero 3 v. 2. Stylus inter ramos stigmatosos appendiculis alternis instructus. Herbæ humiles, foliosæ, habitu specierum minorum foliatarum Pa palonthi.—Brasilia, Guiana.
- 5. Lachnocaulon. Perianthium interius 0. Stumina in flore 3-mero 3. Stylus inter ramos stigmatosos appendiculis alternis minimis instructus. Habitus Eriocauli. Amer. bor.
- 6. TONINA. Perianthium interius minimum, eglandulosum, in fl. Ω longissime ciliatofimbriatum. Stamina in flore 3-mero 3. Stylus inter ramos stigmatosos appendiculis alternis instructus. Caules foliosi longe procumbentes, basi radicantes. Capitula globosa, bracteis perianthiorumque segmentis exterioribus quasi echinata, ad axillas breviter pedunculata v. subsessilia.—Amer. trop.
- 1. Eriocaulon, Linn. Gen. n. 100. (Randalia, Spherochloa et Symphachne, Beanv. ex Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. 47, t. 5. Nasmythia, Huds. Fl. Angl. (ed. 2) 414.

Leucocephala, Roxb. Fl. Ind. iii. 612. Electrosperma, F. Muell. in Trans. Phil. Soc. Vict. i. 23. Lasiolepis, Bæckeler in Flora, 1873, 90, quoad L. brenifoliam et L. aquaticam. Chætodiscus, Steud. Sym. Pl. Gl. ii. 261, ex char. manco.)—Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3 v. 2, distincta v. in floribus & varie connata, certerum in utroque sexu polymorpha, rarius in floribus 2 0; perianthium interius ad apicem stipitis e segmentis v. dentibus 3 v. 2, sæpius præsertim in fl. 3 intus glandula notatis, rarius in fl. 2 0. Stamina in fl. 3 numero segmentorum dupla v. abortu pauciora, 3 v. 2 segmentis interioribus opposita, 3 v. 2 alterna; antheræ distincte 2-loculares; staminodia in fl. 9 0. Ovarium in fl. 9 sessile, 3- v. 2-lobum, 3- v. 2-loculare; stylus columnaris v. filiformis, apice 3- v. 2-fidus inappendiculatus; pistilli rudimentum in fl. 3 parvum 3-fidum, v. rarius 0. Fructus et semina ordinis.—Herbæ sæpius paludosæ v. aquaticæ, annuæ v. perennes, sæpius sic dictæ acaules, caule nempe brevissimo foliis quasi radicalibus rosulatis v. cæspitosis; in E. setaceo, Linn., paucisque attinibus aquaticis caulis elongatus undique tenuiter foliatus, et in E. striuti, Korn., varietate caulis elongatus robustus ramosusque. Scapi v. pedunculi ad axillas foliorum superiorum semper 1-cephali, foliis multo longiores. Bracteze involucrantes imbricate, floribus breviores v. vix longiores, rarius longiores scariosæque nec radiantes; bractee interiores et perianthii segmenta exteriora dense ciliata villosa pubescentia v. glabra. Flores plerique masculi in centro capituli, feeminei in ambitu, interdum tamen undique mixti. Antherarum loculi semper bene distincti, sæpius nigri-

Spocies a Kærnickio enumeratæ 100, per totam arcam ordinis dispersæ, fere omnes tropicæ v. subtropicæ, in Asia, Africa et Australia numerosæ et plures Kærnickianis addendæ, perpaucæ extra tropicos in Africa australi, Asia orientali et Australia extensæ, in America australi minus copiosæ, in America boreali-occidentali desunt, in civitatibus orientalibus paucæ adsunt, quarum una etiam in Britannia boreali-occidentali invenitur. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 539. Mart. in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. iii. 25, t. 248, 240. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 190. Kærn. in Linnæa, xxvii. 577, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 473, t. 60 ad 63. Lam. Illustr. t. 50, f. 1, 2. Hook. Fl. Lond. iv. t. 52. Royle, Illustr. Bot. Himal. t. 97. Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 159 ad 161. Bot. Mag. t. 3126. Lodd. Bot. Cab. t. 1310.

Species etsi numerosa, inter se habitu parum differunt nec bene in sectiones distinctas distribuendæ. Series 2 nimis artificiales distinguuntur: 1, floribus semper 2-meris; et 2, floribus 3-meris, et Kærnicke subgenera nonnulla proposuit imprimis ad formam bractearum et perianthii segmentorum, quæ tamon sæpe variant do specie in speciem, nec cum differentiis habitus comitantur.

2. Mesanthemum, Karn. in Linnaa, xxvii. 572.—Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3, distincta, hyalina, in fl. β ovalia basi interdum breviter coherentia, in fl. ♀ breviora latiora; interioris segmenta in tubum breviter 3-lobum connata, v. in fl. ♀ unguibus basi breviter solutis, apice in fl. ♂ longe in fl. ♀ breviter ciliata, intus infra apicem glandula instructa. Stamina in fl. ♂ 6, tubo 2-seriatim inclusa; antheræ distincte 2-loculares. Ovaritm in fl. ♀ sessile, 3-loculare; stylus superne 3-tidus, appendiculis 0; pistilli rudimentum in fl. ♂ parvum, 3-partitum. Somina subglobosa, papilloso-tuberculosa.—Plantæ robustæ habitu Eriocauli decangularis, Linn., sæpius plus minus pilis laxis pubescentes. Rhizoma crassum, rarius infra foliorum cæspitem breviter productum. Folia longiuscula. Scapi rigiduli, 1-cephali. Capitulum hemisphæricum, bracteis involucrantibus coriaceis v. rigidulis late ovatis arcte imbricatis, seriei interioris in laminam patentem productis quasi radicantibus. Bracteæ interioros sub floribus singulis breviter v. longe lineari-filiformes, apice dilatatæ, clavatæ, albæ, minute ciliatæ v. glabræ.

Species 3, Africa tropica et Madagascaria nec Brasiliæ incolæ. Genus errore a Kærnickio in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 471, t. 60, f. 1 inclusum. Specimina a Lindleyo cum Benthamio communicata et mediante Prescottio ad Herb. Mus. Petrop. missa, e Sierra Leone nec e Rio Janeiro provenerunt, et a Benthamio cum aliis ex Africa tropica sub nomine *Eriocauli radiantis* descripta fuerunt, sed infauste errore typographico sub E. radicante in Hook. Fl. Nigr. 547 edita. Genus sat naturale et bone distinctum, a Kærnickio in species 3 divisum: 1. M. Prescottianum, Kærn., e solis speciminibus supra memoratis a Lindleyo distributis notum, bractearum involucrantium laminis radiantibus longiuscule oblongis. 2. M. radicans, Kærn., in Africa tropica occidentali late copioseque dispersum,

bractearum laminis radiantibus brevius ovatis. 3. M. pubescene, Kœrn., e Madagascaria, bractearum laminis minimis vix prominulis. M. Rutenbergianum, Kœrn. in Rel. Rutenberg., e Madagascaria, est verisimiliter M. pubescentis forma glabrior.

3. Peopalanthus, Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvii. 13. (Dupatya, Vell. Fl. Flum. 35, Ic. i. t. 85 ad 87. Lasiolepis, Bæckel. in Flora, 1873, 90, quoad L. pilosam.)-Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3 v. 2, distincta, v. rarius in fl. 2 basi v. medio connata, plana v. concava; interius, in fl. 3, ad apicem stipitis sepius brevis interdum superne clavati, tubuloso-campanulatum v. cyathiforme, breviter v. rarius fere ad basin 3- v. 2-fidum ; in fl. 2 ab exteriore parum distans, e segmentis 3 v. 2 distinctis v. rarius medio connatis. Stamina in fl. 3 infra medium v. basi perianthii interioris affixa, lobis numero sequalia (3 v. 2) iisque opposita, sepius breviter exserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ ovatæ v. oblongæ, sæpius parvæ pallidæque, loculis 2 distinctis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus; staminodia in fl. 2 rara minima. Ovarium in fl. 2 intra perianthium interius sessile, 3- v. 2-lobum, 3- v. 2-loculare; stylus columnaris v. filiformis, apice 3- v. 2-fidus, ramis subulatis stigmatosis sepius 2-fidis, additis sepius lobis v. appendiculis 3 v. 2, cum stigmatosis alternantibus iisque nunc multo brevioribus apice penicillatis v. glandulosis nunc elongatis nudisque; pistilli rudimentum in fl. & e lobis v. glandulis 3 v. 2 nunc appendiculis styli subsimilibus, nunc sæpius minimis v. interdum obsoletis. Fructus et semina ordinis.—Herbæ perennes v. rarius annuæ, campestres paludosæ v. rarius aquaticæ, habitu polymorpho nunc omnino Eriocauli, nunc sæpius caule foliato plus minus evoluto interdum robusto ramosoque. Scapi v. pedunculi ad axillas foliorum superiorum solitarii, sæpius longi 1-cephali, in sectione Platycaulo apice co-cephali, in paucis speciebus foliis breviores. Bracteæ variæ. Flores utriusque sexus sæpius in capitulo irregulariter mixti, fœminei tamen in ambitu masculi in centro copiosiores, rarius capitula omnino unisexualia videntur.

Species enumerat Kærnicke 215, fere omnes Americæ tropicæ incolæ, perpaucæ in America australi extratropica extensæ, una sola in Americæ borealis civitatibus austro-orientalibus obvia, et una ex Africa australi a Kærnickio ut videtur rite ad Pæpalanthum potius quam Eriocaulum relata. P. repens, Kærn., tamen, ex insulis Mascarensibus, nobis omnino ad Eriocaulum restituendum videtur. Inter species Americanas a Kærnickio descriptas paucæ verisimiliter melius notæ reducendæ erunt, nonnullæ tamen novæ tam Brasilienses quam Guianenses v. Colombianæ adhuc addendæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 498. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 305, t. 39 ad 60. Bongard in Mem. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, i. 601, t. 1 ad 10; ii. 219, t. 11 ad 19; iii. 545, t. 20 ad 27; v. (Bot.) 9, t. 28 ad 32 (Eriocaulon). Species a Bongardio illustratæ, omnes Brasilienses, ad Pæpalanthum pertinent, præter E. cuyabensem, de quo confer infra sub Philodice.

Genus a Kœrnickio in series 2 (sectiones dictas) et in sectiones 14 (subgenera dictas) dividitur quarum aliæ naturales v. accurate limitatæ, aliæ nimis artificiales v. male definitæ v. monotypicæ. Series prima, capitulis sæpius nec semper dense villosis continet sectiones 5:—

- 1. Dimeranthus. Flores 2-meri, 2-andri (in cæteris sectionibus 3-meri 3-andri). Herbæ robustæ v. rarius humiles, nunc ramosæ umbelliferæ Actinocephali, nunc subacaules habitu Eupæpalanthi v. Eriocauli. In speciebus umbelliferis umbellæ more Actinocephali ramos terminant sæpiusque simul ad apicem caulis ipsius evolvuntur, quod rarissime in Actinocephalo observatur. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 39 ad 42.
- 2. Actinocephalus. Caules foliati sæpius robusti ramosi. Umbellæ ramos terminantes, pedunculis numerosissimis confertis subæqualibus, bracteis sub umbella paucis involucrum parum distinctum formantibus. Sectio naturalis sæpius bene distincta, etsi P. (Dimerantho) specioso et P. (Eupæpalanthe) polygono habitu accedit. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 43 ad 46. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 512, 527.
- 3. Xeractis. Bracteæ capitula involucrantes rigidulæ, acutæ, interiores flores superantes patentes v. recurvæ vix tamen radiantes. Caules nunc brevissimi foliis subradicalibus Eupæpalanthi v. Eriocauli, nunc evoluti superne foliati pedunculis axillaribus. Sectio minime naturalis. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 47, f. 1, t. 57, f. 4. Deless. Io. Sel. iii. t. 97. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 523.
- 4. Eupopalanthus. Species numerose habitu diversissime nunc seepe subacaules foliis rosulatis scapisque subradicalibus Eriocauli, nunc caule foliato evoluto, pedunculis paucis axillaribus elongatis v. brevissimis, rarius numerosis in umbellam terminalem confertis. Sectio polymorpha distinguitur

potius absentia characterum aliis sectionibus propriorum quam charactere v. habitu proprio. In P. dichotomo, Kl. (a quo P. guianensis, Kl., non differre videtur), P. selaginoide, Kœrn., P. sessiliforo, Mart., paucisque aliis caules humiles cæspitoso-ramosi fere muscoidei dense foliati et capitula ad axillas subsessilia v. pedunculis folio brevioribus fulta; in P. Gardneriano, Kærn. (Cladocaulo, Gardn. in Hook. Ic. t. 528), caulis foliatus elongatus ramosus, capitula ad axillas superiores breviter pedunculata, bractese involucrantes imbricatæ rigidæ et obtusæ flores non superantes; in P. argyrolino, Kærn., caules elongati, pedunculi longi tenues cum foliis subradicalibus rosulato-cæspitosis, scapis apice umbellam rigidam foliaceo-involucratam ferentibus cæterum nudis; in P. polygono, Kærn., caulis robustus foliatus Actinocephali, et pedunculi pariter numerosi, ad apicem caulis conferti fere umbellati, sed foliis quam pedunculi paullo brevioribus intermixti. Lam. Illustr. t. 50, f. 3 (Eriocaulon). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 69, f. 2. Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. t. 95, 96. Miq. Stirp. Surin. t. 65. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 510. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 47 ad 50.

De P. albido et P. rupestre, Gardn. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 525, a Kærnickio in Eupæpaluntho inclusis, confer infra sub Philodice.

5. Platycaulon. Scapi aphylli v. pedunculi apice  $\infty$ -cephali (in cæteris omnibus sectionibus 1-cephali), capitulis breviter pedicellatis v. arcte sessilibus, corymbum parvum v. capitulum compositum formantibus. Cætera Eupæpalanthi. Caulis sæpius brevissimus crassus v. subnullus. Folia rigidula, rosulata v. conferta. Scapi v. pedunculi more generis basi vaginati; pedicelli in corymbo nudi, rarissime bractea unica adest ad apicem scapi sub corymbo. Sectio distinctissima, species plures Andinas cum Brasilianis includens. Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvii. t. 1. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 51, 52.

Series altera (sectio Kærn.) distinguitur capitulis glabriusculis, sæpe præter pilos paucos receptaculi glaberrimis, et a Kærnickio in sectiones (subgenera, Kærn.) 9 dividitur. Species tamen plures speciebus respondentibus Eupæpalanthi simillimæ sunt, et character seriei minime constans est. In P. arenario, Kærn., et P. heterophyllo, Kærn., capitula dense villosa sunt et in pluribus aliis plus minus pilosa. Inter has sectiones, 3 magis distinctæ videntur:—

- 6. Stephanophyllum, caule primario brevissimo subnullo, ramis flagelliformibus elongatis hine inde foliorum pedunculorumque fasciculos ferentibus quasi proliferis cæterum nudis. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 54. Stephanophyllum, Guillem. in Deless. Ic. Sel. iii. 61, t. 98. Sectio P. (Eupæpalantho) argyrolino, Kærn., prope accedit.
- 7. Eulopsis. Capitulorum bracteæ involucrantes exteriores breviusculæ, latæ, imbricatæ, subcoriaceæ, interiores elongatæ, radiato-patentes, albæ, scariosæ v. fere petaloideæ. Kærnicke, in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 57, f. 1, sectionem restrixit ad species subacaules habitu Eriocauli, nobis tamen melius definita videtur si includimus P. anthemidiflorum, Kunth.; Kærn in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 57, f. 2, et P. laricifolium, Gardn. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 524, quorum capitula peculiaria Eulopidis, cum habitu Andraspidopsidis.
- 8. Andraspidopsis, apud Kærnickium (in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 439, t. 57, 58), species plures continet foliis ut in subacaulibus dense rosulatis, scapo tamen apice fasciculum densum foliorum pedunculorumque ferente cæterum aphyllo v. paucifoliato. Lam. Illustr. t. 50, f. 4 (Eriocaulon). Species tamen Kærnickianæ inter se parum affines sunt. P. anthemidiflorum et P. laricifolium jam supra ad Eulepidem retulimus; in P. fertili, Kærn., et P. verticillato, Kærn., foliorum fasciculi secus caulem plures fere Stephanophylli; in P. Steudeliano, Kærn., caules infra fasciculum terminalem folia parva sparsa v. hinc inde fasciculata fert et species P. (Eupæpalantho) fasciculato accedit; in P. arenario, Kærn. (Eriocaulo arenario, Gardn. in Hook. Lond. Journ. i. t. 13) capitula dense villosa seriei primæ. P. densiflorus, Kærn., habitum præbet omnino P. (Eupæpalantho) Schomburgkii, Kl., cujus etiam capitula fere glabra.

Sectiones parvæ v. monotypicæ Lophophyllum, Psilocalyx, Trichocalyx, Thysanocephalus, Psilocephalus et Carphocephalus, Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. t. 53, 55, 56, 59, speciebus respondentibus Euparpalanthi prope accedunt, nec nisi bracteis perianthiisque sæpissime nec semper glabris ab hac sectione separantur.

4. Philodice, Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvii. 16, t. 3.—Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3, distincta, plana, sæpius unguiculata, tenuissime hyalina; interius in fl. & cum stipite sæpius apice incrassato continuum, cyathiforme, brevissime 3-lobum v. 3-dentatum; in fl. & ab exteriore parum distans, e segmentis 3 unguibus distinctis, laminis in cyathum quam in mare majorem connatis v. liberis conniventibusque. Stamina in fl. & 2 v. 3, vol. III.

intra basin cyathi affixa, breviter exserta, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatooblongæ, antice sulcatæ, rima unica dehiscentes, apertæ 1-loculares; staminodia in fl. 2 0.
Ovarium in fl. 2 intra perianthium interius sessile, 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis,
3-fidus, ramis stigmatosis indivisis, appendiculis 3 cum ramis stigmatosis alternantibus
iisque multo brevioribus; pistilli rudimentum in fl. 3 minimum. Fructus et semina
ordinis.—Herbæ humiles, tenues, caulibus dense foliatis cæspitoso-ramosis v. infra inflorescentiam simplicibus. Folia brevia, lineari-filiformia. Pedunculi filiformes, 1-cephali.
Capitula parva, fructifera globosa. Perianthia glabra v. exteriora parce ciliata. Receptaculum breviter pilosum.

Species 5 (v. 2?) Guianæ et Brasiliæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 495. Kærn. in Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 304, t. 38.

Genus Papalantho valde affine, nec habitu nec floribus fæmineis a speciebus nonnullis generis istius polymorphi distinguendum. Kærnicke genus retinuit ad species 2 limitatum floribus 3 2-andris in perianthio 3-mero, nobis melius definitum videtur si includimus Papalanthum albidum et P. rupestrem, Gardn. in Hook. Pl. t. 525, floribus 3 3-andris, antheris tamen apertis 1-locularibus. Species typica P. Hoffmanseggii, Mart., habitu speciminibus minoribus Papalanthi Schraderi simillima est, et bractee involucrantes pariter angustæ acutæque, caulis foliatus basi simplex plus minus evolutus etsi humilis, apice corymbosus dense foliosus, pedunculis filiformibus folia parum excedentibus; in hac stamina semper 2 tantum vidimus. In P. albida et P. rupestre, caules foliati dense cæspitoso-ramosi basi breviter tantum simplices, pedunculi capillares quam in P. Hoffmanseggii longiores et bracteæ involucrantes breviores latioresque. Stamina ut videtur constanter 3. Philodice cuyabensis, Kærn. (Eriocaulon cuyabense, Bong. in Mem. Acad. Petersp. ser. 6, i. t. 10), floribus 3 ex Bongardio 3-andris, ex Kærnickio 2-andris, et Pæpalanthus prostratus, Kærn., floribus 3 3-andris, antheris tamen 1-locularibus, nobis ignoti sunt.

5. Lachnocaulon, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 497.—Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3, distincta, ovalia v. spathulata, concava; interius 0. Stamina in fl. 3 ad apicem stipitis perianthio exteriore inclusa 3, circa pistilli rudimentum minimum 3-partitum inserta, filamentis brevibus persistentibus; antheræ oblongæ, rima unica dehiscentes, apertæ 1-loculares. Ovarium in fl. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ intra perianthium exterius fere sessile, pilis numerosis cinctum, 3-loculare; stylus superne crassiusculus, breviter 3-fidus, appendicibus alternis minimis. Semina ovoideo-globosa, striata.—Habitus Eriocauli normalis. Folia radicalia v. in rhizomate breviter evoluto cæspitoso-rosulata, tenuia, acuminata. Scapi tenues, 1-cephali. Capitulum primum interdum depressum, perfecte evolutum globosum v. ovoideo-globosum. Bracteæ involucrantes floribus breviores, scariosæ, sub capitulo perfecte evoluto occultæ, interiores sub floribus spathulatæ, hyalinæ, interdum medio nigricantes. Perianthii exterioris segmenta nunc in fl. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ solis, nunc in utroque sexu, medio nigricantia, margine nunc conspicue albo-ciliata, nunc ciliis minutissimis glabra apparent. Pili receptaculi et stipitum copiosi.

Species nobis adsunt 2, Americæ borealis civitatum austro-orientalium incolæ, nec plures ab auctoribus Americanis recognitæ. Kærnicke tamen in Linnæa, xxvii. 564, 4 descripsit quarum 2 novæ L. Beyrichianum, Kærn., e Georgia, cujus characteres omnino convenire videntur speciminibus bene evolutis L. Michauxi, Kunth; et L. digynum, Kærn, pistillo 2-mero, ad specimina Drummondiana prope Covington lecta descriptum, quæ nobis videntur specimina depauperata L. Michauxi, capitulis parvis nondum bene evolutis, floribus 3-meris pistillo sæpe imperfecto.

6. Tenina, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 856, t. 330. (Hyphydra, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 666.)—Perianthii exterioris segmenta 3, in fl. & membranacea, rotundata, concava, in globum conniventia, basi subconnata, in fl. & lanceolata, acuta, carinata, rigidula, a basi distincta; interius in fl. & ad apicem stipitis clavati minimum, cyathiforme, minute 3-dentatum v. truncatum, in fl. & e segmentis 3 distinctis hyalinis brevissimis longe ciliato-fimbriatis. Stamina in fl. & 3; antheree parvee, ovatee, antice sulcatee, rima unica dehiscentes, apertee 1-loculares; staminodia in fl. & 0. Ovarium in fl. & sessile, 3-lobum, 3-loculare; stylus filiformis, 3-fidus, ramis stigmatosis 2-fidis, appendiculis 3 cum ramis stigmatosis alternantibus iisque parum brevioribus rigidulis; pistilli rudimenta in fl. & minuta glanduliformia. Fructus et semina ordinis.—Caules foliati, longe procumbentes, basi radicantes. Folia brevia,

linearia v. sublanceolata, patentia v. recurva, basi complicata amplexicaulia v. breviter vaginantia. Pedunculi axillares, 1-cephali, nunc brevissimi v. vix ulli, nunc capitulo paullo longiores, vagina basilari brevi sæpius in laminam foliaceam linearem producta. Capitulum globosum, bractearum perianthiorumque exteriorum segmentorum acuminibus quasi echinatum. Bracteæ omnes acute acuminate, exteriores perpaucæ vacuæ, v. interdum omnes florem fovere videntur. Flores d et 2 in speciminibus pluribus examinatis irregulariter mixtos invenimus, nec per paria oppositos ut a Martiuso descripti.

Species 1, in paludibus, campis inundatis, locis arenosis, ad margines aquorum per Americam tropicam late dispersa, caulibus basi sæpe submersis radicantibus, ramis florentibus longis demersis in limo v. arena procurrentibus nec fluitantibus. Mart. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xvii. 15, t. 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 494. Kærn. in. Mart. Fl. Bras. iii. i. 301, t. 38.

## Ordo CXCVII. CENTROLEPIDEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 119. Hieronymus, Beiträge zur Kentnisse der Centrolepidaceen, Halle, 1873, cum tabb. 4, in Abhandl. Nat. Gesellsch. Halle xii. Desvauxiaceæ, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 120.

Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, in spiculis v. capitulis parvis plures v. rarius solitarii, sessiles, glumis v. bracteis sub quoque flore 1-3 v. 0. Perianthium 0. Stamen 1, v. rarissime stamina 2; filamenta filiformia. Anthera oblongæ v. lineares, versatiles, rima unica longitudinali dehiscentes, apertæ 1-loculares. Ovarium 1, 1-loculare v. collateraliter 2-3-loculare, v. loculis carpellisve 2-\infty 1-2-seriatim superpositis. Styli tot quot loculi v. carpella, distincti v. plus minus connati, v. rarius in ovario 1-loculari 2-3, linearifiliformes, indivisi, superne 1-lateraliter stigmatosi. Ovula in loculis solitaria, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus parvus, ovario conformis, paullo auctus, pericarpio membranaceo, loculis v. carpellis extrorsum in longitudinem dehiscentibus. Semina in loculis carpellisve solitaria, pendula sæpeque axi lateraliter adnata, testa tenui appressa. Albumen subfarinaceum. Embryo parvus, obovoideus v. obconicus, ad marginem albuminis ab hilo remotus.

Herbæ parvæ, nunc minimæ, modo annuæ caule brevissimo v. subnullo, modo perennes cæspitoso-ramosæ fere muscoideæ. Folia linearia v. filiformia, in speciebus annuis radicalia dense cæspitosa, in perennibus secus ramos breves imbricato-subpatentia. Scapi radicales v. pedunculi terminales, tenues, 1-cephali.

Species vix 30, fere omnes Australianæ, cum una in Asia orientali australi reperta et 3 (v. 4?) Novæ Zelandiæ v. Americæ antarcticæ propriis.

Ordo parvus, olim Restiaceis adjunctus, fructu et seminibus Eriocauleis affinis, quibus etiam habitu mediante Trithuria accedit, ub utroque ordine tamen facile distinguitur perianthio prorsus deficiente.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Herbæ annuæ subacaules, foliis scapisque radicalibus.
- 1. Trithuria. Capitulum depressum, bracteis  $\infty$  (ad 6) involucratum. Stamina cum ovariis 1-locularibus in receptaculo subplano mixta, absque bracteis interioribus. Styli in ovario 2-3.— Australia austro-occid., Victoria, Tasmania.
- 2. APHELIA. Spicula complanata, bracteis (v. glumis)  $\infty$  distichis 1-floris v. infimis 2- $\infty$ -floris. Ovarium 1-loculare, stylo unico.—Australia austro-occid., Victoria, Tasmania.
- 3. CENTROLEPIS. Spiculæ bracteæ (v. glumæ) 2, alternæ, 1-co-floræ. Ovarii loculi v. lobi 3-co, 2-seriatim superpositi, rarius ad 1 v. 2 reducti, styli totidem.—Australia, Asia austr. or.
- \*\* Herbæ perennes, cæspitoso-ramosæ, dense foliatæ fere musciformes, pedunculis terminalibus.
- 4. GAIMARDIA. Spiculæ bracteæ (v. glumæ) 2, alternæ, 1-2-floræ. Ovarii loculi v. carpella stylique 2, rarius 3-4.—Nov. Zelandia, Amer. antarct.
- 1. Trithuria, Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. ii. 78, t. 138. (Juncella, F. Muell. Sec. Gen. Rep. 16, nomen tantum.)—Flores in capitulo depresso numerosi, in receptaculo subplano sessiles

ovariis staminibusque densissime confertis specie irregulariter mixtis, absque bracteis interioribus. Staminum filamentum filiforme; anthera oblonga. Ovaria 3-quetra v. compressa, 1-locularia, 1-ovulata; styli 3 v. 2, filiformia, distincta v. basi breviter connata. Fructus 2-3-angulatus, a basi sursum in valvas totidem ab angulis filiformibus solvendas dehiscens.—Herbæ annuæ, nanæ, subacaules. Folia filiformia, radicalia, cæspitosoconferta. Scapi tenues, radicales. Capitulum parvum, bracteis  $\infty$  (ab 6) angustis acutis involucratum.

Species 2, Victoriæ, Tasmaniæ et Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ.—Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 199.

2. Aphelia, R. Br. Prod. 251. (Brizula et Aphelia, Hieron. Centrolep. 92, 94.)—Spicula plano-compressa, bracteis (v. glumis) distichis. Flores hermaphroditi v. polygami, sub quaque bractea sessiles, solitarii v. sub bracteis inferioribus 2-∞, singuli sæpius squamellis 1-2 hyalinis minimis stipati. Stamen 1, filamento filiformi; anthera linearis v. oblonga. Ovarium 1-loculare, in stylum indivisum lineari-filiformem superne stigmatosum desinens. Fructus ex ovario parum auctus, pericarpio membranaceo, in longitudinem dehiscens.—Herbæ annuæ, parvulæ, subacaules. Folia lineari-filiformia, radicalia, cæspitoso-conferta. Scapi tenues, radicales. Spicula ovata v. lanceolata, bracteis angustis complicatis, distiche patentibus, laxe v. arcte imbricatis. Flores sub bracteis inferioribus sæpe 2 v. ∞, unus v. omnes masculi, superiores sæpius solitarii hermaphroditi.

Species 6, Australiæ austro-occidentalis Victoriæ et Tasmaniæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 199. Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. t. 2. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 138.

Hieronymus genus limitavit ad A. cyperoidem, Br., floribus omnibus hermaphroditis ad bracteas solitariis. Nos tamen in hac specie semper ad bracteam infimam et interdum etiam ad secundam flores 2 invenimus, altero v. utroque masculo. Cæteræ species genus Briculam, Hieron., formant.

3. Centrolepis, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 7, t. 1. (Desvauxia, errore Devauxia, et Alepyrum, R. Br. Prod. 252, 253.)—Spicula e bracteis (v. glumis) sepius 2, alternis. Flores hermaphroditi, sub quaque bractea sessiles plures v. rarius solitarii v. sub bractea inferiore 0, singuli sepius squamellis 1-3 hyalinis minimis stipati. Stamen 1, filamento filiformi; anthera oblongo-linearis. Ovarium e carpellis 3-∞ (rarius ad 2 v. 1 reductis) in receptaculo lineari a latere adnatis superpositeque 2-seriatis 1-ovulatis; styli tot quot carpella, distincti v. basi connati, lineari-filiformes, indivisi, superne stigmatosi. Fructus ovario conformis parumque auctus, pericarpio membranaceo, carpellis extrorsum in longitudinem dehiscentibus.—Herbæ (an semper ?) annuæ, humiles interdum nanæ, subacaules. Folia lineari-filiformia, radicalia, cæspitoso-conferta. Scapi tenues, radicales. Spicula erecta v. basi recurva, bracteis 2 arcte approximatis v. inter se parum distantibus, inferiore sæpius majore acuminato, in una specie deficiente.

Species 17, quarum una a L. Pierre in Cambodia detecta, cæteræ omnes Australianæ. Bestih. Fl. Austral. vii. 202. Hieron. Centrolep. 95. Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. t. 2. Rudge in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 12. Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 17 (Devauxia). Endl. Iconogr. t. 49. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 138. Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 14.

4. Gaimardia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 418, t. 30.—Spicula e bracteis (v. glumis) 2 alternis. Flores in spicula 2, sessiles v. stipitati, hermaphroditi v. inferior 2 v. imperfectus. Stamina 1 v. 2, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ. Ovarium 2- rarius 3-loculare, loculis collateralibus connatis v. vix apīce discretis; styli 2 v. 3, filiformes, fere a basi stigmatosi. Capsula apice loculicide 2-valvis, v. loculis axi adhærentibus rima dorsali dehiscentibus.—Herbæ perennes, humiles, densissime cæspitoso-ramosæ foliosæque, fere muscoideæ. Folia linearia v. setacea, undique imbricata. Spiculæ intra folia summa brevissime v. longiuscule pedunculatæ.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ antarcticæ et Novæ Zelaudiæ incolæ. Hieron. Centrolep. 104. Fl. Antarct. i. 85; Handb. N. Zel. Fl. 295.

Species inter se habitu simillimæ, pluribus notis tamen valde diverse. In G. pallida, Hook, f.,

postea ab auctore Fl. N. Zel. i. 268, t. 62 C, ad Alepyrum relata (genus Alepyrum, Hieron. Centrolep. 103, non R. Br.), spiculæ brevissime pedicellatæ folia non superantes; ovaria utriusque floris sessilia, 2-3-locularia; stamen in spicula unicum ad florem superiorem, v. 2 unum ad quemque florem; capsulæ juniores iis G. australis subsimiles, maturæ ignotæ. In specie typica, G. australi, Gaud., spiculæ brevissime pedunculatæ, folia vix v. non superantes, 1-2-floræ; stamina ad florem superiorem 2; ovaria 2-locularia, basi in stipitem contracta, floris inferioris dum adsit sterile; capsula apice 2-valvatim dehiscens. In G. setacea, Hook. f., spiculæ (Centrolepidis) longe pedunculatæ, exsertæ, acuminatæ, 1-floræ; stamina sæpius 2; ovarium sessile, 2-loculare; capsula membranacea loculis dorso in longitudinem dehiscentibus.

## ORDO CXCVIII. RESTIACEE.

Endl. Gen. Pl. 120. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 121. Masters in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 218.

Flores dioici, rarius monoici, rarissime hermaphroditi, in spiculas e glumis (seu bracteis) siccis rigidisve v. rarius tenuibus varie imbricatis v. rarius dissitis dispositi, sub quaque gluma solitarii sessiles v. rarius stipitati, v. præsertim Q in spicula solitarii. Perianthium regulare, segmentis 6 rarius ad 5, 4 v. 3 reductis glumaceis rigidis scariosis v. hyalinis plus minus distincte 2-seriatis. Stamina in fl. & 3; filamenta filiformia, distincta v. rarius basi in columnam connata; antheræ oblongæ, pro perianthio majusculæ dorsifixæ, in paucis generibus distincte 2-loculares, loculis parallelis, in plerisque 1-loculares, loculis in omnibus rima longitudinali dehiscentibus; staminodia in fl. 2 3 parva interdum clavata v. 0. Ovarium in fl. 2 sessile v. stipite crasso fultum, 1-3-loculare. loculi, v. in ovario 1-loculari 1-3, a basi discreti v. plus minus connati, filiformes, superne v. fere a basi introrsum in longitudinem stigmatosi, sæpeque villoso-subplumosi. Ovula in loculis solitaria, pendula, orthotropa. Fructus siccus, sepius parvus, nuceus v. capsularis, tores compressus v. 3-queter, indehiscens v. a latere v. ad angulos dehiscens, 1-3-locularis, 1-3-spermus. Semina in loculis v. in fructu solitaria, pendula, apice v. sub apice aflixa, sepius striata v. tenuiter tuberculato-rugosa, testa appressa. Albumen copiosum, farinaceum v. plus minus carnosum. Embryo parvus, lenticularis v. obovoideus, ab hilo remotus, albumini applicitus.

Herbre sepissime perennes, basi cospitose v. rhizomate duro horizontali v. repente siepius squamis imbricatis obtecto. Caules rigidi, simplices v. ramosi, erecti flexuosi v. varie contorti. Folia interdum pauca radicalia longe cyperoidea, sæpissime tamen omnia ad vaginas rigidas convolutas secus caulem dissitas reducta v. prorsus deficientia; vaginæ hee variant nunc arcte appresse tubuliformes, marginibus tamen non connatis ut in ('yperaceis, nunc laxiores plus minus apertæ, persistentes v. cito deciduæ cicatricem annularem v. brevissime tubulosum relinquentes; summe sæpe in bracteas primarias inflorescentiæ seu spathas abeuntes. Inflorescentia polymorpha, in planta & et 2 conformis v. valde diversa, in priore saepius laxior ramosiorque, in illa simplicior, interdum ad spiculam unicam reducta. Flores quoad spiculas Cyperaceis, quoad perianthium Junco accedunt. Bractese primarise seu spathae sub ramis inflorescentiae nunc amplæ rigidulæ colorate laxe citoque decidue, nune minores appresse vagimformes v. acuminate, sub spiculis singulis scepius parvie. Spiculae scepe compressee, glumis tamen (v. bracteis) undique imbricatis emnibus florem sessilem foventes v. infimis paucis vacuis; interdum vero laxe, glumis dissitis floribusque breviter pedicellatis fere racemiformes, v. præsertim in planta freminea 1-florre, glumis pluribus vacuis undique imbricatis quaquaversis. Bracteolæ interdum presertim in spicula laxiflora adsunt 1-2 parvæ sub quoque flore. Perianthia sepius glumas excedunt; interdum vero omnino inclusa.

Species ad 230, pro maxima parte Africæ austro-occidentalis v. Australiæ incolæ, perpancæ in Nova Zelandia inveniuntur, una sola in Chile; una in Cochinchina; omnes extratropicæ, exceptis 5 inter Australianas sum Cochinchinensi in regione tropica obvirs.

Ordo habitu et inflorescentia Cyperaccis accedit, perianthio Juncaccis, ab utroque ordine facile distinguitur ovulis pendulis orthotropis, et seminum structura, a Juncaccis insuper constanter differt staminum seriei exterioris defectu, et a Cyperaccis vaginarum marginibus etsi sæpe clausis nunquam (quantum adhuc observatis) connatis. Differentias Eriocaulearum et Centrolepidearum supra sub his ordinibus indicavimus.

Generum specierumque definitio accurata et ordinatio opus est difficillimum. Inflorescentia  $\delta$  sæpe in generibus distinctis simillima v. in eodem genere polymorpha. Flores  $\delta$  in generibus haplantheris characteres paucos distinctivos præbent. Inflorescentia et flores  $\mathfrak P$  melius definiuntur, sed specimina  $\mathfrak P$  in herbariis nostris haud numerosa v. male maribus suis adæquata. Præter specimina in herbario Kewensi servata, Masters numerosa Africana in variis herbariis, Bentham Australiana in Herb. R. Br. et F. Muell. observavit comparavitque, in speciebus tamen perplurimis, modo flos  $\mathfrak P$  sub anthesi, modo fructus maturus adhuc ignotus v. imperfecte scrutatus est, et ordo botanicis australibus quibus fas est plantas vivas in loco natali observare intente commendatur.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Folia saltem radicalia evoluta in Anarthria.

Flores interdum monoici in Ecdeiocolea, Lepyrodia, et Leptocarpo, hinc inde hermaphroditi in una specie Lepyrodia.

Spiculæ laxæ, glumis dissitis, floribus sæpe pedicellatis in Anarthria, Lepyrodia et în infl. 3 Willdenowiæ et Ceratocaryi.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

- \* Anthera distincte 2-loculares, loculis rimis distinctis dehiscentibus (Diplanthera).
- 1. Lyginia. Spiculæ & paucæ, spicutæ, co-floræ, glumis imbricatis. Filamenta in columnam alte connata. Spiculæ & sæpe solitariæ, 1-floræ, glumis vacuis co imbricatis. Capsula 3-angularis. Vaginæ persistentes.—Australia austro-occid.
- 2. Echbiocolea. Spiculæ utriusque sexus (interdum androgynæ) terminales, solitariæ, oblongo-cylindraceæ, multifloræ, glumis numerosis obtusis arcte imbricatis. Filamenta distincta. Ovarium 2-loculare. Vagina unica, persistens.—Australia austro-occid.
- 3. Anaethria. Spiculæ utriusque sexus paucæ, spicatæ v. anguste paniculatæ, laxe co-floræ, glumis dissitis v. vix imbricatis. Filamenta distincta. Capsula 3-angularis. Caules sæpe complanati. Folia radicalia evoluta. Vaginæ in caule simplici 0, in caule ramoso persistentes foliiferi.—Australia austro-occid.
- \*\* Antheræ 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes (Haplantheræ). Styli v. styli rami 2 v. 3. Fructus 2-3-angulatus, ad angulos dehiscens v. rarius indehiscens.
  - 4. Lepyrodia. Spiculæ utriusque sexus (rarius hermaphroditæ) laxe co-floræ, paniculatæ v. interrupte spicatæ, glumis plus minus dissitis, floribus sæpe pedicellatis. Bracteolæ sæpe 2. Vaginæ persistentes v. deciduæ.—Australia extratrop., Nov. Zel.
  - 5. Restro. Spiculæ utriusque sexus co-floræ v.  $\circ$  interdum 1-floræ, glumis imbricatis. Inflorescentia varia,  $\circ$  sæpius paniculata,  $\circ$  similis v. simplicior, interdum 1-stachya. Capsula 2-3-locularis. Vaginæ persistentes.—Afr. austr., Australia.
  - 6. Dovea. Spiculæ utriusque sexus paucifloræ v. præsertim ? 1-floræ, spicatæ v. anguste paniculatæ, glumis imbricatis. Capsula 3-locularis. Vaginæ bracteæque spathaceæ, caducissimæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 7. Askidiosperma. Spiculæ utriusque sexus paucifloræ v. præsertim ? 1-floræ, spicatæ v. breviter denseque paniculatæ, glumis imbricatis. Capsula 2-locularis. Vaginæ caducæ. Bractæ spathaceæ longe setaceo-acuminatæ margineque ciliatæ.— Afr. austr.
  - 8. Elecia. Spiculæ & paucifloræ, \$\varphi\$ 1-floræ, spicatæ capitatæ v. breviter denseque paniculatæ, glumis imbricatis. Fructus 3-queter v. 3-costatus, 1- rarius 2-3-spermus, vix v. non dehiscens. Vaginæ caducæ v. rarius persistentes. Bracteæ spathaceæ majusculæ, more Doveæ deciduæ.—Afr. austr.
  - 9. LEPTOCABPUS. Spiculæ utriusque sexus co-floræ v. 2 rarius 1-floræ, paniculatæ spicatæ v. capitatæ, glumis imbricatis. Fructus sæpissime 3-queter, 1-spermus, indehiscens v. ad angulos dehiscens. Vaginæ persistentes. Bracteæ spathaceæ sæpius parum conspicuæ.—Afr. austr., Australia, Nov. Zel., Chile, Cochinchina.

- \*\*\* Antheræ 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes (Haplantheræ). Stylus simplex, filiformis. Fructus teres, nec angulatus nec costatus, pericarpio duro indehiscens (rariesime hino fissus?) Glumæ imbricatæ.
  - 10. Loxocarya. Spiculæ parvæ, 3 ∞-floræ, ♀ 1-floræ. Caules ramosi, sæpius flexuosoramosissimi. Vaginæ persistentes.—Australia.
  - 11. Lepidonolus. Spiculæ utriusque sexus co-flore, capituliformes, terminales, solitariæ v. in 3 rarius 1-2 inferiores addita. Caules sapius simplices. Vaginæ caducissimæ.—Australia extratrop. austr.
  - 12. CHÆTANTHUS. Spiculæ dignotæ; parvæ, co-floræ, in glomerulum terminalem congestæ. Chules tenues, simplices. Vaginæ persistentes.— Australia austro-occid.
  - 13. Onychosepalum. Spiculæ utriusque sexus co-floræ, terminales, solitariæ. Perianthii segmenta 3, hyslina, unguiculata. Caules tenues, simplices, præter squamas basales nudi.—

    Australia austro-occid.
  - 14. THAMNOCHORTUS. Spiculæ utriusque sexus  $\infty$ -floræ,  $\delta$  ovatæ in panicula paucæ pedicellatæ,  $\Omega$  oblongæ, erectæ, in spica paucæ, sessiles. Flores plano-compressi. Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora late alato-carinata. Caules sæpe ad nodos ramulis sterilibus fasciculatoramosissimis instructi. Vaginæ persistentes.—Afr. austr.
- \*\*\*\* Antheræ 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes (Haplantheræ). Styli v. styli rami 2-3. Fructus teres v. leviter compressus, nec angulatus nec costatus, pericarpio duro indehiscens. Vaginæ persistentes.

### † Glumæ imbricatæ.

- 15. Staberoha. Spiculæ utriusque sexus ∞-floræ, ♂ ovatæ in panicula paucæ pedicellatæ, ♀ oblongæ, erectæ, sæpius solitariæ. Flores plano-compressi. Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora alato-carinata. Styli 2. Caules simplices v. virgato-ramosi.— Afr. austr.
- 16. Hypolena. Spiculæ parvulæ, & sæpius  $\infty$ -floræ, secus ramos sessiles v, paniculatæ,  $\mathfrak P$  1-floræ, terminales, solitariæ v. geminæ. Perianthii segmenta & linearia,  $\mathfrak P$  brevia hyalina. Styli 2–3. Caules sæpius flexuoso-ramosissimi. -Afr. austr., Australia.
- 17. Hypodiscus. Spiculæ & subglobosæ, ∞-floræ, solitariæ spicatæ v. paniculatæ, ♀ 1-floræ, solitariæ v. paucæ spicatæ. Glumæ aristatæ. Perianthii segmenta & angusta, ♀ brevia hyalina. Stylus 2-fidus. Caules simplices juncet.—-Afr. austr.
- 18. Cannomois. Spiculæ & ∞-floræ, paniculatæ; ♀ paucifloræ, solitariæ v. geminæ. Perianthii & segmenta plus minus scariosa; perianthium ♀ latum, scarioso-hyalinum, demum lacerum v. fissum. Styli 2. Caules simplices v. ramosi.—Afr. austr.

## †† Spiculæ & laxæ subracemiformes, glumis dissitis.

- 19. WILLDENOWIA. Spiculæ  $\mathcal{E}$   $\infty$ -floræ, interrupte spicatæ,  $\mathcal{Q}$  1-floræ, solitariæ  $\mathbf{v}$ . geminæ, glumis ad 6 amplis coriaceis florem involventibus. Perianthii segmenta  $\mathcal{E}$  linearia,  $\mathcal{Q}$  brevia, hyalina, demum squamiformia, basi fructus arcte appressa. Styli 2. Fructus (an semper?) la $\mathbf{v}$ is. Caules virgati, simplices  $\mathbf{v}$ . ramosi.—Afr. austr.
- 20. Ceratocaryum. Inflorescentia & composita, dense thyrsoidea v. oblonga, glumis perianthiisque scariosis argenteo-nitens. Fructus (an semper?) papilloso-tuberculatus. Cetera Willdenowie.—Afr. austr.

#### GENERA EXCLUSA.

ERIOCAULON, Linn.. et CENTROLEPIS, Labill., olim Restiaceis inclusæ, hodie pro ordinibus propriis acceptæ, Eriocauleæ et Centrolepideæ.

CH.ETODISCUS, Steud., ex descriptione manca auctoris, videtur Eriocaulon Smithii, Br., inter Eriocaulous.

EUROSTORHIZA, Steud., est Caustis pentandra, Br., inter Cyperaceas.

1. Lyginia, R. Br. Prod. 248. (Scheenodum, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 79, t. 29, quoad plantam 3.)—Flores dioici, spiculis 3.—floris, \$\partial \text{-floris}\$, \$\partial \text{-floris}\$, \$\partial \text{-floris}\$, glumis imbricatis, inferioribus paucis in 3 pluribus in \$\partial \text{ vacuis}\$. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, glumas non excedentia. Fl. 3: Stamina 3, filamentis alte in columnam connatis apice breviter liberis; antheræ 2-loculares, loculis distinctis parallelis basi apiceque discretis medio breviter

affixis rimis distinctis dehiscentibus. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia 0. Perianthii segmenta quam in mare latiora, rigida, acuta, circa ovarium late convoluta. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli basi breviter connati, crassiuscule filiformes, introrsum plumosostigmatosi. Capsula depressa, dura, prominenter 3-angulata, ad angulos demum dehiscens.—Caules e basi v. rhizomate duro decumbente v. repente ramoso squamosoque erecti, simplices, rigidi, sæpe flexuosi, vaginis paucis dissitis persistentibus interdum setaceo-acuminatis, ore dense ciliato-barbatis v. subnudis. Spiculæ paucæ, secus rhachin simplicem spicæ terminalis sessiles, fœmineæ haud raro ad unam terminalem reductæ. Bracteæ spathaceæ a vaginis caulinis parum mutatæ, pariterque ciliato-barbatæ v. subnudæ, sæpius acuminatæ.

Species 1, Australiae austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 210. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 302, t. 1, 5, f. 3.

2. Ecclescelea, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 236.—Flores unisexuales, in spicula terminali oblongo-cylindracea androgyna v. unisexuali numerosi, glumis undique arcte imbricatis. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, glumas non excedentia. Fl. &: Stamina 3, filamentis liberis; antheræ 2-loculares, loculis distinctis parallelis basi apiceque discretis medio breviter affixis, rimis distinctis dehiscentibus. Pistilli rudimentum vix conspicuum. Fl. &: Staminodia 3, parva, nunc minuta. Ovarium 2-loculare; styli 2, distincti, longi, filiformes, fere a basi stigmatosi. Fructus . . .—Rhizoma reptans, squamosum. Caules erecti, simplices, basi squamis coriaceis nitidis imbricatis obtecti, quarum intima in vaginam cylindraceam sepius producitur. Vagina caulina ceeterum unica, cylindracea, arcte appressa persistensque, ab inflorescentia distans. Spicula unica terminalis, erecta, illi Lepironiæ aliarumque nonnullarum Cuperacearum simillima, glumis numerosis co-seriatim arcte imbricatis flores obtegentibus infimis paucis minoribus vacuis. Bractea spathacea nulla sub spicula.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 211. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 304, t. 1.

3. Anarthria, R. Br. Prod. 248.—Flores dioici v. rarius hinc inde monoici, spiculis laxe ∞-floris interdum subracemiformibus. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, glumis sæpius longiora. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3, filamentis distinctis; antheræ 2-loculares, loculis distinctis parallelis apice basique breviter discretis medio dorso affixis, rimis distinctis dehiscentibus, Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Staminodia 0 v. rarius 3 parva. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, elongati, discreti, fere a basi stigmatosi. Capsula 3-angularis v. 3-loba, dura, demum ad angulos dehiscens.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso nunc erecti, rigidi, simplices, plus minus complanati, nunc ramosi, ramis virgatis strictis v. flexuoso-diffusis compressis v. teretibus. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulium longa, linearia, basi vaginantia, secus caulem simplicem desunt, in caule ramoso sæpe plura; bracteæ spathaceæ sub inflorescentia v. sub ramis primariis foliis similes. Spiculæ seu racemuli in inflorescentia terminali spiciformi v. anguste paniculata ad nodos rhacheos sæpe complanatæ sessiles, erectæ v. in speciebus ramosis sæpe in ramulis solitariæ. Glumæ seu bracteæ in spiculis parvæ, plus minus dissitæ v. subimbricatæ. Bracteolæ 2 sub quoque flore.

Species 6, omnes Australiæ austro-occidentali propriæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 211. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 310, t. 2.

4. Zepyrodia, R. Br. Prod. 247.—Flores dioici monoici v. rarius hermaphroditi, spiculis laxe co-floris interdum subracemiformibus. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea v. tenuis, interdum fere hyalina, glumis sæpius longiora. Fl. 3: Stamina 3, filamentis distinctis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum parvum v. 0. Fl. 2: Staminodia sæpius 3, filiformia clavata v. anthera cassa terminata, rarius antheris perfectis flos \( \nabla \) evadit. Ovarium 3-queter, 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti v. basi plus minus connati, lineares, superne v. fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi, sæpe plumosi. Capsula 3-loba v. 3-angularis, ad angulos dehiscens.—Caules e rhizomate

squamoso erecti, simplices juncei v. virgato-ramosi, aphylli. Vaginæ secus caulem plures, persistentes v. (in L. macra et L. Drummondii) deciduæ. Inflorescentia utriusque sexus subconformis. Panicula nunc dense polystachya, sæpius tamen angusta v. ad spicam interruptam reducta. Bracteæ sub paniculæ ramis v. spicularum fasciculis lanceolatæ v. angustæ, nec magnæ spathaceæ ut in Dovea. Spiculæ laxæ, glumis angustis v. parvis dissitis ut in Anarthria; bracteolæ sub floribus sæpius 2, in speciebus paucis desunt.

Species 15, quarum una Novo-Zelandica, cæteræ omnes Australiæ extratropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 214. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 224, t. 1. Beauv. ex Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. t. 3, f. 3. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 135.

Sporadanthus, F. Muell. in Trans. N. Zeal. Inst. vi. 389; Kirk, ibid. x. App. 41, est Lepyrodia Traversii, F. Muell., Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 79, species Novo-Zelandica, serius ab auctore generice distincts ob fructum nuceum 1-spermum. Nobis videtur, tanquam adhuc nota, Lepyrodia species vera, L. scariosa, Br., proxime affinis, sed elatior, panicula majore floribunda. Specimina mascula non vidimus, fæminea quæ a Checsmannio e Nova Zelandia accepimus omnia fructifera sunt, stylis jam delapsis. Fructus obliquus, inæqualiter 3-queter (abortu?) 1-locularis 1-spermus, pericarpio tenui prominenter 3-costato, demum hinc in longitudinem deliscens.

5. Restlo, Linn. Syst. Vey. ed. 13, ii. 735. (Rhodocoma, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 450. Megalotheca, F. Muell. Fraym. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 98. Ischyrolepis, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 249. Craspedolepis, Steud. l. c. 264.)—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus ∞-floris v. fœmineis rarissime masculis 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 6 v. interdum 5 v. 4, rarissime in fl. ♀ deficientia, 2 exteriora sæpius carinata. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3, filamentis distinctis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum minimum v. sæpius 0. Fl. ♀: Staminodia 3 v. 0. Ovarium 2- v. 3-loculare; styli 2 v. 3, distincti v. basi breviter connati, fere a basi introrsum stigmatosi, sæpe plumosi. Capsula compressa v. 3-quetra, ad angulos dehiscens.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso erecti, simplices v. ramosi, virgati v. flexuoso-ramosissimi, aphylli. Vaginæ sæpius plures dissitæ persistentesque. Inflorescentiæ ♂ et ♀ nunc subconformes, nunc valde diversæ; spiculæ ♂ sæpius paniculatæ, secus ramos pedicellatæ v. sessiles; ♀ sæpe sessiles v. subsessiles, solitariæ fasciculatæ v. spicatæ, interdum tamen uti ♂ paniculatæ. In planta juniore vaginæ inferiores interdum lamina brevi instructæ, planta adulta semper aphylla videtur.

Species descriptæ ad 100, plures tamen adhuc imperfecte notæ, Africæ australis et Australiæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 382. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. i. 232, t 1 (excl. R. loxocaryo), et in Journ. Linn. Soc. viii. t. 15. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 220. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 2, f. 2, 4, t. 3, f. 1. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 226, 227. Hook. f. Fl. Tusm. t. 135.

Genus a Mastersio post Kunthium in sectiones 2 ad pistillum 2- v. 3-merum divisum, a Benthamio ad spiculas  $\mathcal Q$  1- v.  $\infty$ -floras, charactere utroque nec semper constante nec habitu diverso comitato. Inflorescentia  $\mathcal E$  quam maxime polymorpha, sed vix sectiones distinctas præbet.

6. Dovea, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 457.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus paucifloris v. præsertim 2 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, 2 extima paullo breviora acute carinata, cætera subplana. Fl. J: Stamina 3, filamentis distinctis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum minimum, 3-fidum. Fl. Q: Staminodia minima v. 0. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, distincti, crassiusculi, recurvi, introrsum piloso-stigmatosi. Capsula dura, subgloboso-3-dyma, loculis 3 in longitudinem dehiscentibus.—Caules in rhizomate brevi conferti, erecti, rigidi, simplices, robusti v. tenues, ima basi squamati. Vaginæ secus caulem dissitæ, laxæ, deciduæ, ad nodos annulum fuscum relinquentes. Inflorescentia terminalis, spiculis spicatis, spicis brevibus subsessilibus densis simplicibus ramosisve, in paniculam nunc angustam densam hinc inde interruptam nunc breviorem laxiuscule pyramidatam dispositis; inflorescentia Q masculo simplicior, cæterum similis. Bracteæ spathaceæ magnæ, coriaceæ, coloratæ, sub spicis ramisve inflorescentiæ, sed cito deciduæ.

Species 6, Africæ australis incolæ. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 305, t. 2, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. x. t. 7 B.

7. Askidiosperma, Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 257.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus paucifloris v. præsertim Q 1-floris, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, lanceolata, plus minus setaceo-acuminata, extima carinata subdimidio breviora. Fl. &: Stamina 3, tilamentis liberis; antheræ dorsifixæ, oblongo-lanceolatæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes, polline emisso late apertæ medio incrassatæ. Fl. Q: Staminodia minima. Ovarium ovato-oblongum, retusum, compressum, 2-loculare; styli 2, distincti, lineares, recurvi, fere a basi introrsum plumoso-stigmatosi. Capsula compressa, 2-locularis, loculis margine in longitudinem dehiscentibus.—Herba juncea, aphylla, vaginis deciduis habituque Elegia juncea, a qua parum differt bracteis sub spicis spiculisque angustis margine v. undique scariosis longe setaceo-acuminatis margineque longe ciliatis, et fructu compresso distincte dehiscente.

Species 1, Austro-Africana. Must. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 304, excl. speciminibus Burchellianis n. 8719, potius ad Elegiam junceam pertinentibus.

8. Elegia, Linn. Mant. n. 1331. (Chondropetalum, Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. 10, t. 3, f. 2, 3.)—Flores dioici, spiculis & paucifloris, Q stepe 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 6, glumacea, obtusa v. rarius setaceo-acuminata, exteriora breviora v. rarius in fl. ♀ interioribus longiora. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3, filamentis distinctis; antherae oblonga, dorsifixa, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Fl. 9: Staminodia minima v. 0. Ovarium 3-quetrum v. rarius compressum, sepius 1-loculare 1-ovulatum, interdum vere 2-3-loculare loculis 1-ovulatis; styli 3, rarius 2, distincti, lineares v. breves, recurvi, introrsum a basi piloso-stigmatosi. Fructus 3-queter v. 3-costatus, rarius compressus, pericarpio crustaceo nitente, intus interdum albo-incrassato, indehiscens, sæpe tamen ad angulos facillime solubilis, sepissime 1-locularis 1-spermus, interdum vero in E. juncea fructum invenimus 2-3-spermum. -- Caules e rhizomate nunc abbreviato crasso lignoso nunc repente squamoso erecti, simplices, nisi in E. verticillari et interdum in E. propinqua ramulis sterilibus ad nodos densissime fasciculatis instructi. Vagime secus caulem dissitæ, sæpius deciduæ annulum brevem relinquentes, in paucis tamen speciebus Spiculæ utrusque sexus parvulæ, in glomerulas spicas more Restionis diu persistentes. v. paniculas breves dense conferta, spicis v. paniculis ad apicem caulis pluribus sessilibus in capitulum confertis v. paniculam angustam densam v. interruptam forman-Bracteæ spathaceæ sub spicis v. paniculis partialibus amplæ, rigide membranacee, castanee, caducissime, sub spiculis parvie, glumacee. Glume perianthio breviores.

Species enumeratæ 13, omnes Austro-Africanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 460. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 351, t. 3. In speciminibus 2 speciei typicæ E. junccæ fructum 2-3-spermum invenimus, in specimine tertio tamen 1-spermus crat qualis in speciebus cæteris pluribus nec in omnibus observatur. Specimina tamen bene fructifera in herbariis rara.

LAMPBOCAUIOS, Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. i. 349, t. 3, genus ad E. grandem, Kunth, et E. Neesii, Mart., stabilitum, quoad characteres essentiales et habitum omnino Elegiam refert, a qua differre dicitur vaginis persistentibus et præsertim fructu compresso stylis 2 brevibus triangularibus coronato. Vaginæ tamen non diutius persistunt quam in E. deusta et præsertim in E. asperifolia, et styli in aliis speciebus variant 2 v. 3 et interdum valde abbreviati sunt. Specimina nostra Lamprocauli (etiam Dregeana n. 1650) omnia & sunt; hæc insignia sunt glumis perianthiique segmentis exterioribus angustissimis fere setaceis, sed jam in E. asperifolia longe setaceo-acuminata sunt.

9. Leptocarpus, R. Br. Prod. 250. (Calopsis, Beauv.; Desc. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. 44, t. 3, f. 2. Scheenodum, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 79, t. 229, quoad plantam Q.)—Flores dioici v. rarius monoici, spiculis utriusque sexus co-floris v. Q rarius 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0 v. rarius in Q 2. Perianthii segmenta 6, rarius pauciora, sepius glumacea, 2 exteriora interdum carinata. Fl. 3: Stamina 3, rarius 2, filamentis filiformibus; antherae oblongæ, dorsitixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum parvum v. 0. Fl. q: Staminodia 3, parva v. 0. Ovarium 3-quetrum, 1-loculare, (an semper?) 1-ovulatum; styli 3, rarius 2, elongati, tenues, distincti v. ad

medium connati, introrsum stigmatosi. Fructus angustus v. ovoideus, pericarpio tenui v. crassiusculo, indehiscens v. uno latere v. ad angulos dehiscens.—Caules e rhizomate repente squamoso simplices v. ramosi. Vaginæ sæpius breves, cauli arcte appressæ, persistentes. Inflorescentia varia, & v. utriusque sexus sæpius paniculata. Bracteæ spathaceæ, sæpius parum conspicue.

Species enumeratæ 21, quarum 1 Novo-Zelandica, 1 Cochinchinensis, 1 Chilensis, cæteræ Africæ australis v. Australiæ incolæ. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 329, t. 2. Ben'th. Fl. Austral. vii. 230. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 2, f. 1, 3. Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. t. 61; Fl. Tasm. t. 136.

Genus in sectiones 3 parum distinctas dividitur:

- 1. Calopsis. Caules sæpius ramosi nunc ramosissimi, inflorescentia utriusque sexus subsimili. Spiculæ præsertim in specie typica L. paniculato numerosæ ample paniculatæ, v. in panicula angustiore secus rhachin parum ramosam subsessiles, in L. modesto fide Mastersii flos in spiculis ? unicus tantum fertilis. Vaginæ præsertim superiores quam in sectionibus sequentibus laxiores. Species omnes austro-Africanæ.
- 2. Diplanthesis. Caules simplices v. parum ramosi. Spiculæ & pedicellatæ, paniculatæ v. fasciculatæ, Q sessiliores, capitatæ spicatæ v. dense paniculatæ. Species Australiæ extratropicæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Huc etiam potius quam ad Calopsidem referenda videtur species Chilensis unica in ordine. Styli rami a Mastersio l. c. t. 2, f. 40, 41, 44 crassiusculi delineantur et introrsum villosi, in speciminibus Bridgesianis n. 853 more generis longos tenuesque invenimus. Specimina nostra typica Lechleriana omnia & sunt.
- 3. Homœant hesis. Caules parum ramosi. Spiculæ utriusque sexus minimæ, secus ramos paniculæ fasciculatæ. Species 4, Australianæ tropicæ, quibus additur L. disjunctus, Mast. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xvii. 344, species Cochinchinensis L. ramoso, Br., valde affinis, sed monoica dicitur.
- 10. Loxocarya, R. Br. Prod. 249? Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 240. (Haplostigma, F. Muell. Fraym. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 100.)—Flores dioici v. monoici, spiculis parvis & plurifloris, \( \rangle \) 1-pauci-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Fl. &: Perianthii segmenta 6, angusta, tenuiter glumacea v. præsertim interiora hyalina. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus v. complanatis; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0 v. in flore terminali minutum. Fl. \( \rangle \): Perianthii segmenta 3-6, tenuia, hyalina, brevia lataque, ovario appressa, v. 0. Staminodia 0. Ovarium angustum, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, in stylum simplicem filiformem introrsum a medio stigmatosum desinens. Fructus parvus, ovoideus v. oblongus, subteres, ecostatus, indehiscens (v. in L. cinerea demum uno latere dehiscens'). -Caules e rhizomate erecti, ramosi, sæpe flexuosi et intricato-ramosissimi. Vaginæ persistentes. Spiculæ ad apices ramulorum solitariæ v. præsertim in maribus 2 v. paucæ, secus ramulum sessiles dissitæ, omnes unisexuales sæpiusque dioicæ, interdum vero inferiores 1-2 \( \rangle \) in speciminibus cæterum \( \rangle \).

Species 7, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ.

Masters speciem typicam L. cinercam, R. Br., ad Restionem refert ob fructum dehiscentem, et cæteras pro sectione cum Hypolæna jungit. L. cinerca tamen habitu, inflorescentia, floribus \$\foating\$ perianthio orbatis, ovario et stylo L. flexuosæ simillima est, nec nostro sensu generice separanda. Fructus ex R. Br. est 'folliculus cartilagineus margine convexo dehiscens,' maturus nobis deest, immaturus ei L. flexuosæ simillimus est, et dehiscentiæ natura ulterius scrutanda. Pistillum in omnibus speciebus a Benthamio sub Loxocarya descriptis constanter monocarpicum; nec ut in Hypolæna syncarpicum.

Desmociadus, Necs in Pl. Preiss. ii. 56, est L. fasciculatus, Benth., species insignis ramulis sterilibus numerosis brevibus simplicibus ad nodos fasciculatis, spiculis 3 pedunculatis v. 2 sessilibus

intermixtis. Spicularum florum fructuumque structura omnino Loxocarya.

11. Lepidobolus, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 66.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus ∞-floris globosis v. demum oblongis, glumis imbricatis numcrosis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 5-6, angusta, glumacea v. scariosa, 2 extima interdum rigidiora carinataque. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Staminodia 0. Ovarium ovoideum,

1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; stylus simplex, filiformis, jam infra medium uno latere stigmatosus. Fructus ovoideus v. obovoideo-oblongus, teres, ecostatus, pericarpio duro, indehiscens.—Caules e rhizomate horizontali v. repente squamoso sæpius lanato-piloso erecti, simplices, virgati v. flexuosi. Vaginæ rigidulæ, deciduæ, annulum nigrum more Dovece relinquentes. Spiculæ terminales, capituliformes, solitariæ v. in maribus additis 1-3 inferioribus sessilibus; Q quam & sæpius angustiores. Glumæ inferiores in utroque sexu præsertim in Q vacuæ. Bracteæ spathaceæ sub inflorescentia 1-2, floribus breviores.

Species 3, Australiæ extratropicæ australis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 244.

12. Chestanthus, R. Br. Prod. 251. (Prionosepalum, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 266.)—Flores dioici, masculi ignoti. Spiculæ ♀ parvæ, ∞-floræ, in glomerulum terminalem confertæ, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 6, exteriora linearia hyalina, interiora capillacea. Staminodia 0. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; stylus simplex, filiformis, jam infra medium uno latere stigmatosum. Fructus indehiscens ≀, maturus ignotus.—Caules tenues, erecti, simplices, dense cæspitosi. Vaginæ tenues, cylindraceæ, arcte appressæ, persistentes. Inflorescentia terminalis, parvula, oblonga, densa etsi ramosa, e spiculis sat numerosis sessilibus confertisque. Glumæ exteriores fusco-brunneæ, interiores hyalinæ. Flores 6-8 v. plures, brevissime pedicellati.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 245.

13. Onychosepalum, Stevil. Syn. Pl. (flum. ii. 249.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus solitariis terminalibus ∞-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Perianthii segmenta 3, tenuiter hyalina, unguiculata. Fl. ♂: Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Staminodia 0. Ovarium stipitatum, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; stylus elongatus, filiformis, indivisus, a medio uno latere stigmatosus. Fructus maturus ignotus.—Caules e rhizomate v. basi cæspitoso-ramosa squamosa erecti, simplices, tenues, præter squamas basales imbricatas nudi. Spiculæ ovoideæ, erectæ; glumæ inferiores plures præsertim in ♀ sæpe numerosæ vacuæ, florentes tamen in utroque sexu plures, sæpe deciduæ florem denudantes.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral, vii. 246.

14. Thamnochortus, Berg. Pl. Cap. 353.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus ∞floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Spiculæ & paniculatæ, glumis margine plus minus scariosis, inferioribus paucis vacuis. Perianthii segmenta 2 exteriora complicato-carinata, 3–4 interiora hyalina. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ ♀ masculis crassiores, in spica paucæ, erectæ, sessiles, glumis inferioribus pluribus v. perpaucis vacuis. Perianthium plano-compressum, segmentis 2 exterioribus complicatis carinis late alatis, interioribus hyalinis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium sessile, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; stylus simplex, elongatus, superne uno latere stigmatosus, basi interdum dilatatus. Fructus ovatus, complanatus, indehiscens.—Caules florentes e rhizomate repente v. brevi erecti, juncei, indivisi, vaginis paucis distantibus persistentibus, ad nodos tamen sæpe ramulos breves steriles dense fasciculatos ramosissimosque emittunt. Spiculæ in panicula & haud numerosæ, sæpius pedicellatæ nutantes, in spica ♀ secus rhachin simplicem v. breviter ramosam paucæ. Spiculæ utriusque sexus, uti ramorum sterilium fasciculi, nunc argenteonitentes nunc brunnei. Flores plano-compressi.

Species 10, Africæ australis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 428. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 314, quoad § 1; t. 2, f. 16 ad 27. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 1, f. 1 (Restio).

15. Staberona, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 442.—Flores dioici, spiculis utriusque sexus co-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Spiculæ & paniculatæ, ovatæ, glumis brunneis nitidis, inferioribus paucis vacuis. Perianthii segmenta angusta, subæqualia, 2 exteriora

complicato-carinata, interiora tenuiora plana. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antherse oblongse, dorsifixe, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculse 2 oblongse v. anguste, solitarise v. 2, erectse, sessiles, glumis rigidulis demum apice patentibus, inferioribus paucis vacuis. Perianthium valde compressum, segmentis tenuibus seepe hyalinis, exterioribus complicatis carinis late alatis. Staminodia 0. Ovarium sessile, compressum, 1-loculare, 1-2-ovulatum, ovulo altero tamen mox abortiente; styli 2, a basi distincti, superne v. fere a basi introrsum subplumoso-stigmatosi. Fructus nuceus, subteres, leviter compressus, ecostatus, nitidus, pericarpio duro indehiscente.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso erecti, juncei, simplices v. in ramos paucos virgatos divisi. Vaginse paucæ, dissitæ, persistentes. Bractere spathacere sub inflorescentia  $\delta$  et sub spicula 2 angustæ, erectse, complicatæ, persistentes. Spiculæ  $\delta$  in panicula paucæ, ad axillam spathæ pedicellatæ, nutantes; 2 erectæ, sæpius solitariæ terminales, additis rarius 1-2 inferioribus sessilibus, omnes brunneæ nitidulæ nec scariosæ.

Species 6, Africæ australis incolæ. Must. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 323 (Thamnochorti § 2). Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 2, f. 5, t. 3, f. 5 (Restio).

Masters hoc genus cum *Thamnochorto* jungit, cui certe proxime affine, sed character e pistillo syncarpico nec monocarpico constans videtur, et quodammodo habitu et characteribus nonnullis minoribus comitatur.

16. Expolæna, R. Br. Prod. 251. (Calorophus, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 78, t. 228. Calostrophus, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. viii. 86, 88.)—Flores dioici, spiculis & ∞-floris rarius 1-floris, ♀ 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Fl. ♂: Perianthii segmenta sæpius 6, angusta, glumacea v. tenuia. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. ♀: Perianthii segmenta 6, tenuissima, fere hyalina, brevia lataque v. rarius lanceolata. Staminodia 3 minima v. 0. Ovarium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, apice sæpius plus minus corneo-incrassatum; styli v. styli rami 2, filiformes, introrsum stigmatosi. Fructus nuceus, ovoideus v. obovoideus, teres, ecostatus, apice incrassatus v. æqualis, pericarpio duro indehiscente.—Caules e rhizomate repente tenues, ramosi, interdum ramosissimi, subflexuosi. Vaginæ persistentes. Spiculæ sæpius parvæ, ♂ nunc secus ramos solitariæ v. geminæ, sessiles, sæpe distantes, nunc ad apices ramorum paniculatæ; ♀ ad apices ramorum solitariæ v. 2-3-næ.

Species 17, Africæ australis, Australiæ extratropicæ v. Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 364, excl. § 1; in Journ. Linn. Soc. x. t. 7 A. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 237. Hook. f. Fl. Tasn. t. 137.

Genus in series 3 sequentes dividendum :-

- 1. Tenues. Spiculæ & secus ramos dissitæ sub bractea spathacea solitariæ sessilesque v. geminæ altera sessili altera breviter pedicellata. Styli v. styli rami 3 v. 2. Species Australianæ cum una Novo-Zelandica.
- 2. Restioidea. Spiculæ & in paniculam parvulam laxam dispositæ, omnes pedicellatæ. Styli rami 3. Species 2, Australianæ. Planta & a speciebus nonnullis Restionis v. Leptocarpi ægre distinguenda.
- 3. Africana. Spiculæ & subsessiles, paniculatæ v. secus ramos dissitæ. Styli rami 2. Species 11, austro-Africanæ.
- 17. Eypodiscus, Necs in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 450. (Leucopleus, Nees in Lindl. l. c. Boeckhia, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 448.)—Flores dioici, spiculis ♂ multifloris, ♀ 1-floris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Spiculæ ♂ globosæ v. ovoidææ, glumis rigidulis subulato-acuminatis. Perianthii segmenta 6, rarius 5, angusta, 2 exteriora subcarinata. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ ♀ masculis angustiores, glumis ∞ vacuis arcte imbricatis brevius quam in masculis aristatis. Torus intra perianthium nunc brevissimus nunc crassus, papillis carnosis tuberculatus. Perianthii segmenta 3-6, tenuia v. fere hyalina, nunc ad basin stipitis brevia, nunc basi stipiti adnata, ovario paullo breviora. Ovarium ovoideum, basi v. fere ad apicem papillis carnosis obtectum, junius sæpe 2-locu-

lare 2-ovulatum, sed jam sub anthesi abortu 1-loculare 1-ovulatum; stylus crassiusculus, superne v. infra medium in ramos 2 rigidulos introrsum stigmatosos divisus. Fructus ovoideus v. oblongus, lævis v. plus minus carnoso-tuberculosus, ecostatus, pericarpio duro indehiscente, endocarpio (in speciminibus perpaucis examinatis) membranaceo, solubili, 1-2-loculari 1-2-spermo.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso erecti, simplices, juncei. Vaginæ paucæ, dissitæ, persistentes. Bracteæ spathaceæ sub inflorescentia v. sub spiculis rigidulæ, sæpe albo-marginatæ, deciduæ. Spiculæ 3 variant solitariæ terminales crassæque, v. paucæ sessiles dissite spicatæ, v. plures minoresque dense paniculatæ;  $\mathfrak P$  solitariæ v. paucæ simpliciter spicatæ.

Species 11, Africæ australis incolæ. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 379, t. 4; et in Journ. Linn. Soc. x. t. 7 C.

LEPIDANTHUS, Nees in Linnaa, v. 665, charactere manco ex specimine & solo deducto, est, fide Mastersii, Hypodisci species antheris perperam 2-locularibus dictis.

18. Cannomois, Beauv.; Desv. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xiii. 43, t. 3, f. 1. (Mesanthus et Cucullifera, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 451.)-Flores dioici, spiculis & ... floris 2 paucifloris, glumis imbricatis, bracteolis 0. Spiculæ & paniculatæ, ovoidææ v. oblonge, glumis latis, inferioribus paucis vacuis. Perianthium plano-compressum, segmentis 5-6, 2 exterioribus complicato-carinatis margine scariosis, interioribus angustioribus magis scariosis. Stamina 3, filamentis filiformibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ Ç masculis multo majores, ovoideo-acuminatæ, terminales, solitariæ v. geminæ, glumis latissimis valde convolutis subulato-acuminatis, inferioribus minoribus vacuis. Flores sessiles v. stipiti brevi crasso impositi, laterales 2-3 obliqui fertilesque, terminalis æqualis at sæpius sterilis videtur. Perianthium hyalinum, latissimum, ovarium obtegens, mox varie lacerum v. divisum, sub fructu plus minus persistens. ()varium 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; styli 2, a basi discreti, longe lineares, fere a basi stigmatosi. Fructus ovoideus v. subglobosus, teres, ecostatus, lævis, pericarpio duro crasso indehiscens; endocarpium? in fructu nondum perfecte maturo laxum membranaceum.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso erecti, nunc rigidi virgati simplicesque, nunc valde ramosi. Vaginæ persistentes. Panicula & densa, nunc ample thyrsoidea, nunc contracta fere spiciformis, spiculis fere semper numerosis. Spiculæ ♀ erectæ, sæpius in ramulis seu pedunculis solitariæ, addita rarius altera inferiore, et in C. virgato caulis interdum repetite ramosus, ramis etsi apice monostachyis paniculam laxam formantibus.

Species 3, Africa australis incolae. Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 447. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 360, t. 3 (Cannamois).

19. Willdenowia, Thunb. in K. Vet. Acad. Nye Handl. Stockh. 1790, 26, t. 2, ex ejusd. Gen. Nov. 103. (Nematanthus, Nees in Linnaa, v. 661.)—Flores dioici, spiculis & laxe co-floris, 2 1-floris, bracteolis 0. Fl. 3 intra glumas breves lineares v. lineari-lanceolatas dissitas breviter pedicellati. Perianthii segmenta 6, linearia, acute acuminata, subæqualia. Stamina 3, filamentis brevibus; anthera oblongae, dorsifixae, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. 2 glumis  $\infty$  (ad 6) vacuis spathiformibus coriaceis acute acuminatis imbricatis inclusus, intra glumas stipite crasso sæpe carnoso-6-lobo fultus. Perianthii segmenta 6, brevia, tenuia, hyalina, basi stipiti adnata, post anthesin basi ovarii arcte appressa, squamiformia. Staminodia 0. Ovarium obtusum, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum, addito interdum ovuli alterius rudimento parvo; styli 2, a basi distincti, crassiuscule filiformes, caducissimi. Fructus ovoideus, obtusus, teres, ecostatus, ima basi perianthii segmentis persistentibus squamatus, cæterum lævis, pericarpio crasso duro indehiscente.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso rigidi, virgati, simplices v. ramosi. Vaginæ laxæ, persistentes. Spiculæ & ad apicem caulis sæpius plures, interrupte spicati, bracteis spathaceis coriaceis deciduis interstincti. Spiculæ 2 terminales, solitariæ v. 2 inter se parum distantes, sessiles.

Species 8, Africa australis incolse. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phancrog. i. 891, t. 2; in Journ. Linn. Soc. x, t. 8 D.

ANTOCHORTUS, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 451 (ANTHOCHORTUS, Kunth, Enum. Pl. iii. 484), genus ad specimen & solum conditum et ideo valde incertum, est tamen ex charactere dato verisimiliter Willdenowiæ species, W. striatæ, Thunb., valde affinis nisi eadem.

20. Ceratocaryum, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 451.—Flores dioici, spiculis & laxe \infty-floris, \times 1-floris, bracteolis 0. Fl. & intra glumas longe lineares subscariosas dissitas pedicellati. Perianthii segmenta 6, linearia, acuta, interiora margine scariosa. Stamina 3, filamentis brevibus; antheræ oblongæ, dorsifixæ, 1-loculares, rima unica dehiscentes. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Fl. \times glumis \infty (ad 6) magnis acutis rigide subscariosis imbricatis inclusus. Perianthii segmenta 6, parva, hyalina, sub fructu ovata, squamiformia, arcte appressa. Ovarium obtusum, 1-loculare, 1-ovulatum; styli 2, a basi distincti, longiusculi, crassi, undique papilloso-stigmatosi. Fructus ovoideus, leviter compressus, ecostatus, papillis tuberculiformibus undique obtectus, stylis diu persistentibus coronatus, basi squamis 6 orbiculatis appressis (perianthii segmentis?) stipatus.—Caules e rhizomate squamoso rigidi, erecti, simplices. Vaginæ in tubum arcte convolutæ, persistentes, apice demum scariosæ laceræque. Spiculæ ad apicem caulis subsessiles, & plures in spicam compositam oblongam dense thyrsoideam confertæ, glumis perianthiisque argenteo-nitentibus insignes; \( \xi\) paucæ, magnæ, rigidæ. Bractæ spathaceæ paucæ, magnæ, rigidæ, nitidæ, sæpius purpurascentes, caducæ.

Species 2, Africa australis incolæ. Mast. in DC. Monogr. Phanerog. i. 390, t. 4. Genus vix ac ne vix a Willd nowia distinctum.

# ORDO CXCIX. CYPERACEE.

Endl. Gen. 109. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 117.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, in spicas parvas spiculas dictas dispositi, singuli ad axillam bracten parvie gluma dictie solitarii, sessiles v. subsessiles. Gluma in spicula distiche v. undique imbricatæ, inferiores 1-2 rarius plures vacuæ, cæteræ flores obtegentes, v. rarius spicula 2 ad glumam floremque 1 reducta. Perianthium perfectum 0 (nisi in Oreobolo), sed in floribus ♥ generum nonnullorum adsunt setæ v. squamellæ 6 v. pauciores rarius plures hypogyna dictæ, sed semper extra stamina aflixæ sæpeque sub-2-seriatæ, quæ verisimiliter perianthio homologæ. Stamina 3 v. pauciora, rarius 4-6 v. ∞, filamentis liberis filiformibus v. leviter complanatis. Antheræ e spicula sæpissime exsertæ, basifixæ, oblongse v. lineares, loculis 2 parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium integrum, erectum, in centro floris sessile v. stipiti brevi interdum incrassato v. in discum dilatato impositum, 1-loculare. Stylus terminalis centralis, cum ovario continuus v. rarius articulatus, filiformis v. basi incrassatus, a basi v. supra basin persistentem deciduus, superne v, jam infra medium in ramos 2-3 v. rarius ∞ filiformes introrsum a basi stigmatoso-papillosos stepe stigmata dictos divisus v. rarius apice subulato indivisus v. minute 2-3-dentatus. Ovulum 1, a basi ovarii erectum, anatropum. Fructus parvus, gluma obtectus v. exsertus, nuceus, indehiscens, sub stylo 2-fido plus minus complanatus v. 2-convexus; sub stylo 3-fido obscure v. distincte 3-queter; pericarpium crustaceum induratum v. interdum subdrupaceum, exocarpio tenui v. suberoso-incrassato, endocarpio Semen a basi erectum, a pericarpio (an semper?) liberum, testa tenui. Embryo intra basin albuminis copiosi farinacei v. carnosi parvus, lenticularis globosus v. ovoideus.

Herbæ perennes rarius annuæ, habitu *Gramineis* accedentes, sæpius tamen rigidiores, interdum juncoideæ, restioideæ v. fluitantes, sæpius cæspitosæ, v. rhizoma repens v. stolones emittens, vaginisque brevibus membranaceis demum marcescentibus obtectum. Caulis solidus v. rarius cavus, tenuis humilisque v. elongatus validus interdum orgyalis,

infra inflorescentiam simplex v. rarius ramosus. Folia vulgo pro maxima parte in cospite v. ad basin caulis conferta, extima v. radicalia basi in vaginas apertas dilatata v. ad vaginas illas rhizomatis subsequentes reducta, interiora et caulina superiora dum adsint e vaginis tubulosis clausis caulem amplectentibus in laminam angustam gramineam v. carinatam scabramque producta; ligula rarissime ad apicem vaginæ laminæ opposita; interdum folia pleraque v. omnia ad vaginas tubulosas reducta v. caules præter vaginam unicam basalem aphylli. Spiculæ distinctæ v. in fasciculos v. capitula aggregatæ sessilesque. Capitula, fasciculi, v. spiculæ singulæ nunc solitaria terminaliaque, nunc plura secus caulem dissita, v. varie umbellata paniculata v. rarius spicata; si umbellata centrale sessile, cætera pedicellis seu radiis sæpius valde inæqualibus fulta. Bracteæ sub ramis inferioribus inflorescentiæ sæpe foliis caulinis similes, sub umbella 2-3 exteriores etsi valde inæquales involucrum patens sæpe formant; sub inflorescentia capitata v. simpliciter fasciculata bractea exterior haud raro erecta, cum caule continua, inflorescentiam infra apicem caulis specie lateralem præbet; bracteæ superiores minores, sub spiculis ipsis v. interdum fere omnes parvæ glumiformes.

Species descriptæ ultra 3000, quarum tamen vix 2200 retinendæ videntur, per orbem terrarum copiose dispersæ, in locis uliginosis paludosisve frequentes, usque ad regiones frigidas alpinas arcticas antarcticasque extensæ, nec in calidioribus inter tropicos raræ, nonnullæ ipsæ cosmopolitanæ.

Ordo vastus et facillime distinctus, etsi primo aspectu nunc Gramineis nunc Restiaceis accedere videtur; a prioribus tamen abunde differt caule solido sæpe angulato, foliorum vaginis clausis, florum structura, stigmatibus et embryone, et species nulla inter hos ordines media adhuc detecta est. A Restiaceis Cyperaceæ distinguuntur ovulo v. semine erecto sæpissimeque perianthio imperfecto v. nullo, et hac ratione Oreobolo solo cum illis connectuntur. Distributio in tribus et genera minus definita evadit, jam diu optime elaborata fuit a Brownio et Kunthio, etsi characteres nonnulli quibus usi sunt (e.g. setarum hypogynarum absentia v. præsentia) ex observationibus posterioribus minus certi præstant. Divisio primaria ad flores fertiles hermaphroditos v. fæmineos a Boeckelero aliisque adoptata optime definita apparet, sed limites tribuum generumque majorum interdum obscuriores sunt, et species intermediæ haud raro observantur.

De generibus Beauvoisianis Cyperacearum confer Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii, 360.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Perianthium regulare adest in Oreobolo.

Stamina numerosa in Evandra, Chrysitrice, Chorisandra et Lepironia.

Styli rami 8 in Evandra, 4-5 in speciebus nonnullis Elynanthi, Gahnia, Lagenocarpi.

Flores Q ad basin caulis pedunculati in speciminibus extra-europæis Scirpi supini indicavit A. Gray, in speciminibus Europæis deesse videntur.

### CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM (exceptis neglectis).

A. Monoclines, Flores fertiles hermaphroditi v. rarissime filamentis anantheris subfaminei.

Tribus I. Seirpece. Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, glumis inferioribus 1, rarius 2 vacuis. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ filiformes planæ v. 0.

Tribus II. Hypolytress. Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, glumis inferioribus  $1-\infty$  vacuis. Squamæ hypogynæ nunc 2 laterales complicato-carinatæ liberæ v. connatæ, nunc  $\infty$ , 2 exterioribus lateralibus complicato-carinatis.

Tribus III. Rhynchosporess. Spiculæ sæpissime 1-2-floræ, glumis inferioribus 2-∞-vacuis. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ fliformes planæ v. 0.

B. Diclines. Flores stricte unisexuales, staminodiis 0 in famineis, pistillo 0 in masculis.

Tribus IV. Gryptangiese. Spiculæ unisexuales, fæmineæ 1-floræ terminales v. in parte superiore paniculæ, masculæ inferiores 2-∞-floræ.

Tribus V. Soleries. Flores fæminei ad basin spiculæ androgynæ solitarii, v. spiculæ unisexuales, fæmineæ 1-floræ in parte inferiore paniculæ; masculæ superiores 2-co-floræ.

Tribus VI. Carices. Spiculæ fæmineæ 1-floræ, spicatæ, gluma unica utriculiformi clausa v. hinc fissa florem includente; masculæ 2-∞-floræ, terminales v. cum spicæ fæmineæ apice rarius basi continuæ.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Tribus I. Scirpeæ. Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis v. summo rarius masculo. Glumæ omnes florentes v. 1 rarius 2 infimæ vacuæ. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ dum adsint 6 v. pauciores, rarius co, filiformes v. planæ. Stylus 2-3-fidus.

Excepta: Spiculæ 1-2-floræ in Cyperi sect. Marisco et in Kyllinga et Courtoisia.

#### \* Glumæ distichæ.

- 1. Cyperus. Spiculæ ∞-floræ v., si 1-floræ, gluma supera vacua v. florem & fovens e gluma florente protrusa. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi haud incrassatus. Inflorescentia terminalis, 1-stachya capitata v. irregulariter umbellata.—Orbis utriusque reg. trop. subtrop. et temp.
- 2. KYLLINGA. Spiculæ 1-2-floræ. Glumæ 3, infima parva, 2 superiores majores, flores glumamque quartam parvam vacuam v. florem & dum adsit arcto includentes. Sotæ hypogynæ 0. Inflorescentia terminalis, capitata.—Orbis utriusque reg. calid.
- 3. COURTOISIA. Spiculæ plano-compressæ, 1-floræ. Glumæ 2, complicatæ, naviculares, florem includentes. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Spicularum capitula in umbellam compositam disposita.

  —Ind. or.
- 4. Androtrichum. Spiculæ ∞-floræ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Filamenta post anthesin longissime accreta crispaque, comam longe exsertam formantia. Caules junciformes, aphylli, umbella terminali.—Bras. austr., Republ. Argent.
- 5. Dulichium. Spiculæ co-floræ. Setæ hypogynæ 8, longæ, rigidæ. Spiculæ in spicas breves ad axillas foliorum subsessiles dispositæ.—Amer. bor.

(Cfr. etiam 14, Hemichlanam et 37, Schani species paucas floribus 3-4.)

- \*\* Glumæ undique imbricatæ (exceptis sp. paucis Fimbristylis et Hemichlæna). Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ.
- 6. Heleocharis. Setæ hypogynæ 3-8. Nux styli (2-3-fidi) basi bulboso-incrassata persistente coronata. Caules aphylli, vagina appressa stipati. Spicula solitaria, terminalis, bractea infima glumiformi.—Area tota ordinis.
- 7. DICHROMENA. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Nux styli (2-fidi) basi dilatata persistente coronata. Caules foliati. Spiculæ in capitulo terminali paucæ, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, albæ, bracteis exterioribus involucrantibus foliaceis basi albis v. rarius brevissimis.—Amer. bor. ct austr.
- 8. PSILOCARYA. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Nux styli (2-fidi) bası dilatata persistente rostrata. Caules foliati. Spicularum corymbi densi v. laxi subcompositi, terminales v. in axillis pedunculati; spiculis fuscis v. rarius pallidis.—Amer. bor.
- 9. FIMBRISTYLIS. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Styli basis bulboso-incrassata v. conica, cum stylo decidua v. (in sect. Oncostyle) in nuce diu persistens. Folia ad basin caulis conferta. Inflorescentia terminalis, spiculis sæpius irregulariter umbellatis, rarius capitatis v. solitariis.— Orbis utriusque reg. trop. et temp.
- 10. Pentasticha. Setæ hypogynæ 6. Nux stipitata, styli basi incrassata persistente acuminat. Caules stricti, foliis brevibus. Spiculæ glumis quinquefariam imbricatis fere angulatæ, in capitulo terminali plures, in podunculis axillaribus 1-5-næ.—Afr. trop., Madagaso.
- 11. Scirpus. Setæ hypogynæ 3-8 v. 0, rarius in squamulas lineares plumosas dilatatæ. Stylus basi non v. vix dilatatus. Nux apice nuda, v. styli basi parva tuberculata v. mæcronata. Spiculæ sæpius pseudolaterales, solitariæ fasciculatæ v. in umbella paucæ, rarius solitariæ terminalesque, v. in panicula terminali numerosæ.—Area tota ordinis.
- 12. ERIOPHORUM. Setæ hypogynæ 6 v. numerosæ, post anthesin longissime excrescentes, crispo-flexuosæ v. gossypinæ. Inflorescentia terminalis, spiculis solitariis capitatis v. paniculatis.—Eur., Asia extratrop., Amer. bor.
- 13. Ficinia. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Ovarii stipes in discum cartilagineum plus minus dilatatus. Stylus basi haud incrassatus. Spiculæ terminales, solitariæ v. capitatæ, varie bracteatæ, sæpe nigricantes, rarius secus caulem laxe spicatæ.—Afr. austr., Abyssinia.

- 14. Humicellema. Omnia Ficiniæ nisi spiculæ subcomplanatæ, glumis distichis.—Afr. austr.
- 15. Furrana. Squamellæ hypogynæ 3, latæ, sæpe stipitatæ, interdum cum setis totidem alternantes, rarius minutæ v. evanidæ. Inflorescentia sæpius pubescens, spicularum fasciculis terminalibus v. axillaribus paniculam angustam foliatam formantibus.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
- 16. HEMICARPHA. · Squama hypogyna 1, minuta, sæpe 2-dentata. Spiculæ minimæ, globosæ, dense multifloræ, sæpius ternæ, in capitulo pseudolaterali.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
- 17. Lipocarpha. Squame hypogyne 2, hyaline, glumis parallele, ovario et nuci appresse. Spiculæ parvæ, densissime multifloræ, 3-5 in capitulo terminali sessiles, —Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.

Tribus II. Eypolytrees. Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis v. nonnullis abortu masculis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, omnes florentes v. inferiores paucæ vacuæ. Squamæ hypogynæ nunc 2, laterales, complicato-carinatæ, liberæ v. in unam antice plus minus apertam connatæ, nunc co, lineares, planæ, duabus exterioribus lateralibus sæpius complicato-carinatis, flore cum squamis semper complanato gluma obtecto (sententia aliorum spica spiculiformis, androgyna, composita, spiculis androgynis bractea glumiformi obtectis co-floris, floribus exterioribus masculis 1-andris, cum glumis linearibus florem fæmineum centralem nudum circumdantibus). Stylus 2-3-fidus.

Excepta: Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, squamis hypogynis linearibus staminibusque numerosis in Chrysitrice.

Squamæ hypogynæ in unam connatæ, glumas excedunt, in Ascolepide.

- 18. Ascolefis. Squamæ hypogynæ cujusve floris in unam complanatam introrsum (v. supra) fissam glumam sæpius excedentem et florem includentem connatæ. Spiculæ terminales, nunc solitariæ, depressæ, radiantes v. subglobosæ candidæ v. coloratæ, nunc ovoideæ v. globosæ, more Kyllingæ sæpius ternæ.—Afr. trop. et austr.
- 19. Hypolytraum. Squame hypogyme 2, laterales, complicato-carinate, libere v. basi connatæ absque squamis interioribus planis. Spiculæ in panicula irregulariter corymbosa rarius in fasciculum densum contracta numerosæ.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
- 20. DIPLASIA. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinate, 2 interiores planæ glumæ parallelæ. Stamina 6-8. Stylus 2-fidus. Spiculæ elongatæ, corymboso-paniculatæ.—Amer. austr. trop., Ind. occid.
- 21. MAPANIA. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinatæ, 4 interiores planæ v. concavæ angustæ v. co-nerves. Stamina 3. Stylus 3-fidus. Spiculæ magnæ, terminales, solitariæ v. aggregatæ, v. in una specie minores numerosæ laxe paniculatæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
- 22. SCIRPODENDRON. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinatæ,  $\infty$  interiores angustæ planæ v. concavæ, facillime partitæ. Stamina 6 (v.  $\infty$ ?). Stylus 2-3-fidus. Nux magna, exserta, costis 6-8 valde prominentibus. Spicularum fasciculi in paniculam dense thyrsoideam dispositi.—Zeylania, Archip. Malay.
- 23. Exocarya. Squame hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinatæ, 2 interiores planæ v. concavæ, glumæ parallelæ. Stamina 3. Stylus 2-fidus. Nux exserta, ecostata, styli basi persistente coronata. Spiculæ minimæ, graciliter umbollatæ, nuce sæpius unica perfecta quam spicula ipsa multo majore.—Australia.
- 24. LEPIRONIA. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinatæ, interiores numerosæ angustæ. Stamina 8-∞. Stylus 2-fidus. Herba junciformis, spicula magna pseudo-laterali solitaria.—Reg. Indo-Austral. et Madagascaria.
- 25. Chorisandra. Squame hypogyne numerose, angustæ, omnes planæ v. concavæ, v. 2 exteriores laterales complicato-carinatæ. Stamina 6-12. Stylus 2-fidus. Spicula globosa v. ovoidea, pseudo-lateralis, solitaria, sessilis v. semi-immersa.—Australia, Nov. Caled.
- 26. Chrysitheix. Squamæ hypogynæ numerosissimæ, anguste lineares. Stamina co. Stylus 3-fidus. Spicula pseudolateralis, solitaria, sessilis v. semi-immersa, 1-2-flora, glumis paucis coriaceis nigris.—Afr. austr.

(Cfr. etiam Scirpi membranacci formam Dregeanam (Hellmuthiam) squamis hypogynis Hypolytri.)

Tribus III. Ehynchesperess. Spiculæ paucifloræ, sæpius 1-2-floræ, rarius floribus 4-6, sæpeque uno solo fertili, qui semper hermaphroditus. Glumæ 2-00 inferiores vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 6 v. pauciores v. 0, rarius squamiformes.

Excepta: Flores hermaphroditi fertiles 3-6 in speciebus perpaucis Rhynchospori et Schæni. Setæ hypogynæ in perianthium perfectum 6-partitum mutatæ in Orcobolo.

- 27. Oreobolus. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in pedunculo erecte solitariæ v. rarius 2. Glumæ 3. Squamæ hypogynæ v. potius perianthii segmenta 6, angusta, rigida, subæqualia, post glumas delapsas persistentia. Herbæ nanæ, dense foliatæ, cæspitosæ.—Australia austr., N. Zel., Amer. antarot.
- 28. Remirea. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in capitulo denso sessili v. pedunculato bracteis foliaceis involucrato numerosæ. Glumæ 4. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus 3-fidus. Herba maritima, repens, dense foliata.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop*.
- 29. ARTHROSTYLIS. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in capitulo parvo bracteis brevibus rigidis involucrato numerosæ. Glumæ (ad 7) undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 6. Stylus 3-fidus, undique gossypino-lanatus, cum basi incrassata deciduus. Caules aphylli, tenuiter junciformes.

  —Australia trop.
- 30. Actinoschenus. Spiculæ angustæ, 1-floræ, in capitulo parvo globoso numerosæ, radiantes, exteriores subreflexæ bracteas parvas occultantes. Glumæ 4-5. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3. Stylus 3-fidus, glaber, cum basi incrassata deciduus. Caules aphylli, tenuiter junciformes.—Madagascaria, Zeylania, China.
- 31. Rhynchospora. Spiculæ sæpius angustæ v. acuminatæ, 1-2- rarius 3-6-floræ, varie capitatæ fasciculatæ v. corymbosæ, capitulis 1-∞, nunc paniculatis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, vacuæ 2-∞. Setæ hypogynæ tenues v. 0. Stylus indivisus v. 2-fidus. Nux basi styli dilatata persistente rostrata. Inflorescentia terminalis v. simul axillaris.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. subtrop. et temp.
- 32. Cyathochete. Spiculæ longæ, 2-floræ, flore superiore fertili, intra vaginas bractearum subinclusæ v. in panicula angusta foliata pedunculatæ. Glumæ 4, undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypognæ 4, rigidæ, subæquales. Stylus 2-fidus, basi incrassata in nuce persistente.—Australia.
- 33. Саврна. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in corymbum terminalem densum subcapitatum confertæ. Glumæ 4-5, distichæ, membranaceæ. Setæ hypogynæ 6, subæquales, plumosæ, sub nuce patentes pappum simulantes. Stylus 3-fidus, basi incrassata in nuce persistente.—Australia austr., N. Zol., Amer. austr. frigid.
- 34. Mesomelena. Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, flore superiore fertili. in capitulum terminale densum confertæ, sæpius nigricantes, bracteis involucrantibus rigidus brevibus obtusis v. rigide acuminatis. Glumæ 🕫, distichæ v. subdistichæ. Setæ hypogynæ 3, æquales, rigidulæ v. complanatæ. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux gynophoro imposita sæpius rostrata.—Australia.
- 35. TRIANOPTILES. Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, flore superiore fertili, laxe spicatæ, bracteis 1-3-foliaceis. Gluma 4-5. Squamæ hypogynæ 3, lineares, basi plumoso-ciliatæ, apice inæqualiter 3-dentatæ. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux styli basi coronata. Africa austr.
- \*\*G6. ASTEROCHÆTE. Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, rhachilla non producta dense capitatæ, capitulis exinvolucratis in panicula composita numerosis v. in panicula simplici paucis. Glumæ paucæ, vix distichæ, pallidæ. Sette hypogynæ tonucs. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux 3-quetra, acutiuscula v. apiculata. Afr. austr., ins. Mascar.
- 37. Schenus. Spiculæ paucifloræ, flore infimo fertili, rhachilla inter flores v. supra florem unicum producta flexuosa, sæpius fasciculata nigricantesque, fasciculis varie capitatis spicatis paniculatis v. solitariis. Glumæ &, distichæ. Setæ hypogyme tenues v. complanatæ v. 0. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux 3-quetra v. 3-costata, erostris.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. hemisph. bor. et austr., Archip. Malay.
- 38. CYCLOCAMPE. Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, rhachilla inter v. ultra flores producta flexuosa, in panicula ampla numerosæ distinctæ. Glumæ  $\infty$ , distichæ. Setæ hypogynæ 6, longæ, rigidulæ, plumoso-pilosæ. Stylus 3-fldus. Nux 3-quetra, breviter apiculata.—*Ins. Mascar.*, *Molucc.*, N. Caled.
- 39. Elynanthus. Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, flore superiore fertili, rhachilla non producta, sæpius fasciculatæ fuscæ v. nigricantes, fasciculis sæpius in paniculam angustam strictamque dispositis. Glumæ  $\infty$ , distichæ. Setæ hypogynæ tenues membranaceæ v. 0. Stylus 3-4-fldus. Nux obtusa, plus minus drupiformis.—Afr. austr., Australia austr., N. Zel., N. Caled., Amer. austr. frigida.

- 40. TRICOSTULARIA. Spiculæ parvæ, I.-3-floræ, flore superiere fertili, rhachilla non producta, paucæ v. breviter paniculatæ. Setæ hypogynæ breves, tenues v. rigidæ, non accrescentes. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux obovoidea, crostris.—Australia, Zeylania, Borneo.
- 41. Lepidosperma. Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, flore superiore fertili, sæpius nigræ, distinctæ v. fasciculatæ, anguste v. ample paniculatæ. Glumæ subdistichæ. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ sub anthesi parvæ, mox accrescentes, incrassatæ, acuminatæ v. setigeræ. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux apice indurata, erostris.—Austrália, N. Zel. Archip. Malay., China austr.
- 42. CLADIUM. Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, flore inferiore fertili, brunneæ v. nigræ, paniculatæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0, v. rarius tenues. Stylus 3-fldus, basi dilatata ab ovario vix distincta. Nux obtusa, plus minus drupiformis.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp.*
- 43. Gahnia. Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, flore superiore fertili, nigræ v. rarius brunneæ, varie paniculatæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus 3-5-fldus. Nux sæpius nitida, dura, ecostata. Folia sæpius teretia, longa, subulato-acuminata.—Australia, N. Zel., N. Caled., Archip. Malay., China, ins. maris Pacif.
- 44. CAUSTIS. Spiculæ 1-2-flore, flore superiore fertili, v. abortu unisexuales subdioicæ. Glumæ paucæ, undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus 3-fldus. Caulis ramosus, ramis erectis strictis v. flexuoso-ramosissimis.—Australia.
- 45. Reedia. Spiculæ ovatæ, 1-2-floræ, flore superiore fertili, in spicis longis intra vaginas laxas bractearum foliacearum occultis densissime confertæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus 3-fldus. Caulis altissimus, simplex.—Australia austr. occid.
- 46. Evandra. Spiculæ majusculæ, nigræ, 2-floræ, flore superiore fertili, laxe paniculatæ v. in fasciculo terminali sessiles. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 15-20. Stylus 8-fidus.—Australia austr. occid.
- · Tribus IV. Cryptangies. Spiculæ unisexuales, fæmincæ 1-floræ, inter masculas 1-∞-floras terminales, v. in parte superiore inflorescentiæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0.
  - \* Spiculæ paniculatæ, omnes dissitæ v. & glomerulatæ.
  - 47. LAGENOCARPUS. Panicula longa, ampla, laxe composita, superne fæminea, in parte inferiore mascula. Stylus 3-5-fidus. Nux ovoidea v. globosa, non angulata.—Amer. trop.
  - 48. CRYPTANGIUM. Pedunculi secus caulem dense foliatum v. subnudum graciles v. breves, parum compositi, spiculis fœmineis præsertım in pedunculis superioribus cum masculis irregulariter mixtis. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux 3-angulata.—Amer. trop.
    - \*\* Spiculæ minimæ, in capitulis globosis v. spiculiformibus sæpius androgynis sessiles.
  - 49. Fintelmannia. Spiculæ utriusque sexus 1-floræ, in spicas parvas spiculiformes confertæ, superioribus fœmineis, spicis graciliter paniculatis. Glumæ 2.—Brasilia.
  - 50. CEPHALOCARPUS. Spiculæ in fasciculis capituliformibus ad axillas graciliter pedunculatis sessiles, fœmineæ 1-2, masculis 3-7 co-floris cinctæ. Glumæ vacuæ 1-2. Folia dense conferta, angusta, patentis, rigidula, inflorescentiis multo longiora.—Brasilia.
  - 51. Ptrroscleria. Spiculæ in capitulo denso terminali involucrato sessiles, numerosis, subfasciculatæ; fæminea in quoque fasciculo 1 masculis ∞ cincta, rarius spiculæ utriusque sexus in capitulo subirregulariter mixtæ. Glumæ vacuæ 1–2. Spicularum capitula 1–3 infra terminalem ad axillas sessilia sæpius adsunt.—Amer. trop.
- \*\*\* Spiculæ minimæ, in fasciculis parvis corymbosis v. capitatis sessiles, fæminea in quoque fasciculo 1, masculis paucis cincta.
  - 52. CALYPTROCARYA. Spicularum fasciculi in capitula parva conferti, capitulis corymboso-paniculatis, paniculis terminalibus axillaribusque. Spicula 2 ad florem nudum reducta, glumis 0, v. 1-2 minutis vix conspicuis.—Amer. trop.
  - 53. BECQUERELIA. Spicularum fasciculi dense cymosi, cymis corymboso-paniculatis, paniculis terminalibus sæpeque axillaribus. Spiculæ 2 glumæ 4-5, mox auctæ, subæquales, florem involventes, nucem fere obtegentes.—Amer. trop.
  - 54. Hoppia. Spicularum fasciculi dense capitati, capitulis in capitulo composito confertis v. in umbella irregulari dispositis. Spiculæ 2 glumæ (3?) in urceolum clausum apice minute perforatum florem et nucem arcte includentem connatæ. Caulis brevis, dense foliatus. Scapi florentes inter folia infima elongati, aphylli.—Bras. bor., Guiana.

Tribus V. Scieriese. Flores unisexuales, fœminei ad basin spiculæ androgynæ solitarii v. in spiculæ distinctis 1-floris in parte inferiore inflorescentiæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0.

- 55. Eriospora. Spiculæ minimæ, 1-3-floræ, in spicas spiculiformes densissime confertæ, spicis ipsis numerosis parvis in panicula longa laxa sessilibus v. pedicellatis. Ovarium pilis longis numerosis cinctum.—Africa trop.
- 56. Scleria. Spiculæ parvæ, sæpe fasciculatæ, fasciculis nunc minimis axillaribus, nunc in cymas v. paniculas terminales v. axillares dispositis. Nux sæpius alba, gynophoro in discum dilatato v. rarius obsoleto.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop., Amer. bor.*
- 57. Kobresia. Spiculæ in spicam terminalem simplicem v. parum compositam dispositæ. Folia ad basin caulis sæpius cæspitosa.—Europa, Asia bor. et mont.
- Tribus VI. Caricese. Spiculæ unisexuales, fæmineæ 1-floræ, spicatæ, gluma unica utriculiformi clausa v. hinc fissa florem sæpeque rhachillam includente; masculæ 2-∞-floræ, spiciformes, terminales distinctæque, v. spicam fæmineam apice v. rarius basi continuantes. Setæ hypogynæ 0.
  - 58. Hemicarex. Spiculæ fæmineæ utriculus introrsum ad medium v. fere ad basin fissus; rhachilla setiformis v. complanata utriculum non excedens.—Ind. or., Africa austr.
  - 59. Schonoxiphium. Spiculæ fæmineæ utriculus usque ad os 2-dentatum clausus; rhachilla exserta, apice glumas vacuas v. flores masculos ferens.—Afr. austr.
  - 60. Uncinia. Spiculæ fæmineæ utriculus usque ad os obliquum v. 2-dentatum clausus; rhachilla exserta, apice uncinata v. reflexo-glochidiata.—Hemisph. austr. reg. temp. et frigid., Amer. andina, Mexico, Ind. occid.
  - 61. CAREX. Spiculæ fœmineæ utriculus usque ad os obliquum v. 2-dentatum clausus; rhachilla inclusa, setiformis v. complanata v. 0.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et frigid.; inter tropicos species paucæ.

#### GENERA DUBIA V. EXCLUSA.

Acordon, Ness in Pl. Meyen. 131, genus ab auctore inter Philydraceas collocatum, a Bæckelero in Flora 1879, 158, ex specimine authentico ad Cyperaceas transfertur. Character Bæckeleri a Neesiano notis pluribus ossentialibus longe discrepat. Forte Nees specimina confudit ad plantas duo distinctas pertinentia et genus suum delendum est. Planta a Bæckelero descripta e verbis suis a Scirpo (Isolepide) non differre videtur, nisi spiculæ rhachi post anthesin valde elongata. An status abnormis, an stirps distincta, adhuc dubium remanet.

AULACORHYNCHUS, Nees in Linnæa, x. 198, ex Africa australi, e charactere notis fere omnibus Rhynchosporæ convenit. Spiculæ tumen umsexuales dicuntur, masculæ plurifloræ in capitulum terminale aggregatæ, fœminœ in pedunculo axillari solitariæ v. geminæ omnino Rhynchosporæ excepta staminum deficientia. In specimine descripto anthesis ex auctore peracta fuit, et stamina forte jam delapsa. Si spiculæ revera unisexuales, inflorescentia Scleriam indicat, genus tamen nobis valde dubium apparet.

Lasiolepis, Bæckel. ad **Eriocauleas** referenda est. L. brevifolia, ad specimen Indicum Wightianum tenue depauperatumque descriptum, est Eriocauli species. L. pilosa, e Guiana, ex descriptione fusiore nobis videtur Pæpalanthus Lamarckii, Kunth, et L. aquatica, ex endem regione, Eriocaulon melanocephalum, Kunth. Flores masculi tamen ab auctore prætervisi sunt, et ovarium non rite scrutatum.

Thryocephalon, Forst. Char. Gen. 129, t. 65, ab Endlichero Gen. 119 (sub Tryocephalo), ad Kyllingam refertur, et inflorescentia depicta satis conformis, sed spiculæ structura ab auctore descripta, et analysis in icone delineata, noc huic nec ulli generi Cyperacearum nobis noto convenit.

# TRIBUS I. SCIRPEÆ.

1. Cyperus, Linn. Gen. n. 66.—Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ rarissime 1-2-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis v. terminali rarius masculo. Glumæ distichæ, naviculares v. concavæ, infimæ 1-2 sæpius parvæ vacuæque, cæteræ subæquales florentes v. summa rarius parva vacua. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus cum ovarie continuus, basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, breviter v. alte in ramos 2 v. 3 stigmatosos filiformes divisus v. rarius subinteger. Nux sessilis v. basi in stipitem brevem solidum cum pericarpio continuum contracta, complanata 2-convexa v. 3-quetra, lævis v.

minute granulosa.—Herbæ perennes v. rarius annuæ, caulibus esspitosis v. e rhizomate repente distinctis, infra inflorescentiam simplicibus. Folia ad basin caulis pauca v. rarius vaginis caulem altius obtegentibus, sæpe longa, infima haud raro et interdum omnia ad vaginas reducta. Spiculæ sæpissime in spicas densas fasciculiformes capituliformes v. elongatas confertæ, spicis v. rarius spiculis singulis in umbellam terminalem irregularem simplicem v. compositam dispositis, spica centrali sessili, cæteris ad apices ramorum v. radiorum valde inæqualium umbelli v. umbelluli sitis, v. interdum inflorescentia tota in capitulum sessile compositum contracta; rhachis primaria rarissime inter radios umbellæ breviter producta. Sub quoque radio adest sæpissime bractea linearis, persistens; harum exteriores paucæ foliaceæ inæqualiter elongatæ involucrum sub inflorescentia formant; intimæ et quæ spiculas singulas subtendunt parvæ, squamiformes, v. sub spiculis interdum omnino desunt.

Species enumeratæ ultra 700, sed perplurimæ e regionibus diversis sub nominibus diversis repetitæ et verisimiliter vix 400 bene distinctæ, per regiones tropicas subtropicasque utriusque orbis copiose dispersæ, cum paucis ad regiones temperatas extensis, nec in frigidis nec in alpinis inveniuntur. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. 17 cum ic. specierum 32. Kunth, Enum. ii. 2 et 115 (Mariscus). Liebm. Mex. Halogr. 8, et 40 (Mariscus). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 2, et 59 (Mariscus). Bæckel. in Linnea, xxxv. 436; xxxvi. 271. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 253.

Genus pro maxima parte facillime distinctum, etsi cum Scirpo mediante C. pygmæa, et cum Schæno mediante C. ægyptiaco connexum, in sectiones sequentes non semper stricte definitas dividitur:—

- 1. Pycreus. Spiculæ co-floræ, complanatæ, glumis navicularibus carinatis, rhachi exalata v. foveolis angustissime marginatis. Stylus sæpissime 2-fidus. Nux glumæ contrarie complanata, 2-convexa, margine rhachillam spectans. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 72, iv. t. 67. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 278, 279. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 47. Torr. Fl. N. York t. 135. Vahl, Ic. Pl. Amer. t. 12. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 70. Pycreus, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. ii. 48, t. 86. Torreya et Distimus, Rofin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 105.
- 2. Juncellus (Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 562). Spiculæ  $\infty$ -floræ, compressæ, sæpius tamen crassiusculæ, glumis concavis, rhachi exalata. Stylus 2-fldus v. hinc inde 3-fldus. Nux ovata v. lata, glumæ parellele compressa, facie plana v. concava rhachillam spectante, dorso convexa v. angulo centrali obtuso parum elevato. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 70. Jacq. Fl. Austr. v. App. t. 6. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 49. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 7, f. 1. Cav. Ic. t. 204, 588.

DICHOSTYLIS, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 289; Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 13, non Beauv., est Cyperus pygmæus, Rottb., sæpe ad Scirpum relatus, cujus glumæ variant distichæ tristichæ v. rarius irregulariter imbricatæ. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 311. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 69.

Anosporum, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 287 (Trentepollia, Bæckel. in Bot. Zeit. 1858, 249), genus propositum fuit ad C. cephalotum, Vahl (C. Hookerianum, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 342), ex India orientali, cui pericarpium sub semine et plus minus secus angulos nucis incrassatur et stipitem durum format inepte perigynium dictum, et stylus sæpissime (nec semper tide Bæckeleri) indivisus. Huic addidit Bæckeler in Linnæa, xxxvi. 411, species 2 ex Africa tropica, inclusa C. colymbetc, Kotsch. in Pl. Tinn. t. 24, cum C. pallido, Heyne, ex India Orientali, cui pericarpium totum plus minus incrassatum subcartilagineum, et Scirpum oubensem, Kunth. In C. podocarpo, Bæckel., ex Africa tropica, nux pariter in stipitem contracta sed stipes tenuior. Oxycaryum, Nees, a Bæckelero in Anosporo inclusum, characteres Scirpi nec Cyperi præbet. Stylus indivisus in cæteris Cyperis rarissime occurrit.

ATOMOSTYLIS, Stoud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 315, e Senegambia, Lepricur, est verisimiliter C. pectinatus, Vahl (C. nudicaulis, Poir.), a Bæckelero ad Anosporum relatus.

- C. alopecuroides, Rottb. (C. dives, Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 4), habitu C. (Papyro) exaltato, Retz, accedit, sed nux omnino Juncelli, variat tamen stylo 2-fido v. præsertim in speciminibus africanis 3-fido.
- 3. Eucyperus. Spiculæ co-floræ, complanatæ v. rarius subteretes, glumis navicularibus v. concavis sæpius carinatis, rhachilla exalata, v. rarius foveolæ membrana angustissima hyalina marginatæ. Stylus 3-fldus. Nux æqualiter 3-quetra, v. rarius a dorso depressa. Host, Gram. Austr. Hi. t. 71 73, 74. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 280, 284. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 295, 298, 299; Hort. Vind. iii. t. 12 Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 240. Trn. Fl. Nap. t. 101. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 46, 48. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 5. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 9. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 101. Debeaux, Fl. Tohefou, t. 3. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben, t. 20, t. 97, f. 1. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 108. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 138. Presl, Rel. Hænk. t. 31, f. 1, t. 32, f. 1. Saund. Ref. Bot. t. 240. Fcnzl, in Denkschr, Akad, Wiss. Wien, viii, t. 1, 2.

SOROSTACHYS, Sleud. Syn. Glum. ii. 71, est C. pulchellus, Br. (C. sorostachys, Bosckel. in Linnsea, xxxv. 588), species vix a C. leucocephalo, Retz, distincts, spiculis in capitulum globesum confertis Kyllingam simulantibus.

GALILEA, Parlat. Fl. Palerm. i. 297, Fl. Ital. ii. 45, est C. agyptiacus, Glox. Obs. Bot. 20, t. 3 (Schanus mucronatus, Linn., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 286, f. 680, Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 70), a Parlatore generice distinctus est stylo plano et gluma inferiore vacua ceteris longiore. Stylum tonuem tamen vidimus vix magis complanatum quam in speciebus pluribus sectionis Juncelli, et bractea spiculam subtendens glumiformis est, nec gluma infera ceteris major. Hec species ceterum Eucyperum cum Juncello quodammodo connectit. Nucis facies interior lata plana, exterior obtusangula fere Juncelli sed stylus constanter 3-fidus videtur. C. sinensis, Debeaux, Fl. Tchefou, 141, t. 2, videtur C. agyptiaci varietas v. species annua ei valde affinis.

ROBARTIA, Jinn. Fl. Zeyl. 17, Lam. Illustr. t. 40, est Cyperi species C. arenario, Retz, affinis, quam Linnæus serius cum Moræa spathacea, Thunb. (Bobartia, Ker), confusit.

4. Papyrus. Spiculæ & floræ, complanatæ v. subteretes, glumis navicularibus v. concavis, rhachillæ foveolis v. angulis membrana hyalina a gluma superiore decurrente marginatis, membrana sæpe demum decidua squamiformi. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux æqualiter 3-quetra v. rarius a dorso depressa. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 75, 76. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 281 ad 283. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 296, 297. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 97. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 7, f. 2, t. 8. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 207, 208. Parlat. in Mem. Pres. Acad. Sc. Par. xii. t. 1, 2. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 44, 45. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 97, f. 2. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 139, 140. A. Rich. Fl. Nouv. Zel. t. 17. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 186, 137. Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii, i. t. 3 (Papyrus).

Papprus, Willd. in Abhandl. Acad. Wiss. Berl. 1812-13, 70, genus prius ad Cyperum Papyrum, Linn., stabilitum, a Kunthio Neesio auctoribusque pluribus pro genere v. sectione ad species Cyperi extensum fuit, quibus membranæ hyalinæ ad margines foveolorum rhachillæ spiculæ deciduæ sunt, et pro squamellis distinctis descriptæ, et species ubi persistunt in Eucypero retinuerunt, sed character quam maxime incertus est, et variat in eadem spicula, et Cyperus rotundus cum affinibus jam ad sectionem Papyrum referuntur in Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 278.

Borabora, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 71, est Mariscus macrophyllus, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Bot. 179, t. 33, rite ad Cyperum a Bæckelero, in Linnæa, xxxvi. 376, refertur, sed potius ad sect. Papyrum quam ad Mariscum pertinere videtur, nam spiculas invenimus semper 3-4-floras ut a Brongniartio descriptas et delineatas, nec 1-floras ut a Steudelio et Bæckelerio dicuntur. Species est statura et inflorescentia insignis, C. ligulari, Linn., subaffinis. Mariscum appendiculatum, Brongn. l. c. 178, t. 34, ab ipso C. ligulari distinguere nequimus.

Hydroscherus, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Pl. Zoll. 95, planta javanica paludosa a nobis non visa, est ex descriptione verisimiliter Cyperi species C. dubio, Rottb., affinis. Flores inferiores spiculæ fæminei dicuntur staminodiis elongatis, annon potius hermaphroditi filamentis demum elongandis antheris delapsis?

- 5. Diclidium. Spiculæ 1- $\infty$ -floræ, angustissimæ, toretes v. subteretes, glumis distantibus angustis erectis appressis, rhachilla sæpe flexuosa, alis hyalinis nuces amplectentibus. Stylus 3-fidus. Nux æqualiter 3-quetra. Post anthesin spiculæ rhachilla sæpe prope basin articulatim delabitur, stipitem brevem in rhachi spicæ ut in Kyllinga relinquens. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 20, 21. Diclidium, Schrad. ex Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 51, t. 1, 2. Torulinium. Desv. in Hamilt. Prod. Pl. Ind. Occid. 15.
- 6. Mariscus. Spiculæ parvæ, numerosæ, teretes v. subteretes, 1-2-floræ, ut in Kyllinga sæpius articulatim deciduæ stipitem brevem relinquentes, sed gluma florens, cæteris major, inferne tantum obtegit rhachillæ acumen v. glumam alteram florentem semper plus minus exsertam, et spicularum spicæ plures irregulariter umbellatæ, nec in capitulo sessiles v. solitariæ. Jacq. lc. Rar. t. 300 (Kyllinga). Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 55 (Kyllinga). Anders. in Eugen. Resa, Bot. t. 13. Mariscus, Vahl, Enum. ii. 372. Adupla, Bose. in Jaume St. Hil. Expos. Fam. Nat. i. 65.

OPETIOLA, Gærtn. Fruct. i. 14, t. 2, ab Endlichero at videtur rite ad Cyperum quemdam e sectione Marisci relata est, spiculis in specimine delineato omnibus delapsis callum in rhachi spicæ relinquentibus, quod a Gærtnero pro fructu descriptum est.

2. Eyllinga, Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. 12, t. 4. (Kyllingia, auct. plur.)—Spiculæ parvæ, flore unico hermaphrodito, addito interdum altero parvo masculo v. rarius hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3 v. 4, distichæ, infima parva vacua, 2 majores aquales v. inæquales, florem & cum v. absque alterum parvum & rarius & v. rudimentarium glumamque minimam includentes. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud

incrassatus, sæpius deciduus; rami stigmatosi 2, filiformes. Nux sessilis, complanata, glumis majoribus arcte inclusa, quibuscum maturitate decidua, rhachilla spiculæ articulata stipitem brevem in rhachi spicæ relinquente; rarius nuces perfectæ 2, glumis tamen majoribus arcte inclusæ.—Herbæ perennes rhizomate repente v. rarius annuæ, caulibus sæpius tenuibus. Folia ad basin caulis conferta v. in una specie ad vaginas breves reducta. Spiculæ minimæ, numerosissimæ, in spicas breves oblongas v. globosas densissime confertæ. Spicæ v. capitula e spicis 3-5 sessilibus composita, terminalia, intra bracteas 2-4 lineares foliaceas inæquales sessilia.

Species enumeratæ fere 60, vix tamen ultra 20 bene distinguendæ, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 127. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 66. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxv. 403. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 8, 31. Jacq. Hort. Vind. t. 97 (Scirpus).

Spiculæ rhachillæ pars infra articulationem persistens stipitiformis a Bæcklero discu: dicitur, eadem in Cyperis nonnullis imprimis sectionis Marisci observatur; Kyllinga his valde affinis, distinguitur tamen flore secundo dum adsit v. gluma terminali vacua intra glumas majores arcte inclusa, nec ut in Marisco exserta.

3. Courtoisia, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 286.—Spiculæ plano-compressæ, flore unico hermaphrodito, addito rarius altero parvo imperfecto. Glumæ 2, membranaceæ, complicatæ, naviculares, carina ad medium v. altius alata, exterior vacua interiorem vix minorem florentem amplectens. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux glumis inclusa quibuscum decidua, oblongo-fusiformis, acute 3-quetra, basi apiceque acuta, erostris, lævis.—Herba cæspitosa, 1-2-pedalis, aspectu Cyperum assimilem, Hochst., referens. Folia ad basin caulis elongata, angusta, flaccida. Umbella terminalis, irregulariter composita, bracteis exterioribus longe foliaceis involucrata, radiis numerosis valde inæqualibus, exterioribus umbelluliferis. Spiculæ parvæ, in capitulis subglobosis ad apices radiorum pluribus numerosæ, sessiles, singulæ bractea membranacea hyalina subtensæ.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 127. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 71. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxv. 434. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1341.

Gluma exterior ab auctoribus descripta est potius bractea spiculam subtendens, et post spiculam fructiferam delapsam semper in receptaculo seu rhachi communi persistit.

4. Andretrichum, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 176, t. 32, sub Abildgaardia. (Comostemum, Nees in Linnaa, ix. 283, pro parte.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ distichæ, naviculares, carinatæ, angustæ, 1 v. 2 inferiores vacuæ paullo majores. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3, filamentis post anthesin longissime accretis crispis comam longe exsertam formantibus. Stylus basi minute bulbiformis, cum ovario subarticulatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 longe filiformibus. Nux angusta, æqualiter 3-quetra.—Herba perennis, rhizomate repente, caulibus longis junciformibus aphyllis prope basin vaginis pluribus fuscis obtectis. Umbella terminalis, irregularis, vaginis paucis rigide paleaceis spathiformibus involucrata, radiis pluribus interdum numerosis valde inæqualibus. Spiculæ ad apices radiorum in capitula densa globosa plus minus composita confertæ, coma filamentorum spiculis ipsis 2-3-plo longiore. Nuces minimæ.

Species 1, Brasiliæ australis et reipublicæ Argentinæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 250. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 105. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvi. 415 (Comostomum). Fenzl in Denkschr. Akad. Wiss. Wien. viii. t. 3 (quosd analysin male).

Genus a Brongniartio l. c. charactere optimo indicatum, serius a Neesio sub nomine *Comostemi* propositum charactere imperfecto, et auctor cum specie typica infauste junxit *Cyperum prolixum*, H. B. et K., tam habitu quam characteribus longe alienum.

5. Dulichium, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 65.—Spiculæ angustæ, compressiusculæ, multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ distichæ, naviculares, carinatæ, infima vacua, cæteris omnibus florentibus, rhachillæ foveolis membrana a glumis decurrente angustissime marginatis. Setæ hypogynæ sæpius 8, 1-seriatæ, longæ, rigidæ, retrorsum barbellatæ. Stamina 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi vix incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux stipitata, oblonga, compressa, styli basi acuminata.—Caules e rhizo-

mate repente simplices, supra medium foliati et florentes, foliis inferioribus plerisque ad vaginas breves reductis. Spiculæ longiusculæ, plures in spica laxa distichæ, sessiles, spicis secus caulem pluribus, omnibus axillaribus, pedunculis communibus e vaginis non exsertis. Folia floralia seu bracteæ foliaceæ sub spicis iis longiora. Bracteæ sub spiculis glumis similes.

Species 1, boreali-Americana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 329. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 2. Backel. in Linnæa, xxxvi. 414. Ell. Bot. S. Carol. et Georg. t. 2.

Genus quoad spiculas Cypero (Papyro) affine; setis hypogynis distat et habitus peculiaris.

6. **Meleceharis**, R. Br. Prod. 224 (Eleocharis).—Spiculæ pluri-sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, exteriores 1 rarius 2 minores vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ sæpius 6, sed variant 3-8 v. rarissime omnino desunt. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus supra basin bulboso-incrassatam persistentem tenuis, continuus, demum deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus. Nux nunc obovoidea v. subglobosa 3-costata, nunc compressa v. 2-convexa, costis 2 marginalibus, basi persistente styli conica v. depressa coronata.—Caules cæspitosi v. e rhizomate repente erecti, simplices, aphylli, vagina longa appressa et sæpe vaginis nonnullis exterioribus basi stipati. Spicula terminalis, solitaria, erecta, exinvolucrata, nisi gluma extima vacua (v. bractea glumiformi) interdum cæteris paullo majore stipata; rarissime in specimine casu prolifero spicula altera evolvitur.

Species enumeratæ ultra 80, plures tamen inter se ægre distinguendæ, per regiones tropicas et temperatas utriusque orbis imprimis in locis uliginosis v. aquaticis latissime dispersæ, etiam ad terras arcticas extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 139. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 75. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvi. 418. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 290.

Genus habitu et styli basi distincte dilatata haud male definitum, etsi species nonnullæ sectionis Scirpidii ad Scirpi sectionem Bæothryon prope accedant; in sectiones 3 sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Limnochloa. Spicula cylindracea, sæpius majuscula, glumis sæpius numerosis obtusis vix carinatis rigidulis margine hyalinis. Nucis rostrum sæpius depresso-conicum. Caules sæpe elati, interdum septis transversis nodulosi. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 15, f. 1, 2 (Scirpus). Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 231 (Scirpus). Limnochloa, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 294.
- 2. Scirpidium. Spicula cylindracea, obtusa v. superne acutata, quam in Limnochloa sæpius minor. Glumæ dorso carinatæ v. linea centrali notatæ. Nucis rostrum breviter conicum, sæpe a latere compressum. Caules nunc elati fere Limnochloæ, glumis numerosissimis augustis, nunc tenuiores spiculis augustis iis sect. sequentis accedentes. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 55, 56, 60 (Scirpus). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 294, 295. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 18 et 19 (Eleocharis et Scirpidium). Del. Fl. Eg. t. 6, f. 2. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 71, f. 3. Scirpidium, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 293.
- 3. Heleogenus. Spicula ovoideo-conica v. parva pauciflora. Glumæ dorso carinatæ v. linea viridi notatæ. Nucis rostrum breve, depressum. Caules tenues, humiles, interdum fluitantes v. filiformes. Spiculæ sæpius parvæ. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 15, f. 3 (Scirpus). C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 71, f. 1, 2. Chætocyperus, Necs in Linnæa, ix. 289, et Eleogenus, Necs, l. c. 294.

LIMNOCHIOA, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyp. 41, includit species Heleocharitis varias e diversis sectionibus stylo 3-fido.

7. Dichromena, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 37. (Dichroma, Pers. Syn. i. 57.)—Spiculæ ovoideæ, obtusæ v. vix acuminatæ, floribus pluribus sæpius numerosis, inferioribus v. fere omnibus hermaphroditis, superioribus interdum masculis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, obtusæ, sæpe albidæ, omnes florentes v. infima vacua. Setæ 0. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus basi incrassatus, persistens, superne tenuis, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux obovata v. oblonga, sæpe transverse rugosa, styli basi lata indurata rostrata.—Herbæ perennes, caulibus foliatis. Spiculæ sæpius plures, in capitulo terminali sessiles, rarius 3-5 brevissime pedicellatæ v. solitariæ. Bracteæ exteriores nunc foliaceæ 2 v. 3 elongatæ basi albidæ, nunc brevissimæ.

Species ad 8, Americæ borealis et australis tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 274, quoad sect. 1. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 134.

Genus Scirpeas cum Rhynchosporeis arcte connectit. Nuces parvæ, sæpius numerosæ Scirpearum.

sed flores superiores masculi videntur. Bæckeler in Linnæa, xxxvii. 526, species omnes in Rhynchospora includit. Kunth Dichromenam a Rhynchospora distinxit setarum deficientia et in genere inclusit Haloschænum, Nees, tam habitu et inflorescentia quam spicularum forma et structura valde diversum. Asteroschænus, Nees (infra sub Rhynchospora), Dichromenæ accedit bracteis involucrantibus elongatis basi albis, sed spiculæ omnino Rhynchosporæ, angustæ acuminatæ sæpius monocarpicæ, et stylus indivisus.

In specie a Spruceo ad flumen Atabapo prope Maypures Venezuelæ lecta sub n. 3708, caulis brevissimus undique dense foliatus, folius stellato-patentibus, floralibus involucrantibus similibus nisi brevioribus basi albis characteribus floralibus omnino Dickromenæ.

8. Psilocarya, Torr. in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iii. 359.—Spiculæ ovoideo-conicæ, multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, omnes florentes v. infima vacua. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina sæpius 2, interdum 3. Stylus basi v. ad medium induratus, plus minus incrassatus persistensque, superne tenuis, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux late obovoidea, compressa, margine 2-costata, styli basi persistente sæpe elongata rostrata.—Herbæ cæspitosæ, annuæ (v. perennes ?), caulibus foliatis, foliis gramineis. Spiculæ corymbulosæ, rhachi communi inflorescentiæ sæpe breviter producta, corymbi densi v. laxi subcompositi, terminales v. in axillis longe pedunculati. Glumæ fuscescentes v. rarius pallidæ.

Species nobis note 4, quarum 3 America borealis incolm, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 150; quarta Cubensis (Soirpus corymbiformis, Wright in Sauv. Fl. Cub. 176).

Genus Fumbristyli affine, ob inflorescentiam et nucis rostrum quam in Helcocharite longius ab A. Grayio Rhynchosporo adjunctum, a qua differt spicularum multiflorarum forma, glumis omnibus florentibus. Species Mexicanæ et austro-Americanæ a Neesio et Liebmanno descriptæ pleræque ad Rhynchosporam (Haloschænum) pertinent. P. candida, Nees, potius ad Dichromenam referenda.

9. Fimbristylis, Vahl, Enum. ii. 285.—Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis v. summo rarius imperfecto. Glumæ undique imbricatæ v. rarius distichæ, infimæ 1-2 rarius 3 vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus basi plus minus incrassatus, basi bulbiformi v. conica cum stylo decidua v. (in sect. Oncostyli) diu persistente; ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus. Nux obovoidea globosa v. compressa, 3-quetra v. 2-convexa, basi sæpe valde contracta.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, cæspitosæ, sæpe tenues v. humiles, rarius elatæ nec unquam staturam Scirporum majorum attingentes. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, graminea v. filiformia, rarius ad vaginas membranaceas reducta. Inflorescentia terminalis, sæpius irregulariter umbellata, umbella simplex v. sæpius plus minus composita, rarius in capitulum densum sessile contracta v. ad spiculam unicam v. paucas reducta. Spiculæ in radiis primariis v. ultimis solitariæ v. rarius capitato-congestæ. Bracteæ exteriores minimæ v. inflorescentia breviores, rarius foliaceæ inflorescentiam excedentes.

Species editæ ad 300, verisimiliter vix 200 retinendæ, per orbem terrarum late dispersæ, imprimis in regionibus tropicis numerosæ, in temperatis paucæ, in frigidis desunt. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 220. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 106. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 2. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 298.

Genus pro maxima parte naturale et characteribus certis distinguendum, adsunt tamen species paucæ, præsertim inter monostachyas *Scirpo* (*Isolepidi*) prope accedentes v. a *Heleocharite* vix nisi setarum absentia distinguendæ. In sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

1. Heleocharoides. Spicula solitaria, terminalis, erecta v. nutans. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Stylus 2-fidus v. 3-fidus, basi bulbiformi decidua. Species fere omnes Asiaticæ v. Australienses, interdum Heleocharitis v. Isolepidis speciebus tenuibus accedentes, sed styli basis semper decidua et folia (seepius filiformia) adsunt, nunc ad basin caulis, nunc inter scapos aphyllos cæspitosa.

MISCHOSPORA, Backel. in Flora, 1860, 113, est F. cylindrocarpa, Wall.

2. Abildgaardia. Spiculæ erectæ, solitariæ v. paucæ, compressæ v. angustæ. Glumæ distichæ v. 2-3-seriatim spirales, interdum irregulares. Stylus vulgo 3-fidus, basi bulbiformi decidua. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 13, f. 3 (Cyperus). Abildgaardia, Vahl, Enum. ii. 296. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 247. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 72. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 51. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 86. Oliu. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 109.

Genus ab auctoribus plerisque admissum, quoad speciem typicam A. monostachyam, Vahl, bene distinctum videtur glumis distichis paleaceis in spicula plana latiuscula, sed in speciminibus nonnullis imprimis Americanis dispositio glumarum minus regularis et in speciebus nonnullis gerontogeis imprimis Australiensibus gluma irregulariter spirales, hinc inde tantum disticha et genus jam a Hasskarlio, F. Muellero aliisque cum Fimbristyle junctum. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 307.

Gussonea, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 183, t. 33. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 34, species 2, altera Californica (?) altera Moluccana, ob glumas subdistichas Abildgaardiæ relatæ, habitum et inflorescentiam Fimbristylium typicarum ostendunt.

3. Dichelostylis. Spiculæ plures, sæpius numerosæ, laxe v. rarius dense umbellatæ, nec capitatæ nec fasciculatæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Stylus 2-fidus, basi bulbiformi decidua. Nux 2-convexa, lævis v. rugosa nec tuberculata. Species nonnullæ latissime dispersæ, una etiam in Europa obvia. Rottb. Descr. et Io. Pl. t. 13, f. 1, t. 17, f. 6 (Scirpus). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 315. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 9. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 50 (Scirpus). Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 6, f. 3.

Pogonostylis, Bertol. Fl. Ital. i. 312, est F. (Dichelostylis) squarrosa, Vahl, species humilis, styli bulbo basi pilis longis supra ovarium refloxis fimbriato. Huic affinis sed bene distincta est F. velata, R. Br. ex Australia.

- F. dichotoma, Vahl (Scirpus annuus, All.), cui stylus vulgo 2-fidus a Hostio, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 63, stylo trifido delineatur.
- 4. Trichelostylis. Spiculæ paucæ v. numerosæ, varie umbellatæ capitatæ v. fasciculatæ, rarissime ad unam reductæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ. Stylus sæpissime 3-fidus, basi bulbiformi decidua. Species numerosæ, tropicæ v. subtropicæ imprimis Asiaticæ v. Australienses. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 5, f. 2, t. 17, f. 3 (Scirpus). Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 19 (Cyperus). TRICHELOSTYLIS, Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyp. 40.
- 5. Oncostylis. Spiculæ depresso-capitatæ subcymosæ v. laxe irregulariterque umbellatæ, rarius solitariæ. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, interdum paucæ. Stylus 3-fidus, basi bulbiformi sæpius parva diuque in nucem persistente. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 17, f. 4 (Scirpus). Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 22 (Scirpus). Oncostylis, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 80. Sectio a Kunthio aliisque ad Scirpum relata ob styli basin sæpius persistentem, sed habitus omnino Fimbristylis nec Scirpi, et, ut monet A. Gray, styli basis distincte bulbiformis et demum haud raro decidua. Species tamen paucæ monostachyæ Americanæ, glumis floribusque numerosissimis, Fimbristylem cum Scirpo (Isolepide) arcte connectunt.

LEPTOSCHENUS, Nees in Hook. Journ. Bot. ii. 393, est Scirpus Schomburgkianus, Beckel. in Linnæs, xxxvi. 757, species sectionis Oncostylis, F. capillari, A. Gr., valde affinis, nisi ejusdem forma subprolifera. Setæ hypogynæ interdum nec semper adsunt minutæ.

ECHINOLYTRUM, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808) 20, t. 1, est Scirpus dipsaceus, Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 12, f. 1, ab auctoribus Isolepidi relatus, sed stylus certe basi bulbiformis, bulbo nunc cum stylo deciduo nunc persistente. Species est insignis, humillima, densissime multicaulis, umbella simplici, spiculis parvis globosis v. oblongis, glumis numerosissimis squarrosis, nucibus compressis margine sæpius subtiliter glochidiatis.

10. Pentastiena, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. 1862, ii. 330.—Spiculæ multifloræş angustæ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ quinquefariam imbricatæ,
carinatæ, acuminatæ, omnes florentes v. infima vacua. Setæ hypogynæ 6, retrorsum
ciliolatæ. Stamina 3 Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3
filiformibus. Nux stipitata, acute 3-quetra, styli basi persistente coronata.—Herba cæspitosa, caulibus numerosis strictis acute 3-quetris foliatis. Foliorum lamina rigidula sæpe
vagina sua brevior. Spiculæ fere 5-angulatæ, fasciculatæ, in fasciculo terminali 3-9,
additis fasciculis nonnullis 1-5-stachyis, ad axillas superiores breviter pedunculatis.
Bracteæ brevissimæ, sæpius setaceo-acuminatæ, una interdum sub fasciculo terminali
spiculas subæquans.

Species 1, Africa tropica et Madagascaria incola. Furena stricta, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 128, Bockel. in Linna, xxxvii. 99. Planta habitu quodammodo Fuirena glomerata accedit, sed multo affinior videtur Fimbristyli et Scirpo, genus tamen ab omnibus bene distinctum. Turczaninow (mendo typographico?) achenium tripartitum (loco triquetrum?) dixit.

11. Scirpus, Linn. Gen. n. 67.—Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi- floræ, floribus osanibus hermaphroditis v. summo rarius masculo. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, omnes florentes v. infima vacua. Setæ hypogynæ dum adsint 3-8, sæpius 6, setulis minutis retrorsum v.

rarius sursum ciliatæ, v. in squamellas plumosas complanatæ, v. in sect. Isolepide sæpissime desunt. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi v. haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus. Nux obovoidea globosa 3-quetra v. complanata, sessilis v. rarius stipitata, apice nuda v. styli basi minute tuberculiformi coronata, varie striata foveolata v. lævis.—Herbæ nunc parvæ annuæ cæspitosæ v. tenues fluitantesque, nunc elatæ validæ perennes rhizomate repente. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, nunc longissima, nunc parva graminea, v. omnia ad vaginas solas reducta. Inflorescentia nunc specie lateralis spiculis solitariis v. paucis fasciculatis sessilibus v. in umbella paucis inæqualiter pedicellatis, bractea infima erecta caulem ultra inflorescentiam continuante, nunc more Cyperi terminalis, composita, bracteis inferioribus inæqualiter elongatis foliaceis involucrata, v. rarius spicula unica, erecta, terminalis, bracteam subtendentem superans.

Species editæ ad 300, sed numerus valde reducendus et verisimiliter vix 200 retinendæ, per orbem terrarum latissime dispersæ, in locis humidis paludosis v. etiam in aquis stagnantibus frequentes, nec in Alpinis v. Arcticis Antarcticisque desunt. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 157 et 187 (Isolepis). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 83 et 90 (Isolepis). Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvi. 475 et 691 (excl. sect. Oncostylis). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 322.

Genera ab auctoribus pluribus 2 admissa: Isolepis setis hypogynis 0, et Scirpus setis 3-6, pro maxima parte sat naturalia sunt, prius a Fimbristyle, id a Heleocharite distinctum, imprimis stylo basi non bulboso-incrassato; character tamen in speciebus nonnullis valde incertus, et Grayium Bockelerum aliosque secuti sumus genus in integrum servando, quod in sectiones sequentes dividimus, omnes jam a nonnullis pro generibus propriis propositis.

- 1. Beothryon. Spicula 1, terminalis, bractea spiculam non superante ut in Heleocharite, sed styli basis cum ovario continua angusta nec bulbiformis. Setæ hypogynæ sæpius 6. Habitus fere Heleocharitis sect. Scirpidium. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 296, 297, 299, 300. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 58, 59. More in Seem. Journ. Bot. 1868, t. 85. Bæothryon, Ehrh. Beitr. iv. 147 (nomen); A. Dietr. Spec. Pl. ii. 89; Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 17.
- 2. Nemum. Spicula 1, terminalis, bractea spiculam non superante. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, totus deciduus. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Spicula in caule tenui erecta, spadicea, a spica Trifolii spadicei primo aspectu haud absimilis. Species 1 Indiæ occidentalis? et Africæ tropicæ occidentalis incola (specimina Africana sola vidimus). Nemum, Desv. in Hamilt. Prod. Pl. Ind. Occid. 13. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 220. Species glumis membranaceis spadiceis persistentibus distinctissima, vix tamen a Scirpo generice separanda, cui adjunxit Bæckeler.
- 3. Isolepis. Setæ hypogynæ 0 v. rarissime paucæ parvæ. Herbæ sæpius tenues, spiculis 1-3 parvis sessilibus, rarius elatæ inflorescentia composita. Bractea inflma erecta, inflorescentiam quasi lateralem sæpissime excedens, caulem continuans. Rottb. Descr. et Ic. Pl. t. 8, f. 3, t. 15, f. 4, 5, 6, t. 17, f. 2, 5. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 64, 65. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 298, 301, 302. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 6, f. 1. Thou, Melanges, t. 7. Jacq. Fl. Austr. t. 448. Rudge in Trans. Linn. Soc. x. t. 15, f. 2. Isolepis, R. Br. Prod. 221; Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 10. Oliv. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 107. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. t. 50; Fl. Tasm. t. 143 ad 145. A. Rich. Fl. Nouv. Zel. t. 18. Berggr. Ny. Zeal. Fanerog. t. 5. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 70.

DICHOSTYLIS, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 39, non Nees, genus propositum fuit ad Isolepides Brownianas stylo bifido.

Eleogiton, Link. Hort. Berol. Descr. i. 284, Nees, Gcn. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 12, est genus ab auctore propositum pro speciebus paucis Isolepidis spicula solitaria terminali a bractea non superata.

HOLOSCHERUS, Link. Hort. Berol. Descr. i. 293; Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 11; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 316 ad 318, est S. Holoschænus, Linn., Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 62 cum specie affini, inflorescentia composita, spiculis parvis dense globoso-capitatis, insignis, sed characteres omnino Isolepidis.

- S. Lawianus, Bœckel., e peninsula Indiæ Orientalis, nobis videtur Fimbristylis species, ubi collocavit Law.
- 4. Desmoschanus. Setæ hypogynæ ut in Isolepide 0, sed sp'culæ ovoideo-globosæ, in linea longa 1-laterali subspirali secus caulom 2-3-seriatim confertæ, arcte sessiles, bracteis foliaceis longe adnatis inflorescentiam semi-amplectentibus, lamina patente. Species 1 Novo-Zelandica. A. Rich. Fl., Nouv. Zel. t. 19 (Isolepis). Desmoschanus, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 271. Anthophyllum, Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. ii. 160, spiculis errore 1-floris dictis.

5. Schanoplectus, Reichb. Setæ hypogynæ sæpissime 3-8. Caules sæpius validi, inflorescentia pseudolaterali, spiculis paucis sessilibus confertis v. pluribus irregulariter umbellatis, bractea extima erecta caulem continuante. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 61, 66, iv. t. 68. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 303 ad 308. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 7, f. 1 et 3. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 139. Elytrospermum, C. A. Mey. in Mem. Sav. Etrang. Acad. Petersb. i. 200, t. 2.

HYMENOCHETE, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 293, non Beauv., est fide Kunthii Scirpus grossus, Linn. HYMENOCHETA, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 43, spiculis in corymbo simplici aggregato-confertis et setis membranaceis longitudine pistilli, est certo planta diversissima, ex auctore vix ab Erio-phoro distincta, cæterum ex charactere manco et patria non data non agnoscenda et genus delendum.

Scirpus semi-subterraneus, Bœckel. in Linnæa, xxxvi. 495 (S. thermalis, Spruce, Pl. Exs. n. 5781, Carex gaimardioides, Em. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 202, t. 73, f. 2), est species Chilensis et Andina, habitu Oreobolo similis, quocum v. cum Gaimardia in eodem cæspite interdum mixta est, sed vera Scirpi species, spiculis 2-3 ad apicem pedunculi in capitulum parvum aggregatis. In specimine a C. Gay accepto nuces jam maturæ sunt, setis filamentisque jam delapsis, sed pauca supersunt, et utriculus a Desvauxio descriptus et delineatus est nucis pericarpium.

Scirpus membranaceus, Thunb., ex Africa australi, Scirpum cum Hypolytro connectit. Spiculæ magnæ, 3-9 in capitulo terminali sossiles, glumis numerosissimis latis margine scarioso laceris arcte imbricatis. Setæ hypogynæ dosunt et in speciminibus Zeyherianis n. 1775 et Burchellianis n. 5645 flores more Isolepidis intra glumam nudi, sed in speciminibus cæterum simillimis n. 3943 squamas hypogynas 2 laterales complicato-carinatas invenimus omnino Hypolytri. Hic numerus Dregei citatur a Steudelio sub genere suo Hellmuthia, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 90, et descriptio quoad habitum inflorescentiam spiculas glumasque convenit, sed flores dicit dioicos. In speciminibus nostris Dregeanis certe hermaphroditi sunt.

Heleophylax, Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyp. 41, est verisimiliter S. lacustris, Linn., ab auctore generice distinctus ob stylum 2-fidum.

MALACHOCHÆTE, Necs in Linnæa, ix. 292; Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 14 (Pterolepis, Schrad. in Gætt. Gelehrt. Anz. 1821, 2071, ex ejusd. Anal. Fl. Cap. 30), genus propositum fuit ad S. littoralem, Schrad., speciesque ei affines S. lacustri similes, sed setæ hypogynæ planæ, plus minus dilatatæ, superne longe plumoso-ciliatæ. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 309.

Dichromena atrosanguinea, Em. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 190, t. 71, est verisimiliter Scirpus tereticulmis, Steud., species Chiloensis S. pungenti, Vahl, affinis. Styli basis sub anthesi vix ovario angustior ut in icone delineatur, in fructu maturo tamen parva remanet vix bulbiformis et cum stylo delabitur. Setæ variant 2-3 v. 0.

- 6. Blysmus. Setæ hypogynæ sæpissime 3-6. Spiculæ plures, distinctæ, ad apicem caulis dense v. subinterrupte spicatæ, socus caulem sessiles, distichæ. Species 2 v. 3 Europeæ v. Asiaticæ, quarum unam legit Lechler etiam in Chile sub n. 2927, spiculis tamen minus regulariter distiche spicatis, quod etiam observatur in Blysmo brevifolio, Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 173, e Himalaya. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 57. Blysmus, Panz. in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. ii. Mant. 41; Link, Hort. Berol. Descr. i. 278. Nomochioa, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 37, non Nees.
- 7. Euscirpus. Sotæ hypogynæ sæpissime 3-6. Inflorescentia terminalis, composita, spiculis paucis Aajusculis v. minoribus numerosis irregulariter paniculata, bracteis exterioribus foliaceis inæqualiter elongatis involucrata. Host, (iram. Austr. ni. t. 67, 68, iv. t. 69. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 310, 313, 314. Nees, Gen. Fl. (icrm. Monocot. ii. n. 15. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 99.
- 8. Androcoma. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Inflorescentia terminalis, composita et decomposita, bracteis exterioribus foliaceis inæqualiter elongatis involucrata. Nux acuminata, cum filamentis post anthesin valde elongatis persistentibus decidua. Species typica Brasiliensis, S. giganteus (Androcoma, Nees in Hook. Journ. Bot. ii. 396), elata est, valida, spiculis numerosissimis majusculis confertis. Blepharolepis, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 91, e Brasilia, Gardner n. 1215, characteres omnino Androcomatis exhibet, nisi statura spiculisque multo minoribus, glumis pilis lanosis fimbriatis.

OXYCARYUM, Ness in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 90, est S. cubensis, Kunth, species per Americam tropicam late diffusa etiam in Africa tropica obvia, habitu et characteribus Blepharolepidi affinis, sed spiculæ in panicula dense globoso-capitatie, filamenta post anthesin vix accrescunt, et nucis pericarpium cartilagineum incrassatur, quare a Bæckelero cum Cyperis nonnullis ad genus Neesianum Anosporum referent.

APLOSTEMON SEU HAPLOSTEMUM, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. 1xxxxx. 105, genus propositum fuit ad species Scirpi floribus 1-andris. DIPLARRHINUS, Rafin., species floribus 2-andris, et DISTICHMUS, Rafin., species floribus 3-andris includit ex Endl. Gen. 119.

12. Eriepherum, Linn. Gen. n. 68. (Linagrostis, Adans. Fam. Pl. ii. 41.)—Spiculse pluri- ssepius multi-florse, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumse undique imbricates, omnes florentes. Setse hypogynes 6 v. co (6 indivisse v. co-partites, Boschel.), filiformes v. complanates, post anthesin longissime excrescentes. Stamina 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux obovoideo-3-quetra, apice basique sæpe attenuata, setis persistentibus cincta.—Herbæ perennes, cæspitosæ, basi foliatæ v. rarius foliis omnibus ad vaginas reductis. Inflorescentia terminalis, spiculis nunc solitariis v. 2-3 capitatis brevissime bracteatis, nunc pluribus simpliciter umbellatis, v. numerosis in panicula decomposita bracteis elongatis foliaceis involucrata.

Species ad 10, Europæ, Asiæ extratropicæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 176. Stoud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 128. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 91.

Genus quoad setas hypogynas in sectiones 2 parum naturales dividitur :--

- 1. Trichophorum, setis 6 tenuissimis longe crispo-flexuosis vix tamen gossypinis. Hic includimus (cum Persoonio) E. alpinum, L., spicula solitaria erecta exinvolucrata, et E. cyperinum, Linn., et E. lineatum, Mich., spiculis in panicula numerosis, bracteis foliaceis elongatis. Hæ species ab auctoribus recentioribus ad Scirpum transferuntur, sed setæ hypogynæ tenues lævesque omnino ut in E. alpino nec rigidulæ barbellatæque Scirpi. S. criniger, A. Gray, tamen in Scirpo retinendus videtur setis rigidulis barbellatis v. ciliolatis non flexuosis. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 40. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 288. Torr. Fl. N. York. t. 140. Teichophorum, Pers. Syn. i. 60.
- 2. Eucriophorum, setis co sæpius numerosissimis (v. ex Bæckelero 6 multipartitis). In E. vaginato, Linn., E. polystachyo, Linn., affinibusque spiculæ solitariæ v. in umbella haud numerosæ et setæ longissimæ copiose gossypinæ sæpiusque candidæ; in E. comoso, Wall., tamen, e Himalaya, habitus fere E. cyperini et setæ, etsi numerosæ, tenues sunt et flexuoso-crispæ ut in Trichophoro. Roichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 289 ad 292. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 37 ad 39, iv. t. 73, 74. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 141.
- 13. Ficinia, Schrad. Anal. Fl. Cap. 43, t. 2. (Hypolepis, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 33, ex char. et ic. cit.)—Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, infima v. rarius 2 v. 3 inferiores vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3. Discus hypogynus cartilagineus, nunc a stipite ovarii distinctus, nunc cupulatus v. tubulosus, margine sæpe dentatus v. breviter lobatus. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3, rarius 2, filiformibus v. abbreviatis, deciduus. Nux 3-quetra v. rarius 2-convexa, apice interdum contracta, cum stipite discoque decidua.—Herbæ sæpius rigidæ. Folia radicalia v. ad basin caulis conferta, nunc elongata graminea v. filiformia, nunc brevia rigidula interdumque obtusa. Spiculæ sæpius terminales, solitariæ v. capitatæ, bracteis exterioribus foliaceis patentibus involucratæ, v. bractea una erecta caulem continuante pseudo-laterales, interdum bracteis pluribus foliaceis patentibus etiam interioribus spiculas superantibus comoso-capitatæ, rarius plures secus caulem laxe spicatæ. Glumæ sæpissime ferrugineo-castaneæ v. nigricantes, rarius pallide virentes.

Species ad 40, omnes Africanæ et perpaucis exceptis australes extratropicæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 251. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 121. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 56. Endl. Atakta, t. 12.

Discus hypogynus a Kunthio rite descriptus, errore a Neesio aliisque perigynium dicitur; semper intra nec extra stamina situs est.

SCHENIDIUM, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 291, est F. lateralis, Kunth, stylo 2-fido, nuce biconvexa, cæterum omnino generi conformis.

MELANCEANIS, Vahl, Enum. ii. 239, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 264, species includit 2, spiculis paucifloris in capitulum ovoideum spiculam unicam simulans confertis, et rite a Bæckelero ad Ficiniam refertur.

SICKMANNIA, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 292, est F. radiata, Kunth, a Vahlio in Melancrane inclusa, species humilis, rigida, capitata, bracteis numerosis rigide foliaceis etiam interioribus spiculas excedentibus insignis. Glumæ etiam rigide acuminatæ et stylus elongatus sæpius brevissime 2-3-fidus.

CHAMMENIPHIUM, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, 102, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 59, species continet 2, alteram Abyssinicam, alteram austro-Africanam, evidenter F. radiate valde affines, sed capitula foliaceo-bracteata inter folia radicalia sessilia fere occulta.

PLEURACHNE, Schrad. Anal. Fl. Cap. 47, t. 4, est F. secunda, Kunth, iisdem notis a cesteris Fioiniis distincta quam Abildgaardia a cæteris Fimbristylibus, glumis 2-seriatis, inferioribus v. fere omnibus distichis. Spiculæ v. spicularum capitula in hac ut in speciebus nonnullis affinibus ad apicem caulis dissita, in spicam secundam disposita sunt.

ACROLEPIS, Schrad. Anal. Fl. Cap. 42, t. 2, f. 5. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 330 (Hypophialium, Ness in Sieb. Agrost. n. 95), quo includit Bæckeler in Linnæa, xxxvii. 89, Ficiniam ramosissimam, Kunth, characteres præbet omnino Ficiniæ, nec differt nisi caule diffuso ramosissimo dense sæpiusque breviter foliato, ramis floriferis brevibus tenuibus et spiculis parvis in capitulo paucis.

14. **Remichisena**, Schrad. in Gætt. Gelehr. Anz. 1821, 2066, ex ejusd. Anal. Fl. Cap. 40, t. 3, f. 1.—Spiculæ ∞-floræ, compressiusculæ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ distichæ, striatæ, carinatæ, infima rarius vacua. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3. Ovarium stipiti crasso plus minus in discum dentatum expanso impositum. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux ovoidea v. oblonga, obtusangula, cum stipite discoque decidua.—Herbæ basi ramosæ diffusæ v. cæspitosæ. Folia longa, angusta, graminea. Spiculæ terminales, solitariæ erectæ v. plures in capitulo sessiles, sæpius longiusculæ, more Ficiniæ fuscescentes v. nigricantes; rhachilla interdum nec semper articulata. Bractea exterior nunc glumiformis, nunc in laminam brevem erectam setiformem producta.

Species 3, Africa australis incolae. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 330. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 1. Backel. in Linnaa, xxxvii. 86.

15. Fuirena, Rotth. Descr. et Ic. Pl. 70, t. 19. f. 3.—Spiculæ pluri- sæpius multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, infimæ 1 rarius 2 vacuæ. Squamellæ hypogynæ 3, latæ, sæpe stipitatæ, membranaceæ v. carnosulæ, interdum cum setis totidem alternantes. Stamina 3. Stylus basi cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux 3-quetra, erostris.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, foliatæ, sæpe pubescentes. Foliorum vaginæ membrana coronatæ. Spiculæ fasciculatæ, pubescentes v. hirsutæ, fasciculis terminalibus v. in axillis superioribus breviter pedunculatis paniculam irregularem angustam formantibus, v. paucis distantibusque.

Species ennmerate ultra 30, sed verisimiliter infra 20 reducendæ, per regiones tropicas subtropicas que utrius que orbis late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 180. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 125. Bæckel. in Linnaa, xxxvii. 98. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 10 (Scurpus). Oliv. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 108 B.

VAGINARIA, Pers. Syn. i. 70, est F. scirpoidea, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 38, t. 7, a Persoonio generice distincta ob setas hypogynas squamellis æquilongas, quod interdum observatur in F. squarrosa aliisque. Bæckeler squamellas hypogynas staminodia nuncupat, sed semper vidimus setis dum adsint elternas, in serie staminibus exteriore.

16. **Hemicarpha**, Nees in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. xvii. 263; et in Wight, Contrib. Bot. Ind. 70.—Spiculæ parvæ, subglobosæ, dense multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ numerosissimæ, undique imbricatæ, omnes florentes v. infimæ vacuæ. Squama hypogyna 1, minuta, diaphana, rarius dimidium ovarii attingens, sæpe 2-fida v. 2-dentata, interdum omnino ovanida. Stamen 1. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, tenuis, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux basi parum contracta, obovoideo-oblonga, compressiuscula, erostris.—Herbæ pusillæ, cæspitosæ, habitu fere Scirpi (Isolepidis) setacei, Linn. Folia tenuia. Spiculæ minimæ, sessiles, sæpius ternæ, specie laterales, bractea tenui erecta caulem continuante.

Species 2, per regiones tropicas subtropicasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. t. 4.

Genus quasi medium tenet inter Scirpum (Isolepidem) et Lipocarpham; habitus prioris quacum junxit Bæckeler in Linnæa, xxxvi. 498, 499. Squamella hypogyna ab hoc auctore staminodium dicitur, sed ad seriem exteriorem pertinere videtur et sæpe 2-fida est. In speciminibus siecis difficillime observatur.

17. Lipecarpha, R. Br. App. Tuckey, Congo, 459.—Spiculæ parvæ, globosæ v. oblongæ, densissime multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ numerosissimæ, undique imbricatæ, omnes florentes v. infima vacua. Squamæ hypogynæ 2, glumæ parallelæ, hyalinæ, ovario æquilongæ v. longiores. Stamina 1-2. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, tenuis, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3. Nux anguste oblonga, compressa, obtusa v. acuta, erostris, inter squamas hypogynas persistentes inclusa.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes. Folia ad basin caulis conferta. Spiculæ sæpius 3-5 in capitulo terminali sessiles, rarius solitariæ, bracteis exterioribus paucis foliaceis valde inæqualibus involucratæ.

Species 6 v. 7, per regiones tropicas subtropicasque utriusque orbis dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 266. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 129. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 114. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 336.

Genus olim *Hypolytro* inclusum, sed squamellæ hypogynæ setas v. squamellas hypogynas planas *Scirpi* referunt; laterales complicatæ carinatæ *Hypolytri* desunt.

#### TRIBUS II. HYPOLYTREÆ.

18. Ascolepis, Nees in Herb. Un. Itin. n. 1644; Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 105, proparte. (Platylepis, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 269, non A. Rich.)—Spiculæ depressæ globosæ v. subovoideæ, multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ tenuiter paleaceæ v. subhyalinæ, angustæ, sub squamellis sæpe occultæ, omnes florentes v. inferiores perpaucæ vacuæ. Squamella hypogyna e duabus lateralibus complicatis connatis composita, plana v. basi crassa, glumam excedens, subtus integra, supra longitudinaliter aperta florem includens. Setæ 0. Stamina 3 v. 2. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus. Nux squamella inclusa, stipitata, oblonga, plano-compressa v. 3-quetra.—Herbæ perennes, cæspitosæ. Folia angusta sæpe filiformia, ad basin caulis conferta, vaginis laxe membranaceis v. rigidule fuscis. Spiculæ terminales, nunc solitariæ depressæ v. subglobosæ, nunc more Kyllingæ 3-5 arcte sessiles, ovoideæ v. globosæ, candidæ pallide fuscescentes v. fere aureæ. Bracteæ foliaceæ sub inflorescentia 2-3, patentes, valde inæquales, angustæ.

Species ad 6, Africæ tropicæ et australis incolæ, quarum una etiam in America australi orientali tropica v. extratropica haud rara. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 119. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 131. Genus squamellis glumas ab auctoribus sæpe prætervisas excedentibus distinctissimum, formas tres præbet, quæ tamen non generice separandæ videntur:—

- 1. Euascolepis. Spiculæ solitariæ, depresso-globosæ, interdum squamellis numerosissimis majoribus radiantibus fere bellidiformes. Squamellæ basi concavæ, florem foventes at vix includentes. Stylus variat 2-3-fidus. Species plures Africanæ tropicæ. Welw. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvii. 74, t. 24. Oliv. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 110.
- 2. Platylepis. Spiculæ solitariæ, depresso-globosæ, candidæ, fere Euascolepidis, sed squamellæ plano-compressæ florem fere omnino includentes, rima aperta angusta. Stylus 2-fldus. Species 1, austro-Africana. Huc etiam pertinere videtur Lyprolæpis, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 130, e fl. Gaboon Africæ occidentalis.
- 3. Kyllingoides. Spiculæ sæpius 3 v. 5, ovoideæ v. subglobosæ, in capitulum sessile arcte confertæ. Squamæ Platylepidis. Stylus 2-fidus. Species 1, Africana et Americana. Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. t. 4 (Platylepis).
- 19. Eypelytrum, Rich. in Pers. Syn. i. 70. (Hypælyptum, Vahl, Enum. ii. 283, pro parte, nomine Richardiano hand rite transcripto ex Lestib. Beera, Reauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 43. Hypelytrum, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 327. Tunga, Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Car. et Wall. i. 187. Albikia, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 184, t. 34, 35.)—Spiculæ pluri- sæpe multi-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, inferioribus nonnullis minoribus vacuis. Flores complanati. Squamæ hypogynæ 2, laterales, complicatæ, carina acuta sæpius ciliata, interiores planæ setæque 0. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus.

Nux dura, obtusangula v. compressa, erostris (v. ex Kunthio basi styli spongiosa rostrata), lævis v. irregulariter rugosa.—Herbæ perennes, sæpius validæ, caule foliato. Spiculæ sæpius numerosæ, in paniculam irregulariter corymbosam rhachi communi breviter producta rarius in fasciculum densum contractam dispositæ. Bracteæ involucrantes elongatæ, inæquales, foliaceæ.

Species ad 25, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis late diffusæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 269. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 131. Bæckel. in Lınnæa, xxxvii. 120. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 338. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 67. Bot. Mag. t. 6282.

H. pungens, Kunth, cum specie affini, utraque e Guiana v. Brasilia boreali, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 23 (Scirpus), a cæteris differunt squamellis hypogynis alte (nec usque ad apicem ut in Ascolepide) connatis florem omnino includentibus. H. micranthum, Bæckel., e Brasilia boreali, insigne est pedunculis ex axillis inferioribus scapiformibus tenuibus quam folia brevioribus, spiculis perpaucis v. solitariis erectis. In specie Africana, Barter, n. 1575, pedunculi v. scapi pariter ex axillis inferioribus folio brevioribus, sed rigiduli apice more generis ∞-stachyi. De Hellmuthia, Steud., characteribus fere Hypolytri, confer supra sub Scurpo.

20. Diplasia, Rich. in Pers. Syn. i. 70.—Spiculæ multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis v. nonnullis abortu masculis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, inferiores paucæ vacuæ. Flores complanati. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales complicatæ carina ciliata, 2 interiores planæ glumæ parallelæ. Setæ 0. Stamina 6-8. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, tenuis sed complanatus, ramis stigmatosis 2 elongatis. Nux ovalis, compressa, obtusa, nitida, pericarpio duro circa semen parvulum undique incrassato.—Herbæ validæ, elatæ. Folia ad basin caulis latiuscula, pluripedalia. Spiculæ cylindraceæ, elongatæ, in ramis paniculæ corymbosæ sæpius fasciculatæ, rhachi communi plus minus elongata. Bractæ inferiores longe foliaceæ, interiores setaceæ, sub spiculis singulis sæpe minimæ.

Species 1 v. 2, in America tropica a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 273. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 133. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 135. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 24 (Scirpus).

Speciei unicæ editæ (D. karatæfoliæ, Pers.), addenda videtur species affinis e Brasilia boreali, Burchell, n. 9324, spiculis minoribus, nuce multo angustiore longiore glumam superante. Specimen tamen unicum tantum adest, et species ulterius probanda. Stylus ab auctoribus dicitur basi semiglobosus ovarium coronans, quod non invenimus nisi partem superiorem ovarii ab inferiore non distinctam pro styli basi haberes.

21. Mapania, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 47, t. 17. (Lepironia, sect. Macrolepironia, Miq. Ill. Fl. Archip. Ind. 60.)—Spiculæ multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undıque imbricatæ, inferiores paucæ vacuæ. Flores complanati. Squamæ hypogynæ 6 (v.  $\infty$ ?) 2 exteriores laterales, complicatæ, carina acuta sæpe ciliata, 4 interiores planæ v. concavæ, angustæ, sæpe  $\infty$ -nerves absque costa centrali, quarum 1 antica, 3 staminibus alternæ. Stamina (an semper?) 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. breviter incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux sessilis, 3-quetra v. complanata, erostris v. breviter rostrata.—Herbæ perennes, validæ, interdum altissimæ. Folia ad basin caul.s v. in rhizomate fasciculata, longa, latiuscula, v. in petiolo longo ovatolanceolata. Spiculæ sæpius majusculæ v. magnæ, in caule v. in scapo aphyllo terminales, solitariæ v. paucæ in capitulo sessiles, v. rarius numerosæ corymboso-paniculatæ. Bractææ nunc brevissimæ, nunc 1-3 longe foliaceæ.

Species nobis adsunt ad 30, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis dispersæ, plures adhuc ineditæ, et characteres florales in paucis tantum rite observati, specimina nempe sæpe spiculas præbent paucas ætate jam marcescentes v. aliter imperfectas. In sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—

1. Thoracostachyum. Inflorescentia more Hypolytri corymbosa, spiculis ovoideis quam in exeteris sectionibus minoribus; inflorescentiae rami in speciebus 2 Sumatranis (Lepironia bancana et L. sumatrana, Miq. Ill. Fl. Ind. Archup. t. 24) breves oligostachyi; in specie Australiana, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 341, panicula ampla decomposita, spiculis numerosissimis. Thoracostachyum, Kurs in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 75.

- 2. Mapania. Spiculse plures, in capitulo sessiles, bracteis 3 foliaceis amplis sequalibus elevatovenosis involucratse. Huc species typica Guianensis Aubletii.
- 3. Cephaloscirpus. Spiculæ plures, interdum numerosæ, magnæ v. minores, in capitulo denso sessiles, bractea 1 longa foliacea involucratæ, additis interdum 1-2 minoribus. Species adsunt 11, quarum 3 Americanæ, 4 Africanæ, 4 Asiaticæ v. insularum maris Pacifici. Cephaloscirpus, Kurs in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 83.
- 4. Pandanophyllum. Spiculæ plures capitatæ, v. in scapo solitariæ, bracteis exterioribus spiculam non v. brevissime tantum superantibus. Species adsunt 17, quarum 2 Africanæ, 5 Asiaticæ et 2 Samoenses spiculis capitatis, Miq. Ill. Fl. Ind. Archip. t. 25, 27 (Lepironia); 1 Africana (M. africana, Bæckel. in Linnæs, xxxvii. 137), et 7 Asiaticæ, scapis monostachyis, Miq. l. c. t. 21 ud 23, 26 (Lepironia). Pandanophyllum, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 297; Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 78. Halostemma, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 4470, 4474, nomen.
- 22. Scirpedendron, Zipp.; Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxviii. 84. (Ptychocarya, R. Br. in Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 3538, nomen.)—Spiculæ multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, inferiores paucæ vacuæ. Flores complanati. Squamæ hypogynææ, 2 exteriores laterales complicatæ carina sæpius ciliata, interiores angustæ planæ v. concavæ absque costa centrali, facillime partitæ. Stamina 6 (v.  $\infty$ ?). Stylus tenuis, cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 breviter filiformibus. Nux magna, exserta, costis 6-8 valde prominentibus obtusis, sulcis profundis.—Herba perennis, valida, caule elato Pandanos aphyllos simulans. Folia ad basin caulis v. e rhizomate lignoso longa lata. Spiculæ ovatæ, dense fasciculatæ, fasciculis in paniculam densam thyrsoideam dispositis. Bractææ, longæ, inæquales, foliaceæ, exteriores paniculam involucrantes.

Species 1 (v. 2?), Zeylaniæ, Archipelagi Malayani, insularum muris l'acifici et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 341. Miq. 1ll. Fl. Archip. Ind. t. 28.

23. Exocarya, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1206.—Spiculæ parvæ, floribus 1-2 hermaphroditis cum masculis inferioribus 3-4. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, inferiores plures vacuæ. Flores complanati. Squamæ hypogynæ 4, quarum 2 exteriores laterales complicatæ carinatæ, 2 interiores glumæ parallelæ planæ v. concavæ. Setæ 0. Stamina 3. Stylus basi induratus bulbiformis, persistens, superne tenuis deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux e spicula exserta, ovoideo-oblonga, kevis sed opaca, styli basi coronata.—Herba perennis, rhizomate repente, caule elongato tenui foliato. Folia longa, graminea, subulato-acuminata. Spiculæ minimæ, in umbellam amplam tenuem compositam dispositæ, ramis pedicellisque filiformibus. Nux sæpe unica perfecta etsi parva, spicula ipsa tamen multo major.

Species 1, Australiensis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 339. Genus quoad characteres floris Mapaniæ accedit, habitu et inflorescentia longe distat.

24. Zepironia, Rich. in Pers. Sym. i. 70. (Chondrachne, R. Br. Prod. 220. Choricarpha, Bæckel. in Flora, 1858, 19.)—Spicula multiflora, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, arcte appressæ, inferiores paucæ vacuæ. Flores complanati, glumis obtecti. Squamæ hypogynæ numerosæ, 2 exteriores laterales complicatæ carina ciliata, interiores angustæ planæ v. subplanæ dense pluriseriatæ. Stamina 8 v. plura, squamis exterioribus opposita, cum interioribus alterna. Stylus in centro floris supra ovarium haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux complanata, erostris, ecostata.—Herba perennis, caulibus e rhizomate repente erectis junciformibus aphyllis intus septis transversis nodulosis. Folia ad vaginas reducta. Spicula solitaria, specie lateralis, bractea subtendente erecta caulem continuante.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Madagascariæ et Australiæ incola. Kunth, Enum. ii. 366. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 181. Miq. Ill. Fl. Archip. Ind. t. 20.

Squamellæ hypogynæ sæpius numero staminum duplo plura, quæ staminibus oppositæ cum stamine ab auctoribus pluribus flores & 1-andri dicuntur, filæ staminibus alternæ pro floribus

neutris seu glumis vacuis habitæ, et stylus centralis flos Q nudus dicitur, cui interpretationi tamen assentiri nequimus. Plantæ habitus *Ecdeiocoleam* inter *Restiaceas* refert, sed structura spiculæ longe diversa. *Lepironiæ* sect. *Macrolepironia*, Miq., ad *Mapaniam* pertinet.

25. Chorisandra, R. Br. Prod. 221.—Spiculæ multifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis (v. apud auctores nonnullos in capitulo androgyno numerosæ 1-floræ unisæxualæs). Glumæ (v. capituli bractææ) undique laxe imbricatæ, inferiores nonnullæ vacuæ. Floræs (v. spiculæ) complanati v. teretiusculi. Squamæ hypogynæ (v. florum & glumæ) numerosæ, 2 exteriores laterales sæpius complicatæ carina ciliata, interiores angustæ planæ v. concavæ dense ∞-seriatæ, v. omnes planæ v. concavæ. Stamina (v. flores & 1-andri) 6-12, squamis interioribus alterna v. exterioribus opposita. Stylus (v. flos Q nudus) centralis, supra ovarium haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux 2-convexa v. ovoideo-globosa, costis ad 8 longitudinalibus prominulis.—Herbæ perennes, caulibus e rhizomate repente erectis junciformibus, intus interdum transverse septatis. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, teretia, cauliformia, v. ad vaginas reducta. Spicula (v. spicularum capitulum) globosa v. ovoidea, specie lateralis, bractea subtendente erecta caulem continuante.

Species 4, Australianæ, quarum una etiam in Nova Caledonia obvia. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 343. Genus Lepironæ affine et structura spicularum pariter duplici modo intelligitur. Sectiones 2 adsunt vix non pro generibus propriis habendæ:—

- 1. Euchorisandra. Spicula globosa, sossilis, bractea subtendente (caulis apico) basi non v. vix dilatata. Squamæ hypogynæ 2 exteriores laterales, complicatæ, carina ciliata. Species 3, Australianæ.
- 2. Cymbaria. Spicula ovoideo-globosa, in basi dilatata bractez subtendentis (caulis apicis) semiimmersa. Squamze hypogynze omnes oblongo-spathulatze, concaviusculze. Species Australiana et Novo-Caledonica.
- 26. Chrysithrix, Linn. Mant. n. 1335 (Chrysitrix). Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis (v. apud auctores nonnullos spiculæ in capitulo androgyno numerosæ 1-floræ unisexuales). Glumæ (v. capituli bracteæ) paucæ, rigidæ, coriacææ, nigræ, imbricatæ, concavæ v. carinatæ, exteriores vacuæ. Squamæ hypogynæ numerosissimæ, anguste lineares, aliæ stamina singula foventes, aliæ vacuæ (v. flores & numerosi 1-andri, gluma lineari subtensi, glumis plurimis vacuis). Antheræ tenues, longe acuminatæ. Stylus cum ovario centrali continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus (v. flos centralis foemineus ad stylum cum ovario reductus absque gluma subtendente). Nux stipitata, ovoidea, obtusissima, erostris, in longitudinem multistriata.—Herbæ perennes, rhizomate repente, caule erecto rigido tereti v. compresso. Folia ad basin caulis erecta, rigida, a latere compressa v. juncea, sæpius brevia, interdum ad vaginam reducta. Spicula solitaria, specie lateralis, sessilis v. cauli semi-immersa, bractea subtendente basi dilatata erecta caulem continuante.

Species 2, Austro-Africanæ. Linn. f. Nov. Gram. Gen. in Amæn. Acad. x. 28, t. 1 (Chrysithrix). Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 365. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 181 (Chrysistrix). Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 139.

Genus præcedentibus affine, structura pariter duplici modo explicanda.

# TRIBUS III. RHYNCHOSPOREÆ.

27. Oreobolus, R. Br. Prod. 235.—Spiculæ angustæ, 1-floræ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3 (v. 2 cum bractea subtendente subconformi), imbricatæ, parum inæquales, exteriores 2 (v. 1 cum bractea) vacuæ. Squamæ hypogynæ (v. perianthii segmenta) 6, angustæ, rigidæ, ereotæ, persistentes, 2-seriatæ, sed omnos subæquales. Stamina 3. Stylus tenuis, cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 tenuibus. Nux ovoides, lævis, erostris.—Herbæ perennes, habitu Gaimardiam et

Distichiam simulantes, caulibus nanis dense foliatis in cæspitem pulvinatum confertis. Folia disticha, equitantia v. rarius irregulariter imbricata. Spiculæ parvæ solitariæ terminales, v. 2 altera laterali, pedunculo post anthesin sæpe elongato. Squamæ hypogynæ post nucem glumasque delapsas diu persistentes.

Species 2 v. 3, inter se valde affines, Australiæ australis, Novæ Zelandiæ et Americæ australis antarcticæ v. Andinæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 367. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 182. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 230. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 346. Gaudich. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, v. t. 2. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. i. t. 49. Berggr. Ny. Zeal. Fanerog. 25, t. 6, f. 12 ad 24. His addidit H. Mann in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 210 speciem in insulis Sandwicensibus detectam a nobis non visam.

28. Remirea, Aubl. Pl. Gui. i. 44, t. 16. (Miegia, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 786.)—Spiculæ parvæ, 1-floræ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, imbricatæ, exteriores vacuæ gradatim auctæ, suprema florens inclusa, sub anthesi membranacea, demum carnoso-incrassata. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3, filamentis elongatis. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis sæpissime 3 filiformibus. Nux glumis interioribus arcte inclusa, ovoideo-3-quetra, sæpe leviter compressa.—Herba perennis, e rhizomate late repente breviter cæspitoso-ramosa, dense foliata. Folia linearia, rigida. Spiculæ in capitulo terminali sessili v. pedunculato ovoideo simplici v. composito dense confertæ, numerosæ, sessiles. Bracteæ exteriores involucrantes breves patentes.

Species 1, in maritimis regionum tropicarum utriusque orbis late diffusa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 138. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 71. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxv. 435. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 347. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 73 (quoad glumas male).

29. Arthrostylis, R. Br. Prod. 229.—Spieulæ angustæ, flore unico hermaphrodito (addito rarius altero parvo imperfecto?). Glumæ &, undique imbricatæ, florens longiuscula acuta, cæteræ inferiores vacuæ, gradatim minoros, addita interdum terminali minuta vacua (v. ex Bœckelero florem & fovente). Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 6, filamentis demum elongatis, 3 sæpius cæteris præcociora cito elongata anantheraque. Stylus undique dense gossypino-lanatus, basi incrassatus, cum ovario articulatus, deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 recurvis. Nux ovoideo-subglobosa, erostris, costis 3 obtusis.—Herba perennis, caulibus e rhizomate crasso erectis plus minus complanatis simplicibus aphyllis basi vagina stipatis. Spiculæ minimæ, in capitulo parvo terminali sessiles, numerosæ, stylorum ramis gossypinis exsertis recurvis insignes. Bracteæ exteriores &, angustæ, rigidulæ, involucrum spiculis brevius formantes.

Species 1, Australiensis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 422; in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1345, a Bæckelero in Linnæa, xxxviii. 391, sub nomine Fimbristylis planiculmis descripta.

30. Actinoschœnus, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiv. 33, t. 1346. (Arthrostylis, Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 523, non Br.)—Spiculæ angustæ, flore unico hermaphrodito, 'addito rarius altero parvo imperfecto. Glumæ 4 v. 5, 2 v. 3 exteriores breves vacuæ, 2 interiores longiores subæquales florem perfectum sæpeque glumam parvam v. floris alterius rudinentum involventes. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3, filamentis interdum post anthesin accretis. Stylus tenuis, cum basi conico-dilatata deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux obovoideo-globosa, erostris, tenuiter 3-costata.—Herbæ annuæ (v. perennes?) cæspitosæ, caulibus tenuibus aphyllis basi vagina unica stipatis. Spiculæ in capitulo terminali subgloboso sessiles, exteriores sæpe subreflexæ. Bracteæ angustæ, spiculis breviores et parum conspicuæ, una rarius capitulum superante.

Species 3, Arthrostylis Thouarsii, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 284, e Madagascaria; A. filiformis, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 352, e Zeylania; et A. chinensis, Benth. Fl. Hongk., e China. Genus a Fimbristyle differt uti Kyllinga a Cypero. Ab Arthrostyle, Br., longius distat capitulo, staminum numero et styli indole. Setas hypogynas a Hanceo in Journ. Linn. Soc. xiii. 133, descriptas frustra quæsivimus.

31. **Zhynchospora**, Vahl, Enum. Pl. ii. 229.—Spiculæ sæpius angustæ v. acuminatæ, floribus paucis, hermaphroditis perfectis 1, 2 v. rarius co., additis haud raro 1 v. 2 masculis

v. sterilibus. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, inferiores 2-∞ v. rarius 1, breviores, vacuæ, 1 v. 2 superiores flores masculos v. imperfectos foventes v. vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 6 v. pauciores, nunc minimæ v. 0, rarius 7-8. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Stylus basi varie dilatatus sæpiusque persistens, superne tenuis deciduus, nunc elongatus indivisus v. brevissime 2-fidus, nunc in ramos stigmatosos 2 longos filiformes divisus. Nux ovata obovata v. oblonga, plus minus compressa, rostro (styli basi persistente) polymorpho continuo v. articulato coronata.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes, tenues v. validæ, erectæ v. rarissimo diffusæ v. fluitantes, caulibus sæpius foliatis. Spiculæ nunc globoso-capitatæ capitulis terminalibus solitariis v. secus caulem v. inflorescentiæ ramos plures sessiles v. in umbellas irregulares dispositæ, nunc fasciculatæ v. subdissitæ, laxe corymbosæ, v. irregulariter corymboso-paniculatæ, inflorescentia terminali interdum valde composita, additis nonnunquam inflorescentiis minoribus in axillis pedunculatis, v. corymbi ∞ secus caulem sessiles v. brevi-pedunculatæ. Bracteæ exteriores foliaceæ nunc longissimæ, nunc breves v. tenues.

Species descriptæ fere 200, sed verisimiliter infra 150 retinendæ, per regiones tropicas subtropicasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in America boreali plurimæ, in Europa et Asia Rossica duæ tantum. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 287. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 139. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 525 (excl. sp.  $\infty$  ad Dichromenam v. Psilocaryam referendis). A. Gray in Ann. Lyc. N. York, iii. 194, t. 6. Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 573; Cat. Pl. Cub. 242. Wright in Sauv. Fl. Cub. 179.

Genera numerosa a Neesio imprimis ad rostri formam, ad setas evolutas v. deficientes, stylum indivisum v. 2-fidum proposita, a Bæckelerio aliisque bene ad Rhychosporam restituta, in sectiones sequentes plus minus distinctas distribuenda videntur, series 2 formantia facile pro subgeneribus habendas:—

- A. **Haplostyleæ.** Spiculæ capitatæ v. in panicula fasciculatæ, acuminatæ, sæpissime 1-carpicæ. Stylus longus, tenuissimus, indivisus v. rarius breviter 2-fidus.
- 1. Haplostylis. Spiculæ in capitulo solitario terminali globoso v. depresso numerosæ. Bractææ 1-2 involuerantes sæpius foliaceæ, interdum longæ, inæquales, a basi virides. Setæ hypogynæ nune nuce longiores, nunc paucæ brovissimæ v. 0. Species tropicæ pleræque Americanæ. Haplostylis, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 295, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 126.

TRICHOCHÆTA, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 155, e Brasilia, est R. (Haplostylis) barbatæ var. v. species ei valde affinis, foliis glabris, spiculis in capitulo paullo majoribus paucioribusque.

Morisia, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 295 (Sphæroschenus, Nees in Pl. Meyen. 97), est species Abiatica, quam nec characteribus nec habitu a Haplostylibus Americanis separare possumus.

MITROSPORA, Nees in Lunna, ix. 295, quoad M. recurvatam, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. t. 11. Mart. Herb. Fl. Bras, n. 849, nee 815, a Haplostyle non differre videtur nisi capitulo minus regulariter globoso, et glumis tenuiter recurvo-acuminatis in spiculis squarrosis. Setæ 0. R. polyphylla, Vahl, a nonnullis ad Mitrosporam relata, species panicula longa gracili spiculis pallidis insignis, potius ad Caluptrostylem referenda est.

Species nonnullæ Grischachianæ ex India occidentali tenues, capitulis parvis oligostachyis, cæterum Haplostyli conveniunt, c.g. R. subimberbis, R. curvula, R. setigera, R. sesleriades, etc.

PTEROTHECA, Presl, Symb. Bot. i. 55, t. 35, est R (Haplostylis) barbata, Vahl (Schæmus globosus, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 15), nuce 2-alata, rostro lanceolato, analysi nec a Rudgeo nec a Preslio accurate delineata. Nux cæterum in Haplostyle quoad formam alas et rostrum polymorpha, nunc plana ovata v. fere orbicularis ala angusta v. margine incrassato cineta, nunc antice valde incrassata alis cartilagineis crenulatis antice inflexis achænium fere cymbiformem efficientibus. Huc verisimiliter pertinet Diplochæta guianensis, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 296, nucis alis pro perigynii squamis interioribus cum fructu coalescentibus descriptis. Genus cæterum a Kunthio aliisque sub silentio præteritum.

- 2. Asteroschænus. Bracteæ involucrantes longæ, basi (ut in Dichromena leucocephala) valde dilatatæ candidæque, capitulum fere occultantes. Cætera omnino Haplostylis. Setæ hypogynæ 0 v. minutæ. Species v. varietates 3 Brasilienses. Asteroschænus, Necs in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 124.
- 3. Cephaloschonus. Bractee involucrantes latæ, coriaceæ, nitidæ, obtusæ v. vix acuminatæ, spiculas non superantes. Setæ hypogynæ longæ, rigidæ v. tenues, plumosæ v. barbellatæ. Cætera Haplostylis. Species Americana tropica, R. globosa, Ræm. et Schult., Cephaloschænus, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 295. Ptilosciadium, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 149, ex descr.

- R. armerioides, Presl, Rel. Hænk. 197, t. 31, f. 2, a Neesio ad Haplostylem relata, nobis Cophalosohono affinior videtur. Bractem involucrantes co-seriatim imbricate spiculas non excedentes, quam in R. globosa minus rigides acutæque, et potius paleacem quam coriacem. Stylus longissimus est et indivisus v. vix 2-dentatus, nec alte 3-fidus ut a Preslio errore quodam descriptus.
- 4. Echinoschenus. Capitula globosa Haplostylis, sed plura secus caulem sessilia v. nonnulla in corymbum parvum terminalem disposita. Species Americanæ tropicæ. Huc pertinent R. exaltata, Kunth (ECHINOSCHENUS, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 297, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 131, t. 10), setis hypogynis 0, et R. polycephala, Kunth, affinesque paucæ (ЕРНІРРІОКНУКСНІИМ, Nees l. c. 134, t. 12), setis hypogynis evolutis, Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 17 (Schænus).
- 5. Calyptrostylis. Spiculæ plus minus fasciculatæ, fasciculis numerosis in paniculam torminalem irregularem compositam umbelliformem v. subcorymbosam dispositis, additis sæpe paniculis minoribus in axillis superioribus pedunculatis. Bracteæ exteriores sæpe longe foliaceæ involucrantes. Setæ hypogynæ evolutæ. Species plures sæpius validæ, inclusa R. aurea, Vahl, tam in America tropica quam in Asia late diffusa. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 18 (Schænus). Califfrostylis, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 295.

CERATOSCHENUS, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 296, species 2 continet boreali-Americanas a Calyptrostylibus tropicis parum distinctas spiculis majoribus valde elongatis et nucibus longe rostratis.

- In R. polyphylla, Vahl, spiculis angusto paniculatis et in R. corymbifera, Nees, forteque in non-nullis aliis rostrum in nuce articulatum mox delabitur.
- B. **Dichostyless.** Spiculæ polymorphæ, interdum 2-4-carpicæ, laxe corymbosæ v. subumbellato-paniculatæ, vix fasciculatæ, panicula rarius in capitulum ovoideum v. elongatum contracta. Stylus ad medium v. altius divisum in ramos stigmatosos 2 tenuiter filiformes.
- 6. Eurhynchospora. Herbæ nunc tenues v. filiformes, nunc elatæ foliaceæ, inflorescentia terminali nunc corymbosa parum diffusa, nunc decomposita rhachi communi breviter producta v. in capitulum ovoideum contracta. Spiculæ angustæ, 1 2-carpicæ, v. rarius ovato-conicæ 3-4-carpicæ. Setæ hypogynæ variæ v. 0. Species nonnullæ latissime dispersæ, tam in orbe vetere quam in novo, pro maxima tamen parte Americanæ. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. l. 72 (Schænus). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 285. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 348. Presl, Symb. Bot. t. 36. Wawra, Bot. Maxim. Reise, t. 90.

Haloschenus, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 296, species includit Eurhynchosporæ quibus setæ hypogynæ minutissimæ v. sæpius omnino deficientes, et idcirco a Kunthio ad Dichromenam translatas. Spiculæ sæpius tenues v. minimæ, sed in R. mexicana aliisque austro-Americanis a Neesio sub Psilocarya enumeratis, ovato-conicæ sunt, formæ iis Scirpi quodammodo accedentes sed sæpissime 2-carpicæ.

PTILOCHÆTA, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. t. 8, species 2 Americanas continet (R. diodon et R. lunata, Griseb.), habitu tenui et corymbo laxo parum diffuso fere R. (Eurhynchosporæ) albæ, Vahl, sed nucis rostrum breve, latissimum, apice breviter 2-3-cornutum. Spermodon, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 27, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. t. 8, a Ptilochæta differt setarum hypogynarum deficientia.

- R. Cephalotes, Vahl; Rotth. Descr. et Ic. Pl. 61, t. 20 (Schænus), species Americana tropica, a cæteris Eurhynchosporis differt spiculis numerosis in capitulum crassum sæpius ovoideum densissime confertis. In R. cariciformi, Nees, spiculæ densissime confertæ, sed spicam oblongam subramosam v. anguste thyrsoideam formant.
- R. ruppioides, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1344, simul e Coylona et e Paraguaya recepta, insignis est caule foliis bracteisque in aqua submersis filiformi-capillaceis.

CALYPTROLEPIS, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 151, est R. oligantha, A. Gray.

7. Pleurostachys. Corymbi laxi v. densiusculi, secus caulem plures, ad axillas sessiles v. breviter pedunculati. Spiculæ parvæ, sæpius 1-carpicæ, breviter ovatæ, vix acuminatæ. Stylus setæ hypogynæ et nuces omnino Eurhynchosporæ. Species ad 14, omnes Americanæ tropicæ. Pleurostachys, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 172, t. 31; Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 284; Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 138; Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxvii. 643, et xxxviii. 223. Nomochloa, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 299, non Beauv. Nemochloa, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 148, t. 14, 15, excl. syn. Beauv.; Wawra, Bot. Maxim. Reise, t. 92.

Sectio inflorescentia et spicularum indole sat distincta si includas R. sparsam, Vahl, affinesque nonnullas a Backelero in Rhynchospora retentas, et P. strictam, Kunth, excludes. Bæckeler Pleurostachyn a Rhynchospora distinguit styli basi cum ovario continua, quod tamen vidimus in omnibus fere Rhynchosporis sub anthesi, et nucis rostrum bene distinctum est in Pleurostachi ut in cæteris Rhynchosporis. Nees nuper Nemochloam a Pleurostachi distinxit forma rostri, quod tamen in toto genere sæpe variat de specie in speciem.

ZOSTEROSPERMON, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyp. 28, ex characters manco non a est et species non indicatur, sed ex descriptione Desvauxii in Ham. Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 14, qui verisimiliter specimen authenticum vidit, est R. (Pleurostackys) sparsa, Vahl.

- 8. Millegrana. Spiculæ parvæ, sæpius minimæ, 1-carpicæ, in paniculis axillaribus terminalibusque pyramidatis thyrsoideis v. angustis numerosæ. Species 3 v. 4, austro-Americanæ, inclusa R. mille grana, Griseb. e Trinidad, quæ vix cum charactere Neesiano R. (Schæni, Schrad) millegranæ suæ convenit. Pleurostachys stricta, Kunth, a cæteris Millegranis paullulum differt spiculis majoribus, paniculis angustis fore spiciformibus sæpe interruptis.
- 9.? Campylorhachis. Spiculæ angustæ, ∞-floræ, rhachilla inter flores flexuosa, floribus alternatim foveis insidentibus fere Schæni, sed stylus 2-fldus et nux 2-convexa rostrata Rhynchosporæ. Paniculæ subcorymbosæ, terminales et axillares. Species 2: R. gracillima, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 435, e Zeylaniæ paniculis laxissimis oligostachyis; et R. thyrsoidea, Nees et Mey. ex ins. Sandwicensibus, spiculis numerosis in paniculis brevibus dense confertis.
- 32. Cyathocheete, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 86. (Tetralepis, Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. ii. 159.)—Spiculæ angustæ, 2-floræ, flore superiore hermaphrodito, inferiore masculo v. sterili. Glumæ sæpius 4, undique imbricatæ, 2 exteriores breviores vacuæ, 2 superiores longiores flores arcte involventes. Setæ hypogynæ sæpius 4, longæ, rigidæ, acutæ. Stamina sæpius 2. Stylus elongatus, basin versus incrassatus, diu persistens, ramis stigmatosis 2 filiformibus. Nux ubi nota oblonga, stipiti crasso imposita, ecostata, styli basi incrassata coronata (an demum stylo deciduo denudata?).—Caules e rhizomate perenni sæpius elati. Folia ad basin caulis elongata, superiora pauca in bracteas foliaceas abeuntia. Spiculæ nunc paucæ 2-pollicares, nunc sat numerosæ ½-pollicares, in paniculam longam angustam dispositæ. Flores hinc inde sed rarius 3-meri occurrunt. Styli staminaque interdum valde elongata.

Species 3, omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 350; in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1343. Genus ob setas hypogynas rigidas a Brownio Carphæ adjunctum, sed habitu glumis non distichis et floribus sæpissime 2-meris longiuscule recedit, hoc charactere et nuce rostrata Rhynchosporæ affine, habitus potius Elynanthi.

33. Carpha, R. Br. Prod. 230, pro parte.—Spiculæ angustæ, 1-floræ, floræ hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4-5, rigidule membranaceæ, distichæ, 2-3 exteriores vacuæ previores, florens longior, rhachilla ultra florem rigide setiformi v. glumam vacuam ferente. Setæ hypogynæ 6, longæ, plumosæ, demum sub nuce patentes pappum simulantes. Stamina 3. Stylus basi incrassatus, cum ovario continuus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux oblonga, 3-quetra, apice in basin induratam persistentem styli attenuata.—Herbæ peronnes, haud elatæ. Folia ad basin caulis conferta. Spiculæ plures, fasciculatæ, fasciculis corymbosis fere in capitula contractis, capitulis corymbisve terminalibus v. interdum 1-2 minoribus axillaribus. Bracteæ foliaceæ sæpius 2, corymbum superantes.

Specces 2, altera Australiæ et Novæ-Zelandiæ, altera Americæ australis antarcticæ et Chilensis incolæ, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 381, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1216. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 148.

Carphæ cæteræ Brownii hodie ad Cyathochætam v. ad Mesomelænam referentur. Carpha, qualis a Bæckelero in Linnæa, xxxviii. 265, recepta, nobis videtur genus nec naturale nec charactere certo limitatum. C. glomerata et C. capitellata sunt Asterochætis species. C. arundinacea, C. Aubertei et C. elongata genus Cyclocampem formant. C. Urvilleana e Moluccis ex descr. et ic. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. 169, t. 30, videtur Elynanthi species E. laxæ subaffinis. E. Schweinfurthiana, Bæckel. in Flora 1879, 569, est Eriosporæ species.

34. Mesomelæna, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 88.—Spiculæ 2-floræ v. rarius 1-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis inferiore dum adsit sterili. Glumæ distichæ v. subdistichæ, inferiores usque ad 5 vacuæ, florentes longiores flores arcte involventes, rhachilla brevi. Setæ hypogynæ 3, æquales, longæ v. breves, rigidulæ, interdum complanatæ fere squamiformes. Stamina 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi plus minus incrassatus induratusque, demum tamen sæpe deciduus, ranis stigmatosis 3. Nux obovoidea, primum (v. etiam matura?) styli basi indurata coronata, gynophoro v. stipiti brevi crasso plus minus distincto imposita. —Herbæ perennes, rigidæ, cæspitosæ. Folia ad basin caulis sæpe elongata, addito

interdum uno in medio caule. Spiculæ in capitulum terminale globosum v. late oblongum densissime confertæ, bracteis rigidis haud raro nigris intermixtæ, quarum 1-2 v. in una specie 3-4 a basi brevi lata sæpe longe rigideque acuminatæ.

Species 5 v. 6, Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 377, ubi forte 2 species sub M. stygia confusæ. In hac et in M. deusta, bracteæ exteriores 1 v. 2 acumine erecto nigro præditæ, glumæ vacuæ 4-5 stricte distichæ. In M. sphærocephala et M. ancipiti (quæ Gymnoschænus, Nees in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, vi. 47. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 142) bracteæ in capitulo globoso late orbiculatæ, muticæ v. una acumine brevi prædita, glumæ subdistichæ, vacuæ 1-2. In M. tetragona, capitula ut in speciebus typicis aterrima sed majora, bracteis 3-4 acuminibus longis patentibus rigidissimis præditis, glumæ subdistichæ, vacuæ 1-2 ut in Gymnoschæno. Ptilanthelium, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 166, species unica e Port Jackson, Urville, nobis ignota est, nisi ad Mesonclænam deustam, Benth., referenda, quacum descriptio haud male convenit.

35. Trianoptiles, Fenzl in Endl. Gen. 113. (Ecklonia, Steud. in Flora, 1829, 138, non Hornem.)—Spiculæ angustæ, sæpius 2-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis, uno sæpe sterili. Glumæ 4-5, imbricatæ, quarum 1-2 inferiores breviores vacuæ, et interdum summa parva vacuæ. Squamæ hypogynæ 3, angustæ, complanatæ, basi plumoso-ciliatæ, superne glabræ 3-fidæ, lobis lineari-setiformibus erectis, medio lateralibus longiore. Stamina 3. Stylus basi incrassatus, piloso-pubescens, persistens, superne glaber filiformis deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3. Nux obovoidea, 3-quetra, styli parte inferiore indurata coronata.—Herba cæspitosa, foliis ad basin caulis gramineis. Spiculæ fasciculatæ, sessiles, in spicam breviter oblongam terminalem densam v. laxam dispositæ. Bracteæ 1-3 inferiores foliaceæ, spica sæpius longiores.

Species 1, Austro-Africana. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 287. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 139. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 229, omnes sub Ecklonia. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1348.

36. Asterochæte, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 300.—Spiculæ 1–3-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis uno alterove sæpius sterili. Glumæ paucæ, vix distichæ, rigidule membranacææ, 2 rarius 3 exteriores broviores vacuæ, rhachilla non producta. Setæ hypogynæ sæpius 6, inæquales. Stamina 3. Stylus eum ovario 3-costato continuus, basi brovissime bulboso-incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux oblongo-3-quetra, acutiuscula v. styli basi brevi coronata, angulis prominenter costatis, faciebus planis sæpe foveolatis v. granulosis.—Herbæ perennes, interdum elatæ. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, longa, secus caulem pauca breviora, vaginis in una specie longis laxis. Spiculæ nunc numerosissimæ, pallidæ, in capitula densa ovoidea v. globosa exinvolucrata densissime confertæ, capitulis in panicula ampla composita numerosis sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis, nunc pauciores capitulis in panicula simplici paucis.

Species 3 v. 4, una ex insula Borbonia adhuc inedita, 2 v. 3 Africæ australis incolæ. «Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 311. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 155. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 265 (Carpha).

37. Schcenus, Linn. Gen. n. 65, pro parte.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis fertilibusque v. infimo solo fertili, rarius ad florem unicum reductæ. Glumæ distiche imbricatæ, inferiores 1, 2 v. usque ad 6 vacuæ contiguæque, rhachilla inter flores hermaphroditos producta flexuosaque v. in spicula 1-flora ultra florem producta incurva glumam parvam vacuam ferente. Setæ hypogynæ nunc 6 v. irregulariter pauciores, tenues sæpe ciliatæ, breves v. longiusculæ, interdum complanatæ dilatatæque, nunc omnino deficientes. Stamina 3, rarius pauciora v. 4-6. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. vix incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus interdum subplumosis. Nux obovoidea ovoidea v. rarius oblonga, erostris, plus minus distincte 3-quetra v. 3-costata.—Herbæ sæpius perennes habitu vario, nunc validæ erectæ junciformes v. infra medium foliatæ, nunc humiles, rarius teneræ diffusæ v. fluitantes. Spiculæ sæpius fasciculatæ, fasciculis in capitulo terminali dense capitatis v. varie spicatis v. paniculatis, rarius solitariæ terminalesque v. parvæ paucæque ad axillas subsessiles.

Species ad 60, pro maxima parte Australianse v. Novo-Zelandicse, 2 Europeanse quarum 1 etiam in Africa australi et in America boreali obvia, 1 Africse australi propria, 2 adhuc dubise Africse tropicse, 2 Americse australis extratropicse incolse, 2 ut videtur bene congeneres in Archipelago Malayano detectse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 334. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 165. Beckel. in Linnsea, xxxviii. 273. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 352. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 286, f. 679. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 54, iv. t. 71.

Genus habitu sat polymorphum sed characteribus certis in sectiones distinctas non dividendum videtur. In Benth, Fl. Austral. species in series 10 distribuuntur imprimis ad inflorescentiam et auctores varii genera sequentia separare proposuerunt:—

Chætospora, R. Br. Prod. 232; Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 323; Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 160; Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 287; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 285; Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 140 B (Streblida, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 276), species omnes includit quibus setæ hypogynæ plus minus evolutæ, distinctio tamen nec habitu nec aliis characteribus confirmata, et in speciebus nonnullis setæ variant plus minus evolutæ v. omnino deficientes. Chætosporæ paniculatæ ex Africa australi et America antarctica Bæckeleri in Linnæa, xxxviii. 300 n. 19 ad 25, spicularum rhachi non flexuosa, habitu, et nuce Elynanthum nec Schænum referunt. S. quadrangularis, Bæckel. l. c. 274, cum S. nigricante, Linn., et specie tertia inedita sunt solæ Schæni species hucusque in Africa australi detectæ.

Isoschanus. Nees in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, vi. 49, species nonnullas Australianas includit, spiculis in capitulo terminali dense confertis sepius paucis, setis hypogynis parvis v. 0.

GYMNOCHÆTA, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 156, est S. Drummondii, Benth., species Australiana spiculis in capitulo terminali denso numerosis, setis hypogynis valde inæqualibus interdum ad 1-2 reductis v. omnibus minimis.

HELOTHRIX, Nees in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, vi. 45, est S. axillaris, Hook. f. (Chatospora axillaris, R. Br., Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. t. 62), species habitu anomala. Caules humiles, teneri, diffusi, ramosi, foliis flaccidis, spiculis parvis ad axillas 2-3-nis. Cum aliis tamen speciebus e serie Microcarparum bene connectitur.

38. Cyclocampe, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 156, ex char. dato.—Spiculæ angustæ, floribus 2-3 hermaphroditis perfectis, addito interdum infero sterili. Glumæ  $\infty$ , distiche imbricatæ, inferiores 5-8 vacuæ gradatim minores, summæ longiores flores involventes, rhachilla inter flores flexuosa apiceque producta glumam parvam vacuam ferente. Setæ hypogynæ 6, longæ, rigidulæ, plumoso-pilosæ. Stamina 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi breviter incrassatus, superne deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux ovoidea, sessilis, 3-quetra, styli basi brevi conica apiculata.—Herbæ perennes, caule elato. Folia longa, ad basin caulis conferta. Panicula longa, ampla, ramis erectis v. nutantibus, spiculis numerosis distinctis v. hinc inde confertis nec vere fasciculatis.

Species nobis notæ 2, C. arundinacca, Benth., e Nova Caledonia, et C. elongata, Benth., ex insulis Mascarensibus, a Kunthio, Enum. Pl. ii. 312, sub Asterochæte, a Bæckelero in Linnæa, xxxviii. 271 et 273, sub Carpha descriptæ. Species typica Steudelii in insulis Moluccis ab Urvilleo collecta, a nobis non visa, est evidenter eadem ac Carpha Urvilleana, Gaud., ex eadem collectione descripta. Hæc a Kunthio cum C. arundinacca jungitur, a Bæckelero iterum separatur. In icone Brongniartii in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 30, flores 2 in spicula arcte approximati delineantur rhachi non producta, ex descriptione Steudelii flores ut in cæteris speciebus in rhachi flexuosa spiculæ dissiti, unde quidem nomen genericum deduxit.

39. Elynanthus, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 298, non Beauv.—Spiculæ plus minus compressæ, 2-3-floræ, flore superiore v. 2 superioribus arcte approximatis hermaphroditis fertilibusque, 1 v. 2 inferioribus masculis v. sterilibus, rhachilla nec flexuosa nec supra florem producta. Glumæ arcte imbricatæ, distichæ v. subdistichæ, plures (sæpius 4-6) inferiores vacuæ gradatim minores nisi aristato-acuminatæ, superiores flores arcte involventes. Setæ hypogynæ 6 v. pauciores v. 0, tenues v. membranaceæ, interdum breviter plumosæ, breves inæqualesque v. rarius elongatæ, basi interdum leviter dilatatæ v. in annulum subconnatæ Stamina 3, rarius 4-8. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi dilatata ab ovario sub anthesi sæpe discolori, post anthesin nunc a nuce non distinguenda nunc crassa brevissima cum pericarpio continua, ramis stigmatosis 3 rarius 4 filiformibus. Nux ovali-oblonga v.

obovoídea, obtusa, erostris, plus minus drupiformis, exocarpio tamen tenui, endocarpio subgloboso duro.—Herbæ perennes, elatæ v. rarius tenues. Folia pleraque ad basin caulis conferta, rarius secus caulem dissita, teretia v. angusta marginibus revolutis, rarius plana, interdum subulata, basi sæpe dilatata v. in paucis speciebus ad vaginas reducta. Spiculæ plus minus fasciculatæ, sæpius nigricantes, in paniculam angustam strictamque rarius laxam dispositæ, fasciculis nunc angustis paucispiculatis nunc densissime multispiculatis. Bracteæ foliaceæ parum elongatæ, sæpe subulato-acuminatæ.

Species fere 30, pro maxima parte Africæ australis extratropicæ incolæ, cum paucis in Nova Zelandia, Nova Caledonia, Australia meridionali v. America australi subantarctica obviis. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 308. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 153. Bockel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 253. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 376. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 146, 147 (Chætospora).

Genus in integrum servatum naturale est et facile dignoscendum, a Necsio aliisque in plura divisum, imprimis ad setarum hypogynarum indolem, quæ tamen si adsint semper tenues sunt. A Schano differt rhachilla spicularum nec flexuosa nec supra florem producta arcuataque. Nux omnino Cladii. Genera sequentia vix pro sectionibus distinguenda.

TETRARIA, Beauv. in Mém. Instit. Par. 1812, ii. 54; Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 36, proposita fuit ad specimina capensia E. comparis, Nees, floribus 8-andris 4-gynis. In E. octandro, Nees, florespariter seepius 6-8-andri 4-gyni.

LEFISIA, Presl, Symb. Bot. i. 9, t. 5, est E. ustulatus, Nees, species spiculis majusculis dense fasciculatis, glumis exterioribus aristato-acuminatis insignis, a Proslio generice distincta ob squamellas sub staminibus 3, quas tamen in speciminibus nostris frustra quasivimus.

Sclerochestum, Nees in Linnea, ix. 302 (Trichoballia, Presl, Symb. Bot. i. 9 in adnot., nomen tantum), species 3 continet austro-Africanas spiculis densissime fasciculatis, glumis exterioribus ut in Lepisia aristato-acuminatis, setis hypogynis tenuibus nuce sapius brevioribus plus minus barbellatis, nec rigidulis longis plumosisve ut in Carpha; Bæckeler, has species ad Lepidosperma transfert, squamellæ tamen cartilagineæ hujus generis omnino desunt.

CYATHOCOMA, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 300; Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 311 (MACROCHÆTIUM, Sleud. Sym. Pl. Glum. ii. 159), species continet 3 austro-Africanas Elynanthi, setis hypogynis tenuissimis insequalibus interdum valde elongatis, ima basi leviter dilatatis subconnatis. Stylus interdum 2-fidus observatur, sæpissime tamen more generis 3-fidus. Habitus onnino Elynanthi.

Bueria, Nees in Linnaa, ix. 300, a Cyathocomate differt styli ramis sæpius 6 inæqualibus, characteres cæteri et habitus eidem. Species 2, austro-Africanæ, B. punctoria, Nees, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 310, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 155, Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 310, caule junceo folio unico erecto tereti staminibus sæpius 3, cum altera inedita caule basi foliato staminibus sæpius 6.

IDELERIA, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 310, species 2 continet austro-Africanas a Cyathocomate parum diversas setis hypogynis elongatis superne pubescentibus v. breviter plumoso-laceris. Habitus idem.

ELYNANTHUS, Beaw. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 32, genus valde dubium remanet ob characterem mancum, minime tamen Elynanthum, Nees, refert. 'Perianthium 2-paleaceum, paleis navicularibus compressis' aliique characteres plerique generi nulli nisi Hypolytro conveniunt, ubi tamen glumæ non subdistichæ.

40. Tricostularia, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 83. (Discopodium, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 150.)—Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, flore superiore hermaphrodito fertili, 1-2 inferioribus sterilibus v. masculis. Glumæ distichæ v. subdistichæ, imbricatæ, sæpius membranaceæ, 2-4 exteriores vacuæ, rhachilla brevi supra flores gluma parva vacua terminata. Setæ hypogynæ 6 v. pauciores, breves nunc minimæ, tenues v. rigidulæ, inæquales, interdum basi dilatatæ nec post anthesin auctæ. Stamina 3. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 longe filiformibus. Nux obovoidea, erostris.—Herbæ perennes. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, sæpe ad vaginas reducta, rarius secus caulem 1-2. Spiculæ parvulæ, sessiles v. pedunculatæ, nunc secus caulem paucæ dissitæ v. ad apicem caulis simpliciter spicatæ, nunc in ramis brevibus paniculæ fasciculatæ.

Species Australianse 5, additis una Zeylanica alteraque Borneensi ab una ex Australianis parum distinctis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 382. Thw. Enum. Pl. Zoyl. 353 (Cladium).

. Genus Schono affine, sed rhachilla spiculæ minime flexuosa et flos superior nec inferior fertilis;

habitu etiam sat naturale. Bœckeler in Linnæa, xxxviii. 332, speciem Zeylanicam ad *Lepidosperma* refert, aliæ a Brownio aliisque sub *Chætospera* descripts sunt.

41. Lepidosperma, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. i. 14, t. 11 ad 16. (Vauthiera, A. Rich. Fl. N. Zel. 106, t. 20.)—Spiculæ vix compressæ, flore superiore hermaphrodito fertili, additis sæpius 1-3 inferioribus sterilibus v. masculis. Glumæ imbricatæ, subdistichæ, exteriores (1-6) minores, vacuæ, florentes flores glumanique summam parvam vacuam arcte involventes. Setæ v. squamæ hypogynæ 6 v. abortu pauciores, sub anthesi sæpius tenues setiformes v. hyalinæ, interdum minutæ, post anthesin auctæ, incrassatæ, albidæ, cartilagineæ v. spongiosæ acuminatæ v. setiferæ, basi nucis arcte appressæ sub-2-seriatæ, nucem tamen rarius superantes. Stamina 3 v. rarissime in floribus paucis 4-5. Stylus cum ovarii apice crasso pulvinato v. indurato continuus, ramis stigmatosis 3. Nux ovoidea v. oblonga, obtuse 3-quetra, apice indurato lævi, erostris.—Herbæ rhizomate perenni, caulibus sepius rigidis interdum elatis haud raro complanatis v. angulatis. Folia ad basin caulis pauca, a latere complanata et equitantia v. angulata v. teretia, sepe a caule non distinguenda nisi vagina baseos et apice acuminato. Spiculæ sæpius numerosæ, nigræ, sessiles, distinctæ v. fasciculatæ, in paniculam nunc brevem spiciformem nunc longam densam angustamque nunc laxam amplam et diffusam dispositre. Bractere polymorphæ, inferiores sæpe foliaceæ, inflorescentiam tamen raro excedentes.

Species fero 40, plures tamen inter so parum distinctæ, quarum 2 in Malacca Archipelago Malayano v. China australi obvia, 2 Novo-Zelandicæ, cæteræ omnes Australianæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 384. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 315 (excl. spec. Zeylanica et austro-Africanis). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 146, 147.

42. Cladium, P. Br. Hist. Jam. 114.—Spiculæ 1-3-floræ rarius 4-6-floræ, floribus omnibus hermaphroditis, sæpius tamen infimo solo fertili, rarius 2-3 perfectis additis 1-2 masculis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, 1-3 rarius 4 inferiores vacuæ, sæpiusque 1 rarius 2-3 superiores parvæ vacuæ v. florem imperfectum foventes, glumis florentibus cæteris æquilongis v. longioribus. Setæ hypogynæ rarius adsunt 6 v. pauciores, tenues. Stamina 3, rarius pauciora. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi dilatata ab ovario sub anthesi discolori, post anthesin nunc a nuce non distinguenda nunc crassa brevissima v. rarius longiuscula cum pericarpio continua, ramis stigmatosis 3 rarissime casu 2 filiformibus. Nux oblonga v. ovoidea, plus minus drupiformis, lævis, ecostata 3-costata v. 3-quetra, costis angulisve apice (in styli basi) minus distinctis. Herbæ perennes, rhizomate repente v. horizontali. Caules nunc elati foliati, nunc junciformes foliis ad basin paucis v. ad vaginas reductis. Folia plana teretia v. a latere complanata basique distiche equitantia, interdum septis transversis nodulosa. Spiculæ sæpius brunneæ v. nigro-fuscæ, rarius pallidæ, secus ramos paniculæ terminalis sæpius fasciculatæ, additis sæpo paniculis axillaribus.

Species ad 30, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ, pro maxima tamen parte Australienses v. Novo-Zelandicæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 303. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 152. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 231. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 303. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 400. J. Kurk in Trans. N. Zeal. Inst. ix. 552.

Genus in sectiones sequentes a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habendas dividitur:-

- 1. Eucladium. Caules elati, foliati, foliis explanatis longis angustis. Paniculæ densæ, corymbosæ, spiculis numerosis fasciculatis. Spiculæ vulgo 2-floræ, flore inferiore solo fertili, gluma terminali vacua minuta v. 0. Nux distincte drupacea, exocarpio plus minus spongioso in sicco fragili, endocarpio duro. Species enumerantur 5 v. 6, quarum tamen 3 v. 4 inter se valde affines sæpe varietates C. Marisci, Br., nuncupantur, per totam fere aream generis dispersæ. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 287. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. ii. n. 8. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 53 (Schænus).
- 2. Baumea. Folia sæpius ad basin caulis conferta, teretia v. a latere complanata et distiche equitantia, rarius omnia ad vaginas breves reducta. Paniculæ laxæ v. thyrsoideæ v. angustæ. Spiculæ 1-floræ, v. si 2-3-floræ flos infimus solus fertilis, rhachi sæpius gluma parva vacua v. florem \$\mathcal{\epsilon}\$ fovente terminata. Nux sessilis, ubi nota subdrupacea, pericarpio crasso, endocarpio minus

distincto quam in Eucladio. Species pro maxima parte Australasicæ, sed etiam in Ceylona, Bengalia, Malacca, Japonia et in insulis Mascarensibus et maris Pacifici obviæ. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 17 (Lepidosperma), t. 18 et 19 (Schænus). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 148, 149. Schænofsis, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 34 (ex char.). Baumea, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 416, t. 29. Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 353. Berggr. N. Zeal. Fanerog. 23, t. 6. Chapelliera, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 298 et co teste, Trachyrhynchium, Nees in Herb. Meyen. Cladia dubia et Baumea, Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 304, 313. Cladia paniculata et Baumea, Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 233 et 237.

3. Vincentia. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, a latere complanata, distiche equitantia. Paniculæ quam in Baumea sæpius magis effusæ, interdum nutantes spiculis numerosis. Flores in spicula perfecti sæpe 2 v. interdum 3-4. Nux stipitata, sæpius prominenter 3-costata et rostrata, interdum fere 3-alata. Species 6, in insulis Mascarensibus et maris Pacifici et America australi distributæ. Vincentia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 417; Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 314. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 156. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 247. Terobera, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 164. Trasi, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 32 (ex char. manco).

Scirpus iridifolius, Bory, Voy. t. 23 (S. lavarum, Poir. Dict. ex descr.), est Vincentia latifolia, Kunth. S. iridifolius, Bory, l. c., t. 23 bis, est ex descr. S. iridifolius, Poir., rite a Bœckelero ad sect. Baumeam relata. Elynanthus ensifolius, Bœckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 264, e Rio Janeiro, ex speciminibus nostris a Glaziovio acceptis est omnino Vincentiæ species.

MACHERINA, Vahl, Enum. Pl. ii. 238. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 313, ex India occidentali, a Vincentia nec habitu nec characteribus differt, nisi præsentia setarum nonullarum hypogynarum. Machærina filifolia, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 242, e Cuba, habitum et characteres Baumeæ præfert, a qua tamen pariter differt setarum præsentia.

43. Gahnia, Forst. Char. Gen. 51, t. 26. (Psittacoschœnus, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 87, nomen tantum.)—Spiculæ sæpius 2-floræ, flore superiore hermaphrodito fertili, inferiore masculo v. sterili, uno alterove interdum deficiente. Glumæ plures, undique imbricatæ, inferiores 4 v.  $\infty$  vacuæ, quarum intima cæteris longior rigidiorque, florentes minores tenuiores includens, gluma vacua supra florem minima v. 0. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3-6. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3-5 filiformibus. Nux ovoidea obovoidea v. subfusiformis, obscure 3-quetra v. teres, matura sæpissime nitens, exocarpio tenui, endocarpio duro crasso intus in pluribus speciebus transverse rugoso.—Herbæ perennes, rhizomate duro v. repente, caule sæpe elato valido, in paucis speciebus tenui. Folia sæpe longa, teretia, introrsum sulcata v. marginibus involutis specie teretia, longe subulato-acuminata. Panicula nunc ampla laxa nutansque, nunc angusta et erecta v. spiciformis, spiculis nigrescentibus v. rarius brunneis. Filamenta interdum valde elonganda. Nuces nunc pulchre rubro-fuscæ, nunc albidæ grisæe v. demum nigerrimæ, haud raro e spicula rejectæ sed filamentis persistentibus apice intra glumam vacuam clausam retentis diu a spicula pendulæ.

Species editæ ultra 30, plures tamen potius pro varietatibus G. asperæ v. G. psittacorum habendæ, et vix 20 retinendæ, pro maxima parte Australianæ, paucæ Novæ Zelandiæ, Novæ Caledoniæ, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ australis, v. insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 410. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zel. Fl. 305. H. Mann in Proc. Amer. Acad. vii. 209. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 338. Gærtn. f. Fruct. iii. t. 181.

Genus Cladio affine quocum junxit F. Mueller et ab auctoribus pluribus intermixtum est, nobis tamen bene distinctum apparet spicularum structura et nuce. In sectiones 2 interdum pro generibus propriis habitas dividitur:—

- 1. Lampocarya. Spiculæ 1-floræ, flore inferiore imperfecto sæpissime deficiente. Panicula longa angustaque, spicularum fasciculis compositis v. breviter spicatis secus rhachin paniculæ sessilibus v. breviter pedunculatis. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 116. Lampocarya, R. Br. Prod. 238. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 29. Morelotia, Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 416, t. 28. Hexalepis, Backel. in Flora, 1875, 118.
- 2. Eugahnia. Spiculæ 2-floræ, flore inferiore masculo v. si hermaphrodito sterili sæpissime præcoci. Panicula laxa, nunc longa angusta v. thyrsoidea, nunc ampla diffusa v. nutans, v. in una specie inflorescentia fere Lampocaryæ. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 115. Didymonrma, Presl, Diss. 1829, Symb. Bot. 5, t. 3, et eo teste Epiandra, Presl in Isis, 1828, 270. Melachne, Schrad. ex Nees in Lienæa, ix. 301. Syziganthus, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 153.

44. Caustis, R. Br. Prod. 239. (Eurostorrhiza, Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. ii. 265.)—Spiculæ angustæ, flore 1 hermaphrodito, addito sæpe altero masculo infero, interdum abortu unisexuales. Glumæ 3-4, undique imbricatæ, acuminatæ v. aristatæ, 1-2 inferiores breviores vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 3-6. Stylus basi incrassatus induratusque, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux ovoidea v. oblonga, basi styli ovoidea v. oblonga cum nuce continua v. basi constricta coronata.—Herbæ perennes, rhizomate repente crasso squamis vaginatis obtecto. Caules ramosi, ramis nunc erectis strictis nunc valde flexuosis et intricato-ramosissimis. Folia ad vaginas appressas clausas reducta, v. rarius lamina lineari evoluta. Spiculæ in vaginis solitariæ v. geminæ, pedunculis inclusis v. longiuscule exsertis ramulis sterilibus similibus, nunc omnes fertiles, nunc aliæ fæminææ v. hermaphroditæ, aliæ masculæ in diversis ramis ejusdem caulis v. in caulibus diversis ex eodem rhizomate.

Species 5, omnes Australiane. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 419. Guillem. Ic. Pl. Austral. t. 14.

45. Reedia, F. Muell. Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. i. 239, t. 10.—Spiculæ ovatæ, flore 1 hermaphrodito, additis 1 v. 2 masculis inferioribus. Glumæ ∞, undique imbricatæ, inferiores 8-9 vacuæ, ab infima minima gradatim auctæ, florentes 2-3, longiores, tenues, summa tenuissima. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina sæpius 6. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 brevibus. Nux . . .—Caulis elatus, e basi crassa lignosa tenuis at rigidus. Folia longa ad basin caulis conferta. Spiculæ parvæ, in spica longa densa numerosæ, sessiles, confertæ, spica intra vaginas laxas bractearum foliacearum 2-3 occulta.

Species 1 in maritimis Australiæ austro-occidentalis rarissima. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 423.

46. Evandra, R. Br. Prod. 239.—Spiculæ oblongæ, 2-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis v. inferiore abortu masculo v. sterili. Glumæ ∞, undique imbricatæ, acutæ v. aristatæ, inferiores ad 15 vacuæ, ab extima minima gradatim auctæ, florentes superiores tenues v. scarioso-marginatæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina numerosa (15-20), antheris linearibus aristatis. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 8. Nux...—Herbæ perennes, foliis longis ad basin caulis confertis v. secus caulem dissitis. Spiculæ majusculæ, laxe paniculatæ, pedunculis longis filiformibus, v. in fasciculo terminali sessiles.

Species 2, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 424, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1212, 1213.

## TRIBUS IV. CRYPTANGINÆ.

47. Lagenocarpus, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 304, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. 1, 164, t. 20, 21. (Anogyna, Nees in Hook. Journ. Bot. ii. 395.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, parvæ, paniculatæ; 3 plæifloræ, glumis imbricatis 2-3 inferioribus vacuis. Stamina 1-2. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, glumis 3-5 latiusculis imbricatis. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. vix incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 v. 4-5 inæqualibus filiformibus. Nux obovoidea v. fere globosa, nuda v. styli basi persistente coronata, pericarpio crassiusculo, disco parum conspicuo imposita.—Herbæ perennes, elatæ. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, elongata. Spiculæ masculæ sæpius in panicula glomerulatæ, fœmineæ solitariæ v. glomerulatæ, omnes minimæ, laxe paniculatæ, paniculis secus caulem ad axillas bractearum foliacearum in paniculam generalem amplam longam dispositis, inferioribus masculis præcocioribus superioribus fœmineis.

Species enumeratæ 8, nonnullæ inter se parum distinctæ, Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 422.

Genus vix a Cryptangio differt inflorescentia et nuce sæpius (an semper?) crassiore non angulata subsuberosa, a Steudelio Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 177 in Scleria includitur.

48. Cryptangium, Schrad.; Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 163, t. 19. (Acrocarpus, Nees in Mart. l. c. 157, t. 16, 17.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, tenues, distincte pedicellate,

3 co-floræ, glumis angustis imbricatis, 2-3 inferioribus vacuis. Stamina 1-2. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, glumis 3 latiusculis imbricatis acuminatis florem circumdantibus. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux oblonga, 3-quetra, erostris, angulis costatis.—Herbæ perennes. Folia in rhizomate v. ad basin caulis conferta, elongata. Spiculæ graciliter v. breviter pedicellatæ, pedunculis nunc simplicibus v. parum compositis tenuibus secus caulem elongatum fasciculatis, nunc paucis spiculas paucas ferentibus inter bracteas foliaceas fere occultis. Inflorescentia nunc præter bracteas breviter foliaceas sub fasciculis dissitis aphylla, nunc bracteis foliaceis numerosis angustis dense confertis spiculas superantibus inclusa. Spiculæ utriusque sexus sæpius irregulariter mixtæ.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 412, excl. C. Dracænula, ad Cephalocarpum referenda.

49. Fintelmannia. Kunth, Enum. 12. ii. 362.—Spiculæ unisexuales, minimæ, in spica androgyna v. unisexuali spiculiformi sessiles, bracteis undique imbricatis glumiformibus obtectæ, superiores fœmineæ, inferiores masculæ, utriusque sexus 1-floræ. Glumæ 2, exterior vacua, interior florem involvens. Stamina 2, rarius 3. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux matura ignota, immatura angusta, erostris.—Herba perennis, cæspitosa. Folia ad basin caulis densissime conferta, recurvo-patentia, angusta, subulato-acuminata. Spicæ spiculiformes, parvæ, tenues, fuscæ, longe graciliterque v. breviter pedicellatæ, pedicellis in panicula laxa gracili terminali fasciculatis. Bracteæ foliaceæ ad basin fasciculorum inferiorum, vagina fusca, lamina lineari-subulata.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 197, t. 29 (Trilepis).

Genus Trilepis a Neesio conditum fuit ad species duas inter se parum affines, alteram Indicam alteram Brasiliensem charactere falso imprimis a specie Indica deducto, quæ rite ad Kobresiam refertur, Kunth speciem Brasiliensem quam a charactere Neesiano sub Trilepide agnoscere non potuit, pro genere nomine Fintelmanniæ optime descripsit, quare genus spurium Neesii, etsi tardius charactere emendato ad speciem Brasiliensem limitatum, nobis delendum videtur. Perigynium utriculiforme cum stylo cohærens a Neesio in charactere emendato descriptum est nucis pericarpium. Trilepis abyssinica et T. pilosa, Bæckel., ad Eriosporam pertinent.

- 50. Cephalocarpus, Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 162, t. 18.—Spiculæ unisexuales, parvæ, in fasciculis capituliformibus androgynis v. unisexualibus sessiles; & plurifloræ, glumis acutis imbricatis 1-2 exterioribus vacuis. Stamina 1-2. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, glumis sæpius 3. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi bulboso-incrassatus, demum cum bulbo deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 longe filiformibus. Nux (a nobis non visa) chartacea, 3-gona, basi parum angustior, styli basi diu coronata, demum denudata.—Caulis cum rhizomate continuus, ascendens, brevis, dense foliatus, basi vaginis persistentibus foliorum vetustiorum obtectus. Folia conferta, patentia, rigidula, acuta, vaginis imbricatis. Pedunculi ad axillas fasciculati v. solitarii, filiformes, folio multo breviores, capitulum parvum turbinatum ferentes. Bracteæ rigide subulatæ, spiculas non v. vix superantes. Spiculæ in capitulo 3-7, sessiles, 1-2 fœmineæ masculis cinctæ.
- Species 1, Brasiliæ borealis incola. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 180. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 415, sub Cryptangio, a quo tamen nobis distinctissima videtur habitu et inflorescentia, et fide Neesii stylo basi bulboso cum nuce articulato.
- 51. Pteroscieria, Nees in Linuwa, ix. 303, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 196.—Spiculæ unisexuales, parvæ, in fasciculo capituliformi varie intermixtæ, sessiles; ¿ paucifloræ, glumis acutis carinatis imbricatis, 1 rarius 2 exterioribus vacuis. Stamina 1-2. Spiculæ ? 1-floræ, glumis sæpius 3. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux 3-costata, erostris, disco hypogyno parum prominulo.—Herbæ perennes. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, brevia v. elongata, secus caulem pauca. Spiculæ in capitulo terminali sæpius numerosæ, omnes sessiles sed

irregulariter fasciculatæ, fœminea in quoque fasciculo terminalis, masculis lateralibus, sed interdum fœminea adest infra masculas, adsunt etiam sæpius capitula 1-3 minora ad axillas foliorum sessilia. Bracteæ foliaceæ sub capitulo terminali sæpius 2 v. 3, parum elongatæ.

Species 3, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. P. longifolia, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 579; Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1347, e Trinidad, Herb. Hook., et Brasilia boreali, Spruce, n. 648, habitum et inflorescentiam præbet Rhynchosporæ exaltatæ, Kunth. Species Guianensis in herb. Hook., quæ verisimiliter typica P. guianensis, Nees, statura multo minor foliis tamen \(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}\) pedes longa (nec \(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{4}\) poll. ut probabiliter lapsu calami a Neesio descripta). In specie tertia, Spruce, n. 3763, e Venezuela v. Brasilia boreali, statura at folia adhuc breviora, et huic verisimiliter referenda Scleria capitata, Willd., Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 351, a Bæckelero in Linnæa, xxxviii. 435 ad Diplacrum translata.

52. Calyptrocarya, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 304, et in Mart. Fl. Bras. 192, t. 28.— Spiculæ unisexuales, minimæ, in fasciculis androgynis paucæ, sessiles, bracteis glumiformibus imbricatis; β paucæ, paucifloræ, bracteam non excedentes, glumis paucis undique imbricatis 1-2 exterioribus vacuis, floribus 1-andris. Spicula ♀ inter masculas centralis, sessilis, 1-flora (v. flos nudus), glumis 0 v. interdum 1-2 parvis tenuissime membranaceis. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux subglobosa, erostris, intra bracteas fasciculi semi-inclusa v. stipata, disco hypogyno parum prominulo.—Herbæ perennes, subcæspitosæ. Folia longa, ad basin caulis interdum elongati conferta, secus caulem dissita. Spicularum fasciculi plures, in capitula parva conferti, capitulis laxe corymboso-paniculatis, paniculis terminalibus et secus caulem ad axillas foliorum subsessilibus, iis Rhynchosporæ sect. Pleurostachyos similibus.

Species 3 v. 4, Americæ australis tropicæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 363. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 181. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 429.

Schanus longifolius, Rudge, Pl. Gui. 14, t. 16, a Kunthio dubie ad Calyptrocaryam relatus, est Hoppia microcephalu, Bæckel. S. fragifor, Rudge, l. c. 15, t. 17, a Neesio olim quoque docente a Kunthio aliisque pariter ad Calyptrocaryam relata, est Rhynchospora polycephala, Wydl., ut rite emendavit Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 135. Stylum 2-partitum in Calyptrocarya a Neesio descriptum nunquam vidimus.

53. Becquerella, Brongn. in Imperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 161, t. 27.—Spiculæ unisæxuales, parvæ, in fasciculis androgynis ∞ sessiles, bracteis glumiformibus imbricatis acuminatis v. aristatis; ♂ paucæ, ∞-floræ, glumis acuminatis imbricatis 2–3 exterioribus vacuis, floribus 1-andris. Spicula ♀ inter masculas sessilis, centralis, 1-flora, glumis ∞ (4–5) bracteis fasciculi similibus mox auctis florem fere involventibus. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 longe filiformibus. Nux globosa v. ovoidea, lævis v. rugosa, erostris, disco brevissimo lato crassiusculo imposita, glumis auctis appressis acuminibus patentibus fere obtecta.—Herbæ perennes, caule foliato interdum valido elongatoque. Spicularum fasciculi dense cymosi, cymis laxe v. breviter corymboso-paniculatis, paniculis terminalibus sæpiusque etiam secus caulem ad axillas bractearum foliacearum sessilibus. Bracteæ intra paniculas angustæ, rigidulæ, inflorescentia breviores.

Species 3, America australis tropica incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 361. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum ii. 180. backel. in Linna, xxxviii. 538 (Scleria sect.). Genus nostro sensu Calyptrocarya et Hoppia potius quam Scleria affine a qua ha tres essentialiter different spicula 2 terminali nec masculis infera, aliisque notis.

54. Roppia, Necs in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 199, t. 30.—Spiculæ unisexuales, in fasciculis minimis androgynis sæpius 3 sessiles, bracteis glumiformibus imbricatis; & sæpius 2, 2-floræ, glumis paucis imbricatis, 1-3 inferioribus vacuis, floribus 1-andris. Spicula & inter masculas sessilis, centralis, 1-flora, bractea parva glumiformi subtensa, glumis (3?) in utriculum ovoideo-3-gonum acutiusculum v. acuminatum florem fructumque arcte includentem connatis, ore parvo minute 3-dentato v. subintegro. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. vix incrassatus, ex ore utriculi breviter exsertus, ramis

stigmatosis 3 filiformibus sæpe brevibus.—Herbæ perennes. Folia e rhizomate in axi brevi conferta, elongata. Caules v. potius scapi floridi ad axillas foliorum inferiorum iis sæpe breviores, basi vaginis paucis instructi, cæterum præter bracteas aphylli. Spicularum fasciculi numerosi, dense capitati, capitulis ad apicem scapi pluribus parvis irregulariter umbellatis v. in capitulo composito arcte sessilibus. Bractea foliacea ad basin inflorescentiæ parva, v. magis evoluta capitula superans.

Species 3 v. 4, Brasiliæ borealis et Guianæ incolæ. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxix. 11. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 16 (Schænus longifolius, species evidenter eadem ac Hoppia microcephala, Bæckel.).

Genus utriculo non obstante Becquereliæ nec Carica affine; utriculus enim e glumis 3 concretis compositum nec gluma unica sistens. Speciebus 3 a Bæckelero enumeratis addenda videtur planta Spruceana n. 2933, prope flumen Uaupès lecta, cui utriculus post anthesin auctus supra nucem spongioso-farctus; cæterum characteres omnes uti habitum Hoppiæ exhibens.

### TRIBUS V. SCLERIEÆ.

55. Eriospora, Hochst., A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 508.—Spiculæ 1-3-floræ, androgynæ v. abortu unisexuales, flore infimo fæmineo, superioribus 1-2 masculis, uno alterove interdum abortiente. Glumæ paucæ, carinatæ, tenues, subdistichæ, infima vacua, secunda florem 2 dum adsit, 1-2 superiores flores 3 foventes, summa v. interdum omnes supra florem 2 vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ normales desunt, sed ovarium basi pilis longis flexuosis numerosis (setis tenuissimis?) cinctum. Stamina in flore 3 1-3. Stylus in flore 2 cum ovario continuus, basi haud incrassatus, elongatus, apice ramis stigmatosis 3. Nux oblongo-3-quetra.—Herbæ elatæ. Folia ad basin caulis conferta, elongata, angusta. Spiculæ parvæ, in spicas spiculiformes densissime confertæ, spicis ipsis numerosis parvis in panicula longa laxa sæpe nutante sessilibus v. pedicellatis. Bracteæ sub ramis paniculæ longe vaginatæ, lamina foliacea brevi.

Species 4, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxix. 9 (Trilepis), et in Flora, 1879, 569 (Carpha). Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiv. 30, t. 1342. Species Abyssinica, a Quartin-Dillono et a Schimpero n. 1262 lecta, a typica Schimperiana n. 233 paullulum diversa videtur.

CATAGYNA, Beauv. in Lestiboud. Essai Fam. Cyp. 26, species a Thouarsio communicata, patria non nota, ex charactere manco videtur Eriosporæ affinis, sed valde dubia remanet et e generibus delenda.

56. Scieria, Berg in K. Vetensk. Acad. Handl. Stockholm, xxvi. (1765), 142, t. 4, 5.—Flores unisexuales, foeminei solitarii, in spiculis androgynis infra masculos v. in spicula distincta, masculi in spiculis androgynis v. distinctis ∞. Glume undique imbricatæ, 1–3 inferiores et interdum 1–3 supra florem ♀ vacuæ. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina 1, 2 v. rarius 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. breviter incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux globosa v. ovoidea, sæpius alba, obtusissima et erostris v. styli basi brevi persistente mucronata, gynophoro sæpe in discum simplicem v. duplicem cartilagineum dilatato v. rarius obsoleto imposita.—Herbæ nunc humiles diffusæ v. laxæ, nunc elatæ validæ. Folia nunc graminea flaccida, nunc longa lata plicato-nervosa. Spiculæ parvæ, sæpius fasciculatæ, fasciculis nunc minimis ad axillas subsessilibus v. in cymulas breves terminales v. ad axillas breviter pedunculatas dispositis, nunc in panicula terminali lata densa numerosis, v. in paniculis terminalibus axillaribusque laxe numerosissimis. Bracteæ ad basin cymarum v. panicularum foliaceæ, intra inflorescentiam breves, sed sæpe in acumen rigidum tenue fere aristiforme productæ, sub spiculis sæpe glumiformes.

Species ad 100, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in America boreali usque ad regiones temperatas extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 339. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 167. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 436, excl. sect. D. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 425.

Genus habitu sat polymorphum, facile tamen dignoscendum, a Neesio in genera plura divisum imprimis ad disci hypogyni formam, quæ de specie in speciem variat et characteres potius specificos quam genericos præbet. Bæckeler species melius distribuit ad inflorescentiam et Bentham in Flora Australiensi series 6 proposuit, hæ tamen inter se arcte connexæ sunt nec pro sectionibus distinctis habendæ. Genera igitur sequentia a variis auctoribus proposita in Scleria includimus.

DIFLACRUM, R. Br. Prod. 241 Endl. Ionogr. t. 25; Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 26, est S. caricina, Benth., species regionis Indo-Australianse annua, diffuss, habitu fere Schani axillaris, Hook. f., spicularum fasciculis minimis ad axillas subsessilibus; glumse spicularum & sepius 3, tenuissimse, floribus 2 1-2-andris, spicularum Q pariter 3, quarum 2 interiores florem arcte includunt.

SPHEEOPUS, Bæckel. in Flora, 1873, 89, ex Australia tropica, est ipsa S. pygmæa, Br. (Diplacrum pygmæum, Nees), species S. caricinæ arcte affinis, floribus 3 præcocibus cito marcescentibus a Bæckelero prætervisis sed in speciminibus ipsis Schultzianis obviis. D. pygmæum, Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxviii. 434, ex Africa tropica, est species affinis sed bene distincta (S. africana, Benth.) nucibus minutis longitudinaliter co-costatis, disco hypogyno minuto v. obsoleto. D. capitatum, Bæckel., ex America tropica, cui si specimina Spruceana rite referimus, est Pteroscleriæ species.

HYPOPORUM, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 303, species includit habitu varias, disco hypogyno minuto v. obsoleto. Plurimæ tamen bene distinguuntur spicularum fasciculis ut in Diplacro minimis, sed secus rhachin spicæ terminalis tenuis aphyllæ dissitis, et seriem formant sat naturalem. Species pleræque Americanæ australes v. boreales et Africanæ cum una Indica. Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. t. 9, f. 2. Bæckel. in Linnæa xxxviii. 438, n. 1 ad 6. Hypopora cætera Neesiana ad series Laxarum v. Subspicatarum, Benth., pertinent.

CYLINDROPUS, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 303, est S. pilosa, Bœckel., e Zeylania, species habitu S. tessellatæ, Willd., affinis, disco hypogyno crasso breviter cylindraceo apice integro basi annulato.

TRACHYLOMIA, Necs in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 174, est S. triglomerata, Mich., ex America boreali, charactere nullo a Scleriis typicis tenuioribus separanda.

SCLERIA, Nees in Mart. l. c. 178, t. 23, ad S. communem, Kunth, affinesque paucas limitatur, paniculis axillaribus terminalibusque, spiculis unisexualibus, disco 3-lobo.

MASTIGOSCLEBIA, Nees in Mart. l. c. 177, est S. reflexa, H. B. et K.; Omosclebia, Nees in Mart. l. c. 180, est S. Flagellum, Swartz; species utraque ex America tropica tam habitu quam characteribus omnino normales.

His juxtaposuit Bœckeler Diploscyphum, Liebm. Mexic. Halfgr. 74, speciem Mexicanam (S. mexicanam, Bœckel.) disco duplici utroque 3-lobo. Specimina non vidimus.

SCHIZOLEPIS, Schrad. ex Nees in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. i. 186, t. 26, species continet nonnullas austro-Americanas, inflorescentia normali sæpe laxa, disci hypogyni lobis laceris.

Chondholomia, Necs in Mart. l. c. 173, est S. Sellowiana, Kunth, species Brasiliensis, spiculis in corymbum breviter foliatum confertis, disco hypogyno interiore e tuberculis 6 composito, exteriore patelliformi.

HYMENOLYTRUM, Nees in Mart. l. c. 174, t. 22, includit species nonnullas austro-Americanas, cum S. oryzoide, Presl, ex orbo vetere, caule elato, foliis magnis, spiculis numerosissimis in paniculam densam pyramidatam confertis, disci lobis obscuris nuci adhærentibus.

Macrolomia, Schrad.; Nees in Mart. l. c. 181, t. 24, est S. bracteata, Cav., species Americana inflorescentia insignis. Spiculæ masculæ numerosissimæ, brunneæ, in paniculis superioribus breviter bracteatis dense confertæ; fæmineæ in paniculis axillaribus sessilibus brevibus angustis paucæ, bracteis numerosis longe subulato-acuminatis.

OPHEYOSCLERIA, Nees in Mart. l. c. 182, t. 25, species continet plures austro-Americanas elatas laxe floribundas cæterum habitu normales, nucibus parvis majusculisve nitidis styli basi diu persistente mucronatis, disco hypogyno truncato ciliato.

S. sphacelata, F. Muell., ex Australia, ab omnibus differt spiculis stricte dioicis.

DIAPHORA, Lour. I'l. Cochinch. 578, species Cochinchinensis ex charactere auctoris est verisimiliter Scleriæ species, glumis spiculæ masculæ pro paleis receptaculi descriptis.

57. **Eobresia**, Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 205. (Elyna, Schrad. Fl. Germ. i. 155. Cobresia, Pers. Syn. ii. 534. Froelichia, Wulf. Fl. Nor. 729. Trilepis, Nees in Edinb. N. Philos. Journ. xvii. 267, et in Linnœa, ix. 305, pro parte.)—Flores unisexuales, in spiculis androgynis, inferiore fœmineo, cœteris 1-∞ masculis. Glumæ undique imbricatæ, infima vacua. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stamina in fl. 3 sæpius 3. Stylus cum ovario continuus, basi haud v. parum incrassatus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux sessilis, disco nullo prominente, sæpe styli basi breviter mucronata.—Herbæ perennes, cæspitosæ, sæpius humiles. Folia ad basin caulis in cæspite denso confertæ, scapis sæpius aphyllis. Spiculæ in spicam terminalem simplicem v. parum compositam dispositæ.

Species ad 8, Europæ et Asiæ borealis et montanæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 532 (Elyna). VOL. III. 3 z

Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 246 (Cobresia). Backel. in Linnea, xxxix. 2 (excl. K. seticulmi, K. Hookeri et K. laxa). All. Fl. Ped. t. 92, f. 2 et t. 89, f. 5 (Carex). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 193 (Elyna et Kobresia). Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 77, 78 (Carex). De genere Necsiano Trilepide, cfr. supra sub Fintelmannia.

## TRIBUS VI. CARICEÆ.

58. **Emisearex**, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xviii. 367.—Spiculæ unisexuales, 3 plurisæpe multi-floræ, distinctæ v. spicas fœmineas apice continuantes, glumis undique imbricatis v. subdistichis. Stamina 3. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, spicatæ, ad axillas bractearum glumiformium sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, gluma unica marginibus circa florem convolutis basique interdum breviter connatis, utriculum formans introrsum ad medium v. interdum ad basin fissum; rhachilla (spiculæ rhachis) intra utriculum ultra florem producta, setiformis v. plana, utriculum non v. vix excedens. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi haud v. parum incrasssatus, ramis stigmatosis 2? v. 3 filiformibus. Nux gluma pene involuta, obtuse 3-quetra (v. compressa?).—Herbæ perennes, habitu uti Carices variabiles, nunc humiles cæspitosæ spicis simplicibus interdum dioicis, nunc elatiores spicis decompositis paniculatis.

Species ad 10, Indiæ orientalis et Africæ australis incolæ, includunt species fere omnes Schænoxiphii, Kunthii et Bæckeleri, præter S. rufum, Nees (S. Dregeanum, Kunth), cum Kobresia laxa, Nees, et K. seticulmi et K. Hookeri, Bæckel. in Linnæa, xxxix. 3, et Caricem linearem, Boott. Ill. Gen. Carex. t. 136.

Genus a Kobresia differt spiculis nunquam androgynis etsi more Caricis interdum spicam androgynam format, a Carice nonnisi gluma seu utriculo fœmineo plus minus aperto.

59. Schœnexiphium, Nees in Linnæa, ix. 305, pro parte.—Spiculæ unisexuales, of multifloræ, distinctæ v. spicas fœmineas breviter continuantes. Stamina 2-3. Spiculæ Q v. potius androgynæ, breviter spicatæ, ad axillas bractearum glumiformium sessiles, gluma more Caricis marginibus connatis utriculum florem includens formante, ore parvo sub-2-dentato; rhachilla (spiculæ rhachis) ultra florem producta, setiformis, ex utriculo exserta, et glumas 2-3 parvas sæpius flores masculos foventes ferens. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi subbulboso-incrassatus, demum deciduus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux triquetra, utriculo lageniformi omnino inclusa.—Herba perennis, caule elongato foliato. Spiculæ numerosæ, in paniculas densas oblongas terminales et ad axillas pedunculatas dispositæ, glumis membranaceis brunneis. Bracteæ sub paniculis foliaceæ, inflorescentiam longe superantes, intra paniculas glumiformes v. hinc inde setaceæ parum elongatæ.

Species 1, Africæ australis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 529. Bæckel. in Linnæa, xli. 352. Genus ad S. rufum, Nees, limitatum, a Kunthio sub nomine S. Dregeani optime descriptum, a Caricibus dense paniculatis vix differt spicularum fæminearum rhachilla ex utriculo exserta et glumas sæpiusque flores masculos ferente. Species cæteræ Neesii et Kunthii pleræque ad Hemoaricem pertinent, rhachilla ut in Carice nuda.

60. Uncinia, Pers. Syn. Pl. ii. 534.—Spiculæ unisexuales, of multifloræ, terminales, cum spica fœminea continuæ, glumis undique imbricatis. Stamina 3, rarius pauciora. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, spicatæ, ad axillas bractearum glumiformium sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, gluma unica marginibus connatis utriculum lageniformem florem includentem formante, ore parvo obliquo v. 2-dentato; rhachilla (spiculæ rhachis) intra utriculum ultra florem producta, apice ex utriculo exserta, uncinata v. reflexo-glochidiata. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ex utriculo protrusus, ramis stigmatosis 3 filiformibus. Nux utriculo sæpe nonnihil aucto inclusa, compressa v. 3-quetra.—Herbæ habitu Caricis specierum quibus inflorescentia simplex androgyna et continua, nec differunt nisi rhachilla exserta apice mucrone reflexo glochidiata, et Carex microglochin, Wahlenb., rhachilla apice sæpe leviter uncinata quasi medium inter duo genera tenet.

Species ad 25, pro maxima parte in temperatis frigidisque hemisphærii australis vigentes, in ins. Sandwicensibus, et secus Andes America tropica usque ad Mexicum et Indiam occidentalem obvise.

Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 524. Steud. Syn. Fl. Glum. ii. 243. Backel. in Linnaa, xli. 339. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 308. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 433. Raoul, Choix Pl. N. Zel. t. 5. Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. t. 64; Fl. Antarct. t. 51, 145; Fl. Tarm. t. 152, 153. Thou. Mel. t. 5, 6. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 72. Genus a Clarkeo in sectiones 2 dividitur: 1. Stenandra, filamentis filiformibus. Species omnes australes Americanze v. gerontogeze. 2. Platyandra, filamentis complanatis szepe antheris latioribus. Species omnes Americanæ.

61. Carex, Linn. Gen. n. 1046.—Spiculæ unisexuales; & multifloræ, terminales distinctæque v. spicas fœmineas apice v. basi continuantes, glumis undique imbricatis. Stamina 3, rarius pauciora. Spiculæ Q 1-floræ, spicatæ, ad axillas bractearum glumiformium sessiles v. breviter stipitatæ, gluma unica marginibus connatis utriculum sæpe lageniforme (perigynium auct. plur.) florem includens formante, ore parvo sæpius 2-dentato ; rhachilla (spiculæ rhachis) intra utriculum sæpe ultra florem producta, setiformis v. linearis planaque, utriculum non v. vix excedens. Setæ hypogynæ 0. Stylus basi haud incrassatus, ex utriculo protrusus, ramis stigmatosis 2 v. 3 filiformibus. Nux utriculo sæpe nonnihil aucto inclusa, compressa v. 3-quetra.—Herbæ perennes, foliis gramineis ad basin caulis confertis rariusque secus caulem dissitis. Spiculæ masculæ si distinctæ terminales, solitariæ, v. plures, quarum una terminalis, paucæ sub ea laterales; spicæ fæmineæ v. androgynæ infra masculas v. absque masculis distinctas varie dispositæ, pauce distincteque v. varie capitate v. paniculate; in inflorescentiis seu spicis androgynis flores masculi ad apicem v. rarius ad basin spicæ, bractea spiculas fœmineas (seu utriculum) subtendentes in glumas florum masculorum abeuntes iisque simillimæ, nisi sæpius paullo majores laxiusque imbricatæ v. interdum subdissitæ. Bracteæ sub spicis inferioribus v. sub ramis paniculæ interdum foliaceæ, sub spicis spiculisve summis vix glumis majores.

Species enumeratæ ultra 800 et verisimiliter ultra 500 retinendæ, per regiones temperatas frigidasque utriusque orbis copiose dispersæ, inter tropicos paucæ nisi in montibus. Kunth, Enum. Pl. ii. 368. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. ii. 182. Backel. in Linnaa, xxxix. 14, xl. 327, xli. 145. Franch et Savat. Enum. Pl. Japon. ii. 123. Liebm. Mex. Halfgr. 75. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 435. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 310. Boott, Illustr. Gen. Carex cum tabb. 600. Schkuhr, Beschr. und Abbild. Riedgr. Wittenberg, 1801 et 1806 cum tabb. 93, et Kunze, Suppl. Leipzig, 1840, 1850, cum tabb. 50. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 41 ad 100; iii. t. 77 ad 79; iv. t. 75, 76, 79 ad 96. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 194 ad 277. C. A. Mey. in Mem. Sav. Etr. Acad. Petersb. i. t. 4 ad 14. A. Rich, Fl. N. Zel. t. 21, 22. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 142 ad 144; Fl. N. Zel. t. 63; Fl. Tasm. t. 150, 151. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 73, f. 3, 5. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. Brongn, in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 25. t. 207 ad 226. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 142 ad 145, 147.

Genus vastum, facillime dignoscendum, quoad inflorescentiam polymorphum, sed characteres certos ad sectiones formandas non præbet. Species ab auctoribus distribuuntur in series imprimis ad numerum et rationem spicularum mascularum cum spicis femineis. Vignea, Beauv. in Lestib. Essai Fam. Cyper. 22, genus propositum fuit ad species stylo 2-fido, et Trasus, S. Gray, Nat. Arr. Brit. Pl. ii. 53, ad species stylo 3-fido, sed distinctio minime naturalis, et character in speciebus nonnullis inconstans. Rafinesque in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 106, genus in 4 dividit: CAREX, SCURIA, TRIPLIMA et TRIODUS; et Schur in Enum. Pl. Trans. 696 et seqq. pariter genera 4 accepit: CAREX, PSYLLOPHORA (Ehrh. Beitr. iv. 146 nomen), Vignea, Beauv., et Vignantra, Schur. Heuffel in Flora, 1844, 527, 528, species plures generice separavit sub nominibus Maukschia, Leucoglochin, Calli-STACHYS. GENERSICHIA et CRYPTOGLOCHIN.

PSEUDOCAREX, Miq. in Ann. Mus. Lugd. Bat. ii. 146, e Japonia, floribus statu juniore ab auctoro examinatis, ex descriptione videtur Caricis species, utriculo juniore pubescente pro ovario descripto. Schelhammeria, Monch, Meth. Suppl. 119, est C. cyperina, Linn., cui flores pauci masculi ad basin spicæ fæmineæ, quod in speciebus pluribus observatur et character auctoris cæterum vix intelligibilis est.

C. microglochin, Wahlenb., rhachilla spiculæ fæmineæ ex utriculo exserta et sæpe leviter uncinata Uncinia accedit. C. gaimardioides, Em. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 202, t. 73, f. 2, est Scirpus semisubterraneus, Bœckel., staminibus setisve jam delapsis et pericarpio pro utriculo delineato et descripto.

De utriculo et ovario Caricis confer Kunth in Wiegm. Archiv. i. ii. 349, t. 6, et ii. i. 213, t. 5.

### Ordo CC. GRAMINEE.

Endl. Gen. 77. Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 106. Kunth, Rev. Gram. Parisiis, folio, 1829, cum tabb. 220.

Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 14.

Flores hermaphroditi v. unisexuales, in spicas parvas spiculas dictas dispositi, singuli ad axillam bractem parvæ glumam dictm solitarii, sessiles v. subsessiles. Gluma in spicula secus rhachillam (i.e. spiculæ rhachin) alternæ, distiche rarissime subternatim imbricatæ, inferiores 2, rarius 3-∞ v. rarissime una sola vacuæ, 1-∞ sequentes florentes (palea inferiores auct. plur.) florem foventes, interdum 1-x summe minores vacuæque (flores tabescentes auct. plur.). Perianthium perfectum 0, sed in glumæ axilla ad basin axis floralis palea sæpius adest (palea superior auct. plur.) rhachillam spiculæ spectans, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata, integra v. 2-dentata, rarius 2-partita, nunc glumæ æquilonga, nunc sæpius minor, interdum minuta v. omnino evanida ; et supra paleam infra stamina adsunt sæpius lodiculæ 2 v. 3, squamellæ parvæ hyalinæ v. carnosulæ, quarum 2 liberæ lateralesque v. pone axin a rhachilla spiculæ aversæ et plus minus connatæ, tertia dum adsit lateralibus æqualis v. minor. Stamina 3 v. pauciora, rarius 4 v. 6, rarissime ∞, filamentis capillaribus v. leviter complanatis liberis v. rarissime in tubum connatis. Antheræ versatiles v. rarius basifixæ, lineares oblongæ v. ovoideæ, loculis 2 parallelis apice basique sæpe plus minus discretis, longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarium in centro floris sessile v. breviter stipitatum, erectum, integrum v. stylorum basibus sub-2-dentatum, 1-loculare. Styli 2 v. rarius 3, terminales v. ad apicem ovarii sublaterales, distincti v. plus minus in stylum 2rarius 3-fidum connati, filiformes, breves v. elongati, superne v. fere a basi breviter v. longe stigmatosi, papillis stigmatosis nunc brevissimis nunc filiformibus simplicibus v. ramulosis plumosi. Ovulum 1, adscendens, anatropum, prope basin v. lateraliter affixum, ab ovario sæpius difficile separandum. Fructus (caryopsis) sæpius parvus, gluma paleaque cum fragmento rhachillæ inclusus, quibuscum v. cum tota spicula dilabitur, rarius exsertus v. seorsum deciduus, indehiscens; pericarpium sæpius tenuissimum semini arcte adnatum et supra seminis hilum macula notatum, rarius laxum, membranaceum v. in Bambuseis nonnullis crustaceum induratum v. crassissime carnosum, Seminis testa a pericarpio adnato non distinguenda, v. intra pericarpium liberum tenuissima albumini adnata; albumen copiosum, farinaceum v. rarius carnosum. Embryo ad basin albuminis parvus, globosus v. depressus, sæpe minutus.

Herbæ annuæ v. perennes v. in Bambuseis pluribus frutescentes v. arborescentes, basi sæpe cæspitosæ v. e rhizomate multicaules, interdum repentes v. stoloniferæ, rarius scandentes. Caules teretes v. compressiusculi, inter nodos sæpius cavi, simplices v. ramosi. Folia pleraque ad basin caulis conferta, sæpeque distiche imbricata, superiora alterna, dissita, interdum subspiraliter disposita; vaginæ introrsum in longitudinëm fissæ ore sæpius ligula brevi scariosa v. membranacea v. annulo setarum coronato; lamina patens v. rarius erecta, sæpius angusta plana v. præsertim siccitate convoluta, interdum rigide subulato-teres, sæpius venis numerosis parallelis lineata et in speciebus nonnullis latifoliis venulis parvis transversis plus minus distincte tessellata. Inflorescentia in pedunculo terminali v. rarius in pedunculis ad axillas solitariis v. fasciculatis simpliciter spicata racemosa v. varie paniculata, sæpissime ebracteata; in Bambuseis tamen nonnullis perpaucisque aliis bracteæ spathaceæ v. glumiformes adsunt sub ramulis paniculæ et sub spiculis ipsis.

Specierum numerus a variis auctoribus varie estimatus, ad normam nostram verisimiliter ad 3100 v. 3200 reducendæ, per orbem totum terrarum copiose dispersæ, undique nec in terris Arcticis summisque Alpibus nec in calidissimis apricisque inter tropicos desunt, in uliginosis tamen paludibusque sæpe *Cyperaceis* cedunt, nonnullæ latissime diffusæ fere cosmopolitanæ, plures jam a temporibus antiquissimis copiose cultæ statu sylvestri hodie ignotæ.

Ordo quoad partem in orbis vegetatione tenentem inter Monocolyledones maximus, etsi numero Orchideis palmam cedat. Naturalissimus est et circumscriptione accuratissime definitus,

nec cum ullo alio generibus intermediis connexus. Cyperaceis spicularum structura floribusque proxime affinis, differt caule inter nodos sæpissime cavo, foliorum vaginis in longitudinem fissis, palea lodiculisque huic ordini propriis, embryonis situ et structura, sæpissimeque stigmatibus plumosis eliisque characteribus pluribus minus constantibus. De palea et lodicularum homologia multum disputatum est et nuperrime disseruit Hackel (Engl. Bot. Jahrb. i. 336) qui paleam, lodicularum par et lodiculam tertiam dum adsit pro bracteolis (2 v. 3) habet, in axi floris infra florem proprium (stamina cum pistillo) alternatim affixis, quod tamen ulterius probandum est. Hæc organa cæterum in nullo alio ordine distincte observantur, nisi forte paleam cum squamis hypogynis exterioribus Cyperacearum e tribu Hypolytrearum comparas, v. paleam cum perianthio exteriore lodiculas cum interiore Eriocauli. Palea denique quoad venationem cum bractea intra spatham 1-floram Iridearum e tribu Ixicarum comparanda, homologia tamen cæterum minime clara.

Distributio in tribus et genera tamen difficillima est et a variis auctoribus modis diversis tentata. Quam hic proponimus, quoad notas essentiales a Brownio indicata, a pluribus auctoribus varie reformata, imprimis in notis Munroanis characteribus certioribus definita in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 14 breviter exposita recentiusque ad notas a Prof. Hackelio aliisque benevole communicatas, emendata adhuc fatendum est sæpe valde imperfecta remanet. Tribus plures uti genera majora modo nimis artificialia, modo male definita sunt sæpeque formis intermediis connectuntur.

#### FORMÆ ABNORMES.

Caulis arborescens in Bambuseis pluribus.

Foliorum vagina marginibus connatis in tubum clausa more Cyperacearum in Melica uniflora, Linn., et forte in speciebus aliis perpaucis adhuc imperfecte observatis.

Spicula unica, maxima, glumis florentibus in tubum connatis in Lygeo; spiculæ singulæ bractea stipatæ in Xerochloa et Spinifice.

Glumæ non distichæ in Streptochæta; inferiores vacuæ 3-∞ in Streptochæta, in Phalarideis non-nullis, in Cathestecho, Ctenio, Tetrachni, Pommereulla, Brylkınia, Uniola, omnino desunt v. ad dentem parvum reductæ in Coleantho, Nardo et interdum in Psiluro et Asprella.

Palea intra glumam tertiam maxima in Xerochloa et Phyllorhachi.

Stamina monadelpha in Streptochæta, Gigantochloa et Oxytenanthera, plus quam 6 in Pariana et sæpius in Luziola et Ochlandra.

Stylus indivisus in Lygeo, Anomochloa, Nardo, in Bambuseis paucis et hinc inde in aliis generibus, 3-fidus v. styli 3 in Pharo et Leptaspide, 4-6-fidus in Melocanna et Ochlandra, longissimus spiraliterque contortus in Streptochæta, abbreviatus late membranaceus 2-fidus in Boissiera.

# CONSPECTUS TRIBUUM (exceptis neglectis).

Series A. Panicacez. Spiculæ cum pedicello infra glumas articulatæ, flore fertili unico terminali, addito interdum altero inferiore masculo v. sterili.

Tribus I. Panicese. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ, rarius abortu unisexuales, spicatæ v. paniculatæ, rachi inflorescentiæ inarticulata. Gluma florens exaristata, fructifera indurata v. saltem exterioribus rigidior.

(Genera anomala plura, Paniccis plus minus affinia, ad calcem tribus enumerantur.)

Tribus II. Maydeæ. Spiculæ 1-sexuales, 3 terminales, spicatæ v. paniculatæ, v. (in *Pariana*) fæmineam circumdantes;  $\varphi$  inferiores, spicatæ, cum rhacheos internodio (excepta *Zea*) articulatim secedentes.

Tribus III. Oryzese. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ v. rarius unisexuales, paniculatæ v. spicatæ, rhachi inflorescentiæ inarticulata. Gluma sub flore summa (palea?) 1-nervis v. carinata.

Tribus IV. Tristeginess. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ, secus paniculæ ramulos inarticulatos solitariæ geminæ v. fasciculatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ. Glumæ vacuæ aristatæ v. muticæ, florens hyalina v. tenuiter membranacea, mutica v. arista geniculatæ terminata.

Tribus V. Zoysiese. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ v. nonnullæ imperfectæ, cum rhachi inarticulata spicæ simplicis sigillatim v. fasciculatim articulatæ. Gluma florens membranacea, sæpius vacuis minor hyalinaque.

Subtribus 1. Anthephorese. Spioule in pedicello 3-co, in fasciculum deciduum conferte. Gluma florens nunc vacuis sublongior, nunc brevior hyalina,

Subtribus 2. Euroysiese. Spiculæ in pedicello solitariæ rarius geminæ. Gluma florens vacuis brevior, hyalina.

Tribus VI. Andropegoness. Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin v. paniculæ ramulos sæpissime geminæ v. terminales ternæ, in quoque pari homogamæ v. heterogamæ. Gluma florens vacuis minor, hyalina, sæpe aristata.

Series B. Poacre. Pedicellus infra glumas continuus. Rhachilla supra glumas inferiores persistentes sæpe articulata, ultra flores fertiles producta stipitiformis v. glumas vacuas v. flores imperfectos ferens, v. interdum flos fertilis more Panicacearum unicus terminalis, sed cum gluma sua a vacuis persistentibus articulatim secedens.

Tribus VII. Phalaridese (genuinse). Flos hermaphroditus unicus, terminalis. Glumse 6 (v. 5 et palea) 1-nerves v. carinatæ. (Oryzeæ, additis glumis 2 infra articulationem vacuis.)

Tribus VIII. Agrestidese. Spiculæ 1-floræ, rhachilla ultra florem nuda v. in setam v. stipitem producta.

Subtribus 1. Stipese. Panicula laxa v. irregulariter spiciformis. Gluma florens arista sæpius terminata, fructifera caryopsin arcte involvens. Rhachilla ultra florem non producta.

Subtribus 2. Phleoideæ. Panicula spiciformis, dense cylindracea v. subglobosa. Gluma florens mutica v. aristis 1-3 terminata, fructifera caryopsin laxe includens. Rhachilla interdum producta.

Subtribus 3. Sporobolese. Panicula laxa v. ad racenum reducta. Gluma florens mutica. Caryopsis demum sæpius glumis apertis subdenudata. Rhachilla non producta.

Subtribus 4. Euagrosteæ. Panicula varia, sæpius laxa. Gluma florens sæpius arista dorsali instructa rarissime mutica. Caryopsis gluma laxe inclusa. Rhachilla sæpe producta.

Tribus IX. Avenese. Spiculæ 2-floræ, rarius co-floræ, sæpius paniculatæ. Glumæ florentes arista dorsali v. interdum terminali sæpissime instructæ v. in generibus æqualiter 2 floris muticæ. Rhachilla ultra flores sæpius producta.

Subtribus 1. Airee. Spiculæ stricte 2-floræ, rhachilla non producta.

Subtribus 2. Eusveneæ. Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, rhachilla producta.

Tribus X. Chloridess. Spiculæ 1-00-floræ, secus rhachin spicarum unilateralium 2-seriatim sessiles secundæ.

Tribus XI. Festucese. Spiculæ 2----floræ, varie paniculatæ v. rarius racemosæ. Glumæ florentes muticæ v. aristis 1-00 terminatæ.

Subtribus 1. Pappophorese. Glume florentes co-nerves 3-co-dentate v. absque aristis 4-lobe.

Subtribus 2. Triodieæ. Glumæ florentes 1-3-nerves, 3-dentatæ 3-fidæ v. 3-aristatæ. Subtribus 3. Arundineæ. Rhachilla sub glumis florentibus longe pilosa.

Subtribus 4. Seslerieze. Inflorescentia spiciformis v. capituliformis, basi glumis vacuis v. spicis sterilibus sæpius stipata. Stylus v. rami sæpius longi tenues.

Subtribus 5. Eragrostem. Gluma florentes 3-nerves. Catera normalia.

Subtribus 6. Melicese. Gluma florentes 3-co-nerves, superiores 2-co vacua semet involventes.

Subtribus 7. Centocheceæ. Folia plana lanceolata v. ovata inter venas transverse venulosa. Gluma florentes 5-00-nerves.

Subtribus 8. Eufestucese. Gluma florentes 5-00-nerves. Catera normalia.

Tribus XII. Rordeeæ. Spiculæ 1-co-floræ, ad dentes seu excavationes rhacheos spicæ simplicis sessiles.

Subtribus 1. Triticese. Spicula ad nodos solitaria, 3-co-flora rarius 2-flora.

Subtribus 2. Leptureze. Spiculæ ad nodos solitariæ, 1-5-floræ. Spica tenuis.

Subtribus 3. Elymeæ. Spiculæ ad nodos 2-∞, collaterales.

Tribus XIII. Bambusese. Gramina elata, sæpius basi saltem lignosa. Folia plana, sæpissime cum vagina articulata. Spiculæ 1.-co-floræ. Lodiculæ sæpe 3. Stamina 3, 4 v. co.

Subtribus 1. Arundinariem. Stamina 3. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum.

Subtribus 2. Eubambuses. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum.

Subtribus 3. Dendrocalameze. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium orustaceum v. car-

n, a semine liberum.

Subtribus 4. Melocannese. Stamina 6-00. Palea 0 nisi glumis simillima. Perioarpium crusta-oeum v. oarnoeum, a semine liberum.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Series A. Panicace. Spiculæ cum pedicello infra glumas articulate, articulatio sæpius immediate sub glumis infimis, interdum sub spicularum fasciculo, v. (in *Maydeis*) rhachis ipsa spicæ sub quaque spicula 2 articulata. Glumæ in spicula 4 v. pauciores. Flos fertilis unicus sub gluma summa specie terminalis, addito interdum flore altero inferiore masculo v. rarissime hermaphrodito sterilique; rhachilla ultra florem fertilem non continuata, inter glumas continua v. rarissime articulata; glumæ infimæ vacuæ.

Excepta: Flos inferior hermaphroditus perfectus in *Isachne*, hermaphroditus sed sæpius sterilis in *Beokmannia* et hinc inde in speciminibus nonnullis *Setarius* specierum paucarum.

Glumæ infimæ vacuæ infra articulationem persistentes in laachne.

Tribus I. Panices. Spiculse fertiles hermaphroditse rarius abortu unisexuales, spicatse v. paniculatse, rhachi inflorescentise inarticulata. Gluma florens exaristata, fructifera indurata v. saltem exterioribus rigidior v. major.

Excepta (præter genera anomala n. 24 ad 30) :-

Spiculæ abortu unisexuales in Amphicarpo, stricte unisexuales in generibus anomalis n. 24 ad 27. Spicæ rhachis demum articulata in speciminibus nonnullis Stenotaphri.

Gluma fructifera vix rigescens in Panici sect. Tricholæna, et in Anthænantia.

- \* Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes v. varie ramulosi, ultra spiculas non producti. Pedicelli sub spiculis singulis articulati.
  - 1. REIMARIA. Paniculæ rami simplices. Glumæ 2. Stamina 2.—Amer. trop. et bor. subtrop.
  - 2. Paspalum. Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes, spiculis sessilibus v. subsessilibus sigillatim v. per paria alternis, secus rhachin unilateralibus v. subdistichis. Glumæ 3 rarissime 2. Stamina 3.—Amer. trop. et subtrop., in Afr. et Asia trop. pauciores, in Eur. austr. inquilinæ.
  - 3. Anthenantia. Panicula laxiuscula sericeo-pilosa et glumæ membranaceæ Panici sectionis Tricholænæ. Glumæ 3 Paspali.—Amer. trop. et bor.
  - 4. Amphicarpum. Spiculæ abortu unisexuales, & in panicula angusta parum divisa, \$\varphi\$ duplo majores in scapis aphyllis solitariæ. Glumæ 3 Paspali.—Amer. hor.
  - 5. ERICCHIOA. Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes. Spiculæ ovoideæ, glumis 3 fore Paspali, sed supra articulationem pedicelli callo insidentes, et gluma florens obtusissima, sæpius mucrone brevi instructa.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.
  - 6. Beckmannia. Paniculæ rami spiciformes fere Panici colonum, spiculis subsessilibus. Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ dorso subvesiculosæ, 2 superiores florentes, flore utroque  $\nabla$ , inferiore (an semper?) sterili.— Eur. or., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
  - 7. ISACHNE. Panicula Panici (Eupanici Effusarum). Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, 2 superiores æqualiter fructiferæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
  - 6. Panicum. Paniculæ rami nunc simplices spiciformes Paspali, nunc ramulosi stricti v. effusi. Glumæ sæpissime 4, infima exaristata minima v. rarius tertiæ v. omnibus æquilonga.

     Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.; in temperatis paucæ.
  - 9. ICHNANTHUS. Paniculæ rami ramulosi et glumæ 4 Panici. Spiculæ rhachilla sub gluma fertili utrinque membrana longa v. minima appendiculata.—Amer. trop.
  - 10. Oplismenus. Paniculæ rami simplices, dissiti, secundi, spiculis secus rhachin unilateraliter fasciculatis. Glumæ 4, inferiores vacuæ aristatæ.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.
  - 11. Chætium. Panicula angusta, densa, ramulis strictis. Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ subæquales, aristatæ.—*Brasilia, Mexico*.
  - 12. Setabla. Panicula densa nunc cylindracea spiciformis, nunc anguste thyrsoidea. Spiculæ setis rigidis (ramulis setiformibus) in pedicello sub articulatione persistentibus stipatæ. Glumæ 4, inflma sæpius parva Panici.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp.
- \*\* Spicæ v. racemi simplices, solitarii v. rarius 🕫 paniculati. Pedicelli sub involucro 1–30-setcso spiculas 1–3 continente articulati.
  - 13. Cenchrus. Involucri setæ v. squamæ rigidæ, basi connatæ.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.

Subtribus 1. Anthephorem. Spicule in pedicello 3-co, in fasciculum deciduum conferte. Gluma florens nunc vacuis sublongior, nunc brevior hyalina.

Subtribus 2. Euroysiese. Spicula in pedicello solitaria rarius gemina. Gluma florens vacuis brevior, hyalina.

Tribus VI. Andropegeness. Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin v. paniculæ ramulos sæpissime geminæ v. terminales ternæ, in quoque pari homogamæ v. heterogamæ. Gluma florens vacuis minor, hyalina, seepe aristata.

Series B. Poacem. Pedicellus infra glumas continuus. Rhachilla supra glumas inferiores persistentes supe articulata, ultra flores fertiles producta stipitiformis v. glumas vacuas v. flores imperfectos ferens, v. interdum flos fertilis more Panicacearum unicus terminalis, sed cum gluma sua a vacuis persistentibus articulatim secedens.

Tribus VII. Phalaridese (genuinæ). Flos hermaphroditus unicus, terminalis. Glumæ 6 (v. 5 et palea) 1-nerves v. carinatæ. (Oryzeæ, additis glumis 2 infra articulationem vacuis.)

Tribus VIII. Agrestidese. Spiculæ 1-floræ, rhachilla ultra florem nuda v. in setam v. stipitem producta.

Subtribus 1. Stipeæ. Panicula laxa v. irregulariter spiciformis. Gluma florens arista sapius terminata, fructifera caryopsin arcte involvens. Rhachilla ultra florem non producta.

Subtribus 2. Phleoideæ. Panicula spiciformis, dense cylindracea v. subglobosa. Gluma florens mutica v. aristis 1-3 terminata, fructifera caryopsin laxe includens. Rhachilla interdum producta.

Subtribus 3. Sporobolem. Panicula laxa v. ad racemum reducta. Gluma florens mutica. Caryopsis demum sæpius glumis apertis subdenudata. Rhachilla non producta.

Subtribus 4. Euagrosteæ. Panicula varia, sæpius laxa. Gluma florens sæpius arista dorsali instructa rarissime mutica. Caryopsis gluma laxe inclusa. Rhachilla sæpe producta.

Tribus IX. Avenese. Spiculæ 2-floræ, rarius co-floræ, sæpius paniculatæ. Glumæ florentes arista dorsali v. interdum terminali sæpissime instructæ v. in generibus æqualiter 2 floris muticæ. Rhachilla ultra flores sæpius producta.

Subtribus 1 Airese. Spiculæ stricte 2-floræ, rhachilla non producta.

Subtribus 2. Eusveneze. Spicula 2-co-flora, rhachilla producta.

Tribus X. Chleridese. Spiculæ 1-00-floræ, secus rhachin spicarum unilateralium 2-seriatim sessiles secunda.

Tribus XI. Festucese. Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, varie paniculatæ v. rarius racemosæ. Glumæ florentes muticæ v. aristis 1-00 terminatæ.

Subtribus 1. Pappophoreæ. Glumæ florentes co-nerves 3-co-dentatæ v. absque aristis 4-lobæ.

Subtribus 2. Triodiese. Gluma florentes 1-3-nerves, 3-dentata 3-fida v. 3-aristata.

Subtribus 3. Arundineæ. Rhachilla sub glumis florentibus longe pilosa.

Subtribus 4. Seslerieze. Inflorescentia spiciformis v. capituliformis, basi glumis vacuis v. spicis sterilibus sæpius stipata. Stylus v. rami sæpius longi tenucs.

Subtribus 5. Eragrosteæ. Glumæ florentes 3-nerves. Cætera normalia.
Subtribus 6. Meliceæ. Glumæ florentes 3-∞-nerves, superiores 2-∞ vacuæ semet involventes.

Subtribus 7. Centothecese. Folia plana lanceolata v. ovata inter venas transverse venulosa. Gluma florentes 5-00-nerves.

Subtribus 8. Eufestucese. Gluma florentes 5-co-nerves. Catera normalia.

Tribus XII. Hordeen. Spicule 1-co-flore, ad dentes seu excavationes rhacheos spice simplicis sessiles.

Subtribus 1. Triticem. Spicula ad nodos solitaria, 3-00-flora rarius 2-flora.

Subtribus 2. Leptureæ. Spiculæ ad nodos solitariæ, 1-5-floræ. Spica tenwis.

Subtribus 3. Elymem. Spiculæ ad nodos 2-00, collaterales.

Tribus XIII. Bambusese. Gramina elata, sæpius basi saltem lignosa. Folia plana, sæpissime cum vagina articulata. Spiculæ 1-co-floræ. Lodiculæ sæpe 3. Stamina 3, 4 v. co.

Subtribus 1. Arundinariese. Stamina 3. Palea 2-carinata. Pertoarpium tenue, semini adnatum.

Sabtribus 2. Eubambusem. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum.

Subtribus 3. Dendrocalamese. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium crustaceum v. carnosum, a semine liberum.

Subtribus 4. Melocannese. Stamine 6-00. Pales 0 nisi glumis simillims. Periosepium crustaceum v. oarnesum, a semine liberum.

#### CONSPECTUS GENERUM.

Series A. Panicacez. Spiculæ cum pedicello infra glumas articulatæ, articulatio sepius immediate sub glumis infimis, interdum sub spicularum fasciculo, v. (in Maydeis) rhachis ipea spicæ sub quaque spicula 2 articulata. Glumæ in spicula 4 v. pauciores. Flos fertilis unicus sub gluma summa specie terminalis, addito interdum flore altero inferiore masculo v. rarissime hermaphrodito sterilique; rhachilla ultra florem fertilem non continuata, inter glumas continua v. rarissime articulata; glumæ infimæ vacuæ.

Excepta: Flos inferior hermaphroditus perfectus in *Isachne*, hermaphroditus sed seepius sterilis in *Beckmannia* et hinc inde in speciminibus nonnullis *Setarie* specierum paucarum.

Glumæ infimæ vacuæ infra articulationem persistentes in Isachne.

Tribus I. Panices. Spiculæ fertiles hermaphroditæ rarius aborta unisexuales, spicatæ v. paniculatæ, rhachi inflorescentiæ inarticulata. Gluma florens exaristata, fructifera indurata v. saltem exterioribus rigidior v. major.

Excepta (præter genera anomala n. 24 ad 30):-

Spiculæ abortu unisexuales in Amphicarpo, stricte unisexuales in generibus anomalis n. 24 ad 27. Spicæ rhachis demum articulata in speciminibus nonnullis Stenotuphri.

Gluma fructifera vix rigescens in Panici sect. Tricholæna, et in Anthænantia.

- \* Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes v. varie ramulosi, ultra spiculas non producti. Pedicelli sub spiculis singulis articulati.
  - 1. REIMARIA. Paniculæ rami simplices. Glumæ 2. Stamina 2.—Amer. trop. et bor. subtrop.
  - 2. Paspalum. Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes, spiculis sessilibus v. subsessilibus sigillatim v. per paria alternis, secus rhachin unilateralibus v. subdistichis. Glumæ 3 rarissime 2. Stamina 3.—Amer. trop. et subtrop., in Afr. et Asia trop. pauciores, in Eur. austr. inquilinæ.
  - 3. Anthenantia. Panicula laxiuscula sericeo-pilosa et glumæ membranaceæ Panici sectionis Tricholænæ. Glumæ 3 Paspali.—Amer. trop. et bor.
  - 4. Amphicarpum. Spiculæ abortu unisexuales, 3 in panicula angusta parum divisa, 2 duplo majores in scapis aphyllis solitariæ. Glumæ 3 Paspali.—Amer. bor.
  - 5. ERIOCHIOA. Paniculæ rami simplices spiciformes. Spiculæ ovoideæ, glumis 3 fere Paspali, sed supra articulationem pedicelli callo insidentes, et gluma florens obtusissima, sæpius mucrone brevi instructa. Utriusque orbis req. trop. et subtrop.
  - 6. Beckmannia. Paniculæ rami spiciformes fere Panici colonum, spiculis subsessilibus. Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ dorso subvesiculosæ, 2 superiores florentes, flore utroque &, inferiore (an semper?) sterili.—Eur. or., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
  - 7. ISACHME. Panicula Panici (Eupanici Effusarum). Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, 2 superiores æqualiter fructiferæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
  - 6. Panicum. Paniculæ rami nunc simplices spiciformes Paspali, nunc ramulosi stricti v. effusi. Glumæ sæpissime 4, infima exaristata minima v. rarius tertiæ v. omnibus æquilonga. Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.; in temperatis paucæ.
  - 9. ICHNANTHUS. Paniculæ rami ramulosi et glumæ 4 Panici. Spiculæ rhachilla sub gluma fertili ut-inque membrana longa v. minima appendiculata.—Amer. trop.
  - 10. Oplismenus. Paniculæ rami simplices, dissiti, secundi, spiculis secus rhachin unilateraliter fasciculatis. Glumæ 4, inferiores vacuæ aristatæ.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
  - 11. Chettum. Panicula angusta, densa, ramulis strictis. Glume 4, 2 inferiores vacuse subsequales, aristates.—Brasilia, Mexico.
  - 12. SETABIA. Panicula densa nunc cylindracea spiciformis, nunc anguste thyrsoidea. Spiculæ setis rigidis (ramulis setiformibus) in pedicello sub articulatione persistentibus stipatæ. Glumæ 4, infima sæpius parva Pasici.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp.
- \*\* Spica v. racemi simplices, solitarii v. rarius co paniculati. Pedicelli sub involucro 1-co-seteso spiculas 1-3 continente articulati.
  - 13. CENCHEUS. Involucri sette v. squame rigide, basi connate.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.

- 14. PENNISSTUM. Involucii setsi tenues, simplices, nudsi barbato-plumosse v. rarius pinnatifides, numerosse rarius paucse v. ad unam reductse.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calidiores, imprimis Africa trop. et extratrop.*
- 15. Plagioserum. Involucrum supra articulationem ramulosum, unilaterale, spiculis inter ramulos sessilibus.—Australia.
- 16. PARATHERIA. Racemus tenuiter spiciformis, pedicellis supra articulationem in setam longam cum spicula deciduam productis.—Amer. trop., Ind. occid.
  - \*\*\* Spice in pedunculo communi 1-00, rhachi ultra spiculam ultimam producta.
- 17. ECHNOLENA. Spica unica, unilateralis, densa, sub apice pedunculi defracta, spiculis sterilibus cum perfectis intermixtis. Glume 4, infima cæteris majore.—Amer. trop.
- 18. Chamæraphis. Spicæ seu paniculæ rami simplices co filiformes co-spiculatique, v. 1-2-spiculati in racemo spiciformi conferti. Glumæ 4, infima minima.—Asia trop., Australia.
- 19. SPARTINA. Spicæ seu paniculæ rami simplices  $\infty$ , unilaterales, densi, multispiculati. Glumæ 3. Stylus filiformis, superne 2-fidus.— Amer. bor. et austr. extratrop., ins. Tristan d'Acunha et Amsterdam, littora Eur. Afr. et Amer.
- 20. Xerochioa. Spicæ brevissimæ, paucispiculate, intra bracteam spathaceam rigidule paleaceam inclusæ. Glumæ 4, infima lata fere hyalina. Palea floris inferioris & maxima.—

  Australia.
- 21. Strnotaphrum. Spicæ rhachis complanata, demum interdum articulata, spiculis secus faciem fasciculatis v. in ramulos brevissimos dispositis. Glumæ 3 v. si 4 infima parva.—
  Utriusque orbis reg. trop. in maritimis.
- 22. Phyllorhachis. Spicæ rhachis foliacea complicata spiculas 1-seriatas amplectens. Palea sub gluma tertia maxima.—Angola.
- 23. Thuarra. Spica unica, unilateralis; spiculæ secus rhachin 1-seriatæ, superiores abortu 3, inferiores 1-2 fertiles, fructiferæ intra rhachin dilatatam subinclusæ in arena sæpius sepultæ. Glumæ 3, v. si 4 infima parva.—Littora maris Ind. et Pacifici.
- \*\*\*\* Genera anomala, nec inter se nec ulli alii proxime affinia, sed Paniceis præ aliis accedentia gluma fructifera sæpius indurata.

### † Spiculæ unisexuales.

- 24. Spinifex. Spiculæ dioicæ, bracteatæ, globoso-capitatæ, δ intra quamque bracteam spicatæ, φ solitariæ. Glumæ 4. Gramina dura, ramosa, repentia v. diffusa.—Asia trop., Australasia.
- 25. OLYRA. Spiculæ monoicæ, paniculatæ, 3 inferiores,  $\mathcal{C}$  superiores. Glumæ in spicula  $\mathcal{C}$  3, in spicula 3 1. Gramina nunc elata latifolia panicula terminali, nunc humiliora parvifolia inflorescentia partim axillari.—Amer. et Afr. trop.
- 26. Pharus. Spiculæ monoicæ, paniculatæ, secus ramulos geminæ, altera sessilis ♀, altera parva pedicellata ♂. Gluma fructifera angusta indurata. Folia lata, longe petiolata.—Amer. trop.
- 27. Leptaspis. Spiculæ monoicæ, paniculatæ, secus ramulos 2-3-næ, 1-2 inferioros  $\varphi$  breviter pedicellatæ, terminalis  $\delta$  parva longe pedicellatæ. Gluma fructifera membranacea, inflato-globosa. Folia lata, longe petiolata.— Afr. Asia et Australia trop.

### †† Spiculæ hermaphroditæ.

- 28. Lygeum. Spicula in pedunculo unica magna. Gluma infima spathiformis, florentes 2-3, inclusæ, basi in tubum plumoso-pilosum connatæ; paleæ lineares, convolutæ, breviores. Stylus indivisus. Folia convoluto-teretia.—Reg. Mediterr.
- 29. STREPFOCH.#TA. Spiculæ angustæ, longæ, in spica simplici erectæ. Glumæ non distichæ, 6 inferiores breves, latæ, 6 superiores longæ angustæ quarum extima cæteras includit, summa sola florens. Stamina 5-7. Stylus longus, 3-fidus. Folia ovato-lanceolata.—Brasilia.
- 30. Anomochica. Spiculæ in spica brevi, per 2-3 intra bracteas magnas spathiformes inclusæ. Glumæ 2, inferior fructiferam induratam includens. Folia petiolata, ovato-lanceo-lata.—Brasilia.
- Tribus II. Maydese. Spiculæ unisexuales, masculæ terminales, paniculatæ spicatæ v. solitariæ, rarius fæmineas circumdantes, fæmineæ inferiores spicatæ v. solitariæ, cum rhacheos internodio articulatim secodentes (excepta Zea); rhachis inter spiculas masculas continua,

- \* Spica simplex, undique androgyna. Stamina 👁.
- 31. Pariana. Spiculæ ad quemque nodum spicæ plures masculæ, fæmineas 1-2 circumdantes.

  —Amer. trop.
- \*\* Spiculæ & ad nodos superiores spicæ androgynæ v. ad nodos omnes spicarum mascularum geminæ,

  Q ad nodos inferiores solitariæ rarius geminæ. Stamina 3.
  - 32. Coix. Spicæ pedunculatæ, nodi inferiores 1-2 fæminei, bractea vaginante demum lapides globosa fructum includente.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid.*
  - 33. POLYTOCA. Spicæ pedunculatæ, nodi inferiores v. spicæ inferiores fæmineæ, spiculis 1-2-floris, una sola fertili. Gluma fructifera globosa v. ovoidea, lapidea, rhacheos internodium cum fructu includens.—Ind. or., ins. maris Pactfici.
  - 34. CHIONACHNE. Spicæ e folio florali exsertæ, nodi inferiores fæmineæ spiculis 1-floris. Gluma fructifera globosa v. ovoidea, lapidea, fructum includens, rhacheos internodium amplectens.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., Australia trop.
  - 35. Sclerachne. Spice intra vaginam folii floralis subincluse, spicula mascula unica terminali, fœmineis 1-2 inferioribus. Gluma fructifera indurata, fructum includens.—Java.
  - 36. Tripsacum. Spicæ pedunculatæ nodi inferiores fæmineæ, spiculis 1-floris. Gluma fructifera indurata, lapidea, rhacheos internodio pariter indurato incrassatoque sed excluso.—

    Amer. calid.
    - \*\*\* Spice mascule co in panicula terminali, feminee axillares sessiles.
  - 37. Euchlæna. Spicæ fæmineæ intra vaginas foliorum fasciculatæ, singulæ bractea ampla semi-inclusæ, spiculis 1-seriatis. Rhacheos articuli glumæ demum adnati, cum spicula fructifera decidui.—*Mexico*.
  - 38. Zea. Spica feminea axillaris, maxima, bracteis foliaceis involuta, spiculis dense co-seriatis, rhachi crassa inarticulata.—America? in utroque orbe culta, sylvestris ignota.

Tribus III. Oryzee. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ v. rarius unisexuales, sæpius parvulæ, varie paniculatæ v. rarius simpliciter spicatæ, rhachi inflorescentiæ inarticulata. Glumæ 2-4, membranaceæ v. inferiores minimæ. Palea 0 nisi pro palea glumam summam 1-nervem v. carinatam habes.

Tribus quoad spicularum structuram a *Phalarideis* genuinis non differt nisi glumarum inferiorum infra articulationem deficientia, et hac ratione Bentham prius includit *Alopecurum, Cornucopias* et *Crypsin*, nunc ad *Phalarideas* translatas.

- \* Spice simplices 1-sexuales. Stamina 6.
- 39. Hydrochloa. Spicæ paucispiculatæ, & terminalis pedunculata, Ç axillares sessiles.—Carolina, Florida.
  - \*\* Paniculæ laxæ. Stamina 6 rarius co v. pauciora.
- 40. Zizania. Spiculæ unisexuales, angustæ. Panícula longa floribunda androgyna. Glumæ 2. Stamina 6.—Amer. bor., Asia bor. or., Japonia.
- 41. Luziola. Spiculæ unisexuales, ovatæ, parvæ. Paniculæ laxæ unisexuales v. rarius androgynæ. Glumæ 2. Stamina ∞ v. rarius 6.—Amer. trop. et bor.
- 42. Potamophila. Spiculæ angustæ, flore hermaphrodito v. abortu unisexuales. Glumæ 4, inferiorious minimis v. setiformibus. Stamina 6. Panicula sæpe elongata.—Australia, Madagasc., Afr. austr.
- 43. Hygrorhiza. Spiculæ augustæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, inferiore aristata. Stamina 6 Panicula brevis, angusta.—Ind. or.
- 44. ORYZA. Spiculæ plano-compressæ, flore hermaphrodito. "Glumæ 4, inferiores minutæ v. setiformes, 2 superiores complicato-carinatæ sæpe rigidæ, quarum exterior interdum aristata. Stamina 6.—Ind. or., Australia. In Africa et Amer. trop. inquilina?
- 46. Leersia. Spiculæ compressæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, complicato-carinatæ, membranaceæ, muticæ. Stamina 6, 3 v. pauciora.— Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et bor. temp.
- 46. ACHLENA. Spiculæ angustæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, infima aristiformis, secunda lanceolata aristata, tertia acuminata, quarta minor hyalina. Stamen 1.—Cuba.
- 47. Beckers. Spicæ simplices, pedunculatæ, solitariæ v. 2-∞ subpaniculatæ. Glumæ 2, v. s. 4, 2 inferiores minutæ. Stamina 3.—Abyssinia.

\*\*\* Spicule dense spicale capitate v. in paniculam dense spiciformem conferte.

(Huc pertinent, quoad characteres spicules, genera 105 Cayreis, 106 Cornucofiz, et 107 Alopecurus, infra ob habitum ad Phalarideas translata.)

Tribus IV. Tristegimes. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ, secus paniculæ ramulos inarticulatos sparsæ fasciculatæ v. rarius geminæ, cum pedicello articulatæ. Glumæ 3 v. 4, 2 v. 3 inferiores vacuæ membranaceæ articulatæ v. muticæ, terminalis florens mutica v. sæpe arista geniculata terminata, cum palea hyalina v. tenuiter membranacea.

Tribus Pasiceas cum Andropogoneis et Agrostideis arcte connectens, a prioribus glumis florentibus tenuioribus seepiusque aristatis, ab Andropogoneis plerisque inflorescentia, spiculis consimilibus si geminis pariter pedicellatis, gluma florente magis evoluta, ab Agrostideis pedicello nec rhachilla articulato.

#### \* Gluma 3.

- 48. Thurebella. Glume vacue mutice, florens inter dentes v. lobos terminales aristata. Styli distincti. Panicula elongata, laxa.—Amer. bor.
- 49. Lienas. Glume vacue mutice, florens dorso aristata. Styli basi connati. Panicula brevis, angusta, laxa, spiculis secus ramulos solitariis paucis.—Asia temp. or.
- 50. Garnotia. Glume vacus mutice, v. secunda breviter aristata, florens apice aristata. Styli distincti. Panicula longa, angusta v. effusa, spiculis secus ramulos geminis.—*Ind. or., China, Japonia.*

(Vide etiam 131 POLYPOGON.)

# \*\* Gluma 4.

- 51. ARUMDINELLA. Gluma infima brevis, secunda longior v. breviter aristata, tertia brevior vacua v. florem & fovens, fertilis aristata. Panicula varia, spiculis secus ramulos confertis fasciculatisve.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop.
- 52. PHENOSPERMA. Gluma infima brevis, 1-nervis, secunda tertiaque vacuæ et terminalis florens parum inæquales 3-nerves. Palea 0. Lodiculæ 3. Caryopsis e glumis semi-exserta Panicula ampla, ramis dissite verticillatis, spiculis sparsis.—China.
- 53. MELLNIS. Gluma infima minima, secunda tertiaque subsequales vacuse, muticse v. tertia aristata, fertilis mutica. Panicula angusta, densa, spiculis secus ramulos confertis.—Brasilia, Afr. castr.
- 54.? Trischia. Gluma infima parva, secunda tertiaque subsequales vacuse, florens brevior, omnes mutics. Spiculæ racemosæ raræ racemique breves, in panicula distantes.—Cuba.
- 55. ARTHROPOGON. Gluma infima angusta subaristata, secunda major obtusa v. emarginata, arista brevi, tertia subsimilis, mutica, florem & sepe fovens, fertilis mutica. Panicula patens, spiculis secus ramulos paucis sparsis.—Brasilia.
- 56. REYNAUDIA. Glumæ 3 inferiores subsimiles vacuæ, inter lobos seu dentes breviter aristatæ, fertilis acuta mutica. Palea 0, lodiculis 4 (v. palea 2-partita lodiculis 2). Panicula brevis, angusta, spiculis secus ramulos paucis sparsis.—Cuba, S. Domingo.
- 57. RHYMCHELTTRUM. Gluma infima a cæteris distans, brevis, mutica, secunda, pilosa, sinter dentes longe aristata, tertia similis nisi paleam v. florem & fovens, fertilis multo brevior, glabra, mutica. Panicula laxe thyrsoidea, spiculis sparsis v. subfasciculatis.—Afr. trop.
- 58. THYSANOLENA. Glume 2 inferiores breves, latæ, muticæ, tertia longior, vacua, acute acuminata, fertilis brevior, obtusa, mutica, ciliata. Panicula maxima, ramulis longis numerosissimis, spiculis minimis fasciculatis.—Asia trop.
- 69. CLEISTACENE. Glume 2 inferiores oblonge, mutice, dure, clause, tertia vacua inclusa hyalina, quarta sub flore minima in aristam longam rigidam tortam producta. Panicula anguste thyroides, floribunda.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.

(Vide etiam 73 IMPERATAN, et 74 MISCANTHUM.)

Tribus V. Zoysies. Spiculæ harmaphroditæ v. nonnullæ imperfectæ v. unisexuales cum spicæ v. racemi rhachi inarticulatæ sigillatim v. fasciculatim articulatæ. Glumæ 2, 3 v. 4, inferiores vacuæ muticæ v. aristatæ, terminalis sola florens, vacuis sæpius minor, tenuis v. hyalina, exaristata.

Excepta: Gluma florens interdum vacuis paullo major in Anthephoris nonnullis.

Spiculm 2-flores in Cathesteche.

Spicule in axillis subfasciculates noc spicates in Schaffnera.

Subtribus 1. Anthephorese. Spiculæ in pedicello 3.00, nonnullæ interdum imperfectæ v. 8, in fasciculum a spicæ rhachi articulatim deciduum confertæ. Gluma florens nunc vacuis sublongior, nunc brevis hyalina.

Subtribus ab Euzoysieis differt sicut Cenchrea ab Eupaniceis.

- 60. HILARIA. Spiculæ in fasciculo 3, centralis fertilis 1-flora, laterales masculæ 2-floræ. Glumæ 4, exteriores polymorphæ, involucrum simulantes, parum induratæ v. rigide membranaceæ. Spica simplex, fasciculis quaquaversis v. distichis.—Reg. Mex.-Tex., California.
- 61. Ægopogon. Spiculæ in fasciculo 2-6, steriles cum fertilibus sæpe intermixtæ. Glumæ 3, 3-dentatæ v. 3-cuspidatæ, dente medio interdum aristato. Spicularum fasciculi secus rhachin simplicem secundi, demum penduli.—Amer. trop. occid.
- 62. CATHESTECHUM. Spiculæ in fasciculo 3, 2-floræ. Glumæ florentes vacuis longiores, 4-fldæ 3-aristatæ.— Mexico.
- 63. Anthephora. Spiculæ in fasciculo 4, 1 rarius 2 fertiles, cæteræ steriles. Glumæ 3-4, infimæ minimæ, secunda cujusve spiculæ maxima, demum indurata, involucrum simulans, florens tenuior. Spica simplex, fasciculis quaquaversis.—Amer. trop., Afr. trop. et austr.
- 64. Trachys. Spiculæ in fasciculo 4-9, 1 rarius 2-3 fertiles, cæteræ & v. vacuæ. Glumæ 3-4, tertia v. secunda maxima rigidula. Spicæ geminæ, fasciculis unilateralibus, receptaculis pedicellisque spicularum demum induratis.—*Ind. or*.
- 65. Tragus. Spiculæ in fasciculo 3-5, terminalis sterilis, cæteræ sæpius fertiles. Glumæ 2-3, infima minima v. evanida, secunda major rigidula echinata. Spica simplex, fasciculis quaquaversis lappaceis.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp*.
- Subtribus 2. Euzoysiese. Spiculæ in pedicello solitariæ rarius geminæ, flore hermaphrodito addito rarissime inferiore 3. Gluma florens brevis hyalina.
  - 66. Latipes. Spiculæ parvæ, pedicellatæ. Glumæ 3, infima rigida valde concava muricata. Racemus laxiusculus.—Afr. trop., Asia occid.
  - 67. LOPHOLEPIS. Spiculæ minimæ, pedicellatæ. Glumæ 3, infima major, basi dorso in gibbum ciliato-cristatum producta, apice iterum ciliato-cristata. Racemus elongatus, gracillimus.—Ind. cr.
  - 68. Neurachne. Spiculæ sessiles. Glumæ 4, secunda major margine ciliata. Spica densa, brevis v. cylindracea.—Australia.
  - 69. Perotis. Spiculæ tenues, subsessiles. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores lineares tenuiter aristatæ. Spica longa, tenuis.—Asia, Afr. et Australia trop.
  - 70. LEPTOTHRIUM. Spiculæ breviter pedicellatæ. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores subcoriaceæ, acutato-subulatæ. Spica rigida.—Amer. calid.
  - 71. Zoysia. Spiculæ subsessiles, rhachi appressæ. Glumæ 2, inferior vacua complicatocarinata, mutica. Gramina reptantia, humilia, spica rigida.—Asia, ins. Mascar. et Australasia, in maritimis.
  - 72. Schaffnera. Spiculæ in axillis subfasciculatæ. Glumæ 2, inferior vacua, 3-5-aristata, fforens tenuis, brevissime 2-loba, inter lobos aristata.—Mexico.

(Vide 81 DIMERIAM, gluma florente aristata.)

Tribus VI. Andropegonese. Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin v. paniculæ ramulos sæpissime geminæ, v. terminales ternæ, in quoque pari homogamæ v. heterogeneæ. Gluma florens vacuis minor, hyalina, sæpe aristata.

Excepta: Spiculæ ad nodos solitariæ in Dimeria, et in speciebus paucis Arthraxi et Ophiari.

- \* Spicule paniculate rarius spicate cujusve paris homogame (Saccharces).
- † Panioulæ ramuli inarticulati. Spiculæ cujueve paris inæqualiter pedicellatæ.
- 73. IMPERATA. Panicula longa, dense cylindracea, pilis longis sericea, ramulis erectis. Glummo omnes exaristates.—Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop. Eur. austr.
- 74. MISCANTHUS. Panicula ampla, pilis longis serices v. fere glabra, ramulis patentibus. Gluma florens aristata v. rarius mutica.—Asia or., Archip. Malay., Afr. austr.

- †† Panicula ramuli v. spica rhachis plus minus articulati. Spicula in quoque pari altera sessilis altera pedioellata.
  - 75. SACCHARUM. Panicula ampla subeffusa v. dense spiciformis, pilis longis involuta. Spiculæ minimæ. Glumæ exaristatæ.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*
  - 76. ERIANTHUS. Panicula angusta v. ampla, pilis longis sericeis seepius involuta, ramulis ultimis spiciformibus. Gluma tertia vacua, florens setaceo-acuminata v. aristata.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et subtrop.*, in hemisph. bor. temp.
  - 77. Spodiopogon. Panicula laxa, ramulis brevibus, spiculis ad apicem ternis, additis interdum paribus 1-2 inferioribus (more *Chrysopogonis*). Gluma tertia interdum florem 3 fovens, terminalis fertilis aristata.—Asia temp., Ind. or.
  - 78. Pollinia. Paniculæ rami simplices, spiciformes, subdigitati v. sparsi, sericeo-pilosi v. subglabri. Gluma tertia vacua v. deficiens, terminalis fertilis aristata.—Asia, Afr. et Australia trop. et subtrop.
  - 79. Pogonatherum. Spica unica, simplex. Gluma secunda longe aristata, tertia mutica vacua v. deficiens rarius florem 3 fovens, terminalis fertilis longe aristata.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay, China, Japonia.
- \*\* Spiculæ spicatæ, altera cujusve paris sessilis fertilis, altera ad stipitem nudum v. rarius glumiforum reducta v. deficions (Arthraxos).
  - 80. Apocopis. Spicæ solitariæ v. geminæ, densæ. Glumæ 4, infima latissima truncato-denticulata, cæteras involvens, secunda angustior aristata v. mutica, tertia flore 3 hyalina mutica, terminalis fertilis aristata. Stamina 2.—Ind. or., China, Archip. Malay.
  - 81. DIMERIA. Spicæ solitariæ v. fasciculatæ, tenues. Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores angustæ, rigidulæ, muticæ, tertia minor, tenuis, hyalina, vacua, fertilis tenuiter hyalina, aristata. Stamina 2.—Ind. or., China, Archip. Malay., Australia.
  - 82. ARTHRAXON. Spicæ sæpius subdigitatæ, tenues. Glumæ 4, infima major sæpius acuta, secunda angustior acuta, tertiaque hyalina vacuæ muticæ, fertilis hyalina aristata. Stamina 3. Foliorum lamina cordato-lanceolata.— Asia, Africa et Australia trop., Oriens, China, Japonia.
- \*\*\* Spiculæ spicatæ, ad quamque excavationem rhacheos sæpius geminæ, altera rarius 2 sessiles fertilesque, altera pedicellata sterilis rarius deficiens. Arista 0 præter acumen glumæ vacuæ (Rottboellies).
  - 83. ELIONURUS. Spica pilis longis sericeis dense obtecta. Cætera fere Rottboelliæ.—Amer. trop., Africa, Oriens, Australia trop.
  - 84. ROTTBOELLIA. Spica teres. Spiculæ geminæ, altera sessilis fertilis, altera pedicellata sterilis.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid., Oriens.
  - 85. Openurus. Spica teres. Spiculæ omnes sessiles, solitariæ v. in parte inferiore spicæ, rarius in tota spica geminæ.—Asia, Africa, Australia.
  - 86. RATZEBURGIA. Spica complanata. Spiculæ fertiles geminæ, inter rhachin et pedicellum spiculæ sterilis sessiles.—Burma.
  - 87. Manisuris. Spica subteres. Spiculæ geminæ, altera sessilis fertilis parva globosa, eltera pedicellata sterilis.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid*.
  - 88. Hemaetheia. Spica compressa, imperfecte articulata. Spiculæ geminæ, altera sessilis fertilis acuta, altera pedicellata sterilis, pedicello sæpius rhachi adnato.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid., Reg. Mediterr.*
  - 89. Voesia. Spicæ plures in panicula simplici. Spiculæ geminæ sæpius 2-floræ *Ischæmi*, sed gluma infima acuminata v. in spicula pedicellata aristata, florens hyalina mutica.—*Afr. trop. et austr., Ind. or.*
- \*\*\*\* Spicula secus spicarum rhachin v. ramos panicula gemina heterogama altera sessilis altera pedicellata v. ad apices ramorum terna. Gluma florens spicula fertilis sapissime aristata. (Euandropegoness).

## † Spiculæ paribus pluribus spicatæ.

- 30. ΤΗΚΕΙΡΟGON. Spice fasciculate, rhachibus excavatis Vossie. Spiculæ sessiles; glumæ inferiores rigidæ muricatæ, tertia hyalina florem δ, terminalis florem ζ fovens; spicula pedicellata ad stipitem glumiformem reducta.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.
  - 91. Ischmuum. Spices 2-8 confertes v. rarius solitarise. Spiculas sessiles, fertiles 2-flores

flore inferiore & terminali fertili; pedicellatas steriles, floribus 1-2 &, v. vacus. — Utriusque orbis reg. calid.

- 92. TRACHYPOGON. Spica solitaria. Spiculæ 1-floræ, sessiles steriles muticæ; pedicellatæ fertiles longe aristatæ.—Amer. trop., Afr. austr.
- 93. Heteropogon. Spica solitaria. Spiculæ 1-floræ, sessiles fertiles ad usum latus spectantes longe aristatæ; pedicellatæ steriles ad latus alterum spicæ imbricatæ muticæ.—Asia Afr. et Australiæ reg. oalid., reg. Mediterr., Amer. bor.
- 94. Andropogon. Spicæ solitariæ geminæ v. co confertæ. Spiculæ secundæ v. quaquaversæ, sessiles fertiles aristatæ 1-floræ; pedicellatæ steriles muticæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid., Eur. Asia et Amer. bor. temp.
- †† Spiculæ ad apices ramorum paniculæ v. spicarum fasciculiformium ternæ, infra ternationem paucæ v. steriles.
  - 95. Chrysopogon. Spiculæ in ramulis articulatis paniculæ ternæ, centrali sessili fertili, lateralibus pedicellatis sterilibus, additis interdum paribus inferioribus 1-3.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid., Eur. austr., Amer. bor.
  - 96. Sorghum. Spiculæ Chrysopogonis, sed paniculæ ramuli vix articulati et gluma exterior spiculæ fertilis ovata demum indurata.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid., in temp. plus minus extensa.
  - 97. Anthistiria. Spicæ fasciculiformes, in paniculam foliatam dispositæ v. rarius subsolitariæ, singulæ e spiculis 7, rarius 9-15 compositæ, quarum 4 (rarius 6?) seu paria 2 (rarius 3?) ad basin spicæ steriles involucrantes, 3 terminales stipitatæ, centrali fertili, lateralibus sæpius sterilibus, additis interdum paribus intermediis secus rhachin 1-3.—Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
  - 98. APLUDA. Spicularum ternationes in paniculam foliatam dispositæ, singulæ bracteatæ, spicula una sessili fertili, altera breviter tertiaquo longius pedicellata sterilibus.—Asia trop., China, Nov. Culedonia, ins. maris Pacifici.

(Vide etiam 50 Cleistachne, Sorgho subsimilem sed spiculæ omnes hermaphroditæ, nunquam geminæ.)

Series B. POACEE. Pedicellus infra glumas continuus. Rhachilla supra glumas inferiores persistentes sæpe articulata, ultra flores fertiles producta stipitiformis v. glumas vacuas v. flores imperfectos ferens, v. interdum flos fertilis more *Panicacearum* unicus terminalis, sed cum gluma sua a vacuis persistentibus articulatim deciduus.

Excepta: Pedicellus infra spiculam articulatus in *Phalarideis Pseudoryzeis*, in *Fingerhuthia* et *Polypogone* et forte hinc inde in speciminibus perpaucis aliorum generum.

Glumæ infra articulationem ad callum minutum reductæ v. omnino deficientes in Coleantho, et Nardo.

Tribus VII. Phalaridese (quoad genera genuina). Spiculæ flore unico terminali fertili, additis interdum 2 inferioribus masculis, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem fertilem non producta. Glumæ 6 (v. 5 cum palea), 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione sæpius persistentes, 2 sequentes intermediæ (tertia et quarta) vacuæ v. ad setam reductæ, v. florem masculum cum palea foventes, 2 superiores (quinta et sexta v. gluma florens et palea) sub flore perfecto inter se similes, nervo centrali instructæ v. carinatæ, palea cæterum 0.

Exceptu · Nervus centralis evanescit in gluma soxta (seu palea) et interdum in glumis inferioribus Phalaridis.

Tribus quoad genera genuina ab Oryzeis non differt nisi glumarum vacuarum sub articulatione præsentia, Pscudoryzeæ, charactere normali Oryzearum, differunt habitu et inflorescentia.

## \* Gluma 2 vacua sub articulatione (Genuina).

- 99. EHRHARTA. Panicula effusa v. racemiformis. Glumæ tertia et quarta cæteris majores, vacuæ, sæpe aristatæ. Stamina 6.—Afr. austr., ins. Mascar., Nov. Zel., in Australia inquilina.
- 100. MICROLENA. Panicula angusta, laxa. Glumæ tertia et quarta cæteris longiores, vacuæ, aristatæ. Stamina 4 v. 2.—Australia, Nov. Zel.
- 101. Tetrarhena. Spica v. panicula spiciformis, subsimplex. Gluma tertia varia, quarta ceteris major, vacua, mutica. Stamina 4.—Australia.
  - 102. Phalabis. Panicula spiciformis capitata v. dense thyrsoidea. Glumae 2 inferiores

centeris majores, tertia et quarta breves, vacue, mutice, sepius ad setam reductes. Stamina 3. —Reg. Mediter., Amer. extratrop., in altis reg. inquilina.

- 103. Anthoxanthum. Panicula spiciformis, cylindracea. Glume 2 inferiores v. saltem secunda certeris majores, tertia et quarta breves, dorso aristates, vacuse. Stamina 2.—Eur., Asia extratrop., in aliis reg. inquilina.
- 104. HIEROCHIOA. Panicula pyramidalis, effusa v. contracta. Glume 2 inferiores vacue ceteris vix majores, tertia et quarta parum breviores mutice v. arista brevi terminali, florem 3 foventes. Stamina 3 v. in flore fertili 2.—Reg. extratrop. imprimis mont. v. frigid. hemisph. bor. et austr.
  - \*\* Glume sub articulations 0 (Pseudoryzess).
- 105. Caypsis. Spicularum capitulum densum, bracteis 2-3 vaginantibus involucratum, receptaculo lato convexiusculo. Glume 4, exaristate. Stamina 2.—Reg. Mediterr.
- 106. CORNUCOPIÆ. Spicularum capitulum intra involucrum tubuloso-campanulatum co-dentatum inclusum, receptaculo subplano. Glumæ 3, intima florens dorso aristata. Stamina 3. Pedunculus fructifer sub involucro incrassatus, recurvus.—*Oriens*.
- 107. Alopecurus. Spiculæ in panicula cylindracea spiciformi conferti, axi lineari. Glumæ 3 v. 4, florens dorso aristata v. mucronata. Stamina 3.—Eur., As. temp.

Tribus VIII. Agrestidese. Spiculæ 1-floræ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem nuda v. in stipitem setamve producta. Glumæ sæpissime 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ, rarissime deficientes, tertia florem hermaphroditum v. rarissime unisexualem fovens, haud raro aristata, arista terminali v. dorsali sæpius varie torta v. geniculata. Palea 2-nervis, rarius 2-carinata, sæpe tenuis v. hyalina, interdum minima v. rarius deficiens.

Excepta: Spiculæ interdum 2-floræ in speciebus 2 Sporoboli.

Glumme vacume desunt in Coleantho.

Palese nervi in unum coaliti in Cinna.

Genera pleraque characteribus incertis male definita, et speciebus intermediis sæpe connexa.

Subtribus 1. Stipeæ. Spiculæ paniculatæ (in Aciachne ? solitariæ), rhachilla ultra florem (excepto Brachyelytro) non producta. Arista glumæ florentis terminalis rarius deficiens. Caryopsis gluma indurata v. membranacea arcte involuta.

- \* Gluma fructifera circa caryopsin rigens v. indurata.
- 108. Aristida. Gluma fructifera angusta, acuminata; arista sæpissime 3-fida, ramis lateralibus divaricatis rarius abbreviatis erectis v. obsoletis. Lodiculæ 2.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid.*
- 109. STIPA. Gluma fructifera angusta, acuminata; arista integra sepius cum gluma articulata, varie torta v. flexuosa, rarius continua. Lodiculæ sepius 3.—*Utriusque orbis reg. trop. et temp.*
- 110. ORTZOPSIS. Gluma fructifera obovoidea v. latiuscula, obtusa truncata v. rarius acuminata; arista tenuis, seepius excentrica v. caducissima. Lodiculæ 2.—Reg. temp. et subtrep. hemisph. bor. et Amer. austr.
- 111. MILIUM. Gluma fructifera ovoidea, cum palea indurata exaristata.—Europa, Asia temp.. Amer. bor.
- 112. ACIACENE. Spiculæ dioicæ, Q in pedunculo unica erecta. Gluma fructifera in acumen angustum producta (spiculæ & thyrsoideo-paniculatæ?). Gramen nanum, dense cæspitosum.

  —Andes Amer. austr.
  - \*\* Gluma fructifera circa caryopsin tenuis v. membranacea.
- 113. Muehlenbergha. Glume vacue minime v. florentem subsequantes; fructifera angusta arista capillacea rarius obsoleta. Panicula nunc angusta, densa v. tenuis, nunc effusa ramulis capillaribus. Spiculæ parvæ.—Amer. bor., And. Amer. austr., Asia or. et med.
- 114. Brachymttrum. Glume vacue minime; fructifera angusta arista longa recta. Rhachilla ultra florem in setam producta. Panicula angusta ramulis paucis erectis. Spiculæ longiusculæ.—Amer. bor.
- 115. Perentana. Omnia Muchleabergia nisi gluma omnes in aristam longam producta, Panicula densa, spiciformis v. interrupta, Spicula minima glomerata.—Amer. trop.

- Subtribus 2. Phleoidess. Spiculæ in paniculam dense spiciformem cylindraceam v. subglobosam confertæ. Rhachilla ultra florem nuda v. in setam brevem producta. Gluma florens mutica v. in aristas 1-3 rectas producta, fructifera sæpius membranacea, caryopsin laxe includens.
  - 116. LYCURUS. Gluma infima 2-3-aristata, secunda 1-aristata, florens major, longius 1-aristata. Spiculæ steriles fertilibus intermixtæ. Spica longa.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
  - 117. ECHINOPOGON. Gluma vacum acutm, exaristatm; florens apice 3-loba, lobo medio longe aristato. Spiculm steriles paucm fertilibus intermixtm. Spica ovoides v. cylindraces.—Australia, Nov. Zel.
  - 118. Diplopogon. Glume vacue breviter 1-aristate; florens 3-aristate, aristis lateralibus brevibus erectis, intermedia longa torta v. refracta. Spica capituliformis.—Australia austr. occid.
  - 119. Аменігодом. Glumæ vacuæ acutæ v. breviter aristatæ; florens alte 3-fida, lobis acutis v. aristatis. Spica globosa v. cylindracea.—Australia.
  - 120. Heleochioa. Glumæ omnes integræ, exaristatæ, florens vacuis sublongior. Spica ovoidea intra vaginas superiores sessilis, v. cylindracea sæpiusque pedunculata.—Reg. Mediterr., Eur. med., Asia temp.
  - 121. Maillea. Glume omnes exaristate, vacuarum carina late alata, florens vacuis paullo brevior. Spica ovoidea, sessilis.—Archip. Græc., Sardinia.
  - 122. Philbum. Glumæ vacuæ mucronatæ v. brevissime aristatæ, exalatæ, florens multo brevior. Spica ovoidea v. cylindracea.—Eur., Asia temp., Afr. bor., Amer. bor. et austr.

(Vide etiam 145 LAGURUM, 220 FINGERHUTHIAM.)

- Subtribus 3. Sporoboleæ. Spiculæ parvæ, sæpe minimæ, simpliciter laxeque spicatæ v. varie paniculata, rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Glumæ exaristatæ v. florens rarius in aristam brevem rectam producta. Caryopsis intra glumas laxe inclusa, demum sæpe glumis apertis denudata.
  - 123. Mibora. Glumæ muticæ, vacuæ florentem subsuperantes. Gramen nanum, spica tenui simplici.—Europa.
  - 124. Coleanthus. Glume vacue 0, florens breviter aristata. Gramen nanum, panicula subsimplici, spiculis fasciculatis.—Eur. med. et bor., Amer. bor. occid.
  - 125. Phippsia. Glume mutice, vacue minute. Gramen nanum, panicula tenui spiciformi, pedicellis fasciculatis.—Terr. Arct.
  - 126. Sporobolus. Glume mutice, florens vacuis equalis v. brevior. Caryopsis seepe denudata, pericarpio interdum laxo. Panicula seepius floribunda, nunc cylindracea spiciformis, nunc laxe effusa.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid. et temp.*

(Confer etiam 127 EPICAMPEM, 130 CHÆTURUM.)

Subtribus 4. Euagrosteæ. Spiculæ sæpius parvæ, varie paniculatæ. Gluma florens sæpius arista dorsali plus minus torta, rarius ad mucronem subterminalem reducta instructa, v. rarius mutica. Caryopsis gluma inclusa.

### \* Rhachilla ultra florem non producta.

- 127. EPICAMPES. Gluma florens vacuis vix brevior v. sublongior, arista tenui v. minuta subterminali. Panicula longa dense floribunda.—California, Mexico, And. Amer. austr.
  - 128. BAUCHEA. 'Ab Epicampi differt glumis vacuis valde ineequalibus.'-Mexico.
- 129. Agrostis. Gluma florens hyalina, vacuis multo brevior, arista seepius infra medium dorsali. Tota fere orbis terrarum.
- 130. CHATURUS. Gluma infima aristata, secunda submucronata, florens brevior hyalina mutica. Spiculæ in ramulis paniculæ 2-3-natim fasciculatæ.—*Hispania*.
- 131. Polypogon. Glumæ vacuæ aristatæ, florens minor, sæpe hyalina, in emarginatura v. dorso aristata. Panicula densa spiciformis v. major laxiorque irregularis. Pedicellus sub spicula sæpissime articulatus.—*Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et subtrop., inter tropicos rarior*.
- 132. ? Arctagrostis. Gluma florens vacuis sublongior, mutica. Panicula angusta, parum ramosa. Spiculæ quam in Agroste majores.—Terr. Arct.
- 133. CALAMAGROSTIS. Rhachilla sub gluma florente annulo pilorum glumas superante instructa. Cætera Agrostis. Gramina elata, panicula sæpius angusta floribunda.—Eur., Asia med. et bor., Afr. austr.
- 134. Cinna. Pales carinats, 1-nervis. Stamen 1. Gramina elata panicula longa floribunda

   Eur. bor., Amer. bor.

- \*\* Rhachilla ultra florem in setam glabram v. pilosam sæpissime producta.
- 135. Gastridium. Glume vacue basi concave subvesiculose, nitidule, acute v. breviter aristate; florens multo brevior, arista sub apice dorsali interdum deficiente.—Reg. Mediterr., Amer. austr. extratrop.
- 136. CHETOTROPIS. Spiculæ parvæ et gluma florens brevis Agrostis, sed rhachillæ continuatio setacea. Panicula densissima ramulis breviter spiciformibus.—Chile.
- 187. TRIPLACHNE. Gluma florens hyalina, vacuis multo brevior, lobis 2 lateralibus in setam productis, arista dorsali.—Reg. Mediterr.
- 138. APERA. Gluma secunda cesteris major, florens hyalina breviter 2 fida, arista sub apice dorsali tenui. Panicula elegans floribunda, ramulis filiformibus, spiculis parvis.—Eur., Asia occid.
  - 139. CINNAGROSTIS. Spiculæ unisexuales, cætera Deyeuxiæ.—Rep. Argent.
- 140. Deveuxia. Rhachilla infra et ultra florem pilosa v. rarius glabra. Glumæ vacuæ parum inæquales, muticæ; florens paullo brevior v. sublongior, arista dorsali. Panicula angusta stricta v. laxe floribunda, spiculis quam in Agrosti sæpius majoribus.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et mont.
- 141. Annophila. Rhachilla infra florem pilosa, ultra florem tuberculiformis v. setiformis glabra. Glumæ paleaceæ exaristatæ. Panicula dense spiciformis v. laxior, spiculis quam in affinibus majoribus.—*Utriusque orbis hemisph. bor*.
- 142. DICHELACHNE. Gluma florens vacuis vix brevior, apice seepius breviter 2-fida, arista sub apice tenui dorsali. Panicula elongata, aristis numerosis crinita.—Australia, Nov. Zel.
- 143. TRISETARIA. Glumæ florentis lobi 2 laterales tenuiter aristatæ, arista dorsali longa flexuosa. Panicula angusta, aristis numerosis crinita.—Ægypt., Syria.
- 144. Pentapogon. Gluma florens apice 4-fida lobis tenuiter aristatis, arista dorsali longa basi torta. Panicula angusta, ramulis brevibus fasciculatis.— Australia.
- 145. Lagurus. Glumæ vacuæ angustæ, longe plumoso-ciliatæ, florentis aristæ 2 laterales tenues, dorsalis longa rigida. Panicula dense spiciformis ovoidea v. oblongo-cylindracea, mollissima.—Reg. Mediterr., Eur. occid.
- Tribus IX. Avenese. Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, paniculatæ v. rarius spicatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores (Aireis exceptis) plus minus producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. uno unisexuali. Glumæ 4-co, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ, 2-co superiores florentes, muticæ v. sæpius arista dorsali v. terminali geniculata v. torta rarius erecta instructæ. Palea 2-nervis v. 2-carinata.

Excepta: Spiculæ 1-floræ in Anisopogone.

Subtribus 1. Aireæ. Spioulæ 2-floræ, rhachilla ultra flores non producta. Glumæ florentes muticæ v. rarius tenuiter v. breviter aristatæ.

Subtribus a Benthamio in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 92, pro tribu distincta sub nomine Isachnearum proposita, sed suadentibus Hackelio aliisque Isachnem ipsam ad Paniceas revocamus, et genera cætera cum Aira Aveneis jungimus, inter quas distinguuntur imprimis rhachilla ultra flores nunquam producta.

- 146. ERIACHNE. Glumæ membranaceæ, inferiores vacuæ co-nerves acutæ, florentes longe ciliatæ muticæ v. breviter aristatæ. Panicula argusta, densa, v. laxe effusa.—Asia trop., Australia.
- 147. PRIONACHIE. Glums inferiores dorso cartilagines: pectinato-dentate florentibus muticis sublongiores. Spiculæ secus rhachin spicæ subsimplicis 2-4-natim fasciculatæ.—Afr. austr.
- 148. ZENKERIA. Glume membranacese, florentes obtusse v. mucronato-subaristatse. Rhachilla et palearum carinse ciliatse. Panicula floribunda, spiculis parvis.—Ind. or.
- 149. MICRAIRA. Glums membranaces, mutics, florentes co-nerves. Palea co-nervis, nervis 2 validioribus. Panicula parva, effusa, spiculis minimis.—Australia.
- 150. Collachme. Glume membranacese, mutice, tertia major flore Ç, quarta altius affixa flore Ç. Panicula laxa, ramis paucis.—Ind. or., China, Australia.
- 151. Alzorsis. Glume semiglobose, mutice, nitidules, vacue florentes includentes. Panicula densa, subcylindraces, spiculis parvis globosis.—Eur. occid., Afr. bor. occid.
  - 152. AIRA. Glumm inferiores membranacem, muticae, florentes hyalina, arista dorsali tenui

sæpe torta rarius deficiente. Paniculæ ramuli capillares, effusi v. rarius conferti stricti.—Eur., Oriens, Afr. bor. in aliis regionibus inquilina.

Subtribus 2. Eusvenez. Spiculæ 2-D-floræ, rhachilla ultra flores plus minus producta. Glumæ florentes sæpissime arista dorsali v. terminali geniculata v. torta instructæ.

- Arista glumarum florentium dorsalis v. rarius deficiens. Flores hermaphroditi v. supremus
  masculus.
- 153. Corynephorus. Spiculæ parvæ, floribus 2 hermaphroditis, rhachilla in setam penicillatam producta. Glumarum florentium arista medio articulata, apioe clavata. Habitus Airæ.— Eur., Oriens, Afr. bor.
- 154. DESCHAMPSIA. Spiculæ floribus 2 hermaphroditis, rhachilla in setam v. stipitem nudum penicillatum v. glumiferum producta. Gramina perennia, panicula varia.—Orbis utriusque reg. temp. et frigid. et mont. trop.
- 155. ACHNEBIA. Spiculæ floribus 2 hermaphroditis, rhachilla sæpius breviter producta. Glumæ non v. vix aristatæ. Gramina perennia, panicula varia.—Afr. austr.
- 156. Monachyron. Spiculæ 2-floræ, flore inferiore hermaphrodito superiore masculo. Gluma vacua secunda ab infima distans, 2-fida, in sinu aristata, florentes muticæ, apice 2-fidæ.

  —Ins. Cap. Viridis.
- 157. Holcus. Spiculæ 2-floræ, flore inferiore hermaphrodito superiore masculo v. sterili, rhachilla in stipitem parvum producta. Gluma sub flore fertili mutica, sub flore sterili aristata. Gramina mollia, panicula sæpius densa.—Eur., Afr., in aliis reg. inquilina.
- 158. Trisetum. Spiculæ floribus 2 rarius 3-6 hermaphroditis, rhachilla producta. Glumæ tenuiter membranaceæ v. scariosæ, carinatæ, apice præter aristam dorsalem 2-dentatæ v. 2-aristatæ. Caryopsis intra glumam libera, exsulca. Panicula dense spiciformis v. laxe effusa. Orbis utriusque reg. temp. et mont.
- 159. VENTENATA. Omnia Triseti nisi spiculæ longiores, glumis rigide  $\infty$ -nervibus, et arista dorsalis in gluma florente inferiore deest.—Eur. centr., reg. Mediterr.
- 160. Avena. Spiculæ paniculatæ, 2-∞-floræ, flore supremo masculo v. sterili. Glumæ florentes dorso rotundatæ, rigidule 5-7-nerves, præter aristam dorsalem muticæ. Caryopsis apico pubescens, sulcata, siccitate paleæ adhærens. Gramina annua, spiculis longis pendulis, v. perennia spiculis erectis fore Triseti.—Orbis veteris reg. temp., in America paucæ.
- 161. GAUDINIA. Spiculæ Avenæ, sod ad excavationes rhacheos spicæ simplicis sessiles.—Reg. Mediterr., ins. Azor.
- 162. Amphibromus. Spiculæ paniculatæ, floribus 5-10 hermaphroditis v. summis imperfectis. Glumæ florentes dorso rotundatæ, præter aristam dorsalem vix aristatæ. Caryopsis glabra, sulcata, a palea libera.—Australia extratrop.
  - \*\* Arista glumarum florentium dorsalis. Flores 2, inferior 3, superior \( \).
- 163. Arrhenatherum. Gramen elatiusculum, spiculis laxe paniculatis.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia occid.
  - \*\*\* Arista glumarum florentium inter lobos sæpe aristatos terminalis.
    - † Spiculæ 2-floræ, flore inferiore &, superiore & v. \cong .
- 164. TRISTACHYA. Spiculæ ad apices ramulorum paniculæ ternatim sessiles v. breviter sequalit rque pedicellatæ.—Afr. trop. et austr., Asia occid., Amer. trop.
  - 165. TRICHOPTERYX. Spiculæ secus ramulos paniculæ sparsæ.—Afr. trop. et austr., Brasilia.
    - †† Spiculæ 1-co-floræ, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto.
  - 166. Anisopogon. Spiculæ longæ, 1-floræ, laxe paniculatæ.—Australia.
- 167. Danthonia. Spiculæ 3-co-floræ, varie paniculatæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid. et temp. (Vide etiam 263 Bromum, arista interdum more Avenearum torta.)
- Tribus X. Chloridese. Spiculæ 1--∞-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum 1--∞ unilateralium 2-seriatim sessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores persistentes articulata, floribus saltem inferiore hermaphroditis. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis.

Spice brovissime in Melanocenchro et in speciebus nonnullis Boutelous, fasciculos Anthephorearum simulant.

## \* Flos fertilis in spicula 1, rarissime 2.

- 168. MICROCHLOA. Spica terminalis, tenuis. Spiculæ parvæ, exaristatæ, rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Gluma florens vacuis multo brevior.—*Utriusque orbis reg. calid.*, Afretrop. et austr.
- 169. SCHONNEFELDIA. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi 1-4. Spiculæ longe aristatæ, rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Gluma florens vacuis multo brevior.—Afr. trop.
- 170. CYNODON. Spice ad apicem pedunculi 2-6, digitate. Spiculæ parvæ, exaristatæ, rhachilla ultra florem non v. in stipitem brovem producta. Gluma florens vacuis brevior v. longior.—Utriusque orbis req. calid., in temp. extensa.
- 171. HARPECHLOA. Spica terminalis, densa. Glumæ exaristatæ, 1-3 supra florem fertilem flores & foventes, v. summa vacua.—Afr. austr.
- 172. CTENIUM. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi solitariæ, rarius 2-3. Gluma secunda vacua cæteris major, medio dorso arista horizontali aculeiformi v. tuberculo instructa, tertia quartaque vacuæ v. paleam foventes, quinta florens tenuiter aristata, 1-2 superiores vacuæ.—Amer. bor. et austr., Africa, ins. Mascar.
- 173. Enteropogon. Spica terminalis, elongata. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ breves, tenues, florens longior, 3-nervis, apice 2-fida, arista tenui subdorsali, 1-2 superiores vacuæ v. una florem 3 fovens.—Ind. or., Afr. trop., ins. Mascar.
- 174. Chloris. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi digitatæ verticillatæ v. confertæ, rarius ad 1-2 reductæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, florens 1-3-nervis, sæpius aristata, superiores vacuæ, sæpius plures, ad apicem rhacheos conniventes, breves latæ v. angustæ, aristatæ v. ad aristam reductæ v. rarius muticæ.—*Utrusque orbis reg. calid.*
- 175. CRYPTOCHLORIS. Spica densa, intra vaginam folii floralis sessilis. Glumæ 2 inferiores longæ, lineares, florentes 2 latæ superioresque vacuæ 3-4 aristatæ. Gramen annuum, nanum.

  —Amer. austr. extratrop.?
- 176. TRICHLORIS. Spicæ secus pedunculum  $\infty$ , erectæ, arcte approximatæ, paniculam densam oblongam aristis longis numerosis molliter echinatam formantes. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ angustæ, florens 3-aristata, superiores 1-3 vacuæ varie diminutæ v. ad aristas 3 reductæ.—Reg. Mex.-Tex., Amer. austr. extratrop.
- 177. GYMNOPOGON. Spicæ secus pedunculum  $\infty$ , sparsæ, dissitæ v. inferiores subverticillatæ. Spiculæ secus rhachin dissitæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ angustæ, florens paullo latior aristata, superior vacua aristiformis v. a rhachillæ continuatione indistincta.—Zeylania, Amer. bor. et austr.
- 178.? Monochæte. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi co, erectæ, approximatæ. Spiculæ seens rhachin tenuem approximatæ; rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ angustæ setacco-acuminatæ. florens paullo latior aristata.—Brasilia.
- 179. SCHEDONNARDUS. Spicæ secus pedunculum  $\infty$ , dissitæ. Spiculæ secus rhachin tenuem dissitæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ angustæ, florens longior mutica; rhachilla ultra florem non producta.—Amer. bor.
- 180. CRASPEDORHACHIS. Spicæ secus pedunculum  $\infty$ , sparsæ. Spiculæ secus rhachin flexuosam marginatam dissitæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ carinatæ, florens brevissima hyalina mutica; rhachilla ultra florem non producta.—Afr. trop. or.
- 181. BOUTELOUA. Spicæ co secus pedunculum dissitæ rarius terminalis sola. Spiculæ confertæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ angustæ, florens latior 3-dentata 1-3-mucronata v. aristata, summæ 1-3 varie aristatæ v. aristiformes.—Amer. bor. et austr.
- 182. MELANOCENCHRIS. Spicæ  $\infty$ , breves, dissitæ, fasciculiformes, secundæ, articulatim deciduæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, lineares, plumoso-ciliatæ, florens 3-aristata, summæ vacuæ, gradatim minores.—Ind. or., Arabia, Afr. trop.

(Vide etiam 192 LEPTOCHLOAM; et quoed habitum 61 ÆGOPOGONEM.)

# \*\* Flores fertiles in spicula 2-00.

- † Spica ad apicem pedanculi solitaria v. 2-3-næ crectæ. (Genera Festuca affinia.)
- 183. TRIPOGON. Spice longs, tenuis. Glume florentes 3-aristate, aristis lateralibus rarius ad mucrones parvas reductis.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.
- 184. LEPIDOPYROMIA. Spica laxiuscula. Glumæ florentes integræ, dense pilosæ, dorso sub apice aristatæ.—Abyssinia.

- 185. Tetrapogon. Spicæ 1-3, erectæ, pilis longis sericeæ, spiculis confertis. Glumæ florentes apice membranaceæ, truncatæ v. emarginato-bifidæ, arista centrali.—Afr. bor. et trop., Asia occid.
- 186. Astrebla. Spicæ 1-3, erectæ, pilosæ, crassiusculæ. Glumæ florentes apice 3-fidæ, lobis lateralibus rigidis, intermedio aristato.—Australia.
- 187. Wangenheimia. Spica densa. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, subæquales, spiculam æquantes, florentes 3-nerves, acuminatæ, exaristatæ.—Hispan. austr., Africa bor. occid.
- 188. CTEMOPSIS. Spica tenuis. Gluma infima vacua minima v. 0, secunda longa setiformis, florentes 3-nerves, acutissimæ, exaristatæ.—Africa bor.
  - †† Spicæ co, secus pedunculum dissitæ v. ad apicem fasciculatæ.
- 189. Tetrachne. Spicæ secus pedunculum dissitæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 4, gradatim suctæ, florentes rigidulæ, apice 3-5-nerves, exaristatæ.—Africa austr.
- 190. Dinkera. Spice secus pedunculum dissitæ. Glume inferiores vacuæ 2, subaristatæ, florentes multo breviores, tenues, obtusiusculæ.—Afr. bor. et trop., Ind. or.
- 191. Eleusine. Spicæ secus pedunculum sparsæ subverticillatæ v. sæpius ad apicem digitatæ. Spiculæ confertæ, complanatæ. Glumæ exaristatæ, inferiores vacuæ 2, florentibus breviores.— Utriusque orbis imprimis veteris reg. trop. et subtrop.
- 192. Leptochloa. Spicæ tenues, secus pedunculum dissitæ, sparsæ. Spiculæ secus rhachin alternæ, parvæ, 1-co-floræ, complanatæ. Glumæ exaristatæ, inferiores vacuæ florentibus 2 sæpius breviores. Utrusque orbis reg. calid.

(Vide etiam Uniolam racemifloram, Trin.)

- \*\*\* Spica stricte unisexuales, sapius dioica, utriusque sexus valde heteromorpha, ? 1-flora. (Genera forte ad Seslericas amandanda.)
  - 193. Buchloë. Spiculæ Q in capitulo cenchroideo paucæ, glumis majoribus induratis basi connatis involucrum simulantibus. Gramen reptans.—Reg. Mex.-Tex.
  - 194. ? Jouvea. Spiculæ Ç in spica cylindracea rhachi immersæ semiadnatæque. Gramen junceum.—Mexico.
  - 195. OPIZIA. Spicula ? secus rhachin spicæ gracilis alternæ. Glumæ 2-3-lobæ v. 3-aristatæ. Gramen reptans.—Mexico.
- Tribus XI. Festuceæ. Spiculæ 2-cc-floræ, rarissime 1-floræ, in panicula nunc laxa effusa nunc denso spiciformi plus minus pedicellatæ, rarius in rhachi non excavata subsessiles, rhachilla cum pedicello continua, supra glumas vacuas inferiores sæpius articulata, ultra flores sæpissime producta v. flore imperfecto terminata. Glumæ muticæ v. aristis 1-cc rectis terminatæ, aristis cum lobis membranaceis interdum alternis nec dorsalibus; 2 inferiores sub articulatione vacuæ, persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ. Palea 2-nervis, sæpissime 2-carinata. Gramina herbacea v. rarius indurata, foliorum lamina cum vagina sæpissime continua. Spiculæ hermaphroditæ, v. si unisexuales utriusque sexus similes (excepta Scleropogom).
  - Excepta: Spiculæ 1-floræ in Eremochloa, in spiculis terminalibus Lamarckiæ, in Lophathero, Podophoro et hinc inde in speciebus perpaucis aliorum generum.

Arista glume florentis interdum subdorsalis leviterque torta in speciebus paucis Bromi.

- Subtribus 1. Pappophorew. Spiculæ sa pius pauciflora. Gluma co-nerves, florentes 3-co-aristatæ, additis interdum lohis alternis membranaceis, v. obsque aristis 4-lobæ.
  - 196. Pommereulla. Spiculæ 2-5-floræ, in spica brevi intra vaginam semi-inclusa subsessiles. Glumæ exaristatæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ integræ, 2 sequentes vacuæ 4-fidæ florentibus appresæ, florentes involucrantibus similes.—Ind. or.
  - 197. PAPPOPHORUM. Spiculæ 1-2, rarius 3-floræ. Panicula dense spiciformis, brevis v. elongata, rarius ramosa. Glumæ florentes 9-23-aristatæ.— Utriusque orbis reg. calid.
  - 198. Cottes. Spiculæ 2-6-floræ. Panicula laxa. Glumæ florentes irregulariter 9-11-lobæ, lobis aristatis v. hyalinis.— Amer. calid.
  - 199. Boissiera. Spiculæ 2-3-floræ. Panicula brevis, densa, bromoidea. Glumæ florentes apice hyalinæ, lobatæ, nervis 5-9 validis pone lobos aristatis. Stylus brevissimus, membranacco-dilatatus, sub-2-fidus. Gramen humile. Oriens.
    - 200. SCHMIDTIA. Spiculæ 4-6-floræ. Panicula angusta, laxiuscula. Glumæ ficrentes

- 234. Ectrocia. Panicula angusta. Spiculæ paucifloræ, floribus superioribus 2-co ut in *Meliceis &* v. rudimentariis. Glumæ saltem superiores aristatæ, aristis in panicula semper numerosis.—Australia.
- Subtribus 6. Melicese. Inflorescentia varia. Gluma florentes 3-5-00-nerves, summa 2-00 vacua semet plus minus involventes. Folia angusta venulis transversis 0.
  - 235. Heterachne. Panicula spiciformis, densa v. interrupta. Spiculæ planæ, paucifloræ. Glumæ florentes 1-2, latæ, complicatæ, superiores vacuæ 2-∞. Paleæ carina late alata. Gramina humilia spiculis parvis ovatis v. orbiculatis.—Australia.
  - 236. Anthochioa. Panicula fere ad capitulum subsessile reducta. Spiculæ paucifloræ. Glumæ latæ, hyalino-scariosæ, albæ, florentes latissimæ petaloideæ subflabellatæ. Gramina humilia cæspitosa.—And. Peruv. et Boliv.
  - 287. Melica. Panicula angusta stricta secunda v. laxe effusa. Spiculæ paucifloræ. Glumæ superiores vacuæ, plures sæpius in massam clavatam confertæ, rarius laxiores gradatim minores. Gramina perennia, erecta, spiculis sæpe majusculis orectis patentibus v. nutantibus.—Eur., Asia temp., Afr. extratrop., Amer. extratrop. et andin.
  - 238. DIARRHENA. Panicula elongata, ramulis paucis strictis. Spiculæ paucifloræ. Gluma secunda 5-nervis, florentes 3-nerves, demum coriaceæ nitidæ, superiores vacuæ 2-4. Stamina 2 v. 1. Caryopsis sæpe apice exserta. Gramen perenne, erectum.—Amer. bor.

(Confer etiam 175 CRYPTOCHLORIDEM, 234 ECTROSIAN, 241 LOPHATHERUM.)

Subtribus 7. Centotheceæ. Panicula laxa v. spica unilateralis. Glumæ florentes 5-\pi-nerves. Gramina sæpius elata. Folia plana, lanceolata v. ovata, inter venas transverse venulosa.

Genera nonnulla ab foliorum venatione interdum Bambuecis adscripta, sed lamina nunquam cum vagina articulata et spiculæ Festuccorum.

- 239. CENTOTHECA. Panicula laxa. Spiculæ ∞-floræ. Glumæ muticæ, summa vacua parva v. 0.—Afr. et Asia trop., ins. Pacif.
- 240. Orthoclada. Panicula laxa. Spiculæ 1-2-floræ. Glumæ muticæ, summa vacua parva v. 0.—Amer. calid.
- 241. LOPHATHERUM. Panicula longa, ramis abbreviatis v. clongatis. Spiculæ 1-floræ. Glumæ mucronatæ v. subaristatæ, superiores vacuæ plures in cristam parvam unilateralem confertæ. -- Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China, Japonia.
- 242. STREPTOGYNE. Spica longa, unilateralis. Spiculæ sessiles, longæ, paucifloræ. Glumæ florentes longæ, rigidæ, convolutæ. Stigmata longissime exserta, filiformia, demum spiraliter torta.—Ind. or., Afr. trop.. Amer. trop. et bor. subtrop.
- 243. Zevorres. Panicula laxa v. dense floribunda. Spiculæ co-floræ, flore infimo fertili, superioribus 2-5 masculis. Gramina nunc debilia decumbentia, nunc valida clata.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 8. Eufestucese. Spiculæ varie paniculatæ, inflorescentia basi ebracteata. Glumæ florentes 5-\infty-nerves, summa vacua 1 v. 0. Styli breves nunc brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis nunc libera nunc sæpius paleæ plus minus adhærens. Folia sæpius angusta, venulis transversis 0.
  - 244. PLEUROPOGON. Panicula ad racemum secundum reducta. Glumæ florentes mucronatæ v. aristatæ. Paleæ carinæ cristatæ v. appendice lineari instructæ.— Terr. arct., California.
  - 245. BRYLKINIA. Panicula ad racemum secundum reducta. Glumme inferiores vacua 4.— Japonia, Asia bor. or.
  - 246. UNIOLA. Panicula nunc clongata stricta, nunc ampla. Spiculæ latæ planæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-6.—Amer. extratrop. et andin.
  - 247. Districulis. Paniculæ spiciformes v. oblongæ, stricte dioicæ, spiculis subsessilibus, Glumæ rigidulæ, exaristatæ. Amer. extratrop. et andin., Australia, sæpius in maritimis.
  - 248. Æluropus. Spiculæ co-floræ, dense subspicato-glomeratæ, glomerulis solitariis v. secus pendunculum sparsis. Glumæ florentes apice latiusculæ, mueronatæ. Gramina prostrata, foliis brevibus rigidis sæpe pungentibus.—Reg. Mediterr., Asia med., Ind. or., sæpius in maritimis.
    - 249. Dactylis. Spiculæ paucifloræ, dense fasciculatæ, fasciculis compositis socundis ad

apicem pedunculi v. ramulorum confertis. Glumæ florentes vacuas superantes, mucronatæ v. breviter aristatæ. Gramina perennia, interdum elata.—Eur., Asia temp., Afr. bor.

- 250. LASIOCHLOA. Panicula spiciformis, densa v. interrupta. Glumæ vacuæ sæpius hispidæ, florentes breviores tenuiores muticæ. Gramina cæspitosa, foliis angustis.—Afr. austr.
- 251. Demazeria. Spiculæ compressæ, distiche spicatæ v. inferiores fasciculatæ. Glumæ coriaceæ, muticæ, florentes distiche imbricatæ, vacuis longiores.—Reg. Mediterr., Afr. austr.
- 252. Sclerochloa. Spiculæ compressæ, rigidulæ, in panicula brevi secunda arcte confertæ, subsessiles. Glumæ florentes carinatæ, apice membranaceæ truncatæ v. emarginatæ. Gramina annua humilia.—Eur. austr., Asia occid. et med.
- 263. Briza. Panicula laxa, rarius angusta. Spiculæ bene pedicellatæ. Glumæ valde concuvæ v. vesiculosæ, non carinatæ, muticæ v. rarius aristatæ. Palea lata, caryopsi valde compressæ arcte appressa. Gramina erecta.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia temp., Amer. austr., reg. Mex.-Tex.
- 254. Schismus. Panicula angusta, ramulis erectis. Spiculæ parvulæ. Glumæ muticæ, vacuæ florentes minores includentes. Gramina annua.—Reg. Mediterr. ab ins. Canar. usque ad Affghan. et Arabiam.
- 255. Nephelochloa. Panicula gracilis, ramulis capillaribus verticillatis. Spiculæ parvæ, nitidulæ. Glumæ florentes tenucs, vix carinatæ, apice scariosæ, 2-fidæ, inter lobos aristatæ.—
- 256. Pon. Panicula varia, sæpius laxa. Spiculæ paucifloræ. Glumæ membranaceæ, carinatæ, nervis latoralibus apice sæpius conniventibus. Caryopsis libera v. rarius paleæ adhærens.—Utriusque orbis reg. temp. et frigid., inter tropicos pauciores.
- 257. Colpodium. Panicula gracilis, laxa. Spiculæ parvæ, 1-2-floræ. Glumæ tenuiter membranaceæ, nervis lateralibus sæpe abbreviatis v. obscuris. Caryopsis oblonga, libera.— Oriens, Asia med.
- 258. Graphephorum. Omnia Glyceriæ nisi rhachilla sub floribus pilosa.—Reg. bor. Amer., Eur. et Asiæ.
- 259. GLYCERIA. Panicula longa, angusta v. effusa, floribunda. Spiculæ co-floræ, rhachilla glabra v. vix pilosula. Glumæ obtusæ, muticæ, non carinatæ, nervis lateralibus apicem non attingentibus. Gramina sæpe elata, interdum aquatica.—*Utriusque orbis reg. temp*.
- 260. Festuca. Panicula varia. Spiculæ oc-floræ. Glumæ florentes acutæ v. aristatæ rarius obtusæ, dorso rotundatæ nec a basi carinatæ, nervis sæpius tenuibus. Ovarium glabrum v. apice pilosulum. Caryopsis glabra, paleæ sæpius (nec semper) plus minus siccitate adhærens.

   Utriusque orbis reg. temp., inter tropicos rariores.
- 261? Pantathera. Panicula ampla. Spiculæ majusculæ, planæ, co-floræ. Glumæ omnes aristatæ, florentes complicato-carinatæ. Caryopsis glabra.—Juan Fernandez.
- 262. Podophorus. Panicula laxa, subsecunda. Spiculæ majusculæ, angustæ, 1-floræ, rhachilla ultra florem in stipitem longum aristiferum producta. Gluma florens linearis, carinata, longe aristata. Ovarium glabrum. -Juan Fernandez.
- 263. Bromus. Panicula varia. Spiculæ majusculæ v. magnæ, planæ v. turgidæ, co-floræ. Glumæ florentes aristatæ v. rarius muticæ. Ovarium appendice villosa coronatum. Caryopsis palææ adhærens.—Hemisph. bor. reg. temp., Amer. austr. extratrop., inter tropicos paucæ.
- 264. Brachypodium. Spiculæ  $\infty$ -floræ, sæpius longiusculæ, in spica simplici paucæ, subsessiles, rhachi nec excavata nec articulata. Glumæ florentes dorso rotundatæ, mucronatæ v. aristatæ. Ovarium apice villosum. Caryopsis paleæ adhærens.—Eur., Asia temp. et mont., Afr. trop. et austr., Colombia, Mexico.

(Vide etiam 232 CUTANDIAM.)

Tribus XII. Hordeese. Spiculæ 1-\(\infty\)-floræ, ad dentes seu excavationes rhacheos spicæ simplicis sessiles. Rhachilla supra glumas inferiores vacuas sæpius articulata, ultra flores fertiles producta, setiformis glumifera v. floro imperfecto terminata. Glumæ muticæ v. apice aristatæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ rarius deficientes. Pales 2-nervis, sæpius 2-carinata. Gramina herbaces.

Excepta: Rhachilla ultra florem non producta in Nardo.

Glumæ inferioros vacuæ desunt in Nardo et interdum in Psiluro, et Asprella.

- . Subtribus 1. Triticese. Spiculæ ad nodos solitariæ, 3-co-floræ rarius 2-floræ. Spica sæpius valida.
  - 265. Lolium. Spiculæ co-floræ, alternæ, distichæ, compressæ, margine (dorso glumarum) rhachin spectantes.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia temp., alibi inquilina.
  - 266. AGROPTRUM. Spiculæ co-floræ, alternæ, distichæ, compressæ, facie (lateribus glumarum) rhachin spectantes. Glumæ florentes dorso rotundatæ, 5-7-nerves, nervis lateralibus apice conniventibus v. in aristam terminalem confluentibus.— Utriusque orbis reg. temp.
  - 267. SECALE. Spiculæ sæpius 2-floræ, in spicam cylindraceam confertæ, compressæ, facie rhachin spectantes. Glumæ florentes 5-nerves, nervis lateralibus faciei interioris tenuibus faciei exterioris prominentibus, omnibus in aristam confluentibus.—Reg. Mediterr., alibi late culta.
  - 268. TRITICUM. Spiculæ paucifloræ, compressiusculæ. Glumæ florentes oblongæ v. ventricosæ, dorso rotundatæ v. superne carinatæ, 5-9-nerves, nervis lateralibus non conniventibus brevibus v. in dentes v. aristas distinctas productis.— Reg. Mediterr., Asia occid., nonnullæ alibi late cultæ.
  - Subtribus 2. Leptureæ. Spiculæ ad nodos solitariæ 1-2-floræ. Spica tenuis, recta v. incurva.
    - 269. LEPTURUS. Glumme vacume 1-2, rigidme, florentibus hyalinis multo longiores.—Eur., Afr. bor., Asia temp., maritim. Australasia et ins. Pacif.
    - 270. PSILURUS. Gluma vacua 1, minuta, florens angusta aristata. Stamen 1. Gramen annuum.—Eur. austr., Oriens.
    - 271. NARDUS. Gluma vacua 0. Rhachilla non producta. Stylus longus indivisus. Gramen perenne, humile, spica unilaterali.—Eur. occid., reg. Mediterr.
    - 272. Kralikia. Glumæ vacuæ 2, florentes 2 paullo longiores, carinatæ, 3-mucronatæ. Gramen perenne, gracile, spiculis minimis.—Algeria.
    - 273. OROPETIUM. Glumæ vacuæ 2, infima parva, secunda rigida, florens paullo longior. Rhachilla sub flore longe pilosa. Gramen nanum. Spica spiculis parvis immersis subteres.—
      Ind. or.
  - Subtribus 3. Elymese. Spiculæ ad nodos rhacheos 2-co, collaterales. Spica sæpius valida.
    - 274. Hordeum. Spiculæ 1-floræ. Glumæ vacuæ subulatæ, rigidæ, involucrum sæpius simulantes.—Eur., Asia temp., Afr. hor., Amer. extratrop., alibi late culta.
    - 275. ELYMUS. Spiculæ 2-6-floræ. Glumæ vacuæ angustæ v. aristiformes, involucrum sæpius simulantes.—Eur., Asia temp., Amer. bor.
    - 276. ASPRELLA. Spiculæ 2-00-floræ. Glumæ vacuæ 0 v. in spiculis infimis parvæ, subulatæ, florentes aristatæ.—Amer. bor., Nov. Zel.
- Pribus XIII. Bambuses. Gramina elata, caule sepius fruticoso v. arborescente. Folia plana, petiolo brevi cum vagina articulato. Spiculæ 1-\impo-floræ. Glumæ inferiores 2-\impo vacuæ, gradatim ab infima parva ad florentes auctæ, nonnullæ interdum supra florentes minores vacuæ v. flores imperfectos foventes v. ad rudimenta reductæ. Palea sæpius magna, 2-carinata v. (in Melocanneis) 0. Lodiculæ sæpissime 3, majusculæ. Stamina 3, 6 v. \impo. Styli v. rumi stigmatosi 2 v. 3.
  - Excepta: Folia angusta basi cum vagina continua in Planotia.

Lodiculæ desunt in Dinochloa, valde irregulares in Ochlandra.

- Subtribus 1. Arundinariem. Stamina 3. Palea 2-cartnata. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum.
  - 277. ARUMDIMARIA. Spiculæ co-floræ, racemosæ v. paniculatæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 1-2. Caulis suffrutescens rarius arborescens.—Asia trop., Japonia, Amer. bor. et trop.
  - 278. ARTHROSTYLIDIUM. Spiculæ co-floræ, in spicis racemisve secundæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-4. Caulis suffruticosus v. arborescens.—Amer. trop.
  - 279. PHYLLOSTACHYS. Spiculæ 1-4-floræ, spicatæ, spicis bracteis spathaceis imbricatis sub-inclusis. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2-3. Caulis arborescens.— Japonia, China.
  - 280. Athroostachys. Spiculæ 1-floræ, densissime globoso-capitatæ. Glumæ vacuæ 2, infima ad basin rhachillæ persistens, secunda distans florenti appressa. Caulis suffrutescens, scandens.—Brasilia.
  - 281. Merostachys. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica unilaterali sessiles. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-1. Caulis arborescens.—Amer. trop.

- 282. CHUSQUEA. Spiculæ 1-floræ, varie paniculatæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 4, 2 parvæ persistentes, 2 florenti appressæ. Caulis suffrutescens v. arborescens.—Amer. trop. et subtrop.
- 283. Planotia. Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvæ, in panicula numerosissimæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 4. Caulis herbaceus, elatus. Folia angusta, cum vagina continua.—Amer. trop.
- Subtribus 2. Eubambuseæ. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium tenue, semini adnatum. Excepta: Palea floris terminalis spiculæ doest v. glumæ similis in Oxytenanthera.

## \* Fi'amenta libera.

- 284. Nastus. Spiculæ 1-floræ, anguste paniculatæ v. capitatæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ co. Ovarium glabrum. Caulis arborescens.—Ins. Mascar.
- 285. Guadua. Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, subspicatæ glomeratæ v. capitatæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2-6. Paleæ carinæ alatæ. Ovarium apice villosum. Caulis arborescens.—Amer. trop.
- 286. Bambusa. Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-4. Paleæ carina ciliata nec distincte alata. Ovarium apice villosum. Caulis arborescens, rarius suffrutescens v. scandens,—Asia et Amer. trop. et subtrop.

## \*\* Filamenta in tubum tenuem connata.

- 287. GIGANTOCHIOA. Spiculæ co-floræ. Paleæ omnes 2-carinatæ. Inflorescentia et habitus Bambusæ.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- 288. OXYTENANTHERA. Spiculæ 1- $\infty$ -floræ, flore terminali solo fertili cui palea 0 v. glumis similis. Cætera Gigantochloæ.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay.
- Subtribus 3. Dendrocalameæ. Stamina 6. Palea 2-carinata. Pericarpium crustaccum v. carnosum, a semine liberum.
  - 289. Dendrocalamus. Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, flore sæpius uno solo fertili. Ovarium apice hirsutum. Caryopsis parvula, pericarpio crustaceo. Habitus Bambusæ.—Ind. or., Archip. Malay., China.
  - 290. Melocalamus. Spiculæ 2-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, flore infero solo fertili. Ovarium glabrum. Caryopsis magna, pericarpio crasso carnoso. Habitus Bambusæ.—Martaban.
  - 291. Pseudostachyum. Spiculæ parvulæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ laxe spicatæ, bracteatæ. Gluma inferior vacua 1, terminalis vacua subglobosa. Caryopsis parvula, depressoglobosa, pericarpio crustaceo.—*Himalaya*.
  - 292. Greslania. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in ramulis paniculæ spicatæ v. subcymcso-confertæ. Gluma terminalis vacua, tenuis v. rudimentaria. Caryopsis tereti-oblonga, pericarpio crasso celluloso.—Nov. Caled.
  - 293. Teinostachyum. Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ subspicatæ, bracteatæ. Glumæ inferiores 1-2 vacuæ, terminalis vacua, angusta. Caryopsis haud magna, pericarpio crassius-culo.—Ind. or.
  - 294. Cephalostigma. Spiculæ 1-floræ, in capitulo globoso unico v. in glomerulis capituliformibus secus podunculum dissitis dense confertæ, bracteatæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 1-2;
    rhachilla ultra florem nuda. Caryopsis oblonga, restrata, pericarpio crassiusculo.—Ind. or.,
    Madagascar.
- Subtribus 4. Melocanneæ. Stamina 6-\infty. Spiculæ 1-floræ. Palea 0 (v. glumis simillima). Pericarpium crustaceum v. carnosum, a semine liberum.
  - 295. Schizostachyum. Spiculæ secus pedunculum seu paniculæ ramos dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla ultra florem producta. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ co. Lodiculæ 2-3. Caryopsis parvula, pericarpio crustacco v. duro. Habitus Bambusæ.—Archip. Malay., China, ins. Pacif.
  - 296. DINOCHLOA. Spiculæ minimæ, secus ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-4. Lodiculæ 0. Caulis frutescens, altissime scandens.—Archip. Malay.
  - 297. Melocanna. Spiculæ bracteatæ, in spicis unilateralibus densissime confertæ, rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ co. Lodiculæ 2. Curyopsis maxima, pericarpio crassissimo carnoso.—Ind. or.
    - 298. OCHLANDRA. Spiculæ majusculæ, dense capitatæ v. sulspicatæ. Glumæ inferiores

vacuæ 3-20. Lodiculæ valde irregulares. Stamina sæpius ultra 6 (usque ad 30), filamentis vario connatis. Caryopsis maxima, pericarpio crassissimo carnoso.—Penins. Ind. or., Zeylania.

GENERA EXCLUSA, DELENDA, DUBIA V. NON SATIS NOTA.

EPIPHYSTIS, Trin. Fund. Agrost. 97, est ex cod. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, iii. 95, genuina Cyperacea et fortasse Cypera ipsius species.

Æсиморнова, Spreng. in Pfeiff. Nomencl. Bot. i. 61, errore Pfeifferi admissa, in loco citato, Spreng. Gen. Pl. i. 74, deest, nec in ullo opere Sprengelii nobis noto invenitur.

Podopogon, Ehrend. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 116, Acophorum, Gaudich. in Steud. Nomencl. ed. 1840, 20, et Allagostachyum, Nees in Steud. l. c. 50, nomine tantum designata sunt nec vere edita.

RYTACHNE, Desv. in Ham. Prod. Fl. Ind. Occid. 11.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, in excavationibus rhacheos spicæ immersæ, solitariæ, flore inferiore & superiore J. Glumæ aristatæ, inferiores transversim rugosæ. Folia setaceo-convoluta.—In Antillis. Character nimis brevis Lepturcis convenit, sed species nulla Antillana ex hac subtribu botanicis recentioribus nota.

Xenochloa, Lichtenst. in Ram. et Schult. Syst. ii. 29, 501, gramen Capense, ex charactere valde manco nequaquam recognoscendum. In Neesii Flora Africæ Australis omissum, a Stoudelio post Trinium dubie ad Phragmitem refertur. Nomen delendum.

Pentarrhaphis, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 177, t. 60, gramen Mexicanum nec a nobis nec a Fourniero visum. Ex auctoris descriptione pluribus notis Boutelouæ (Triatheræ) convenit sed ab omnibus Gramineis nobis notis differt gluma inferiore ex aristis 5 basi subcounatis composita. Hic tamen, ut suspicatur Fournier, verisimiliter latet error e specimine imperfecto oriundus.

Polischistis, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 294, t. 41, f. 12 ad 18, gramen Philippinense a nobis non visum. Valde affine dicitur Pentarrhaphi gluma inferiore e laciniis 4 longe pilosis composita, secunda lineari integra.

POGOMOPSIA, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 333, t. 46, gramen Mexicanum nec a nobis nec a Fourniero visum. Ex icone et descriptione characteres plures Andropogonis exhibet, sed spica simplex spiculis more Setariæ setis longis circumdatis.

ALLOTEROPSIS. Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 343, t. 47, e Monterey Californiæ, ex icone et descriptione genus spurium videtur e graminibus diversis compositum. Icon princeps f. 1, spiculis exaristatis Panicum leucophæum v. speciem ei affinem referre videtur. Analyses f. 2 ad 8, glumam florentem aristiformem spicula duplo longiorem et spiculas steriles pedicellatas exhibentes Andropogonis, verisimiliter ad fragmenta plantæ alienæ casu in eadem charta servata delineata fuerunt. Cæterum fig. 2, 5 et 7 inter se male conveniunt, et descriptionem Preslii intelligere nequimus.

ASTHENOCHIOA, Bisse in Pl. Jungh. 367, genus ad specimen Javanicum imperfectum descriptum nec a nobis nec a Miquelio visum, charactere valde manco nequaquam recognoscendum dehinc omnino delendum. Eadem ratione delenda videntur genera 4 sequentia Steudeliana: Lachnochioa, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 5, a Senegambia; descriptio pessima speciminis manci nonnullis notis Andropogonom refert sed stamina 6; Kampmannia, Steud. l. c. 34, gramen Novo-Zelandicum sine dubio jam sub alio quodam nomine editum, sed minime recognoscendum; Disakisperma, Steud. l. c. 287, gramen Mexicanum a Fourniero dubie ad Distichlim relatum; Kerinozoma, Steud. l. c. 358, species v. variotates 2 Javanicæ forte ad Ischæmum muticum, Linn., referendæ.

LEPTUROPSIS, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 357.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, in spica simplici ad articulos rhacheos solitariæ. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2, aristatæ, altera latior herbacea 5-nervis, altera angustior 3-nervis, tertia florem & fovens, hyalina, mutica, terminalis sub flore & hyalina aristata. Palea minor. Stylus simplex. stigmate clongato longiuscule penicillato. Gramen basi ramosum, tenerrimum, foliis subsetaceis, spica terminali.—Species 1, ins. Loss Guineæ incola, a nobis non visa. Genus pluribus notis Leptureis convenire videtur sed spicula Andropogonearum.

Halochioa, Griseb. Symb. Fl. Argent. 285.—Spiculæ unisexuales, masculæ solæ notæ, in axillis foliorum floralium solitariæ 1-3-floræ. Glumæ vacuæ ad basin spiculæ 0, florentes chartaceoconcavæ, oblongo-lanceolatæ, acuminatæ, 3-nerves, summa si adsit imperfecta vacua. Palea glumæ subæquilonga, 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 0. Stamina 3, antheris linearibus.—Frutex ramulis ad nodos divisis v. fasciculatis. Folia brevia, rigida, apice angusto pungentia, demum bifariam imbricata, superiora spiculam foventia.—Species 1, e provincia Argentina Cordoba, a nobis non visa. Genus floribus fæmineis ignotis adhuc valde dubium, ab auctore Chusqueæ potius quam Munroæ affine dicitur sed nec habitus nec characteres bene Bambuseas reforunt.

Chabolss.za, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 112.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, paniculatæ, flore inferiore hermaphrodito superiore sterili. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ, inæquales, superiore majore; florens ampla integra.

acuminata, margine ciliata. Stamina 3. Styli longi, stigmatibus plumosis. Gramen glabrum, caule filiformi. Folia linearia. Panicula longa, contracta, radiis longis compositis alternis remotis basi nudis.—Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Genus ex charactere dato ad *Festuceas* referendum videtur, sed glumarum venatione indescripta de subtribu incerti sumus.

Genera plurima a Rafinosquio verbis paucis indicata nec rite definita sub silentio præterimus, omnia verisimiliter sub aliis nominibus nota.

### TRIBUS I. PANICEÆ.

1. Reimaria, Fluegge, Gram. Monogr. 213, pro parte.—Spiculæ acuminatæ, in rhachi spicæ unilateralis subsessiles, cum pedicello articulatæ, alternatim dissitæ, flore unico hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 2, infima vacua, membranacea, 3-5-nervis, acuta, socunda florens vix brevior, paleam parum breviorem floremque amplectens, mox parum indurata. Stamina 2. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus longe plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque leviter induratis inclusa, oblonga, compressiuscula, libera.—Gramina basi diffuse ramosissima, caulibus adscendentibus. Spicæ (v. paniculæ simplicis ramuli) indivisæ, apicem versus pedunculi plures rarius 2, crectæ v. demum reflexæ, una pedunculum terminante. Spiculæ secus rhachin tenuem v. parum dilatatum 2-seriatæ, arcte appressæ, exaristatæ.

Species 4, America tropica et horealis subtropica incola. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 16. Trin. Sp. Gram. t. 275, 276. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 21. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 35, t. 12. 13.

Spicæ in speciobus typicis tenuissimæ brevesque, in R. aberrante, Doll, spicæ rhachis marginata; in R. oligostachya, Munro, MS. (Paspalo vaginato, Curtis Pl. exs. n. 3566, Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 570, e Florida, et Wright, Pl. Cub. exs. n. 3854, e Cuba) spiculæ fere R. aberrantis, sed spicæ sæpissime 2 nec 6-15, rhachi dilatata spiculis sublatiore.

2. Paspalum, Linn. Gen. n. 75.—Spiculæ obtusæ v. rarius breviter acuminatæ, in rhachi spicæ unilateralis v. subdistichæ sessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, singulæ v. per paria alternatim dissitæ v. confertæ, flore unico hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 3 v. extima deficiente rarius 2, sæpius parum inæquales, exteriores 2 vacuæ, membranaceæ, æquales v. extima in paucis speciebus minima v. evanida, interior florens plus minus concava, mox indurata, paleam breviorem amplectens. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, sæpius elongati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina habitu polymorpha. Spicæ (v. paniculæ simplicis ramuli) in pedunculo elongato nunc solitariæ v. geminæ, nunc plures ad apicem pedunculi subdigitatim approximatæ v. secus pedunculum dissitæ, simplices, interdum valde numerosæ, patentes v. reflexæ. Spiculæ ad normam 2-seriatæ, in rhacheos latere inferiore seu exteriore secus lineam centralem rectam v. flexuosam alternæ, interdum dissitæ, specio 1-seriatæ, v. utrinque geminatim affixæ una cujusve paris brevissime pedicellata, v. densissime confertæ 4-seriatæ apparent.

Species vix 160, etsi ultra 300 ab auctoribus variis editæ, per regiones tropicas v. subtropicas utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, pro maxima parte Americanæ, et ex his nonnulæ in regionibus calidioribus orbis veteris jam frequentissimæ, verisimiliter inquilinæ, perpaucæ in Africa v. Asia inter tropicos endemicæ, 2 solæ in Europa australi inquilinæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 10, t. 5, f. 3. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 16. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 39. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 4. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 34.

Species a Trinio imprimis ad spicularum magnitudinem ordinatæ fuerunt. Nees genus in sectiones 6 dividit, Dæll in sectiones 4. Nos sectiones 3 sequentes bene distinctas agnoscimus, quarum una in subsectiones seu series plures minus definitas divisibilis:—

1. Eupaspalum. Spiculæ, in facie inferiore v. exteriore rhacheos spicæ, secus lineam elevatam v. costam centralem sigillatim v. geminatim alternæ, haud immersæ, gluma inferiore cum florente costam spectante (spiculæ adversæ, Nees).

Subsect. 1. Anachyris. Gluma vacua 1. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 40, t. 11 (sect. Eremachyrion). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 26. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 271. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1100.

Anachyris, Nees in Hook. Kew Journ. ii. 103. Subsectio nimis artificialis, species singulæ sæpe

variis e sect. Opistkio, Dœll, affiniores quam inter se. In P. (Eremackyrio) sesquiglume, Dœll, specie P. (Opistkio) maritimo, Trin., valde affini, glume vacuse 2, extima minima. In P. pallido, H. B. et K.; Kunth, Revis. Gram. t. 204, a Dœllio in Eremackyrio incluso, glume vacuse 2 æquales, dum in simillimo P. candido, H. B. et K. l. c. t. 25, gluma extima deest, utraque species melius sub Pseudoceresia militat.

Subsect. 2. Opisthion. Glume vacue 2. Spice rhachis angusta, plana v. vix concava. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 44, t. 15 (excl. sp. co). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 98 ad 106, 108 ad 118, 120 ad 132, 134 ad 143, 269, 270, 272 ad 274. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 10, 11, 205 ad 208. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 11. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 74. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 23. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 85, 92. Colla, Pl. Rar. Chil. t. 59. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 10. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 23, 24, 28.

De speciebus spiculis minimis pedicellatis sepius fasciculatis ab auctoribus nunc Panico nunc Paspalo relatis, conf. infra sub Panico (Digitaria).

- Subsect. 3. Pseudoceresia. Glumæ vacuæ 2. Spicæ (seu rami paniculæ) numerosæ, breves, patentes, rhachi plus minus dilatata concava viridi, spiculis parvulis glabris. Huc P. stoloniferum, Bosc, P. repens, Berg., affinesque. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 302. Bosc. in Trans. Linn. Soc. ii. t. 16. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 26. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 164. Ceresia, Ell. Bot. S. Car. et Georg. i. 109, non Pers.
- Subsect. 4. Ceresia. Glumæ vacuæ 2. Spicæ paucæ v. solitariæ, rhachi margine v. intra marginem membrana longitudinali discolori spiculas basi amplectente instructa. Spiculæ 2-4-seriatim imbricatæ, oblongæ, compressæ, longe ciliatæ. Species nobis notæ 7, quarum 6 Americæ australis incolæ; una Mexicana (Lichmann n. 105). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 92, n. 74 ad 79. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 119, t. 284 ad 286. Ceresia, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 85. Beauv. Agrostogr. 9, t. 5, f. 4.
- 2. Cabrera. Spiculæ in facie inferiore v. exteriore rhacheos spicæ ad latera costæ centralis alternæ, singulæ in excavationibus rhacheos immersæ, gluma exteriore cum florente in exterum spectantibus, Species unica, P. aurcum, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 93, t. 27, non Trin. (P. immersum, Nees, Agrost. Bras. 82). Cabrera, Lag. Elench. Hort. Matr. Nov. Gen. et Sp. 5.

Species cæteræ a Neesio, Dœllio aliisque ad sectionem Cabreram relatæ ad Anastrophum pertinent, inter quas synonymon Cabrera chrysoblepharis, Lag., perperam ad P. exasperatum, Nees, v. ad speciem novam refertur, nam descriptio optima Lagascæ ad amussim cum P. aureo, H. B. et K. non Trin. convenit.

Axonopus, Beauv. Agrostogr. 12, a pluribus pro synonymo Cabrera allatum, genus fictum fuit ad species varias Eupaspali cum Panico cimicino, Retz, et auctor P. (Cabreram) aureum H. B. et K. dubie tantum addidit.

3. Anastrophus. Spiculæ ad utrumque latus rhacheos spicæ angustæ subflexuosæ sessiles, alternæ, subdistichæ, gluma infima florenteque a rhachi aversis. (Spiculæ inversæ, Nees.) Spicæ sæpius plures confertæ suberectæ. Nees, Agrostogr. Brasil 20 (sect. Digitarieæ). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 100 (sect. Emprosthion). Anastrophus, Schlecht. in Bot. Zeit. 1850, 681.

LAPPAGOPSIS, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 112, est Paspalum dissitiforum, Trin., species a plerisque Anastrophis diversa spicis pilis longis dense ciliato-hirtis et cum nonnullis aliis pro subsectione habenda. In P. fastigiato, Nees, glumæ vacuæ longe ciliatæ, rhachis nuda; in P. senescente, Nees, glumæ vacuæ ciliatæ at brevius quam rhachis; in P. dissitiforo, Trin., glumæ vacuæ rhachesque longe ciliatæ; in speciebus nonnullis a Neesio Dællio (Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 114, t. 16; Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 97) aliisque Cabrera inclusis, rhachis longe ciliata, glumæ nudæ, sed spiculæ nequaquam in rhacheos facie immersæ.

Paspalum saccharoides, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 107 (Panicum saccharoides, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 237, t. 30), a genere differt habitu fere Saccharoideo, spicis v. paniculæ ramis elongatis pilis longis argenteis sericeis, spiculis minimis tenerrimis caducissimis, glumis omnibus paleaque membranaceo-hyalinis enervibus, gluma exteriore ad utrumque latus nervo valido longe piloso-ciliato cincta, quapropter Andropogoneis accedit, sed spicularum insertio et glumarum numerus omnino Paspali.

3. Anthemantia, Beauv. Agrostogr. 48, t. 10, f. 7. (Aulaxanthus, Ell. Bot. Curol. et Georg. i. 102. Aulaxia, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Amer. i. 47. Leptocoryphium, Nees, Agrost. Bras. 83.)—Spiculse ovatæ v. breviter acuminatæ, paniculatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores parum inæquales, membranaceæ, vacuæ v. secunda paleam parvam v. florem fovens, interior florens paullo brevior, sub anthesi membranacea v. fere hyalina, demum rigidula v. leviter indurata, paleam paullo breviorem floremque includens. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus penicillato-plumosis. Caryopsis glumis paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.

- —Gramina erecta, multicaulia v. cæspitosa. Panicula oblonga, laxiuscula, plus minus sericeo-pilosa, floribunda, ramulis pedicellisque breviter filiformibus.
- Species 3, quarum 2 e civitatibus australioribus Americæ borealis, gluma secunda paleam v. florem & sæpe nec semper fovente, tertia (Leptocoryphium) per Americam tropicam late dispersa cujus gluma secunda tanquam nota semper vacua. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 98, et Rev. Gram. t. 20 (Panicum). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 29 (Paspalum). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 163 (Milium). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 120, t. 17 (Leptocoryphium). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 38.

Genus a Panici sect. Tricholæna differt glumæ exterioris defectu. Squamellæ spiculæ laterales a Beauvoisio delineatæ, sunt, fide Kunthii, laminæ a gluma florente vi separatæ.

4. Amphicarpum, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 28.—Spiculæ abortu unisexuales, 1-floræ, ovatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ; masculæ anguste paniculatæ, fœmineæ duplo majores, in scapis aphyllis solitariæ. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores parum inæquales, vacuæ, membranacæ, interior florens paullo brevior, tenuiter membranacæ, in spicula ♀ demum leviter indurata, palea paullo breviore. Stamina, v. in spicula ♀ staminodia, 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis; in spicula ♂ pistillum adest sed effœtum marcescensque. Caryopsis in spicula ♀ oblonga, gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, cum glumis vacuis stipantibus decidua.—Gramina perennia, pilosa, foliis planis. Panicula ♂ in caule foliato terminalis, angusta, erecta, laxa, sed parum ramosa. Spiculæ fertiles duplo majores, in scapis radicalibus brevibus aphyllis solitariæ.

Species 2, boreali-Americanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 67. Pursh, Fl. Amer. Sept. i. t. 2 (Milium). Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 572.

Spiculæ  $\mathcal{Q}$  in scapis aphyllis solitariæ illas formarum nonnullarum Scirpi supini supra p. 1038 notatas in mentem revocant. Character tamen in Amphicarpo constans videtur, nec hucusque in specie ulla Panici v. Paspali observatus, sed ulterius quærendus.

- 5. Ericchica, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 94, t. 30, 31. (Œdipachne, Link, Hert. Berol. i. 51. Helopus, Trin. Fund. Agrost. 103.)—Spiculæ ovatæ, sæpius acuminatæ, in rhachi spicæ unilateralis subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore unico terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, exteriores 2 vacuæ, parum inæquales, membranaceæ, sæpius plus minus acuminatæ, interior florens brevior, mox indurata, obtusa, mucrone v. arista glumis vacuis breviore coronata, paleam muticam floremque includens. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina (an semper !) perennia, foliis planis flaccidis. Spicæ (v. paniculæ simplices rami) nunc paucæ breves dissitæ, nunc plures elongatæ confertæ floribundæ, rhachi pedicellisque pubescentibus hirsutis longe setosis v. glabris. In una specie v. varietate (E. annulati var. acrotricha) setæ nonnulæ rigidæ pedicellos terminant more Panici sect. Ptychophylli.
- Species editæ fere 20, quarum 5 bene distinctæ videntur; ex his 2 in America tropica endemicæ, E. distachya, II. B. et K., et E. grandiflora, Trin.; tertia, E. trichopus, Hochst., in Africa tropica; quarta, E. villosa, Kunth, in Asia orientali; cæteræ omnes (E. annulata, E. punctata, etc.) ad varietates E. polystachyæ, H. B. et K, reducendæ, speciei in regionibus tropicis subtropicisque utriusque orbis frequentissime dispersæ. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 133, 155, 156 (Paspalum), t. 277 et 278 (Helopus). Kunth, Revis. Gram. t. 13. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 123, t. 19 (Helopus). Fourn. Gram. Mexic. 13 (Helopus). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 39.

MONACHNE, Beauv. Agrostogr. 49, t. 10, quoad f. 9, videtur Eriochloæ species, gluma tamen secunda florem & fovente, quod nunquam vidimus; f. 10 est Panicum reptans, Kunth.

6. Beckmannta, Host, Gram. Austr. iii. 5, t. 6. (Bruckmannia, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 48.)—Spiculæ latæ, compressæ, in rhachi spicæ unilateralis subsessiles, cum pedicello brevissimo articulatæ, floribus 2 hermaphroditis, terminali solo tamen sæpius fertili. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ membranaceæ, concavæ, subnaviculares, obtusæ v. brevissime acuminatæ, dorso vesiculosæ, 2 florentes angustiores, subæquilongæ, concavo-carinatæ, acutæ v. mucronatæ, tenuiter membranaceæ, demum rigescentes; palea hyalina, 2-carinata,

gluma vix brevior. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque acuminatis rigidis v. leviter induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramen erectum, foliis planis, habitu fere *Panici colonum.*; Panicula terminalis, elongata, simplex v. subramosa, spicis secus axin sessilibus erectis; spiculæ secus faciem inferiorem rhacheos spicarum 2-seriatim imbricatæ, ob vesiculas glumarum prominentes specie 4-seriatæ.

Species 1, Europæ orientalis, Asiæ temperatæ et Americæ borealis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 96, t. 19, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 27. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 25. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 40. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 5.

Nomen Joachimea, Ten., a Kunthio citatum, nunquam editum fuit, hæc planta enim a Tenorco in loco citato sub nomine Beckmanniæ descripta et delineata est. Nomen Bruckmannia, a Nuttallio errore forte scriptoris Jacquinio tribuitur, nam in auctoris Horto Schænbrunensi, hæc species nec descripta nec delineata est.

7. Esachne, R. Br. Prod. 196.—Spiculæ æqualiter 2-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata brevissima ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. uno abortu sterili. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ persistentes v. sigillatim caducæ, membranaceæ, sæpius acutiusculæ, muticæ, parum inæqualæs; 2 florentes parum breviores obtusæ membranaceæ, fructiferæ cum palæa inclusa plus minus induratæ sæpius hemisphæricæ faciebus planis sibimet applicitæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma palæaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia v. rarius annua, cæspitosa v. basi decumbentia v. reptantia, foliis planis sæpe rigidulis. Panicula terminalis, pyramidata v. elongata, ramulis tenuibus sæpe filiformibus divergentibus v. divaricatis parce ramulosis. Spiculæ sæpius parvæ, nune minimæ subglobosæ, secus ramulos dissite pedicellatæ v. subsessiles.

Species ad 20, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, pleræque gerontogeæ, Asiatieæ v. Africanæ, ab ins. Mascarensibus usque ad Australiam et Japoniam extensæ, paucæ Americanæ tropicæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 135; Rev. Gram. t. 33, 117. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 85, 86. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 12. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 273, t. 35. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 34.

Genus charactere artificiali, spicularum rhachilla supra nec infra glumas inferiores vacuas articulata, ad seriem l'ouccarum nec l'unicacearum pertinet, sed affinitas naturalis certe maxima cum l'anici sect. Eupanico (Effusis), et suadentibus Hackelio aliisque nunc ad l'aniceas restituimus. Panicum Gardneri, Thv. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 359, ut rite observavit auctor, Isachni Walkeri, Wight, simillimum est, et nobis omnino congener videtur, etsi flos unus spiculæ haud raro (nec semper) sterilis evadit, pedicellus more generis inarticulatus est, eique referenda videtur Isachne nilaghirica, Hochst. Graya, Necs ex Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 119, quoad synonymon Wightianum, est Isachne pulchella, Roth (Panicum bellum, Steud.; P. malaccense, Trin.). Character tamen genericum Steudelii haud convenit.

8. Panicum, Linn. Gen. n. 76. (Thalasium, Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 22, 30, ex char.)—Spiculæ ovatæ, acuminatæ v. obtusæ, rarius globosæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, laxe v. dense paniculatæ, v. in spicis (seu paniculæ simplicis ramis) indivisis secus rhachin fasciculatæ, thore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito sæpe inferiore masculo. Glumæ sæpius 4, intima vacua, spicula multo brevior nunc minima v. in paucis speciebus evanida, rarius spicula paullo tantum brevior, nunquam aristata; secunda et tertia sæpius subæquales, membranaceæ, muticæ v. rarius aristatæ, vacuæ v. tertia paleæ rudimentum v. florem masculum fovens; terminalis florem Ø fovens, cæteris sæpius brevior obtusiorque, rarius mucrone coronata, cum palea paullo breviore inclusa chartacea v. demum indurata. Stamina (an semper?) 3. Styli distincti v. ima basi brevissime connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque rigidulis v. induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, humilia v. elata, habitu vario. Inflorescentia interdum e spicis simplicibus secus pedunculum dissitis v. ad apicem approximatis, sæpius tamen varie interdum ample laxissimeque paniculata.

Species in herbariis nostris servatæ verisimiliter inter 250 et 280, ab auctoribus nonnullis triplo plures enumeratæ, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, nonnullæ fere cosmopolitanæ, in Europa tamen uti in Asiæ et Americæ borealis temperatis paucæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 45,

t. 10, f. 1 ad 5. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 37, excl. sect. 5, 7, 15 et 16. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 127, excl. sect. 4, 5, 6, 8. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 16. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 40.

Genus vastum et polymorphum, sed difficillime in sectiones distinctas dividendum, nec limitibus certis a Paspalo separatur. Gluma infima in Digitariis pluribus et hinc inde in aliis sectionibus minutissima est v. omnino deficiens, et inflorescentia specierum nonnullarum Brackiaris omnino I aspali. Sectiones sequentes quoad species plerasque bene distinctæ videntur, sed sæpe intermediis numerosis connectuntur et forte melius ut in Fl. Austral. pro seriebus habendæ.

- 1. Digitaria. Spiculæ parvæ glabræ v. pubescentes, secus paniculæ ramos simplices spiciformes secundæ, inæqualiter podicellatæ, geminæ v. præsertim in parte inferiore cujusve rami fasciculatæ v. l revissime racemosæ. Gluma infima sæpe minuta v. deficions. Species fere 40, tropicæ v. temperatæ, quarum una fere cosmopolitana. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 38. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 16. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 106, 110. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 92 ad 94, 144, 148, 149. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 17, iv. t. 15. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 20 (Paspahum). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 128, t. 20. Syntherisma, Walt. Fl. Carol. 76. Digitaria, Rich. in Pers. Syn. Pl. l. 84. Beauv. Agrostogr. 50, t. 10, f. 12. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 27. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. n. 18. Guss. Pl. Inarim. t. 19. Parlat. in Webb. Phytogr. Canar. iii. t. 246. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 146, 147.
- In P. glabro, Gaudin., P. filiformi, Linn., Paspalo brevifolio, Fluegge, aliisque pluribus gluma infima sæpissime deest, et species ab auctoribus nunc Paspalo nunc Panico tribuuntur.
- In P. platycarpho, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 356, o Bonin, spicarum (seu paniculæ ramorum) rhachis fere ut in Paspalo (Ceresia) membranaceo-dilatata. In Digitariis typicis paniculæ rami ad apicem pedunculi approximati quasi digitati, in specielus variis secus pedunculum plus minus distant.
- 2. Trichachne. Spiculæ sericeo-pilosæ v. longe ciliatæ, secus paniculæ angustæ ramos simplices erectos sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, fasciculatæ v. rarius geminæ v. sparsæ. Glumæ longiores æpe acuminatæ, acumine interdum in setam brevem producto, nunc omnes dense sericeo-pilosæ, nunc secunda sola pilis longis ciliata. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 91, 220. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 21. Kunth, Ikev. Gram. t. 31, 165. Trichachne, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 85. Acicarpa, Raddi, Agrost. Bras. 31. Urochloa, Kunth, Ikev. Gram. i. 31, t. 103. Coridochloa, Nees in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. xv. 381. Emiachne, Philippi, Sert. Mend. alt. 49. Holosetum, Steud. Syn. 12. Glum. i. 118, et forte Mesosetum, Steud. l.c.

BLUIFIA, Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 61, ex Africa australi, vix specifice differt a P. semialato, Br., ex Asia et Australia, que Coridochloa, Nees. v. Urochloa, Kunth. Preterea ad sect. Trichachnen pertinent P. leucophæum, H. B. et K., in utroque orbe frequens, P. Gayanum, Kunth, ex Africa, aliaque pauca.

- 3. Diplana. Spiculæ secus rhachin flexuosam spicæ terminalis simplicis rectæ sessiles, alternæ, distichæ, primum arcte appressæ, demum patentes. Glumæ exteriores acutæ v. acuminatæ, dorso sæpius sericeo-pilosæ v. setosæ, infima cæteris parum brevior. Species ad 8, omnes Americanæ: P. rottboellioides, H. B. et K., affinesque, P. exaratum et P. ferrugineum, Trin., P. pappophorum, Nees, affinesque. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 32. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 90, 194, 281 ad 283. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 28, 29.
  - Inflorescentia Paspali sect. Anastrophi; differt gluma inferiore evoluta.
- 4. Thrasya. Spiculæ in facie inferiore v. exteriore rhacheos spicæ simplicis terminalis more Paspalorum Ceresiarum membranaceo-dilatatæ complicatæ specie 1-seriatæ. Glumæ 3 exteriores subæquales v. extima minima, tertia interdum rigidior florem & fovens, facile 2-partita. Species paucæ Americanæ. Thrasya, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 120, t. 39. Huc P. ansatum, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 279, vix a specie typica distinctum, P. thrasyoides, Trin. l. c. t. 151 (Thrasya hirsuta, Nees, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 102) rhachi spicæ angustiore, et P. petrosum, Trin. l. c. t. 280 (Tylothusya, Dæll in Mact. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 295, t. 37). Hæc species insignis est pedicello supra articulationem more Eriochloæ calloso-incrassato, gluma extima minutissima non tamen nostro sensu a simillima Thrasya paspaloidea, H. B. et K., generice separanda. Pedicellus apice levitor callosus in P. latifolio aliisque e variis sectionibus.
- 5. Harpostachys. Spiculæ in latere inferiore rhacheos angustæ spicæ simplicis longe pedunculatæ sæpe arcuatæ sessiles, 2-4-seriatæ, ovatæ v. orbiculatæ, obtusæ, glabræ v. rarius angustiores pilosæque. Podunculı simplices, sed sæpius e vagina superiore plures. Species 3, Americanæ, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 145, 146. Kunth, Revis. Gram. t. 16, 104.

DIMORPHOSTACHYS, Fourn. in Comptes Rendus Acad. Par. lxxx. 441, ex ejusd. Gran. Mex. 13, includit P. monostachyum, H. B. et K., e sectione Harpostachye nonnullasque alias Brachiariis v. Dicitariis affines v. nobis ignotas, quibus spiculæ duæ ejusdem paris parum dissimiles et gluma infima

in una quam in altera minore v. omnino deficiente. Hie character tamen nobis valde incertus videtur, in *P. (Digitaria) sunguinali, P. glabro*, affinibusque glume infime minime præsentia vel absentia minime constans.

6. Brachiaria. Spiculæ in latere inferiore spicarum (seu ramorum paniculæ simplicis) more Paspali sessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, sigillatim v. rarius geminatim 2-seriatæ confertæque, v. dissitæ et specie 1-seriatæ, exaristatæ. Species fere 40, pleræque gerontogeæ, nonnullæ tamen in America endemicæ. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 147, 150, 158, 159, 168, 172, 173, 184 ad 186, 335, 356. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 17, 18, 116. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 2. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 59. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 245.

Sectio quoed species typicas P. flavidum et P. fluitans, Retz, P. paspaloides, Pers., affinesque distinctiasima, inflorescentia omnino Paspali, ab hoc genere non differt nisi glume inflme purve presentia. Species aliæ tamen omnino intermediæ sunt inter Brachiariam et Eupanicum; e.g. P. adspersum, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 169, P. argenteum, Br., Trin. l. c. t. 170, P. Petiveri, Trin. l. c. t. 176, P. polyphyllum, Br., Trin. l. c. t. 177, 2 priores potius sub Brachiariis, 2 posteriores sub Eupanicis laxifloris collocamus.

Paractenium, Beauv. Agrostogr. 47, t. 10, f. 6, ex icone et char., videtur forma depauperata P. gracilis, Br., speciei Australianæ.

- In P. trachystachyo, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 167 (P. perforato, Trin. 1. c. 175), spicæ laxiusculæ, spiculis hirsutis præsertim in spicis inferioribus subfasciculatis; in P. brachystachyo, Trin. 1. c. t. 157, et P. scopulifero, Trin. 1. c. t. 165, spiculæ pariter hirsutæ, spicis brevibus densis. Hæ species omnes Americanæ.
- P. Helopus, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 183 (UROCHLOA, Beauv. Agrost. 52, t. 11, f. 1), etiam a Kunthio Rev. Gram. t. 14, in Urochloa sua inclusum fuit ob mucronem apicem glumæ fertilis coronantem, cæteris tamen characteribus et habitu a P. (Trichachne v. Urochloa) semi-alato longe recedit et Brachiariis tribuendum.
- 7. Echinochloa. Spiculæ secus ramos simplices paniculæ sessiles, pleræque 3-4-seriatim v. irregulariter dense confertæ. Glumæ secunda tertiaque sæpissime plus minus interdum longissime aristatæ. Species 5 v. 6, quarum 2 (P. colonum, Linn., et P. crusyalli, Linn.) fere cosmopolitanæ, vulgares et valde variabiles, cæteræ Americanæ. Kunth, Enum. i. 142 (Opliemeni sect.), Fourn. Gram. Mex. 39 (Opliemeni sect.). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 20, 32. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 160 ad 164, 166. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 19, iii. t. 51. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 22. Echinochloa, Beauv. Agrostogr. 53, t. 11, f. 11. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 29. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 21.
- 8. Plychophyllum (A. Braun, Ind. Sem. Hort. Berol. 1855, ex Walp. Ann. vi. 944). Species sæpius elatæ, foliis rigidulis longis plus minus plicato-costatis. Panicula simplex v. composita, pyramidalis v. subspiciformis, floribunda, ramulis ultimis nonnullis v. pluribus ultra spiculas in setam productis. Sectio Sciariæ subaffinis, sed setæ solitariæ ramulum continuantes nec plures (ramuli steriles) sub spiculis fasciculatæ. Huc P. plicatum, Lam., ex orbe vetere, P. sukatum, Aubl., ex America tropica, affinesque paucæ, Jacy. Ecl. Gram. t. 1. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 89, 223. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 26.
- 9. Hymenachne. Spiculæ parvulæ, nunc minimæ, in panicula elongata cylindracea spiciformi dense confertæ, sæpius numerosissimæ, non sericeæ. Species 5 v. 6, gerontogeæ v. Americanæ, quarum typica (P. Myurus, Lam.) a cæteris (P. indicum, Linn. et aff.) paullulum differt glumis longius acuminatis, florente cum palea sub anthesi tenuiter membranaceis demum rigidulis lævibus et non v. vix induratis. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 197, 204, 205, 214, 334. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 32. Hymenachne, Beauv. Agrostogr. 48, t. 10, f. 8. Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 273. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 35.
- 10. Eupanicum. Spiculæ breviter v. graciliter pedicellatæ, secus paniculæ ramos simplices v. ramosos fasciculatæ v. laxe sparsæ, parvæ v. majusculæ, nec sericeo-pilosæ. Species fere 200, aliæ vix a Brachiariis v. Digitariis distinctæ, aliæ paniculæ ampla floribunda, v. capillari effusaque insignes, et a Trinio in sectiones 2, Virgariam et Miliariam, distributæ. Character tamen a ramulis paniculæ angulatis v. teretibus nobis valde incertus videtur. Series sequentes præsertim ex inflorescentia definitæ, quoad species nonnullas distinctissimæ apparent, sed veremur ut non semper accurate limitatæ inveniantur.
- a. Polystachye. Paniculæ subsimplicis rami plures, simplices v. inferiores basi ramulosi, secundi, spiculis parvis secus rhachin confertis subfasciculatis brevissime pedicellatis. Species Americanæ. P. pilosum, Sw., P. laxum, Sw., P. polygonatum, Schrad., affinesque plures. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 171, 174, 178, 182, 213, 215, 324. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 108, 209. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 30. Huc etiam pertinere videtur P. pyramidale, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 23, e Senegalia, nobis ignotum.
  - b. Exceles. Paniculæ rami primarii quam in Polystackiis longiores, breviter ramulosi, spiculis

sæpius majoribus acutioribus numerosissimis fasciculatis. Species Americanæ: P. numidianum, Lam., P. excelsum, Nees, P. latissimum, Mik., P. agrostoides, Mühl., affinesque plures. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 207, 208, 218, 238, 261, 264, 318. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 11. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 49. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 148.

His quodammodo affines sunt *P. aturense*, H. B. et K., Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 33, ex America tropica, *P. gymnocarpon*, Ell., ex America boreali, et species inedita ex Africa tropica (*Mann*, n. 2101) quæ omnes insignes habitu et inflorescentia fere *Ichnanthis*, sed rhachilæ appendices omnino desunt.

- c. Altissimæ. Paniculæ rami ramulosi, diu erecti floribundi, spiculis interdum ut in Excelsis fasciculatis, plerisque tamen laxius pedicellatis. Species amphigeæ. Huc P. altissimum, Mey. (P. altissimum, Hort. Hafn. nomen prius editum sed ad formam hortensem valde obscuram nec hodie extricandam tributum, omnino delendum est), P maximum, Jacq., P. chloroticum, Nees, P. antidotale, Retz, P. miliaceum, Linn., P. miliace, Linn., affinesque nonnullæ, a Laxiforis, aliæ ab Excelsis parum distinctæ. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 20. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 33.
- d. Laxifloræ. Panicula erecta laxa sed sæpius angusta, irregularis, spiculis minus numerosis. Species amphigeæ, quarum varietates interdum Brachiariæ interdum Allissimis accedunt. Huc P. repens, Linn., P. Petiveri, Trin., P. polyphyllum, Br., P. strictum, Br., P. fuscum, Sw.. P. marginatum, Br., affinesque. Nees, Grn. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 19. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 6. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 15, 19, 21, 22, 26, 107, 109. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 176, 177, 179, 180, 200, 206, 209, 357. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 61. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 146. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 21, 31. Huc etiam referimus P. uncinatum, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 216, quæ Echinolæna polystachya, H. B. et K., species in utroque orbe late dispersa. invita natura cum E. scahra, H. B. et K., associata ob glumas 2 exteriores vacuas inter se et glumæ tertiæ subæquales. Otachyrium, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 273, est P. pterygodium, Trin., Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 254, t. 34, species Brasiliensis, cui glumæ 2 exteriores vacuæ inter se subæquales, sed quam gluma tertia sub-2-plo breviores, ut in P. (Brachiaria) huitante, Retz.
- e. Effuse. Panicula mox effusa, ramulis pedicellisque sæpe capillaribus, spiculis sæpius parvis glabris puberulisve. Species numerosæ, amphigeæ, nonnullæ Isachni subsimiles sed caute distinguendæ pedicellis infra spiculam articulatis. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 88, 217, 221, 222, 225 ad 237, 239, 240, 244 ad 248, 263, 319 ad 322. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 24, 25, 27, 111 ad 114, 167, 210. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 16.
  - f. Grandifora. Panicula effusa, sæpe valida v. ampla, spiculis quam in præcedentibus distincte majoribus glabris. Huc P. zizanioides, H. B. et K.; Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 28; P. macranthum, Trin. (P. vaginatum, Nees; Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 166); P. Maximiliani, Schrad.; Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 31, aliæque paucæ.

STREPTOSTACHYS, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. (1810) 190, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 72; Beauv. Agrostogr. 49, t. 10, f. 11, est P. streptostachys, Spreng., species Austro-Americana, P. zizanioidi valde affinis, panicula interdum tota v. pro maxima parte monstruosa sterili, spiculis lineari-falcatis, glumis numerosis distiche imbricatis omnibus vacuis.

g. Lasiaces (sect. Lasiacis, Griseb.). Panicula ampla, effusa. Spiculæ turgidæ, mediocres v majuscellæ, glumis vacuis laxiusculis, fructifera plus minus obliqua. Huc P. latifolium, Linn. (P. divaricatum, Linn.), Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 29; Jacq. Hort. Schænbr. t. 25.

Coleatenia, Grisch. Symb. Fl. Argent. 308, e provincia Uruguay, characteres Eupanici ostendere videtur, et ex auctore forte congener est P. prioniti, Nees, et P. sparsifloro, Dæll, sed ex auctore a Panico generice distinguenda floribus dioicis. Grischach tamen plantam fæmineam non vidit, et ex descriptions flores quos masculos nuncupavit adhuc juniores erant quo statu pistillum sæpe minimum est et facile prætervisum. In P. prioniti, Nees, flores hermaphroditi dicuntur.

- 11. Tricholæna. Spiculæ ut in Trichachne longe sericeo-pilosæ sed laxe paniculatæ. Gluma fructifera interdum tenerior quam in plerisque Panicis, etsi vacuis rigidior. Species ad 15, pleræque Africanæ, una regionis Mediterraneæ, altera Indiæ orientalis, paucæ Americæ australis incolæ. Jaoq. Fol. Gram. t. 34 (Saocharum). Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 53 (Saccharum). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 317. TRICHOLÆNA, Schrad. in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. ii. Mant. 163. Parlat. in Webb. Phytogr. Canar. iii. 425. Reynohelytherm, Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 64, non Steud.
- 9. Zchmanthus, Beduv. Agrostogr. 56, t. 12, f. 1. (Navicularia, Raddi, Agrostogr. Bras. 38.)—Spiculæ ovatæ v. acuminatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, secus ramos paniculæ bre viter pedicellatæ v. subsessiles, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito sæp e inferiore vol. III.

masculo. Glumæ 4, 3 inferiores subæquales, membranaceæ, vacuæ v. tertia paleam rarius florem & fovens; terminalis florem & fovens, cæteris sæpius brevior, cum palea inclusa rigidula. Rhachilla sub gluma fertili utrinque membrana hyalina nunc minima nunc gluma paullo breviore falcata v. auriculæformi appendiculata. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque plus minus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina habitu Panici sectionis Eupanici, foliis sæpe latius-culis interdum amplis. Paniculæ sæpius densæ, ramis simplicibus ramulosisve.

Species ad 20, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 276, t. 36. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 34, 168. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 210 ad 212 (Panicum), 323. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 18. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 34.

Genus vix a Panico distinctum. In speciebus typicis (Macropteris) habitu Panico olyroidi, P. aturensi affinibusque similibus, auriculæ spicularum rhacheos dimidium glumæ sæpe superant; in Panico longistoro, Trin., (quod Ichnanthi species) auriculæ minutæ adesse videntur; in Ichnantho pallente, Dæll, affinibusque (Micropteris) auriculæ parvæ alæformes sæpe vix conspicuæ, et hæc species forte non immerito a Fourniero Gram. Mex. 30 ad Panicum restituuntur, a Munroio tamen in Ichnantho retinentur.

I. Hoffmanseggii, Dæll (Panicum, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 219) et I. oplismenoides, Munro, a cæteris habitu distant ob inflorescentiam uti totam plantam pilis longis mollibus patentibus vestitam.

10. Optismenus, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. ii. 14, t. 68; Agrostogr. 53, t. 11, f. 3. (Orthopogon, R. Br. Prod. 194. Hekaterosachne, Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 118.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, cum pedicello articulatæ, secus ramos indivisos secundos paniculæ simplicis fasciculatæ, flore terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 3 exteriores membranacæ, plus minus aristatæ, extima cæteris non v. parum brevior sæpiusque longius aristata, vacuæ v. tertia paleam parvam fovens; terminalis florem \$\noting\$ fovens, cæteris brevior, obtusa, mutica, demum cum palea inclusa indurata. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius debilia, basi ramosa, adscendentia, foliis anguste v. late lanceolatis planis. Panicula unilateralis, ramis dissitis, nunc longiusculis tenuibus, fasciculis pluribus secus latus inferius dissitis paucispiculatis, nunc ad fasciculum unicum densum in axi paniculæ sessilem reductis. Spicarum rhachis in speciebus paucis Africanis v. Mascarensibus longe pilosa, sæpius tamen glabra.

Species 3 v. 4, per regiones tropicas subtropicasque utriusque orbis late disperse, a botanicis non-nullis in unam junctæ, ab aliis in species ultra 30 divisæ. Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 44 (Panici sect.).

Trin. Sp. Gram. t. 187 ad 193 (Panicum). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 37 (quoad sect. Orthopogon). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 144, t. 23 (Panicu sect.). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 491. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 52 (Panicum). Reichb. It. Fl. Germ. t. 28 (Orthopogon). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 631 (Andropogon). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 20. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 11 (Panicum).

Genus Punico (Brachiariæ) proxime affine quidem, sed habitu et gluma extima bene evoluta aristataque satis distinctum videtur. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 138, genus admisit sed pro sectione Echinochloam addidit. Hæc tamen nobis ab Oplismeno distare videtur nec a Panico separanda.

11. Chestium, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 269. (Berchtoldia, Prest, Rel. Hænk. 323, t. 43.)—Spiculæ angustæ, in panicula angusta densa confertæ, pedicello infra medium articulato, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ lanceolatæ v. fere setaceæ, plus minus inæquales, longe setaceo-aristatæ, secunda sæpius infima major longiusque aristata, tertia pariter vacua sed tenuior, brevius aristata; terminalis florem Ø fovens, brevior, rigidior, breviter acuminata; palea paullo minor. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis breviter plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumæ paleaque plus minus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis angusts. Panicula terminalis, angusta, densa, interdum elongata, ramis tenuibus strictis subramulosis. Spiculæ pedicellatæ, quaquaversæ.

Species nobis adsunt 2, altera Brasiliensis, altera Mexicana. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 149, t. 24 (Panici sect.).

Genus Opliemeno affine, quocum junxit Kunth, inflorescentia tamen facillim e distinctum. Fournier,

Gram. Mex. 41, species 2 addidit, quæ nobis minime congeneres videntur. B. kolciformis (Oplismenus holciformis, H. B. et K.) ex speciminibus citatis, Bourgeau n. 910, et Spruce n. 6445, inter formas Panico Crusgulli affines comprehenditur. B. oplismenoides, Fourn., nobis ignota, ex charactere dato pariter ad Panicum (Echinochloan) referenda videtur.

12. Setaria, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. ii. 80, quoad char. gen., non t. 110.—Spiculæ ovatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, ramulis sterilibus setiformibus in pedicello persistentibus stipatæ, in panicula densa cylindracea v. anguste thyrsoidea confertæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito rarius infero masculo. Glumæ 4, 3 exteriores membranaceæ, extima sæpius brevissima secundaque intermedia vacuæ, tertia sæpius longior, vacua v. rarius paleam v. florem masculum v. sterilem fovens; terminalis florem \$\rightarrow\$ fovens, brevior, obtusa, demum cum palea inclusa indurata, nitida v. tenuiter transverse rugosa. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, elongati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, interdum elata, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, sæpius cylindracea spiciformis, nunc valde elongata, v. paullo longior anguste thyrsoidea, setis numerosis (ramulis sterilibus) spiculas longe superantibus sæpissime echinata.

Species ab auctoribus varius recensitæ numerosæ, sed vix ultra 10 retinendæ, et hæ sæpe valde variabiles et inter se ægre distinguendæ, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis late dispersæ, nonnullæ in locis cultis vulgatissimæ, hodie cosmopolitanæ, indigenæ v. inquilinæ. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 25 (Pancum). Beauv. Agrostogr. 51, t. 13, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 149, Rev. Gram. t. 37, 118, 212. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 95, 96, 195, 196, 198, 199, 201 ad 203. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 22, 24 (Pancum). et t. 25, 26 (Pennisetum). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 50 (Panici § 9). Schlecht. in Linnæa, xxxi. 387. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 13 ad 16, iv. t. 14 (Panicum). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 22. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 47. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 492, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 46. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 156, t. 27 (Panici sect.).

In speciminibus Sctariæ cujusdam, S. viridi valde affinis, a Hildebrandio in ins. Sandwicensibus lectis, panicula spiciformis longissima est. et flos inferior cujusve spiculæ hermaphroditus est etsi forte sæpius sterilis, quod tamen etiam hinc inde in aliis speciebus observavimus, e.g. in specie Mexicano-Texana S. italicæ affini, et interdum in ipsa S. glauca, sed rarissime occurrere videtur.

IXOPHORUS, Schlecht. in Linnea, xxxi. 420, pro genere proponitur ad Urochloam unisetam, Presl, speciem Mexicanam a nobis non visam. Trinius ad Panicam ducit, Fournier ad Setariam, quacum descriptio Schlechtendahlii satis convenit.

Setaria longiseta, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 110, ex icone et descriptione videtur Pennsetum (Beckeropsis) unisetum.

13. Cenchrus, Linn. Gen. n. 1149, pro parte.—Spiculæ angustæ, singulæ v. per 2-3 involucro e setis tenuibus v. complanatis rigidis basi induratis sæpeque connatis inclusæ, pedicello infra involucrum articulato, cum involucro deciduæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, muticæ, infima parva, interdum minuta, secunda vacua, tertiam æquans v. paullo brevior, tertia paleam interdumque florem & fovens; terminalis brevior, rigidior, paleam floremque \(\noting\) fovens. Stamina 3. Styli ima basi sæpius connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque leviter induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, sæpe elatiuscula, foliis planis flaccidis v. (in C. distichophyllo, Griseb. e Cuba) brevibus rigidis convoluto-teretibus. Involucra in spica v. racemo terminali simplici sessilia v. pedicellata, setis pluriseriatis omnibus supra basin induratam tenuibus, una haud raro cæteris multo longiore, v. interioribus complanatis induratis alteque connatis.

Species ad 12, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in America etiam in temperatas extensæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 57. t. 13, f. 7. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 109. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 23, f. 1. Cav. Ic. t. 461 ad 463. Labill. Sert. Nov. Caled. t. 19. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et. Sp. t. 35, 36. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 309, t. 43. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 49.

14. Pennisetum, Pers. Syn. i. 72.—Spiculæ ovatæ v. angustæ, singulæ v. per 2-3 setis simplicibus pinnatifidis v. barbato-plumosis (ramulis sterilibus?) cinctæ quasi involucratæ, pedicello infra involucrum articulato, cum involucro deciduæ, flore hermaphrodito unico

terminali rarius abortu fœmineo, addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4 v. rarius 3, extima parva nunc minima, rarius deficiens, secundaque spiculam sæpe æquans, vacuæ, tertia nunc vacua, nunc paleam v. florem & fovens; terminalis florem & v. abortu & fovens, brevior, cum palea inclusa firmior. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti v. breviter v. alte connati, stigmatibus breviter plumosis interdum valde elongatis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque rigescentibus v. induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, sæpe ramosa, statura varia. Folia plana. Spicularum involucra sæpius in spica terminali longa densaque conferta, sessilia, quaquaversa, spicis rarius gracilioribus pedunculatis in inflorescentia ramosa pluribus. Spiculæ intra involucrum sessiles v. subsessiles, sæpius (vix semper?) inarticulatæ, involucro rarius ad setam unicam v. paucas reducto, setis tamen sæpius pluriseriatis, liberis v. ima basi brevissime connatis.

Species fere 40, pro maxima parte Africanæ, tropicæ v. extratropicæ, quarum 2 v. 3 per regionem Mediterraneam Asiam tropicam et subtropicam v. Americam tropicam latissime dispersæ, perpaucæ in Asia ins. Mascarensibus Australia v. America tropica endemicæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 160. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 48.

Genus ab auctoribus pluribus in duo v. plura dividitur ad setarum involucri indolem, quæ tamen vix limitibus certis definienda nec habitu distincta et melius pro sectionibus habenda:—

1. Pennisetum a Kunthio aliisque limitatur ad species setis involucri numerosis pluriseriatis, nunc omnibus barbato-plumosis, nunc centralibus solis barbatis, exterioribus integris nudis. Beauv. Agrostogr. 59, t. 13, f. 5. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 20. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 39 ad 41, 119. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 8, f. 1. Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 244. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 34. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 304, t. 42. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 495.

ERIOCHETA, Fig. et De Not. in Mem. Acad. Torin. ser. 2, xiv. 370, genus propositum est ad species nonnullas Africanas setis involucri insigniter lanato-plumosis.

In speciebus nonnullis e.g. P. Benthamiano, Steud.; Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 112, ex Africa tropica, et P. (v. G.) flaccido. Muuro, ex India orientali, setæ fere omnes v. interdum omnes ut in Gymnotrice nudæ, sæpius tamen paucæ centrales v. una sola barbato-plumosæ.

- P. lanatum, Klotzsch in Waldem. Reise, Bot. 65, t. 99, species Himalaica, insignis est involucri setis paucis interdum solitariis longis rigidis ramosis parce plumoso-ciliatis v. nudis.
- 2. Penice.laela, Willd. Enum. Hort. Berol. 1036, quoad formam typicam cultam, P. spicatam, Willd., a Pennisetis typicis differt spica longa crassa densissima, involucris in spica stipitatis haud raro poet spiculas fructiferas delapsas persistentibus; sed inter varietates numerosas in Africa calidiore et India orientali cultas plures Pennisetis genuinis accedunt involucris brevissime tantum stipitatis, et character nullus superest ad genus distinguendum. Styli longissime filiformes infra medium plus minus connati observantur etiam in P. villoso, R. Br., P. macrostachyo, Brongn., aliisque nonnullis. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 102. Beauv. Agrostogr. 58, t. 13, f. 4. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 17. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 8, f. 3. Fresen. in Mus. Senkenb. ii. 134. Anders. in Peters Reise Mossamb. Bot. t. 60.
- 3. GYMNOTRIX, Beauv. Agrostogr. 59, t. 13, f. 6, a Pennisctis genuinis nequaquam differt nisi involucri setis omnibus nudis simplicibus. Styli in plerisque speciebus ad normam generis liberi v. basi brevissime connati, variant tamen in paucis speciebus fere ad apicem connati. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 19, 287, 288. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 38; Enum. Pl. i. 158. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 10, 11. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 678. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 74. Doil in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 301, t. 40, 41. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 47. CATATHEROPHORA, Steud. in Flora, 1829, 465. OXYANTHE, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 197.

SERICURA, Hassk. Cat. Hort. Bogor. 17, e Java, est P. (Gymnotrix) macrostochyum, Brongn., stylis solito altius connatis.

AMPHOCHETA, Anders. in K. Vet. Akad. Handl. Slockholm, 1853 (edit. 1855), 136, et Galap. Veget. 45, t. 1, f. 1, species Galapagensis, pro genere distincta fuit spicis gracilibus in inflorescentia ramosa pedunculatis, spiculis parvis secus rhachin subdissitis, setis involucri paucis; sed formis intermediis numerosis cum P. (Gymnotrice) tristachyo, Kunth, connectitur.

BECKEROPSIS, Fig. et De Not. in. Mem. Acad. Torin. ser. 2, xiv. 361, est Gymnotrix uniseta, Nees, cum speciebus v. potius varietatibus nonnullis per Africam late dispersis, spicis gracilibus in inflorescentia ramosa longe pedunculatis, spiculis parvis, involucro seepius ad setam unicam reducto interdum vero 2-3-setum est. Seta tamen cum spicula delabitur nec ut in Setaria infra articulationem pedicelli persistit. Huc verisimiliter pertinet Setaria longiseta, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Bon. ii. 81, t. 110,

15. Plagiosetum, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 494.—Spiculæ angustæ, subacuminat.c, singulæ rarius 2 inter ramulos involucri obliqui parce ramosi et unilateraliter ramulosi (paniculæ sterilis?) sessiles, flore unico hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 4, extima spicula multo brevior, secunda tertiaque vacuæ, subæquales, ∞-nerves; terminalis florem Ø fovens, cum palea inclusa mox indurats. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramen ut videtur annuum, glabrum, foliis angustis. Involucra pauca, secus rhachin simplicem inflorescentiæ terminalis dissite pedunculata, pedunculis patentibus v. reflexis basi articulatis cum spicula deciduis.

Species 1, Australiæ centralis incola. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1242.

16. Paratheria, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 236.—Spiculæ lanceolatæ, in ramulis inflorescentiæ spiciformis solitariæ, sessiles, ramulo articulato in setam longam ultra spiculam producto quacum deciduo, flore unico hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores minutæ, vacuæ, tertia vacua, quartæ florem foventi subæqualis, utraque rigidule membranaceoherbacea; palea sub flore tenuior. Stamina 3. Styli basi vix brevissime connati v. liberi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis lineari-oblonga, gluma paleaque vix v. non induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramen (annuum?) multicaule, basi diffuse ramosum, foliis flaccidis. Racemus terminalis, pedunculatus, simplex, tenuiter spiciformis, pedicellis seu ramulis numerosis strictis 1-spiculatis aristiformibus demum prope basin articulatis.

Species 1, America australis tropica et India occidentalis incola. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 150, t. 25 (Panici sect. Leptachyrium).

Genus potius Penniseto quam Panico affine.

17. Echinoleena, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 75.—Spiculæ angustæ, in spica unilaterali a pedunculo defracta sessiles, confertæ, cum rhachi articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito sæpe inferiore masculo, spiculis nonnullis sterilibus in spica intermixtis. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, herbaceæ, hispidæ, extima majore rigide acuminata; tertia nunc iis subæqualis vacua v. paleam parvam fovens, nunc brevior cum flore ø; terminalis florem Ø fovens, cum palea inclusa obtusa lævis. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramen decumbens, ramosum, plus minus hispidum, foliis planis. Pedunculi longi, rigidi, terminales v. axillares, ultra spicam unicam in acumen rigidum caducum producti. Spiculæ ad latus inferius spicæ confertæ, subfasciculatæ, rhachi spicæ rigida ultra spiculas producta; spiculæ steriles cum fertilibus intermixtæ, tenues, glumis 2-3 angustis glabris vacuis.

Species 1, per Americam tropicam late dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 171, quoad § 1. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 38. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 25 (Cenchrus). Echinolana cæteræ Kunthii ad Panicum referendæ.

18. Chamseraphis, R. Br. Prod. 193.—Spiculæ angustæ v. acuminatæ, secus ramos filiformes paniculæ simplicis paucæ, dissitæ v. solitariæ, sessiles, cum rhachi articulatæ, ramulo ultra spiculas setiformi, flore terminali hermaphrodito v. abortu fœmineo, addito sæpius inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, extima vacua minima, secunda et tertia subæquales, membranaceæ v. rigidulæ, sæpe acutæ acuminatæ nec aristatæ, ∞-nerves, secunda vacua, tertia paleam sæpiusque florem masculum fovens; terminalis fructifera brevior vix nervosa; palea marginibus inflexis nec auriculatis. Stamina in flore 3 3, in flore terminali sæpius ad staminodia 2 reducta rarius perfecta. Styli basi brevissime connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque rigidule scariosis inclusa, libera.—Gramina semiaquatica, sæpius glabra, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, pedunculata, ramulis simplicibus nunc numerosis filiformibus spiculas paucas dissitas ferentibus, nunc in racemo spiciformi confertis 1-spiculatis v. inferioribus dissite 2-spiculatis.

Species 4, per Asiam tropicam et Australiam dispersæ. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 32 (Panicum), 36. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 181. Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 24 (Panicum). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 498.

19. Spartina, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 43. (Trachynotia, Mich. Fl. Bor. Am. i. 63. Limnetis, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 72. Ponceletia, Thou. Fl. Trist. Acugn. 36, in Mel. Bot. Solenachne, Stend. Syn. Pl. i. 72. Ponceletia, Thou. Fl. Trist. Acugn. 36, in Mel. Bot. Solenachne, Stend. Syn. Pl. (Hum. i. 12.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spicis unilateralibus secus pedunculum sessilibus subsessiles, cum pedicello brevissimo articulatæ, arcte confertæ, 2-seriatim imbricatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, angustæ, carinatæ, valde inæquales, tertia florens secundæ equilonga v. paullo longior latiorque, præter carinam fere hyalina; palea vix inclusa, gluma sæpe paullo longior latiorque, tenuis fere hyalina, tenuiter 2-nervis, florem involvens. Stamina 3. Stylus filiformis, elongatus, superne in ramos stigmatosos 2 filiformes papillosos v. breviter plumosos divisus. Caryopsis gluma paleaque parum rigescentibus inclusa, libera, linearis, teres v. leviter compressa.—Gramina maritima, rigidula, sæpe elata, basi cæspitosa v. repentia, foliis convolutoteretibus v. basi explanatis. Spicæ secus pedunculum terminalem erectæ, appressæ, nunc confertæ paniculam longam dense spiciformem formantes, nunc dissitæ angustæ pedunculo appressæ. Spiculæ in spicis numerosæ, secundæ, imbricato-confertæ, rhachi spicæ ultra spiculas plus minus producta.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum una, per littora Americæ Europæ et Africæ late dispersa, sub nominibus pluribus descripta, 2 v. 3 Americæ boreali, 1 Americæ australi extratropicæ, 1 ins. Tristan d'Acunha et Amsterdam propriæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 25, t. 7, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 277. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 27. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 66 (Limnetis). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 41. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 25. Groves in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1882, t. 225. Fabre in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xiii. t. 3. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 2. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 153. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 8 (Solenachns), et ii. iii. t. 23.

20. **Ecrechica**, R. Br. Prod. 196.—Spiculæ angustæ, in spica brevi simplici v. ramosa intra bracteam vaginantem paucæ, rhachi spicæ ultra spiculam sæpe breviter producta, flore hermaphrodito v. fœmineo unico terminali, addito sæpe masculo inferiore. Glumæ 4, tenues, extima brevis, lata, obtusissima, fere hyalina, secunda pariter vacua, longior et rigidior, obtussima v. retusa, tertia rigida, apice sub-2-fida, paleam magnam 2-fidam facile 2-partibilem sæpeque florem & fovens; terminalis angusta, tenuior at rigidula, paleam angustam et florem & v. Ø includens. Stamina 3. Styli plus minus connati, stigmatibus longis plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque tenuibus rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina erecta, basi ramosa, foliis erectis angustis v. fere teretibus. Bracteæ spiculas includentes in parte superiore caulis dissitæ, rigidule paleaceæ, bracteas interiores spicasque breves sæpe fere ad apicem obtegentes.

Species 3, omnes Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 501.

21. Stenetaphrum, Trin. Fund. Agrost. 175. (Diastemanthe, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 360.)—Spiculæ acutæ v. acuminatæ, per 2-4 in fasciculis v. spicis brevissimis secus rhachin complanatam paniculæ spiciformis dissitis confertæ, rhachi fasciculorum ultra fasciculum producta, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito sæpe infero masculo v. imperfecto. Glumæ 3-4, extima parva rarius deficiens, secunda spiculam æquans v. paullo brevior pariter vacua, tertia secundæ subsimilis paleam v. florem & fovens, rarius vacua; terminalis florem Ø fovens, cum palea inclusa cæteris rigidior. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque tenuibus at rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina repentia, radicantia, ramis brevibus adscendentibus sæpius compressis, foliis planis v. convolutis patentibus. Inflorescentia terminalis, spiciformis, rhachi nunc angusta angulata, nunc lata crassiuscula subplana, demum haud raro articulatim divisa, spicularum fasciculis ad faciem inferiorem seu exteriorem in scrobiculis alternis sessilibus v. semi-immersis, fasciculorum rhachi apice breviter mucroniformi rarius spiculis longiore.

Species 2 v. 3, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis imprimis in maritimis latissime disperse, in insulis maris Indici et Pacifici australis frequentissime. Stoud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 118. Tris. Spec. Gram. t. 360. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 211. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii, ii. t. 39.

22. ? Phyttorhachis, Trim. in Journ. Bot. 1879, 353, t. 205.—Spiculæ 1-floræ,

angustæ, in spicis brevissimis seu fasciculis 3-4 subsessiles, superiores 2-3 steriles, inferior florem hermaphroditum fovens, rhachi spicæ ultra spiculas breviter producta, spicis in pedunculo foliaceo-dilatato complicato subinclusis 1-seriatis. Spiculæ fertilis gluma infima brevis, rigide setiformis, secunda tertiaque vacuæ, quasi laterales, anguste lanceolatæ, tenuiter membranaceæ, quarta (v. potius palea ad axillam glumæ tertiæ) maxima, rigida, obtusa, 2-carinata, inter carinas profunde sulcata; gluma summa florens, paullo brevior, hyalina, tenuissime ∞-nervis; palea subæquilonga, angustior, hyalina. Stamina . . . Stylus . . . Caryopsis oblonga, glumis laxe inclusa.—Gramen elatiusculum, perenne, caulibus rigidulis subramosis, foliis paucis lanceolatis planis, lamina basi sagittata caulem amplectente. Pedunculus terminalis, spathiformis v. fere cymbiformis, elongatus, falcatus, spiculis vix ultra margines prominentibus; adsunt etiam interdum spiculæ singulæ cæteris multo longiores in pedunculo axillari solitariæ.

Species 1, Angolensis. Genus ad specimina fructifera descriptum, affinitatis dubiæ. Spicam unicam tantum examinare potuimus. Inflorescentia primaria fere Spartinæ. Spicæ basi tantum fertiles Thuareæ. Palea sub gluma tertia maxima Xerochloæ, a Trimenio (an rite?) pro gluma 2-carinata descripta, sub anthesi forte florem & fovens, staminibus a speciminibus fructiferis jam delapsis.

23. Thuarea, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 110. (Microthuareia, Thou. Gen. Nov. Madag. 3. Ornithocephalochloa, Kurz in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1875, 332, t. 171.)—Spiculæ monoicæ, in spica unilaterali sessiles, 1-seriatæ, superiores 4-6 masculæ 2-floræ, inferiores 1-2 flore uno terminali hermaphrodito v. sæpius fœmineo, addito sæpius masculo inferiore. Glumæ 3-4, extima parva hyalina v. in spicula 3 sæpe deficiens, secunda vacua spiculæ æquilonga, v. in spicula 3 paullo brevior, tertia et quarta florentes subæquales; fructifera in spicula 2 rigidior etsi tenuis. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus dense plumosis. Sub fructu spicæ rhachis valde dilatatur spiculam fructiferam includens et fide collectorum in arena sepelitur. Caryopsis gluma paleaque rigidulis vix tamen induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramen longe repens, radicans, caulibus breviter adscendentibus, foliis planis brevibus sæpius minute sericeo-pubescentibus. Spica terminalis, basi bractea vaginante inclusa, fructifera bractea delapsa denudata.

Species 1 a nonnullis in 4 v. 5 divisa, ad littora manis Indici et Pacifici late dispersa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 127, t. 22, f. 9. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 112. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 502. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 35.

Nomen genericum a Kunthio auctoribusque pluribus falso Thouarra scriptum, nam a Persoonio a Microthuareia, Thou. (tunc inedita) contractum fuit, nee Thouarsio dicatum.

24. Spinifex, Linn. Mant. 163, n. 1333.—Spiculæ unisexuales, dioicæ, spicatim v. sigillatim bractea stipatæ, cum bracteis dense globoso-capitatæ. Spiculæ f intra bracteam sæpiås spicatæ v. fasciculatæ, 2-floræ. Glumæ 4, subsimules, 2 exteriores vacuæ, nunc minores nunc majores quam 2 interiores florentes paleamque foventes. Stamina 3. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 intra bracteam solitariæ, flore unico hermaphrodito v. fœmineo terminali, addito interdum inferiore imperfecto rarissime masculo. Stamina v. sæpius staminodia 3, cum palea plus minus evoluta. Styli 2, a basi distincti, stigmatibus longis breviter plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina dura, diffusa v. repentia, ramosa, foliis angustis v. marginibus involutis haud raro sericeo-pubescentibus. Inflorescentiæ terminales, bracteis nunc foliaceis nunc lanceolatis concavis subtentæ; spicæ f in capitulo sessiles v. pedicellatæ, spiculæ 2 v. potius spicæ 1-spiculatæ cum bracteis nunc in capitulum magnum densum confertæ, spicarum rhachibus longe prominentibus spinescentibus, v. in S. paradoxo capitulum 2 minor, bracteis varie auctis heteromorphis margine sæpe scariosis.

Species 4, quarum una in maritimis Asiæ tropicæ crescens a S. hirsuto Australiano parum diversa, cæteræ Australianæ, una etiam in Nova Zelandia et Nova Caledonia reperta. Beauv. Agrostogr. 137, t. 25, f. 1. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 113. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 598. Labil. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 230, 231. Benth. in Hook, Ic. Pl. t. 1243, 1244. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 8, 9.

25. clyra, Linn. Gen. n. 1045.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, unisexuales, monoicæ, paniculatæ; & in parte inferiore paniculæ v. rarius omnes in distincta panicula angustæ. Gluma 1, membranacea, uninervis, sæpe acuminata v. brevissime aristata, addita rarius altera exteriore brevi lineari; palea 2-nervis, glumam fere æquans, mutica. Stamina 3. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 in parte superiore paniculæ ovatæ. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, membranaceo-herbaceæ, æquales v. exterior in acumen v. aristam producta; terminalia florens, brevior, obtusissima, cum palea inclusa cartilaginea, demum indurata. Staminodia 0. Styli 2, basi connati. Caryopsis gluma paleaque plus minus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina nunc elata, foliis amplis latis planis venosis, panicula terminali laxe floribunda, nunc humiliora, ramosa, inflorescentia partim v. omnino axillari.

Species ad 20, quarum una Africæ tropicæ, cæteræ Americæ tropicæ incolæ, nonnullæ forte ad varietates O. latifoliæ reductæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 124, t. 22, f. 7. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 35. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 313. Kunth, Rev. (iram. t. 12. Trin. Spec. (iram. t. 341 ad 344, 346, 347. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 22. Wawra, Maxim. Reve., Bot. t. 95.

LITHACHNE, Beaut. Agrostogr. 135, t. 24, f. 2, STREPHIUM, Schrad. in Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 298, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 4, et Raddia, Bertol. in Opusc. Scient. Bologna, iii. 410, sectionem formant, species paucas continentem parum distinctas, caulibus brevibus fasciculatis v. rarius elongatis, foliis sepius parvulis subdistichis, paniculis axillaribus inferioribus paucifloris androgynis v. fæmineis, superioribus spiculis numerosioribus masculis. In una specie scapi adsunt ad basin ramorum breves aphylli paucispiculati, paniculæ tamen nonnullæ parvæ in ramis foliatis evolvuntur. Ad sect. Lithachnem pertinent Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 345. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 45.

26. Pharas, Linn. Gen. n. 1063.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, 1-floræ, secus ramulos paniculæ geminæ, altera sessili fœminea, altera multo minore pedicellata mascula. Spicula &: Glumæ 3, omnes membranacæ, latiusculæ, ∞-nerves, 2 exteriores vacuæ, infima paullo brevior, secunda florenti sublongior; tertia florens parum latior; palea 0. Stamina 6. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spicula 2: Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ membranacæ, ∞-nerves, subæquales; tertia florens multo longior, angusta, mox indurata, marginibus involutis subclausa, paleam membranaceam circa florem convolutam apice 2-fidam includens. Staminodia 0. Stylus filiformis, elongatus, apice 3-fidus, stigmatibus pube brevi papillosis. Caryopsis subteres, linearis, cum palea intra glumam induratam inclusa.—Gramina valida, foliis supra vaginam longe petiolatis amplis acuminatis oblique subpenniveniis et multivenulosis, petiolo torto sæpius reversis. Panicula terminalis, ampla, laxe composita, ramulis elongatis tenuibus sæpe divisis. Spiculæ fœmineæ masculis 2-3-plo longiores, pedicello masculorum spiculam fœmineam sæpe superante. Gluma fructifera superne sæpe pilis brevibus subreversis hirsuta.

Species editæ 5, Americæ tropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum et Floridam incolæ, inter se valde affines, nec limitibus certis definitæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 125, t. 22, f. 8. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 8. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 19, t. 6. Fl. des Serres, t. 316.

27. Leptaspis, R. Br. Prod. 211.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, 1-floræ, secus ramulos paniculæ breviter racemulosæ, 1-2 inferioribus racemuli fœmineis, terminali mascula multo minore. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, parvæ, latæ; tertia florens major, membranacea, 5-7-nervis, ovoidea v. inflato-globosa, in spicula mascula introrsum longitudinaliter aperta, in spicula fœminea clausa, apice solo oblique perforata; palea inclusa, lanceolata, plana, apice 2-dentata. Stamina in masculis 6, absque rudimento pistilli; staminodia in fœmineo 0. Stylus elongatus, filiformis, apice in stigmata 3 plumosa divisus. Caryopsis gluma aucta inflata inclusa, libera.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis supra vaginam longiusculam petiolatis late lanceolatis planis. Panicula terminalis, ramis paucis longis tenuibus sæpius indivisis. Spiculæ Q in racemulis 1-2 breviter pedicellatis, nec ut in Pharo ad basin pedicelli masculi sessiles.

Species 3 v. 4, Africa, Asia et Australia inter tropicos incola. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 8 et 416. Benn. Pl. Jav. Bar. t. 6.

28. Zygoum, Linn. Gen. n. 70.—Spicula unica, 2- rarius 3-flora, magna, acuminata, in apise pedunculi vix articulata, floribus hermaphroditis, rhachilla non producta. Glumse

3-4, exterior vacua, spathiformis, acuminata v. in aristam brevem producta; 2, rarius 3, florentes in exteriore incluse, æquales, gluma exteriore breviores; infra medium in tubum 2-3-locularem extus pilis longis dense plumosis connatæ, superne liberæ, tenuitar membranaceæ, obtusæ; palea membranacea, anguste linearis, convoluta, genitalia includens, apice 2-fida, glumas interiores longe superans. Lodiculæ 0. Stamina 3. Stylus filiformis, indivisus, longe exsertus, superne papillis parvis stigmatosus. Caryopses tubo glumarum indurato densissime plumoso et glumarum parte libera coronato arcte inclusæ, nunc in tubo abortu solitariæ, nunc 2-3 in loculis segregatæ, liberæ.—Gramen perenne, caulibus in rhizomate duro repente confertis erectis rigidis, foliis erectis convoluto-teretibus longe subulato-acuminatis. Pedunculus terminalis, basi vagina folii breviter subulati stipatus. Spicula in ordine magna, unica, erecta v. nutans.

Species 1, in maritimis petrosisque per regionem Mediterraneam late dispersa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 140, t. 25, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 18. L. C. Rich. in Mem. Soc. Hist. Nat. Par. Ann. 7, 28, t. 3, tract. opt. anglice reddita et ic. repetita in Kæn. et Sims Ann. Bot. ii. 548, t. 15. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 52, 53.

29. Streptochesta, Schrad. ex Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 536. (Lepideilema, Trin. in Mém. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, i. 93.)—Spiculæ angustæ, teretes, acuminatæ, 1-floræ, in spica dissitæ, subsessiles, articulatæ; flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 12, rigidæ, nervoso-striatæ, undique imbricatæ nec distichæ, 6 exteriores abbreviatæ, latæ, inæquales, varie denticulatæ, 6 interiores elongatæ, concavæ, quarum extima maxima cæteras fere includens, in aristam longissimam filiformem insigniter spiraliter tortam producta; subsequentes 2 multo breviores, angustiores, acutæ sed muticæ; interiores 3 his similes nisi paullo longiores etsi extima multo breviores, fere convolutæ, florem includentes; palea 0. Lodiculæ 0. Stamina 5-7, filamentis in tubum tenuissime membranaceum primum brevem demum glumas subsuperantem connatis, antheris supra tubum breviter stipitatis. Stylus longe filiformis, apice in ramos 3 stigmatosos filiformes brevissime papillosos divisus. Caryopsis elongata, styli basi coronata, hinc sulcata, glumis rigidulis arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramen subramosum, erectum, foliis ovato-lanceolatis supra vaginam subsessilibus multinervibus. Spiculæ longæ, in spica simplici tenui terminali erectæ, rhachi subappressæ.

Species 1, Brasiliæ australioris incola. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 296, 297. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii, iii, 217, t. 56.

Genus glumis numerosis non distichis et arista cirrhiformi insignis, quoad folia *Parianæ*, quoad stylum *Pharo* accedit, cæteris characteribus ab utroque longe recedit nec cum ullo alio bene comparandum.

30. Anomochica, Brongn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xvi. 368, t. 23.—Spiculæ 1-floræ. per 203 intra bracteam spathaceam inclusæ, pedicellis brevibus basi articulatis, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, exterior lata, membranacea, co-nervis, mutica, vacua, interiorem florentem includens; hæc rigidior, obscure venosa, in parte inferiore marginibus arcte appressis clausa, compressiuscula, quam gluma exterior paullo brevior, apice in appendiculam linearem canaliculatam exsertam producta; palea 0. Lodiculæ 0, sed discus circa genitalia pilis rufis fimbriatus. Stamina 4, filamentis primum brevibus crassis demum tenuissimis exsertis. Stylus filiformis, indivisus, longissime exsertus longeque papillis brevibus stigmatosus. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma indurata arcte inclusa, libera.— Gramen humile (vix pedale), foliorum vaginis distichis, lamina longe petiolata ovatolanceolata prominule multinervi. Inflorescentiæ bracteæ spathiformes rigidule multinerves, magnæ, in spica terminali plures, infima interdum a cæteris distans, lamina foliacea terminata, omnes spiculas inclusas superantes. Bracteolæ intra spatham sub quoque pedicello breves, latæ, membranaceæ, additis sæpius nonnullis minoribus vacuis v. spicularum rudimenta foventibus.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, adhue nota tantum e speciminibus hortensibus, seminibus olim e pravincia Bahiensi acceptis. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 24, t. 7. Bot. Mag. t. 5331.

### TRIBUS II. MAYDER.

31. Fartana, Aubl. Pl. Gui. 876, t. 337.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, 1-floræ, ad quemque nodum rhacheos spice articulates, masculæ co cum femineis 1-2. Spiculæ & ad nodum 5-6, verticillatæ, pedicello complanato erecto fultæ. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores sublaterales, vacue, breves, lanceolatæ v. subsetaceæ, rigidæ, acutæ; tertia florens oblonga, coriacea, erecto-patens, 3-nervis; palea vix brevior, concava, 4-nervis. Lodiculæ longiusculæ. Stamina  $\infty$  (10-20, v. fide Neesii usque ad 40) exserta. Pistilli rudi-Spiculæ 2 intra masculos sessiles 1-2. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, membranaceæ, fere hyalinæ, subæquales, 1-nerves; tertia florens vacuis subæquilonga, rigidior, mox indurata, 1-3-nervis; pales vix brevior, concava. Staminodia 0? Styli liberi v. basi in membranam connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque plus minus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina valida, perennia, caule simplici v. rarius diviso. Folia latiuscula, subplicata, vaginis nunc ad os longe rigideque ciliatis nunc nudis ; lamina brevissime petiolata, interdum deest in caule florido. Spica terminalis, simplex, densa, verticillis masculis cum spicula forminea rhacheosque articulo inclusis facillime secedentibus.

Species ad 10, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 121, t. 22, f. 2. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 113. Bæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 331, t. 47.

Lodiculæ floris ? ex Dæll 5, in floribus a nobis examinatis 3 vidimus majusculas quarum 2 plus minus connatæ; adsunt tamen interdum squamellæ nonnullæ interiores minutæ, quæ forte pro staminum rudimentis habendæ.

EREMITIS, Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 338, t. 48, quæ Pariuna parviflora, Trin., nobis videtur potius Pariasæ cujusdam forma depauperata, quam genus proprium. In spica unica a nobis visa verticillum unicum adest perfectum, et stamen in floribus masculis unicum. Cætera omnino Pariasæ.

32. Cotx, Linn. Gen. n. 1043. (Lithagrostis, Gertn. Fruct. i. 7, t. 1.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoice, spicate, superiores plures masculæ, fæmineæ 1-2 ad basin spicæ, rhachi tenui supra spiculas ♀ articulata. Spiculæ ♂ ad dentes rhacheos 2-3-næ, una pedicellata, 1-2-flore. Glume 4, 2 exteriores rigidulæ v. herbaceæ, parum inæquales, vacuæ, 2 interiores cum paleis inclusis hyalinæ, utraque florens, v. tertia præter paleam vacua. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ ♀ in articulationibus 1 v. 2 inferioribus spicæ singulæ, cum spiculis 1-2 sterilibus e glumis 1-2 linearibus constantibus, cum rhacheos internodio tenui, intra vaginam clausam globosam v. oblongam lapideam apice poro parvo perforatam incluse, 1-2-flore. Glume 4, omnes tenues, plus minus hyalinæ, 2 exteriores vacuæ latæ acuminatæ, 2 interiores paleam hyalinam floremque 2 includentes, v. tertia præter paleam vacua. Staminodia rarissime adsunt 3. Styli fere a basi liberi, longissimi, filiformes, pilis brevibus papilloso-villosis stigmatosi. Caryopsis globosa v. oblonga, cum glumis emarcidis intra bracteam globosam v. oblongam lapideam arcte inclusa.—Gramina elata, foliosa, ramosa. Spicæ sæpius plures in vaginis foliorum superiorum pedunculatæ, interdum dense fasciculatæ, parte mascula tardius decidua, internodiis seu articulis fœmineis globosis v. oblongis sæpius solitariis rarius 2 superpositis diu persistentibus demum articulatim solvendis.

Species 3 v. 4, quarum una per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersa indigena v. inquilina, exeterse Indise Orientalis incolse a specie typica tamen parum diverse. Beauv. Agrostogr. 137, t. 24, f. 5. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 9, excl. sp. plur. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 40. Parlat. in Webb. Phytogr. Canar. t. 242, 243. Dodl in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 10.

33. Polytoca, R. Br. in Benn. Pl. Juv. Rar. 20, t. 5. (Cyathorhachis, Nees ex Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 403.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, ad dentes alternos spicæ sessiles, masculæ in eadem v. in distincta spica superiores, fœminei inferiores, rhachi inter spiculas 2 articulata. Spiculæ 3 secus rhachin geminæ, erecto-patentes, angustæ, 2-floræ. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, extima acuta v. in setam longam producta, secunda brevior, minus rigida, 2 interiores tenuiores, muticæ, cum paleis inclusis hyalinæ, flores foventes. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. In spicæ parte inferiore fœminea spiculæ geminæ, altera stipitata angusta sterilis, glumis sæpius 4 angustis inæqualibus vacuis, altera

feeminea in excavatione rhacheos sessilis, arcte appressa. Glumæ 4, extima lata, dartilaginea mox indurata ad latera utrinque seepius lobulo v. fasciculo pilorum aucta; secunda angustior acuminata, duriuscula, tertia tenuior, pariter vacua; terminalis florens cum palea angusta fere hyalina. Staminodia 0. Styli vix basi connati, longissime filiformes, stigmatibus pilis brevibus papilloso-villosis. Caryopsis gluma exteriore indurata cum rhacheos internodio angusto involuta.—Gramina elata, quam in Tripsaco ramosiora, foliis planis inferioribus longissimis latiusculis, superioribus angustis in vaginas sessilibus. Pedunculus terminalis spicas 3-∞ masculas subdigitatas ferens, inferiores breves, ad axillas plus minus fasciculati, singuli basi vagina spathiformi inclusi spicam androgynam superne breviter masculam inferne fœmineam ferentes; rhachis partis masculæ continuus, partis fœminei articulatus, articulis cum spicula fructifera solvendis.

Species nobis notæ 4, quarum 3 Indiæ orientalis incolæ: P. bracteata, Br. (Coix heteroclita, Roxb.). P. Wallichiana, Benth. (Cyathorhachis Wallichiana, Nees), et P. semiteres, Benth. (Tripsacus semiteres, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8628); quarta P. macrophylla, Benth., a M'Gillivrayio in Archipelago Louisiade lecta. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 52.

34. Chienachne, R. Br. in Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 15.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, ad dentes alternos spicæ sessiles, masculæ superiores, 2-floræ, fœmineæ inferiores, 1-floræ, rhachi inter spiculas ♀ articulata. Spiculæ ♂ secus rhachin geminæ. Glumæ ₄, extima cæteris major, membranacea, ∞-nervis, secunda tenuior, nervis paucioribus, pariter vacua, 2 interiores tenues, hyalinæ, paleam hyalinam floremque foventes. Stamina 0. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ ♀ ad excavationes rhacheos sessiles, sigillatim superpositæ v. solitariæ. Glumæ ₄, extima lata, crassa, lævis, dura demum lapidea, interiores includens, marginibus crassis rhachin tenuem amplectentibus nec includentibus; secunda tertiaque vacuæ, tenues; intima cum palea angusta inclusa hyalina. Staminodia 0. Stylus intra spiculam simplex, filiformis, apice in stigmata 2 longe filiformia brevissime papillosopilosa divisus. Caryopsis intra glumam lapideam ovoideo-oblongam v. subglobosam inclusa, libera.—Gramina valida, sæpe elata, ramosa, foliis planis, vaginis haud raro scabro-pilosis. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus solitarii v. fasciculati, singuli bractea vaginante stipati, spicam unicam ferentes.

Species 3, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 515.

In specie typica C. barbata, Br., articulus fructifer spicæ unicus primo aspectu ei Coicis similis, sed facile distinguitur rhachi in sulco glumæ lapideæ immersa nec intra bracteam clausam inclusa. In C. cyathopode, F. Muell., et in C. Wightii, Munro, articuli fructiferi plures fere Tripsaci, sed rhachis immersa tenuis nec lapideo-incrassata glumæ subæquilata.

35. Scierachne, R. Br. in Brun. Pl. Jav. Rar. 15, t. 4.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, in spica brevi 2-3, summa mascula 2-flora, inferiores 1-2, feemineæ, 1-floræ. Spicula & supra feemineam rhachi producta pedicellata. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores membranacæ, æquales, ∞-nerves, 2 interiores tenues, 3-nerves, paleam floremque masculam foventes. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 infra masculam ad excavationes rhacheos sessiles, 2 superpositæ v. unica. Glumæ 4, extima quoad dimidium inferius lata, cartilaginea, marginibus rhachin tenuem amplectentibus, in parte superiore membranaceo-herbacea, aperta; secunda tertiaque vacuæ, subcartilagineæ, ∞-nerves; intima florens cum palea angusta hyalina. Staminodia 0. Stylus intra spiculam simplex, filiformis, apice in stigmata 2 filiformia brevissime papilloso-pilosa divisus. Caryopais gluma indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramen elatiusculum, ramosum, basi decumbens, foliis planis angustis. Spicæ ad axillas foliorum superiorum 2-3, longiuscule pedunculatæ, singulæ intra vaginam bracteæ foliaceæ sessiles semi-inclusæ.

Species 1, in Java legit *Horafield*. Specimina Horsfieldiana examinare nequivimus, et char. nester imprimis ex ic. et descr. Brownii sumptus.

36. Tripsacum, Linn. Gen. n. 1044.—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, ad dentes alternos spicæ sessiles, masculæ superiores 2-floræ, fæmineæ inferiores 1-floræ, rhachi inter apiculas

Q articulata. Spiculæ & secus rhachin geminæ, subpatentes. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores tenuiter coriaceæ v. rigidulæ vacuæ, 2 interiores paullo breviores, tenuiores, sæpius hyalinæ, paleam hyalinam floremque foventes. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ Q in excavationibus rhacheos crassæ solitariæ, sessiles, arcte appressæ. Glumæ 4, latæ, concavæ, exterior coriacea demum indurata, secunda tenuior, rigidula, pariter vacua, 2 interiores cum paleis inclusis tenuiter hyalinæ, tertia cæterum vacua; terminalis florem Q fovens. Staminodia 0. Styli basi brevissime connati, longissime exserti, filiformes, pilis brevibus dense papilloso-pubescentibus. Caryopsis intra glumam exteriorem induratam lapideam et rhacheos internodium crassum arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina valida, elatiuscula, foliis longe subulato-acuminatis. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus solitarii v. gemini, apice spicas sæpius 2–3 rarius 4–∞ v. unam solam, erectas strictas sibimet arcte applicitas ferentes, spicæ parte superiore mascula floribunda rhachi inarticulata, parte inferiore foeminea demum in articulos monospermos solvenda.

Species 3, quarum 2 ab auctoribus nonnullis pro unius varietatibus habitæ, in America calidiore a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum et Texas extensæ, tertia (*T. fasciculata*, Trin.) differt spicis in panicula terminali numerosis, plerisque masculis paucis basi tantum breviter fæmineis. *Beauv. Agrostogr.* 118, t. 22, f. 1. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 468. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 362. Lam. Illustr. t. 750, f. 1. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 1. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 68.

37. Buchleona, Schrad. Ind. Sem. Hort. Gætt. 1832, ex Linnæa, viii. Littbl. 25. (Reans, Brign. Ind. Sem. Hort. Modena, 1850, ex Flora, 1850, 400.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoice, masculæ in panicula terminali ad dentes alternos spicarum geminæ, 2-floræ, fœmineæ in spicis axillaribus fasciculatis foliaceo-bracteatis 1-seriatæ, 1-floræ. Spiculæ 👌 in quoque pari inequaliter pedicellate. Glume 4, acute, 2 exteriores majores, membranacese, vacuse, 2 interiores florentes cum paleis inclusis hyaline. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 ad dentes alternos rhacheos sessiles, solitariæ, ob rhachin flexuosam quasi superpositæ. Glumæ 4, extima latissima, fere cymbiformis, lævis, mox indurata, interiores et rhachin angustam amplectens, secunda pariter vacua, coriacea at minus dura, tertia hyalina, paleam fovens, cæterum vacua; terminalis sola florens cum palea inclusa hyalina. Staminodia 0. Stylus longissime filiformis, apice breviter 2-fidus, papillis stigmatosis parum prominulis. Caryopsis intra glumam cum internodio rhacheos lapideam arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, foliis elongatis. Panicula terminalis & dense floribunda Maydis, spicarum seu ramulorum simplicium rhachi inarticulata. Spicæ 🔉 intra vaginas foliorum fasciculatæ, singulæ bractea paleacea ampla semi-inclusæ more Polytoca et Chimachnis, rhachi cujusve articuli angustissima, cum marginibus glumæ mox connata, supra glumam abrupte uncinato-refracta, articulum superiorem specie dorsalem ferens.

Species 2, Mexicanæ, quarum E. luxurians sola nobis nota. Fournier in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg, xv. 467. Gram. Mex. 69. Bot. Mag. t. 6414. E. Bourgæi, Fourn. l. c. 468, ad specimen masculum a nobis non visum descripta adhuc quodammodo dubia est. Reana Giovaninni, Brign., est evidenter cadem ac E. mexicana, spiculis pro floribus descriptis.

38. Zea, Linn. Gen. n. 1042. (Mays, Gurtn. Fruct. i. 6, t. 1.)—Spiculæ unisexuales, monoicæ, masculæ in panicula terminali ad dentes alternos spicarum geminæ, 2-floræ, foemineæ in spica axillari maxima vaginis paleaceis amplis involuta densissime confertæ, longitudinaliter co-seriatæ, 1-floræ. Spiculæ & in quoque pari breviter inæqualiterque pedicellatæ v. una sessilis. Glumæ 4, acutæ, 2 exteriores majores, membranaceæ, vacuæ, 2 interiores florentes cum paleis inclusis hyalinæ. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ Q arcte sessiles, in seriebus longitudinalibus densissime imbricatæ, rhachi crassa subspongiosa inarticulata. Glumæ 4, omnes membranaceæ, hyalinæ v. rarius subherbaceæ, breves, latissimæ, obtusæ v. emarginato-2-lobæ; 2 exteriores vacuæ interdum crassiores, tertia hyalina paleam brevem sæpe fovens, terminalis florens hyalina, sæpe 2-fida, palea pariter lata sed indivisa. Staminodia 0. Stylus longissime filiformis, apice breviter 2-fidus, papillis stigmatosis brevissimis. Caryopsis subglobosa, dura, glumis paleisque emarcidis semitecta v. basi stipata, cæterum nuda v. in una varietate glumis acutis subherbaceis

obtecta.—Gramen elatum, foliis amplis. Panicula terminalis & longe pedunculata, speciosa, in speciminibus nonnullis in India orientali cultis spiculas nonnullas feemineas abnormales cum masculis intermixtas fert. Spica Q in axillis foliorum solitaria, florens stylis numerosis longissime exsertis pendulis insignis, fructifera longa crassa vaginis paleaceis imbricatis omnino occlusa.

Species 1, originis verisimiliter Americanse, jam diu in regionibus calidioribus temperatisque utrius que orbis latissime culta; stirps indigena tamen ignota, verisimiliter cultura valde mutata. Beauc. Agrostogr. 136, t. 24, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 19. Bonafous, Hist. Nat. Mays, Paris, 1836, folio cum tabb. 19. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 30, t. 11. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 3, 4.

#### TRIBUS III. ORYZEÆ.

39. Eydrochloa, Beauv. Agrostogr. 135, t. 24, f. 4.—Spiculæ parvæ, unisexuales, monoicæ, spicatæ, spica mascula terminali, fosmineis axillaribus. Glumæ 2, parum inæquales, membranaceæ, concavæ, muticæ, inferiore parum majore; palea 0. Stamina 6. Styli breves, distincti, ad apicem ovarii sublaterales, stigmatibus elongatis breviter plumosis. Caryopsis glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramen tenue, ramosum, fluitans v. reptans, foliis angustis planis. Pedunculus terminalis, tenuis, spiculis  $\mathcal J$  paucis (3-5) apicem versus subsessilibus. Spiculæ  $\mathfrak P$  in axillis superioribus subsessiles, paucifloræ, e vagina folii parum exsertæ, stigmatibus e glumis longiuscule exsertis.

Species 1, in aquosis Caroline et Floride ut videtur haud frequens. Chapm. Fl. S. U. St. 549.

40. Zirania, Linn. Gen. n. 1062, excl. Z. terrestri. (Hydropyrum, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 252. Melinum, Link, Handb. Nutzh. Gew. i. 96.)—Spiculæ angustæ, unisexuales, monoicæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ articulatæ sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ. Glumæ 2, annulo cartilagineo plus minus prominente cinctæ, parum inæquales, membranaceæ convolutæ concavæ v. subcomplicatæ, exterior latior acuta v. in spicula 2 aristata, vacua, interior florens vix brevior, mutica; palea 0. Stamina 6. Styli breviter v. longe connati, stigmatibus pilis simplicibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis membranaceis laxe inclusa v. involuta, libera.—Gramina aquatica, elata, foliis longis planis. Panicula terminalis, ampla, laxe floribunda, ramis numerosis tenuibus elongatis.

Species bene notæ 2, boreali-Americanæ, quarum una etiam in Japonia et Rossia orientali invenitur. Al auctoribus pluribus pro generibus distinctis habentur. In specie typica Linnæi, Z. aquatica, Lamb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. vii. 264, t. 13, Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 22, f. 6, Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 29, quæ Hydropyrum, Link., Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 9, paniculæ pars inferior mascula patens, pars superior fæminea stricta, spiculæ \$\mathbb{C}\$ subteretes, glumis convolutis, exteriore longe aristata, styli basi breviter connati, stigmatibus pilis longis plumosis, caryopsis linearis. In Z. miliacea, Mich., Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 10, quæ Zizaniopsis, Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii 12 t. 3, spiculæ \$\mathbb{C}\$ et \$\mathbb{C}\$ in panicula plus minus effusa mixtæ, fæmineæ subcompressæ, gluma exteriore brevius aristata, styli longe connati stigmatibus pilis brevibus plumosis et caryopsis ovata, sed genus in integrum servatum naturale evadit. Z. latifolia, Turcz., e Japonia et Rossia orientali a speciminibus Americanis Z. aquaticæ, Linn., non differt. Z. murostachys, Nees, a Trinio descripta et a Dællio l. c. delineata fuit ad exemplar Selloanum (an revera Brasilianum?) a nobis non visum, sed ex icone et descr. a Z. miliacea distinguere nequimus.

41. Zuziola, Juss. Gen. Pl. 33.—Spiculæ ovatæ, parvæ, unisexuales, monoicæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ articulatæ subsessiles v. pedicellatæ. Spiculæ 3: Glumæ 2, tenuiter membranaceæ, muticæ, exterior latior vacua, interior florens angustior vix brevior; palea 0. Stamina 6 v.  $\infty$  (usque ad 18). Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 quam masculæ minores, gluma exteriore latiore striato-multinervi. Staminodia 0. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus pilis simplicibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata, glumis membranaceis laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina basi repentia v. natantia, humilia v. elata, foliis planis. Paniculæ terminales v. axillares, effusæ, ramis filiformibus ramulosis.

Species ad 6, Americae calidioris a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum et Americae borealis civitates australiores incolae.

In specie typica L. peruviana, Juss.; Beauv. Agrostogr. 136, t. 24, f. 1; Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bres. t. 5 (L. brasiliensi, Moric. Pl. Nouv. Amer. 94, t. 60), ut in L. alabamense, Chapm. Fl. S. Un. Stat. 584, et in specie inedita Guianensi, paniculæ & et ? in caulibus seu ramis distinctis omnes terminales. In L. Sprucana, Benth., Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 18, cui referenda videtur L. peruviana, Mey., Prim. Fl. Esseq. 269, t. 2, non Juss., ut in speciminibus nonnullis a Selloio in Brasilia australi lectis ex Herb. Reg. Berol. sub nomine L. peruviana distributis, paniculæ & terminales, ? axillares in eodem caule seu ramo, quales etiam dicuntur in L. longivalvi, Dæll, l. c., a nobis non visa. In Carvochloa, Trin. Gram. Panic. Diss. ii. 54 et 248, Dæll l. c. t. 4 (Arrozia, Schrad.; Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 11), specie brasiliensi, spiculæ & et ? in eadem panicula mixtæ, & tamen in ramulis seu in panicula terminalibus, ? inferioribus. Characteres cæteri omnino Luziolæ. Stamina semper 6 videntur, quod sæpe in aliis speciebus Luziolæ observatur.

42. Potamophila, R. Br. Prod. 211. (Maltebrunia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 183, t. 3.)
—Spiculæ angustæ, subteretes, 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ articulatæ breviter pedicellatæ, flore hermaphrodito v. abortu unisexuali. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores minimæ setiformes v. acuminatæ, 2 interiores subæquales, membranaceæ, concavæ v. convolutæ, muticæ, quarum exterior vacua, interior florens angustior vix brevior; palea 0. Stamina 6. Styli breves, a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, glumis rigidule membranaceis nec induratis arcte inclusa.—Gramina aquatica, elata, foliis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Panicula terminalis, nunc longissima stricta, nunc brevior effusa, ramis filiformibus ramulosis.

Species 3, una Australiæ, altera Madagascariæ, tertia Africæ australis, incolæ.

In specie typica Brownii, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 550, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 5, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 249, spiculæ pleræque nec omnes unisexuales sed pistillum sterile in masculis, staminodia in fæmineis semper adesse videntur, nisi hinc inde spiculæ omnino vacuæ, folia longa siccitate convoluta et panicula longissima spiculis parvulis. In P. leersunde (Maltebrunia, Kunth), e Madagascaria, a nobis non visa, spiculæ ex ic. et descr. omnes hermaphroditæ, folia plana, supra vaginam petiolata, panicula cæterique characteres omnino P. parvifloræ, Br. In specie Capensi P. prehensili (Maltebrunia, Nees, Gram. Fl. Afr. Austr. 194) spiculæ majores compressiusculæ, pleræque perfecte hermaphroditæ, folia plana in vagina sessilia et panicula brevior laxe effusa. Genus tamen in integrum servatum naturale est Oryzam cum Zizania connectens. Kunth præterea Potamophilam a Maltebrunia distinxit spiculis 2-floris, florem alterum tamen in speciminibus a nobis visis frustra quæsivimus, nec a Brownio commemoratur, et spiculæ quales in icone Kunthii l. c. t. 5, f. 1, 2 et 5 delineantur verisimiliter raræ et abnormes erant, nos nunquam invenimus.

43. Eygrerysa, Nees in Edinh. N. Phil. Journ. xv. 380. (Potamochloa, Griff. in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. v. 571, t. 22; Ic. Pl. As. t. 140.)—Spiculæ angustæ, vix compressæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ subsessilis articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, basi nudæ, membranaceæ, exterior latior, in aristam tenuam producta, marginibus carinaque ciliatis interiorem florentem parum breviorem exaristatam amplectens; palea 0. Stamina 6. Styli in ovarii apice contracto distincti, breves, stigmatibus pilis ramosis plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, glumis membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramen aquaticum, natans v. repens, ramosum, foliis brevibus latiusculis planis obtusis. Panicula terminalis, brevis, ramulis brevibus fasciculatis. Spiculæ paucæ, ratione inflorescentiæ magnæ.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola.

44. Orysa, Linn. Gen. n. 448. (Padia, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Pl. Zoll. 103.)—Spiculæ plano-compressæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ articulatæ, sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores minimæ, squamiformes v. setiformes, 2 superiores complicato-carinatæ, rigidulæ, exterior paullo major, vacua, aristata v. mutica, carina sæpius anguste alata v. muricata, interior florens vix brevior, angustior, arista breviore v. 0, carina nuda; palea 0. Stamina 6. Styli breves, vix basi connati, stigmatibus pilis ramosis plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. angusta, glumis parum induratis basique sæpe subconnatis arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina paludosa, olatiuscula, foliia

longis planis. Panicula terminalis, angusta, ramis tenuibus erectis subflexuosis sæpe longis parum ramosis; spiculæ sigillatim dissitæ, gluma majore prominenter 3-5-nervi.

Species editæ fere 20, sed vix 5 bene distinguendæ, omnes Indiæ Orientalis incolæ, et fere omnes haud male ad varietates O. sativæ, Linn., reducendæ. Hæc species, etiam in Australia indigena, jam diu per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late culta, in pluribus locis Americæ et Africæ inquilina dicitur et quam maxime variabilis est. O. coarctata, Griff., tamen, species Himalaica, bene distincta videtur. O. subulata, Nees, a Trinio descript: et in Kunth, Rev. Gram. sub t. 101 delineata ad specimen Selloanum Brasiliæ australis, est forte forma abnormis O. sativæ glumis more Poæ v. Festucæ viviparæ elongato-acuminatis. Beauv. Agrostogr. 27, t. 7, f. 7. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 2. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 5, t. 1 (excl. sect. 2). Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 25. Griff. Ic. Pl. As. t. 142. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 4. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 2.

45. Zeersia, Swartz, Nov. Gen. et Sp. Pl. 21. (Homalocenchrus, Mieg ex Hall. Stirp. Helv. ii. 201. Ehrhartia, Wigg. Prim. Fl. Holsat. 63. Asprella, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 45. Blepharochloa, Endl Gen. Pl. 1352.)—Spiculæ compressæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos tenues inarticulatos paniculæ sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, basi annulo cartilagineo sæpe vix prominulo cinetæ, complicato-carinatæ, rigidulæ, muticæ, exterior latior exalata carina v. marginibus sæpe ciliatis, vacua, interior florens paullo minor; palea 0. Stamina 6, 3 v. pauciora. Styli breves v. tenues, distincti, stigmatibus pilis ramosis plumosis. Caryopsis ovata v. anguste oblonga, glumis rigidulis laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina paludosa, elatiuscula, foliis angustis. Panicula terminalis, gracilis, ramis filiformibus erectis v. patentibus parum ramulosis. Spiculæ quam in Oryza minores, tenuiores, magis approximatæ et in L. lenticulari fere imbricatæ, glumarum nervi parum prominentes.

Species 5, omnes Americanæ, boreales v. tropicæ, quarum tamen L. oryzoides, Sw., etiam in Europa et Asia temperata frequens, et L. hexandra, Sw., per regiones tropicas orbis veteris latissime dispersa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 2, t. 4, f. 2 (Asprella). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 1. 1. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 9, t. 2 (Oryzæ sect.). Sohreb. Beschr. Gras. t. 22 (Phalaris). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 1. Host, Gram. Austr. 1, t. 35. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 52. Griff. in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. v. 570. t. 22 (Zizania). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 1, 2, 201. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 1.

- 46. Achiena, Griseb. Cat. Pl. Cub. 228.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ cum pedicello brevissimo articulatæ, rhachilla supra articulationem sub glumis barbellata, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4 (v. 3 cum palea), infima longe aristiformis, secunda coriacea, convoluta, lanceolato-linearis, 7-nervis, in aristam longam abiens, tertia lanceolata, convoluta, acuminata, 3-nervis, quarta sub flore (palea?) paullo brevior angustiorque, hyalina, acuta, carinata, 1-nervis v. tenuissime 3-nervis. Stamen (fide Griseb.) 1. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus simpliciter plumosis. Caryopsis linearis.—Gramen pluripedale, perenne, glabrum, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, ramis semiverticillatis pateutissimis simpliciter racemiformibus.
- Species 1, Cubensis, Grisebach cum genere Australiana Microlæna comparat, sed ob glumarum infra articulationem deficientia ad Oryzeas nec ad Phalurideas referenda. Stamina a spiculis examinatis jam delapsa fuerunt.
- 47. Beckera, Fresen. in Mus. Senckenb. ii. 132, t. 8.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin simplicen: inarticulatam spicæ quaquaversæ, in pedicello brevissimo articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 v. 4, 2 exteriores si adsint minute squamiformes vix prominulæ, 2 superiorum exterior vacua, membranacea, 3-5-nervis, in aristam rectam tenuem producta, interior florens paullo brevior, tenuior fere hyalina, breviter mucronato-aristata v. mutica; palea 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus (pilis simplicibus?) plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis vix rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina basi decumbentia, ramosa, foliis planis flaccidis. Spicæ tenues, singulæ longe pedunculatæ, pedunculis tenuibus in axillis superioribus sæpius geminis inæqualibus, sæpe que pluribus ad apicem caulis laxissime subpaniculatis.

Species 2 v. 3, Abyssinicæ. A. Ruch. Fl. Abyss. ii. 358. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 117, quoed ser. a; species sub ser. b enumeratæ ad Penniseti sect. Beckeropsin pertinent.

Genus Lecrois proxime affine, inflorescentia aliisque notis paucis facile distinctum. De stigmatorum pilis incerti sumus, ex Fresenio simplices sunt, nobis videbantur hinc inde ramosi, stigmata tamen tenuissima fugacissimaque in speciminibus siccis haud facile rite observantur.

### TRIBUS IV. TRISTEGINEÆ.

48. Thurberia, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 58. (Greenia, Nutt. in Trans. Amer. Phil. Soc. v. 142, non W. et Arn. Sclerachne, Torr. ex Trin. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, vi. 273, non R. Br.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, secus ramulos continuos paniculæ dissitæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, subæquales, muticæ, nervis inconspicuis; terminalis florens vix brevior, tenuis, apice breviter 2-fidus v. 2-dentatus, arista inter lobos tenui elongata geniculata v. flexuosa basi subtorta; palea paullo brevior, angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus breviter pilosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, glumis rigidule membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramina bası decumbentia, multicaulia v. ramosa, caulibus tenuibus adscendentibus v. erectis, foliis angustis planis. Panicula terminalis, angusta, elongata, gracilis, ramis filiformibus erectis breviter ramulosis. Spiculæ paucæ v. numerosæ, glabræ v. pubescentes nec ciliis cinctæ.

Species 2, Americæ borealis (Texas et Arkansas) incolæ.

Genus quodammodo *Polypogoni* accedit, differt inflorescentia laxa et glumis vacuis muticis nec aristatis. A Steudelio cum *Limnade* jungitur, a quo tamen arista glumæ fertilis terminali, stylis distinctis, aliisque notis abunde discrepat.

49. Zimmas, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 116, t. 6; Spec. Gram. t. 18.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos continuos paniculæ paucæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, subæquales, acutæ, muticæ, prominenter 3-nerves; terminalis florens paullo latior, tenuiter 3-5-nervis, dorso prope basin arista exserta tenui geniculata v. flexuosa basi torta instructa, demum rigescens; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli fere ad medium connati, stigmatibus tenuibus plumosis, Caryopsis (adhuc immatura) gluma rigidula inclusa, libera.—Gramen cæspitosum, foliis basi confertis angustis subfiliformibus. Panicula brevis, angusta, laxiuscula, longe pedunculata, glabra, ramulis breviter filiformibus paucis.

Species 1, Asiæ Rossicæ orientalis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 520.

50. Carnetia, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 132, t. 21. (Miquelia, Nees, in Pl. Meyen. 177. Berghausia, Endl. Gen. Suppl. iii. 57.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos inarticulatos paniculæ geminæ, inæqualiter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, floræ hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ ∞-nerves subæquilongæ, extima latior rigidiorque, muticæ v. secunda arista brevi recta terminata; tertia terminalis florens tenuior, sæpe hyalina, mutica v. arista tenui brevi v. longiore subæniculata terminata; palea hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis parum rigescentibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius elata, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, pedunculata, sæpe valde elongata, nunc angusta stricta, nunc effusa, ramis filiformibus ramulosis. Spiculæ more Miscanthi regulariter geminæ sed nudæ, nec pilis cinctæ, paribus interdum cum ramulo sæpius tamen singulis cum pedicello articulatis.

Species ad 8. Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ.

51. Arandinella, Raddi, Agrostogr. Bras. 36, t. 1, f. 3. (Goldbachia, Trin. in Spreng. N. Entd. ii. 81. Acratherum, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 230. Thysanachne, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 252. Brandtia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 511, t. 170.)—Spiculæ acutæ v. acuminatæ, secus ramulos inarticulatos paniculæ polymorphæ geminæ, inæqualiter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore terminali unico hermaphrodito, addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, extima spicula brevior, mutica, secunda pariter vacua, exteris longior, acuminata v. in aristam brevem rectam producta, tertia brevior, tenuior, mutica, hyalinam interdumque florem masculam fovens; terminalis florens membranacea.

hyalina v. opaca, apice integra v. ad latera aristæ utrinque in dentem producta, arista terminali tenui basi sæpe geniculata instructa v. rarius mutica; palea membranacea. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, sæpe angusta, gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina nunc pumila nunc elata, foliis planis flaccidis. Panicula terminalis, variat nunc elongata ramosissima angusta densaque, v. effusa spiculis numerosissimis secus ramulos confertis, nunc gracilis laxe effusa spiculis minimis, nunc brevis densa ovata, spiculis majoribus confertissimis.

Species ad 24, per regiones tropicas utriusque orbis diffusæ, in Asia tamen numerosiores. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 114. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 265, 266, 268. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 297, t. 38. Kunth. Rev. Gram. t. 100 (Ischæmum). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 53.

Sectiones a Necsio propositæ: Meliosaccharum gluma florente ad latera aristæ in dentes producta, et Acratherum gluma florente integra, nec bene definitæ nec habitu satis distinctæ videntur. A. flammida, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 267, glumis vacuis sub articulatione persistentibus aliisque notis ad Trichopterygem transferenda est.

52. Phenosperma, Munro; Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 59.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos inarticulatos paniculæ sparsæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, membranaceæ, acutiusculæ, muticæ, extima cæteris brevior, 1-nervis, cæteræ parum inæquales, 3-nerves, secunda tertiaque vacuæ; terminalis florens paullo latior, florem involvens; palea 0. Lodiculæ 3 (v. palea lodiculis 2 non longior?). Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblique obovoidea, e gluma florente semi-exserta, cum glumis tamen stipantibus decidua.—Gramen elatum, glabrum, foliis planis. Panicula maxima, ramis tenuibus rigidulis vix ramulosis, secus axin paniculæ fasciculatis subverticillatis verticillis distantibus.

Species 1, Chinensis, in horto Parisiense e seminibus Davidianis educta, nuperque a Shearero ad Kiu Kiang lecta.

53. **Eclinis**, Beauv. Ayrostogr. 54, t. 11, f. 4. (Tristegis, Nees, Hor. Phys. Berol. 47 et 54, t. 7, et, eo teste, Suardia, Schrank, Pl. Ran. Hort. Monne. t. 58.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos inarticulatos paniculæ solitariæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, extima minuta squamiformis, secunda tertiaque inæquales, vacuæ, membranaceæ, emarginatæ v. 2-fidæ, tertiæ costa plus minus in aristam rectam tenuem producta; terminalis florens brevis, mutica, cum palea minore hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis majoribus paullo rigescentibus inclusa, libera.—Gramen basi ramosum sæpeque reptans, foliis planis vaginis villosis sæpe glutinosis. Panicula terminalis, angusta, densa, ramis filuformibus ramulosis, spiculis minimis numerosis confertis.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, nuper etiam in collibus Natalensibus Africæ australis detecta. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. 1i. ii. t. 33 (Panicum).

54. ? Triscenta, Grisch. in Mem. Amer. Acad. ser. 2, viii. 534.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ paucæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, muticæ, 3 inferiores vacuæ, membranacæ, infima duplo minor, secunda tertiaque subæquales, 3 nerves; florens brevior, membranacæ; palea glumæ subæqualis, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti. Caryopsis oblonga, libera, embryone minuto.—Gramen cæspitosum, habitu Festucæ ovinæ, foliis setaceis recurvis caulem sæpe æquantibus. Spiculæ racemosæ, raræ, racemique breves in panicula distantes. (Char. cx Griseb.)

Species 1, Cubensis, a nobis non visa. Genus ex charactere date videtur Arthropogont affine sed aristæ desunt.

55. Arthropogon, Necs, Agrostol. Bras. 319.—Spiculæ secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ solitariæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore terminali unico hermaphrodito, addito interdum masculo inferiore. Glumæ 4, oxtima angusta, in acumen seu aristam angustata, secunda pariter vacua, paullo longior latiorque, rigidior, obtusa v. sub-2-dentata, costa in vol. III.

aristam brevem producta, tertia secundæ similis nisi mutica, sæpiusque paleam v. florem & fovens; terminalis florens brevior, mutica, tenuis, cum palea inclusa hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis rigidulis laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina rigidula, foliis ad basin caulis confertis secue caulem paucis planis sæpe pilosis. Panicula terminalis, longe pedunculata, patens, ramis filiformibus parce ramulosis. Spiculæ pilorum fasciculo cinctæ.

Species 2, Brasilienses (altera adhuc inedita). Kunth, Enum. i. 519; Rev. Gram. t. 200.

56. Reynaudia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. 195, t. 9.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ tonuis thyrsoideæ solitariæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 3 exteriores vacuæ, subsimiles, carinatæ, apice 2-fidæ, intra lobos arista recta instructæ, infima paullo minor longiusque aristata, 3-5-nervis, secunda paullo major, 5-7-nervis, tertia sub-5-nervis lobis aristaque brevioribus; terminalis florens angusta, hyalina, acuta, præter carinam enervis, vacuis paullo brevior; palea 0. Lodiculæ 4, quarum 2 exteriores (potius paleam nuncupandæ?) acuminatæ, 2 interiores latæ truncatæ. Stamina 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen cæspitosum, foliis ad basin caulis confertis filiformi-teretibus. Panicula longe pedunculata, brevis, angusta, gracilis, laxiuscula, ramis filiformibus brevibus paucispiculatis.

Species 1, ins. San Domingo et Cubæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 39.

57. Ehymchelytrum, Hochst. in Flora, 1844, 249, non Necs.—Spiculæ secus ramos inarticulatos paniculæ solitariæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore terminali unico hermaphrodito, addito interdum masculo inferiore. Glumæ 4, extima a cæteris distans, brevis, angusta, mutica, fasciculo pilorum cincta, secunda pariter vacua, concava, carinata, 3-5-nervis, dorso pilis longis ciliata, 2-dentata et inter dentes longe tenuiterque aristata, tertia secundæ similis æqualisque nisi sæpius paleam tenuem et interdum florem & fovens; terminalis florens multo brevior, cum palea subhyalina glabra, mutica. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis elongatis. Caryopsis (in speciminibus immatura) glumis induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina (annua?) elatiuscula, foliis siccitate convolutis complicatisve. Panicula terminalis, laxe thyrsoidea, ramulis pedicellisque tenuissimis sparais v. subfasciculatis.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ tropicæ incolæ. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 119, quoad species Abyssinicas. Specimina Abyssinica Schimperi n. 2310, a typicis Kotschyanis n. 370, spiculis minoribus minus pilosis aristis brevioribus etc. paullulum differre videntur. R. ruficomum, Hochst. in Steud. l.c. nobis ignotum est. Genus Rhynchelythrum ad plantam Dregeanam a Neesio in Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 64, constitutum valde diversum est, et evidenter Panicum (Tricholænam) roseum refert.

58. Thysanolsona, Nees in Pl. Meyen. 180. (Myriachæta, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Pl. Zoll. 101, ex descr.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, secus ramulos filiformes paniculæ subfasciculatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores multo breviores inæquales latæ muticæ, tertia pariter vacua, longior, membranacea, acute acuminata; terminalis florens brevior tenuiorque latior, obtusa, longe ciliata; paléa angusta, hyalina. Stamina 2-3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis minima, glumis inclusa quarum tertia rigescit.—Gramen elatum, foliis longis latisque. Panicula terminalis, maxima, ramis numerosissimis longe ramulosis primum strictis demum sæpe effusis, undique fasciculis subsecundis spicularum dense obtoctis; spiculæ ipsæ breviter pedicellatæ.

Species 1, per Asiam tropicam late dispersa, in Mauritio inquilina. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 119. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 87 (Panicum).

Setæ longæ, tenuissimæ, glumæ florenti in sicco appressæ, a glumis exterioribus fere obtectæ, oculo nudo non apparent, et a Steudelio prætermissæ, qui speciem alteram falsam setis destitutam distinxit.

59. Cieistachne, Benth. in Hook. Ir. Pl. xiv. 60, t. 1379.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, oblongæ, secus paniculæ ramos capillares inarticulatos solitariæ, dissitæ, cum pedicello ciliato articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 inferiores vacuæ, subæquales, latæ, rigidæ,

acutiusculæ, muticæ, plurinerves, circa florem convolutæ, clausæ, tertia vacua subbrevior, angusta, hyalina v. superne breviter membranacea villosaque; quarta sub flore a basi minima tenuissime hyalina in aristam longam rigidam tortam producta; palea minima, hyalina, truncata, ciliolata. Lodiculæ majusculæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis inferioribus rigide coriaceis arcte inclusa.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis longis planis. Panicula longa, anguste thyrsoidea, floribunda, pilosa, ramulis erectis flexuosis.

Species v. potius varietates 2, altera Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis, altera Africæ tropicæ incola. Genus primo aspectu Sorgho subsimile, sed spiculæ omnes hermaphroditæ nec unquam geminæ.

# TRIBUS V. ZOYSIEÆ.

60. Hilaria, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 116, t. 37. (Pleuraphis, Torr. in Ann. Lyc. N. York, i. 148, t. 10.)—Spiculæ ternæ, in fasciculum ebracteatum articulatim deciduum congeste, centralis flore unico fæmineo v. hermaphrodito, laterales floribus 2 masculis, fasciculis secus rhachin spicæ simplicis fere sessilibus. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, rigidulæ, tenues v. induratæ, involucrum simulantes, extima major, polymorpha, sæpius co-nervis, indivisa v. bifida, apice dentata v. lacera, dorso inter lobos aristata v. mutica, secunda angustior, sepius carinata, integra v. 2-dentata, mucronata subaristata v. mutica, tertia et quarta membranaceo-hyalinæ integræ v. apice dentatæ, utraque in spiculis masculis florem paleamque angustam involvens, tertia in spicula fertili vacua (v. interdum deficiens !); terminalis spiculæ fertilis nunc a basi lata longe lineari-acuminata, nunc gradatim angustata v. undique :equilata, florem Q v. ♀ paleamque angustam includens. Stamina 3. Styli basi breviter counati (v. distincti!), stigmatibus breviter plumosis. Caryopsis ovata v. breviter oblonga, glumis involucrantibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina basi decumbentia, ramosa v. caspitosa, stolones repentes sepius emittentia, foliis angustis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Spicæ in pedunculo terminali solitariæ, breves v. longiusculæ, fasciculis approximatis quaquaversis basi sæpius annulo pilorum cinctis a rhachi articulatim secedentibus. Spiculæ in fasciculo sessiles.

Species 5 v. 6, Mexicanæ, ab America centrali usque ad Texas et Californiam extensæ. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 72. Thurb. in Wats. Calif. Bot. ii. 293 (Pleuraphis). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 61.

Genus naturale et spicularum dispositione facile dignoscendum, etsi glumarum forma de specie in speciem magnopere variat, nec semper in cadem specie constans. In specie typica, H. cenchroide, H. B. et K., glumæ exteriores quam in cæteris reagis induratæ et gluma florens spiculæ fertilis basi breviter dilatata, in acumen longum producta ingign et florem Q includit. In Pleuraphi mutica, Buckl., glumæ exteriores latæ, integerrimæ, exaristatæ, et in hac flos spiculæ fertilis Q videtur. In P. Jamesii, Torr., flos spiculæ fertilis Q est.

HEXERRHENA, Prest, Rel. Hænk. i. 326, t. 45, a nobis non visa, ex icone et descriptione est plane Hilariæ species.

61. Egopogon, Humb. et Bonpl. in Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 899. (Schellingia, Steud. in Flora, 1850, 231, t. 1. Hymenothecium, Lag. Elench. Hort. Matr. Gen. et Sp. Nov. 4.)
—Spiculæ 1-floræ, per 2-6 fasciculatæ, fasciculis secus pedunculum seu rhachin continuam spicæ simplicis secundæ fere sessilibus dissitis, rhachilla ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, apice plus minus 3-dentatæ, dentibus lateralibus abbreviatis, medio aristiformi v. in aristam producto, 2 exteriores vacuæ, subbreviores, tertia florens, variant tamen exteriores v. una sola integerrima acuta, v. omnes apice latiusculæ emarginatæ muticæ, florens sæpius vacuis major, et evidentius 3-cuspidata; palea gluma paullo brevior, angustior, 2-nervis, 2-cuspidata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryo psis oblonga, glumis inclusa, fasciculo toto spicularum demum articulatim deciduo.—Gramina diffusa v. cæspitosa, tenuia, foliis angustis planis. Spicularum fasciculi secus pedunculum secundi, demum penduli, haud raro spiculas 1-3 tenues steriles v. ananthas cum fertil ibus mixtas continent.

Species 2, America tropica occidentalis a Bolivia usque ad Mexicum incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 235. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 22, f. 3, 4. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 42, 43. Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg. xv. 461; Gram. Mex. 71. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 45, t. 12. Genus habitu Melanocenchrum refert, characteribus potius Hilariæ affine.

62. ? Gathestechum, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 294, t. 42.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, ternatim fasciculatæ, fasciculis secus rhachin continuam spicæ simplicis secundæ fere sessilibus, floribus (omnibus?) hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, inæquales, mucronatæ v. breviter aristatæ, secunda spiculæ centralis breviter 2-loba, inter lobos breviter aristata; florentes longiores, breviter 4-fidæ, inter lobos aristatæ, aristis breviter plumosis; palea gluma brevior, apice breviter 2-3-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, longiusculi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen diffuse cæspitosum, ramis prostratis, foliis brevibus planis. Pedunculi ad apices ramorum plures, breves, spicularum fasciculis paucis parvulis approximatis (char. ex Presl).

Species 1, Mexicans, a nobis non visa.

Spicula centralis cujusve fasciculi ex descr. auctoris 4-flora, ex icone 2-flora, et descriptio non-nullis aliis notis vix cum icone convenit. Genus exeterum ex Preslio *Egopogoni* affine, differre videtur imprimis floribus in spicula 2, utroque hermaphrodito.

63. Anthephora, Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. ii. 105, t. 44.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, plures (ad 4) in fasciculum ebracteatum demum induratum articulatim deciduum congestæ, in quoque fasciculo sæpius 1-2 florem perfectum includentes, 2-3 steriles, fasciculis secus rhachin spicæ simplicis fere sessilibus. Glumæ 3 v. 4, extima dum adsit minima, secunda vacua, maxima, rigida, acuta v. in aristam brevem producta, tertia pariter vacua, sed brevis tenuisque; quarta florens tertiæ subæquilonga, sed cum palea inclusa tenuior. Stamina 3. Styli basi breviter connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata v. oblonga, compressa, glumis paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina ramosa v. cæspitosa, interdum elata, foliis planis mollibus v. elongatis angustisque. Spica terminalis, elongata, cylindracea, spicularum fasciculis quaquaversis v. secundis, rhachi flexuosæ arcte appressis.

Species nobis notæ 5, quarum una Americæ tropicæ, 4 Africæ tropicæ v. australis incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 58, t. 13, f. 8. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 111 (cxcl. sp. 5 et 6 ad Hilariam referendis). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 312, t. 44.

HYPUDEURUS, Hochst., genus ab A. Braunio in Flora 1841, 275, aliisque citatum, est Anthephora abussinica, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 389.

64. Trachys, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 85. (Trachyozus, Reichb. Consp. 48. Trachystachys, A. Dietr. Spec. Pl. ii. 16.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, plures in fasciculum 1-bracteatum demum induratum articulatim deciduum congestæ, in quoque fasciculo sæpius 1-3 florem perfectum includentes, cæteræ (3-6) steriles v. florem 3 includentes, fasciculis secus rifachin spicæ subsessilibus. Glumæ 3-4, muticæ, 1-2 exteriores breves, tenues, inæquales, vacuæ, tertia maxima, rigidula, ∞-nervis, vacua; terminalis florens brevior, cum palea inclusa tenuis, subhyalina. Stamina 3. Styli basi brevissime connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque tenuibus rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, ramosum, foliis planis mollibus. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi terminalis geminæ, rhachi flexuosa leviter dilatata. Spicularum fasciculi in facie inferiore rhacheos alterni, subsessiles, receptaculo pedicellisque spicularum post anthesin induratis, glumis majoribus rigidis post anthesin muricati.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 107, t. 21, f. 7. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 168. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 34 (Cenchrus). Retz, Obs. v. t. 1 (Panicum). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 206 (Panicum).

65. Tragus, Hall. Stirp. Helv. ii. 203. (Lappago, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 55.).—Spiculse 1-flores, plures (3-5) in fasciculum laxum demum articulatim deciduum confertes, terminalis cujusve fasciculi seepius sterilis, caeteres florem hermaphroditum includentes, fasciculis

secus rhachin spice brevissime pedicellatis quaquaversis. Glumæ 2 v. 3, infima minima sæpe deest, secunda vacua, rigida, costis aculeis glochidiatis echinatis; terminalis florens brevior, cum palea inclusa tenuis, hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, diffuse ramosum, foliis planis flaccidis. Spica terminalis, simplex, laxiuscula, fasciculis spicularum lappaceis facile secedentibus.

Species 1, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis latissime diffusa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 23, t. 6, f. 13. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 169. Rev. Gram. t. 120 (Lappago). Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. 45, t. 4 (Cenchrus). Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 36 (Lappago). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 23. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 30 (Lappago). Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 101 (Lappago). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. t. 18.

66. **Eatipes**, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 261, t. 42.— Spiculæ 1-floræ, in pedicello basi articulato solitariæ v. geminæ, secus rhachin racemi quaquaversæ, flore hermaphrodito, rarius in spicula una deficiente. Glumæ 3, infima angusta, rigida, valde concava, dorso muricata, secunda pariter vacua, infima subæquilonga, angustior, sæpe recurvo-patens, margine v. dorso muricata; terminalis florens multo brevior, cum palea inclusa, hyalina, lævis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma exteriore indurata muricata arcte inclusa, libera, gluma intima paleaque emarcidis sub fructu sæpius evanescentibus.—Gramen annuum, tenue, multicaule, rigidum, subramosum, foliis angustis. Racemus terminalis, simplex, laxus, elongatus, rhachi demum flexuosa. Spiculæ parvæ, in pedicello superne compresso dilatato sessiles.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ et Asiæ occidentalis incolæ a Senegambia usque ad Scinde. Genus a Steudelio cum Trago junctum.

67. **Lopholepis,** Dene. in Archiv. Mus. Par. i. 147. (Holboellia, Wall. in Hook. Bot. Misc. ii. 144, t. 76, non ejusd. Tent. Fl. Nepal.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, pedicellis basi articulatis, in racemo simplici quaquaversæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, extima vacua, incumbens, basi dorso in gibbum compressum ciliato-cristatum producta, et supra gibbum iterum in cristam ciliatam dilatata, secunda pariter vacua, a prima semitecta, qua subbrevior, recta, carina dorso ciliato-cristata; terminalis florens hyalina, vacuis 3-4-plo brevior, ovata, acuta; palea hyalina, inclusa. Stamina 2. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis a basi gibboso-incurva oblonga, glumis rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, gracile, elegans, multicaule, foliis planis. Racemus terminalis, simplex, spiculis numerosissimis breviter pedicellatis. Flores minutissimi, intra spiculas mox emarcidi, in speciminibus siccis rari, spiculis fere omnibus jam fructiferis.

Species 1, Peninsulæ Indiæ Orientalis incola.

68. Meurachne, R. Br. Prod. 196.—Spiculæ secus rhachin continuam spicæ densæ ovoideæ v. cylindraceæ sessiles, articulatæ, quaquaversæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali, addito rarissime altero inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, quarum secunda cæteris major, utro latere pilis intramarginalibus ciliata, tertia minor tenuiorque, sæpius paleam parvam rarissime florem masculum fovens; terminalis minor paleaque subæquilonga tenuiter hyalinæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque tenuibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, basi cæspitosa subramosa, caulibus sæpius strictis rigidulis, foliis planis v. convoluto-subteretibus. Spicæ terminales, pedunculatæ, in una specie spiculis inferioribus sterilibus quasi involucratæ, in cæteris anguste cylindraceæ.

Species 3, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 507, et in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1239 ad 1241.

69. Peretts, Ait. Hort. Kew. i. 85. (Xystidium, Trin. Fund. Agrost. 102.)—Spiculse 1-floræ, angustæ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ v. racemi laxi tenuis sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, lineares, rigidæ, in aristas longas rectas productæ, extima longiore; terminalis florens,

multo minor, cum palea adhuc minore tenuiter hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli basi breviter connati, stigmatibus plumosis brevibus. Caryopsis linearis, glumam intimam paleamque superans, glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, multicaulia v. basi ramosa, foliis sæpius brevibus. Spica terminalis, longa, rhachi tenui, spiculis nunc minimis densissime confertis, nunc longioribus sparsis.

Species apud auctores nonnullos 7, sed ad 2 v. 3 inter se ægre distinguendas reducendæ, Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ inter tropicos incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 5, t. 4, f. 9. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 185. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 92.

P. rara, Br., species Australiana, a speciminibus Asiaticis Africanisve P. latifolia, Ait., primo aspectu distinctissima apparet, quacum tamen intermediis numerosis connectitur.

70. Leptethrium, Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 470, t. 38, f. 2.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ breviter pedicellatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, subcoriaceæ, acutato-subulatæ, infima brevior, subcarinata, inæquilateralis, secunda involuta, a latere compressiuscula; florens hyalina, ovata, subcarinata, 1-nervis; palea triplo brevior. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus penicilliformibus. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen cæspitosum, glabrum, rıgidum, caulibus simplicibus, foliis margine involutis rigidis. Spica simplex, rhachi triangulari subflexuosa; spiculæ alternæ, pedicello cum rhachi articulato (char. ex Kunth).

Species 1, Americæ calidioris incola, a nobis non visa, a Kunthio ad specimen Humboldtianum descripta.

Genus evidenter Zoysae quam maxime affine, nee diversum nisi glumis vacuis 2, et patria.

71. Zoysia, Willd. in Gesellsch. Nat. Fr. Berlin N. Schr. iii. 440. (Matrella, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 73. Osterdamia, Neck. Elem. iii. 218.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ subsessiles v breviter pedicellatæ, appressæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, exterior vacua, lata, complicato-carinata, acutiuscula, mutica, interior florens multo minor, cum palea inclusa tenuis, hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, longiusculi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma exteriore leviter indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramina repentia, caulibus e basi ramosa breviter erectis rigidulis, foliis distichis rigidis sæpe pungentibus. Spica terminalis, pedunculata, simplex, tenuis, spiculis arcte appressis nec unilateralibus.

Species 2 v. 3 in maritimis Asiæ australis et orientalis, ins. Mascarensium, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ late dispersæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. i. t. 4, f. 1. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 471. Benth. Fl. Hongk. 418. Hance in Seem. Journ. Bot. vii. 168. Franch. et Savat. Enum. Pl. Jap. ii. 186, 608. Buchan. Grass. N. Zeal. t. 13 A.

72. Schaffnera, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiv. 59, t. 1378.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in pedunculis axillaribus brevissimis 1-3 subsessiles, articulatæ, rhachilla brevissima ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito interdum sterili. Glumæ 2, inferior vacua, spiculam sequans, co-nervis, 3-5-aristata, aristis lateralibus basi sæpe hyalino-appendiculatis; superior florens membranacea, fere hyalina, brevissime 2-loba, arista inter lobos fere dorsali longiuscula patente; palea gluma paullo brevior, tenuiter hyalina, 2-nervis, apice 2-dentata v. obtusa. Stamina 3, antheris longis angustis. Styli 2, distincti, elongati, tenuissimi, stigmatibus breviter plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen annuum, humile, diffuse ramosum, foliis brevibus setaceis, caulinis longe vaginatis. Pedunculi intra vaginas foliorum floralium subinclusi, inferior interdum solitarius elongatus, 3-spiculatus, superiores in vagina fasciculati, breves, insequales. Spiculæ in quoque pedunculo 1 v. 2, aliæ perfestæ fertilesque, aliæ steriles v. vacuæ.

## Species 1, Mexicana.

Genus affinitatis valde dubise. Primo aspectu iconem Cathestechi refert, spicularum structura Zeysia uccedit, folia floralia Andropogonis (Cymbopogonis) v. Apludae.

### TRIBUS VI. ANDROPOGONEA.

73. Imperata, Cyr. Pl. Rar. Ic. ii. 26, t. 11, fide Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 136.—Spiculæ secus ramulos continuos paniculæ angustæ densæ geminæ, inæqualiter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore unico hermaphrodito terminali, addito rarius altero inferiore sterili. Glumæ 4, omnes tenues, hyalinæ, muticæ, 2 exteriores vacuæ, pilosæ, tertia glabra, vacua v. rarius paleam floremque masculum v. sterilem fovens; terminalis florens, adhuc minor, glabra; palea apice truncata dentataque. Stamina 1-2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis parva, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, erecta, sæpe elata, foliis longis. Panicula spiciformis, terminalis, longa, dense cylindracea, pilis longis spiculas involventibus pulchre argenteo-sericea.

Species 3 v. 4, per regiones tropicas et subtropicas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in orbe vetere usque ad Europam australem Chinam et Japoniam extense. Beauv. Agrostogr. 7, t. 5, f. 1. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 405. Anders. in Ofvers. K. Vet. Akad. Stockh. 1855, 157. Cav. Ic. t. 292 (Saccharum). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 55. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 54 (Saccharum). Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 40. Ten. Fl. Neap. t. 211 (Saccharum).

I. sacchariflora, Maxim. Prim. Fl. Amur. 331, c China boreali et regione Amurense, paniculæ ramis elongatis patentibus et staminibus 3, melius sub Miscantho militare videtur, etsi glumæ exaristatæ. I. ramosa, Anders., species gerontogea, est, docente Munroio, omnino eadem ac I. caudata, Anders., ex America. Hæc species cum speciminibus Americanis I. arundinacea, genus Syllmpis, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 52, format ab auctore distinctum lodiculis connatis, quas tamen frustra quæsivimus. An Fournier paleam latam hyalinam truncato-4-dentatam pro lodiculis connatis habet?

74. Miscanthus, Anders. in Ofvers. K. Vet. Akad. Stockh. 1855, 165. (Eulalia, Trin. pro parte, Munro in Benth. Fl. Hongk. 420, non Kunth.)—Spiculæ secus ramulos continuos paniculæ patentis geminæ, inæqualiter pedicellatæ, cum pedicello articulatæ, flore unico hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores majores vacuæ, membranaceæ, 3-7-nerves v. extima rarius parinervi, muticæ, tertia pariter vacua, sed tenuior, interdum tenuissime hyalina, mutica; terminalis florens tenuiter hyalina, breviter v. alte 2-fida, arista inter lobos sæpius tenuissima subgeniculata basi torta, rarius brevissima v. omnino deficiens; palea tenuiter hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis.—Gramina elata, foliis angustis sæpius planis. Panicula terminalis, ampla, pilis longis sericea v. rarius fere glabra, ramis patentibus simplicibus v. vix divisis.

Species 8, quarum una Africæ australis, cæteræ Asiæ orientalis ab Archipelago Malayano usque ad Japoniam incolæ. Labill. Sert. Austr. Calid. t. 18 (Saccharum). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 64. Præter species ab Andersonio l. c. enumeratas ad Muscanthum pertinent Eriochrysis fusca, Trin. (E. attenuata, Nees in Steud. Syn. Glum. i. 411), ex India orientali, Imperata sacchariflora, Maxim., e China boreali, gluma florente mutica, et Eulalia cotulifera, Munro (Ecconorus, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 123), species Japonica, panicula pilis sericeis orbata insignis; glumæ ipsæ parcissime tantum pubescentes.

Genera Imperata et Miscanthus quoad paniculæ ramos inarticulatos Tristegineis imprimis Garnotiæ et Arundinellæ prope accedunt, ob habitum tamen et glumæ florentis tenuitatem a vicinitate Erianthi et Saochari non removenda.

75. Saccharum, Linn. Gen. n. 73.—Spiculæ secus ramulos articulatos paniculæ densæ v. amplæ geminæ, altera sessili, altera pedicellata, utraque fertili, flore unico hermaphrodito v. rarius in spicula pedicellata fœmineo. Glumæ 4. 3 vacuæ, acutæ v. subsetoso-acuminatæ, hyalinæ v. basi membranaceæ v. leviter induratæ, ab extima majore ad tertiam minorem gradatim tenuiores; terminalis florens brevior, mutica, cum palea brevi tenuiter hyalina. Stamina 3 Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, foliis planis v. angustis siccitateque convolutis. Panicula terminalis, pilis longis sericeis undique dense obtecta, nunc ampla dense floribunda, ramulis numerosissimis tenuibus spiciformibus ad quodque par spicularum articu-

latis, nunc contracta dense spiciformis, articulis minus caducis. Spiculæ minimæ, pilis longis involutæ, terminales cujusve ramuli nunc ternæ, centrali sessili, lateralibus pedicellatis, nunc ut ad nodos inferiores geminæ.

Species ad 12, nonnullæ tamen inter se parum distinctæ, genuinæ orbis veteris regionum tropicarum et subtropicarum incolæ, quarum una etiam in America calidiore diu culta. Beauv. Agrostogr. 6, t. 4, f. 10. Kunth. Enum. Pl. i. 474. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 405. Hook. Bot. Misc. t. 26. Hayne, Areneigew. ix. t. 30, 31. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 232. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 103.

ERIOCHEVSIS, Beauv. Agros' yr. 8, t. 4, f. 11, Lam. Illustr. t. 908, est species Americana tropica a Saccharo non distinguenda nisi panicula contracta densissima spiciformi continua v. interrupta spiculis rufo-villosis. Glumæ exteriores membranaceæ demum rigidulæ, non tamen magis induratæ quam in Saccharis nonnullis genuinis, nec basi incrassatis ut in Saccharo spontaneo. In speciebus gerontogeis a Neesio et Munroio Eriochrysi additis e.g. in Eriochryse pallida, Munro in Harv. Gen. S. Afr. Pl. ed. 2,440, ex Africa australi et præsertim in E. Narenga, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 411, et in E. longifolia, Munro, ex India orientali, spicæ v. paniculæ ramuli longiores et habitus fere specierum genuinarum, in his glumæ non rigidiores quam in S. officinarum. Eriochrysis fusca, Trin. (E. attenuata, Nees), ex India orientali, est Miscanthi species.

Hackel in litteris monet genus Eriochrysin retinendum esse ad E. cayennensem speciesque 2 austro-Americanas ei affines (incluso Anathero holcoide, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 324, Andropogone holcoide, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 160) quas distinuit imprimis spicula pedicellata cujusve paris florem fæmineum nec hermaphroditum fovente. In E. Narcnga et in E. longifolia stamina certe perfecte in utraque spicula. In E. pallida, spicula pedicellata sessili simillima est, pistillum perfectum fovens sed stamina in utraque frustra quæsivimus, omnibus verisimiliter jam delapsis. In E. cayennense et in E. holcoide, spicula pedicellata etsi fertilis et cæterum sessili simillima, sæpius nec semper minor est, et stamina omnino deesse videntur v. ad staminodia brevia reducta. In spicula sessili stamina caducissima, pauca tamen in speciminibus supersunt. Cæterum differentia inter flores ? et ?, si pariter fertiles, multo minoris momenti videtur quam inter flores ? steriles et ? v. ? fertilesque et Hackel in litteris ultimis de genere suo dubius videtur. Habitus E. holcoidis potius speciebus gerontogeis quam E. cayennensi accedit.

76. Srianthus, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 54. (Ripidium, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 169.)
—Spiculæ secus ramulos articulatos paniculæ densæ longæ v. amplæ geminæ, homogamæ, altera sessili altera pedicellata, flore unico hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores membranaceæ, sæpe rigidulæ, subæquales, vacuæ, extima 4 5-nervis sæpe 2-dentata, secunda tenuior ∞-nervis, tertia brevior, hyalina, vacua; terminalis florens hyalina, nunc setaceo-acuminata, nunc in aristam rectam v. vix subgeniculatam producta; palea hyalina, parva v. rarius longiuscula. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, elongati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius elata, foliis planis v. angustis siccitateque convolutis. Panicula terminalis, nunc angusta densissima, nunc laxius patens v. interdum unilateralis, pilis longis sericeis sæpius densissime obtecta, ramis primariis sæpius ramosis ultimis seu spicis ad quodque par spicularum articulatis. Spiculæ pubescentes v. sæpius sericeo-pilosæ, terminales cujusve ramuli sæpius terni.

Species ad 12, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis disperse, usque ad Europam australem Chinam Japoniam et civitates australiores Americæ borealis extensæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 14, t. 5, f. 2. Anders. in Ofvers. K. Nat. Akad. Stock. 1855, 160 (excl. sp. nonnullis ad Polliniam referendis). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 5 (Saccharum). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 3, iii. t. 1 (Andropogon). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 90. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 55 (Saccharum). Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 52 (Saccharum).

Genus quoad species typicas, E. saccharoidem, Mich., et E. Ravenne, Beauv., affinesque facillime distinctum; species tamen paucæ Austro-Americanæ gluma fertili apice ad latera aristæ sæpe 2-fida genus cum Polliniæ sect. Eulalia arcte connectunt. E. stricta, Nees, ex America boreali insignis est glumis pubescentibus quidem, sed panicula pilis sericeis cæterum specierum omnino orbata.

77. Spediepegen, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 192, t. 17.—Spiculæ ad apices ramulorum articulatorum paniculæ ternæ, una sessili inter 2 stipitatas, interdumque adsunt paria 1-2 inferiora, altera in pari sessili altera stipitata, flore in omnibus unico hermaphrodito

v. abortu fæmineo terminali, addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, tenuiter membranaceæ, longe ciliatæ, subæquales, muticæ, tertia minor, hyalina, paleam sæpeque in apicula sessili florem & fovens; terminalis florens hyalina, alte 2-fida, arista inter lobos longa geniculata, basi torta, palea tenuissima brevi, flore & v. abortu & Stamina 3. Styli distincti, atignatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoideo-oblonga, glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, foliis latiusculis planis. Panicula longe pedunculata, anguste thyrsoidea, laxa v. densa, molliter sericeo-ciliata, ramulis pedunculisque breviter filiformibus.

Species 3, Asiæ temperatæ et Indiæ orientalis incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 66.

Genus a Pollinia, uti Chrysopogon ab Andropogone, differt inflorescentia, et includit præter S. sibirioum, Turcz., S. pogonanthum, Boiss., et S. albidum, Benth. (Andropogon albidum, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8821).

Specimina Bourgeana n. 2970, S. foliati, Fourn., a typico Eriantho saccharoidi, Mich., distinguere nequimus. S. angustifolius, Trin., est Polliniæ species, aliæ nonnullæ in Ischæmo quærendæ.

78. Pollinia, Trin. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, ii. 304, non Spreng.—Spiculæ secus ramulos simplices articulatos paniculæ geminæ, homogamæ, altera sessili altera pedicellata, flore unico hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4 v. rarius 3, extima major, vacua, membranacea, mutica, sæpius truncata, dentata v. ciliata, secunda pariter vacua, sæpius tenuior, acuta v. in aristam tenuem rectam producta, tertia tenuiter hyalina, vacua v. deficiens; terminalis florens, hyalina, nunc apice 2-fida sæpiusque inter lobos tenuiter v. valide aristata, nunc ad basin hyalinam stipitiformem aristæ validæ reducta, arista geniculata basi plus minus torta; palea parva hyalina v. 0. Stamina (an semper!) 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina nunc tenuia basi decumbentia ramosaque, nunc elatiora, foliis sæpius angustis interdum longe subulato-acuminatis. Panicula terminalis, ramis simplicibus spiciformibus ad apicem pedunculi subdigitato-approximatis, v. secus pedunculum numerosioribus inferioribus interdum basi geminatim v. subfasciculatim conjunctis, nec ut in Ervantho ulterius ramulosis.

Species ad 25, Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ tropicæ incolæ, in Asia orientali extra tropicos parce extensæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 66.

Genus inflorescentia Andropogoni sect. Gymnandropogoni accedit, spiculis cujusve paris homogamis potius Eriantho affine, in sectiones 2 sequentes facile dividitur:

- 1. Eulalia. Spicæ densifloræ, rhachi pedicellisque plus minus pilis sericeis sæpe fulvis more Erianthi obtectis. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 524. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 17 (Pogonatherum). Bory, Voy. Iles Afr. t. 21 (Andropogon). Eulalia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 359, t. 93. Trm. Spec. Gram. t. 332. P. eriopoda, Hance (Spodiopogon angustifolius, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 336), ex India et China, insignis est caule basi incrassato dense lanato. Ad sect. Eulaliam etiam referendæ videatur Erianthus longisetus, Anders., E. versicolor, Nees, E. filifolius, Nees, aliæque nonnulæ, spicis numerosis in paniculam longam amplam dense confertis longe sericeo-pilosis, inferioribus basi sæpe fasciculatim conjunctis.
- 2. Leptatherum. Spicæ sæpius tenues iis Arthraxi accedentes, rhachi præter annulum pilorum brevium ad basin spicularum nuda. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 19 (Eulalia).
- In P. nude, Trin. (P. imberbi, Nees), spicæ undique glabræ, ciliis ad basin spicularum deficientibus, arista glumæ fertilis tenuissime capillacea e spicula exseritur. Microstegium, Nees in Stoud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 411, est species P. nudæ valde affinis, P. Willdenowianum, Benth., rhachi spicarum pariter nuda, sed arista glumæ fertilis deest. Leptatherum, Nees in Proc. Linn. Soc. i. (1841) 92, est P. lancea, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 410, P. nudæ affinis, sed spiculæ annulo ciliarum nunc brevissimarum nunc longiuscularum cinctæ sunt. Nemastachys, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 357, ex ins. Taiti, ex char. dato videtur Pollinuæ (Leptatheri) species.

POLLINIA, Spreng. Pl. Min. Cogn. Pug. ii. 10, genus fictum fuit ad species varias Andropogonis Chrysopogonis et Polliniæ, charactere manco junctas, et a Trinio rite deletum fuit et de novo constitutum.

79. Posonatherum, Beauv. Agrostogr. 56, t. 11, f. 7. (Homoplitis, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 166.)— Spiculæ secus rhachin articulatam spicæ simplicis secundæ geminæ,

altera sessili altera stipitata, flore in utraque unico fertili, addito interdum altero infero masculo. Glumæ 4 v. rarius 3, tenues, extima vacua, spicula paullo brevior, mutica, secunda pariter vacua, cæteris paullo longior, latiuscula, membranacea, subhyalina, dorso sub apice longe aristata, tertia hyalina, mutica, in spicula sessili vacua v. florem đ rarissime  $\nabla$  sterilemque fovens, in spicula pedicellata vacua v. deficiens; terminalis florens brevis, hyalina, 2-fida, inter lobos longe tenuiterque aristata, flore in utraque spicula  $\nabla$  v. in sessili  $\nabla$ ; palea brevis, nunc minima. Stamina 1 v. 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramen tenue, sæpe ramosissimum. Pedunculi filiformes, basi vagina stipati; spica unica, obliqua, tenuis sed densa, aristis longis tenuibus insignis.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ et Japoniæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 477. Rev. Gram. t. 161, 162. Thunb. Fl. Jap. t. 7 (Andropogon).

80. Apocopis, Nees in Proc. Linn. Soc. i. (1841) 93. (Amblyachyrum, Hochst. in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 413, et in Flora, 1856, 25.)—Spiculæ perfectæ secus rhachin articulatam spicæ sessiles, cum rudimento stipitiformi ciliato spiculæ alterius, flore fertili unico terminali addito sæpissime altero masculo infero. Glumæ 4, extima vacua latissima, membranacea, multinervis, truncata, denticulata, cæteras involvens, secunda pariter vacua, angustior, tenuior v. subhyalina, truncato-dentata, mutica v. arista recta instructa, tertia angusta, hyalina, paleam angustam sæpissimeque florem fovens; terminalis tenuissima, hyalina, angusta, in aristam exsertam geniculatam basi tortam nunc longam nunc minimam producta v. rarius mutica, paleam angustam hyalinam florenque ç v. rarius ç fovens. Stamina 2. Styli distincti. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma extima involuta, libera.—Gramina perennia, basi sæpe diffuse ramosa, glabra v. molliter pilosa, foliis planis angustis non cordatis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi sæpe tenues, solitariæ v. geminæ, dense, erectæ, rhachi ad nodos annulo pilorum ciliata, et gluma extima ipsa interdum fasciculo pilorum instructa. Spiculæ inferiores spicæ interdum tenuiores, exaristatæ, florem unicum fincludentes.

Species 5 v. 6, Indiæ orientalis, Chinæ et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 67. Huc pertinent A. Royleana, Nees (Ischæmum paleaceum, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 333, Andropogon paleaceus et A himalayensis, Steud.), arista sæpius brevissima v. evanida rarius spicula longiore, et A. tridentata, Benth., Andropogon tridentatus, Roxb., species insignis arista longa, et spicis junioribus sæpius bractea ampla spathiformi caduca inclusis. Dentes laterales glumæ extimæ cæteris sæpius distincte longiores.

81. Dimeria, R. Br. Prod. 204. (Haplachne, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 234, t. 38. Didactylon, Zoll. et Mor. Verz. Pfl. Zoll. 99. Psilostachys, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 413. Pterygostachyum, Nees ex Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 413.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, secus rhachin tenuem continuam spicæ unilateralis solitariæ, sessiles, cum rhachi articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, lineares, rigidulæ, carinatæ, muticæ, tertia pariter vacua sed minor, tenuis, hyalına; florens tenuiter hyalina, integra v. 2-loba, arista terminali v. inter lobos tenui basi torta geniculata: palea minuta v. 0. Stamina (an semper?) 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina tenuia, annua, cæspitosa v. rarius elatiora et forte perennia, glabra v. patentim pilosa. Spicæ tenues, ad apicem pedunculi terminalis elongati solitariæ geminæ v. plures confertæ.

Species ad 10, Asise tropicse et orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani et Australise tropicse incolse. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 412. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 522.

82. Arthraxon, Beauv. Agrostogr. 111, t. 11, f. 6. (Pleuroplitis, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 174. Batratherum, Nees in Edinb. N. Phil. Journ. xviii. 180. Lucsea, Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 489, t. 159. Lasiolytrum, Steud. in Flora, 1846, 18. Alectoridia, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 447, t. 99. Psilopogon, Hochst. in A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 447).—Spiculse perfectse 1-floræ, secus rhachin articulatam spicæ sessiles, cum rudimento stipitiformi brevi rarius glumifero v. deficiente, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, extima cæteris major,

vacua, membranacea, multinervis, sæpius acuta, secunda pariter vacua, angustior, carinata, acuta, tertia parva, hyalina, vacua; terminalis florens quam exteriores brevior, hyalina sed carinata, dorso prope basin arista tenui geniculata basi torta instructa; palea minima, hyalina. Stamina (an semper?) 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina tenera, sæpius diffusa, ramosa, rarius elatiora. Folia plana, vagina appressa, lamina in caule sessili plana, plus minus cordato-lanceolata. Spicæ tenues, laxæ, sæpius plures ad apicem pedunculi irregulariter subdigitatæ. Spiculæ secundæ rudimentum valde variabile, in specie Japonica (Pleuroplitis, Trin.) nonnullisque aliis sæpius nec semper deest, in plerisque setiforme, in aliis apice in glumam expansum.

Species ad 10, plures tamen inter se ægre distinguendæ, pro maxima parte Asiæ tropicæ incolæ, sed usque ad Chinam, Japoniam, Australiam tropicam, Africam tropicam et Orientem extensæ.

83. Elionurus, Humb. et Bonpl. in Willd. Spec. Pl. iv. 941.—Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos excavatam geminæ, altera sessili fertili, altera pedicellata sterili, flore in sessili unico hermaphrodito addito rarius altero infero masculo, in pedicellata unico masculo v. sæpius 0. Glumæ 4, omnes muticæ, extima cæteris major, membranacea, sæpissime apice 2-fida, secunda pariter vacua brevior tenuior rigidula acuta, tertia sæpius vacua et terminalis florens tenuissime hyalinæ; palea minuta v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina nunc elatiuscula ramosa, nunc humilia cæspitosa, foliis sæpius rigidulis v. elongatis siccitate convolutis. Spicæ terminales, simplices, pilis longis sericeis dense obtectæ, spiculis fertilibus rhachi appressis, sterilium gluma extima sæpe patens.

Species ad 12, pro maxima parte Americæ tropicæ et Africæ tropicæ et extratropicæ incolæ, una in Oriente obvia, una in Australia tropica. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 480; Rev. Gram. t. 94. J. A. Schmidt, Fl. Cap. Verd. Ins. 154. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 509. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 14, f. 1. (Rottboellia). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 62, 63.

Genus a Rottboellia differt imprimis pilis longis sericeis rhachin spicæ et pedicellos obtegentibus, a Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 364, aliisque ad Andropogonem relatum, sed spiculæ nunquam aristatæ.

LASIURUS, Boiss. Diagn. ser. 2, iv. 145, est Rottboellia hirsuta, Vahl, a Munroio bene ad Elionurum relata, a Boissiero distinguitur imprimis spiculis ad nodos rhacheos ternis, 2 sessilibus, tertia pedicellata, quod tamen certe non constans est etsi sæpe in parte inferiore spice densæ spiculas ternas v. quaternas vidimus, in aliis spicis omnes ad normam geminæ sunt.

84. Rettboellia, Linn. f. Nov. Gram. Gen. in Amen. Acad. x. 22, pro parte. (Stegosia, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 51.)—Spiculæ secus spicæ cylindraceæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos excavatam geminæ, altera sessili fertili, altera pedicellata sterili v. vacua, flore in perfecta unico hermaphrodito, addito interdum inferiore masculo. Glumæ spiculæ perfectæ 4, obtusæ, muticæ, extima ovata, coriacea, cavum rhacheos obtegens, secunda pariter vacua rigidula at tenuior, tertia vacua v. florem f fovens, et terminalis florens cum palea tenuiter hyalinæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpe elata, hispida v. glabra, foliis planis. Pedunculi in vaginis superioribus solitarii v. fasciculati, spicam simplicem v. rarissime basi in ramos 2-3 divisam ferentes. Rhachis glabra v. rarius ad nodos ciliata. Spicula perfecta arcte appressa, pedicellata, gluma exteriore sæpe patente, variat flore specio hermaphrodito sed sterili v. masculo, v. ad glumas 1-2 vacuas reducta.

Species ad 18, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis dispersæ, una in Oriente obvia. Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. i. 360. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 512. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 91. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 157. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 20.

In R. muricata, Retz (R. glandulosa, Trin.), quæ Ccelobhachis, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 64, t. 14, et in R. myuro, Benth. (quæ Pritophora, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 73, Beauv. Agrostogr. 119, t. 21, f. 11, Manisuris sp. Rozb. Corom. Pl. t. 117, Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 43), gluma exterior spiculæ perfectæ rigida, apice utrinque ala membranacea aucta, quod tamen etsi minus distincte observatur in R. rugosa, Nutt. Hæ species omnes nobis veræ Rottboelliæ videntur, nec cum Hemarthria nec cum Manisuri associandæ.

Phacelurus, Griseb. Spicil. Pl. Rumel. ii. 423 (Pholiurus, Trin. in Spreng. N. Enid. ii. 67. non ejud. Fundam. Agrost.), est R. digitata, Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 92 (R. Sandorii, Friwaldsky in A. Magyar Tudós Tarsaság Evkönyvei, v. Hungariæ Sc. Soc. Annal. iv. 206, t. 12, v. 2), species orientalis insignis spica elongata interdum at rarius basi ramis paucis brevibus instructa, spicularam paribus dissitis, gluma exteriore longe acuminata, et spicula utraque sæpe florem hermaphroditum cum masculo fovente. Rhachillæ continuationem inter glumas florentes a Grisebachio indicatam frustra quæsivimus. Species sectionem distinctissimam potius quam genus proprium offert.

CYMBACHNE, Retz, Obs. vi. 36, gramen Bengalense, nobis ignotum a Willdenowio ad Rottboelliam refertur. Descriptio Retzii potius Hemarthriam refert, sed ab omnibus speciebus utriusque generis discrepat foliis supra vaginam longe ciliatis et glumis vacuis dorso longe ciliatis, genus igitur dubium remanet.

APOGONIA, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 63, species 2 continet Mexicanas quas a genere Rottboellia distinguere nequimus. Sectio Apogonia, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 83 (Rottboellia ciliaris), est Elionuri species, seu varietas E. ciliaris, H. B. et K., a forma typica parum distincta spiculis brevius ciliatis; gluma exterior variat in speciminibus Austro-Americanas dorso plus minus pilosa v. glabrata.

85. **Ophiurus**, R. Br. Prod. 206.—Spiculæ perfectæ 1-floræ, secus spicæ cylindraceæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos excavatam solitariæ v. geminæ, sessiles, absque spicula pedicellata, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, obtusæ v. acutæ, muticæ, extima dura, cavum rhacheos obtegens, secunda pariter vacua, rigidula at tenuior, concava v. carinata, tertia vacua v. florem & fovens et terminalis florens cum palea tenuiter hyalinæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius ramosa, foliis planis. Pedunculi in vaginis superioribus solitarii v. fasciculati, singuli basi vagina stipati, spicam simplicem ferentes. Rhachis glabra.

Species nobis notæ 4, Asiæ. Africæ et Australiæ incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 116, t. 21, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 464. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 69.

Genus Ophiurus primum a Gærtnero fil. Fruct. iii. 3, t. 181, includit Lepturum, Br., et Ophiurum, Br., charactere imprimis ad priorem instructo. Quale a Brownio reformatum constate O. corymbosa, Gærtn. (Rotthoellia, Linn., Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 181; O. æthiopica, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 360), et O. monostachya, Presl (O. undulata, Noes), quæ omnes a Rotthoellia differunt spicularum sterilium stipitatarum absentia. His addenda est O. lævis, Benth. (Mnesithea, Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 465; Thyridostachyum, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2. 379, Rotthoellia lavis, Retz, Obs. iii. 11, R. perforata, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 182), species Indica spiculis in parte inferiore spicæ v. interdum in tota spica ad quemque nodum rhacheos geminis, cavo rhacheos inter spiculas septo longitudinali interdum perforato diviso. Pars superior spicarum plurimarum omnino Ophiuri, spiculis ad nodos singulis, sed facile decidua, parte inferiore spiculis geminis diutius persistente. Interdum vero spica junior usque ad apicem spiculas geminas ferre videtur.

86. Extraburgia. Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 487, t. 158.—Spiculæ perfectæ 1-floræ, ad quemque nodum spicæ geminæ, complanatæ, erectæ, faciebus sibimet applicitis, in flexuris alternis rhacheos sessiles, inter rhachim et stipitem spiculæ sterilis quibus cinctæ, paribus alternatim 2-seriatis sed specie 1-seriatim superpositis, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, muticæ, extima coriacea margine tuberculata dorso scrobiculata, secunda pariter vacua paullo brevior fere hyalina at rigidula; terminalis florens, cum palea minore tenuissime hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli distincti stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis compressa, gluma extima indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramen humile, cæspitosum, decumbens, foliis brevibus planis. Spica in pedunculo terminali elegantissima, complanata, undique æquilata et continua apparet spiculis superpositis, sed rhachis marginibus spicularum alternatim a dextro et a sinistro accumbit, stipite spiculæ sterilis ad marginem oppositam sita; hujus glumæ sæpius 1-2 minimæ vacuæ.

Species 1, ad ripas fluminis Irawaddi Burmæ a Wallichio detecta. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. iii, 48, t. 273 (Airinia in tabula).

87. Manisuris, Linn. Mant. 164, m. 1334.—Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos excavatam geminæ, altera sessili flore unico hermaphrodito, altera pedicellata

anantha. Glumæ spiculæ perfectæ 4, muticæ, extima vacua, dura, globosa, cavum rhacheos obtegens, secunda pariter vacua, minor, concava, tenuis at rigidula, tertia vacua et terminalis florens parvæ, tenues, hyalinæ; palea minuta v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma extima globosa inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, ramosum, sæpius patentim pilosum, foliis planis. Pedunculi singuli vagina folii floralis stipati, spicam unicam ferentes, inflorescentia tota sæpe paniculam irregularem foliatam formante, spiculis parvis graniformibus foveolatis insignem.

Species 1, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersa. Beauv. Agros/ogr. 119, t. 21, f. 10; Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 469. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 118. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 14. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii, ii. t. 46.

88. **Emarthria**, R. Br. Prod. 207.—Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin subarticulatam ad nodos excavatam geminæ, altera sessilis, flore unico hermaphrodito; altera pedicellata, anantha v. flore unico sterili, pedicello sæpe rhachi adnato. Glumæ spiculæ perfectæ 4, extima vacua, acuta v. acuminata, arcte appressa, cavum rhacheos obtegens, secunda pariter vacua, tenuior, concava v. carinata, tertia vacua et terminalis florens cum palea parva tenuiter hyalinæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina basi sæpius decumbentia ramosaque, foliis planis. Pedunculi terminales v. in axillis superioribus subfasciculati vaginaque stipati, spica simplici sæpius plus minus compressa. Spiculæ pedicellatæ e glumis 2–3 vacuis v. rarius florem sterilem foventibus, pedicello sæpe usque ad nodum superiorem rhacheos adnato, quo spicula sessilis apparet perfectæ nodi superioris subopposita.

Species vix 3, bene distinctæ, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, in maritimis orbis veteris frequentiores, ubi usque ad regionem Mediterraneam extensæ; in America rariores. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 358. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 510. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 36 (Rottboellia). Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 21, f. 8 (Rottboellia). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 156 (Rottboellia). Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 15.

LODICULARIA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 108, t. 21, f. 6, ob synonymon ab auctore citatum ad Hemarthriam refertur, sed nec character nec icon Beauvoisii conveniunt, et genus omnino dubium romanet.

89. **Vossia**, Wall. et Griff. in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. v. 572, t. 23.—Spiculæ secus rhachin flexuosam subarticulatam ad nodos excavatam spicæ cylindraceæ v. subunilateralis geminæ, altera sessilis flore terminali hermaphrodito inferiore masculo, altera pedicellata floribus 1–2 masculis. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, rigidæ, extima major, sæpe muricata, acute acuminata v. in spicula pedicellata in aristam longam producta, tertia et quarta florentes breviores, cum paleis tenuissime hyalinæ, muticæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera. — Gramina sæpe aquatica, procera, foliis planis. Spicæ (paniculæ rami simplicæs) secus peduñculi apicem sæpius plures, dissitæ, rarius ad unam elongatam reductæ.

Species nobis notæ 5, Africanæ, tropicæ v. australes, quarum una etiam in India orientali late dispersa. Munro in Harv. Gen. S. Afr. Pl. ed. 2, 441. Grant in Trans. Lenn. Soc. xxix. t. 116.

Genus Isclæmo affine, differt spicis sæpissime pluribus et glumis florentibus ut in Rottboellicis constanter exaristatis. Ischæmum speciosum, Noes, ex India orientali, forte Vossiis Africanis addendum est.

EREMOCHIOA, Büse in Pl. Jungh. 357, species Sumatrana nec a Miquelio nec a nobis visa, ex charactere dato ad Vossiam referenda videtur, glumarum acumine (si verba auctoris recte intellegimus) rigidiore spinescente.

90. Thelepogon, Roth, Nov. Pl. Spec. 62. (Jardinia, Steud. in Flora, 1850, 229; Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 360.)—Spiculæ perfectæ secus rhachin flexuosam subarticulatam ad nodos excavatam spicæ unilateralis sessiles, cum pedicello anguste glumiformi spiculæ alterius abortivæ, flore hermaphrodito unico terminali cum inferiore masculo. Glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, rigidæ, acutæ, exaristatæ, dorso tuberculato-rugosæ, extima rhachi arcta

applicita, tertia brevior, hyalina, mutica, paleam brevem floremque & fovens; terminalis hyalina, 2-fida, inter lobos arista longa rigida superne torta instructa, paleam parvam floremque & fovens. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis exterioribus rigidis inclusa, libera.—Gramina decumbentia v. erecta, foliis planis. Spicæ 2-∞, ad apicem pedunculi fasciculatæ, erectæ, glabræ, rhachi rigida flexuosa; spiculæ in facie inferiore alternæ, rhachi applicitæ, pedicello nudo sæpius spiculam perfectam paullo superante.

Species editæ 3, Indiæ orientalis et Africæ tropicæ incolæ, vix tamen inter se distinctæ. A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. t. 102 (Andropogon).

Synonymon Rothii a Neesio in Pl. Wight. distrib. perperam ad *Ischæmum semisagittatum* relatum est. Descriptio Rothii cum planta vera optime convenit.

91. **Ischsemum**, Linn. Gen. n. 1148.—Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos geminæ, altera sessilis flore terminali hermaphrodito cum inferiore masculo, altera pedicellata, nunc sessili conformis, nunc flore unico hermaphrodito v. masculo v. floribus 2 masculis v. ad glumas vacuas reducto. Glumæ spiculæ sessilis 4, extima vacua, cæteris major, truncata v. 2-dentata, mutica, secunda pariter vacua, carinata, interdum in aristam brevem producta, tertia paullo minor, hyalina v. rigidula, paleam floremque masculum fovens; terminalis sub flore hermaphrodito (v. fœmineo?) basi hyalina, integra v. 2-fida, sæpe vix arista latior, in aristam longam basi tortam superne geniculatam v. rarius ad setam parvam reductam producta, rarissime omnino mutica; palea parva, tenuiter hyalina v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis planis nunc angustis nunc latioribus brevibusque. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi terminalis solitariæ v. sæpius 2-∞, confertæ, sessiles, rhachi ad nodos sæpius leviter excavata.

Species ad 30, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 107, t. 21, f. 5. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 511; Rev. Gram. t. 98, 99. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 368 et 374 (Andropogonis sect. 6 et 14). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 518. Sulisb. Ic. Stirp. Rar. t. 1. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 12, 13.

Genus ab Andropogone differt spiculis sessilibus 2-floris, spicis sæpius rigidioribus v. crassioribus glabrioribusque etc.; cæterum quoad spiculæ pedicellatæ indolem, rhacheos articulorum formam, aliasque notas sat polymorphum, sed genera plura monotypica ab auctoribus proposita melius pro speciebus distinctis habenda videntur.

ISCHEMUM, Beauv. Agrostogr. 107, t. 21, f. 5, est I. muticum, Linn., gluma sub flore hermaphrodito hyalina arista minute setiformi v. omnino deficiente. Meoschium, Beauv. l. c. 111, t. 21, f. 4, includit species ceteras arista glume fertilis sepissime exserta.

Ischæmum a Trinio limitatum fuit ad species quibus spicula pedicellata exaristata florem masculum solum includit, v. ad glumas vacuas reducitur. Species spicula utraque 2-flora ad genus suum Spodiopogon adjunxit.

I. semisagittatum, Roxb., a Neesio perperam ad *Thelepogonem*, Roth., refertur, ex icone et descr. Roxburghii videtur I. rugosi, Salisb., var.

Collados, Cav. Ic. v. 27, t. 460. Beauv. Agrostogr. 112, t. 21, f. 9, ex ins. Mindanao, ex icone videtur Ischæmi species I. barbato, Retz, valde affinis, nisi eadem. Icon Beauvoisii potius I. rugosum refert.

ISCHEMOPOGON, Grisch. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 560, est I. latifolium, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 90, spicis pluribus fasciculatis, spicula utraque cujusve paris 2-flora.

Hologamium, Nees in Edinh. N. Phil. Journ. xviii. 185, est I. laxum, R. Br. (Andropogon nervosus, Roth.), spica unica longa, spiculis pedicellatis flores 2 masculos continentibus. In eadem sectione (v. specie?) includendæ sunt I. insculptum, Hochst., et I. macrostachyum, A. Rich., ox Africa tropica, et, ex descr., Sehima, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 178.

I. pectinatum, Trin., I. leersivides, Munro, I. ophiuroides, Munro, cum specie quarta inedita, sectionem formant valde distinctam (Pectinariam), spica simplici tenui recta v. falcata, spiculis approximatis secundis, gluma majore spiculæ sessilis margine eleganter pectinata, spicula pedicellata sterili valde imperfecta v: fere rudimentaria.

92. Trachypogon, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 341, pro parte.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus spicæ rhachin subarticulatam ad nodos geminæ, altera subsessilis, flore masculo v. si hermaphrodito sterili, altera pedicellata, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ sæpius 4, extima vacua, rigida, mutica, cæteras amplectens, secunda subsimilis nisi paullo minor tenuiorque, tertia tenuissima, hyalina, vacua, nunc angustissima v. evanida; terminalis florens in spicula sessili tenuissime hyalina, mutica, in spicula pedicellata basi angustissime (in T. capensi brevissime) hyalina, in aristam longissimam tortam superne geniculatam producta; palea minima v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, perennia, foliis longis angustis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi solitariæ v. 2-3-næ, sessiles, erectæ, longiusculæ, simplices, aristis longis rigidis iis Heteropogonis subsimiles. Spiculæ subimbricatæ, rhachi appressæ.

Species 11 enumerat Anderson in Ofvers. K. Vet. Akad. Stockh. 1857, 46, quarum una Africæ australis, cæteræ Americæ tropicæ et subtropicæ a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum incolæ; plures tamen vix inter se distinguendæ et a Hackelio (in litt.) omnes in unam junguntur. Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 561, t. 195 (Andropogon). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 65.

Flos spiculæ sessilis, ut rite observavit Kunth, saltem in T. Montufati (T. molli) hermaphroditus apparet, ovarium tamen semper macrum vidimus, stigmatibus imperfectis v. 0, nec unquam post anthesin auctum.

93. **Exteropogon**, Pers. Syn. Pl. ii. 533.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus spicæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos geminæ, altera sessilis, flore fœmineo (v. hermaphrodito?) fertili, altera pedicellata, flore masculo v. anantha. Glumæ spiculæ sessilis 4, extima vacua, dura, convoluta, mutica, secunda pariter vacua, tenuior, carinata, tertia tenuissime hyalina, vacua; florens ad aristam longam rigidam tortam geniculatamque ima basi attenuatam hyalinamque reducta; palea parva hyalina v. 0; in spicula pedicellata exaristata gluma extima quam in sessili tenuior. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, glumis exterioribus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua (v. perennia?) crecta, interdum elata, foliis angustis vaginis compressis. Spicæ in pedunculo terminali solitariæ, erectæ, densæ, spiculæ sessilibus ad unum latus subpatentibus, aristis longis tortis insignes; spiculæ pedicellatæ muticæ ad alterum latus appressæ, 2-seriatim imbricatæ.

Species 5 v. 6, regionum calidiorum Europæ, Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ incolæ, quarum 2 genuinæ: H. contortus, Rœm. et Sch. (H. hirtus, Pers.), et H. melanocarpus, Ell. (H. Roylei, Nees, H. acuminatus, Trin., Trachypogon scrobiculatus, Nees), etiam in America tropica et boreali late dispersæ, et prior in Europa præsertim Mediterranea invenitur. Adsunt præterea 3 v. 4 Africanæ tropicæ adhuc minus certæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 486. All. Fl. Ped. iii. t. 91. Mogg. Fl. Ment. t. 48 (omnes sub Andropogone). Beauv. Agrostogr. 134, t. 23, f. 8. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 516, et un Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 71. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 94. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 53. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 64.

94. Andropogon, Linn. Gen. n. 1145.—Spiculæ secus spicæ rhachin articulatam ad nodos geminæ, altora sessilis. flore unico hermaphrodito (v. rarius abortu fœmineo?), altera pedicellata, exaristata, flore masculo v. rarius hermaphrod ito sterilique, v. ad glumas vacuas reducta. Glumæ spiculæ sessilis 4, extima cæteris major, vacua, mutica, 3-∞-nervis, nervo medio interdum tenuiore v. evanido, secunda vacua, carinata, acuta v. rarius in aristam rectam producta, tertia multo minor, tenuiter hyalina, vacua; terminalis florens basi hyalina, angustissime stipitiformis v. parum dilatata, integra v. 2-fida, arista sæpius rigida torta superne geniculata terminali v. inter lobos instructa; palea parva hyalina v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina habitu vario, sæpe elata, ramosa, foliis sæpius angustis planis. Spicæ quam in Ischæmo sæpius tenuiores, pilis rhacheos et pedicellorum sæpius hirtæ subsericeæ v. fere lanatæ, in pedunculo solitariæ geminæ v. plurimæ confertæ, simplices v. rarius ima basi divisæ, spiculærum paribus secus rhachin semper pluribus; spiculæ terminales cujusve spicæ sæpe ternæ, centralis sessilis cum 2 pedicellatis.

Species vix 100 bene distincts agnoscimus, etsi ab auctoribus nonnullis permultæ sub diversis nominibus repetitæ, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ, speciebus paucis usque ad Europam australom Asiam orientalem temperatam et Americam borealem extensis. Beauv. Agrostogr. 130, t. 23, f. 2, 3, 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 485 (excl. spp. plur, 501). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 363 (excl. sp. numerosis). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 527, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 71. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 55 (excl. sect. Sorghastrum).

Genus quoad spiculam pedicellatam floriferam v. ad glumas vacuas interdum minutas reductam, spiculam sessilem aristatam v. submuticam, aliasque notas variabile, et præsertim a Neesio v. ab Andersonio in genera plura divisum, a Steudelio aliisque ad Ischæmum, Polliniam aliaque includenda extensum, a Munroio inter limites supra datos reductum, in sectiones infra enumeratas ad inflorescentiam dividitur. Dolemus nobis nondum pervonisse fasciculum novissimum Floræ Brasiliensis, Andropogoneas a Hackelio elaboratas continentem, ubi verisimiliter auctor sectiones quoad species austro-Americanas accuratius definivit.

1. Schizachyrium (Acropogon, Fourn.). Spice in pedunculo solitariæ, sæpius tenues, glabræ v. breviter rarius longius pilosæ. Species ad 12, Asiaticæ Africanæ v. Americanæ. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 196 ad 199. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 8. Schizachyrium, Necs, Agrostol. Bras. 331.

DIECTOMIS, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 193, t. 64; non Beauv., est A. fastigiatus, Sw., species Americæ tropicæ, etiam in Africa tropica obvia, spica solitaria, rhachi pedicellisque incrassatis, spiculæ sessilis glumis exterioribus rigidis, secunda aristata, spicula pedicellata ad glumas vacuas reducta. Homoeatherum, Nees in Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. 239, est species Asiatica vix ac ne vix ab A. fastigiato distincta. Hæ species habitu Ischamo laxo, Br., accedunt, sed spiculæ sessiles flore masculo carent. Hackel Diectomem pro sectione a Schizachyrio bene distincta habet.

2. Cymbopogon. Spicæ geminæ, sæpius breves, haud raro longe pilosæ v. lanatæ, pedunculo intra vaginam spathiformem bracteæ seu folii floralis incluso v. breviter exserto. Species ad 40, habitu vario, nonnullæ tamen in regionibus cahdioribus orbis veteris latissime dispersæ sæpe odoratæ, insignes sunt caule elato ramoso paniculam amplam foliatam formante. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 326, 327, 330. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 53. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 1. Vent. Jard. Cels. t. 89. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 73, f. C, D. Wall. Pl. As. Rar. t. 280. Cimbopogon, Spreng. Pl. Min. Cogn. Pug. ii. 14. Hypogynium, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 364 (species Brasiliensis).

GYMNANTHELIA et HYPARRHENIA, Anders., genera in varib scriptis auctoris indicata absque charactere generico, ex specierum enumeratione in Schweinf. Beitr. Fl. Æthiop. 209, 300, ad sectionem Cymbopogonem referenda videntur, (rymnanthelia ad A. Schænanthum affinesque, Hyparrhenia ad A. hirtum affinesque. Fournier, Gram. Mex. 51, 67, genus Hyparrheniam admisit, charactere 'spiculis numerosis polygamis fasciculatis,' Munro tamen species utrasque Mexicanas in Cymbopogone includit.

3. Gymnandropogon. Spice gemine v. plures, ad apicem pedunculi clongati sessiles, fasciculate v, approximatæ, simplices, interdum longiusculæ, glabræ v. pilosæ. Species ad 36, pleræque gerontogeæ. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 325, 328, 329. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 96. Schreb. Beschr. Gras. t. 28, f. 1 (sp. dubia), t. 33, 48. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 630, Fl. Austr. t. 384. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 2, iii. t. 2 Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 54, f. 1500 et 1501 (Pollinia). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Mavocot. 1. m. 92. Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 73, f. A, E. Vis. Fl. Dalm. t. 2, Sibth. Fl. Grav. t. 69. Delile, Fl. Eq. t. 7.

DICHANTHIUM, Willem. Herb. Mauret. in Ust. Ann. Bot. xviii. 11, est A. annulatus, Forsk., species A. Ischæme, Linn., valde affinis, sed ab auctoribus plerisque distincts servats.

LEPBOCEBCIS, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 203, genus ad A. serratum, Retz, propositum, ab auctore ipso serius ad Andropogonem (Gymnandropogonem) reductum, insigne est gluma extima latissima fere herbacea multinervi, secunda duplo angus tiore fere hyalina, tertia tenuissime hyalina. Cæterum prope secedit ad A. mollicomum, A. ansulatum aliosque, etsi spicæ haud raro ut in Schizachyrio solitariæ.

EUKLASTAXON, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 412, e Brasilia, est verisimiliter e charactere dato Andropogon virginious, Linn.

- 4. Amphilophis, Trin. Spicæ quam in Gymnandropogone sæpius numerosiores, in pedunculo elongato sæpe pedicellatæ, et interdum basi divisæ sed elongatæ, multispiculatæ, nec ut in Chrysopogone ad spicularum paris 1-2 reductæ. Huc pertinent A. lagurvides, DC., A. argenteus, DC., ex America tropica, A. scandens, Roxb., A. Vachellii, Nees, ex Asia tropica, affinesque paucæ. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 5 (Saccharum). Colla, Pl. Rar. Chil. t. 60.
- 5. Petweria. Spice secus axin paniculæ simplicis longæ, amplæ, verticillatæ, in quoque verticillo numeroæe, glabræ v. sub spiculis minute pilosæ, glumis exterioribus sæpe pilis minutis rigidis

quasi muricatis. Huc pertinent A. muricata, Retx, A. nigritana, Benth. in Hook. Fl. Nig. 573, V arundinacea, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 559, omnes, sententis Munroi, varietates speciei unicae in Africa tropica et India orientali frequentis, in America inquilinae tantum, quae tamen variat gluma floris hermaphroditi integerrima v. apice 2-fida, arista nunc minima, nunc spiculam fere duplo superante. Vetiveria, Thou. ex Virey in Journ. Pharm. ser. 1, xiii. 499 (charactere manco). Mandelòrna, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 359.

AMATHERUM, Beauv. Agrostogr. 128, t. 22, f. 10, 11, genus propositum fuit ad species nonnullas Cymbopogonis, Gymnandropogonis et Vetiveriæ, arista glumæ florentis minuta v. obsoleta, ab auctoribus nonnullis pro synonymo Vetiveriæ habetur. Agenium, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. ii. 447, species (Brasiliensis?) nobis ignota, ex charactere dato videtur species Andropogonis e sectione Gymnandropogone, glumis exaristatis, spicula pedicellata interdum florem hermaphroditum sed sterilem includente.

95. Chrysopogon, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 187. (Rhaphis, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 552, non Linn. Centrophorum, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 106, t. 5, male. Holcus, R. Br. Prod. 198, pro maxima parte.)—Spiculæ in ramulis articulatis paniculæ ternæ, centrali sessili flore unico hermaphrodito, lateralibus pedicellatis flore masculo v. ananthis v. ad stipitem reductis, additis interdum paribus spicularum 1-3 ad nodos inferiores ramuli. Glumæ spiculæ sessilis 4, extima cæteris major, vacua, mutica, 3-\infty nervis, secunda vacua, angusta, carinata, acuta v. in aristam rectam producta, tertia multo minor, tenuiter hyalina, vacua; terminalis florens basi hyalina, nunc angustissima stipitiformis, nunc dilatata 2-fida, arista cum stipite continua v. inter lobos terminalis tenuis v. rigida torta superne geniculata; palea parva hyalina v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, nunc elatiuscula foliata, nunc humilia cæspitosa, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, stricta v. effusa, sæpius laxa, ramis ramulosis v. rarius simplicibus glabris v. sub spicula sessili pilosis.

Species vix 20, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis dispersæ, usque ad Europam australem et Americam borealem extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 503 (Andropogonis sp.  $\infty$ ). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 395 (Andropogonis § 27). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 73. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 55 (Andropogonis sect. Sorghastrum). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 8, 9 (Rhaphis) et t. 331. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 93. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 54, f. 1502 (Pollinia). Moggr. Fl. Ment. t. 73, f. B. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 1. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 67 (omnes sub Andropogone).

In speciebus typicis gerontogeis cum paucis Americanis spiculæ pedicellatæ florem masculum v. rarius glumas vacuas tantum continent, in Americanis plerisque (C. nutans, C. avenaceus, C. stipoides, C. Minarum, etc.), spiculæ pedicellatæ reducuntur ad stipitem pilis longis ciliatum apice nudum v. glumæ rudimentum minutum ferentem. Hæ sectionem Stipoidem formant. Hackel genus totum ad Sorghi sectiones refert.

96. Sorghum, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 101. (Blumenbachia, Koel. Gram. Gall. et Germ. 28.)
—Spiculæ in ramulis vix articulatis paniculæ ternæ, centrali sessili flore unico hermaphrodito, lateralibus pedicellatis flore masculo v. sterili, additis interdum paribus spicularum 1-3 ad nodos inferiores. Glumæ spiculæ sessilis 4, extima cæteris major, vacua, mutica, lanceolata v. ovata, dura nitidaque, obscure venosa, secunda vacua, angustior, carinata, duriuscula, acuta, tertia multo minor, tenuiter hyalina, vacua; terminalis florens basi tenuissime hyalina, 2-loba, arista inter lobos terminali tenui v. rigida tortaque superne geniculata; palea parva hyalina v. 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis exterioribus induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, sæpius elata, foliis planis sæpe longis latisque. Panicula terminalis ampla densa v. effusa, spiculis numerosis diu persistentibus.

Species paucæ a nonnullis ad 2 reductæ (S. halopense et S. vulgare), ab aliis inordinate multiplicatæ, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, plus minus in temperatis extensæ, quarum una fere cosmopolitana, alteraque in orbe vetere diu culta et in America sæpe inquilina, varietates numerosas præbent sæpe species distinctas nuncupatas. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 501, et Rev. Gram. t. 97 (Andropogon). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 539. Schreb. Beschr. Gras. t. 18 (Holous). Reichb. VOL. III.

Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 54. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 91. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 1 (Holous) et iv. t. 2 ad 4. Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 68 (Andropogon). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 18.

Genus Chrysopogoni valde affine, vix nisi habitu et paniculæ ramulis subcontinuis, spiculis latioribus induratis differt.

97. Anthistiria, Linn. f. Nov. Gram. Gen. in Amon. Acad. x. 38, et Suppl. Pl. 13. (Themeda, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 178. Anthistiriem, Anders. in Nov. Act. R. Soc. Upsal. ii. 229, t. 3.)—Spiculæ in spica fasciculiformi 7, rarius 6, 9 v. 11, quarum 4 ad basin rhacheos quasi verticillatæ involucrantesque florem unicum masculum continentes v. vacuæ, 3 rarius 2 ad apicem rhacheos, centrali sessili flore unico hermaphrodito, lateralibus pedicellatis florem masculum continentibus v. vacuis, additis rarius secus rhachin paribus spicularum 1-2 intermediis. Glumæ spiculæ vacuæ sæpius 2, exterior rigidule membranacea v. subherbacea co-nervis, interior tenuior hyalina, in spicula mascula additur tertia hyalina, parva, florem fovens; spiculæ perfectæ glumæ 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ, parum inæquales, sæpius rigidulæ, extima obscure 5-7-nervis, interior nervis 2 prominentibus cum centrali tenuissima, tertia multo minor hyalina vacua; terminalis florens, a basi angustissima tenuique in aristam longam sæpius basi tortam superne geniculatam producta; palea parva v. inconspicua. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramina paniculato-ramosa, foliis planis. Spicæ fasciculiformes, sæpius numerosæ, singulæ pedunculo intra vaginam bracteæ foliaceæ incluso v. rarius exserto fultæ. Aristæ nunc longæ validæ tortæ, nunc tenues breves v. omnino nullæ.

Species vix 10 bene distinctæ, apud auctores nonnullos plus duplo plures, per regiones calidiores orbis veteris late dispersæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 133, t. 23, f. 7. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 481. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 541, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 73.

Genus in integrum servatum naturale et spiculis 4 involucrantibus facillime distinctum, ab auctoribus variis in genera v. sectiones characteribus parvi valoris distinctis separatur:—

Anthistiria, Anders., ad species limitatur spiculis involucrantibus sessilibus, intermediis nullis. Inter has Aristaria, Jungh. in Hav. et De Vr. Tijdschr. vii. 296, est A. frondosa, R. Br. (A. Junghuhniana, Nees; sect. Heterelytron, Anders., non Jungh.), species insignis bracteis sub fasciculo longe foliaceis basi margine pilis longis ciliato-hispidis, spiculis involucrantibus e glumis 2 vacuis. Perobachne, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 348, t. 48, est A. arundinacea, Roxb. (subsect. Chrysanthistiria, Anders.), species elata, glumis exterioribus pilis longis fulvis dense hirsutis, spiculis involucrantibus florem 3 includentibus. Lam. Illustr. t. 841. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 95. Subsectio Evanthistiria, Anders., constat ex A. ciliata, Linn., affinibusque, Cav. Ic. t. 459, Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 254, Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 156, quarum species seu formæ 12 ab Andersonio enumeratæ, 'facile ad unam tantum per terras calidas late dispersam speciem reducuntur.'

Androscepia, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 77 (Heterelyteon, Jungh. in Hav. et De Vr. Tijdschr. vii. 294), continet species 2 v. 3, inclusa A. gigantea, Cav. Ic. t. 458, spicularum paribus 1-2 secus rhachin fasciculi inter inferiores involucrantes et terminales ternas additis. Sectio (amen minime naturalis nam Anthistiria minuta, Anders., cæterum simillima est Androscepia anathera, Anders.; et Androscepia gigantea, var. armata, Anders., pariter Anthistiriam arundinaceam, Roxb., simulat.

ISBLEMA, Anders. in Nov. Act. R. Soc. Upsal. ii. 250, species continet 2 Indicas, inter se valde affines, cum tertis Australiana ratione generis humiles, subdiffusse, quodammodo ad Apludam accedentes. Spicularum fasciculi parvuli, glabri, spiculis etiam involucrantibus plus minus stipitatis. Exotera, Anders. l. c. 253, est A. abyssinica, Hochst., spicularum fasciculis seu spicis e bractea foliacea longe exsertis, in pedunculo longo tenui interdum geminis. Huc pertinet etiam A. fascioulata, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 366.

GERMAINMA, Balansa et Poitrasson in Bull. Soc. Hist. Nat. Toulouse, vii. 344, cum tab., species v. formas 2 continet, quarum altera e Saigou nobis e sola icone et descriptione auctorum nota, alteram legit Clarke in Khasiya et Sampson et Hance prope Canton Chinse australis (Anthistiria caudata, Nees ex Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 234, cui tamen char. Neesii in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 402, vix convenit). Habitus Exothecæ pedunculo elongato, inflorescentia fere Androscepiæ. Spiculæ exteriores involucrantes vacuæ in speciminibus Clarkianis et Chinensibus 4, in G. capitata, Bel. 6; intermediæ masculæ v. steriles in prioribus 4, in G. capitata 6-9; centrales 3 in utraque forma.

omnes fomines dum in Anthistiriis cæteris sæpissime  $1 \ \ 2 \ \ 3$ . In A. fascioulata tamen haud raro spiculæ  $\ \ 2$  adsunt 2, quod etiam rarius in A. gigantea observavimus.

98. Apluda, Linn. Gen. n. 1147, pro parte.—Spiculæ intra bracteam concavam v. complicatam 3, una sessilis flore terminali hermaphrodito cum inferiore masculo, altera pedicello brevi lato fulta flore unico masculo v. anantha, v. ad pedicellum fere glumiformem reducta, tertia nunc secundæ similis, sæpius tamen in pedicello longiore latioreque articulata, floribus 1 v. 2 masculis v. uno rarius hermaphrodito sterilique. Glumæ spiculæ perfectæ 4, extima striato-venosa interdum subherbacea, secunda pariter vacua, sæpe paullo major, tenuior at rigidior, tertia tenuiter hyalina, florem & fovens v. rarius vacua; terminalis sub flore fertili tenuissime hyalina, apice 2-fida, mutica v. arista tenui tortili geniculata inter lobos instructa; palea hyalina parva v. 0. Stamina 3 v. rarius 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovato-oblonga, glumis exterioribus (præsertim secunda) rigidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramina ramosissima, diffusa v. elata, foliis angustis planis. Spicularum ternationes intra bracteam latam fere glumiformem sessiles, complures in fasciculo bractea majore foliacea stipato subsessiles v. pedicellatæ, fasciculis numerosis in paniculam amplam foliatam sæpe ramosissimam dispositis.

Species editæ plures, pleræque tamen ad duas typicas Linnæi, A. muticam et A. aristatam reducendæ, per Asiam tropicam late dispersæ, etiam in China, Nova Caledonia et in insulis maris Pacifici australis repertæ; in Africa deesse videntur. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 516 (excl. sp. 5 et 6). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 403 (excl. sp. 8 ad 10). Lam. Illustr. Gen. t. 841. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 42.

Linnæus primum has duas species solas in genere uno inclusit, charactere tamen valde imperfecto designavit, postea plantam Americanam diversissimam (Zeugitem) addidit, charactere male e duabus formis composito. Schreber, Gen. Pl. 810, rite Zeugitem pro genere proprio restituit.

DIECTOMIS, Beauv. Agrostogr. 132, t. 23, f. 5, non H. B. et K., est, ex icone, Apluda aristata, Linn., charactere tamen haud perfecto. Calamina, Beauv. l. c. 128, t. 23, f. 1, est evidenter A. mutica, Linn., sed character ibid. 129 minime convenit, et partim ad species quasdam Anthistiriæ confectus est. Apluda, qualis a Beauv. l. c. t. 23, f. 6 delineatur, est certe generis alieni, et forte Chrysopogonis species.

### TRIBUS VII. PHALARIDEÆ.

99. Ehrharta, Thunb. in K. Vetensk. Akad. Stock. Handl. 1779, 216, t. 8, et Nov. Gen. Pl. 16. (Trochera, L. C. Rich. in Journ. Phys. xiii. 225, t. 3 ex Kunth.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula rarius ad racemum reducta pedicellatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes sæpius parvæ, tertia varia et quarta sæpius cæteris major basi callosæ v. fasciculo pilorum instructæ sæpeque aristatæ, quinta paullo minor et sexta (v. palea?) angustior tenuiorque carinatæ muticæ; palea cæterum 0. Lodiculæ valde variabiles, liberæ ciliatæque v. in annulum connatæ v. minimæ v. 0. Stamina 6, rarius 3. Styli breveæ v. longiusculi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, glumis majoribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, v. rarius annua, basi interdum bulbosa, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, laxa, nunc effusa, nunc angusta v. fere ad racemum reducta, spiculis sæpe majusculis, glumis interdum fere paleaceis.

Species ad 24, quarum 2 Novæ Zelandiæ, 2 ins. Mascarensium, cæteræ omnes Africæ australis incolæ, harum tamen 2 in Australia australiore v. in ins. Stæ Helenæ inquilinæ, nam E. Urvilleana, Kunth, omnino eadem videtur ac E. longifora, Sm., Swartz in Trans. Linn. Soc. vi. 40, t. 3, 4. Beauv. Agrostogr. 60, 61, t. 12, f. 2 ad 4 (Ehrarta et Trochera). Nees, Gram. Fl. Afr. Austr. 196. Sm. Iv. Ined. t. 9, 32, 33. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 11; Rev. Gram. t. 6. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 24. Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 65. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grasses, t. 1. Petrie in Trans. N. Zeal. Inst. xii. 356, t. 10.

100. Microlsena, R. Br. Prod. 210. (Diplax, Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. ii. 105.)—Spiculse 1-florse, in panicula laxa pedicellatse, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumse 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem breves, persistentes, tertia quartaque longse, angustse, in aristam productse, quinta sextaque (an palea?) breviores, acutse, muticse, omnes carinatse; palea conterum 0. Lodiculse majusculse.

Stamina 4 v. 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis majoribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, foliis sæpius brevibus planis v. siccitate convolutis. Panicula terminalis, anguste laxa, pedicellis filiformibus.

Species 5, Australise et Nove Zelandise incolse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 552. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 320. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 118 (Ehrharta). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 155 (Microlema et Diplax). Raoul, Choix Pl. Nouv. Zel. t. 4. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grasses, t. 2 ad 4.

101. Tetrarrhena, R. Br. Prod. 210.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica simplici v. vix ramosa subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes, parvæ, tertia varia, quarta cæteris sæpius major, rigida, quinta ei similis nisi minor, terminalis (v. palea?) angustior, omnes carinatæ, muticæ; palea cæterum 0. Lodiculæ majusculæ. Stamina 4. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glumis majoribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, foliis planis. Spicæ v. paniculæ spiciformes terminales, pedunculatæ, sæpius simplices, interdum ramulis paucis brevibus instructæ.

Species 4, Australianse. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 553. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 117 (Ehrharta). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 154.

102. Phalaris, Linn. Gen. n. 74.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, compressæ, in panicula spiciformi dense confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ sæpius 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes, cæteris majores, tenuiter paleaceæ, carinato-complicatæ, muticæ, carina interdum alata, 2 intermediæ cæteris breviores tenuissimæ, anguste lanceolatæ v. ad setas reductæ v. rarius una deficiente, 2 superiores tenues v. hyalinæ carinatæ muticæ, quarum quinta latior tenuiter 3-5-nervis nervo medio interdum obsoleto, sexta (v. palea?) ob nervum medium sæpius obsoletum tenuiter 2-nervis; palea cæterum 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopais oblonga, glumis superioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis planis. Panicula in pedunculo terminali nunc stricte spiciformis v. capituliformis, nunc subinterrupta dense thyrsoidea, spiculis in ramulis brevissimis subsessilibus.

Species 9 v. 10, regionis Mediterraneæ ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Affghanistan et Americæ extratropicæ tam borealis quam australis incolæ, duæ ex Europæis in Africa, Australia aliisque regionibus inquilinæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 36, t. 7, f. 1. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 31. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. 83, t. 10, 12. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 74 ad 82. Cav. Ic. t. 64. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 38 ud 40. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 12. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 52. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 55 ad 58. Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 241. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. ii. 28, t. 9.

Alse glumarum inferiorum valde variabiles sunt. In P. canariensi latissimæ; in P. paradoxa aliisque angustissimæ; in P. intermedia, Bosc. (P. americana, Ell.), omnino desunt.

DIGRAPHIS, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 127 (BALDINGERA, Gærtn. Mey. et Schreb. Fl. Wetter. ex Schrad. Fl. Germ. 181, t. 6, f. 5. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 52. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Moñocot. i. n. 13. Typhoides, Mænch, Meth. 201), est P. arundinacea, Linn.; Host, Gram. Austr. ii. 25, t. 33, a speciedus carina exalata parum diversa, caule elato arundinaceo, et panicula distincte ramosa, dense thyrsoidea, ramuli tamen breves densissimeque spiciformes, et characteres alii ad genus distinguendum desunt.

103. Anthexanthum, Linn. Gen. n. 42.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, parum compressæ, in panicula spiciformi cylindracea confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata sæpius pilosa, flore terminali hermaphrodito. Glumæ 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes, acutæ mucronatæ v. in aristam brevissimam productæ, secunda cæteris longior, 2 intermediæ multo breviores vacuæ angustæ carinatæ medio dorso v. prope basin aristatæ, 2 superiores multo breviores hyalinæ ebtusæ muticæ, quarum quinta lätissima sextam (v. paleam?) angustam 1-nervem floremque includens; palea cæterum 0. Stamina 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus elongatis plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis nterioribus non induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina aromatica, erecta, annua v. perennia, foliis planis. Panicula spiciformis terminalis, pedunculata, densa v. laxiu scula, ramulis terevissimis dense plurispiculatis.

\*\* Species 4 v. 5, Europeese, quarum una per Asiam temperatam et borealem late dispersa et in America boreali, Australia aliisque regionibus temperatis verisimiliter inquilina. Benuv. Agrostogr. 64, t. 12, f. 8. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 37. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 12. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. 49, t. 6. Tria. Spec. Gram. t. 13 ad 16. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 5. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. 3. 16. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 106. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 4. Towns. in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1875, t. 157.

104. Esercenice, Gmel. Fl. Sibir. i. 100. (Savastana, Schrank, Baier. Fl. i. 100, 337. Disarrenum, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. ii. 82, t. 232. Torresia, Ruiz et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. et Chil. 125, Syst. Veg. 251.)—Spiculæ flore unico fertili, parum compressæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore terminali hermaphrodito, inferioribus 2 dum adsint masculis. Glumæ 6, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, sub-3-nerves, glabræ, 2 intermediæ vix breviores, obtusæ emarginatæ v. 2-fidæ, carinatæ, costa sæpe in aristam brevem producta, villosæ, paleam angustam sæpiusque stamina 3 foventes, 2 superiores sub flore paullo breviores, carinatæ, quarum quinta lata 5-nervis obtusa, carina sæpe in mucronem brevem producta, sexta (an palea?) angustior 3-nervis v. præter carinam enervis; palea cæterum 0. Stamina in flore fertili sæpe 2. Styli distincti, longiusculi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis superioribus inclusa, libera.—Gramina odorata, perennia, foliis planis sæpe subulato-acuminatis. Panicula pyramidalis, effusa v. contracta, spiculis sæpe nitentibus subscariosis.

Species ad 8, regionum montanarum v. frigidarum hemisphærii borealis, Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ, Americæ antarcticæ et Africæ australis incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 62, t. 12, f. 5 et 7 (Torresia). Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 35; Rev. Gram. t. 8, 203. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 4 et iii. t. 3 (Holcus). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 15. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 107. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 23. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 52; Fl. Tasm. t. 157. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 6, 7.

ATAXIA, R. Br. Chlor. Melv. in App. Parr. Voy. 292, species continet 1 v. 2 Asiaticas, cum 2 Africæ australis, et quinta Mexicana, sectionem formantes Hierochlois, a genuinis parum distinctas glumis cujusve paris magis inæqualibus, superiore intermediarum (v. quarta) vacua v. paleam tenuissimam absque staminibus fovente, profunde 2-fida longeque aristata. Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 8, t. 3. Necs, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 7. Griseb. in Nachr. Gotting. 1868, 77. In specie Mexicana, Ataxia mexicana, Rupr.; Fourn. Gram. Mex. 71, glumas vidimus cujusve paris minus inæquales et in una spicula quartam florem 3 foventem.

105. Crypsis, Ait. Hort. Kew. i. 48. (Antitragus, Gartn. Fruct. ii. 7, t. 80. Pallasia, Scop. Introd. fide Beaux.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, capitatæ, bracteis 2-3 basi dilatatis involucratæ, in receptaculo convexiusculo pedicellis brevissimis articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4, tenuiter membranaceæ, obtusiusculæ, muticæ, complicato-carinatæ, 3 exteriores vacuæ ab extimo minore ad tertiam gradatim auctæ, terminalis florens (v. palea?) vacuis similis nisi paullo minor tenuiorque; palea cæterum 0. Stamina 2 (rarius 3?). Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glumis tenuibus inclusa, libera; pericarpium laxum, tenuissime membranaceum.—Gramen humile v. diffusum, ramosum, foliis brevibus rigidulis. Capitula terminalia intra vaginas latas concavas bractearum v. foliorum floralium semi-immersa, lamina bractearum patente rigida interdum subspinescente. Spiculæ in receptaculo numerosæ, pedicellis brevibus prope basin calloso-articulatis.

Species 1, regionis Mediterranese incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 22, t. 6, f. 12. Cav. Ic. t. 52, excl. f. v. (Phleum). Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 32 (Schænus). Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 31. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 48, f. 1469. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 5, quoad fig. 17, 18.

Species cæteræ ab auctoribus sub Crypsi editæ ad Heleochloam, Host, referendæ sunt. Specimina nonnulla Heleochloæ schænoidis, spicis abbreviatis intra bracteam sessilibus, sæpe cum Crypsi acuteata in herbariis confusa, facile distinguuntur spicæ rhachi cylindracea, pedicellis inarticulatis pales 2-nervi plus minus 2-carinata 2-dentataque et staminibus 3.

106. Cornucopise, Linn. Gen. n. 72.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, capitatæ, intra tubuloso-campanulatum ∞-dentatum in receptaculo subplano sessiles articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, membranaceæ, complicato-carinatæ, subsequales, muticæ, 3-5-nerves, carina ciliolata v. subalata, terminalis (v. palea) florens,

vacuis sublongior, latissima, hyalina, tenuissime 4-5-nervis, florem involvens, marginibus basi plus minus in tubum connatis, dorso infra medium arista brevi v. mucrone instructa; palea cæterum 0. Stamina 3. Styli a basi distincti, stigmatibus elongatis pilis brevibus subplumosis. Caryopsis ovato-oblonga, glumis tenuibus inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, caulibus cæspitosis, foliis angustis. Pedunculi in axillis superioribus gemini, inæquales v. ad apices ramorum fasciculati, 1-cephali, demum sub involucro incrassato rigidi recurvi.

Species 1, Orientalis. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 41. Beauv. Agrostogr. 3, t. 4, f. 3, 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 21. Sm. Spicileg. Bot. t. 14. Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 51.

107. Alepecurus, Linn. Gen. n. 78.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, complanatæ, in spica seu panicula spiciformi cylindracea confertæ, cum pedicello apice calloso articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3 v. 4, 2 exteriores vacuæ acutæ muticæ v. breviter aristatæ, basi interdum in tubum connatæ complicato-carinatæ, carina ciliolata v. subalata, tertia lata, obtusa, hyalina, 3-nervis, dorso arista brevi v. mucrone instructa, marginibus basi interdum in tubum connatis, florem involvens; quarta (v. palea) dum adsit sub flore angusta, hyalina, carinata, acuta, intra tertiam semi-inclusa; palea cæterum 0. Stamina 3. Styli distincti v. basi rarius ad medium connati, stigmatibus elongatis pilis brevibus subplumosis.—Gramina annua v. perennia, erecta v. basi decumbentia, foliis nunc planis flaccidis, nunc rigidulis tereti-convolutis. Spicæ v. paniculæ spiciformes, terminales, supra vaginam folii superioris longe pedunculatæ.

Species vix 20 (ultra 40 in operibus variis enumeratæ), Europæ et Asiæ temperatæ incolæ, quarum 2 v. 3, per alias regiones utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ sæpe tamen inquilinæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 4, t. 4, f. 5, 6. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 19, f. 1, 2. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 147. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 1, 2, 37 ad 46, 241. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 7. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 13; Ic. Rar. t. 301 (Phleum). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 31, 32, iii. t. 12. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 7. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 49. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 63, 64. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 130. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 5.

COLOBACHNE, Beaux. Agrostogr. 22, t. 6, f. 9, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 8, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 50, f. 1480, species continet paucas spica sepius brevi densa, glumis exterioribus aristatis, quarta lineari v. lanceolata plus minus evoluta, hec tamen etiam seepe apparet in A. pratensi, et semper distincte 1-nervis.

TORRETTIA, Savi in Mem. Soc. Ital. Sc. viii. 477, est A. utriculatus, Pers., Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 7 (Phalaris), glumis inferioribus vacuis basi in tubum connatis.

#### TRIBUS VIII. AGROSTIDEA.

108. Aristida, Linn. Gen. n. 94.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore anguste obconica v. vix incrassata, ultra floræn non producta, flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione sæpius persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, muticæ, tertia florens angusta, rigidula, circa florem arcte convoluta, acumine in aristam trifidam v. 3-partitam producto, sub divisione recta v. torta, ramis setaceis v. centrali flexuoso v. centrali v. omnibus plumosis, lateralibus rarius abbreviatis erectis rarissime obsoletis; palea 2-nervis, gluma arcte inclusa, interdum lodiculis subsimilis v. brevior, nunc minima v. obsoleta. Lodiculæ 2. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma arcte involuta, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, humilia v. elatiuscula, foliis angustis sæpe convoluto-setaceis. Panicula variat effusa ramis patulis, v. angusta, interdum fere ad racemum reducta.

Species editæ numerosæ et fere 100 bene distinguendæ videntur, per regiones calidiores utrinsque orbis latissime dispersæ, in Europa tamen et Asia extratropica pauciores; in America boreali plures. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 187. Trin. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petersb. scr. 6, v. 99. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 132. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 11, t. 3 ad 6. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 76. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 560, et in Journ. Lien. Soc. xix. 79.

Lodiculas descripsit 3 Nees in Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. quoed sect. Chatariam; Doil 1. c., quoed genus totum. Ex Kunthio Trinio aliisque 2 tantum adsunt quod ex observationibus nostris sea-

firmatur. Nees et Doell verisimiliter paleam sæpe minimam pro lodicula tertia habuerunt; in iconibus Doellianis lodiculæ non delineatæ sunt.

Genus in sectiones sequentes dividitur:-

1. Chataria. Arista cum gluma continua, a basi 3-partita, i.e. infra ramos potius glumae acumen nuncupanda rectum v. leviter tortum, glumis exterioribus longius. Cav. Ic. t. 468, 469, 470, f. 2, 471, 589. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 6. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 44, 172, 173. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 313 ad 316. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 21. Labill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 17. Rudge, Pl. Gui. t. 30. Chataria, Beauv. Agrostogr. 30, t. 8, f. 5, 6.

Curtopogon, Beauv. Agrostogr. 32, t. 8, f. 7, est A. dichotoma, species boreali-Americana e sectione Chataria, aristæ ramis lateralibus brevibus erectis evidenter e nervis lateralibus glumæ productis, medio longiore reflexo v. torto. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 174. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 149. In toto tamen genere rami laterales aristæ a nervis lateralibus proveniunt etsi in speciebus plerisque in acumine jam sub ramificatione aristiformi haud distinguendæ sint.

STREPTACHNE, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 124, t. 40, non Br. (ORTACHNE, Nees in Seem. Bot. Her. 225, absque char.; Fourn. Gram. Mex. 80), species includit 2 v. 3 Mexicanas v. Colombianas, aristæ ramis lateralibus brevissimis inæqualibus v. uno v. utroque omnino evanido, rami tamen interdum adsunt v. desunt in diversis spiculis ejusdem speciminis. ORTACHNE, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 121, e Patagonia, est verisimiliter Stipæ species.

- 2. Arthratherum. Arista cum gluma articulata jam infra ramos tenuis tortaque, gluma ipsa vacuis multo breviore. Cav. Ic. t. 470, f. 1. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 114. ARTHRATHERUM, Beauv. Agrostogr. 32, t. 8, f. 8.
- 3. Stipagrostis. Arista cum gluma articulata, infra ramos vix torta, plumosa supra ramificationem. Stipagrostis, Nees in Linnæa, vii. 290. Huc referendæ ic. sequentes (1) ramis omnibus plumosis Desf. Fl. All. t. 35. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 171, (2) ramo centrali plumoso lateralibus brevioribus nudis. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 8, f. 10. Vahl, Symb. t. 3. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 13. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 334 ad 338. Welw. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvii. t. 25. Schistachne, Fig. et Notar. in Mem. Acad. Turin. ser. 2. xii. 252.
- 109. Stipa, Linn. Gen. n. 90.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore longiuscule obconica v. breviter nunc brevissime callosa, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, acutæ v. rarius in aristam tenuem productæ, tertia florens angusta, rigidula, circa florem arcte convoluta, apice in aristam attenuata v. rarius emarginata 2-dentata v. breviter 2-fida; arista terminalis v. in emarginatura rigida, indivisa, plus minus geniculata, basi sæpe torta a gluma articulatim secedens v. rarius continua persistensque; palea 2-nervis v. 2-carinata, tenuis, gluma florente inclusa. Lodiculæ sæpissime 3, æquales v. una minore (interdum deficiente?). Stamina 3, v. rarius pauciora, antheris sæpissime apice barbellatis. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, subteres, gluma arcte involuta, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, elata v. rarius humilia, foliis convoluto-teretibus v. rarius planis. Panicula terminalis, sæpius tenuis, parum ramosa, spiculis longiusculis sparsis erectis arista longa nunc longissima, rarius effusa spiculis numerosis minoribus, v. interdum longe denseque subspiciformis.

Species vix 100, per regiones tropicas temperatasque utriusque orbis latissime dispersee. Beauv. Agrostogr. 18, t. 6, f. 2, 3, 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 179; Rev. Gram. t. 43, 121. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 124. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 564, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 80. Cav. Ic. t. 467. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 5. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 26. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 46. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 9. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 27 ad 29, 31. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 339. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 66, 56. Ledeb. Ic. Pl. Ross. t. 98, 99, 222, 223. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 29, 30. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 157; Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 66 (Dichelachne). Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 14 ad 16 (Dichelachne) et t. 17, 2. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 680. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 6, t. 1, f. 2. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 76. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 78.

Genus quoad paniculæ evolutionem, rhachillæ internodium (sic dictum callum inter glumas inferiores et florentem), aristæ iudolem, sat polymorphum, sectiones tamen adhuc vix limitibus certis definitæ, etsi formæ sequentes insigniores a variis auctoribus pro generibus propriis habitæ.

MACROCHIOA, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 58, includit S. tenacissimam, Linn.; Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 30, et

S. aresariam, Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 7, 8, species spiculis magnis membranaceis insignes, gluma florente spice membranaceo-2-fida, quod tamen plus minus in aliis speciebus observatur.

ARISTELLA, Bertol. Fl. Ital. i. 690, est S. aristella, Linn., Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 87. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 34, a speciebus typicis distincts rhachillæ internodio seu callo non evoluto, gluma florente ad latera aristæ breviter 2-fida, antheris imberbibus et lodiculis 2 nec 3. Rhachillæ internodium tamen etai abbreviatum distincte obconicum est et vix brevius quam in S. sibirios, Lam., S. Redowskii, Trin., S. altaica, Ledeb., speciebus cæterum S. aristellæ plus minus affinibus; gluma florens in speciebus pluribus præsertim Australianis apice 2-dentata v. 2-fida, antherarum barba in genere inconstans, et lodicula tertia etsi sæpius lateralibus æqualis, in speciebus nonnullis minima v. deficiens dicitur.

STREPTACENE, R. Br. Prod. 174; Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 571 (ORTHORAPHIUM, Nees in Proc. Linn. Soc. 1. (1841), 94), species pauce Indice v. Australiane, vix ab Aristella different. Arista in his ut in Aristella cum gluma seepissime (an semper?) continua nec articulata.

JARAVA, Ruis et Pav. Prod. Fl. Per. 2, t. 1; Fl. Per. et Chil. i. 6, t. 6, est S. Jarava, Kunth, (S. eriostachys, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 41, S. papposa, Nees), spiculis in ramulis densis paniculæ elongatæ parvis, gluma florente ad originem aristæ pilis longis coronata quasi papposa. Glumæ similes observantur in speciebus 5 v. 6 austro-Americanis habitu vario. Cav. Ic. t. 466. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 2.

S. pennata, Linn., cum speciebus paucis tam gerontogeis quam Americanis insignes sunt glumes florentis arista supra basin plus minus pilis longis patentibus plumosa. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 33.

Laslagrostis. Link, Hort. Berol. i. 99, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 25 (Achnatherum, Beauv. Agrostogr. 19, t. 6, f. 7), genus primum ad S. calamagrostem, Wahlenb., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 46, propositum, a Neesio v. Trinio ad species plures Africanas v. Asiaticas extensum, a Stipis pluribus parvifloris non differt nisi gluma fertili infra medium v. totum pilis subpatentibus plumosa. Inter illas Ptilagrostis, Griseb. in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 447, est S. mongholica, Trin., cui pili glumse usque ad dimidium aristæ extensi sunt.

Stipa verticillata, Nees, a Benth. in Fl. Austral. dubie sed ut videtur errore ad S. micrantham, Cav., relata, et Apera arundinacea, Hook. f. Fl. N. Zel. i. 295, t. 67; Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 17, species inter se simillimæ at bene distinctæ quasi medium tenent inter Stipam et Muchlenbergiam. Inflorescentia et spiculæ parvæ Muchlenbergiæ; arista in S. verticillata sæpius persistens, sed articulatio in spicula florente ut in Stipa distincta, et in S. (Apera, Hook. f.) arundinacea, arista caducissima. Stamina in S. verticillata 3, in S. arundinacea sæpius 1. His valde affinis est S. rarifora (Muchlenbergia rarifora, Hook. f. Fl. Ant. t. 131) ex America antarctica. De planta Cavanillesii confer F. Muell. in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 327.

110. Cryscopsis, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 51, t. 9. (Urachne, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 109. Dilepyrum, Rafin. ex Endl. Gen. Pl. 87.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, sæpius ovatæ v. acuminatæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore brevissime late sæpiusque oblique callosa, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito terminali. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores sub articulatione persistentes, vacuæ, æquales v. extima parum brevior, obtusæ v. acuminatæ; tertia florens brevior v. paullo longior, lata, sub anthesi hyalina v. tenuiter membranacea, florem paleamque 2-carinatam arcte involvens, apice obtusa v. truncata, arista terminali sæpius excentrica geniculata basique torta, cum gluma articulata sæpiusque caducissima. Lodiculæ (an semper?) 2. Stamina 3. Styli breves v. longiusculi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma plus minus indurata oblique ovata v. angustiore arcte involuta, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, interdum elata, foliis nunc planis mollibus, nunc convoluto-teretibus. Panicula terminalis, laxa, nunc angusta ramulis strictis paucispiculatis nunc effusa floribunda.

Species ad 24, regionum temperatarum et subtropicarum hemisphærii borealis et Americæ australis incolæ, vix intra tropicos extensæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 176 (Oryzopsie) et 176 (Piptatherum). Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. i. 121 (Urachne). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 81.

Genus olim pro sectione aristata Milii habitum, revera Stipæ affine, et vix nisi gluma fructifera latiore seepius obliqua distinctum, genera plura a variis auctoribus proposita includit et bene in sectiones 3 sequentes dividitur:—

1. Piptatherum. Rhachilla sub flore nuda. Gluma fructifera parum obliqua, glabra v. villom, arista subcentrali. Species omnes gerontoges. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 28, f. 2 (Milium). Host,

- Gram. Austr. iii. t. 28 (Milium) et t. 45 (Agrostis). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 45, f. 1459, 1460 (Milium). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 12 (Milium). Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 66 (Milium). Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 102, 108 (Agrostis). Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 221. PIPTA THRRUM, Beauv. Agrostogr. 17, t. 5, f. 10, 11. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 24.
- 2. Euoryzopsis. Rhachilla sub flore annulo pilorum instructa. Gluma fructifera inequilatera, glabra v. pilis brevibus villosa, lævis v. striata, arista excentrica. Species omnes Americane. Beauv. Agrostogr. 19, t. 6, f. 5. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 1, f. 1 (Urachne). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 122 (Stipa). Caevochloa, Spreng. Syst. Cur. Post. 22, 30, non Trin. Piptochetium, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 222, t. 37. E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 75, f. 2. Nassella, E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 263, t. 75, f. 1 (a Trinio primum pro sectione Stipæ, serius Urachnis, proposita).
- 3. Eriocoma. Omnia Euoryzopseos nisi gluma fructifera pilis longis sericeis dense obtecta. Species Americanæ. Eriocoma, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 40. Francieria, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 419.
- 111. Milium, Linn. Gen. n. 79, pro parte. (Miliarium, Mænch, Meth. 204.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, glabra, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, tenues, obtusæ, muticæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes, subæquales; terminalis florens inter illas subsessilis, sub anthesi tenuiter membranacea, demum rigescens, glabra v. pubescens, sub-3-nervis; palea vix brevior, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, gluma paleaque nitidulis rigescentibus arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis planis. Panicula composita, laxe thyrsoidea v. effusa, rarius stricta, spiculis parvulis, interdum minimis.
- Species 5 v. 6, Europse et Asise temperatse incolse, quarum una ctiam in America boreali late dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 65, quoad species n. 1 et 2. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 22. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 17. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 45, f. 1456 ad 1458.
- 112. Actachne, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1362.—Spiculæ unisexuales, & ignotæ; 

  2 1-flora, in pedunculo terminali unica, erecta, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, latæ, tenuiter membranaceæ subhyalinæ at rigidæ, obtusæ, muticæ, parum inæquales, sub articulatione persistentes; terminalis florens multo longior, rigida, basi lata circa florem convoluta, superne in acumen longum teres rigidum producta; palea brevior, inclusa, hyalina, latiuscula, circa florem convoluta, tenuiter 2-nervis. Lodiculæ parvæ. Stamina 0. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis (immatura) oblonga, gluma rigida subindurata inclusa, libera.—Gramen nanum, perenne, dense cæspitosum, caulibus brevibus foliorum vaginis latis distichis obtectis, laminis brevibus patentibus rigidis. Pedunculus terminalis, brevis, folia rarius superans.
- Species 1, Andium Americæ australis a Bolivia usque ad Novam Granadam lecta a collectoribus pluribus recepta, specimina florida numerosa nobis adsunt omnia tamen fæminea, nisi huic congenera (vix conspecifica) sint specimina Peruviana Lechler n. 2599, foliis pariter rigidis sed erectis longioribusque panicula terminali laxe thyrsoidea rigida 1-1\frac{1}{2}-pollicari; glumæ omnino A. pulvinata, sed stamina 3 perfecta et ovarii rudimentum tantum obovoideum 2-mucronatum, stylis 0.
- 113. Emehlenbergia, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 44.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente brevissime subcallosa sæpius pilosa, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ v. hyalinæ, æquales v. sæpius inæquales, nunc minutæ v. una omnino deficiens, nunc florenti subæquales, carinatæ, acutæ mucronatæ v. rarius in aristam brevissimam productæ; terminalis florens 3-5-nervis, rigidula v. tenuiter membranacea, obtusa acuta mucronata v. sæpissime capillaceo-aristata, ad latera aristæ interdum utrinque in dentem brevem producta, circa florem arcte convoluta; palea hyalina, inclusa, 2-carinata. Stamina sæpius 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, subteres, gluma arcte involuta, libera.—Gramina nunc elatiuscula v. tenuia, erecta v. laxe adscendentia v. diffusa, nunc cæspitosa, rarius annua, foliis planis v.

seepe convoluto-teretibus. Panicula terminalis, seepius floribunda, nunc angusta tenuissima, nunc densa thyrsoidea v. fere spiciformis, nunc laxa effusa ramulis capillaceis. Spiculæ parvæ, tenues, interdum minimæ; gluma florens dorso glabra v. rarius parce pilosa; arista sæpius longiuscula, tenuissima, interdum curva at non torta.

Species fere 60, pro maxima parte Americanse boreales v. Andinse, paucse Asise medise v. orientalis incolse. Beauv. Agrostogr. 27, t. 7, f. 9. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 51. Kunth, Ehum. Pl. i. 198. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 177 (excl. sp. plur.). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 81. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 82. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 40, t. 9. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 12 (Agrostis).

Genus quoad species plerasque sat naturale, sed male definitum; species aliæ vix a Stipa differunt spiculis parvis gluma fructifera minus rigida, aliæ ab Epicampe gluma fructifera circa caryopsin arctius convoluta. Magnopere variat, panicula densa stricta v. laxe effusa, glumarum vacuarum ratione etc., sed difficile in sectiones dividitur, etsi species nonnullæ ab auctoribus variis generice separantur. In generis typo M. diffusa, Schreb., aliisque nonnullis, glumæ vacuæ minutæ, infima haud raro ad callum vix prominulum reducta v. omnino deficiente; in sectione Acroxi, Trin., glumæ vacuæ æquales v. inæquales, quarum secunda dimidium spiculæ v. interdum glumam ipsam florentem superat.

VASEYA, Thurb. in Proc. Acad. Nat. Sc. Philad. 1863, 79, est species Californica (M. comata, Thurb.), speciminibus Canadensibus M. sylvatica in omnibus simillima, nisi pilis rhachilla sub gluma florente duplo longioribus et gluma ipsa paullo tenuiore.

Podosemum, Desv. in Nuov. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 188, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 67 (Trichochioa, Beaux. Agrostogr. 29, t. 8, f. 2), distinguitur imprimis panicula laxa effusa, ramulis pedicellisque elongatis capillaribus. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 681 ad 683.

TORAGRIS, Beauv. Agrostogr. 29, t. 8, f. 3, ab auctore ipso ad Podosemum relata, prius separata fuit ob glumam florentem dorso longe pilosam. Specimina non vidimus.

CLOMENA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 28, t. 7, f. 10, est M. Clomena, Trin. (M. nana, Benth.), species Andina, nana, gluma vacua secunda cæteris majore apice latiuscule 3-dentata, character pariter observatus in M. gracili, Trin. (Calycodone, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 186), aliisque paucis.

114. Erachyelytrum, Beauv. Agrostogr. 39, t. 9, f. 2.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, in panicula tenui paucæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore subglabra, ultra florem in stipitem nudum v. minute glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores minimæ, vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, extima minuta interdum vix conspicua; tertia florens elongata, 5-nervis, rigidula, acuminata, in aristam longam rectam producta; palea paullo brevior, rigidula, dorso sulcata, tenuiter 2-nervis. Stamina 2 (v. 3?). Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus elongatis plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque involuta, libera.—Gramen elatum, foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, angusta, ramis paucis filiformibus erectis. Spiculæ in subtribu longiusculæ, iis Stipæ subsimiles, rhachilla sub flore leviter callosa vix pilis paucis brevibus ciliolata.

Species 1, Americæ borealis incola. A. Gray, Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. 5, 614, t. 8. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 50 (Muchlenbergia).

115. Persetiema, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 233, t. 37, f. a.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in fasciculos seu spicas breves secus axin paniculæ sessiles subsecundas densissime confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito, spiculis tamen numerosis intermixtis sterilibus v. ananthis. Glumæ 3, tenuiter hyalinæ, carinatæ, costa omnium in aristam longam rectam producta, 2 inferiores vacuæ, ad basin aristæ breves nunc brevissimæ; tertia florens arista neglecta duplo longior, apice integra v. ad latera aristæ utrinque breviter producta; palea hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, gluma vix rigescente inclusa.—Gramina annua, cæspitosa v. diffusa, foliis angustis planis. Panicula terminalia, spiciformis, continua v. interrupta, fasciculis spicularum minimarum seu spicis secus axin simplicem paniculæ subsecundis sessilibus densissimis, ob glumarum præsertim vacuarum aristas numerosas quasi crinitis, glumis fertilibus cum caryopsi inclusa caducis.

Species 3 v. 4, America tropica a Brasilia et Colombia usque ad Mexicum incola. Steud. Sym.

Pl. Glum. i. 185. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 41, t. 10. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 358. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 213 (Muchlenbergia). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 92.

Genus characteribus plerisque Muchlenbergiæ affine, et etiam habitu ab M. diffusa non longe recedit.

116. Lycurus, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 141, t. 45. (Pleopogon, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 189.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, secus rhachin spicæ densæ cylindraceæ v. racemi spiciformis sparæ, sæpius geminæ, sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores subarticulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito, spiculis tamen sterilibus sæpe intermixtis. Glumæ 3, extima vacua nervis 2 rarius 3 in aristas productis, secunda pariter vacua minor, angustior, 1-aristata; tertia florens cæteris major longiusque aristata, 3-nervis; palea paullo minor, tenuior, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata, brevissime 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma vix indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramina basi cæspitosa, adscendentia v. erecta, foliis angustis siccitate sæpius convolutis. Spica e vagina folii supremi breviter pedunculata, angusta, cylindracea, spiculis numerosis inæqualiter pedicellatis v. subsessilibus, irregulariter solitariis geminis v. fasciculatis; steriles masculæ v. ananthæ præsertim in parte superiore spicæ plures, ex Kunthio in utroque pari altera perfecta altera sterilis, sæpe tamen, si geminæ, utramque perfectam v. utramque sterilem invenimus.

Species editæ 2, inter se vix distinguendæ, Americæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 203.

117. **Echinopogon**, Beauv. Agrostogr. 42, t. 9, f. 5. (Hystericina, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 35.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in paniculam dense capituliformem v. spiciformem confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem in stipitem brevem producta, flore (in plerisque) hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores sub articulatione persistentes, vacuæ, subæquales, carinatæ, acutæ; tertia florens tenuis, lata, 5-nervis, apice 3-loba, lobis lateralibus brevibus acutis, medio in aristam tenuem rectam producto; palea brevior, angusta, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus brevissime plumosis. Caryopsis gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen adscendens v. elatiusculum, glabrum, foliis planis scabris. Panicula spiciformis, ovoidea v. cylindracea, longe pedunculata, aristis numerosis echinata. Spiculæ irregulariter fasciculatæ, nonnullæ minores flores masculos foventes v. interdum ananthæ.

Species 1, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 599. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 21 (Agrostis). Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 13 B.

118. Diplopogon, R. Br. Prod. 176. (Dipogonia, Beauv. Agrostogr. 125.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula capituliformi ovoideo-globosa dense confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, in aristam brevem tenuem rectam productæ; tertia florens angusta, circa florem convoluta, nervis lateralibus in aristas breves rectas productis, arista centrali terminali longiuscula rigida basi incrassata torta v. refracta; palea angusta, hyalina, prominenter 2-nervis, breviter 2-aristata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis. . . .—Gramen perenne, tenue at rigidiusculum, foliis convoluto-teretibus. Panicula capituliformis, terminalis, pedunculata, aristis supra glumas purpurascentes sæpius tortis albidisque insignis.

Species unica, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 573.

119. Amphipegen, R. Br. Prod. 175. (Ægopogon, Beauv. Agrostogr. 122, t. 22, f. 4, non Willd. Pentacraspedon, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 151.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula densa capituliformi v. spiciformi confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ, 3-nerves, acutæ v. in aristam brevem productæ, v. rarius apice 3-fidæ, lobis acutis ; tertia florens circa florem involuta, alte 3-fida, lobis acutis v. in aristas rectas productis ; palea glumam subæquans, apice in lobos 2 rigidos v. aristi-

formes divisa. Stamina 3. Styli basi plus minus connati, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma nonnihil indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa, rigidula, foliis convoluto-teretibus v. rarius planis angustis rigidisque. Panicula spiciformis, densa, parum divisa, pedunculata, nunc in capitulum globosum v. ovoideum contracta, nunc longior cylindracea.

Species 5, Australiane. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 597.

GAMRITTERUM, Nees in Pl. Preiss. ii. 101, est A. turbinatus, Br., species a cesteris parum distincta, rhachilla sub flore magis evoluta stipitiformi.

120. Elecchica, Host, Gram. Austr. i. 23, t. 29, 30. (Pechea, Pour. Chlor. Narb. ex Kunth. Crypais, sp. Auct.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica v. panicula densa spiciformi confertæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores subarticulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, persistentes, parum inæquales, membranaceæ, acutæ, complicato-carinatæ, exaristatæ, carina plus minus ciliata; tertia florens subaimilis nisi paullo longior; palea brevior, hyalina, emarginata v. 2-loba, tenuissime 2-nervis v. 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa, sæpius humilia, basi diffusa, caulibus adscendentibus, nunc nana, dense cæspitosa, foliis planis. Spica v. panicula spiciformis, cylindracea oblonga v. rarius ovoidea, rhachi lineari, intra vaginam folii floralis sessilis v. longiuscule pedunculata.

Species 7 v. 8, regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, quarum 1 v. 2 per Europam et Asiam mediam latissime dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 21 (Crypsis sect. 1). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 84. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 15 (Phleum). Cav. Ic. t. 52, f. v. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 5, f. 1, 16. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 48, f. 1470, 1471. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 9 (omnes sub Crypsi).

Genus a Hostio bene distinctum, etsi serius auctor ipse cum *Crypsi*, Ait., junxit; differt inflorescentia, rhachi lineari nec disciformi, pedicellis inarticulatis, allisque notis.

RHEOCEPHALUS, Boiss. Diagn. v. 68, xiii. 43, genus ad Crypsim pygmæam, Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 307, propositum, cum C. ambigua, Balansa, et C. crucianelloide, Balansa, sectionem format Heleochlow parum distinctam, habitu nano dense coespitoso, spiculis quasi echinatis, glumis nempe exterioribus angustis 3-nervibus rigide acuminatis. Characteres essentiales tamen nobis omnino Heleochlow videntur.

HELECCHIOA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 23, t. 7, f. 3, genus compositum videtur e specie Sporoboli, cum specie Phlei (Chilochlox).

121. Mailea, Parlat. Pl. Nov. 31.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, plano-compressæ, dense subcapitato-spicatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, supra florem interdum in stipitem brevem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, persistentes, subæquales, rigidulæ, complicatæ, exaristatæ, carina alata; tertia florens, paullo n.inor, complicato-carinata exalata; palea linearis. Stamina 2 v. 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus elongatis pilis brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis parva, ovoidea, intra basin glumæ laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, nanum, cæspitosum, foliis brevibus rigidulis. Spicæ ovoideæ, intra vaginas foliorum floralium sessiles, spiculis undique arcte imbricatis.

Species 1, maritima, insularum Archipelagi Grzeci incola, nuper etiam in insula Sardinia a Reverchonio detecta. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 152. Jaub. et Spack. Illustr. Pl. Or. t. 308 (Phalaris). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 202 (Phalaris).

Planta ab auctoribus citatis ad *Phalaridem* relata, verisimiliter ob spiculas compressas glumis exterioribus alatis, qui character tamen in *Phalaride* non constans, et cætera omnia affinitatem potius cum *Phleo* v. *Heleochloa* indicant.

122. Phieum, Linn. Gen. n. 77. (Stelephuros, Adans. Fam. ii. 31.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula dense spiciformi confertæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem interdum in stipitem brevem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, parum insequales, membranaceæ, complicato-carinatæ, subtruncatæ, carina in mucronem seu aristam brevem producta, tertia florens multo

brevior, latior, hyalina, truncata v. denticulata, paleam angustiorem hyalinam floremque involvens. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, longiusculi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea, gluma paleaque tenuissime hyalinis involuta, libera.—Gramina annus v. perennia, erecta, foliis planis. Panicula longiuscule pedunculata, semper dense spiciformis, nunc elongata anguste cylindracea, nunc brevior oblonga v. fere ovoidea, sæpe pubescens.

Species ad 10, Europæ, Asiæ mediæ et borealis, Africæ borealis et Americæ borealis et antarcticæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 28. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 150. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 14. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 14. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 5 ad 7, 21, 22. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 34 ad 37 (Phalaris), iii. t. 9 ad 11, iv. t. 21. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 10. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 50. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 103.

CHIOCHIOA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 37, t. 7, f. 2. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 9. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 51 (Achnodon, Link. Hort. Berol. i. 65. Nees, l. c. n. 11), species includit plures quibus rhachilla ultra florem plus minus in stipitem producta. Achnodonton, Beauv. l. c. 24, t. 7, f. 5, est P. tenue, Schrad., charactere nullo a casteris Chilochlois separandum. Phalaris trigyna, Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 20, videtur P. Michelii, All., forma abnormis stylis 3.

123. Estbora, Adans. Fam. ii. 495. (Chamagrostis, Borkh. Fl. Oberkatzenellenbogen, ex Kunth. Sturmia, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 76. Knappia, Sm. Fl. Brit. iii. 1387.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, in spica simplici alternæ, subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, subæquales, tenuiter membranaceæ, concavæ, subcarinatæ, obtusæ, muticæ; tertia florens parum brevior, tenuior, fere hyalina, lata, 5-nervis, dorso pilosa, obtusa, mutica; palea multo angustior, hyalina, 2-nervis, pilosa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus longis pilosulis. Caryopsis elliptica, compressa, gluma paleaque obtecta, libera.—Gramen annuum, nanum, tenue, cæspitosum, foliis brevibus angustis fere filiformibus. Pedunculi tenues, foliis longiores, spica tenui glabra.

Species 1, Europæ præsertim occidentalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 29, t. 8, f. 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 23. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 17 (Knappia). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 6 (Chamagrostis). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 26.

124. Coleanthus, Seid. in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. ii. 11, 276. (Schmidtia, Tratt. ex Ræm. et Schult. l.c.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, secus paniculæ axin parum divisum fasciculatæ, pedicellatæ, rhachilla vix evoluta cum pedicello continua, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma sub flore 1, persistens, hyalına, ovata, carinata, in aristam brevem rectam producta; palea pariter persistens, brevior, latior, 2-carinata, 2-fida v. 2-4-dentata. Lodiculæ 0 (v. minutissimæ?). Stamina 2. Styli distincti, stigmatibus tenuiter plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, oblonga, compressiuscula, libera, nuda, cum toro staminifero e gluma paleaque persistentibus articulatim decidua.—Gramen annuum, nanum, pusillum, subramosum, foliis brevibus planis. Panicula e vagina folii supremi breviter exserta, axi simplici v. ramulum proferente, spicularum fasciculis paucis dissitis. Spiculæ in quoque fasciculo numerosæ, breviter pedicellatæ.

Species 1, Bohemise et Norwegise incola, et recentius etiam in insula Sauvies ad ostium fluminis Oregon America boreali-occidentalis detecta. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 48. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 21 (Schmidtia). Genus a Phippsia vix differt glumis vacuis omnino abortivis.

Planta primum a Seidelio detecta et nomine Coleanthi subtilis signata, a Trattinickio ex Rœm. et Schult. sub nomine Schmidtiæ subtilis edita, a Ræmerio et Schulteso tamen sub nomine Seideliano in Systemate recepta, a Sternbergio serius in Flora 1819, 6, cum tab. in Sturm, Deutschl. Fl. repetita, nomine novo Schmidtia utriculosa fusius descripta. Nomen Seidelianum hodie ab omnib us botanicis adoptatur.

125. Phippsia, R. Br. Chlor. Melv. in App. Parr. Voy. 285.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, secus paniculæ rhachin parum divisam fasciculatæ, pedicellatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes, 2 minutæ inæquales v. una sola; tertia florens tenuitær mambranacea, carinata, apice subdentata oxaristata; palea vix brevior, 2-carinata. Stamen 1.

v. rarius 2-3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus tenuiter plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, a glumis paleaque libera, facile exserta v. decidua.—Gramen annuum, nanum, cæspitosum, foliis angustis planis. Panicula folia vix superans, angusta, tenuis, spiciformis v. laxiuscula, ramulis nonnullis brevibus erectis. Pedicelli ut in Coleantho fasciculati, plerique spiculam unicam, nonnulli spicula 2-3 ferentes.

Species 1, regionum arcticarum hemisphærii borealis incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 204. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 83, 84 (Vilfa). Genus Coleantho et Sporobolo valde affine.

126. Sporobolus, R. Br. Prod. 169. (Vilfa, Beaux. Agrostogr. 16, t. 5, f. 8, non Adans. Agrosticula, Raddi, Agrostogr. Brus. 33, t. 1, f. 2. Triachyrum, Hochst. in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 176. Cryptostachys, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 181.)—Spiculæ parvæ, 1-floræ, v. rarissime 2-floræ, varie paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissima vix articulata, cum pedicello continua, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, membranaceæ, 1-3-nerves, sæpius acutæ, exaristatæ, persistentes v. sigillatim caducæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ extima breviore; tertia florens vacuis longior v. subæqualis; palea glumæ florenti æquilonga v. brevior, prominenter 2-costata, sæpeque alte 2-fida v. 2-partita. Stamina 2-3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis a palea glumisque libera sæpeque facile decidua, pericarpio tenuissimo nunc laxo nunc vix distinguendo.—Gramina perennia v. rarius annua habitu vario, sæpe tenuia, foliis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Panicula nunc dense spiciformis anguste cylindracea, nunc elongata angusta stricta, v. laxe effusa et gracillima, spiculis interdum minutis.

Species ad 80, per regiones temperatas calidioresque utriusque orbis late disperse, in America numerose, in Europa et Asia Rossica perpauce. Beauv. Agrostogr. 26, t. 6, f. 11. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 209; Rev. Gram. t. 45, 46, 123 ad 127. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 620, ct in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 86. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 28. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 10 ad 12, 23, 24, 47, 48, 56 ad 60, 250 ad 252, 348. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Cog. Bot. t. 4. Beauv. Fl. Ow. ct Ben. t. 80. Rothr. Bot. Wheel. Exped. t. 27. H. B. ct K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 684, 685. Dail in Murt. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 29, t. 8. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 97 (omnes sub Sporoholo v. Vilfa). Agrostis species, Cav. Ic. t. 111. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 16. Tchihatch. As. Min. Bot. t. 43. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 10. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 23. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 18. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 76.

DIACHYRIUM, Griseb. Pl. Lorentz. 209, t. 2, f. 8, e Catamarca reipublicæ Argentinæ, ab auctore a Sporobolo separatur ob paleam ad basin 2-partitam, quod hand raro in aliis speciebus Sporoboli observatur, et interdum (e.g. in Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 28, f. 18, 19) paleæ segmenta pro pericarpii valvulis descripta v. delineata.

SPERMACHITON, Llanos, Fragm. Pl. Filip. 25, species Philippinensis a nobis non visa, ex auctoris descriptione ad Sporobolum referenda videtur.

In S. compresse, Trin., et S. serotino, A. Gray, ex America boreali, spiculæ interdum etsi rarius 2-floræ, flore utroque ut in Isachne perfecto sed terminalis ab inferiore subdistans. Habitus tamen, spiculæ minimæ, caryopsis brevis ovoidea demum intra glumam vix inclusa, cæteraque omnino Sporoboli, nec Isachnis nec Colpodis.

127. Epicampes, Presl. Rel. Hank. i. 235, t. 39.—Spiculæ parvæ, 1-floræ, anguste pa niculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente brevissima, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum (v. conspicue?) inæquales, membranaceæ, dorso convexæ vix carinatæ, tenuissime 3-nerves; florens vacuis æqualis v. paullo brevior rarius longior, tenuiter 3-nervis, obtusa v. emarginata, arista terminali v. paullo infra apicem affixa, nunc minuta v. obsoleta, nunc longiuscula, tenuis, caducissima; palea hyalina, gluma vix brevior, 2-carinata v. 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, glumis membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, foliis planis. Panicula dense floribunda, nunc longissima fere spiciformis, nunc thyrsoidea laxior vix tamen effusa.

Species ad 16, plures tamen nobis vix notes forte reducendee, Mexicanse Californices v. Andinas. Fours. Gram. Mex. 87.

Ganus hine Muchlenbergie, hine Sporobolo arete connatum, nec limitibus certis definiendum.

Agrosti etiam pluribus notis accedit. Arista glumæ florentis sæpius quam in Muchlenbergia minor, nec stricte terminalis, et gluma circa caryopsin laxior. Panicula longa dense floribunda Epicampis in Sporobolo rara, in Muchlenbergia non observatur.

CRYSINSA, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 90, est Cinna macroura, Kunth (Epicampes macroura, Benth.), a qua C. strictam, Kunth, distinguere nequimus nec ab Epicampi generice separanda videtur. A cesteris speciebus paullulum differt panicula dense spiciformi, glumis paullo longioribus rigidioribusque, florentis nervo medio apice in mucronem producto v. mutico. Panicula in speciminibus nostris sat numerosis variat 4 ad 9 poll. longa, nec unquam pedalem vidimus. Cinna macroura, Thurb. in S. Wats. Calif. Bot. ii. 276, e California, est species a Mexicana bene distincta (Epicampes rigens, Benth.), panicula quam in E. macroura multo longiore tenuiore basi sæpe interrupta spiculis parvis, glumis membranaceis E. strictæ, Presl, nisi muticis v. obscure mucronatis.

128. Bauchea, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 87.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, anguste paniculatæ. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ valde inæquales, hyalinæ, infima linearis, secunda navicularis, florens longior, virescens, dorso convexa, mutica, ampla, paleam subæqualem approximate 2-nervem 2-dentatam involvens. Stamina 3. Styli breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis pericarpium non solubile.—Gramen elatum, panicula longa composita caudiformi, ramulis subfasciculatis erecto-patentibus spiculis densis. (Char. ex Fourn.)

Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Genus ex auctore ab *Epicampi* differt glumis vacuis valde inæqualibus, et verisimiliter ei referendum.

129. Agrostis, Linn. Gen. n. 80, pro parte. (Vilfa, Adans. Fam. ii. ex syn. allat. p. 495.)
—Spiculæ parvæ, 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas vacuas articulata, ultra florem non producta, glabra v. vix pilosa, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, exaristatæ; tertia florens brevior, lata, tenuiter hyalina, mutica v. sæpius infra medium arista tenui dorsali instructa; palea tenuissime hyalina, brevis, rarius dimidium glumæ superans, nunc minuta v. obsoleta. Stamina sæpius 3. Styli distincti, brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma membranacea involuta, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, cæspitosa, humilia v. elongata, foliis planis v. setaceis. Panicula terminalis, sæpius gracilis, ramosissima, saltem sub fructu effusa, ramulis filiformibus, spiculis numerosissimis, rarius erecta, stricta, dense conferta, continua v. interrupta.

Species fere 100, per orbem terrarum latissime dispersæ, præsertim in regionibus temperatis hemisphærii horealis, nonnulæ fere cosmopolitanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 217, excl. sect. 2. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 162, excl. spec. \( \infty \). Beauv. Agrostogr. 21, t. 6, f. 10. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 25 ad 32, 34 ad 36. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 128 ad 130, 169. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 49, 50, iv. t. 52 ad 59. Reichb. k. Fl. Germ. t. 33 ad 36. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 29. Desv. Journ. Bot. ii. (1809) t. 8. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 5. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 102. Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. t. 80. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. t. 53, 132. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 158, 159. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 525. A. Rich. Fl. N. Zel. t. 23. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 19, 20. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 27, t. 7. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 94.

TRICHODIUM, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 41, t. 8, includit species plures palea minuta v. obsoleta, nec aliter a cateris separandas. Beauv. Agrostogr. 5, t. 4, genus ad species Americanas limitavit, et species Europæas palea minima (A. caninam affinesque) pro genere proprio distinxit sub nomine AGRAULI.

130. Caseturus, Link in Schrad. Journ. Bot. 1799, ii. 313.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, in ramulis paniculæ 2-3-natim fasciculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, infima majore in aristam longam producta, secunda tenuior, mutica v. breviter mucronata; tertia florens paullo brevior, tenuiter hyalina, mutica, apice subdenticulata; palea parva, hyalina, gluma inclusa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, tenue, multicaule, foliis brevibus angustis. Panicula terminalis, thyrsoidea, laxiuscula; ramuli breves, sæpius spiculis 3 brevissime pedicellatis

terminati, additis interdum spicularum paribus v. spiculis singulis inferioribus secus ramulum dissitis.

Species 1, peninsulæ Hispanicæ incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 15, t. 5, f. 7. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 214.

131. Petypogon, Degf. Fl. Atl. i. 66. (Santia, Sani in Mem. Soc. Ital. Sc. viii. ii. 479. Raspailia, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 238, t. 40, nomen ibid. 351 in Nowodworskyam mutatum.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos inarticulatos paniculæ densæ spicæformis v. vix effusæ confertæ, in pedicello articulatæ, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 exteriores vacuæ, subequales, integræ, in aristam tenuem rectam productæ; terminalis florens minor, tenuior, sæpius hyalina, integra emarginata v. 2-fida, apice in emarginatura v. dorso sub apice arista tenui nunc longa basi torta medio geniculata nunc abbreviata recta v. ad mucronem reducta instructa; pales gluma minor. Stamina 1-3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque tenuibus hyalinis vix rigescentibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius annua, caulibus decumbentibus v. rarius erectis, foliis planis. Paniculæ terminales, nunc densiasimæ spiciformes cylindraceæ spiculis sub aristis numerosis fere occultis, nunc majores irregulares laxioresque. Spiculæ sæpius annulo pilorum brevium cinctæ.

Species ad 10 per regiones temperatas subtropicasque utriusque orbis latissime disperse, inter tropicos rariores. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 232. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 183. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 546. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 31. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. t. 20, f. 3 (Phleum). Nors, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 32. Host, Gram. Anstr. iii. t. 46 (Agrostis). Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 5. Sibth. Fl. Grec. t. 62 (Phleum). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 44. Dull in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 43, t. 11, 12. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 77.

Genus prius a Benthamio, ob pedicelli in speciebus typicis articulationem, inter Tristegineas locatum; in P. elongato, H. B. et K. (Nowodworskya. Presl), tamen pedicelli sub spicula more generis incrassato-clavellati sed articulatio indistincta, et hac species Tristegineas quodammodo cum Agrostideis connectit et generis affinitatem cum his naturalem vindicat.

132. ? Arctagrostis, Griseb. in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 434.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, glabra, ultra florem non producta v. rarissime minute setifera, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum inæquales, acutiusculæ; membranaceæ; tertia florens subæqualis v. paullo longior, obtusa v. 3-dentata, sub 5-nervis, nervis lateralibus tamen obscuris, exaristata; palea glumæ æqualis v. sublongior, 2-nervis, obtusa v. obtuse 2-dentata. Stamina 2 v. 3. Styli distincti, brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, cæspitosum, foliis planis. Panicula angusta, parum ramosa, sæpius densa, spiculis quam in Agrosti majoribus.

Species 1 per regiones arcticas v. subarcticas Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ late dispersa. Tris. Spec. Gram. t. 55 (Vilfa).

Genus a Brownio olim dubie ad Colpodium relatum nobis Deyeuxia affinius videtur, Agrostidas tamen cum Festuccis bene connectit.

133. Calamagrostis, Adans. et Auct. recent. (genus ex auctoris char. et syn., Fam. Nat. ii. nequaquam dignoscendum).—Spiculæ 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente annulo pilorum glumam superante instructa, ultra florem non producta v. rarissime minute setifera, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, acutissimæ, parum inæquales; florens multo brevior, tenuissime hyalina, 3-nervis, arista tenui dorsali interdum ad mucronem parvum reducta; palea parva, angusta, tenuissime hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovata, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina erecta, interdum elata, panicula nunc densa stricta, nunc sæpius laxe thyrsoidea multispiculata, spiculis quam in Agrosti longioribus.

Species ad 5, inter se non semper facile dignoscendæ, per Europam et Asiam borealem et mediam late dispersæ, quarum una etiam in Africa australi Natalensi reperta, forte inquilina. Beauv. Agrostoyr. 15, f. 5, f. 9. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 236 (excl. sp. n. 5, ct 10 ad 12). Host, Gram, Austr.

iv. t. 42 ad 47, 50, 51. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 40 ad 43. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 33. Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 205.

Genus Agrosti arcte affine, et species nonnullæ, e.g. C. tenella, Kunth, et C. olympica, Boiss., omnino intermediæ videntur.

- 134. Cinna, Linn. Gen. n. 15. (Abola, Adans. Fam. ii. 31. Blyttia, Fries, Novit. Fl. Suec. Mant. ii. 2.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore vix incrassata glabra, ultra florem non v. in stipitem minimum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuse, sub articulatione persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, præter carinam subenerves; tertia florens simillima nisi sub apice obtusiusculo
- 'a brevissima v. mucrone dorsali instructa; palea paullo minor sed pariter carinata (nervis 2 in unum coalitis?), carinis omnibus pilis minimis ciliatis. Stamen 1. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis lineari-oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera. Gramina clata, foliis planis. Panicula longa, ramulis filiformibus fasciculatis ramulosis confertis v. sub anthesi expansis, dense v. laxiuscule multispiculiferis.
- Species 2, Americae et Europæ regionum borealium incolæ ab auctoribus nonnullis pro unius varietatibus habitæ, nobis tamen ex speciminibus siccis satis distinctæ videntur. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 40. In C. pendula, Trin. (C. expansa, Link., C. latifolia, Griseb.), rhachillæ continuationem ultra florem frustra quæsivimus, quæ tamen sepissime observatur in C. arundinacea, Linn.; Beauv. Agrostogr. 31, t. 7, f. 12. Ex Behrensio in Bot. Zeit. 1877, 431, paleæ carina in C. latifolia. Griseb., e nervis 2 consistit arcte approximatis sed parenchymate distincto separatis, quod tamen ex observatione repetita speciminum nostrorum confirmare nequimus. An revera in utraque specie nervi 2 nunc arcte coaliti nunc subdistincti?
- 135. Gastridium, Beauv. Agrostogr. 21, t. 6, f. 6.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvæ, in panicula densa spiciformi cylindracea confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem in stipitem brevem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores infra articulationem persistentes, vacuæ, angustæ, basi concavæ, superne carinatæ, acutæ v. in aristam brevem productæ, parum inæquales; tertia florens subtriplo brevior, tenuiter hyalina, lata, truncato-dentata, mutica v. sub apice arista dorsali instructa; palea angusta, gluma vix brevior. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis subglobosa, nitida, glumis basi ventricosis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, cæspitosa, foliis planis. Panicula spiciformis, longiuscule pedunculata, nitidula, rarius prope basin subramosa. Gluma florens pubescens.
- Species 2, regionis Mediterraneæ, Europæ occidentalis et ins. Canariensium incolæ, una etiam in Africa tropica et America australi extratropica obvia, forte inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 220. Schreb. Beschr. (früs. t. 23, f. 3 (Milium). Host. Gram. Austr. iii. t. 24 (Milium). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 31. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 32. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 65 (Milium). Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 40, f. 2, 3.
- 136. Cheetotropis, Kuidh, Rev. Gram. i. 271, t. 47.—Spiculæ parvæ, 1-floræ, in panicula densa interrupte spiciformi numerosæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata glabra, ultra florem sæpius in aristam capillarem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, acutæ v. breviter mucronatæ, parum inæquales; tertia florens multo brevior, lata, hyalina, truncatodentata, mutica v. sub apicæ setula minuta aristata; palea parva, hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis parva, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne?, elatiusculum, foliis planis. Panicula coarctata, densissima, ramulis breviter spiciformibus sessilibus ovoideis v. cylindraceis densissime multispiculatis. Glumarum inferiorum carinæ ciliatæ.
- Species 1, Chilensis. Genus Agrosti arcte affine, differt inflorescentia et rhachillæ continuatione setaces.
- 137. **Triplachne**, Link, Hort. Berol. ii. 241.—Spiculæ 1 floræ, parvæ, in panicula densa spiciformi confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem in stipitem vol. III. 4 E

brevem sæpius producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores sub articulatione persistentes, vacuæ, angustæ, a basi carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, parum inæquales; tertia florens subtriplo brevior, tenuiter hyalina, lata, apice truncato-dentata et in setas 2 ad latera aristæ producta, arista prope basin dorsalis, subtorta, e spicula exserta v. abbreviata; palea angusta, gluma vix brevior. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea, glumis non ventricosis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, cæspitosum, foliis planis. Panicula spiciformis, longiuscule pedunculata, nitidula. Gluma florens pubescens.

1152

Species 1, regionis Mediterrance occidentalis incola. Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 40. f. 1 (Gastri-dium). Habitu quidem Gastridio accedit sed characteribus Agrosti affinior.

138. Apera, Adans. Fam. Nat. ii. 495. (Anemagrostis, Trin. Fund. Agrostogr. 128.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvæ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente brevissima glabra, ultra florem in setam brevem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, inæquales, tenuiter membranaceæ, carinatæ, acutæ, exaristatæ, secunda cæteris major, 3-nervis; tertia florens paullo brevior, membranaceæ, subhyalina, apice breviter 2-fida, arista sub apice dorsali tenui flexuosa instructa; palea tenuis, gluma parum brevior, 2-carinatæ, 2-dentatæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angustæ, gluma inclusæ, liberæ.—Gramina annua, elatiuscula, foliis angustis planis. Panicula terminalis, elegantissima, ampla diffusa v. contracta, ramis numerosis filiformibus ramulosis, inferioribus fasciculatis subverticillatis, spiculis numerosissimis nitidulis.

Species v. varietates in signes 2, Europa et Asia occidentalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 31, t. 7, f. 11. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 225 (Agrostis). Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 177 (Muchlenbergia spec. n. 5 et 6). Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 47, 48. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 32. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 30.

139. Cinnagrostis, Grisch. Pl. Lorent:. 208, t. 2, f. 7.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvulæ, in panicula androgyna unisexuales, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata glabra, ultra florem in setam longe pilosam producta. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranacæ, 1-nerves, acutæ; tertia florens vix longior, 5-nervis, denticulata, arista setiformi medio dorso instructa; palea glumæ subæqualis, in flore & 2-nervis, in flore & 1-nervis.—Gramen clatum, peronne, foliis planis. Paniculæ rami patentes, semi-verticillati, flexuosi. (Char. c.e. Griseb.)

Species 1, provinciae Tucuman Americae australis incola, a nobis non visa. Genus verisimiliter ad Deyeuxiam reducendum.

140. Deyeuxia. Clarion in Beaux. Agrostogr. 43, t. 0, f. 9, 10. (Lachnagrostis, Trin. Fund. Agrostogr. 128; Spec. Gram. t. 242, 243.) —Spiculae 1-florae, varie paniculatae, sepius densae, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente annulo pilorum instructa v. rarius glabra, ultra florem in setam pilosam v. apice penicillatam rarius glabram sæpissime producta, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma 3, 2 inferiores vacuae, sub articulatione persistentes, parum inequales, carinatae, muticae, membranaceae v. scariosæ; tertia florens nunc brevior fere hyalina, nunc secundae æqualis v. vix longior rigidiorque, lata, 5-nervis, integra v. 2 4-dentata, arista tenui torta infra v. supra medium dorsali, rarius brevissima recta v. obsoleta; palea tenuis, glumae æqualis v. subdimidio brevior, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovoidea v. oblonga, sæpe obliqua, gluma paleaque tenuibus inclusa, libera v. iis siccitato partim adherens.—Gramina habitu vario, sæpius perennia foliis planis. Panicula terminalis, nunc stricta densa spiciformis subcylindracea v. oblonga, nunc sæpius thyrsoidea, interdum effusa fere Agrostis, spiculis tamen sæpissime majoribus.

Species fere 120, per regiones temperatas montanasque utrinsque orbis late dispersa, in Andibus Americanis numerosa, usque ad terras frigidas tam hemisphærii australis quam borealis extense.

Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 239. Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 210. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocoti. n. 34. Jacq. Eol. Gram. t. 30 (Agrostis). Munro in Henders. Yark. 339, cum ic. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 577. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 31, 32 (Avena). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 33 (Agrostis). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 159 ad 161 (Agrostis); Fl. N. Zel. t. 65. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 21 ad 26 (Agrostis), et t. 26, 2. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 46, 686. G. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 78. Wedd. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. XXII. 153 (173). CALAMAGROSTIS BECL., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 37 ud 39, f. 1439 ad 1443. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 48, 49. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 354. Jaub. et Spach. Ill. Pl. Or. t. 340. A. Gray, Man. Fl. N. U. St. ed. 5, 615. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 150 ad 152. F. Schmidt, Reise Amurl. 202, t. 8.

Genus quoad species plerasque bene distinctum, sed intermediis nonnullis hinc Calamagrosti hinc Agrosti arcte annexum, nam pili rhachillæ v. arista dorsalis glumæ interdum desunt, et rhachillæ continuatio in speciebus paucis minima est v. omnino obsoleta. Spiculæ quam in Agrosti majores, palea ratione glumæ florentis longior, pili rhachillæ glumam florentem circumdantes semper multo breviores quam in Calamagrosti. Species rhachillæ glubra vix ab Apera different, habitu, spiculis majoribus et arista dorsali nec fere apicali.

Bremidium, Nees in Pl. Meyen. 154, species continet plures Andinas, Chilenses, v. Australianas, fere requo jure ad Deycuciam et ad Agrostim referendas. Panicula angusta, densa, rhachillæ continuatio brevissima suppe omnino deest, gluma florens apice 2-4-seta v. dentata, palea brevis. Hue pertinent Didymoch. Nta, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 185, quoad D. australem et fide Neesii Cham. Calamus, Meyen, Reise, i. 456, nomen tantum, et Bromidium anomalum, Deell in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 103, t. 30 (Agrostis kalerioides, E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 317, t. 77, f. 2).

ACH.ETA, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 109, species continct 2 Mexicanas a nobis non visas. Ex charactere dato a Deyeuxiis typicis rhachillae continuatione pilosa non different nisi aristæ deficientia, quod in aliis paucis speciebus Deyeuxiæ observatur.

In REICHELA, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 101 (que Agrostis sesquiflora, E. Desv. in C. Gny, Fl. Chil. vi. 318, t. 77, f. 3), in Cinnatro, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 90, saltem quoad D. poeformem, Kunth, in D. mutica, Wedd., in D. breviglumi, Benth., paucisque aliis, rhachillæ continuatio glabra, et gluma florens mutica v. mucrone minimo instructa. Apera Liebmanni, Fourn., species Mexicana a nobis Bon visa, est forte melius Deyeuxiæ species.

Agrostis acquivalvis, Trin., seu sectio Podagrostis, Griseb. in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 436, nobis omnino Degeaxiæ species videtur, rhachilla brevissime pilosa, ultra florem in setam apice brevissime penicillatam producitur.

141. Ammophila, Host, Gram. Austr. iv. 24, t. 41. (Psamma, Beaux. Agrostogr. 143, t. 6, f. 1.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula longa stricta confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub gluma florente annulo pilorum instructa, ultra florem in tuberculum v. in stipitem filiformem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ rigide paleaceæ, exaristatæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, acutæ, carinatæ, tenuitær 5-nerves, parum inæqualæs; tertia florens vacuis subæqualis v. paullo longior similisque nisi apice subdentata, dente medio interdum in mucronem minutum producto; palea glumis æquilonga, paleacea, 2-dentata, 2-carinata, dorso inter carinas profunde sulcata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovoidea, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramma elata, stolonifera, foliis angustis rigidis superne convolutoteretibus. Panicula longa, ramulis brevibus dense spiciformibus, v. laxior ramulis tenuibus elongatis. Spiculæ quam in Deycuxia majores.

Species 4, quarum 2 typicæ, littoreæ, per hemisphæriam borealem late dispersæ, panicula densa spiciformi rhachilla setifera; 2 boreali-Americanæ (sect. Calamovilfa, A. Gray), panicula laxiore rhachilla non producta. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 245. A. Gray, Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. 5, 616. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 44. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 35. Trim. Journ. Bot. 1872, t. 127 (Pamma).

Beauvois stylos 3 descripsit, verisimiliter ex specimine abnormi. Nos semper 2 tantum invenimus.

142. Dichelachne, Endl. Prod. Fl. Norf. 20.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, in panicula angusta densa v. laxiore dispositæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore obconica v. breviter cylindracca, ultra florem interdum in stipitem minutum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, membranaceæ, acute acuminatæ, carinatæ, parum inæquales; tertia florems vix brevior, carinata, integra

v. breviter 2-fida, dorso sub apice arista tenui flexuosa instructa; palea paullo brevior, dorso sulcata v. 2-carinata. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma vix rigescente inclusa, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, interdum elata, foliis angustis planis v. setaceo-convolutis. Panicula terminalis, nunc longa angusta densissime cylindracea aristis numerosissimis crinita, nunc laxior subsecunda.

Species 2, Australise et Novæ Zelandise incolæ. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 573. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zcal. Fl. 325 (excl. D. stipoide); Fl. Tasm. t. 158 A. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 263 (Anthoxanthum). Buchan. N. Zcal. Grass. t. 15, 16.

Rhachillse continuationem in *D. sciurea*, Hook. f., observavimus, in *D. crimita*, Hook. f., deesse videcur. *Stipa micrantha*, Cav. Ic. v. 42, t. 467, in Fl. Austral. vii. 566, dubie ad *S. verticillatam*, Necs, relata, est *D. sciurea*, Hook. f., ex F. Muell. in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1878, 327, qui specimen authenticum vidit. Spicula a Cavanilleso fig. B delineata minime convenit, et forte ad stirpem quamdam alienam pertinet.

143. Trisetaria, Forsk. Fl. Æg. Arab. 27. (Anomalotis, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 198.)
—Spiculæ.1-floræ (v. interdum 2-floræ?), angustæ, in panicula densa angusta confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore lineari obconica ultra florem in stipitem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ sæpius 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, tenuiter membranaceæ, carinatæ, acuminatæ; tertia florens parum brevior, fere hyalina, carinata, apice 2-fida, lobis in aristas tenues rectas productis, arista dorsali longiore flexuosa; palea paullo brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma non indurata inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, cæspitosum, foliis planis. Panicula longa, angusta, aristis numerosis eam Dichelachnis crimitæ simulans.

Species 2, quarum 1 in maritimis Egypti et Syriae crescens. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 294. Labill. Dec. Pl. Syr. v. t. 7 (Trisctum). Deltle, Fl. Eg. t. 12. f. 3; altera Abyssinica, nobis ignota, a Hochst. in Flora, 1855, 282, fusius descripta.

Forskahl, Labillardière et Delile flores in spicula 2 perfectos descripserunt, Kunth florem unicum tantum vidit (præter rhacheos continuationem quam florem imperfectum v. neutrum nuncupat), et nos in speciminibus pluribus prope Alexandriam lectis florem secundum frustra quæsivimus. Genus cæterum potius Dichelachni quam Triseto affine videtur, differt imprimis aristis lateralibus glumæ florentis, et rhachillæ continuatione magis evoluta.

144. Pentapogon, R. Br. Prod. 173.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore annulo pilorum instructa, ultra florem in stipitem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 3, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranaceæ, angustæ, carinatæ, acutæ v. in aristam brevem productæ, parum inæquales; tertia florens membranacea, 5-nervis, circa florem convoluta, nervis 4 lateralibus in lobos v. aristas breves rectas productis, arista dorsali longa rigida demum geniculata basi torta; palea gluma brevior, anguste hyalina. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma vix rigescente involuta, libera.—Gramen annuum, cæspitosum, interdum elatiusculum, foliis angustis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Panicula terminalis, angusta, sæpius densa, ramulis brevibus fasciculatis erectis v. subpatentibus.

Species 1, Australiana, Victoriæ et Tasmaniæ incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 34, t. 8, f. 11. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 572. Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 22 (Agrostis).

145. Zagurus, Linn. Gen. n. 92.—Spiculæ 1-florie, in panicula densissima capituliformi v. oblonga mollissime villosa confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata,
sub flore pilosula, ultra florem in stipitem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumie 3,
2 inferiores vacuæ, lineares, longe plumoso-ciliatæ; tertia florens angusta, glabra, tenuiter
membranacea, in aristas 2 tenues erectas producta, dorsoque supra medium arista rigidiore
longiore subgeniculata instructa; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli
hreves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma vix rigescente inclusa,
libera.—Gramen annuum, molle, foliis planis. Panicula spiciformis, longe pedunculata,

nunc breviter ovoidea, nunc oblongo-cylindracea, pilis mollissimis glumarum vacuarum insignis.

Species 1, per regionem Mediterraneam ab insulis Canariensibus usque ad Orientem latissime dispersa, præsertim in maritimis, et secus Oceanum usque ad ins. Sernienses extensa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 34, t. 8, f. 12. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 294. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. t. 19, f. 3. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 46. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 45. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 31. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 90.

## TRIBUS IX. AVENEÆ.

146. Eriachne, R. Br. Prod. 183. (Achneria, Beauv. Agrostogr. 72.)—Spiculæ æqualiter 2-floræ, laxe v. dense paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, &-nerves, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, subæquales; 2 florentes æquales, nervis paucioribus, dorso v. ad margines longe ciliatæ, muticæ v. in aristam tenuem rectam productæ, mox cum palea inclusa rigescentes, angustæ sed facie plana sibimet applicitæ; palea plana, nervis 2 fere marginalibus, apice 2-dentata v. 2-aristata. Stamina 3. Styli breves v. elongati, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis a dorso compressa, gluma paleaque sæpe induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia v. rarius annua, cæspitosa, foliis angustis convoluto-teretibus v. rarius planis. Panicula terminalis, nunc densa thyrsoidea v. elongata angustaque, nunc laxe effusa, spiculis quam in Isachne sæpissime majoribus.

Species ad 22, quarum 2 Asiæ tropicæ incolæ, cæteræ omnes Australianæ et ex his una etiam in Asia tropica obvia. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 626. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 63, 64. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 3.

MEGALACHNE, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zcyl. 372, non Steud., est Eriachne triseta, Nees, species Zeylanica, ob paleæ dentes in aristas longas productos insignis. Eriachnis species Africanæ a Neesio descriptæ ad Achneriam, Munro, pertinent.

147. Prionachne, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 447. (Chondrolæna, Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 133.)—Spiculæ æqualiter 2-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ v. paniculæ spiciformis subsessiles, rhachilla continua vix evoluta ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. uno abortu sterili. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, carinato-complicatæ, dorso cartilagineæ et pectinato-dentatæ, marginibus late membranaceis, parum inæquales; 2 florentes singulæ vacuis subinclusæ iisque paullo breviores, hyalinæ, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ; paleæ paullo minores, hyalinæ, 2-nerves, 2-dentatæ. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus breviter plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, cæspitosum, erectum, basi subramosum, foliis angustis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Spica in pedunculo terminali simplex v. ramulis paucis brevissimis strictis aucta; spiculæ secus rhachin geminæ v. rarius solitariæ, v. in ramulis brevissimis 3-4-næ, omnes erectæ, rigidæ.

Species 1 v. 2, austro-Africane. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 430. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 73 (Chilochloa, in corrigend. Lasiochlois sect. Ctenachne).

Specimina Dregeana longiora tenuioraque quam Thunbergiana in herb. Gouan, foliis multo tenuioribus, spica simpliciore tenuiore. An species 2 distincts?

Huc forte pertinet Ktenosachne, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 150, gramen a nobis non visum, patria ignota, a Steudelio ex herb. Lenormandi descriptum.

148. Zenkeria, Trin. in Linnæa, xi. 150, t. 3. (Amphidonax, Nees ex Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 197, pro parte, non Nees in Lindl. Introd.)—Spiculæ æqualiter 2-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata pilosa, ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranaceæ, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, parum inæquales; florentes nunc paullo longiores acuminatæ subaristatæ, nunc parum breviores obtusæ, præter carinam utrinque tenuissime v. obscure 2-3-nerves; palea lata, glumam subæquans, carinis 2 prominentibus ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramina

perennia, elatiuscula, foliis longis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Panicula floribunda, oblonga thyrsoidea v. demum effusa, ramulis filiformibus ramulosis, spiculis parvulis.

Species 2, Peninsulæ Indiæ orientalis et Zeylaniæ incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Llan. Soc. xix. 93.

Amphidonax Heynei et A. tenella, Nees et Steud. 1. c., a specie typica Z. elegante, Trin., non different, glumis florentibus acuminatis subaristatis vacuas superantibus. Amphidonax obtusiflora, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 370, est species altera, Z. obtusiflora, Benth., glumis florentibus obtusis quam vacuæ brevioribus. Genus cæterum Isachni affine.

149. Exteraira, F. Muell. Fragm. Phyt. Austral. v. 208.—Spiculæ æqualiter 2-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, brevissima, ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. uno abortu sterili. (flumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim caducæ, membranaceæ, acutiusculæ, tenuissimo nervosæ, muticæ, subæquales; 2 florentes subbreviores, membranaceæ, latæ, truncatæ, co-nerves, fructiferæ cum palea inclusa non induratæ subhemisphæricæ; palea co-nervia, nervis 2 cæteris evidentioribus. Stamina 3! Styli breves, distincti, stigmatībus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen humile, perenne, prostratum v. repens, basi ramosum, vaginis foliorum emarcidorum obtectum, foliis brevibus linearisubulatis dense cæspitosis. Pedunculi breves, filiformes; panicula parva, effusa, gracilis, spiculis minimis.

Species 1, Australia orientalis subtropica incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 621, ct in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1361.

150. Coslechne, R. Br. Prod. 187.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, parvæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla sub floribus articulata, inter flores nec ultra producta, flore utroque fertili, inferiore hermaphrodito superiore fœmineo. Glumæ membranaceæ, obtusæ v. acutiusculæ, muticæ, subenerves, 2 inferiores vacuæ, minores, parum inæquales, sub articulatione persistentes; tertia florem \$\napprox\$ fovens cæteris major, quarta florem \$\napprox\$ fovens iterum minor; palea latiuscula glumam subæquans, carinis 2 parum prominentibus. Stamma 2 v. 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoideo-oblonga, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina debilia, tenuia, decumbentia v. cæspitosa, foliis planis v. angustissimis subconvolutis. Panicula laxa, angusta v. thyrsoidea effusaque, ramulis tamen brevibus sæpius paucis. Spiculæ glabræ v. pubescentos.

Species 3, Indie orientalis, Chinæ australis et Australiæ orientalis tropica incolae. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 625. Thu. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 373. Endl. Iconogr. t. 2. Kunth, Rev. Geam. t. 143.

151. Airopsis, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808) 200, pro parte.—Spiculæ subæqualiter 2-floræ, subglobosæ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissinna cum pedunculo continua, ultra flores non producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. uno abortu sterili. Glumæ 2 ipferiores vacuæ, semiglobosæ, obtusæ, muticæ, nitidulæ, subæqualæs, persistentes; 2 florentea exterioribus inclusæ, parum breviores, cum palea inclusa hemisphæricæ, facie plana sibimet .pplicitæ, fructiferæ rigidulæ deciduæ; palea hyalina, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque nitidulis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, pulchellum, foliis angustis fere subulatis. Panicula densa, irregulariter subcylindracea, spiculis parvis confertis nitidulis.

Species 1, Europæ occidentalis et Africæ borealis occidentalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 71, t. 14, f. 8. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 293. Cuv. Ic. t. 274 (Milium). Thore in Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1808), t. 7 (Aira).

A. millegrana, (irisel., ex America australi extratropica, non differre videtur al Eragrosti airoid, Nees, et certe nequaquam cum Airopsi convenit.

152. Atra, Linn. Grn. n. 81, pro parte. (Fussia, Schur, Enum. Pl. Transylv. 754.)—Spigulæ 2-floræ, parvæ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla sub glumis florentibus articulata, ultra flores non (v. vix?) producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ tenuiter membranaceæ, subscariosæ, 2 inferiores sub articulatione persistentes, vacuæ, acutæ, muticæ, subsequales;

florentes iis contigue v. una parum distante, hyaline, mucronate v. sepius 2-dentate, arista infra medium dorsali tenui basi sepius torta rarius deficiente; palea gluma parum bravior, hyalina, 2-nervis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque non induratis inclusa iisque sepe adherens.—Gramina elegantia, sepius annua, tenuia, foliis angustis. Paniculæ ramuli capillares, ramulosi, effusi v. rarius conferti stricti.

Species 4 v. 5, omnes Europææ, quarum una hodie per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis tam australes quam boreales late dispersa, et altera hine inde in variis locis observata. Beauv. Agrostogr. 89, t. 18, f. 4. Kunth, Enum. i. 288, pro parte. Duv. Jouv. in Bull. Bot. Soc. Fr. xii. 6, 50, 83, t. 1; 2. Guss. Pl. Inarum. t. 20. Benth in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 94. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 260. Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 94. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 44. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 44, iv. t. 35 ad 37.

Species a variis auctoribus in genera diversa separatæ ob glumas florentes aristatas v. muticas, inter se contiguas v. parum distantes. Omnes tamen variare videntur aristatæ v. exaristatæ, et rhachilhæ inter flores evolutio parum constans. Parlatore, Fl. Ital. i. 250, auctoresque nonnulli alii Airam limitant ad A. caryophyllaceam, Linn., et A. præcocem, Linn., glumis florentibus sæpissime nec semper dorso aristatis inter se contiguis, quæ genus Fussiam, Schur, formant.

FIGRINIA, Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 232, est A. Tenorii, Guss., Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 102, f. 2, glumis thorentibus integris, ut in A. caryophyllacea approximatis sed exaristatis. Variat tamen fide Gussonli glumis ad normam aristatis.

MOLINEBIA, Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 236, est A. minuta, Læfi., Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 21, f. 2, glumis florentibus vacua4 paullo superantibus exaristatis v. rarius aristatis.

ANTINORIA, Parl. Fl. Palerm. i. 92; Fl. Ital. i. 234, est A. agrostidea, Lois., spiculæ rhachilla inter flores evidentius producta, glumis florentibus 2-3-dentatis exaristatis. Ab illa tamen parum distincta videtur, A. pulchella, Willd. (Bourgeau, Pl. Hisp. n. 2572), glumis florentibus aristatis.

PERIBALLIA, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 133, est A. involuorata, Cav. Ic. t. 44, spiculæ rhachilla inter flores ut in Antinoria producta, gluma florente inferiore exaristata, superiore prope basin arista dorsali instructa. Habitus sæpe (nec semper) peculiaris ob paniculæ ramos inferiores subverticillatos sterilesque involucrum sic dictum formantes. Interdum vero rami omnes spiculiferi sunt.

A. sabulonum, Lubill. Sert. Austr. Caled. t. 21, nobis ignota est. Ex icone omnino Sporobolum virginicum refert exceptis spiculis 2-floris. Specimina nomine Lubillardieri signata a Vicillardie et a Panchero lecta, ad Sporobolum virginicum verum spiculis 1-floris pertinent.

153. Corynephorus, Beaur. Agrostogr. 90, t. 18, f. 2. (Weingertneria, Beruh. Fl. Erf. 51, ex Kunth.)—Spiculæ 2-floræ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla sub glumis florentibus articulata, ultra flores in stipitem parvum penicillatum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ tenuiter membranacæ, subscariosæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, acutæ, muticæ, subæquales : florentes breviores, hyalinæ, integræ, arista infra medium dorsali, medio articulata, infra articulationem rigidula torta, ad articulationem breviter barbata, superne tenuissima, apice clavata ; palea gluma parum brevior, angusta, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma tenuissima hyalina involuta cique plus minus adhærens.—Gramina elegantia, annua, habitu Airæ, foliis cæspitosis angustis v. filiformibus. Panicula gracilis, contracta v. effusa, ramulis capillaribus ramulosis.

Species 2, Europeae et per totum fere regionem Mediterraneam dispersæ, in Oriente tamen rariores. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 286. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 42. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 94.

154. Deschampsia, Beaux. Agrostogr. 91, t. 18, f. 3. (Campelia, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 122.)—Spiculæ paniculatæ, floribus 2 hermaphroditis, rhachilla sub glumis fertilibus articulata, ultra flores in stipitem nudum penicillatum v. glumam vacuam rarius florem & ferentem producta. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, membranaceæ, subscariosæ, nitidulæ, rarius puberulæ, parum inæquales; florentes membranaceæ, fere hyalinæ, apice 2-\infty-dentatæ, arista dorsali tenui, basi torta; palea angusta, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, foliis angustis convoluto-teretibus v. planis.

Panicula terminalis, nunc angusta densa, nunc sepius laxe effusa, spiculis quam in Aira sepius majoribus.

Species ad 20, regionum temperatarum frigidarumque utrinsque orbis incolee, una (D. cospitosa), fere per totam aream extensa, inter tropicos perpauce adsunt montanse. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 286. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 30. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 219 et 222 (Airæ sect. 2 et 4). Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 95. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 42, 43. Reuchb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 95, 96. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 43. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 13. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 253 ad 259. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 150; Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 227, 228. Hook. f. Fl. Antarct. t. 133 ad 135 (ic. pleræque sub Aira). Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 37.

Vanlodda, Fries in Bot. Notiz. 1842, ex ejusd. Summ. Veg. Scand. 242, est D. atropurpurea (Aira, Wahlenb.), species borealis, dentibus glumæ fertilis minutis v. vix distinctis. Cætera omnia Deschampsiæ.

AVENELLA, Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 244 (LERCHENFELDIA, Schur, Enum. Pl. Transsylv. 753). est D. flexuosa (Aira, Linn.), glumis florentibus basi pilis stipatis apice truncato-denticulatis. Caryopsis ex
Parlatoreo paleæ inferne adhæret, quod tamen ex speciminibus nostris confirmare nequimus.

MONANDRAIRA, Em. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 341, t. 79, species includit 2 Chilenses (Trisetum Berteroanum, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 142, et T. airæforme, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 229) a Deschampsia separatas ob stamen in flore unicum tantum. In M. Berteroana, tamen interdum stamina 2 invenimus, et in specie affini D. antarctuca, Hook. f., stamina haud raro ad 2 reducta etsi sæpius 3. Forma antherarum eadem videtur in Monandrara ut in speciebus aliis nonnullis parvifloris Deschampsia.

AIRIDIOM, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum, i. 423, est species Magellanica, quam a Deschampsia antarctica, Hook. f., distinguere nequimus.

RYTIDOSPERMA, Steud. l. c. i. 425, est D. caspitosa v. species ei valde affinis statu morbido, ovario a larva quadam destructo quam auctor pro caryopsi descripsit.

PEVRITSCHIA. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 109, est Aira kalerioides, Peyr. in Linnæa, xxx. 5 (Deschampsia kalerioides, nob.) species Mexicana diandra, a nobis non visa, sed ex descriptione fusiore Peyritschii et notis Fournieri evidenter D. antarctica affinis, nec longe a D. nitida et D. holciformi, Presl, distare videtur.

155. Achneria, Munro in Harv. Gen. Pl. Cap. ed. 2, 449, non Beauv.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, laxe v. densiuscule paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores sæpe in stipitem glabrum productæ, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, rigidulæ, carinatæ, læves, vix venosæ, subæqualæs; florentes 2 inter se parum distantes, vacuis paullo breviores, membranacææ, glabræ v. puberulæ, obtusæ, integræ v. vix obtusissime denticulatæ, exaristatæ; palæa angusta, hyalina, gluma involuta. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, gluma membranacæa inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa, foliis angustis sæpius convoluto-teretibus. Panicula terminalis, nunc brevis densa subcylindracæa v. angusta paucispiculata, nunc sæpius effusa pyramidata v. laxissima.

Species ad 8, Africæ australis incolæ, cum una ex Africa tropica orientali. Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 273 (Friachne). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 216, 217 (Airopsis).

Genus Achneria a Beauvoisio propositum fuit ad species Australianas Eriachnis, quarum glume florentes vix v. non in aristam producuntur. His addidit Nees species Africanas a Munroio primum pro genere proprio acceptas, quæ affinitatem potius cum Deschampsia, quam cum Eriachni exhibent.

156. Monachyron, Parlat. in Hook. Nig. Fl. 190.—Spiculæ 2-flore, paniculate, rhachilla brevi, flore inferiore hermaphrodito, superiore masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, infima ad basin rhachillæ, secunda altius affixa, concava, carinata, 5-nervis, apice acute 2-fida, arista in sinu setacea flexuosa; florentes membranaceæ, muticæ, concavocarinatæ, apice obtuso 2-fidæ; palea sub flore  $\nabla$  glumam subæquans, sub flore  $\nabla$  brevior, linearis, 2-carinata. Stamina in flore  $\nabla$  3, in flore  $\nabla$  1 v. 2. Styli breves. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen gracile, foliis anguste linearibus. Panicula ramosa, ramulis subgeminis capillaribus flexuosis. Spiculæ solitariæ, pedicellis apice incrassatis villosisque. (Char. ex Parlat.)

Species 1, ins. S. Jacobi Capitis Viridis incola, a nobis non visa, specimine descripto verisimiliter in herb. Webbiano hodie Florentino servato.

157. Meleus, Linn. Gen. n. 1146, pro parte.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, in panicula sæpius densa oblonga v. interrupta confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores in stipitem parvum producta, flore inferiore hermaphrodito, superiore masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, carinatæ, extima 1-nervis, acuta v. breviter acuminata, secunda latior, 3-nervis, acuta v. in aristam producta; florentes vacuis subbreviores, membranaceæ, quarum inferior florem \$\mathseta\$ fovens exaristata, demum rigidula, superior subsimilis sed florem \$\mathseta\$ v. sterilem fovens, et dorso arista tenui subtorta instructa; palea angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma rigidula inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, mollia, foliis planis v. rarius rigidioribus siccitate convolutis. Panicula pedunculata, nunc fere spiciformis, sæpius laxior, interrupta v. pyramidata, rarius effusa.

Species ad 8, Europææ v. Africanæ, imprimis occidentales, quarum una et interdum altera per varias orbis utriusque regiones temperatas dispersæ, sæpius inquilinæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 87, t. 17, f. 10. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 34. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 14. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 20. Host. Gram. Austr. i. t. 2, 3. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 14. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 105. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 173 b. Seub. Fl. Azor. t. 1, f. 2.

H. grandiflorus, Boiss. et Reut. et H. cæspitosus, Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 173 a, sectionem formant Homalachnen, flore utroque hermaphrodito, gluma subtendente aristata, et forte melius ad Deschampsiam transferenda, etsi aspectu molli Holco accedant.

158. Trisetum, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 97.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, rarius 3-6-floræ, laxe v. dense paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, pilosa v. nuda, ultra flores in stipitem producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ membranacæ, subscariosæ v. florentes hyalinæ, carinatæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ sub articulatione persistentes acutæ, exaristatæ, inæquales; florentes vacuis breviores v. rarius longiores, apice 2-dentatæ, dentibus sæpius in setas v. aristas tenues productis, arista inter dentes sub apice dorsali exserta sæpius tortili; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, sæpe longiuscula, exsulca, glabra v. apice pubescens, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia v. rarius annua, cæspitosa, foliis planis. Panicula nunc dense spiciformis ovata v. oblonga, nunc laxa v. effusa, spiculis sæpius nitidulis.

Species fere 50, per regiones temperatas montanasve utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 88, t. 18, f. 1. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 295; Rev. Gram. t. 60, 142, 175. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 224, excl. sect. 2 et 3. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 45 (Aira) et t. 53 (Avena), iii. t. 38 ad 40. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 97 ad 99, f. 1687 ad 1696. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 46. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 174, 175. Lange, Pl. Nov. Hisp. t. 35. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 107. Guss. Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 9 et 10, f. 2. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 31, 32. Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 68. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 39, 40. Tort, Fl. N. York, t. 154. Rothr. in Bot. Wheeler Exped. t. 27. Cav. Ic. t. 591, f. 2 (Bromus). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 687. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 107. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii, iii. t. 29, f. 2 (ic. plures sub Avena).

Species nonnullæ Africanæ v. austro-Americanæ e.g. T. hirtum, Nees, T. antarcticum, Nees (inclusis Bromo antarctico, Hook. f. Fl. Ant. t. 54, et B. bicuspide, Nees), Trisetum cum Avena (Avenastro) arcte connectunt. Glumæ inferiores inæquales, carinatæ, 1-3-nerves, florentes quam in Trisetis typicis rigidiores, 5-7-nerves, vix carinatæ. Ovarium apice villosum; caryopsis apice solo parce pubescens, nec ut in Avena sulcatum.

TRICHATA, B auv. Agrostogr. 86, t. 17, f. 8, est Trisetum ovatum, Pers. (Bromus ovatus, Cav. Ic. t. 591), species T. subspicato affinis, differt panicula dense spiciformi ovoidea v. interdum subglobosa. Acrospelion seu Acropselion, Bess. ex Trin. in Mem. Acad. Petersh. ser. 6, i. 59, et Spach, Suites Buff. ziii. 163, est Trisetum distichophyllum, Beauv., nec Ventenata, Kæl., cui in Lindl. Veg. Kingd.

ROSTRARIA, Trin., Fundam. Agrostogr. 149, genus compositum fuit e Triseto neglecto, R. et Sch., et Kæleria phleoide, Pers.

159. Ventenata, Kal. Gram. Gall. et Germ. 272.—Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, ultra flores in stipitem producta, floribus hermaphroditis.

Glume 2 inferiores vacue, sub articulatione persistentes, inequales, rigidules, 3-5-nerves, acute, mutice v. in aristam brevissimam productse, tertia florens vacuis contigua, 5-7-nervis, mutica v. in aristam brevissimam producta, dorso exaristata, superiores 1-3 pariter florentes sed apice 2-fide, arista dorsali tenui torta geniculataque; palea glumis brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glaberrima, exsulca, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, foliis angustis seepius convoluto-teretibus. Panicula gracilis, in V. avenucea, Kcel. (Avena tenui, Moench), angusta, ramulis filiformibus erectis v. demum effusa, in V. macra, Balansa, stricta, simplex, fere Gaudinia, sed rhachis inarticulata, et spiculæ pedicellatæ. Spiculæ in utraque angustæ longiusculæ.

Species 2, altera per regionem Mediterraneam late dispersa et in Europa centrali extensa, altera Orientalis. Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 271. Host, (fram. Austr. ii. t. 55 (Avena). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 97, f. 1690. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 47.

Genus Triseto valde affine, quocum junxerunt Kunth, Trinius aliique, differt glumis rigide plurinervibus et inferiore florentium arista dorsali carente.

160. Avena, Linn. Gen. n. 91.—Spiculæ 2- $\infty$ -floræ, rarissime 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores fertiles articulata, floribus saltem inferioribus hermaphroditis, superioribus sæpe masculis v. imperfectis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ, parum inæquales; florentes dorso rotundatæ, acutæ, 5-9-nerves, apice sæpe breviter 2-fidæ, inferiores florem  $\emptyset$  foventes, dorso arista torta geniculata instructæ, superiores florem  $\emptyset$  foventes v. ananthæ, exaristatæ; palea angusta, 2-dentata v. 2-fida. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. elongato-fusiformis, pubescens v. rarius glabra, hinc profunde sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera v. paleæ plus minus adhærens.—Gramina annua v. perennia, sectionis diversæ habitu diversa.

Species ad 40, per regiones temperatas orbis veteris dispersæ, cum paucis Americanis borealibus v. australibus, una alterave ex annuis in variis locis inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 299. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 229.

- Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes habitu dictinctas, facile pro generibus propriis habendas dividitur:—
  1. Crithe, Griseb. Gramina annua, sæpe elata, foliis planis, panicula laxa, spiculis pendulis, floribus fertilibus 1-2. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ, dorso rotundatæ, membranaceæ, 7-9-nerves, sub floribus fertilibus rigidiores 5-7-nerves, arista dorsali sæpius longa valida. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. t. 15, 45, 46. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 18, f. 5. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 56 ad 59; iii. t. 42 ad 44. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 48. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 23. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 103. Parlat. in Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 247, 248. Coss. et Dur. Explor. Alger. Bot. t. 41. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 29, f. 1.
- 2. Avenastrum, Koch. Gramina perennia, foliis angustis interdum setaceis, panicula angusta stricta v. rarius laxa, spiculis crectis v. rarius patentibus sæpius flores fertiles plus quam 2 continentibus. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 1-3-nerves v. secunda rarius sub-5-nervis, florentes post anthesin rigescentes, 5-7-nerves. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. 76, t. 9. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 50 ad 52; iii. t. 41, iv. t. 31, 32. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 99 ad 102, f. 1697 ad 1707. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 9. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 89. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 176. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 79. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 104, f. 1 (Bromus). Heuffelia, Schur, Enum. Pl. Transsylv. 760. Helicotrichum, Bess. in Reichb. Fl. Germ. Exc. 140.
- 161. Gandinia, Beauv. Agrostogr. 95, pro parte, char. manco, t. 19, f. 5.—Spiculæ co-floræ, spicatæ, ad excavationes rhacheos sessiles, rhachilla inter flores articulata et ultra flores sæpe producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, herbaceæ, acutæ, muticæ, inæquales, extima 3-5-nervis, secunda 5-9-nervis; florentes 5-9-nerves, apice 2-dentatæ v. breviter 2-fidæ, arista dorsali tenui sæpius geniculata basi torta; palea gluma brevior, angusta, 2-carinata, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, exsulca, appendice parva villosa coronata cæterum glabra, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera v. vix ádhærens.—Gramina annua, cæspitosa, basi sæpius ramosa, molliter pubescentia v. glabra,

foliis planis. Spica terminalis, elongata, rhachi demum articulata. Spiculæ erectæ, dissitæ, quaquaversæ, sæpius appressæ. Lodiculæ (an semper?) 2-fidæ.

Species 2, quarum una per regionem Mediterraneam late diffusa, altera Azorica. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 303 (Avena sect.). Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. t. 24, f. 3 (Avena). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 54 (Avena). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 13. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 84. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 86 (Avena).

Genus a Parlatoreo ob inflorescentiam ad *Hordeeas* transfertur, characteres cæteri tamen omnino *Avenearum* quibuscum ab auctoribus plerisque associatur.

ARTHROSTACHYA, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 151, est & geministora, Gay, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 61 (Avena), species olim ad specimina hortensia originis ignote descripta, nuperius a Scubertio aliisque in ins. Azoricis detecta.

102. Amphibromus, Nees in Hook. Lond. Journ. ii. 420.—Spiculæ co-floræ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata pilosa, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, acutæ, carinatæ, margine scariosæ, prope basin 5-nerves, exaristatæ; florentes rigidiores, dorso rotundatæ, prominule 5-nerves, apice demum sæpe fissæ, lobis interdum brevissime 2-aristatis, medio dorso arista torta geniculataque tenui instructæ; palea tenuis, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glabra, late profundeque sulcata, gluma parum rigescente inclusa, libera.—Gramen (perenne?) elatiusculum, foliis planis. Paniculæ ramuli capillares, spiculis longiusculis, glumis florentibus imbricatis usque ad 10.

Species 1, Australia extratropica incola. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 589. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 163 (Danthonia).

163. Arrhenatherum, Beaux. Agrostogr. 55, t. 11, f. 5.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata inter flores evoluta pilosa, ultra florem superiorem in stipitem producta, flore inferiore masculo, superiore hermaphrodito v. foemineo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, tenuiter membranaceæ, subscariosæ, carinatæ, breviter mucronato-acuminatæ, inæquales; florentes rigidiores, 5-7-nerves, apice subdentatæ, inferior florem & fovens, dorso prope basin arista longa torta geniculataque instructa, superior florem & v. Q includens, sub apice arista dorsali brevi instructa v. exaristata; palea angusta, fere hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea, haud sulcata, gluma vix rigescente inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, perennia, fohis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Panicula ramosa, stricta v. sæpius laxa effusa subsecunda.

Species 3, Europæ, Africæ borealis et Asiæ occidentalis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 307. Schreh. Besohr. Grüs. 25, t. 1 (Avena). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 49, iv. t. 30 (Avena). Reichh. Ic. Fl. Germ. 1. 104. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 49. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 198.

164. Tristachya, Nees, Agrostol. Bras. 458. (Monopogon, Presl, Rel. Hænk. i. 324, t. 44.)—Spiculæ 2-floræ, ad apicæs ramulorum paniculæ ternatim sessilæs v. æqualitær breviterque pedicellatæ, rhachilla inter floræs evoluta pilosa ultra floræm superiorem non producta, floræ inferioræ masculo, superioræ hermaphrodito v. fœmineo. Glumæ 2 inferioræs væcuæ, persistentæs, membranacæe, muticæ, parum inæqualæs, glabræ v. exterioræ latioræ validioræ tuberculata ciliataquæ, tertia floræm & fovens, membranacæa, mutica; terminalis floræm fertilæm fovens, apicæ 2-fida v. 2-aristata, inter lobos v. aristas rectas in aristam centralæm longam rigidam geniculatam tortamquæ producta; palæa gluma floræntæ inclusa, membranacæa, hyalina, 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 2. Stamina 2 v. 3. Styli distineti, tenuissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. fere linearis, gluma plus minus indurata involuta, libera.—Gramina perennia (v. rarius annua?) sæpe rigidula, foliis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Panicula laxa, spiculis nunc magnis ternationibus paucis erectis v. subpendulis, nunc minoribus numerosis.

Species ad 8, quarum 2 per Americam tropicam dispersse a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum, caeterse

Africe tropice v. australis v. Asiæ occidentalis incolæ. Noss, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 266. Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 115. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 140, 141. Doll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. r. 31.

T. simplex, Nees, ex Africa australi, est Trichoptericis species.

165. Trichoptoryx, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 449, et Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 339. (Loudetia, Hochst. in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 238.)—Spiculæ 2-floræ, secus ramulos paniculæ sparsæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, inter flores evoluta, annulo pilorum instructa, ultra florem superiorem non producta, flore inferiore masculo superiore hermaphrodito v. fœmineo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranacæ, muticæ, sæpius inæquales glabræque v. extima tuberculata ciliataque; tertia florem & fovens vacuis sæpius longior, 3-5-nervis, glabra, muticæ; terminalis florem Ø v. Q involvens, sæpe longe pilosa, apice 2-fida v. tenuiter 2-aristata, inter lobos v. aristas rectas in aristam centralem longam rigidam geniculatam tortamque producta; palea gluma florente inclusa, membranaceo-hyalina, 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 2. Stamina 3 rarius 2. Styli distincti, tenuissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. fere linearis, gluma rigescente v. indurata involuta, libera.—Gramina perennia, sæpe elata, foliis planis v. rarius convoluto-teretibus. Panicula sæpius virgata, ramulis numerosis tenuibus erectis, rarius effusa.

Species ad 10, Africæ tropicæ et australis incola, una etiam in Brasilia obvia.

Huc pertinent, præter species a Steudelio enumeratas, Tristachya simplex, Nees ex Africa australi, Arundinella flammea, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 267, ex Africa tropica et Brasilia, et species nonnullæ Africanæ adhuc ineditæ. In specie typica gluma sub flore fertili utrinque fasciculo pilorum longorum instructa, in T. flammea pili longi magis sparsi, in speciebus nonnullis multo breviores parumque conspicui.

166. Anisopogon, R. Br. Prod. 176.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, longæ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore elongata, ultra florem in stipitem haud raro glumam vacuam v. floris rudimentum foventem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, longæ, angustæ, acutæ v. acuminatæ, subcarinatæ, ∞-nerves, rigidulæ, subæqualæs; tertia florens dorso convexa, circa paleam floremque convoluta, apice 5-fida, lobis lateralibus breviter setaceis, intermediis in aristas longas setaceas rectas productis, arista centrali longiore rigida basi torta geniculata; palea gluma inclusa, circa florem convoluta, 2-nervis. Lodiculæ longæ. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Ovarium stipitatum, apice pilosulum. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen (annuum?) elatum, foliis longis angustis siccitate sæpius convolutis longe subulato-acuminatis. Panicula laxa, subsecunda, e spiculis paucis maximis longe pedicellatis composita. Glumæ vacuæ glabræ, florens pubescens v. villosa.

Species 1, Australiæ austro-occidentalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 43, t. 9, f. 8. Benth. Fl. stustral. vii. 589. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 62. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 61 (Danthonia). Species altera Africa-australis, a Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 265, descripta, nobis ignota est et ex descriptione pluribus notis imprimis habitu a typica Australiana discrepat. Fructus speciei hujus typicæ nobis deest nec ab auctoribus descriptus. Lodiculæ a Kunthio delineantur 3, in floribus pluribus quos examinavimus semper 2 longas lanceolatas vidimus.

167. Benthonia, DC. Fl. Fr. iii. 32, pro parte.—Spiculæ 3-∞-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata pilosa, ultra flores in stipitem producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, 5-7-nerves v. rarius præter carinam enerves, carinatæ, acutæ, parum inæquales, spiculam æquantes v. rarius breviores; florentes dorso rotundatæ, nervis 7-9 parum prominentibus (rarius 3-5?), margine sæpe ciliatæ, apice 2-fidæ, lobis ad latera aristæ nunc minimis hyalinis v. vix prominulis nunc lanceolatis acutis muticis v. aristiformibus v. ipsis 2-fidis lobulo utroque v. interiore solo aristato; arista centralis inter lobos terminalis, rigida, basi plus minus complanata, sæpissime torta geniculataque; gluma summa sæpius minor, florem masculum v. paleam solam fovens v. vacua; palea intra glumas lata, hyalina, prope margines

2-carinata, obtusa v. 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, nunc a dorso compressa facieque interiore cava, nunc subteres, gluma rigescente v. membranacea inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia v. rarius annua, habitu vario, foliis planis v. convolutis. Panicula terminalis, nunc effusa spiculis parvis fere Airæ v. numerosis in panicula ampla, nunc densa, spiculis paucis maximis fere Anisopogonis nisi erectioribus, nunc angusta stricta spiculis paucis erectis, v. dense pyramidata spiculis confertis subsessilibus. Spiculæ in omnibus sæpissime erectæ.

Species fere 100, per regiones calidiores temperatasque utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, maxima tamen copia in Africa australi crescentes. Beauv. Agrostogr. 92, t. 18, f. 7. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 311, excl. sp. n. 1 ct 2. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 238. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 590, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 99. Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 280.

Genus aspectu polymorphum, etsi characteribus sat definitis limitatum, adhuc in sectiones naturales nondum divisum, duæ sequentes a Neesio ad species Africanas propositæ distinctæ videntur sed nimis artificiales, cæteræ infra memoratæ a variis auctoribus pro generibus propriis editæ, pleræque monotypicæ, characteres potius specificos tantum exhibent.

- 1. Himantochæte, Nees. Glumæ florentis lobi ad latera aristæ centralis integri, acuti v. aristati, interdum minimi. Species includit omnes extra-Africanas cum pluribus Africanis. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 103. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 50. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 49, 51 ad 54, 62, 65, 67. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 65, 177. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 12 (Avena). Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 331. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 161, 162; Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 68, 69. Raoul, Choix Pl. Novv. Zel. t. 3. Buchan. Grass. N. Zeal. t. 29 ad 36 et t. 36, 2. Em. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 80. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 100, t. 30. Strebloch.eta, Hochst. Pl. Schimp. Abyssin. exs. n. 412, 683.
- 2. Pentaschista, Nees. Glumæ florentis lobi ad latera aristæ centralis 2-fidi, lobulo interiore v. rarius utroque in aristam rectam producto, exteriore sæpius membranaceo dentato v. acuto interdum tenuissimo v. fere evanescente. Species omnes austro-Africanæ. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 50, 63, 64, 66, 68. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 176, et t. 218 (Pentameris).

PENTAMERIS, Beauv. Agrostogr. 92, t. 18, f. 8. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 66, genus a Neesio ad sectionem Danthoniæ reductum, est D. Thouarsii, Nees, species austro-Africana habitu et inflorescentia D. pallescenti, Nees, accedens, sed gluma fructifera tenuiore, caryopsi brevi crassa apice complanato-truncata insignis.

TRIRAPHIS, Necs, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 270, non R. Br., est D. radicans, Steud., species austro-Africana ad Pentaschistas portinens, D. crispæ, Nees, affinis.

CHÆTOBROMUS, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 449; Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 340, species continet paucas austro-Africanas, a Danthonia separatas ob florem unum alterumve in spicula imperfectum.

Monachather, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 247, est D. bipartita, F. Muell., species Australiana, glumis fructiferis basi obliquis induratis sub lobis annulo pilorum cinctis, et arista centrali lobos laterales rigidos vix superante.

PLINTHANTHESIS, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 14, species 2 Australianse forte ad Danthoniam pertinentes, charactere dato evidenter falso, nam arista torta in toto ordine nunquam ad latera palese (valvulæ superioris, Steud.) affixa est.

CRINIPES, Hochst. in Flora, 1855, 279, est D. abyssinica, Hochst. in Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 419, species ad Himantochæten pertinens, glumis vacuis tamen spicula parum brevioribus setaceo-acuminatis v. subaristatis; et glumarum florentium arista centralis tenuissima, basi rigidior sed parum dilatata et vix torts.

## TRIBUS X. CHLORIDEÆ.

168. Efferection, R. Br. Prod. 208.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, parvæ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ unilateralis sessiles, alternatim 2-seriatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, infra articulationem persistentes, membranaceæ, carinatæ, acutiusculæ v. obtusæ, parum inæquales; florens multo brevior, hyalina, mutica, carina ciliata; palea vix brevior, angustior, carinis 2 approximatis sæpius ciliatis. Stamina 3 (v. 2?). Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblongo-fusiformis, glabra, gluma paleaque tenuissimis arcte involuta, libera.—

Gramina tenuia, caspitosa, foliis convoluto-teretibus filiformibus v. rigidulis. Spica in pedunculo terminalis, unica, tenuis, sape elongata, recta v. curvula, spiculis distincte 2-scriatis, omnibus tamen secundis.

Species nobis notes 3, quarum una per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersa, 2 Africes tropices v. australis proprise. Beauv. Agrostogr. 115, t. 20, f. 8. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 202. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 132 (Rottbodlia). H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et. Sp. t. 22. Dail in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 21.

169. Schonefeldia, Kunth, Rev. (tram. 283, t. 53.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, alternæ, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata pilosa, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, tenues, subhyalinæ, costa valida in mucronem brevem producta, plus minus inæquales; florens multo brevior, lata, hyalina, tenuiter 1-nervis, apice breviter 2-fida, costa inter lobos in aristam capillarem longissimam producta; palea minor, angustior, tenuissime 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glabra, gluma tenuissima involuta, libera. —Gramen (annuum?) multicaule, erectum, foliis angustis planis subulato-acuminatis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi erectæ, sessiles, 2-4-næ v. solitariæ, eleganter unilaterales, subpectinatæ, ante fructus delapsos aristis capillaribus numerosissimis insignes.

Species 1, Africæ tropicæ incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 258. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 259.

170. Cynoden, Pers. Nyn. Pl. i. 85. (Capriola, Adans. Fam. ii. 31. Fibichia, Kal. Gram. Gall. et Germ. 308.)—Spiculæ 1-flore, parvæ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, alternatim 2-seriatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non v. in stipitem parvum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, infra articulationem persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ, tenues, carinatæ, acutæ v. obtusæ, muticæ; florens vacuis brevior v. longior, latior, membranacea, carina ciliata, interdum prope apicem transverse pilosa, exaristata; palea vix gluma brevior, hyalina, carinis 2 approximatis distantibusve sæpiusque ciliolatis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glabra, exsulca, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa reptantia v. stolonifera, foliis angustis planis brevibus v. rarius longiusculis. Spicæ tenues, ad apicem pedunculi per 3-6 digitatæ v. rarius geminæ, rectæ erectæ v. radiatim patentes. Spiculæ parvæ, secus rhachin secundæ, nunc approximatæ distincte 2-seriatæ, nunc subdissitæ specie 1-seriatæ.

Species 4, quarum typica per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis latissime dispersa et interdum in temperatas extensa, sepertamen inquilina, ab auctoribus varii4 in species usque ad 10 divisa, cæteræ Australiæ propriæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 259. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 212.

Sectiones 2 sequentes vix non pro generibus propriis habenda: -

- 1. Fibichia. Gluma florens vacuas sepius superans. Rhachilla ultra florem sepissime in stipitem parvum tenuem producta. Species 1, cosmopolitana. Beauv. Ayrostogr. 37, t. 9, f. 1. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 18 (Panicum). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 26. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 39. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 60 (Panicum). Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 21.
- 2. Brachyachne. Gluma florens vacuis brevior. Rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Sectio a Microchloa vix nisi habitu et inflorescentia differt. Species 3 Australianae. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 609. Kunth, Rev. Gram. 439, cum analysi in 1. 133. Icon princeps hujus tabulæ Pennisetum cenchroidem refert.

Nomen genericum Kælerianum jure prioritatis gaudet sed jam din ab omnibus botanicis prætermissum nunc futile restitueretur. Dactilon, Vill. Pl. Dauph. ii. 69, adhue antiquius est, sed Panicum sanguinale cum Cynodonte Dactylon includit.

171. Earpechica, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 92; Enum. Pl. i. 274.—Spiculæ 1-3-florer, secus rhachin continuam spicæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, inter flores continua, flore infimo hermaphrodito, cesteris dum adsint masculis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ, complicatæ, carinatæ, acutiusculæ, secunda paullo major 3-nervis; tertia

florens lata, complicato-carinata, obtusissima, exacistata, margine longe ciliata, 1-3 superiores minores, tenuiores, hyaline, truncate, florem 3 includentes v. summa vacua; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata, gluma inclusa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque tenuibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, foliis siccitate convolutis crassiusculis. Spica in pedunculo elongato terminalis, unica, densa, sæpius colorata, interdum falcata, spiculis confertis subpectinatis secundis.

Species 2, Africa australis incolæ. Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 238. Swartz in Gesellsch. Naturf. Fr. Berl. Mag. iii. t. 1 (Chloris). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 310 (Chloris).

172. Ctenium, Panz. in Denkschr. Acad. Sc. Munch. 1813, 288, t. 13. (Campulosus, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 189. Campuloa, Ejusd. Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 69. Monocera, Ell. Bot. S. Carol. and Georg. i. 176.)—Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, tenues, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore unico v. inferiore hermaphrodito, superiore dum adsit masculo. Glume 2 inferiores vacue, sub articulatione persistentes, extima parva, tenuis, fere hyalina, carinata, mutica, secunda ceteris major, membranacea v. rigidula, 2-3-nervis, acuta v. breviter 2-fida, medio dorso arista sæpius horizontaliter divaricata tenuiter aculeiformi v. ad tuberculum reducta instructa, glume tertia quartaque vacuæ v. paleam angustam foventes, quam secunda breviores tenuioresque sæpe longe ciliata, sub apice arista dorsali erecta instructa; quinta florens vacuis brevior tenuiorque, arista sub apice tenui interdum longe capillari; superiores 1-2 angustre, vacuæ v. paleam angustam foventes. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, exsulca, gluma laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina sepe elatiuscula, foliis angustis planis v. convolutis. Spice in pedunculo terminali solitariæ v. rarius 2-3, erectæ, sessiles, sæpe incurvæ; spiculæ secundie, densissime approximatie, eleganter pectinate, medio quasi armatie.

Species nobis note 7, quarum 4 Americana, boreales v. australes, 3 Africanae v. Mascarenses. Beauv. Agrostogr. 63, t. 13, f. 1 (Campulosus). Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 274. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 202. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 301 ad 304 (Campulosus). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 59, 136, 137. Munby, Fl. Alq. t. 1. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii, 71, t. 20.

Nomen Campulosus, Desv. vittose confectum, ab auctore postea in Campuloa mutatum genus designavit Harpechloam, Kunth, Monoceram, Ell., includens, qua ratione a botanicis recentioribus rejicitur, etsi prius quam Ctenium editum.

173. Enteropogon, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 448.—Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, sublanceolatæ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ longæ unilateralis sessilæs, 2-seriatim confertæ, appressæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, flore unico v. inferiore hermaphrodito, superiore dum adsit masculo v. sterili. Glumæ 2, vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, hyalime, carinatæ, acutæ, plus minus inæquales; tertia florens longior, rigidulæ, dorso rotundata, 3-nervis, arista sub apice integro v. breviter 2-fido subdorsali tenui recta; superiores 1-2 minores, florem & v. paleam solam foventes; palea gluma paullo brevior, 2-nervis, 2-cuspidata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, a dorso compressa v. antice late sulcata, gluma paleaque rigescentibus inclusa, libera.—Gramina (perennia!) œspitosa, elatiuscula, foliis longis angustis planis v. angustissimis convolutisque. Spica terminalis, unica, elongata, sæpe curvula, apículis secundis imbricatis.

Species 3 v. 4, Indiae orientalis Africæ tropicæ et ins. Mascarensium incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 101.

Huc pertinent, practer E. melicoidem, Nees, Ctenium Seychellarum, Baker, Fl. Maurit. 452, species vix a typica Indica distincta, E. macrostachya, Munro (Chloris macrostachya, Hochst.), ex Abyssinia, et E. leptophylla, Benth., e Madagascaria, Boivin, n. 3019.

174. chloris, Swartz, Prod. 25; Fl. Ind. Occid. 189, t. 3.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores producta, apice glumifera, flore hermaphrodito.

Glume 2 inferiores vacue, sub articulatione persistentes, inæquales, carinate, angustenunc angustissime, acute, mucronate, rarius obtuse v. secunda breviter aristata; florens angusta v. latiuscula, 1-3-nervis, acuta obtuse emarginata v. breviter 2-fida, costa in aristam tenuem producta v. rarius mutica, vacue ad apicem rhachille plures conniventes, v. unica, breves, late truncateque v. anguste, sepius aristate v. ad aristam reducte, rarius mutice; palea gluma vix brevior, complicato-2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma involuta v. inclusa, libera, oblongo-fusiformis v. fere linearis, subteres v. fere 3-quetra, rarius sulcata.—Gramina sepius perennia, foliis planis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi terminalis interdum solitariæ v. geminæ, erectæ, sepius plures, digitatæ verticillatæ v. approximatæ erectæ v. demum stellato-patentissimæ. Gluma florens sæpe longe ciliata.

Species ad 40, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late disperse. Beauv. Agrostogr. 79, t. 16, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 263. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 203. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 61. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 610, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 102.

Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes dividitur, a nonnullis pro generibus propriis habitas :- -

1. Euchloris. Glumm exteriores vacum acute v. rarius obtuse, exaristate, florens et superiores vacum seepius nec semper aristate. Jacq. Fragm. t. 121; Ecl. Gram. t. 8 ad 10. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 55 ad 58, 134, 178 ad 180. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 305 ad 308, 311, 312. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 18 et t. 23 (Gymnopogon).

Species quoad glumarum formam et aristas polymorphæ, C. monostachya, Poir., ex ins. Mascarensibus et C. unispica, F. Muell., ex Australia, insignes sunt habitu gracili spicis tenuibus solitariis v. rarins geminis erectis, gluma florente angusta terminalique vacua angusta aristatis. In C. aciculari, Br., et C. Roxburghiana, Edgew., ex Australia et India orientali, et in C. radiata, Sw., ex America et Africa, gluma florens pariter angusta, terminalis vacua vix arista latior, sed spice plures digitatæ v. fasciculatim approximatæ. In C. foliosa, Willd., sp. Americana a Dollio ad Gymnopogonem relata, glumæ pariter angustæ, sed spicæ minus confertæ et gluma vacua ad stipitem 2-aristatum (an glumæ 2 aristiformes?) reducta. In C. pumilione, Br., C. pectinuta, Benth., et C. divaricata, Br., ex Australia, gluma florens distincte 2-loba, arista inter lobos instructa. In speciebus pluribus Asiaticus v. Australiensibus glumæ terminales vacuæ plures, latæ, truncatæ; in pluribus Americanis gluma terminalis vacua pariter truncata sed unica; in C. submutica, Kunth, glumæ omnes obtuæv v. obtusiusculæ muticæ; in his plerisque spicæ digitatæ v. verticillatæ additis rarius una alterave inferiore v. superiore.

- 2. Eustachys. Gluma vacua secunda mucronata v. breviter aristata, florens et vacua terminalis obtusæ v. truncatæ, muticæ v. brevissime mucronato-aristatæ. Spicæ digitatæ. Species 5 v. 6, Americanæ. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 11. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 309. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 49, 50. Eustachys, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 188, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813), 69. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 262; Rev. Gram. t. 54. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 19. Schultesia, Spreng. Pl. Pugill. ii. 17.
- 175. Cryptechleris, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1376.—Spiculæ 2-floræ (rarius 1-floræ?), secus rhachin continuam spicæ subsecundæ sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustissime lineares, complicatæ, glabræ, parum inæquales, spiculam subæquantes, acutæ, muticæ; florentes membranaceæ, late ovatæ, 1-nerves, extus longe ciliatæ, apice minute 2-dentatæ, sub apice dorso arista rigida instructæ; superiores plures vacuæ, obovatæ v. subglobosæ, gradatim minores glabrioresque, omnes aristatæ; palea gluma florente paullo minor, 2-dentata, pilosula, mutica. Stamina . . . Stylus . . . Caryopsis gluma inclusa, obovoidea, libera.—Gramen annuum, nanum, spica simplici densa intra bracteam spathiformem semi-inclusa.

Species unica, olim a Capt. Middleton verisimiliter in Patagonia lecta.

176. Erichteris, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 142.—Spiculæ 1- rarius 2-flore v. fide Fournieri interdum plurifloræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem producta glumifera, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, parvæ, membranaceæ, subhyalinæ, extima sæpius angustissima, acuta, mutica, secunda breviter 1-aristata; florens membranacea, sub-3-nervis, 3-aristata, aristis longis rectis subæqualibus v. lateralibus

multo brevioribus; superiores vacuæ, nunc 2-3 quarum infima florenti subsimilis nisi angustior et superiores minores 1-aristatæ v. muticæ, nunc unica ad aristas 3 v. 6 (glumis 2 contiguis?) reducta; palea gluma inclusa, hyalina, prope margines 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, subteres, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina (perennia?) elatiuscula, foliis planis. Spicæ plures, tenues, in pedunculo sessiles, erectæ, arcte approximatæ, subverticillatæ, paniculam formantes densam, oblongam, aristis longis numerosissimis molliter echinatam, spiculis tenuibus erectis.

Species nobis notæ 4 v. 5, quarum 2 regionis Mexicano-Texanæ, 2 v. 3 Americæ australis extratropicæ incolæ. Genus jam diu a J. Gayio et a Munroio ad species australes agnotum et nominibus in herbariis signatum, nec tamen foris editum. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 102.

177. Cymnopogon, Beauv. Agrostogr. 41, t. 9, f. 3. (Anthopogon, Nutt. Gen. N. Am. Pl. i. 81.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam tenuem spicarum unilateralium dissitæ, subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem producta glumifera, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ, plus minus inæquales, angustæ, 1-3-nerves, acutæ v. secunda breviter aristata; florens paullo latior, 3-nervis, florem paleamque involvens, apice breviter 2-fida, costa in aristam rectam producta; terminalis vacua longe aristiformis basi sæpe vix dilatata; palea gluma inclusa, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis linearis, subteres, gluma rigidula involuta, libera.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis planis brevibus rigidulisque v. elongatis flaccidis. Spicæ tenues, interdum filiformes, secus pedunculum plures, dissitæ sparsæ v. inferiores subverticillatæ, primum erectæ, demum sæpe divaricato-patentes.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum una Zeylanica cæteræ Americanæ boreales v. australes. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 284; Rev. Gram. t. 139. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 79, excl. G. foliosa et G. pullulante ad Chloridem restituendis.

Genus speciebus Chloridis C. aciculari, Br., affinibus prope accedit, imprimis inflorescentia differt. Dichetaria, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 145, est fide Munroi G. rigidus, Thw., species Zeylanica ab Americanis paullulum diversa foliis longis flaccidis, spicis in pedunculo paucis distantibus, spiculis majoribus longius aristatis, structura cæterum omnino eadem.

178. I Monocheste. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 78, t. 22.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam tenuem spicarum subunilateralium sessiles, approximatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, setaceo-acuminatæ; tertia florens paullo latior, carinata, subteres, in aristam tenuem producta; palea gluma inclusa, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus villosulis. Caryopsis linearis, glabra, subteres, antice canaliculata, gluma involuta, libera.—Gramen herbaceum, foliis angustis convolutis. Spicæ plures ad apicem pedunculi, tenues, erectæ, inter se parum distantes. (Char. ex Dæll.)

Species 1, Brasiliana, a nobis non visa. Genus ex Dœllio a Gymnopogone, cui adscripsit Martius, differt spiculæ rhachilla ultra florem non producta. Nees tamen, Agrostogr. Bras. 430, continuationem descripsit setiformem absque gluma.

179. Schedonnardus, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 146.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, acuminatæ, in rhachi spicarum unilateralium sessiles et alternatim dissitæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ parum inæquales, infra articulationem persistentes, angustæ, membranacæ, acuminatæ; florens longior, membranacæa, demum rigidula, mucronulata, paleam angustam breviorem floremque amplectens. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis linearis, gluma paleaque rigidule membranaceis inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, multicaule, basi ramosum, foliis angustis fere subulatis. Spicæ v. paniculæ simplicis ramuli plures, indivisi, tenuissimi, secus pedunculum elongatum gracilem dissiti, patentes, uno pedunculum terminante. Spiculæ secus rhachin tenuem longe dissitæ, arcte appressæ, exaristatæ.

Species 1, America borealis incola. Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pt. i. 81 (Lepturus paniculatus). Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pt. t. 1360. Genus nobis Gymnopogoni potius quam Lepturo affine videtur. Ex charactere Steudeliano gluma florens exterioribus brevior, nos tamen semper in speciminibus ipsis Drummondianis longiorem vidimus. Lepturus Bolanderi, Thurb. in S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 322, e California, a nobis non visa; auctoris descriptio nec cum Schedonnardo nec cum Lepturo bene convenit.

180. Graspedorhachis, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1377.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin flexuosam marginatam spicarum unilateralium subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores subarticulata brevissima, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, 1-nerves, rigidule membranaceæ, subæquales, infima rhachi contigua, secunda per anthesin patens; tertia florens pluries brevior, lata, subtruncata, tenuissime hyalina, ciliata; palea gluma vix brevior, angustior, tenuissime hyalina, apice breviter 2-fida v. 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli sub anthesi breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen elatiusculum, foliis paucis angustissimis a basi subplana convoluto-subulatis. Spicæ socus pedunculum sparsæ, rigidulæ, erectiusculæ v. subpatentes, paniculam angustam simplicem formantes; rhachis spicarum utrinque membrana angusta marginata, spiculis secus costam alternatim affixis appressis.

Species I Africæ tropicæ austro-orientalis incola.

Genus evidenter Schodonnardo affine, differt imprimis gluma florente paleaque minimis hyalinis lodiculas simulantibus.

181. Bouteloua, Lag. Varied. Cienc. y Litter. 1805, 141, ex cod. Elench. Hort. Matr. ten. et Sp. Nov. 5. (Eutriana, Trin. Fund. Agrost. 161. Actinochloa, Willd. in Rom. et Schult. Syst. ii. 22, 417.)—Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rarissime solitariæ, rhachilla continua v. supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores producta glumifera v. stipitiformi, flore inferiore v. unico hermaphrodito, superiore dum adsit masculo v. sterili. Glume 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, acutæ, carinatæ, æquales v. inæquales; florens sæpius tenuior, latior, florem involvens, apice 3-dentata v. 3-5-fida, lobis 1 v. 3 mucroniformibus v. aristiformibus, intermediis dum adsint brevioribus planis; glumæ vacuæ 1-3 ad apicem rhachillæ, varie 3-5-aristatæ, v. usque ad basin in aristas 3 divisæ; palea gluma florente inclusa, angusta, hyalina, integra v. 2-cuspidata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, humilia v. elatiuscula, foliis angustis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Spice secus pedunculum elongatum terminalem simplicem sæpius plures, sessiles, secundæ, dissitæ, remotæ, rarius ad unam terminalem reductæ, primum erectæ, demum sæpe pendulæ. Spiculæ unilaterales, secus rhachin tenuem v. anguste complanatam alternæ, numerosæ paucæ v. rarissime solitariæ, rhachi ultra spiculam superiorem sæpissime plus minus in cuspidem continuata.

Species ad 25, Americæ tam borealis quam australis imprimis occidentalis incolæ. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 104.

Glume tam florentes quam vacue terminales variant sepe de specie in speciem quoad aristas v. lobos, et haud raro in eadem spica polymorphæ, et species plures characteribus certis ægre definiendæ. Sectiones tres sequentes potius inflorescentia quam spicularum structura separantur:—

- 1. Chondrosium. Spicæ in pedanculo sæpius paucæ, interdum solitariæ, rarius numerosiores, longiusculæ, plus minus falcatæ, spiculis numerosis (rarissime infra 12) pectinatim confertis, gluma vacua terminali sæpius 3-aristata. Species ad 15. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 12 (Atheropogon). Torr. in Williams. Exped. Bot. t. 10. Chomprosium, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 188, et in Jours. Bot. i. (1813), 63. Beauv. Agrostogr. 41, t. 9, f. 7. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 56 ad 59. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 136. Torr. in Emory, Notes, t. 12.
- 2. Atheropogon. Spice in pedunculo sepius plures nunc numerose, breves sepe fere fasciculiformes, recte, spiculis paucis rarius ultra 12, secundis at vix pectinatis, gluma vacua terminali in
  codem specimine seepe variabili nunc 3-aristata lobis intermediis 2 v. 0, nunc integra lineari v. in

- stipite tenui obsoleta. Species ad 12. Beauv. Agrostogr. 40, t. 9, f. 6. Atherofogom, Muchl. in Wild. Spec. Pl. iv. 937. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 7. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 138. Dimera, DC. Cat. Hort. Monep. 104, pro parte, non Jacq. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 16, f. 1, 3. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 51 ad 54. Heterostega (Heterostega), Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 188, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 68.
- 3. Triathera. Spicæ in pedunculo plures, breves, tenues, sæpe spiculas singulas simulantes, spiculis 1-3 tenuibus appressis, gluma vacua terminali ad aristas 3 reducta. Aristidium, Endl. Gen. 94, sect. pro genere admissa, Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 116. Huc B. aristidoides (Dinebra aristidoides, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 695), spiculis in quaque spica 2-4, et B. triathera, Benth. (Triathera, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. 188, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 67, Beauv. Agrostogr. 39, t. 9, f. 4. Triaka, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 178, t. 61). In hac specie spicæ variant in eadem panicula 1-, 2- v. 3-spiculatæ, et spiculæ quodammodo polymorphæ; in spicis 3-spiculatis glumam infimam spiculæ infimæ aristiformem vidimus, qualem in icone Kunthiana, t. 61, f. 1 delineatam, et pro arista ad basin glumæ describitur, in spicula terminali gluma infima secundæ subsimilis, spicula intermedia nunc infimæ nunc terminali similis est; gluma florens variat integra 3-dentata v. 3-aristata.
- 4. Polyodon. Spicæ in pedunculo paucæ, breves, fere spiculiformes, spiculis paucis, gluma florente 3-aristata, terminalibus vacuis 2-3 confertis 3-5-aristatis glumam unicam multiaristatam simulantibus. Polyodon, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. i. 174, t. 55. TRIPLATHERA, Endl. Gen. 94, sect. pro genere admissa in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 116. Huc pertinent B. disticha, Benth. (Polyodon distichum, H. B. et K. l. c.), a qua Atheropogon affinis, Fourn. (non Eutriana affinis, Hook. f.), vix distincts videtur, spiculis cum aristis infra semipollicaribus, et B. multiseta, Benth. (Eutriana multiseta, Nees, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 138, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 295, Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 21), spiculis cum sristis ultrapollicaribus et habitu fere Boissieriæ, cui ex descriptione referendum videtur Corethrum, Vahl in Skrivt. Naturk. Selsk. Kiobenh. vi. 85, cujus specimen accepit Vahl a Thouinio cum plantis Syriacis, sed verisimiliter in America australi extratropica lectum.
- 182. Melanocenchris, Nees in Proc. Linn. Soc. i. 94. (Ptiloneilema, Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 201.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, paucæ, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla continua v. supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem producta glumifera, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, lineares, pilis longis plumoso-ciliatæ, in aristam rectam productæ, parum inæquales v. in spiculis superioribus una interdum deficiens; florens latior, glabra v. vix dorso ciliata, membranacea, 3-fida, lobis aristiformibus, lateralibus intermedio brevioribus basique parum dilatatis; superiores plures vacuæ, confertæ, quarum infima florenti subsimilis, cæteræ gradatim minores; palea lata, membranacea, 2-carinata, gluma vix brevior. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, a dorso leviter compressa, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, humilia, multicaulia v. decumbentia, foliis brevibus angustis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Spicæ parvæ, fasciculiformes, subturbinatæ, secus pedunculum terminalem dissitæ, secundæ, articulatim deciduæ, iis Ægopogonis primo aspectu similes; spiculæ tamen ut in Bouteloua omnes sessiles secundæque, sæpius 4-6-fertiles, 1-3 superiores angustiores sterilesque.

Species 3, inter se valde affines, Indiæ orientalis Arabiæ et Africæ tropicæ orientalis incolæ. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 218. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 325, 326.

183. Tripogon, Roth, Nov. Pl. Spec. 79. (Plagiolytrum, Nees in Proc. Linn. Soc. i. 95.)—Spiculæ &-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ longæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim subdissitæ, appressæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores sæpeque inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, hyalinæ, carinatæ, acutæ, plus minus inæquales; florentes paullo longiores, hyalinæ, 3-nerves, 3-aristatæ v. inter aristas integræ v. in lobos breves hyalinos productæ, aristis tenuibus rectis lateralibus intermedia brevioribus rarius ad mucrones brevissimos reductis; glumæ superiores sæpe 1-2, minores, florem & foventes v. vacuæ; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata, 2-dentata v. 2-mucronata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, teres v. subtriquetra, glabra, gluma paleaque

inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, cespitosa, humilia v. elatiuscula, foliis planis v. convolutis interdum setaceis. Spica terminalis, unica, elongata, tenuis, asepe curvula, spiculis alternis secundis haud imbricatis, floribus in spicula subdissitis.

Species ad 8, Indise orientalis et Africa tropica incola. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 301. Hook. f. in Journ. Linn. Soc. vii. 230. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 332, 333.

Genus Enteropogoni affine, differt spicis spiculisque laxis, his multifloris glumis florentibus 3-aristatis. Hac nota Trirophi convenit sed inflorescentia Chloridearum.

184. Zepidepirenia, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 442, t. 101.—Spiculæ cc-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ simplicis unilateralis sessailes, 2-seriatæ, dissitæ, patentes, rhachilla . . ., floribus inferioribus hermaphroditis superioribus sterilibus. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2, carinatæ, acutæ, parum inæquales; florentes imbricatæ, subovatæ, acuminatæ, dorso dense pilosæ, sub apice aristatæ; palea brevior, plana, ovata, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli . . . Caryopsis ovoidea, sublenticularis.—Gramen annuum, erectum, foliis planis. Spica solitaria, terminalis, laxiuscula. (Char. ex A. Rich.)

Species 1, Abyssinica, a nobis non visa. Planta ex auctoris descr. Tripogoni abyssinico affinis videtur, differt tamen generice, si rite observata, glumis florentibus brevibus latis dorso villosissimis, arista dorsali nec inter lobos terminali. Specimina tamen ab auctore descripta quoad flores imperfecta erant.

185. Tetrapogen, Desf. Fl. Atl. ii. 388, t. 255.—Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores producta glumifera, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, hyalinæ, carinatæ, inæquales, muticæ v. secunda in aristam producta; florentes latæ, concavæ v. complicatæ, dorso longe pilosæ, apice truncatæ v. emarginato-sub-2-fidæ, arista centrali longiuscula recta; superiores plures vacuæ, latæ, concavæ v. truncatæ, quarum extima sæpius aristata, cæteræ gradatim minores, arista reducta v. evanida; palea latiuscula, juxta margines 2-carinata, carinis breviter ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, sæpe stolonifera, foliis planis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi solitariæ geminæ v. rarius ternæ, sessiles, erectæ, pilis sericeis glumarum Klionurum referentes; spiculæ confertæ, secundæ v. fere distichæ.

Species 4, Africæ borealis, Abyssiniæ et Asıæ occidentalis incolæ. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 327, 328 (Chloris).

186. Astrebla, F. Muell. in Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 602.—Spiculæ 3-4-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium sessiles, 2-seriatim alternæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, villosa, ultra flores producta glumifera, floribus shermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, acutæ, co-nerves, exaristatæ, parum v. valde inæquales, extima interdum angustissima v. rarius omnino evanida; florentes sericeo-pilosæ, multinerviæ, 3-lobæ, lobo medio a basi lata in aristam rectam v. curvam nec tortam producto, lateralibus erectis rigidis 2-3-nervibus exaristatis; superiores 1-2, minores, vacuæ v. floris rudimentum foventes; palea 2-carinata, carinis ciliolatis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis late ovata, compressa, glabra, gluma paleaque laxa inclusa, libera.—Gramina (perennia?) erectæ, glauca, foliis planis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi solitariæ v. geminæ, erectæ, spiculis crassiusculis majusculis.

Species 2 v. 3, Australianæ. Genus olim *Danthonia* adscriptum, a qua differt habitu, inflorescentia et arista nequaquam torta. Glumæ multinerves *Pappophoreas* referunt, sed inflorescentia omnino *Chloridearum*.

187. Wangenheimia, Mench, Meth. 200.—Spiculæ co-floræ, in rhachi continua spicæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla continua, floribus hermaphroditis v. subdioicia v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, rigidulæ, spiculam

sequantes v. subsuperantes, parum insequales, extima 1-nervi, secunda parum latiore sub3-nervi, acuta v. mucronulata; florentes paullo breviores latioresque, cecterum similes v.
evidentius mucronate, summa sepius vacua; palea gluma paullo brevior, rigidula, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovali-oblonga,
antice leviter sulcata, gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile,
multicaule, foliis angustissimis convolutis. Spica terminalis, erecta, seepe leviter falcata, quam in Ctenopsi crassior, pariter tamen eleganter pectinata, spiculis confertim
secundis.

Species 1, Hispanise australis et Africa borealis occidentalis incola. Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 153. Cav. Ic. t. 91 (Cynosurus). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 19 (Cynosurus).

188. Ctenepsis, De Notur. Ind. Sem. Hort. Gen. 1847, ex Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, ix. 324.

—Spiculæ 2-5-floræ, in rhachi continua spicæ unilateralis sessiles v. callo brevissimo impositæ, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla sub floribus tardius articulata, ultra flores stipitiformis, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 1-2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, extima dum adsit minima squamiformis, secunda angusta, rigida, dorso rotundata, subenervis, acutissima, spiculam æquans; florentes parum breviores, carinatæ, rigidulæ, obscure 3-nerves, acutissimæ v. brevissime mucronato-aristatæ, summa interdum vacua; palea paullo brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga fere linearis, subteres, antice sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, tenellum, multicaule, foliis angustissimis plerisque filiformibus. Spica terminalis, erecta, sæpe leviter falcata, in pedunculo unica v. rarius addita altera inferiore minore. Spiculæ more Chloridearum eleganter pectinatim secundæ, 1-2 ad apicem spicæ et interdum etiam ad basin spicæ parvæ ananthæ.

Species 1, Africæ borealis incola. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. 210. Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. t. 41 bis v. 42 (Festuca.) Icon Delilei ab auctoribus citata nunquam edita fuit.

189. Tetrachne, Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 375.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, complanatæ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ carinatæ, acutæ, exaristatæ, rigidulæ, præter carinam enerves v. majores utrinque apice 1-2-nerves, 4 inferiores vacuæ a superiore gradatim minores, sequentes 2-4 florentes, summa sæpius minor vacua v. ad stipitem reducta; palea cum gluma æquilonga, complicato-2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis elliptico-oblonga, compressiuscula, gluma laxe inclusa, seorsum decidua.—Gramen perenne, erectum, foliis angustissimis siccitate convoluto-teretibus. Spicæ secus pedunculum elongatum plures, dissitæ, sessiles, terminalis sæpe falcata, spiculis confertissime 2-seriatis imbricatis.

Species 1, Austro-Africana. Genus cum binis præcedentibus sæpius Festuceis adscriptum, sed inflorescentia omnino Chloridearum quibus a Munroio translatum.

190. Dinebra, Jacq. Fragm. 77, t. 121.—Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores subarticulata, inter flores tenui, ultra flores in stipitem interdum glumiferum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, acuminatohermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores multo breviores, hyalinæ, obtusiusculæ, subaristatæ, spiculam superantes; florentes multo breviores, hyalinæ, obtusiusculæ, 1-nerves, muticæ; palea hyalina, gluma inclusa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus 1-nerves, muticæ; palea hyalina, gluma inclusa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea, subtriquetra, lævis, gluma paleaque tenuibus inclusa, plumosis. Gramen (annuum?) multicaule, basi decumbens, foliis planis. Spicæ secus pedunculum elongatum more Boutelouæ numerosæ, breves, primum erectæ, demum reflexæ.

Species 1, Africa borealis et tropica et India orientalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 16, f. 2. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 271 (Leptochloa). Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 11. Pans. in Denkschr. Acad. Münch. 1813, t. 12.

Genus Boutelous quacum junxit De Candolle affinius quam Leptochios. Inflorescentia omnino prioris a qua differt floribus in spicula 2 fertilibus et glumis vacuis spiculam sequantibus v. superantibus.

191. Eleusine, Garin. Fruct. i. 7, t. 1.—Spioulæ co-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ unilateralis alternæ, sessiles, rhachilla continua v. sub floribus fertilibus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ imbricato-patentes, complicatæ, carinatæ, tenues, rigidulæ, 2 exteriores vacuæ cæteris paullo breviores inæqualesque, obtusæ acutæ v. mucronatæ; florentes sæpius obtusiores v. mucrone breviore, terminalis sæpius vacua v. floris rudimentum fovens; palea gluma vix brevior, complicato-2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, pericarpio tenuissime membranaceo nunc circa semen laxo persistente, nunc demum rupto exsiccato v. omnino evanido. Semen crassum, varie rugosum v. a dorso compressiusculum.—Gramina annua cæspitosa, v. perennia reptantiaque, foliis planis. Spicæ ad apicem pedunculi plures, digitatæ, additis interdum secus pedunculum inferioribus 1-2 dissitis v. pluribus sparsis v. subverticillatis. Spiculæ secundæ, arcte confertæ, sæpius numerosæ.

Species editæ plures, vix 7 bene distinguendæ, regionum tropicarum et subtropicarum orbis veteris incolæ, quarum 2 etiam per Americam calidiorem late dispersæ, sæpe tamen inquilinæ. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 35 (Cynosurus). Beauv. Agrostogr. 72, t. 15, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 261 (Dactyloctenium) et 272. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 70 ad 72. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 24. Courb. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, xviii. 133. Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 106.

Genus ab auctoribus in tria dividitur, quoed species typicas sat distincts, sed speciebus v. varietatibus intermediis connexa. In E. coracana, Gærtn., spicæ digitatæ, glumæ omnes obtusæ, pericarpium laxum circa semen persistens ; in E. indica, Gærtn., inflorescentia eadem v. adduntur spicæ inferiores 1-2, glumæ variant obtusæ v. breviter mucronatæ, pericarpium sæpius ut in E. coracana laxum. In E. egyptiaca, Pers., que Dactyloctenium, Willd. Enum. Hort. Berol. 1029; Beauv. Agrostogr. 72, t. 15, f. 2; Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 69; Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 25, spicæ digitatæ, breves, densissimæ, glumæ bene mucronatæ, pericarpium evanescens, semine maturo omnino nudo apparente; in specie ei affini, E. brevifolia, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 3815, non Hochst., et in E. glaucophylla, Munro (Dactyloctenio, Courb.), spicæ digitatæ, glumæ bene mucronatæ Dactyloctenii sed pericarpii vestigia plus minus perfecta circa semen persistunt. In E. verticillata, Roxb., quæ ALBACHNE, W. et Arn. in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 381 (nomen tantum), spica numerosa, secus pedunculum sparsæ v. verticillatæ, summæ digitatæ, spiculæ tenues, floribus quam in cæteris numerosioribus, glumæ mucronatæ sæpeque ad latera mucronis denticulatæ, semen maturum ut in Dactyloctenio nudum apparet. Arthroclæna, Boiv. in Herb. J. Gny, est Eleusinis species insignis Madagascariensis, spiculis numerosis majusculis, floribus sæpe ultra 20, glumis rigide coriaceis, more Eragrostis distiche imbricatis.

192. **Esptochioa**, Beaux. Agrostogr. 71, t. 15, f. 1. (Oxydenia, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl.i. 76.)—Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, rarius 1-floræ, complanatæ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum unilateralium alternæ v. subdistichæ, sessiles, rhachilla sub floribus sæpius articulatæ et ultra flores haud raro in stipitem parvum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ carinatæ, obtusæ acutæ v. brevissime aristatæ, parum inæquales, spicula breviores, v in speciebus 1-floris florentem superantibus; florentes vacuis similæs v. obtusiores v. interdum arista tenui instructæ; palea gluma subinclusa, prominenter 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramina sæpius elatiuscula, foliis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Spicæ numerosæ, secus pedunculum elongatum sparsæ, patentes, paniculam longam simplicem formantes, rarius ad apicem pedunculi approximatæ, tenues, rhachi sæpe filiformi, spiculis parvis approximatis v. rarius disaitis.

Species ad 12, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late disperse, usque ad Americam borealem et Australiam extratropicam extensee. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 269. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 4 (Eleusine). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 22 (Cynosurus). Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 88, t. 26. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 616, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 107. Thurb. in S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 292.

Genus Eleusini præ aliis affine, nunc tamen Cynodonti nunc Diplachni v. Poz accedit, in sectiones 2 dividitur:--

- 1. Pseudocynodon. Spiculæ 1-floræ, rarissime 2-floræ, glumis vacuis florente sæpius longioribus. Huc pertinent L. uniflora, Hochst. (Cynodon gracilis, Nees), L. Neesii, nob. (Cynodon Neesii, Thw.) et L. polystachya, Benth. (Cynodon polystachyus, Br.), duæ ultimæ forte unius varietates.
- 2. Euleptochloa. Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, glumis vacuis spicula brevioribus. Huc referendæ icones supra citatæ.

RAEDOCHLOA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 84, t. 17, f. 3, includit species Leptochloæ, quibus glumæ breviter aristatæ.

- L. dubia, Nees (Chloris dubia, H. B. et K.), est nobis Diplachnis species. Planta Lorentziana a Grisebachio sub nomine Leptochloæ fascicularis, A. Gr., distributa, est Panicum sanguinale var.; L. (Diplachne) fascicularis, A. Gr., est vera Diplachnis species, ad Americam borealem limitata.
- 193. Buchloš, Engelm. in Trans. Acad. Sc. St. Louis, 1859, 432, t. 12, 14. (Sesleria, Nutt. Gen. N. Am. Pl. i. 64, non Linn. Bulbilis, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 262. Calanthera, Nutt. (nec Kunth) MS.; Hook. Kew Journ. viii. 18.)—Spiculæ dioicæ, valde dissimiles, & 2-3-floræ, secus rhachin continuam spicæ brevis complanatæ unilateralis sessiles, 2-seriatim confertæ, rhachilla continua. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ membranaceæ, mutice, 1-nerves, valde inæquales; florentes longiores, latiores, 3-nerves; palea gluma paullo brevior, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Pistilli rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, in spica unilaterali in capitulum cenchroideum contracta sessiles, glumis majoribus induratis basi connatis involucrum simulantibus. Gluma infima, quoad spicam interior, parva, membranacea (interdum deficiens!) v. in infima spicæ spicula secundæ subsimilis; secunda vacua, maxima, dura, basi concava, apice 3-loba, lobis angustis medio lateralibus longiore; florens angusta, fere hyalina et rigidula, apice breviter 2-fida v. subintegra, paleam latam convolutam 2-nervem floremque involvens. Staminodia 0. Styli distincti, longi, stigmatibus elongatis breviter plumosis. Caryopsis ovata, a dorso compressiuscula, antice interdum concava, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, reptans v. stoloniferum, ramis foliatis breviter adscendentibus, foliis angustis planis. Spicæ & ad apicem pedunculi 2-3, breviter pedicellatæ, confertæ, secundæ, 9 sæpius 2, vix e vaginis foliorum superiorum
- Species 1, Americae borealis præsertim regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incola. Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 10 (Sesteria). Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg. xv. 471.
- 194. ? Jouves, Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg. xv. 475.—Spiculæ unisexuales, & ignotæ. Spiculæ 2 1-floræ, in spica cylindracea rhachi immersæ et in dimidia parte inferiore adnatæ. Glumæ 3, exterior cartilaginea et secunda interior vacuæ, rhachi ad medium adnatæ; florens minor angusta; palea angusta. Lodiculæ triangulares. Stylus elongatus, stigmatibus exsertis. Caryopsis...—Gramen littoreum, junciforme, 1-1½-pedale, foliis brevibus acutis pungentibus. Spicæ fæmineæ 1-2 terminales, spiculis in quaque spica 1-3 alternis immersis. (Char. ex Fourn.).
  - Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Genus ex Fourniero Buchlot affine.
- 195. Opisia, Presl, Rel. Hank. i. 293, t. 41, f. 1 ad 11.—Spicula unisexuales, monoica v. sepius dioica, 1-flora, d in spicas graciles alternas dispositae. Gluma integrae, 2 inferiores vacuae, infima dimidio minor, secunda spiculam non acquans, tertia florens obtusa, 1-nervis; palea 2-nervis. Lodiculae elongatae, obtusa. Spiculae 2 secus rhachin elongatam spicae unicae unilateralis discretae. Gluma infima vacua brevis, obtusa, pilosa, cum lateribus secundae adnexa, secundae vacua, coriacea, involucriformis, longe 3-aristata, involuta, lateribus antice coadunatis; tertia florens ampla, compressa, superne marginata, apice 2-loba, superiores 2-3 vacuae longe aristatae; palea gluma minor, obtusa, 2-carinata, caryopsin subcordiformem compressam stylo persistente mucronatam involvens. Lodiculae longe lanceolatae.—Gramen late repens, foliis (ex Presl) brevibus rigidulis planis. (Char. ex Fourn.)
- Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 134. Genus fide Fournieri quoad plantam & a Buchloë vix distinguendum, planta ? valde diversa; character Preslii non in omnibus cum Fournieriano convenit.

## TRIBUS XI. FESTUCEA.

196. Pommerculia, Linn. f. Gen. Nov. Gram. 33, in Amon. Acad. x.—Spiculæ 2-5-floræ, turbinatæ, in spica densa subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas 2 inferiores articulata breviterque producta, inter cæteras brevissima, continua, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, fere hyalinæ, carinatæ, spicula paullo breviores, extima 1-nervis, secunda longior 3-nervis, 2 sequentes supra articulationem vacuæ, florentibus appressæ easque involucrantes, 4-fidæ, lobis hyalinis lanceolatis acutis v. seta brevi acuminatis; 2-5 florentes involucrantibus similes nisi paullo minores, summa minor vacua v. floris rudimentum fovens; palea intra glumas florentes latiuscula, juxta margines 2-carinata. Stamina 2 v. 3, antheris parvis. Styli distincti, brevissimi, tenuiter penicillato-stigmatosi. Caryopsis intra glumas involucrantes parum induratas subconnatasque inclusa, ovata v. obovato-oblonga, exsulca, libera, pericarpio tenuissimo sæpe laxo.—Gramen pumilum (annuum?) cæspitosum v. stoloniferum, caulibus brevissimis vaginis foliorum imbricatis obtectis, laminis brevibus planis. Spica brevis, intra vaginam folii supremi semi-inclusa.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 91, t. 18, f. 6. Kunth in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 1, xxiii. t. 7; Enum. Pl. i. 320, excl. P. monoica. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 131.

197. Pappophorum, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 787.—Spiculæ 1-2- rarius 3-floræ, angustæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, floribus 1-2 hermaphroditis, summo sæpe masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranaceæ, acutæ, carinatæ, lateribus enervibus v. utrinque 1-3-nervibus; florentes basi latæ subcoriaceæ, obscure ∞-nerves, in lobos plus minus aristiformes 9-23 sæpe inæquales divisæ; superiores 2-3 angustiores, vacuæ v. una alterave paleam v. floris rudimentum foventes; palea gluma florente inclusa, latiuscula, juxta margines 2-carinata, interdum glumæ partem integram excedens. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoidea v. oblonga, a dorso leviter compressa, glabra, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia (v. rarius annua?) cæspitosa, humilia v. elata, foliis angustis siccitate sæpius convolutis. Panicula dense spiciformis, simplex v. rarius ramosa v. subinterrupta, nunc longissima nunc fere in capitulum contracta, aristis numerosis sæpe subsericeo-plumosa.

Species vix 20, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis late dispersæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 254. Steud. Sym. Pl. Glum. i. 199. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 600. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 133. Genus in sectiones 2 sequentes, facile pro generibus propriis habendas dividitur:—

- 1. Polyrhaphis, Trin. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ, præter carinam enerves; glumæ florentis aristæ
  13-23, inæquales, nonnullæ basi membranaceæ v. planæ, aliæ a basi tenues, brevissime barbellatæ v.
- 13-23, insequales, nonnullæ basi membranaceæ v. planæ, aliæ a basi tenues, brevissime barbellatæ v. serrulatæ nec plumosæ. Species paucæ, Americanæ tropicæ, inter se parum distinctæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 82, t. 17, f. 1. Vahl, Symb. t. 51. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 131, 132. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 17. Polyrhaphis (pro genere admissa), Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 115.
- 2. Enneapogon. Gluma vacua infima 3-5-nervis, secunda 5-7-nervis; glumæ florentis aristæ 9, parum inæquales, alternæ interdum basi latiores v. exteriores paullo breviores, omnes (nisi in P. scabro, Kunth) plus minus plumosæ. Species ad 16, pleræque gerontogeæ, 1 v. 2 Americanæ boteales. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 51. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 323, 324. Wawra in Maxim. Reise, Bot. t. 94. Ennrapogon, Desv. Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 70. Beauv. Agrostogr. 81, t. 16, f. 11.
- Sect Eurnaphis, Trin., pro genere proprio recepta in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 115, excluso tamen synonymo Corethrum, Vahl, est Boissiera, Hochst. Corethrum potius ad Boutelouam multisetam referrimus.
- 198. Cettea, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 84, 281, t. 52; Enum. Pl. i. 256.—Spiculæ co-(2-6-) floræ, laxiuscule paniculatæ, rhachilla sub floribus fertilibus articulata; floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ, acutæ v. 3-dentatæ, 7-9-nerves; florentes 9-11-nerves, valde oblique et irregulariter 9-11-lobæ, lobis erectis plerisque aristiformibus, nonnullis (3-5) hyalino

dilatatis mucronatis v. 1–2-aristatis; palea latiuscula, juxta margines 2-carinata, glumse partem integram subsuperans. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata v. oblonga, a dorso leviter compressa, glabra, gluma paleaque parum rigescentibus inclusa, libera.—Gramen erectum, ramosum, foliis anguste linearibus planis. Panicula laxe oblonga, ramis vix ramulosis, spiculis omnibus pedicellatis erectis.

Species 1, in America calidiore a Brasilia usque ad Mexicum extensa, ad oras siccas maris Pacifici copiose crescens (Spruce). Genus vix non Pappophori sectio.

199. Boissiera, Hochst. in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 200.—Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, lineares, in panicula brevi densa confertæ, rhachilla sub floribus articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, tenues, acutæ, spicula breviores, extima sæpius 3-nervis, secunda major, 5-nervis; florentes circa florem convolutæ, apice hyalinæ lobatæque, nervis 5-9 validis pone lobos in aristas longas rectas productis; glumæ superiores co vacuæ, imbricatæ, 5-9-nerves aristatæque v. summæ depauperatæ; palea gluma florenti inclusa, hyalina, juxta margines 2-carinata. Stamina 3, filamentis abbreviatis, antheris ovatis v. breviter oblongis. Stylus brevissimus, membranaceo-dilatatus, sub-2-fidus, breviter penicillatus. Caryopsis linearis, antice sulcata, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen pumilum, annuum, basi ramosum, foliis planis.—Panicula densa, ovoidea, interdum dimidium plantæ efficiens, aristis numerosis longis erectis Bromum simulans.

Species 1, Orientalis. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 197.

In floribus e speciminibus varis examinatis stylum semper invenimus qualis in icone citata delineatur, ab omnibus Gramineis nobis notis diversum.

200. Schmidtia, Steud. in J. A. Schmidt, Fl. Cap. Virid. Ins. 144.—Spiculæ ©- (4-6-) floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo, ultra flores glumam vacuam ferens. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, carinatæ, acutæ, exaristatæ, 5-7-nerves, parum inæquales, spicula demum breviores; florentes 5-nerves, apice 2-seriatim 9-lobæ, lobis 4 interioribus hyalinis oblongis lanceolatisve mucronulatis, 5 exterioribus alternis longioribus aristiformibus rectis; palea lata, juxta margines 2-carinata. Stamina 3, antheris longiusculis. Styli 2, distincti, tenuissime capillacei, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis a dorso leviter compressa, exsulca, glabra, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina (perennia?) multicaulia, adscendentia, pubescentia, foliis planis v. siccitate convolutis. Panicula pedunculata, angusta, laxior tamen quam in Pappophoro, spiculis multo longioribus.

Species 2, inter se valde affines, altera insularum Capitis Viridis incola, altera per Africam tropicam et australem late dispersa.

201. Triodia, R. Br. Prod. 182. (Uralepis, Nutt. Gen. N. Amer. Pl. i. 62, err. typ. Uralepsis.)—Spiculæ & floræ, stricte v. laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata pilosa v. glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ rigidulæ, 1-3-nerves, 2 inferiores vacuæ, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, cæteris longiores v. breviores; florentes imbricatæ, basi dorso rotundatæ, varie pilosæ v. glabræ, apice 3-lobæ v. 3-dentatæ, lobis æqualibus v. intermedio mucroniformi v. breviter aristiformi, lateralibus membranaceis v. breviter mucronatis nunc minimis; gluma summa interdum vacua v. paleam solam fovens; palea lata, tenuis, concava, carinis 2 fere marginalibus. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis glabra, a dorso compressa facieque sæpe concava, rarius subteres, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, sæpe dura, basi ramosa v. stolonifera, foliis angustis sæpius rigidis v. convoluto-teretibus interdum infauste pungentibus, rarius mollibus planis. Panicula terminalis, nunc angusta, subsimplex, paucispiculata, nunc ampla fere Eragrostis floribunda, v. tenuis laxissime effusa ramulis filiformibus. Spiculæ sæpissime erectæ.

Species ultra 20, Europæ, Americæ borealis et australis extratropicæ, Africæ australis et subtropicæ, Australiæ et Novæ Zelandiæ incolæ, in America tropica perpaucæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 76, t. 15, f. 9. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 319. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 605.

Genus imprimis ad glumerum florentium formam in sectiones sequentes dividitur :-

Isotria. Glume florentes fere ad medium in lobos 3 auguste lanceolates subsequales divises.
 Species 3 Australians: T. Mitchelli, Benth., T. pungens, R. Br., et T. Cunninghamii, Benth.

2. Uralopis. Glunarum florentium lobi v. dentes laterales sepius membranacei latiusculi mutici, interdum minimi, medius mucroniformis v. breviter aristiformis. Species ad 16, Americanes et Australasices cum una Europeea. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 72 (Poa). Reichb. Io. Fl. Germ. t. 71. Nees, Gram. Monocot. i. n. 51. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 47, 48. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 67, 68 (Uralepis), et t. 135, 215 (Leptochloa). Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 27 (Uralopis). Fourn. Gram. Mcz. 110 (Uralepis). Sibglingia, Bernh. Verz. Pfl. Erf. 44, ex Kunthio. Merisacher, Steud. Syn. Pt. Glum. 117.

3. Tricuspis. Glumarum florentium lobus medius mucroniformis, laterales latiusculi ut in Uralepide, sed nervi laterales plus minus ad margines loborum lateralium in mucrones breves excurrentes. Species 3, boreali-Americanse. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 16. TRICUSPIS, Beauv. Agrostogr. 77, t. 15, f. 10. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 156. TRICENS, Ram. et Schult. Syst. ii. 34. WINDSORIA, Nutt. Gen. Pl. N. Amer. i. 70.

IMPTOCARYDION, Hocket. in Pl. Schimp. exs. s. 2308, est T. plumosa, Benth. (Leptochlos plumosa, Anders. in Peters Reise Mosamb. Bot. 557), species insignis panicula densa angusta fare spiciformi more Trichloridis mollissima, sed structura spicularum omnine Triodia. Folia sessilia, plana, lanceolata, mollia. Leptochloa mollis, Kunth, Rev. Gram, t. 135, huic affinis, a nobis non visa, ex icone differt inflorescentia laxiore fere L. Lindleyana.

TRICHONEURA, Anders, in K. Vetensk. Akad. Stockh. Handl. 1853, 148, est Leptochica Lindleyana, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 215, species Galapagensis, Diplachni fasciculari, Beauv., habitu subsimilis, sed characteres potius Triodiæ ostendit.

RHOMBOLYTRUM, Link, Hort. Berol. ii. 296; E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 385, t. 81, est T. filiformis, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 249, species Chilensis, duabus ex America boreali (T. albescenti et T. trinerviglumi, Munro) valde affinis, glumarum florentium lobis lateralibus minimis vix v. non mucronatis, intermedio brevissime mucroniformi. Illi etiam affinis videtur Catabrosa antarctica, Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 102, t. 56. T. kerguelensus, Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 379, t. 138 (Poa in tab.), ab auctore in Bot. Kerg. Isl. in Phil. Trans. claviii. 22, ad Festucam refertur.

202. Diplachne, Beauv. Agrostogr. 80, t. 16, f. 9.—Spiculæ  $\infty$ -floræ, angustæ, secus rhachin continuam spicarum seu ramorum paniculæ sessiles v. breviter pedicellatæ, erectæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores sæpeque inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, inæquales; florentes paullo majores, 1-nerves, apice sæpius 2-dentatæ et inter dentes mucronatæ v. breviter aristatæ; palea parum brevior, hyalina, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblongo-ovoidea, sub-3-quetra v. compressiuscula, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, sæpe elatiuscula, foliis angustis planis. Spicæ secus pedunculum elongatum pluræs, elongatæ, tenues, erectiusculæ, v. rarius spica unica terminalis, spiculis fere linearibus secus rhachin sparsis sæpe dissitis erectis subsecundis.

Species ad 14, per regiones calidiores utriusque orbis dispersæ, Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 380 (Moliniæ sp. n. 2 et 3). Reichb, Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 71. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 74. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 227 (Molinia). Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 618. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii, t. 28 (Uralepis et Dipla-Ane).

Genus cum Triodia v. cum Leptochloa sæpe confusum, et priori certe valde affine, nec semper facile distinguendum, a Leptochloa longius differt spicularum forms, glumis florentibus plus minus distincte dentatis habituque. D. alopecuroides, Hochst. ex Schweinf. Beitr. Pl. Æth. 299 (nomen tantum), est Triodia plumosa, Benth.

203. Triplasis, Beaux. Agrostogr. 81, t. 16, f. 10. (Diplocea, Rafin. in Sillim. Journ. i. 252.)—Spiculæ cc-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 1-3-nervea, 2 inferiores vacuæ, carinatæ, acutæ, muticæ, cæteris breviores; florentes secus rhachillam dissitæ, basi dorso rotundatæ, profunde 3-lobæ, lobis glabris ciliatisve, lateralibus angustis acutissimis fere in aristas productis, intermedio longiore aristiformi sæpe subflexuoso-patente; palea brevior, lata, compressa, 2-carinata, carinis longe ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti,

stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis...—Gramina perennia, foliis angustissimis convolutoteretibus v. basi planis. Panicula tenuis, parum ramosa, spiculis breviter pedicellatis erectiusculis.

Species 2, boreali-Americane (Uralepis cornuta, Ell., et U. purpurea, Nutt.). Triplasis setacea, Griseb. Pl. Lorentz, est Diplachne spicata, Dœll.

204. Scleropogon, Philippi, Sert. Mendoc. ii. 47. (Lesourdia, Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xxvii. 102, t. 3, 4.)-Spiculæ unisexuales, 2-x-floræ, in panicula angusta paucæ, rhachilla utriusque sexus elongata. Spiculæ ∂ ∞-floræ, rhachilla inarticulata glabra. Glumæ paleaceæ, angustæ, acutæ, exaristatæ, 3-nerves, 2 inferiores vacuæ paullo minores inæqualesque; florentes interdum apice minute 3-dentatæ, dente medio mucroniformi; palea angusta, rigida, glumæ subæqualis, 2-carinata, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Spiculæ 2 basi 1-co-floræ, superne steriles, rhachilla sub floribus articulata stipitiformi pubescente, inter glumas steriles continua. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, valde inæquales, quam in spiculis ♂ majores; florentes ∞, rigidæ, angustæ, circa florem convolutæ, costis 3 in aristas longissimas tenues rigidas sæpe subtortas productis, additis lobis brevibus lanceolatis hyalinis ad latera aristarum lateralium v. inter aristas ; summæ steriles florentibus similes nisi tenuiores v. ad aristas tenues reductæ; palea rigidula, angustissima, gluma florente inclusa. Staminodia 0. Styli distincti, elongati, stigmatibus pilis brevibus subplumosis. Caryopsis angusta, elongata, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa v. repentia, basi ramosa v. stolonifera. Panicula stricta, parum breviterque ramulosa. Spiculæ paucæ, erectæ, masculæ et fæmineæ aspectu diversissime, in caulibus v. in plantis diversis v. in eodem pedunculo mixtee dissitæque fere alternæ.

Species 4, quarum una Chilensis, cæteræ regionis Mexicano-Texanæ incolæ.

205. Eremochice, S. Wats. Bot. King Exped. 382, t. 40.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in panicula brevi densa confertæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata longe pilosa ultra florem in stipitem glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes v. sigillatim deciduæ, carinatæ, acutæ, membranaceæ, subscariosæ, præter carinam enerves, subæquales, 2 sequentes vacuæ, fertili arcte appressæ, 3-nerves, 3-fidæ, lobo medio aristiformi v. basi parum dilatato, lateralibus hyalinis denticulatis mucronatis v. breviter aristatis; florens inter illas sessilis, basi longe pilosa, carinata, fere hyalina, lobis 3 subæqualibus in aristas desinentibus; gluma summa vacua, anguste 3-partita, quasi ex aristis 3 constans; palea compressa, complicato-2-carinata, sæpe 2-partita. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis teres v. a dorso leviter compressa, palea glumisque inclusa, libera.—Gramina humilia, perennia, ramosa, foliis confertis brevibus rigidis convolutis, superioribus in caule brevi 2-3 longe vaginatis. Pancula paucispiculata, e vagina folii summi vix exserta, pilis mollibus nitens.

Species 2, Novo-Mexicanæ, et Californicæ.

206. Triraphis, R. Br. Prod. 185.—Spiculæ  $\infty$ -floræ, secus ramulos paniculæ angustæ subfasciculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo v. rudimentario. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, 1-3-nerves, acutæ v. mucronatæ, extima integerrima, secunda paullo longior, interdum ad latera mucronis minute dentata; florentes 3- $\infty$ -nerves, apice 3-lobæ, lobis a basi plana in aristas rectas rigidas productis, intermedia longiore, additis interdum lobis membranaceis brevibus inter aristas v. ad latera exteriorum; palea brevior, inclusa, juxta margines 2-carinata, sæpius 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma indurata v. membranacea inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, foliis angustis subulato-acuminatis v. a basi convoluto-teretibus. Panicula angusta, nunc densissima mollisque, nunc laxior sæpe valde elongata, spiculis erectis.

Species 5 v. 6, quarum una adhuc inedita Africæ australis incola, cæteræ omnes Australianæ.

Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 603.

Genus quoad paniculam et glumaram lobos polymorpha. In T. molli, Br., panicula mollissima,

dense multispiculata, glume florentes 3-nerves, lobis breviter membranaceis ad latera aristæ centralis; in specie Capensi panicula mollis sed laxior, glume lobi membranacei ad latera exteriora aristarum lateralium; in *T. pungente*, Br., et in *T. bromoide*, F. Muell., panicula laxa, glume florentes coriacem, basi vix nervosæ, superne plus minus distincte co-nerves, 3-aristatæ, absque lobis membranaceis; in *T. danthonioide*, F. Muell., panicula longa laxa, glumæ florentes coriacem, co-nerves, lobis membranaceis ut in specie Capensi ad latera exteriora aristarum exteriorum.

T. microdon, Benth. Fl. Austral., e genere forte removenda sed affinitas adhuc incerta. T. capensis, Nees, ad Danthoniam referenda, est eadem ac D. radicans, Steud.

207. ? Gouinia, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 103.—Spiculæ 4-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata pilosa, ultra flores producta glumifera, floribus aliis hermaphroditis aliis unisexualibus. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, inæquales, spicula multo breviores, multinerves, setigeræ; florentes inter se distantes, 3-5-nerves, membranaceæ, dorso pilosæ, apice 2-dentatæ, inter dentes aristatæ; summa vacua; palea 2-carinata, acuta, integra v. 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, stigmatibus subsessilibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata, pubescens, sulcata, libera.—Gramen cæspitosum (2-6-pedale), foliis planis. Spiculæ secus paniculæ radios alternos longos remotos primum erectos demum divaricatos appressæ, alternæ, breviter pedicillatæ, imæ et summæ fœmineæ, mediæ masculæ, v. fere omnes hermaphroditæ. (Char. ex Fourn.)

Species 1, Mexicana et Floridana, a nobis non visa.

Genus ex charactere dato potius Triodiæ quam Arundini affine videtur.

208. ? Calamechica, Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xxiv. 178.—Spiculæ 2-floræ, spicatæ, spicis paniculatis, rhachilla sub floribus pilifera, ultra flores producta glumifera. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ subæquales; florentes 5-lobæ, lobis 3 (lateralibus et centrali) subulatis; palea gluma brevior, truncata, plicata, obscure 2-dentata, basi et margine villosa.—Gramen strictum, foliis convolutis. Panicula apicalis, ovata, spiculis 3-4 spicatis, spicis strictis aggregatis. (Char. ex Fourn.)

Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Genus quoad affinitates dubium, an ad Pappophoreas referendum?

209. Cymertum, Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Æquin. ii. 112, t. 115.—Spiculæ dioicæ, laxe 2-co-floræ, rhachilla inter flores sæpius elongata, in utroque sexu articulata, sæpe pilosa, pilis longis tamen flores 2 cingentibus plerisque a glumis oriundis. Glumæ membranaceo-scariosæ v. hyalinæ, angustæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ spiculam sæpe æquantes, parum inæquales, 1-3-nerves v. fere enerves, acute acuminatæ; florentes 3-nerves, acumine plus minus in aristam producto, sub flore 3 sæpius glabræ, sub flore 2 basi dorso et margine pilis longis ciliatæ; palea in flore 3 gluma parum brevior, in 2 multo brevior, hyalina, 2-nervis v. 2-carinata, integra v. 2-dentata. Stamina in flore 3 styli in flore 2 breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, gluma paleaque tenuibus arcte inclusa, libera, subteres, exsulca.—Gramina perennia, elata, basi sæpe sublignosa; foliis longissimis angustis ad basin caulis confertis. Panicula magna, densa v. demum laxior nutansque, argentea v. fuscescens, sæpe plucherrima.

Species 3, America tropica et subtropica incola. Beauv. Agrostogr. 138, t. 24, f. 6. Steud. Syn. Pt. Glam. i. 197 (exol. sp. 5 et 6). Dall in Mart. Ft. Bras. ii. iii. 49, t. 14, 15. Cfr. etiam ic. plures in diariis recentibus hortulanorum.

210. Ampeledesma, Beaw. Agrostogr. 78, t. 15, f. 11. (Ampeledesmos, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 136.)—Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, ample paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter floræs articulata penicilloque pilorum instructa, floribus hermaphreditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ subcoriaceæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, parum inæqualæs, glabræ, acutæ v. acuminatæ, 3-5-nerves; florentes latiores, 5-nerves, apice breviter 2-fidæ, inter lobos mucronatæ, dorse pilosæ; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata, apice 2-dentata v. 2-mucronatæ. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis

oblonga, apice villosa, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, elatum, foliis angustis longis plus minus convolutis et acumine longo tereti-subulato terminatis. Panicula longa, densa, secunda, subnutans.

Species 1 (v. 2?), regionis Mediterranese incols. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 249. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 33, 34 (Arundo).

Genus Arundini quam maxime affine, differt glumis rigidioribus 5-nervibus, et ovario caryopsique apice hirsutis. Rhachilla inter flores penicillo pilorum instructa et styli breves etiam in Arundine madagascariensi observantur.

211. Arundo, Linn. Gen. n. 93, pro parte. (Donax, Beaux. Agrost. 77, pro parte, t. 16, f. 4, 5, t. 19, f. 1. Scolochloa, Mert. et Koch, Deutschl. Fl. i. 528. Amphidonax, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 449.)—Spiculæ 2-∞-floræ, ample paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata glabra v. penicillo brevi instructa, pilis longioribus e glumis ipsis oriundis, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo v. spicularum inferiorum masculis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, parum inæquales, glabræ, spiculæ vix v. non breviores, tenuiter v. interdum rigidule membranaceæ, acutæ v. acuminatæ, 3-nerves; florentes latiores, 3-nerves (v. rarius additis nervis tenuibus brevibus intermediis sub-5-nerves?), dorso pilosæ, plerumque apice plus minus 2-fidæ cum mucrone v. arista brevi inter lobos, infima tamen sæpe vacuis similior integraque; palea gluma brevior, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, elongati v. breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera, glabra.—Gramina perennia, elata, caule interdum basi sublignoso, foliis planis. Panicula densa, nunc longissima stricta, v. demum effusa.

Species nobis notæ 6 v. 7, quarum 1 v. 2 inter se valde affines per regionem Mediterraneam Indiam orientalem et Americam calidiorem latissime diffusæ in aliis terris interdum inquilinæ, tertia regioni Mediterraneæ propria, quarta Indiæ orientalis Archipelagi Malayani et Madagascariæ incola, 2 (v. unius varitates?) Novo-Zelandicæ, 2 v. 3 Americanæ andinæ v. antarcticæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 246; Rev. Gram. t. 48, 49. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 38. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 109. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 36. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 108. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 27, 28. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 688. Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. t. 6 (Ampelodesmos). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 13.

A. Gayana, E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 326, species nobis ignota, ex descr. auctoris ob aristam tortam e genere excludenda est. A. Reynaudiana, Kunth, e Pegu, gluma tertia vacua, est ex Munroio eadem ac A. madagascariensis, Kunth, cui tamen etiam in speciminibus Indicis florem plus minus perfectum in gluma tertia invenimus.

212. Phragmites, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 134, pro parte. (Arundo, Beauv. Agrostogr. 60, t. 13, f. 2. Czernya, Presl, Cyp. et Gram. Sicul. 22, ex Kunth.)—Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, ample paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata et pilis longis sericeis glumas færtiles circumdantibus instructa, flore infimo abortu masculo, cæteris hermaphroditis. Glumæ tenues, angustæ, carinatæ, infima brevis, vacua, sæpius 1-nervis, secunda pariter vacua, spicula vix brevior, 3- v. rarissime sub-5-nervis, acuta v. acute acuminata, tertia secundæ similis nisi longius acuminata florem masculum v. sterilem fovens, cæteræ florentes angustiores, acumine longiore tenuioreque sæpe aristiformi, summa interdum vacua v. abortiva, omnes glabræ nec ciliatæ; palea gluma multo brevior, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves nunc brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, exsulca, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, elata, foliis planis. Panicula ampla, pilis longis spicularum insignis, variat densissima erecta, v. laxe nutansque.

Species v. varietates insignes 2, per regiones temperatas et subtropicas utriusque orbis latissime dispersee, inter tropicos rariores. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 250; Rev. Gram. 277, t. 50. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 39. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 108. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 37.

Species communis magnopere variat statura 4-20-pedali, spicularum glumarumque magnitudine etc., et ab auctoribus in plures dividitur, omnes tamen unius varietates videntur. Kunth, Enum. 1. c., et auctores plerique stylos *Phragmitidis* uti omnium *Arundinearum* elongatos dicunt. quod tamen in sola *Arundine Donace* observatur. Kunth ipse in Rev. Gram. 1. c. stylos breves descripsit et delineavit.

P. macer, Munro in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1877, 350, species Japonica habitu tenui ab Arundineis discrepans, potius Arundini ipsi quam Phragmiti referenda videtur, nam gluma florens infima a vacuis distans florem hermaphroditum fovet; species etiam quodammodo Ampelodesmo affinis videtur. Genera heet tria inter se valde affinia, facile in unum conjungenda.

TRICHOON, Roth in Ram. Arch. i. iii. 37, est Arundo Karka, Retz, Obs. iv. 21, Roxb. Fl. Ind. i. 347, gramen in India orientali frequentissimum a I aragmite communi non distinguendum. Genus Rothii propositum fuit ad descriptionem Retzii, qui evidenter errorem commist a Rothio 1. c. Leersio attributum, 'corollam' nempe sive glumam florentem ob angustiam suam et lanuginis densitatem in qua residet prætermisit.

- 213. Exemanthoshice, Engelm. in Trans. Acad. Sc. St. Louis, 1859, 436, t. 13, 14.— Spiculæ unisexuales, parum dissimiles, 2- rarius 3-floræ, in fasciculo foliorum sæpius geminæ sessiles occultæque, singulæ foliis nonnullis stipatæ, rhachilla brevi continua præsertim in 3 ultra flores in stipitem interdum breviter glumiferum producta. Glumæ exteriores vacuæ, foliis floralibus subsimiles, gradatim minores, distichæ, basi membranaceæ vaginantes, superne lineares, patentes, rigidæ, co-nerves; florentes membranaceæ, rigidæ hyalinæ, obtusæ v. denticulatæ, paleam 2-nervem convolutam floremque involventes. Stamina in 3. Styli in 2 distincti, longi, stigmatibus elongatis breviter barbellato-subplumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, subtriquetra, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.— Gramen repens v. stoloniferum, foliis ad nodos distiche confertis lamina brevi rigida convoluta. Spiculæ inter folia occultæ, utriusque sexus aspectu similes, sæpissime 2-floræ, sed in 2 flos superior solus fertilis videtur.
- Species 1, Texana, in Mexico nondum reperta.
- 214. Etuarea, Torr. Bot. Whipple Exped. 102 (158), errore Monroa.—Spiculæ pauci-(3-) floræ, ad axillas foliorum floralium paucæ, subsessiles, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis, omnibus v. tertio solo fertilibus. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, lanceolatæ, acutæ, hyalinæ, enerves; florentes 3 majores, 3-nerves, integræ retusæ v. 3-fidæ, nervo centrali v. omnibus in mucronem excurrentibus; superiores vacuæ 1-2, florentibus similes nisi minores angustioresque, v. unica ad aristas 3 reducta; palea hyalina, complicata, anguste 2-carinata, florem amplectens. Stamina 3. Styh distincti, elongati, stigmatibus laxe breviterque plumosis. Caryopsis ovata v. oblonga, a latere compressa, palea glumaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, humilia, multicaulia, reptantia v. diffusa, rigidula, caulibus dichotomis v. fasciculato-v. subumbellato-ramosis, foliis ad basin v. ad ramificationes confertis brevibus rigidis interdum pungentibus, vaginis insigniter striatis. Spiculæ 2-4, inter foliorum fasciculos subsessiles et fere occultæ, glumis florentibus longe ciliatis v. in eodem fasciculo glabris.

Species 3 v. 4, quarum una regionis Mexicano-Texanæ, cæteræ Americæ australis extratropicæ incolæ. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1372.

In specie typica Texana, flores in spicula 3 fertiles, rhachilla sub quoque flore plus minus elongata, ultra florem glumas 1-2 vacuas ferente, glumæ florentes angustæ 3-nerves, apice integræ v. parum dilatate, nervo medio solo in mucronem producto v. rarius lateralibus brevissime excurrentibus. Caryopsis in his auguste oblonga, palea tamen multo brevior. In M. mendocina, Philippi, a nobis non visa, structura ex descr. auctoris Sert. Mendoc. ii. 52, ei speciei typicæ bene conformis. In specimine tamen ad Cordovam America meridionalis lecto et a Grisebachio sub nomine M. mendocino accepto, habitu simillimo, spiculas valde diversas vidimus. Omnes jam fructiferæ sunt staminibus stylisque delapsis, glums 2 inferiores vacus iis M. equarrosa, Torr., similes, 2 sequentes quintæ arcte approximate, latissime, carinate, ultra medium 3-lobe, lobis lateralibus erectis oblongo-ovatis nervo excentrico, intermedio angusto carinato mucronato, paleam angustam 2-nervem et ovarium sterile foventes; quinta fertilis inter illas sessilis, pariter 3-loba sed carina infra lobos late alata, lobis angustioribus, intermedio fere ad aristam reducto, rhachilla ultra flores producta aristis 3 terminata; palea floris fertilis gluma multo brevior lata, hyalina, anguste 2-carinata, caryopsin latiusculam arcte amplectens. Grisebach, Symb. Fl. Argent, 300, speciem alteram Argentinam a nobis non vissm notis pluribus valde diversam descripsit. Genus tamen habitu ab omnibus distinctum vidstur nulli nisi Mozanthochloi accedens.

215. Zchinaria, Desf. Fl. Atl. ii, 385. (Panicastrella, Mænch, Meth. 205.)—Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, globoso-capitatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, ultra flores sæpius in stipitem interdum glumiferum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum insequales, hyalinæ, costa valida v. interdum in gluma secunda nervis 2 in mucronem v. aristam brevem productis; florentes basi turbinatæ, 5-fidæ, lobis aristato-acuminatis demum rigidis pungentibus patentibus, medio lateralibus majore; palea rigida, 2-carinata, lobis 2 iis glumæ similibus patentibusque v. paullo minoribus. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, filiformes, a basi papilloso-stigmatosi. Caryopsis ovoidea, subteres, exsulca, gluma paleaque basi induratis inclusa, libera.—Gramen humile, annuum, foliis angustis planis. Capitulum globosum, sæpius longe pedunculatum, glumarum lobis spinescentibus echinatum. Spiculæ nonnullæ ad basin capituli sæpius parvæ, steriles, glumis paucis parvis vacuis, v. ad glumam unicam reductæ.

Species 1 per regionem Mediterraneam late dispersa. Beauv. Agrostogr. 83, t. 17, f. 2. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 256. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 8 (Sesleria). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 38. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 56. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 100 (Cenchrus)

216. Ammechica, Boiss. Diagn. Pl. Or. xiii. 51. (Cephalochloa, Coss. et Dur. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, i. 229.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, globoso-capitatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, ultra flores sæpius glumifera, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum inæquales, latæ, glabræ, 1-nerves, mucronulatæ v. obtusæ, carina præsertim in spiculis inferioribus plus minus lata; florentes alatæ, rigidulæ herbaceæ v. membranaceæ, nervis 3 apice in acumen seu mucronem unicum productæ, sæpeque ad latera acuminis hyalinomarginatæ subdenticulatæ; palea hyalina, gluma multo angustior, 2-nervis, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli contigui v. basi subconnati, stigmatibus elongatis breviter barbellatis. Caryopsis ovata v. oblonga, a dorso compressa, pericarpio tenui ultra semen producto lanceolato (v. styli basi dilatata) rostrata.—Gramina annua, humilia v. nana, cæspitosa, foliis brevibus planis. Capitulum nunc pedunculo longiusculo fultum, nunc inter folia sessile, spiculis paucis numerosisve 9-15-floris. Spiculæ nonnullæ ad basin capituli steriles, glumis paucis vacuis v. ad glumam unicam reductæ, capitulum quasi involucrantes.

Species 2, Orientis et Africa borcalis incolæ. Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 91. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 27, f. 1 (Dactylis). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 16 (Dactylis).

Genus (præsertim A. pungens, Boiss.) habitu tam Echinariam capitatum quam Sesleriam sphærocephalam refert, characteribus tamen ab utraque bene distinctum.

217. Urochiæna, Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 437.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, in panicula capituliformi secunda densissima fasciculatæ, rhachilla abbreviata inter flores continua votardius articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ ovatæ, concavæ, membranaceæ, 5-7-nerves, acuminatæ, acumine in aristam patentem producto, 2 infimæ vacuæ; florentes subsimiles nisi paullo majores, superiores paullo minores, brevius aristatæ; palea glumis paullo brevior, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina... Styli distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis laxe subplumosis. Caryopsis breviter oblonga, glabra, palea glumaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramen humile, annuum, foliis setaceis, caulibus floriferis (seu pedunculis apice 1-foliatis) folia vix excedentibus. Spicularum capitulum unilaterale, intra vaginam folii floralis sessile, fructiferum cum folio florali a geniculo supremo articulatim deciduum. Spiculæ nonnullæ ad basin capituli et intra capitulum ad basin ramulorum brevissimorum steriles, glumis paucis vacuis angustis breviter acuminato-aristatis, spiculas fertiles quasi involucrantes.

Species 1, Africa australis incola. Specimina nostra (Dregeana) jam fructifera staminibus delapsis orbata. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1363.

218. Sesteria, Scop. Fl. Carn. ex ejusd. ed. 2, i. 63.—Spiculæ 2-6-floræ, in panicula spiciformi rarius interrupta cylindraces ovoides v. globosa densissime confertæ, subsessiles

v. brevissime pedicellatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores v. supra florem inferiorem articulata, floribus plerisque hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, membranaceæ interdum hyalinæ, latæ, carinatæ, subæquales, acutæ v. secunda brevissime mucronato-aristata; florentes secundæ subsimiles v. sæpius 3-5-nerves, apice 3-5-dentatæ v. irregulariter denticulatæ, dente centrali v. etiam lateralibus plus minus in mucrones v. in aristas breves productis; summa sæpe vacua parva; palea membranacea, lata, 2-carinata, 2-dentata, carinis sæpe ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli basi v. alte connati, rarius a basi distincti, stigmatibus elongatis breviter barbellatis. Caryopsis ovata v. oblonga, glabra v. apice pubescens, erostris, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, cæspitosa, foliis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Panicula spiciformis, sæpius brevis cærulescens v. subargenteo-nitidula, interdum elongata, rarius spiculis dissitis v. fasciculatis interrupta, basi sæpissime bractea glumiformi v. spicula sterili ad glumam reducta stipata.

Species ad 8, Europæ et Asiæ occidentalis incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 78, t. 16, f. 7. Kunth, Emum. Pl. i. 321. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 97 ad 99, iv. t. 22. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 53. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 56, 57. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 20, 21 (Cynosurus). Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 103. Vis. Fl. Dalm. t. 2. Sibth. Fl. Grac. t. 72.

PSILATHERA, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 121, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 54, est S. tenella, Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 100, cui spiculæ parvæ in capitulo parvo ovoideo-globoso, glumarum florentium dentibus 5 mucronato-aristatis.

219. Elytropherus, Beauv. Agrostogr. 67, t. 14, f. 2. (Echinalysium, Trin. Fundam. Agrost. 142.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, parvæ, planæ, in fasciculis compositis subglobosis numerosæ, subsessiles, rhachilla glabra inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, membranaceæ, carinatæ, breviter mucronato-acuminatæ, subæquales v. secunda paullo major; florentes paullo latiores, sub-3-nerves, evidentius mucronato-aristatæ; summæ 1-2 minores, vacuæ; palea gluma brevior, hyalina, lata, 2-dentata, complicato-2-carinata, carina utraque v. rarius una sola late alata. Stamen 1, anthera parva. Styli distincti v. basi subconnati, stigmatibus elongatis tenuis-simis fugacissimis breviter barbellato-plumosis. Caryopsis ovoideo-oblonga, pericarpii apice membranacco (v. styli basi dilatato) ultra semen breviter rostrata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, erectum, strictum, foliis angustis longiusculis planis. Spicularum minimarum capitula aristis brevibus subechinata, secus pedunculum sessilia, spicam longam densam v. interruptam formant; spiculæ nonnulæ ad basin capituli cujusve minores ananthæ v. ad glumas 1-2 reductæ.

Species 1, inter tropicos Asiæ, Africæ et Australiæ late dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 391; Rev. Gram, t. 154. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 638.

220. ? Fingerhuthia, Necs MS. e.c Lehm. Cat. Sem. Hort. Hamb. 1834.—Spiculæ 1-rarius 2-floræ, compressæ, in spica cylindracea confertæ, cum pedicello brevi articulatæ, rhachilla ultra florem producta stipitiformi v. glumifera, flore unico v. infero hermaphrodito, superiore dum adsit masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, complicato-carinatæ, breviter aristatæ, parum inæquales; tertia florens vacuis similis nisi paullo latior rigidiorque, arista brevi nunc ad mucronem reducta; terminalis minor, vacua v. paleam solam rarius florem & fovens; palea gluma paullo brevior, subhyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, elongati, stigmatibus filiformibus pilis brevibus papilloso-villosis. Caryopsis oblonga, lævis, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramen cæspitosum, erectum, rigidulum, foliis angustis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Spica terminalis, longe pedunculata, ei Phlei subsimilis, spiculis infimis summisque diminutis vacuis v. ad glumas vacuas lineari-subulatas reductis.

Species 1, in Africa australi frequens, nuperque ab Aitchisono in Affghanistan lecta. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1873.

Genus ab camibus fere *Peaceis* differt pedicello sub spicula articulato, a *Paniceis* tamen bene distinguitur flore infaro hermaphrodito supero masculo v, rudimentario. Species 2 a Nessio Fl. Afr. Anstr. Gram. 136, 138, distincts vix pro varietatibus separandæ, glumis longius breviusve ciliatis.

221. Zamarckia, Manch, Meth. 201. (Chrysurus, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 80. Pterium, Desc. in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 75. Tinæa, Garzia in Rel. Accad. Zelant. Aci Reale, ann. 3-4, 24, ex Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 332.)—Spiculæ dimorphæ, in panicula densa unilaterali fasciculatæ, terminalis cujusve ramuli 1-flora, inferiores 1-3 elongatæ, multiglumes, ananthæ. Spiculæ fertilis rhachilla vix articulata, ultra florem producta sæpe glumifera. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, angustæ, præter carinam enerves, acuminatæ v. breviter aristatæ, parum inæqualæs; florens latior, præter carinam enervis, arista sub apice dorsali recta; terminalis parva, vacua, longiuscule aristata v. ad aristam solam reducta; spiculæ steriles lineares, glumis vacuis brevibus complicatis muticis eleganter distiche imbricatis; palea floris perfecti angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus elongatis barbellatis. Caryopsis oblongo-elliptica, leviter compressa, gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, paleæ æquilonga, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, multicaule, foliis planis. Panicula elegantissima, breviter pedunculata; spiculæ secundæ, confertæ, nutantes, fertiles a sterilibus fere occultæ, aristis solis prominentibus.

Species 1, in regione Mediterranea ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Affghanistan frequens, in aliis terris interdum inquilina. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 22, f. 5 (Chrysurus). Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 389. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 4 (Cynosurus). Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 79 (Cynosurus). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 58 (Chrysurus). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 77.

Genus Cynosuro arcte affine cui olim adscriptum nuperque a Willk. et Langeo Prod. Fl. Hisp. i. 90, aliisque restitutum, habitu tamen, spicularum sterilium forma, spiculis fertilibus 1-floris aliisque notis satis distinctum videtur.

222. Cynosurus, Linn. Gen. n. 87, pro parte.—Spiculæ dimorphæ, in panicula dense spiciformi unilaterali fasciculatæ, terminalis cujusve fasciculi 2-3-flora, floribus hermaphroditis, inferiores 1-2 multiglumes ananthæ. Spiculæ fertilis rhachilla supra glumas inferiores sæpius articulata, glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, lineares v. sublanceolatæ, acutæ v. vix aristatæ, preter carinam enerves; florentes latiores membranaceæ, 1-3-nerves (rarius 5-nerves?), apice v. dorso sub apice mucronatæ v. aristatæ; terminalis angustior, vacua v. florem & imperfectum fovens v. fere ad aristam reducta; spicularum sterilium glumæ eleganter distichæ, pectinatim patentes, omnes vacuæ, subæquales, lineari-subulatæ, 1-nerves, rhachilla continua; palea floris fertilis angusta, 2-carinata, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus barbellatis v. laxe plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. elliptica, gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, matura paleæ adnata.—Gramina annua v. perennia, cæspitosa, foliis planis. Panicula pedunculata, semper densissima secundaque, cæterum in diversis speciebus heteromorpha. Spiculæ fertiles sterilibus quasi involucratæ at perfecte distinctæ, rarius glumis nonnullis iis spicularum sterilium similibus in pedicello additis.

Species 3 v. 4, in Europa, Asia occidentali, Africa boreali v. ins. Canariensibus indigenæ, quarum una ciam in aliis regionibus reperta, verisimiliter inquilina. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 388. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 76.

Genus cum Lamarckia spicularum dimorpharum indole facillime dignoscendum, in sectiones 2 bene distinctas apud auctores nonnullos genera distincta dividitur:—

- 1. Cynosurus. Gramina perennis, panicula angusta spiciformi spicam Chloridearum simulante. Spicularum sterilium glumæ lineares, rigidæ, distichæ, pectinatim patentes. Spiculæ fertiles 2-3-floræ, glumis mucronato-acuminatis. Species v. varietates insignes 2. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. 69, t. 8. Beauv. Agrostogr. 66, t. 14, f. 1. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 96. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 7, f. 1351, 1352. Munby, fl. Alg. t. 2.
- 2. Phalona. (iramina annua, panicula fasciculato-capituliformis v. longiuscula aristis echinata. Spicularum sterilium glumm lineares, rigidm, distichm, pectinatim patentes, submistatm. Spiculm fertiles 2-3-florm glumis aristatis. Species 2 v. 3. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 95. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 7, f. 1849, 1350. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 17. Sibth. Fl. Gram. t. 78. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 37. Falona, Adans. Fam. ii. 496. Phalona, Dumort. Agrost. Belg. 86, 114.
- 223. Eccleria, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 97. (Collinaria, Ehrh. Beitr. iv. 147, absque char.)—Spiculæ 2-5-floræ rarius 1-floræ, in panicula spiciformi cylindraces v. subinterrupta vol. III.

confertse, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata glabra v. vix minute pilosa, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumse 2 inferiores vacue, angustæ, acutiusculse v. mucronatæ, parum inæquales, extima præter carinam enervis, margine scariosa, secunda paullo longior, florentibus similior, sæpe 3-nervis; florentes secundæ, paullo longiores v. breviores, plus minus hyalino-scariosæ, tenuiter 3- rarius 5-nerves, obtusiusculæ v. acutiusculæ, muticæ v. apice v. dorso sub apice mucronatæ v. breviter aristatæ; superiores gradatim minores, 1-2 sæpe vacuæ, v. rhachilla ultra florem summum producta stipitiformis; palea hyalina, acute 2-carinata, glumæ subæqualis v. sæpius brevior angustiorque, 2-dentata v. 2-mucronata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. fere linearis, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, cæspitosa, foliis angustis planis v. fere setaceis. Panicula sæpisaime dense cylindracea, rarius elongata subinterrupta, glabra subnitens, v. glumarum pilis marginalibus v. dorsalibus hirsuta.

Species ad 12, pleræque Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ et Africæ borealis incolæ, quarum una etiam in America boreali v. australi extratropica et Africa australi frequens, et in aliis regionibus inquilina, quibus addantur 2 bene distinctæ, altera ex Africa australi, altora ex ins. Sandwicensibus. Beauv. Agrostogr. 84, t. 17, f. 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 380. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 98, 99 (Bromus). Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 322. Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 119. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 125. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 38.

Genus sat naturale, haud tamen facile definitum, in sectiones 2 ab auctoribus nonnullis progeneribus propriis habitas dividitur:—

- 1. Airochloa (Kaleria, Reichb.). Gluma acuta v. obtusiusculae, muticae, florentes vix carinatae, tenuissime 3-nerves. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 75 (Poa). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 93. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 64. Airochloa, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 126, ii. 276.
- 2. Lophochloa (Kaleria, Link). Glumæ florentes apice v. sub apice mucronatæ v. breviter aristatæ, tenuiter 3-5-nerves. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 21 (Festuca). Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 201. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 18 (Cynosurus) et t. 23 (Festuca). Lophochloa, Reichb. Fl. Germ. Excurs. 42; Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 73. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 63. ÆGIALITIS, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 127. t. 9. ÆGIALINA, Schult, Syst. Mant. ii. 13, 222. Huc pertinent, præter species a Coss. et Dur. enumeratas, K. Gerardi, Munro, ex Africa australi, species primo aspectu præsertim colore inflorescentiæ Lasiochloæ accedens, sed inflorescentia characteresque Lophochloæ, et K. glomerata, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 219 (K. vestita, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 294), ex ins. Sandwicensibus, species inflorescentia longa laxa insignis, in nostris tamen speciminibus densior est quam in icone delineatur. Wilhelmsia, C. Koch in Linnæa, xxi. 400, est, fide Griseb., K. phleoidis, Pers., forma macra panicula depauperata.
- 224. Aveilinia, Parlat. Pl. Nor. 59; Fl. Ital. i. 415.—Spiculæ plurifloræ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores longiuscula tardius articulata, glabra, ultra flores in stipitem interdum glumiferum producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, extima brevis, angustissima, fere setiformis, secunda cæteris multo major latiorque, membranacea, 3-nervis, mucrone brevi terminata; florentes (sæpius 2-4) multo angustiores, circa flores convolutæ, tenuissime 1-3-nerves, dorso sub apice breviter aristatæ; palea multo brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, subteres, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, habitu fere Schismi, foliis angustissimis. Panicula angusta, laxiuscula, ramulis erectis.

Species 1, regionis Mediterranese occidentalis incola. Guss. Pl. Rar. t. 10, f. 1 (Avena).

Planta a variis anctoribus ad genera diversa relata a Candolleo et nuper a Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg.
Glum. 120, sub Kaleria descripta, a qua nobis bene distincta videtur, tam inflorescentia quam glumarum indole nullique nisi Eutonia comparanda, et rite a Parlatoreo pro genere proprio accepta.

225. Entenia, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 104. (Reboulea, Kunth, Rev. Gram. 341, t. 84. Colobanthus, Trin. in Mem. Acad. Petersb. ser. 6, i. 66, Triseti sect. pro genere admissa a Spack, Suites Buff. xiii. 163, non Bartl.)—Spiculse parvæ, sæpius 2-floræ, paniculate, rhachilla sub floribus articulata glabra, ultra flores in stipitem nudum producta,

floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranaceæ, subscariosæ, extima angusta, 1-nervis, secunda omnibus multo latior, 3-nervis; florentes angustiores, sub-3-nerves, omnes obtusæ v. acutiusculæ, muticæ; palea angusta, prominule 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga fere linearis, exsulca, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis planis. Panicula densa v. laxiuscula, spiculis numerosis parvis nitentibus.

Species 2 v. 3, inter se valde affines, et in herbariis sæpe commixtæ, Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 368 (Reboulea). Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 150 (Kæleria). A. Gray, Man. Bot. N. U. St. ed. 5, 625. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 111.

226. Dissanthelium, Trin. in Linnæa, x. 305. (Phalaridium, Nees in Pl. Meyen. 161. Stenochloa, Nutt. in Journ. Acad. Philad. ser. 2, i. 189.)—Spiculæ 2-4-floræ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata glabra, ultra flores in stipitem minutum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, carinatæ, 1-3-nerves, acute acuminatæ, parum inæquales, spiculam æquantes v. superantes; florentes multo breviores, latiores, obtusiusculæ, obtuse carinatæ, 3-nerves, nervis lateralibus marginalibus, v. interdum obscuris, muticæ; palea gluma paullo brevior, 2-carinata, 2-dentata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus sæpe longiusculis plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, subtriquetra, antice vix v. non sulcata, gluma paleaque caducissimis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, humilia v. tenuia, cæspitosa, foliis angustis planis. Panicula breviter pedunculata, laxiuscula v. densa, ramulis brevibus erectis, spiculis parvis.

Species 2 v. 3, America andina a Bolivia usque ad Californiam incola. Thurb. in S. Wats, Bot. Calif. ii. 315 (Stenochloa). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 112. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1374, 1375.

Genus pluribus notis Schismo affine, nec habitu longe diversum, sed glumæ florentes semper 3-nerves invenimus, etsi a Trinio 1-nerves, a Neesio 5-nerves dicuntur. Stamen unicum tantum vidit Fournier, verisimiliter in specie Mexicana a nobis non visa. In speciminibus Lechlerianis n. 1832 a Fourniero citatis 3 adsunt, uti in Bolivianis Mandonianis n. 1345 et 1346, et in Californicis.

227. Molinia, Schrank, Baier. Fl. i. 100, 334. (Enodium, Gaud. Agrostogr. Helv. i. 145.)

—Spiculæ 2-4-floræ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores longiuscula articulata glabra, ultra flores sæpe producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, obtusiusculæ v. acutæ, muticæ, præter carinam enerves, inæquales, spicula breviores; florentes paullo majores, rigidule membranaceæ, muticæ, dorso convexæ, 3-nerves, summa minor, florem & fovens v. vacua, v. rhachilla supra florem stipitiformis nudaque; palea gluma vix brevior, obtusa, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, stigmatibus brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, teretiuscula, facie (saltem immatura) late culcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, cæspitosum, elatiusculum, nodis in caule prope basin paucia, foliis angustis planis. Panicula elongata, laxiuscula, ramulis strictis, spiculis parvulis sæpius numerosis erectis angustis laxe conicis.

Species 1, Europæ præsertim occidentalis et borealis incoln. Beauv. Agrostogr. 68, t. 14, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 379. Coss. ct Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 136. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 8 (Melica) et t. 92 (Festuca). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 78. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 61.

228. Sphenopus, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 135.—Spiculæ 2-4-floræ, minimæ, cymosopaniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata glabra, ultra flores in stipitem parvum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, hyalinæ, extima minuta, secunda lata rotundata v. truncata; florentes 2-3-plo longiores, latiusculæ, hyalinæ, integræ, muticæ, 3-nerves v. nervis lateralibus evanidis sub-1-nerves; palea gluma paullo brevior, 2-dentata, 2-carinata, carinis ciliolatis. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblongo-linearis, antice sulcata v. demum subteres, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen tenellum, annuum, foliis angustis sæpe filiformibus. Panicula gracillima, ramulis setaceis divaricatis ultimis subcymosis, pedicellis anguste clavatis spiculis ipsis fere æquilongis. Spiculæ nitidulæ.

Species 1, regionis Mediterranese incola, presentim in maritimis salsisque frequens. Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 144. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 81. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 68. Gou. Ill. et Obs. Bot. t. 2, f. 1 (Pos).

229. Catabresa, Beauc. Agrostogr. 97, t. 19, f. 8.—Spiculæ 2- rarius 3-4-floræ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata glabra. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, hyalinomembranaceæ, latæ rotundatæ v. obtusissimæ, vix venosæ, inæquales, florentibus multo breviores; florentes rigidule membranaceæ, obtusæ v. sub-3-dentatæ, prominenter 3-nerves, summa interdum minor, vacua v. florem imperfectum fovens; palea gluma vix brevior, prominenter 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovoideo-oblonga, subteres, exsulca v. antice angustissime sulcata.—Gramen perenne, a basi reptante v. subnatante erectum, foliis planis. Panicula effusa, pyramidata, ramis capillaribus ramulosis in fasciculis dissitis pseudoverticillatis. Spiculæ parvulæ, numerosæ, pedicellatæ.

Species 1, per Europam, Asiam temperatam et Americam borealem late dispersa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 369. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 78 (Glyceria). Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 58. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 41 (Aira).

Genus, ad speciem typicam (cum varietatibus ab auctoribus nonnullis speciatim distinctis) restrictum, venatione glumarum facile distinctum. Species plures Orientales a Trinio aliisque additæ ad Colpodium referendæ sunt, C. antarctica, Hook. f., ad Triodiam?, C. magellanica, Hook. f., et C. glaucescens, Philippi, ad Glyceriam (Atropem).

230. Eragrestis, Beaux. Agrostogr. 70, t. 14, f. 11.—Spiculæ x-floræ, sæpius paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores continua v. tardius articulata, articulis rarius cito solvendis, glabra v. rarissime pilosula, floribus hermaphroditis v. varie unisexualibus, summo sæpe et interdum infimo plus minus abortiente. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, inæquales, florentibus breviores, carinatæ, 1-nerves v. secunda 3-nervis; florentes membranaceæ v. rarius rigidulæ, carinatæ, 3-nerves, obtusæ acutæ v. rarius mucronato-acuminatæ, muticæ, integræ v. vix emarginatæ; palea gluma brevior, prominenter 2-nervis v. 2-carinata, sæpe incurva et post glumam delapsam in rhachilla persistens. Stamina 2-3. Styli distincti, breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis globosa ovoidea v. oblonga, sæpe parvula, exsulca v. rarius antice late concava, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera, sæpeque cum gluma a palea decidua.—Gramina annua v. perennia, humilia cæspitosa v. elata, interdum prostrata v. reptantia. Panicula sæpius laxa, stricta v. effusa, variat tamen capituliformis v. spiciformis. Spiculæ varie pedicellatæ v. subsessiles, sparsæ v. fasciculatæ, nunc minimæ numerosissimæ paucifloræ imo 1-2-floræ, nunc longæ angustæ floribus 20-30, nunc latæ planæque.

Species ad 100, per regiones calidiores temperatasque utriusque orbis latissime dispersæ, quarum 2 v. 3 fere cosmopolitanæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 327, Rev. Gram. t. 145 ad 149, 183 ad 189 (omn. rub Poa). Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 38 (Poa) et 29 (Briza). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 68, 69 (Poa), iv. t. 24. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 3. Cav. Ic. t. 92, 93 (Poa). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 14 (Poa). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 91. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. m. 55. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 73 (Poa). Grant in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. t. 113. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 641, et in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 116. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 136, t. 41 ad 43. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 114. Torr. Bot. Marc. Exped. t. 19. Genus quoad species plerasque naturale, a Poa cui olim adscriptum facile differt glumis florentibus 3-nervibus, formas tamen nonnullas præbet primo aspectu bene diversas; in sectiones sequentes dividitar:—

1. Cataclastos, Dœll. Spiculæ sæpius numerosissimæ, minimæ, paucifloræ, rhachilla more Poæ articulata, in E. ciliata, E. peruviana affinibusque in panicula spiciformi cylindracea v. interrupta densissima confertæ, in cæteris speciebus panicula longa laxa, angusta v. thyrsoidea, ramulis sæpius numerosissimis tenuibus ramulosis secus rhachin plus minus fasciculatis v. subverticillatis. Segio a Fourniero ad Poam restituta. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 18, 304 (Poa).

MACROBLEPHARUS, Philippi in Linnea, xxix. 100, ex descr. auctoris videtur Eragrostis ciliaris, Link, v. species quam maxime affinis.

2. Plagiostachya. Spiculm co-flore, planse, anguster v. latiusculæ, secus rhachin spice breviter

pedicellatæ more Chloridearum 2-seriatim subsessiles, rhachilla continua v. tardius subarticulata. Species sequentes inter se sat dissimiles: E. bifaria, Steud. (Poa bifaria, Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 30), spica terminali longa simplici Tripogonis, glumis florentibus obtusis; E. Schimperi, Benth. (Harrachue Hochst.; A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 431), spica terminali simplici, glumis florentibus subdissitis acuminatis; E. brevifolia, Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. sub t. 1368 (Dactylis, Roxb., Eluropus, Trin., Eleusine, Br), et E. cælachyrum, Benth. l. c. (Cælachyrum, Necs in Linnea, xvi. 221), spicis paucis paucispiculatis in capitulum v. fasciculum terminale confertis, caule humili prostrato ramoso; E. congesta, Oliv. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxix. 175, t. 115, spicis brevibus sessilibus fasciculatis secus rhachin elongatam confertis numcrosissimis.

- 3. Myriostachya. Paniculæ rami breves, dense spiciformes unilaterales, secus rhachin numerosissimi, paniculam longam angustam densam more E. cynosuroidis formantes, sed ipsi brevissime ramulosi. Spiculæ 3-6-floræ, omnes brevissime pedicellatæ, rhachilla ut in Pteroëssa continua, glumis inferioribus vacuis setaceo-acuminatis, florentibus acutissimis, palea sæpius persistente. Caryopsis immatura brevis, maturam non vidimus. Species unica, Indica. Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 3823 (Leptochloa Wightiana, Nees in Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 209). Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1381.
- 4. Ptercessa, Dœll (Éragrostes genuinæ). Panicula varia laxissime effusa v. contracta. Spiculæ sæpius multifloræ, pedicellatæ v. sessiles fasciculatæque, rhachilla continua v. tardius subarticulata. Species numerosæ in series sequentes distribuendæ:—
- a. Cylindrostachyæ. Spiculæ anguste lineares, subteretes, glumis arcte appressis, sessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, fasciculatæ. Species 3 v. 4, Australianæ v. insularum maris Pacifici incolæ. Gaudich. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. t. 25.
- b. Leptostachya. Spiculæ lineares, planæ at angustæ tenuesque, pedicellatæ, panicula effusa, rimis pedicellisque capillaribus, glumis sæpe laxe imbricatis. Huc E. pilosa, Beauv., species fere cosmopolitana affinesque.
- c. Megastachyø. Spiculæ planæ, angustæ v. latæ, sessiles v. pedicellatæ, paniculæ varia, glumis sæpius distiche imbricatis, sulcum longitudinalem in utraque facie spiculæ sæpe relinquentibus, interdum vero spicula planissima. Species in utroque orbe imprimis in America numerosæ, ipsa E. megastachya, Liuk, et forte E. Brownei, Necs, sub variis nominibus fere cosmopolitanæ.
- MEGASTACHYA, Beauv. Agrostogr. 74, t. 15, f. 5, genus propositum fuit imprimis ad Poam mucronatam, ejusd. Fl. Ow. et Ben. i. 5, t. 4, quæ potius ad Centothecam referenda videtur, cui addidit species plures Ecagrostis (Pteroissæ) glumis plus minus acutis v. mucronulatis. Fournier, Mex. Gram. 118, genus Megastachyam condidit ad species plures e sectionibus Pteroëssæ v. Platystachyæ spiculis plus minus dioicis, quod in E. reptante, Mich., fere constans est, character tamen in aliis speciebus valde variabilis videtur.
- 5. Platystachya. Spiculæ co-floræ, planæ, ovatæ v. rotundatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata. Glumæ florentes rigide paleaccæ, distiche imbricatæ. Species paucæ Africanæ v. Asiaticæ hinc E. (Pteroëssar) unicloidi, hinc Demazersis nonnullis subsimiles. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1370. Briza geniculata, Thunb., a Munroio ad Eragrostim transfertur ob glumas 3-nerves, etsi a cæteris Platystachyis paullum differt glumarum carinis obtusis, spicula ipsa minus complanata, et fere medium tenet inter Eragrostim et Brizam.
- 6. Sclerostachya. Spiculæ co floræ, planæ, lanceolatæ v. angustæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata. Glumæ florentes rigidæ palenceæ. Species 3, Africanæ v. Asiaticæ, perennes, rigidæ, foliis nunc longis junciformibus nunc brevibus divaricatis rigidis pungentibusque. Vahl, Symb. i. t. 2 (Festuca). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 190 (Poa). Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 8898 (Brizopyrum mucronatum, Nees).
- 231. Ppnum, Philippi, Scrt. Mendoc. ii. 53.—Spiculæ co-floræ, cylindraceæ, secus paniculæ ramos simplices distichæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata. Glumæ 2 vacuæ, membranaceæ, 1-nerves, infima lanceolata, secunda ovata major; florentes a dorso compressæ, 3-nerves, breviter mucronatæ, apice et margine superiore scariosæ hyalinæ; palea ovata, glumæ æquilonga, 2-carinata. Stamina . . . Stylus . . . Caryopsis obovata, a dorso valde compressa.—Gramen cæspitosum, foliis planis. Panicula seu spica composita, ramulis pluribus angulo aperto patentibus plurispiculatis. (Char. ex Philippi.)
- Species 1, e Mendoza America australis extratropica, a nobis non visa. Ex auctoris descriptione ab Eragrostis sect. Pterossas speciebus cylindrostachyis differt imprimis rhachilla fragili et inflorescentia.
- 232. Cutandia, Willk. in Bot. Zeit. 1860, 130.—Spiculæ ∞- (3-13-) floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, glabra, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ angustæ, rigidæ,

2 inferiores vacuæ, inæquales, 1-3-nerves, muticæ, florentibus breviores; florentes prominenter 3-nerves, carinatæ, integræ v. 2-dentatæ, muticæ v. inter dentes mucronulatæ v. rarius aristatæ; palea gluma brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, subteres v. a dorso compressa, antice late sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera (v. paleæ leviter adhærens?).—Gramina annua, erecta v. decumbenti-multicaulia, foliis angustis planis v. setaceo-convolutis. Panicula densa, plus minus secunda, primum erecta densaque, ramulis brevissimis paucispiculatis demum sæpe divaricatissimis sub spiculis incrassatis. Spiculæ angustæ, glumis laxe imbricatis, v. planæ glumis dissitis.

Species 6, Europæ et totius regionis Mediterraneæ incolæ, præsertim in maritimis obviæ. Huc pertinent præter Festucam memphiticam, Boiss., quæ species typica: C. soleropoides, Willk.; F. divaricata, Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 22; F. maritima, DC., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 58, f. 1510; F. lanceolata, Forsk.; F. philistæa, Boiss., omnes glumis exaristatis. F. incrassata, Salzm., a cæteris distinguitur glumis florentibus aristatis et Festucæ (Vulpiæ) quacum jungunt auctores plures accedit, sed habitu et præsertim glumis insigniter carinatis affinitatem maximam cum Cutandia offert.

Genus certe Sclerockloæ, Beauv., et Festucæ sect. Scleropoæ proxime affine, et huic iterum jungit Boissier, nobis tamen bene distinctum videtur glumis florentibus a basi prominenter carinatis 3-nervibus. Caryopsin etiam in speciminibus examinatis a palea liberam invenimus.

233. Crecchica, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 44.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, secus rhachin simplicem inflorescentiæ spiciformis breviter pedicellatæ, distichæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ membranaceæ, latiusculæ, præter carinam subenerves, muticæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, glabræ; florentes subsimiles nisi paullo majores pubescentesque; summæ 1-3 minores paleam solam foventes v. vacuæ; palea latiuscula, 2-carinata, carinis ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis barbellatis vix plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, a dorso compressiuscula, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, humile, cæspitosum, foliis angustissimis planis v. convolutis. Inflorescentia spiciformis ovata v. oblonga, pedunculo terminali longiusculo; spiculæ steriles v. bractea glumiformis Sesleriæ omnino desunt.

Species 1, montium Pyrenæorum et Alpium Europa incola. Kunth, Enum. i. 323 (Sesleria). Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 19 (Poa). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 76 (Poa). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 12. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 52. In iconibus nonnullis glumæ co-nerves delineatæ, sed in speciminibus examinatis carinam solam conspicuam vidimus, nervis lateralibus, si adsint, tenuissimis v. obscuris.

234. Estresia, R. Br. Prod. 185.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, anguste paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, floribus 1 rarius 2 inferioribus hermaphroditis, 2-∞ superioribus masculis v. rudimentariis. Glumæ angustæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, acutæ, breves, parum inæquales; florentes rigidulæ, 1-3-nerves, acutæ mucronatæ v. in aristam tenuem productæ; superiores flores of foventes v. vacuæ, sæpius minores haud raro tamen longius tenuiusque aristatæ; palea gluma brevior, angusta, 2-carinuta. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga v. fore linearis, subteres, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, annua v. perennia, foliis angustis interdum setaceis. Panicula terminalis, nunc longa angusta dense floribunda, ramulis numerosis erecto-appressis, nunc laxior, interrupta, ramulis brevibus patentibus. Spiculæ nunc angustæ tenuesque, nunc parvæ agrostoideæ, aristis tenuibus semper numerosis.

Species 4, Australiana. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 633. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 69.

235. Meterachme, Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 634.—Spiculæ planæ, paucifloræ, in panicula anguste spiciformi densa v. subinterrupta fasciculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores articulata, inter superiores valde flexuosa continua, floribus 1 rarissime 2 inferioribus (hermaphroditis?) fertilibus, 1-2 superioribus (masculis?) sterilibus. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, complicato-cymbiformes, parum insequales, præter carinam enerves v. utrinque 1-nerves; tertis et interdum quarta florem fertilem foventes, late complicato-cymbiformes, incurvæ, apice obtuse subdentatæ, muticæ, præter carinam utrinque

2-nerves; superiores 2-∞ gradatim minores angustioresque, quarum 1-2 verisimiliter florem 3, cæteræ paleam solam foventes v. omnino vacuæ; palea floris fertilis incurva, 2-carinata, carinis late alatis. Stamina . . . Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis incurva v. oblique obtuseque acuminata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.— Gramina (annua?) humilia, multicaulia, erecta, cæspitosa, foliis angustis convolutis. Spiculæ parvæ, molles, ovatæ v. orbiculatæ, nunc in panicula terminali anguste spiciformi densa v. interrupta fasciculatæ, nunc (interdum in eodem specimine) in capitulum ovoideum crassum intra folii vaginam subsessile confertæ.

Species 2, Australiana. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1250.

236. Anthochica, Nees in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 450, et in Pl. Meyen. 164 (Antochica).—Spiculæ paucifloræ, secus rhachin simplicem inflorescentiæ brevis subcapituliformis singulæ v. inferiores 2-3-næ, breviter pedicellatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ latæ, hyalino-scariosæ, albæ, muticæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, inæquales; florentes majores, a basi brevissime cucullata latissime expansæ, fere flabellatæ, breviter sub-5-nerves; superiores 1-2 minores vacuæ, sub-3-nerves; palea angusta, hyalina, alte 2-4-fida. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis (immatura) ovoidea, intra basin glumæ paleæque inclusa, libera.—Gramina humilia, cæspitosa, foliis angustis planis. Paniculæ laxe capituliformes, inter folia sessiles v. pedunculo brevi exsertæ, glumis scarioso-petaloideis albis insignes, Helichrysi cujusdam capitula v. corollas plenas simulant.

Species editæ 2, forte ad unam reducendæ, Andium Peruviæ et Boliviæ incolæ. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 292. Benth. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1363.

237. Melica, Linn. Gen. n. 82.—Spiculæ 1-2- rarius ∞-floræ, anguste v. laxe paniculate, rhachilla continua v. tardius supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores producta, glumifera, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, membranaceæ sæpe hyalinæ, obtusæ v. acutæ, muticæ, parum inæquales, 3-5-nerves v. secunda rarius 7-nervis, florentes majores, tenues v. rigidiores 5-∞- (seepius 7-9-) nerves, nervis lateralibus sepius infra apicem evanidis, carina interdum in mucronem v. aristam excurrente : superiores 2-∞ vacuæ, gradatim minores semetque involventes, massam clavatam oblongam v. obovoideam interdum demum induratam formantes v. rarius laxiusculæ: palea lata, gluma brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblongo-fusiformis, a dorso compressiuscula, lævis, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera. — Gramina perennia, erecta, interdum elatiuscula, foliis planis v. convolutis. Panicula nunc angusta coarctata longe floribunda v. subsimplex oligostachya fere racemiformis, nunc effusa ramulis filiformibus paucispiculatis. Spiculæ sæpe majusculæ, coloratæ v. subscariosæ, demum sæpe nutantes ; in M. imperfecta, Trin. (M. poceoide et M. panicoide, Nuft.), parvæ numerosæ fere Poæ. Glumæ florentes nunc margine longe denseque nunc brevissime ciliatæ v. omnino nudæ. Lodiculæ variant connatæ v. liberæ.

Species fere 30, Europæ, Asiæ temperatæ, Africæ extratropicæ et Americæ borealis andinæ v. australis extratropicæ incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 68, t. 14, f. 4, 5. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 375; Rev. Gram. t. 89. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 6, 54. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 355. Cav. Ic. t. 472, 473. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 0 ad 12, iv. t. 23. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 60. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 72. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 177. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 70, 71. Viv. Fl. Lib. Spec. t. 25, f. 1. Dene. in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. t. 175. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. t. 693. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 126, t. 38.

In speciebus typicis Melicæ, spiculæ sæpius nutantes v. pendulæ, floribus rarius plus quam 2, glumæ florentes margine plus minus scariosæ nec unquam aristatæ, et glumæ superiores vacum in massam clavatam v. obovoideam confertæ. Sectio Bromelica, Thurb. in S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 304, species 4 continet ex America boreali-occidentali, spiculis erectis 3-8-floris, glumis floreatibus rigidioribus interdum mucronatis v. aristatis, summis vacuis angustioribus minus confertis. Sectio tam habitu quam characteribus quodammodo Diarrhene accedit, sed mediante M. stricts, Boland., arote cum Melicis typicis connectitur.

CHONDRACHTRUM, Ness in Lindl. Introd. Nat. Syst. ed. 2, 449, species Brasiliensis a nobis non visa, ex descriptione characteres omnino Melicæ ostendit, et nescimus qua ratione auctor dicit 'vera indole proprius accedere videtur Pasiosis,' a quibus floribus 2 perfectis cum gluma summa vacua claviformi longissime recedit.

238. Diarrhema (Diarina), Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 104. (Korycarpus, Zea in Act. Matr. 1806, ex Lag. Elench. Hort. Matr. Nov. Gen. et Sp. 4. Corycarpus, Zea, ex Kunth. Roemeria, Zea in Ræm. et Schult. Syst. i. 61, 287.)—Spiculæ & (3-5-)floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata fragillima, ultra flores producta glumifera, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, infima angusta, acuta, sæpius 1-nervis, secunda major, latior, carinata, 5-nervis, acuminata v. mucronata; florentes latiores, acuminatæ v. mucronatæ, dorso rotundatæ, demum coriaceæ nitidæque, 3-nerves; summæ 2-4 gradatim angustiores, vacuæ, semet involventes; palea tenuis, latiuscula, 2-carinata. Stamina 2, rarius 1. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblique ovoidea, crassa, a latere compressiuscula, paleam glumamque sæpe superans, pericarpio membranaceo apice supra semen incrassato.—Gramen erectum, elatiusculum, foliis longis planis. Panicula elongata, angusta, stricta, ramulis paucis distantibus erectis paucispiculatis v. spiculæ singulæ secus axin sparsæ. Spiculæ florentes angustæ fore lineares, glumis imbricatia, fructiferæ quasi interruptæ, caryopsibus prominentibus insignes.

Species 2, una boreali-Americana, altera Japonica. Beauv. Agrostogr. 142, t. 25, f. 2. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 425. Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 10 (Festuca). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 29.

ONGA, Fr. et Sabat. Enum. Pl. Jap. ii. 178, species a nobis non visa, ab auctoribus ipsis ibid. 603 ad Diarrhenam refertur.

239. Centetheca, Desv. in Nour. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. (1810), 189, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813), 70.—Spiculæ ∞-floræ, ample paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores tardius articulata longiuscula glabra, supra flores stipitiformis, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ membranaceo-herbaceæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, carinatæ, acutæ, 3-5-nerves, parum inæquales; florentes paullo majores, dorso rotundatæ, 5-7-nerves, acutæ v. mucronatæ, exaristatæ, superne dorso setis reversis e tuberculo oriundis echinatæ v. nudæ, summa interdum ad apicem stipitis parva vacua; palea gluma vix brevior, prominenter 2-nervis v. 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, crassiuscula, subteres, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, erecta, foliis planis lanceolatis inter venas transverse venulosis. Panicula terminalis, ramis longiusculis parum ramulosis erectis v. demum patentibus, spiculis breviter pedicellatis.

Species 2 v. 3, Africæ et Asiæ tropicæ et insularum maris Pacifici incole. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 866; Rev. Gram. t. 70, Beauv. Agrostogr. 69, t. 14, f. 7. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 298 (Uniola). Griff. Ic. Pl. Asiat. t. 152.

Icones supra citatæ speciem referunt typicam spiculis 2-4-floris, glumis nonnullis sæpissime set's reversis echinatis. Illi tamen congener videtur Poa mucronata, Beauv. Fl. Ow. et Ben. i. 5, t. 4, spiculis co-floris, glumis nudis, quæ species typica Megastachyn, Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 15, f. 5, a cæteris speciebus ei adjunctis pluribus notis discrepans.

240. Orthoclada, Beaur. Agrostogr. 69, t. 14, f. 9.—Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, laxe paniculatæ, rhachilla continua inter flores longiuscula, floribus hermaphroditis v. unisexualibus. Glumæ carinatæ, rigidule membranaceæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, acutæ, extima sæpius 3-nervis, secunda paullo major 5-nervis; florentes paullo majores, acutæ v. mucronulatæ, 5-7-nerves, v. summa minor vacua; palea gluma vix brevior, prominenter 2-nervis v. 2-carinata. Stamina 2-3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis plumosis. Caryopsis oblique oblonga, crassa, a latere compressiuscula, gluma paleaque arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramen erectum, validum, foliis planis petiolatis ample lanceolatis inter venas transverse venulosis. Panicula ampla, ramis numerosis longis tenuibus secus rhachin fasciculatis ramulosis, primum erectis confertis demum late patentibus. Spiculæ in quoque ramulo paucæ, pedicellis capillaribus.

Species 1, Americae tropicae a Brasilia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum incola. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 423; Rev. Gram. t. 71. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 35.

Genus Centotheca et Lophathera affine. Florem in spicula sæpe unicum fertilem invenimus, gluma superiore vacua v. paleam solam fovente, interdum tamen flores 2 fertiles adsunt, gluma vacua ad apicem rhachillæ minuta v. 0. Stamina 2 dicuntur sed certe interdum adsunt 3. Spiculæ in aliis speciminibus fæmineæ videntur, in aliis hermaphroditæ v. interdum masculæ.

241. Lophatherum, Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. Bot. 49, t. 8. (Acroelytrum, Steud. in Flora, 1846, 20. Alletotheca, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 117.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus paniculæ ramulos simplices sparsæ, rhachilla supra glumam infimam subarticulata ultra florem producta apice co-glumifera, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, latiusculæ, obtusæ, membranaceæ, 5-nerves, extima sæpe persistens, secunda similis nisi major; tertia florens adhuc major, 5-7-nervis, haud raro arista brevi terminata; plures ad apicem rhachillæ vacuæ v. paleam parvam foventes, gradatim minores et semet involventes, paucinerves, breviter aristatæ, cristam unilateralem parvam e spicula exsertam formantes; palea glumæ subæqualis, angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata, carinis plus minus alatis. Stamina 3. Styli basi brevissime connati, stigmatibus elongatis tenuiter plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma inclusa, libera.—Gramen elatiusculum, erectum, habitu Centothecæ, foliis planis lanceolatis inter venas transversim venulosis. Panicula longa, ramis sparsis dissitis, nunc elongatis spiculis distichis, nunc abbreviatis spiculis confertis. Spiculæ subteretes, lineares v. rarius latiusculæ crassioresque, subsessiles.

Species 1 v. 2, inter se valde affines, Indiæ orientalis, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ et Japoniæ incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 390. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 300.

242. Streptosyne, Beauv. Agrostogr. 80, t. 16, f. 8.—Spiculæ pauci- (1-4-)floræ, lineariteretes, in spica unilaterali subsessiles, rhachilla inter flores sæpius longiuscula articulata, floribus saltem inferioribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, extima parva, secunda longior, latiuscula, convoluta, ∞-nervis, acuta, mutica; florentes longiores, rigidiores, arcte convolutæ, ∞-nerves, in aristam tenuem rectam productæ, summæ 1-3 vacuæ, gradatim minores; palea gluma arcte inclusa, angusta, membranacea, breviter 2-fida, 2-carinata, genitalia involvens. Lodiculæ angustæ 2 (v. 3 ?). Stamina 2-3. Styli 2-3, basi breviter connati, stigmatibus longissime filiformibus breviter papillosis demum spiraliter tortis. Caryopsis linearis, teres, exsulca, gluma paleaque leviter induratis arcte inclusa, libera.—Gramen erectum elatiusculum, foliis longis planis in vaginam longe angustatis, venulis transversis tessellatis. Spica terminalis, longa, rigida. Spiculæ longæ, nunc dissitæ rhachi adpressæ, nunc numerosæ, confertæ, semper secundæ.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis, Africæ tropicæ, Americæ tropicæ et civitatum australium Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 427. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 171, t. 46.

Specimina Americana, Africana et Indica, inter se simillima, omnia variare videntur florum numero in spicula, stylis staminibusve 2 v. 3. Genus pluribus notis Lophathera affine, abunde differt inflorescentia, spiculis longis, stigmatibus longissimis tortis, etc.

243. Zougites, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 810. (Senites, Adans. Fam. ii. 39, char. manco. Despretzia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 485, t. 157. Krombholzia, Fourn. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg. xv. 463.)—Spiculæ & floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla continua v. vix sub floræ fertilia articulata supra floræm fertilem sæpe elongata, floræ inferioræ fæmineo superioribus masculis. Glumæ tenuiter membranaceæ, multinerves, 2 inferioræs vacuæ, latissimæ, parum inæquales, apicæ rotundatæ v. truncatæ, sæpe subdentatæ, muticæ, inter nervos sæpius transversim venulosæ; tertia floræm 2 fovens vacuis similis nisi paullo major, interdum mucronulata; superioræs 2–5 floræs 3 foventæs angustioræs sæpequæ mucronulatæ, venulis transversis raris; palea angusta, hyalina, 2-carinata. Stamina in floræ 3 3. Styli in floræ 2 distincti, stigmatibus longiusculis laxæ plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina nunc debilia basi decumbentia ramosa, nunc elatiora valida, foliis planis petiolatis v. sessilibus ovatis v. ovato-lanceolatis, inter venas transverse

venulosis. Panicula terminalis, nunc laxa effusa spiculis paucis nutantibus, nunc dense fioribunda.

Species 5 v. 6, America tropics a Columbia usque ad Indiam occidentalem et Mexicum disperse. Beauv. Agrostogr. 110, t. 12, f. 9. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 121. P. Br. Hist. Jam. t. 4, f. 3 (Apluda).

244. Pieurepegon, R. Br. in App. Parr. Voy. Suppl. 289, t. D. (Lophochlæna, Necs in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. 283.)—Spiculæ co- (8-14-)floræ, secus rhachin simplicem racemosæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, membranaceæ, subhyalinæ, 1-nerves v. secunda sub-3-nervis, muticæ, inæquales; florentes longiores, membranaceæ v. rigidulæ, 7-nerves, apice breviter hyalinæ, integræ v. emarginato-bifidæ, nervo medio in mucronem v. aristam excurrente, lateralibus gluma brevioribus; palea gluma vix brevior, hyalina, 2-carinata, carinis elevatis cristatis v. appendice lineari instructis ciliatisque. Stamina 3. Styli breves, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, crassiuscula, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina erecta, mollia, foliis planis. Racemus simplex, breviter pedunculatus, laxus, interdum elongatus. Spiculæ majusculæ, dissitæ, breviter pedicellatæ, erectiusculæ v. pendulæ.

Species 3, quarum una Arctica, 2 Californica. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 368. Thurb. in S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. 306 (Lophochlana). Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. t. 95 (Lophochlana).

245. Erylkinia, F. Schmidt, Reise Amurl. Bot. 199, t. 8.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus pedunculum simplicem racemosæ, secundæ, rhachilla sub flore demum articulata glabra, ultra florem in stipitem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 4 inferiores vacuæ, extima angusta, 1-3-nervis, acutissima, sequentes gradatim majores, 5-nerves, mucronato-acuminatæ v. aristatæ; quinta sola florens, cæteris longior longiusque aristata, 5-7-nervis; palea angusta, 2-carinata, gluma inclusa. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis longe oblonga, crassiuscula, exsulca.—Gramen perenne, flaccidum, longe ascendens, foliis planis. Racemus simplex, ei Pleuropogonis subsimilis, spiculis majusculis breviter pedicellatis pendulis.

Species 1, Japoniæ et ins. Sachalin incola.

246. Taiola, Linn. Gen. n. 85. (Trisiola, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 104. Chasmanthium, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 159.)—Spiculæ &- (3-20-)floræ, planæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores demum articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ complicato-carinatæ, rigidæ, multinerves, acutæ v. rarius obtusiusculæ, muticæ, carina interdum anguste alata, 3-6 inferiores vacuæ, gradatim auctæ; florentes vacuis similes nisi paullo majores, summa sæpius iterum minor florem & fovens v. vacua; palea rigidula, 2-carinata, carinis anguste alatis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, crassiuscula, a latere compressa, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina erecta, sæpe elata, foliis planis v. convolutis. Panicula nunc elongata, stricta, subsimplex, spiculis secus axin fasciculatis v. sparsis, nunc ampla, laxa v. densa. Spiculæ in ordine insigniter latæ planæque interdum magnæ; glumæ rigidæ, herbacese v. coriaceæ, nervis interdum tenuissimis 1-2 utrinque evidentioribus semper tamen revera numerosis, in U. paniculata glumæ 6 inferiores, in cæteris speciebus 4 v. interdum vacuæ.

Species nobis note genuine boreali-Americane 4, quarum una etiam in America centrali et australi andina v. extratropica invenitur. Beasv. Agrostogr. 74, t. 15, f. 6. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 424; Rev. Gram. t. 72. Lina. Aman. Acad. vii. t. 3, f. 40 (spicula U. paniculate). Benth in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 122. His dubie additur U. racemiflora, Trin. (U. virgata, Griseb. Fl. Brit. W. Ind. 531), ex India occidentali, inflorescentia fere Leptochloe; spice numerose brevos omnino Chloridearum secus pedunculum longum densissime conferta secunda, sed spiculæ, etsi minimæ, omnino Unicles.

Species 3, Mexicana, a Fourniero edita, nobis ignota, ex charactere dato a genere different glumis vacuis 2 tantum et caryopsi lineari-clongata.

247. Desticatis. Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 104. (Brizopyrum, Presl, Rel. Hank. 280, non Link.)—Spiculæ &-floræ, stricte v. abortu dioicæ, in panicula contracta spiciformi v. oblonga subsessiles, rhachilla in & continua in & inter flores articulata. Glumæ 2 inforiores vacuæ, angustæ, carinatæ, acutæ, florentibus breviores; florentes latiores, carinatæ, multinerves, acutæ, exaristatæ, rigidule membranacææ v. subcoriacææ; palea complicato-2-carinata, carinis interdum angustæ alatis. Stamina in fl. 3 3, ovarii rudimento raro; staminodia in fl. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ rara, parva. Styli in fl. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ima basi incrassati contigui at distincti (ovarium apice 2-fidum apud auct. nonnull.) longiusculi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovoidea v. elliptica, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera, pericarpio (an sempor?) superne incrassato subspongioso.—Gramina rigida, repentia v. basi decumbentia, caulibus adscendentibus vaginis foliorum obtectis, foliis rigidis planis v. convolutis superne sæpe subulatis interdum pungentibus. Spicæ densæ paucispiculatæ, breviter v. longiuscule pedunculatæ, utriusque sexus parum dissimiles, spiculæ tamen in planta \$\frac{3}{2}\$ plures quam in \$\frac{3}{2}\$, rigidulæ, compressæ, faciebus præsertim in \$\frac{3}{2}\$ medio longitudinaliter sulcatis, floribus 8-16, glumis paleaceis arcte imbricatis.

Species v. varietates insigniores 4 v. 5, Americæ borealis et Australis andinæ v. extratropicæ incolæ, præsertim maritimæ, quarum una etiam in maritimis Australiæ obvia. E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. vi. 395. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 637. E. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 120 (Brizopyrum). Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 24 (Uniola). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 81, 82, 144, 181, 182 (Poa). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 299, 300 (Uniola). Torr. Bot. Marc. Exped. t. 20 (Uniola).

248. Eluropus, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 143. (Calotheca, Spreng. Syst. i. 347, pro maxima parte non Desc. Chamædactylis, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 66.)—Spiculæ &-floræ, secus rhachin spicæ v. paniculæ spiciformis brevis v. interruptæ subsessiles, dense confertæ, rhachilla sub floribus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, membranacæ, 1–3-nerves, parum inæquales; florentes paullo longiores, latiores, 7–9-nerves, apice latiusculæ, interdum denticulatæ, mucronatæ; palea gluma sublongior, hyalina, lata, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata, a dorso compressiuscula, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina perennia, repentia v. prostrata, rigida, ramosissima, caulibus foliatis abbreviatis v. elongato-ascendentibus, foliis brevibus patentibus rigidis interdum pungentibus. Spicæ breves, densæ, nunc solitariæ, nunc sæpius capitatoglomeratæ v. secus rhachin sessiles sparsæ v. fasciculatæ, spicam compositam seu paniculam spiciformem continuam v. interruptam formantes.

Species bene distinctie 3, ab auctoribus varie multiplicatæ, regionis Mediterraneæ, Asiæ mediæ et Indiæ orientalis incolæ, sæpius maritimæ. Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 460. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 28 (Dactylis). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 59, f. 1520 (Dactylis). Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 15 (Dactylis). Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 80, 81 (Festuca).

249. Dactylis, Linn. Gen. n. 86.—Spiculæ paucifloræ, in fasciculis densis compositis secundis brevissime pedicellatæ, rhachilla inter flores continua v. vix demum articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, rigidulæ, hyalinæ, carinatæ, mucronatæ, inæquales, secunda majore interdum 3-nervi; florentes vacuis majores, rigidiores, 5-nerves, carina ciliolata in mucronem v. aristam brevem producta; palea gluma vix brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis a dorso compressa, antice cava v. late sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen perenne, interdum elatum, foliis planis. Spicularum fasciculi capituliformes, secundi, nunc ad apicem pedunculi confertissimi, nunc secus rhachin subsessiles, spicam interruptam formantes v. ad apices ramorum paniculæ conferti.

Species 1, per Europum, Asiam temperatum et Africam borealem late dispersa et in aliis regionibus inquilina. Beauv. Agrostogr. 85, t. 17, f. 5. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 385. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. 1. 94. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 59 (excl. f. 1520). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 65. Parlut. in Webb, Phytogr. Canar. t. 249.

n soo, Faytogr. Canar. t. 220.

D. osspitosa, Hook. f., ex insulis Falklandicis infra sub Psa citatur.

250. Lasicchica, Kunth, Rev. Gram. ii. 555, t. 192 ad 194.—Spiculæ 2-3-floræ, in panicula densa spiciformi cylindracea v. interrupte subramosa fasciculatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores et inter flores demum articulata, glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo masculo. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ spiculam subæquantes, 5-7-nerves, acutæ v. breviter mucronatæ, sæpissime e tuberculis hispidæ; florentes breviores, tenuiores, interdum scarioso-subhyalinæ, 7-9-nerves, muticæ; palea 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, stigmatibus pilis brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina cæspitosa, annua (v. perennia?), foliis angustis planis v. sæpius convoluto-teretibus setaceisve. Spiculæ parvæ, pilis rigidis glumarum inferiorum conspicuarum hispidæ, paniculis sæpius fuscescentibus irregulariter ovatis v. subramosis, interdum dense cylindraceis.

Species 3 v. 4, Africæ australis incolæ. Necs, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 430.

Genus Kæleriæ (Lophochloæ) quodammodo accedit quacum mediante K. Gerrardi, Munro, connectitur sed inflorescentia et glumæ co-nerves potius cum Dactyli comparandæ. Spiculæ etiam sæpe æqualiter 2-floræ Aireas referunt.

251. Demareta, Dumort. Comment. Bot. 26. (Brizopyrum, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 159.)
—Spiculæ co-floræ, compressæ, distiche spicatæ v. inferiores subfasciculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ coriacææ, carinatæ, obtusæ v. mucronato-acutæ, muticæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, 3-5-nerves, florentibus minores; florentes imbricatæ, 7-nerves; palea rigidula, gluma vix brevior v. sublongior, juxta margines 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, a dorso compressiuscula, antice concava, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis angustis sæpius convolutis. Spiculæ nunc majusculæ, secus pedunculum dissitæ, regulariter distichæ, nunc minores secus rhachin confertæ, bifariam imbricatæ, spica unica terminali v. rarius 2-3 in axillis superioribus additæ. Glumæ florentes basi dorso v. ad margines pubescentes v. ciliato-pilosæ.

Species nobis notæ 4, quarum 1 regionis Mediterraneæ cæteræ Africæ australis incolæ. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 303 (Poa). Necs, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 369 (Brizopyrum, excl. B. cyperoide).

Character Linkianus imprimis ad D. siculam, regionis Mediterraneæ eductus fuit. Brizopyrum americanum, Link, spiculis dioicis, est typus generis Distichlis, Rufin. (Brizopyri, Presl).

252. Selerochioa, Beaux. Agrostogr. 97, pro parte, t. 19, f. 4.—Spiculæ co- (3-6-) floree compressæ, in panicula secunda confertæ, rhachilla sub floribus articulata incrassataque, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, extima brevis acutiuscula, secunda major, latior, obtusissima, 3-5-nervis; florentes longiores, complicato-carinatæ, rigide sub-5-nerves, apice membranaceæ, truncatæ v. emarginatæ, costa rarius in mucronulam excurrente, nervis lateralibus minoribus; palea gluma payllo brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ol longa, subteres v. a latere compressiuscula, exsulca, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, humile, foliis planis. Panicula brevis, unilateralis, spiculis breviter pedicellatis, superioribus solitariis, inferioribus in ramulis brevissimis 2-3-nis.

Species 1, Europse australis et Asiæ occidentalis et mediæ incolæ. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 73 (Poa). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 58, f. 1516.

Genus a Festuca (Scleropoa) glumis florentibus a basi carinatis facile distinctum, ad S. duram, Beauv., limitatur; S. philistea, Boiss., potius ad Cutandiam referenda est.

253. Eriza, Linn. Gen. n. 84.—Spiculæ co-floræ, paniculate, rhachilla inter floræs articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ scarioso-membranaceæ, valde concavæ v. vesiculosæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, 3-5-nerves, parum inæquales; florentes imbricatæ, appressæ v. patentes, vacuis latiores, obtusæ acutæ v. breviter aristatæ, 5-co-nerves, nervo medio interdum evanescente, summa sæpe multo angustior vacua v. floris rudimentum fovens; palea lata et sæpe gluma multo minor, hyalina, plana, prope margines 2-carinata v. 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stig-

matibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovata, a dorso compressa, gluma paleaque inclusa, paleæ marginibus inflexis amplexa sed libera, v. rarius siccitate leviter adhærens.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis planis v. anguste convolutis interdum setaceis. Panicula nunc effusa ramulis capillaceis, nunc angusta stricta fere spiciformis.

Species ad 10, Europæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæ temperatæ et Americæ australis incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 67, t. 14, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 371. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 129.

Sectiones sequentes ab auctoribus nonnullis pro generibus propriis habentur:-

- 1. Eubriza. Spiculæ latæ, in panicula laxa a ramulis pedicellisque capillaribus nutantes v. pendulæ. Glumæ florentes obtusæ v. obtusiusculæ, muticæ, nervis lateralibus a medio distantibus distinctis v. in unum latum obscurum confluentibus marginibus scariosis enervibus. Species Europææ, quarum una in aliis regionibus inquilina nunc late dispersa. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 290 ad 292. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 23 ad 30. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 59. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 92. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 74 ad 77. Bot. Mag. t. 357.
- B. spicata, Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 77, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 293, species orientalis ab Eubriza parum differt spiculis ovatis in panicula angusta brevissime pedicellatis erectis.
- 2. Chascolytrum. Panicula densiuscula, glumarum florentium nervi 5-7 prominuli, ad apicem glumæ conniventes, et interdum in mucronem brevem producti, marginibus glumæ anguste scariosis; paleæ carinæ sæpe ciliatæ. Species 2 v. 3, austro-Americanæ, ab auctoribus varie multiplicatæ, quarum una a Chile et Bonaria usque ad Mexicum extensa. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 17, f. 6 (Calotheca). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 294. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 39. Chascolytrum, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. (1810) 190, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 72. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 86, 87.
- 3. Calotheca. Panicula laxa, patens. Glumarum florentium nervi 5-7 prominentes, ad apicem glumæ conniventes, plus minus in aristam producti, marginibus scariosis latissimis apice intra aristam subdorsalem plus minus productis. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 289. Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 40. Calotheca, Desv. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. (1810) 190, et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813) 71. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 88. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 17, f. 7.
- B. geniculata, Thunb., ex Africa australi, a Munroio ob glumas florentes distincte 3-nerves ad Eragrostim (Platystachyam) refertur.
- 254. Schismus, Beauv. Agrostogr. 73, t. 15, f. 4. (Electra, Panz in Denkschr. K. Acad. Wiss. Münch. 1813, 299. Hemisacris, Steud. in Flora, 1829, 490.)—Spiculæ ∞-floræ, anguste paniculatæ, 1 hachilla inter flores articulata fragillima, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranacæ, acutæ, 3-5-nerves, parum inæquales, spiculam æquantes v. vix breviores; florentes multo breviores, imbricatæ, latæ, hyalinæ, tenuissime 5-9-nerves, apice 2-fidæ, muticæ v. inter lobos minute mucronatæ; palea paullo brevior, hyalina, superne dilatata, carinis 2 basi subcontiguis superne late divergentibus. Stamina 3, antheris brevibus. Styli distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis obovoidea, gluma paleaque laxe inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua, cæspitosa, sæpius humilia, foliis angustis interdum setaceis. Panicula angusta, denka v. laxiuscula, ramulis erectis. Spiculæ ob glumarum margines subscariosos sæpe nitidulæ.
- Species 3 v. 4, quarum una per regionem Mediterraneam ab ins. Canariensibus usque ad Affghanistan et Arabiam latissime dispersa, 2 v. 3 Africæ australi propriæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 384. Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 137. Nees, Fl. Afr. Austr. Gram. 420. Cav. Ic. t. 44 (Festuca).
- 255. Mephelochloa, Boiss. Diagn. v. 72, non Griseb.—Spiculæ co-floræ, parvæ, paniculatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, membranaceo-hyalinæ, vix venosæ, obtusæ, muticæ, inæquales; florentes longiores, vix carinatæ, basi 5- rarius 7-nerves, apice scariosæ 2-fidæ, arista inter lobos tenui recta lobis longiore; palea hyalina, 2-dentata, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, stigmatibus brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis (vix matura) ovoidea, exsulca, glabra, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, erectum, gracile, sæpius simplex, foliis paucis brevibus setaceo-convolutis. Panicula elegantissima, oblongothyrsoidea, ramulis more Airæ involucratæ, Cav., verticillatis pedicellisque capillaribus, spiculis parvis nitidulis.

- a priore habitu dissimilis, panicula effusa, spiculis numerosis brevibus; G. nervata, Trin., et G. pallida, Trin., species boreali-Americanæ, G. aquaticæ affines, quibus lodiculæ sæpe vix conspicuæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 96, t. 19, f. 7. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 60 (Poa), et t. 77 (Festuca). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 85. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 80, f. 1614, 1615. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 57, f. 1-19. Hydrochloa, Hartm. Gram. Skand. 8, ex Endl. Porrotranthe, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 287. Exydra, Endl. Fl. Poson. 119.
- 2. Atropis. Lodiculæ tenues, distinctæ. Caryopsis crassa v. a dorso compressa, facie cava v. late, interdum obscure sulcata, siccitate rarius paleæ subadhærens. Species utriusque orbis boreales v. australes, extratropicæ, habitu vario. Panicula sæpius augusta, interdum fere spiciformis, rarius effusa, spiculis augustis multifloris v. minoribus paucifloris. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Cierm. t. 79, 80, f. 1613. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 17 (Poa). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 162. Atropis, Rupr. Fl. Samoied. 61 (Poæ sect.). Grisch in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 388 (gen. propr.). Puccinellia, Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 366. Huc etiam pertinet (ex ic. et descr.) Catabrosa tenuifolia, Presl; C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 81.
- G. ramigera, F. Muell., et G. australusica, Steud., species Australianæ, insignes sunt caulibus elatis more fere Bambusearum fasciculato-ramosis.
- 260. Pestuca, Linn. Gen. n. 88.—Spiculæ co-floræ, varie paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo rarius pluribus masculis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum v. valde inæquales, acutæ, carinatæ, extima 1-nervis, secunda sæpius 3-nervis; florentes angustæ, membranaceæ v. paleaceæ, acutæ v. in aristam productæ rarius obtusæ, dorso rotundatæ, nervis sæpius 5 tenuibus interdum vix conspicuis, costa parum prominula v. superne tantum cariniformi; superiores rarius vacuæ; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 1-3. Ovarium glabrum v. apice pilosulum; styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. linearis, glabra, antice sæpius late sulcata, palea arcte amplexa eique siccitate sæpius plus minus adhærens, aqua macerata tamen facillime solvenda, rarius omnino libera, v. more Bromi arcte adnata.—Gramina sæpissime perennia, cæspitosa, humilia v. elata, foliis planis v. convolutis interdum setaceis. Panicula nunc angusta stricta v. secunda spiculis erectis, non vero spiciformis, sæpe laxa, interdum ampla effusa spiculis longe pedicellatis pendulis. Glumæ spicularum juniorum interdum imbricato-appressæ, demum sæpius distiche patentes.

Species bene distinctæ vix 80, apud auctores nonnullos ultra 230 per orbem terrarum latissime dispersæ, in regionibus temperatis tamen quam inter tropicos copiosiores. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 391. Stead. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 301. Beauv. Agrostogr. 99, t. 19, f. 9, 10. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 111. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 123. Hackel, Monographia Festucarum Europearum, 8vo, cum tabh. 4, Kassel, 1882.

Genus a variis botanicis ad limites valde diversos circumscriptum, a Poa potius glumarum venatione quam caryopsi paleæ aduata distinctum, nam caryopsis certe libera in F. pratensi affinibusque et in Pois haud paucis paleæ plus minus adhæret. In sectiones a Coss. et Dur. bene dividitur, a quibus tamen F. lanceolatam, F. uncrassatam affinesque genus Cutandiam, Willk., formafites excludimus ob glumas a basi carinatas prominenter 3-nervibus; sectiones sequentes admittendæ videntur:—

- 1. Vulpia. Panicula sucunda, sepius angusta densa. Spiculæ perfectæ sepius superne latiores. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ sepius valde inæquales, infima parva 1-nervis interdum minuta v. vix conspicua, secunda 3-nervis, florentes 5-nerves aristatæ. Stamen interdum unicum. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 31 (Bromus). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 93; iv. t. 64, 65. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen et Sp. t. 691. Vulpia, Gmel. Fl. Bad. i. 8. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 60. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocut. i. n. 71. Hackel in Flora, 1880, 467. Mygalurus, Link, Enum. Hort. Berol. i. 92.
- F. inops, Delile, species humilis, ægyptiaca, insignis est flore infimo solo cujusve spiculæ fertili, glumis cæteris vacuis v. paleam solam foventibus; a Hackelio in Flora, 1880, 467, 475, pro subsectione (Spirachne) Vulpiæ distinguitur.
- F. ulocheta, Deell in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 115, t. 33 (Vulpia ulocheta, Noes), et F. leptothrix, Trin. ex Deellio a Vulpiis eseteris different panicula laza.

LORETIA, Duv. Jouv. in Rev. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 38, est genus propositum ad F. setaceam, Guss., F. ligusticam, Bertol., aliasque paucas quas a Vulpia distinguit auctor imprimis antheris magnis post anthesin expulsis nec ut in Vulpiis veris post anthesin retentis, character valde incertus nec, ut

jam monet Hackel, in eadem specie constans. Hackel Loretiam pro subsectione Vulpis admittit. Uterque auctor in Loretiis includit F. inorassatam, Salzm., speciem habitu alieno quam ad Cutandiam referrimus. Spiculæ a basi latæ nec more Vulpiæ superne latiores; et venatio glumarum omnino Cutandiæ.

2. Eufestuca. Panicula stricta v. laxa, seepe subsecunda. Glume inferiores vacuse parum insequales, florentes acutæ mucronatæ v. rarius aristatæ. Stamina 3. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 26 (Triticum), ii. t. 78, 80 ad 91; iii. t. 18 ad 20; iv. t. 60 ad 63. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 61 ad 69. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 72. Brot. Phyl. Lusit. t. 100 (Bromus), 101. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 179. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 6. Deef. Fl. Atl. t. 20, 24. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 230, 232, 233. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 55. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 379, t. 138 (Triodia v. Poa); Bot. Kerg. Isl. is Phil. Trans. claviii, t. 22.

Ovarium in plerisque specielus glaberrimum in nonnullis tamen a Grisebachio pro sectione distinctis sub nomine Phæochloæ ovarium apice pilosulum, character in F. sylvatica, F. varia affinibusque valde variabilis. F. amplifora, Dæll in Mart. Fl. Brss. ii. iii. t. 34, e Brasilia (quæ eadem videtur ac F. amplissima, Rupr. e Mexico) ab auctore pro sectione sub nomine Mallopetali distinguitur ob lodiculas apice villosas, sed lodiculas apice pariter pilis longis fimbriatas invenimus in F. fimbriata, Necs, quam Dæll in Festucis legitimis lodiculis glabris collocat.

HELLERIA, Fourn. Gram. Mex. 128, est Bromus lividus, H. B. et K. Nov. Gen. et Sp. vii. t. 689, rite a Sprengelio et a Kunthio ipso Enum. i. 399, ad Festucam translata. Caryopsis in speciminibus nostris anguste oblonga, a dorso compressiuscula, antice lata leviterque sulcata palese subadhærens et apice glabra omnino Festucæ, etsi habitu varietatibus nonnullis Bromi tectorum potius quam Festucis typicis accedat. Spiculæ demum sæpe insigniter divaricato-subnutantes.

3. Schedonorus. Gramina sæpius elata, panicula stricta v. laxa. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ parum inæquales, florentes more generis basi rotundatæ, 5-nerves, superne tamen distincte carinatæ, muticæ v. breviter mucronatæ. Stamina 3. Caryopsis sæpius (nec semper) a palea libera, obtusissima. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. 34, t. 2. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 79. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 70, f. 1565 ad 1568. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 351 (Arundo). Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 27. Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 165. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 54. Festucæ Bovinæ, Fries. Schedonorus, Beauv. Agrostogr. 99, t. 19, f. 2. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 73, non Fries. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 654. Sectio mediante F. silvatica, Vill., cum Eufestuca arcte connectitur.

AMPHIGENES, Ianka in Linnaa, xxx. 619, est Festuca (Schedonorus) nutans, Wahlenb. (non Spreng.) quam Kunth a F. nutante, Host, distinguit. Wahlenberg tamen synonymon Hostii citat.

Accuratissimus Hackel, in Monographia fusiore Festucarum Europearum supra citata, genus limitat ad sectiones nostras Eufestucam et Schedonorum, et a Poa aliisque distinguit imprimis macula hili fere totam v. saltem dimidium caryopsidis æquante nec punctiformi. Character in variis generibus in speciebus constans, nobis tamen pro generibus separandis rarius sufficere videtur. Festuca rhætica, Sut. (Poa variegata, Lam., ex herb. J. Gay. Poa violacea, Bell.) a Hackelio ob maculam hili parvam ad Poam relata, species inter hæc genera quasi medium tenens, nobis tamen quoad habitum spiculas glumasque melius sub Festuca militare videtur.

Hackel Festucas Europæas suas in sectiones 6 satis naturales distribuit quæ tamen cum speciebus exoticis ulterius comparandæ.

4. Catapodium. Spiculæ subsessiles v. superiores sessiles, secus rhachin simplicem alternæ solitariæ v. inferiores in ramulo brevissimo 2-3-næ, rhachi spicæ tamen non excavata. Glumæ florentes muticæ v. brevissimæ aristatæ, inferiores vacuæ nunc breves nunc spiculam subæquantes. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 27 (Triticum). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 35 (Triticum). Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 178, f. b (Nardurus). Catapodium, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 44. Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. Bot. t. 41 bis (v. 42). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 69. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 15. Micropyrum, Link in Linnæa, xvii. 397.

NARDURUS, Reichb. ex Godr. Fl. Lorr. ed. 2, ii. 458 (Festucaria, Link in Linnea, xvii. 398) est F. unilateralis, Schrad., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Gorm. t. 15 (Brachypodium), a sect. Catapodio parum distincta glumis florentibus mucronato-acutis v. breviter aristatis.

CASTRILIA, Tin. Pl. Rar. Sic. 17, est F. (Catapodium) tuberculata, Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 189, a Catapodiis typicis (F. Poa et F. loliacea) parum diversa statura majore, inflorescentia sepius breviter ramosa et glumis florentibus extus minute tuberculosis.

Nardurus montanus, Boiss. et Reut. Pug. Pl. Nov. 129, vix a F. (Vulpia) delicatula, Lag., differre videtur. F. cynosuroidem, Desf., potius ad Vulpiam quam ad Catapodium referrimus. F. Lolium, Balansa in Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 187, spica tenui tereti rhachi ad nodos leviter excavata fere medium tenet inter Festucam (Catapodium) et Lolium; glumse vacuse 2 laterales omnino VOL. III.

- a priore habitu dissimilis, panicula effusa, spiculis numerosis brevibus; G. nervata, Trin., et G. pallida, Trin., species boreali-Americanæ, G. aquaticæ affines, quibus lodiculæ ssepe vix conspicuæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 96, t. 19, f. 7. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 60 (Poa), et t. 77 (Festuca). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 85. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 80, f. 1614, 1615. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 57, f. 1-19. Hyddochloa, Hartm. Gram. Skand. 8, ex Endl. Porroteranthe, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 287. Exydra, Endl. Fl. Poson. 119.
- 2. Atropis. Lodiculæ tenues, distinctæ. Caryopsis crassa v. a dorso compressa, facie cava v. late, interdum obscure sulcata, siccitate rarius paleæ subadhærens. Species utriusque orbis boreales v. australes, extratropicæ, habitu vario. Panicula sæpius angusta, interdum fere spiciformis, rarius effusa, spiculis angustis multifloris v. minoribus paucifloris. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 79, 80, f. 1613. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 17 (Poa). Hook. f. Fl. Tasm. t. 162. Atropis, Rupr. Fl. Samoied. 61 (Poæ sect.). Griseb. in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 388 (gen. propr.). Puccinellia, Parlat. Fl. Ital. i. 366. Huc etiam pertinet (ex ic. et descr.) Catabrosa tenuifolia, Presl; C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 81.
- G. ramigera, F. Muell., et G. australasica, Steud., species Australianæ, insignes sunt caulibus elatis more fere Bambusearum fasciculato-ramosis.
- 260. Pestuca, Linn. Gen. n. 88.—Spiculæ  $\infty$ -floræ, varie paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo rarius pluribus masculis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, sub articulatione persistentes, parum v. valde inæquales, acutæ, carinatæ, extima 1-nervis, secunda sæpius 3-nervis; florentes angustæ, membranaceæ v. paleaceæ, acutæ v. in aristam productæ rarius obtusæ, dorso rotundatæ, nervis sæpius 5 tenuibus interdum vix conspicuis, costa parum prominula v. superne tantum cariniformi; superiores rarius vacuæ; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 1-3. Ovarium glabrum v. apice pilosulum; styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. linearis, glabra, antice sæpius late sulcata, palea arcte amplexa eique siccitate sæpius plus minus adhærens, aqua macerata tamen facillime solvenda, rarius omnino libera, v. more Bromi arcte adnata.—Gramina sæpissime perennia, cæspitosa, humilia v. elata, foliis planis v. convolutis interdum setaceis. Panicula nunc angusta stricta v. secunda spiculis erectis, non vero spiciformis, sæpe laxa, interdum ampla effusa spiculis longe pedicellatis pendulis. Glumæ spicularum juniorum interdum imbricato-appressæ, demum sæpius distiche patentes.

Species bene distincte vix 80, apud auctores nonnullos ultra 230 per orbem terrarum latissime disperse, in regionibus temperatis tamen quam inter tropicos copiosiores. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 391. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 301. Benuv. Agrostogr. 99, t. 19, f. 9, 10. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 111. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 123. Huckel, Monographia Festucarum Europearum, 8vo, cum tabb. 4, Kassel, 1882.

Genus a variis botanicis ad limites valde diversos circumscriptum, a Poa potius glumarum venatione quam caryopsi paleæ aduata distinctum, nam caryopsis certe libera in F. pratensi affinibusque et in Pois haud paucis paleæ plus minus adhæret. In sectiones a Coss. et Dur. bene dividitur, a quibus tamen F. lanceolatam, F. incrassatam affinesque genus Cutandiam, Willk., formafites ex ladimus ob glumas a basi carinatas prominenter 3-nervibus; sectiones sequentes admittendæ videntur:—

- 1. Vulpia. l'anicula sucunda, sæpius angusta densa. Spiculæ perfectæ sæpius superne latiores. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ sæpius valde inæquales, infima parva 1-nervis interdum minuta v. vix conspicus, secunda 3-nervis, florentes 5-nerves aristatæ. Stamen interdum unicum. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 31 (Bromus). Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 93; iv. t. 64, 65. H. B. et K. Nov. Gen et Sp. t. 691. Vulfia, Gmel. Fl. Bad. i. 8. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 60. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 71. Hackel in Flora, 1880, 467. Mygalurus, Link, Enum. Hort. Berol. i. 92.
- F. inops, Delile, species humilis, ægyptiaca, insignis est flore infimo solo cujusve spiculæ fertili, glumis cæteris vacuis v. paleam solam foventibus; a Hackelio in Flora, 1880, 467, 475, pro subsectione (Spirachse) Vulpiæ distinguitur.
- F. ulocheta, Deel in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 115, t. 33 (Vulpia ulocheta, Noes), et F. leptothrix, Trip. ex Deelio a Vulpiis certeris different panicula laza.
- LORETIA, Dav. Joue. in Rev. Sc. Nat. ser. 2, ii. 38, est genus propositum ad F. setaceam, Guss., F. Mgusticam, Bertol., aliasque paucas quas a Vulpia distinguit auctor imprimis antheris magnis post anthesin expulsis nec ut in Vulpiis veris post anthesin retentis, character valde incertus nec, ut

jam monet Hackel, in eadem specie constans. Hackel Loretiam pro subsectione Vulpies admittit. Uterque auctor in Loretiis includit F. inorassatam, Salzm., speciem habitu alieno quam ad Cutandiam referrimus. Spiculæ a basi latæ nec more Vulpiæ superne latiores; et venatio glumarum omnino Cutandiæ.

2. Eufestuca. Panicula stricta v. laxa, smpe subsecunda. Glumme inferiores vacume parum inmequales, florentes acutme mucronatme v. rarius aristatme. Stamina 3. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 26 (Triticum), ii. t. 78, 80 ad 91; iii. t. 18 ad 20; iv. t. 60 ad 63. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 61 ad 69. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 72. Brot. Phyt. Lusit. t. 100 (Bromus), 101. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 179. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 6. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 20, 24. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 230, 232, 233. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 55. Hook. f. Fl. Ant. ii. 379, t. 138 (Triodia v. Poa); Bot. Kerg. Isl. in Phil. Trans. claviii. t. 22.

Ovarium in plerisque speciebus glaberrimum in nonnullis tamen a Grisebachio pro sectione distinctis sub nomine Phaochlos ovarium apico pilosulum, character in F. sylvatica, F. varia affinibusque valde variabilis. F. amplifora, Dœll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 34, e Brasilia (quæ eadem videtur ac F. amplissima, Rupr. e Mexico) ab auctore pro sectione sub nomine Mallopetali distinguitur ob lodiculas apice villosas, sed lodiculas apice pariter pilis longis fimbriatas invenimus in F. fimbriata, Nees, quam Dœll in Festucis legitimis lodiculis glabris collocat.

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4. Catapodium. Spiculæ subsessiles v. superiores sessiles, secus rhachin simplicem alternæ solitariæ v. inferiores in ramulo brevissimo 2-3-næ, rhachi spicæ tamen non excavata. Glumæ florentes muticæ v. brevissimæ aristatæ, inferiores vacuæ nunc breves nunc spiculam subæquantes. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 27 (Triticum). Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 35 (Triticum). Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 178, f. b (Nardurus). Catapodium, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 44. Coss. et Dur. Expl. Alg. Bot. t. 41 bis (v. 42). Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 69. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 15. Micropyrum, Link in Linnaa, xvii. 397.

NARDURUS, Reichb. ex Godr. Fl. Lorr. ed. 2, ii. 458 (FESTUCARIA, Link in Linnea, xvii. 398) est F. unilateralis, Schrad., Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 15 (Brachypodium), a sect. Catapodio parum distincta glumis florentibus mucronato-acutis v. breviter aristatis.

CASTRLLIA, Tin. Pl. Rar. Sic. 17, est F. (Catapodium) tuberculata, Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 189, a Catapodiis typicis (F. Poa et F. loliacea) parum diversa statura majore, inflorescentia sepius breviter ramosa et glumis florentibus extus minute tuberculosis.

Nardurus montanus, Boiss. et Reut. Pug. Pl. Nov. 129, vix a F. (Vulpia) delicatula, Lag., differre videtur. F. cynosuroidem, Desf., potius ad Vulpiam quam ad Catapodium referrimus. F. Lolium, Balansa in Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 187, spica tenui tereti rhachi ad nodos leviter excavata fere medium tenet inter Festucam (Catapodium) et Lolium; glume vacuse 2 laterales omnino VOL. III.

- Catapodisi. F. anioloides, Kunth, a Coss. et Duz. inter Catapodis enumerata, est Demazeria sicula, Dumort., a nobis pro genere proprio accepta. Catapodium filiforme, Nees, ex India orientali, est cadem ac Tripogon bromoides, Nees, characteres veros Tripogonis prebons.
- 5. Scieropoa. Gramina annua sæpe humilia, panicula secunda, ramulis brevibus rigidulis paucispiculatis. Glume florentes superne subcarinatæ muticæ. Macula hili (sx Haok.) punctiformis. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 74 (Poa). Sclerochloa, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 58, f. 1517, 1518. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 67, non Beauv. Scleropoa, Griseb. Spicil. Fl. Rum. ii. 431.
- 261. ? Pantathera, Philippi in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 649.—Spiculæ &-floræ, paniculatæ, planæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, lineares, complicato-carinatæ, 3-nerves, in aristam longam productæ; florentes latiores, complicato-carinatæ, rigidulæ, sub-5-nerves, nervis tamen lateralibus sæpe tenuissimis v. vix conspicuis, apice integerrimæ, in aristam demum divaricato-patentem desinentes; palea gluma vix brevior, 2-carinata, carinis ciliatis. Stamina 3, antheris longis. Ovarium (an semper?) glabrum. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen (perenne?), laxe adscendens, elatiusculum, ramosum, foliis planis. Panicula laxiuscula, subsecunda, spiculis majusculis.

Species 1, ins. Juan Fernandez incola.

Genus Bromo (Ceratochlow) affine, sed glumarum forma et venatione distinctum videtur et verisimiliter etiam ovario caryopsique glabris. Specimen unicum vidimus staminibus perfectis et ovario adhuc minimo forteque abortiente, in aliis pluribus speciminibus a Philippio, Berteroio aliisque collectis flores omnes intra glumas a larva quadam comesi omnino destructi, uti jam observavit ipse Philippi.

262. Pedepherus, Philippi in Bot. Zeit. 1856, 648.—Spiculæ angustæ, 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla sub flore brevissima articulata pilosa, ultra florem in stipitem longum cum gluma vacua aristiformi continuum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, anguste lineares, acute acuminatæ, sub-3-nerves, parum inæquales; florens longior, rigidula, linearis, subteres, ecarinata, tenuiter 5-nervis, in aristam longam divergentem desinens; palea parum brevior, angusta, obtusa v. brevissime 2-dentata, 2-carinata, carinis puberulis. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum; styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus tenuiter plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen (perenne?) laxe adscendens, pubescens, habitu fere Bromi. Panicula laxiuscula, subsecunda, spiculis majusculis.

Species 1, ins. Juan Fernandez incola.

Genus quoad glumas floresque Festucæ potius quam Bromo affine, ab utroque uti ab omnibus affinibus differt flore unico in spicula, et rhachilla ultra florem longe stipitiformi ut in Gymnopogone.

263. Browns, Linn. Gen. n. 89.—Spiculæ co-floræ, varie paniculatæ, rhachilla supra glumas inferiores et inter flores articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glume 2 inferiores vacue, sub articulatione persistentes, anguste, acute v. secunda breviter mucronato-aristata, 1-5-nerves, plus minus inæquales; florentes longiores, 5-9-nerves, carinate v. dorso rotundate, apice sepius breviter 2-fide v. 2-dentates, sub spice dorso 1-3-aristates v. rarius mutices, arista seepe recurvo-divaricata et interdum leviter torta ; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata, carinis rigide v. longiuscule v. brevissime ciliatis. Stamina 3, v. rarius pauciora. Ovarium appendicula villosa integra v. breviter 2-3-fida plus minus distincte coronatum, styli ad basin appendiculse distincti, brevisaimi, stigmatibus brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga v. linearis, a dorso acepius compressiuscula, antice late sulcata v. subplana, appendicula villosa persistente v. evanida, paleæ saltem siccitate arcte adhærens.—Herbæ annuæ v. perennes înterdum elatse, foliis planis. Panicula nunc densa oblonga fere spiciformis, nunc laxa interdum laxissima ramulis elongatis nutantibus. Spiculæ sæpius in ordine magnæ v. majuscule, erecte y, pendule, lineares lanceolate y, fere oyate, aristis sepe longissimis interdum brevibus v. ad setas minutas reductis.

Species ad 40, per regiones temperatas hemisphærii borealis late disperse, nonnullæ America austruliæ extratropica incola, inter tropicos pancas presertim montana, Beaux. Agrastogr. 28, t. 17, f. 9. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 412, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 73 ad 77. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Menocot. i. n. 75. Dall in Mart, Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 107, t. 32. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 126.

Genus Festuce valde affine, differt sepius habitu, spiculis majoribus, glumis florentibus apice evidentius 2-fidis et ovario apice villoso-appendiculato, sed character nullus in omnibus speciebus constans. Sectiones sequentes, a nonnullis genera propria nuncupatæ, quoad species plarasque inter se bene distinctæ, omnes tamen speciebus intermediis connexæ.

1. Festuccides, Coss. et Dur. (Schanodorus, Griseb. Spicil. Fl. Rum. ii. 247). Gramina pereumia sæpius elata, panicula laxa spiculis erectis v. nutantibus. Glumæ laxe imbricatæ v. dissitæ, extima angusta 1-nervis, secunda sæpius 3-nervis, florentes 5-7-nerves, arista sæpius brevi nunc brevissima. Caryopsis quam in Stenobromo brevior, appendicula terminali interdum brevissima v. evanida, Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 11, 13. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 6 ad 10. C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 82.

SCHEDONORUS, Beauv. Agrostogr. 99, t. 19, f. 2, species plures includit glumis florentibus minute 2-dentatis quarum paucæ ad Bromum (Festucoidem), pleræque (an omnes?) ad Festucam ipsam pertinent. Schedonorus, Fries et Anderson, includit Festucoidem et Stenobromum.

2. Stenobromus, Griseb. Gramina annua v. rarius perennia, panicula densa v. laxiuscula, spiculis angustis sæpius longis erectis v. vix demum nutantibus. Glumæ imbricatæ, angustæ, extima angustissima 1-3-nervis, secunda 3-5-nervis, florentes sæpius 7-nerves, aristis longis nunc longissimis. Caryopsis linearis, appendice terminali villosa integra v. 2-dentata. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 15 ad 18. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 14. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 26. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 8, f. 2. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 82, 83. Ton. Fl. Nap. t. 105, 106. Delile. Fl. Eg. t. 11. Cav. Ic. t. 45.

Anisantha, C. Koch in Linnæa, xxi. 394, est ex Griseb. Bromi tectorum forma flore infimo solo fertili, cæteris sterilibus.

- B. scoparius, Linn. (B. confertus, Bieb.), et B. alopecurus, Poir., Bory, Exped. Morée, t. 5, spiculis angustis erectis in panicula oblonga dense confertis fere medium tenent inter Stenobromum et Zoobromum.
- 3. Zeobromus, Griseb. Gramina annua v. perennia. Spiculæ lanceolatæ ovato-lanceolatæ v. oblongæ, crassiusculæ. Glumæ quam in Stenobromo latiores, extima 3-5-nervis, secunda 5-7-nervis, florentes 7-9-nerves, imbricatæ, dorso obtusæ v vix carinatæ, arista sub apice integro v. 2-fido demum sæpius recurvo-divaricata, interdum siccitate leviter torta, longa v. brevis, in B. brizæformi, Fisch. et Mey. Sert. Petrop. t. 10, ad setam minutam reducta. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. 60, t. 6. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 11 ad 14, 19. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 15. Desf. Fl. Atl. t. 19, 25. Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 8, f. 1. Torr. Fl. N. York, t. 157. Cav. Ic. t. 589, 590, 591, f. 1. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 56. Bory, Exped. Morés, t. 4. Seerafalcus, Parlat. Pl. Nov. 75; Fl. Ital. i. 387.

LIBERTIA, Lejeune, in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. xii. 755, t. 65 (MICHELABIA, Dumort. Agrostogr. Belg. 77, t. 16), est B. (Zeobromus) arduennensis, Kunth, species B. secalino affinis, glumarum florentium lobis lateralibus in aristas tenues breves abcuntibus.

TRINIUSA, Stoud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 328, est B. Danthonia, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 353, species B. (Zeobromo) macrostachyo, Desf., affinis, glumis florentibus præsertim superioribus sub apice aristis 3 contiguis demum recurvo-divaricatis instructis.

4. Ceratochloa. Gramina sæpius perennia, elata. Spiculæ lanceolatæ, planæ v. demum medio incrassatæ. Glumæ complicato-carinatæ, rigidulæ, co-nerves, vacuæ florentibus paullo minores cæterum similes, florentes imbricatæ, apica interdum vix dentatæ, arista brevi tenui. Species 3 v. 4, Americanæ, extratropicæ boreales v. australes v. andinæ. Willd. Hort. Berol. t. 3 (Festaca). Ceratochloa, Beauv. Agrostogr. 75, t. 15, f. 7, simulque DC. Cat. Hort. Monsp. 92. Hook. Fl. Bor. Amer. t. 234, 235.

Fournier, Gram. Mex. 127, B. (Ceratochloam) purgantem, Linn. (B. Hookeri, Fourn.) in Bremo retinuit, et Ceratochloam unioloidem, DC. (C. festucoidem, Beauv.) generice distinuit imprimis ob lodiculas lateraliter connatas. In speciminibus tamen pluribus tam indigenis quam cultis lodiculas vidimus lata basi affixas sed inter se liberas v. vix ima basi brevissime connatas.

264. Brachypodium, Beauv. Agrostogr. 100, pro parte, t. 19, f. 3. (Hemibromus, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 317.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, compressæ v. subteretes, in spica simplici paucæ, subsessiles v. brevissime pedicellatæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata glabra, floribus hermaphroditis v. superioribus imperfectis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacus, floren-

tibus minores et brevius aristatæ v. muticæ, cæterum similes; florentes rigidulæ, angustæ, dorso rotundatæ, 7-9-nerves, integræ, in aristam rectam interdum longam v. in mucronem brevem desinentes; palea gluma vix brevior, latiuscula, 2-carinata, carinis ciliatis. Stamina 3, rarius 2. Ovarium apice ciliato-villosum v. appendicula brevi villosa coronatum; styli brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis linearis v. anguste oblonga, a dorso compressa, antice late sulcata v. concava, siccitate paleæ plus minus adhærens.—Gramina perennia v. annua, erecta, foliis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Spica terminalis, rhachi non articulata et vix ad nodos excavata. Spiculæ paucæ, sæpius distantes suberectæ, interdum ad unam terminalem reductæ, sæpius majusculæ, floribus sat numerosis.

Species 5 v. 6, Europæ et Asiæ temperatæ v. montanæ incolæ, quarum 1 v. 2 etiam in Africa tropica et australi Colombia et Mexico obviæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 445 (Tritici sect.). Coss. et Dur. Fl. Alg. Glum. 189. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 16 ad 18. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 70. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 20 ad 22, iv. t. 17 ad 19 (Bromus). Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 84 (Bromus). Guss. Pl. Rar. Ic. t. 7 (Festuca). Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 180. Ten. Fl. Nap. t. 104, f. 2.

Genus Festucam cum Agropyro arcte connectit.

TRACHYNIA, Link, Hort. Berol. i. 42, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 14, est B. distachyum, Rœm. et Schult., species a cæteris parum diversa caule annuo, spiculis sepius 1-2, glumis minus imbricatis fere pectinatis.

#### TRIBUS XII. HORDEE.E.

265. Lelium, Linn. Gen. n. 95.—Spiculæ ∞-floræ, in spica simplici (v. abnorme ramosa) ad excavationes rhacheos solitariæ, sessiles, alternæ, distichæ, compressæ, margine (glumarum dorso) rhachin spectantes, rhachilla inter flores articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ rigidæ, 5-7-nerves, dorso rotundatæ, ecarinatæ, obtusæ acutæ acuminatæ v. aristatæ, nervis superne conniventibus v. in aristam confluentibus, infima spicularum lateralium et 2 inferiores spiculæ terminalis vacuæ, florentibus longiores, angustæ; florentes breves, latiusculæ, imbricatæ; palea gluma parum brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, glabra, paleæ siccitate adhærens.—Gramina annua v. perennia, foliis planis. Spica terminalis, sæpius elongata, spiculis alternatim dissitis erectis, rhachi ad nodos interdum articulata.

Species apud auctores nonnullos ultra 20, ab aliis melius ad 2 v. 3 reductæ, in Europa, Africa boreali et Asia temperata indigenæ, in variis regionibus Americæ, Africæ et Australiæ inquilinæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 102, t. 20, f. 3. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 435; Kev. Gram. t. 220. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 36, 37. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 25, 26, iii. t. 25. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 4 ad 6. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 78. Vis. Fl. Dalmat. t. 3. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 58.

Genus Festucæ (Catapodio) potius quam Agropyro affine, ab omnibus spicularum quoad rhachin directione facile differt. De Rouville (Monogr. Lol., Montpellier, 1853, cum tabb. 3) species auctorum priorum rejecit et stirpes primarias 3 agnovit characteribus novis definitas et nominibus novis signatas.

CREPALIA, Schrank, Bair. Fl. i. 102, 382, est L. temulentum, Linn., cui gluma secunda etiam in spiculis lateralibus seepe vacua cæteris minor.

ARTHEOCHORTUS, Lowe in Hock. Kew Journ. viii. 301, est Lolii species v. varietas insignis, L. rigido, Gaud. (L. stricto, Presl), et varietatibus nonnullis L. temulenti, Linn., valde affinis.

266. Agrepyrum, J. Gærtn. ex Beauv. Agrostogr. 101, t. 20, f. 1, 2. (Elytrigia, Desc. in Nouv. Bull. Soc. Philom. ii. (1810) 190; et in Journ. Bot. i. (1813), 74.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, compressæ, in spica simplici ad excavationes rhacheos sessiles, alternæ, distichæ, compressæ, facie (glumarum latere) rhachin spectantes v. obliquæ, rhachilla inter flores sæpius articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, florentibus angustiores, nervis paucioribus; florentes rigidæ, dorso rotundatæ, vix v. non carinatæ, 5-7-nerves, obtusæ acuminatæ v. in aristam productæ, nervis apicæ conniventibus v. in aristam confluentibus, summa minor sæpe vacua v. florem imperfectum fovens; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata, carinis sæpius ciliatis. Stamina 3.

Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, a dorso compressiuscula, antice sæpe concava, apice plus minus villosa, siccitate paleæ adhærens v. libera.—Gramina perennia v. annua, foliis planis v. convoluto-teretibus. Spica terminalis, sæpius rigidula, spiculis majusculis.

Species ad 20, per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis late dispersæ, Americanæ ab Europæis vulgatioribus vix v. non distinctæ sæpeque evidenter inquilinæ. Kunth, Enum. i. 440, et Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 342, utraque pro sectione Tritici. Benth. Fl. Austral. vii. 664.

Genus a nonnullis cum Tritico jungitur, ab aliis in genera 3 v. 4 dividitur. Sectiones sequentes bene distincts videntur:—

1. Agropyrum. Gramina sæpius perennia rhizomate haud raro longe repente. Spica elongata spiculis erecto-appressis dissitis v. rarius approximatis. Glumæ rigidæ, vacuæ sæpe inæquilateræ, a basi arcte appressæ, nec carinatæ. Species paucæ, quarum 2 fere cosmopolitanæ. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 21 ad 23, 25, iii. t. 33. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 90. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 80. Reichb. Ic. Fl. (serm. t. 19 ad 23. Schreb. Beschr. Grüs. t. 26 (Triticum). Per. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xviii. t. 3. Brot. Phytogr. Lusit. t. 97. Boiss. Voy. Hisp. t. 181. Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 99. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 199. Ledch. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 245 ad 248. Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 56 B, 57 (io. plures sub Trutico).

REGNERIA, C. Koch in Linnea, xxi. 413, est ex Griseb. Agropyri species A. canino affinis.

A. scabrum, Beauv. (Festuca scabra, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 26; ANTHOSACHNE, Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 237), ex Australia, A. semicostatum, Nees, ex India orientali et A. longearistatum, Boiss., ex Oriente, species inter se valde affines, insignes sunt spicis densiusculis, glumis angustis in aristas longas demum divergentes desinentibus.

A. pectinatum, Beauv. (Festuca pectinata, Labill. Pl. Nov. Holl. t. 25), ex Australia, quoad inflorescentiam inter Agropyrum et Eremopyrum subintermedia, insignis est spiculis demum reflexis.

2. Eremopyrum. Gramina sæpius annua. Spicæ breves, densæ, spiculis arcte approximatis distichis. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ, angustissimæ, subæquilaterales, carinatæ, v. lanceolatæ evidentiusque inæquilaterales, basi sæpius curvulæ subangustatæ. Spiculæ nonnullæ ad basin v. ad apicem spicæ interdum steriles ad glumas 1-2 reductæ. Jacq. Hort. Vind. iii. t. 44 (Secale). Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 19, f. 1382. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 23, f. 2. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 24. Eremopyrum, Ledeb. Fl. Alt. i. 112 (Tritici sect.), gen. propr. Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. iv. 26, t. 319, 320. Costia. Willk. in Bot. Zeit. 1858, 377. Cremopyrum, Schur, Enum. Pl. Transeylv. 807.

Secale villosum, Linn. (Haynaldia, Schur, Enum. Pl. Transsylv. 807), et Agropyrum hordeaceum, Boiss., sectionem Dasypyrum, Coss. et Dur., seu Pseudosecale, Gren. et Godr., formantes, et ab auctoribus ad Triticum relatæ, nobis tamen potius ad Agropyri sect. Eremopyrum pertinere videntur, ubi A. orientali, Koch, prope accedunt, different glumis vacuis magis inæqualibus, nervo uno præter carinam prominente ciliatoque, glumam æqualiter v. inæqualiter 2-carinatam efficientibus. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 47, iv. t. 9, 10. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 24 (Triticum). Sibth. Fl. Gr. t. 97 (Secale).

HETERANTHELIUM, Hochst.; Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. iv. 24, t. 318, ex Oriente, est species ab A. (Eremopyro) orientali parum diversa, glumis inferioribus vacuis adhuc angustioribus, florentibus post anthesin insigniter papilloso-scabris v. verrucosis; spica densa, villosa, spiculis sterilibus imperfectis ad basin et apicem pluribus interdumque inter fertiles mixtis.

267. Secale, Linn. Gen. n. 97.—Spiculæ sapissime 2-floræ, in spicam cylindraceam confertæ, ad excavationes alternas rhacheos solitariæ, sessiles, compressæ, facie interiore plana rhachi adpressa, exteriore convexa, rhachilla sub floribus brevissima ultra flores in stipitem tenuem producta. Glumæ rigidulæ, 2 inferiores vacuæ, anguste lineares, complicatocarinatæ, acute acuminatæ v. subaristatæ; florentes latiores, absque aristis vix longiores, complicato-carinatæ, in aristam desinentes, 5-nerves, nervis in aristam conniventibus, faciei interioris spiculæ tenuibus, exterioribus prominentibus; palea gluma paullo brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, subteres, antice sulcata, apice pilosa, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera v. vix paleæ adhærens.—Gramina annua, erecta, foliis planis. Spica terminalis, densa, rhachi fragili ad nodos articulata, articulis sub spiculis complanatis sæpius pilosis.

Species (v. unius varietates?) 2, spontanem per regionem Mediterraneam late disperse, formee cereales in regionibus temperatis hemisphærii borealis jam diu cultæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. 106, t. 20,

f. C. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 48, iv. t. 11. Reichb. Is. Fl. Germ. t. 21. Ness, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. u. 81. Viz. Fl. Dalm. Suppl. t. 1.

Genus Agroppri sect. Eremoppro quam maxime affine.

268. Tritiena, Linn. Gen. n. 99.—Spiculse pauci- (2-5-)florse, distiche spicatse, ad excavationes rhacheos solitarise, sessiles, compressiusculse, a latere rhachin spectantes, rhachilla inter flores seepe articulata, floribus 1-2 inferioribus hermaphroditia, superioribus seepiua masculis v. imperfectis. Glume rigide, 2 inferiores vacue, florentibus breviores seepeque angustiores, haud raro insequilaterales, paucinerves, breviter aristatse v. mutice; florentes ventricose v. oblonge, dorso rotundatse v. superne carinatse, apice seepius dentatse, mutices v. dente centrali v. omnibus in aristas productis, 5-9-nerves, nervis lateralibus cum centrali non confluentibus, ad apicem glume non attingentibus v. sid dentes laterales extensis; palea gluma brevior, 2-carinata, carinis ciliatis. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ovoides v. oblonga, apice seepius villosa, antice anguste sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera v. paleæ siccitate adhærens.—Herbæ annuse v. biennes, erectæ, foliis planis. Spica terminalis, cylindracea v. elongata, rhachi flexuosa alternatim excavata continua v. rarius articulata.

Species silvestres vix 10, regionis Mediterranese et Asise occidentalis incolæ, formse cultæ jam diu per regiones temperatas utriusque orbis latissime extensse. Genera sequentia auctorum pro sectionibus parum distinctis habenda videntur:—

TRITICA cerealia jam a temporibus antiquissimis culta, statu sylvestri ignota sunt, distinguantur imprimis glumis vacuis seepius valde inequilateralibus, florentibus superne v. a basi carinatis, apice seepius obliquis muticis v. 1-aristatis. Beauv. Agrostogr. 103, pro parts, t. 20, f. 4. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 438 (T. legitima). Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 14. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 79. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 26 ad 31, iv. t. 5 ad 8.

CRITHODIUM, Link in Linnæa, ix. 132, t. 3, est T. monococcum, Linn.; Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 32 (T. bacticum, Boiss.), species Orientalis interdum culta, flore unico perfecto, glumis vacuis parum insequilateralibus, florentibus rigidis carinatis non ventricosis 1-aristatis. Ad candem sectionem referendum videtur T. bicorne, Forsk., Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 15, f. 1.

ÆGILOPS, Linn. Gen. n. 1150, species silvestres includit glumis dorso rotundatis ventricosis v. oblongis nunquam carinatis, vacuis parum insequilateralibus, florentibus apice truncato-dentatis dentibus nonnullis spicularum superiorum v. omnium in aristas longas productis v. rarius omnibus muticis. Species editæ ultra 40 quas Munro ad 7 v. 8 reduxit, quarum 2 v. 3 facile formas hybridas gigaunt cam Triticis cultis et a nonnullis pro typis primordialibus Triticorum habentur. Beauv. Agrestogr. 104, t. 20, f. 5. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 457. Sehreb. Beschr. Gräs. 80, t. 10, t. 27, f. 2. Reichb. In. Fl. Germ. t. 8. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 85. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 5 ad 7. Cav. Ic. t. 90. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 93 ad 95. Vis. Fl. Dalm. t. 1, et Suppl. t. 1. Jaub. et Spack, Ill. Pl. Or. t. 200, 309 ad 317.

In K. loliacea, Janb. et Spach, et E. matica, Boiss. (E. tripsacoide, Janb. et Spach), glumme mutice obtuse dentate, vacum in priore glabre, in illa dorso dense pilose.

269. Zepturus, R. Br. Prod. 207.—Spiculæ 1-2-floræ, in spica simplici ad excavationes rhacheos solitariæ, sessiles, alternæ, angustæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra flores in stipitem brevem producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. superiore dum adsit sæpe imperfecto. Glumæ 1-2 inferiores vacuæ, persistentes, angustæ, rigidæ, acutæ, 5-nerves; florentes multo breviores, tenues, hyalinæ; palea hyalina, 2-nervis. Stamina 3 v. pauciora. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis angusta, glabra, glumis inclusa, libera.—Gramina annua humilia v. rarius elatiora et forte perennia, basi ramosa v. multicaulia, foliis angustis. Spica terminalis, elongata, rigida at tenuis, recta v. incurva, primum cylindracea, spiculis alternis dissitis in rhachi excavata quasi inclusis, gluma una e vacuis per anthesin sæpe patente.

Species nobis notæ 6, 5 Europæ, Africæ borealis et Asiæ temperatæ incolæ, quarum una etiam in Australia aliisque regionibus hine inde in maritimis occurrit, sexta in maritimis Australiæ, Novæ Zelandiæ et ins. maris Pacifici indigena,

In L. cylindrico, Trin. (L. subulato, Kunth, Ophiaro subulato, Link, Nece, Gen. M. Germe

Monocot. i. n. 88 (Monerma), Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 3) gluma vacua 1, floa 1, stipite rhachille brevi nudo. In L. repente, Br.; Brongn. in Duperr. Voy. Coq. t. 16, gluma vacua 1, flos perfectus 1, stipite rhachille glumam paleamque vacuas ferente. In L. persico, L. incurvato et L. filiformi, Trin. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 2, Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 23 (Rottboellia), Sibth., Fl. Gr. t. 91 (Bottboellia), glumae vacuae 2, flos 1, stipite rhachille brevi nudo. In L. pannonico, Kunth (Pholiumo, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 131, Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 3; Rottboellia, Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 24, Ophiuro pannonico, Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 89), glumae vacuae 2, flores perfecti 2.

1206

Genus Hordeaceas cum Rottboellieis connectit. Do speciebus boreali-Americanis ad Lepturum relatas, cfr. supra sub Schedonnardo, p. 1168.

270. Psilurus, Trin. Fundam. Agrost. 93. (Monerma, Beauv. Agrostogr. 116, proparte, t. 20, f. 10. Asprella, Host. Gram. Austr. iv. 17, t. 29, non Willd.)—Spiculse angustse, 1-floræ v. rarissime 2-floræ, secus rhachin inarticulatam spicæ tenuis solitarise sessiles, rhachilla basi articulata sub gluma florente brevissima, ultra florem in stípitem nudum v. rarius glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2, rarissime 3, inferior vacua, minima, squamiformis, sub articulatione persistens; florens angusta, in aristam rectam desinens, summa dum adsit minor, vacua v. paleam rarissime florem 3 fovens; palea linearis, 2-nervis. Stamen 1. Styli brevissimi, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis linearis, gluma rigescente inclusa, libera.—Gramen annuum, tenue, multicaule, foliis breviter subulatis. Spica elongata, tenuissima, sæpe incurva, rhachi ad quamque nodum leviter excavata, gluma persistente sæpe ad dentem brevem reducta. Spiculæ adpressæ, non secundæ; rhachillæ continuatio semper adesse videtur, sæpius setiformis, in spiculis paucis apice glumifera v. rarissime florens.

Species 1, Europæ australis incola, in Oriente usque ad Affghanistan extensa. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 461. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 1. Necs, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 87. Cav. Ic. t. 39 (Rottboellia).

271. Mardus, Linn. Gen. n. 69.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, angustæ, ad dentes rhacheos spicæ unilateralis sessiles, solitariæ, rhachilla brevissima intra dentem articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma (præter dentem rhacheos) nulla vacua, florens angusta, acuminata v. breviter aristata, rigidula, marginibus hyalinis involutis; palea angusta, inclusa, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Stylus elongatus, indivisus, stigmate elongato breviter papilloso. Caryopsis linearis, glabra, apice in styli basin attenuata, gluma inclusa, libera (v. ex auct. nonnullis paleæ adhærens).—Gramen perenne, humile, dense cæspitosum, foliis setaceis rigidulis. Spica tenuis, simplex, lenge pedunculata, rhachi inarticulata. Spiculæ 2-seriatim alternæ sed dissitæ secundæque uniseriatæ apparent, erectæ v. subpatentes.

Species 1, Europæ imprimis occidentalis a terris Arcticis usque ad regionem Mediterraneam incola, in Asia temperata rarior videtur. Beauv. Agrostogr. 117, t. 20, f. 11. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 460. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. 65, t. 7. Host, Gram. Austr. ii. t. 4. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 36. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 110. Cav. Ic. t. 204.

Genus quoad affinitates valde dubium. Ob glumarum vacuarum defectum situs articulationis rhachillæ v. pedicelli incertum est, nisi pro glumæ rudimento dentem persistentem rhacheos spicæ haberes. Stylus Seslericarum; inflorescentia fere Chloridearum v. potius Hordecarum.

272. Eralikia, Coss. et Dur. in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xiv. 89.—Spieulæ 2-floræ, in spica simplici ad excavationes rhacheos solitariæ, rhachilla brevi sub floribus villosa, ultra flores in stipitem brevem producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2, acuminatæ, muticæ, inæquales, lanceolatæ, carinatæ; florentes paullo longiores, membranacæs, carinatæ, 3-nerves, nervo medio in aristam brevem mucroniformem producto, lateralibus brevius mucronatis; palea glumæ subæqualis, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum, stipitatum. Styli elongati, filiformes, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis....—Gramen perenne, cæspitosum, caulibus gracilibus, foliis filiformibus fasciculatis dense pulvinatis. Spica subfiliformis, rigidula, recta v. subincurva, spiculis minimis dissitis. Glumæ glabræ v. scabræ. (Char. ex Coss. et Dur.)

Species 1, Algeriensis, a nobis non visa.

273. Gropettum, Trin. Fundam. Agrostogr. 98, t. 3.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica simplici ad excavationes rhacheos solitariæ, sessiles, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, sub flore longe pilosa, ultra florem in stipitem minutum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, extima rhachin versus parva membranacea, secunda rigida, lineari-lanceolata, acuta; florens paullo brevior, membranaceohyalina, latiuscula, carinata; palea angusta, 2-nervis. Stamina 3. Styli distincti, stigmatibus brevibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramen nanum, dense multicaule, foliis brevibus subulatis. Spica tenuis, spiculis parvis distiche immersis subteres, rhachi sub-4-gona leviter flexuosa.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola. Kunth, Enum. i. 463. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 132 (Rottboellia).

274. Ecréeum, Linn. Gen. n. 98.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica simplici ad nodos v. excavationes rhacheos 2-3-næ, collateraliter sessiles v. brevissime stipitatæ, rhachilla brevi supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem in setam longam tenuem v. superne in glumam angustissimam dilatatam producta, floribus hermaphroditis v. spicularum lateralium imperfectis. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, subulatæ v. angustissime lineares, rigidæ, persistentes, spicularum omnium cujusve nodi subexternæ involucrum simulantes; florens lanceolata, dorso rotundata, ecarinata, superne 5-nervis, in aristam rectam v. divergentem desinens; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti. Caryopsis ovoideo-oblonga v. angusta, apice breviter villosa, antice sulcata, paleæ siccitate adhærens v. rarius libera.—Gramina erecta, annua v. rarius perennia, foliis planis. Spica cylindracea, sæpius densa, glumarum aristis elongatis obtecta, v. rarius tenuior aristis ad setas breves reductis.

Species spontanese ad 12, Europæ, Africæ borealis, Asiæ temperatæ et Americæ extratropicæ tam australis quam borealis incolæ.

Beaux. (Agrostogr. 114, t. 21, f. 1) genus Hordeum restrinxit ad H. vulgare, Linn., formasque affines diu cultas quibus spiculæ laterales haud raro fertiles evadunt. Host, Gram. Austr. iii. t. 34 ad 37. Inter illas Critho, E. Mey. Ind. Sem. Hort. Regiomont. 1848, ex Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, xi. 263, et Linnaa, xxiv. 195 (H. agiceras, Royle, Illustr. Fl. Himal. t. 97, Hensl. in Hook. Kew Journ. i. t. 2, 3), insignis est glumis florentibus latis apice 3-fidis lobis lateralibus divaricato-reversis, intermedio majore apice cacullato. Species spontaneæ in sectiones sequentes distribuuntur:—

- 1. Zeocriton. Spiculæ sæpissime ternæ, centrali sola perfecte fertili, lateralibus (sæpius břeviter stipitatis) sterilibus v. ad glumas vacuas reductis. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 17. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 32 ad 34; iii. t. 31 ad 33; iv. t. 12. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 11, 12. Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 83. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 3, 4. Desf. Fl. All. t. 37. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 98. Guss. Ic. Pl. Rar. t. 11. Willk. Ill. Fl. Hisp. t. 1. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 228, t. 57. Zeocriton, Beauv. Agrostogr. 114, t. 21, f. 2. Critesion, Raf. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 103.
- 2. Erithopsis. Spiculæ sæpissime geminæ, utraque fertili, centrali deficiente v. rarius e glumis vacuis constante. Elymi species (sect. Medusather, Griseb.), Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 24, f. 1, 2. Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 27. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 9. Sibth. Fl. Græc. t. 96. Delile, Fl. Eg. t. 13. Crithopsis, Jaub. et Spach, Ill. Pl. Or. iv. 30, t. 321.
- 3. Cuviera. Spiculæ sæpissime ternæ, omnes fertiles. Species unica, H. sylvaticum, Huds. (Elymus europæus, Linn.; Host, Gram. Austr. i. t. 28; Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 9; Nees, Gen. Fl. Germ. Monocot. i. n. 82). Cuviera, Kæl. Gram. Gall. et Germ. 328.
- 275. Elymas, Linn. Gen. n. 96.—Spiculæ 2-6-floræ, in spica simplici ad nodos plus minus excavatos rhacheos 2-6-næ, collateraliter sessiles, rhachilla sub floribus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo sæpius imperfecto v. ad glumam vacuam reducto. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ, rigidæ, anguste lineares, 1-3-nerves, in aristam brevem productæ v. sæpius aristiformes, persistentes, spicularum omnium cujusve nodi subexterni involucrum simulantes, rarius in aristas plures divisæ; florentes breviores, oblongæ v. lanceolatæ, dorso rotundatæ, ecarinatæ, 5-nerves, obtusæ v. acutæ, muticæ v. in aristam desinentes; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, apice parce villosa, antice sulcata

pales siccitate adhærens.—Gramina elata, foliis planis v. rigide convolutis. Spices terminales, nunc more *Hordei* cylindracese, densæ, aristis numerosis obtectes, rhachi fragili v. continua, nunc elongatæ, floribundæ, densæ v. subinterruptæ.

Species ad 20, regionum temperaturum Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ borealis incolæ. Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 449. Steud. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 348. Griseb. in Ledeb. Fl. Ross. iv. 329.

Genus Hordeo valde affine, vix differt nisi spiculis 2-8-floris, v. si rarissime florem unicum tantum fertilem continet rhachilla gluma vacua v. flore imperfecte terminatur. In sectiones sequentes dividitur:—

- 1. Sitanion. Glumæ vacuæ longe aristiformes sæpius in aristas 2-00 fere ad basin divisæ et glumæ florentes sæpe 2-3-aristatæ, aristis omnibus longissimis haud raro divergentibus v. intricatis. Spicæ rhachis fragillima. Habitus cæterum ei Hordei jubati similis. Species 1, Americæ borealis occidentalis incola. Sitanion, Rafin. in Journ. Phys. lxxxix. 103. Polyantherix, Nees in Ann. Nat. Hist. ser. 1, i. 284.
- 2. Clinelyna, Griseb. Spiculæ sæpissime geminæ. Glumæ integræ, vacuæ breviter, florentes sæpius longe, aristatæ. Species Asiaticæ v. Americanæ. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 21, f. 1.
- 3. Psammelyna, Griseb. Spiculæ 2-6-næ. Glumæ omnes muticæ v. vix brevissime mucronatoaristatæ. Gramina sæpe elata rigida spica longa, rarius habitu Clinelynis similia. Species Asiaticæ, quarum una etiam Europæa et Americana, et forte una Americæ propria. Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. t. 40. Beauv. Agrostogr. 106, pro parte, t. 20, f. 7. Jacq. Ecl. Gram. t. 19, 37 ad 39. Host, Gram. Austr. iv. t. 12. Ledeb. Ic. Fl. Ross. t. 229, 249 ad 251. Reichb. Ic. Fl. Germ. t. 10.
- 276. Asprella, Willd. Enum. Hort. Berol. 132. (Hystrix, Mænch, Meth. 294. Gymnostichum, Schreb. Beschr. Gräs. ii. 127, t. 47.)—Spiculæ 2-x-floræ, in spica simplici ad nodos excavatos rhacheos geminæ rarius ternæ, collateraliter sessiles, rhachilla sub floribus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ vacuæ 0 v. in spiculis infimis 1-2 parvæ subulatæ; florentes anguste lanceolatæ, convolutæ, rigidæ, dorso rotundatæ, superne 5-nerves, in aristam desinentes; palea gluma parum brevior, 2-carinata. Stamina 3. Styli brevissimi, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis anguste oblonga, apice parce villosa, antice sulcata, paleæ siccitate adhærens.—Gramina elatiuscula, foliis planis. Spicæ terminales, quam in Elymo longiores laxiores tenuioresque.

Species 3, quarum 2 Americæ borealis, tertia Novæ Zelandiæ, incolæ. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 20, f. 9 (Flymus). Kunth, Enum. Pl. i. 454. Jacq. Ic. Rar. t. 305 (Elymus). Hook. f. Fl. Nov. Zel. t. 70 (Gymnostichum). Buchan. N. Zeal. Grass. t. 58 (Gymnostichum).

Opus Schreberi in titulo annum fert 1769, sed pars iii. Gymnostichum continens, anno 1810 edita fuit. Nomen Mœnchianum in Zoologia nimis familiare, a botanicis rite prætermissum est.

#### TRIBUS XIII. BAMBUSEÆ.

277. Arundinaria, Mich. Fl. Bor. Amer. i. 73. (Miegia, Pers. Syn. Pl. i. 101. Ludolfin, Willd, in Gesellsch. Nat. Fr. Berlin Mag. ii. 320. Triglossum, Fisch, Cat. Jard. Pl. Gorenki, 1812, cum ic. ex Ræm. et Schult. Macronax, Raf. in N. York Med. Rep. v. 350, ex Munroio.)—Spiculæ co-floræ, sæpe longæ, compressæ, varie racemosæ v. paniculatæ, rhachilla sub floribus tardius articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summis imperfectis (inferiore rarius masculo?). Glume inferiores vacue 1-2, inequales, extima minore interdum deficiente; florentes longiores, membranaceo-herbaceæ, ecarinatæ, multinerves, obtusiusculæ acuminatæ v. brevissime mucronato-aristatæ; palea gluma vix brevior, prominenter 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium apice sæpe pilosum ; styli 2 v. 3, basi breviter connati, stigmatibus longiusculis laxe plumosis. Caryopsis ovali-v. anguste oblonga, antice sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina elata, suffruticosa raro arborescentia, ramis interdum ad nodos fasciculatis subverticillatis, foliis breviter petiolatis cum vagina articulatis planis, venulis transversis obscuris v. conspicuis. Inflorescentia plerumque terminalis, nunc simplex racemo 1-4-spiculato, nunc laxe paniculata v. e racemis fasciculatis v. subverticillatis composita. Spiculæ majusculæ, virides v. coloratæ. interdum glumis dissitis elongatis.

Species ad 24, Asiæ et Americæ inter tropicos incolæ v. in America boreali Himalaya et Japonia ultra

tropicos extensse. Beauv. Agrostogr. 144, t. 25, f. 7. Musro in Trans. Linn, Soc. xxvi. 18. Repr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petereb. ser. 6, v. t. 1 ad 3. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 155, 156. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 349, 350. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 549, et in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlii. 249. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 163, t. 44, 45.

A. acuminata, Munro, species Mexicana, insignis est spiculis tenuibus glumis membranaceis fere hyalinis, vacuis in aristam tenuem productis.

THAMNOCALAMUS, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 33, genus propositum fuit imprimis ad A. spathifloram, Rupr., speciem Himalayensem bracteis spathaceis demum caducis spiculas plerasque subtendentibus. Huic additu fuit T. Falconeri, Munro, species pariter Himalayana A. falcata, Nees, valde affinis, bracteis quam in A. spathiflora minoribus caducissimis. Genus Thamnocalamus, Falcon. mss., est ipsa A. falcata, ubi interdum bractese nonnullæ observantur. Species omnes nostro sensu rite a Ruprechtio in Arandinaria inclusse.

278. Arthrostylidium, Rupr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, v. 117, t. 3-5.—Spiculæ co- (2-7-)floræ, in spicis racemisve secundæ, rhachilla sub floribus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. summo imperfecto. Glumæ inferiores 3-4 vacuæ, extima parva interdum setiformis, sequentes gradatim florentibus similiores; florentes membranacæ v. coriacæ, sæpe acuminatæ, exaristatæ, ecarinatæ, multinerves; palea gluma vix brevior, angusta, 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum; styli 2, distincti, stigmatibus breviter pilosis v. distincte plumosis. Caryopsis ubi nota oblonga, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina arborescentia v. suffruticosa, interdum scandentia, foliis vix petiolatis cum vagina articulatis planis, venulis transversis inconspicuis. Racemi v. potius ramuli racemiferi basi interdum foliati, ad nodos sæpius densissime fasciculati, simplices v. rarius parce ramosi. Spiculæ angustæ, interdum elongatæ, nunc subsessiles unilateraliter confertæ, nunc dissitæ v. longiuscule pedicellatæ.

Species ad 12, Americae tropicae incolae. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 39, t. 1. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 172, t. 47.

A. racemistorum, Steud., e Mexico, a Fourniero, Gram. Mex. 131, ad Merostachym transfertur, ob florem in spicula sæpe unum tantum fertilem. Specimina nostra (Liebmanniana) spiculas juniores tantum exhibent, sed interdum flores 2 perfectos invenimus. In A. pubescente, Rupr., racemi rhachis insigniter flexuosa est. In A. longistoro, a Munroio l. c. t. 1, optime illustrata (Guadua exalata, Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 181) spiculæ valde elongatæ, glumis dissitis subcoriaceis, sed stamina certe 3 Arthrostylidii, nec 6 Guaduæ.

AULONEMIA, Goudot in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 3, v. 75, t. 5, species Colombiana, characteres omnino Arthrostylidii præbet, nec nisi inflorescentia laxiore a speciebus typicis distincta. Paniculæ rami tenues, apice spiculas 2-6 longas fere A. longiflori forentes, glumis tamen densius imbricatis. Inflorescentia pariter laxa occurrere videtur in A. Hænkei, Rupr., specie nobis non nisi ex icone descriptioneque auctoris nota.

279. Phyllostachys, Sieb. et Zucc. in Abhandl. Akad. Wiss. Münch. iii. 745, t. 5.— Spiculæ pauci- (1-4-)floræ, breviter subspicatæ, singulæ v. geminæ bractea spathaçea involutæ, rhachilla inter flores articulata, ultra flores in stipitem sæpius glumiferum producta, floribus hermaphroditis. Glumæ inferiores 2 v. interdum 3 vacuæ, extima parva 3-5-nervis, secunda et tertia dum adsit florentibus similes nisi minores; florentes membranaceæ, acuminatæ, exaristatæ, ecarinatæ, 7-60-nerves; palea gluma inclusa qua vix brevior, angusta, 2-carinata, tenuiter co-nervis. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum, longe stipitatum; styli 3, basi longiuscule connati, stigmatibus elongatis serrulato-subplumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramina arborescentia, caule semitereti, nodis prominentibus, ramulis foliiferis fasciculatis subverticillatís, foliis breviter petiolatis cum vagina articulatis planis venulis transversis tessellatis. Spicæ densæ v. laxæ, in panicula laxa sæpius numerosæ. Bracteæ sub ramulis paniculæ sæpius breves v. caducæ, intra spicas spiculas involventes majores sæpe imbricatæ.

Species 4 v. 8, Japoniæ et Chinæ incolæ. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 35. Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1876, 295.

280. Athreestachys, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 134 (err. typ. Achrocstachys).—Spiculse 1-slorse, in capitulum globosum densissime confertse, rhachilla supra glumam

infimam articulata pubescente, ultra florem producta glumifera, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma infima vacua ad basin rhachillæ peraistens (an bractea glumiformis?), angusta, acuminsta, 2 sequentes vacuæ ab infima distantes florenti appressæ, breves, setaceo-acuminatæ; florens multo longier, latiuscula, rigidule membranacea, complicata, multinervis, rostrato-acuminata v. mutica, margine ciliata; terminalis multo angustior, plurinervis, vacua v. floris rudimentum fovens; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, carinis 2 ciliatis valde prominentibus. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum; styli 2, basi connati, stigmatibus breviter plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramen suffruticosum, scandens, ramis floridis fasciculatis foliatis, foliis cum vagina articulatis planis, venulis transversis obsoletis, vagina apice setis longis numerosis fimbriata. Capitulum globosum, intra folia summa sessile, spiculis majusculis densissime confertis, revera sessilibus, sed ob rhachillam supra glumam infimam productam pedicellatæ apparent.

Species 1, Brasiliensis, A. capitata, Benth. (Merostachys capitata, Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 273, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 50).

281. Exercitachys. Spreng. Syst. Veg. i. 132.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in spica unilaterali sessiles, rhachilla infra florem brevissima tardius articulata, supra florem longe stipitiformi v. lineari, nuda v. minute glumifera. Glumæ inferiores 3-4 vacuæ, ab extima minima ad superiorem florenti subsimilem gradatim auctæ; florens membranacea, latiuscula, ecarinata, mutica, tenuiter multinervis, costa interdum superne prominente; palea ampla, gluma fere latior, 2-carinata, ∞-nervis. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum; styli distincti, longiusculi, stigmatibus tenuissime plumosis. Caryopsis . . .—Gramina arborescentia, ramis fasciculatis, foliis planis cum vagina articulatis, venulis transversis obscuris. Spicæ simplices, ad apices ramorum longæ densæ v. in ramulis fasciculatis minores. Spiculæ confertæ, stricte secundæ.

Species 8 v. 9, Brasiliæ, Paraguay et Peruviæ incolæ. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 46 (excl. M. capitata). Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 79. Rupr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, v. 126, t. 10 (cujus sp. 2 a Munroio casu omissæ). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 207, t. 55.

282. Chasquea, Kunth, Syn. Pl. Æquin. i. 254. (Rettbergia, Raddi, Agrostogr. Bras. 17. Dendragrostis, Nees in Linuca, ix. 487.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, varie paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissima supra glumas inferiores articulata, ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ 2 inferiores vacuæ persistentes parvæ v. angustæ, 2 sequentes pariter vacuæ florenti similiores eique appressæ, sæpe acuminatæ; florens membranacea, lata, 5-co-nervis, obtusa v. acuta, mutica; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, membranacea, superne plus minus distincte 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Ovarium glabrum, sæpius acuminatum; styli 2, a basi distincti, v. rarius stylus indivisus, stigmatibus tenuibus laxe plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, sæpe angusta, a dorso compressa v. subteres, gluma paleaque faclusa, libera.—Gramina suffruticosa v. arborescentia, interdum scandentia, foliis in tribu sæpe parvulis, planis, cum vagina articulatis, venulis transversis obscuris v. rarius conspicuis. Panicula terminalis, nunc longe denseque spiciformis v. in capitulum globosum v. oblongum contracta, nunc thyrsoidea v. pyramidalis, floribunda v. laxe effusa, v. in ramulis brevibus numerosæ racemiformes paniculam foliatam densam secundam formantes.

Species ad 30, omnes Americanse. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 52, t. 2. Ernst in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1872, 262. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 77, 78, 191. Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 339, 340. E. Desv. in C. Gay, Fl. Chil. t. 83. Dall in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 194, t. 54. Fourn. Gram. Mex. 131.

Spicularum rhachilla in C. tenella aliisque ex Dœllio ultra florem producta quod tamen in speciminibus nostris non vidimus.

283. Planetia, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 70. (Platonia, Kunth, Rev. Gram. i. 139, 327, t. 76, non Mart.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, paniculatæ, rhachilla brevissima continua ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 4, sæpius mucronato-scuminatæ v. subaristatæ, ab infima parva v. longa angustaque gradstim mutatæ, superiore interdum florenti subsimili; florens ovata, dorso rotundata v. sub-

ventricosa, ecarinata, rigidule membranacea v. subcoriacea, obtusa v. vix mucronata, exaristata, tenuiter multinervis; palea glumæ subæqualis, obtusa, apicem versus obscure 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 3. Styli breves, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis ubi nota ovoidea v. oblonga (interdum rostrata?), gluma paleaque inclusa, libera.—Gramina herbacea, elata, foliis longis sæpe multipedalibus in vaginam longe angustatis nec articulatis planis, venulis transversis obscuris v. conspicuis. Panicula sæpius longissima, dense floribunda, anguste thyrsoidea v. pyramidata, rarius brevior laxior ramulis elongatis effusis. Spiculæ parvæ, subsessiles, sæpius numerosissimæ.

Species 5, montium America australis tropica incola.

Genus a Bambuseis cæteris recedit caule non lignoso et foliis cum vagina continuis, characteribus nonnullis quodammodo Paniceis anomalis accedit, spicularum tamen structura, glumme palea et lodiculæ omnino Bambusearum.

284. ■astus, Juss. Gen. Pl. 34. (Stemmatospermum, Beaux. Agrostogr. 144, t. 25, f. 5.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, anguste panieulatæ v. subcapitatæ, rhachilla sub flore brevi vix articulata ultra floræ in stipitem longum apice nudum v. glumæ rudimentum ferentem producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ rigide membranaceæ v. coriaceæ, muticæ, multinerves, inferiores vacuæ ∞ (sæpius 6–10) ab extima minima in summam florenti simillimam gradatim auctæ; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, 2-dentata, 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3, longæ. Stamina 6. Ovarium glabrum; styli 2-3, basi connati v. stylus elongatus apice 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus tenuiter plumosis. Caryopsis 'ovato-conica basi indurata' v. oblonga, pericarpio membranaceo.—Gramina arborescentia, ramulis floriferis foliatis ad nodos fasciculato-verticillatis, foliis Bambusæ. Panicula nunc stricta breviter parceque ramosa at laxiuscula, nunc densa fere in capitulum contracta. Spiculæ erectæ.

Species 2 v. 3, ins. Mascarensium incolæ, typica Borbonica; altera Madagascariensis N. capitatus, Kunth, Rev. Gram. 325, t. 75, a Munroio ad Becsham refertur. Spiculæ in speciminibus nostris omnes juniores v. vacuæ, sed Kunthii icon et descr. nobis potius Nastum quam Ochlandram referre videntur. N. barbatus, Rupr., ex obs. recentioribus Munroi est Guaduæ species.

285. Gradus, Kunth, Syn. Pl. Equin. i. 252.—Spiculæ 2-\(\pi\)-floræ, rarius 1-floræ, varie capitatæ glomeratæ v. subspicatæ, parum v. vix compressæ, rhachilla sub floribus sæpius articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. varie polygamis. Glumæ rigide membranaceæ v. subcoriaceæ, muticæ v. rarius breviter mucronatæ, multinerves, inferiores vacuæ 2-6 ab extima parva in superiorem florentibus similem gradatim auctæ; palea glumæ subæqualis, sæpius tenuior carinis 2 valde prominentibus sæpissimeque membranaceo-alatis. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 6. Ovarium apice villosum; styli 2-3, basi subconnati, stigmatibus varie plumosis. Caryopsis ovali-oblonga v. fere linearis, apice pubescens v. hirsuta, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera, pericarpio semini adhærente.—Gramina arborescontia, sæpe aculeata v. spinifera, foliis brevissime petiolatis cum vagina articulatis planis, venults transversis obsoletis. Spiculæ nunc magnæ, elongatæ, in apicibus ramulorum paucæ subspicatæ v. glomeratæ, erectæ v. reversæ, nunc minores v. angustæ, secus ramos paniculæ amplæ capitatæ v. glomeratæ.

Species ad 15, Americæ tropicæ incolæ. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 76. Rupr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, v. t. 14 ad 16. Humb. et Bonpl. Pl. Figurn. t. 20, 21 (Bambusa). Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 337 (Bambusa). Dæll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. t. 48, 49 et t. 52 (Bambusa) et t. 53 (Nastus). Fourn. Gram. Mex. 129.

Dæll G. capitatam, Munro, ad Bambusam transfert, sed paleæ carinæ in speciminibus nostris certe latiusculæ alatæ omnino Guaduæ. G. exalata, Dæll, est Arthrostylidium longiflorum, Munro, staminibus 3 nec 6. G. pallescens, Dæll l. c. 186, t. 50, e 'Rio Janeiro Glaziou n. 2832' verisimiliter in horto botanico culta, est Bambusa pallida, Munro, species Indica haud raro culta, characteres omnino Bambusæ ostendens. Genera cæterum Bambusa et Guadua inter se valde affinia sunt.

286. Bambusa, Schreb. Gen. Pl. 236. (Bambos, Retz, Obs. v. 24. Ischurochloa, Büse in Pl. Jungh. 389.)—Spiculse 2-co-florse, secus ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla

sub floribus articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. superiore masculo, inferioribus interdum sterilibus. Glumæ rigide membranaceæ v. subcoriaceæ, muticæ v. breviter mucronato-acuminatæ, tenuiter multinerves, inferiores 3-4 vacuæ ab extima parva in superiorem florentibus subsimilem gradatim auctæ; florentes longiores, summa sæpius angusta vacua; palea glumæ subæqualis, sæpe angusta, carinis 2 acutis ciliatis valde prominentibus vix tamen vere alatis. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis. Ovarium apice hirsutum; stylus elongatus, indivisus v. varie 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus breviter plumosis. Caryopsis oblonga, facie plana v. leviter sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera, pericarpio tenui semini adhærente, humectato tamen facile solubili.—Gramina arborescentia v. rarius suffruticosa v. scandentia, interdum spinifera, foliis breviter petiolatis cum vagina articulatis planis venulis transversis obscuris v. conspicuis. Panicula in caule inferne foliis denudato interdum quam maxime decomposita, rarius simplex. Spiculæ quam in Guadua sæpius minores, secus ramos elongatos sæpissime fasciculatæ semi-verticillatæ sessilesque.

Species bene notæ ad 24, Asiæ tropicæ v. subtropicæ incolæ, quarum una etiam in America tropica late dispersa, sæpissime tamen culta. His a variis auctoribus adduntur ultra 50 quarum flores fructusque adhue ignoti et ideo valde dubiæ remanent. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 87. Rupr. in Mem. Acad. Sc. Petersb. ser. 6, v. 137, t. 11 ad 13. Kurz, Bamb. 54; For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 550. Beauv. Agrostogr. t. 25, f. 3 (Nastus). Wendl. Collect. t. 47, male. Kunth, Rev. Gram. t. 73, 74. Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 79. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 321.

B. nana, Roxb., a cæteris speciebus differt inflorescentia multo simpliciore, panicula brevi, spiculis paucis vix fasciculatis. B. pubcscens, Dœll in Mart. Fl. Bras. ii. iii. 189, t. 51, ex ins. Santa Catherina Brasiliæ, nobis ignota est. B. capitata, Trin.; Dœll l. c. 190, t. 52, ex obs. recentioribus Munroi, et ex speciminibus nostris, certe Guaduæ nec Bambusæ species.

287. Gigantoehioa, Kurz MS.; Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 123.—Spiculæ oblongæ, superne parum attenuatæ, ∞-floræ, secus ramos elongatos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla demum sæpius articulata, floribus hermaphroditis v. abortu unisexualibus. Glumæ rigidule membranaceæ, multinerves, muticæ v. mucronato-acuminatæ, inferiores 3-5 vacuæ ab extima parva in superiorem florentibus subsimilem gradatim auctæ; florentes longiores, summa sæpius angusta vacua; palea glumis subæqualis, angusta, carinis 2 superne prominulis ciliatis. Lodiculæ 3 v. pauciores (rarius 0?). Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum primum ovarium vix superantem demum longum tenuem connatis. Ovarium apice hirsutum; stylus elongatus, indivisus v. superne breviter 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus tenuibus breviter pilosis. Caryopsis (ubi nota) oblonga v. angusta, antice sæpius sulcata, gluma paleaque inclusa, libera, pericarpio membranaceo.—Gramina arborescentia, habitu Bamlnisæ. Paniculæ rami sæpe longissimi, spicularum glomerulis densis subglobosis numerosis.

Species 4 v. 5, Indiæ orientalis et Archipelagi Malayani incolæ. Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 555 (excl. G. albociliata); Bamb. 58.

288. Oxytenanthera, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 126.—Spiculæ elongato-conicæ densissime capitatæ v. glomeratæ (rhachilla vix articulata?) flore unico terminali hermaphrodito additis interdum 1-3 inferioribus (masculis v. sterilibus?). Glumæ ∞ (6-10) ab infima brevi lata ad superiores longas semet arcte involventes gradatim auctæ, rigidæ membranacæ, acutæ v. mucronulatæ, multinerves, omnes præter summam væcuæ v. 1-3 superiores florentes; in flore terminali palea 0, nisi pro palea glumam intimam sequenti simillimam haberes. Lodiculæ 0. Stamina 6, filamentis in tubum primum ovarium vix excedentem demum longum tenuem connatis. Stylus elongatus, apice 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus brevisaime pilosis. Flores inferiores dum adsint omnino Gigantochloæ, palea normali 2-carinata. Caryopsis floris terminalis ubi nota lineari-oblonga, glumis laxe inclusa, libera, pericarpio membranaceo, florum lateralium non vidimus.—Gramina arborescentia habitu Gigantochloæ.

Species ad 6, quarum 5 Indiæ orientalis v. Archipelagi Malayani incolæ, Bedd. Ic. Pl. End. Or. 1. 234, Fl. Sylv. 1. 322, habitu et inflorescentia Gigantochloam referunt, quacum junxit Kurs; ab illa differunt et Schizostachyo accedunt spiculis superne attenuatis flore terminali (solo fertili?) epaleaceo.

Specific dexts, per Africam tropicam late disperse, sectionem format Scirpobambee, A. Rich. Fl. Abyss. ii. 428, sub Basebees; insignis est capitulo magno globoso inter folia summa secific solitario v. phyribus in spica simplici interrupta, spiculis maximis glumis sepissime omnibus penter terminalem vacuis alternatim imbricatis sed potius spiraliter dispositis quam distichis. Harum fleres laterales non vidimus. In speciminibus Abyssinicis Schimperi, et in Ethiopicis Schweinfurthii, spicula ampe undique ananthes. Caryopsin vidimus inter fragments in herb. Munro servata e specimine Welwitschiano. Specimina occidentalia Barteri et Vogelii folia sola prebent et ideo incerta remanent.

289. Dendrocalamus, New in Linnaa, ix. 476.—Spiculæ 2-co-floræ, secus ramos elongatos paniculatæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla vix articulata ultra flores sæpe productæ in stipitem nudum v. glumiferum, floribus plerisque hermaphroditis, uno solo tamen sæpius fertili. Glumæ membranaceæ v. rigidulæ, multinerves, muticæ v. breviter aristatomucronatæ, inferiores vacuæ 2-co, ab extima brevi in superiorem florentibus similem gradatim auctæ; palea gluma vix brevior, angusta, 2-carinata, carinis sæpius ciliatis. Lodiculæ 0 v. rarius rudimenta 1-2. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis. Ovarium apice hirsutum; stylus elongatus (indivisus?) v. apice breviter 2-3-fidus. Caryopsis parvula, ovoidea v. subglobosa, styli basi sæpius acuminata v. rostrata, glumis inclusa, libera, pericarpio crustaceo v. indurato a semine libero.—Gramina fruticosa v. arborescentia, foliis Bambusæ. Paniculæ rami valde elongati, glomerulis seu capitulis numerosis dissitis multispiculis dense globosis v. minoribus.

Species 9, Indiæ orientalis Archipelagi Malayani et Chinæ incolæ. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 146, t. 6. Kurz For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 558, et in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xlii. 250. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 325.

Species typica est Bambusa stricta, Roxb., in India frequens, icon tamen, Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 80, ex Munroio Oxytenantheram Thwastesii, Munro, refert, etsi in analysi filamenta libera delineantur.

290. Melecalamas, Benth. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xix. 134.—Spiculæ parvæ, 2-floræ, secus ramos elongatos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla inter flores brevi continua, ultra flores in stipitem glumiferum producta, floribus hermaphroditis, infimo solo fertili. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 2, membranaceæ, latæ, muticæ, multinerves; florentes similes vix v. non majores, terminalis vacua parva, ovoideo-globosa; palea glumæ æquilonga, latissima, membranacea, prominenter 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3, magnæ. Stamina 6. Ovarium glabrum, acuminatum; styli 3, breves, basi connati, stigmatibus plumosis, Caryopais mox exserta, demum fide Kurzii valde aucta, subglobosa, basi glumis stipata, pericarpio haud crasso rigide coriaceo, semine magno carnoso intra pericarpium libero.—Gramen arborescens, foliis Bambusæ. Inflorescentia Dendrocalami flagelliferi, Munro, spiculis adhuc minoribus. Fructum juniorem tantum vidimus, maturus a Kurzio pollicem diametro excedens dicitur.

Species 1, Martabanica (M. compactiflorus, Benth.). Kurz, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 567; Bamb. t. 2, f. 13 (Pseudostackyum compactiflorum).

Genus pluribus notis Dendrocalamo affinius videtur quam Pseudostachyo, ab utroque differt fructu magno fere Melocanne, semine ipso tamen nec pericarpio carnoso-incrassato.

291. Pseudestachyum, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 141, t. 4.—Spiculæ parvulæ, 1-floræ, secus ramos paniculæ laxe spicatæ, varie bracteatæ, rhachilla sub flore brevi ultra florem producta sæpe glumifera, flore hermaphrodito. Gluma inferior vacua florenti similis nisi minor; florens lata, membranacea, convoluta, multinervis, mutica v. mucronulata; terminalis parva, globosa v. oblonga, vacua v. floris rudimentum includens; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, convoluta, carinis 2 superne prominentibus. Lodiculæ 3 (v. 4.) majusculæ. Stamina 6. Ovarium glabrum; stylo rigidulo complanato rostrata. Caryopsis depresso-globosa, glabra, glumas paleamque persistentes non v. vix excedens, pericarpio crustaceo a semine libero.—Gramen subarborescens, foliis Bambuaz. Paniculærami nune breves incurvi densissime fasciculati, spiculis florentibus parum distantibus,

nunc elongati incurvi v. flexuosi spiculis nunc dissitis angustis sterilibus glabris, nunc ut videtur morbosis sterilibusque valde incrassatis villosis irregulariter globosis v. e glumis numerosis imbricatis elongatis v. falcatis.

Species 1, Himalayensis, altera a Kurzio addita genus nostrum Melocalamum format.

292. Greslania, Balansa in Bull. Soc. Bot. Fr. xix. 319.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in ramulis paniculæ spicatæ v. subcymoso-confertæ, rhachilla sub flore brevi, ultra florem in stipitem sæpe glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ rigide membranaceæ v. coriaceæ, latæ, muticæ, multinerves, 2 inferiores vacuæ, infima parva; florens vacuis longior, summa vacua angusta tenuisque v. ad rudimentum reducta; palea glumæ æquilonga, multinervis, apice obscure 2-carinata. Lodiculæ 3. Stamina 6. Styli 3, distincti, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis fide Balansæ tereti-oblonga, pericarpio crasso celluloso, semine libero.—Gramina elata, foliis Bambusæ v. rigidis brevibusque. Panicula terminalis, ampla, ramulis sæpe foliatis. Spiculæ nunc angustæ secus ramulos ultimos paucæ subspicatæ, nunc parvæ rigidæ ad apices ramulorum numerosæ, fere in cymulas densas confertæ. Bracteæ sub ramulis spiculisque parvæ.

Species 3, Novo-Caledonicæ. Genus Pseudostachyo et Teinostachyo valde affine, quæ omnia forte in unum jungenda.

293. Teinestachyum, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 142, t. 3.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus ramulos paniculæ irregulariter subspicatæ bracteatæ, rhachilla sub flore brevi subarticulata ultra florem in stipitem glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ membranaceæ, sæpe mucronatæ, multinerves, inferiores 1-2 vacuæ, florens subsimilis nisi longior, lata, arcte convoluta, terminalis vacua, angusta; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, multinervis, arcte convoluta, carinis 2 apicem versus valde prominentibus ciliatis. Lodiculæ 2-3, majusculæ. Stamina 6. Ovarium glabrum; stylus elongatus, rigidus, apice breviter 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus . . . Caryopsis (immatura) ovoidea, acuminato-rostrata, haud magna, pericarpio crassiusculo a semine soluto.—Gramina fructicosa arborescentia v. subscandentia foliis Bambusæ. Paniculæ rami spiciformes, nunc breves paucispiculati (errore pro spiculis ∞-floris descripti), nunc longiores multispiculati plus minus compositi sed ob ramulos virgatos angusti. Bracteæ spathaceæ fere glumiformes sub spicarum ramulis et spiculis ipsis interdum glumæ gemmiparæ dicuntur.

Species 3. Indise orientalis incolæ. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 323.

Genus a Kurzio, For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 566, cum Cephalostachyo jungitur, a quo differt tamen inflorescentia notisque nonnullis spicularum structuræ.

294. Cephalostachyum, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 138.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, in capitulo globoso terminali numerosæ v. in glomerulis capituliformibus secus rachin dissitis bracteis glumiformibus spiculisque imperfectis intermixtæ, rhachilla brevissima, basi articulata, ultra florem in stipitem nudum interdum longum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ præter bracteas glumiformes 2-3, membranaceæ, latæ, convolutæ, multinerves, muticæ, 1-2 inferiores vacuæ, superior florens longior; palea glumæ æquilonga, lata, convoluta, multinervis, apice prominule 2-carinata, 2-dentata v. 2-mucronata. Lodiculæ 2-3, magnæ. Stamina 6. Stylus elongatus, apice breviter 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus plumosis. Caryopsis (adhuc immatura haud magna) glabra, oblonga, rostrata, pericarpio crassiusculo a semine libero.—Gramina fruticosa v. arborescentia, foliis Bambueæ. Capitula ad apices ramulorum fasciculatorum sæpius solitaria, dense globosa, in speciebus paucis secus rhachin seu paniculæ ramum elongatum inter se distantia et minus densa. Spiculæ in capitulis ad 3-5 fasciculatæ; bracteæ sub fasciculis fere spathaceæ, sub spiculis minores, interdum plures vacuæ v. spicularum rudimenta foventes (glumæ gemmiparæ dictæ), interdum omnes setaceo-acuminatæ capitulo subechinato.

Species 5 v. 6, Indise orientalis et Madagascarise incolse. Kurs. For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 563, esol. sp. n. 5 et 6. Griff. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 151 (Schizostachyum).

Bambusa virgata, Trin. Spec. Gram. t. 338, a Munroio ad Melocannam relata, a Kursio rectius ad

Cephalostachyum transfertur. C. Griffithii, Kurz, ad Tsinostachyum restituendum. Bambusa echisostachyoides, Kurz, a Munroio dubie inter Melocannas recensita, a Kurzio primum ad Tsinostachyum et serius ad Cephalostachyum relata, est ex speciminibus Kurzianis e Horto Calcuttensi acceptis vera species Bambusa.

295. Schiscetachyum, Nees, Agrostogr. Bras. 535.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus rhachin seu ramos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla vix articulata ultra florem in stipitem capillarem nudum v. minute glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ  $\infty$  (6-10) inferiores vacuæ, ab infima parva ad superiores longiores convolutas gradatim auctæ, ecarinatæ, muticæ, multinerves, summa sub flore terminali (v. palea?) vix minor, pariter multinervis, ecarinata; palea cæterum 0. Lodiculæ 2-3, angustæ. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis. Stylus elongatus, apice 2-3-fidus, stigmatibus breviter pilosis. Caryopsis ubi nota parvula, ovoidea v. subglobosa, glumis persistentibus stipata v. inclusa, libera, pericarpio crustaceo v. indurato haud crasso a semine libero.—Gramina fructicosa v. arborescentia, foliis Bambusæ. Paniculæ parum ramosæ v. pedunculus simplex, spicularum glomerulis paucis v. numerosis non secundis. Spiculæ nunc parvulæ nunc longiusculæ, sæpius tenues.

Species ad 8, Archipelagi Malayani, Chinæ et ins. maris Pacifici incolæ. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 135. Kurz in Journ. Asiat. Soc. Beng. xxxix. 88; Bamb. 63.

S. parvifolium, Munro, e Madagascaria, a genere recedit inflorescentia subunilaterali, spiculis tenuissimis, glumis virentibus membranaceis prominenter 7-9-nervibus, florente fere carinata, palea 2-carinata. Fructus ignotus, genus igitur incertum nobis tamen Nasto affinius quam Schistostachyo apparet.

Chloothamus, Büse in Pl. Jungh. 386, species Javensis nobis ignota, a Munroio dubie ad Nastum relata, a Kurzio ad Schizostachyum absque dubio transfertur. A priore pluribus notis recedit et etiam a Schizostachyo ex descriptione Busei differre videtur spiculis secundis cernuis.

296. Dinochica, Büse in Pl. Jungh. 387.—Spiculæ 1-floræ, minimæ, secus ramos elongatos paniculæ dissite glomeratæ, rhachilla brevi inarticulata ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ inferiores vacuæ 3-4, latæ, obtusissimæ, multinerves, ecarinatæ, muticæ, ab infima brevi in summam florentem gradatim auctæ; florens vacuis subsimilis, latissima, valde convoluta, apice margine ciliata; paleam nullam vidimus. Lodiculæ 0. Stamina 6. Ovarium glabrum; styli breves. Caryopsis, a nobis non visa, bacciformis intus carnosa dicitur.—Gramina frutescentia altissime scandentia, foliis Bambusæ, panicula supra-decomposita, ramis tenuibus elongatis. Spiculæ in tribu minimæ, numerosissimæ, fasciculis seu glomerulis sessilibus subglobosis, interdum in ramulos breves excrescentibus.

Species nobis nota 1, Archipelagi Malayani incola. Manro in Trans. Linn. Soc. 153, t. 5 (quoad analysem f. 4 et 5 erronea). Huic addidit Kurz (For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 570) 2, quarum una Andamanica ex descr. evidenter congener, altera floribus fructuque ignotis affinitatis dubiæ.

297. Exclocanna, Trin. in Spring. New Entd. ii. 43.—Spiculse 1-floræ, in spicis unilateralibus dense confertæ, 2-3-natim fasciculatæ bracteatæque, rhachilla inarticulata ultra florem non producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glumæ co (6-10) membranacæ, mucronato-acuminatæ, ecarinatæ, multinerves, ab infima brevi in superiorem convolutam gradatim auctæ; summa sub flore (v. palea?) cæteris similis nisi paullo minor, pariter co-nervis, ecarinata; palea cæterum 0. Lodiculæ 2, angustæ. Stamina 6, filamentis liberis v. irregulariter cohærentibus. Ovarium glabrum; stylus elongatus, apice 2-4-fidus, stigmatibus breviter pilosis. Caryopsis maxima, globosa v. ovoidea, basi glumis persistentibus stipata, acumine crasso recurvo sæpius rostrata, pericarpio crassissimo carnoso a semine libero.—Gramen arboreum, foliis Bambusæ. Panicula longa, angusta, virgata, ramulis seu spicis numerosis brevibus sessilibus secundis; spicularum fasciculi sessiles, secundi, secus ramulos conferti. Bracteæ glumacœ numerosæ, subimbricatæ, ramulorum bases et spicularum fasciculos amplectentes.

Species 1, Indiæ orientalis incola, in Mauritio culta. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 131 (excl. sp. omnibus præter M. bambusoideam). Roxb. Corom. Pl. t. 243 (Bambusa).

Kurz in For. Fl. Brit. Burm. ii. 569, speciem novam addidit, que tamen floribus fructuque ignotis valde dubia remanet.

298. Ochlandra, Thw. Enum. Pl. Zeyl. 376. (Beesha, Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. xxvi. 144.)—Spiculæ 1-floræ, secus pedunculum simplicem cum sterilibus minoribus glomeratæ v. in capitulum unicum terminale confertæ, rhachilla inarticulata ultra florem seepius in stipitem brevem nudum v. minute glumiferum producta, flore hermaphrodito. Glume vacuse co (3-7), subcoriacese, mucronulatse v. muticee, ecarinatse, multinerves, ab infima brevi lata in supremam elongatam convolutam gradatim auctæ; summa florens (v. palea?) vacuis similis nisi paullo minor florem involvens; palea cæterum 0. Lodiculæ? irregulares inæquales, interdum fere glumiformes, ima basi v. altius cum filamentis plus minus coalitæ. Stamina  $\infty$  (6–30), filamentis nunc in tubum primum brevissimum demum glumas superantem sed facillime fissum coalitis, nunc subliberis v. irregulariter hinc inde Ovarium longe acuminatum, glabrum; stylus elongatus, breviter 4glumaceo-dilatatis. 6-fidus, stigmatibus serrulato-pilosis. Caryopsis maxima (sæpe co-pollicaris), ovoideo-conica, acuminato-rostrata, glumis persistentibus stipata, pericarpio crassissimo carnoso a semine subgloboso libero.—Gramina arborea v. fruticosa, foliis Bambusæ. Spicularum capitula v. glomeruli nunc spicam densam subinterruptam formant nunc capitulum magnum terminale. Spiculæ ipsæ longiusculæ, antheris exsertis sæpius numerosis insignes.

Species 3, Indiæ orientalis peninsulæ et Zeylaniæ incolæ. Bedd. For. Man. Bot. 234; Fl. Sylv. t. 324.

Beesha, Rheede, Hort. Malab. v. t. 60, speciem refert pro genere non definitam. Beesha, Kunth in Journ. Phys. xcv. 151, est genus spurium imprimis ad Bambusam bacciferam, Roxb. (Melocannam) descriptum, quacum junxit plantam Rheedii ad quam Munro genus Beesham limitavit, quod tamen Thwaites jam prius sub nomine Ochlandri bene descripsit.

# ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA

### IN VOLUMINE TERTIO.

## Pag.

- ▼ in Conspectu Ordinum CLVII. ELEAGNACEE, lin. 2, lege Stamina numero loborum æqualia v. dupla.
- vi CLXIII. CERATOPHYLLEE, lin. 3, loco Radicula supera, lege Radicula infera.

# ORDO CXXVIII. NYCTAGINEE.

3 in Conspectu, post 17. PISONIAM, insere:

17a. Eggersia. Flores solitarii, minuti, hermaphroditi. Stamina 7-8, inclusa. Stigma terminale.

—Ins. S. Thomas, India occid.

- 1. Mirabilis,
- Sect. 1. Eumirabilis, lin. 4, dele Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 48.
- 4 2. Oxybaphus, in charactere generico, lin. 3, pro Involucrum 1-3-florum, lege involucrum 1-5-florum.

sect. 2, lin. 3, post (Mirabilis, A. Gr.), adde: Torr. Bot. Emory Exped. t. 48. ad calcem generis adde:

Characteres quibus Oxybaphum a Mirabili distinximus, imprimis e perianthii et involucri fructiferi forma, parum constantes evadunt, nec certiores videntur illi quos A. Gray ex anthocarpio deduxit, et Oxybaphus melius pro sectione Mirabilis habendus est.

- 6 lin. 2, pro Boerhaavia erecta, lege Boerhaavia stricta.
- 8 14. Moldon,

in nabitatione, pro Species 2 Mexicanæ quarum una etiam Cubensis, lege Species 1 Mexicana; et citatis adde: Boldoa, Lag. Elench. Hort. Matr. Nov. Gen et Sp. 10, quoad characterem genericum et speciem unam; species 2 cæteræ auctoris cum illa Cubensi supra memorata ad Cryptocarpum referendæ videntur. Cfer. Hemsl. in Biol. Centr. Amer. iii. 8.

9 post 17. Pisoniam, insere:

17a. Eggersia, Hook. f. in Ic. Pl. t. 1401.—Flores minuti, solitarii, hermaphroditi, 3-4-bracteolati. Perianthium urceolare, ore 5-dentato, dentibus erectis induplicato-valvatis. Stamina 7-8, inclusa, filamentis inequilongis breviter filiformibus basi in tubum brevem connatis; antheræ didymæ. Ovarium ovoideum, in stylum brevem subterminalem attenuatum, stigmate punctiformi. Fructus . . .—Frutex glaberrimus, ramulis strictis elongatis. Folia parva, solitaria v. in ramulis abbreviatis fasciculata, sessilia, obovato-oblonga, apice rotundata, coriacea, enervia. Flores pedunculati, pedunculo foliis multo breviore hirtello; bracteolæ sub flore minutæ. Perianthium hirtellum.

Species 1, insules S. Thomas India occidentalis incola.

# ORDO CXXIX. ILLECUBRACES.

Pag.

#### 15 5. Achyronychia,

in adnot. lin. 3, pro A. Palmeri, Hook. f., lege A. Parryi, Hemsl.

#### 16 8. Siphonychia,

ad calcem generie adde: Chapman, in Fl. S. U. St. 47, species Siphonychiæ distinguit 4.

## ORDO CXXX. AMARANTACEE.

- 20 in char. ordinis par. 2, lin. 3, post foliorum descriptionem adde : Stipulæ 0.
- 21 in Conspecte n. 2, pro Melanocarpum, lege Pleuropetalum.
- 24 n. 2, pro Melanecarpum, Hook. f. gen. nov., lege Pleuropetalum, Hook. f. in Trans. Linn. Soc. xx. 221; in Hook. Lond. Journ. v. t. 2; et in Bot. Mag. t. 6674 (Allochlamys, Moq. in DC. Prod. xiii. ii. 463), et in lin. 3, pro Stamina 5, lege Stamina 5-8, et post basi adde v. alte.

ad calcem generis adde: Genus Pleuropetalum, nobis ex specimine manco diu imperfecte cognitum, supra i. 157, dubie inter Portulaceas collocavimus, hodie melius notum pro Melanocarpo nostro agnovimus, et cum Moquinio ad Amarantaceas referrimus. Species 2, Mexici, Ecuadorim et ins. Galapagorum incolæ. Hemsley in Biolog. Centr. Amer. iii. 11. Hook. f. Bot. Mag. t. 6674.

## 25 4. Celosia,

in citatis, lin. 2, dele S. Wats. Bot. Calif. ii. ined.

#### 38 39. Telanthera.

sect. 1, lin. 1, pro Bucholtsia, lege Bucholsia; et lin. 4, pro Bucholtzia, lege Bucholzia.

#### ORDO CXXXI. CHENOPODIACEE.

45 in Conspectu, post 18. CHRATOCARPUM, insere:

#### \*\*\* Genus Cyclolobearum anomalum.

18s. Редимонтивантия. Flores 3-ni, intermedius Ç perianthio fructifero immutato, 2 laterales abortivi, parianthio demum in alam reticulatam orbicularem expanso.—Terr. Somali.

- 48 in Generibus exclusis, Pugionium, Gertn., pre Caryophyllon, lege Crucifora.
- 55 ad calcem paginæ adde:

18a. Pleuropterantha, Franch. Sert. Somal. 59, t. 5.—Flores interrupte spicati, ad axillas bractearum minimarum 3-ni, sessiles, 2 laterales abortivi 1-bracteolati, ad perianthium mox in alam orbicularem amplam reticulatam expansum reducti; intermedius hermaphroditus, ebracteolatus. Perianthii segmenta 5, 2 exteriora paullo majora, ovata, concava; 3 interiora obovata, plana, membranacea, post anthesin immutata. Stamina 5, hypogyna, inclusa, filamentis basi in annulum connatis; antherse latse, mediofixes. Discus 0. Ovarium obovoideum; stylus brevis, stigmate crasso; ovulum leviter campylotropum. Utriculus orbicularis, compressus, perianthii segmentis inclusus, et inter alas florum abortivorum invicem appressas immersus, pericarpio crasso. Semen erectum, albumine copioso; embryo annularis, radicula hilum spectante.—Herba indurata, glabra, divarica-

Pag.

tim ramosa, ramis gracilibus. Folia alterna, linearia. Flores minimi, ad apices ramorum v. in axillis superioribus spicati, ternationibus secus rhachin tenuem dissitis. (Char. ex auctoris descr. et ic.)

Species 1, terræ Somali Africæ tropicæ orientalis incola, a nobis non visa.

60 31. Eochia.

habitationi adde: Australia.

- 77 78. Viluous, lin. 1, pro Senan., lege Seman.
- 78 80. Auredera, lin. 2, synonymis adde: Siebera, Presl in Oken, Isis xxi. 295. Beriesa, Steud. Nom. Bot.

## ORDO CXXXII. PHYTOLACCACEE.

87 19. Agdestis.

ad calcem adde: Fructus sepius 3-4-locularis 3-4-spermus, ex Hemsl. in Biol. Centr. Amer. iii. 30.

# ORDO CXXXIV. POLYGONACEE.

- 91 in Conspectu, 25, BRUNNICHIA, lin. 3, habitationi adde: Afr. trop. occid.
  - 99 15. Polygonum,

ad calcem generis adde:

- In P. Weyrichii, F. Schmidt, nux perianthio 3-4-plo longior, angulis alatis, sed embryo Polygoni nec Facopuri.
- 102 lin. 12 loco omnino aphyllis, lege aphyllis v. novellis paucifoliatis.
- 103 24. Antigonon,

in citatis, lin. 3, post Fl. des Serres, dele (quoad fructus male).

25. Brunnichia,

habitationi, post australiorum, adde et Africa tropica occidentalis.

# ORDO CXXXV. PODOSTEMACEE.

108 in Conspectu, post 19. OSERYAM, insere:

19a. Potamorron. Squamellæ exteriores 4. Filamentum liberum. Stigmata linearia.—Merico.

114 post 19. Oseryam, insere:

19a. Petamebryen, Liebm. in Forhandl. Skandin. Naturf. 1847, 513.—Flores hermaphroditi. Squamellæ exteriores 4, membranaceæ. Stamen 1, filamento filiformi libero; anthera ovato-sagittata, 2-locularis. Ovarium sessile; stigma 3-fidum (an petius 2-fidum?), lobis filiformibus divaricatis. Capsula 2-locularis, valvis 2 insegnificae, majore persistente elastice deorsum involuta, altera minore decidua; dissegnimatam placentiforme, longitudinale, dehiscentia valvarum liberum, deciduum.—Plantula-aquatica, Jungermanniæ facie, radice minuta callosa saxis affixa, cæspitoso-ramosa, foliosa, ramis

# ADDENDA ET CORRIGENDA.

Pag. 1220

alternis irregularibus. Folia amplexicaulia 2-4-stiche imbricata, adnata, integerrima. Spathæ plures, alternse, pedunculum vaginantes. (Char. ex Liebm.)

Species 1, Mexicana, a nobis non visa. Genus evidenter Oscryæ valde affine et forte melius notum ei adjungendum.

# ORDO CXXXVII. CYTINACEE.

# 118 1. Cytinus,

in sect. 3, lin. 1, pro Bdallophyton, lege Scytanthus; pro floribus 4-5-meris, lege floribus 4-9-meris; et lin. 2, ante Bdallophyton, insere Homel. in Biol. Centr. Amer. iii. 40. Scytanthus, Liebm. in Forhandl. Skand. Naturf. Kjobenh. 1847, 183.

## Ordo CXXXVIII. ARISTOLOCHIACEE.

#### 5. Aristolochia.

# 125 ad calcem generis adde:

Guaco. Liebm. in Forhandl. Skandin. Naturf. 1844, 203, frutex scandens, Mexicanus, trunco arboreo, a nobis non visus, ex charactere dato in omnibus cum Aristolockia (Gymnolobo) convenit exceptis stylis, qui 2 dicuntur terminales filiformes in ovario 6-loculare, hic tamen verisimiliter latet error quidam.

# ORDO CXXXIX. PIPERACEE.

- 127 lin. 20, pro Alismaceas, lege Waladaceas.
- 132 7. Peperomia,

citatis adde : Casimir DC. in Mem. Soc. Phys. Gen. xxvii. 305, cum tabb. 15.

# Ordo CXL. CHLORANTHACEE.

- 134 1. Chloranthus; sect. 2, Tricercandra. lin. 1, loco Andrœcium 2-lobum, lege Andrœcium 3-lobum.

  post 1. Chloranthum, insere:
  - 1a. Circenaster, Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Imp. Sc. Petersb. xxvii. 556; Mel. Biol. xi. 345.—Flores hermaphroditi (an more Chloranthi pseudo-hermaphroditi, masculo cum feemineo in receptaculo contiguis at liberis?). Sepala (an bractee?) 2, rarius 3, minuta, squamiformia, membranacea, persistentia. Petala 0. Stamina 1-2, sepalis alterna, filamento lineari anguste complanato; anthera terminalis, minima, subglobosa, loculis 2 oblique divergentibus. Ovarium lineare, basi attenuatum, nudum; stigma sessile, oblique oblongum; ovulum ordinis. Fructus parvus, oblongus, apice v. fere a medio pilis rigidulis untimatis quasi glochidiatus, pericarpio membranaceo. Semen in speciminibus nostris immaturum, ex Maximowiczio fructum arcte explens, testa tenui a pericarpio vix sepasabili; albumen copiosum, extus corneum, intus carnosum; embryo axilis, majusculus, teres, radicula infera; cotyledones lineares, arcte parallelse, radiculae sequi-

longse et vix latiores.—Herba annua, humilis, tenerrima, caule simplice filiformi, fasciculo foliorum coronato. Folia revera subopposits, sed paribus pluribus arcte approximatis quasi verticillata, petiolata, membranacea, spathulata, tenuia, margine muoronato-serrata. Flores minuti, in axillis pedicellati, pedicellis brevissimis mox parum elongandis (1-2 lin. longis) in racemulum dispositis, rhachi communi tamen haud v. vix evoluta racemulus ad fasciculum reducitur. Bractese ad basin pedicellorum minimæ squamiformes. Fractus infra 2 lin. longi, pro flore tamen majusculi.

Species 1, Asiæ montanæ incola. Specimina nostra a Przewaldskio in regione Kansu Chinæ borealis lecta communicavit Maximowicz cum notis fusioribus, et speciem eandem v. ei valde affinem olim legerunt Strachey et Winterbottom in montibus Himalayæ et descripsit delineavitque J. D. Hooker, specimina tamen cum notis iconeque e collectione Kewensi hodie amissa. Genus distinctissimum, sed nobis characteribus essentialibus Chiorantho affine videtur et etiam habitu speciminibus nonnullis C. japonici, Sieb., quodammodo accedit; differt caule annuo tenerrimo, racemulis ad fasciculum reductis, floribus (an revera?) hermaphroditis, pericarpio haud drupaceo, et embryone longiore cotyledonibus linearibus parallelis. Cotyledones in cæteris generibus sæpius divaricatæ, interdum minimæ vix prominentes.

# ORDO CXLII. MONIMIACEE.

141 6. Ephippiandra, lin. 1, loco Flores dioici, lege Flores monoici v. dioici.

# ORDO CXLIII. LAURINEE.

- 147 par. 3, lin. 3, ante Berberideis, insere Combretaceis (Gyrocarpeis).
- 149 in Conspectu, 29. Umbellularia, lin. 1, loco ordinis quarti, lege ordinis tertii.
- 152 5. Apollonias,
  - in habitione, loco Zeylanica, lege Indica.

# ORDO CXLIV. PROTEACEE.

176 25. Persoents. Characteri generico adde: Embryonis lobi interdum plus quam 2. (Cfg. Benth. Fl. Austral. v. 397.)

# ORDO CXLV. THYMELEACEE.

- 196 22. Drapetes,
  - 3. DAPHNOBRYON, loco Novo-Zelandicæ lege Borneensis.

# ORDO CL. BALANOPHOREE.

233 post conspectum generum, adde:

GENUS NON SATIS NOTUM.

HACHETTEA, Baill. in Bull. Soc. Idna. Par. 1879, 229. Flores dioici. Fl. 5: Perianthii segmenta

Pag.

8, concava, valvata. Stamina 2, filamentis liberis brevibus craasis; antheres terminales, reniformes, 1-loculares, rima superne dehiscentes. Fl. 2: Perianthium crassum, tubulosum, 3-lobum, lobis valvatis. Ovarium inferum; stylus alongatus, clavatus, papillosus; ovula . . . Fructus . . .—Herbs carnosa, rubra. Caulis squamosus. Flores 3 racemosi 2 spicati, bracteati, racemis apicisque ad axillas squamarum sessilibus. (Char. ex descr. auctoris.)

Spacies 1, Nova Caledoniae incola, a nobis non visa. Genus verisimiliter ad *Eubalanophoreas* referendum, etsi differat filamentis liberis et antheris 1-locularibus.

# Ordo CLI. EUPHORBIACEE.

## 244 in Conspectu, ante 18. Sancococcan, insere :

17s. Notobuxus. Fl. 3. Sepala 4. Stamina 6, filamentis brevissimis. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Frutex foliis oppositis integerrimis. Flores ad axillas ternatim fasciculati,  $\mathcal{Q}$  unicus inter 2 3.—Afr. austr.

245 in Conspectu, post 33, CLUYTIANDRAM, insere:

33a. Reverchonia. Sepala basi nuda. Stamina in fl.  $\delta$  2, ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl.  $\circ$ : Pistillum 3-merum; styli breves stigmatibus emarginato-2-lobis; ovula amphitropa. Semina adscendentia, cotyledonibus vix radicula latioribus. Herba annua, parva.—*Texas*.

245 in Conspectu, post 44. Hemicycliam, insere:

44c. Sirangra. Stamina 3, circa discum latum concavum affixa. Ovarium 1-loculare; stigma crassum, peltatum, stylo brevi fultum. Arbor dioiea.—Afr. trop.

253 in Conspectu, dele 161. PHYLLOBOTRYUM, genus ad Minnoens referendum.

#### 262 6. Peranthera,

habitationi adde Nova Zelandia ubi species 2 nuper detectæ. Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1366 B.

266 ante 18. sarcococcam, insere:

17a. Weteburas, Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiv. 78, t. 1400.—Flores monoici, apetali. Discus 0. Sepala in utroque sexu 4, 2-seriatim imbricata. Fl. &: Stamina 6, quorum 2 sepalis exterioribus opposita, 4 per paria sepalis interioribus anteposita, filamentis brevissimis; antheræ juxta basin dorsifixæ, oblongæ, loculis introrsum longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0, toro inter stamina plano. Fl. Q: Ovarium 3-loculare; styli 3, breves, crassi, divergentes, introrsum fere a basi stigmatosi; ovula in loculis gemina, ab apice pendula. Capsula oblonga, triquetra, stylis persistentibus 3-cornuta, loculcide 3-valvis, valvis (ob stylos dehiscentia 2-partitos) 2-cornutis. Semina oblorga, testa crustacea nigra nitida, strophiolo minimo v. obsoleto.—Frutex glaberrimus. Folia opposita, brevissime petiolata, elliptica, integerrima, tenuiter coriacea. Flores ad axillas fasciculati, fasciculis subsessilibus v. brevissime pedicellatis, 3-floris, flore centrali Q, lateralibus &. Bracteæ sub fasciculo 2, basi brevissime connatæ, flores æquantes v. breviter superantes.

Species 1, Natalensis. Genus Baxo affine sed imprimis flore 3 bene distinctum. Florum structura in fasciculo unico scrutata, quoad notas nonnullas minores ulterius confirmanda.

#### 272 ante 34. Phyllanthum, insere:

33a. Reverchenia, A. Gray in Proc. Amer. Acad. xvi. 107.—Flores monoici v. dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Sepala 4, distincta, spathulato-oblonga, subherbacea, leviter imbricata. Discus obscurus. Stamina in centro floris 2, filamentis brevibus distinctis; antherarum loculi distincti, paralleli, introrsum in longitudinem dehiscentes. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Sepala 6, iis marium similia. Discus pateriformis, 6-crenatus. Ovarium 3-loculare; styli breves, discreti; stigmatibus brevibus crassis emarginato-2-lobis; ovula in

loculis gemina, amphitropa, medio affixa. Capsula 3-locularis, globosa, primum subcarnosa, demum in coccos 2-valves dissiliens. Semina in loculis 2, supra basin hilo parvo affixa, adscendenti-erecta, sectione transversa 3-gona, dorso convexa, estrophiolata, testa crustacea; embryo in albumine carnoso parum incurvus, teres, radicula supera gracili quam cotyledones parum latiores longior.—Herba annua, tenuis at rigidula, glabra, patentim ramosa. Folia alterna, brevi-petiolata, oblonga v. angustiora, integerrima, crassiuscula; stipulæ minimæ, lato-subulatæ, scariosæ. Flores parvi, 2 breviter pedicellati, in axillis solitarii v. cum masculis paucis fasciculati.

'Species 1, Texana. Genus quoad embryonem ad Stenolobicas accedit, sed habitus et characteres centeri affinitatem maximam cum Phyllantho indicant.

## 279 ante 45. Cyclostemon, insere:

44a. Stbangea, Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xv. t. 1411.—Flores dioici, apetali. Fl. 3: Sepala 4-5, imbricata, inæqualia. Stamina 3, circa discum centralem latum carnosum concavum margine leviter undulatum affixa, filamentis liberis; antheræ ovatæ, loculis parallelis longitudinaliter dehiscentibus. Ovarii rudimentum 0. Fl. 2: Calyx maris. Discus hypogynus planus, annularis. Ovarium ovoideum, 1-loculare, in stylum brevem crassum attenuatum; stigma crassum, obliquum, late peltatum; ovula in loculo gemina. Fructus (immaturus) parvus, globosus, stylo brevi stigmateque coronatus, abortu 1-spermus, maturus ignotus.—Arbor parva. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, integerrima, chartacea. Flores parvi, ad nodos defoliatos ramorum annotinorum dense fasciculati, fasciculis breviter pedunculatis v. sessilibus, floribus in fasciculo sessilibus.

Species I, ad fl. Gaboon Africæ occidentalis a Soyauxio lecta. Genus Hemicycliæ valde affine, differt staminum numero, fructibus in fasciculo 2 numerosis parvis, stylo breviter evoluto.

#### 283 58. Baccaurea.

ad calcem generis adde:

COCCOMELIA, Reinw. in Syll. Pl. Soc. Ratisb. ii. 5, e Java, genus ab auctoribus recentioribus prætermissum, est, ex charactere dato, Baccaureæ species.

habitationi generis adde: Africa tropica.

#### 295 84. Croton,

lin. 15, adde: Comatocroton, Karst. in Koch, Wochenschr. 1859, 6, species Colombiana, ab auctore a Barhamia distinguitur imprimis petalorum fl. 2 absentia, quod tamen in speciebus perplurimis Crotonis observatur.

# 299 92. Trigonostemon,

lin. 1, synonymis sectionis Tylogyne, adde: Enchidium, Jack in Mal. Misc. ii. vii. 89.

325 genus 161. Phyllobotryum, ex Euphorbiaceis deleatur, ad Bixaceas translatum; confer Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. xiv. 38, t. 1353.

#### 336 188. Sebastiania,

sect. 2, Microstachys, adde ad calcem: Tragiopsis, Karst. in Koch, Wochenschr. 1859, 5, species Colombiana, ex charactere dato verisimiliter ad hanc sectionem Schastianie pertinet.

# ORDO CLII, BALANOPSEE.

#### 341 1. Balanops,

ad calcem generis adde:

Balanopeie speciem novam ex Australia tropica descripait F. Mueller in Fragm. Phytogr. Austral. x. 114.

#### ORDO CLIII. URTICACEZ.

Pag.

347 in Conspectu, post 47. Perudolmediam, insere:

47a. Olmediella. Stamina numerosa, squamis glanduliformibus intermixta, filamentis filiformibus antheris parvis. Florum capitula pauca in racemum disposita (in *Facudolmedia* filamenta antheris breviora, capitula solitaria v. gemina, sessilia). Fl. 2 ignoti.—*Brasilia*.

368 39. Ficus, sect. S. Eusyce, lin. 10, ante Caprillous, insere:

Plagiosticma, Zucc. in Fl. Jap. Fam. Nat. ii. 98, in adnot., nomen tantum; genus nunquam in Verhandl. Acad. Wiss. Baier. ulterius definitum ut in animo auctoris fuit et ab ipso aliisque incaute citatum.

et citatis adde: Bot. Mag. t. 6675.

372 post 47. Pseudolmediam, insere:

47a. Oimediella, Baill. in Bull. Soc. Linn. Par. 252.—Flores dioici; ¿globoso-capitati, receptaculo bracteis minimis 1- v. pauci-seriatis basi connatis involucrato. Stamina (flores singuli v. in flore quoque 2-3?) numerosa, receptaculo subplano imposita, squamellis nonnullis glanduliformibus v. virescentibus intermixta, filamentis longe exsertis rigide filiformibus; antheræ parvæ, ovatæ, juxta basin dorsifixæ. Fl. Q et fructus ignoti.—Frutices v. arbores iliciformes, glabri, succo non lacteo. Folia alterna, breviter petiolata, oblongo-ovata v. elliptica, coriacea, nitidula, spinoso-serrata, pennivenia et reticulato-venulosa; stipulæ minimæ v. obsoletæ. Florum ¿ capitula in racemis axillaribus pauca, breviter pedicellata.

Species 2 (Brasilianse?) quarum una in horto botanico Napolitano culta, altera, a nobis non visa, in horto Parisiensi. Genus, planta Q ignota, adhuc valde incertum remanet.

#### 377 59. Clarista,

ad calcem adde: in fructibus Soaresiæ ilicifoliæ, Glaz., semen invenimus a basi loculi erectum nec ab apice pendulum ut in Clarisia et in Soaresia delineatur. Folia iis Olmedicllæ Cesatianæ, Baill., simillima. Affinitates speciei, floribus & ignotis, dubiæ remanent.

379 64. Musanga, lin. 2, loco & lege 2 (in massam conferti).

# ORDO CLIX. CUPULIFERE.

408 7. Quercus,

sect. 3 Pasania, citatis adde, Hance in Trim. Journ. Bot. 1875, 136.

410 10. Pagus.

is linea penultima, pro cadiva, lege caduca.

#### Ordo CLXIII. CERATOPHYLLEE.

415 in char. ordinis, lin. 11, loco anatropum, lege orthotropum; lin. 18, loco radicula supera, lege radicula infera.

# ORDO CLXIV. GNETACEE.

 Welwitschia, Characteri generico adde: Folia persistentia, quæ ex auctoritate Walwitschii e cotyledonibus accreta diximus, sunt revera folia primaria supra cotyledones evoluta.

# Ordo CLXV. COMITER.E.

Pag.

- 421 lin. 18 a basi, post Taxodio adde Ginkgo.
  lin. 6 a basi, pro floris ♂, lege floris ♀.
- 430 11. Athrotaxis,

  habitationi post Tasmanicæ adde et Victoriæ incolæ.
- 432 15. Ginkgo, in char. generis lin. 11, dele sempervirens. lin. 13, post Folia, insere decidua.
- 438 26. Pinus,
  libris citatis adde: Engelmann, Rev. Gen. Pinus in Trans. Acad. Sc. St. Louis, iv. 161, t. 1 ad 3.

# ORDO CLXVII. HYDROCHARIDEE.

- 450 1. **Mydrilla**,
  - habitationi adde: Europa orientalis.
- 5. Blyza, adde synonymon: SAIVALA, Wall. Cat. Herb. Ind. n. 5047, nomen tantum.
- 453 9. Ottella, adde synonymon: HYMENOTHECA, Salisb. in Trans. Hort. Soc. i. 268, absque char.
- 454 11. Stratiotes,

habitationi adde: Asia altaica.

# ORDO CLXIX. ORCHIDEE.

- 481 in Conspectu, n. 241, loco Veydagzenia, lege Veydagzynia.
- 485 in Conspects, n. 290, loco Leucorchis, lege Didymoplexis.
- 490 ad calcem generis 1. Pleurothallis, insere:
  - Opusculum nuper accepimus a Botanico Brasiliano J. Barbosa Rodrigueso sub titulo 'Genera et Species Orchidearum Novarum,' descriptiones continens specierum 144 Pleurothallearum Brasiliensium. De harum valore et affinitatibus absque speciminibus judicare nequimus. Auctor eas pro maxima parte ad genera Pleurothallem, Lepanthem, Stelim et Octomeriam refert, et genera 3 nova sequentia proponit:

CHETOCEPHALA, Barb. Rodr. Orch. Nov. 37, charactere dato omnino Pleurothalli convenire videtur, excepta anthera pilosa, quod in genere vasto adhuc quantum scimus non indicatur.

ANATHALLIS, Barb. Rodr. Orch. Nov. 72, species 9 continet; pro characteribus tamen genericis quibus a Pleurchalli distinguuntur, auctor ad fasciculum anteriorem opusculi sui refert nobis adhuc ignotum.

CRYPTOPHORANTHUS, Barb. Rodr. Orch. Nov. 79, species 3 continet ex charactere dato Pleurothalli purpures, Lindl. (Masdevallies fenestrate) affines etsi parvifloras. Sectionem verisimiliter distinctam formant, sepalo postico cum lateralibus connato, lateraliter vero fenestras præmittentibus.

496 ad calcem generis 14. Liparis, adde:

Androchilus, Liebm. in Forh. Skand. Naturf. Möde, iv. 197, herba est Mexicana terrestris a nobis non visa; ex descriptione fusiore in omnibus generi Liparidi convenire videtur, excepto

- Pag. stamine, quod anticum dicitur in fovea columna impressum, filamento distincto subulato \( \frac{3}{2} \) lin. longo instructum, quod nec in Léparide nec in ullo alio genere Orchidearum adhuc observavimus.
- 504 ad calcom generis 24. Zulbunhylli, adde:

Barbosa Rodrigues, Gen. et Sp. Orch. Nov. 110, species 12 novas Brasilianas Bulbophylli describit, inclusis 7 ad Didaotylem relatis.

- 588 215. Pedechilus, lin. 2, loco Plocostigma, lege Placostigma.
- 598 n. 241, loco Vrydagzenia, lege Vrydagzynia.
- 616 dele lin. 15 et 16 (obs. de DIDYMOPLEXI).

n. 290, loco Leucerchis, Blume, lege: Didymoplexis, Griff. in Calc. Journ. iv. 383, t. 17 (Leucorchis, Blume, . . . et characteri generico adde: Pedicellus post anthesin valde elongatur. Capsula oblongo-linearis, erecta. (Cfer. Hemsl. in Journ. Linn. Soc. xx., fasciculo mox edituro.)

- 620 299. Orchis,
  - in habitatione, lin. 2, pro Muscarensium, lege Canariensium.
- 628 306. Barthelina, adde synonymon: Lathrisia, Swartz, Annot. Bot. 49, fide Endlicheri.

# ORDO CLXX. SCITAMINEE.

638 in Conspectu, post 20. Alpinium, insere:

20a. Riedelia. Racemus terminalis. Corolla calycem non excedens. Filamentum longiusculum; antherse connectivum angustissimum, loculis contiguis brevius.—Archip. Malay.

648 post 20. Alpiniam, insere:

20a. Electria, Oliv. in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 1419.—Calyx tubulosus, apice attenuatus, 3-dentatus v. brevissime 3-fidus, demum spathaceo-fissus. Corollæ tubus brevissimus; lobi anguste lanceolati postico paullo latiore, calycem non excedentes. Staminodia lateralia linearia, insequalia, labello breviora, uno interdum minimo v. obsoleto, altero basi plus minus labello adnato v. a basi libero; labellum angustum, 2-fidum, corolla brevius; filamentum longiusculum; antheræ loculi distincti at contigui, connectivo angustissimo loculis breviore. Ovarium 3-loculare, loculis co-ovulatis; stylus filiformis, stigmate parum dilatato ciliato; stylodia crassa, carnosa, obtusa, erecta, styli basin non incrassatam includentia. Fructus . . .—Caulis erectus, foliatus. Flores in racemo terminali recurvo numerosi, breviter pedicellati. Bractese minutæ, squamiformes, bracteolis 0. Perianthium cum androccio post anthesin caducissimum stylo diu persistente.

Species 1, in ins. Buru Archipelagi Malayani a Riedelio lecta.

650 ad calcem generis 24. Stromanthis, adde:

Kenchover, Jorissonne in Belg. Hortic. 1882, 201, t. 8, ex icone et descriptione est evidenter planta Brasiliana a Gardnero sub n. 5638, distributa, quam ad Stromanthem Portessam, Gris. in Ann. Sc. Nat. ser. 4, ix. 187, t. 6, referrimus, nec characteres ullos probet quibus a Stromanthi distinguenda. In pluribus Scitamineis staminodia plus minus variant, etiam in diversis floribus ejusdem speciminis.

# ORDO CLXXIII. IRIDER.

## 609 29. Sisyrinchium,

acet. 2. Echthronema, synonymie adde: Glunosia, Herb. in Bot. Reg. 1843, Misc. 85 (S. palmifulium. Linn.).

# Ordo CLXXIV. AMARYLLIDEE.

731 ad calcem generis 41. Eucharitis, adde :

MATRIEUA, Klotzsch in Allgem. Gartenz. 1853, 337, species Peruviana a nobis non visa, ex descriptione fusiore charactere nullo generico ab Eucharite separanda videtur. Flores in umbella sessiles et membrana petaloidea filamentorum tubo perianthii omnino adnata observantur etiam in E. Sanderii, Baker in Bot. Mag. t. 6676, a qua heec species differt omnibus partibus minoribus, perianthii lobis conniventibus et staminibus breviter exsertis.

- 731 42. Calliphruria, lin. ultima, pro Eucharidem, lege Eucharitem.
- 738 60. Agave,

Pag.

sect. 3 Manfreda, adde synonymon: Allibertia, Marion in Rev. Hort. Bouch. Rhone, Nov. 1882,

# ORDO CLXXVII. ROXBURGHIACEE.

747 1. Stemona, post char. genericum adde:

Nomen genericum **Ecxburghia**, etai recentius, ab omnibus fere botanicis Loureiriano præpositum, forte etiam posthac commoditatis causa retinendum. Nomen ordinis, a Wallichio bene stabilitum, nequaquam in *Stemonaceas* mutandum ut vult Kurz.

# ORDO CLXXVIII. LILIACEE.

- 754 in Conspectu, n. 52, pro Paradisra, lege Paradisia.
- 755 in Conspectu, n. 68, pro Bottinka, lege Bottionea.
- 780 lin. 4, dele cum una Brasiliana.
- 809 122. Litanthus.

post habitationem adde: Bot. Mag. t. 5995.

820 142. Gages, ad calcem adde:

PLECOSTIGMA, Turcz.; Trautv. Pl. Fl. Ross. Imag. 9, t. 2, est Gagea pauciflora, Turcz., cujus stigma quam in cæteris speciebus evidentius 3-fidum, lobis breviter linearibus. Regel, post Ledebourium, hanc speciem in genere Gagea retinuit.

836 186. Zygadenus,

sect. 3. Amianthium, synonymis adde : Endocles, Salish. Gen. Pl. Fragm. 51.

# ORDO CLXXXIII. COMMELINACEE.

847 4. Commelina, synonymis adde: OMPHALOTHECA, Hassk. in Bull. Congr. Bot. 1865, 13, fide Clarkei.

# ORDO CLXXXVII. PALME.

Pag.

- 879 in Conspecie, m. 91, pro Serenæa, lege Serenca.
- 926 genus n. 91, pro Berensa, lege Berenoa.

# ORDO CXCI. AROIDER.

964 5. Pistia, lin. 1, pro Zara, lege Zala.

# ORDO CXCV. NAIADACEE.

1013 5. Apenogeton, synonymis adde: Limnogeton, Edgew. in Lindl. Veg. Kingd. 210, nomen tantum.

# ORDO CC. GRAMINEA.

- 1079 in Conspectu, n. 43, loco Hygrorhiea, lege Hygroryea.
- 1083 in Conspects, M. 101, loco Tetrarhema, lege Tetrarrhema.
- 1084 in Conspecta, n. 104, loco Hierochioa, lege Hierochior.
- 1095 in Conspectu, n. 294, loco Cephalostigma, lege Cephalostachyum.
- 1097 GENERIBUS DUBIIS adde:

Chauvinia, Stend. Syn. Pl. Glum. i. 362, planta Chilensis, est verisimiliter Deyeurie species. Stenostachus, Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosq. ii. 330, si revera planta Novo-Zelandica, est verisimiliter sub alio nomime jam in Flora Novæ Zelandiæ recepta, sed a botanicis recentioribus hand recognita. Cfer. Hook. f. Handb. N. Zeal. Fl. 344.

# INDEX GENERUM ET SYNONYMORUM.

Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Aa, Reichb. f 592	Achudenia, Bl. 385	Ada, Lindl
Abama, Adans 825	Achyranthes, Linn 35	Adamsia, Willd 813
Abapus, Adans 722	Achyronychia, Torr. et	Adaphus, Neck 150
Abelicea, Baill 353	Gr 15, 1218	Adelanthus, Endl 220
Abies, Juss 441	Achyropsis, Moq 36	Adelia, Linn 312
Abies, Don 439	Aciachne, Benth 1143	Adelia, Linn. et Auct 808
Abildgaardia, Vahl 1048	Acianthera, Scheidw 489	Adelonema, Schott 988
Abola, Lindl 566	Acianthus, Br 611	Adelonenga, Becc 885
Abola, Adans 1151	Acicarpa, Raddi 1101	Adenanthos, Labill 173
Abolboda, Humb. et	Acidanthera, Hochst 706	Adenarium, Raf 13
Bonpl 842	Acidocroton, Griseb 291	Adenochilus, Hook. f. 613
Abronia, Juss 7	Acidoton, Sw 328	Adenocheton, Fenzl 256
Abumon, Adans 798	Acidoton, P. Br 291	Adenochlæna, Baill 307
Abutua, Lour 419	Acineta, Lindl 551	Adenocline, Turcz 310
Acacallis, Lindl 544	<i>Acis</i> , Salisb 720	Adenocropis, Bl 283
Acalypha, Linn 311	Acleisanthes, A. Gr 6	Adenogramma, Reichb. 13, 80
Acampe, Lindl 579	Aclinia, Griff 501	Adenogyne, Kl 336
Acanthephippium, Bl 512	Aclista, E. Mey 847	Adenogynum, Zoll 312
Acanthinophyllum, Allem. 377	Acnida, Linn 29	Adenoncos, Bl 576
Acanthocarpus, Lehm 864	Acalorrhaphe, Wendl 882	Adenopeltis, Bert 338
Acanthocaulon, Kl 328	Acontias, Schott 977	Adenopetalum, Kl 259
Acanthochiton, Torr. 29	Acophorum, Gaud 1096	Adenophædra, Muell. Arg. 314
Acanthoglossum, Bl 518	Acoridium, Nees 1043	Adenoropium, Pohl 291
Acanthogonum, Torr 93	Acorus, Linn 999	Adenoscilla, Gren. et Godr. 814
Acantholoma, Gaud 307	Acrachne, W. et Arn 1172	Adenostemum, Pers 149
Acanthonychia, Rohrb 14	Acrea, Lindl 592	Adenostephanus, Kl 177
Acanthophippium, Bl 512	Acratherum, Link 1118	Adenostyles. Bl 599
Acanthophonix, Wendl. 898	Acriopsis, Reinw 586	Adike, Řaf 384
Acanthorhiza, Wendl 925	Acrocarpidium, Mig 133	Adisca, Bl 319
Acanthospora, Spr 670	Acrocarpus, Nees 1067	Adriana, Gaud 306
Acanthostachyum, L. K.	Acrochæne, Lindl 507	Adupla, Bosc 1045
et O 663	Acrocomia, Mart 943	Æchmea, R. et Pav 663
Acanthosyris, Griseb 224	Acrodiclidium, Nees 154	Æchmophora, Spr 1096
Acaste, Salisb 707	Acroelytrum, Steud 1191	Ægialina, Schult 1184
Aocia, St. Hil 328	Aeroglochin, Schrad 48	Ægialitis, Trin 1184
Acedilanthus, Trautv 835	Acrolepis, Schrad 1053	Ægilops, Linn 1204
Aceras, Br 621	Acronia, Presl 489	Ægopogon, Humb. et B. 1121
Acetosa, Neck 101	Acropera, Lindl. 549	Egopogon, Beauv 1145
Achata, Fourn 1153	Acropselion, Bess 1159	Egopricon, Linn. f 383
Achaema, Griff 645	Acrospira, Welw 787	Egotoxicum, Dene 285
Achatocarpus, Trian. 26	Actephila, Bl 269	Æluropus, Tris 1193
Achirida, Horn 655	Actinocarpus, Br 1007	Aerangus, Reichb. f 588
Achlæna, Griseb 1117	Actinochloa, Willd 1168	Aeranthus, Lindl 576
Achnatherum, Beauv 1142	Actinodaphne, Nees 160	Aeranthus, Reichb. f 584
Achneria, Munro 1158	Actinorhytis, Wendl. 889	Aerides, Lour 576
Achneria, Beauv 1155	Actinoschænus, Benth. 1058	Aerobion, Spr 583
Achnodon, Link 1147	Actinostemon, Xl 338	Ærua, Forsk. 34
	Actinostrobus, Mig 425	Ætheria, Endl. 603
	Acyntha, Medik 679	Extoxicon, R. et Pav. 285
Achroanthes, Raf 494	Late y more, and and	

Pag.	Pag.	l Pag.
Agallochum, Lam 200	Allardia, Dietr 670	Amphibolis, Agardh 1015
Agallostackys, Beer 660	Alletotheca, Stend 1191	Amphibromus, Ness 1161
Aganisia, Lindl 544 Agapanthus, Lier 798	Allionia, Linn 4	Amphicarpum, Kunth . 1099 Amphidonax, Nees 1155, 1179
Agapatea, Steud 866	Allionia, Loss 4	Amphigenes, Janka 1199
Agastachys, Br 175	Allium, Lann 802	Amphiglottis, Salisb 530
Agathis, Salish 436	Allmania, Br 27	Amphion, Salisb 765
Agathophora, Bunge 69	Allobium, Miers 214	Amphipogon, Br 1145
Agathophyllum, Juss 151 Agathophytum, Moq 52	Allobrogia, Tratt 783 Allochiamys, Moq. 23, 1218	Amphocheta, Anders 1106 Amphorchis, Thou 628
Agave, Linn 738	Allopythion, Schott 971	Amydrium, Schott 993
Agdestis, Moc. et Sess. 87, 1219	Alloschemone, Schott 992	Anabana, A. Juss 328
Agenium, Noes 1135	Alloteropsis, Presl 1096	Anabasis, Linn 72
Aggeianthus, Wight 509 Agirta. Baill 329	Almyra, Salisb 784  Almaster, Spach 405	Anaoumptis, Rich 620 Anacharis, Rich 450
Agirta, Baill 329 Aglea, Pers 707	Alnaster, Spach 405 Alnobetula, Schur 405	Anacharis, Rich 450 Anacheilum, Hoffm 530
Aglaodorum, Schott 981	Alnus, Gærin 404	Anachyris, Nees 1097
Aglaonema, Schott 981	Alocasia, Schott 975	Anadenia, Br 181
Agnostus, A. Cunn 182	Aloe, Linn	Anadendron, Schott 991
Agraphis, Link 815 Agranlus, Beauv 1149	Alopecurus, Linn 1140 Alophia, Herb 691	Ananas, Adans 662 Ananas, Gærtn 660
Agranlus, Beauv 1149 Agrata, Eckl 708	Alophia, <i>Herb.</i> 691 Alphandia, <i>Baill.</i> 300	Ananassa, Lindl 662
Agriophyllum, Bieb 58	Alpinia, Linn 648	Ananthopus, Raf 847
Agropyrum, Gærtn 1202	Alseodaphne, Nees 157	Anaphyllum, Schott 996
Agrosticula, Raddi 1148	Alstræmeria, Linn 736	Anarmodium, Schott 969
Agrostis, Linn 1149	Alternationia, H. B. K 592 Alternathera, Forsk 38	Anarthria, Br 1080 Anastrophea, Wedd 113
Agrostistachys, Dalz 802 Agrostocrinum, F. Muell. 792	Alternanthera, Forsk 38 Althenia, Petit 1016	Anastrophus, Schlecht 1098
Agrostophyllum, Bl 517	Altingia, Nor 424, 437	Anathallis, Barb. Rodr 1225
Agyneia, Vent 271	Altora, Adans 302	Anatherum, Beauv 1185
Aikinia, Wall 1130	Alvisia, Lindl 509	Anaua, Miq 278
Aiouea, Aubl 158	Amalia, Hort. Hisp 669 Amalias, Hoffm 533	Anchomanes, Schott 973 Ancistrocarpus, H. B. K. 82
Aiphanes, Willd 944 Aira, Lina 1156	Amalias, Hoffm 533 Amanos, Aubl 268	Ancistrophyllum, Mann. 987
Airidium, Steud 1158	Amanoella, Baill 324	Ancrumia, Harv 806
Airochloa, Link 1184	AMARANTACEE 20	Anda, A. Juss 290
Airopsis, Desv 1156	Amarantus, Linn 28	Andiscus, Vell 290 Andrachne. Linn 270
Ajax, Salisb 719 Alamania. Llav 526	Amaryllidem 711 Amaryllis, Linn 727	Andrachne, Linn 270 Andradea, Allom 11
Alamania, Llav 526 Alania, Endl 797	Amblirion, Raf 818	Andriapetalum, Pohl . 177
Albersia, Kunth 28	Amblogyne, Raf 29	Androchilus, Liebm 1225
Albikia, Presl 1054	Amblostoma, Scheidw 522	Androcoma, Nees 1051
Albina, Giseke 648	Amblyachryum, Hochst. 1128	Androcymbium, Willd 822 Androcyme, Griff 507
Albuca Lian 809	Amblyglottis, Bl 520 Ambora, Juss 139	Androgyne, Griff 507 Androlepis, Brongn. 663, 664
Albuca, Linn 809 Albucea, Reichly 816	Amborella, Bail 142	Andromycia, A. Rich 987
Alchornea, Sw 314	Ambrina, Spach 51	Androphoranthus, Karst. 304
Alchorneopsis, Muell.	Ambrosinia, Lina 964	Andropogon, Linn 1133
Arg	Amelina, Clarke 850	Androscepia, Brongn 1136 Androstenima, Lindl 676
Alectoridia, A. Rich 1128	Amiantanthus, Kunth . 836 Amianthium, A. Gr 836	Androstenuna, Lindl 676 Androstephium, Torr 801
Alectorocionum, Schlecht. 259 Alepyrum, Br 1026	Amischotolype, Hassk 850	Androsyne, Salisb 762
Alepyrum, Hieron 1027	Ammocharis, Herb 727	Androtrichum, Brongn 1046
Aletris, Lina 677	Ammochlos, Boiss 1181	Anecochilus, Bl 598
Aleurites, Forst 292	Ammolirion, Kar. et Kir. 787	Aneilema, Br 849
Alevia, Baill 308	Ammophila, Host 1153 Amomophyllum, Engl 998	Anemagrostis, Trin 1152 Anemagrhens, Bunge 782
Alexandra, Bunge 67 Alexis, Salisb 645	Amomum, Linn 644	Anemia, Nutt 128
Alfonsia, H. B. K 944	Amorea, Del 50	Anemtopsis, Hook 128
Alga, Lam 1017	Amoreuria, Moq 50	Anepsias, Schott 991
Algernonia, Baill 339	Amorphophallus, Bl 970	Angelandra, Endl 295 Angolma, Wedd 111
Alipea, Hoffm 495	Ampalis, Boj 365 Ampelocers, Kl 353	Angolssa, Wedd 111 Angostylis, Benth 327
Alisma, Linn 1004 Alisma, Linn 1003	Ampelocera, Kl 853 Ampelodaphne, Meissin 153	Angrascum, Thou 583
Allmanthus, Thu 361	Ampelodesma, Beauv 1178	Anguillaria, Br 824
Allaganthera, Mart 39	Ampeladesmos, Link 1178	Angulos, R. et Pav 548
Allagoptera, Nocs 945	Ampelygonum, Lindl 98	Assia, Lindl
Allagostachyum, Nees . 1096	Amperes, A. Juss 265	Anigozanthos, Labill 676

:	INDEX	GENERUM ET SYNOI	NYMC	RUM.	1231
	Pag.		ag.	. T Maria	Pag. 573
Anigosia, Salisb	. 676	aprogram, common	49	Armodorum, Breds Arnocrinum, Endl	795
Anslema, Kunth	. 849	Tiping Indiana.	95 4	Arnottia, A. Rioh	622
Anisacantha, Br	. 62			ABOIDEE	956
Anisantha, C. Koch . Anisanthus, Sweet .	. 1201	ZIPM JILOTOMINO, SOUTH	20 .	Aroton, Neck	256 <b>492</b>
Anisomeria, Don	. 85	Apiera, Willd 7	76	Arpophyllum, Llave	1161
Anisonema, A. Juss	. 273	Apinagia, Tul 1	11	Arrhenatherum, Beauv Arrhynchium, Lindl	678
Anisopetalum, Hook	. 501	22ptoeper meaning ==== t	64	Arrozia, Schrad.	1116
Anisophyllum, Haw	. 258	21 100000, 201.		Artanthe, Miq	131
Anisopogon, Br.	. 1162	11 plocol ain, 2 mont	15	Arthratherum, Beauv	1141
Ancectochilus, Bl	. 1067	21ptobletone, 2 me m.	)51 .	Arthraxon, Beauv.	11 <b>28</b> 611
Anogyna, Noes Anoiganthus, Bak	722	Apluda, Linn 11	137	Arthrochilus, F. Muell	65
Anomalotis, Steud.	. 1154	Apoballis, Schott	84	Arthrochemum, Moq Arthrochertus, Lowe	1202
Anomatheca, Ker	. 705	Tipocopia, a oce	128 118	Arthrodactylis, Forst.	950
Anomaza, Salisb	. 705	Apodulionos, 2	722	Arthrophytum, Schrenk	70
Anomochloa, Brongn.	. 1111	Apodostachys, Turcz	84	Arthropodium, Br	780
Anomospermum, Dalz.		Apogonia, Fourn 1	130	Arthropogon, Nees.	1119
Anosporum, Nees	1044	Apollonias Nees	152	Arthrosolen, Mey.	. 193 . 1161
Anredera, Juss	. 78	Aponogeton, Thunb 10	013	Arthrostachya, Link .	
Ansellia, Lindl	. 537	11porosa, 20.	282	Arthrostylidium, Rupr. Arthrostylis, Br	1058
Antenoron, Raf	. 98	Aporum, Di.	499 635	Arthrotaxis, Auct.	430
Anthacantha, Lemaire	. 260	Apostasia, 20.	588	Arthrothamnus, Kl	. 260
Anthænantia, Beauv.	. 1098	1 Mppendicula, 20.	458	Arthrotrichium, F. Muell	. 33
Anthelia, Schott	. 963 . 1122	Aquilaria, Lam.	200	Arthrozamia, Reichb.	. 440
Anthericlis, Raf	497	AQUILARINEÆ	186	ARTOCARPEÆ	. 341 . 376
Anthericum, Linn	. 788	Arachnanthe, Bl	572	Artocarpus, Forst.	967
Anthistiria, Linn	. 1136	Arachne, Neck	271 572	Arum, Linn Arundina, Bl	. 521
Anthobolus, Br	. 230	Arachnis, Bl.	460	Arundinaria, Mich.	. 1207
Anthochlamys, Fenzl		Arachnites, Phil	621	Arundinella, Raddi .	. 1118
Anthochlos, Nees	. 1189	Aræococcus, Brongn	664	Arundo, Linn	. 1179
Anthochortus, Kunth	. 515	Araucaria, Juss	437	Arundo, Beauv.	. 1179 . 724
Anthogonium, Lindl. Antholyza, Linn.	710	Araucasia, Bl	919	Arviela, Salisb	836
Anthophyllum, Steud.		Arceuthobium, Rich	213	Asagræa, Lindl	618
Anthopogon, Nutt.	. 1167	Arceuthobium, Griseb	214 428	Asarum, Linn	. 122
Anthosachne, Steud.	1203	Arceuthos, Ant	238	Ascarina, Forst	. 134
Anthostema, A. Juss.	. 261 1138	Archimedea, Leandr Archontophœnix, Wendl.	889	Aschamia, Salisb	. 725
Anthoxanthum, Linn	1188	Arctagrostris, Griseh.	1150	Ascolepis, Necs	. 1054 . 122
Anthurium, Schott Antiaris, Lesch.	371	Arctiodracon, A. Gray .	994	Asiphonia, Griff	1032
Anticlea, Kunth .	836	Ardernia, Salish	816	Askidiosperma, Steud. Asparagopsis. Kunth.	766
Antidaphne, Papp.	216	Areca, Linn	883 917	Asparagus, Linn	. 765
Antidosma, Linn	284	Arenga, Lahill.	614	Aspasia, Lindl	. 560
ANTIDESME.E	239	Arethusa, Linn.	719	Aspasia, Salisb	. 816
Antigonon, Endl	103	Argenope, Salisb Argithamnia, Sw	303	Aspearenia, Pepp	. 493 . 783
Antinoria, Parl.	256	Argolasia, Juss	675	Asphodeline, Reichb.	
Antitaxis, Miers Antitragus, Gærtn.	1139	Argyrodendron, Kl	296	Asphodeloides, Moench Asphodelopsis, Steud.	. 788
Antochortus, Nees .	1037	Argyropsis, Rem	72 <b>4</b> 606	Asphodelus, Lina.	. 782
Anubias, Schoti .	975	Argyrorchis, Bl.	304	Aspidandra, Hassk	. 256
Anychia, Rich	16		634	Aspidistra, Ker	. 772
Aopla, Lindl.	622	1	973	Asprella, Willd	. 1207 . 1205
Apalanthe, Planch.	122		963	Asprella, Host	. 1200
Apama, Lam		1/	965	Asprella, Schreb Assaracus, Haw	719
Apatemone, Schott	984	Arisarum, Tozz	965	Assaracus, Haw	. 781
Apaturia, Lindl.	511	Aristaria, Jungh	1136 701	Asterandra, Kl	. 274
Apera, Adans	1152	Aristea, Att	1142	Asteranthemum, Kunt	h . 770
Aperula, Bl	163	1	1140	Asterochæte, Nees .	. 1062
Apetalon, Wight	616	1	1169	Asterogyne, Wendl.	. 914 . 1059
Aphananthe, Planch	. 356 81	A to the Tinn	123	Asteroschænus, Nees . Asterostigma, Schott	100:
Aphananthe, Link . Aphanisma, Nutt	5	ARISTOLOCHIACEÆ.	121	Asthenochloa, Büse	109
Aphelia, Br	. 102	Aristotelia, Lour	596 220	Astræa, Kl	29
Aphora, Nutt	30	3 Arjona, Cav	. 220		K
VOL. III.		•		_	

	•	
Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Astrebla, F. Muell 1170	Baldellia, Parlat 1005	Berchtholdia, Presl 1104
Astrocaryum, G. W. Mey. 942	Baldingera, Fl. Wett 1138	Berenice, Salisb 804
Astrococcus, Benth. 326	Baliosparmum, Bl 324	Berghausia, Endl 1118
Astroglossus, Reichb. f 588	Ballosporum, Palisb 710	Beriesa, Steud 744
Astrogyne, Benth 296	Baloghia, Endl 800	Bermudiana, Adans 690
Astylis, Wight 278	Bambos, Retz 1210	Bernardia, P. Br 308
Ataccia, Presi 741	Bambusa, Schreb 1210	Bertya, Planch 264
Ataria, Br	Banalia, Moq 27	Beryllis, Salisb 816
Ate, Lindl 627	Banksia, Linn. 7 184	Berzelia, Mart 25
Ateramnus, P. Br 256	Banksia, Forst 189	Beschorneria, Kunth . 738
Atheropogon, Muehl 1169	Banksia, Kon 646	Bessera, Schult 801
Atherosperma, Labill 144	Baratrunthus, Miq 208	Bessera, Spreng 276
Atherurus, Bl 964	Barbacenia, l'aud 740	Bessera, Vell 9
Athroisma, Griff 298	Barberetta, Harv 674	Beta, Linn 52
Athroostachys, Benth 1208	Barbeuia, Thou 85	Betula, Linn 404
Athrotaxis, Don 430	Barcella, Drudo 945	Betulaces 402
Athyrocarpus, Schlecht. 847	Barhamia, Kl 295	Betulaster, Spach 404
Athymalus, Neck 261	Barkania, Ehrenb 455	Beyeria, Miq 263
Atimeta, Schott 990	Barkeria, Kn. et Westc. 529	Beyriopsis, Muell 263
Atkinsonia, F. Muell 212	Barlæa, Reichb 627	Bia, Kl 329
Atomostylis, Steud 1044	Barlia, Parlat 620	Biarum, Schott 966
Atraphaxis, Lina 96	Barnardia, Lindl 814	Biaslia, Vand 843
Atriplex, Linn 53	Barrotia, Gaud 950	Bicchia, Parlat 625
Atropis, Rupr 1198	Bartholina Br. 623	Bicornella, Lindl 624
Attalea, H. R. K 947	Basaltogeton, Salisb 814	Bidwillia, Herb 763
Atylus, Salisb 172	Basella, Linn 76	Bieneria, Reichb 618
Auger, Retz 675	Basilera, Juss 813	Bienertia, Bunge 68
Augustinea, Karst 941	Baskervilla, Lindl 597	Bifolium, Fl. Wett 770
Aulacophyllum, Reg 447	Bassia, All 60	Bifrenaria, Lindl 546
Aulacorhynchus, Nees . 1043	Butemannia, Lindl 546	Bigelowia, Sm 256
Aulax, Berg 168	BATIDEE 88	Bihania, Meissn 155
Anlaxanthus, Ell 1098	Batis, Linn 88	Bilabrella, Lindl 627
Anlaxia, Nutt 1098	Batocarpus, Karst 376	Bilderdykia, Dumort 99
Auliza, Salisb 529	Batratherum, Nees 1128	Billbergia, Thunb 664
Aulonemia, Goud 1208	Bauches, Fourn 1149	Biota, Endl 427
Aurelia, J. Gay 719	Baumea, Gaud 1066	Bipinnula, Juss 618
Australina, Gaud 394	Baumgartenia, Spr 797	Birchea, A. Rich 571
Austrobuxus, Miq 266	Bauschia, Seub 850	Bischofin, Bl 281
Avellanita, Phi 289	Baxteria, Br 866	Bismarckia, Wendl 882
Avellinia, Parlut 1184	Bdallophyton, Eichl 118	Bivonia, Spreng 308
Avena, Linn 1160	Beatonia, Herb 690	Blachia, Baill 301
Avenella, Parlat 1158	Beaucarnea, Lemnire . 780	Blancoa, Lindl 676
	Beauprea. Brongn 175	Blancoa, Bl 917
		Blandfordia, Sm 774
Azenfeldtia, Baill 319	Bockera, Fresen 1117	Blandowia, Willd 111
Axillaria, Raf 768	Beckeropsis, Fig. et Not. 1106	Bleekeria, Miq 315
Axonopus, Beauv 1098	Beckmannia, Host 1099	Bleekrodia, Bl 358
Axyris, Linn	Beclardia, A. Rich 583	Blepharochlamys, Presl . 234
Aydendron, News 153	Becquerelia, Brongn 1069	Blepharochloa, Endl 18 17
	Berra, Beauv 1054	Diepharotanie Nase 93 1051
	Beesha, Kunth 1215	Blepharolepis, Nees . 23, 1051 Bletin, R. et Pav 513
,	Beethovenia, Engel 905	
	Behnia, Didrichs 766	
Babbagia, F. Muell 61	Beilia, Eckl 706	Blitanthus, Reichb 48 Blitum. Linn 52
Babiana, Ker 706	Beilschmiedia, Nees 152	
Baccaurea, Lour 283	Belamcanda, Adans 697	Blochmannia, Roichb 104
Bactris, Jacq 941	Belis, Salisb 435	Bloomeria, Kell 801
Bacularia, F. Muell 903	Belladonna, Sweet 727	Bluffia, Nees 1101
Bæometra, Salish 823	Bellendens, Br 175	Blumenhachia, Kœl 1135
Beoterpe, Salisb 812	Bellevallia, Lapeyr 812	Blumeodendron, Kurz . 319
Baothryon, Ehrh 1050	Bellota, C. Gay 151	Blysmus, Panz 1051
Bagassa, Aubl 362	Belosynapsis, Hassk 851	Blyttia, Fries 1151
Bagnisia, Becc 459	Belovia, Moq 67	Blyxa, Thou 451
Balanocarpus, Wendl 883	Belvala, Adans 196	Bobartia, Ker 698
Balanophora, Forst 235	Benitzia, Karst 458	Bolartia, Linn 698, 1045
BALANOPHOREE 232	Bennetia, Br 287	Bocquillonia, Baill 318
Balanops, Baill 341, 1223	Benthamia, A. Rich 625	Boeckhia, Kunth 1035
Belanopsez 341	Bentinckia, Berry 916	Boehmeria, Jacq 387
Belanostreblus, Kurz . 377	Bengoin, Noes 163	Boerhaavia, Linn. 5
	The second displace of the second second	

INDEX	GENERUM ET SYNONYM	1233 1233
Boissiera, Hochst. 1175 Bolbophyllaria, Reichb. 508	Briedelia, Willd 267 Brimoura, Salisb 812	Pag. BUXACE 239 Buxus, Linn 266
Bolhophyllopsis, Reichb. 505	Brisegnoa, Remy 92	Duzus, Denn 200
Bolhophyllum, Spr. 501 Bolborchis, Zoll. et Mor. 519	Briseis, Salisb 804 Briza, Linn 1194	
Boldea, Juss	Brizophile, Salisb 816	Cabanisia, Kl
Boldu, Nees 151	Brizopyrum, Link	Cadalvena, Fenzl 642
Bollea, Parlat 734 Bollea, Reichb. f 543	Brizula, Hieron 1026 Brocchia, Mauri 265	Cadetia, Gaud 499 Cæsia, Br 792
Bomarea, <i>Mirb.</i> 736 Bonania, <i>A. Rich.</i> 335	Brocchinia, Schult 665	Cætocapnia, Link et
Bonapartea, R. et Pay 670	Bromelia, Linn 660	Caidbeja, Forsk 393
Bonapartea, Willd 738 Bonatea, Willd 628	BROMELIACEE 657 Bromfeldia, Neck 256	Caladenia, Br 612 Caladium, Vent 976
Boophane, Herb 730	Bromheadia, Lindl 540	Calamagrostis, Adans 1150
Boottia, Wall 453 Borabora, Steud 1045	Bromidium, Nees 1153 Bromus, Linn 1200	Calamina, Beauv 1137 Calamochlos, Fourn 1178
Borassus, Linn. 939 Borderea, Miègev. 743	Brosimum, Sw	Calamosagus, Griff 932 Calamus, Linn 931
Borsczovia, Bunge 68	Broughtonia, Br 531	Calanthe, Br
Borya, Labill 797 Borya, Willd 256	Broussonetia, Vent 361 Brownleen, Harv 631	Calanthera, Nutt 1178 Calathea, G. F. Mey 658
Bosca, Vell 195	Bruckmannia, Nutt 1099	Calcearia, Bl 609
Bosia, Linn 26 Bosquien, Thou 370	Bruea, Gaud 351 Brugmansia, Bl 119	Calcoa, Salisb 768 Caldasia, Mut 237
Botherbe, Steud 695 Bothriochilus, Lem 508	Bruniera, Franch 1001 Brunnichia, Banks 103, 1219	Caldesia, Parlat 1005 Calcana, Br 610
Botryanthe, Kl 328	Brunsvia, Neck 256	Calectasia, Br 866
Botryanthus, Kunth 812 Botrydium, Spach 51	Brunsvigia, Heist 728 Bryantia, Brongn 950	Caletia, Baill 262 Caleva, Endl 610
Botryosicyos, Hochst 743	Brylkinia, F. Schm 1192	Caleya, Endl
Botryphile, Salisb 812 Bottionea, Colla 789	Bryocles, Salisb 509 Bryocles, Salisb 774	
Bougainvillæa, Juss 7	Bucculina, Lindl 624	Calleocarpus, Miq 409 Callianira, Miq 130
Boutelous, Lag 1168	Bucephalon, Linn 365	Callicore, Link 727
Boutonia, Boj 319 Bowenia, Hook 446	Buchloe, Engelm 1173 Bucholzia, Mart 38, 1218	Calligonum, Linn 95 Calliphrura, Herb 731
Bowiea, <i>Harv.</i> 786	Bucholzia, Mart 38, 1218 Buchosia, Vell 838	Calliphysa, Fisch. Mey 95
Brabeium, Linn	Buckleya, Torr	Calliprena, Salish 804 Calliprora, Lindl 801
Brabyla, Lour 177 Brachionidium, Lindl 491	Buekia, Nees 1064 Buekia, Giseko 648	Callipsyche, Herb 731 Callisia, Linn 854
Brachtia, Reichb. f 561	Buforrestia, Clarke 850	Callista, Lour 498
Brachycorythis, Lindl. 632 Brachyelytrum, Beauv. 1144	Bugainvillea, Comm 7 Bulbilis, Raf 1173	Callistachys, Heuff 1073 Callithauma, Herb 733
Brachylepis, C. A. Mey 73	Bulbillaria, Zucc 820	Callitriche, Linn 256 Callitris, Vent 424
Brachypodium, Beauv. 1201 Brachyscypha, Baker 808	Bulbinella, Kunth 784	Callixene, Juss 767
Brachysiphon, A. Juss 202 Brachyspatha, Schott . 971	Bulbocodium, Linn 821 Bulbophyllum, Thou 501	Callostylis, Bl 518 Calocedrus, Kurz 426
Brachystachys, Kl 295	Bulbospermum, Bl 678	Calochilus, Br. 614
Brailleia, Gærtn 272 Bragantia, Lour 122	Buphane, Herb 730 Burœavia, Baill 280	Calochortus, Pursh 820 Calococcus, Kurz 273
Bragantia. Vand 40	Burbidgea, Hook. f 647	Calodium, Lour 164 Calodracon, Planch 780
Brahea, Mart 926 Branciona, Salisl 810	Burlingtonia, Lindl 559	Calopogon, Br 615
Brandesia, Mart 38	Burmannia, Linn 457 Burmanniaceæ 455	Calopsis, Beauv 1032 Calorophus, Labill 1035
Brassavola, Br 533	Burnatia, Michel 1007	Caloscilla, Jord 814
Brassia, <i>Br.</i>	Burnettia, Lindl 612 Busbequia, Salisb 812	Caloscordum, Herb 802 Calostemma, Br 735
Brevoortia, Wood 800	Busipho, Salisb 776	Calostrophus, F. Muell 1035
Breynia, Forst 276 Brezia, Moq 67	Butomissa, Salisb 804	Calotheca, Spreng 1193
Bridelia, Willd 267	Butomopsis, Kunth 1008 Butomus, Linn 1008	Calpidia, Thon 9 Calpigyne, Bl 328
Bridgesia, Hook. et Arn. 84	Transmitted Transmitted	4 x 2

	Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Calueschinus, Homb. et		Carex, Linn 1073	Cenchrus, Linn 1105
Jacq	410	Carludovica, R. et Pav 953	Cenolophon, Bl 645, 648
Calusparassus, Homb. et		Carnarvonia, F. Muell 182	Centema, Hook. f 31
Jacq	410	Caroxylon, Thunb 71	Centopodium, Burch. 101
Calvelia, Moq	67	Carpha, Br 1061	Centotheca, Desv 1190
	1144 261	Carpinus, Linn 405 Carpodetes, Herb 733	Centrandra, Karst 296 Centranthera, Scheidw 489
Calycopeplus, Planch	695	Carpodetes, Herb 733 Carpolyza, Salisb 721	Centranthera, Scheidw 489 Centrochilus, Schou 626
Calymenia, Pers	4	Carpunya, Presl 131	Centrodiscus, Muell. Arg. 314
Calypso, Salisb	496	Carregnoa, Boiss 719	CENTROLEPIDEM 1025
Calyptrocalyx, Bl	902	Carteretia, A. Rich 574	
Calyptrocarya, Nees	1069	Cartonema, Br 852	Centropetalum, Lindl 570
Calyptrocoryne, Schott .	968	Carnelia, Parlat 816	Centrophorum, Trin 1135
Calyptrogyne, Wendl	914	Carumhium, Kurs 334	Centrosis, Thou 520
	1060	Carumbium, Reinw 331	Centrostachys, Wall 35
Calyptronoma, Griseb		Carya, Nutt	Centrostegia, A. Gr 98
Calyptroon, Miq Calyptrospatha, Kl	283 311	Caryochloa, Spreng 1143 Caryochloa, Trin 1116	Centrostylis, Baill 307 Ceodes, Forst 9
Caleptrostegia, C. A.	911	Caryochloa, Trin 1116 Caryodaphne, Nees 150	Cepa, Salisb 804
Mey.	189	Caryodendron, Karst 314	Cephalanthera, Rich 619
Calyptrostiqma, Kl	263	Caryota, Linn 918	Cephalocarpus, Nees 1068
Calyptrostylis, Nees	1060	Caryotaxue, Zucc 431	Cephalochloa, Coss. et
Calyxhymenia, Ort	4	Cascarilla, Adans 293	Dur
Camaridium, Lindl		Cassumunar, Colla 646	Cephalocroton, Hocket 307
Camarilla, Salisb		Cassytha, Linn 164	Cephalomappa, Baill 323
Camarotis, Lindl		Cassythacer 146	Cephaloschanus, Nees . 1059
Camassia, Lindl		Castanea, Gartin 409	Cephalosoirpus, Kurz . 1056
Camforosma, C. A. Mey.		Castaneace & 402 Castanopsis, Spach 409	Cephalostachyum, Munro 1213 Cephalostemon, Schomb. 858
Camirium, Gærtn Campderia, Benth		Castanopsis, Spach 409 Castellia, Tinn 1199	Cephalotaxus, Zucc 430
Campderia, A. Rich		Castelnavia, Wedd 114	Cephalotomandra, Karst. 10
Campecarpus, Wendl		Castiglionia, R. et Pav 291	Cephalotrophis, Bl 360
Campelia, Rich		Castilloa, Cerv 372	Cephaloxys, Desv 868
Campelia, Link		Castrea, St. Hil 214	Ceraia, Lour 498
Camphora, Nees	156	Castronia, Noronh 179	Ceramanthus, Hassk 274
Camphoromea, Nees	158	Casuarina, Forst 402	Ceramium, Bl 122
Camphorosma, Laun	56	CASUABINEZE 401	Ceratandra, Eckl 634
Campuloa, Desr		Catabrosa, Beauv 1186	Ceratanthera, Lestib 640 Ceratiols, Mich 415
Campulosus, Desv	768	Catachætum, Hoffm 551 Catagyna, Benny 1070	
Campylandra, Bak	772	Catagyna, Benuv 1070 Catakidozamia, T. Hill . 445	Ceratocarpus, Linn 55
Campylocentrum, Benth.	585	Catapodium, Link 1199	Ceratocaryum, Nees 1037
Campylonema, Schult	716	Catasetum, Rich	Ceratochilus, Bl 579
Campylosiphon, Benth	458	Catatherophora, Steud 1106	Ceratochilus, Lindl 549
Campynema, Labill	716	Catevala, Medik 776	Ceratochioa, Beauv 1201
Canalia, F. V. Schm	197	Cathanthes, Rich 1013	Ceratococca, Willd 82
Candarum, Reichb	971	Cathea, Salisb 615	Ceratococcus, Meisen 327
Candelabria, Hochst	267	Cathestechum, Presl 1122	Ceratogonon, Meissn 96
Canidia, Salisb	804	Cathetus, Lour 274	1 - 22 - 22
Canistrum, Morr	664	Cathissa, Salisb 816	1
Canna, Linn		Catimbium, Juss 648 Catoblastus, Wendl 901	
Cannabis, Line		Catopsis, Griseb 670	
Cannomois, Beauv		Cattleya, Lindl 531	
Cansjera, Juss	189	Caturus, Linn 311	CERATOPHYLLMR . 415, 1224
Capellenia, Teijsm	322	Caturus, Beem 361	Ceratophyllum, Lina 415
Caperonia, St. Hil	304	Caulinia, DC 1015	Ceratopsis, Lindl 618
Capia, Domb	767	Caulinia, Willd 1018	
Caprificus, Gasp	368	Caustis, Br 1067	
Capriola, Adans	1164	Cautleya, Royle 641	
Capura, Linn	193	Cavanilla, Vell 304	1
Caragnata, Lindl	668	Cecicodaphne, Nees 156	
Carajea, Wedd	114	Cecropia, Lina 378	
Cardamomum, Salish	646 362	Cedrus, Loud 439 Celosia, Linn 24	
Cardionema, DC.	302 14	Celosia, Linn 24	
Oardiostigma, Baker	695	Celtis, Linn 854	
Cardwellia, F. Muell.	182	Cenarrhenes, Labill 176	
,			

Chaleisean Form	Pag.	Pag.
Chaboissaa, Fourn 1096	Chiropetalum, A. Juss 304	Circeaster, Maxim 1220
Chanathe, Lindl 557	Chitonia, Salisb 836	Cirrhea, Lindl 585
Charadodia, Herb. 716	Chlamydia, Banks 773	Cirrhopetalum, Lindl 504
Character Plants	Chlamydanthus, Mey 191	Cistella, Bl
Chestacme, Planch. 356	Chlamydostyles, Baker . 696	Citrosma, R. et Pav. 144
Chetanthus, Br 1034	Chlamysporum, Salisb 790	Cladium, P. Br 1065
Chataria, Beauv 1141	Chlidanthus, Herb 723	Cladobium, Lindl 525
Chartium, Ness 1104	Chloerum, Willd 842	Cladocaulon, Gardn 1028
Chatobromus, Nees 1163	Chloidia, Lindl 591	Cladodes, Lour 315
Chetocarpus, Thw 323	Chloopsis, Bl 678	Cladogynos, Zipp 828
Chatocephala, Barb. Rodr. 1225	Chloothamnus, Büse 1214	Cladostachys, Don 28
Chatocladus, Senil 418	Chloradenia, Baill 312	Cladothrix, Nutt 37
Chatocyperus, Nees 1047	Chlores, Lindl 618	Clairisia, Abat 78
Chatodiscus, Steud 1021	CHLORANTHACE 133	Claoxylon, A. Juss 309
Chatoptelea, Liebm 351	Chloranthus, Sw 134	Clara. Kunth 766
Chatospora, Br 1063	Chloraster, Haw 719	Clarisia, R. et Pav. 377, 1224
Chætotropis, Kunth 1151	Chloris, Sw	Clausonia, Pom 783
Cheeturus, Link 1149	Chloriza, Salish 808	Cleanthe, Salish 701
Chamabaina, Wight 387	Chlorocaulon, Kl 304	Cleidion, Bl 320
Chamacalamus, Meyen . 1153	Chlorogalum, Kunth 785	Cleisostoma, Bl
Chammeladon, Schott . 983	Chlorophora, Gaud 363	Cleistachne, Benth. 1120
Chamacyparis, Spach . 427	Chlorophytum, Ker 788	Cleistanthus, Hook 268
Chamædactylis, Nees . 1193	Chlorosa, Bl 616	Cleistes, Rich 616
Chamsedorea, Willd 910	Chlorospatha, Endl 977	Cleodora, Kl 294
Chamælirium, Willd 826	Chnoanthus, Philip 41	Cleophora, Gærtn 940 Clethropsis, Spach 405
Chamæpence, Zucc 427	Chonais, Salisb 725	Clethropsis, Spach 405
Chamæraphis, Br 1107	Chondrachne, Br 1056	Clinanthus, Herb 733 Clinogyne, Salisb 651
Chamerepes, Spr 622	Chondrachyrum, Nees . 1190	Clinogyne, Salisb 651
Chameriphes, Ponted 924	Chondrolæna, Nees 1155	Clinostigma, Wendl 894
Chamerops, Linn. 924	Chondrolomia, Necs 1071	Clinostylis, Hochst 830
Chamsoscilla, F. Muell 791	Chondropetalum, Rottb 1032	Clintonia, Raf 832
Chamæxeros, Benth. 864	Chondrorhyncha, Lindl. 548	Clitanthus, Herb 733
Chamæxiphium, Hochst. 1052	Chondrosium, Desv 1168	Clivia, Lindl 720
Chamagrostis, Borkh 1147	Choretis, Herb 734	Clomena, Beauv 1144
Chamelum, Phil 700	Choretrum, Br 228	Clowesia, Lindl 554
Chamissoa, H. B. K 27	Choricarpha, Beekel 1056	Clusiophyllum, Muell. Arg. 289
Chamoletta, Adans 687	Choriceras, Baill 279	Cluytia, Linn 302
Chamorchis, Rich 622	Choriophyllum, Benth 280	Cluytiandra, Muell. Arg. 272
Champereia, Griff 231	Chorisandra, Br 1057	Clynhymenia, A. Rich 568
Chapelliera, Nees 1066	Chorizandra, Wight 275	Cnemidia, Lindl 592
Charidia, Baill 270	Chorizanthe, Br 93	Cnemidostachys, Mart 336
Charlwoodia, Sweet 780	Chorizotheca, Muell. Arg. 262	Chesmone, Bl 330
Charpentiera, Gaud 26	Christmannia, Dennst 150	Cnidoscolus, Pohl 291
Chascolytrum, Desv 1195	Chrozophora, Neck 305	Cobresia, Pers 1071
Chasmanthium, Link . 1192	Chrysalidocarpus, Wendl. 882	Coburgia, Sweet 783
Chasme, Salisb 169	Chrysiphiala, Ker 733	Coccobryon, Kl 130
Chaubardia, Reichb. f 543	Chrysithrix, Linn 1057	Coccoceras, Miq 318
Chauvinia, Steud 1228	Chrysobactron, Hook. f 784	Coccoloba, Linn 102 Coccomelia, Reinw 1223
Charica, Miq 130	Chrysobaphus, Wall 598	
Cheilosa, Bl 322	Chrysocycnis, Reichb 553	Cocconerion, Baill 323 Cochlin, Bl 503
Cheiradenia, Lindl 544	Chrysoglossum, Bl 507	Cochlin, Bl 503 Cochlioda, Lindl 560
Cheirostylis, Bl 600	Chrysopogon, Trin 1135	
Chelonanthera, Bl. 518, 520	Chrysostemon, Kl 262	
Chenolea, Thumb 59	Chrysurus, Pers 1183	1 2 2 2
CHENOPODIACEÆ 43	Chusques, Kunth 1209	Cochliostema, Lemaire . 850 Cocos, Linn 945
Chenopodena, Moq 67	Chylocalyx, Hassk 98	
Chenopodium, Jann 51	Chymococca, Meissn 194	Codiæum, Rumph 299 Codonacalyx, Kl 295
Chersydium, Sclott 995	Chysis, Lindl 514	1 1 2
Chevaliera, Gaud 663	Chytroglossa, Reichb. f. 569	Codonocarpus, A. Cunn. 86 Codonoprasum, Reichb. 803
Chibaoa, Bert 150	Cicca, Linn 273	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
Chilochloa, Beau 1147	Cienkowskia, Schweinf 642	Codonorchis, Lindl 616
Chiloglottis, Br 614	Cinna, Linn	Colochyrum, Nees 1187
Chiloschista, Lindl 575	Cinnagrostis, Griseb 1152	Colombus Willd
Chionachne, Br 1113	Cinnamomum, Bl 155	Calanthus, Willd 808
Chione, Salisb 719	Cinnastrum, Fourn 1153	Calebogyne, J. Sm 315
Chionedoxa, Boiss 813	Cinoganum, Neck 256	Cœlia, Lindl 508 Cœliopsis, Reichb, f 477
Chionographis, Maxim 826	Cionisaccus, Breda . 603	
Chionethrix. Hook. f 33	Cipura, Aubl 694	Calococous, Wendl 935

1400	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	CHIMICAL III DINCIGIA	COLCUL.
	Pag.	Pag.	Pag
Coalodepas, Hassk.	318	Conuleum, Rick 148	Crocodilanthe, Reichb. f. 489
Coslodiscus, Baill.	317	Convallaria, Lins 770	Crocosma, Planck 707
Cœlogiossum, Hartm.	. 626	Cookia, Gmel 189	Crocus, Lina 693
Calogiossum, Lindl.	626	Cooperia, <i>Herb.</i> 722	Oroomia, Torr 747
Coologyne, Lindl	518	Copernicie, Mart 927	Crossyne, Salisb 730
Carlorhachis, Brongn.		Coprosmanthus, Kunth . 763	Croton, Linn 293
Cohnia, Kunth .	780	Corallorhiza, Br 497	Crotonanthus, Kl 295
Cohnia, Reichb. f.	477	Corbularia, Salisb 719	Crotonogyne, Muell. Arg. 305
Coilosperma, Raf	23	Cordemoya, Baill 319	Crotonopsis, Rich 296
Coix, Linn	1112	Cordyla, Bl 615	Crozophora, A. Juss 305
Colax, Lindl.	548	Cordyline, Comm 779	Crucita, Linn 42
Colchicum, Linn.	821	Cordylestyles, Falcon 603	Cruikshanksia, Miers . 700
Coleanthus, Seid.	1147	Corema, Don 414	Cruzeta, Loss 42
Coleatania, Griseb.		Coresanthe, Alef 687	Crybe, Lindl 614 Cryphaa. Ham 134
Colebrookia, Don	640 192	Corethrum, Vahl 1169	
Coleophora, Miers		Coridochloa, Nees 1101 Corispermum, Linn 57	Crypsinna, Fourn 1149 Crypsis. Ait 1189
Colcophyllum, Kl.	728 851	1	Crypsis, Ait
Coleotrype, Clarks Coletia, Vell.	843		Cryptadenia, Meissa 195
Collabium, Bl	508		Cryptangium, Schrad 1067
Colladoa, Cav.	1132	Corrigiola, Linn	Cryptanthus, Ott. et Dietr. 661
A 11 1 TT 1	737	0 1 77 7 740	Cryptarrhens, Br 568
Collania, Herb	732	Corybas, Salisb 609	Cryptocarpus, H. B. K 11
Colleg, Lindl.	. 597	Corycarpus, Zes 1190	Cryptocarya, Br 150
Collignonia, Endl.	8	Corycium, Sw 633	Cryptocentrum, Benth 557
Colliguaja, Mol.	338	Corydandra, Reichb 536	Cryptochilus, Wall 518
Collinaria, Ehrh.	. 1183	CORYLACER 402	Cryptochloris, Benth 1166
Collinia, Mart.	911	Corylus, Linn 406	Cryptocoryne, Fisch 963
Colmeiroa, Reut	276	Corymbis, Thou 591	Cryptoglochin, Heuff 1073
Colobachne, Beauv.	1140	Corymborchis, Thou 591	Cryptoglottis, Bl 589
Colobanthus, Trin.	. 1184	Corynea, Hook. f 237	('ryptomeria, Don 428
Colobogymium, Schott		Corynephorus, Beauv 1157	Cryptonema, Turez 457
Colocasia, Schott	. 974	Corynophallus, Schott . 971	Cryptophoranthus, Rodr. 1225
Colomandra, Neck.	. 153	Corynotheca, F. Muell 792	Cryptopus, Lindl 583
Colpodium, Tris		Corypha, Linn 922	Cryptosaccus, Scheidw 564 Cryptostachys, Steud 1148
Colpoon, Berg Colpothrinax, Wendl.	. 225 . 927	Corysanthes, Br 609 Costia, Willk 687, 1203	Cryptostephanus, Bak 718
Columbia, Salisb		Costus, Linn 646	Cryptostylis, Br 608
Columella, Vell.	•	Cottea, Kunth 1174	Crysophila, Bl 928
Comandra, Natt	. 224	Cottendorfia, Schult 667	Ctenium, Panz 1165
Comatocroton, Karst.	. 1223	Cottonia, Wight 572	Ctenomeria, Harv 329
Cometes, Linn	. 18	Courtoisia, Nees 1046	Ctenopsis, Notar 1171
Cometia, Thou	. 283	Coussapoa, Aubl 379	Cubeba, Miq 130
Commelina, Lina	. 847	Covellia, Gasp 369	Cucifera, Del 940
COMMELINACER	. 844	Crapalia, Schrank 1202	Cucullifera, No c 1036
Commia, Lour	. 337	Cranichis, Sw 593	Cudranis, Tréc 374
Comostemum, Nees .	. 1046	Crantzia, Sw 267	Cuitlauzina, Idav 563 Culcasia, Beauv 980
Comparettia, Papp.	. 558	Craspedolepis, Steud. 1031	
Comperia, C. Koch		Craspedorhachis, Benth. 1168 Cratochwilia. Neck 266	Cumingia, Don 679 Cunninghamia, Br 435
Compeanthus, Spr	. 831		Cunonia, Mill 710
Compeoa, Don	. 831 . 401	Cremostra, Lindl 538 Cremophyllum, Scheidw. 380	Cunuria, Baill 289
Comptonia, Banks	812	Cremopyrum, Schur 1203	Cupameni, Adans 311
Conami, Aubl.		Oremostachys, Tnl 287	Cuprespinnata, Senil 429
Conanthera, R. et Par	v 679	Orenias, Spr 113	Cupresstellata, Senil 425
Conceveiba, Aubl		Creodus, Lour 134	Cupressus, Lins 427
Conchidium, Griff	. 509	Crepidaria, Hsw 257	CUPULIFERE 402
Conchium, Sm	. 181	Crepidium, Bl 494	Curcas, Adans 291
Conchochilus, Hassk		Crinipes, Hochst 1163	Curculigo, Garts 717
CONTEMBRE	. 420	Crinonia, Bl 520	Curcuma, Linn 643
Conocarpus, Adams	. 169	Crinum, Line 726	Curmeria, Lind 983
Conocephalus, Bl	. 380	Oriosanthes, Raf 634	Curtopogon, Benuv 1141
Conophalles, Schott .	. 971	Oriterion, Ral 1206	Cucaria, Schott 992 Cutandia, Wilk 1187
Conophyta, Schram.	. 236	Critho, E. Mey 1206	Cutandia, Willk 1187  Cuviera, Kel 1296
Conosapium, Muell. A		Crithodium, Link 1204	Cyananthus, Miers 457
Conceptation, Sm		Crithopsis, Jaub. et Spach 1206	Cyanella, Linn 679
Concetachys, Griseb Concetylis, Br.	676	Crocanthus, Klotzsch . 707 Crociris, Schur 693	Cyanodaphne, Bl 161
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	, , VIV		

	INDEX	GENERUM ET	SYN	ONY	MORUM.		1237
Cyanotis, Don	Pag. 851	Churcham mar Timal		Pag.	Dan dan martin Wass		Pag.
Cyanotis, Miers	. 601 . 457	Cyrtopera, Lindl Oyrtopodium, Br.	• •	541 541	Dendragrostis, Nees . Dendrobium, Sw		1209 498
Cyanotris, Raf.	. 815	Cyrtosia, Bl	• •	589	Dendrocalamus, Ness	•	1212
Cyathochæte, Nees	, 1061	Cyrtospadix, Koch	: :	976	Dendrochilum, Bl.	:	506
Cyathocoma, Nees .	. 1064	Cyrtosperma, Griff.		997	Dendrochilum, Bl	:	496
Cyathodiscus, Hochst.	. 199	Cyrtostachys, Bl		892	Dendrocuide, Miq		383
Cyathoglottis, Peopp.	. 590	Cyrtostylis, Br		612	Dendrocolla, Bl		575
Cyathogyne, Muell. As	g. 286	Cystogyne, Gasp		369	Dendrodaphne, Beurl.	•	150
Cyathorhachis, Nees .	. 1112	Cystopus, Bl		601	Dendrolirium, Bl	٠	509
Cyathula, Lour.	. 31	Cystorchis, Bl.	• •	599	Dendropemon, Bl.	٠	212
Cybele, Falc. Cybele, Salisb.		Cytherea, Salisb	• •	496		•	210 214
Cybelion, Spr.	. 182 . 567	Cytheris, Lindl CYTINACEÆ	• •	514 116	Dendrophthora, Eichl.	ċ	585
CYCADACE E.		Cytinus, Linn	٠.	118	Dendrophylax, Reichb. j Dendrotrophe, Miq		228
Cycas, Lunn,	. 444	Czackia, Andrz.		783	Denhamia, Schott .	•	980
CYCLANTHACER	. 951	Czernya, Presl .		1179	Derameria, Reichb. f.	:	625
Cyclanthus, Poit	. 953	,	•	•	Descantaria, Schlecht.		854
Cyclobalanopsis, Œrst.							1157
Cyclobalanus, Œrst.	. 409				Desfontæna, Vell		
Cyclobothra, Don	. 820	Dacrydium, Sol		433	Desmochæta, DC		32
Cyclocampe, Steud	. 1063	Dactilon, Vill		1164	Desmocladus, Nees .		
Cyclodiscus, Kl		Dactylanthes, Haw.		260	Desmoncus, Mart.		
Cyclolopis, Miq Cycloloma, Moq	. 50	Dactylanthus, Hook.		235	Desmoschænus, Hook. f.		
		Dactylis, Linn.			Desmostemon, Thw.		
Cyclosanthes, Papp.	. 596 . 953	Dactyloctenium, Wil Dactylostalıx, Reich		538	Desmotrichum, Bl		498
Cyclosia, Kl.	. 552	Dactylostemon, Kl.		338	Despretau, Kunth . DESVALXIACEAE		
Cyclostemon, Bl	279	Dactylostyles, Scheid		569	Devauria, Br		
Cyclostigma, Kl	. 294	Dais, Linn		192	Devillea, Tul		
Cyclotheca, Mog	. 86	Demonorops, Bl		932	Deyeuxia, Clar		
('yenoches, Lindl	. 552	Dalechampia, Lunn.		330	Diachyrium, Griseb		
Cycnogeton, Endl	. 1012	Dalembertia, Baill.		339	Diacles, Salisb		730
Cydenis, Salish	. 719	Dalzellia, Hassk		851	Discrium, Lindl		
Cylicodaphne, Necs .		Dalzellia, Wight .		108	Diadenaria, Kl	•	
Cylindria, Lour	. 168	Damasonium, Juss.				•	
Cylindrochilus, Thw.		Damusonium, Schrob		453	Dialissa, Lindl		
Cylindrolobus, Bl		Dammara, Lamb		436	Dianella, Lam		
Cylindropus, Nees . Cyllenium, Schott .	. 1071	Danae, Medik		765	Diaphane, Salisb		
Cymation, Spr.	. 824	Danoidia, Link . Danbya, Salisb		765 736	Diaphora, Lour Diaphoranthema, Beer		880
	. 1130	Danthonia, DC.			Diarina, Raf		
Cymbanthes, Salisb	. 823	Daphnandra, Benth.		145	Diarrhena, Raf.		
('ymbidium, Sw	. 536	Daphne, Linn		190	Diarthron, Turcz.		
Cymbocarpa, Miers .	. 458	Daphnidium, Nees		163	Diasia, DC		707
Cymbopogon, Spr	. 1134	7)		239	Diastella, Salisb		170
Cymodocea, Kan	. 1018	Daphniphyllum, Bl.		282	Diastemanthe, Steud	. 1	108
Cynocrambe, Gærtn	. 395	Daphnobryon, Meissi		196	Dibrachion, Regel		
Cynodon, Pers.		DAPHNOIDEE		186	Dicarpæa, Presl	•	
Cynomorium, Linn		Daphnopsis, Mart.		191	Dichæa, Lindl.		556
Cynopsole, Endl	. 235	Darbya, A. Gr.		227	Dichespermum, Wight		
Cynorchis, Thou	. 628	Darlingia, F. Muell.		182	Dichetaria, Nees		
Cynosorchis, Thou		Dasurus, Salisb Dasylirion, Zucc		826 780	Dichanthium, Willem. Dichelachne, Endl		
	. 689	Dasypogon, Br.		865	Dicheluctina, Hance		
CYPERACEÆ	. 1037	Dasystachys, Bak.		789	Dichelostemma, Kunth		800
(yperorchis, Bl	538	Daubenya, Linell.	• •	806	Dichelostyles, Nees		
Cyperus, Linn	. 1043	Debregeasia, Gaud.	: :	390	Dicheranthus, Webb		18
Cyphokentia, I'rongn.	. 894	Decaisnea, Brongn.		593	Dichone, Laws		708
Cypholophus, Wedd	. 388	Decaisnea, Lindl		592	Dichopogon, Kunth		791
Cyphonema, Herb	. 729	Decarinium, Raf.		295	Dichopus, Bl		501
Cyphophonix, Wendl.	. 893	Decastrophia, Griff.		220	Dichorisandra, Mik	_	853
Cyphosperma, Wendl.	895	Deckenia, Wendl		898	Dichostylis, Beauv		050
Cyphostigma, Benth.	645	Deckeria, Karst.		900	Dichostylis, Nees		044
Cypripedium, Linn.	. 634	Deeringia, Br.	•	23	Dichotophyllum, Dill.		415
Cyrselocarpus, F. Muell	. 62	Dehaasia, Bl		152	Dichroman Mich		047 047
Cyrtanthus, Ait	. 729	Delostylis, Raf		833 194	Dichromena, Nich Dichrophyllum, Kl		047 259
Cyrtochilum, H. B. K.	. 562	Demazeria, Dumort Demidovia, Hoffm		834	Diclidium, Schrad.		209 04 <b>5</b>
Cyrtocladon, Griff	. 983	TANISMAAN TOWN	•	1		•	

Pag.	Pag. 1	Pag.
Diclinotrys, Raf 826	Diplacrum, Br 1071	Donax, Beauv 1179
Dieneckera, Vell 177	Diplanthera, Griff 108	Doornia, Vriese 950
Diocelia, Benth 286	Diplanthera, Thou 1019	Doritis, Lindl 574
Dicolus, Phil 680	Diplarrhena, Labill 696	Dorstenia, Linn 366
Dicrea, Thou 112	Diplarrhinus, Raf 1051	Doryanthes, Corr 789
Dicranolepis, Planck 198	Diplasia, Rich 1055	Dorydium, Salisb 783
Dicranostachys, Trec 379	Diplax, Hook. f 1187	Doryphora, Endl 145
Dicraurus, Hook. f 42	Diplecthrum, Pers 629	Dorystigma, Guud 951
Dicrypta, Lindl 555	Diplocea, Raf 1176	Doryxylon, Zoll 804
Dictyocaryum, Wendl 901	Diplocentrum, Lindl 582	Dossinia, Morr 601
Dictyopsis, Harv 766	Diplocheta, Nees 1059	Douglassia, Schreb 153
Distyodaphne, Bl 154	Diplochilus, Lindl 627	Douma, Poir 940
Dictyosperma, Wendl 890	Diplochlamys, Muell, Arg. 320	Doves, Kunth 1031
Dictyospermum, Wight . 850 Dictyostegia, Miers 458	Diploconchium, Schau 517	Dracæna, Linn 779 Dracænopsis. Planch 780
Dictyostegia, Miers 458 Dicypellium, Nees 159	Diplocos, Bur 359 Diplodium, Sw 610	* **
Didactyle, Lindl 508		Dracontium, Linn 995 Draconculus, Schott 969
Didactylon, Zoll. Morr 1128		Drakæa, Lindl 611
Diderotia, Baill 315	Diplomeris, Don 627 Diplomorpha, Griff 271	Drapetes, Banks 196
Didymandra, Willd 413	Diplomorpha, Meissn 193	Drapieza, Bl 831
Didymanthus, Endl 60	Diplopogon, Br 1145	Dropadenium, Raf 295
Didymeles, Thou 397	Diploscyphus, Liebm 1071	Drimis, Jacq 808
Didymochæta, Steud 1153	Diplosiphon, Dene 451	Drimiopsis, Lindl 813
Didymodora, E. Mey 394	Diplostylis, Sond 310	Drimophyllum, Nutt 162
Didymogyne, Wedd 394	Diplothemium, Mart 945	Drimyspermum, Reinw 199
Didy nonema, Presl 1066	Dipodium, Br 539	Droguetia, Gaud 394
Didymoplexis, Griff. 616, 1226	Dipogonia, Beauv 1145	Dryandra, Br 185
Didymosperma, Wendl. 917	Dipsacozamia, Lehm 446	Dryandra, Thunb 292
Didymotheca, Hook. f 85	Dipseudochorion Buchen. 1005	Drymaria, Willd 13
Diectomis, Beauv 1137	Diracodes, Bl 645	Drymoda, Lindl 506
Diectomis, H. B. K 1134	Direa, Linn 191	Drymophilla, Br 769
Dieffenbachia, Schott . 986	Disa, Berg 630	Drymophlœus, Zipp 892
Dienia, Lindl 494	Disakisperma, Steud 1096	Dryopeia, Thou 633
Dierama, C. Koch 703	Disarrenum, Labill 1139	Drypetes, Val 278
Dietes, Salisb 688	Discanthus, Spruce 953	Duania, Noronh 331
Dietrichia, Giseke 646	Discocarpus, Kl 269	Duboisia, Karst 489
Digera, Forsk 28	Discocarpus, Liebm 383	Duhoisrcymondia, Karst. 489
Digitaria, Rich 1101	Discopodium, Steud 1064	Dubreutia, Gaud 384
Diglyphis, Bl 508	Diselma, Hook. f 425	Duchekia, Kostel 847
Diglyphosa, Bl 508	Diegrega, Hassk 854	Duchola, Adans 332
Dignathe, Lindl 560	Disperis, Sur 633	Dufourea, Bory 108
Digraphis, Trin 1138	Disporum. Salisb 881	Dugagelia, Gaud 127
Dilanthes, Salisb 788	Dissanthelium, Triu 1185	Dulichium, Pers 1046
Dilatris, Berg 674	Dissecocarpus, Hassk 848	Dumartroya, Gaud 360
Dilepyrum, Raf 1142	Dissiliaria, F. Muell 279	Dupatya, Vell 1022
Dilobeia, Thou 175	Dissocarpus, F. Muell 62	Dupontia, Br 1197
Dilochia, Lindl 521	Dissorhynchium, Schau 627	Duretia, Gaud 387
Dimeria, Br 1128	Disteganthus, Lemaire . 661	Dyckia, Schult 667
Dimorphocalyx, Thw 301	Distegocarpus, Sieb. et	Dymczewiczia, Horan 646
Dimorphostachys, Fourn. 1101	Zucc 405	Dypsis, Nor 909
Dinebra, Jacq 1171	Distemon, Wedd 388	Dysopsis, Baill 264
Dinebra, DC 1169	Distemon, Bouch 655	Dysphania, Br 14
Dinema, Lindl 529	Distichia, Nees 866	
Dinochlos. Büse 1214	Distichlis, Raf 1193	
Diodosperma, Wendl 882	Distichmus, Raf 1051	Earins, Lindl 516
Diomedes, Haw 719	Distimus, Raf 1044	Estonia, Raf 1184
Dioon, Lindl 445	Distrepta, Miers 680	Eccolopus, Steud 1125
Dioscorraces	Ditaris, A. Juss 303	Eccremis, Willd 794
Dioscorea, Linn 742	Dithyrocarpus, Kunth . 852	Ecdejocolea. F. Muell 1030
Diothones, Lindl 523	Ditoca, Banks 19	Echeandia, Ort 789
Diotis, Schreb 55	Ditrysinia, Raf 836	Echidnium, Schott 995
Dipeadi, Medic 809	Ditta, Griseb 335	Echinalysium, Trin 1182
Dipera, Spr 633	Diuris, Sm 608	Echinaria, Desf 1181
Diphalangium, Schau. 799	Dockafa, Schott 967	Echinocaulos, Hasak. 98
Diphryllum, Raf 595		Echinochloa, Beauv 1102
Diphyes, Bl 501		Echinocroton, F. Muell. 320
Dipidax, Salisb		Echinodorus, Rick 1906
Diplachue, Beauv 1176	Dombeya, Lam 487	Echinolena, Deev 1107
ariginality, areast 11/0	Donacodes, Bl 645	AMELINGUA, APER 110/

IN	DEX	GENERUM ET SYNONYM	ORUM.	1239
Echinolytrum, Desv	Pag.	Pag.	matana Calinh	Pag.
	1049 1145	Encholirion, Mart 667 Enchylæna, Br 61	Erigone, Salisb Erinna, Phil	. 727 . 805
Echinopsilon, Moq	60	Enckea, Kunth 131		720
Echinoschænus, Nees	1060	Encyclia, Pepp., Endl 540	ERIOCAULER	. 1019
Echinostachys, Brongn.	664	Encyclia, Hook 529	Eriocaulon, Linn	. 1020
Echinus, Lour	319 581	Endera, Regel 986 Endiandra, Br 154	Eriochæta, Fig	. 1106 . 611
Echthronema, Herb.	699	Endiandra, Br 154 Endlicheria, Nees 153	Eriochilus, Br Eriochiton, F. Muell	
Eckardia, Reichb	550	Endocles, Salisb 1227		1099
	1062	Endodeca, Raf 125	Eriochrysis, Beauv	1126
Ectrosia, Br	1188	Endolepis, Torr 54	Eriococcus, Hassk.	275
Egeria, Planch	198 450	Endonema, A. Juss 202 Endospermum, Benth 322	Eriocoma, Nutt	1143 92
Eggersia, Hook. f.	1217	Endymion, Dumort 815		1052
Ehrardia, Scop	153	Engelhardtia, Lesch 399	Eriopsis, Lindl	545
Ehrharta, Thunb	1137	Engelmannia, Kl 295	Eriosolenia, Bl	
Ehrhartia, Wigg Eichhornis, Kunth	838	Enhalus, Rich 454   Enkleia, Griff 198	Eriospermum, Jacq	. 786
Einomeia, Kl	125	Enkleia, Griff 198   Enneupogon, Desv 1174	Eriospora, Hochst Eriphilema, Herb	
Elachocroton, F. Muell	336	Enodium, Gaud 1185	Erismanthus, Wall.	
Elæagnaceæ	203	Ensete, Bruce 656	74 77 (71	. 643
Elæagnus, Linn	204	Enteropogon, Nees 1165	Erodendron, Salisb	
Elwis, Jacq	$\frac{944}{292}$	Ephedra, Linn 418   Ephemerum, Moench 853	77 ' 7' 77	. 847 . 565
Elæogene, Miq	256	Ephemerum, Moench 853   Ephippiandra, Done 141	75 1 A TTT	927
Elate, Linn	921	Ephippianthus, Reich. f. 495	Erythrocarpus, Bl.	
Elateriospermum, Bl	288	Ephippiorrhynchium,	Erythrochilus, Reinw.	. 309
Elatostema, Forst		Nees 1060	Erythrococca, Benth.	. 308
Electrosperma, F. Muell.		Ephippium, Bl 504 Epiandra, Presl 1066	Erythrodes, Bl Erythrogyne, Vis	. 597 . 368
Elegia, Linn		Epiblema, Br 607	Erythronium, Linn.	
Eleocharis, Br	1047	Epicampes, Prest 1148	Erythrorchis, Bl	. 589
Eleogenus, Noos	1047	Epicarpurus, Bl 359	Erythrostictus, Schlecht	
Eleogiton, Link		Epicranthes, Bl 502	Erythrotis, Hook, f	
Elephantodon, Salisb Elephantusia, Willd	744 921	Epidendrum, Linn 528 Eingynanthus, Bl 450	Esdra, Salisb	. 833 . 573
Elettaria, Maton	646	Epilithes, Bl 3	Espinosa, Lag	92
Elettaria, Bl	644	Epipactis, Br 619	Esula, Haw	. 261
	1172	Epipetrum, Phil 743	Etæria, Bl	. 603
Eleutherine, Herb	695 911	Epiphanes, Bl 617 Epiphanes, Reichb. f 616	Ethanium, Salisb Etlingera, Giseke	
Elionarus, Humb. et B.		Epiphora, Lindl 540	Eubrachion, Hook. f.	
Elisena, Herb	734	Epiphystis, Trin 1096	Eucarya, Mitch	. 225
Elisma, Buchan	1005	Epipogium, Lindl 617	Eucharis, Planch	
Elkania, Schlecht	388	Epipogum, Gmel 617		. 1114
Elleanthus, Presl		Epipremnum, Schott 993 Epiprinus, Griff 325	Eucomis, Lindl Eucomis, Lher	. 542 . 813
Elodes, Mich Elopium, Schott		Epiprinus, Griff 325 Epistephium, Kunth 591	Eucosia, Bl	605
Elymus, Linn		Epistylium, Sw 274	Eucrosia, Ker	. 730
	1071	Epithecium, Kn. et Westc. 529	Eucycla, Nutt	. 92
	1063	Eraclissa, Forsk 271	Eudolon, Salisb	. 728 . 934
	1064	Eragrostis, Beauv 1186 Erasmia, Mig 133	Eugeissonia, Griff  Euklastaron, Steud	
Elytranthe, Miq Elytrigia, Desv	$\begin{array}{c} 210 \\ 1202 \end{array}$	Erasmia, Miq 133 Eratobotrys, Fenzl 815		. 1127
Elytrophorus, Beauv.	1182	Ercilla, Juss 84	Eulalia, Trin	. 1125
Elytrospermum, C.A. Mey.	1051	Eremitis, Dell 1112	Euleucum, Raf	. 414
Emblica, Gærtn.	273	Eremocarpus, Benth 297	Eulophia, Br	. 535 . 259
Embothrium, Forst	183	Eremochloa, Büse 1131 Eremochloe, S. Wats 1177	Euosmus, Nutt.	. 163
Emex, Ncck	, 101 , 968	Eremolepis, Griseb 215	Euothonea, Reich. f.	. 524
Empetracka:	413	Eremopyrum, Jaub., Sp 1203	Euphorbia, Lina	. 258
Empetrum, Linn	414	Eremospatha, Mann 936	EUPHORBIACE.	. 239
Empodium, Salisb	717	Eremurus, Bieb 787	Euphorbiastrum, Kl	. 259 . 177
Empusa, Lindl.	495	Eria, <i>Lindl.</i> 509 Eriachne. <i>Br.</i> 1155	Euplassa, Salisb	. 589
Empusaria, Reichb.	. 495 . 767	Eriachne, Br 1105 Eriachne, Phil 1101	Eurhaphis, Trin.	. 1174
Encephalartos, Lehm.	445	Erianthus, Much 1126	Eurostorhisa, Stend.	. 1067
Enchidium, Jack	. 1223	Eriaxis, Reichb. f 590	Eurotia, Adans	. 65
		1	•	

Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Eurycles, Salisb 785	Floscopa, Lour 852	Galoglyckia, Gasp 868
Barydice, Pers 704	Fluegges, Willd 276	Galtonia, Done 809
Euryspermum, Salisb 169	Flueggea, Rich 678	Galumpita, Bl 856
Eurystylus, Bouch 655	Fluminia, Frice 1197	Galurus, Spr 311
Eusideroxylon, Teijem 155	Fluvialis, Pers 1018 Fatataxus, Senil 431	Gamanthus, Bungs 75 Gamelythrum, Nees 1146
Eusipho, Salish 729 Eusolenanthes, Schott . 975	Fætataxus, Senil 431 Fontaines, Heck 301	Gamochijus, Lestib 643
Enstachys, Desv 1166	Forbesia, Eckl 717	Gamogyne, N. E. Br 985
Eustachys, Salisb 816	Forchhammeria, Liebm 278	Gamoplexis, Falc 617
Eustephia, Cav 732	Forestiera, Poir 256	Gandriloa, Steud 51
Eustrephus, Br 768	Forficaria, Lindl 681	Ganymedes, Salisb 719
Bustylis, Engelm. et Gr. 696	Forrestia, A. Rich 850	Garcia, Rohr 292 Garciana, Lour 840
Eutasta, Link 437 Eutassa, Salisb 437	Forskohles, Linn 398 Fortunæa, Lindl 400	Garciana, Lour 840 Garnieria, Brongn 176
Eutassa, Salisb 437 Eutarpe, Garin 896	Fortunæa, Lindl 400 Fouilloya, Gaud 950	Garnotia, Brongn 1118
Euthyra, Salisb 834	Fouha, Pomel 821	Garrielia, Gaud 667
Entriana, Trin 1168	Fourcroya, Schult 739	Garrya, Dougl 256
Eutropia, Kl 294	Foxia, Parlat 812	Gasteria, Duv 775
Euxolus, Raf 28	Fragariopsis, St. Hil 328	Gastridium, Beauv 1151
Evallaria, Neck 768	Franklandia, Br 174	Gastrochilus, Wall 642 Gastrochilus, Don 579
Evandra, Br 1067	Fredolia, Coss. et Dur. 73 Freesia, Klatt 704	Gastrochilus, Don 579 Gastrodia, Br 617
Evansia, Salisb 687 Eveluna, Pepp 522	Freesia, Klatt 704 Freesia, Eckl 704	Gastroglottis, Bl 496
Evelyna, Pepp 522 Evodia, Gærtn 151	Fregea, Reichb. f 590	Gastronema, Herb 729
Evodianthus, Œrst 953	Freirea, Gaud 392	Gastropodium, Lindl 523
Evonymodaphne, Nees . 158	Freireodendron, Muell.	Gaudinia, Beauv 1160
Exceeding, Linn 337	Arg 278	Gaussia, Wendl 912
Excremis, Willd 794	Fremontia, Torr 76	Gavarretia, Baill 316
Exocarpus, Labill 230	Frenela, Mirb 424	Geauthus, Reinw 644 Gearum, N. E. Br 987
Exocarya, Benth 1056 Exomis, Fenzl 53	Freuchenia, Eckl 688 Freycinetia, Gaudich 951	Geblera, Fisch, et Mey. 276
Exomis, Fenzl 53 Exotheca, Anders 1136	Friesia, Spr 206	Geiseleria, Kl 205
Exydra, Endl 1198	Fritillaria, Linn 817	Geissorhiza, Ker 703
Eydouxia, Gaud 951	Frœlichia, Mænch 41	Geissoloma, Lindl 203
	Froelichia, Wulff 1071	Geitonoplesium, Cunn 768
	Frostia, Bert 118	Gelasine, Herb 695
Fabricia, Thunb 717	Fuirena, Rottb 1053	Gelonium, Roxb 324 Gembanga, Bl 922
Fagopyrum, Gertn 99	Fulchironia, Lesch 921 Funifers, Leandr 195	Gembanga, Bl 922 Geminaria, Raf 274
Fagus, Linn 410 Fahrenheitia, Zoll 299	Funifera, Leandr 195 Funium, Willem 739	Gemmaria, Salisb 721
Falconeria, Royle 335	Funkia, Spr 774	Genersichia, Heuff 1073
Falconera, Salisb 810	Funkia, Willd 781	Genesiphylla, Lher 275
Fallopia, Adans 103	Furcroen, Vent 739	Genlisca, Reichl 701
Falona, Adans 1183	Fusanus, Br 225	Gennaria, Parlat 625
Fatous, Gaud 358	Fusanus, Murr 225	Genoplesium, Br 609 Genosiris, Labill 609
Faurea, Harv 170	Fussia, Schur 1156	Genosiris, Labill 609 Geocallis, Horan 645
Faya, Webb 401   Fendleria, Steud 1143		Geodorum, Jacks 538
Fernandezia, R. et Pav. 556, 571	Gabertia, Gaud 539	Geomitra, Brcc 459
Fernandezia, Lindl 570	Gagea, Salisb 819	Geonoma, Willd 913
Ferraria, Linn 692	Gahnia, Forst 1066	Geophila, Berg 822
Festuca, Linn 1198	Gaiadendron, Don 212	Georchis, Lindl 603 Germainia, Bal 1136
Festuoaria, Link 1199	Gaimardia, Gaud 1026	
Fibichia, Kœl 1164	Galactodendron, H. B. K. 369 Galanga, Salish 648	Gersinia, Ner 501 Gesnouinia, Gaud 392
Ficinia, Schrad 1052 Ficus, Linn 367	Galanda, Salisb 648 Galanthus, Linn 719	Gethosyne, Salisb 783
Fieldia, Gaud 572	Galarhœus, Haw 261	Gethyllis, Linn 722
Fimbristylis, Vahl 1048	Galatea, Salisb 695	Gethyra, Salisb 648
Fingerhuthia, Nees 1182	Galatea, Herb 728	Gethyum, Phil 805
Fintelmannia, Kunth . 1068	Galaxia, Thunh 693	Ghiesbrechtia, A. Rich 520 Giaantabies, Seril 429
Fiorinia, Parlat 1157	Galeandra, Lindl 536	Gigantabies, Seril 429 Gigantochloa, Kurz 1211
Fisquetia, Gund 950	Galearin. Zoll. et Mor 287 Galeoglossum, A. Rich 598	Gigliola, Beec 904
Fitzgeraldia, F. Muell 612 Fitzroya, Hook. f 425	Galeola, Lour 589	Gilliesis, Lindl 804
Fieza, Gmel 162	Galeottia, A. Rich 543	GILLIESTACER 748
Plagellaria, Linn 860	Galera, Bl 618	Ginalios, Korth 215
FLAGRILLARIERE 860	Galilea, Parlat 1045	Gingko, Linn 482, 1225
Fleurya, Gaud 382	Gallesia, Casar 83	Girardinia, Gaud 384

1	Pag.	Dog t	To
Girgensohnia, Bunge	72	Grayia, Hook. st Arn. 54	Haasia, Nees 152
	356	Greenia, Nutt 1118	Habenaria, Willd 624
Gicekia Tinn	80	Greenwaya, Giseke 645	
Alicamusta A-11.1	647	Greigia, Regel 660	
	169		Habranthus, Herb 724, 725
(1:			Habrosia, Fenzl 19
Glahamia Tim	297	Grevillea, Br 180	Hachettes, Baill 1221
	162	Griffinia, Ker 726	Hæmanthus, Linn 730
	709	Grisebachia, Wendl 904	Hæmaria, Lindl 601
	946	Grobya, Lindl 543	Hæmatorchis, Bl
~~	202	Groenlandia, J. Gny 1014	Hæmatospermum, Wall 322
	640	Gronophyllum, Scheff. 886	Hæmatostrobus, Endl 236
	272	Grosowrdya, Reichb. f 575	HÆMODORACEÆ 671
	272	Grubbia, Berg 231	Hæmodorum, Linn 673
Glochisandra, Wight .	272	Guaco, Liebm 1220	Hagenbachia, Necs, Mart 674
Glomera, $Bl.$	516	Guadua, Kunth 1210	Hakea, Schrad 181
Glomeraria, Cav	28	Guarania, Baill 286	Halanthium, C. Koch . 74
Gloriosa, Linn	830	Guevina, Mol 177	Halarchon, Bunge 75
	629	Guienzia, Sond 969	Halimocnemis, C. A. Mcy. 74
Glossocalyx, Benth	144	Guillainia, Vicill 640	Halimus, Wallr 54
	613	Guilleminea, H. B. K 36	Hallackia, Harv 623
	629	Guldenstædtia, Nock 55	Halmyra, Parlat 734
Glumosia, Herb	- 1	Gulielma, Mart 942	Halocharis, Moq 73
	197	Gunnera, Linn 351	Halochloa, Griseb 1096
	429	Gunnia, Lindl 575	Haloenemum, Bieb 64
	417	Gussonea, Presl 1049	Halodula, Endl 1019
	419	Gussonia, A. Rich 584	Halogeton, C. A. Mry 75
	197	Gussonia, Spr 336	Halopeplis, Bunge 64
	995	Guzmania, R. et Pav. 669	Halophila, Thou 455
	654		
	153		Halostachen C. A. Mari
		Gyaxis, Salisb 730	Halostachys, C. A. Mcy. 63
	118	Gymnadenia, Br 625	Halostemma, Wall 1056
	565	Gymnalypha, Griseb 311	Halothamnus, Jaub. et Sp. 71
	149	Gymnanthelia, Anders 1134	Halotis, Bunge 74
Gomotriche, Turcz	33	Gymnanthes, Sw 337	Haloxylon, Bunge 70
	594	Gymnobalanus, Nees 158	Hamatris, Salisb 743
Gomphrena, Linn	40	Gymnocarpus, Forsk. 17	Hamelinia, A. Rich 781
	917	Gymnochæta, Steud 1063	Hamiltonia, Harv 226
	855	Gymnochilus, $Bl.$ 605	Hamiltonia, Muchl 223
	974	Gymnococca, E. Mey 189	Hamiltonia, Spr 224
	270	Gymnomesium, Schott . 967	Hancea, Seem 320
_ 2 <u>-</u>	994	Gymnopogon, Beauv 1167	Hanguana, Bl 861
	549	Gymnoschænus, Nees . 1062	Hansalia, Schott 971
	773	Gymnosiphon, Bl 458	Hapalanthus, Jacq 854
Goniotriche, Turcz	33	GYMNOSPERMEÆ 417	Hapale, Schott 977
Goniurus, Presl	999	Gymnostachys, Br 1000	Hapaline, Schott 977
Gonogona, Link	602	Gymnostichum, Schreb 1207	Haplachne, Presl 1128
Gonopyrum, C. A. Mey	97	Gymnostillingia, Muell.	Haplochilus, Endl 600
Gonostegia, Turcz	388	Arg 334	Haplostellis, Endl 615
	457	Gymnoterpe, Salisb 719	Haplostemum, Raf 1051
Gonystylus, Teijsm	201	Gymnotheca, Dene 128	Haplostigma, F. Muell 1033
Goodallia, Benth	194	Gymnotrix, Beauv 1106	Haplostylis, Nees 1059
	602	Gynamblosis, Torr 295	Hargasseria, Mey 192
	988	Gynandriris, Parl 687	Harina, Ham 916
Gossypianthus, Hook.	39	Gynerium, Humb. et B 1178	Harpachne, Hochst 1187
Ž.	866	Gynestum, Poit 913	Harpechloa, Kunth 1164
	282	Gynocephalium, Bl 351	Hartwegia, Lindl 528
	178	Gynoon, A. Juss 272	Hartwegia, Nees 788
	297		Hasskarlia, Baill 308
Governo Lind!	542		Hasskarlia, Walp 950
	592		
	074	Gyrocarpus, Jacq 149	Haworthia, Duv 777
	587	Gyromia, Nutt 833	Haylockia, Herb 723
	539	Gyrostachis, Pers 596	Haynaldia, Schur 1203
Grantia, Griff 10		Gyrostemon, Desf 86	Haynea, Schum 351
Graphephorum, Desv. 1		Gyrotænia, Grisch 384	Hebanthe, Mart 41
	501	Gyrotheca, Salisb 674	Hehea, Pers
	015	!	Hebecocca, Beurl 332
Graya, Nees 11	100	1	Hobelia, Gmel 828

	Dan		D		<b>7</b> 1
Hecatea, Thou	Pag. 332	Henslowia, Bl	Pag.   228	Hexonychia, Salisb	Pag. 804
Henstris, Salisb.	766		665	Hexorima, Raf.	769
Hechtia, Kl.	667		295		1002
Heckeria, Kunth	181	1	691	Heyderia, C. Koch	426
Hedraiostylie, Hassk	328	1	674	Hicorias, Raf.	398
Hedwigia, Medik	847		648		1139
Hedycarpus, Jacq	283	Heriteria, Schrank	828	Hieronyma, Allem	284
Hedycarya, Foret	141	Hermbstædtia, Reichb	25	Hilaria, <i>H. B. K.</i>	1121
Hedychium, Kom	642	Hermesia, H. et B	314	Hilleria, Vell	81
Hedyosmum, Sw	135	Hermidium, S. Wats	6	Himantoglossum, Spr	620
Hedyscepe, Wendl.	888		622	Himantophyllum, Spr.	729
Hekaterosackne, Stend.		1	719	Himas, Salisb	808
Hekorima, Kunth	769	· - · · · · · ·	687	Hippeastrum, Herb	724
Helanthium, Engelm  Helcia, Lindl	1005		164	Hippocrepandra, Muell.	004
Helena, Haw	560 719		146 164	Arg	264 504
	1047	Herniaria, Linn	16	Hippomane, Linn.	333
	1146		793	Hippophaë, Lins.	204
	1051		599	Hitchenia, Wall.	643
Helianthostylis, Baill.	374		766	Hocquartia, Dumort	125
Helicia, Lour	179		630	Hodgsonia, F. Muell	791
Helicilla, Moq	71		164	Hodgsoniola, F. Muell	791
Helicodea, Lemaire	665		778	Hofmeisterella, Reichb. f.	570
Helicodiceros, Schott	968		702	Hohenbergia, Schult	664
Heliconia, Linn	655		788	Helboelliå, Wall	1123
Heliconiopsis, Miq	655		777	Holcus, Linn	1159
Helicophyllum, Schott .	968	Hesperocles, Salisb	802	Holcus, Br	1135
Helicostylis, Tree	372		381	Hollisteria, S. Wats	94
	1160		801		1132
Helittophyllum, Bl	179		690	Holopteles, Planch	352
Helixanthera, Lour	208	'	720		1050
Helixyra, Salisb	689		721		1101
Helleborine, Pers	620	· · · ·	603 840	Holostylis, Duch	123 623
Hollenia, Retz	646 648	Heteria, Endl		Holothrix, Rich	
Helleria, Willd	1199		854	Homalocenchrus, Mieg .	
	1051		203	Homalonema, Schott	
Helmholtzia, F. Muell.	841		838	Hombronia, Gaud	951
Helmia, Kunth	743		136	Homeria, Vent	692
Helminthospermum, Thw.	356	,	848	Homocatherum, Nees	
Helonias, Linn	827		296	Homoglossum, Salisb	
Heloniopsis, A. Gr	827		189	Homoioceltis, Bl	356
	1099	Heteropogon, Pers 1	133	Homonoia, Lour	322
Helosis, Rich	237	Heteropsis, Kunth	991	Homoplitis, Trin	1127
Holothrix, Nees	1063		763	Honorius, S. F. Gray .	816
Helxine, Req	393		906	Hookera, Salisb	800
	1131	Heterostachys, Ung.		Hoplophytum, Morr	664
Hemerocallis, Linn	773	Sternb	64	Hoplotheca, Spr	41
	1201		967		1069
	1072		169 951	Horaninowia, Fisch. et Mey. Hordeum, Linn.	70 1 <b>20</b> 6
	1053 964		013		1001
Hemicarpurus, Nees	1053		555	Hormidium, Lindl	524
Hemichros, Br	59	**	122	Hornera, Jungh.	188
Hemicicca, Baill	274		160	Hornstedtia, Retz	645
Hemiclidia, Br	186		290	Hornungia, Bernh	820
Hemicyclia, Hook. et Arn.	278	75.	827	Horsfieldia, Willd	137
Hemiorchis, Kurs	641		258	Hortonia, Wight	142
Hemipilia, Lindl	628		525	Hosta, Trattin	774
Hemiptelea, Planch	353	Hexadica, Lour	256	Houlletia, Brongu	550
Hemisacris, Steud 1	1195	9	692	Houttuynia, Thunb	128
Hemiscleria, Lindl	523		498	Houttuynia, Houtt	706
Hemisteirus, F. Muell	33		066	Howardia, Kl	125
Hemistylis, Benth.	393		588	Howea, Becc.	904
Hemithrinax, Hook. f.	930		162	Hufelandia, Nece	152
Handecandra, Each	295		121	Humboldtia, R. et Pav	488 256
Houningia, Kar.	787		016	Humulus, Linn	543
Henonia, Moq	24	Hexisia, Lindl	524	Huntleya, Batem	420

Dog 1	Pag.	Pag.
Kingia, Br 865	Lamprocaulus, Mast 1082	Leimanthium, Willd 834
Kirganelia, Juss 273	Lamprococcus, Beer 688	Leiocarpus, Bl 282
Kirilovia, Bunge 57	Lamproconus, Lemaire . 666	Leiochilus, Kn. et Westc. 564
Klattia, Bak 702	Lamprodithyros, Hassk. 850	Leiopyxis, Miq 268
Klopstockia, Karst 905	Lanaria, Ait 675	Leiospermum, Wall 32
Klotzschiphytum, Baill 293	Laneasagum, Bedd 279	Leitneria, Chapm 397
Knappia, Sm 1147	Lanessania, Baill 370	LEITNERIEE 396
Knema, Lour 187	Langeveldia, Gaud 386	Lemna, Linn 1001
Knightia, Br 184	Langia, Endl 25	LEMNACEÆ 1000
Kniphofia, Manch 775	Langsdorffia, Mart 236	Lemnopsis, Zipp 1012
Knowlesia, Hassk 854	Langsdorffia, Raddi 946	Lemonia, Pers 706
Kobresia, Willd 1071	Languas, Keen 648	Lenzia, Phil 23
Kochia, Roth 60	Lanium, Lindl 522	Leontochir, Phil 737
Kœleria, Pers 1183	Lanspergia, Vries 690	Leopardanthus, Bl 539
Kallensteinia, Reichb. f. 544	Lanthorus, Presl 208 Lapageria, R. et Pav 767	Leopoldia, Herb 725 Leopoldia, Parlat 812
Kenigia, Linn 95		Leopoldia, Parlat 812 Leopoldinia, Mart 920
Koilodepas, Hassk 313 Kolbea. Schlecht 823		Lepanthes, Sw 491
Kolbea, Schlecht 823 Kolowratia, Presl 648	Lapiedra, Lag 720 Laportea, Gaud 383	Lepargyreia, Raf 204
Kolpakowskia, Reg 735	Lappago, Schreb 1122	Lepeocercis, Trin
Korolkowia, Regel 818	Lappagopsis, Steud 1098	Leperiza, Herb 732
Korthalsia, Bl 932	Larentia, Klatt 692	Lepidadenia, Nees 162
Korycarpus, Zea 1190	Larix, Mill 442	Lepidanthus, Nees 1036
Kosaria, Forsk 366	Lascadium, Raf 256	Lepidanthus, Nutt 271
Kralikia, Coss. et Dur 1205	Lasia, Lour 995	Lepideilema, Trin 1111
Krascheninikovia, Guld 55	Lasiadenia, Benth 192	Lepidobolus, Nees 1033
Kroysigia, Reichb 829	Lasiagrostis, Link 1142	Lepidocaryum, Mart 938
Krombholtzia, Fourn 1191	Lasimorpha, Schott 997	Lepidoceras, Hook. f 216
Kruhsea, Regel 769	Lasiochioa, Kunth 1194	Lepidococca, Turcz 304
Ktenosachne, Steud 1155	Lasiocroton, Grisch 317	Lepidococcus, Wendl 938
Kumara, Medik 776	Lastogyne, Kl 294	Lepidocroton, Presl 305
Kunthia, Humb. et Bonpl. 911	Lasiolepis, Beeckel. 1021, 1043	Lepidogyne, Bl 603
Kyllinga, Rottb 1045	Lasiolytrum, Steud 1128	Lepidopelma, Kl 266
	Lasiosiphon, Fres 197	Lepidophyton, Hook, f 238
	Lasiostyles, Presl 320	Lepidopironia, A. Rich. 1170
T 7:431 547	Lasiurus, Boiss 1129 Lassia. Baill 329	Lepidosperma, Lab 1065 Lepidostachys, Wall 282
Lacena, Lindl 547 Laccospadix, Wendl 903	Lassia, Baill 329 Lastarriæa, Remy 94	Lepidothamnus, Phil 433
Laccospadix, Wendl 903 Laccosperma, Wendl 937	Latania, Comm 940	Lepidoturus, Baill 316
Lachenalia, Jacq 807	Lathræophila, Lenndr. 237	Lepidozamia, Reg 445
Lachnea, Linn 196	Lathrisia, Sw 1226	Lepilæna, Drumm 1016
Lachnagrostis, Trin 1152	Lathrophytum, Eichl 239	Lepiostegeres, Miq 211
Lachnanthes, Ell 674	Latipes, Kunth 1123	Lepironia, Rich 1056
Lachnocaulon, Kunth . 1024	Latourea, Bl 501	Lepisia, Presl 1064
Lachnochloa, Steud 1096	Laurea, Gaud 362	Leptanthus, Mich 838
Lachnolepis, Miq 200	Laurelia, Juss 145	Leptaspis, $Er.$ 1110
Lachnostachys, Hook 23	LAURINEÆ 146	Leptatherum, Nees 1127
Lachnostylis, Turcz 269	Laurus, Linn 163	Leptemon, Raf 296
Lacis, Lindl 109	Lautembergia, Baill 315	Leptobotrys, Baill 329
Lacis, Schreb 109	Lawia, Tul 108	Leptocarpus, Br 1032
Lacistema, Sw 413	Laxmannia, Br 796 Learosa, Reichb 145	Leptocarydion, Hochst 1176
LACISTRMACRÆ 412	Learosa, Reichb 145 Lebidiera, Baill 268	Leptoceras, Lindl 613 Leptochloa, Beauv 1172
Lactoris, Phil 127 Lælia. Lindl 533	Lebidieropsis, Muell. Arg. 268	Leptocnide, Bl
Lælia, Lindl 533 Læliopsis, Lindl 532	Lecanocarpus, Nees 48	Leptocoryphium, Nees . 1098
Lagarosiphon, Harv. 450	Lecanocnide, Bl 391	Leptodaphne, Nees 158
Lagenandra, Dalz 963	Lecanorchis, Bl 606	Leptogonum, Benth 103
Lagenocarpus, Nees 1067	Lecanthus, Wedd 385	Leptomeria, Br 229
Lagetta, Juss 195	Lechea, Lour 849	Leptonema, A. Juss 275
Lagrezia, Moq 25	Lechlera, Griseb 700	Leptonium, Griff 189
Lagunea, Lour 98	Lecontia, Torr 975	Leptopetion, Schott 966
Lagurus, <i>Linn</i> 1154	Lecostemon, Moç. et Sess. 80	Leptopus, Dene 271
Lais, Salisb 725	Ledebouria, Roth 815	Leptopus, Kl 259
Lamarckia, Manch 1183	Ledenbergia, Kl 81	Leptorhachis, Kl 329
Lambertia, Sm 179	Ledgeria, F. Muell 589	Leptorrhoeo, Hemsl. 856
Lumpocarya, Br 1066	Leersia, Sw	Leptoschenus, Nees 1049
Lampra, Benth 856	Leichhardtia, Sheph 425	Leptosolena, Presl 647 Leptosomus, Schlecht 838
Lamprocarpus, Bl 846	Leidesia, Muell. Arg 310	Leptosomus, Schlecht 838

Loudetia, Hochst. Louichea, Lher.

Loureira, Cav. . .

Limnostachys, F. Muell. . 839

Limodorum, Rich. . . 618

Linagrostis, Adans. . . 1052

. . 1162

16

291

210

189

Dog	Pag.	Pag.
Macrostomum, Bl 499	Mauhlia, Dahl 798	Metachilum, Lindl 588
Macrostylis, Breda 591	Maukschia, Heuff 1073	Metanarthecium, Maxim. 825
Macrozamia, Miq 445	Maundia, F. Muell 1012	Methonica, Juss 830
Madvigia, Liebm 661	Mauritia, Linn. f 937	Metroxylon, Rottb 935
Mælenia, Dnmort 532	Maxillaria, R. et Pav 555	Metroxylon, Spr 935
Mæsobotrya, Benth 284	Maximiliana, Mart 946	Mettenia, Griseb 324
Maia, Salisb 770	Mayaca, Aubl 843	Mezereum, Mey 190
Maianthemum, Wigg 770	Матаселе 843	Mibora, Adans 1147
Maillardia, Duch 360	Mays, Gærtn 1114	Michelaria, Dum 1201
Maillea, Parlat 1146	Meborea, Aubl 274	Micraira, F. Muell 1156
Mainea, Vell 256	Mecosa, Bl 626	Micrandra, Benth 289
Maireana, Moq 60	Mecostylis, Kurz 321	Micrandra, Br 290
Malachadenia, Lindl 503	Medea, Kl 294	Micrantheum, Desf 262
Malachochæte, Nees 1051	Medemia, Wendl 882	Micranthus, Pers 706
Malaisia, Blanco 360	Medeola, Linn 833	Microcachrys, Hook. f 433
Malaxis, Sw 493	Medora, Kunth 770	Microcasia, Becc 986  Microcasia, Engl 985
Mallotus, Lour 319	Medusea, Haw 260 Meerburgia, Monch 15	
Malortiea, Wendl 906	3.,	Michrochilus, Presl 597 Microchloa, Br 1163
Maltebrunia, Kunth 1116	7	Microenemum, Ung.
Maluluchan, Blanco 231	Megalachne, Thw 1155 Megalotheca, F. Muell 1031	Sternb 66
Mancinella, Tuss 333	Megastachya, Beauv. 1187, 1190	Micrococca, Benth 309
Mandelorna, Steud 1135 Mandiocca, Link 306	Megastachya, Fourn 1187	Micrococos, Phil 948
	Meineckia, Baill 276	Microcælia, Lindl 584
Mandonia, Hassk 854 Manfreda, Salisb 738	Meiracylium, Reichb. f 493	Microcycas, Mig 447
Manglesia, Endl 181	Meistera, Giscke 645	Microdesmis, Planch 287
Mangonia, Schott 988	Melachne, Schrad 1066	Microelus, W. et Arn 281
Manicaria, Gertn 919	Melancranis, Vahl 1052	Microgynecium, Hook. f. 56
Manihot, Adans 306	Melanocarpum, Hook. f.	Microkentia, Wendl 895
Manisuris, Linn 1130	24, 1218	Microlæna, Br 1137
Manitia, Giseke 640	Melanocenchris, Nees . 1169	Micronoma, Wendl 882
Manlilia, Salisb 807	Melanolepis, Reichb 319	Micropeplis, Bunge 75
Manniella, Reichb. f 605	MELANTHACEÆ 748	Micropera, Dalz 575
Manniophyton, Muell.	Melanthesa, Bl 276	Micropiper, Miq 133
Arg 297	Melanthesiopsis, Muell.	Microptelea, Spach 352
Mantisia, Sims 639	Arg 277	Micropyrum, Link 1199
Maoutia, Wedd 391	Arg 277 Melanthium, Linn 834	Microsaceus, Bl 582
Mapa, Vell 82	Melanthium, Kunth 824	Microsepala, Miq 283
Mapania, Aubl 1055	Melasphærula, Ker 707	Microstachys, A. Juss 336
Mappa, A. Juss 321	Melica, Linn 1189	Microstegium, Nees 1127
Maprounea, Aubl 333	Melicho, Salisb 730	Microstylis, Nutt 494
Maquira, Aubl 373	Melinis, Beauv 1119	Microtea, Sw 82
Maranta, Linn 649	Melinonia, Brongn 666	Microtis, Br 609
MARANTACEÆ 636	Melinum, Link 1115	Microthuareia, Thou 1109
Marantopsis, Kern 650	Melloca, Lindl	Mida, A. Cunn
Marara, Karst 944	Melocalamus, Benth. 1212	Miegia, Pers 1207
Marathrum, H. B. K 110	Melocanna, Trin 1214	Miegea, Schreb 1058 Miersia, Lindl 804
Mareya, Baill 312	Memorialis, Ham 388 Menarda, A. Juss 274	Miersia, Lindl 804 Mildea, Griseb 134
Margaritaria, Linn. f 256	Menarda, A. Juss 274 Menestrata, Vell 157	Miliarium, Mench 1143
Margarocarpus, Wedd 388 Marica. Ker 689	Mengea, Schau 28	Milium, Linn
	Meoschium, Beauv 1132	Milla, Cav 799
Marica, Schreb 694 Mariscus, Vahl 1045	Mercklinia, Reg 182	Milligania, Hook. f 781
Marogna, Salisb 645	Mercurialis, Linn 309	Miltonia, Lindl 563
Marquartia, Hassk 950	Merendera, Ram 822	Mimetes, Salisb 171
Marsippospermum, Desv. 867	Meriana, Trew 705	Minutalia, Fenzl 284
Martagon, Salisb 817	Merione, Salisb 743	Miquelia, Nees 1118
Martensia, Giseke 648	Merisachne, Steud 1176	Mirabilis, Linn 3
Martinesia, R. et Pav 944	Meristostigma, Dietr 705	Misanteca, Schl 155
Masdevallia, R. et Pav 492	Merostachys, Spr 1209	Miscanthus, Anders 1125
Massangia, Morr 668	Mertensia, H. B. K 354	Mischodon, Thw 280
Massonia, Thunb 806	Mesanthemum, Kærn 1021	Mischospora, Bœckel 1048
Massovia, C. Koch 998	Mesanthus, Nees 1036	Mischophlœus, Scheff 883
Mastigoscleria, Nees 1071	Mesoclastes, Lindl 571	Misodendron, DC 229
Mathieua, Kl 1227	Mesomelæna, Nees 1061	Missiessia, Gaud 391
Matrella, Pers 1124	Mesosetum, Steud 1101	Mithridatea, Schreb 139
Matthea, Bl 141	Mesospinidium, Reichb.f. 562	Mitopetalum, Bl 515
Mattuschkia, Gmel 127	Mespilodaphne, Nees . 158	Mitostigma, Bl 627
	•	

Pag.	Pag.	Pag
Mitrospora, Nees 1059	Morenia, R. et Pav 911	Narcissus, Linn 718
Mitscherlichea, Kunth . 9	Moresia, Nees 1059	Nardurus, Reichb 1199
Mnasium, Schreb 858	Morgagnia, Bub 784	Nardus, Linn 1205
Mnesithea, Kunth 1130	Mormodes, Lindl 552	Narthecium, Mahr. 825
Mnianthus, Walp 108	Mormolyce, Fensi 554	Nasmythia, Huds 1020
Mnsarum, Forst 19	Morocarpus, Moench 52	Nasonia, Lindl 571
Mniopsis, Mart 113	Morocarpus, Sieb. et Zucc. 390	Nassella, E. Desv 1148
Moacurra, Roxb 256	Morphixia, Ker 704	Nastus, Juss 1210
Modecoopsis, Griff 220	Morus, Linn 364	Naucleopsis, Miq 378
Manchia, Medic 803	Moscharia, Salisb 812	Navenia, Kl 547
Mœrenhoutia, Bl 604	Mourera, Aubl 109	Navia, Schult 667
Mogiphanes, Mart 37	Mozinna, Ort 291	Navicularia, Rad 1108
Mohlana, Mart 81	Mucronea, Benth 98	Neera, Salisb 738
Moldenhawera, Spr 220	Muehlenbeckia, Meisen. 101	Nechamandra, Planch. 451
Molina, C. Gay 264	Muchlenbergia, Schreb 1143	Neckeria, Gmel 14
Molinea, Bert 948	Muilla, S. Wats 801	Nectandra, Rol 159
Molineria, Colla 718	Muldera, Miq , 129	Nectandra, Roxb 197
Molineria, Parlat 1157	Munnickia, Reichb 122	Nectarobothrium, Ledeb. 820 Nectaroscilla, Parl 814
Molinia, Schrank 1185	Munroa, Torr 1180	
Mollinedia, R. et P 140	Murdannia, Royle 849	
Molloya, Meissn 181	Musa, Linn 655	21000, 20, 00 2 001
Moly, Monch 803	MUSACRÆ 636	
Molyza, Salisb 804	Musanga, Br 379 Muscari, Mill 811	
Monisia, Dum 354 Monachanthus, Lindl 551		1.00
		200
Monachather, Steud 1163 Monachne, Beauv 1099		Nemastylis, Nutt 696 Nematanthera, Miq 131
Monachyron, Parlat 1158	Mycaranthus, Bl 510 Mycetanthe, Reichb 119	Nematanthus, Nees 1036
Monadenia, Lindl 630	Mygalurus, Link 1198	Nematoceras, Hook. f 609
Monadenus, Salisb 836	Myoda, Lindl 601	Nematospermum, Rich 418
Monandraira, E. Desv 1158	Myodium, Salisb 622	Nematostigma, Dietr 696
Monanthochloe, Engelm. 1180	Myogalum, Link 816	Nematostigma, Planch 856
Monella, Herb 729	Myoschilos, R. et Pav 226	Nemexia, Raf 768
Monerma, Beauv 1205	Myostemma, Salisb 725	Nemochloa, Nees 1060
Monimia, Thou 139	Myostoma, Miers 459	Nemodaphne, Meissn 158
MONIMIACE 137	Myoxanthus, Peepp 489	Nemostigma, Planch 356
Monocallis, Salisb 814	Myriachæta, Zoll. et Mor. 1120	Nemostylis, Herb 696
Monocaryum, Br 821	Myrianthus, Beauv 379	Nemuaron, Baill 145
Monocera, Ell 1165	Myrica, Linn 400	Nemum, Desv 1050 Nenga, Wendl 888
Monochæte, Dæll 1167	Myricaceze 400	200
Monochilus, Wall 600	Myrioblastus, Wall 963 Myriocarpa. Benth 391	Trought and the
Monochoria, Presl 839 Monococcus, F. Muell 83	Myriocarpa, Benth 391 Myriogomphus, Didrichs. 295	Neoboutonia, Muell. Arg. 317 Neodryas, Reichb. f 566
Monococcus, F. Muell 83 Monocodon, Salisb 818	Myristica, Linn 136	Neogyne, Reichb. f 519
Monocystis, Lindl 648	Myristice 135	Neolacis, Wedd 111
Monoestes, Salisb 808	Myrmechis, Bl 601	Neolexis, Salisb 770
Monolepis, Schrad 50	Myrobroma, Salisb 590	Neormpera, Muell. Arg 276
Monolophus, Wall 642	Myrosma, Linn. f 651	Neotinea, Reichb. f 625
Monomeria, Lindl 506	Myrosmodes, Reichb. f 592	Neottia, Linn 595
Monopogon, Presl 1161	Myrsiphyllum, Willd 766	Neottidium, Schlecht 595
Monorchis, Ehrh 622	Myrtobium, Miq 216	NEPENTHACE
Monospora, Hochst 257	Mystacidium, Lindl 584	Nepenthes, Linn 116
Monostiche, Körn 654	Mystropetalum, Harv. 234	Nephelaphyllum, Bl 514
Monostylis, Tul 111	Mytilococcus, Zoll 257	Nephelochlos, Boiss 1195
Monotassa, Salisb 816	Myzodendron, Banks . 229	Nephranthera, Hassk 577 Nephrocodium, Waln 457
Monotaxis, Brongn 264	1	Ziopini ocoatimit, titalpi
Monotrema, Körn 859	Nageia, Gærtn 401, 435	Nephrocolium, Turcz. 407 Nephrosperma, Balf. 907
Monotris, Lindl 624		27 241 - C-7-44 082
Monsters, Adans 991  Montbretia, DC 708	Nageia, Roxb 277 NAIADACEE 1009	Nephthytis, Schott
Montelia, A. Gr 29	Naias, Linn 1018	Nerine, Herb
Montolivæa, Reichb. f 627	Nannorhops, Wendl 923	Nerissa, Salisb 780
Montrichardia, Crüg 982	Nanocnide, Bl	Nervilia, Gaud 615
Moquinia, Spr 209	Nanodea, Banks 226	Nesodaphne, Hook, f 152
Moræa, Lina 688	Nanodes, Lindl 581	Nestronia, Raf 226
MORRE 341	Nanolirion, Benth 793	Neubeekia, Alef 686
Morelotia, Gaud 1066	Nanopetalum, Hassk 268	Neuberia, Eckl. 705 Neumannia, Bronon 668
Morella, Lour 401	Nanophytum, Less 78	1 2.00
VOL. III.		4 L

		_
Pag. Neurachne. Br 1123	Pag.	Oporanthus, Herb 721
	Odontocarya, Miers 261	
Neuwiedia, Bl 685	Odomochilus, Bl 660	Only of Dall Off
Nicolaia, Horan 644	Odontoglossum, H. B. K. 561	
Nidularium, Lemaire . 660	Odontostomum, Torr 680	
Niemeyera, F. Muell 685	Odontostylis, Breda 504	
Nietneria, Kl 825	Eccoclades, Lindl 579	Onchiden S-
Nigrina, Thunb 134	Edera, Crantz	Orchidium, Sw 496
Nigritella, Rich. 625	Edipachne, Link 1099	Orchidofunckia, A. Rich. 568
Niobe, Salisb 774	Œnocarpus, Mart 897	Orchiops, Salisb 808
Niobea, Willd 717	Enone, Tul 110	Orchipedum, Breds 598
Nipa, Wurmb 920	Œonia, Lindl 584	Orchis, Linn 620, 1226
NIFACEE 870	Erstedella, Beichb. f 530	Oreamunoa, Œrst 899
Nitrophila, Wats 59	Ofaiston, Raf 71	Oreobliton, Moq 52
Nivaria, Mœnch 720	Ogoodeia, Ruiz 373	Oreobolus, Br 1057
Nivenia, $Br$ 171	Oileus, Haw 719	Oreocallis, Br 184
Nivenia, Vent 701	Okenia, Cham. Schl 6	Oreochloa, Link 1188
Nosea, Moq	Oldfieldia, Hook 281	Oreocnide, Miq 390
Nolina, Mich 780	Oligandra, Less 51	Oreodaphne, Nees 157
Nemochloa, Beauv 1051	Oliganthera, Endl 51	Oreodoxa, Willd 899
Nomochloa, Nees 1060	Oligosma, Salisb 802	Oreomunnea, Œrst 399
<i>Nordmannia</i> , Fisch. et	Oligosmilax, Seem 763	Oreorchis, Lindl 498
<b>M</b> ey. , , , , , , 191	Oliveriana, Reichb. f 560	Orexis, Salisb 727
Norna, Wahlenb 496	Olmedia, R. et Pav 371	Orfilea, Baill 315
Notanthera, Don 212	Olmediella, Baill 1224	Orites, <i>Br.</i> 180
Notaphabe, Bl 157	Olmediopsis, Karst 372	Orithyia, Don 819
Nothocnide, Bl 390	Olyra, Linn 1110	Oritina, Br 180
Nothofagus, Bl 410	Omalanthus, A. Juss 331	Ornstharium, Lindl 575
Notholirion, Boiss 817	Ombrophytum, Papp 239	Ornithidium, Salisb 556
Nothosærua, Wight 34	Omentaria, Salisb 798	Ornithocephalochloa,
Nothoscordum, Kunth . 802	Ommatodium, Lindl 633	Kurz 1109
Notiophrys, Lindl 604	Omæa, Bl 579	Ornithocephalus, Hook 568
Notobuxus, Oliv 1222	Omoscleria, Nees 1071	Ornithochilus, Wall 581
Notocles, Salisb 824	Omphacomeria, A. DC 227	Ornithogalum, Linn 815
Notosceptrum, Benth 775	Omphalandria, P. Br 332	Ornithoglossum, Salisb 824
Notothixos, Oliv 214	Omphalea, Linn 332	Ornithoxanthum, Link . 819
Notylia, Lindl 586	Omphalissa, Salisb 725	ORONTIACEÆ 955
Nowodworskya, Presl . 1150	Omphalotheoa, Hassk 1227	Orontium, Linn 994
Noyera, Tréc 373	Oncidium, Sw	Oropetium, Trin 1206
Nunnezharia, R. et Pav. 910	Oncocalamus, Wendl. 936	Orophoma, Drude 938
Nunnezia, Willd 910	Oncocyclus, Siems 687	Orothamnus, Pappe 171
Nuytsia, Br 206	O Jain 10 979	Orsidice, Reichb. f 575
NECTAGINEZE 1	Oncodia, Lindl	Ortachne, Nees 1141
Nyctaginia, Chors. 4	Oncorhica, Pers 745	Ortegia, Loefl 18
Nyotago, Juss 3	Oncosperma, Bl 895	Ortgiesia, Regel 662
Nyotophylax, Zipp 639	Oncostylis, Nees 1049	Orthogerss, Br 608
Nymphanthus, Lour 275	Oncus, Lour 745	Orthochilus, Hochst 585
Nyrophylla, Neck 150	Onca, Fr. et Savat 1190	Orthoclada, Beauv 1190
Nyssanthes, Br 36	Onychium, Bl 498	Orthopetalum, Beer 666
11,550114105, 27	Onychosepalum, Steud. 1034	Orthopogon, Br 110'
	Opetiola, Gærtn 1045	Orthoraphium, Nees 1142
Oakesia, Tuckerm 414	Ophiolyza, Salisb 710	Orthosporum, Nees 52
Oakesia, S. Wats 830	Ophiomeris, Miers 459	Orthrosanthus, Sweet . 697
Oberonia, Lindl 494	Ophione, Schott 997	Oryctanthes, Kichl 218
	1	Oryza, Linn
	1 -1 - 1	Oryzopsis, Mich 1142
A 11 771 004		Oserys, Tul 114
Ocalia, Kl 294		Osmyne, Salisb 816
Ocampoa, A. Rich 598		Osteocarpum, F. Muell 62
Ochagavia, Phil 661	Ophiostachys, Red 826 Ophira, Lam 231	Osterdamia, Neck 1124
Ochlandra, Thw 1215		Ostodes, Bl 299
Ocotea, Aubl 157		Ostrya, Scop 406
Octodesmia, Benth 525	Ophispermum, Lour 200	Ostryopsis, Done. 405
Octavillum, Lour 204	Ophiurus, Br	Osyricera, Bl 505
Octoclinis, F. Muell 425	Ophryoscleria, Nees 1071	Osyridicarpus, A. DC 222
Octolepis, Oliv 201	Ophrys, Linn 621	Osyria, Linn 227
Octomeria, Br 498	Ophthalmoblapton, Allem. 333	Otachyrium, Nees 1108
Octomeria, Don 509	Opizia, Presi	Otendra, Balisb
Odenteilen a Thomas	Oplismenus, Beauv 1104	Othocalis, Halish. 814
Odentoilema, Turez 311	Oplathera, Nutt 41	Composition of Sabirem.

	- 1	Pag.
Otochilus, Lindl 519	Paradenocline. Muell.	Peperidia, Reichb 184
Ottelia, Pers	Arg	Peperidium, Lindl 648
Ottonia, Spr 131	Paradisanthus, Reichb. f. 477	Peperomia, R. et Pav. 182, 1220
Ouvirandra, Thou 1014	Paradisia, Mazz 783	Pepinia, Brongn 666
Ovidia, Meissn 190	Paragnathis, Spr 627	Pera Mut. 840
Ovieda, Spr 705	Paranomus, Salisb 171	Peramium, Salisb 602
Oxyanthe, Steud 1106	Parartocarpus, Baill 375	Perebea Auhl
Oxyanthera, Brongn 589	Parasponia, Mig 355	Periballanthus, Fr. et Sav. 789
Oxybaphus, Vahl . 4, 1217	Paratheria, Griseb 1107	Periballia, Trin 1197
Oxybasis, Kar. et Kir 52	Paratrophis, Bl 364	Peribaa, Kunth
Oxycaryum, Nees 1051	Pardanthus, Ker 697	
Oxychloe, Phil 866	Parduyna, Salisb 829	Peridium, Schott 340 Periellema, Prest 1144
Oxydenia, Nutt 1172	Pariana, Aubl	Periphanes, Salisb 720
Oxygonum, Burch. 96 Oxyria, Hill 100		Peripluxis, Wall 278
Oxyria, Hill 100 Oxysepalum, Wight 504	Parillax, Raf 764 Paris, Linn 833	Peripterygium, Hassk 257
Oxystophyllum, Bl 499	Parolinia, Endl 424	Peristeria, Hook 550
Oxytenanthera, Munro . 1211	Paronychia, Juss 15	Peristulis. Bl 625
Oxytheca, Nutt 92	PARONYCHIACRÆ 12	Perobachne, Presl 1136
02,01000,211111	Parthenoxylon, Bl 156	Peronia, DC 650
	Pasania, Œrst 408	Perotis, Att 1128
Pachites, Lindl 629	Pasithea, Don 791	Persea, Gartn 156
Pachychilus, Bl 511	Paspalum, Linn 1097	Persoonia, Sm 176
Pachycornia, Hook. f 65	Passæa, Baill 308	Perula, Schreb 340 Perularia, Lindl 625
Pachydendron, Haw 776	Passerina, Linn 194	20, 6,6,6,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,7,
Pachylepis, Brongu 424	Passowia, Karst 212	
Pachyne, Salisb 512	Patagua, Baill 180	10000000
Pachyphyllum, H. B. K. 571	Patersonia, Br 699 Patrocles, Salisb 719	Pessularia, Salish 788 Petalanthera, Nees 158
Pachysandra, Mich 267		Petalodiscus, Baill 270
Pachystemon, Bl 321 Pachystoma, Bl 511	Pattonia, Wight 539 Pauridia, Harv 716	Petaloma, Raf 259
	Pausandra, Radlk 298	Petalostigma, F. Muell 277
	Pavonia, R. et Pav 145	Petamenes, Salisb 710
Pachytrophe, Bur 363 Padia, Zoll. Mor 1116	Paxtonia, Lindl 512	Petermannia, F. Muell 746
Pæpalanthus, Mart 1022	Payeria, Baill 257	Petilium, Linn 818
Palamostigma, Mart 294	Pechea, Pourr 1146	Petiveria, Linn 82
Palenga, Thw 277	Peddiea, Harv 199	Petranthe, Salisb 814
Palinctes, Salisb 727	Pedilanthus, Neck 257	Petrophila, Br 172
Palisota, Reichb 847	Pedilea, Lindl 494	Petrosavia, Becc 828 Petrosimonia, Bunge . 73
Palissya, Baill 315	Pedilonia, Presl 673	
Pallasia, Linn. f 95	Pedilonum, Bl 498	Peumus, Pers 141 Peumus, Molin 150
Pallasia, Scop 1139	Pelexia, Lindl 597 Peliosanthes. Andr 678	Peyritschia, Fourn 1158
Pallastema, Salisb 810		Peyrousia, Sweet 705
Pallavia, Vell 9 PALME 870	1 021102110, 000	Pfaffia, Mart 37
Palmæ 870 Palmeria, F. Muell 140	Peltandra, Raf 975 Peltandra, Wight 273	Phacellaria, Benth 229
Paludana, Giseko 645	Peltobryon, Kl 130	Phacelurus, Griseb 1130
Paludaria, Salisb 821	Peltophora, Desv 1129	Phadra, Kl 308
Palumbina, Reichb. f 563	Peltophyllum, Gardn 1002	Phædranassa, Herb 732
Pancratium, Linn 733	Peltopsis, Raf 1014	Phænocodon, Salisb 767
PANDANEÆ 949	Penzea, Linn 202	Phenosperma, Munro . 1119 Phenocles Salish 816
Pandanophyllum, Hassk. 1056	PENÆACEÆ 201	
Pandanus, Linn 949	Penicillaria, Willd 1106	Phæocordylis, Griff 238 Phæomeria, Lindl 644
Panderia, Fisch. et Mey. 57	Pennantia, Forst 257	Phæosphærion, Hassk. 847
Pandiaka, Mog 35	Pennisetum, Pers 1105	Phaius, Lour
Panicastrella, Monch . 1181	Pentabrachion, Muell.	Phalænopsis, Bl 573
Panicum, Linn 1100		Phalangium, Juss 788
Panisea, Lindl 507 Panopsis, Saltsb 177	Pentacæna, Bartl 14 Pentacraspedon, Steud 1145	Phalaridium, Nees 1185
2000	Pentacrophys, A. Gr 6	Phalaris, Linn 1138
Pantathera, Phil 1200 Panza, Salisb 719	Pentadactylon, Gærtn. 176	Phaleria, Jack 199
Paphinia, Lindl 548	Pentameris, Beauv 1163	Phalocallis, Herb 690
Papiria, Thunb 722	Pentapogon, Br 1154	
Papperitzia, Reichb. f 477	Pentarhaphis, H. B. K 1096	Pharetrella, Salisb. 680
Pappophorum, Schreb 1174	Pentasticha, Turcz 1049	1 1847 44010, 2200, 200
Papyrus, Willd 1045	Penthea, Lindl. 630	I man mucoegoous, manage
Paracroton, Miq 299	Pentlandia, Herb 732	1 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Paractænium, Beauv 1102	Pentrias, Ref 28	Phelypea, Thunb: 118

1200 · INDEA	Chiliprobl El Sinonin	OKOM.
Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Phenakospermum, Endl 657	Physurus, Rich 597	Platylepis, Rich 604
Phenax, Wedd 892	Phytarrhiza, Vis 669	Platylepis, Kunth 1054
Pherosphæra, Arch 433	Phytelephas, R. et Pav 921	Platymetra, Salisb 772
Philesia, Comm 767	Phytrlephusiem 870	Platysma, Bl 588
PHILESIACEE 748	Phytolacca, Linn 84	Platystachya, C. Koch . 670
Philocrena, Bong 108	PHYTOLACCACEÆ 78	Platystigma, Wall 283
Philodendron, Schott 978	Pices, Link 439	Platystylis, Bl 496
Philodice, Mart 1023	Picea, Don 441	Platyzamia, Zucc 445
Philogyne, Salisb 719	Pierardia, Roxb 283	Plecospermum, Tréc 361
Philonotion, Schott 981	Piercea, Mill 80	Plecostigma, Turez 1227
Philoxerus, Br 40	Pigafetta, Becc 933	Plectocomia, Mart 934
PHILYDRACEE 840	Pilea, Lindl 384	Plectogyne, Link 772
Philydrella, Car 840	Piletocarpus, Ifassk 850	Plectrophora, Focke 558
Philydrum, Banks 840	Pilinophytum, Kl 295	Plectrurus, Raf 497
Philyra, Kl 303	Pilophora, Jacq 919	Pleea, Mich 829
Phippsia, Br 1147	Pylostylis, Guillem 118	Pleione, Don 519
Phlebocarya, Br 675	Pilumua, Lindl 559	P/eiosmilax, Scem 764
Phleum, Linn 1146	Pimelea, Banks 189	Pleiostemon, Sond 276
Phloga, Noronh 909	Pimeleodendron, Hassk. 331	Pleomele, Salisb 779
Phlomostachys, Beer 666		
Phabe, Nees 157		Pleopogon, Nutt 1145
		Plesmonium, Schott 973
Phanicanthemum, Miq 208	Pinanga, Bl 884	Pleurachne, Schrad 1053
Phanicophorium, Wendl. 908	Pinelia, Lindl 528	Pleuranthe, Salisb 169
Phoenix, Linn 921	Pinellia, Ten 964	Pleuranthium, Lindl 526
Pholidocarpus, Bl 883	Pinus, Linn 438	Pleuraphis, Torr 1121
Pholidophyllum, Vis 661	Piper, Linn 129	Pleuropetalum, Hook. f. 1218
Pholidostachys, Wendl 915	Piperace 125	Pleuroplitis, Trin 1128
Pholidota, Lindl 520	Piptatherum, Beauv 1143	Pleuropogon, Br 1192
Pholiurus, Trin 1130, 1205	Piptocalyx, Oliv. 143	Pleuropterantha, Franch. 1218
Phoniphora, Neck. 921	Piptochætium, Presl 1143	Pleuropterus, Turcz 99
Phoradendron, Nutt 214	Piptochlamys, Mey 191	Pleurostachys, Brongn 1060
Phormium, Forst 773	Piptoptera, Bunge 75	Pleurothallis, $Br.$ 488, 1225
Phragmites, Trin 1179	Piptospatha, $N$ . $E$ .	Pleurothyrium, Mus 159
Phreatia, Lindl 510	Br	Plexaure, Endl 511
Phrygilanthus, Eichl 212	Pipturus, Wedd 390	Plinthanthesis, Steud 1163
Phrynium, Willd 652	Piranhea, Baill 281	Plocoglottis, Bl 541
Phthirusa, Mart 213	Piratinera, Aubl 369	Plottzia, Arn 16
Phucagrostis, Willd 1019	Pircunia, Moq 84	Plukenetia, Linn 327
Phycella, Lindl 725	Pirronneaua, Gaud 663	Poa, Linn 1196
Phyganthus, Pepp 680	Pisonia, Linn 9	Poarchon, Allem 690
Phyllamphora, Lour 116	Pistia, Linn 964	Podadenia, Thw 318
Phyllanthidia, Dietr 271	PISTIACRÆ 1000	Podanthera, Wight 618
Phyllanthus, Linn 272	Pitcairnia, Lhér 665	Podianthus, Schnitzl 745
Phyllaurea, Lour 299	Pityrophyllum, Beer 670	Podocallis, Salisb 806
Phyllepidium, Raf 23	Placea, Micrs 725	Podocalyx, Kl 286
Phyllobotryum, Muell.	Placostigma, Bl 588, 1226	Podocarpus, Lhér 434
Arg 325, 1223	Plagianthera, Zoll 320	Podochilus, Bl 588
Phyllobryon, Miq 133	Plagiolytrum, Necs 1169	Podococcus, Wendl 915
Phyllochlamys, Bur 359	Plagiopteron, Griff 257	Podolasia, N. E. Br 996
Phyllocladus, Rich 432	Plagiosetum, Benth 1107	Podophorus, Phil 1200
Phyllocoryne, Hook. f 237	Plagiostigma, Zucc 1224	Podopogon, Ehrhenb 1096
Phyllodes, Lour 652	Planera, Gmel 352	Podopterus, H. B. K 104
Phyllodolon, Salisb 804	Planera, Giseke 646	Podosæmum, Desv 1144
Phylloglottis, Salisb 787	Planotia, Munro 1209	Podostachys, Kl 295
Phylloma, Ker 777	Plantia, Herb 693	Podostemaceze 105
Phyllorhachis, Trim 1108	PLATANACEÆ 396	Podostemum, Mich 112
Phyllospadix, Hook 1017	Platanaria, S. F. Gray . 955	Poeckia, Endl 32
		Poeppigia, Kunze 680
	Platanus, Linn 396	Pogochilus, Falc 589
Phyllostylon, Capan 352	Plateana, Salisb 719	Pogonatherum, Beauv 1127
Phyllotænium, André 977	Platenia, Karst 946	Pogonella, Salisb 784
Phylloxylon, Baill 257	Platonia, Kunth 1209	Pogonia, Juss 615
Phymatidium, Lindl 569	Platycarya, Zucc 400	Pogoniopsis, Reichb. f. 616
Physinga, Lindl 530	Platycladus, Spach 427	Pogonophora, Miers 208
Physkium, Lour 451	Platyclinis, Benth 496	Pogonophyllum, Didrichs. 289
Physodia, Salisb 810	Platycoryne, Reichb. f. 632	Pogonopsis, Presl 1096
Physogeton, Jaub. Spach. 74	Platyestes, Salisb 808	Pogonostylis, Bertol 1049
Physosiphon, Lindl. , , 490	Platygyne, Merc 328	Pogonotrophe, Miq 368
•	•	

1	NDEA	GENERUM ET SINONIM	ORCH.	1201
	Pag.	Pag.		Pag.
Pogospermum, Brongn.	. 670	Pothomorpha, Miq 131	Psittacoglossum, Llav.	. 555
Poidium, Nees	. 1196	Pothos, Linn 999	2 0000000000000000000000000000000000000	. 1066
Poikilospermum, Zipp.	. 389	Pothuava, Gaud 664	Psychechilus, Breda	. 599
Poinsettia, Grah	. 260	Pouroums, Aubl 380		. 1073
Polemannia, Berg .	. 809	Pourretia, R. et Pav 665	Pteranthus, Forsk.	. 18
Polia, Ten	. 689	Pouzolzia, Gaud 387	Pterichis, Lindl	. 592
Polianthes, Linn	. 737	Prætoria, Baill 390	Pterilema, Reinw	. 899
Pollia, Thunb	. 846	Prasiteles, Salisb 719	Pterium, Desv	. 1188
Pollichia, Sol	. 14	Prasophyllum, Br 608	Pterocalyx, Schrenk	. 67
Pollinia, Trin	. 1127	Preptanthe, Reichb. f 520	Pterocarya, Kunth	. 399
Pollinia, Spreng	. 1127	Prescottia, Lindl 593	Pteroceltis, Maxim	354
Polyadenia, Nees	. 163	Prestoea, <i>Hook. f.</i> 899	Pteroceras, Hussk	
Polyantherix, Nees .	. 1207	Prionachne, Nees 1155	Pterochilus, Hook.et Arn	. 494
Polyanthes, Jacq	. 807	Prionium, <i>E. Mey.</i> 869	Pterochiton, Torr	
Polyanthus, Linn	. 737	Prionophyllum, C. Koch 667	Pterococcus, Hassk	. 327
Polybæa, Kl	. 308	Prionosepalum, Steud 1034	Pterococous, Pall	. 95
Polycarpæa, Lam	. 13	Prionostachys, Hassk 849	Pteroglossaspis, Reichb. f	542
Polycarpon, Leefi	. 13	Pritchardia, Seem 928	Pterolepis, Schrad	. 1051
Polychilos, Breda	. 574	Pritzelia, F. Muell 840	Pterophyllus, Senil	. 432
Polychroa, Lour	. 386	Procris, Juss 386	Pteropyrum, Jaub. Spack	. 95
Polycnemum, Linn	. 58	Proiphys, Herb 735	Pteroscleria, Nees	. 1068
Polycycnis, Reichb. f.	. 553	Promenæa, Lindl 543	Pterostegia, Fisch. Mey.	
POLYGONACEAE	. 88	Prosartes, Don 832	Pterostylis, Br.	. 610
Polygonastrum, Mænch	. 770	Prosopanche, Bary 120	Pterotheca, Presl	. 105 <b>9</b>
Polygonatum, Adans.	. 768	Prosorus, Dalz 273	Pterygodium, Sw	. 632
Polygonella, Mich	. 97	Prospero, Salisb 814	Pterygostachyum, Nees	. 1128
Polygonum, Linn	. 97	Prosthechea, Kn. et		. 1142
Polynome, Salisb	. 743	Westc 529	Ptilanthelium, Stoud.	. 1062
Polyodon, H. B. K	. 1169	Protes, Linn 169		. 1060
Polypara, Lour	. 128	Protea, Linn 169	Ptilocnema, Don	. 520
Polyphema, Lour	376	PROTEACEA: 165	Ptiloneilema, Steud	. 1169
Polypleurum, Tayl	. 113	Proteinophallus, Hook. f. 971	Ptilosciadium, Steud.	. 1059
Polypogon, Desf	. 1150	Provenzalia, Adans 989	Ptilotus, Br	. 32
Polyrhaphis, Trin	. 1174	Prumnopitys, Phil 435	Ptyas, Salisb	. 776
Polyscalis, Wall	. 31	Psamma, Beauv 1153	Ptychandra, Scheff	. 898
Polyschistis, Prosl .	. 1096	Pseudais, Denc 200	Ptychocarya, Br	. 1056
Polyspatha, Benth	. 849	Pseudanthus, Sich 262	Ptychochilus, Schau .	. 592
Polystachya, Hook	. 540	Pseudanthus, Wight 34	Ptychomeria, Benth	. 458
Polytoca, Br	. 1112	Pseudepidendrum, Reichb.	Ptychosperma, Labill.	. 891
Polyxena, Kunth	807	f 530	Puccinellia, Parlat	. 1198
Pomatocalpe, Breda .	. 580	Pseuderiopsis, Reichb. f. 545	Pugionella, Salisb	. 728
Pommereulla, Linn. f.		Pseudocarex, Miq 1073	Pugionium, Gærtn	. 48
Ponceletia, Thou		Pseudocentrum, Lindl 594	Pupalia, Juss	. 31
Ponera, Lindl	. 527	Pseudocroton, Mucll. Arg. 304	Puschkinia, Adans	. 813
Ponerorchis, Reichb. f.	627	Pseudodracontium, N. E.	Putranjiva, Wall	. 277
PONTEDERIACEA:	. 836	Br	Puya, Molin	. 666
Pontederia, Linn	837	Pseudolarix, Gord 442	Pycnocoma, Benth	. 826
Ponthieva, Br	. 593	Pseudolmedia, Tréc 372	Pycnosandra, Bl	. 279
Ropulus, Linn	. 412	Pseudolmedia, Karst 372	Pycreus, Beauv	. 1044
Poranthera, Rudge 26	2, 1222	Pseudomorus, Bur 364	Pyrenacantha, Hook.	. 220
Porostema, Schreb	. 159	Pseudoscordum, Herb 802	Pyrenoglyphis, Karst.	. 941
Porothrinax, Wendl		Pseudosorocea, Baill 378	Pyrolirion, Herb	. 724
Porpax, Lindl	. 509	Pseudostachyum, Munro 1212	Pyrrheima, Hassk	. 854
Porpax, Salisb	. 772	Pseudostreblus, Bur 357	Pyrrhosa, Bl.	. 136
Porphyrospatha, Engl.	. 980	Pseudotsuga, Carr 441	Pyrularia, Mich	. 223
Porphyrostachys, Reichl	b.	Pseudotrewia, Miq 315	Pythion, Mart.	970
f	. 595	Psilea, Miq 198	Pythonium, Schott .	. 971
Porroteranthe, Steud.	. 1198	Psilathera, Link 1182	Pyxidium, Mœnch .	. 28
Porrum, Moen h	. 803	Psilocarya, Torr 1048	1	
Portea, C. Koch	. 662	Psilopogon, Hochst 1128		
Posidonia, Kan	. 1015	Psilosolena, Presl 199	Quadria, R. et Pav	. 177
Potameia, Thou	. 154	Psilostachys, Hochst 32	Quadriala, Sieb. Zucc.	. 226
Potamobryon, Liebm.	1219	Psilostachys, Stoud 1128	Quamoclidion, Chois.	. 3
Potamochloa, Griff	. 1116	Psilostachys, Turcz 320	Quekettia, Lindl	. 569
Potamogeton, Linn	. 1014	Psilotrichum, Bl 32	Queltia, Salisb	. 719
Potamophila, Schr	. 82	Psilurus, Trin 1205	Quercus, Linn	. 407
Potamophila, Br.	. 1116	Psithyrisma, Herb 700	Queria, Linn.	. 18
Pothoideum, Schott .	. 999	Psittacanthus, Mart 211	Quesnelis, Gaud	. 665
		•		

<b>V</b>			
	ag.	Pag.	Pag.
Queteletia, Bl	598	Rhapis, Linn. f 930	Rophostemon, Bl 615
	220	Rhektophyllum, N. E. Br. 981	
deterning and a			
	-	Rheum, Linn 100	Roscoes, Sm 641
		Rhinopetalum, Fisch 818	Rosea, Mart 42
Rabdochloa, Beauv 11	173	Rhinostegia, Turcz 222	Rosthovia, Desv 867
	110	Rhipidodendron, Willd 776	
Radermachia, Thunb.	376	Rhipogonum, Forst 764	Roterbe, Klatt 695
Radia, A. Rich	740	Rhizocephalus, Boiss 1146	Rottboellia, Linn. f 1129
	196	Rhodocodon, Baker 811	Rottboellia, Host 1205
	119	Rhodocoma, Nees 1031	
D. manager			7 117 5171111
RAFF LESIACEÆ.	116	Rhodolirion, Phil 725	Rottlera, Willd 318
Rajania, Linn	744	Rhodophiala, Presl 725	Roubieva, Moq 52
	103	Rhodospatha, Papp. 990	Roulinia, Brongn 780
	326	Dhalassahan DLJ CCO	Roupala, Aubl 178
	020	Rhoeo, Hance 855	Roussinia, Gaud 951
	710	Rhoiacarpus, A. DC 226	Rousselia, Gaud 393
Rapatea, Aubl	858	Rhomboda, Lindl 604	Roxburghia, Banks 747, 1227
	857	Rhombolytrum, Link 1176	ROXBURGHIACEÆ 746
	935	Rhopala, Auct 179	Ruckia, Regel 662
	993	Rhopalephora, Hassk 850	Rudolphoræmeria, Steud. 775
Raphione, Salish	304	Rhopaloblaste, Scheff 891	Ruizia, Pav 141
Raspailia, Presl 11		Rhopalocnemis, Jungh. 238	Rumex, Linn 100
Pathan Vount			
	912	Rhopalostigma, Schott 987	Ruminia, Parl 720
Ratzeburgia, Kunth 1:	130	Rhopalostyles, Wendl. 890	Rupalleya, Morière 799
Ravenala, Adans.	356	Rhopalostylis, Kl 330	Ruppia, Linn 1014
	383	Rhopium, Schreb 274	Ruprechtia, Mey 104
		Diamontile Di 709	Durant Line
	51	Rhuacophila, Bl 793	Ruscus, Linn 764
Raxopitys, Senil	135	Rhynchadenia, A. Rich . 586	Rykia, Vriese 950
Razoumowskia, Hoffm	213	Rhynchanthera, Bl 591	Rymandra, Salisb 184
Reana, Brign 1		Rhynchelythrum, Nees . 1103	Ryparia, Bl 257
Rehaules Vunth		Dhanahalatinm Hashet 1120	Demonso Di 057
Reboulea, Kunth 1		Rhynchelytrum, Hochst. 1120	Ryparosa, Bl 257
	320	Rhyncholacis, Tul 110	Rytachne, Desv 1096
Reedia, F. Muell 10	067	Rhyncholepis, Miq 130	Rytidos perma, Steud 1158
	806	Rhynchopera, Kl 489	1 ,
	360	Rhynchopera, Kl 489 Rhynchopyle, Engl 985	
		Thiry nellopyte, Engl	0.1.101.71.1.
	323	Rhynchospora, Vahl 1058	Sabadilla, Brandt 836
Reichenbachia, Spr	3	Rhynchostele. Reichb. f 565	Sabal, Adans 922
	275	Rhynchostylis, Bl 574	Saccharum, Linn 1125
Reilia Stond	363		
			Saccidium, Lindl 624
Reimaria, Flueyg 10		Rhytis, Lour 284	Saccochilus, Bl 578
Reinecken, Kunth	771	Richardia, Kunth 982	Saccolabium, Bl 578
Reineckia, Karst	912	Richeria, Vahl 286	Sagittaria, Linn 1006
	906	Ricinella, Muell. Arg 312	
Dalala Chi. 1			Sagotia, Baill 302
Relchela, Steud 1		Ricinocarpus, Desf. 263	Saguerus, Roxb 917
Remaclea, Morr	590	Ricinodendron, Muell. Arg. 297	Sagus, Bl 935
Remirea, Aubl 10	)58	Ricinus, Linn 321	Sahagunia, Liebm 377
	74	Riedelia, Oliv 1226	Saintlegéria, Cordem 134
	577	Rigidella, Lindl 691	Saivala, Wall 1225
	348	Rima, Sonn 376	Sajorium, Endl 328
	369	Rinopodium, Salisb 814	Salacca, Reinw 932
Renealmia, Br	396	Ripidium, Trin 1126	Salacistis, Reichb. f 604
	75	Ripogonum, Forst 764	SALIOINEE 411
		D:	DALIGIARAE , . 411
RESTIACEE		Rivina, Linn 80	Salicornia, Linn 66
Restió, Linn 10	031	Robiquetia, Gaud 578	Salisburia, Sm 432
	191	Rochea, Salisb 703	Salix, Linn 411
		Rodetin Mon 96	
Destinate to be a	127	Rodetia, Moq 25	Salmia, Cav 679
Rettbergia, Raddi 1	209	Rodriguezia, R. et Pav. 559	Salmia, Willd 953
Reussia, Endl	338	Roebelia, Engel 883	Salpianthus, H. et Bonpl. 8
	222	Rægneria, C. Koch 1203	Salsola, Linn 71
	20	Rameria, Manch 29	Salsolaceze 43
		Dominio 7.0	~ • • — •
	20	Rameria, Zeu 1190	Saltia, Br. 29
Rhadamanthus, Salisb 8	108	Ræperia, Spreng 263	Saltia, Br 18
Rhagodia, Br	49	Roeperocharis, Reichb. f. 627	Samaropyxis, Miq 285
	03	Rohden, Roth 772	Sandersonia, Hook 880
		Downton Manada	Vanamialla Doi-LL 200
	92	Romules, Maratt 694	Sanseviella, Reichb 771
	72	Ronnbergia, Morr 661	Sansevieria, Thunb 679
Rhaphis, Lour 11	35	Ronnowia, Buch 332	Santalache 217
Rhapidophyllum, Wendl.	25	Ropala, Auct 179	Santalum, Linn
mit De fan Einfangenen at genenge ge	[	&	
	-		•

IN	DEX	GENERUM ET SYNONYM	ORUM.	1258
Santia, Savi	Pag.   1150	Schilleria, Kunth 131	Scierochica, Reichb	Pag. 1200
Sapium, P. Br.	384	Schismatoglottis, Zoll. 984	~ • • • • • •	887
Sapria, Griff.	119	Schismatopera, Kl 340		. 61
Saranthe, Korn.	651	Schismaxon, Steud 842		. 781
Sarcandra, Gardn. Sarcanthus, Lindl.	134 580	Schismoceras, Presl 499 Schismus, Beauv 1195		. 1200 . 1177
Sarcinanthus, Œrst.	958	Schistachne, Fig. et Not. 1141	0.1	\$85
Sarcobatus, Nees	76	Schizachyrium, Nees . 1134	Scleropus, Schrad	. 29
Sarcocalyx, Zipp.	230	Schizanthes, Haw 719	Scleropyron, Arn.	. 228
Sarcochilus, Br	57 <i>5</i> 389	Schizobasis, Bak 786 Schizocapsa, Hance 741	Sclerosperma, Wendl. Scoliopus, Torr.	919 882
Sarcochiamys, Gaud Sarcoclinium, Wight .	303	Schizocasia, Schott . 978	Scolochloa, Link	1197
Sarcococca, Lindl.	266	Schizochilus, Sond 632	Scolochloa, Mert. Koch	. 1179
Sarcocolla, Kunth	202	Schizodium, Lindl 681	Scopolia, Linn.	. 190
Sarcocordylis, Wall	285 140	Schizolepis, Schrad 1071 Schizonephos, Griff 129	Scopularia, Lindl. Scorias, Raf.	. 624 . 898
Sarcodiscus, Griff. Sarcoglottis, Presl	596	Schizostachyum, Nees 1214	Λ · Τ Λ	1078
Sarcogonum, Don	101	Schizostylis, Backh 702	Scurrula, Don	. 210
Sarcophyte, Sparrm	234	Schizotheca, Ehrenb 455	Scuticaria, Lindl	. 554
Sarcopodium, Lindl. 49	9, 502	Schlimmia, Planch 553 Schlumbergeria, Morr 668	Scybalium, Schott. Scyphosyce, Baill.	. 286 . 371
Sarcostigma, W. et Arn.	150	Schmidtia, Steud 1175	α	1220
Sarcostoma, Bl.	500	Schmidtia, Trntt 1147	Scaforthia, Br.	. 891
Saribus, Bl.	929	Schoberia, C. A. Mey. 67	Sebastiania, Spr	. 386
Sarna, Karst	118	Schænefeldia, Kunth 1164   Schænidium, Necs 1052	Sebifera, Lour	. 162 . 136
Sarothrostachys, Kl Sarratia, Moq	$\begin{array}{c} 336 \\ 29 \end{array}$	Schænissa, Salisb. 804	Secophora, Neck	1203
Sassafras, Necs	160	Schenobiblos, Mart 180	Secretania, Muell. Arg.	
Sassafridium, Meissn.		Scheenocaulon, A. Gr 836	Securinega, Juss.	
Saturnia, Maratt	803	Schenocephalium, Seub. 859	Seguieria, Linn	. 83
Satyridium, Lindl Satyrium, Sw	629 629	Schænodum, Labill. 1029, 1032 Schænolirion, Torr 785	Seidelia, Baill.	310
Saundersia, Reichb. f.	561	Schænoprasum, Kunth . 803	Seidlitzia, Bunge	. 69
Sauroglossum, Lindl	<b>59</b> 6	Schænopsis, Beauv 1066	Selenipedium, Reachb. f.	
Sauromatum, Schott		Schenorchis, Bl 581	Selinocarpus, A. Gr	. 6
Sauropus, Bl	$\frac{271}{125}$	Schenoxiphium, Necs 1072 Schenus, Linn. 1062	Scionia, Reg	. 765
Saururopsis, Turcz	128	Schollera, Rohr 82	Semonvillea, Gay	. 80
Saururus, Linn	127	Schollera, Schreb 839	Senefeldera, Mart.	. 332
Saussurea, Salisb	774	Schomburgkia, Lindl. 534 Schousbæa, Schum. 314	Senites, Adans	. 1191
Sauvallea, Wright Savastana, Schrank	855 1139	Schousbæa, Schum 314 Schubertia, Mirb 429	Sequoia, Endl	429
Savia, Willd.	270	Schultesia, Schrad 40	Serangium, Wood	991
Saxegothea, Lindl	434	Schultesia, Spreng 1166	Seraphyta, Fisch. Mey.	
Saxofridericia, Schomb.		Schwægrichenia, Spr. 676 Schweiggera, E. Mey. 710	Serapias, Linn Serenoa, Hook. f. 92	. 620 6, 1228
Scandederis, Thou Scaphispatha, Brongn	500 978	Schweiggera, E. Mey 710 Schychowskya, Endl 382	Sericocoma, Fenzl	30
Scaphyglottis, Papp.	525	Sciadicarpus, Hassk 140	Sericura, Hassk	
Scarededcris, Thou		Sciadopitys, Sieb. Zucc 437	Scrophyton, Benth.	. 303
Scelochilus, Kl	558	Sciaphila, Bl 1002 Scilla, Linn 814	Serrafalcus, Parl	. 1201 . 131
Scepa, Lindl	282 239	Scilla, Linn 814 Scillopsis, Lem 808	Serruria, Salisb.	170
Scepasma, Bl	275	Scindapsus, Schott 992	Sertifera, Lindl	. 591
Scepocarpus, Wedd	383	Sciobia, Reichb 386	Seriurnera, Mart	. 37
Sceptranthus, Grah	723	Sciophila, Gaud 386	Sesleria, Scop	. 1173
Sceptrocnide, Maxim. Schaffnera, Benth.	1124	Sciophylla, Wib 770 Scirpulium, Nees 1047	Sestochilus, Breda.	. 502
Schanginia, C. A. Mey.	67	Scirpodendron, Zipp 1056	Setaria, Beauv	. 1105
Schauera, Nees	153	Scirpus, Linn 1049	Scubertia, Kunth	. 801
Schedonnardus, Steud.	1167	Scitamine 636 Scierachne, Br. 1113	Sevada, Moq Shepherdia, Nutt	. 67 . 204
Schedonorus, Beauv. 1190 Scheelea, Karst.	947	Sclerachne, Br 1113 Sclerachne, Torr 1118	Siagonanthus, Peepp.	
Schelhammera, Br.	829	Scleranthus, Linn. 19	Sibangea, Oliv	. 1223
Schelhammeria, Moench.	1073	Scleria, Berg 1070	Sickmannia, Nees	
Schellingia, Steud.		Sclerocephalus, Boiss. 17 Sclerochætium, Nees . 1064	Siebera, Presl	. 744 . 624
Schenchzeria, Linn. Schidospermum, Griseb.	788	Scierochlamys, F. Muell, 60	Sieglingia, Bernh.	1176
Schieckia, Meissn.		Scierochloa, Beauv 1194	Sievekingie, Reichb. f.	. 477
		1		

F	eg.	Pag.	Pag.
Sigillaria, Bef 7	770	Spathoglottis, Bl 511	Steigeria, Muell. Arg. , 300
Sigmatostalix, Reichb. f. 5	65	Spathoscapha, Œrst 911	Steirema, Raf 88
	98	Spathyema, Raf 995	Stelephuros, Adans 1146
	54	Specklinia, Lindl 490	Stelestylis, Drude 952
	54	Speirantha, Bak 771	Stelis, Sw 490
	84 85	Speranskia, Baill 305 Spergula, Linn 13	Stellaris, Monch 814 Stellaris, Steinh 814
	78	Spergularia, Pers 13	Stellera, Linn 193
	91	Spermachiton, Llan 1148	Stemmatospermum, Beauv. 1210
	44	Spermodon, Beauv 1060	Stemmatium, Phil 798
	25	Sphærine, Herb 737	Stemona, Lour 747
	90	Sphærocarpos, Gmel 640	Stemoptera, Miers 458
Siphonychia, Torr. et		Sphærocarya, Wall 223	Stenanthium, A. Gr. 835
Gr 16, 12		Spherochloa, Beauv 1020	Stenia, Lindl 553
	24 43	Sphærocoma, T. And 13 Sphæropus, Bæckel 1071	Stenocarpus, $Br.$ 182 Stenochasma, Mig 361
	98	Sphærorhizon, Hook. f. 237	Stenochasma, Griff 645
	07	Sphæroschænus, Nees . 1059	Stenoohloa, Nutt 1185
	15	Sphærospora, Klatt 706	Stenocoryne, Lindl 546
	76	Sphærospora, Sweet 710	Stenoglossum, H. B. K 523
Skofitzia, Hassk 8	54	Sphærostachys, Miq 130	Stenoglottis, Lindl 622
	07	Sphærostylis, Baill 327	Stenogonum, Nutt 92
	78	Sphærotele, L. K. et O 732	Stenomeris, Planch 745
Channel and any	65	Sphærothele, Presl 733	Stenomesson, Herb 733
	48	Sphærothylax, Bisch. 113 Sphenopus, Trin 1185	Stenonia, Baill 267
O 1 T	70 63	Sphenostigma, Baker . 694	Stenonia, Didrichs 303 Stenoptera, Presl 595
	77	Sphrogidia, Thw 279	Stenorhynchus, Rich 597
	90	Spiciviscum, Engelm. 214	Stenospermatium, Schott 990
	00	Spiculæa, Lindl 611	Stenostachys, Turcz 1228
	68	Spiloxene, Salisb 717	Stenotaphrum, Trin 1108
	05	Spinacia, Linn 53	Stenurus, Salisb 966
	93	Spinifex, Linn 1109	Stephanodaphne, Baill. 198
Solenachne, Steud 11		Spiranthes, Rich 596	Stephanolirion, Bak 798
	64	Spirillus, J. Gay 1014 Spirodela, Schleid 1001	Stephanophyllum, Guill. 1023
0.7	00 54	Spironema, Lindl 854	Stephanostachys, Kl 911 Stereochilus, Lindl 578
	14	Spirostachys, S. Wats 63	Stereosandra, Bl 607
	09	Spirostachys, Ung. Sternb. 64	Sterigmanthe, Kl 260
	05	Spirostachys, Sond 337	Sternbergia, W. et Kit 721
Sophronitis, Lindl 5	35	Spirostylis, Presl 212	Steudnera, C. Koch 988
	71	Spixia, Leandr 340	Stevensonia, Dunc 908
Sorghum, Pers 11:		Splitgerberia, Miq 387	Stichoneuron, Hook. f 747
Soridium, Miers 10		Spodiopogon, Trin 1126	Stickmannia, Neck 853
	78 71	Sponia, Comm 355 Sporadanthus, F. Muell 1031	STILAGINER 239 Stilaginella, Tul 284
Sorocephalus, Br 1 Sorocephalus, Br		Sporobolus, Br 1148	Stilaginella, Tul 284 Stilago, Schreb 284
	49	Sprekelia, Heist 724	Stilbanthus, Hook. f. 35
	98	Squamætaxus, Senil 434	Stillingsleetia, Boj 324
	97	Squilla, Steinh 811	Stillingia, Linn 334
	49	Staberoha, Kunth 1034	Stipa, Linn 1141
Sparattosyce, Bur 3	69 J	Stachyocnide, Bl 388	Stipagrostis, Nees 1141
	08	Stachyophorbe, Kl 911	Stipellaria, Benth 315
	55	Stachyopogon, Kl 677	Stipulicida, Rich 13
Spartina, Schreb 116		Stachystemon, Planch 263   Stangeria, T. Moore 446	Stirlingia, Endl 173 Stissera, Giseke 643
	72	Stanhopea, Frost 549	Stoerkia, Crantz
	39	Stanhopeastrum, Reichb. f. 550	Stomatocalyx, Muell. Arg. 331
	59	Stauritis, Reichb. f 572	Stopinaca, Raf 97
	89	Stauroglottis, Schau 574	Strakæa, Presl 122
	22	Stauropsis, Reichb. f 572	Strangea, Meissn 181
Spathiphyllopsis, Teysm.	_	Staurostigma, Scheidw 987	Strangweya, Bertol 812
	98	Staurothyrax, Griff 278	Strateuma, Salisb 620
	97	Stawellia, F. Muell 796	Stratiotes, Linn 454
	99	Steffensia, Kunth 131   Stegnosperma, Benth 87	Streblidia, Link 1068 Streblochæta, Hochst 1168
Spathium, Edgew 101 Spathium, Lour 12	27	Stegolepis, Kl 859	Streblus, Lour. 359
	48	Stegosia, Lour	Strelitzia, Ait 656
The state of the s			

	INDEX	GENERUM ET SYNONYM	ORUM.	1255
Cina Lium Sahand	Pag.	Pag.	Tenagocharis, Hoebst.	Pag. 1008
Strephium, Schrad Strepsia, Nutt		Synandrodaphne, Meissn. 159 Synantherias, Schott 972	Tenaggonaris, stomps.	. 368
Streptachne, Br		Synaphea, Br 173	Tenorea, Gasp	. 97
Streptachne, H. B. K.		Synaptolepis, Oliv 198	Tephranthus, Neck	. 274
Streptanthera, Sweet .		Synaspisma, Endl 300   Synassa, Lindl 596	Terminalis, Medik.	
Streptocalyx, Beer . Streptochæta, Nees .		Synassa, Lindl 596 Synechanthus, Wendl 912		. 108 . 10 <b>6</b> 6
Streptogyne, Beauv		Synexemia, Raf 274	Tersonia, Mog	. 87
Streptolirion, Edgew.		Syngonium, Schott 979	Testudinaria, Salisb.	
Streptopus, Mich Streptostachys, Desv.		Synmeria, Grah 627 Synnotia, Sweet 709	Teta, Roxb	. 678
Strobidia, Miq.		Synacia, Miq 368	Tetrachne, Nees	
Strobilocarpus, Kl	. 231	Synostemon, F. Muell 273	Tetradenia, Nees	. 161
Stromanthe, Sond		Synptera, Llanos 581 Synsiphon, Reg 821	Tetragamestus, Reichb. f	
Strophis, Salisb Stropholirion, Torr		Synsiphon, Reg 821 Syntherisma, Walt 1101	Tetragastris, Gærtn Tetraglossa, Bedd	. 318 . 320
Strumaria, Jacq		Synzyganthera, R. et Pav. 413	Tetragyne, Miq	
Struthanthus, Mart		Syorhynchium, Hoffm 699	Tetralepis, Steud	. 1061
Struthiola, Linn		Sypharissa, Saliab 811 Syringodea, Hook. f 693	Tetramicra, Lindl.	. 532
Strychnodaphne, Necs Sturmia, Pers		Syringodea, Hook. f 693 Syziganthus, Steud 1066	Tetranthera, Jacq	. 161 . 519
Sturmia, Reichb		~gg,	Tetraplandra, Baill	. 389
Stylago, Salisb			Tetrapogon, Desf	. 1170
Stylanthus, Reichb.		Tacca, Forst 741 TACCACER 740	Tetrapteru, Miers Tetraria, Beauv	
Stylobasium, Desf.		Taccarum, Brongn 986	Tetrarrhena, Br	. 1138
Styloceras, A. Juss.	265	Tænais, Salisb 727	Tetratoms, Peepp	. 140
Stylochiton, Lepr.	969	Tenidium, Tozz 1015	Tetroncium, Willd	. 1013
Stylodiscus, Benn. Styloglossum, Breda.		Tæniola, Salisb 816 Tæniophyllum, Bl 582	Tetrorchidium, Papp. Teysmannia, Reichb. f.	. 288 . 924
Stylurus, Salisb		Teniosapium, Muell.Arg. 337	Thalamia, Spreng	
Stypandra, Br	. 794	Tætsia, Medik 779	Thalasium, Spreng	. 1100
Styponema, Salisb.		Tafalla, R. et Pav 135	Thalassia, Soland.	
Styrandra, Raf Suæda, Forsk		Tainia, Bl 515 Taliera, Mart 922	Thalia, Linn	
Suardia, Schrank		Talpinaria, Karst 489	Thamnocalamus, Munro	. 1208
Sublimia, Comm	. 912	Tambourissa, Sonn 139	Thamnochortus, Berg.	
Suckleya, A. Gr		Tamus, Juss 744 Tamus, Linn 744	Thaumatococcus, Benth.	. 652 # 070
Sugerokia, Miq Sugillaria, Salish.		Tamus, Linn 744 Tandonia, Baill 304	Thaumatophyllum, Scho Thaumaza, Salish.	
Sukana, Raf	24	Tandonia, Miq 78	Thaumuria, Gaud	. 392
Sumbavia, Baill.		Tankervillia, Link 512	Thecacoris, A. Juss	
Sunipia, Lindl Suregada, Roxb	504 324	Tannodia, Baill 304 Tapeinægle, Herb 719	Thecanthes, Wikstr Thecostele, Reichb. f.	. 189 . 539
Susarium, Phil.		Tapeinanthus, Herb 719	Thelasis, Bl.	. 589
Sussea, Gaudich	951	Tapeinia, Juss 699	Theleophyton, Moq	. 54
Susum, Bl	861 567	Tapeinochilus, Miq 644	Thelepogon, Roth	
Sutrina, Lindl		Tapeinophallus, Baill 971 Tapinanthus, Bl 210	Thelychiton, Endl Thelygonum, Innn	
Syama, Jones	31	Tapinocarpus, Dalz 968	Thelymitra, Forst	
Sychinium, Desv.	366	Taurostalia, Reichb. f 502	Thelypogon, Spr	. 587
Sycomorphe, Miq		TAXACER 420 Taxodium, Rich 429	Thelysia, Salish Themeda, Forsk	
Sycomorus, Gasp Syena, Schreb.	843	Taxotrophis, Bl 358	Themis, Salisb	
Syllepis, Fourn.	1125	Taxus, Linn 431	Theresia, C. Koch .	. 818
Symbryon, Griseb.	133	Tecophilæa, Bert 680	Theriophonum, Bl	
Symea, Bak Symmeria, Benth.	805	Tecticornia, Hook. f 65 Teinostachyum, Munro . 1213	Theropogon, Maxim Thesidium, Sond	. 771 . 222
Symphachn., Beauv.		Telanthera, $Br$ 38	Thesium, Linn.	. 221
Sympegma, Bunge	76	Teleiandra, Nees 158	Thiehautia, Colla	. 513
Symphyllium, Baill.		Teleianthera, Endl 38 Telephium, Linn	Thisbe, Falc.	. 622 . 459
Symphydolon, Salisb. Symphydnema, Br.	174	Telephium, Linn	Thismia, Griff	. 419
Symphyostemon, Mi		Telmatophace, Schleid 1001	Thomsonia, Wall	. 971
Symphysodaphne, A.I	Rich. 155	Telogyne, Baill 299	Thonningia, Vahl	. 236
Symplocarpus, Salist		Telopea, Br. 184 Teloxys, Moq. 51	Thoracostachyum, Kur Thottes, Roxb.	z . 1055 . 123
Synadenium, Boiss. Synadrys, Lindl.	408	Tenageia, Reichb. 868	Thouarea, Kunth	. 1109

1200-	THUMA	CHICEFUL EL CINCILLE	CITOII.
	Pag.	Pag.	Pag.
Thrainya, H. B. K.		Trachymia, Link 1202	Trioratus, Lher 7
Threlkeldia, Br.	. 62	Trachynotia, Mich 1108	Tricuspis, Beauv 1176
Thrinax, Linn. f		Trachyozus, Reichb 1122	Tricycla, Cav 7
Thrixspermum, Lour.		Trachyphrynium, Benth. 651	Tricyrtis, Wall 831
Thryocephalum, Forst.	1043	Trachypogon, Nees 1133	Tridens, R. et Sch 1176
There are Done	1100		
Thuarca, Pers	. 1100	Trachyrrhynchium, Nees 1066	
Thuiacarpus, Trautv	. 428	Trachys, Pers 1122	Trifurcia, Herb 691
Thunia, Reichb. f.		Trachystachys, Dietr 1122	Trigella, Salisb. 680
Thurberia, Benth		Tradescantia, Linn 853	Triglochin, Linn 1012
Thurnia, Hook. f	. 869	Traganthus, Kl 308	Triglossum, Fisch 1207
Thuya, Linn	. 426	Traganum, Del 68	Trigonea, Parlat 804
Thuyopsis, Zucc		Tragia, Linn 329	Trigonidium, Lindl 567
Thymelæa, Endl		Tragiopsis, Karst 1223	Trigonostemon, Bl 298
THYMELEACEE		Tragopyron, Bieb 96	Trigostemon, Bl 298
Thymelina, Hoffm.		Tragus Hall 1122	
The state of the Management of the state of	1190	Tragus Iran	Trilepis, Nees 1068, 1071
Thyridostachyum, Nees		Trasi, Beauv 1066	TRILLIACEÆ 748
Thyrsine, Gled.	. 118	Trasus, S. Gray 1073	Trillidium, Kunth 833
Thysanachne, Presl .	. 1118	Traunsteinera, Reichb 620	Trillium, Linn 833
Thysanella, A. Gr	. 99	Treculia, Done 374	Trimenia, Secm 143
Thysanella, Salisb		Treisia, Haw 260	Trimeriza, Lindl 122
Thysanolæna, Nees .	. 1120	Trema, Lour 355	Trimezia, Salisb 690
Thysanotus, Br		Trentepohlia, Bock 1044	Triniusa, Steud 1201
			Triodia, Br
Tiaranthus, Herb.	1		Triodia, Dr
Tiglium, Kl		Triachyrum, Hochst 1148	Triodus, Raf 1073
Tigridia, Ker		Triadica, Lour 334	Triphora, Nutt 616
Tildenia, Miq	. 133	Triæna, H. B. K 1169	Triplachne, Link 1151
Tillandsia, Linn	. 669	Trianea, Karst 452	Tripladenia, Don 829
Timandra, Kl		Trianoptiles, Fenzl 1062	Triplaris, Linn 104
Timeroya, Montrous .		Triantho, Nutt 828	Triplasis, Beauv 1176
Timmia, Gmel		Trias, Lindl 505	Triplathera, Endl 1169
			Triputation, India 1100
Tinea, Biv		Triathera, Desv 1169	Tripleura, Lindl 599
Tinea, Garz		Tribonanthes, Endl 675	Triplima, Raf 1073
Tinantia, Mart. et Gul	5	Tribrachium, Lindl 501	Tripogon, Roth 1169
Tinantia, Scheidw	. 853	Tricaryum, Lour 273	Tripsacum, Linn 1113
Tipularia, Nutt	. 497	Tricera, Sw 267	Tripteranthus, Wall 457
Titania, Endl		Trivercandra, A. Gr. 134, 1220	Tripterella, Mich 457
Tithymalopsis, Kl		Trichachne, Nees 1101	Tripterocalyx, Torr 8
Tithymalus, Gærtn		Trichæta, Beauv 1159	Triraphis, Br
			Trinaphis, Dr
Titragyne, Salish		Tricharis, Salisb 809	Triraphis, Nees 1163
Tityrus, Salisb		Trichelostylis, Lestib 1049	Triscenia, Grisch 1119
Todaroa, A. Rich		Tricherostigma, Kl 259	Trisetaria, Forsk 1154
Tofieldia, Huds	. 828	Trichinium, Br 33	Trisetum, Pers 1159
Tolypanthus, Bl	. 210	Trichlora, Bak 805	Trisiola Raf 1192
Tomex, Thunb		Trichloris, Fourn 1166	Tristachya, Nees 1161
Tonina, Aubl	1024	Tricoballia, Presl 1064	Tristagma, Papp 798
Tonningia, Neck	. 851	Trichocentrum, Papp 559	Tristegis, Nees 1119
Tornelia, Gutier		Trichoceros, H. B. K 587	
Torresia, R. et Pav		Trichochata, Steud 1059	Tristicha, Thou 108 Trisyngyne, Baill 332
Torreya, Arn		Trichochloa, Beauv 1144	Trisyngyne, Baill 332
Torreya, Raf		Trichodium, Mich 1149	Tritaxis, Baill 292
Torreya, Spr	. 3	Trichoglottis, Bl 576	Triteleia, Lindl 801
Torrubia, Vell		Tricholæna, Schrad 1103	Trithrinax, Mart 925
Torulinum, Desv		Trichonema, Ker 694	Trithuria, Hook. f 1025
Torymenes, Salisb.		Trichoneura, Anders 1176	Trithyrocarpus, Hassk 848
Tosagris, Beauv.		Trichoon, Roth 1180	Triticum, Linn 1204
Touchardia, Gaud	. 388	Trichopetalum, Lindl 789	Tritoma, Ker 775
Tournesolia, Scop	. 305	Trichophorum, Pers 1052	Tritomanthe, Link 775
Tournonia, Moq	. 77	Trichopilia, Lindl 559	Tritomium, Link 775
Tovara, Adans	. 98	Trichopodium, Lindl 745	Tritonia, Ker 708
Tovaria, Neck	. 770	Trichopteryx, Nees 1162	Tritonixia, Klatt 708
Toxicodendron, Thun		Trichopus, Gærtn 745	Tritophus, Lestib 642
Toxophænix, Schott .	943	Trichosma, Lindl	
Tozzettia, Parlat	. 818	Trichostigma, A. Rich 81	Triuris, Mins 1002
Toszettia, Savi	. 1140	Trichotosia, Bl 510	Trizeuxis, Lindl 566
Zrachyandra, Kunth .	. 788	Triclissa, Salisb 775	Trochera, Rich 1137
Trachycarpus, Wendl.	. 929	Tricondylus, Salisb 183	Tromsdorffia, Mart 42
Trackycaryon, Kl.	. 306	Tricoryne, Br 796	Trophianthus, Scheidw 560
Trachylomia, Nees	. 1071	Tricostularia, Nees 1064	Trophis, Linn 365
Alternation of the contract of		,	,,,

	INDEX	GENERUM ET SYNONYM	ORUM. 1887
Tropidia, Lindl	Pag.	Vaginaria, Pers 1053	Pag.
Tros, Haw.		Vaginaria, Pers 1053 Vahlodea, Fries 1158	Wartmannia, Maell. Arg. 331 Washingtonia, Wendl 923
Troschelia, Kl	674	Vallisneria, Linn 451	Washingtonia, Winsl 429
Trymatococcus, Papp.	. 366	Vallota, <i>Herb</i>	Watsonia, Mill 705
Tryphera, Bl.	. 23	Vanda, Br	Weddelina, Tuh 109 Wedelia, Linn 4
Trypkia, Lindl Tsiana, Gmel	. 624 . 646	Vandesia, Salisb 736 Vanhallia, R. et Sch 122	Wedelia, Linn 4 Weihea, Echl 798
Tsuga, Carr.	440	Vanieria, Lour 351	Weingertneria, Bernh 1167
Tuckermannia, Kl	. 414	Vanilla, Sw 590	Weldenia, Schult 856
Tuckeya, Gaud		Vaseya, Thurb 1144	Welfia, Wendl 915
Tulasnea, Wight Tulbaghia, Linn		Vauthiera, A. Rich 1065 Veatchia, Kell 801	Wellingtonia, Lindl 429 Welwitschia, Hook. f. 418, 1224
Tulipa, Linn	. 818	Veitchia, Wendl 887	Wetria, Baill 315
Tumboa, Welw	. 418	Veitchia, Lindl 440	Wettinia, Papp 902
Tunga, Roxb		Velasquesia, Bert 104 Vellozia, Vand 739	Whiteheadia, Harv 807
Tupeia, Cham. et Schl Tupeia, Bl	. 216	Vellozia, Vand 739 Vellozia 711	Wichurea, Rom 737 Widdringtonia, Endl 424
Tupistra, Ker		Veltheimia, Gled 811	Wielandia, Baill 270
Tussacca, Raf		Veniera, Salisb 719	Wielandia, Baill 270 Wikströmia, Endl 193
Tussacia, Kl	670	Ventinata, Kal 1159	Wilhelmsia, C. Koch 1184
Tylochilus, Nees	. 541	Verataxus, Senil 431 Veratrum, Linn 834	Wilkiea, F. Muell 140 Willdenowia, Thunb 1036
Tylosepalum, Kurz . Tylostylis, Bl	518	Verhuellia, Mig 131	Willemetia, Mærckl 60
Tylothrasya, Dell	. 1101	Verinea, Pomel 783	Williamia, Baill 273
Typha, Linn	. 955	Vernicia, Lour 292	Windsoria, Nutt 1176
Турнасвж		Verschaffeltia, Wendl 908	Winterlia, Spr 13
Typhoides, Mœnch Typhonium, Schott	. 1138	Vespucea, Parl 1009 Vetiveria, Thou 1135	Wisneria, Michel 1007 Witsenia, Thunb 701
Typhonodorum, Schot	t . 977	Vibo, Mœnch 101	Woehleria, Griseb 89
Tyria, Kl		Victoriperrea, Gaud 951	Wolffia, <i>Hork</i> 1001
•		Vicillardia, Brongn 10	Wredowia, Eckl 701
Tamana Daill	. 282	Vieusseuxia, Roch 688 Vigia, Vell 328	Wrightia, Roxb 916 Wuerthia, Reg 704
Uapaca, Baill		Vignantha, Schur 1073	Wullschlægelia, Reichb. f. 594
Udora, Nutt		Vignea, Beauv 1073	Wurfbainia, Giseke 645
Ulantha, Hook	. 618	Vufa, Adans 1149	Wurmbea, Thunb 823
Ullucus, Loz	77	Vilfa, Beauv 1148 Villamilla, R. et Pav 81	Wurtzia, Baill 273
Ulmace	. 341	Villamilla, R. et Pav 81 Villebrunia, Gaud 390	
Umbellularia, Nees		Villemetia, Moq 60	
Uncifera, Lindl	579	Vincentia, Gaud 1066	Xanthocromyon, Karst 690
Uncinia, Pers	1072	Vinsonia, Gaud 950 Vionæa, Neck 169	Xanthorhæa, Sm 865 Xanthosoma, Schott 976
Ungernia, Bunge	721	Vionæa, Neck 169 Virola, Aubl 136	Xeniatrum, Salisb 832
Unisema, Raf.	837	Viscum, Linn 213	Xenochloa, Licht 1096
Urachne, Trin	1142	Visiania, Gasp 368	Xenophya, Schott 972
Uralepis, Nutt	1175	Vitmannia, Turra 4	Xeodolon, Salisb 815 Xerandra, Raf 42
Urania, Schreb	656	Vogelia, Gmel 457 Volutella, Forst 164	Xerochloa, Br
Ugceolaria, Herb Urceolina, Reichb.	732	Vossia, Wall 1131	Xeronema, Brongn 781
Urera, Gaud	383	Vouay, Aubl 913	Xerophyllum, Mich 826
Urginea, Steinh	910	Vriesia, Lindl 670	Xerophyta, Juss 789 Xerosiphon, Turcz 40
Urochlæna. Nees	1181	Vrydagzynia, Bl 598, 1226 Vulpia, Gmel 1198	Xerotes, Br 863
Urochloa, Beauv Urochloa, Kunth .	1102	/ wipis, Gilleli	Xiphidium, Aubl 675
Uromorus, Bur	364		Xiphion, Baker 686
Uropedium, Lindl.	635	Wachendorfia, Linn. 678	Xiphizusa, Reichb. f 503
Uropetalum, Ker .	809	Wailesia, Lindl 539 Waitzia, Reichb 708	Xiphosium, Griff 510 Xylobium, Lindl 547
Urospatha, Schott. Urostigma, Gasp	996	Waitzia, Reichb 708 Walleria, Kirk 831	Xvlomelum, Sm 179
Urtica, Linn.	381	Wallia, Alef 399	Xylophyllum, Schreb 275
URTICACE#	341	Wallichia, Rozb 916	Xylorrhiza, Salisb 804
Usteria, Medic	815	Wallinia, Moq 49 Wallisia, Reg 669	Xynophylla, Montr 260 Xyride 841
Uvularia, Linn	830	Wallisia, Reg 669 Wangenheimia, Manch . 1170	Xyridion, Klatt 686
		Warmingia, Reichb. f. 477	Xyris, Linn 842
Vagaria, Herb	735	Warrea, Lindl 545	Xystidium, Trin 1128
	735	Warszewitsella, Reichb, f, 543	1
-		I	

# | Pag. |